

# SQL 미션#2

조인과 서브쿼리를 사용해 업무 쿼리 작성하기

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# 조인문제1

1. first\_name이 A로 시작하는 사원의 사번, 이름, 부서아이디, 부서명을 출력함

SELECT

e.employee\_id

, e.first\_name

, d.department\_id

, d.department\_name

FROM employees e JOIN departments  
d

ON e.department\_id = d.department\_id

AND first\_name LIKE 'A%';

-- 1. employees 테이블에서 first\_name이 A로 시작하는 사원의 사번, 이름, 부서아이디, 부서명을 출력함

```
SELECT
  e.employee_id
, e.first_name
, d.department_id
, d.department_name
FROM employees e JOIN departments d
ON e.department_id = d.department_id
AND first_name LIKE 'A%';
```

스크립트 출력 x | 질의 결과 x | 질의 결과 1 x | 질의 결과 2 x | 질의 결과 3 x | 질의 결과 4 x | 질의 결과 5 x

SQL | 인출된 모든 행: 10(0.001초)

	EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
1	103	Alexander	60	IT
2	115	Alexander	30	Purchasing
3	121	Adam	50	Shipping
4	147	Alberto	80	Sales
5	158	Allan	80	Sales
6	167	Amit	80	Sales
7	175	Alyssa	80	Sales
8	185	Alexis	50	Shipping
9	187	Anthony	50	Shipping
10	196	Alana	50	Shipping

# 조인문제2

2. salary가 3000과 5000사이인 사원의 사번, 이름, 부서명, 직무제목, 지역 우편번호, 국가명, 지역명을 출력함

SELECT

e.employee\_id, e.first\_name, d.department\_name,  
j.job\_title, l.postal\_code, c.country\_name, r.region\_name

FROM employees e, departments d ,jobs j, locations l,  
countries c, regions r

WHERE e.department\_id = d.department\_id(+)

AND e.job\_id = j.job\_id(+)

AND d.location\_id = l.location\_id(+)

AND l.country\_id = c.country\_id(+)

AND c.region\_id = r.region\_id(+);

```
-- 2. salary가 3000과 5000사이인 사원의 사번, 이름, 부서명, 직무제목, 지역 우편번호, 국가명, 지역명을 출력함
SELECT
  e.employee_id,
  e.first_name,
  d.department_name,
  j.job_title,
  l.postal_code,
  c.country_name,
  r.region_name
FROM employees e, departments d ,jobs j, locations l, countries c, regions r
WHERE e.department_id = d.department_id(+)
AND e.job_id = j.job_id(+)
AND d.location_id = l.location_id(+)
AND l.country_id = c.country_id(+)
AND c.region_id = r.region_id(+);
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_NAME	JOB_TITLE	POSTAL_CODE	COUNTRY_NAME	REGION_NAME
22	121 Adam	Shipping	Stock Manager	99236	United States of America	Americas
23	122 Payam	Shipping	Stock Manager	99236	United States of America	Americas
24	123 Shanta	Shipping	Stock Manager	99236	United States of America	Americas
25	124 Kevin	Shipping	Stock Manager	99236	United States of America	Americas
26	125 Julia	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
27	126 Irene	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
28	127 James	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
29	128 Steven	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
30	129 Laura	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
31	130 Mozhe	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
32	131 James	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
33	132 TJ	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
34	133 Jason	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
35	134 Michael	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
36	135 Ki	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
37	136 Hazel	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
38	137 Renske	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
39	138 Stephen	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
40	139 John	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
41	140 Joshua	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
42	141 Tenna	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas
43	142 Curtis	Shipping	Stock Clerk	99236	United States of America	Americas

# 서브쿼리문제1

3. 잡아이디가 IT로 시작하는 부서에 속한 사원의 사번, 이름, 부서명, 급여를 출력함

```
SELECT
    e.employee_id, e.first_name, d.department_name, e.salary
FROM
    employees e JOIN departments d
ON e.department_id = d.department_id
WHERE employee_id IN (SELECT
                        e.employee_id
FROM
    employees e JOIN departments d
ON e.department_id = d.department_id
JOIN jobs j
ON e.job_id = j.job_id
AND j.job_id LIKE 'IT%'
);
```

-- 3. 잡아이디가 IT로 시작하는 부서에 속한 사원의 사번, 이름, 부서명, 급여를 출력함

```
SELECT
    e.employee_id,
    e.first_name,
    d.department_name,
    e.salary
FROM
    employees e JOIN departments d
ON e.department_id = d.department_id
WHERE employee_id IN (SELECT
                        e.employee_id
FROM
    employees e JOIN departments d
ON e.department_id = d.department_id
JOIN jobs j
ON e.job_id = j.job_id
AND j.job_id LIKE 'IT%'
);
```

스크립트 출력 x   질의 결과 x   질의 결과 1 x   질의 결과 2 x   질의 결과 3 x   질의 결과 4 x				
SQL   인출된 모든 행: 5(0.001초)				
	EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_NAME	SALARY
1	107	Diana	IT	4200
2	104	Bruce	IT	6000
3	105	David	IT	4800
4	103	Alexander	IT	9000
5	106	Valli	IT	4800

# 서브쿼리문제2

4. 사원의 사번, 이름, 부서명, 잡히스토리 횟수를  
출력하되 잡히스토리가 2회 이상인 사원만 출력함

```
SELECT
    e.employee_id , e.first_name , d.department_name
    , (SELECT COUNT(job_id)
        FROM job_history jh
        WHERE jh.employee_id = e.employee_id) jh_count
FROM employees e, departments d
WHERE e.department_id = d.department_id(+)
AND (SELECT COUNT(job_id)
    FROM job_history jh
    WHERE jh.employee_id = e.employee_id) >= 2;
```

-- 4. 사원의 사번, 이름, 부서명, 잡히스토리 횟수를 출력하되 잡히스토리가 2회 이상인 사원만 출력함

```
SELECT
    e.employee_id
    , e.first_name
    , d.department_name
    , (SELECT COUNT(job_id)
        FROM job_history jh
        WHERE jh.employee_id = e.employee_id) jh_count
FROM employees e, departments d
WHERE e.department_id = d.department_id(+)
AND (SELECT COUNT(job_id)
    FROM job_history jh
    WHERE jh.employee_id = e.employee_id) >= 2;
```

스크립트 출력 x | 질의 결과 x | 질의 결과 1 x | 질의 결과 2 x | 질의 결과 3 x | 질의 결과 4 x | 질의 결과 5 x

SQL | 인출된 모든 행: 3(0.002초)

	EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_NAME	JH_COUNT
1	101	Neena	Executive	2
2	176	Jonathon	Sales	2
3	200	Jennifer	Administration	2

