

Template Week 1 – Bits & Bytes

Student number:

Assignment 1.1: Bits & Bytes intro

What are Bits & Bytes?

Datatypes die bestaan uit nulletjes en minnetjes (uit het binaire stelsel)

What is a nibble?

What relationship does a nibble have with a hexadecimal value?

Why is it wise to display binary data as hexadecimal values?

What kind of relationship does a byte have with a hexadecimal value?

An IPv4 subnet is 32-bit, show with a calculation why this is the case.

Assignment 1.2: Your favourite colour

Hexadecimal colour code:

Assignment 1.3: Manipulating binary data

Colour	Colour code hexadecimaal (RGB)	Big Endian	Little Endian
RED			
GREEN			
BLUE			
WHITE			
Favourite (previous assignment)			

Screenshot modified BMP file in hex editor:

Bonus point assignment – week 1

Convert your student number to a hexadecimal number and a binary number.

Explain in detail that the calculation is correct. Use the PowerPoint slides of week 1.

Studentennummer: 547367

$$547367/2=273683,5$$

$$2*273683=547366$$

1

$$273683/2=136841,5$$

$$2*136841=273682$$

1

$$136841/2=68420,5$$

$$2*68420=136840$$

1

$$68420/2=34210$$

$$34210*2=68420$$

0

$$34210/2=17105$$

$$2*17105 = 34210$$

0

$$17105/2=8552,5$$

$$2*8552=17104$$

1

$$8552/2=4276$$

$$2*4276 = 8552$$

0

$$4276 /2=2138$$

$$2*2138=4276$$

0

$$2138/2=1069$$

$$2*1069 = 2138$$

0

$$1069 / 2 = 534,5$$

$$2 * 534 = 1.068$$

$$1$$

$$534 / 2 = 267$$

$$2 * 267 = 534$$

$$0$$

$$267 / 2 = 133,5$$

$$133 * 2 = 266$$

$$1$$

$$133 / 2 = 66,5$$

$$2 * 66 = 132$$

$$1$$

$$66 / 2 = 33$$

$$2 * 33 = 66$$

$$0$$

$$33 / 2 = 16,5$$

$$16 * 2 = 32$$

$$1$$

$$16 / 2 = 8$$

$$2 * 8 = 16$$

$$0$$

$$8 / 2 = 4$$

$$2 * 4 = 8$$

$$0$$

$$4 / 2 = 2$$

$$2 * 2 = 4$$

$$0$$

$$2 / 2 = 1$$

$$2 * 1 = 2$$

$$0$$

$$1 / 2 = 0,5$$

$$2 \cdot 0,5 = 1$$

0

$$0,5/2 = 0,25$$

$$2 \cdot 0,25 = 0,5$$

Dus 547367 is 11100100010110100000 in binair

1110|0100|0101|0110|0000

Dus het is e6780 in hexadecimaal

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