House Price Prediction

March 12, 2024

0.0.1 Building a machine learning model for predictin house prices

```
[]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn import metrics
```

0.0.2 1. Input

```
[]: USAhousing = pd.read_csv('USA_Housing.csv')
```

[]: USAhousing.head()

[]:		Avg. Area Income	Avg. Area House Age	Avg. Area Number o	of Rooms
	0	79545.458574	5.682861	7	7.009188
	1	79248.642455	6.002900	6	3.730821
	2	61287.067179	5.865890	8	3.512727
	3	63345.240046	7.188236	į	5.586729
	4	59982.197226	5.040555	7	7.839388

	Avg. Area Number	of Bedrooms	Area Population	Price	\
0		4.09	23086.800503	1.059034e+06	
1		3.09	40173.072174	1.505891e+06	
2		5.13	36882.159400	1.058988e+06	
3		3.26	34310.242831	1.260617e+06	
4		4.23	26354.109472	6.309435e+05	

Address

- 0 208 Michael Ferry Apt. 674\nLaurabury, NE 3701...
- 1 188 Johnson Views Suite 079\nLake Kathleen, CA...
- 2 9127 Elizabeth Stravenue\nDanieltown, WI 06482...
- 3 USS Barnett\nFPO AP 44820 4 USNS Raymond\nFPO AE 09386
- 4 USNS Raymond (HFFU RE 09300

[]: USAhousing.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5000 entries, 0 to 4999

Data columns (total 7 columns):

Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
Avg. Area Income	5000 non-null	float64
Avg. Area House Age	5000 non-null	float64
Avg. Area Number of Rooms	5000 non-null	float64
Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms	5000 non-null	float64
Area Population	5000 non-null	float64
Price	5000 non-null	float64
Address	5000 non-null	object
	Avg. Area Income Avg. Area House Age Avg. Area Number of Rooms Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms Area Population Price	Avg. Area Income 5000 non-null Avg. Area House Age 5000 non-null Avg. Area Number of Rooms 5000 non-null Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms 5000 non-null Area Population 5000 non-null Price 5000 non-null

dtypes: float64(6), object(1)
memory usage: 273.6+ KB

[]: USAhousing.describe()

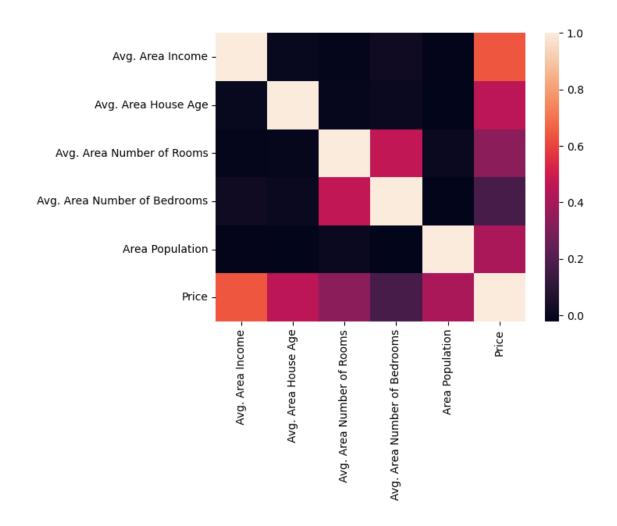
[]:	Avg. Area Income	Avg. Area House Age	Avg. Area Number of Rooms
count	5000.000000	5000.000000	5000.000000
mean	68583.108984	5.977222	6.987792
std	10657.991214	0.991456	1.005833
min	17796.631190	2.644304	3.236194
25%	61480.562388	5.322283	6.299250
50%	68804.286404	5.970429	7.002902
75%	75783.338666	6.650808	7.665871
max	107701.748378	9.519088	10.759588

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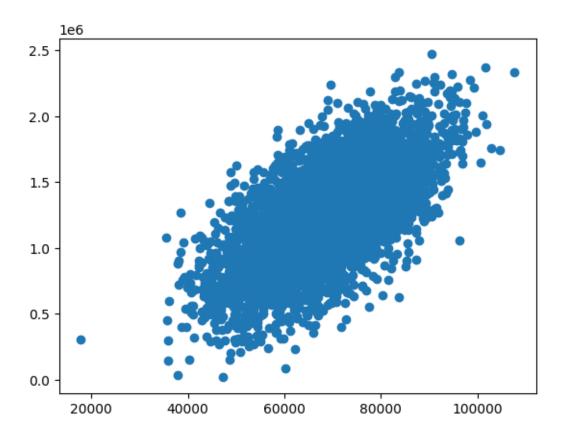
	Avg.	Area	Number	of	Bedrooms	Ar	ea Population		Price
count				500	00.00000		5000.000000	5.0	00000e+03
mean					3.981330		36163.516039	1.2	32073e+06
std					1.234137		9925.650114	3.5	31176e+05
min					2.000000		172.610686	1.5	93866e+04
25%					3.140000		29403.928702	9.9	75771e+05
50%					4.050000		36199.406689	1.2	32669e+06
75%					4.490000		42861.290769	1.4	71210e+06
max					6.500000		69621.713378	2.4	69066e+06

[]: sns.heatmap(USAhousing.iloc[:,0:6].corr())

[]: <Axes: >

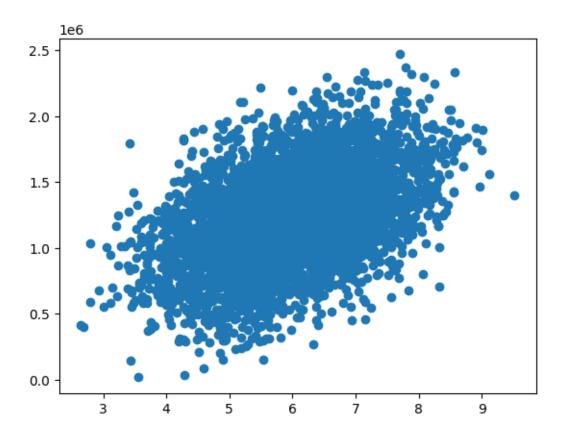


- []: plt.scatter(USAhousing['Avg. Area Income'], USAhousing['Price'])
- []: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x21da5135d90>



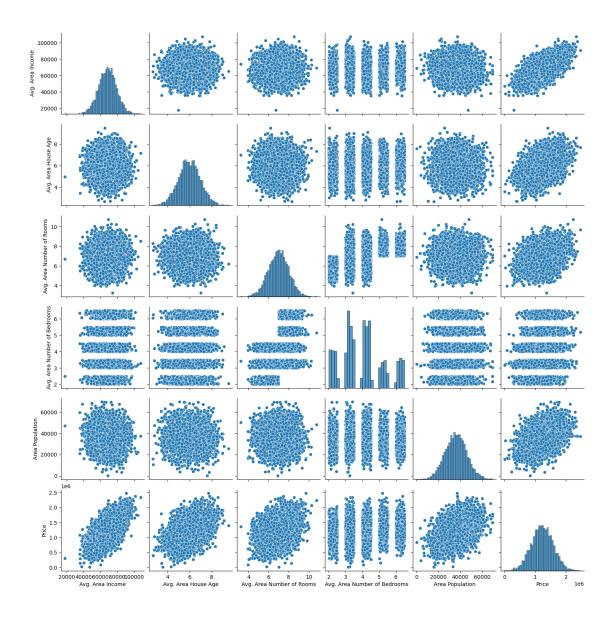
```
[]: plt.scatter(USAhousing['Avg. Area House Age'], USAhousing['Price'])
```

[]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x21da51b1610>



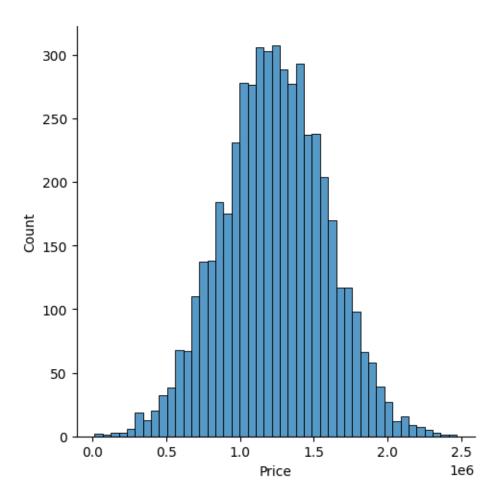
[]: sns.pairplot(USAhousing)

[]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x21da51b3380>



[]: sns.displot(USAhousing['Price'])

[]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x21da7bcb530>



0.0.3 2. Process

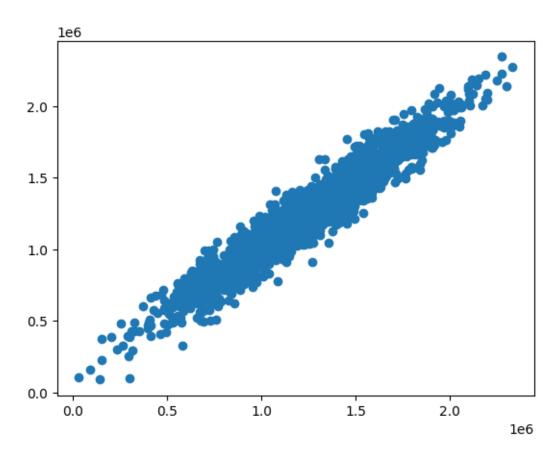
```
[]: lm = LinearRegression()
lm.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

[]: LinearRegression()

```
[]: predictions = lm.predict(X_test)
```

[]: plt.scatter(y_test,predictions)

[]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x21dac72e750>



0.0.4 3. Outout

```
[]: print('MAE:', metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions))
    print('MSE:', metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions))
    print('RMSE:', np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions)))
```

MAE: 82288.22251914942 MSE: 10460958907.20898 RMSE: 102278.82922290899