



Benefits paid by state and local pension plans support a significant amount of economic activity in the state of Virginia.

Pension benefits received by retirees are spent in the local community. This spending ripples through the economy, as one person's spending becomes another person's income, creating a multiplier effect.

In 2018, expenditures stemming from state and local pensions supported...

- 50,339 jobs that paid \$2.7 billion in wages and salaries
- \$8.6 billion in total economic output
- \$1.6 billion in federal, state, and local tax revenues

... in the state of Virginia.

Each dollar paid out in pension benefits supported \$1.44 in total economic activity in Virginia.

Each dollar "invested" by Virginia taxpayers in these pension plans supported \$5.23 in total economic activity in the state.

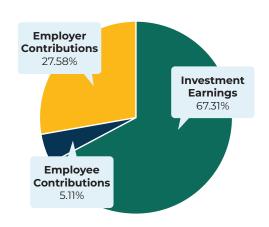
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Pensionomics 2021:

Measuring the Economic Impact of DB Pension Expenditures

Overview

Expenditures made by retirees of state and local government provide a steady economic stimulus to Virginia communities and the state economy. In 2018, 260,472 residents of Virginia received a total of \$5.9 billion in pension benefits from state and local pension plans.



The average pension benefit received was \$1,897 per month or \$22,770 per year. These modest benefits provide retired teachers, public safety personnel, and others who served the public during their working careers income to meet basic needs in retirement.

Between 1993 and 2018, 27.58% of Virginia's pension fund receipts came from employer contributions, 5.11% from employee contributions, and 67.31% from investment earnings.* Earnings on investments and employee contributions—not taxpayer based contributions—have historically made up the bulk of pension fund receipts.

Impact on Jobs and Incomes

Retiree expenditures stemming from state and local pension plan benefits supported 50,339 jobs in the state. The total income to state residents supported by pension expenditures was \$2.7 billion.

To put these employment impacts in perspective, in 2018 Virginia's unemployment rate was 3.0%. The fact that DB pension expenditures supported 50,339 jobs is significant, as it represents 1.26 percentage points in Virginia's labor force.

Economic Impact

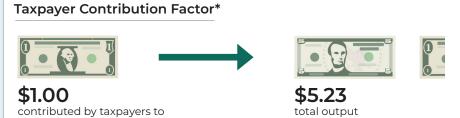
State and local pension funds in Virginia and other states paid a total of \$5.9 billion in benefits to Virginia residents in 2018. Retirees' expenditures from these benefits supported a total of \$8.6 billion in total economic output in the state, and \$5.0 billion in value added in the state.

\$3.9 billion in direct economic impacts were supported by retirees' initial expenditures. An additional \$2.6 billion in indirect impact resulted when these businesses purchased additional goods and services. \$2.1 billion in induced impacts occurred when workers employed by businesses as a result of the direct and indirect impacts made expenditures.

Total Economic Impact \$8.6 billion

DIRECT IMPACT \$3.9 billion INDIRECT IMPACT \$2.6 billion INDUCED IMPACT \$2.1 billion

Economic Multipliers



Each \$1 in taxpayer contributions to Virginia's state and local pension plans supported \$5.23 in total output in the state. This reflects the fact that taxpayer contributions are a minor source of financing for retirement benefits—investment earnings and employee contributions finance the lion's share.

Pension Benefit Multiplier

Virginia pensions over 30







\$1.44 total output



Each \$1 in state and local pension benefits paid to Virginia residents ultimately supported \$1.44 in total output in the state. This "multiplier" incorporates the direct, indirect, and induced impacts of retiree spending, as it ripples through the state economy.

Impact on Tax Revenues

State and local pension payments made to Virginia residents supported a total of \$1.6 billion in revenue to federal, state, and local governments. Taxes paid by retirees and beneficiaries directly out of pension payments totaled \$506.5 million. Taxes attributable to direct, indirect, and induced impacts accounted for \$1.1 billion in tax revenue.

Federal Tax	\$791.8 million		
State/Local Tax	\$782.6 million		
Total	\$1.6 billion		

Economic Impacts by Industry Sector

The economic impact of state and local pension benefits was broadly felt across various industry sectors in Virginia. The ten industry sectors with the largest employment impacts are presented in the table below.

Industry	Employment Impact (# Jobs)	Labor Income Impact	Value Added Impact	Output Impact
Limited-service restaurants	2,564.40	\$53,231,651	\$85,465,721	\$192,744,749
Full-service restaurants	2,108.20	\$53,194,811	\$78,754,208	\$140,333,457
Hospitals	1,683.00	\$130,356,272	\$157,832,614	\$298,872,623
Offices of physicians	1,412.40	\$154,859,791	\$183,985,380	\$268,095,977
Other real estate	1,396.70	\$34,723,791	\$115,859,453	\$279,765,910
Nursing and community care facilities	1,325.00	\$56,200,739	\$61,663,149	\$106,958,589
Retail - General merchandise stores	1,269.20	\$39,117,655	\$58,227,877	\$92,980,694
Retail - Food and beverage stores	1,199.60	\$38,063,907	\$56,061,991	\$90,819,664
Personal care services	896.00	\$23,770,529	\$13,745,820	\$20,543,559
Offices of other health practitioners	750.80	\$46,155,588	\$42,915,370	\$60,461,741

^{*}Caution should be used in interpreting these numbers. See the Technical Appendix of the full Pensionomics report for details.