

# Information Theory: Principles and Applications

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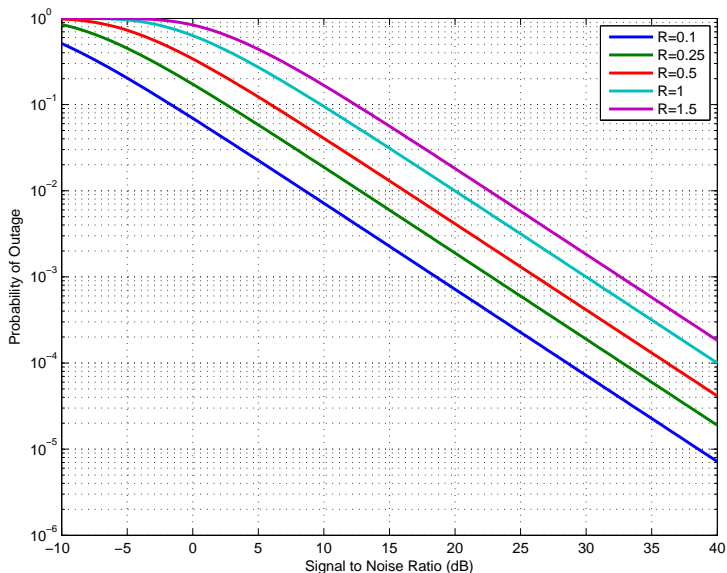
# Fading Channels

- Caused by multi-path effect: signal transmitted from a transmitter may have multiple copies traversing different paths to reach a receiver.
- The received signal should be the sum of all these multi-path signals.
- If signals are in phase, they would intensify the resultant signal; otherwise, the resultant signal is weakened due to out of phase.
- Often modelled as a random process: Rayleigh fading, Rician Fading.

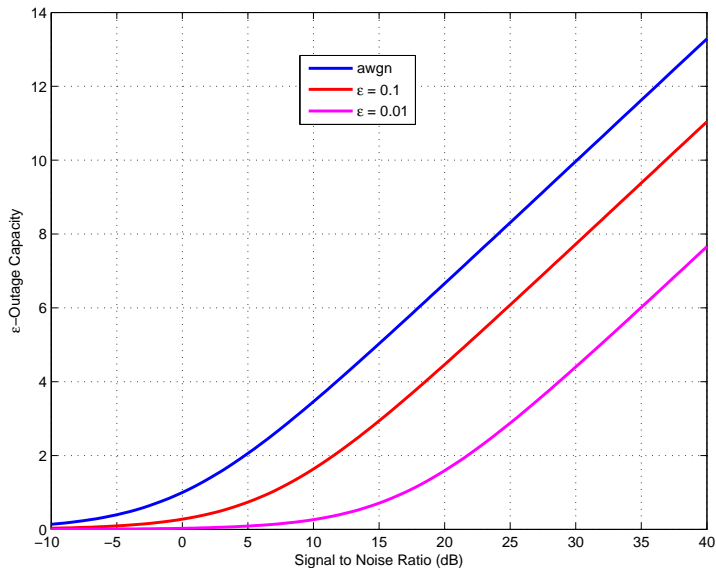
# Fading Channels

- Slow fading channel
- Fast Fading channel

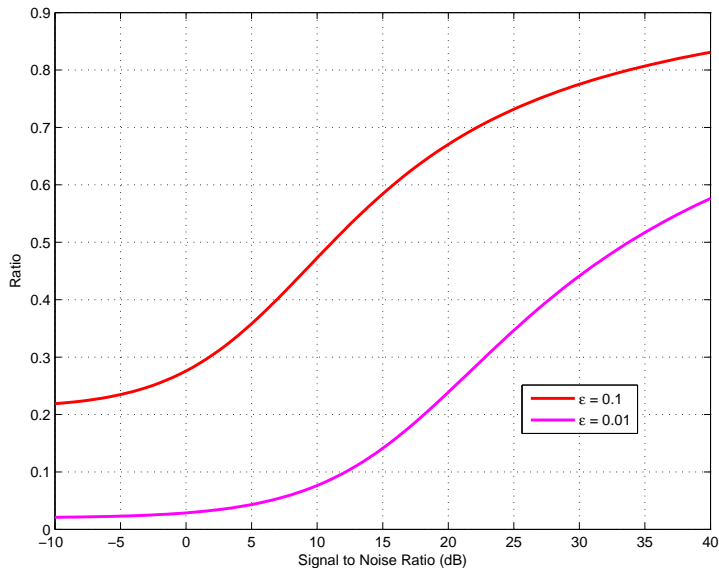
# Fading Channels: Outage Capacity



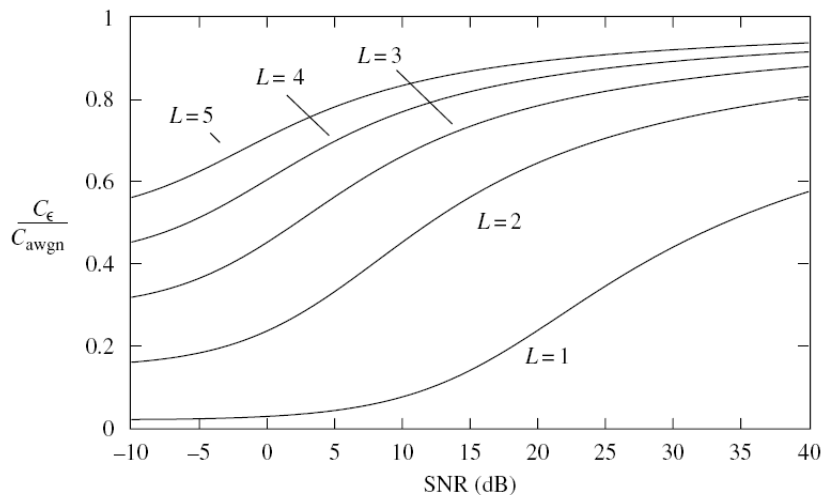
# Fading Channels: $\epsilon$ -outage capacity



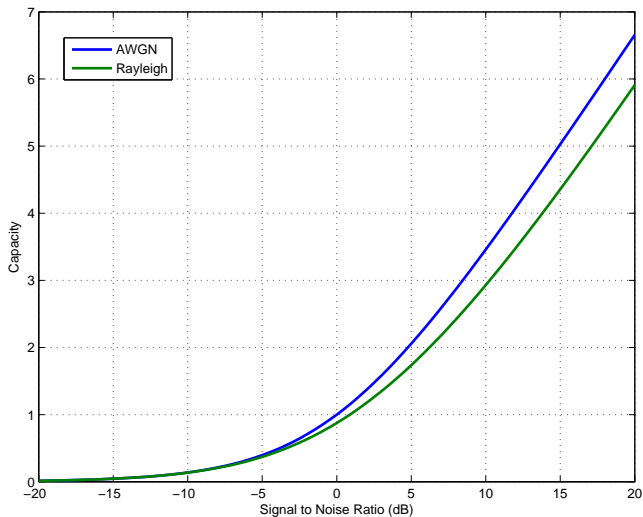
# Fading Channels: $\epsilon$ -outage capacity



## Fading Channels: Diversity works

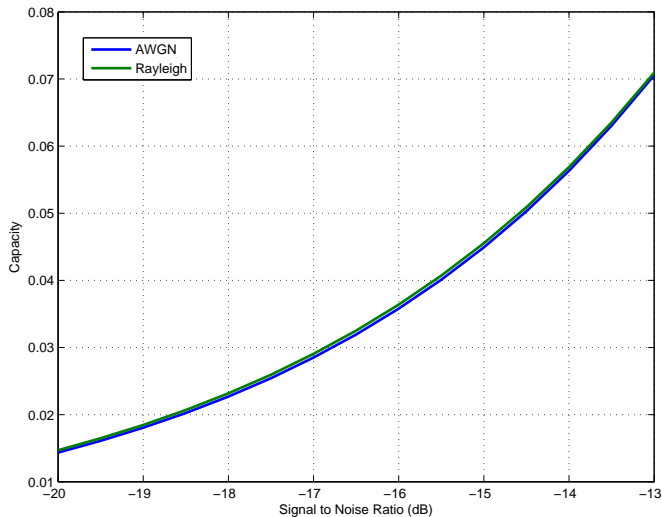


## Fading Channels: AWGN vs Rayleigh

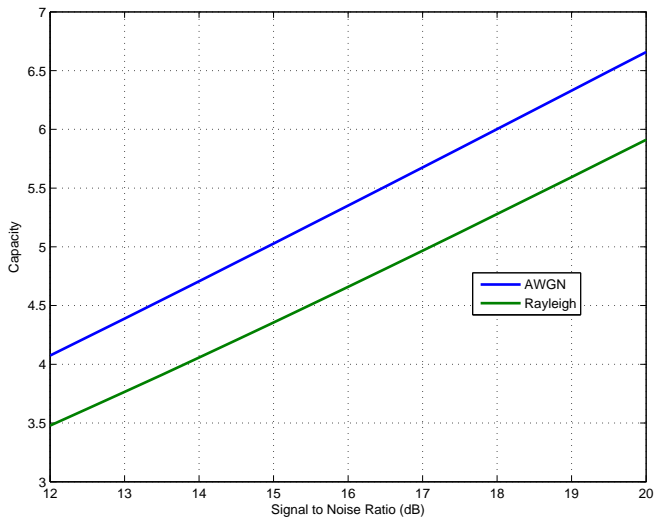




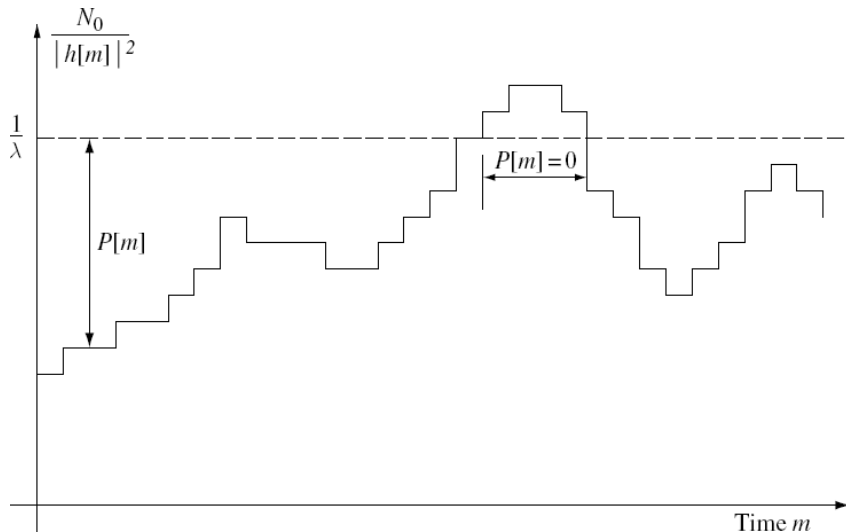
# Fading Channels: AWGN vs Rayleigh



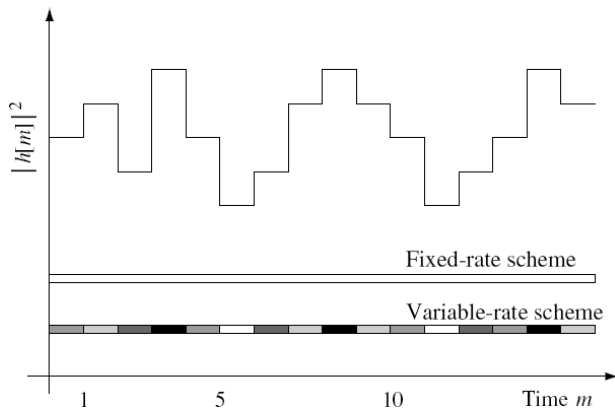
## Fading Channels: AWGN vs Rayleigh



# Fading Channels: Waterfilling



# Fading Channels: Variable Rate Coding



## Fading Channels: Channel Knowledge

