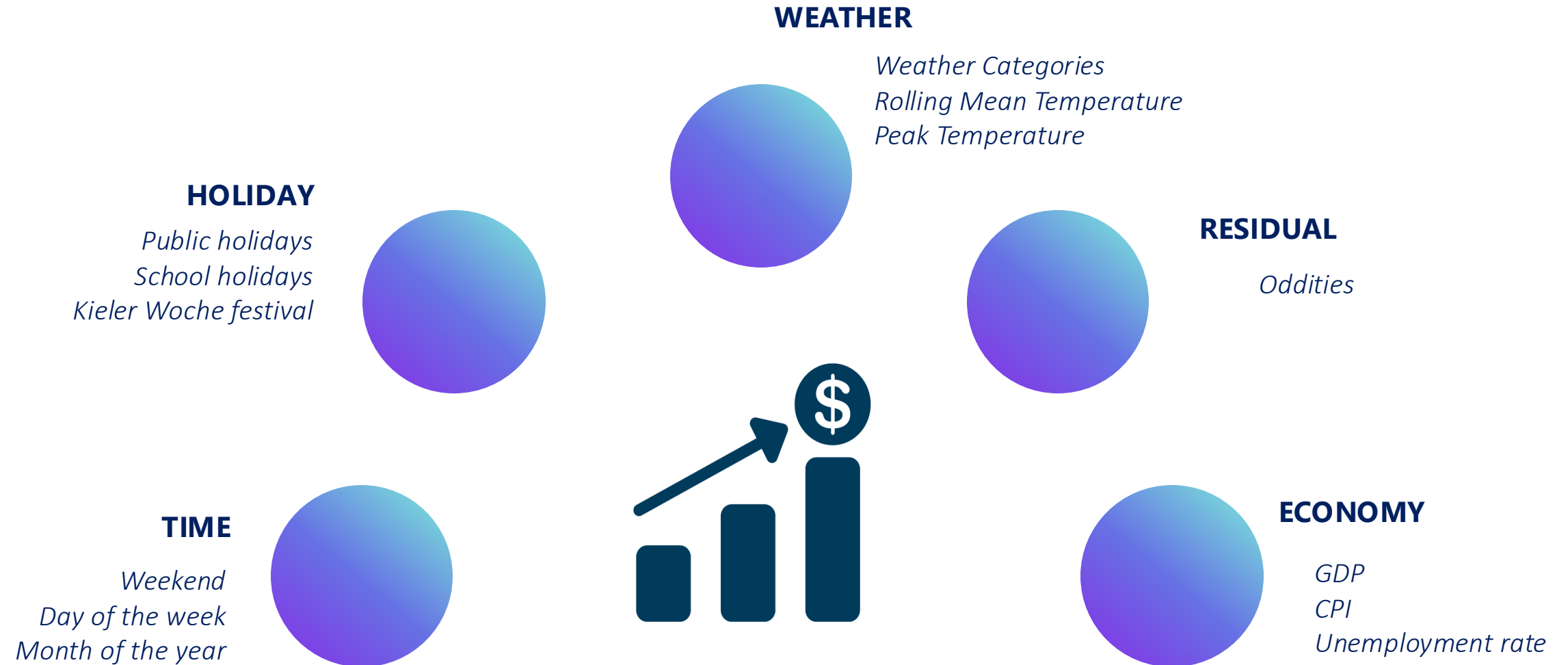


PROJECT REPORT

Bakery sales prediction

*Matthias Faust
Ngoc Linh Nguyen
Thorsten Köhler*

VARIABLES by group



Weather features



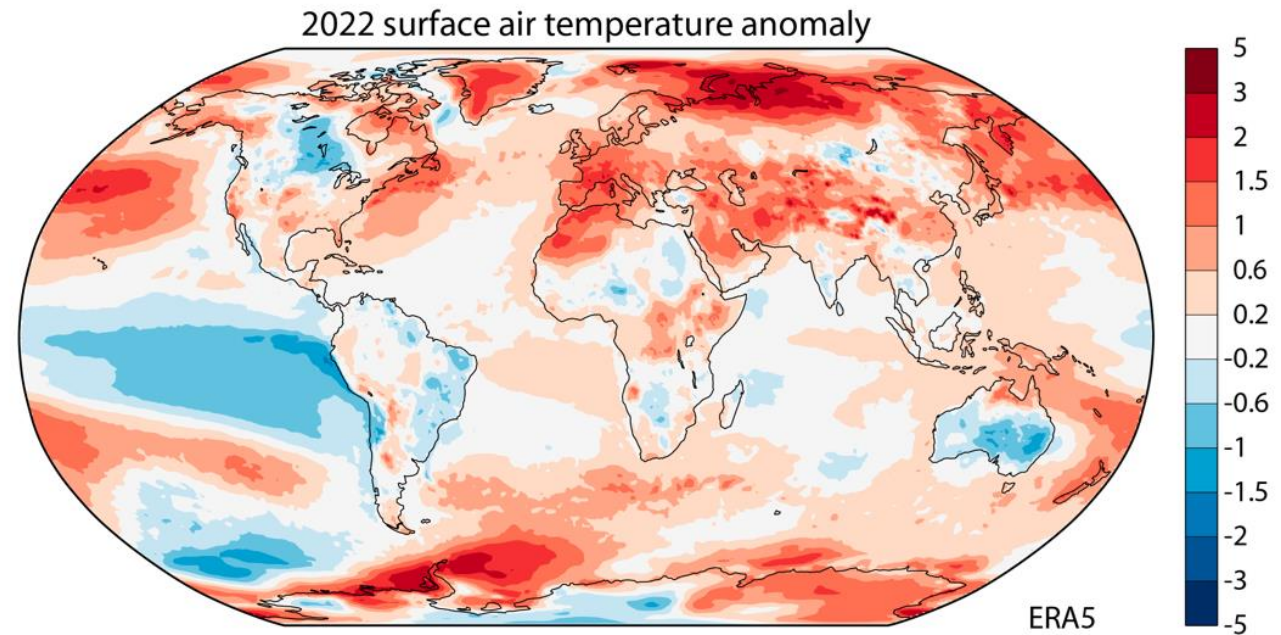
Varname	Original variable	Description
Weather_category	Wettercode (Weather code)	Rain, After rain, Showers & Thunderstorms, Snow & Ice, Fog, Others
Temperature_class	Temperatur (Temperature)	Cold, Cool, Mild, Warm, Unknown
Cloud_class	Bewoelkung (Cloud cover)	Sunny, Cloudy, Unknown
Wind_class	Windgeschwindigkeit (Wind speed)	Breeze, Wind, Storm, Unknown
Temperatur		Temperature
Rolling_temp_mean		Mean temperature of the last 5 Days
Temperature above/below mean		Significant difference to the rolling temp mean



MISSING VALUE IMPUTATION

ERA5 Reanalysis Data

- Simulation of the past weather, prompted by measurements
- Data openly available from 1940 to present
- Hourly time resolution



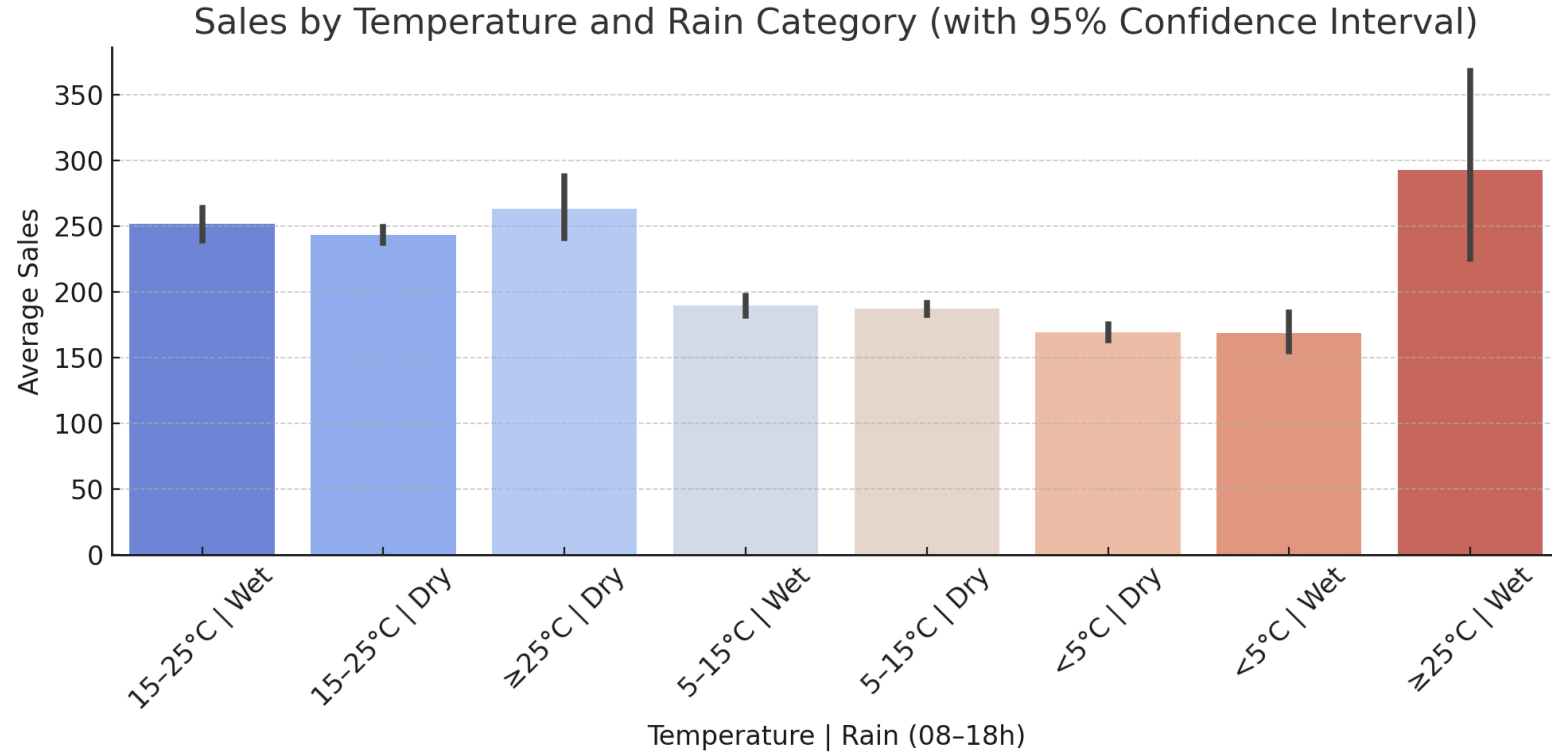
Copernicus Climate Change Service
Climate Indicators | 2022



PROGRAMME OF
THE EUROPEAN UNION

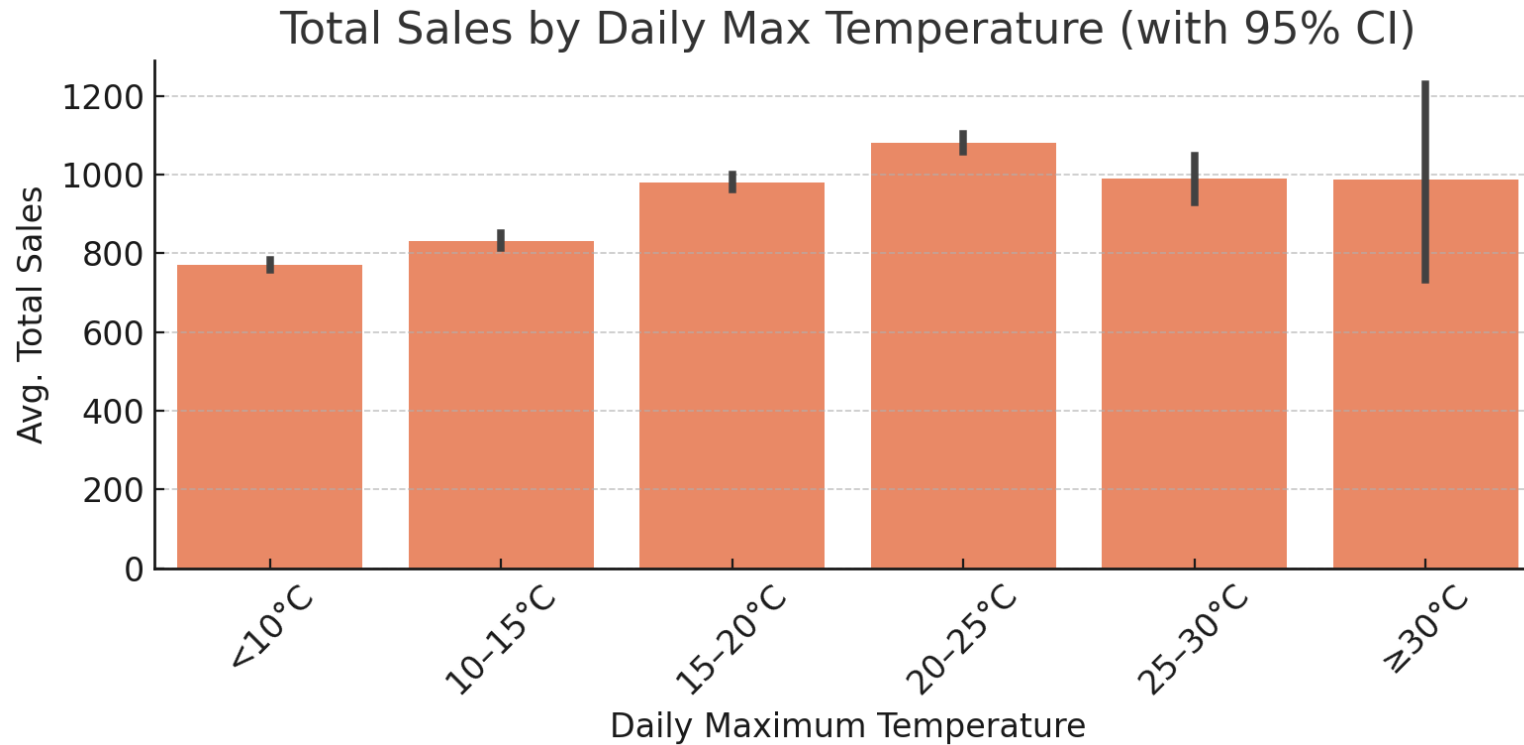


Weather variable



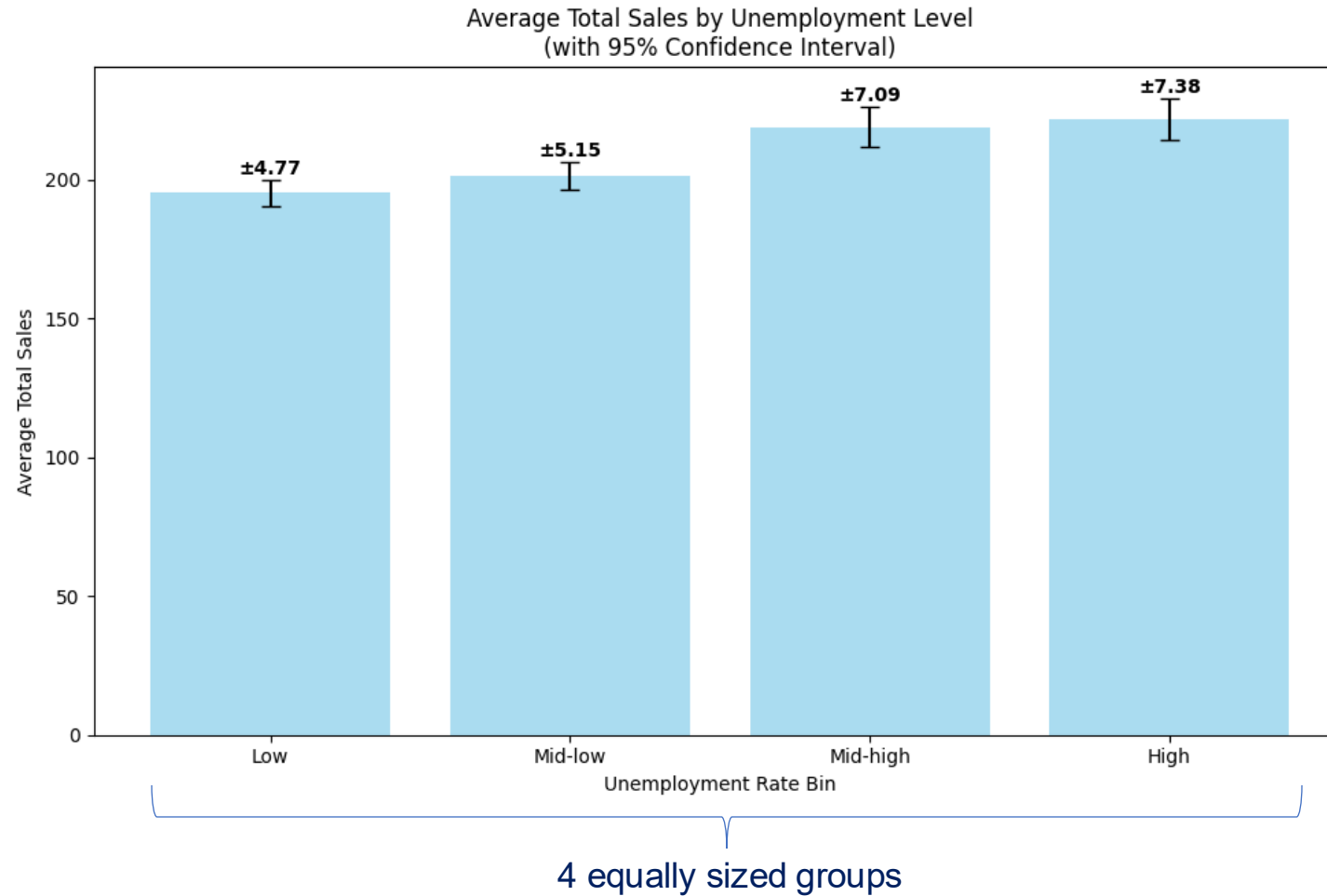
Combination of rain and high temperature increases sales

Weather variable



Sales increase with temperature but decrease if the maximum temperature is above 25°C

Unemployment rate



Higher unemployment rate is associated with slightly higher average total sales

LINEAR REGRESSION MODEL

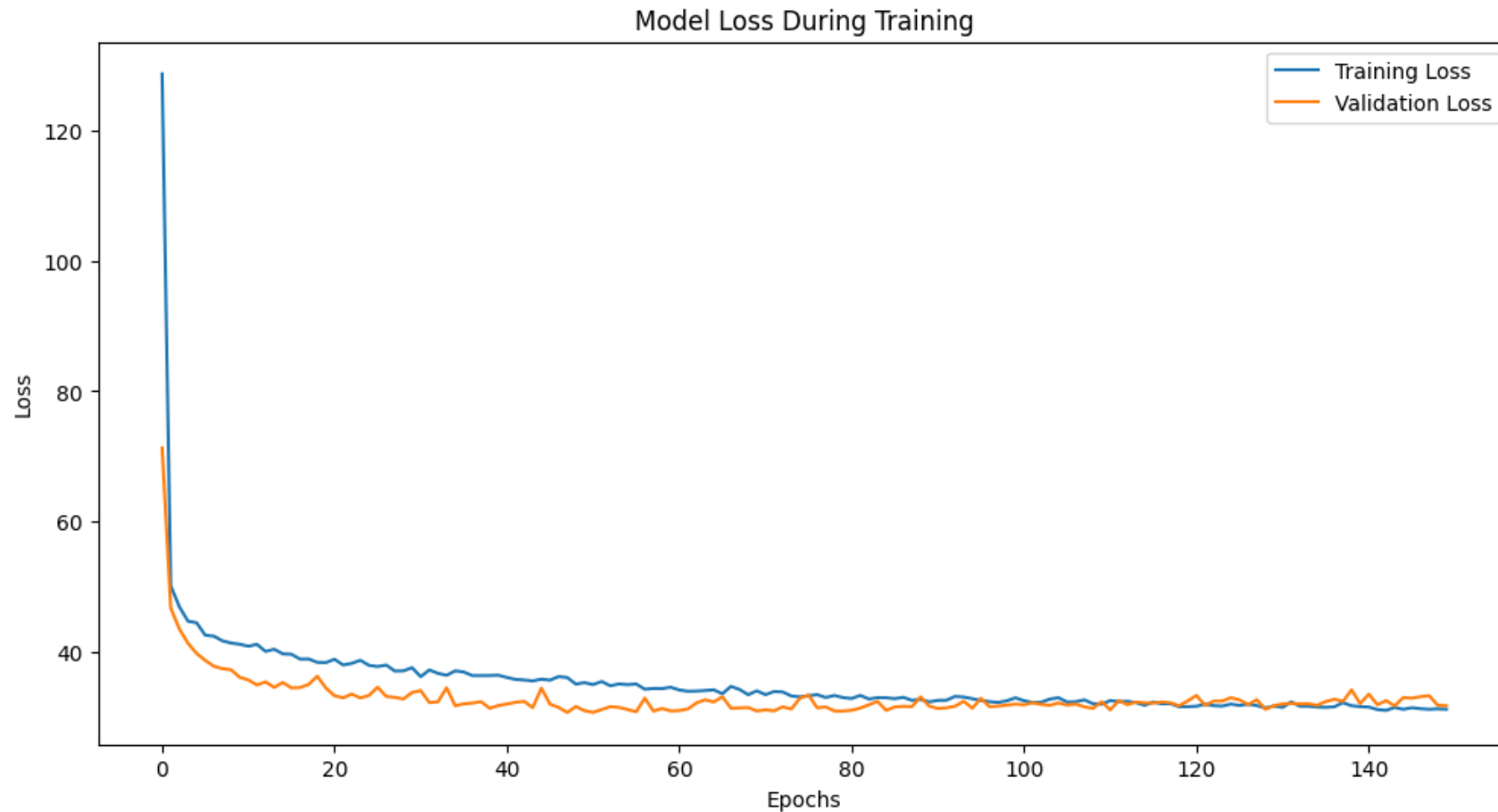
	Modell	R ²	Adj. R ²	Anzahl Parameter
14	Residual+Vollmodell+	0.8115	0.8103	48
13	Residual+Vollmodell	0.8114	0.8103	43
11	Vollmodell	0.7550	0.7536	42
12	Vollmodell+	0.7550	0.7535	47
10	Zeit+Wetter+Product	0.7363	0.7353	30
7	Zeit+Product	0.7355	0.7347	23
3	Product	0.6506	0.6503	6
9	Zeit+Holiday	0.1105	0.1081	21
8	Zeit+Ökonomie	0.1058	0.1034	21
6	Zeit+Stats	0.0989	0.0962	24
5	Zeit+Wetter	0.0989	0.0960	25
0	Zeit	0.0978	0.0957	18
2	Wetter+Stats	0.0539	0.0522	14
1	Wetter	0.0475	0.0466	8
4	Ökonomie	0.0268	0.0264	4

→ *Sales ~ Product + Time
+ Weather + Economy
+ Holiday + Residual*

NEURAL NETWORK

```
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, InputLayer, BatchNormalization
model = Sequential([
    InputLayer(shape=(training_features.shape[1], )),
    BatchNormalization(),
    Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.2),
    Dense(32, activation='relu'),
    Dense(1)
])
```

NEURAL NETWORK



Loss function: Huber

Learning rate: 0.001

Epochs: 150

Batch size: 32

MAPE

- *Training Data: 16.23%*
- *Validation Data: 17.99%*
 - *Bread: 18.97%*
 - *Roll: 11.98%*
 - *Croissant: 18.77%*
 - *Confectionery: 25.82%*
 - *Cake: 14.44%*
 - *Seasonal Bread: -- %*
(not in the validation period)

HIGHLIGHT

Worst fails:

- *Working with Git codespaces and Tensorflow*
- *The quite often seemingly esoteric effects of Feature Engineering and Model Optimization*

Best improvement:

- *Encoding date and weather features*
- *Talking things through as a team – very important to get a better understanding*

Thank You

An abstract graphic on the right side of the slide, composed of several overlapping, rounded shapes in various shades of blue and purple. The colors transition from a deep purple at the top to a lighter blue at the bottom, creating a modern, flowing design.