

Data Visualization Analysis

Course Schedule - Transforming Data into Business Insights

Business Analytics Program

2025-11-28

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1 Course Overview

Target Audience: Business School Undergraduate/Graduate Students

Prerequisites: None - No programming experience required

Primary Tool: Python (with exposure to R, Excel, Jamovi, JASP)

Course Duration: 4 Modules (12 weeks + 4 evaluation weeks)

1.1 Course Philosophy

This course is designed to develop your **motivation and appreciation** for data visualization as a critical business skill. Rather than focusing solely on technical proficiency, we emphasize:

- **Business impact** of visual analytics
 - **Real-world applications** across industries
 - **Storytelling with data** to influence decisions
 - **Hands-on practice** with actual business datasets
 - **Progressive skill building** from simple charts to complex dashboards
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2 Module 1: The Power of Visual Analytics in Business

Duration: Weeks 1-4

Theme: Understanding why data visualization drives competitive advantage

2.1 Lecture 1.1: Why Visualization Matters - Bad Decisions from Bad Data Presentation

Week 1 | 3 hours

2.1.1 Learning Objectives

- Recognize the business cost of poor data presentation
- Understand how visualization reveals insights that numbers alone cannot
- Identify visualization best practices from real business failures

2.1.2 Business Context

Explore famous business cases where poor data visualization led to costly mistakes, including the Challenger disaster, financial crisis misrepresentations, and marketing campaign failures.

2.1.3 Content Outline

2.1.3.1 Introduction (30 min)

- **Case Study:** Theranos - How misleading visualizations deceived investors for billions
- **Discussion:** What happens when executives make decisions from Excel tables alone?
- **Activity:** Compare a data table vs. chart showing the same sales decline

2.1.3.2 The Anscombe's Quartet Revelation (45 min)

- **Demonstration:** Four datasets with identical statistics but completely different patterns
- **Business Implication:** Summary statistics can hide critical patterns
- **Practice Activity:** Students receive 4 mystery datasets and must identify which represents:
 - Steady growth (ideal for investment)
 - Volatile market (high risk)
 - Outlier event (potential fraud)
 - Non-linear relationship (needs different strategy)

2.1.3.3 Real Business Wins Through Visualization (45 min)

- **Case Study:** How Walmart uses heat maps to optimize store layouts
- **Case Study:** Netflix's viewer engagement dashboards that drove content strategy
- **Case Study:** Airbnb's pricing visualization tools for hosts
- **Interactive Demo:** Before/after transformations of business reports

2.1.3.4 Hands-On Python Introduction (60 min)

- Setting up Python (Google Colab - no installation needed)
- Your first plot: Company revenue over time
- **Practice Dataset:** Startup monthly revenue data
- **Task:** Create a line chart that tells the growth story
- **Guided Exercise:** Modify colors, add labels, interpret the trend

2.1.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You're presenting to investors. You have a spreadsheet with customer acquisition costs, lifetime value, and churn rates for 24 months.

- Create 3 different visualizations of this data
- Write a 1-paragraph interpretation of what each reveals
- Identify which visualization would be most compelling to investors and why

Datasets Provided: E-commerce startup metrics

2.2 Lecture 1.2: Visual Perception and Business Communication

Week 2 | 3 hours

2.2.1 Learning Objectives

- Apply principles of visual perception to business charts
- Choose appropriate chart types for different business questions
- Design visualizations that drive action, not just information

2.2.2 Business Context

Learn how Fortune 500 companies design executive dashboards and why certain visualizations persuade while others confuse.

2.2.3 Content Outline

2.2.3.1 How Executives Process Visual Information (40 min)

- **Eye-tracking studies:** What CEOs notice first in dashboards
- **Cognitive load:** Why simpler is usually better in boardrooms
- **The 5-second rule:** Can your chart communicate in a glance?
- **Case Study:** McKinsey's data visualization principles for client presentations

2.2.3.2 Chart Type Selection Framework (50 min)

- **When to use:**
 - Line charts (trends over time - stock prices, sales growth)
 - Bar charts (comparisons - regional performance, product sales)
 - Pie charts (parts of a whole - market share, budget allocation)
 - Scatter plots (relationships - marketing spend vs. revenue)
- **Business Decision Tree:** Matching your business question to chart type
- **Common Mistakes:** Pie charts with 15 slices, 3D effects that distort data

2.2.3.3 Color Psychology in Business Visualization (40 min)

- **Cultural considerations:** What red means in US vs. Asian markets
- **Brand consistency:** Maintaining corporate identity in data
- **Accessibility:** Colorblind-friendly palettes for inclusive reporting
- **Practice:** Redesigning a confusing multi-color chart

2.2.3.4 Python Practice Session (50 min)

- Creating different chart types with the same dataset
- **Business Dataset:** Quarterly sales by region and product category
- **Exercises:**
 1. Which region is growing fastest? (Line chart)
 2. Which product category dominates? (Bar chart)
 3. What's our market share breakdown? (Pie chart)
 4. Is there a relationship between price and sales volume? (Scatter plot)

2.2.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You're analyzing customer satisfaction survey data (1,000 responses) across 5 touchpoints in the customer journey.

- Create 5 different visualizations to tell the story
- Write an executive summary identifying the critical problem area
- Design one “hero visual” that would grab attention in a presentation

Datasets Provided: Customer satisfaction survey results

2.3 Lecture 1.3: Data Storytelling - From Analysis to Influence

Week 3 | 3 hours

2.3.1 Learning Objectives

- Structure data visualizations into compelling business narratives
- Create presentation-ready visualizations
- Combine multiple charts to support strategic recommendations

2.3.2 Business Context

Study how consulting firms like Deloitte and BCG structure visual presentations that win multi-million dollar contracts.

2.3.3 Content Outline

2.3.3.1 The Business Narrative Arc (45 min)

- **Framework:** Situation → Complication → Resolution
- **Case Study:** How Spotify used data stories to convince record labels
- **Example Analysis:** Transforming a quarterly report into a strategic story
- **Discussion:** The difference between “here’s data” vs. “here’s what we should do”

2.3.3.2 Building a Visual Dashboard (50 min)

- **Dashboard Psychology:** What makes executives act on data
- **Layout principles:** F-pattern reading, visual hierarchy
- **KPI Selection:** Choosing metrics that matter
- **Real Examples:** Sales dashboards, HR analytics, financial performance
- **Anti-patterns:** Dashboard clutter that paralyzes decision-making

2.3.3.3 Annotation and Context (40 min)

- **The power of the “so what?”** Adding insights to charts
- **Highlighting techniques:** Drawing attention to critical insights
- **Comparative context:** Benchmarks, targets, historical context
- **Practice:** Taking a basic chart and adding layers of business meaning

2.3.3.4 Python Dashboard Creation (45 min)

- **Hands-on Project:** Building a 3-chart dashboard
- **Business Dataset:** Retail store performance across 50 locations
- **Components:**
 1. Overall sales trend with target line
 2. Top 10 and bottom 10 performing stores
 3. Regional performance breakdown
- **Enhancement:** Adding titles, annotations, and insights

2.3.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You're the marketing analyst presenting campaign performance for the last quarter. Budget: \$500K across digital, TV, radio, print, and events.

Create a complete visual presentation (4-6 slides worth of visualizations) that:
- Shows campaign ROI by channel
- Identifies the winning strategy
- Recommends budget reallocation for next quarter
- Includes supporting evidence for your recommendation

Datasets Provided: Marketing campaign performance data

2.4 Module 1 Evaluation: Visual Analysis Challenge

Week 4 | Deliverable-based Assessment

2.4.1 Evaluation Format

Business Case Competition: Students work individually or in pairs

2.4.2 Scenario

You've been hired as a business analyst by a struggling retail chain with 100 stores across 20 cities. The CEO wants to understand: 1. Why sales have declined 15% year-over-year 2. Which stores should be closed or restructured 3. What products to focus on 4. Where to invest marketing budget

2.4.3 Dataset Provided

- 3 years of transaction data (sales, products, locations, seasons)
- Customer demographics
- Competitor locations
- Marketing spend by region
- Employee satisfaction scores by store

2.4.4 Deliverable Requirements

Create a **visual analytics presentation** (maximum 10 visualizations) that:

1. **Diagnoses the problem** through visual analysis
2. **Supports your findings** with multiple chart types
3. **Recommends specific actions** backed by data
4. **Tells a compelling story** that would convince the CEO

2.4.5 Evaluation Criteria (100 points)

- **Business insight** (40 pts): Quality of recommendations
- **Visual clarity** (30 pts): Chart effectiveness and design
- **Narrative coherence** (20 pts): Story flow and persuasiveness
- **Technical execution** (10 pts): Proper use of Python/tools

2.4.6 Submission

- Python notebook (.ipynb) with code and visualizations
 - PDF presentation of key visuals with commentary
 - 2-minute video pitch (optional bonus points)
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3 Module 2: Exploratory Data Analysis - Uncovering Business Insights

Duration: Weeks 5-8

Theme: Using visualization to discover patterns, outliers, and opportunities

3.1 Lecture 2.1: Data Preparation - The Foundation of Good Analysis

Week 5 | 3 hours

3.1.1 Learning Objectives

- Understand the business impact of data quality
- Clean and prepare datasets for visualization
- Identify and handle missing data, duplicates, and errors

3.1.2 Business Context

Learn why “garbage in, garbage out” applies to business analytics and how companies lose millions from poor data quality.

3.1.3 Content Outline

3.1.3.1 The Data Quality Crisis (35 min)

- **Statistics:** How much do companies lose from bad data? (Gartner: \$12.9M annually)
- **Case Study:** Target’s pregnancy prediction model - right data, right insights
- **Case Study:** Knight Capital’s \$440M loss from data error in 45 minutes
- **Discussion:** Your company’s decisions are only as good as your data

3.1.3.2 Common Data Problems in Business (45 min)

- **Missing values:** What to do when customers don't fill out surveys completely
- **Duplicates:** How CRM systems create duplicate customer records
- **Inconsistencies:** "NY" vs "New York" vs "new york" in databases
- **Outliers:** Real anomalies vs. data errors (fraud detection vs. typos)
- **Interactive Exercise:** Find the problems in a messy sales dataset

3.1.3.3 Data Profiling with Visualization (50 min)

- **Distribution plots:** Understanding your customer base
- **Missing data heatmaps:** Spotting survey drop-off patterns
- **Correlation matrices:** Which metrics move together?
- **Box plots:** Finding extreme values in pricing, revenue, or costs
- **Real Example:** Analyzing employee salary data for equity issues

3.1.3.4 Python Data Cleaning Session (50 min)

- **Pandas fundamentals:** Loading and inspecting business data
- **Hands-on Practice:**
 - Detecting missing values in customer data
 - Removing duplicates from transaction records
 - Standardizing category names
 - Visualizing data quality issues
- **Business Dataset:** Customer purchase history with quality issues

3.1.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: Your company acquired a competitor, and you need to merge customer databases. The acquired data is messy: duplicate records, missing emails, inconsistent product codes, and suspected fake transactions.

Tasks: - Profile both datasets visually - Document all data quality issues found - Clean the data and justify your decisions - Create "before and after" visualizations showing improvement - Estimate potential revenue impact of data errors

Datasets Provided: Two customer databases with quality issues

3.2 Lecture 2.2: Distribution Analysis - Understanding Your Market

Week 6 | 3 hours

3.2.1 Learning Objectives

- Visualize and interpret distributions of business metrics
- Use histograms, density plots, and box plots strategically
- Compare distributions across customer segments or time periods

3.2.2 Business Context

Discover how companies use distribution analysis for pricing strategies, customer segmentation, and risk management.

3.2.3 Content Outline

3.2.3.1 Why Distributions Matter in Business (40 min)

- **The myth of the average customer:** Why mean isn't enough
- **Case Study:** How Amazon uses purchase distribution for inventory planning
- **Case Study:** Credit card fraud detection through spending pattern distributions
- **Real example:** Pricing strategy based on customer willingness-to-pay distribution

3.2.3.2 Visualizing Distributions (50 min)

- **Histograms:** Customer age distribution, order size distribution
- **Density plots:** Smooth representation of income levels
- **Box plots:** Comparing salary ranges across departments
- **Violin plots:** Rich view of sales performance across regions
- **Comparison exercise:** Which visualization tells the story best?

3.2.3.3 Statistical Insights from Shapes (45 min)

- **Normal distribution:** Employee performance reviews, manufacturing quality
- **Skewed distributions:** Income, website traffic, product reviews
- **Bimodal patterns:** Two distinct customer segments revealed
- **Business implications:** What each shape means for strategy
- **Practice:** Identifying distribution patterns in business scenarios

3.2.3.4 Python Distribution Analysis (45 min)

- **Hands-on Project:** Customer lifetime value analysis
- **Business Dataset:** E-commerce customer purchase data (10,000 customers)
- **Tasks:**
 1. Create histogram of customer lifetime values
 2. Identify high-value customer threshold (top 20%)
 3. Compare new vs. returning customer spending
 4. Find distribution of purchase frequency
- **Strategic Question:** Should marketing focus on average or high-value customers?

3.2.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You're analyzing employee performance data to restructure compensation. You have performance scores, current salaries, years of experience, and department data for 500 employees.

Create visualizations that:
- Show the distribution of performance scores (are most employees average?)
- Compare salary distributions across departments (equity check)
- Analyze the relationship between experience and compensation
- Identify potential pay gaps or compression issues
- Recommend data-driven compensation adjustments

Datasets Provided: Employee performance and compensation data

3.3 Lecture 2.3: Relationship Discovery - Finding Business Connections

Week 7 | 3 hours

3.3.1 Learning Objectives

- Use scatter plots and correlation visualizations to find relationships
- Distinguish between correlation and causation in business contexts
- Create multi-dimensional visualizations for complex analysis

3.3.2 Business Context

Learn how companies discover pricing elasticity, marketing effectiveness, and operational efficiency through relationship analysis.

3.3.3 Content Outline

3.3.3.1 The Power of Relationships (40 min)

- **Case Study:** How Uber discovered surge pricing relationships
- **Case Study:** Starbucks store location strategy using spatial relationships
- **Business examples:**
 - Advertising spend vs. sales revenue
 - Employee satisfaction vs. customer satisfaction
 - Website load time vs. conversion rate
- **The correlation-causation trap:** Famous business mistakes

3.3.3.2 Scatter Plot Mastery (50 min)

- **Basic scatter plots:** Two-variable relationships
- **Enhanced scatter plots:** Adding size (bubble charts) and color (segments)
- **Trendlines:** Linear, polynomial, and what they mean
- **Practical applications:**
 - Price vs. sales volume (demand curves)
 - Customer acquisition cost vs. lifetime value
 - Market share vs. profit margin
- **Interactive practice:** Interpreting business scatter plots

3.3.3.3 Correlation Matrices and Heatmaps (45 min)

- **Understanding correlation coefficients:** -1 to +1 scale
- **Heatmap visualization:** Seeing multiple relationships at once
- **Business applications:**
 - Which marketing channels work together?
 - Product cross-selling patterns
 - Financial metric relationships
- **Warning signs:** Perfect correlations (data errors?) and spurious correlations

3.3.3.4 Python Relationship Analysis (45 min)

- **Hands-on Project:** Marketing mix modeling
- **Business Dataset:** Campaign data with TV, radio, digital spend and weekly sales
- **Tasks:**

1. Create scatter plots for each channel vs. sales
 2. Build correlation matrix for all variables
 3. Create enhanced bubble chart (spend, reach, conversion)
 4. Identify the most effective marketing channel
- **Strategic deliverable:** Marketing budget recommendation

3.3.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You're analyzing real estate investment opportunities. You have data on 200 properties: price, size, location score, nearby amenities, school ratings, crime rates, rental income, and appreciation rates.

Create a comprehensive relationship analysis:
- Identify the top 3 factors driving property value
- Visualize the relationship between rental yield and appreciation
- Create a multi-dimensional view showing best investment opportunities
- Find any surprising relationships in the data
- Recommend 5 properties to invest in with visual justification

Datasets Provided: Real estate investment dataset

3.4 Module 2 Evaluation: Exploratory Analysis Project

Week 8 | Comprehensive Assessment

3.4.1 Evaluation Format

Real Business Data Investigation: Individual project

3.4.2 Scenario

You're a data analyst at a subscription-based software company (SaaS). The company offers three tiers: Basic (\$10/month), Professional (\$50/month), and Enterprise (\$200/month). Management is concerned about:

1. Increasing churn rate (customers canceling)
2. Low conversion from free trial to paid
3. Underutilization of Enterprise tier
4. Regional performance differences

3.4.3 Dataset Provided

- 50,000 customer records (current and churned)
- Subscription history (sign-ups, upgrades, downgrades, cancellations)
- Usage metrics (logins, features used, support tickets)
- Demographics (company size, industry, region)
- Marketing source (how they found you)

3.4.4 Deliverable Requirements

Create a **visual exploratory analysis report** that:

1. **Profiles the customer base** through distribution analysis
2. **Identifies churn patterns** and risk factors
3. **Analyzes conversion funnel** with visualizations
4. **Discovers relationships** between usage and retention
5. **Segments customers** visually into actionable groups
6. **Recommends strategies** backed by visual evidence

3.4.5 Required Visualizations (minimum 12)

- Customer distribution analyses (age, size, tier, region)
- Churn analysis visualizations
- Correlation/relationship plots
- Comparison charts across segments
- Trend analysis over time

3.4.6 Evaluation Criteria (100 points)

- **Depth of exploration** (35 pts): Thoroughness of analysis
- **Visual quality and variety** (25 pts): Effective use of different chart types
- **Business insights** (25 pts): Quality of findings and recommendations
- **Data preparation** (10 pts): Proper cleaning and handling
- **Presentation clarity** (5 pts): Report organization and readability

3.4.7 Submission

- Jupyter notebook with complete analysis
 - Executive summary (2 pages) with key visuals
 - Recorded presentation (5-7 minutes) walking through findings
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4 Module 3: Advanced Visualization Techniques for Business Intelligence

Duration: Weeks 9-12

Theme: Creating sophisticated visualizations for strategic decision-making

4.1 Lecture 3.1: Time Series Analysis - Visualizing Business Trends

Week 9 | 3 hours

4.1.1 Learning Objectives

- Create effective time-based visualizations for business metrics
- Identify seasonal patterns, trends, and anomalies
- Forecast future performance visually

4.1.2 Business Context

Understand how companies use time series visualization for demand forecasting, financial planning, and strategic timing.

4.1.3 Content Outline

4.1.3.1 Time-Based Business Decisions (40 min)

- **Case Study:** Walmart's inventory management through seasonal visualization
- **Case Study:** Stock market crashes visible in time series data
- **Business applications:**
 - Sales seasonality (retail peaks, valleys)
 - Website traffic patterns (hourly, weekly, yearly)

- Cash flow management (anticipating shortfalls)
- **The power of hindsight:** What time series teach us about our business

4.1.3.2 Time Series Visualization Techniques (50 min)

- **Line charts with context:** Adding benchmarks, targets, forecasts
- **Area charts:** Cumulative metrics and stacked categories
- **Seasonal decomposition:** Separating trend, seasonality, and noise
- **Calendar heatmaps:** Seeing daily patterns in matrix form
- **Sparklines:** Compact trend visualization for dashboards
- **Practice:** Identifying patterns in real business time series

4.1.3.3 Anomaly Detection Through Visualization (45 min)

- **What's normal vs. what's an alert?**
- **Visual techniques:**
 - Control charts (manufacturing quality)
 - Bollinger bands (stock volatility)
 - Year-over-year comparisons
- **Business scenarios:**
 - Detecting fraud in transaction patterns
 - Identifying system outages in performance metrics
 - Spotting unusual customer behavior
- **Exercise:** Find the anomalies in e-commerce traffic data

4.1.3.4 Python Time Series Visualization (45 min)

- **Hands-on Project:** Retail sales forecasting
- **Business Dataset:** 3 years of daily sales data for a retail chain
- **Tasks:**
 1. Create trend visualization with moving averages
 2. Identify seasonal patterns (holiday spikes, summer lulls)
 3. Build year-over-year comparison
 4. Detect anomalous days (explain them)
 5. Create simple visual forecast for next quarter
- **Deliverable:** Executive summary with seasonal insights

4.1.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You're analyzing website analytics for an online education platform. You have hourly data for 18 months including: page views, sign-ups, course starts, completions, and revenue.

Create time-based visualizations to:

- Identify best times/days for marketing campaigns
- Detect any unusual patterns or concerning trends
- Compare performance year-over-year
- Visualize the complete customer journey over time
- Forecast next quarter's enrollment based on trends

Datasets Provided: Website analytics time series data

4.2 Lecture 3.2: Geographic Visualization - Maps for Business Strategy

Week 10 | 3 hours

4.2.1 Learning Objectives

- Create business maps that inform location strategy
- Visualize regional performance and market penetration
- Use geographic data for competitive analysis

4.2.2 Business Context

Learn how companies like Starbucks, McDonald's, and retail chains use geographic visualization for expansion and optimization.

4.2.3 Content Outline

4.2.3.1 The Strategic Power of Maps (40 min)

- **Case Study:** Domino's Pizza delivery zone optimization
- **Case Study:** Retail site selection using demographic heat maps
- **Business applications:**
 - Market penetration analysis
 - Sales territory design
 - Supply chain optimization

- Competitor location tracking
- **Discussion:** When geography is your competitive advantage

4.2.3.2 Types of Business Maps (50 min)

- **Choropleth maps:** Regional performance (sales by state/country)
- **Point maps:** Store/office locations with performance indicators
- **Heat maps:** Customer density, demand hotspots
- **Flow maps:** Supply chain, trade routes, customer movement
- **Bubble maps:** Multi-variable geographic analysis
- **Real examples:** UPS route optimization, Airbnb pricing maps

4.2.3.3 Market Analysis with Maps (45 min)

- **Demographic overlays:** Where are your target customers?
- **Competitive mapping:** Visualizing market gaps
- **Territory equity:** Is sales performance fair given market potential?
- **Expansion planning:** Where to open the next location?
- **Interactive exercise:** Site selection simulation with map data

4.2.3.4 Python Geographic Visualization (45 min)

- **Hands-on Project:** Franchise expansion analysis
- **Business Dataset:** Current franchise locations, demographics, competitor locations, sales data
- **Tasks:**
 1. Map current franchise performance by location
 2. Create demographic heat map of target customers
 3. Visualize competitor locations
 4. Identify top 5 expansion opportunities
 5. Present visual case for new locations
- **Tools:** Folium, Plotly for interactive maps

4.2.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You work for a national restaurant chain considering expansion. You have data on: 200 current locations with sales/traffic, demographic data by zip code, competitor locations, real estate costs, and traffic patterns.

Create geographic visualizations to:

- Show current performance across regions
- Identify underserved markets with high potential
- Visualize competitive landscape
- Recommend 10 new locations with justification
- Create an interactive map for executive review

Datasets Provided: Restaurant location and market data

4.3 Lecture 3.3: Interactive Dashboards - Real-Time Business Intelligence

Week 11 | 3 hours

4.3.1 Learning Objectives

- Design interactive dashboards for different business audiences
- Create drill-down and filter capabilities
- Build live-updating business intelligence tools

4.3.2 Business Context

Explore how modern companies use interactive dashboards for real-time decision-making and performance monitoring.

4.3.3 Content Outline

4.3.3.1 Dashboard Revolution in Business (40 min)

- **Case Study:** How Tableau transformed business intelligence
- **Case Study:** Salesforce dashboards driving sales performance
- **Evolution:** From static reports to interactive exploration
- **Business impact:** Democratizing data across organizations
- **Examples:** Executive dashboards, operational dashboards, analytical dashboards

4.3.3.2 Dashboard Design Principles (50 min)

- **Know your audience:**
 - C-suite: High-level KPIs, trends, alerts
 - Middle management: Operational metrics, comparisons
 - Analysts: Detailed data, drill-down capabilities
- **Information hierarchy:** What's most important?
- **Interactivity done right:**
 - Filters (time, region, product, segment)
 - Drill-downs (summary to detail)
 - Tooltips (context on hover)
 - Cross-filtering (linked charts)
- **Common mistakes:** Overloading, poor layout, slow performance
- **Exercise:** Critique and redesign a cluttered dashboard

4.3.3.3 KPI Selection and Metric Design (45 min)

- **Choosing what to measure:** Leading vs. lagging indicators
- **Metric frameworks:**
 - Financial: Revenue, profit, cash flow
 - Customer: Acquisition, retention, satisfaction, lifetime value
 - Operational: Efficiency, quality, capacity
 - Employee: Productivity, engagement, turnover
- **The balanced scorecard approach**
- **Practice:** Build a KPI framework for different business types

4.3.3.4 Python Interactive Dashboard Development (45 min)

- **Hands-on Project:** Sales performance dashboard
- **Business Dataset:** Multi-dimensional sales data (products, regions, time, channels)
- **Build with Plotly Dash:**
 1. Executive summary view (4 key metrics)
 2. Sales trend with date range selector
 3. Regional performance with map
 4. Product category breakdown with drill-down
 5. Interactive filters (region, product, time period)
- **Enhancement:** Add target lines and variance indicators

4.3.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You're building a dashboard for a hotel chain's revenue management team. They need to monitor: occupancy rates, average daily rate (ADR), revenue per available room (RevPAR), booking sources, guest satisfaction, and competitor rates across 25 properties.

Create an interactive dashboard with:

- Key performance indicators with trend indicators
- Geographic view of property performance
- Time-based analysis with seasonality
- Drill-down from chain → region → individual property
- Competitive benchmarking
- Filters for date ranges and property characteristics

Datasets Provided: Hotel performance and market data

4.4 Module 3 Evaluation: Dashboard Development Challenge

Week 12 | Capstone Project

4.4.1 Evaluation Format

Build a Complete Business Intelligence Dashboard: Individual or pair project

4.4.2 Scenario

You're the analytics lead for a growing e-commerce company. The executive team needs a comprehensive dashboard to monitor business health and make strategic decisions. They want to see:

1. **Financial performance:** Revenue, profit margins, growth rates
2. **Customer metrics:** Acquisition, retention, lifetime value, satisfaction
3. **Product performance:** Best sellers, inventory levels, returns
4. **Marketing effectiveness:** Channel performance, CAC, ROI
5. **Operational efficiency:** Order fulfillment, shipping times, issues

4.4.3 Dataset Provided

- 2 years of transaction data (100K+ orders)
- Customer database (50K customers)
- Product catalog (500 SKUs)
- Marketing campaign data
- Operational metrics

4.4.4 Deliverable Requirements

Create a **multi-page interactive dashboard** with:

1. Executive Overview Page:

- 6-8 key metrics with sparklines
- Month-over-month and year-over-year changes
- Alert indicators for metrics outside targets

2. Financial Dashboard:

- Revenue trends and forecasts
- Profit margin analysis
- Cash flow visualization
- Product/category profitability

3. Customer Analytics:

- Cohort analysis visualization
- Customer segmentation
- Churn prediction indicators
- Geographic distribution

4. Marketing Performance:

- Channel comparison
- Campaign ROI visualization
- Attribution modeling
- Customer acquisition funnel

5. Operational Metrics:

- Fulfillment efficiency
- Inventory turnover
- Quality metrics

4.4.5 Technical Requirements

- Built with Python (Plotly Dash or Streamlit)
- Interactive filters across all pages
- Drill-down capabilities
- Mobile-responsive design
- Fast loading (<3 seconds)

4.4.6 Evaluation Criteria (100 points)

- **Business value** (30 pts): Dashboard addresses real business needs
- **Design quality** (25 pts): Visual hierarchy, clarity, aesthetics
- **Interactivity** (20 pts): Effective use of filters and drill-downs
- **Technical execution** (15 pts): Code quality, performance
- **Insights** (10 pts): Built-in insights and recommendations

4.4.7 Submission

- Fully functional dashboard (deployed or runnable)
 - User guide for executives
 - Technical documentation
 - 10-minute demo video
 - Written report on key insights discovered
-

5 Module 4: Strategic Data Communication and Advanced Applications

Duration: Weeks 13-16

Theme: Mastering data storytelling and applying visualization to strategic business challenges

5.1 Lecture 4.1: Presentation Design - Visualizations that Persuade

Week 13 | 3 hours

5.1.1 Learning Objectives

- Design presentation-ready visualizations for stakeholder meetings
- Apply principles of persuasive visual communication
- Create visual narratives for different business audiences

5.1.2 Business Context

Learn from TED talks, investor pitches, and boardroom presentations that changed company trajectories through compelling data stories.

5.1.3 Content Outline

5.1.3.1 The Art of Persuasion with Data (40 min)

- **Case Study:** Hans Rosling's TED talk - making statistics captivating
- **Case Study:** Successful startup pitch decks (Airbnb, Uber, LinkedIn)
- **Business examples:**
 - Budget approval presentations
 - Board of directors strategy reviews
 - Client proposal visualizations
 - Change management communications
- **Psychology:** Why some charts convince and others confuse

5.1.3.2 Audience-Specific Visualization (50 min)

- **Presenting to executives:**
 - High-level trends only
 - Clear recommendations
 - Risk and opportunity highlighted
 - 30-second comprehension rule
- **Presenting to analysts/peers:**
 - More detail and methodology
 - Statistical rigor
 - Multiple views of data
- **Presenting to clients:**
 - Their metrics, their priorities
 - Competitive context
 - ROI focus
- **Practice:** Redesigning same data for three audiences

5.1.3.3 Visual Hierarchy and Flow (45 min)

- The Z-pattern and F-pattern in business slides
- Progressive disclosure: Building complexity gradually
- Before-and-after reveals: Showing transformation
- Animation and transitions: When and how to use them
- Slide design principles:
 - One main message per slide
 - Minimal text, maximum visual
 - Consistent styling
 - Clear source attribution
- **Exercise:** Transform dense Excel table into compelling slide

5.1.3.4 Python for Presentation Graphics (45 min)

- **Hands-on Project:** Quarterly business review presentation
- **Business Dataset:** Complete company performance data
- **Create 6 presentation-ready slides:**
 1. Executive summary (key metrics cards)
 2. Revenue trend with forecast
 3. Market share comparison
 4. Customer satisfaction progress
 5. Operational efficiency gains
 6. Strategic recommendations
- **Polish:** Export high-resolution images, professional styling

5.1.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You're pitching a new product line to the executive committee. You need board approval for a \$2M investment. You have market research data, competitor analysis, financial projections, and customer demand signals.

Create a 10-slide presentation using visualizations to:
- Demonstrate market opportunity
- Show competitive gaps you'll fill
- Present customer demand evidence
- Visualize financial projections
- Illustrate risk mitigation strategy
- Make the investment case compellingly

Datasets Provided: Market research and financial projection data

5.2 Lecture 4.2: Advanced Analytics Visualization - Clustering, Segmentation, and Modeling

Week 14 | 3 hours

5.2.1 Learning Objectives

- Visualize customer segmentation and clustering results
- Create decision tree and model performance visualizations
- Communicate complex analytical concepts to non-technical audiences

5.2.2 Business Context

Understand how companies use advanced analytics visualization for customer targeting, risk assessment, and strategic planning.

5.2.3 Content Outline

5.2.3.1 Making Machine Learning Accessible (40 min)

- **Case Study:** Netflix's recommendation system explained visually
- **Case Study:** Credit scoring models and fairness visualization
- **Business need:** Explaining AI/ML to executives and regulators
- **Common challenges:** The black box problem
- **Success stories:** Companies that democratized analytics through visualization

5.2.3.2 Customer Segmentation Visualization (50 min)

- **RFM Analysis:** Recency, Frequency, Monetary value visualization
- **Cluster plots:** Showing customer groups in 2D/3D space
- **Segment profiles:** Visual comparison of customer types
- **Business applications:**
 - Targeted marketing campaigns
 - Product development priorities
 - Pricing strategies by segment
 - Retention strategies
- **Interactive demo:** K-means clustering on customer data
- **Practice:** Naming and characterizing customer segments

5.2.3.3 Model Performance Visualization (45 min)

- **ROC curves:** Evaluating predictive models
- **Confusion matrices:** Understanding model errors
- **Feature importance:** What drives predictions?
- **Lift charts:** Quantifying model value in business terms
- **Business interpretation:** Converting statistical metrics to ROI
- **Example:** Churn prediction model evaluation

5.2.3.4 Python Advanced Analytics Visualization (45 min)

- **Hands-on Project:** Customer segmentation analysis
- **Business Dataset:** E-commerce customer behavior data
- **Tasks:**
 1. Perform RFM segmentation
 2. Create cluster visualization
 3. Build segment profile comparison charts
 4. Visualize segment characteristics
 5. Create targeting recommendations
- **Deliverable:** Segmentation strategy presentation

5.2.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You're launching a premium loyalty program and need to identify which customers to invite. You have transaction history, demographic data, engagement metrics, and customer service interactions for 20,000 customers.

Use advanced visualization to:
- Segment customers into distinct groups
- Visualize the characteristics of each segment
- Identify the “premium potential” segment
- Create a targeting strategy with visual support
- Estimate the financial impact of the program
- Present recommendations to marketing leadership

Datasets Provided: Customer behavior and engagement data

5.3 Lecture 4.3: Real-Time Monitoring and Operational Dashboards

Week 15 | 3 hours

5.3.1 Learning Objectives

- Design operational dashboards for real-time decision-making
- Create alert systems and monitoring visualizations
- Build business health scorecards

5.3.2 Business Context

Explore how companies use real-time visualization for operations management, crisis response, and performance tracking.

5.3.3 Content Outline

5.3.3.1 The Real-Time Business (40 min)

- **Case Study:** Amazon's fulfillment center monitoring dashboards
- **Case Study:** Airlines operations control centers
- **Evolution:** From daily reports to minute-by-minute monitoring
- **Business scenarios:**
 - Manufacturing production tracking
 - Website performance monitoring
 - Customer service queue management
 - Supply chain visibility
- **When real-time matters:** Crisis detection and response

5.3.3.2 Operational Dashboard Design (50 min)

- **KPI selection for operations:**
 - Current state vs. target
 - Trend indicators (up/down/stable)
 - Alert thresholds
 - Historical context
- **Visual elements for operations:**
 - Status indicators (red/yellow/green)
 - Gauges and meters
 - Real-time charts
 - Alert panels
- **Layout for monitoring:**

- Wall displays (large screens)
- Desktop dashboards
- Mobile alerts

- **Practice:** Design a call center monitoring dashboard

5.3.3.3 Alert Systems and Anomaly Visualization (45 min)

- **Setting thresholds:** When to alert vs. when to inform
- **Visual alert hierarchy:**
 - Critical (stop everything)
 - Warning (investigate soon)
 - Information (monitor)
- **Anomaly patterns:** What unusual looks like
- **False positive management:** Crying wolf
- **Business examples:**
 - Inventory stockouts
 - Website downtime
 - Fraud detection
 - Customer service SLA breaches

5.3.3.4 Python Real-Time Dashboard (45 min)

- **Hands-on Project:** E-commerce operations dashboard
- **Business Scenario:** Monitor Black Friday sales performance
- **Build dashboard showing:**
 1. Current hour sales vs. target (with alert)
 2. Website performance metrics (load time, errors)
 3. Top selling products (live update)
 4. Inventory alerts (low stock warnings)
 5. Order processing queue status
- **Simulate:** Real-time data updates

5.3.4 Practice Assignment

Business Scenario: You're building an operations control center for a food delivery company. You need to monitor: active drivers, open orders, average delivery time, customer ratings, problem orders, and geographic coverage in real-time.

Create an operational dashboard that:

- Shows current operational status at a glance
- Alerts to problems requiring immediate action
- Provides geographic visualization of activity
- Tracks key performance metrics vs. targets
- Enables drill-down to problem areas
- Updates automatically every 30 seconds

Datasets Provided: Simulated delivery operations data stream

5.4 Module 4 Evaluation: Comprehensive Business Case - Final Project

Week 16 | Capstone Presentation

5.4.1 Evaluation Format

Complete Business Analytics Engagement: Individual or team project (max 3 students)

5.4.2 Scenario

You've been hired as a consulting team by a mid-size company facing strategic challenges.
Choose one industry:

1. **Retail:** Struggling department store facing e-commerce competition
2. **SaaS:** B2B software company with high churn and low expansion
3. **Healthcare:** Hospital system managing costs and patient satisfaction
4. **Financial Services:** Regional bank losing market share to fintech
5. **Manufacturing:** Factory facing quality issues and efficiency problems

5.4.3 Project Scope

Conduct a complete data-driven analysis and present recommendations to the executive team.
You will receive comprehensive datasets simulating 3 years of business operations.

5.4.4 Deliverable Requirements

5.4.4.1 Exploratory Analysis Report (30%)

- Comprehensive visual exploration of the business
- Identification of key problems and opportunities
- Data quality assessment and cleaning documentation
- Initial insights and hypotheses

5.4.4.2 2. Strategic Dashboard (30%)

- Multi-page interactive dashboard addressing business priorities
- Executive summary view
- Detailed analytical views
- Real-time monitoring components
- Deployment-ready application

5.4.4.3 3. Executive Presentation (30%)

- 15-minute presentation to “executives” (instructor + peers)
- Maximum 15 slides with compelling visualizations
- Clear problem statement, analysis, and recommendations
- Financial impact estimates
- Implementation roadmap

5.4.4.4 4. Technical Documentation (10%)

- Clean, well-commented code
- Methodology explanation
- Data dictionary
- User guide for dashboard
- Recommendations for ongoing monitoring

5.4.5 Evaluation Criteria (100 points)

Analysis Quality (25 points) - Depth and rigor of exploration - Appropriate use of statistical and visual methods - Discovery of non-obvious insights

Visualization Excellence (25 points) - Effectiveness of chart selection - Visual design quality - Storytelling through data

Business Impact (25 points) - Relevance of recommendations - Financial justification - Actionability of insights - Strategic thinking

Presentation Skills (15 points) - Clarity and persuasiveness - Audience adaptation - Time management - Q&A handling

Technical Execution (10 points) - Code quality and efficiency - Dashboard functionality - Documentation completeness

5.4.6 Presentation Format

- **Week 16, Day 1-2:** Formal presentations to class
- **Week 16, Day 3:** Peer review and feedback session
- **Week 16, Day 4:** Final submissions and reflection

5.4.7 Judging Panel

- Instructor (50%)
- Peer evaluation (30%)
- Industry professional guest (20%)

5.4.8 Prizes and Recognition

- Best Overall Project
 - Most Innovative Visualization
 - Greatest Business Impact
 - People's Choice Award
-

6 Course Policies and Resources

6.1 Grading Breakdown

Component	Weight
Module 1 Evaluation	20%
Module 2 Evaluation	20%
Module 3 Evaluation	25%
Module 4 Final Project	30%
Participation & Practice	5%

6.2 Required Software (All Free)

- **Python:** Anaconda Distribution or Google Colab
- **Key Libraries:** Pandas, Matplotlib, Seaborn, Plotly, Dash
- **Optional Tools:** Tableau Public, Power BI Desktop, R/RStudio
- **Collaborative:** GitHub for code sharing

6.3 Recommended Resources

6.3.1 Books

- “Storytelling with Data” by Cole Nussbaumer Knaflic
- “The Visual Display of Quantitative Information” by Edward Tufte
- “Data Points” by Nathan Yau

6.3.2 Online Resources

- Kaggle datasets for practice
- Information is Beautiful for inspiration
- Python Graph Gallery for code examples

6.3.3 Business Context

- Harvard Business Review articles on analytics
- Company annual reports (visual analysis examples)
- TED talks on data visualization

6.4 Support Structure

- **Office Hours:** 2 hours weekly for technical help
 - **Peer Study Groups:** Encouraged for practice assignments
 - **Online Forum:** For questions and code sharing
 - **Industry Mentors:** Optional connections for project guidance
-

7 Learning Philosophy

This course is built on several core principles:

1. **Motivation First, Skills Follow:** We believe that when you understand WHY visualization matters for business success, learning HOW becomes self-driven.
2. **Real Business Context:** Every example, dataset, and project comes from actual business scenarios to ensure immediate relevance.

3. **Progressive Complexity:** We start with simple, impactful visualizations and gradually introduce sophisticated techniques as your confidence grows.
4. **Learn by Doing:** Each lecture includes substantial hands-on practice because data visualization is a skill learned through creation, not observation.
5. **Business Communication:** Technical skills are necessary but insufficient - we emphasize translating data insights into business action.

7.1 Course Success Strategies

For Students: - Focus on the business question before choosing a visualization - Experiment freely - data visualization is creative - Seek feedback early and often - Build a portfolio of your best visualizations - Connect learnings to your career interests

Expected Time Commitment: - Lectures: 3 hours/week - Practice assignments: 3-4 hours/week - Evaluation projects: 8-10 hours per module - Total: ~8-10 hours per week

8 Final Thoughts

By the end of this course, you won't just know how to create charts in Python - you'll understand how to transform data into strategic business insights that drive decisions, influence stakeholders, and create value for organizations. You'll see visualization not as a technical skill but as a core competency for modern business leaders.

Welcome to the world where data tells stories, patterns reveal opportunities, and visualization drives competitive advantage.

Let's begin the journey of turning data into decisions!

This course schedule is designed to be flexible and adaptive. Instructors may adjust pacing based on class progress, and students are encouraged to explore topics of particular interest more deeply.