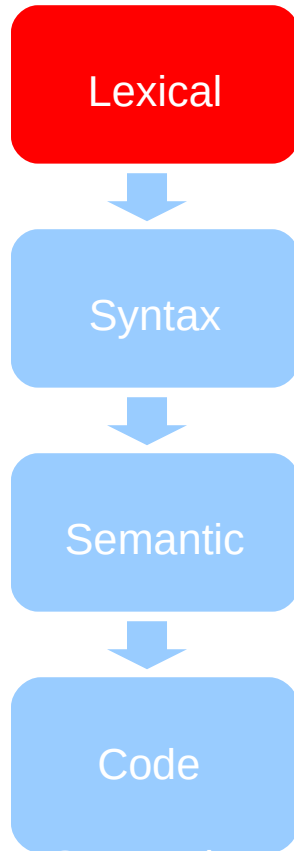


Experiment in Compiler Construction Scanner design

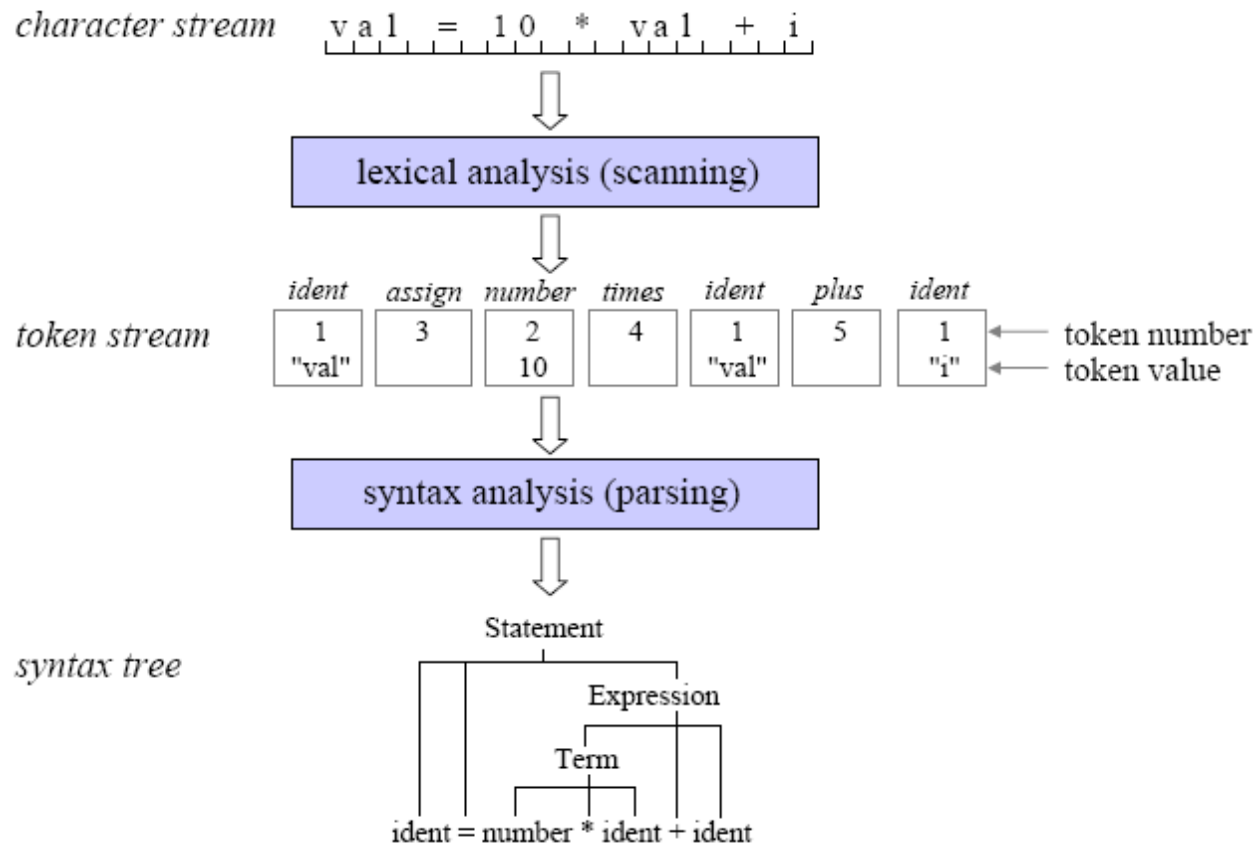
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What is a scanner?



- The compiler's component/module that perform the job of lexical analysis (scanning) is called *scanner*.
- Compiler's first phase

What is a scanner?



Tasks of a scanner

- Skip meaningless characters: blank, tab, new line character, comment.
- Recognize illegal character and return error message
- Recognize different types of token
 - identifier
 - keyword
 - number
 - special character
 - ...

Tasks of a scanner

- Recognize tokens of different types
 - identifier
 - keyword
 - number
 - special character
 - ...
- Pass recognized tokens to the *parser* (the module that perform the job of syntatic analysis)

KPL's alphabet

- Letter: a b c ... x y z
A B C ... X Y Z
- Digit: 0 1 2 ... 8 9
- Special character:
 - + - * /
 - > < ! =
 - [space] ,(comma) . : ; ' _
 - ()

KPL's tokens

- Keywords

PROGRAM, CONST, TYPE, VAR, PROCEDURE,
FUNCTION, BEGIN, END, ARRAY, OF, INTEGER,
CHAR, CALL, IF, THEN, ELSE, WHILE, DO, FOR, TO

- Operators

`:=` (assign)

`+` (addition), `-` (subtraction), `*` (multiplication), `/` (division)

`=` (comparison of equality), `!=` (comparison of difference),

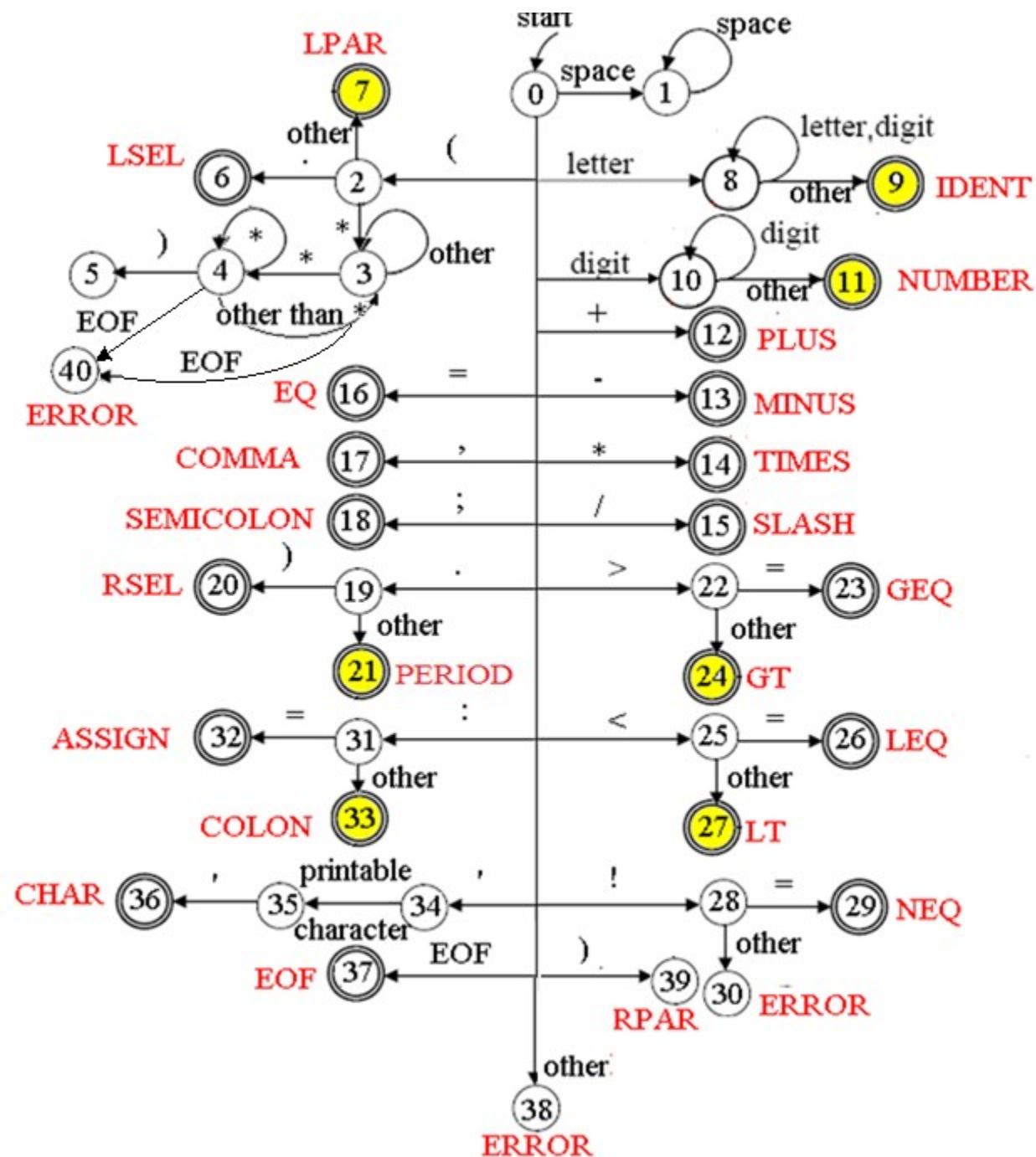
`>` (comparison of greatness), `<` (comparison of lessness), `>=` (comparison of greatness or equality), `<=` (comparison of lessness or equality)

KPL's tokens

- Special characters
; (semicolon), . (period), : (colon), , (comma),
((left parenthesis),) (right parenthesis), '
(singlequote)
- Also
(. and .) to mark the index of an array
element
(* and *) to mark the comment
- Others
identifier, number, illegal charater

Recognizing KPL's tokens

- All KPL's tokens make up a regular language.
- They can be described with regular grammar
- They can be recognized by a Deterministic Finite Automaton (DFA)
- The scanner is a big DFA



- After every token is recognized, the scanner starts in state 0 again
- If an illegal character is met, the scanner would change to the state -1 which tell the scanner to stop scanning and return error messages.

KPL scanner - organization

#	Filename	Task
1	Makefile	Project
2	scanner.c	Main
3	reader.h, reader.c	Read the source code
4	charcode.h, charcode.c	Classify character
5	token.h, token.c	Classify and recognize token, keywords
6	error.h, error.c	Manage error types and messages

KPL scanner – reader

```
// Read a character from input stream  
int readChar(void);
```

```
// Open input stream  
int openInputStream(char *fileName);
```

```
// Close input stream  
void closeInputStream(void);
```

```
// Current line number and column number  
int lineNo, colNo;
```

```
// Current character  
int currentChar;
```

KPL scanner – charcode

```
typedef enum {  
    CHAR_SPACE,           // space  
    CHAR_LETTER,          // character  
    CHAR_DIGIT,           // digit  
    CHAR_PLUS,            // '+'  
    CHAR_MINUS,           // '-'  
    CHAR_TIMES,           // '*'  
    CHAR_SLASH,           // '/'  
    CHAR_LT,              // '<'  
    CHAR_GT,              // '>'  
    CHAR_EXCLAMATION,     // '!'  
    CHAR_EQ,              // '='  
    CHAR_COMMA,           // ','  
    CHAR_PERIOD,          // '.'  
    CHAR_COLON,           // ':'  
    CHAR_SEMICOLON,       // ';'   
    CHAR_SINGLEQUOTE,     // '\''  
    CHAR_LPAR,            // '('  
    CHAR_RPAR,            // ')'   
    CHAR_UNKNOWN          // invalid character  
} CharCode;
```

KPL scanner – charcode

- In *charcode.c*, we define *charCodes* array that associates every ASCII character with a unique predefined *CharCode*.
- *getc()* function may return EOF (or -1) which is not an ASCII character.

KPL scanner – token

```
typedef enum {
    TK_NONE,          // Invalid token - Error
    TK_IDENT,         // Identifier token
    TK_NUMBER,        // Number token
    TK_CHAR,          // Character constant token
    TK_EOF,           // End of program token
    // keywords
    KW_PROGRAM, KW_CONST, KW_TYPE, KW_VAR,
    KW_INTEGER, KW_CHAR, KW_ARRAY, KW_OF,
    KW_FUNCTION, KW_PROCEDURE,
    KW_BEGIN, KW_END, KW_CALL,
    KW_IF, KW_THEN, KW_ELSE,
    KW_WHILE, KW_DO, KW_FOR, KW_TO,
    // Special character
    SB_SEMICOLON, SB_COLON, SB_PERIOD, SB_COMMA,
    SB_ASSIGN, SB_EQ, SB_NEQ, SB_LT, SB_LE, SB_GT, SB_GE,
    SB_PLUS, SB_MINUS, SB_TIMES, SB_SLASH,
    SB_LPAR, SB_RPAR, SB_LSEL, SB_RSEL
} TokenType;
```

KPL scanner – token

```
// Structure of a token
typedef struct {
    char string[MAX_IDENT_LEN + 1];
    int lineNo, colNo;
    TokenType tokenType;
    int value;
} Token;

// Check whether a string is a keyword or not
TokenType checkKeyword(char *string);

// Create new token, provided type of token and location
Token* makeToken(TokenType tokenType, int lineNo, int colNo);
```


KPL scanner – error management

```
// List of error may occur in lexical analysis
typedef enum {
    ERR_ENDOFCOMMENT,
    ERR_IDENTTOOLONG,
    ERR_INVALIDCHARCONSTANT,
    ERR_INVALIDSYMBOL
} ErrorCode;

// Error message
#define ERM_ENDOFCOMMENT "End of comment expected!"
#define ERM_IDENTTOOLONG "Identification too long!"
#define ERM_INVALIDCHARCONSTANT "Invalid const char!"
#define ERM_INVALIDSYMBOL "Invalid symbol!"

// Return error message
void error(ErrorCode err, int lineNo, int colNo);
```

KPL scanner – scanner

```
// Get next token
Token* getToken(void) {
    Token *token;
    int ln, cn;

    if (currentChar == EOF)
        return makeToken(TK_EOF, lineNo, colNo);

    switch (charCodes[currentChar]) {
    case CHAR_SPACE:    skipBlank(); return getToken();
    case CHAR_LETTER:   return readIdentKeyword();
    case CHAR_DIGIT:    return readNumber();
    case CHAR_PLUS:
        token = makeToken(SB_PLUS, lineNo, colNo);
        readChar();
        return token;
    case ... // more cases
    }
}
```

Assignment

- Complete following function in scanner .c
 - **void skipBlank();**
 - **void skipComment();**
 - **Token* readIdentKeyword(void);**
 - **Token* readNumber(void);**
 - **Token* readConstChar(void);**
 - **Token* getToken(void);**

(1)

- Program \Rightarrow getToken() \Rightarrow TokenType: token
 - digit readNumber()
 - letter readIdentKeyword()
 - blank skipBlank()
 - | getToken();
 - (| - . SB_LSEL
 - | | - * skipComment()
 - | | | - other SB_LPARG
 - ' readConstChar()
 - < | - = SB_LE
 - | | - other SB_LT

getToken()

(2)

- Program \Rightarrow getToken() \Rightarrow TokenType: token

- >	- =	SB_GE
	- other	SB_GT
- !	- =	SB_NEQ
	- other	error: INVALIDSYMBOL
- .	-)	SB_RPAR
	- other	SB_PERIOD
- :	- =	SB_ASSIGN
	- other	SB_SEMICOLON
- + - * / = , ;)		SB_...
- other		error: INVALIDSYMBOL

readNumber()

- **readNumber()** ⇒ **TokenType: token**
 - readChar()
 - digit readChar()
 - other TK_NUMBER
- Use **atoi()** function to convert a string to an integer.

readIdentKeyword()

- **readIdentKeyword() \Rightarrow TokenType: token**
 - readChar()
 - digit, letter readChar()
 - count ++
 - other
 - count > MAX_IDENT_LEN
 - error: IDEN_TOO_LONG
 - count \leq MAX_IDENT_LEN
 - \equiv keywords KW_...
 - \neq keywords TK_IDENT

skipBlank()



skipBlank()

|- blank

|- other

readChar()

return

skipComment()

- **skipComment()**

<i>inside_comment</i>	- *	-)	return
		- other	<i>inside_comment</i>
		- EOF	error: END_OF_COMMENT
	- other		<i>inside_comment</i>
	- EOF		error: END_OF_COMMENT

readConstChar()

- **readConstChar() ⇒ TokenType: token**

- | - character

- | - '

TK_CHAR

- | - other

error: INVALID_CONST_CHAR

- | - EOF

error: INVALID_CONST_CHAR

case CHAR_COLON:

ln = lineNo;

~~cn = colNo;~~

readChar();

if ((currentChar != EOF) &&
(charCodes[currentChar] == CHAR_EQ)) {
 readChar();
 return makeToken(SB_ASSIGN, ln, cn);
} else return makeToken(SB_COLON, ln,
cn);