Q 1.Write a shell script to convert all lowercase to uppercase in a file. echo "Enter the file name to convert" read fname if [ -f \$fname ] then echo "file exist" echo tr "[a-z]""[A-Z]" < \$fname else echo "File not exist" Fi Q 2)Write a shell script that takes a command-line argument and reports on whether it is directory, a file, or something else. Sol: echo "enter file" read str if test -f \$str then echo "file exists n it is an ordinary file" elif test -d \$str then echo "directory file" else echo "not exists" Q 3) Write a shell script that deletes all lines containing a specified word in one or more files supplied as arguments to it. Sol: if [ \$# -lt 1] then echo "Check the arguments once"

```
exit
fi
echo "Enter a word"
read word
for file in $*
do
grep -iv "$word" $file | tee 1> /dev/null
done
echo "lines containing given word are deleted"
Q 4) Write a shell script to check the existence of the file . check if the file is block special file or
not and print number of characters, words and lines .
Sol" ::
#!/ bin / Sh
echo "Enter the file name "
read fname
if [ -e $fname ]
then
echo "$fname exists"
echo " $fname doesn't exist"
if [ -b $fname ]
then
```

echo "\$fname is a block special file"

echo " \$fname is not a block special file"

else

```
c=`cat $fname | wc -c`
w= `cat $fname | wc -w`
I= `grep -c "." $fname`
echo "Number of characters in $fname is $c"
echo "Number of words in $fname is $w"
echo "Number of lines in $fname is $I"
```

Q 5) Given a file with 1 row and 12 columns, write a shell script to print the 10th, 11th and 12th column element.

```
#!/bin/sh
#col.txt contains the details with a single line in 12 columns
echo "The file is: "
set `cat col.txt`
shift 3
echo $7 $8 $9
```

Q6) Write a shell script to display list of file names having all read, write and execute permission.

```
Solution:
echo "The name of all files having all permissions:"
# loop through all files in current directory
for file in *
do
# check if it is a file
if [-f $file]
then
# check if it has all permissions
if [ -r $file -a -w $file -a -x $file ]
then
# print the complete file name with -l option
ls -l $file
# closing second if statement
# closing first if statement
fi
done
```

#### O/P:

```
-rwxrwxrwx 1 roomie roomie 0 1 Jul 22 23:19 nik.sh

-rwxrwxrwx 1 roomie roomie 0 2 Jul 22 23:19 hil.sh

-rwxrwxrwx 1 roomie roomie 0 3 Jul 22 23:19 bhal.sh

-rwxrwxrwx 1 roomie roomie 0 4 Jul 22 23:19 erao.sh
```

Q7. Write a shell script that accept the file name, starting and ending line number as an argument and display all the lines between the given line number.

```
#!/bin/sh
echo "enter the filename"
read fname
echo "enter the starting line number"
read s
echo "enter the ending line number"
read n
sed -n $s,$n\p $fname | cat > newline
cat newline
```

## Output:

```
enter the filename
p.txt
enter the starting line number
2
enter the ending line number
4
lab
invalid
shell
```

Q8. Assign values to positional parameters using set command , print the values of the parameters and then unset the positional parameters.

```
#!/bin/sh
set apple mango orange guava
echo $1
echo $2
echo $3
```

```
echo $4
set --
echo $1
echo $2
echo "Hello"
```

Q9). Write a shell script to list all the files beginning with a given letter and store them in a file.

```
Sol).
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter the letter:-"
read I
Is $I* > list.txt
echo "The files which start from given letter $I is"
cat list.txt
```

Q.10) Write a shell script to display the calendar of the users birthday ( given users birth month and birth year print calendar of the respective month and year )

```
Ans: #!/bin/sh
echo "Enter the birth month of the user"
read m
echo "Enter the birth year of the user"
read y
cal $m $y
```

## Output:

"Enter the birth month of the user" 9
"Enter the birth year of the user" 2002

## September 2002 Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

```
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30
```

Q.11)Write a shell script to sort files according to file size and display the empty files in the directory.

```
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter a directory to check file size"
read dir
if[ -d "$dir" ]
then
echo "Directory exists"
for word in `find $dir -size 0`
do
echo $word
echo "Zero sized files are displayed"
done
else
echo "Directory doesn't exist"
fi
```

## **OUTPUT**:

Enter a directory to check file size (Read any directory)
Directory exists
./abcd.txt
./mail.txt
./f1.sh
Zero sized files are displayed

Q.12 Write a shell script program to pause the execution of any command for specified period of time

#!/bin/bash

echo "Wait for 5 seconds" sleep 5

```
echo "Completed"
```

Q.13 write a shell script program to send email

```
#!/bin/bash
Recipient="admin@example.com"
Subject="Greeting"
Message="Welcome to our site"
`mail -s $Subject $Recipient <<< $Message`
```

Q.14 Write a shell script to segregate all .sh files and .txt files of current directory by redirecting them into separate files.

#### Solution:

#!/bin/sh
Is \*.txt > text.txt
Is \*.sh > script.txt
cat text.txt
cat script.txt

Q.15 Write a Shell Script to execute the comm command and store the output to a file, copy the contents of that file to another file and add the new data to that copied file.

#### Ans:

```
#!/bin/sh
comm file1.txt file2.txt >file3.txt
cp file3.txt file4.txt
echo "File4 is: "
echo
cat file4.txt
echo "hello" >>file4.txt
echo "File4 after adding new data
echo
cat file4.txt
```

Q16. Write a shell script to count the number of matches using grep command.

#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter file name: "
read filename
echo "Enter pattern: "
read pattern
grep -c "\$pattern" \$filename

Q17. Write a shell script to remove the duplicate lines from a file.

#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter the file name"
read file
echo "The file is"
cat \$file
sort -u \$file > data.txt
echo "The file after removing duplicates is"
cat data.txt

Q18)Write a shell script to join two files horizontally

#!/bin/sh

echo "enter the file name" read f1 read f2 echo "the files after joining are"

```
paste $f1 $f2 > result.txt cat result.txt
```

Q.19 Write a shell script to make a directory which contains the files which are deleted using positional parameters.

```
#!/bin/sh

if [ -d "deleted" ]

then

echo "The directory already exists"

else

mkdir deleted

fi

cp $1 deleted

rm $1
```

Q.20 Write a shell script to open the last edited text file in the current directory.

```
#!/bin/sh
vi first_file.txt
vi second_file.txt
vi `ls -t | head -1`
```

21) Write a shell script that accepts as filename as argument and display its creation time if file exist and if it does not send output error message.

```
#! /bin/sh
if [ $# -eq 0 ]
then
echo "No argument"
exit
fi
if [ -f $1 ]
then
time=`ls -l $1|cut -c 33-59`
echo "File $1 has created on $time"
echo "File $1 does not exist"
22): A shell script to accept a filename as argument and displays the last modification time if the
file exists
and a suitable message if it does not.
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter name of the file: \c"
read filename
if [ -e $filename ]
then
echo 'Last modification time is: \c'
echo `ls -I $filename | cut -d " " -f 6,7,8`
else
echo "file does not exist"
23) A shell shell script to append doc extension to all filenames.
#!/bin/sh
for file in ch1 ch2 ch3;
do
cp $file ${file}.doc
echo $file copied to $file.doc
done
24) A shell script to accept 2 file names & check if the permission for these files are identical
and if they are
not identical, display each filename followed by permission.
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter 2 filenames: \c"
read f1 f2
file1 = 'ls -l $f1 | cut -c 2-10'
```

```
file2 = `ls -l $f2 | cut -c 2-10`

if [ $file1 == $file2 ]

then

echo "Common file permission: $file1"

else

echo "Different file permissions "

echo " permission of $f1: $file1"

echo " permission of $f2: $file2"

fi
```

Q 25. Write a shell script that displays the message either "good morning", "good afternoon" or "good evening" depending upon the current time.

Q 26) Write a shell script to print the content of a file without using cat command

```
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter the filename"
read file
while read line
do
echo $line
done < $file
```

```
27 Q] Write a shell script to create a directory confirming it's existence. Solution:
#!/bin/sh
echo " enter the directory name "
read d
if [ -d $d ]
then
echo "exists "
exit
else
mkdir $d
echo " created "
fi
```

Q 28.write a shell script file called file properties that read file name entered and output it's permissions.

```
#!/bin/sh
x=1
while [ $x -eq 1 ]
do
echo "enter your choice!!"
read ch
echo "your choice is $ch"
case $ch in
1 )echo "file permission `ls -l $0|cut -d' ' -f1`";;
2 )echo "link info
                          `ls -l $0|cut -d' ' -f2`";;
                          `ls -l $0|cut -d' ' -f3`";;
3 )echo "owner info
4 )echo "group info
                          `ls -l $0|cut -d' ' -f4`";;
5 )echo "size of the file `ls -l $0|cut -d' ' -f5`";;
```

6 )echo "month of creation `ls -l \$0|cut -d' ' -f6`";;

Q .29) Write shell script to print number of files and directories in the current working directories.

```
#!/bin/sh

If [ -d "$@"]

then

echo "number of files found : $(find "$@" -type f|wc -I)"

echo "Number of directories found : $(find "$@" -type d|wc -I)"

else

echo "[ERROR] please retry with another directory"

exit 1

fi
```

## Output:

Number of files found :17 Number of directories found :3

Q 30. Write a shell script to display all .txt files and rename them as .temp files.

#### Sol:-

#!/bin/sh
ls \*.txt > file1
for word in 'file1'
do
 mv \$word.txt \$word.temp
Done

Q 31)Write a menu driven shell script to display 1.list of current users.2.current user login,3.current date.4)long listing of all files in current directory.5)exit

SOL: #!/bin/sh

```
Echo "enter choice"
Read choice
Case $choice in
1)who;;
2)who am i;;
3)date;;
4)ls -l;;
5)exit;;
*)echo "invalid choice";;
esac
Q 32. Write a shell script to display the unique words in a text along with their count.
Ans) !#/bin/sh
     sort animals.txt>animals1.txt
     uniq -c animals1.txt>unique.txt
    cat unique.txt
O/P:
Animals.txt
Bear
Lion
Tiger
Snake
Bear
Snake
Snake
Elephant
Lion
Lion
Lion
unique.txt:
2 bear
1 elephant
4 lion
3 tiger
```

```
1 snake and
```

Q. 33. Write a shell script which accepts pathname and displays the total number of files in it.

```
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter the path"
read path
echo "The number of files is: \c"
Is $path|wc -w
```

Q.34 .Write a shell script to display your current time zone.
#!/bin/sh
Echo "Your current time zone is"
Set `date`
Echo \$5
Output:- Your current time zone is

 $Q\ 35$  . write a shell script to check if the two files exists or not and if they do then append the contents of those files into a third file

```
#!/bin/sh
touch ans.txt
if [-r $1]
then
    if [-r $2]
    then
        while read line
        do
            echo $line >> ans.txt
        done < $1
        echo "\n" >> ans.txt
```

IST

```
while read line
         do
              echo $line >> ans.txt
         done < $2
     else
         echo " $2 does not exists "
    fi
else
    echo "$1 does not exists"
Fi
Q 36. Write a shell script to copy all the directories into a particular directory.
#!/bin/sh
ls > file1.txt
mkdir ans
while read line
do
  if [-d $line]
  then
     mv $line ans
   fi
done < file1.txt
```

# Q 37 ) Write a shell script to accept directory path as an argument and display the recently modified file in the same.

### SOL -

```
#!/bin/sh
if [ $# -ne 1 ]
then
        echo "invalid number of arguments"
        exit
else
        cd $1
        set `ls -clt`
        echo " The recently modified file in the given directory is ${11} at ${10} on ${8} - ${9}"
fi
```

Q 38. Write a shell script to find a file consisting of list of story books and append the name of the new books.

```
#!/bin/sh
echo enter the file name you are searching for
```

read file
find \$file
if [ \$? -eq 0 ]
then
echo file exists
echo enter the name of new books
cat>>\$file
else
echo file does not exist
fi

Output

Enter the file name you are searching for Story.txt File exists Enter the name of news books A Million Thoughts

Q 39). Write a shell script to check if the user is logged in or not

#!/bin/sh
echo enter the username
read name
who > test
if grep \$name test
then
echo logged in
else
echo not logged in
fi

Output Enter username test logged in

Q 40) write menu driven shell script program to 1.show the link count f file

2.to show the file size For given input file using case statement.

```
Soln:
```

```
#!/bin/sh
echo "Menu"
echo "1.to show the link count of a file"
echo "2.to display file size"
rcho "enter your file"
read file
echo "enter your choice"
read choice
if [-f $file]
then
        case $choice in
                 1)ls -l $file | cut -d " " -f 2 > temp1.txt
                    echo "the count of file is"
                    cat temp1.txt
                    exit;;
                 2)Is -I $file | cut -d " " -f 5 > temp2.txt
                    echo "the file size is"
                    cat temp2.txt
                    exit;;
                 *)echo "invalid choice";;
        esac
else
        echo "provided file is not regular file"
fi
```

Q 41) Write a shell script to move the file with the largest size to a directory provided by the user as a positional parameter.

```
#!/bin/sh
Is > 1.txt
cat 1.txt |sort -n -k 5 |tail -1 > q.txt
mkdir $1
while read line
do
mv $line $1
done <q.txt</pre>
```

```
#weekly reminder
D=`date | cut -d " " -f 1`
if test $D = "Monday"
then
echo MONDAY REMINDERS
elif test $D = "Tuesday"
echo TUESDAY REMINDERS
elif test $D = "Wednesday"
then
echo WEDNESDAY REINDERS
elif test $D = "Thursday"
echo THURSDAY REMINDERS
elif test $D = "Friday"
then
echo FRIDAY REMINDERS
elif test $D = "Saturday"
then
echo SATURDAY REMINDERS
else
echo SUNDAY REMINDERS
OUTPUT
SATURDAY REMINDERS
Q 43) write a shell script to perform basic operations
#!/bin/sh
a=10
b=20
val=' expr $a + $b'
echo "a + b : sval"
```

val=' expr \$a - \$b°

#!/bin/sh

```
echo "a - b : sval"
val= 'expr $a \* $b
echo "a * b : sval"
val= 'expr $b / sa
echo "b / a: sval"
val=' exor $b % $a
echo "b % a : sval"
if [$a == $b 1
then
echo "a is equal to b"
if [ $a != $b ]
then
echo "a is not equal to b"
fi
Q 44) write a shell script to display current data time, username and directory
#!/bin/sh
#
echo "Hello, $LOGNAME"
echo "Current date is `date`"
echo "User is `whoami`"
echo "Current direcotry `pwd`"
45) Write a shell script to read a filename and check if it is a regular file or not and if it is a regular file then
display the number of lines, words and characters it contains.
#!/bin/sh
echo " enter the file name"
read filename
if [-f $filename]
then
echo "it is a regular file"
echo " the number of lines:"
wc -l $filename
echo "the number of words:"
wc -w $filename
echo "the number of characters:"
wc -c $filename
else
echo "it is not a regular file"
```

## 46) write a shell script to demonstrate positional parameters

#!/bin/sh
echo positional parameters
echo first argument is \\$1 \$1
echo second argument is \\$2 \$2
echo number of arguments are \\$\# \$#
echo arguments are \\$\* \$\*
echo Process ID of current shell \\$\\$ is \$\$

## 47) Write a shell script to find length of string

#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter string"
read str
len=`echo -n "\$str" | wc-c`
echo "length of \$str = \$len"

# 48) Write a shell script to display the current date and time

#!/bin/sh
Year=\$(date +"%Y")
Month=\$(date +"%m")
Day=\$(date +"%d")
Hour=\$(date +"%H")
Minute=\$(date +"%M")
Second=\$(date +"%S")
echo `date`
echo " Current date: \$Day-\$Month-\$Year"
echo " Current time: \$Hour:\$Minute:\$Second"

## Output:

Saturday 02 July 2022 01:11:14 PM IST

Current date: 02-07-2022 Current time: 13:11:14 49) write a shell script to print number of lines of all text files along with their names and path from home directory, of a given directory.

#!/bin/sh
FILES=path/\*.txt
for f in \$FILES
do
wc -I \$f
done

Q50)Write a shell program to create a directory which contains all files whose names have only alphabets without any numbers

#!/bin/sh ls>ff.txt mkdir d2 grep -v [0-9] ff.txt >fff.txt for word in `cat fff.txt` do cp \$word d2 done

Q51) Write a shell script program to copy file 1 to file 2 and create a backup of file 2

#!/bin/sh
echo " enter file 1 and file 2"
read f1
read f2
cp -b \$f1 \$f2
echo " file 1 copied to file 2 with backup"

Q52)Write a menu driven shell programe:

1.to append the given file to another file2.to override and copy the given file to another file3.exit

echo 'menu'

```
echo 1.append
echo 2.copy
echo 3.exit
echo enter your choice
read choice
echo enter the file names
read f1
read f2
case $choice in
1) cat $f1>>$f2;;
2) cp $f1 $f2;;
3) exit;;
*) echo invalid input;;
esac
```

Q53) write a shell script to check whether the file(f1) is regular ar linked or directory file and check whether the given file(f1) is new or old or linked to another given file

```
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter the filenames"
read f1 f2
If [-f $f1]
then
        echo "The file is regular"
elif [ -d $f1 ]
then
        echo "The file is directory file"
elif [ -l $f1 ]
then
        echo "The file is linked"
else
        echo "The file is of invalid type"
fi
if [$f1 -nt $f2]
then
        echo "File 1 is newer"
else
        echo "File 1 is older"
fi
if [ $f1 -lt $f2 ]
then
        echo "File 1 is linked with File 2"
fi
```

Q.54) write a shell script to display last 10 commands executed by the user. #!/bin/sh echo "last 10 commands are " history | tail Output \$source file.sh date cal whoami who ls ls -a ls -l vi file.sh source file.sh source file.sh Q 55) Write a shell script to display the digits which are in odd position in a given 5 digit number #!/bin/sh echo "Enter a 5 digit number" read num n=1 while [\$n -le 5] do a=`echo \$num | cut -c \$n` echo \$a n=\$((\$n+2)) done Output: Enter a 5 digit number 12345 1 3 5 56) Write a shell script to check if the file exists.

#!/bin/sh filename=\$1

```
if [ -f "$filename" ]; then
echo "File exists"
echo "File does not exist"
fi
57) Write a shell script which get executed only one time.
#!/bin/sh
echo "hello world!"
chmod 000 filename.sh
Output
sh filename.sh
Hello world!
sh filename sh
Can't open filename.sh
Q.58)Write a shell script to count only files we own
#!/bin/bash
# counting the number of lines in a list of files
# for loop over argument
# count only those files i am owner of
if [$# -lt 1]
then
 echo "Usage: $0 file ...."
exit 1
fi
echo "$0 counts the lines of codes"
I=0
n=0
s=0
for f in $*
do
 if [-0 $f] # checks whether file owner is running the script
    I=`wc -I $f | sed 's/^\( [0-9]*\).*$/\1/' `
echo "$f: + $1"
n=$[$n+1]
s=$[$s+$1]
else
    Continue
fi
done
```

echo "\$n files in total, with \$s lines in total"