## **Phase 2: Parsing**

In the second phase of our semester project, we construct a parser for the SnuPL/0 language based on a hand-written predictive parser.

The output of the parser should be an AST in textual or graphical form. No semantical checks (i.e., type checking, number of parameter checking, etc) are required in this phase. Syntactical checks must be done (for example., the declaration and end identifiers must match for the module, functions, and procedures).

A skeleton for the parser is provided so that you can focus on the interesting parts. The working example, as before, implements the parser for the "SnuPL/-1" language as defined in the scanner assignment. You may use your own scanner from phase 1, or use our scanner for SnuPL/0 provided in the directory scanner/.

The parser skeleton can be found in snupl/src/parser.[h/cpp]. The parser already outputs an AST and contains a type manager and a nested symbol table. We advise you to use the existing code, but if you want you can also code your own. In its original form, the parser parses and builds an AST for SnuPL/-1.

In the parser, you will have to modify/code the methods of the predictive parser. For SnuPL/-1, the following methods are implemented:

```
/// @name methods for recursive-descent parsing
/// @{
CAstModule*
                  module(void);
CAstStatement*
                  statSequence(CAstScope *s);
CAstStatAssign*
                  assignment(CAstScope *s);
CAstExpression*
                  expression(CAstScope *s);
CAstExpression*
                  simpleexpr(CAstScope *s);
CAstExpression*
                  term(CAstScope *s);
CAstExpression*
                  factor(CAstScope *s);
CAstConstant*
                  number(void);
/// @}
```

To build the AST from withing the predictive parser the methods must return the nodes of the AST (implemented in snuplc/src/ast.[h/cpp]).

In a first step, you may want to simply build a predictive parser that only consumes the tokens (but does not build the AST). Once your parser is working correctly, you can then start to return the correct AST nodes in a second step.

The type manager (snuplc/src/type.[h/cpp]) does not need to be modified, you can use it to retrieve types for integer and boolean variables.

Call CTypeManager::Get()->GetInt()/GetBoolean()/GetNull() to retrieve a reference to integer, boolean or NULL (void) types.

The symbol table is implemented in snuplc/src/symbol.[h/cpp]. Again, you will not need to modify this file, the functionality provided will be enough for this phase of the project. Make sure to create a new nested symbol table whenever you parse a function/procedure and insert the symbols into the symbol table of the current scope.

A test program that prints the AST is provided. Build and run it as follows:

snuplc \$ make test\_parser
snuplc \$ ./test parser ../test/test04.mod

In the directory test/parser/ you can find a number of test files for your parser. We advise you to create your own test cases to test special cases; we have our own set of test files to test (and grade) your parser.

## Submission:

- the deadline for the first phase is October 16, 2014 before midnight.
- submit a tarball of your SnuPL/0 compiler by email to the TA (<u>compiler-ta@csap.snu.ac.kr</u>). The arrival time of your email counts as the submission time.

As usual: start early, ask often! We are here to help.

Happy coding!