

How to search, retrieve and analyse IRIS data

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09:30–10:45 IRIS data analysis

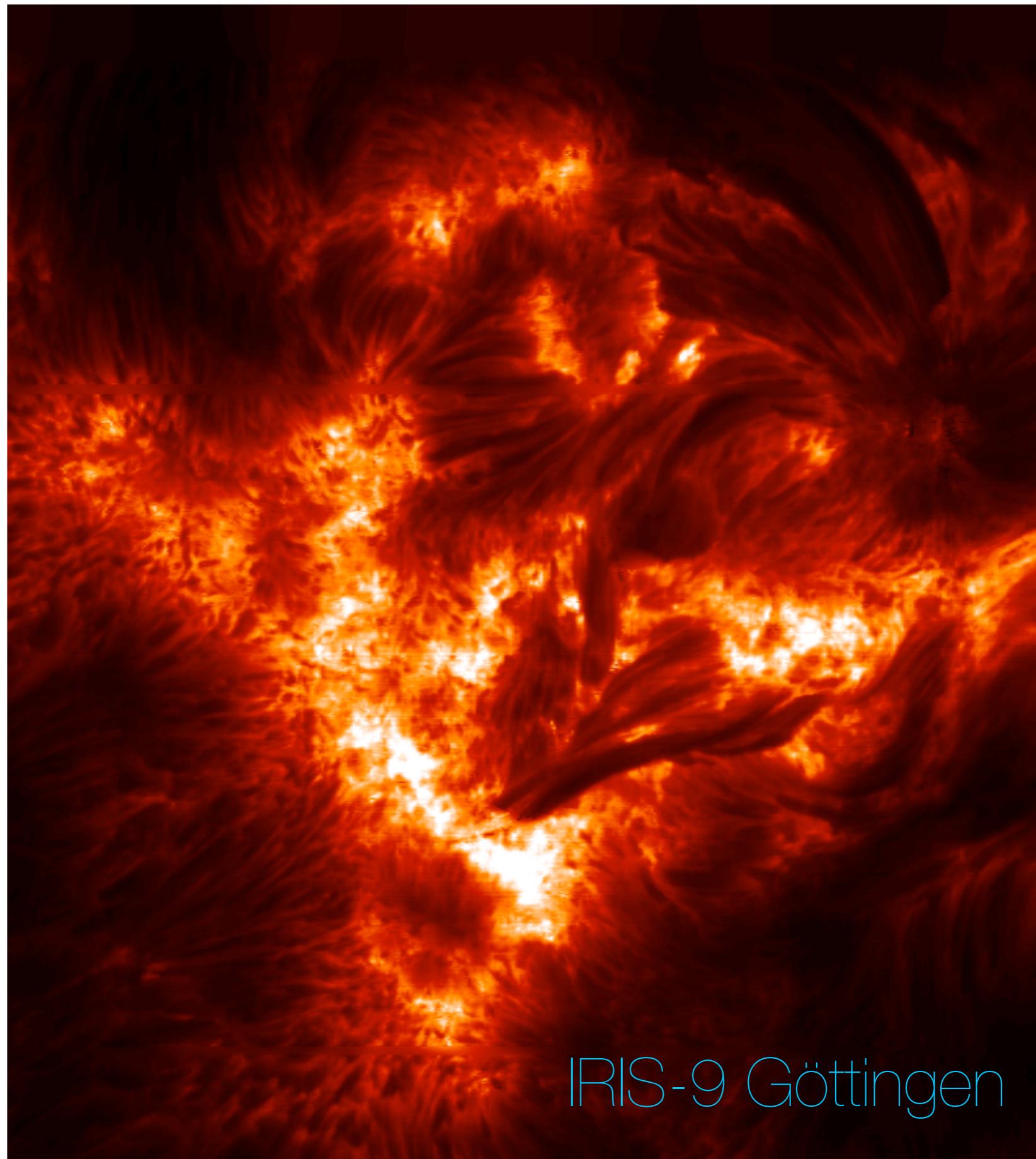
10:45–11:00 *IRISpy by D. Ryan*

11:00–11:30 Coffee

11:30–12:45 Hands-on tutorials



Rossléland
Centre
for Solar
Physics



Course Resources

Slides and tutorials:

<https://folk.uio.no/tiago/iris9>

Lecture Overview

- | | |
|----------|--|
| Part 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Introduction and structure of IRIS data● Getting the data, quicklook tools● Working with IRIS data in Python● Working with IRIS data in IDL● Additional Data Calibration● CRISPEX |
| Tutorial | <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Hands-on tutorials |

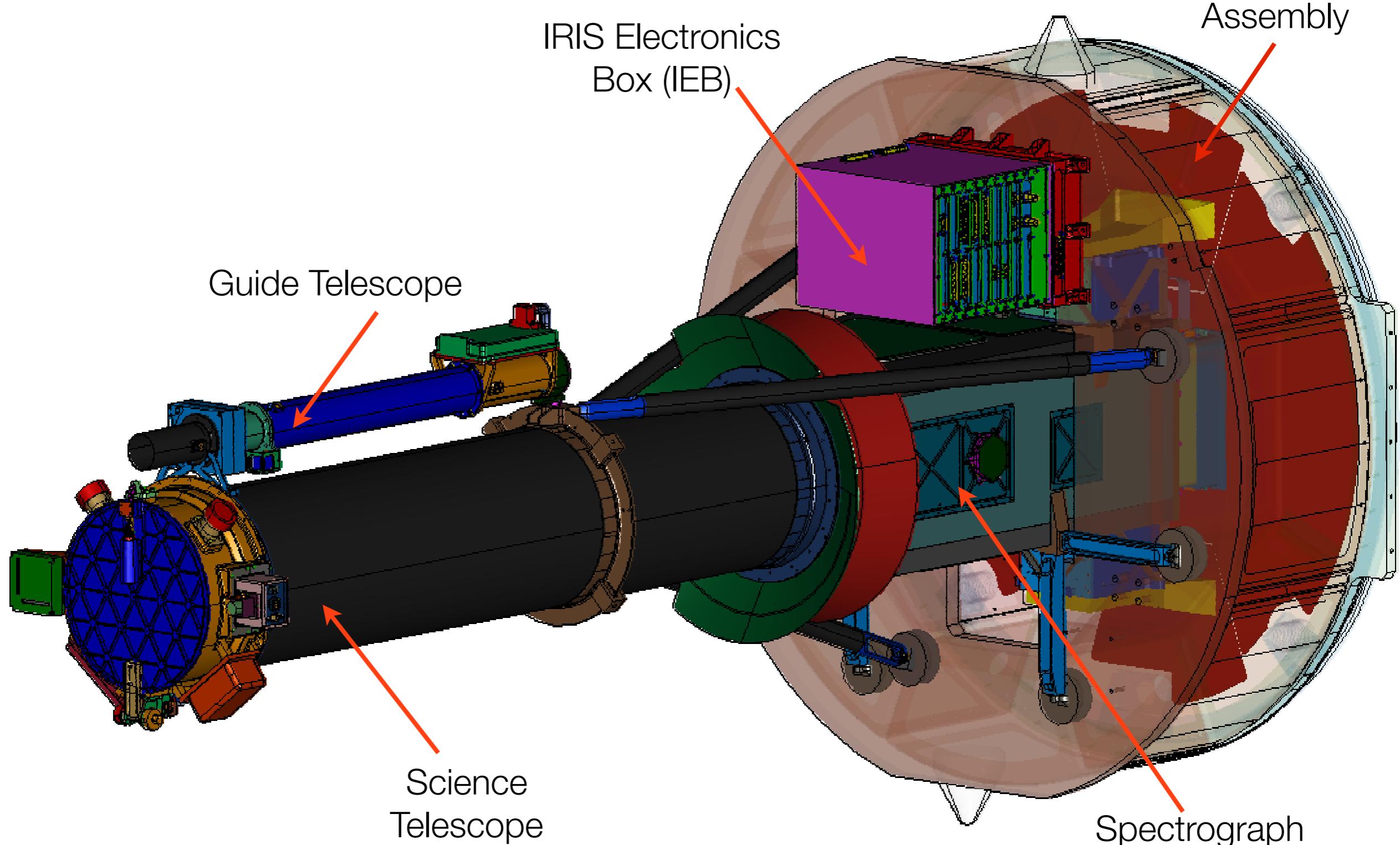
Lecture Overview

- Part 1
 - Introduction and structure of IRIS data
 - Getting the data, quicklook tools
 - Working with IRIS data in Python
 - Working with IRIS data in IDL
 - Additional Data Calibration
 - CRISPEX

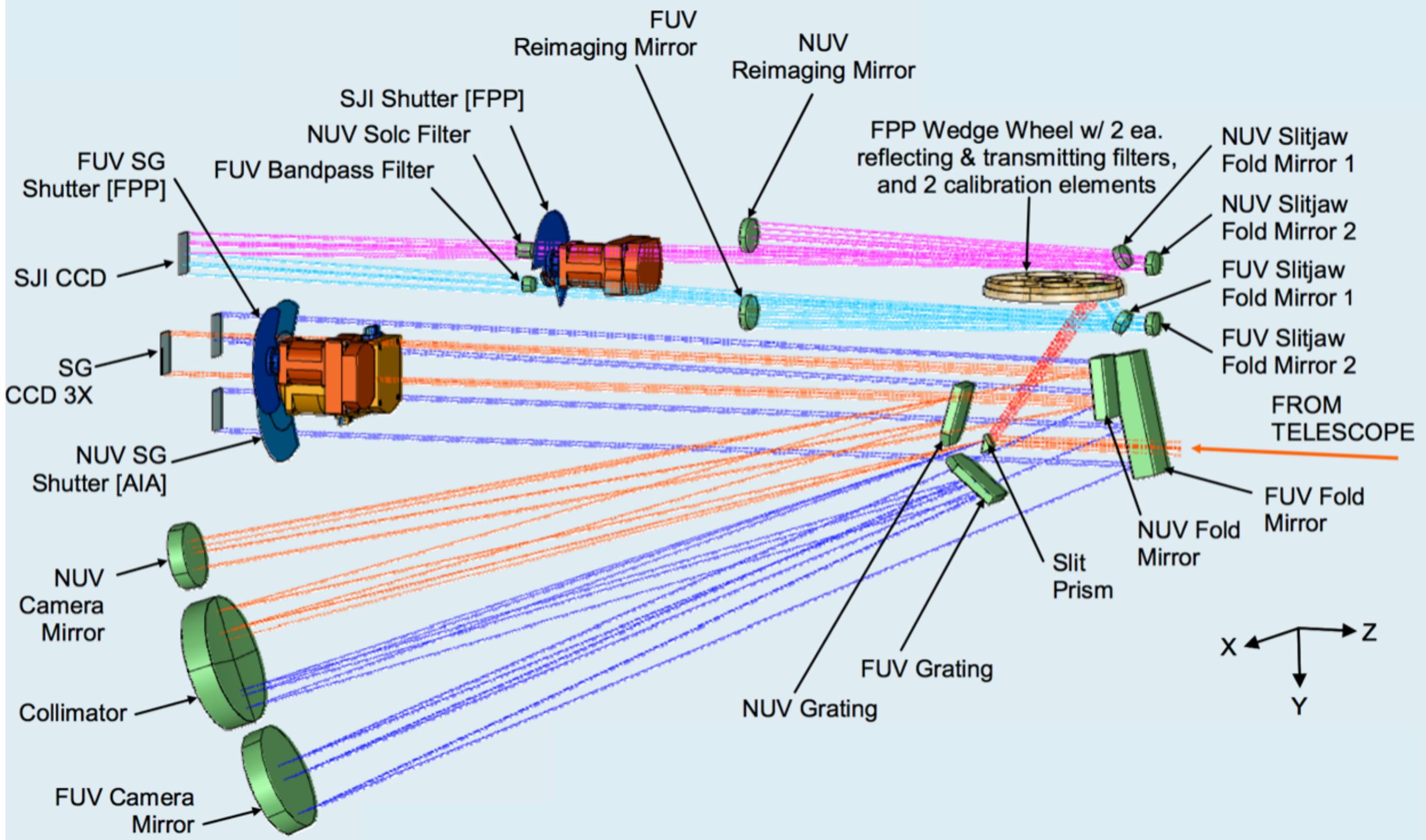
- Tutorial
 - Hands-on tutorials

What is IRIS?

High resolution, far/near UV imaging spectrograph with slit-jaw imaging



Courtesy Bart De Pontieu



Schematic diagram of path taken by light in the FUV spectrograph (dark blue), NUV spectrograph (orange), FUV slit-jaw (light blue) and NUV slit-jaw (purple) path.

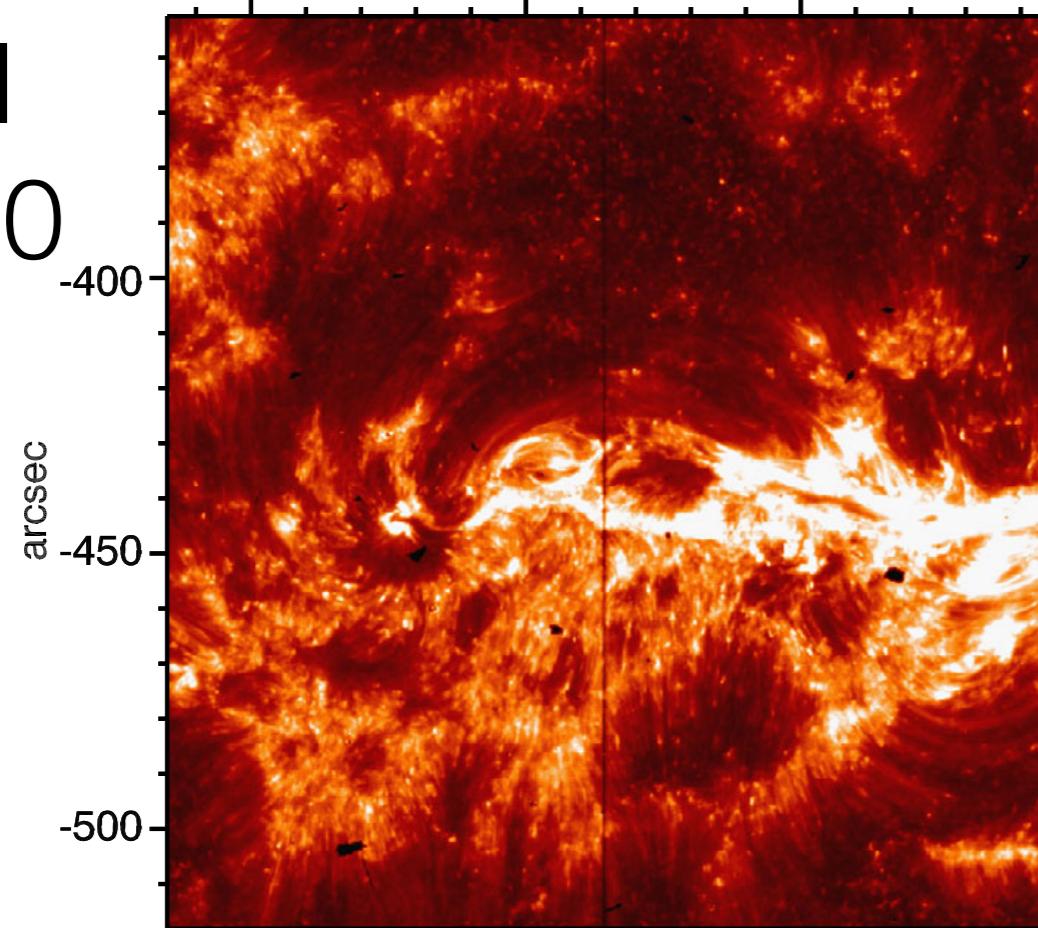
Table 2 IRIS spectrograph channels. Dispersion, Camera Electronics Box (CEB), and Effective Area (EA) vary for the three bandpasses.

Band	Wavelength [Å]	Disp. [mÅ pix ⁻¹]	FOV [""]	Pixel [""]	CEB	Shutter	EA [cm ²]	Temp. [log T]
FUV 1	1331.7–1358.4	12.98	175	0.1663	1	FUV SG	1.6	3.7–7.0
FUV 2	1389.0–1407.0	12.72	175	0.1663	1	FUV SG	2.2	3.7–5.2
NUV	2782.7–2835.1	25.46	175	0.1664	2	NUV SG	0.2	3.7–4.2

Table 3 IRIS slot channels. Filter-wheel positions can be either transmitting (T) or reflecting/mirrors (M).

Band-pass	Filter wheel	Name	Center [Å]	Width [Å]	FOV [""×""]	Pix. [""]	EA [cm ²]	Temp. [log T]
Glass	1 T	5000	5000	broad	175 ²	0.1679	–	–
C II	31 M	1330	1340	55	175 ²	0.1656	0.5	3.7–7.0
Mg II h/k	61 T	2796	2796	4	175 ²	0.1679	0.005	3.7–4.2
Si IV	91 M	1400	1390	55	175 ²	0.1656	0.6	3.7–5.2
Mg II wing	121 T	2832	2830	4	175 ²	0.1679	0.004	3.7–3.8
Broad	151 M	1600W	1370	90	175 ²	0.1656	–	–

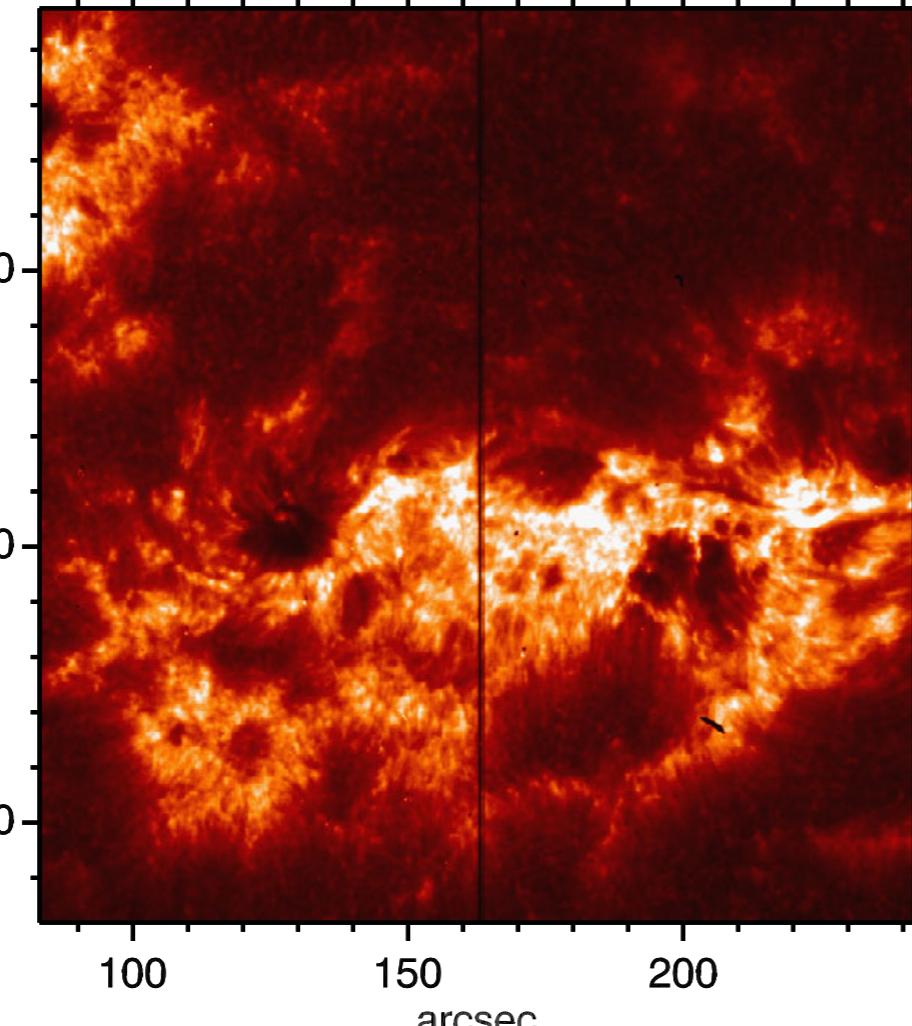
SJI
1330



SJI

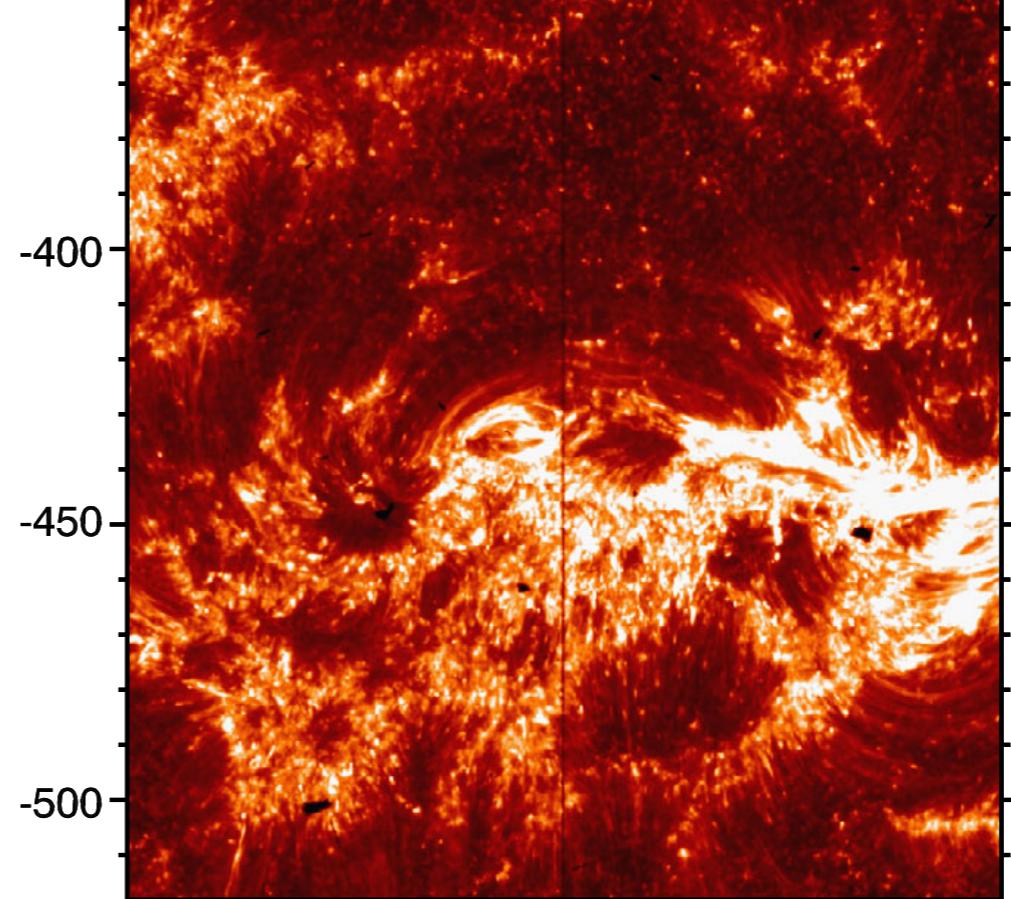
2796

arcsec



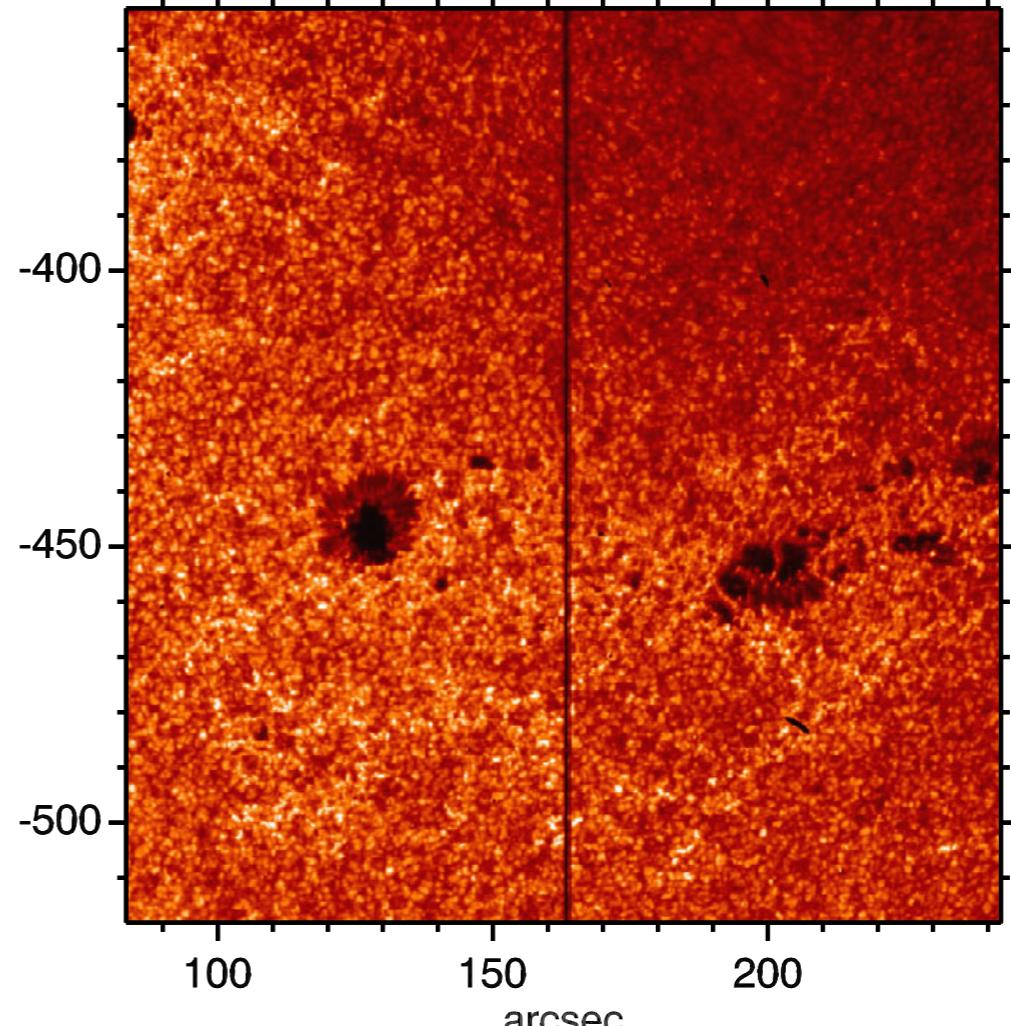
arcsec

arcsec



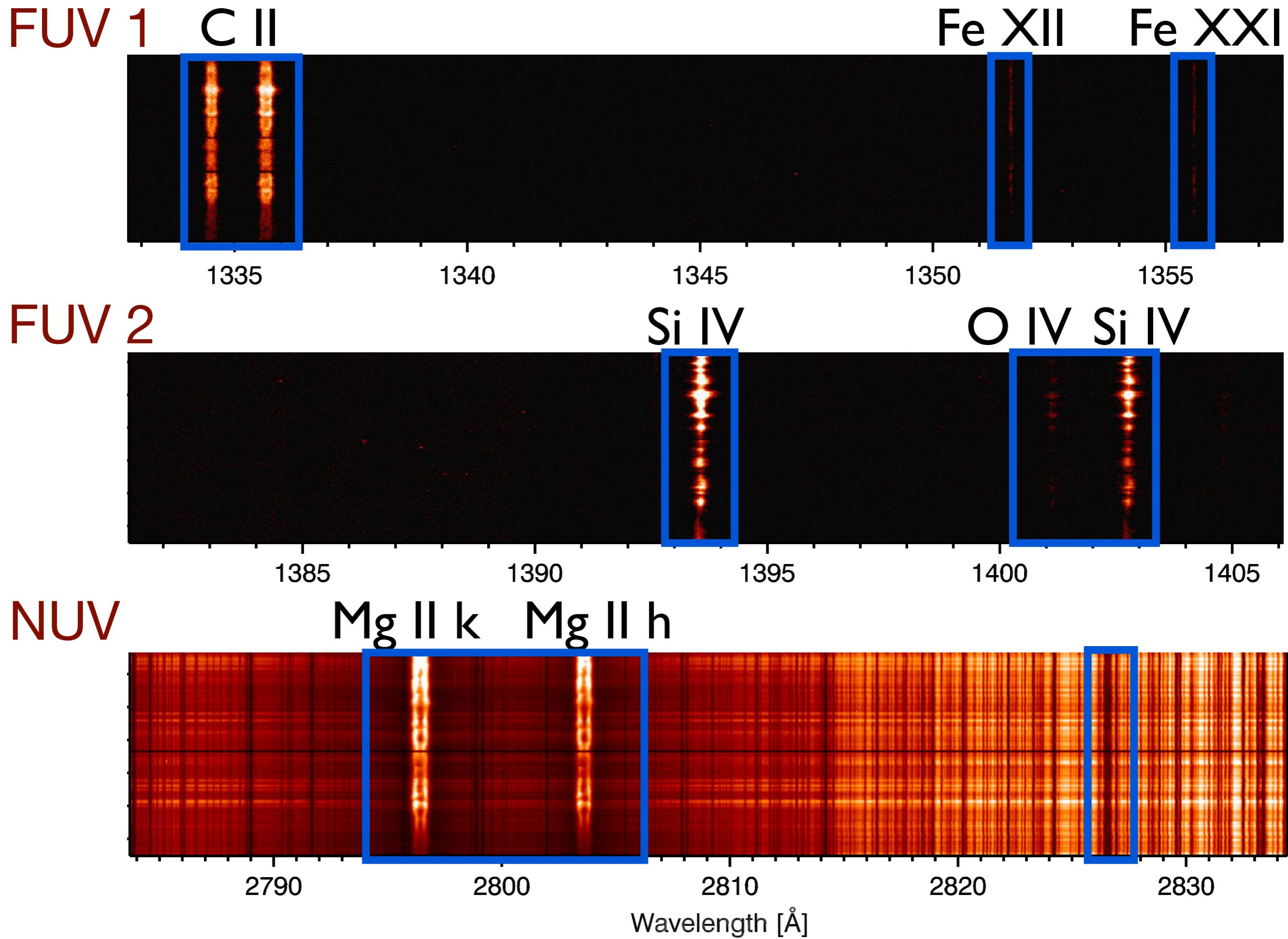
SJI
1400

arcsec

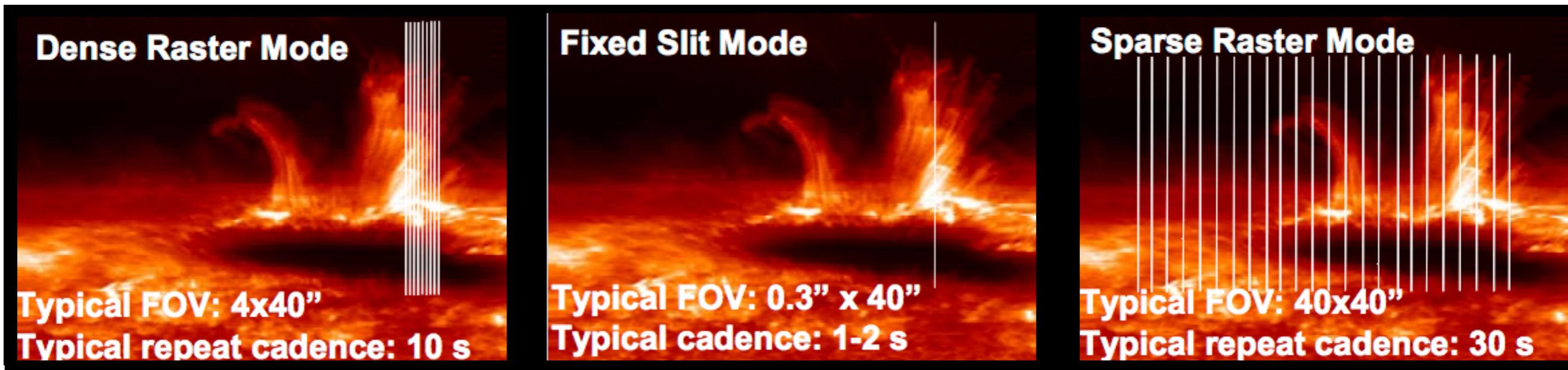


SJI
2832

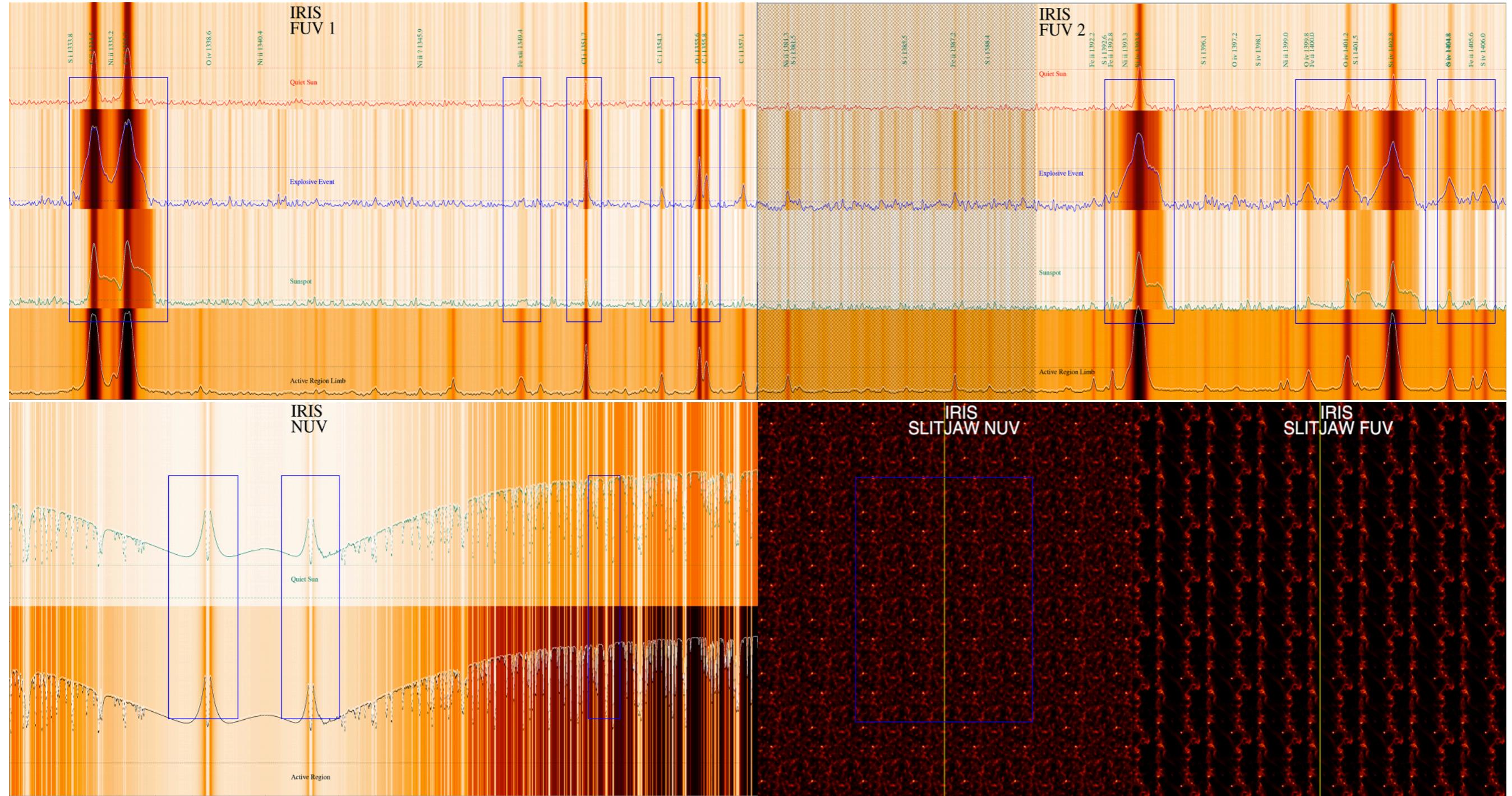
arcsec



IRIS also performs sparse rasters to improve cadence
(resulting in reduced data rate)



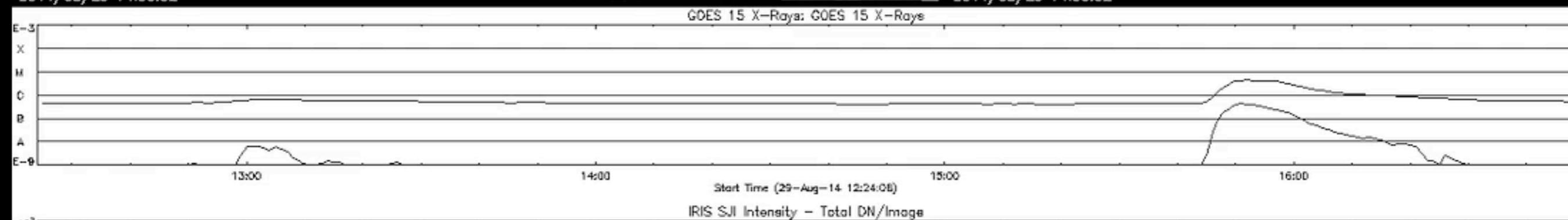
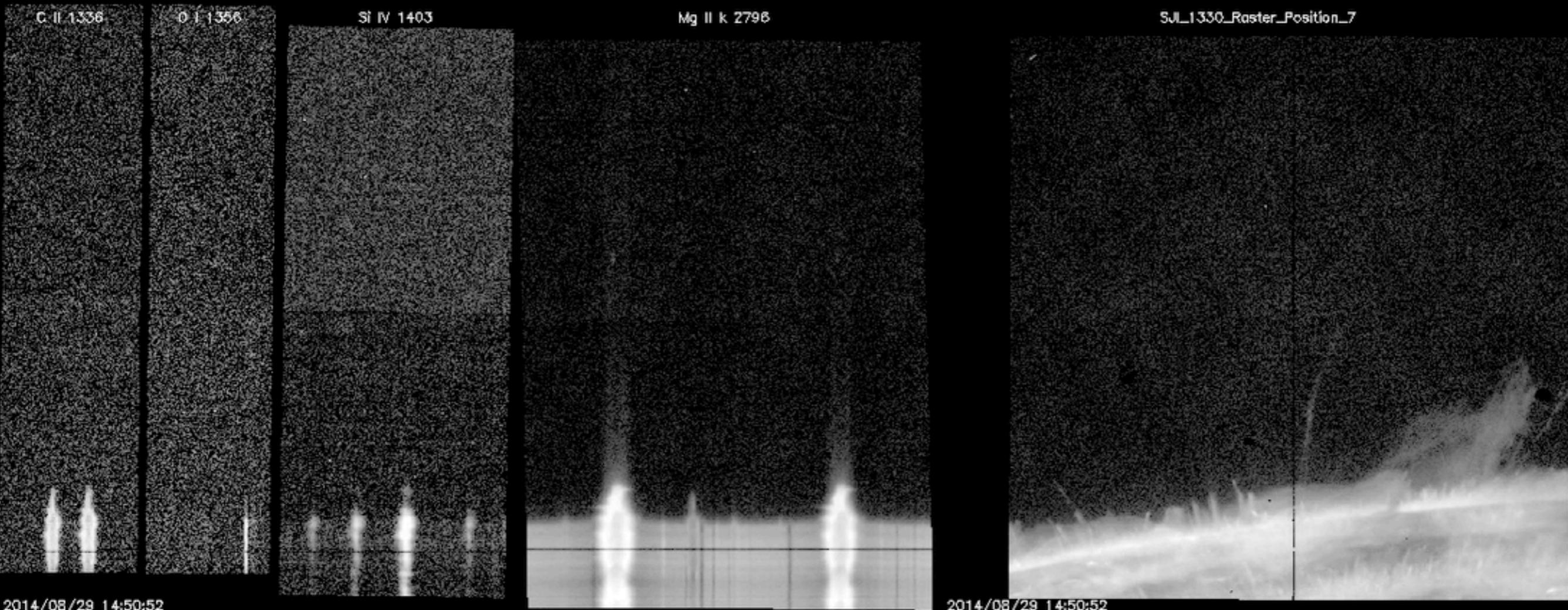
IRIS camera layout



C II O I Si IV
133.6 135.5 140.3

Mg II

SJI 133 (C II + Fe XII)



Observing tables

OBS ID codifies the observing mode

OBS ID parent	Description
0-100	Basic raster type (sit-and-stare, rasters, ...)
0-2,000	SJI choices
0-12,000	Exposure times
0-220,000	Summing modes (applied to FUV, NUV, SJI)
0-750,000	FUV summing modes
0-4,000,000	SJI cadence
0-10,000,000	Compression choices
0-180,000,000	Linelists
3.8-4 billion	OBS table generation number

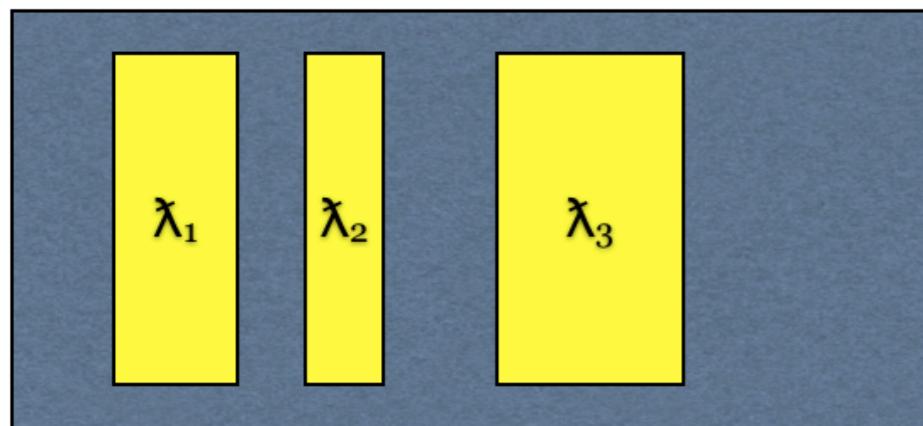
See IRIS paper or ITN 31 for a detailed listing of the different modes.

IRIS data levels

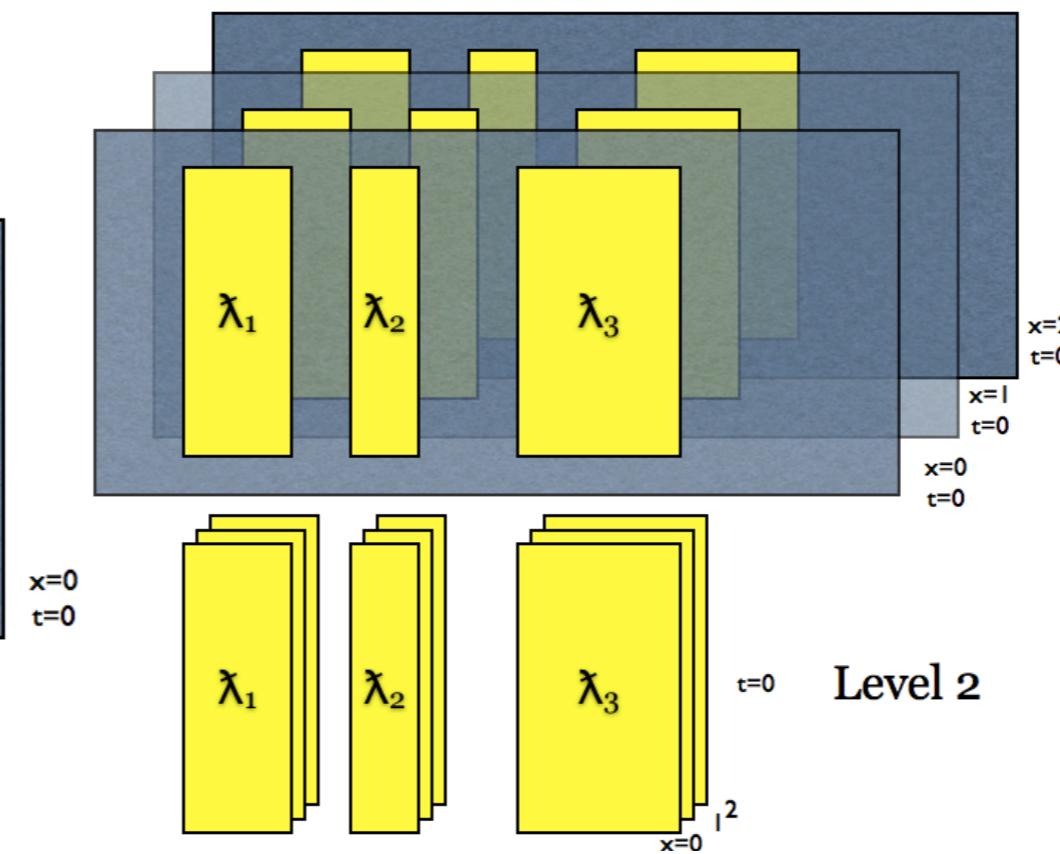
Level	Processing	Notes
TLM	Capture	Raw telemetry
0	Depacketized	Raw images with basic keywords
1	Reorient images to common axes: North up (0° roll), increasing wavelength to right	Lowest distributed level
1.5	Dark current and offsets removed Flag bad pixels and pixels with spikes Flat-field correction Geometric and wavelength calibration	Transitory data product for level 2 production. Not distributed, for internal use only. Use <code>iris_prep</code> to go from level 1 to 1.5
2	Recast as rasters and SJI time series	Standard science product. Scaled and stored as 16-bit integer.
3	Recast as 4D cubes for NUV/FUV spectra.	<i>CRISPEX</i> format. May include transposed (sp) version. No SJI.

IRIS data levels

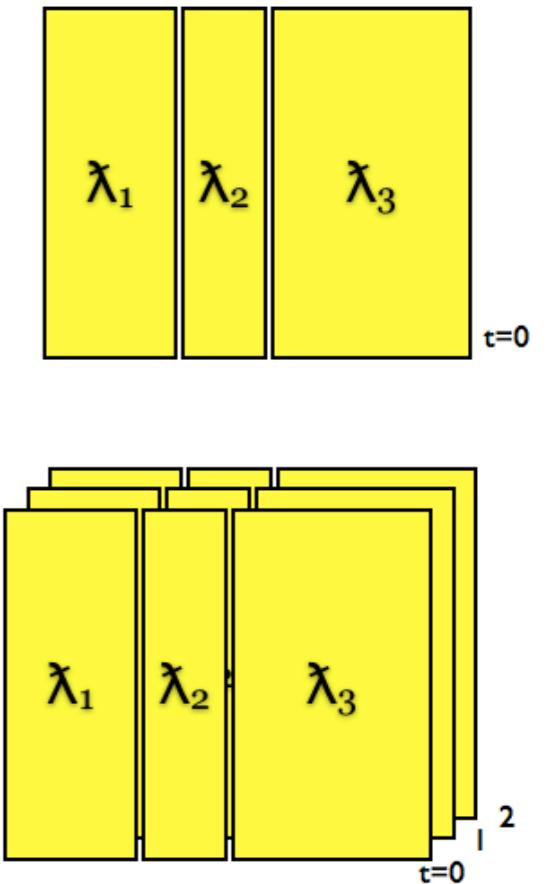
Level 1



Level 2



Level 3



Level 2 FITS structure: raster (SP)

HDU #	HDU type	Contents	Data dimensions
0	Primary	Main header	No data
1	Image Extension	Data for wavelength window 1	[<code>nwave_1</code> , <code>ny</code> , <code>nrt</code>]
2	Image Extension	Data for wavelength window 2	[<code>nwave_2</code> , <code>ny</code> , <code>nrt</code>]
...			
n	Image Extension	Data for wavelength window n	[<code>nwave_n</code> , <code>ny</code> , <code>nrt</code>]
n + 1	Image Extension	Auxiliary metadata	[47, <code>nrt</code>]
n + 2	Table Extension	Technical metadata	[<code>nrt</code> , 7]

Level 2 FITS structure: SJI

HDU #	HDU type	Contents	Data dimensions
0	Primary	Main header and data	[<code>nx</code> , <code>ny</code> , <code>nt</code>]
1	Image Extension	Auxiliary metadata	[30, <code>nt</code>]
2	Table Extension	Technical metadata	[<code>nt</code> , 5]

Online guide to IRIS data analysis [NEW]

Operations/Planning

- [ITN 1 - IRIS Operations Overview](#)
- [ITN 2 - Manual for Table Creator](#)
- [ITN 3 - Manual for Timeline Tool](#)
- [ITN 4 - Manual for Synthetic Observations Tool](#)
- [ITN 5 - Operations Under Roll Conditions](#)
- [ITN 6 - AEC Operations](#)
- [ITN 7 - Compression Approach](#)
- [ITN 8 - Checklist for IRIS planner](#)
- [ITN 9 - Periodic Calibration Activities](#)
- [ITN 50 - How to request IRIS coordinated observations \[NEW\]](#)

Data Flow

- [ITN 10 - General Approach to Data Flow and Archiving](#)
- [ITN 11 - Definition of Data Levels](#)
- [ITN 12 - Definition of Keywords](#)
- [ITN 13 - VSO and IRIS](#)
- [Level 2 keywords](#)

Calibration

- [ITN 14 - Dark Current/Offset](#)
- [ITN 15 - Despiking](#)
- [ITN 16 - Flat-field](#)
- [ITN 16b - FUV background](#)
- [ITN 19 - Geometric Calibration](#)
- [ITN 20 - Wavelength Calibration](#)
- [ITN 21 - Recasting into Level 2/3 Data](#)
- [ITN 22 - Co-alignment, Plate Scale Analysis](#)
- [ITN 23 - MTF/PSF Determination](#)
- [ITN 24 - Stellar Calibration](#)
- [ITN 25 - Gain Determination](#)

IRIS mission/instrument paper

Data Analysis

- [ITN 26 - User Guide To Data Analysis](#)
- [ITN 27 - Quicklook Tools Manual](#)
- [ITN 28 - IRIS IDL Data Structure](#)
- [ITN 29 - Deconvolution Approach](#)
- [ITN 30 - 60 Day Observing Plan](#)
- [ITN 31 - IRIS science planning: tables, linelists, targets](#)
- [ITN 32 - Co-aligned IRIS, SDO and Hinode observations](#)
- [SolarSoft Tree and UVSP Database](#)
- [Data analysis tutorial at AAS 2014](#)
- [List of Flares observed with IRIS](#)

Numerical Modeling

- [ITN 33 - General Overview of Numerical Simulations](#)
- [ITN 34 - Numerical Simulations Quicklook Tools](#)
- [ITN 35 - Numerical Simulations Synthetic Observables](#)
- [ITN 36 - RH 1.5 D Manual](#)
- [ITN 37 - How to Derive Physical Information from Mg II h/k](#)

IRIS Technical Notes List (ITN)

Tutorials

- [Data Analysis Tutorials](#)
- [IRIS-7 Tutorials](#)
- [Data Analysis](#)
- [Radiative Transfer](#)
- [Bifrost Simulation](#)
- [Operation of IRIS](#)
- [Flare Simulation](#)
- [UV Spectroscopy and IRIS Lines](#)

Questions

Go to www.menti.com and use the code **40 80 40**

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Searching, downloading, browsing data

- IRIS search webpage <http://iris.lmsal.com/search/>
- Hinode SDC Europe <http://sdc.uio.no/search/API>
- SolarSoft IDL
- IRIS today: <http://iris.lmsal.com/iristoday/>
- HEK recent observations:
<http://www.lmsal.com/hek/hcr?cmd=view-recent-events&instrument=iris>

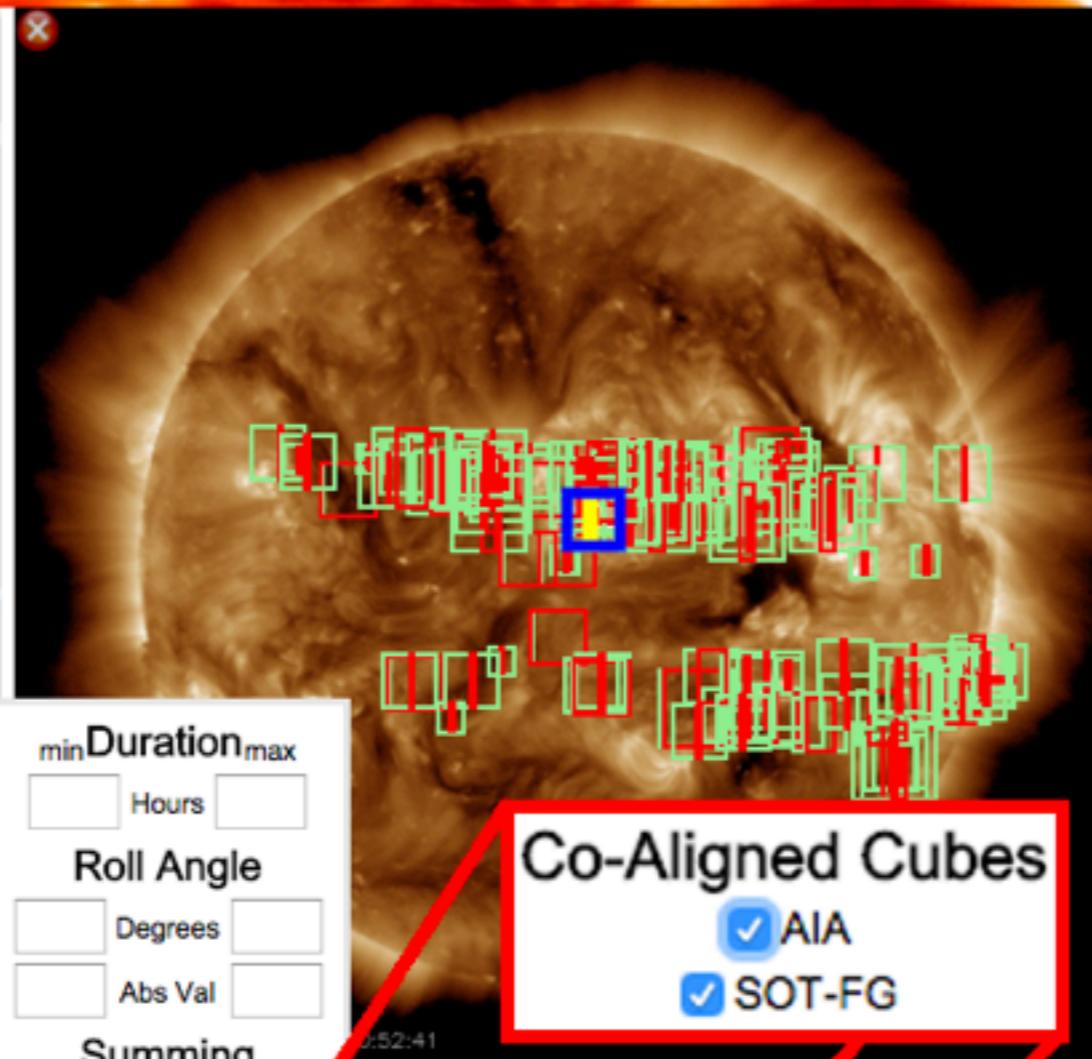
Live demo:
searching and downloading

INTERFACE REGION IMAGING SPECTROGRAPH

IRIS DATA SEARCH

[Help](#)
[Export SSW](#)

<< < Start > >>	<< < End > >>		
2015-07-01T00:00	2015-09-01T00:00		
min Raster max			
FOV X	FOV X		
FOV Y	FOV Y		
Count			
Cdnce			
Raster Step			
Count			
Size			
Cdnce			
Exposure Time			
Min Exp			
Exp Time			
Spectral Lines			
OBSID:	Target :		
XCEN			
YCEN			
Radius			
Desc: Events			
Count: 124 Limit: 400	<input type="button" value="Search"/>	<input type="button" value="Reset"/>	<input type="button" value="Less"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Only OBS with data	<input type="checkbox"/> Only Annotated	193	



Time	Goal	OBS Desc.	X,Y
22:44-03:43 +1d	AR Coordination with Hinode	Medium coarse 4-step raster	882", -298"
2015-08-04 07:59-10:58	SST Coordination, High Datarate	Very large dense 96-step raster	-174", 104"
2015-08-04 16:38-17:31	BBSO coord - filament in AR 12394	Very large dense 96-step raster	-163", 144"
2015-08-04 17:47-19:42	BBSO coord - filament in AR 12394	Large sit-and-stare	-159", 145"
2015-08-05 11:09-16:06	AR12394 tracking, with Hinode	Large coarse 8-step raster	55", 94"
2015-08-05 16:59-17:52	BBSO Coord - filament in AR12394	Very large dense 96-step raster	47", 142"
2015-08-05 18:14-20:04	BBSO Coord - filament in AR12394	Large sit-and-stare	60", 130"
2015-08-05 21:16-02:19 +1d	AR12394 Tracking, with Hinode	Large coarse 8-step raster	142", 97"
2015-08-06 05:09-05:27	A1: QS Monitoring	Large coarse 64-step raster	-2", 2"

Overview	Raster	SJI	Data Links	Coaligned Data
2015-08-05 11:09:21-16:06:17	<p><u>th Hinode</u> : coarse 8-step raster</p> <p>FOV: 14"x119" Cad: 18s, 980 imgs Cad: 9.1s Cad: 73s, 245 ras</p> <p>elist: v38_03</p>	wave, cadence, # images	Annotate	
	<p><u>Raster</u> 1009 MB <u>1330</u> 169 MB <u>2796</u> 199 MB</p> <p><u>SOT FG</u> 208 MB (Ca II, G-Band) <u>AIA</u> 1777 MB</p>			

X Iris_Xfiles - QL Control Window

Exit



Select data source

◆ IRIS ◆ EIS/CCSDS ◆ EIS/FITS ◆ EIS/HK

Start/Stop for file search, Time Units: [D]D-MON-[YR]YR HH:MM:SS[,MS]

Last 5 days

Recent time-windows

6-Aug-2013 - 20-Aug-2013

Start Time: 6-Aug-2013 13:17:10

Stop Time: 20-Aug-2013 13:17:10

Up until now

ignore times (only if no tree structure)

Set search filter iris 12*

Search Pattern:

free search

Edit

Start Search

Stop Search

Search Directory

/Users/tiago/data/iris/data/level2/2013/09/14/20130914_215908_4004257747/

Change

STARTOBS	OBSID	OBS_DESC	XCEN	YCEN	SAT_ROT
2013-09-14T21:59:08.000	4004257747	Medium sit-and-stare 0.3"x60" 1s	Mg II h	169.9	-127.7
				-0.0	

/Users/tiago/data/iris/data/level2/2013/09/14/20130914_215908_4004257747/iris_12_20130914_215908_4004257747_SJI_2796_t000.fits

/Users/tiago/data/iris/data/level2/2013/09/14/20130914_215908_4004257747/iris_12_20130914_215908_4004257747_raster_t000_r00000.fits

Live demo:
IRIS xfiles

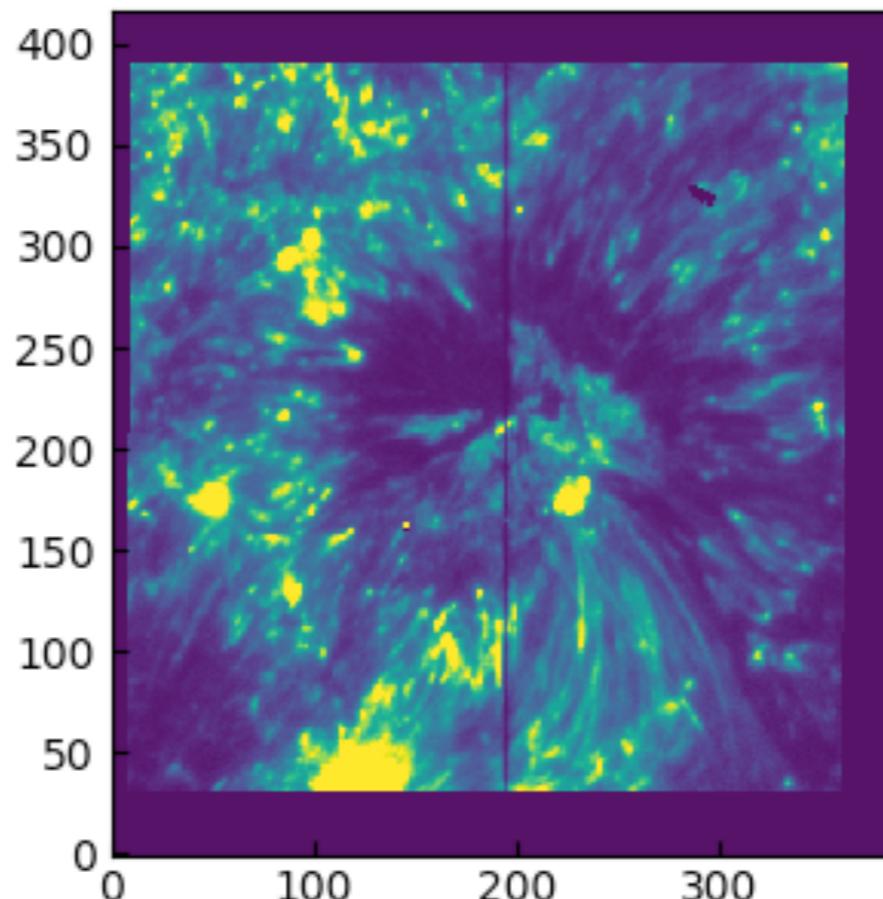
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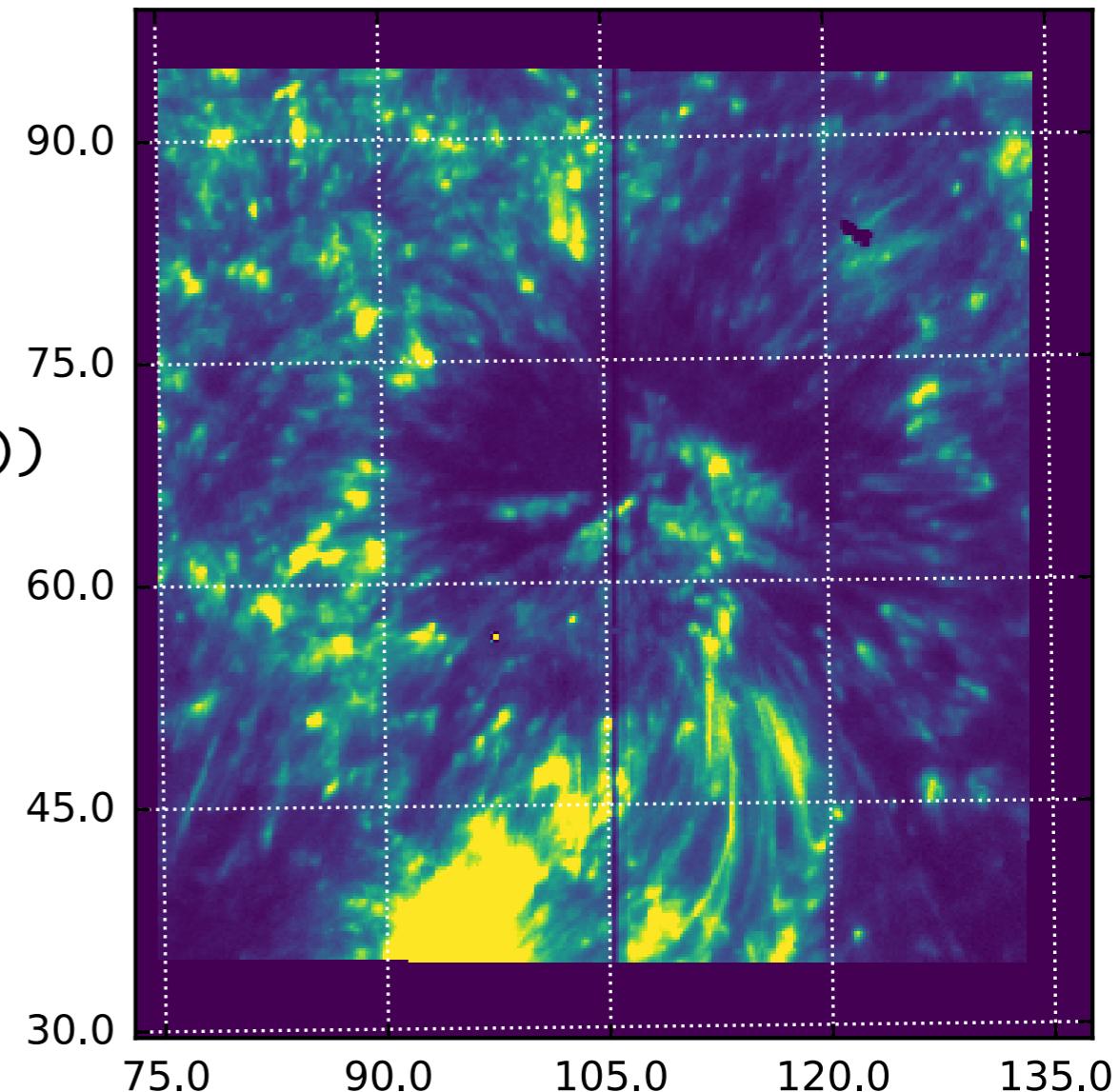
Using astropy.io.fits

```
>>> from astropy.io import fits  
>>> import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
>>> MYFILE = "iris_l2_20130902_163935_4000255147_SJI_1400_t000.fits"  
>>> f = fits.open(MYFILE)  
>>> f[0].header  
(...)  
>>> f[0].data # SJI  
>>> f[n].data # Spectrograph  
>>> data = fits.getdata(MYFILE)  
>>> hd = fits.getheader(MYFILE)  
>>> plt.imshow(f[0].data[100], cmap='viridis', vmin=0, vmax=200)
```



Plotting SJI with coordinates

```
>>> from astropy.wcs import WCS
>>> hd = fits.getheader(MYFILE)
>>> sji = fits.getdata(MYFILE)
>>> wcs = WCS(hd)
>>> ax = plt.subplot(projection=wcs.dropaxis(-1))
>>> ax.imshow(sji[0], vmin=0, vmax=200)
>>> ax.coords[0].set_major_formatter('s.s')
>>> ax.coords[1].set_major_formatter('s.s')
>>> ax.grid(color='w', ls=':')
```



Live demo:
Read IRIS data in Python

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IDL object interface for level 2 data

```
IDL> f = 'iris_l2_20131010_100202_3820259146_raster_t000_r00000.fits'  
IDL> d = iris_obj(f)
```

```
IDL> d->show_lines  
Spectral regions(windows)  
0 1335.71 C II 1336  
1 1349.43 Fe XII 1349  
2 1355.60 O I 1356  
3 1393.78 Si IV 1394  
4 1402.77 Si IV 1403  
5 2832.76 2832  
6 2814.50 2814  
7 2796.20 Mg II k 2796
```

Read IRIS L2

```
IDL> sjifile = 'iris_l2_20131010_100202_3820259146_SJI_2796_t000.fits'  
IDL> read_iris_l2, sjifile, header, data  
(...)  
IDL> help, header, data  
HEADER           STRUCT      = -> <Anonymous> Array[100]  
DATA             FLOAT       = Array[1860, 1092, 100]
```

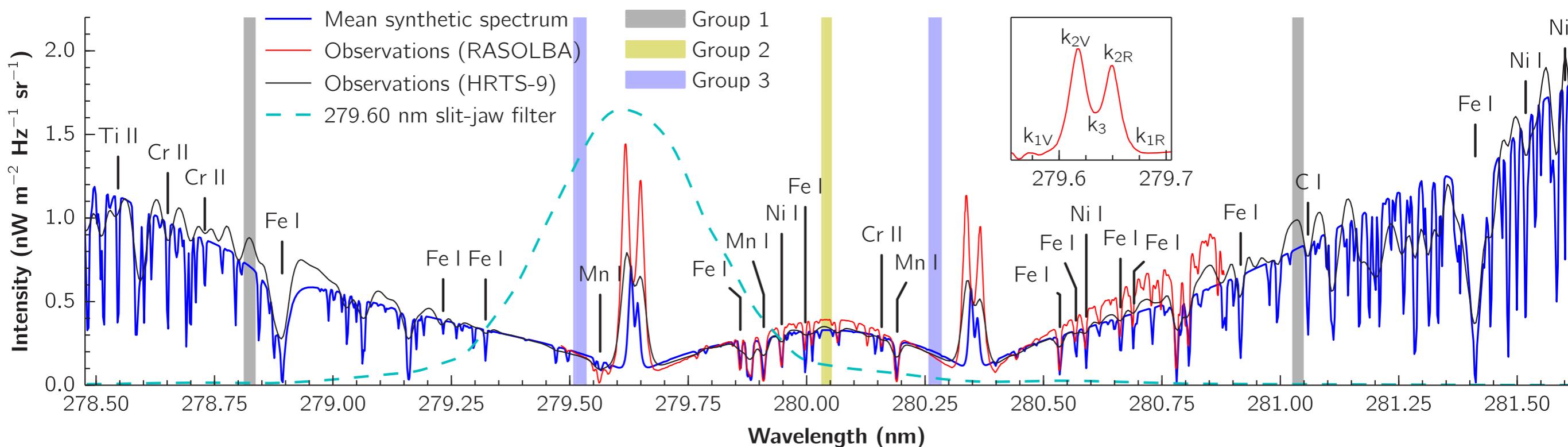
Live demo:
Read IRIS data in IDL

Lecture Overview

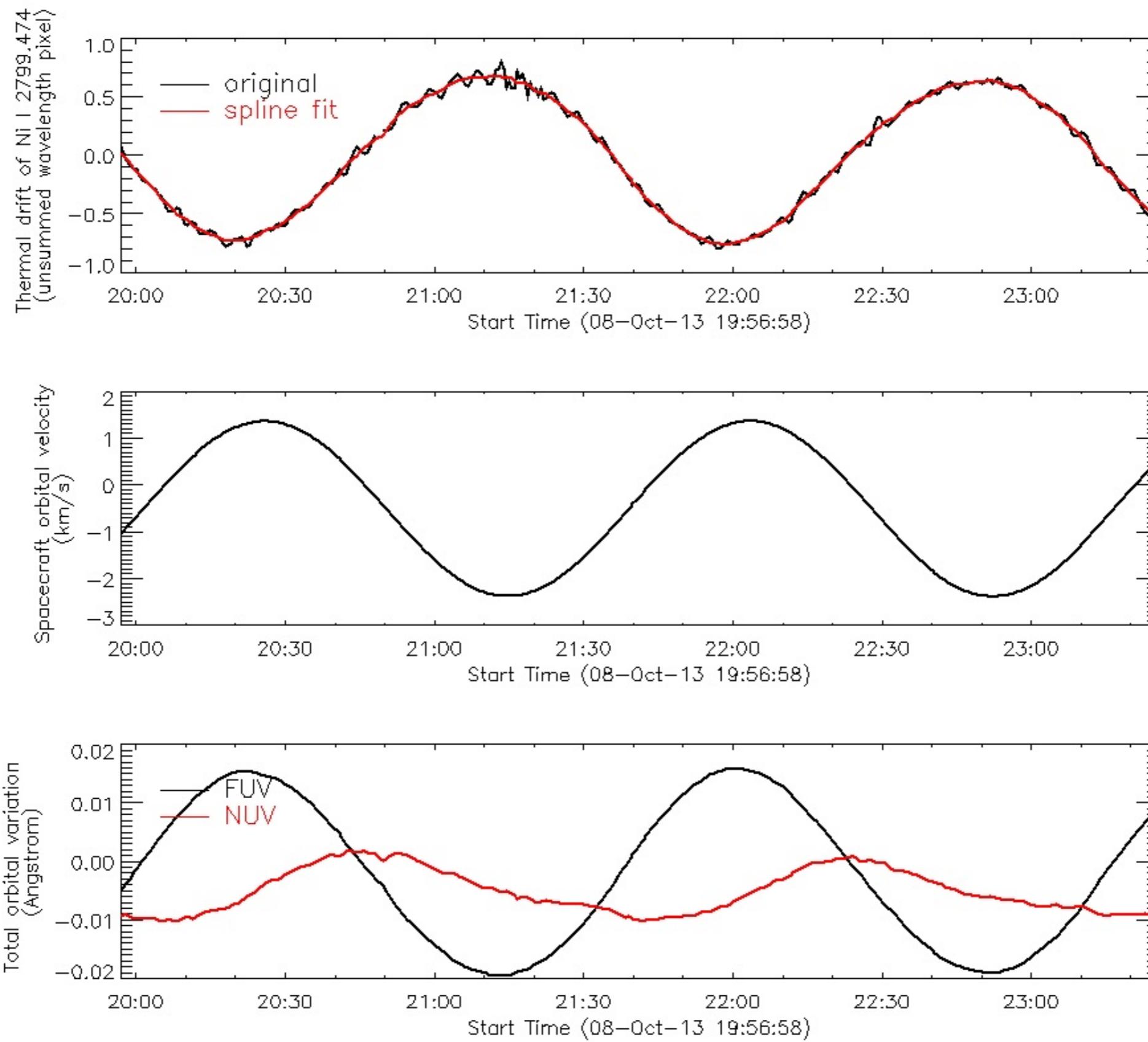
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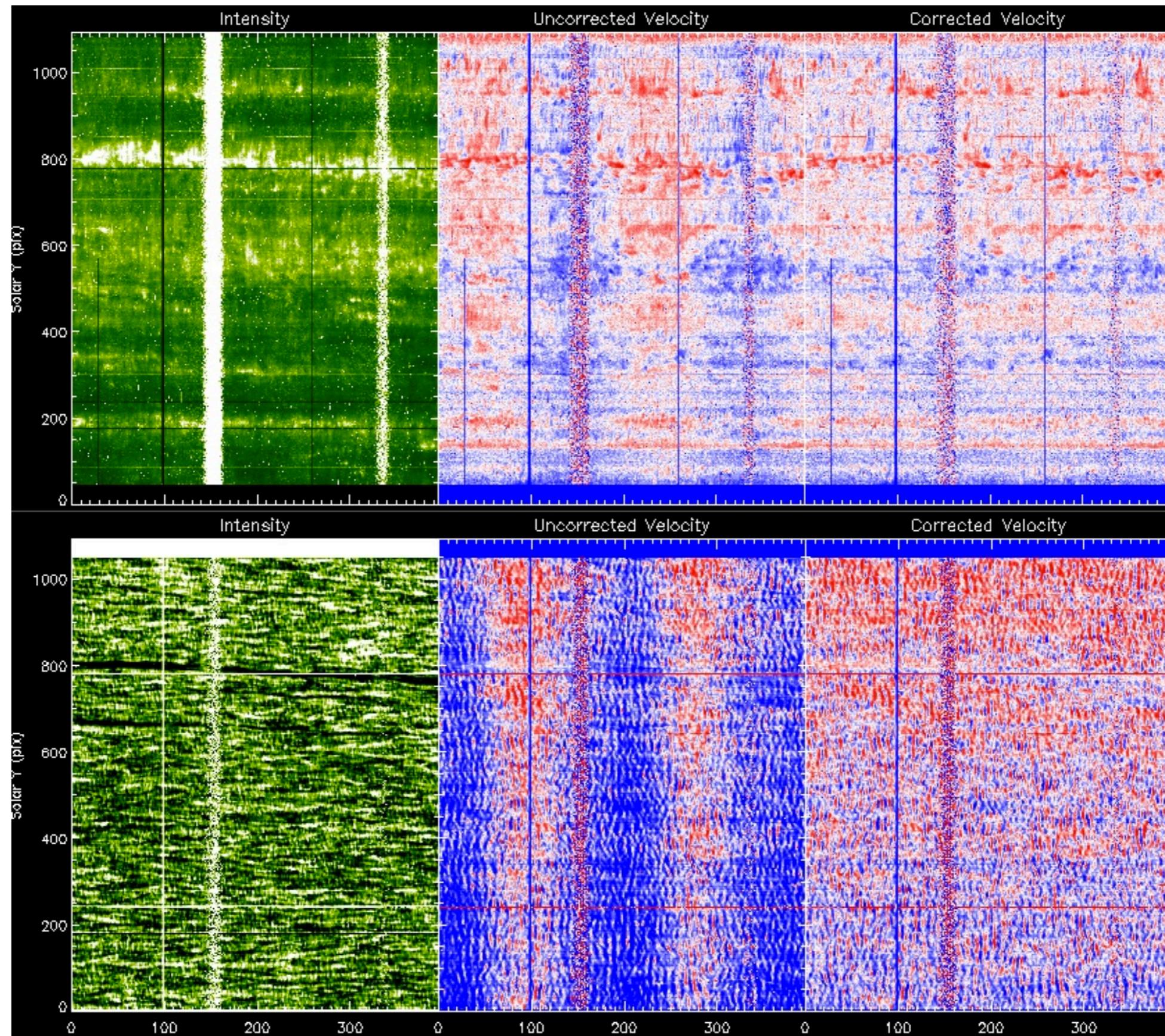
Precise wavelength calibration

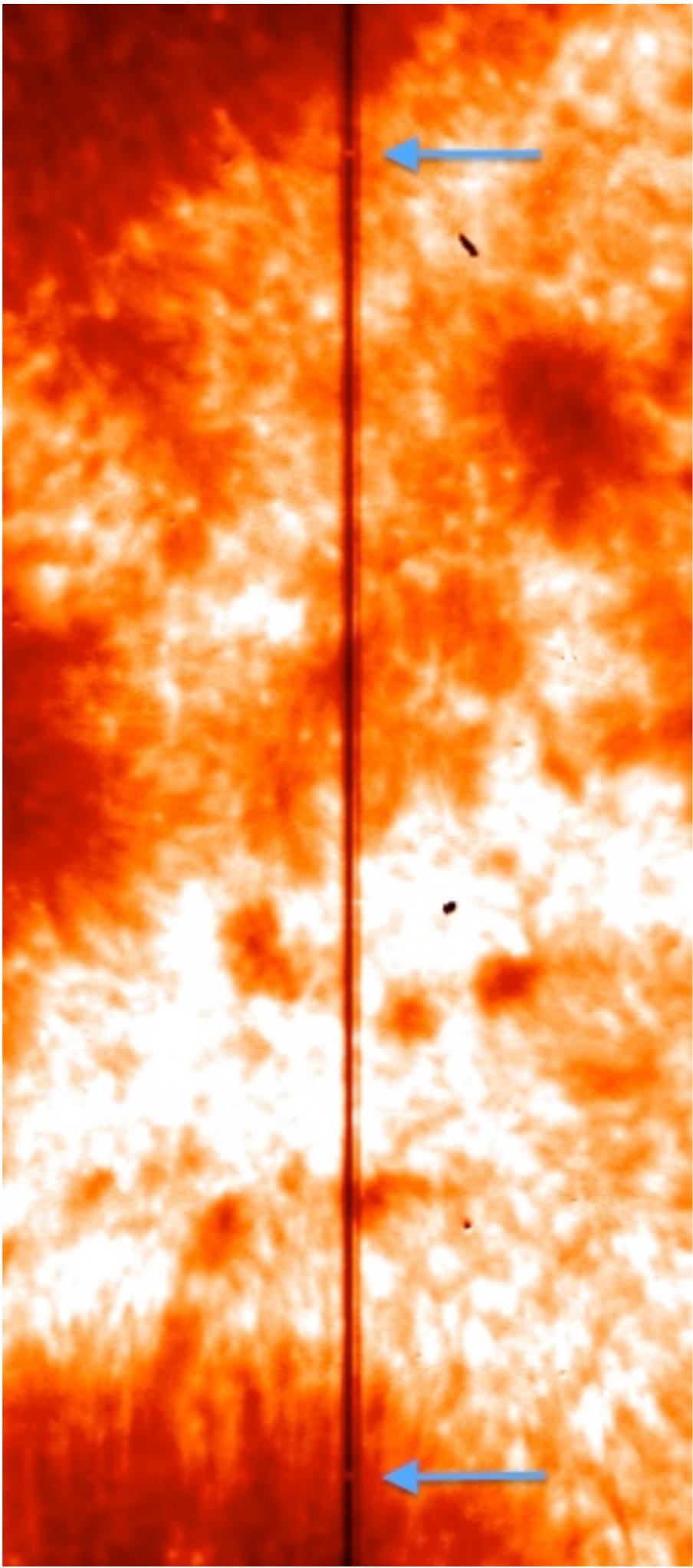


Precise wavelength calibration



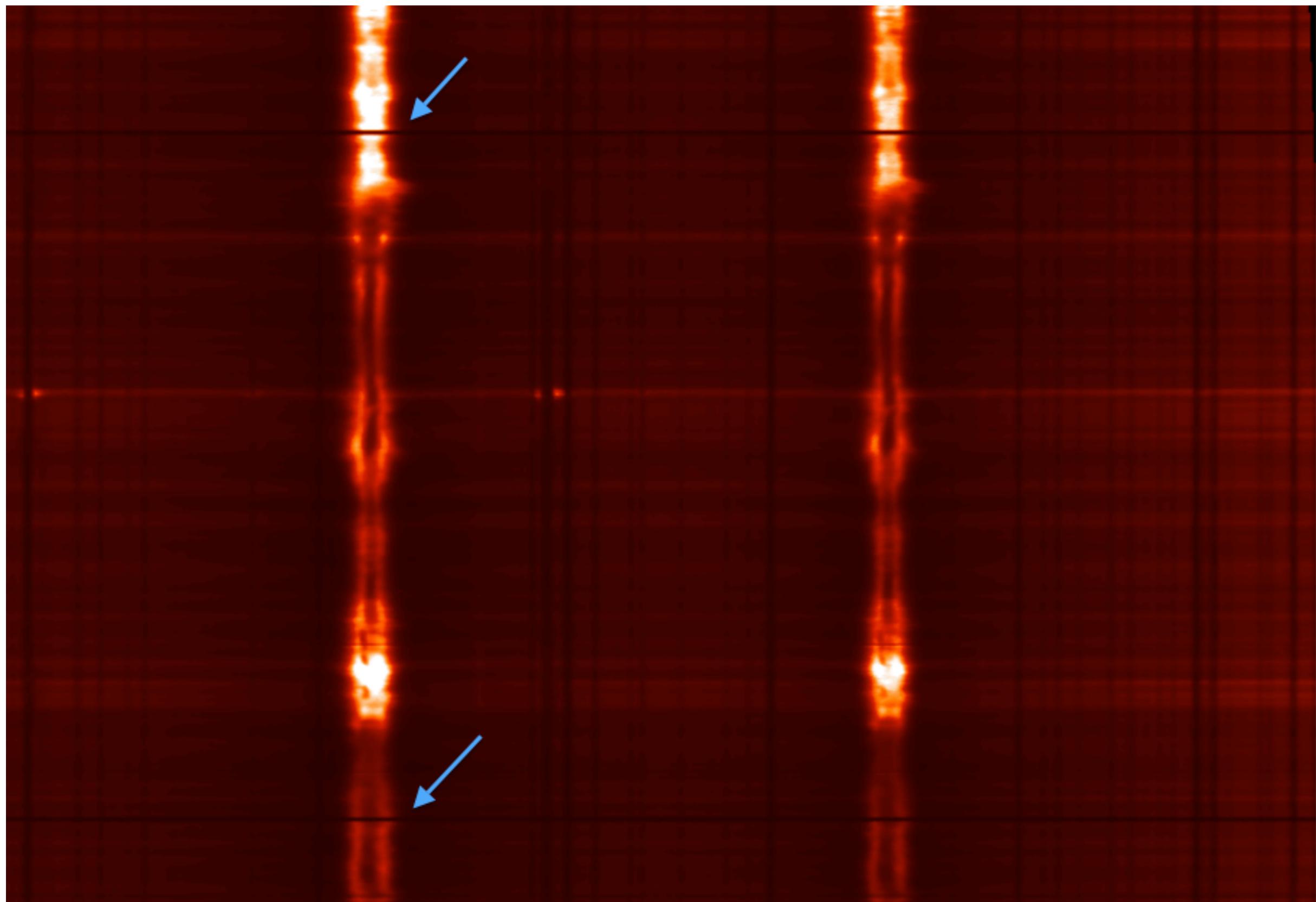
Precise wavelength calibration





Co-alignment
between SJIs

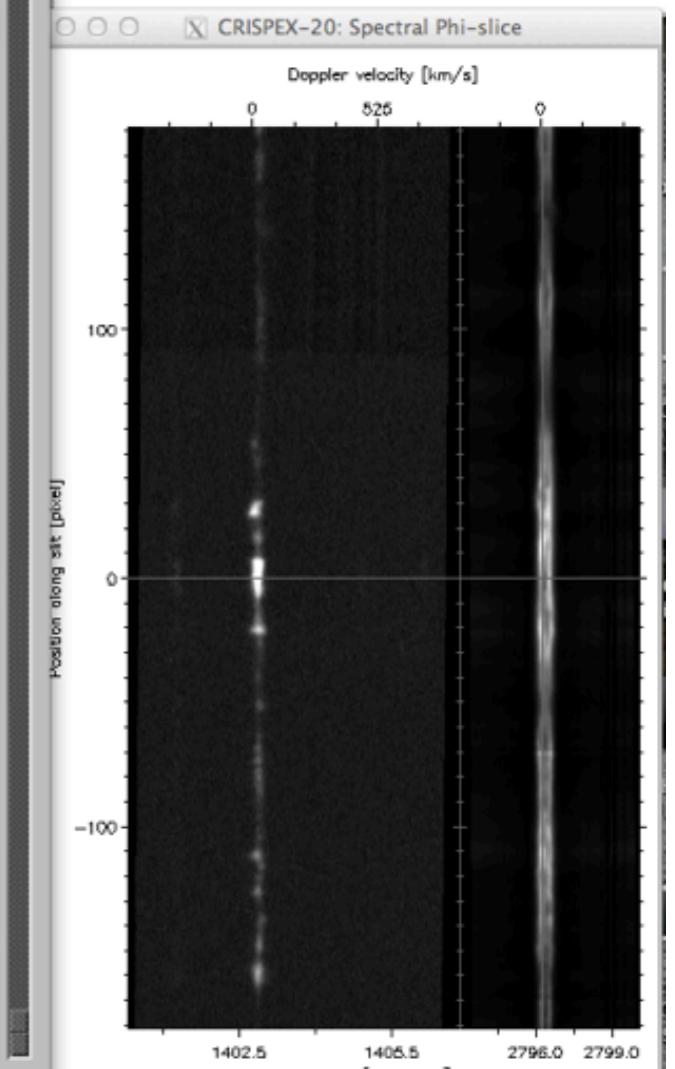
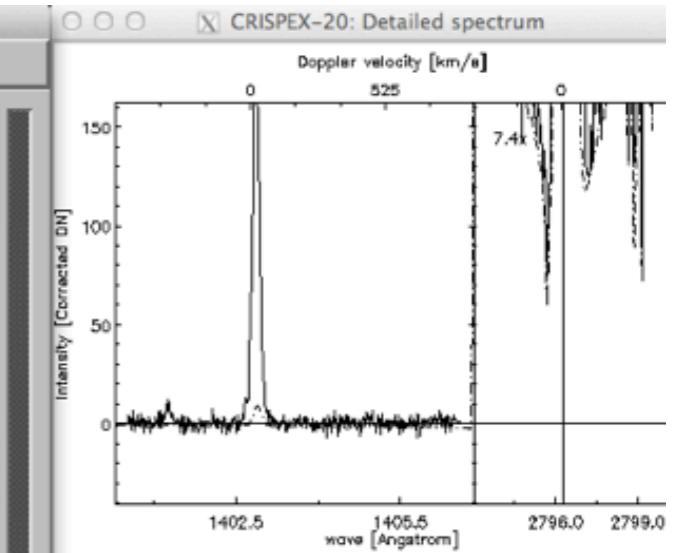
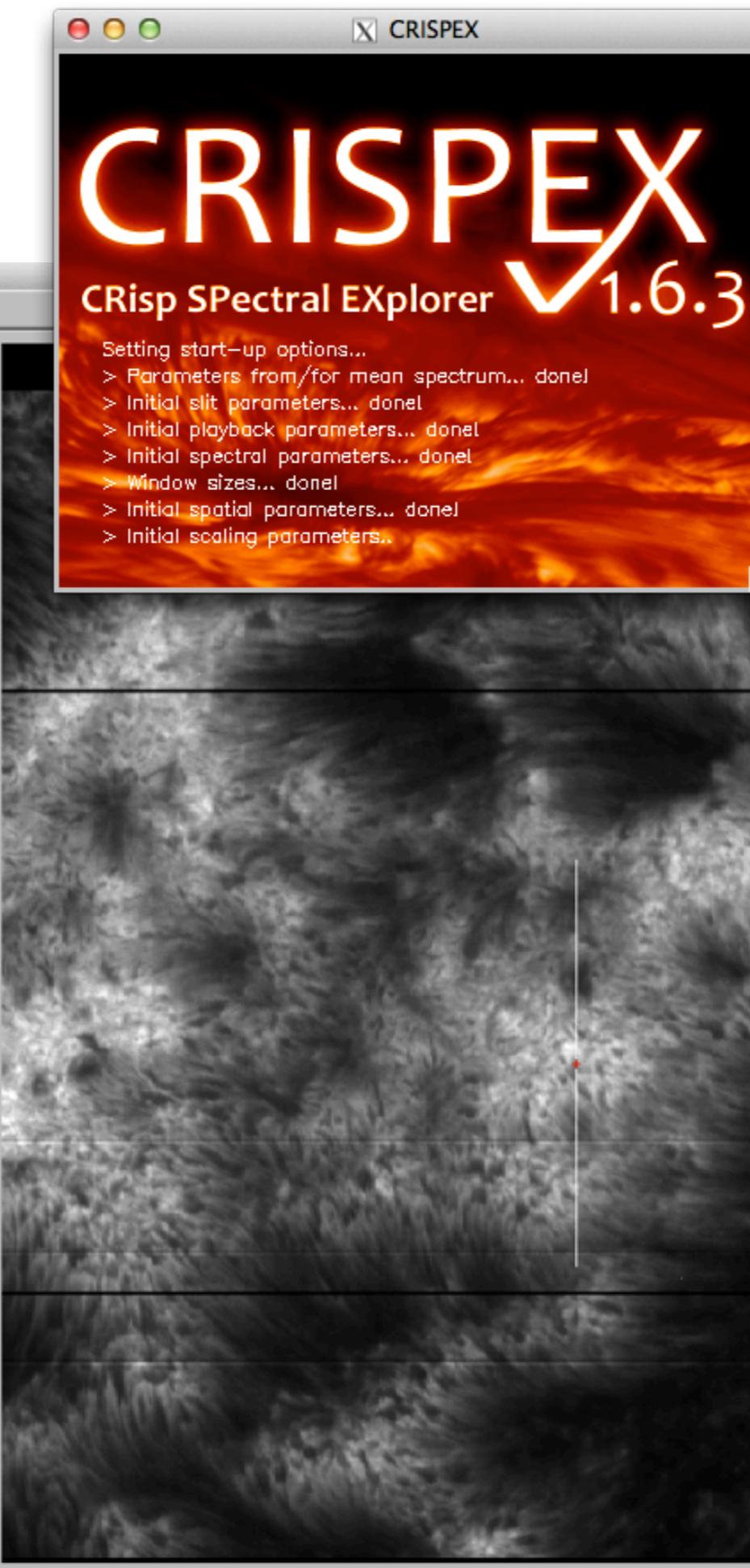
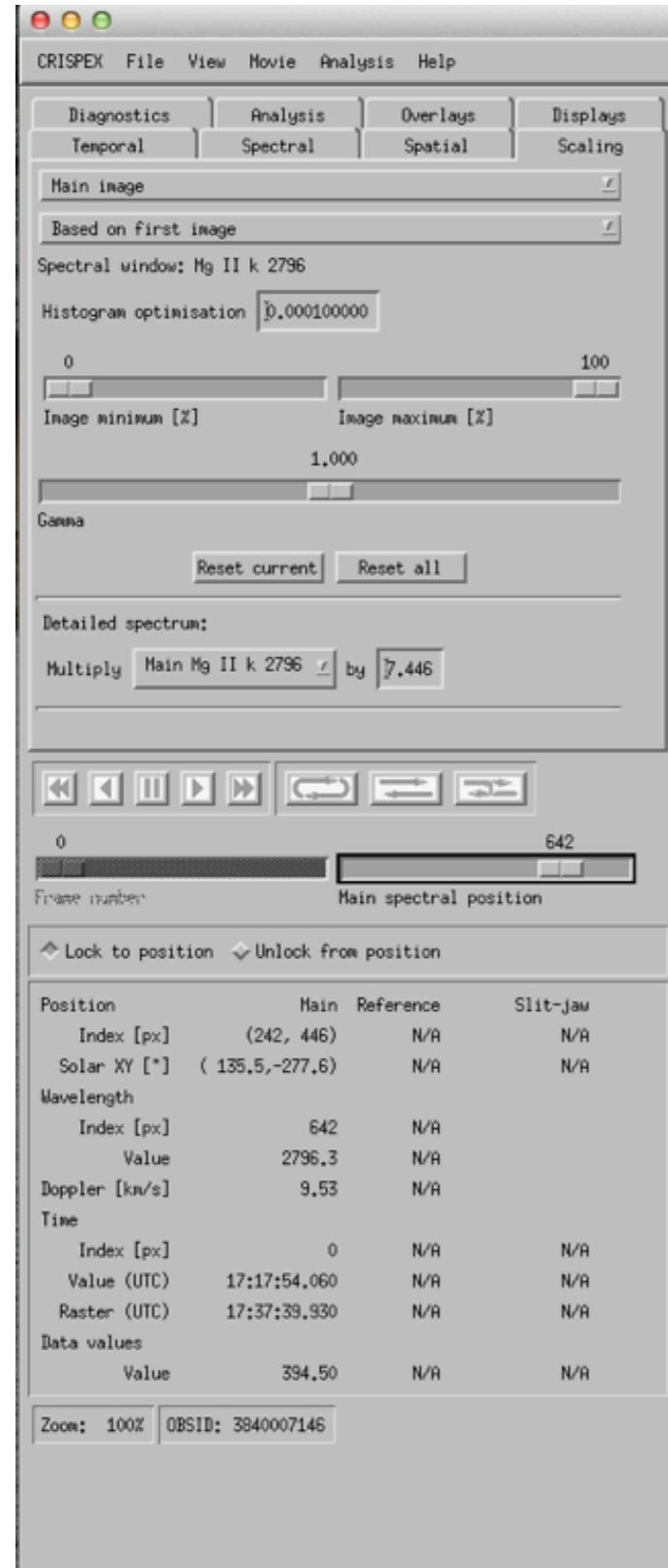
Co-alignment between spectra



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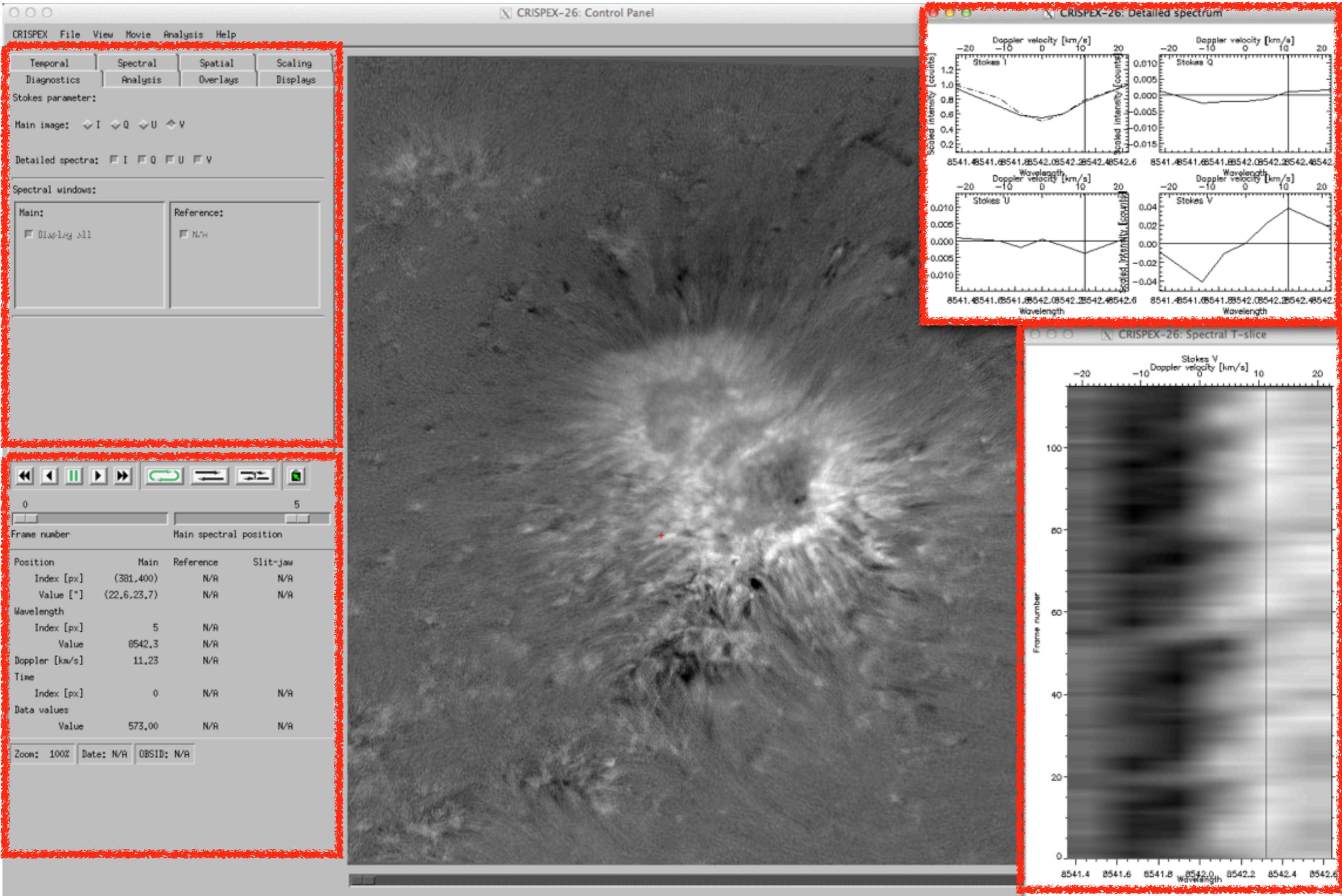


CRISPEX file formats

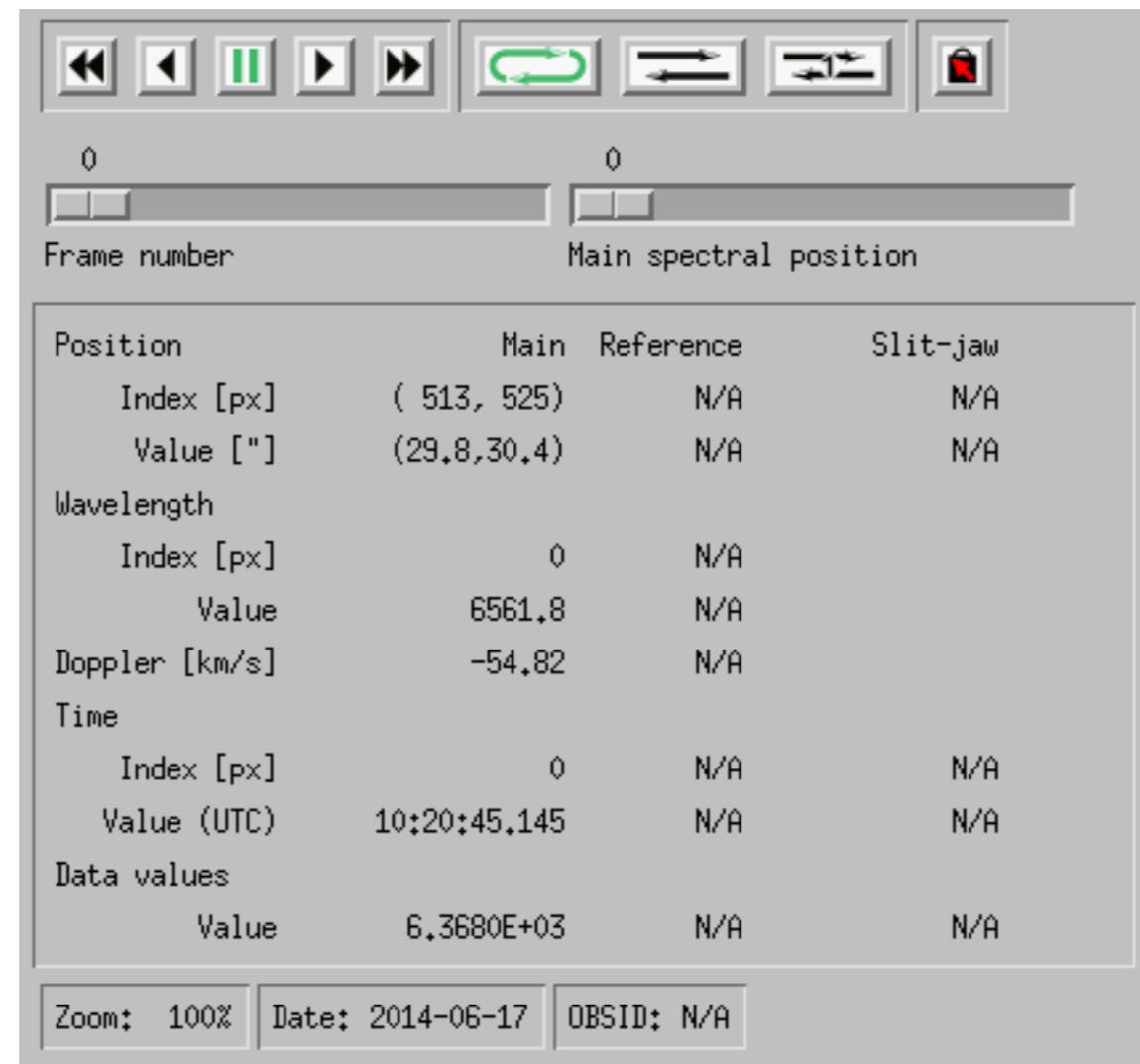
- “La Palma cubes”
 - ★ Simple cubes of (nx, ny, nwave * nt * nstokes)
 - ★ Combined with “spectfile”
- IRIS level 3 fits files
 - ★ FITS file with main image (nx, ny, nwave, nt)
 - ★ FITS keywords used for coordinates, time
 - ★ Extensions with wavelength and time values
 - ★ Not limited to IRIS data; to be further standardised

Two types of files: (same data)

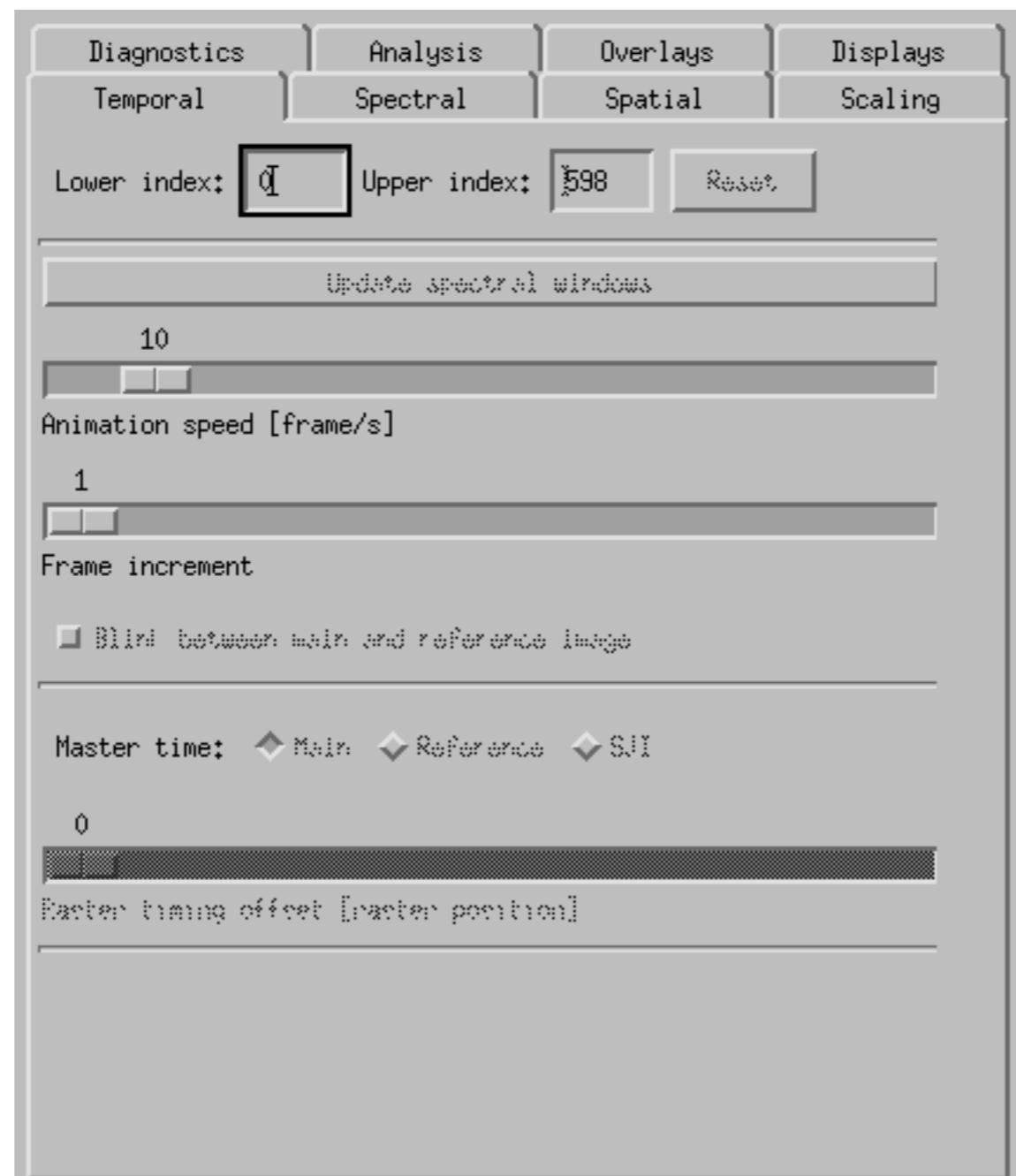
‘im’ (nx, ny, nw, nt) and ‘sp’ (nw, nt, nx, ny)

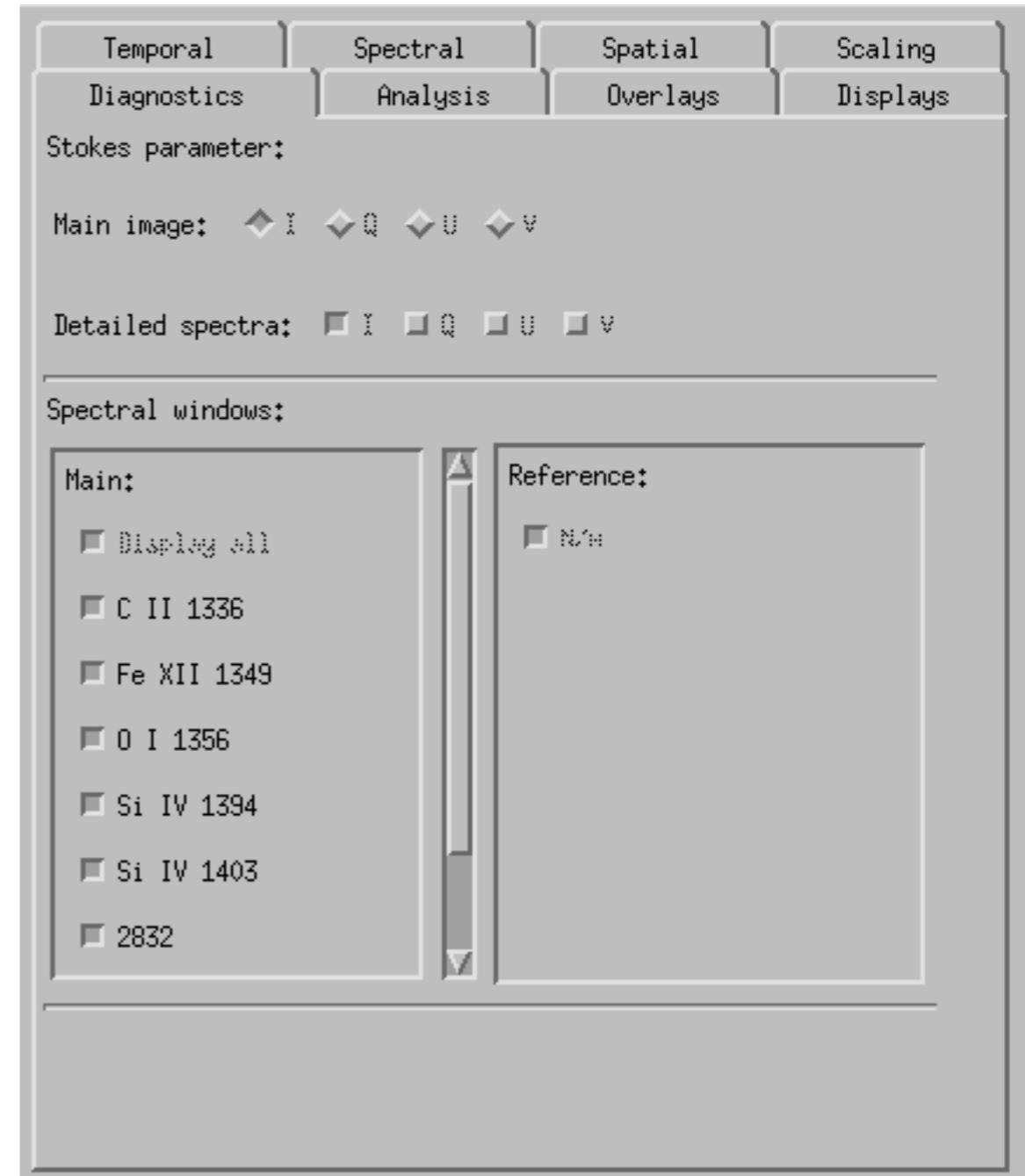
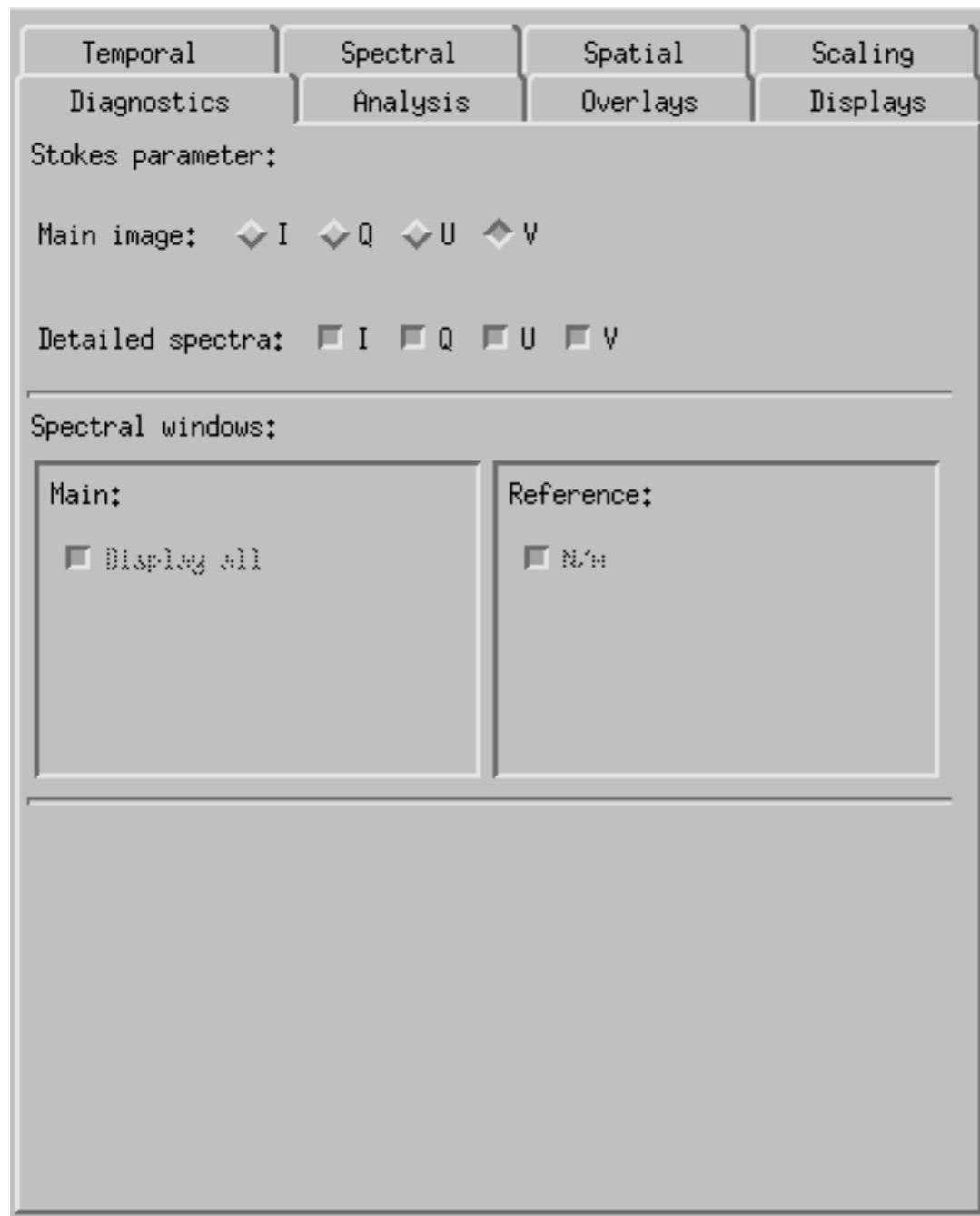


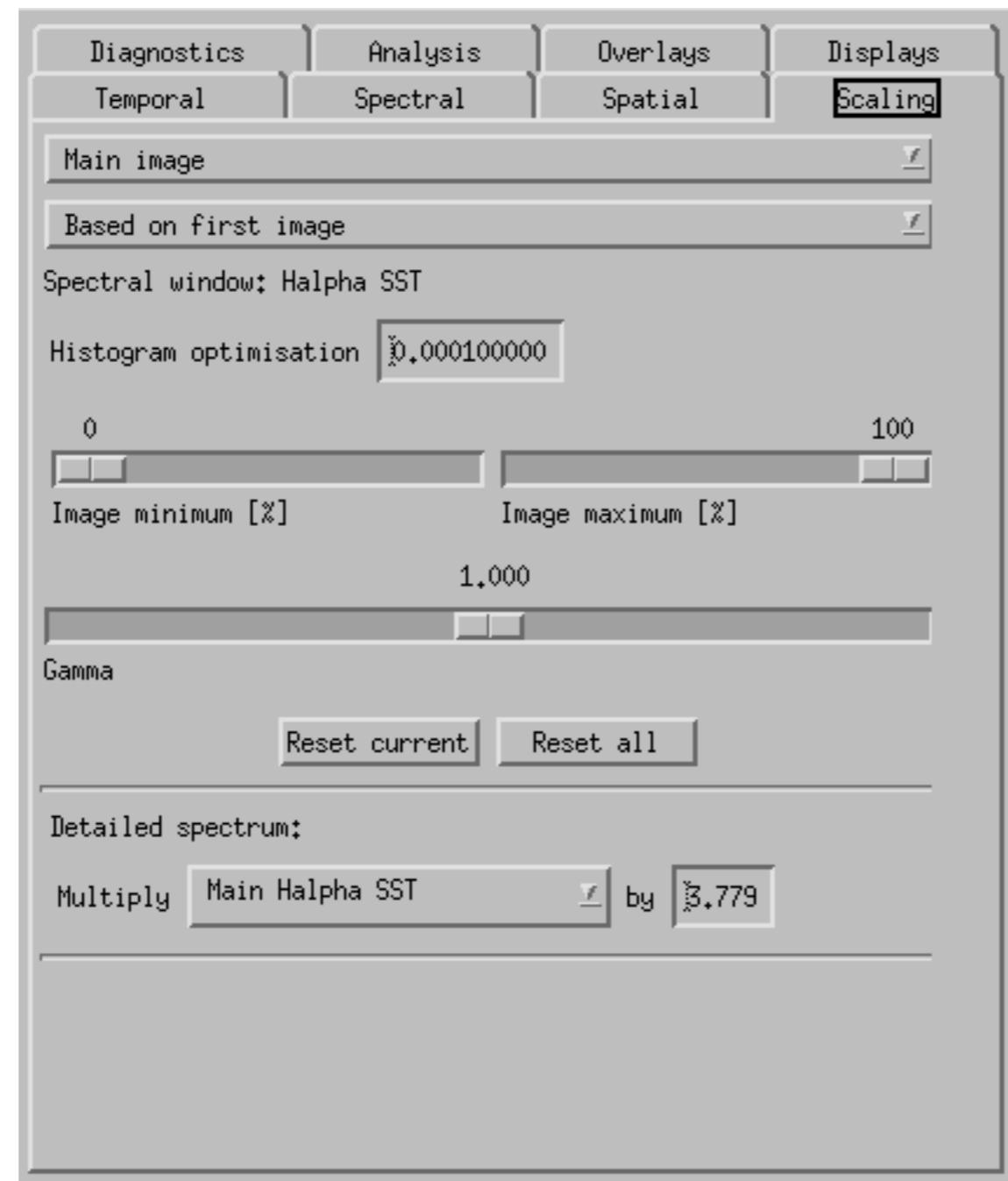
Bottom control panel

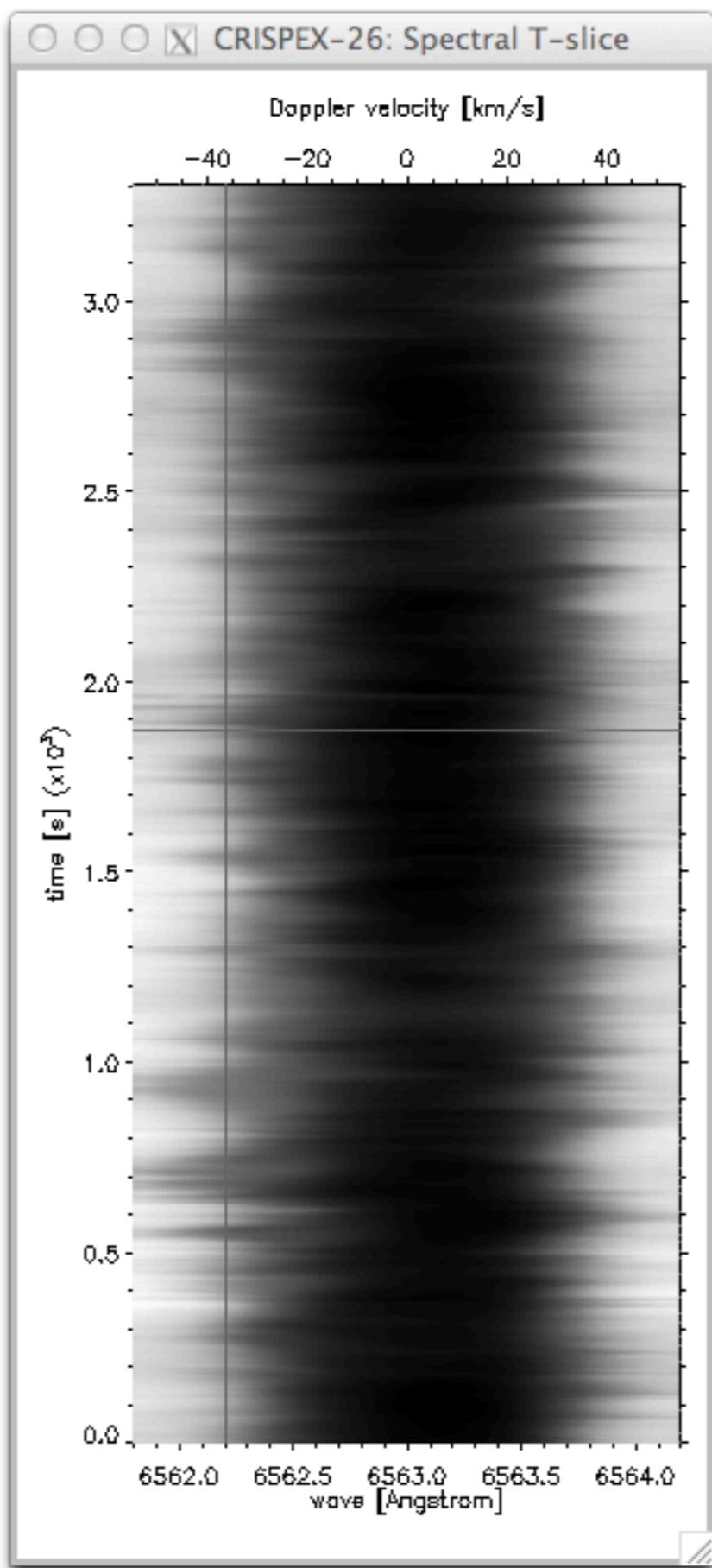


Tabs









Live demo:
CRISPEX

Questions

Go to www.menti.com and use the code **40 80 40**

Lecture Overview

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|----------|--|
| Part 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Introduction and structure of IRIS data● Getting the data, quicklook tools● Working with IRIS data in Python● Working with IRIS data in IDL● Additional Data Calibration● CRISPEX |
| Tutorial | <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Hands-on tutorials |

Tutorial preparation

```
$ mkdir ~/iris9  
$ tar xvf iris9_files.tar -C ~/iris9  
$ cd ~/iris9  
$ gunzip *.gz  
$ find . -name '*tar' -exec tar xvf {} \;
```

Python

```
$ ipython --pylab
```

IDL

```
$ cp ssw.zip ~/iris9  
$ cd ~/iris9  
$ unzip ssw.zip  
$ export IRIS_DATA=$HOME/iris9  
$ export SSW_IDL=$HOME/iris9/ssw  
$ idl  
(...)  
IDL> !PATH = Expand_Path('+$SSW_IDL') + ':' + !PATH  
IDL> imagelib  
IDL> devicelib
```

“iris” in
SSW_INSTR