

CISB5123 Text Analytics Lab 10 Text Visualization

Using Simple Dataset

```
import pandas as pd
import re
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer, WordNetLemmatizer
import nltk
from IPython.display import display
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from wordcloud import WordCloud
# Download NLTK resources
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('wordnet')
# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read csv('simple dataset.csv')
# Initialize stemming and lemmatization objects
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
def preprocess review(review):
    # Convert to lowercase
    review = review.lower()
    # Remove punctuations
    review = re.sub(r'[^{\w}]', '', review)
    # Remove numbers
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```
review = re.sub(r'\d+', '', review)
    # Tokenize words
    tokens = word tokenize(review)
    # Remove stopwords
    stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
    tokens = [word for word in tokens if word not in stop words]
    # Perform stemming and lemmatization
    stemmed tokens = [stemmer.stem(word) for word in tokens]
    lemmatized tokens = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in
tokens]
    # Join tokens into a single string
    preprocessed review = ' '.join(lemmatized tokens)
    return preprocessed review
# Preprocess the reviews
df['preprocessed text'] = df['text'].apply(preprocess review)
display(df)
vectorizer = CountVectorizer(max features=20)
X = vectorizer.fit transform(df['preprocessed text'])
term freq matrix = X.toarray()
terms = vectorizer.get feature names out()
# Create Heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
sns.heatmap(term freq matrix, xticklabels=terms, cmap='viridis',
annot=True)
plt.title("Heatmap of Term Frequencies for Whole Corpus")
plt.xlabel("Terms")
plt.ylabel("Documents")
plt.show()
all text = " ".join(df['preprocessed text'])
wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=400, max words=100,
background color='white').generate(all text)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.title("Word Cloud for Whole Corpus")
plt.show()
# Generate word cloud for positive sentiment
positive text = ' '.join(df[df['category'] ==
'Positive']['preprocessed text'])
positive wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=400,
background color='white').generate(positive text)
```

```
# Generate word cloud for negative sentiment
negative text = ' '.join(df[df['category'] ==
'Negative']['preprocessed text'])
negative wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=400,
background color='white').generate(negative text)
# Display the word clouds
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.imshow(positive wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.title('Positive Sentiment')
plt.axis('off')
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.imshow(negative wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.title('Negative Sentiment')
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
# Bar Chart of Sentiment Counts
sentiment counts = df['category'].value counts()
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.bar(sentiment counts.index, sentiment counts.values,
color=['green', 'red'])
plt.title('Number of Positive and Negative Sentiments')
plt.xlabel('Sentiment')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```

Using Real Dataset

```
import pandas as pd
import re
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer, WordNetLemmatizer
import nltk
from IPython.display import display
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from wordcloud import WordCloud
# Download NLTK resources
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('wordnet')
# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read csv('restaurant reviews.csv')
# Initialize stemming and lemmatization objects
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
def preprocess review(review):
   # Convert to lowercase
   review = review.lower()
    # Remove punctuations
   review = re.sub(r'[^\w\s]', '', review)
    # Remove numbers
   review = re.sub(r' d+', '', review)
    # Tokenize words
    tokens = word tokenize(review)
    # Remove stopwords
    stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
    tokens = [word for word in tokens if word not in stop words]
    # Perform stemming and lemmatization
    stemmed tokens = [stemmer.stem(word) for word in tokens]
    lemmatized tokens = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in
tokens]
    # Join tokens into a single string
    preprocessed_review = ' '.join(lemmatized_tokens)
    return preprocessed review
```

```
# Preprocess the reviews
df['preprocessed text'] = df['Review'].apply(preprocess review)
display(df)
vectorizer = CountVectorizer(max features=20)
X = vectorizer.fit_transform(df['preprocessed_text'])
term freq matrix = X.toarray()
terms = vectorizer.get feature names out()
# Create Heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
sns.heatmap(term freq matrix, xticklabels=terms, cmap='viridis',
annot=True)
plt.title("Heatmap of Term Frequencies for Whole Corpus")
plt.xlabel("Terms")
plt.ylabel("Documents")
plt.show()
all text = " ".join(df['preprocessed text'])
wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=400, max words=100,
background color='white').generate(all text)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.title("Word Cloud for Whole Corpus")
plt.show()
# Generate word cloud for positive sentiment
positive text = ' '.join(df[df['Sentiment'] ==
'Positive']['preprocessed text'])
positive wordcloud = WordCloud (width=800, height=400,
background color='white').generate(positive text)
# Generate word cloud for negative sentiment
negative text = ' '.join(df[df['Sentiment'] ==
'Negative']['preprocessed text'])
negative wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=400,
background color='white').generate(negative text)
# Generate word cloud for neutral sentiment
neutral text = ' '.join(df[df['Sentiment'] ==
'Neutral']['preprocessed text'])
neutral wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=400,
background color='white').generate(neutral text)
# Display the word clouds
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
plt.imshow(positive wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
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```
plt.title('Positive Sentiment')
plt.axis('off')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
plt.imshow(negative wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.title('Negative Sentiment')
plt.axis('off')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
plt.imshow(neutral wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.title('Neutral Sentiment')
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
# Bar Chart of Sentiment Counts
sentiment counts = df['Sentiment'].value counts()
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.bar(sentiment counts.index, sentiment counts.values,
color=['green', 'red', 'blue'])
plt.title('Number of Positive, Negative and Neutral Sentiments')
plt.xlabel('Sentiment')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
category counts = df['Category'].value counts()
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
category counts.plot(kind='bar', color='skyblue')
plt.xlabel('Categories')
plt.ylabel('Number of Reviews')
plt.title('Distribution of Reviews Across Categories')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
all topics = [topic for topics in df['Topics'].str.split(', ') for
topic in topics]
topic counts = Counter(all topics)
wordcloud = WordCloud (width=800, height=400,
background color='white').generate from frequencies(topic counts)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.title('Word Cloud of Topics')
plt.show()
```