Unittest tutorial

practical exercise

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Assignment

Your assignment is to implement a missing unittest for the **phonebook** package. Clone the project from google code,

```
$git clone http://code.google.com/p/unittesttutorial
```

Implement the test_lookup unit test inside the file tests / test_dummydb_phonebook_layer.py. Optionally implement the test_unknown_command inside the file test / test_phonebook_terminal.py. Note that this second test requires a bit more code reading and applies a more advanced use of the Mock class.

If you are interested in what the software does, try running the **phonebookterminal.py** (type help for instructions),

```
$ ./phonebookterminal.py

PHONE BOOK TERMINAL
v0.1.0
phonebook:
phonebook: insert Hrobjartur Thorsteinsson;Studlasel 24;4991911
phonebook: lookup Hrobjartur Thorsteinsson
Hrobjartur Thorsteinsson;Studlasel 24;4991911
phonebook:
phonebook: lookup Bolli Palmason
None
phonebook: exit
have a nice day!
$
```

The **phonebookterminal** software allows users to insert or lookup phonebook entries in a database.

Install software tools

The essential testing tools are the mock and nose package for python,

```
$ sudo apt-get install python-mock
$ sudo apt-get install python-nose
```

Optionally, if you want to compile UML diagrams or documentation,

```
$ sudo apt-get install graphviz
$ sudo apt-get install pylint
```

```
$ sudo apt-get install python-coverage
$ sudo apt-get install rst2pdf
```

Run the tests

The **nose** package includes a 'testrunner' called **nosetests**. The testrunner automatically looks up classes that derive from unittest. TestCase, executes the tests and reports a result.

Now execute all the tests found in the tests directory,

```
$ nosetests -v tests/
```

All but two tests should pass. Two tests have been defined but not yet implemented,

```
ERROR: test_lookup (test_dummydb_phonebook_layer.TestPhoneBookLayer)
ERROR: test_unknown_command (test_phonebook_terminal.TestPhoneBookTerminal)
```

Optionally use **coverage** to evaluate how well the tests are 'covering' the code,

<pre>\$ nosetests -vwith-coverage tests/ \$ coverage report</pre>					
Name	Stmts	Miss	Branch	BrMiss	Cover
phonebook/ init	2	 0	0	0	100%
phonebook/dummy_database	15	10	2	2	29%
phonebook/dummydb_phonebook_layer	13	4	2	2	60%
phonebook/phonebook_layer_interface	7	2	0	0	71%
phonebook/phonebook_terminal	57	28	12	3	55%
phonebook/version	4	0	0	0	100%
TOTAL	98	44	16	7	55%

The percentage coverage should improve somewhat after implementing the new tests.

Code structure

The software uses a database abstraction layer (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Database_abstraction_layer) to hide the functionality of an actual database module.

An abstraction layer is a 'programming pattern' that helps isolate your code from external libraries. This technique makes your code less dependent on those libraries by calling an intermediary layer.

In our case the database module being used is a demonstration module called **DummyDataBase**. Our abstraction from this database is called **DummydbPhoneBookLayer**, which implements an interface **PhoneBookLayerInterface**. The **PhoneBookTerminal** talks only to the **DummydbPhoneBookLayer**, which in turn talks to the **DummyDataBase**.

Class diagram

You can generate a UML class diagram for the code using pyreverse (shippes with pylint),

```
$ pyreverse -o png phonebook/*.py
```

