

Software Testing and Quality Assurance Lab Index

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PRACTICAL NO.1:
Implementation of Black Box Testing

Prepare test cases for below given applications using Boundary Value Analysis and Equivalence Class Partitioning:

1. BMI Calculator:

Input: Person's Weight and Height

Output: Body Mass Index

The range of Weight: 3 kg to 300 kg

| S.No | Action | Inputs | Expected Output | Actual Output | Test Browser | Test Result | Test Comments |
|------|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | Putting the data inside the Weight and Height Column | Weight: 50 kg, Height: 170 cm | Result: 17.3 | Result: 17.3 | nan | PASS | Valid BMI value |
| 2 | Putting the data inside the Weight Column *maximum weight acceptance is 120KG | Weight: 180 kg, Height: 170 cm | Message :Enter the weight between 30KG to 120KG | Message: Enter the weight between 30KG to 120KG | nan | PASS | Showin Error when |
| 3 | Putting the data inside the Height Column *maximum height acceptance is 260CM | Weight: 70 kg, Height: 270 cm | Message: Enter the height between 150CM to 260CM | Message: Enter the height between 150CM to 260CM | nan | PASS | Showing message for missing values |
| 4 | Clicking the 'Calculate' button when Height and Weight Text Input box is empty | Weight: EMPTY kg, Height: EMPTY cm | Message: The values cannot be empty. | Message: The values cannot be empty. | nan | PASS | Showing message for missing values |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----|------|---|
| | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Clicking the 'Calculate' button when Height Text Input box is empty | Weight: 100 kg, Height: EMPTY cm | Message: Height Box cannot be Empty | Message: Height Box cannot be Empty | nan | PASS | Showing message for missing values |
| 6 | Clicking the 'Calculate' button when Weight Text Input box is empty | Weight: EMPTY kg, Height: 170 cm | Message: weight Box cannot be Empty | Message: weight Box cannot be Empty | nan | PASS | Showing message for missing values |
| 7 | Putting the data inside the Weight Column *minimum weight acceptance is 30KG | Weight: 18 kg, Height: 170 cm | Message: weight should be more than 30KG | Result: 6.2 | nan | FAIL | Not showing message for Calculating the BMI without showing the message for entering weight between 30KG to 120KG |
| 8 | Putting the data inside the Height Column *minimum height acceptance is 150CM | Weight=50, Height=100cm | Message: weight should be more than 150CM | Result: 50 | nan | FAIL | Not showing the message Calculating the BMI without showing the message for entering height between 150CM to 260CM |
| 9 | Putting the data inside the Weight and Height Text input Box's and Clicking the 'Calculate' Button | Weight=2KG , Height=2 CM | Message: You have entered the Invalid Data to Calculate | Result: 5000 | nan | FAIL | Not showing the message for Calculating the BMI without showing the message for entering height between 150CM to 260CM and Weight between 30KG to 120KG |

| | | | | | | | |
|----|--|----------------------------------|---|---|-----|------|---|
| 10 | Putting the data inside the Weight and Height Text input Box's and Clicking the 'Calculate' Button | Weight=200KG, Height=360CM | Message: You have entered the Invalid Data to Calculate | Result: 90 | nan | FAIL | Not showing the message for Calculating the BMI without showing the message for entering height between 150CM to 260CM and Weight |
| | | | | | | | between 30KG to 120KG |
| 11 | Putting the data inside the Height Column *maximum height acceptance is 260CM | Weight=50KG, Height=200.25CM | Result: 12.5 | Result: 12.5 | nan | PASS | Valid BMI value |
| 12 | Putting the data inside the Weight Column *maximum weight acceptance is 120KG | Weight=50.63 KG, Height=165CM | Result: 18.6 | Result: 18.6 | nan | PASS | Valid BMI value |
| 13 | Putting the data inside the Weight and Height Text input Box's and Clicking the 'Calculate' Button | Weight=50.65KG , Height=180.36CM | Result: 15.6 | Result: 15.6 | nan | PASS | Valid BMI value |
| 14 | Click the 'Rest' Button with valid data inside the Weight and Height Input Text Box | Weight: 50 kg, Height: 170 cm | The Input Box for Height and Weight becomes to empty | The data inside the input box for height and weight remains same. | nan | FAIL | The Input Box for Height and Weight does not changes to empty |

| | | | | | | | |
|----|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|-----|-------|---|
| 15 | Click the 'Rest' Button with valid data inside the Weight Input Text Box | Weight: 50 kg, Height: 0 CM | The Input Box for Weight becomes to empty | The data inside the input box for weight remains same. | nan | FAIL | The Input Box for Weight does not changes to empty |
| 16 | Click the 'Rest' Button with valid data inside the Height Input Text Box | Weight: 0 kg, Height: 160 CM | The Input Box for Height becomes to empty | The data inside the input box for height remains same. | nan | FAIL | The Input Box for Height does not changes to empty |
| 17 | Inputting non-numeric characters in the Weight and Height fields. | Weight: "anamay" kg, Height: "lol" cm | Message: Please enter numeric values for Weight and Height. | Message: Please enter numeric values for Weight and Height. | nan | PASS | Showing the Message: Please enter numeric values for Weight and Height. |
| 18 | Inputting values that are exactly on the boundary limits. | Weight: 30 kg, Height: 150 cm | Result: 13.3 | Result: 13.3 | nan | PASS | Valid BMI value |
| 19 | Putting negative values in the Weight input box. | Weight: -50 kg, Height: 170 cm | Message: Please provide positive weight value. | Message: Please provide positive height value. | nan | POASS | Showing the message "Please provide positive height value." |
| 20 | Putting negative values in the Height input box. | Weight: 50 kg, Height: -170 cm | Message: Please provide positive height value. | Message: Please provide positive height value. | nan | PASS | Showing the message "Please provide positive weight value." |

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|---------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|-----|------|---|
| 21 | Putting negative values in the Weight and Height columns. | Weight: -50 kg, Height: -170 cm | Message: "Please provide positive height value. Please provide positive weight value." | Message: "Please provide positive height value. Please provide positive weight value." | nan | PASS | Showing the Message: "Please provide positive height value. Please provide positive weight value." |

ii. Triangle Problem:

Triangle Problem accepts three integers – a, b, c as three sides of the triangle. It returns the type of triangle (Scalene, Isosceles, Equilateral, not a Triangle) formed by a, b, c.

Creating the equivalence class partitioning below:

- iii.** Equilateral Triangle: All three sides are equal (e.g., $a = b = c$).
- iv.** Isosceles Triangle: Exactly two sides are equal (e.g., $a = b \neq c$).
- v.** Scalene Triangle: All three sides are different (e.g., $a \neq b \neq c$).

Not a Triangle: The sum of any two sides must be greater than the third side:

- $a + b \leq c$
- $a + c \leq b$
- $b + c \leq a$

Invalid Equivalence Classes

- Negative Sides: Any side is negative (e.g., $a < 0$, $b < 0$, or $c < 0$).
- Zero Sides: Any side is zero (e.g., $a = 0$, $b = 0$, or $c = 0$).

| Test Case ID | Input three sides | Expected Output | Actual Output | Test Comments | Class Type |
|--------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|---------------------|
| TC1 | 3, 3, 3 | Equilateral Triangle | Equilateral Triangle | Passed: All sides are equal. | Valid - Equilateral |
| TC2 | 6, 6, 6 | Equilateral Triangle | Equilateral Triangle | Passed: All sides are equal. | Valid - Equilateral |
| TC3 | 1, 1, 1 | Equilateral Triangle | Isosceles Triangle | FAIL: Expected Equilateral but got Isosceles. Logic error detected. | Valid - Equilateral |
| TC4 | 4, 4, 2 | Isosceles Triangle | Isosceles Triangle | Passed: Two sides are equal. | Valid - Isosceles |
| TC5 | 5, 5, 3 | Isosceles Triangle | Scalene Triangle | FAIL: Expected Isosceles but got Scalene. Logic error detected. | Valid - Isosceles |
| TC6 | 2, 2, 3 | Isosceles Triangle | Scalene Triangle | FAIL: Expected Isosceles but got Scalene. Logic error in classification. | Valid - Isosceles |
| Test Case ID | Input three sides | Expected Output | Actual Output | Test Comments | Class Type |
| | | | | FAIL: Expected Not a | |

| | | | | | |
|------|----------|------------------|--------------------|--|------------------------|
| TC7 | 3, 3, 0 | Not a Triangle | Isosceles Triangle | Triangle but got Isosceles. Logic error detected. | Invalid - Zero |
| TC8 | 3, 4, 5 | Scalene Triangle | Scalene Triangle | Passed: All sides are different. | Valid - Scalene |
| TC9 | 1, 2, 3 | Not a Triangle | Not a Triangle | Passed: Sum of two sides equals the third. | Valid - Not a Triangle |
| TC10 | -1, 2, 2 | Not a Triangle | Not a Triangle | Passed: Negative side is invalid. | Invalid - Negative |
| TC11 | 0, 1, 1 | Not a Triangle | Not a Triangle | Passed: Zero side is invalid. | Invalid - Zero |
| TC12 | 2, 2, 4 | Not a Triangle | Not a Triangle | Passed: Sum of two sides equals the third. | Invalid - Boundary |
| TC13 | 1, 1, 2 | Not a Triangle | Not a Triangle | Passed: Sum of two sides equals the third. | Valid - Not a Triangle |

Practical No : 2

Implementation of White Box Testing

Control Flow Analysis, Cyclomatic Complexity.

Control flow graph:

Control flow testing represents one of the important structural testing technique of testing. this technique uses control structure of a program or module to develop the test cases of the application. and this control structure can be represented by control flow graph of the program

The control flow graph (G) = (N,E) of an application which consist of a set of nodes (N) and set of edges (E). Each node represents a set of program statements. such as unique entry node and unique exit node.

A test case is a complete path from the entry node to the exit node of a control flow graph. and test coverage criteria measures the extent to which a set of test cases covers a code.

Here cyclomatic complexity $V(G)$ is defined for each module of an application to be $e-n +2$

where e = number of edges,

n= number of nodes ,in the control flow graph

Cyclomatic complexity also known as $V(G)$, where V refers to the cyclomatic number in graph theory and "G" indicates complexity is a function of the graph.

"Cyclomatic referred as the number of basic cycles which are connected through undirected graph which also provides number of independent paths through strongly connected graphs.

This strongly connected graphs is one in which each node can be reached from any other node , when the virtual edge is connecting the exit node to entry node . Finally the cyclomatic complexity for specified program control flow graph is elaborate the cyclomatic number formula by adding one to represent the presence of virtual edge. This defines the cyclomatic complexity equal to the number of independent paths through the standard control flow graph model.

Solution:

Cyclomatic complexity is a software metric used to measure the complexity of a program.

These metric, measures independent paths through program source code.Independent path is defined as a path that has at least one edge which has not been traversed before in any other paths.

Cyclomatic complexity can be calculated with respect to functions, modules, methods or classes within a program.

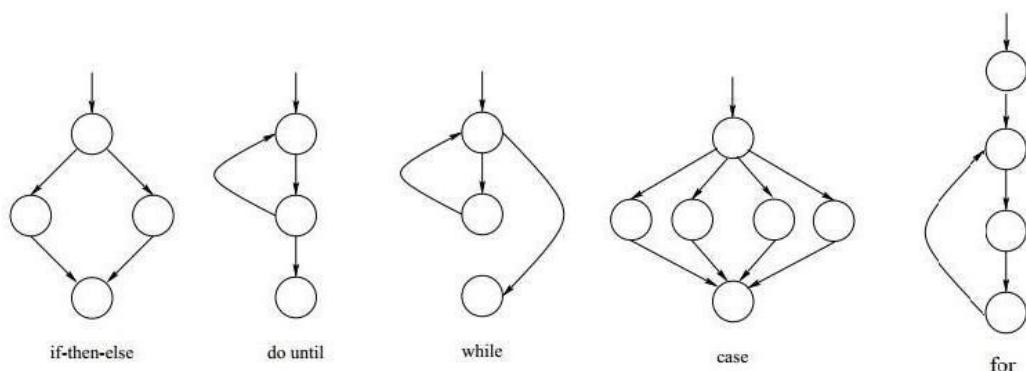


Figure 1: Flow graph representation.

Example 1:

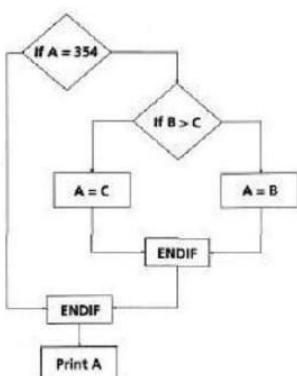
Check the following code fragment

For example : below is a simple program;

```

IF A=360
THEN IF B>C
THEN A=B
ELSE A=C
ENDIF
ENDIF
Print A
  
```

We can also calculate the cyclomatic complexity using the control flow. In the control flow shown below there are 7 nodes (shapes) and 8 edges (lines). Thus by formula $((\text{no. of edges}-\text{no. of nodes})+2)$ that is $(8-7)+2 = 1+2 = 3$.



Example 2:

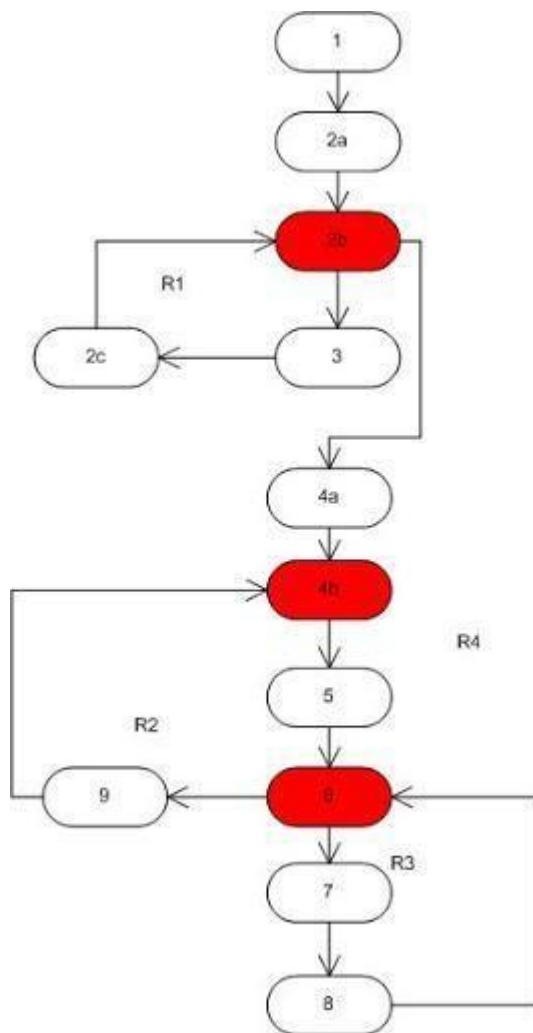
Check the following code fragment

```
insertion_procedure (int a[], int p [], int N)
{
    int i,j,k;
    for (i=0; i<=N; i++) p[i] = i;
    for (i=2; i<=N; i++)
    {
        k = p[i];
        j = 1;
        while (a[p[j-1]] > a[k]) {p[j] = p[j-1]; j--}
        p[j] = k;
    }
}
```

- first and foremost start numbering the statement

```
insertion_procedure (int a[], int p [], int N)
{
(1) Int i,j,k;
(2) for ((2a)i=0; (2b)i<=N; (2c)i++)
(3)     p[i] = i;
(4) for ((4a)i=2; (4b)i<=N; (4c)i++)
{
(5)     k=p[i];j=1;
(6)     while (a[p[j-1]] > a[k]) {
(7)         p[j] = p[j-1];
(8)         j--;
(9)     }p[j] = k;
}
```

Now you can clearly see which statement executes first and which last etc. so drawing the CFG becomes simple.



Now, to calculate cyclomatic complexity you use one of three methods

1. Count the number of regions on the graph: 4
2. No. of predicates (red on graph) + 1 : $3 + 1 = 4$
3. No of edges – no. of nodes + 2: $14 - 12 + 2 = 4$

Practical No : 3

Prepare test cases for below given applications using
Boundary Value Analysis and Equivalence Class Partitioning

1. Prepare test cases on ATM Machin using Unit and System Testing

Unit Testing :

| S.No | Action | Input | Expected Output | Actual Output | Test Result | Description |
|----------------|-----------------------------|--|---|---|-------------|--|
| 1 reader | Validate card | Valid ATM card | Card read successfully | Card read successfully | PASS | Tests if the card reader detects and identifies a valid card. |
| 2 verification | Validate PIN | Correct PIN | PIN verified | PIN verified | PASS | Verifies if the system correctly validates the entered PIN. |
| 3 encryption | Validate PIN | Encrypted PIN | Not directly observable | (Not directly observable) | PASS | Assumes PIN encryption happens behind the scenes without exposing the actual value. |
| 4 retrieval | Validate account balance | Account number | Account balance information | Account balance information | PASS | Ensures the system retrieves the correct account balance for the given account number. |
| 5 validation | Validate withdrawal amount | Invalid amount (negative, non-multiple of 10) | Error message indicating invalid amount | Error message indicating invalid amount | PASS | Checks if the system rejects invalid withdrawal amounts. |
| 6 dispensing | Validate cash dispensing | Valid withdrawal request with sufficient funds | Cash dispensed and receipt printed | Cash dispensed and receipt printed (simulated result) | PASS | Simulates successful cash dispensing and receipt printing. |
| 7 scenario | Validate insufficient funds | Withdrawal request exceeding account balance | Error message indicating insufficient funds | Error message indicating insufficient funds | PASS | Verifies the system handles insufficient funds and displays the appropriate message. |
| 8 ejection | Validate card ejection | Card removal after transaction | Card ejected | Card ejected (simulated result) | PASS | Simulates successful card ejection after the transaction. |
| 9 handling | Validate error handling | Invalid card, expired card, etc. | Appropriate error message | Appropriate error message | PASS | Tests various error scenarios and ensures the system displays informative messages. |

System Testing :

| S. No | Action | Scenario | Expected Result | Actual Result | Test Result | Description |
|-------|----------------------|---|---|---|-------------|---|
| 10 | Login and withdrawal | User inserts valid card, enters correct PIN, selects withdrawal, and enters a valid amount. | Successful withdrawal and receipt printed | Successful withdrawal and receipt printed | PASS | Tests the complete withdrawal flow with valid inputs. |

| | | | | | | |
|----|------------------------------|--|---|--|------|--|
| 11 | Login and invalid PIN | User inserts valid card, enters incorrect PIN, and retries. | Card blocked after exceeding PIN attempts | Card blocked after exceeding PIN attempts | PASS | Simulates incorrect PIN attempts and card blocking behavior. |
| 12 | Login and insufficient funds | User inserts valid card, enters correct PIN, selects withdrawal, and enters an amount exceeding balance. | Insufficient funds message displayed | Insufficient funds message displayed | PASS | Checks withdrawal behavior with insufficient funds. |
| 13 | Network connectivity | User attempts a transaction during a network outage. | Error message indicating network unavailable | Error message indicating network unavailable | PASS | Tests system behavior during network issues. |
| 14 | Cash dispenser malfunction | User attempts a withdrawal, but the cash dispenser fails. | Error message indicating dispenser issue | Error message indicating dispenser issue | PASS | Simulates cash dispenser malfunction and error handling. |
| 15 | Login and cancel transaction | User inserts valid card, enters correct PIN, selects withdrawal, but cancels the transaction before entering amount. | Transaction canceled and card ejected | Transaction canceled and card ejected | PASS | Tests cancellation of a withdrawal transaction. |
| 16 | Card reader malfunction | User inserts damaged or unreadable card. | Error message indicating card reading failure | No response from machine | FAIL | Checks system response to unreadable card. |

| | | | | | | |
|----|-----------------------------|--|--|---|------|--|
| 17 | PIN entry timeout | User inserts valid card but delays entering PIN beyond allowed time limit. | Transaction canceled and card ejected | Transaction timeout not triggered | FAIL | Tests timeout mechanism for delayed PIN entry. |
| | | | | | | |
| 18 | Incorrect account selection | User inserts valid card, enters correct PIN, selects invalid account type (e.g., savings instead of checking). | Error message for invalid account type | Withdrawal processed from default account | FAIL | Checks system response to invalid account selection. |
| 19 | Double withdrawal attempt | User inserts valid card, enters correct PIN, performs withdrawal, and immediately attempts another withdrawal exceeding available balance. | Insufficient funds message displayed | Withdrawal allowed, overdraft triggered | FAIL | Tests account balance check after initial withdrawal. |
| 20 | Currency denomination issue | User requests a specific currency denomination that is unavailable in the ATM. | Message indicating unavailable denominations | Machine dispensed mixed denominations instead | FAIL | Tests system handling of unavailable currency denominations. |

ii. Prepare a test cases on login page of gmail using Unit & System testing.

Unit Testing :

| S.No | Action | Input | Expected Output | Actual Output | Test Result | Description |
|------|------------------------------|---|---|---|-------------|---|
| 1 | Validate username field | Valid email address | Email address accepted | Email address accepted | PASS | Checks if the username field accepts valid email addresses. |
| 2 | Validate username validation | Empty username | Error message indicating missing username | Error message indicating missing username | PASS | Tests if the system rejects empty usernames. |
| 3 | Validate password field | Valid password | Password field accepts input (characters not displayed) | Password field accepts input (characters not displayed) | PASS | Verifies password field accepts input without revealing the characters. |
| 4 | Validate password validation | Empty password | Error message indicating missing password | Error message indicating missing password | PASS | Ensures the system rejects empty passwords. |
| 5 | Validate password strength | Weak password (short, without special characters) | Error message indicating weak password | Error message indicating weak password | PASS | Tests if the system enforces password strength requirements. |

System testing :

| S.No | Action | Scenario | Expected Result | Actual Result | Test Result | Description |
|------|--|---|---|---|-------------|---|
| 1 | Login with correct credentials | User enters a valid email address and password. | Successful login, user is redirected to the Gmail inbox. | Successful login, user is redirected to the Gmail inbox. | PASS | Tests the basic login functionality with correct credentials. |
| 2 | Login with incorrect credentials | User enters an incorrect email address or password. | Error message indicating incorrect credentials. | Error message indicating incorrect credentials. | PASS | Tests the system's ability to handle incorrect login attempts. |
| 3 | Login with a locked account | User attempts to log in with an account that has been locked due to multiple failed attempts. | Error message indicating the account is locked. | Error message indicating the account is locked. | PASS | Verifies the system's behavior when dealing with locked accounts. |
| 4 | Login with a disabled account | User attempts to log in with an account that has been disabled by the administrator. | Error message indicating the account is disabled. | Error message indicating the account is disabled. | PASS | Tests the system's response to login attempts with disabled accounts. |
| 5 | Login with a deleted account | User attempts to log in with an account that has been deleted. | Error message indicating the account does not exist. | Error message indicating the account does not exist. | PASS | Checks the system's handling of deleted accounts. |
| 6 | Login with a temporary internet connection | User attempts to log in while experiencing intermittent network connectivity. | Login process may be delayed or interrupted, but should eventually succeed if the connection is restored. | Login process may be delayed or interrupted, but should eventually succeed if the connection is restored. | PASS | Tests the system's resilience to temporary network issues. |

iii. Prepare a test cases on Calculator using Unit and System Testing.

Unit testing :

| S.No | Action | Input | Expected Output | Actual Output | Test Result | Description |
|------|---------------------------------|---|---|---|-------------|--|
| 1 | Validate number input | Valid number (e.g., 123, 4.5, -67) | Number is accepted and displayed. | Number is accepted and displayed. | PASS | Tests if the calculator accepts valid numbers. |
| 2 | Validate operator input | Valid operator (e.g., +, -, *, /) | Operator is accepted and displayed. | Operator is accepted and displayed. | PASS | Checks if the calculator accepts valid arithmetic operators. |
| 3 | Validate calculation | Simple calculation (e.g., 2 + 3) | Correct result (5) | Correct result (5) | PASS | Verifies if the calculator performs basic calculations accurately. |
| 4 | Validate complex calculation | Complex calculation (e.g., (10 + 5) * 2) | Correct result (30) | Correct result (30) | PASS | Tests the calculator's ability to handle more complex expressions. |
| 5 | Validate division by zero | Division by 0 | Error message indicating division by zero | Error message indicating division by zero | PASS | Ensures the calculator handles division by zero appropriately. |
| 6 | Validate decimal point handling | Decimal point in a number (e.g., 3.14) | Decimal point is handled correctly | Decimal point is handled correctly | PASS | Checks if the calculator processes numbers with decimal points accurately. |
| 7 | Validate negative numbers | Negative number input | Negative number is accepted and processed correctly | Negative number is accepted and processed correctly | PASS | Tests the calculator's handling of negative numbers. |
| 8 | Validate clear button | Clear button clicked | Calculator display is cleared | Calculator display is cleared | PASS | Verifies the clear button functionality. |
| 9 | Validate backspace button | Backspace button clicked | Last digit or operator is deleted | Last digit or operator is deleted | PASS | Checks the backspace button's ability to delete the last input. |
| 10 | Validate equals button | Equals button clicked after a complete expression | Result is displayed | Result is displayed | PASS | Tests if the equals button calculates the final result. |

System testing :

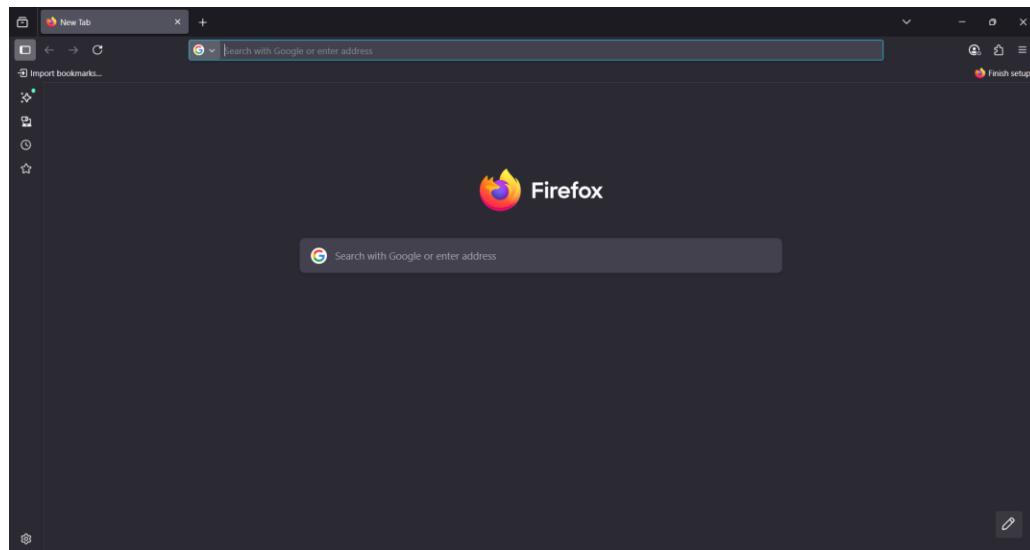
| S.No | Action | Scenario | Expected Result | Actual Result | Test Result | Description |
|------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|-------------|--|
| 1 | Basic calculations | User performs various basic arithmetic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division). | Correct results are displayed. | Correct results are displayed. | PASS | Tests the calculator's ability to perform basic calculations. |
| 2 | Complex calculations | User enters and calculates complex expressions involving parentheses, multiple operators, and decimal points. | Correct results are displayed. | Correct results are displayed. | PASS | Verifies the calculator's handling of complex expressions. |
| 3 | Error handling | User attempts to divide by zero or enters invalid input. | Appropriate error message is displayed. | Appropriate error message is displayed. | PASS | Checks the calculator's error handling mechanisms. |
| 4 | Button responsiveness | User repeatedly presses buttons quickly. | Buttons respond accurately and without delays. | Buttons respond accurately and without delays. | PASS | Tests the calculator's responsiveness to button presses. |
| 5 | Calculator orientation | User rotates the device (if applicable). | Calculator interface adjusts to the new orientation. | Calculator interface adjusts to the new orientation. | PASS | Verifies the calculator's adaptability to different orientations. |
| 6 | Memory functions | User utilizes memory functions (e.g., M+, M-, MR, MC). | Memory operations are performed correctly. | Memory operations are performed correctly. | PASS | Tests the calculator's memory functionality. |
| 7 | Scientific mode | User switches to scientific mode (if available). | Additional scientific functions become accessible. | Additional scientific functions become accessible. | PASS | Checks the calculator's ability to switch to scientific mode. |
| 8 | Battery life | User performs calculations continuously for an extended period. | Calculator remains functional without significant battery drain. | Calculator remains functional without significant battery drain. | PASS | Tests the calculator's battery performance. |
| 9 | Calculator app stability | User performs various operations and switches between apps frequently. | Calculator remains stable and responsive. | Calculator remains stable and responsive. | PASS | Verifies the calculator's stability and compatibility with other apps. |
| 10 | Calculator performance under stress | User performs complex calculations simultaneously with other demanding tasks. | Calculator handles the workload without significant performance degradation. | Calculator handles the workload without significant performance degradation. | PASS | Tests the calculator's performance under stress conditions. |

STQA Lab Automation Testing Part – 1

Practical No : 4 – Introduction to Selenium

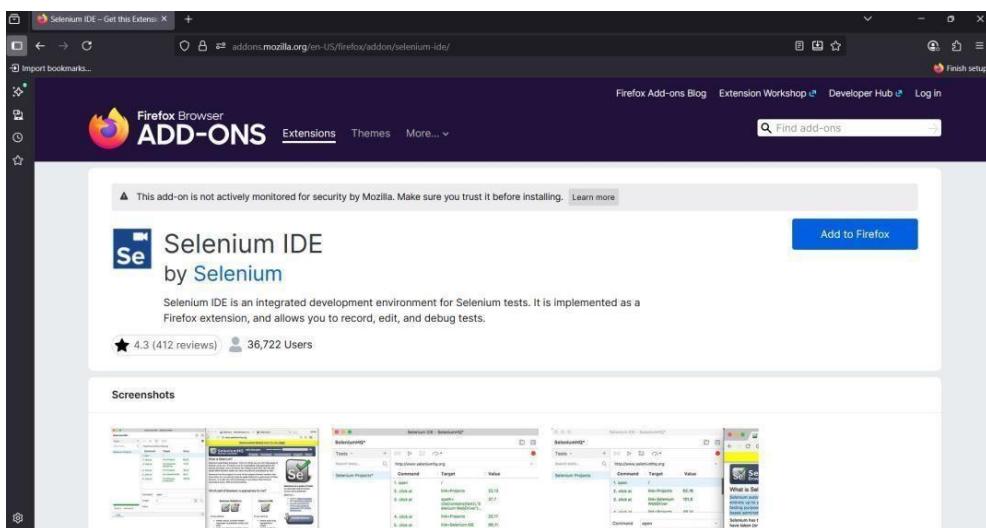
Q. Write down a steps and process of Selenium IDE Installation on any 1 browser. Step 1.

Open the **Firefox browser** on your system.

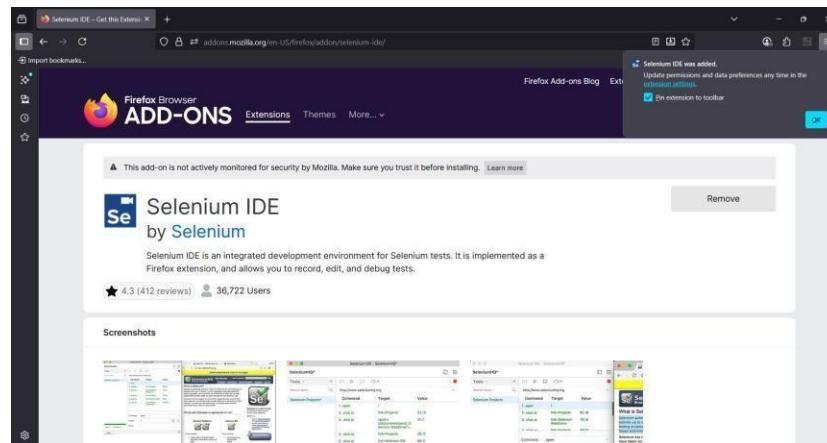


Step 2. Go to the official **Selenium IDE extension** page in the **Firefox Add-ons** store by entering this URL:

<https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/selenium-ide/>

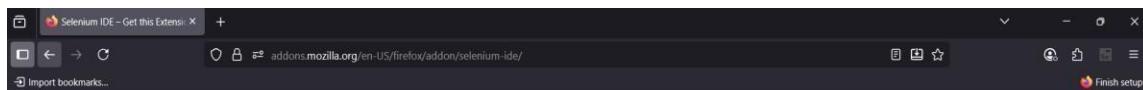


Step 3. Click on the "Add to Firefox" button on this page.



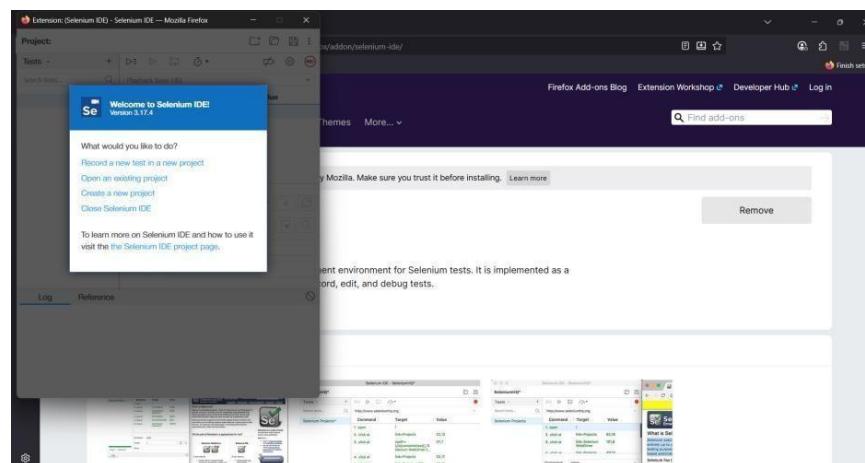
Step 4. A pop-up will appear asking for **permission** to add the extension. Click on "**Add**" to grant permission.

Step 5. Once added, the **Selenium IDE** icon will appear in the toolbar at the top right corner of the Firefox browser.



Step 6. (Optional but recommended) **Restart** Firefox to complete the installation process.

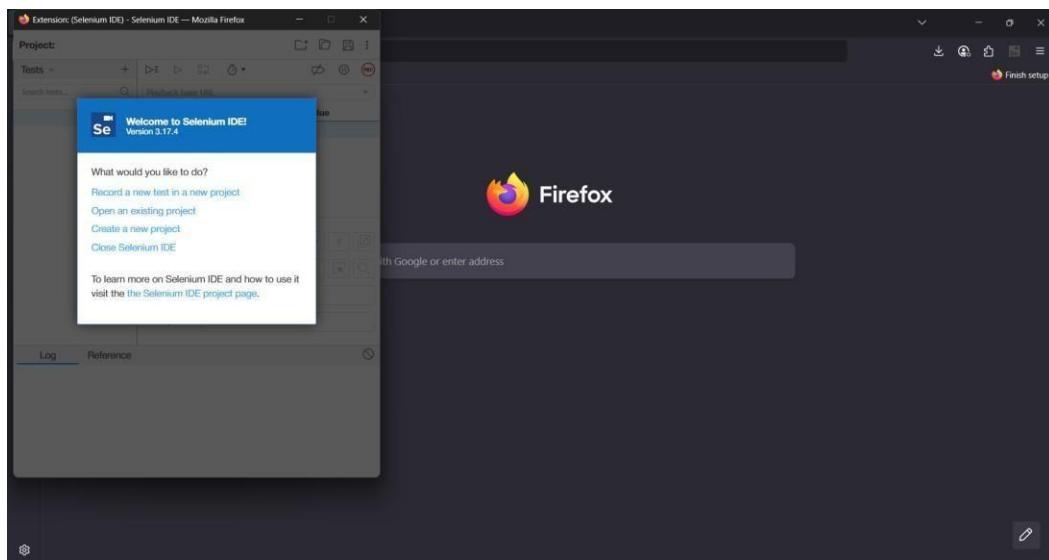
Step 7. To launch **Selenium IDE**, click on its icon in the **browser toolbar**. The IDE window will open with options to record a new test, **open an** existing project, or **create a** new project



Q2. Record and run test cases on any demo website for login page through Mozilla Firefox.

Steps to Record Test Cases:

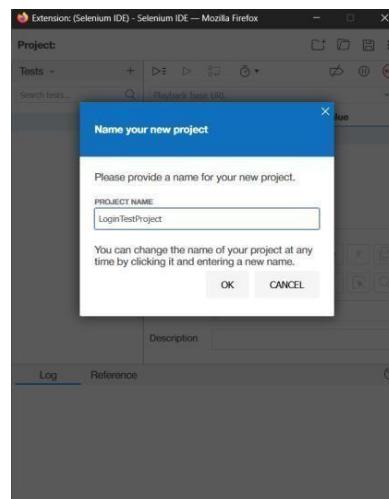
Step 1 : Open Firefox and Launch Selenium IDE, Click the Selenium IDE icon in the Firefox toolbar to open it.



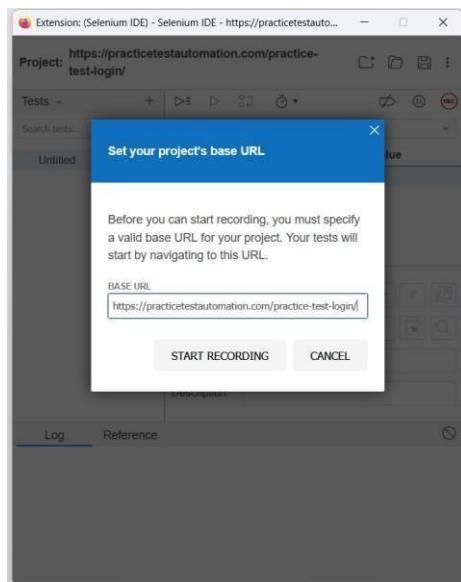
Step 2 : Create a New Project:

In Selenium IDE, click "**Create a new project.**"

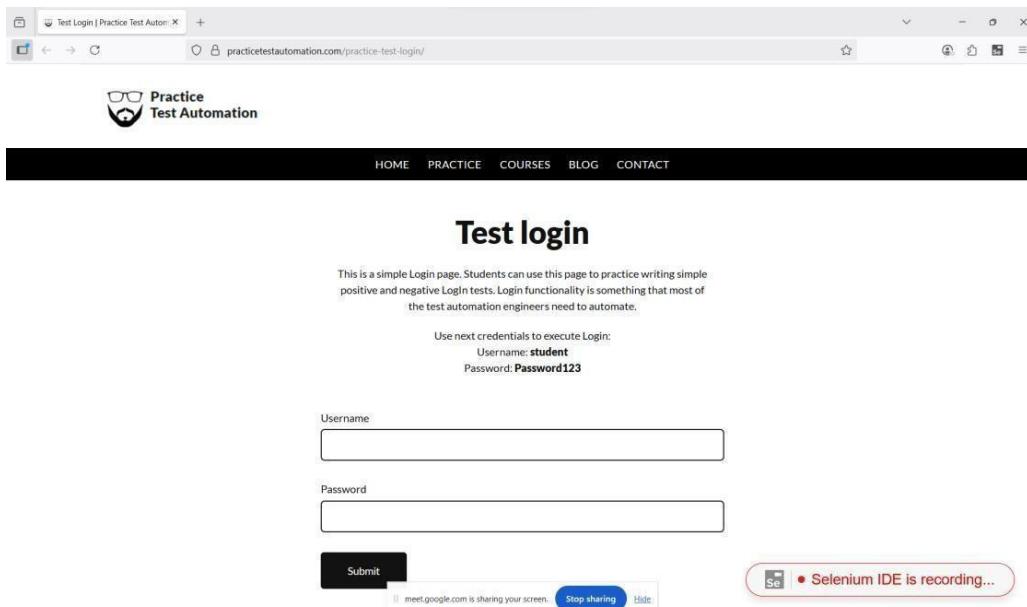
Enter a project name (e.g., "**LoginTestProject**") and click "**OK.**"



Step 3 : Setup the project's base URL & Press Start recording button.



Step 4 : You will automatically redirected to the URL and where you must add dummy username and password and meanwhile the selenium IDE will record your session.



This is a simple Login page. Students can use this page to practice writing simple positive and negative Login tests. Login functionality is something that most of the test automation engineers need to automate.

Use next credentials to execute Login:

Username: student
Password: Password123

Username: Aniket

Password: *****

Submit

Test case 1: Positive Login test

1. Open page

Selenium IDE is recording...

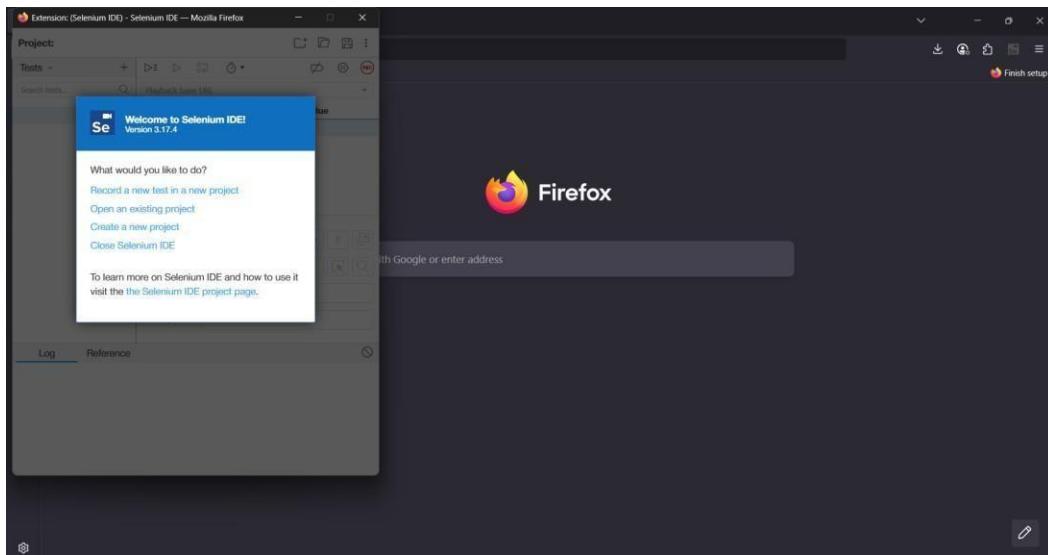
Step 5: You may can the see the detailed recorded session steps for the current project session.

| Command | Target | Value |
|-----------|-------------------|---------|
| 22: type | id=username | Nishant |
| 23: click | id=main-container | |
| 24: click | id=username | |
| 25: type | id=username | Saurav |
| 26: click | id=main-container | |
| 27: click | id=username | |
| 28: type | id=username | Aniket |
| 29: click | id=main-container | |
| 30: click | id=username | |
| 31: type | id=username | jaTIN |
| 32: click | id=main-container | |
| 33: click | id=username | |

Q.3 Record and run test cases on Registration form of any website.

Steps to Record Test Cases:

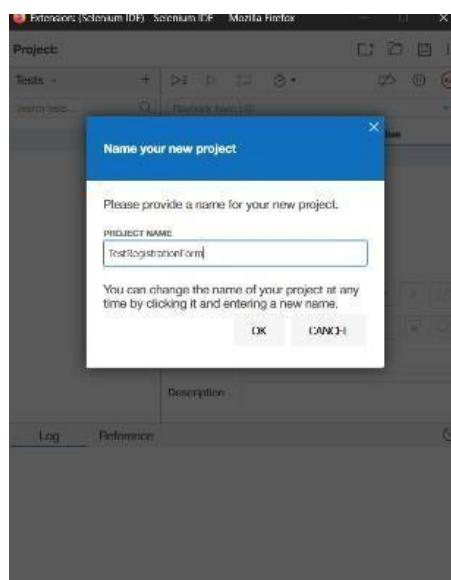
Step 1 : Open Firefox and Launch Selenium IDE, Click the Selenium IDE icon in the Firefox toolbar to open it.



Step 2 : Create a New Project:

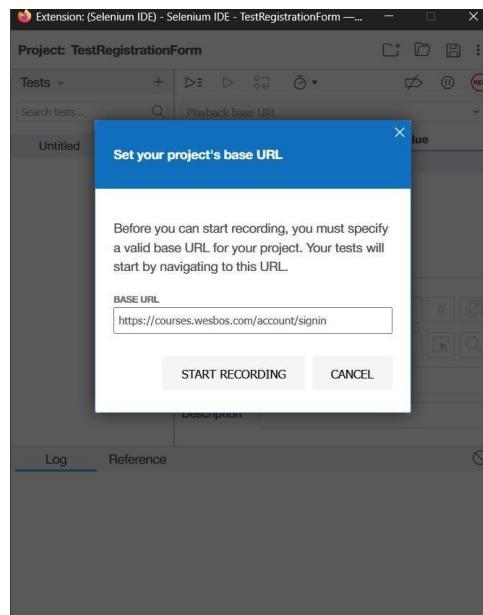
In Selenium IDE, click "**Create a new project.**"

Enter a project name (e.g., "TestRegistrationForm") and click "**OK.**"

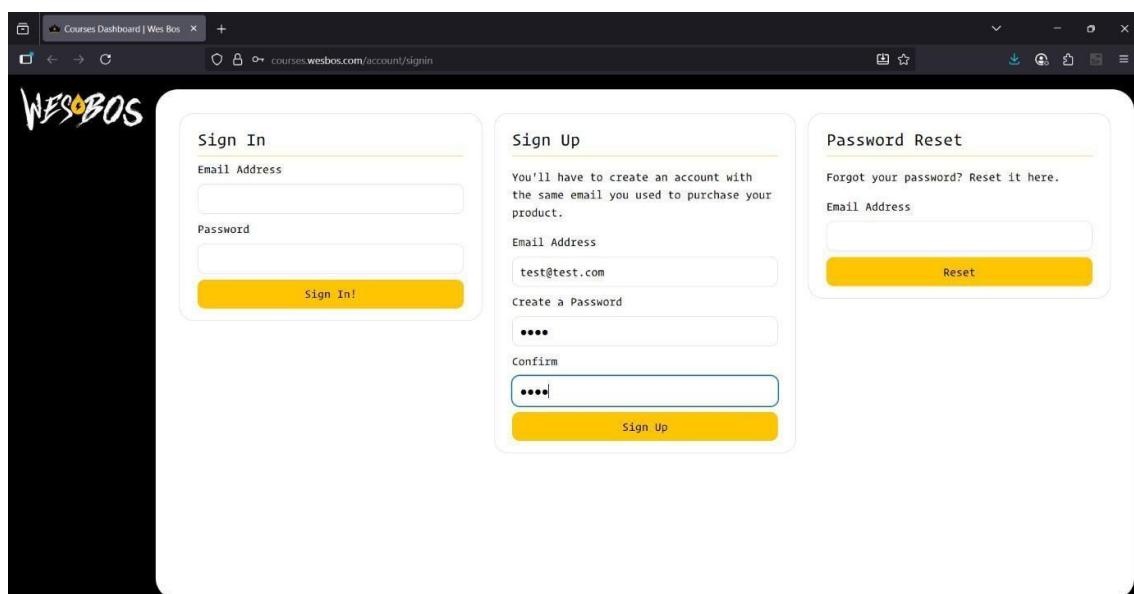


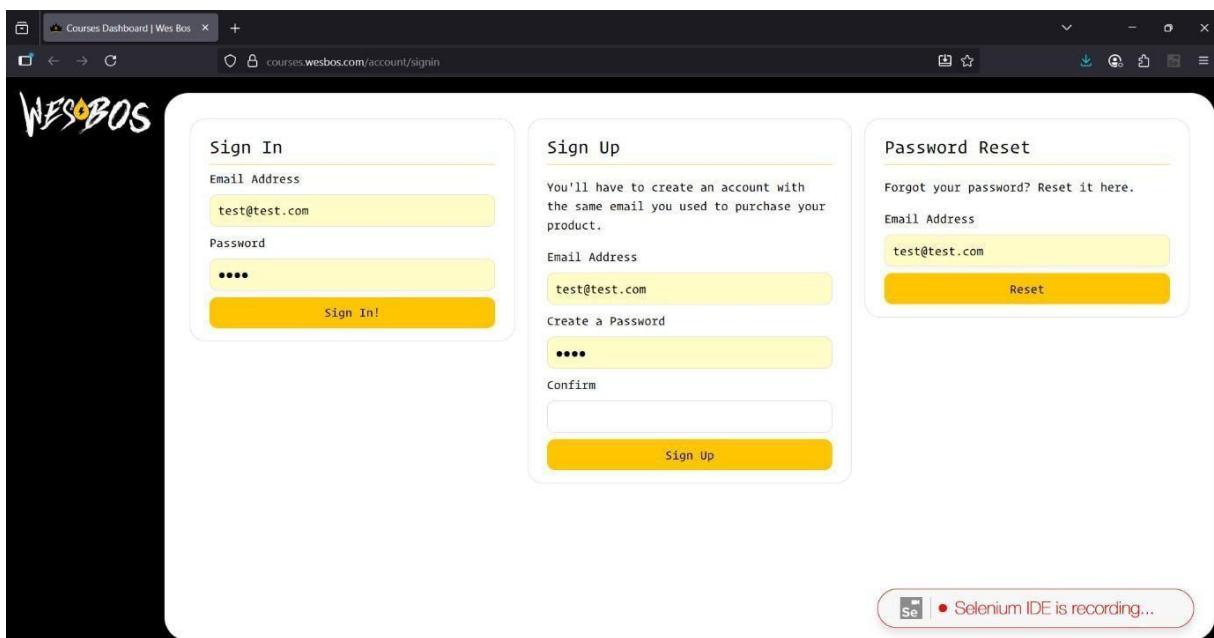
Step 3 : Add the Project's base URL:

Enter a project's base URL and click "**Start Recording**."



Step 4: It will start recording the steps by visiting the URL and start recording the inputs credentials for the registration form.





Step 5: After recording all the steps make sure to run the program with proper file name and it will start perform the testing on that site.

| Command | Target | Value |
|---------------------|---|---------------|
| 1 ✓ open | /account/signin | |
| 2 ✓ set window size | 1550x830 | |
| 3 ✓ click | css=.medium-4:nth-child(2) input:nth-child(2) | |
| 4 ✓ type | css=.medium-4:nth-child(2) input:nth-child(2) | test@test.com |
| 5 ✓ type | css=.login:nth-child(3) > input:nth-child(4) | test |
| 6 ✓ type | name=confirm | test |
| 7 ✓ click | css=input:nth-child(7) | |
| 8 ✓ click | css=content | |

Log

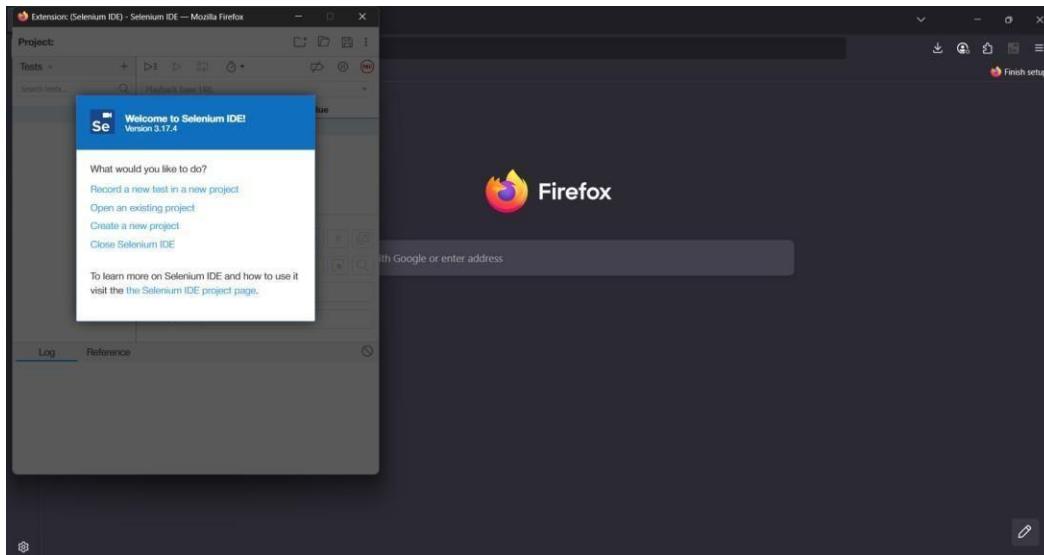
```

3. click on css=.medium-4:nth-child(2) input:nth-child(2) OK
4. type on css=.medium-4:nth-child(2) input:nth-child(2) with value test@test.com OK
5. type on css=.login:nth-child(3) > input:nth-child(4) with value test OK
6. type on name=confirm with value test OK
7. click on css=input:nth-child(7) OK
8. click on css=content OK
'test' completed successfully

```

Q5. Record and run test cases on any website to check the validations of elements. (eg. IRCTC , MSRTC , etc)

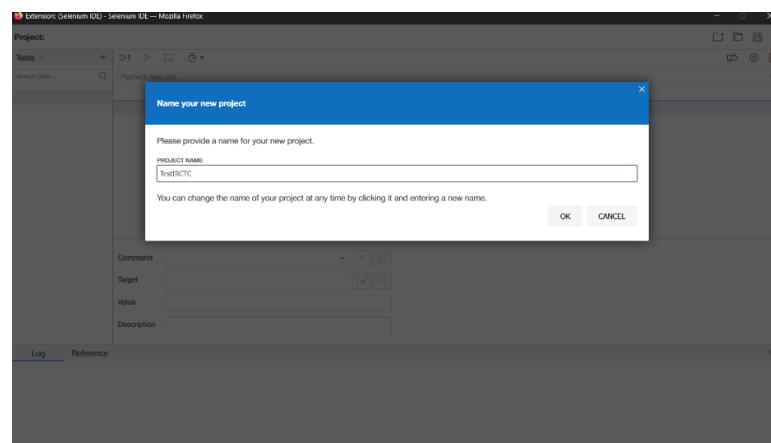
Step 1: Open Firefox and Launch Selenium IDE, Click the Selenium IDE icon in the Firefox toolbar to open it.



Step 2 : Create a New Project:

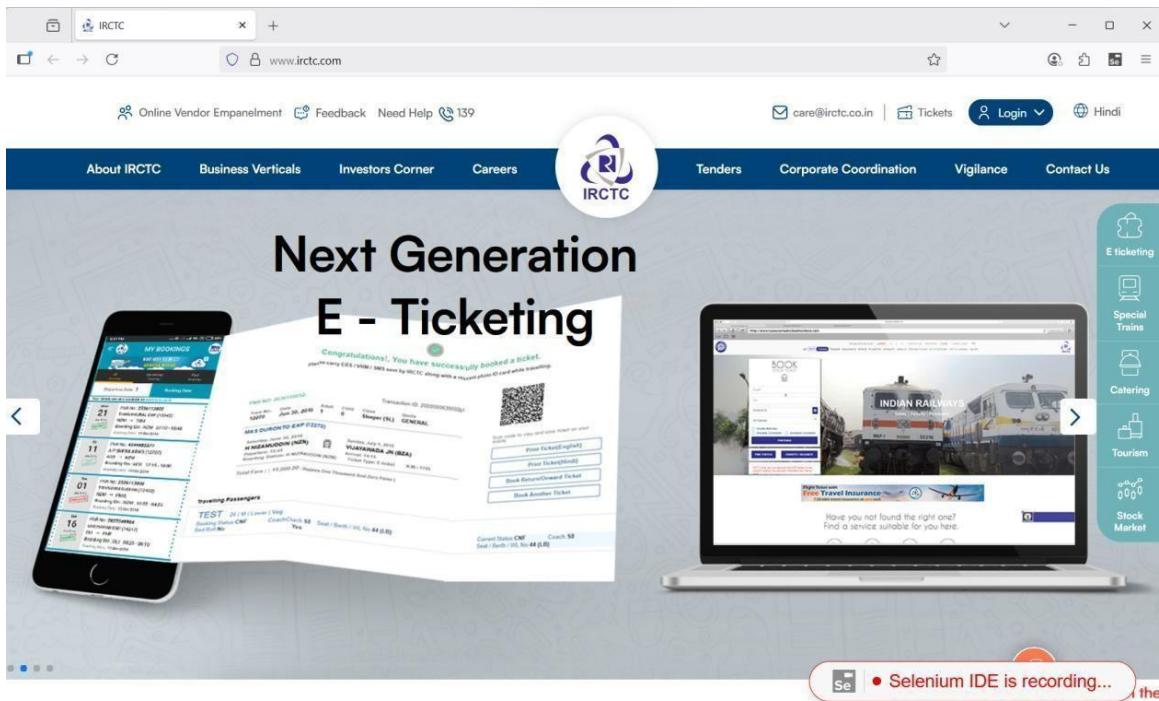
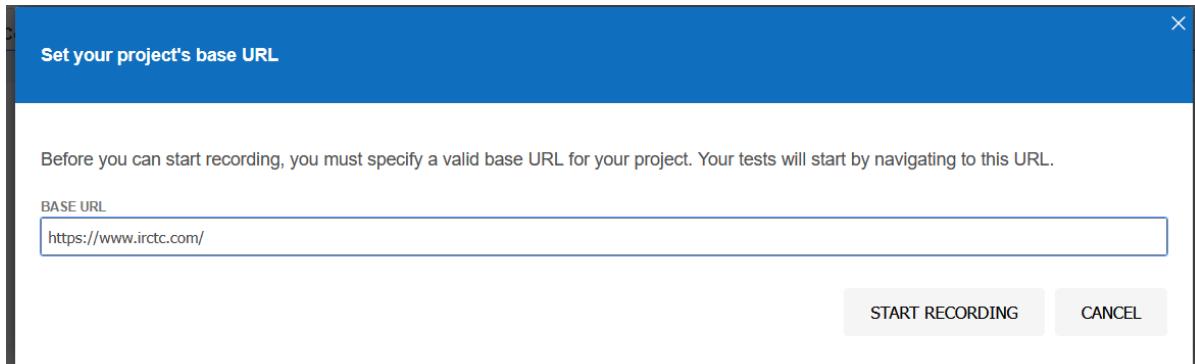
In Selenium IDE, click "**Create a new project.**"

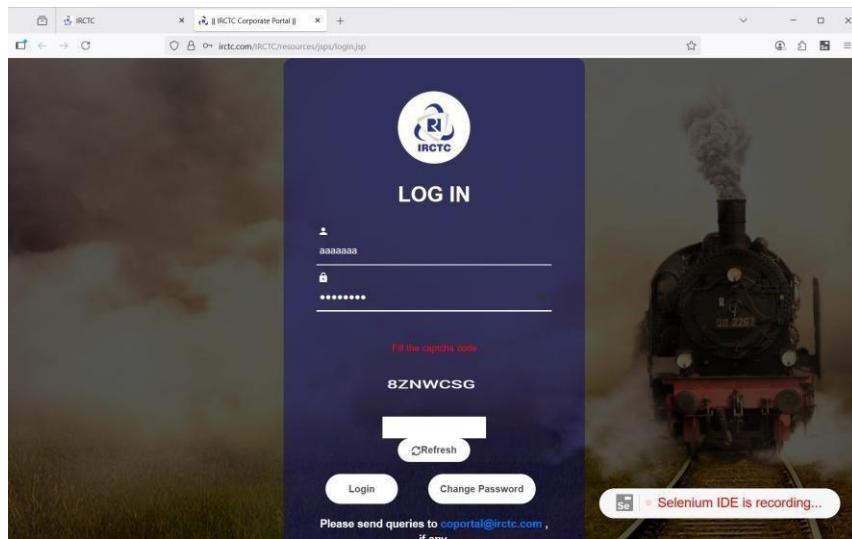
Enter a project name (e.g., "TestIRCTC") and click "**OK.**"



Step 3 : Add the Project's base URL:

Enter a project's base URL and click "**Start Recording.**"





Online Vendor Empanelment Feedback Need Help care@irctc.co.in Tickets Login Hindi

About IRCTC Business Verticals Investors Corner Careers Tenders Corporate Coordination Vigilance Contact Us

About Us

Indian Railway Catering and Tourism Corporation Ltd. (IRCTC) is a 'Navratna' listed company under Ministry of Railways, Government of India and is the professional hospitality and travel arm of Indian Railways incorporate for upgradation of catering services over Indian Railways and promote rail-bound domestic and inbound tourism in the country. IRCTC was incorporated on 27th September, 1999 as an extended arm of the Indian Railways to upgrade, professionalize and modernize the food service delivery system at stations, on trains and other locations and to promote domestic and international tourism through development of budget hotels, restaurants, food courts, public areas and global reservation systems. The authorized capital of the company is ₹250 crores and paid up capital is ₹160 crores. It's registered and Corporate Office is situated in New Delhi.

Selenium IDE is recording...

The screenshot shows the IRCTC Corporate Portal contact page. At the top, there are links for Online Vendor Empanelment, Feedback, Need Help, care@irctc.co.in, Tickets, and a Login button. Below the header is a navigation bar with links for About IRCTC, Business Verticals, Investors Corner, Careers, Tenders, Corporate Coordination, Vigilance, and Contact Us. The main content area features a large image of a person holding a smartphone. To the right is a sidebar titled "Business Verticals" with icons for E-ticketing, Special Trains, Catering, Tourism, and Stock Market. At the bottom, there are links for Home, Contact Us, and a "Contact Us" section with a form for Helpline Number & Email, Railway, NTES (NATIONAL TRAIN ENQUIRY SYSTEM), RAIL MADAD HELPLINE, and INTEGRATED RAILWAYS HELPLINE &.

The screenshot shows the Selenium IDE test case editor for the project "TestCase2*". The test case "Untitled*" contains 12 commands:

| Command | Target | Value |
|---------------------|---|----------|
| open | / | |
| set window size | 1435x892 | |
| click | | |
| click | css= dropdown nth-child(1) li:nth-child(3) > .dropdown-item | |
| store window handle | root | |
| select window | handle=\$win9728 | |
| click | id=userName | |
| type | id=userName | aaaaaaaa |
| click | id=password | |
| type | id=password | bbbbbbbb |
| click | css=#login > b | |
| type | id=textBox | 8znm |

Below the table are input fields for Command, Target, Value, and Description, and tabs for Log and Reference.

Practical No : 5

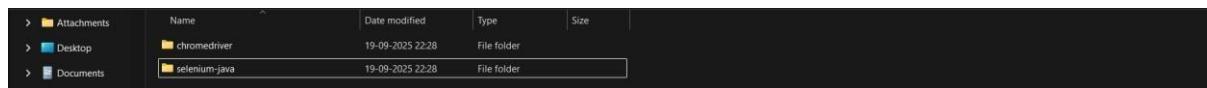
Implement Web Drivers on Chrome & Firefox Browsers.

Q1. Implement Selenium WebDriver on Chrome Browser

Step 1 : Download ChromeDriver

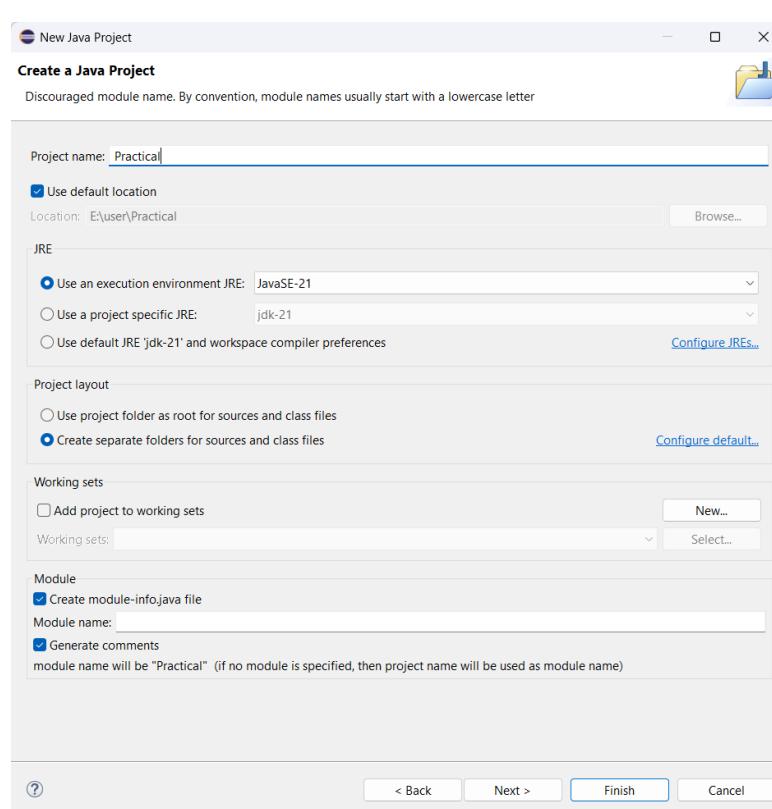
Go to the official ChromeDriver download site and download the version compatible with your Chrome browser version.

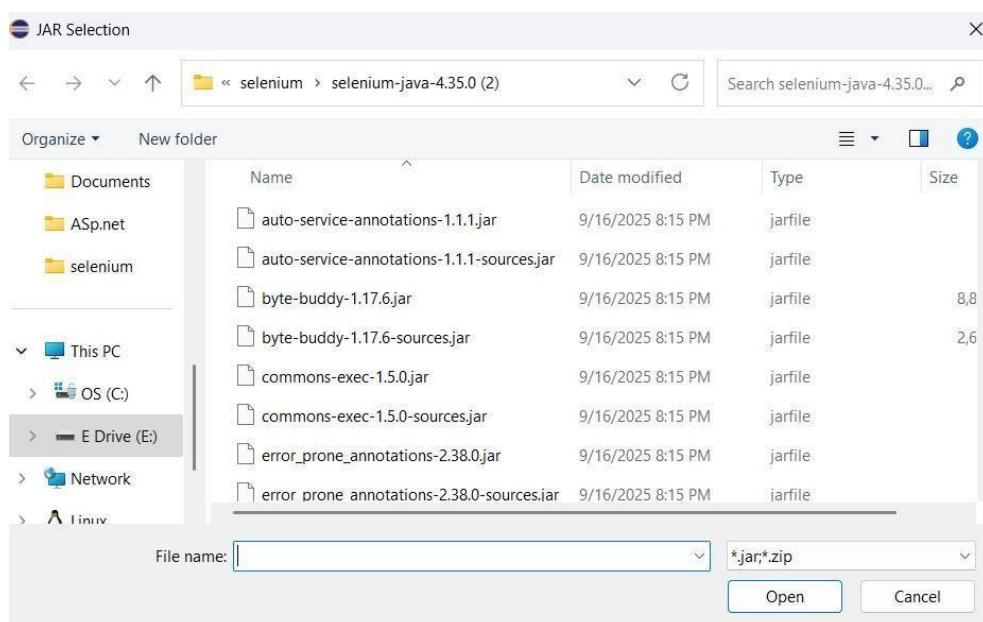
Extract the executable to a folder on your machine.



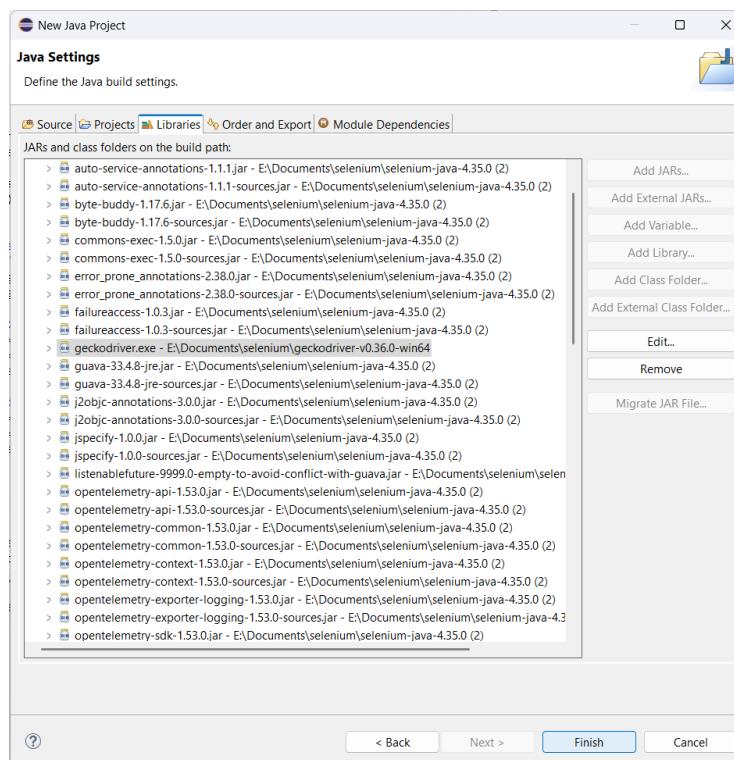
Step 2: Set up Selenium and ChromeDriver in your project: Add Selenium WebDriver library dependencies to your project,

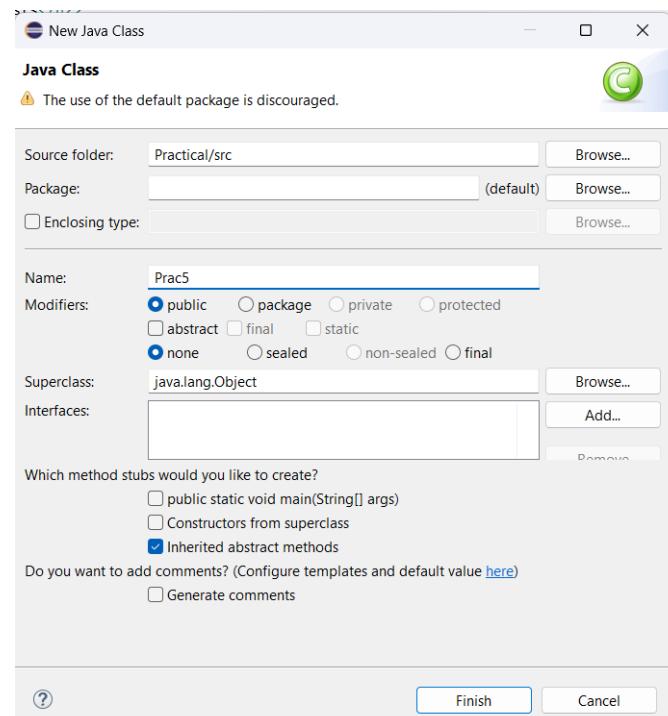
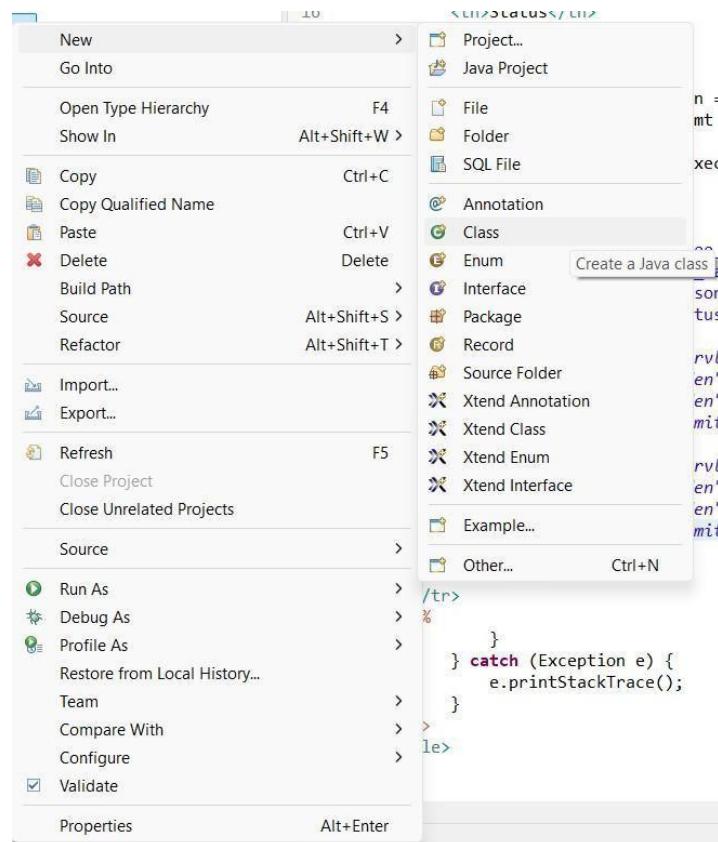
Set the system property in your code to point to the ChromeDriver executable path, inside new java project





Step 3: Add these libraries under the new project inside java settings.



Step 4: Create the new class instance

```

1 import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
2 import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
3
4 public class Prac5 {
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         // TODO Auto-generated method stub
7         System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver","E:/Documents//selenium/geckodriver-v0.36.0-win64/geckodriver.exe");
8         WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
9         driver.get("https://www.google.com/");
10    }
11 }

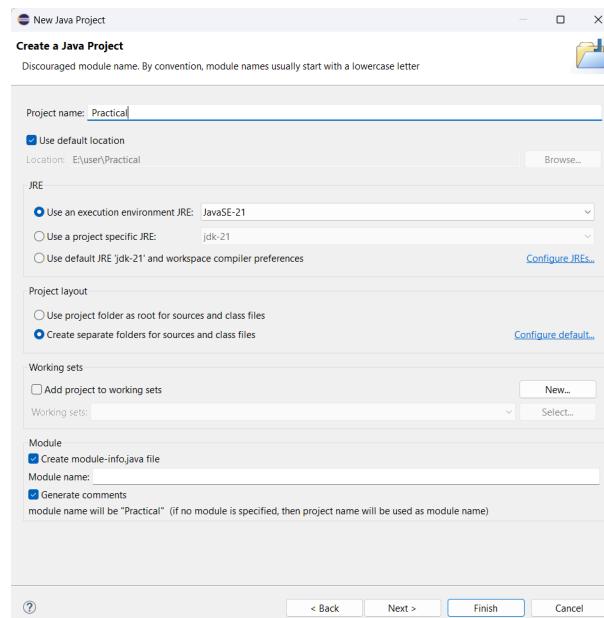
```

Q2. Implement Selenium WebDriver on Firefox Browser

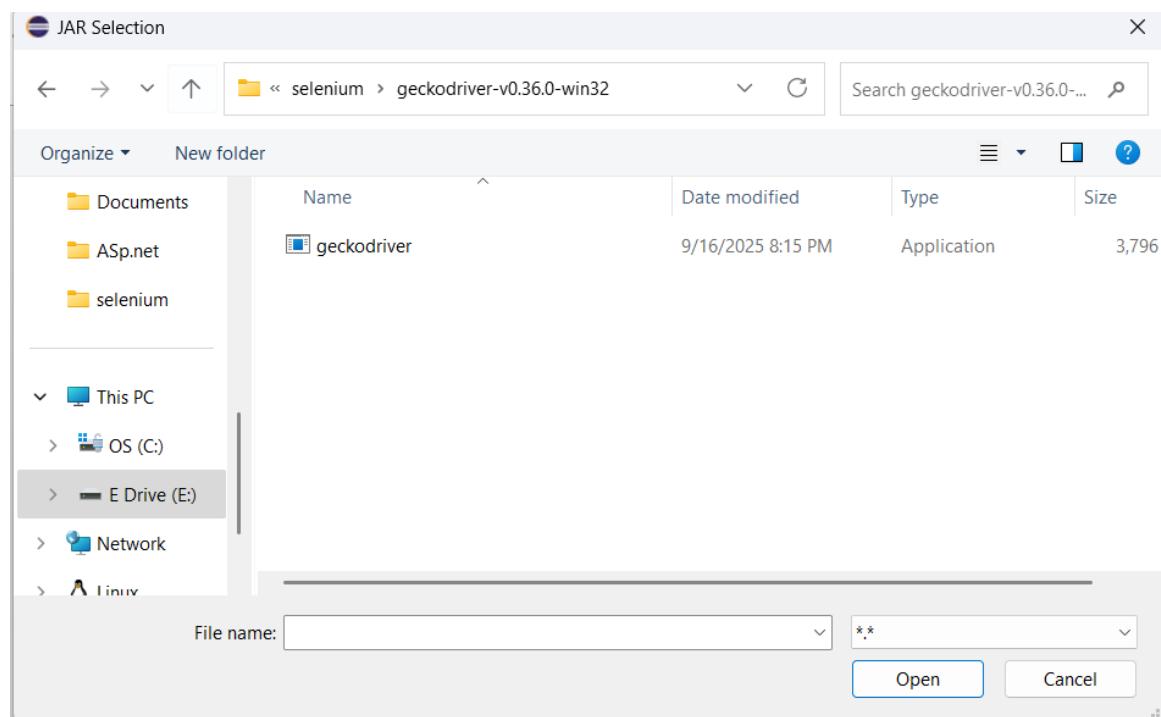
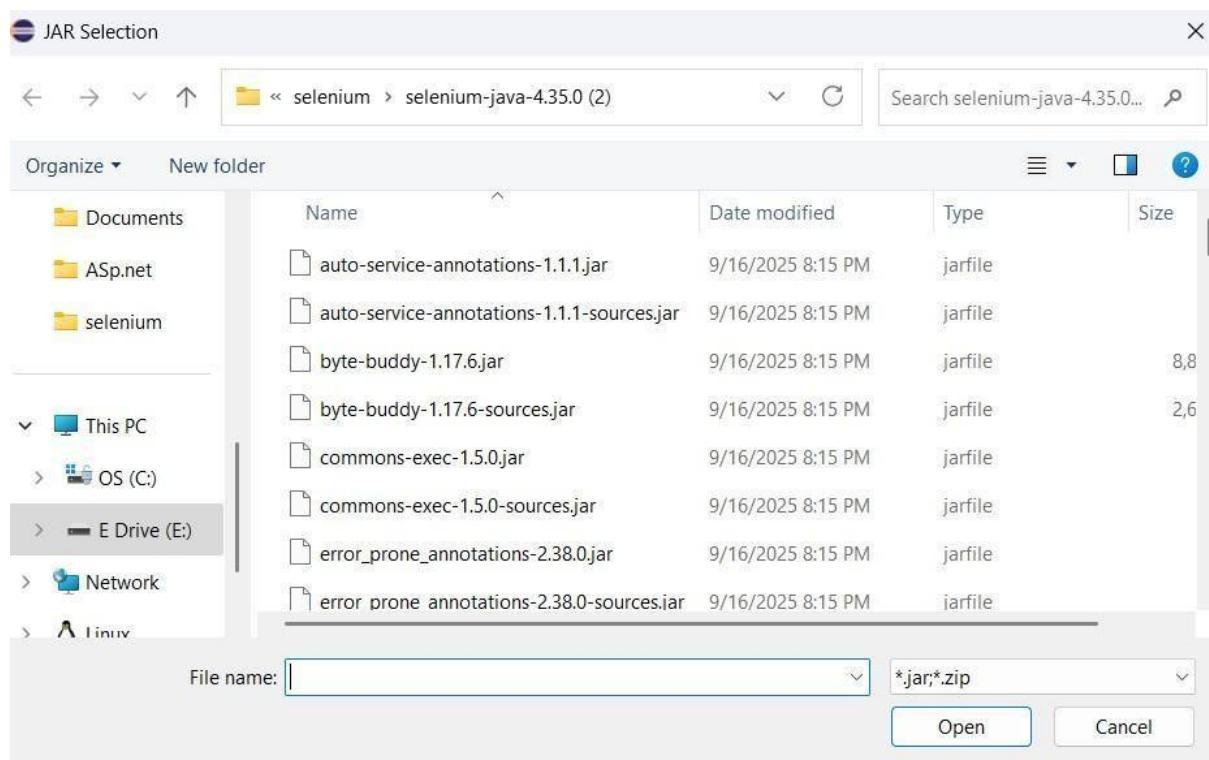
Step 1 : Download GeckoDriver:

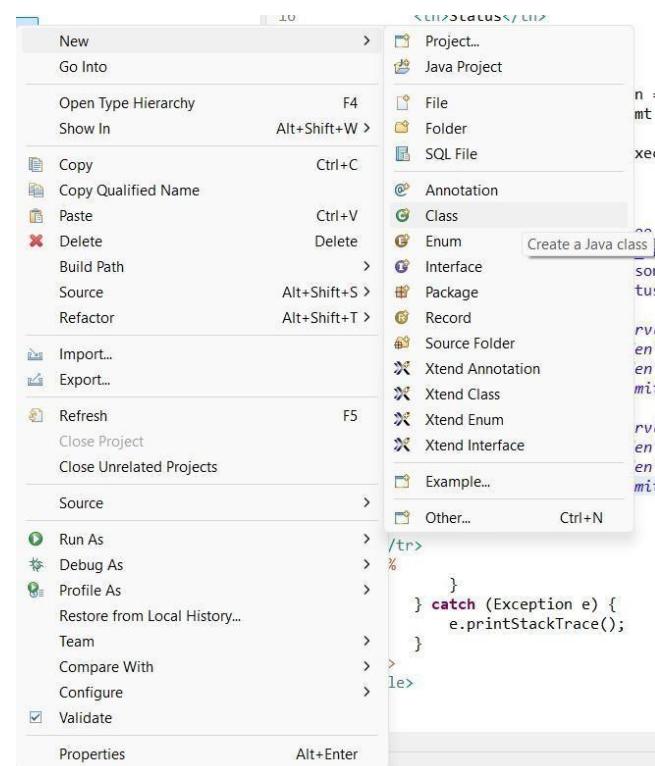
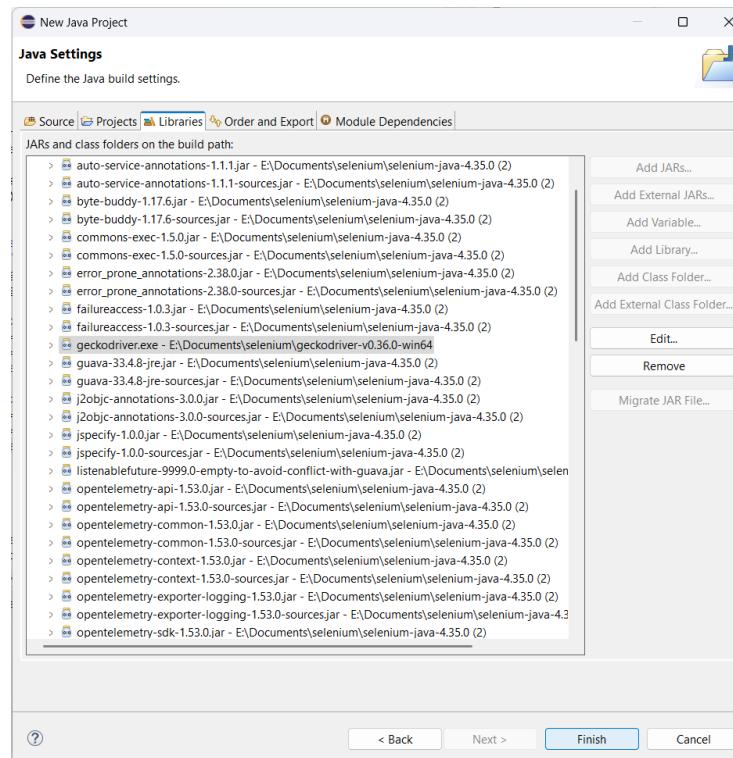
- Download GeckoDriver (FirefoxDriver) from its official GitHub release page.
- Extract and place the executable in a folder, add it to system PATH.

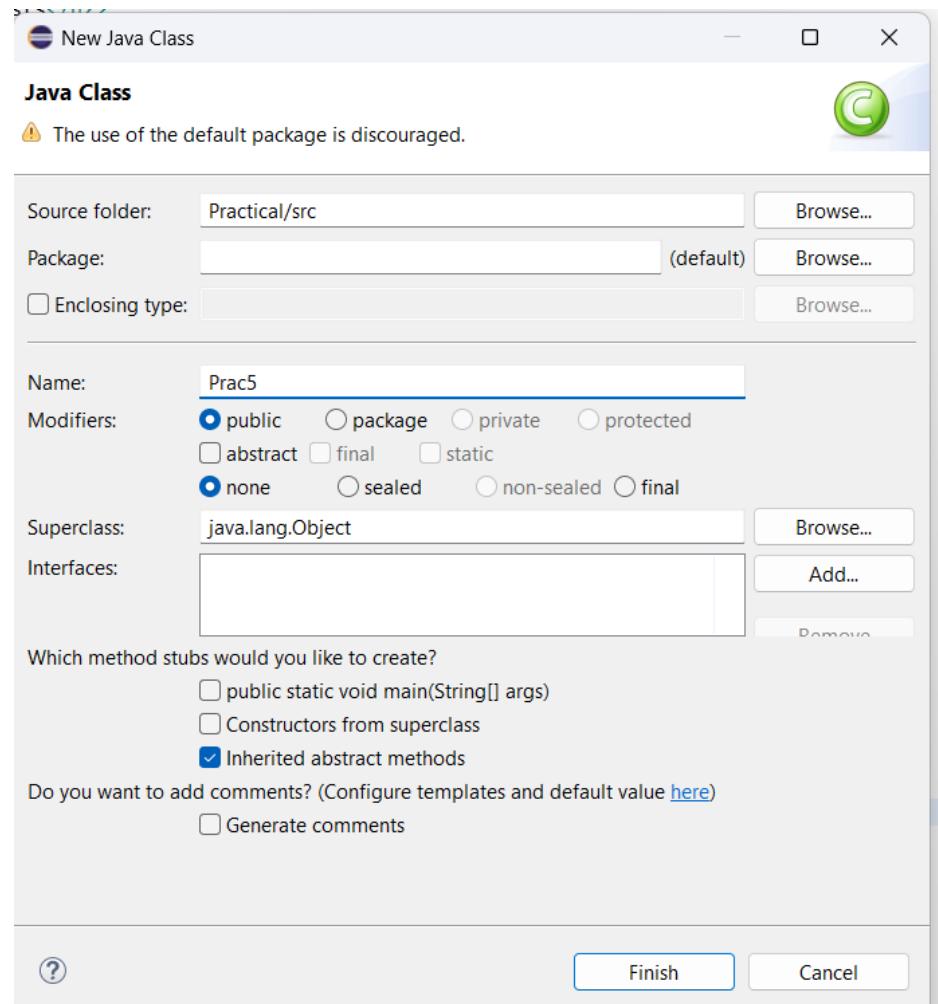
Step 2: Create a Java Project inside the Eclipse IDE.



| | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| geckodriver-v0.36.0-win32 | 9/16/2025 8:15 PM | File folder |
| selenium-java-4.35.0 (2) | 9/16/2025 8:15 PM | File folder |







Code parc1:

```
package nnnn;  
  
import org.openqa.selenium.By;  
  
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;  
  
import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;  
  
import org.openqa.selenium.firefox.FirefoxDriver;  
  
  
public class nnrr {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
// Set GeckoDriver path (notice lowercase “webdriver”)
System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
"E://Documents//selenium//geckodriver-v0.36.0-win64//geckodriver.exe");

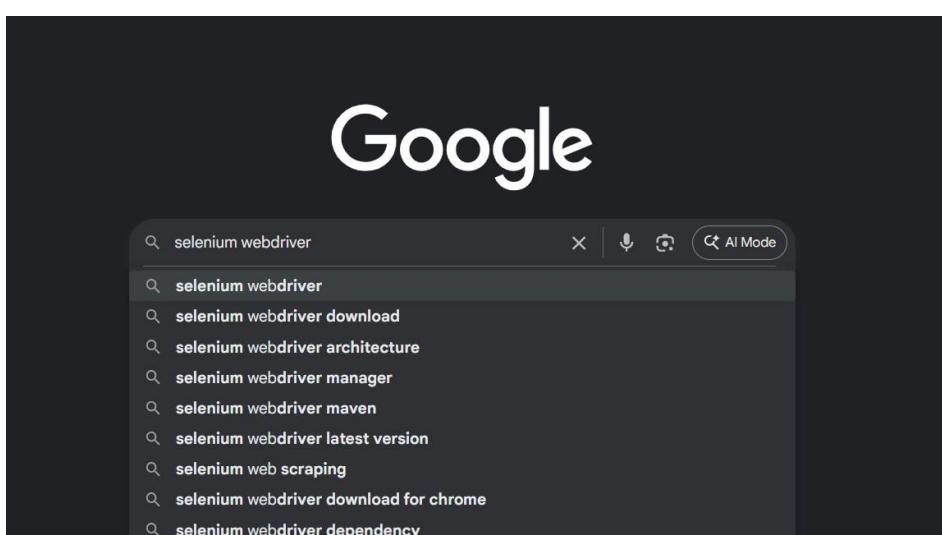
// Start Firefox
WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();

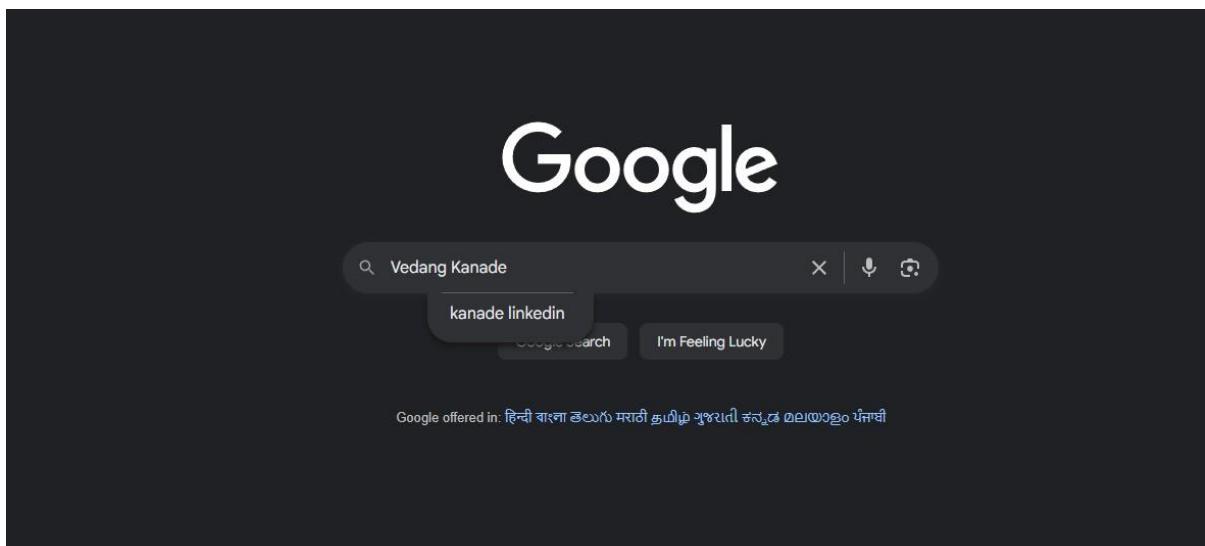
// Open Google
driver.get("https://www.google.com");

// Find the search box by ‘name’ attribute
WebElement searchBox = driver.findElement(By.name("q"));

// Type text into search box
searchBox.sendKeys("Vedang Kanade");
}
```

Output :





Practical No : 6

Q. Implement the Find element command through different Locators (id,Name)

Code :

```
package newpackage;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;

public class MyClass {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "D:\\NMITD-College\\SEM-3\\STQA-Lab\\Setups\\chromedriver\\chromedriver.exe");

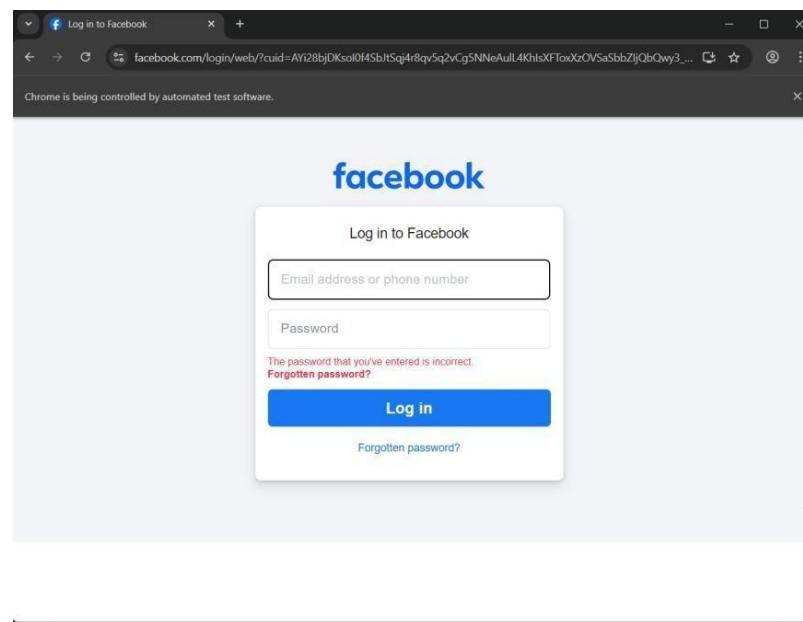
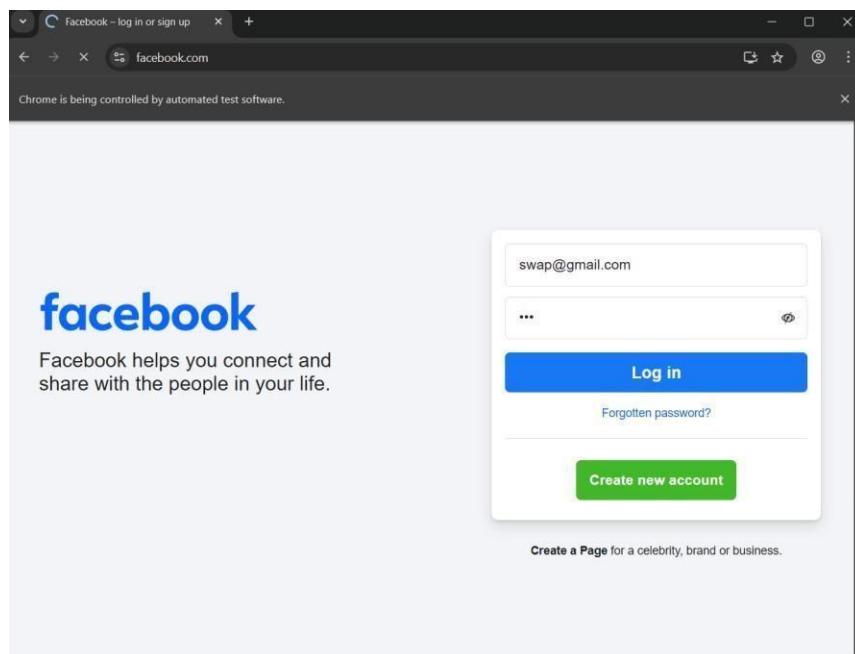
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");

        // Find email input and enter text
        WebElement unm = driver.findElement(By.id("email"));
        unm.sendKeys("swap@gmail.com");

        // Find password input and enter text
        WebElement unm2 = driver.findElement(By.name("pass"));
        unm2.sendKeys("123");

        // Find and click the login button
        WebElement button = driver.findElement(By.name("login"));
    }
}
```

```
button.click();  
  
}  
}  
  
}
```

Output :

Practical No : 7

Q. Implement Browser command and navigation Commands.

Code :

```
package newpackage;

import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;

import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;

import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeOptions;

public class BrowserNavigationDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // Set up Chrome driver

        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "D:\\NMITD-
College\\SEM-3\\STQA-Lab\\Setups\\chromedriver\\chromedriver.exe");

        // Optional: set Chrome binary path if needed

        ChromeOptions options = new ChromeOptions();

        // Uncomment if Chrome is installed in a non-default location

        // options.setBinary("C:\\Path\\To\\Your\\Chrome\\chrome.exe");

        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver(options);

        // Maximize the browser window

        driver.manage().window().maximize();

    try {
```

```
// Open Google
driver.get("https://www.google.com");
System.out.println("Opened Google homepage");

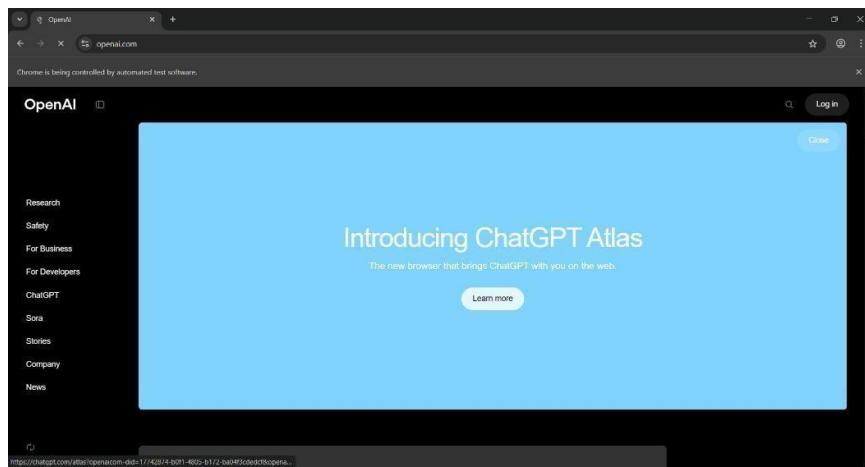
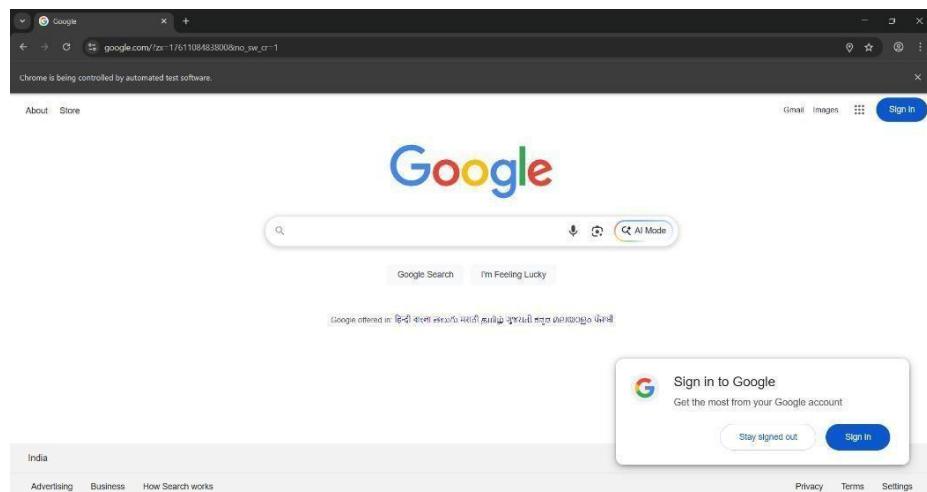
// Navigate to another website, for example, OpenAI
driver.navigate().to("https://www.openai.com");
System.out.println("Navigated to OpenAI");

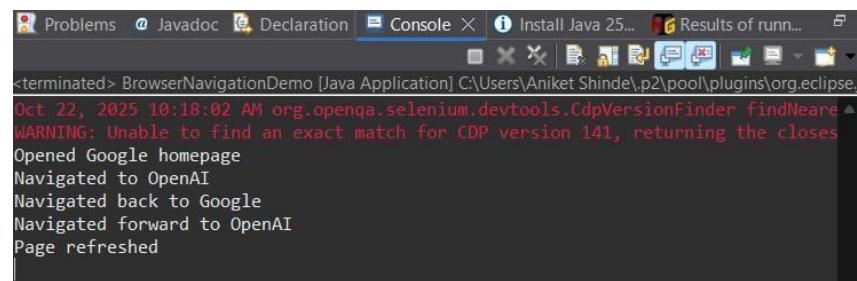
// Go back to Google
driver.navigate().back();
System.out.println("Navigated back to Google");

// Go forward to OpenAI
driver.navigate().forward();
System.out.println("Navigated forward to OpenAI");

// Refresh the page
driver.navigate().refresh();
System.out.println("Page refreshed");

} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
    // Close the browser
    driver.quit();
}
```

{
}Ouput :



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the 'Console' tab selected. The output window displays the following log entries:

```
<terminated> BrowserNavigationDemo [Java Application] C:\Users\Aniket Shinde\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.  
Oct 22, 2025 10:18:02 AM org.openqa.selenium.devtools.CdpVersionFinder findNeare ▲  
WARNING: Unable to find an exact match for CDP version 141, returning the closes  
Opened Google homepage  
Navigated to OpenAI  
Navigated back to Google  
Navigated forward to OpenAI  
Page refreshed
```

Practical No : 8

Q. Demonstrate handling multiple frames in selenium

Code :

```
package newpackage;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeOptions;

public class FrameHandlingDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "D:\\NMITD-
College\\SEM-3\\STQA-Lab\\Setups\\chromedriver\\chromedriver.exe");

        // Optional: ChromeOptions for custom configurations
        ChromeOptions options = new ChromeOptions();
        // Uncomment if needed

        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver(options);

        try {
            // Open the specified URL
            driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/guru99home/");
        }
    }
}
```

```
System.out.println("Opened target URL");

// Maximize the browser window
driver.manage().window().maximize();

// Wait for 2 seconds
Thread.sleep(2000);

driver.switchTo().frame("a077aa5e");
System.out.println("Switched to the iframe with ID 'a077aa5e'");

Thread.sleep(2000); // Wait before interacting with element

WebElement iframeElement =
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//html/body/a/img"));
iframeElement.click(); // Perform the click action
System.out.println("*We are done*");

Thread.sleep(2000); // Wait to observe post-click action

// Optionally, switch back to the main page
driver.switchTo().defaultContent();

} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
    // Close the browser
}
```

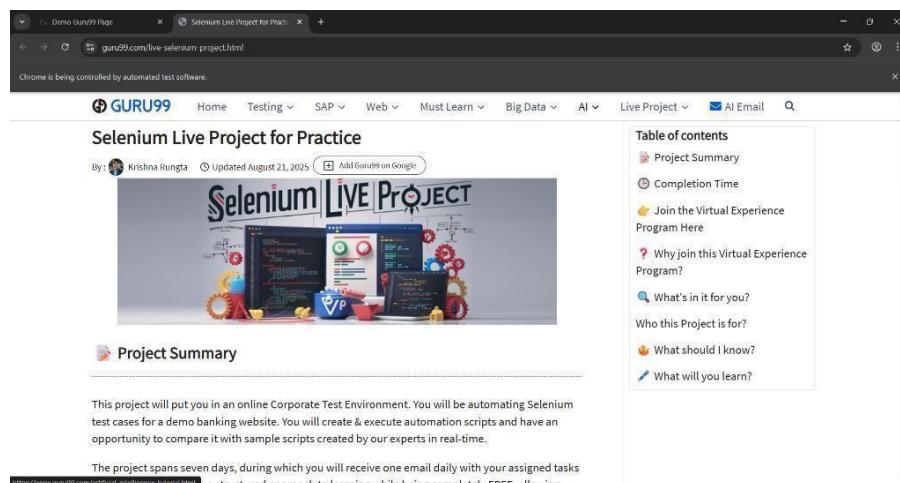
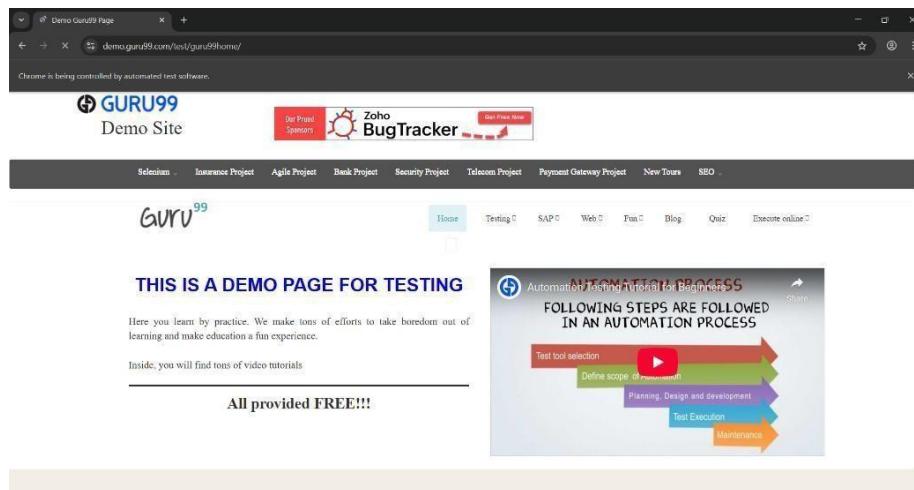
```

        driver.quit();

    }

}

```

Output :

```

WARNING: Unable to find an exact match for CDP
Opened target URL
Switched to the iframe with ID 'a077aa5e'
*We are done*

```

Practical No : 9

Q. Demonstrate Synchronisation in Selenium using wait command.

Code :

```
package newpackage;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.ExpectedConditions;
import org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.FluentWait;
import org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.WebDriverWait;
import java.time.Duration;
import java.util.NoSuchElementException;
import java.util.function.Function;

public class SynchronizationDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // 1. Set path to ChromeDriver executable
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
            "D:\\NMITD-College\\SEM-3\\STQA-Lab\\Setups\\chromedriver\\chromedriver.exe");

        // 2. Initialize ChromeDriver
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        try {
            // 3. Navigate to a page with dynamic content
            driver.get("https://the-internet.herokuapp.com/dynamic_loading/1");

            // 4. Implicit Wait: applies to all findElement calls
            driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(Duration.ofSeconds(10));

            // 5. Start the dynamic load
            driver.findElement(By.cssSelector("#start button")).click();

            // 6. Explicit Wait: wait until the loading spinner disappears and the element is visible
            WebDriverWait wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, Duration.ofSeconds(15));
            WebElement loadedText = wait.until(
                ExpectedConditions.visibilityOfElementLocated(By.cssSelector("#finish h4")));
            System.out.println("Explicit Wait Text: " + loadedText.getText());
        }
    }
}
```

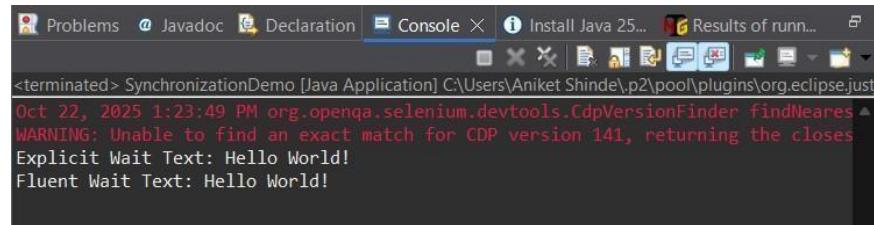
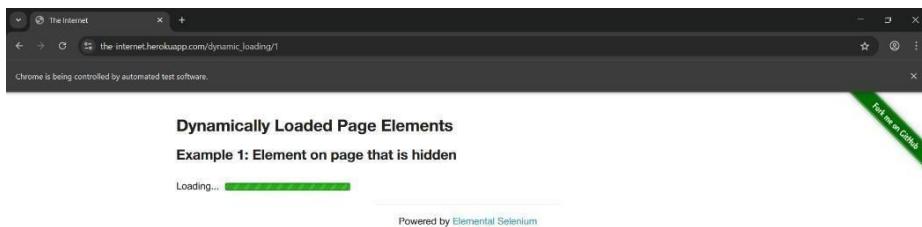
```
// 7. Fluent Wait: check every 2 seconds up to 20 seconds for the same element
FluentWait<WebDriver> fluentWait = new FluentWait<>(driver)
    .withTimeout(Duration.ofSeconds(20))
    .pollingEvery(Duration.ofSeconds(2))
    .ignoring(NoSuchElementException.class);

WebElement fluentElement = fluentWait.until(new Function<WebDriver,
WebElement>() {
    public WebElement apply(WebDriver drv) {
        return drv.findElement(By.cssSelector("#finish h4"));
    }
});

System.out.println("Fluent Wait Text: " + fluentElement.getText());

} finally {
    // 8. Quit the driver
    driver.quit();
}
```

Output:



Practical No : 10

Q. Demonstrate different types of alerts.

Code :

```
package newpackage;

import org.openqa.selenium.Alert;
import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;

public class AlertDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
        // Set path to ChromeDriver
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "D:\\NMITD-College\\SEM-3\\STQA-Lab\\Setups\\chromedriver\\chromedriver.exe");

        // Launch Chrome browser
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        // Open the webpage
        driver.get("https://demo.guru99.com/test/delete_customer.php");

        // Enter Customer ID
        driver.findElement(By.name("cusid")).sendKeys("30");

        // Click Submit
        driver.findElement(By.name("submit")).click();
```

```
// Switch to alert

Alert alt = driver.switchTo().alert();

// Capture alert message

String alertMessage = alt.getText();

System.out.println("Alert message: " + alertMessage);

// Wait for 5 seconds

Thread.sleep(5000);

// Accept the alert (click OK)

alt.accept();

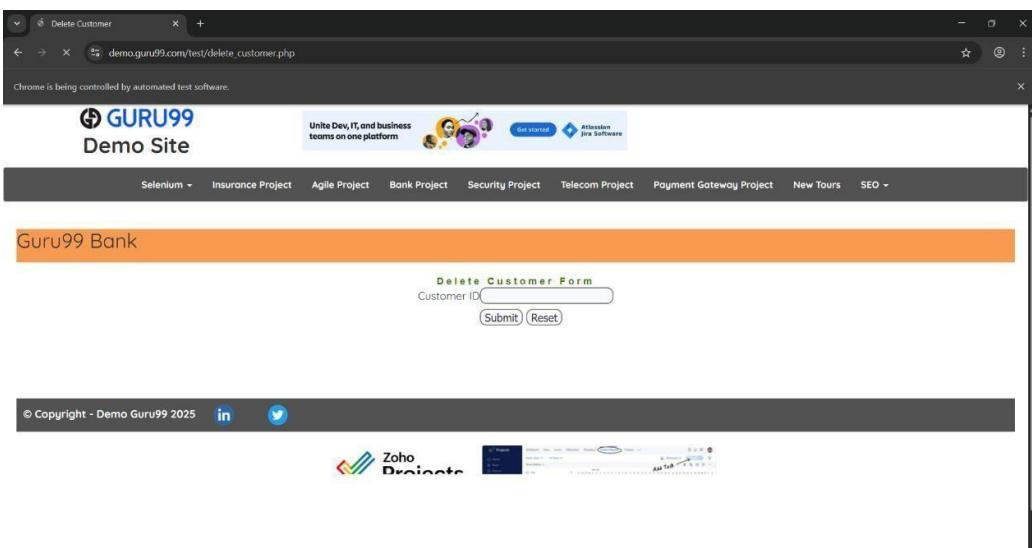
// Close the browser

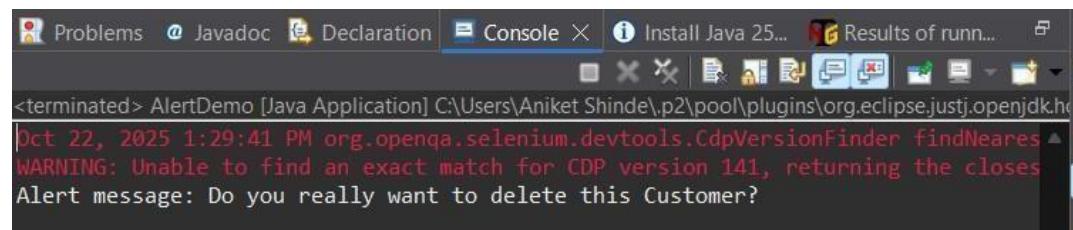
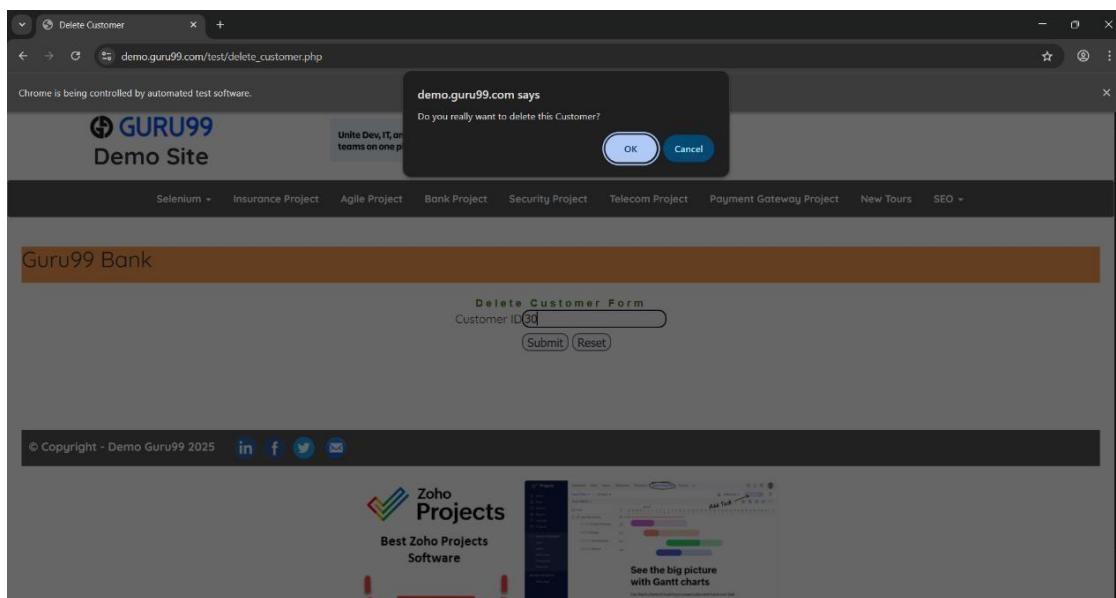
driver.quit();

}

}
```

Output:





Practical No : 11

Q. Demonstrate :

- Handling Drop Down,
- List Boxes
- Command Button,
- Radio buttons & text boxes.
- Waits command in selenium

Code :

```
package newpackage;

import org.openqa.selenium.*;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.*;

import java.time.Duration;

public class Prac11Demo {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
            "D:\\NMITD-College\\SEM-3\\STQA-
Lab\\Setups\\chromedriver\\chromedriver.exe");

        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
        driver.get("https://demo.guru99.com/test/newtours/register.php");
        driver.manage().window().maximize();
```

```
WebDriverWait wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, Duration.ofSeconds(10));  
  
Thread.sleep(1000);  
  
// Fill form  
  
driver.findElement(By.name("firstName")).sendKeys("John");  
  
Thread.sleep(500);  
  
driver.findElement(By.name("lastName")).sendKeys("Doe");  
  
Thread.sleep(500);  
  
driver.findElement(By.name("phone")).sendKeys("1234567890");  
  
Thread.sleep(500);  
  
driver.findElement(By.name("userNmae")).sendKeys("john.doe@example.com");  
  
Thread.sleep(500);  
  
// Dropdown  
  
WebElement countryDropdown = driver.findElement(By.name("country"));  
  
Select selectCountry = new Select(countryDropdown);  
  
selectCountry.selectByVisibleText("INDIA");  
  
Thread.sleep(1000);  
  
// Wait for overlay (if any) to disappear  
  
try {  
    wait.until(ExpectedConditions.invisibilityOfElementLocated(  
        By.cssSelector("div.cb-box_wrapper-center_modal")));  
}  
catch (Exception e) {  
    System.out.println("No modal overlay detected. Continuing...");  
}
```

```
// Click submit using JavaScript (to avoid interception)
WebElement submitButton = driver.findElement(By.name("submit"));

((JavascriptExecutor) driver).executeScript("arguments[0].click()", submitButton);

wait.until(ExpectedConditions.titleContains("Register"));

Thread.sleep(2000);

driver.quit();

}

}
```

Output:

Practical No : 12

Q. Demonstrate Action Class In Selenium

Code :

```
package newpackage;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;

import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;

import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;

import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;

import org.openqa.selenium.interactions.Actions;

public class ActionClassDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
            "D:\\NMITD-College\\SEM-3\\STQA-Lab\\Setups\\chromedriver\\chromedriver.exe");

        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        try {
            driver.get("https://demoqa.com/buttons");
            Thread.sleep(1000);

            Actions actions = new Actions(driver);

            // Double click button
            WebElement doubleClickBtn = driver.findElement(By.id("doubleClickBtn"));
            actions.doubleClick(doubleClickBtn).perform();
        }
    }
}
```

```
System.out.println("Double click performed");

Thread.sleep(1000);

// Right click button

WebElement rightClickBtn = driver.findElement(By.id("rightClickBtn"));

actions.contextClick(rightClickBtn).perform();

System.out.println("Right click performed");

Thread.sleep(1000);

// Click button (normal click)

WebElement clickMeBtn = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//button[text()='Click Me']"));

actions.click(clickMeBtn).perform();

System.out.println("Click performed");

Thread.sleep(1000);

// Navigate to drag and drop page for drag and drop example

driver.get("https://demoqa.com/droppable");

Thread.sleep(1000);

WebElement source = driver.findElement(By.id("draggable"));

WebElement target = driver.findElement(By.id("droppable"));

actions.dragAndDrop(source, target).perform();

System.out.println("Drag and drop performed");

Thread.sleep(1000);

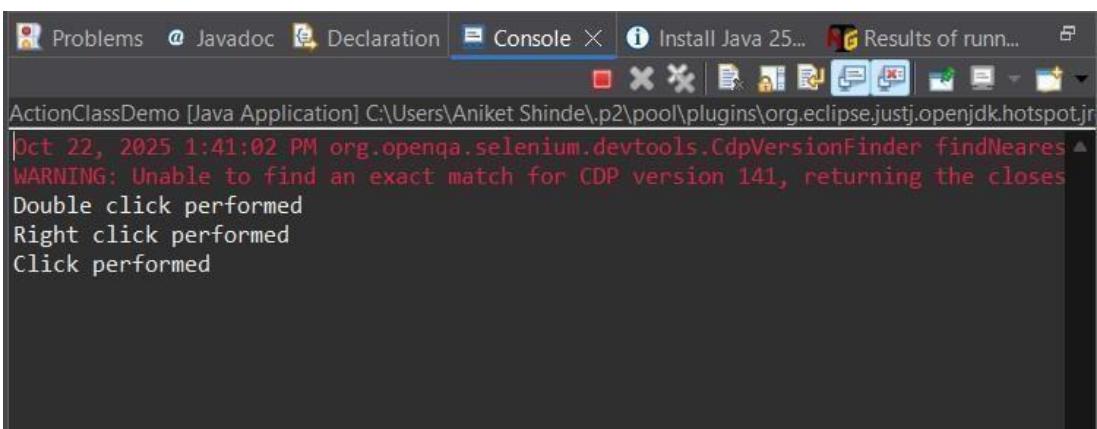
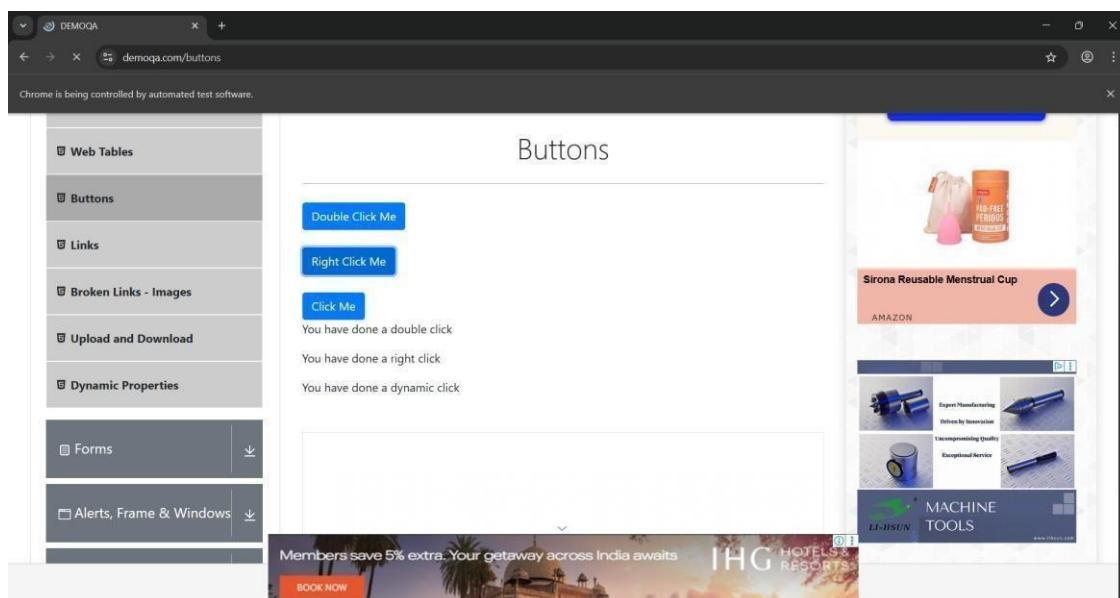
} catch (InterruptedException e) {

    e.printStackTrace();

} finally {
```

```
        driver.quit();  
    }  
}  
}
```

Output:



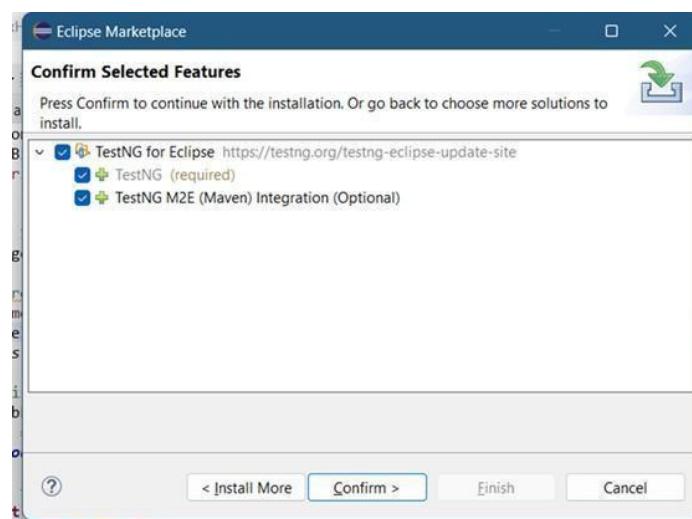
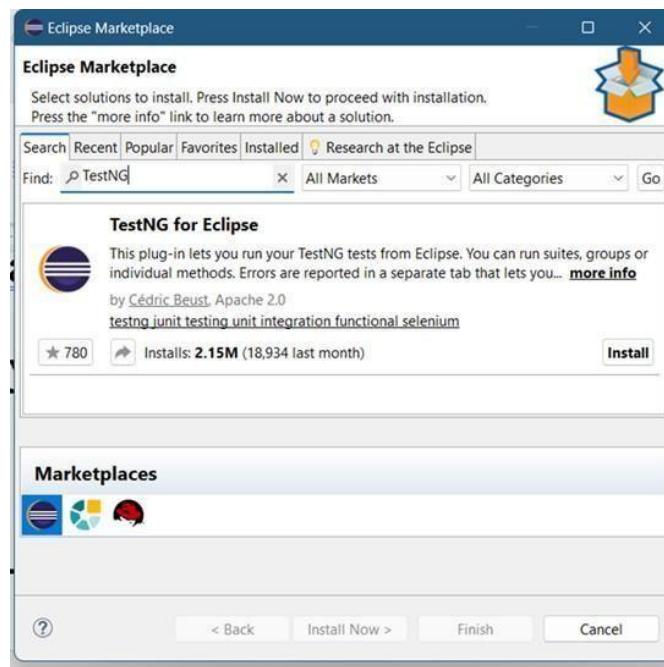
Practical No : 13

Q. Installation of TestNg , running testNg and TestNg annotations.

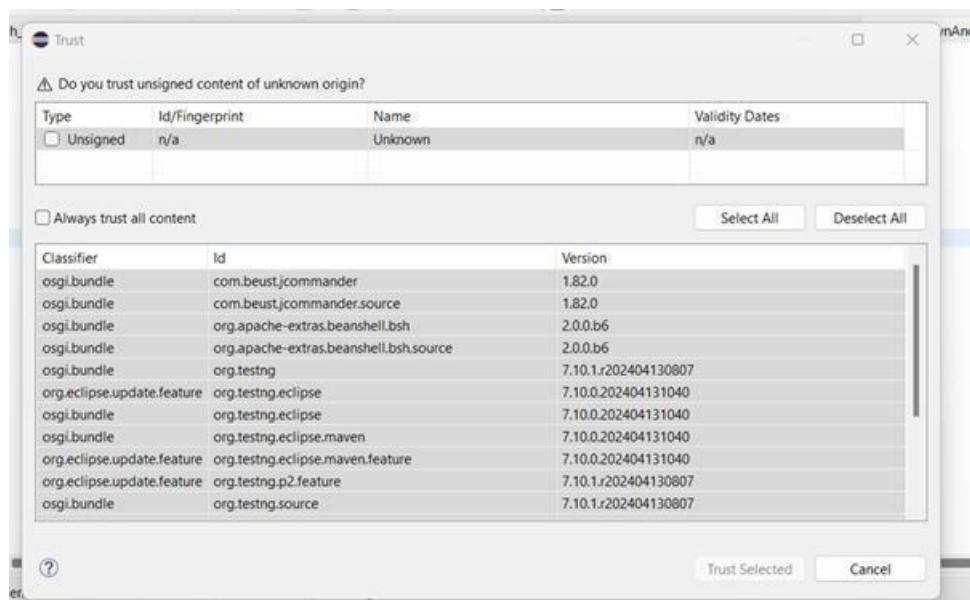
Code :

The following are the steps to install TestNG framework

Step 1: Search for TestNG in Eclipse marketplace and download it.



Step 2: If you encounter any security issue click on ‘Trust all’ and install it.



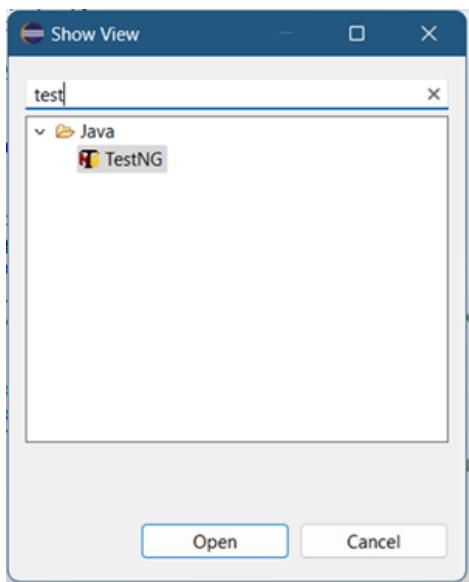
Step 3: Finish the installation and restart your system

Wait for the TestNG install in Eclipse to finish. When Eclipse prompts you for a restart, click

“Restart now.”

Verify if the installation is done properly

After the restart, verify if TestNG for Eclipse was successfully installed. Click Window > Show View > Other.



The following are the steps to Run TestNG Annotation.

Step 1: First download the two external JAR files and add them in your build path under the classpath section. The JAR files are slf4j-api.jar and slf4j-simple.jar from <http://www.java2s.com/>. Then Add those JARs in Configure Built-Path > Under the Classpath.

Step 2: Write the code for TestNG1:

Code :

```
package newpackage;

import org.junit.Test;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;

import org.openqa.selenium.Keys;

import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;

import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;

import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeOptions;

public class TestNG1 {

    public String baseUrl = "https://www.google.com/";

    String driverPath = "D:\\NMITD-College\\SEM-3\\STQA-
Lab\\Setups\\chromedriver\\chromedriver.exe";

    public WebDriver driver;

    @Test

    public void f() throws InterruptedException {

        System.out.println("Launching Chrome browser");

        // Set ChromeDriver path

        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", driverPath);
```

```
ChromeOptions options = new ChromeOptions();

options.addArguments("--start-maximized"); // open full screen

options.addArguments("--disable-notifications");

driver = new ChromeDriver(options);

// Open Google

driver.get(baseUrl);

// Perform a Google search

driver.findElement(By.name("q")).sendKeys("DES NMITD", Keys.ENTER);

// Wait for results to load

Thread.sleep(2000);

// Close browser

driver.quit();

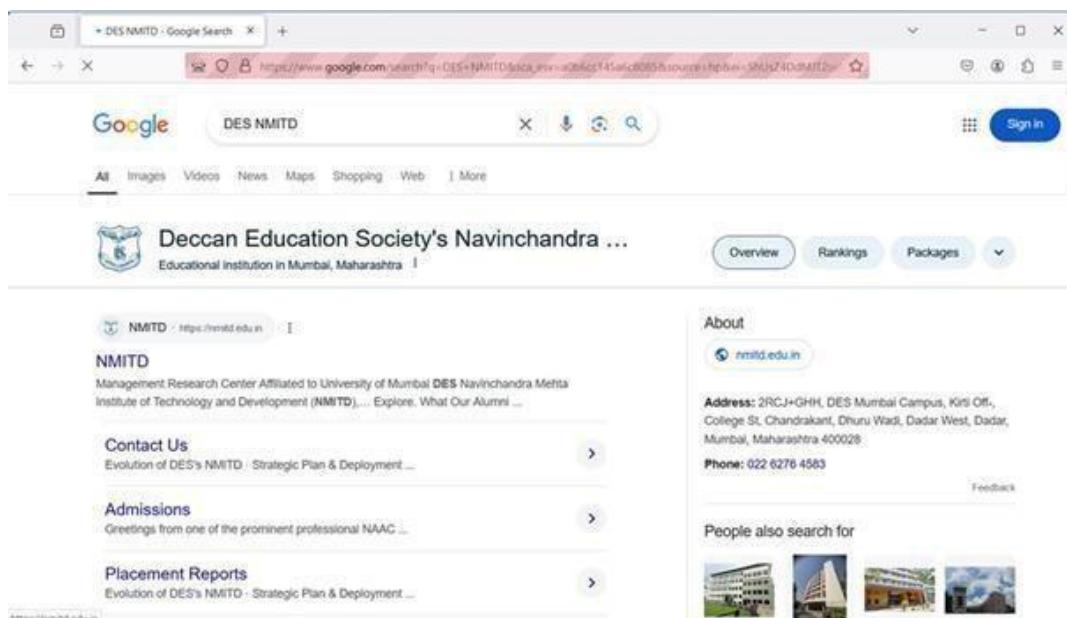
}
```

Output ;

```
400 [INFO] INFO org.openqa.selenium.firefox.FirefoxDriver - Launching Firefox browser
Launching Firefox browser
PASSED: seleniumtest_firefox.TestNG1.f

=====
Default test
Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Skips: 0
=====

=====
Default suite
Total tests run: 1, Passes: 1, Failures: 0, Skips: 0
=====
```



Step 3: Write the code for TestNG2 – Running TestNG:

Code :

```
package seleniumtest_chrome;  
  
import org.openqa.selenium.By;  
  
import org.openqa.selenium.Keys;  
  
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;  
  
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;  
  
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeOptions;  
  
import org.testng.annotations.Test;  
  
  
public class TestNG2 {  
  
    String driverPath =  
        "D:\\\\NMITD-College\\\\SEM-3\\\\STQA-Lab\\\\Setups\\\\chromedriver\\\\chromedriver.exe"  
  
    @Test  
  
    public void TestGoogle() throws InterruptedException {
```

```
// Set ChromeDriver path
System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", driverPath);

// Chrome options
ChromeOptions options = new ChromeOptions();
options.addArguments("--start-maximized");
options.addArguments("--disable-notifications");

// Launch Chrome
WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver(options);
driver.get("https://www.google.com/");

// Perform a search on Google
driver.findElement(By.name("q")).sendKeys("DES's NMITD", Keys.ENTER);
Thread.sleep(2000);

// Close browser
driver.quit();

}

@Test
public void TestFacebook() throws InterruptedException {
    // Set ChromeDriver path
    System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", driverPath);

    // Chrome options
    ChromeOptions options = new ChromeOptions();
    options.addArguments("--start-maximized");
    options.addArguments("--disable-notifications");
```

```
// Launch Chrome

WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver(options);

driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");

// Enter text in Facebook email field

driver.findElement(By.name("email")).sendKeys("DES's NMITD", Keys.ENTER);

Thread.sleep(2000);

// Close browser

driver.quit();

}

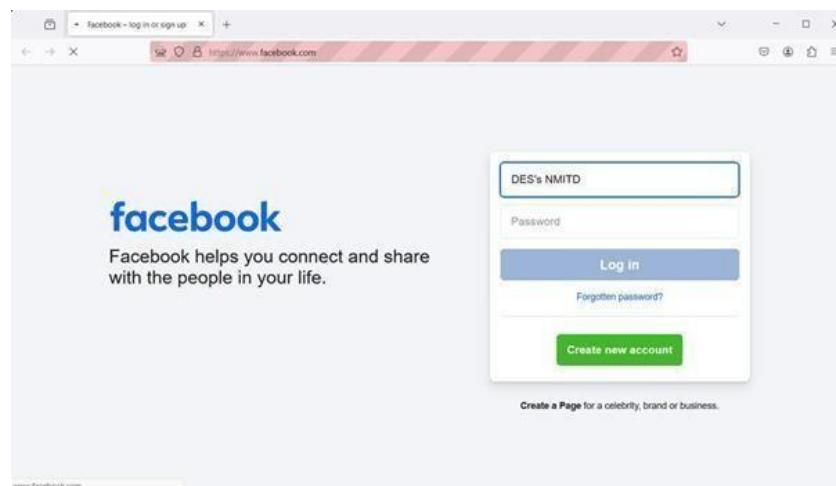
}
```

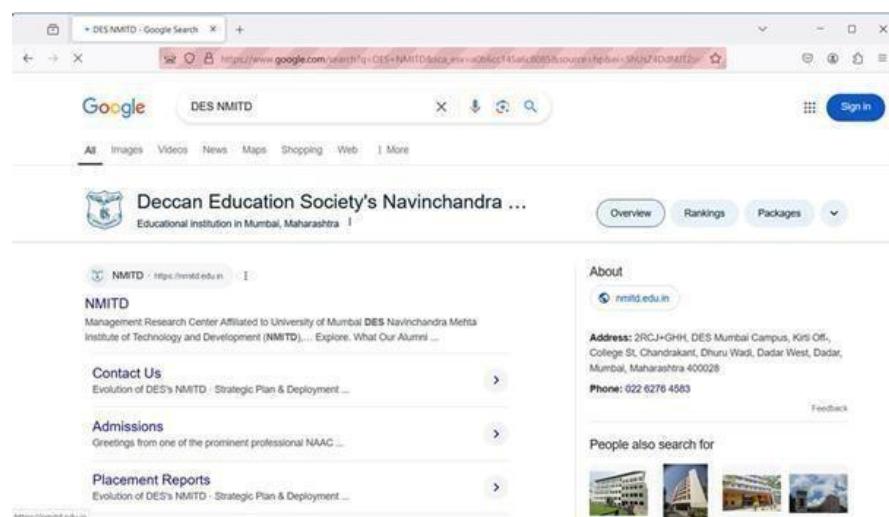
Output :

```
PASSED: seleniumtest_firefox.TestNG2.TestFacebook
PASSED: seleniumtest_firefox.TestNG2.TestGoogle

=====
Default test
Tests run: 2, Failures: 0, Skips: 0
=====

=====
Default suite
Total tests run: 2, Passes: 2, Failures: 0, Skips: 0
=====
```





Q. Demonstration with TestNG3

Code :

```
public class TestNG3 {

    String actualTitle, expectedTitle;
    WebDriver driver;

    @BeforeTest
    public void launchBrowser() {
        System.out.println("Launching Chrome browser");
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
                           "D:\\Anamay\\Projects\\2024\\java_selenium\\chrome_driver\\chromedriver.exe");

        // Set Chrome options
        ChromeOptions options = new ChromeOptions();
        options.addArguments("--start-maximized");
    }
}
```

```
options.addArguments("--disable-notifications");

// Launch Chrome
driver = new ChromeDriver(options);

// Open test site
driver.get("https://demo.guru99.com/test/newtours/");

}

@Test
public void verifyHomepageTitle() {
    expectedTitle = "Welcome: Mercury Tours";
    actualTitle = driver.getTitle();
    Assert.assertEquals(actualTitle, expectedTitle);
}

@AfterTest
public void terminateBrowser() {
    driver.close();
}

}
```

Output :

```
Launching Firefox browser
B168 [main] INFO org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake - [ProtocolHandshake.createSession] took 5 ms
PASSED: seleniumtest_firefox.TestH63.verifyHomepageTitle

=====
Default test
Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Skips: 0
=====

=====
Default suite
Total tests run: 1, Passes: 1, Failures: 0, Skips: 0
=====
```



Practical No : 14

Q. Implementation of Data Driven Framework.

Code :

```
package newpackage;

import org.testng.annotations.Test;

import org.testng.annotations.DataProvider;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;

import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;

import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;

import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;

public class DataDrivenTest {

    @Test(dataProvider = "loginData")

    public void loginTest(String username, String password) {

        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",

            "D:\\NMITD-College\\SEM-3\\STQA-

        Lab\\Setups\\chromedriver\\chromedriver.exe");

        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        driver.get("https://demo.guru99.com/test/newtours/");

        WebElement user = driver.findElement(By.name("userName"));

        user.sendKeys(username);

        WebElement passwrd = driver.findElement(By.name("password"));

        passwrd.sendKeys(password);
```

```
WebElement submit_btn = driver.findElement(By.name("submit"));

submit_btn.click();

String expectedTitle = "Login: Mercury Tours";

String actualTitle = driver.getTitle();

System.out.println("Page Title is: " + actualTitle);

if (actualTitle.equals(expectedTitle)) {

    System.out.println("Login Test Passed");

} else {

    System.out.println("Login Test Failed");

}

driver.quit();

}

@DataProvider(name = "loginData")

public Object[][] getData() {

    return new Object[][] {

        {"mercury", "mercury"},

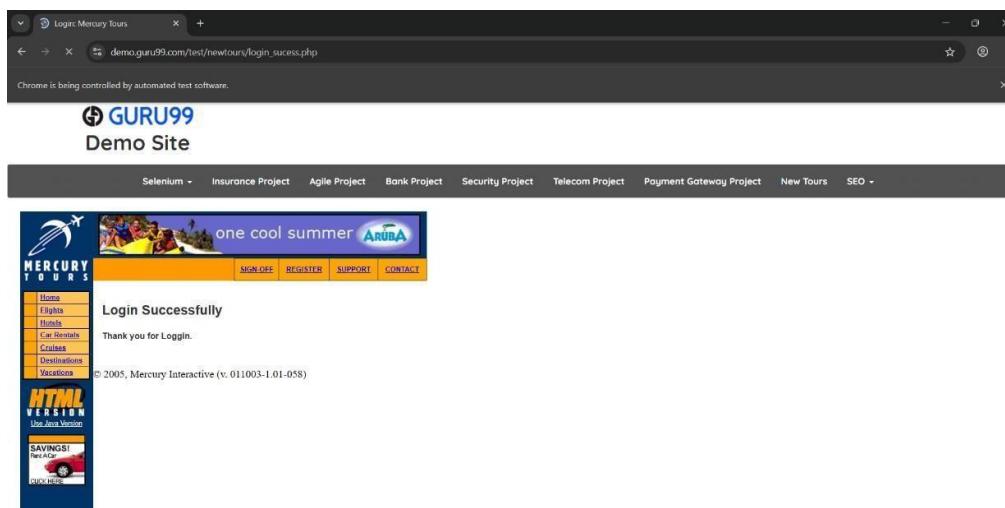
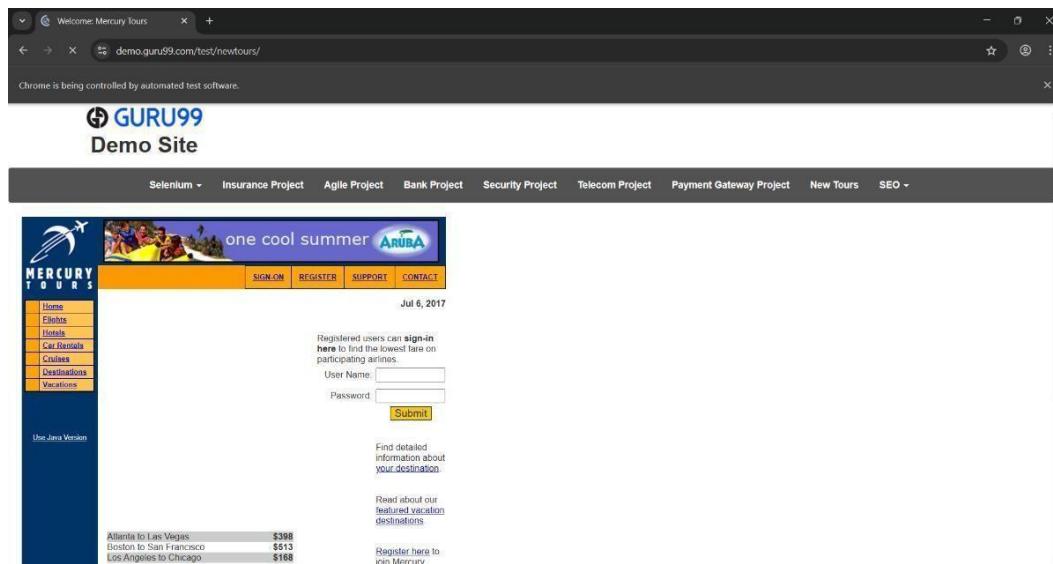
        {"tutorial", "tutorial"}

    };

}

}
```

Output :



Practical No : 15

Q. Demonstrate Validation testing.

Code :

```
package newpackage;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;

import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;

import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;

public class Validations_Test {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // Set ChromeDriver path
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
            "D:\\NMITD-College\\SEM-3\\STQA-
        Lab\\Setups\\chromedriver\\chromedriver.exe");

        // Launch Chrome browser
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

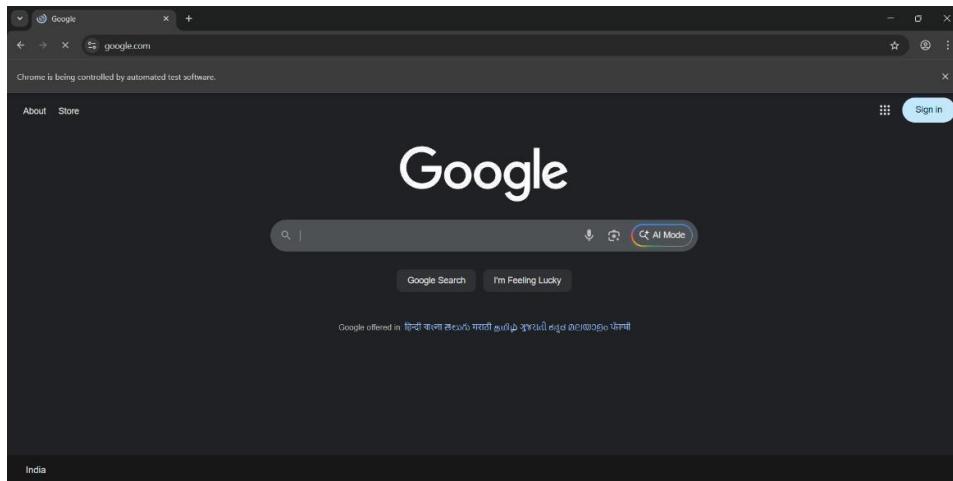
        // Open Google
        driver.get("https://www.google.com/");

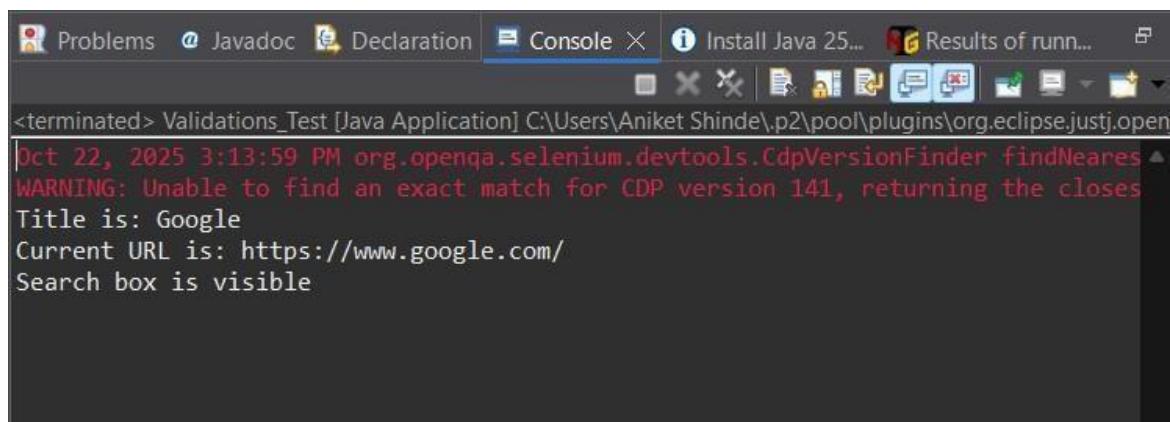
        // Validate the title of the page
        String title = driver.getTitle();
        System.out.println("Title is: " + title);

        // Validate the current URL
```

```
System.out.println("Current URL is: " + driver.getCurrentUrl());  
  
// Check if the search box is visible using the updated XPath  
boolean status = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//textarea[@name='q']")).isDisplayed();  
if (status) {  
    System.out.println("Search box is visible");  
} else {  
    System.out.println("Search box is not visible");  
}  
  
// Close the browser  
driver.quit();  
}  
}
```

Output :





```
<terminated> Validations_Test [Java Application] C:\Users\Aniket Shinde\.p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.open  
Oct 22, 2025 3:13:59 PM org.openqa.selenium.devtools.CdpVersionFinder findNearestVersion  
WARNING: Unable to find an exact match for CDP version 141, returning the closest  
Title is: Google  
Current URL is: https://www.google.com/  
Search box is visible
```