#### **RHYTHMIC TUNES**

#### **TEAM MEMBERS:**

- P. THULASI
- R. THULASI
- J. PALLAVI
- M. SRIPRIYA

#### 1. PROJECT OVERVIEW:

**Purpose:** RHYTHMIC TUNES is a dynamic and engaging music streaming platform designed to provide users with a seamless listening experience. The project aims to deliver high-quality music streaming, personalized recommendations, and interactive features that enhance user engagement. Whether users want to discover new music, create playlists, or enjoy their favorite tunes, RHYTHMIC TUNES ensures a smooth and enjoyable experience across devices.

#### **FEATURES:**

- **User-Friendly Interface:** A clean and intuitive UI/UX design for easy navigation.
- **Music Streaming:** High-quality audio playback with a vast library of songs across various genres.
- **Personalized Playlists:** AI-driven recommendations based on listening history and preferences.
- **Search and Discovery:** Advanced search filters to find songs, artists, and albums effortlessly.
- Offline Mode: Download music for offline listening.
- **Social Integration:** Share favorite tracks and playlists with friends and followers.
- Cross-Platform Compatibility: Responsive design ensuring accessibility across web and mobile devices.
- Dar
- **k & Light Modes:** Customizable themes to enhance user experience.

- **Real-Time Lyrics:** Sync lyrics with the song for a karaoke-style experience.
- Radio & Podcasts: Access live radio and trending podcasts within the platform.

#### **ARCHITECTURE:**

# 1. Component Structure

The project follows a modular React component structure to ensure scalability and maintainability:

- **App Component**: The root component managing global state and routing.
- Layout Components: Common UI wrappers such as Navbar, Sidebar, and Footer.
- Feature Components:
  - o Player: Controls music playback.
  - o Track List: Displays a list of songs.
  - o Track Item: Represents individual songs.
  - $\circ$  Playlist: Handles user-created playlists.
  - o Search Bar: Allows users to search for tracks.
- **Auth Components** (if applicable): Handles login, signup, and authentication logic.
  - Pages: Separate pages like Home, Library, and Settings.

# 2. State Management

- **Context API**: Used for lightweight state management such as user authentication and theme preferences.
- Redux (or Zustand, Recoil, etc.): If complex state management is needed, Redux can be used to manage global states like the currently playing track, playlist data, and user preferences.

# 3. Routing

```
<Routes>
<Route path="/" element={<Home />} />
<Route path="/library" element={<Library />} />
<Route path="/playlist/:id" element={<Playlist />} />
<Route path="/track/:id" element={<TrackDetails />} />
<Route path="/search" element={<SearchResults />} />
<Route path="/search" element={<Settings />} />
<Route path="/settings" element={<Settings />} />
</Routes>
```

- **React Router** is used to handle navigation between different pages:
- **Dynamic Routing**: Enables track and playlist details pages using URL parameters.
- **Protected Routes**: If authentication is required, routes can be wrapped in a higher-order component to restrict access.

#### SETUP INSTRUCTION FOR RHYTHMIC TUNE

# 1. Prerequisites

Before setting up **Rhythmic Tunes**, ensure you have the following installed:

- Node.js (v16 or later) <u>Download Here</u>
- npm or yarn Comes with Node.js (Check with node –v and npm –v)
- Git Download Here
- Code Editor (e.g., VS Code) <u>Download Here</u>

### 2. Installation Guide

#### Step 1: Clone the Repository

git clone https://github.com/your-username/rhythmictunes.git cd rhythmic-tunes

### Step 2: Install Dependencies

#### Using npm:

npm install

### Or using yarn:

yarn install

### Step 3: Set Up Environment Variables

Create a .env file in the root directory and add necessary configurations:

```
REACT_APP_API_URL=your_backend_api_url
REACT_APP_FIREBASE_KEY=your_firebase_key
REACT_APP_SPOTIFY_CLIENT_ID=your_spotify_client_id
```

Replace placeholders with actual values.

### Step 4: Start the Development Server

npm start

or

yarn start

This will start the React app on http://localhost:3000/.

### **Step 5: Build for Production** (Optional)

npm run build

This creates an optimized production-ready build in the build/directory.

### 3. Additional Notes

- If you're using **Docker**, a Dockerfile or docker-compose.yml should be configured.
- If there are database connections, ensure the backend is running before launching the app.

### **FOLDER STRUCTURE:**

A well-organized project structure helps with maintainability and scalability. Below is an ideal folder structure for **Rhythmic Tunes**:

```
rhythmic-tunes/
rhythmic-tunes/
— public/ # Static files (index.html, icons, etc.)
— src/ # Main source code
--- assets/ # Static assets like images, fonts, icons
— components/ # Reusable UI components
| | --- Player/ # Music player components
# Generic UI components (Button, Modal, etc.)
pages/ # Route-specific page components
| | - Home.jsx # Home page
| | — Library.jsx # User's saved songs
| | - Search.jsx # Search page
| | --- Playlist.jsx # Playlist details page
```

```
├── hooks/
# Custom React hooks

├── context/
# Context API providers

├── store/
# Redux or Zustand state management (if used)

├── utils/
# Utility functions/helpers

├── routes/
# React Router setup

├── services/
# API calls and integrations (e.g., Spotify, Firebase)

├── styles/
# Global styles (CSS, SCSS, Tailwind)

├── App.jsx
# Main App component

├── index.js
# Entry point

├── env
# Environment variables

├── package.json
# Dependencies and scripts

├── README.md
# Project documentation
```

# 1. Client: React Application Organization

- assets/: Contains images, icons, and fonts used in the project.
- **components**: Houses reusable UI components such as buttons, modals, and dropdowns.
  - Player/: Components for controlling playback (Play, Pause, Seekbar).
  - Playlist/: Components for displaying and managing playlists.
  - Track/: Individual track-related UI components.
  - UI/: Generic components like Button.jsx, Modal.jsx.
- pages/: Defines different page views that correspond to React Router routes.
- hooks/: Custom React hooks for handling app-specific logic.
- context/: Context API providers for global state management.
- **store**/: Redux/Zustand slices if a centralized state management library is used.

- **services**/: Handles API calls and external service integrations.
- styles/: Global styles, CSS modules, or Tailwind configurations.

# 2. Utilities: Helper Functions, Custom Hooks, and Utilities

- utils/: Contains helper functions for formatting dates, handling API responses, and managing local storage.
  - o formatTime.js Converts seconds to mm:ss format.
  - fetchWithCache.js Caches API requests for better performance.
  - o debounce. js Helps optimize search input performance.
- hooks/: Contains custom React hooks to abstract logic.
  - useAuth.js Manages authentication logic.
  - usePlayerControls.js Controls playback state.
  - o useFetch.js Handles API data fetching.
- **services**/: API integration services.
  - spotifyService.js Fetches music data from Spotify API.
  - o firebaseAuth.js Handles user authentication via Firebase.

#### **RUNNING THE APPLICATION:**

1. Start the Frontend Server

Navigate to the project directory and run:

cd rhythmic-tunes

npm start

or, if using Yarn:

#### yarn start

- This will launch the frontend React application on <a href="http://localhost:3000/">http://localhost:3000/</a>.
- The server will automatically reload on file changes.

# Running with a Backend (If Applicable)

If Rhythmic Tunes depends on a backend API, ensure the backend server is running before starting the frontend.

For example:

cd backend

npm start

Then, start the frontend as described above.

### 3. Additional Commands

• Run the app in development mode:

npm run dev

• Build for production:

npm run build

• Lint and fix issues:

```
npm run lint --fix
```

• Run tests (if implemented):

npm test

#### COMPONENT DOCUMENTATION:

1. Key Components

# 1.1 Player Component:

**Purpose**: Controls music playback, including play, pause, seek, and volume control.

**Props**:

```
<Player
 track={track} // Object containing track details (title, artist,
duration)
 is Playing={true} // Boolean: Whether a track is playing
 on Play Pause={() => {}} // Function: Handles play/pause toggle
 on Seek={(time) => {}} // Function: Seeks to a specific time in the
track
/>
Track List Component
Purpose: Displays a list of tracks, either from a playlist or search
results.
Props:
<Track List
tracks={track Array} // Array of track objects
 on Track Select={(id) => {}} // Function: Handles track selection
/>
Playlist Component:
Purpose: Shows user-created playlists and allows adding/removing
tracks.
Props:
<Playlist
 name="Chill Vibes" // String: Playlist name
 tracks={play list Tracks} // Array: List of track objects in the
playlist
```

```
on Add Track={(track) => {}} // Function: Adds a track to the
playlist
 on Remove Track={(track) => {}} // Function: Removes a track from
the playlist
/>
Search Bar Component
Purpose: Enables users to search for songs.
Props:
     <Search Bar
      placeholder="Search for songs..." // String: Input placeholder
text
      on Search={(query) => {}} // Function: Handles search
input changes
     />
2. Reusable Components
2.1 Button Component
Purpose: Standard button used across the app.
Props:
<Button
 text="Play" // String: Button label
 on Click={() => {}} // Function: Handles button click
 variant="primary" // String: Defines button style (primary, secondary)
 disabled={false} // Boolean: Disables button if true
```

/>

### Modal Component:

```
Purpose: Displays pop-up dialogs for user actions.
Props:

<Modal
  title="Add to Playlist" // String: Modal title
  is Open={true} // Boolean: Controls modal visibility
  on Close={() => {}} // Function: Handles closing modal
>
  Content goes here... // Children: Inner content
```

# Loader Component

</Modal>

**Purpose**: Displays a loading animation while data is being fetched. **Props**:

```
<Loader size="large" /> // "small" | "medium" | "large"
```

#### **STATE MANAGEMENT:**

State management in **Rhythmic Tunes** ensures a smooth and interactive user experience by efficiently handling music playback, playlists, authentication, and UI state.

- 1. Global State Management
- **♦ Approach:** The application uses **Context API** for lightweight global state management. If the app scales, **Redux Toolkit** or **Zustand** can be introduced.
- 1.1 Global State with Context API
  - Why?

- Manages user authentication, current playing track, and playlist state across components.
- o Prevents unnecessary prop drilling.

# Implementation:

```
import { create Context, use Context, use State } from "react";
const Player Context = create Context();
export const Player Provider = ({ children }) => {
 const [current Track, set Current Track] = use State(null);
 const [is Playing, set Is Playing] = use State(false);
 return (
  <Player Context .Provider value={{ current Track, set Current Track,
is Playing, set Is Playing }}>
   {children}
  </Player Context. Provider>
);
};
export const use Player = () => use Context (Player Context);
Usage in Components:
import { use Player } from "../context/Player Context";
```

```
const Player Controls = () => {
 const { is Playing, set Is Playing } = use Player();
 return (
  <button on Click={() => set Is Playing(!is Playing)}>
   {is Playing ? "Pause" : "Play"}
  </button>
);
};
1.2 Global State with Redux (Alternative):
npm install @reduxjs/toolkit react-redux
Redux Store (store.js)
import { configure Store, create Slice } from "@reduxjs/toolkit";
const player Slice = create Slice({
 name: "player",
 initial State: { current Track: null, is Playing: false },
 reducers: {
  set Track: (state, action) => { state .current Track = action .payload;
},
  toggle Play: (state) => { state .is Playing = !state . is Playing; },
},
});
```

export const { set Track, toggle Play } = player Slice. actions;
export const store = configure Store({ reducer: { player: player Slice.
reducer } });

# 3. State Flow Across the Application

- Playback state (current Track, is Playing) is managed globally via Context API or Redux.
- Search input, form states, and UI toggles are handled locally using use State.
- **Authentication state** is stored globally in Context or Redux to persist user sessions.

# **User Interface (UI) in Rhythmic Tunes**

The **Rhythmic Tunes UI** is designed for a smooth, visually appealing, and user-friendly music streaming experience. It follows a **modern, responsive layout** with a dark theme and intuitive navigation.

# 1. Key UI Features

## **Home Page**

**Purpose**: Displays featured playlists, trending songs, and user recommendations.

### **Components:**

- **Hero Section**: Showcases the latest trending playlist.
- Playlist Grid: Displays user-generated and featured playlists.
- Recently Played: Shows the last played tracks for quick access.

User Interaction: Click on any track or playlist to start playing.

### **Music Player**

**Purpose**: Provides full music playback controls.

**Components:** 

- Play/Pause Button: Controls music playback.
- **Seek Bar**: Allows users to scrub through the track.
- Volume Control: Adjusts playback volume.
- Track Info: Displays song title and artist name.
- Next/Previous Buttons: Skip between tracks.

**User Interaction**: Hover animations, dynamic progress bar updates, and keyboard shortcuts.

### **Search Page**

**Purpose**: Lets users search for songs, artists, or albums.

**Components:** 

- Search Input: Type to filter tracks dynamically.
- **Search Results**: Displays results in real-time with album covers and play buttons.
- **Filter Options**: Sort by artist, genre, or popularity.

User Interaction: Live search with debounce for performance optimization.

## **Playlist Page**

Purpose: Allows users to create, manage, and play custom playlists.

Component

- Playlist Cover & Name
- Track List with Play Buttons
- "Add to Playlist" Functionality

User Interaction: Drag and drop to reorder tracks in the playlist

# **Styling in Rhythmic Tunes**

Rhythmic Tunes uses **Tailwind CSS** for a modern, responsive, and highly customizable design. The UI follows a **dark-themed aesthetic** with vibrant accent colors for highlights, ensuring a sleek and immersive music experience. Components are styled with **flexbox and grid layouts** for a clean structure, while **Framer Motion** enhances user interactions with smooth animations. Custom utility classes provide consistency across buttons, modals, and cards. The design prioritizes **mobile-first responsiveness**, ensuring seamless playback and navigation across all devices.

# **Testing in Rhythmic Tunes**

Rhythmic Tunes follows a **comprehensive testing approach** to ensure reliability and performance. **Jest** and **React Testing Library** are used for unit and integration tests, covering components like the **Music Player**, **Search**, **and Playlist**. End-to-end (E2E) testing is performed with **Cypress** to validate user flows, such as authentication and track playback. ESLint and Prettier enforce code quality, while manual testing ensures smooth UI interactions. Continuous testing is integrated into the CI/CD pipeline for consistent performance across updates.

#### **Screenshots or Demo**

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1qDliZ-wWNbcnhXDLSmLvY-L0veCSykIM/view?usp=sharing

#### **Known Issues:**

Rhythmic Tunes currently has a few known issues, including **playback delay** on the first track play, **search lag** with large datasets, and **playlist sync issues** where updates don't reflect immediately. Some users experience **UI overlaps on mobile**, affecting elements like volume controls. Additionally, **authentication session expiry** may log users out unexpectedly. Planned fixes include **optimizing state updates**, **improving responsiveness**, **and implementing token refresh mechanisms** for a smoother experience.

# **Future Enhancements in Rhythmic Tunes**

Planned improvements for Rhythmic Tunes include **AI-powered music recommendations**, **offline playback support**, and **real-time lyrics display**. The UI will be enhanced with **dark/light mode toggling** and **theme customization**. Performance optimizations, such as **faster search algorithms and improved caching**, will enhance responsiveness. Additionally, **social features** like playlist sharing, collaborative playlists, and in-app messaging are in development to create a more interactive experience.