# Overcoming Limitations of Java Futures via Java Completable Futures

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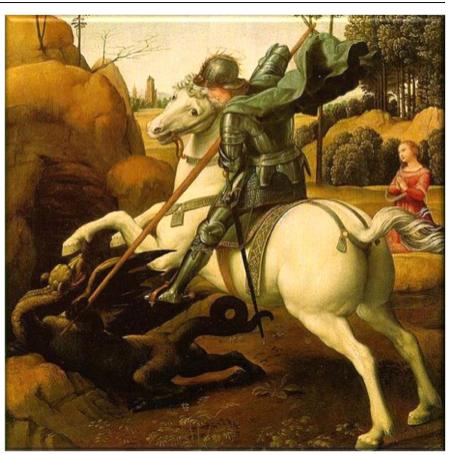
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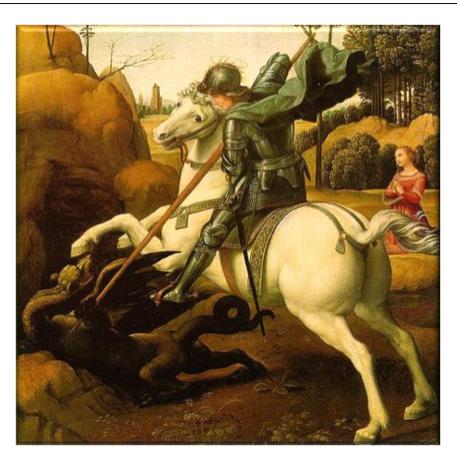
# Learning Objectives in this Part of the Lesson

 Know how Java completable futures overcome limitations with Java futures



See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java\_version\_history

 The completable future framework overcomes Java future limitations



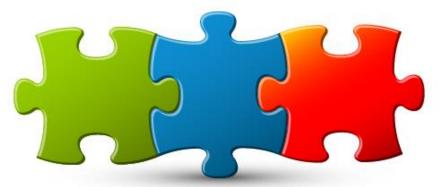
- The completable future framework overcomes Java future limitations
  - Can be completed explicitly



```
CompletableFuture<...> future =
  new CompletableFuture<>();
new Thread (() -> {
  future.complete(...);
}).start();
     After complete() is done
     calls to join() will unblock
```

System.out.println(future.join());

- The completable future framework overcomes Java future limitations
  - Can be completed explicitly
  - Can be chained fluently to handle async results efficiently & cleanly



#### CompletableFuture

- .supplyAsync(reduceFraction)
  - .thenApply(BigFraction

::toMixedString)

.thenAccept(System.out::println);

The action of each "completion stage" is triggered when the future from the previous stage completes asynchronously

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  - *Can* be chained fluently to handle async results efficiently & cleanly
  - Can be triggered reactively/ efficiently as a collection of futures w/out undue overhead



```
CompletableFuture<List
  <BigFraction>> futureToList =
  Stream
    .generate(generator)
    .limit(sMAX FRACTIONS)
    .map(reduceFractions)
    .collect(FuturesCollector
              .toFutures());
futureToList
  .thenAccept(printList);
```

Create a single future that will be triggered when a group of other futures all complete

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Print out the results after all async fraction reductions have completed

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Java completable futures can also be combined with Java sequential streams

# End of Overcoming Limitations of Java Futures via Java Completable Futures