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# Your Title Here

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## Warning

You can ignore this slide if you're **not** working with Overleaf.

Overleaf, Beamer and Biber do not always get along well together. For this reason, if you make a mistake while writing this presentation, in the drop-down error message you'll **always** get Biber-related error messages.

Luckily, you just have to click on “go to first error/warning” and the UI will scroll to the line containing your mistake.



## Warning

You can ignore this slide if you're working with Overleaf.

To compile this deck you'll need the biber package. Probably your  $\text{\TeX}$ editor already supports it; if not, you will easily find online the instructions to install it.

If you're not using an editor, you can compile this presentation using the command line by running:

```
$ pdflatex main.tex
```

```
$ biber main.bcf
```

```
$ pdflatex main.tex
```

```
$ pdflatex main.tex
```



For this template we defined four colors, following the Style Manual of the University of Udine:

- UniOrange
- UniBlue
- UniBrown
- UniGold

You can use these colors as you want in your presentation. For example, you can **color the text in gold** by writing `\{UniGold\}{my gold text}`.

We also redefined many of the most common  $\text{\LaTeX}$  and Beamer commands, like `itemize`, `block`, etc. You will see samples of these commands in the following slides.



# This is a page with a title and a subtitle

## And also some blocks.

### Goal of the mission

Shoot in the Death Star's exhaust port and destroy it before the it can fire on the Rebel base.

### Take care!

TIE Fighters may chase you while approaching the target.

### Use the force you must

Remember your training with Obi-Wan, and use the Force to make the perfect shoot.



# Enumerates and itemizes

This is an example of itemize.

- A long time ago in a galaxy far, far away...

And this is an example of enumerate.

- 1 Go to the Death Star.
- 2 Find the exhaust port.
- 3 Make the perfect shot.
- 4 Become an hero.



# Description

This is an example of description.

**Luke** No. No! That's not true! **That's impossible!**





# Description

This is an example of description.

**Vader** *I am* your father.

**Luke** No. No! That's not true! **That's impossible!**



This is an example of description.

**Vader** *I am* your father.

**Luke** No. No! That's not true! **That's impossible!**

And while we're here, let's have a look to verbatim as well, to see how we made items appear in arbitrary order:

```
\begin{description}  
  \item<2->[This is the first item] one  
  \item<1->[This is the second item] two  
\end{description}
```



A formula will look like this:

$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$

You can number equations as well:

$$1 + 1 = 2 \tag{1}$$

$$1 + 1 = 2 \tag{custom label!}$$

If you want to use the default L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X math fonts, just go to `beamerfontthemeuniud.sty` and uncomment the line containing `'\usefonttheme[onlymath]{serif}'`.



The usual theorem, corollary, definition, definitions, fact, example and examples blocks are available as well.

## 定理

*There exists an infinite set.*

## 证明.

This follows from the axiom of infinity.



## 例 (Natural Numbers)

The set of natural numbers is infinite.



Here we display examples of abstract, verse, quotation, and quote.

### 摘要

This is an abstract.

*This is a verse.*

*This is a quotation.*

*-Han Solo*

*A quote this is.*

*-Yoda*



You can cite an article

- normally using `\cite`, e.g.: **(article1)**
- or display the full citation using `\fullcite`, e.g.: **article1**

Look at the code of the following slide to see how to automatically split the bibliography on many slides. You can also use `\nocite{*}` to display the non-cited publications as well.



# Bibliography I



You can display a frame with a colored background and a huge text in the center using the command `\framecard`.

For example, you can write:

```
\framecard{A SECTION\\TITLE}
```

This will display a frame with a orange background and the phrase "A SECTION TITLE" in the center. You can also use a custom color with `\framecard`:

```
\framecard{A SECTION\\TITLE}
```

```
\framecard[UniBlue]{A SECTION TITLE\\  
WITH A CUSTOM COLOR}
```

You can see the results of the commands above in the following slides.



# A SECTION TITLE

A SECTION TITLE  
WITH A CUSTOM  
COLOR



You can display a frame with a background image using the command `\framepic`. The image will be **adapted vertically** to fit the the frame.

For example, you can write:

```
\framepic{pictures/logo}{  
  \framefill  
  \textcolor{white}{Luke,\\I am your supervisor}  
  \vskip 0.5cm  
}
```

Alternatively, to make the background 50% transparent, you can write `\framepic[0.5]{pictures/darth}`...

You can see the results of the commands above in the following slides.



Luke,  
I am your supervisor

A full-body image of Darth Vader from Star Wars, standing and holding a lit red lightsaber. He is wearing his iconic black helmet and cape. The background is a smoky, greyish-white. Overlaid on the image is red text that is right-aligned and set against a semi-transparent dark background.

Right-aligned text with  
Semi-transparent background



# Other bonus commands I

We provide two other bonus commands:

**pdfnewline** you can use `\pdfnewline` to avoid the annoying hyperref related warnings when using newlines in the document's title, author, etc. For example, in this presentation the author is defined as:

```
\author[Luke Skywalker]{  
    Luke Skywalker, Ph.D.  
    \pdfnewline  
    \texttt{luke.skywalker@uniud.it}  
}
```

**marker** you can use `\marker` to highlight some text. The default color is **orange**, but you can also **use a custom color**. For example:



## Other bonus commands II

`\marker{Default color}`

`\marker[UniBlue]{Custom Color}`

**framefill** you can use `\framefill` to put the text at the bottom of a slide by filling all the vertical space.