# 计算机组成原理 CPU

## CPU功能及使用说明

### 一、详细信息

CPI: 1

单周期

复位信号: sys\_rst\_n - 按键P2

接口:

**INPUT** 

时钟: sys\_clk

UART: rx, start\_pg

七段数码管: control[0~7], cube\_data[0~7]

VGA: vga\_hs, vga\_vs

拨码开关: sw\_input[0~23]

#### OUTPUT

UART: tx

VGA: vga\_rgb[0~11]

LED: led[0-23]

#### 支持uart

#### 支持VGA

## 端口绑定

```
set_property PACKAGE_PIN P1 [get_ports sys_rst_n]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN Y18 [get_ports sys_clk]

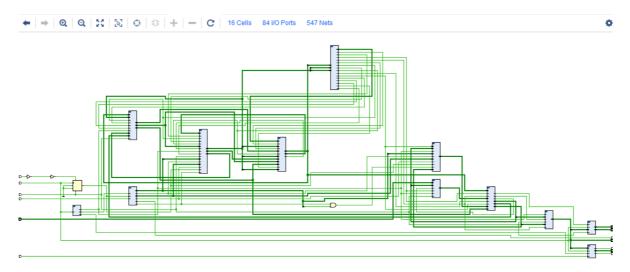
set_property PACKAGE_PIN K17 [get_ports {led[23]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN L13 [get_ports {led[22]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN M13 [get_ports {led[21]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN K14 [get_ports {led[20]}]
```

```
set_property PACKAGE_PIN K13 [get_ports {led[19]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN M20 [get_ports {led[18]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN N20 [get_ports {led[17]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN N19 [get_ports {led[16]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN M17 [get_ports {led[15]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN M16 [get_ports {led[14]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN M15 [get_ports {led[13]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN K16 [get_ports {led[12]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN L16 [get_ports {led[11]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN L15 [get_ports {led[10]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN L14 [get_ports {led[9]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN J17 [get_ports {led[8]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN F21 [get_ports {led[7]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN G22 [get_ports {led[6]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN G21 [get_ports {led[5]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN D21 [get_ports {led[4]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN E21 [get_ports {led[3]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN D22 [get_ports {led[2]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN E22 [get_ports {led[1]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN A21 [get_ports {led[0]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN AB8 [get_ports {sw_input[23]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN AA8 [get_ports {sw_input[22]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN V8 [get_ports {sw_input[21]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN V9 [get_ports {sw_input[20]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN Y8 [get_ports {sw_input[19]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN Y9 [get_ports {sw_input[18]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN W9 [get_ports {sw_input[17]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN Y7 [get_ports {sw_input[16]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN AB6 [get_ports {sw_input[15]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN AB7 [get_ports {sw_input[14]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN V7 [get_ports {sw_input[13]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN AA6 [get_ports {sw_input[12]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN Y6 [get_ports {sw_input[11]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN T6 [get_ports {sw_input[10]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN R6 [get_ports {sw_input[9]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN V5 [get_ports {sw_input[8]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN U6 [get_ports {sw_input[7]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN W5 [get_ports {sw_input[6]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN W6 [get_ports {sw_input[5]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN U5 [get_ports {sw_input[4]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN T5 [get_ports {sw_input[3]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN T4 [get_ports {sw_input[2]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN R4 [get_ports {sw_input[1]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN W4 [get_ports {sw_input[0]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN F15 [get_ports {cube_data[0]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN F13 [get_ports {cube_data[1]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN F14 [get_ports {cube_data[2]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN F16 [get_ports {cube_data[3]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN E17 [get_ports {cube_data[4]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN C14 [get_ports {cube_data[5]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN C15 [get_ports {cube_data[6]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN E13 [get_ports {cube_data[7]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN C19 [get_ports {control[0]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN E19 [get_ports {control[1]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN D19 [get_ports {control[2]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN F18 [get_ports {control[3]}]
```

```
set_property PACKAGE_PIN E18 [get_ports {control[4]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN B20 [get_ports {control[5]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN A20 [get_ports {control[6]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN A18 [get_ports {control[7]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN Y19 [get_ports rx]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN V18 [get_ports tx]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN P20 [get_ports start_pg]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN M21 [get_ports vga_hs]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN L21 [get_ports vga_vs]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN H20 [get_ports {vga_rgb[0]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN G20 [get_ports {vga_rgb[1]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN K21 [get_ports {vga_rgb[2]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN K22 [get_ports {vga_rgb[3]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN H17 [get_ports {vga_rgb[4]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN H18 [get_ports {vga_rgb[5]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN J22 [get_ports {vga_rgb[6]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN H22 [get_ports {vga_rgb[7]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN G17 [get_ports {vga_rgb[8]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN G18 [get_ports {vga_rgb[9]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN J15 [get_ports {vga_rgb[10]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN H15 [get_ports {vga_rgb[11]}]
```

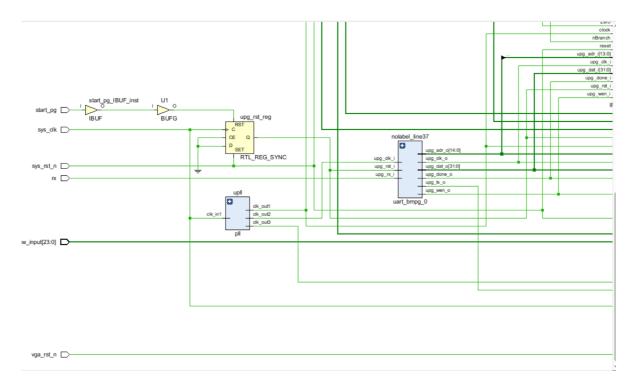
## 二、顶层模块

### 总览图



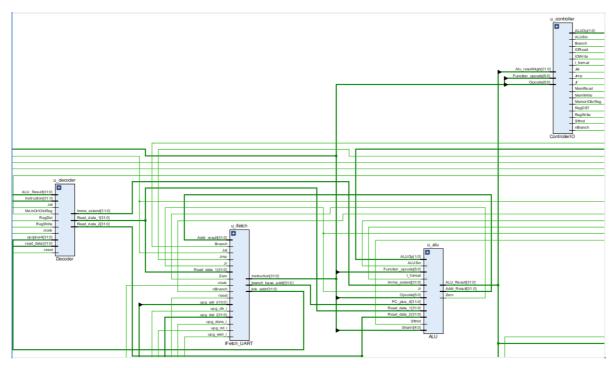
## 左下方:

由输入端口及时钟分频,复位信号处理与构成



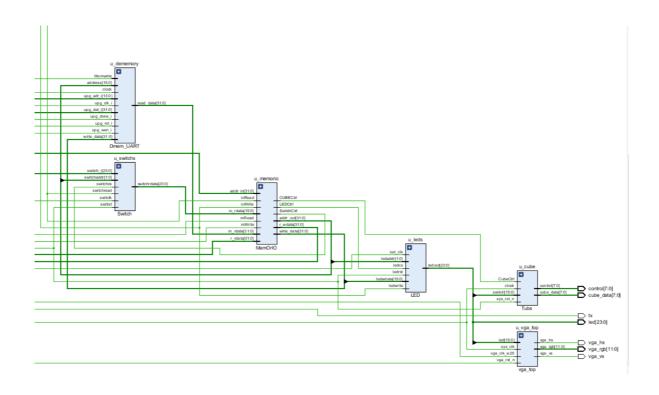
## 中部:

为CPU主要处理模块,由decoder ifetch alu controller 构成



## 右下方:

输出接口,由控制输出的memorio模块,data memory 与 VGA,LED,数码管和输入外设拨码开关组成



## 三、子模块的设计说明

### I. 外设模块:

功能:实现将从输入(uart、拨码开关)得到的数据,送予CPU处理,并将CPU得到的数据由外设(数码管、LED、显示器)输出

#### VGA:

#### VGA\_top

——VGA模块的顶层文件

VGA\_hs: 行同步时序

VGA\_vs: 场同步时序

VGA\_rgb[11:0]:输出到显示器上的颜色

#### VGA\_driver

——驱动VGA显示,设置分辨率、行场后沿、坐标等参数

pixel\_data: 颜色数据

H\_DISP: 行像素点

V\_DISP: 列像素点

时钟:由于分辨率为640\*480,时钟频率须为25MHZ,敏感于上升沿

#### VGA\_display

——处理从CPU得到的数据,并将对应颜色传递到VGA\_driver模块中显示

pixel\_xpos: 行像素颜色数据

pixel\_ypos: 列像素颜色数据

时钟:由于分辨率为640\*480,时钟频率须为25MHZ,敏感于上升沿

#### **UART:**

——从电脑或其他设备读取数据作为输入交由CPU处理,并可以将CPU得到的数据作为输出发送到其他设备

upg\_wen\_o: uart写使能信号

upg\_done\_o: 数据接收完成信号

upg\_dat\_o: uart输出数据

rx: 接受数据端口

tx: 发送数据端口

时钟: 10MHZ

#### 开关:

switclk: 时钟信号 switrst: 复位信号

switchcs:从memorio来的switch片选信号switchaddr:到switch模块的地址低端

switchrea: 读信号

[15:0] switchrdata: 送到CPU的拨码开关值注意数据总线只有16根

[23:0] switch\_i: 从板上读的24位开关数据

#### 数码管:

CubeCtrl: 控制数码管是否显示

switch: 输入数据

control, cube\_data: 七段数码管输出信号

时钟须分频,敏感于上升沿

#### LED:

led\_clk: 时钟信号 ledrst: 复位信号 ledwrite: 写信号

ledwdata:写到LED模块的数据,注意数据线只有16根

ledout: 向板子上输出的24位LED信号

### **II. CPU模块:**

#### Decoder

#### ——读取,写入寄存器

output[31:0] Read\_data\_1 寄存器1 output[31:0] Read\_data\_2 寄存器2

output[31:0] Imme\_extend 32位拓展立即数

input [31:0] Instruction 指令

input [31:0] read\_data 从内存或端口读到的数据 input [31:0] ALU\_Result ALU得到的结果写回到寄存器

input Jal, RegWrite, MemOrlOtoReg, RegDst 控制信号

input clock,reset,

input [31:0] opcplus4 JAL连接地址

寄存器读写敏感于时钟上升沿

#### Controller

#### ——分析指令, 生成控制信号用于其他模块

input [5:0] Opcode; 由指令产生 input [5:0] Function\_opcode; 由指令产生

output RegDST, ALUSrc, RegWrite, MemWrite;, Branch, nBranch, Jr 生成的各种控制信号

output Jmp, Jal 用于jump指令 output I\_format I格式,R格式

output [1:0]ALUOp;

input[21:0] Alu\_resultHigh; // From the execution unit Alu\_Result[31..10]

output MemorlOtoReg;// 1 indicates that data needs to be read from memory or I/O to the register

output MemRead; // 1 indicates that the instruction needs to read from the memory

output IORead; // 1 indicates I/O read output IOWrite; // 1 indicates I/O write

#### 组合逻辑

#### **ALU**

#### ——逻辑计算单元

// from decoder

input[31:0] Read\_data\_1 the source of Ainput

input[31:0] Read\_data\_2 one of the sources of Binput input[31:0] Imme\_extend one of the sources of Binput

// from ifetch

input[5:0] Function\_opcode, instructions[5:0]
input[5:0] Opcode, instruction[31:26]

input[4:0] Shamt, instruction[10:6], the amount of shift bits

input[31:0] PC\_plus\_4, pc+4

// from controller
input[1:0] ALUOp

input ALUSrc, 1 means the 2nd operand is an immedite (except beq, bne)

input I\_format 1 means I-Type instruction except beg, bne, LW, SW

input Sftmd 1 means this is a shift instruction input Jr, 1 means this is a jr instruction

output Zero, 1 means the ALU\_reslut is zero, 0 otherwise

output reg [31:0] ALU\_Result the ALU calculation result

output[31:0] Addr\_Result the calculated instruction address

#### **IFetch**

#### ——从.coe文件或串口获取指令的模块

output[31:0] Instruction, // the instruction fetched from this module output[31:0] branch\_base\_addr, // (pc+4) to ALU which is used by branch type instruction output reg[31:0] link\_addr, // (pc+4) to decoder which is used by jal instruction output reg[31:0] pco,

input clock,reset, // Clock and reset

// from ALU

input[31:0] Addr\_result, // the calculated address from ALU

input Zero, // while Zero is 1, it means the ALUresult is zero

// from Decoder

input[31:0] Read\_data\_1, // the address of instruction used by jr instruction

// from controller

input Branch, // while Branch is 1,it means current instruction is beq

input nBranch, // while nBranch is 1,it means current instruction is bnq

input Jmp, // while Jmp 1,it means current instruction is jump

input Jal, // while Jal is 1,it means current instruction is jal

input Jr, // while Jr is 1,it means current instruction is jr

// UART Programmer Pinouts

input upg\_rst\_i, // UPG reset (Active High)

input upg\_clk\_i, // UPG clock (10MHz)

input upg\_wen\_i, // UPG write enable

input[13:0] upg\_adr\_i, // UPG write address

input[31:0] upg\_dat\_i, // UPG write data

input upg\_done\_i // 1 if program finished

读取指令时敏感于时钟下降沿

## **Data memory**

——内存,用来存储数据,可读可写

input clock,

input [0:0] Memwrite,

input [15:0]address,

input [31:0]write\_data,

output [31:0]read\_data,

// UART Programmer Pinouts

input upg\_rst\_i, // UPG reset (Active High)

input upg\_clk\_i, // UPG ram\_clk\_i (10MHz)

input upg\_wen\_i, // UPG write enable

input [13:0] upg\_adr\_i, // UPG write address

input [31:0] upg\_dat\_i, // UPG write data

input upg\_done\_i // 1 if programming is finished

#### **MemOrData**

#### ——选择读取内存中的数据或输入端口数据;选择将写入内存或由输出端口输出

input mRead; // read memory, from control32 input mWrite; // write memory, from control32

input ioRead; // read IO, from control32 input ioWrite; // write IO, from control32

input[31:0] addr\_in; // from alu\_result in executs32 output[31:0] addr\_out; // address to memory

input[31:0] m\_rdata; // data read from memory
input[15:0] io\_rdata; // data read from io,16 bits

output reg[31:0] write\_data; // data to memory or I/O???m\_wdata, io\_wdata???

output reg [31:0] r\_wdata; // data to idecode32(register file) input[31:0] r\_rdata; // data read from idecode32(register file)

output CUBECtrl;

output LEDCtrl; // LED Chip Select output SwitchCtrl; // Switch Chip Select

## 四、问题及总结

在实现cpu功能和vga和uart扩展功能时我们遇见了许多困难和bug,但是最后都被我们——解决了,最终实现了完整功能的project。

我们遇见的第一大问题就是如何通过写mips汇编程序来设计cpu,在明白了led显示便是向led对应地址sw数据后我们解决了这个问题,在仿真文件中对应led的寄存器已经能存放输出的数据了。但是仍然不能在开发板上正确显示,我们认为是频率的问题,于是引入了pll来更改始终频率,可是仍然不能显示。

于是我们在汇编文件中增加空语句循环,并且去除了pll,但是仍然不能显示。最后我们同时使用pll和空循环终于能让开发板正确显示了并且将变化周期调到了一秒中。后来我们发现了数据在不同测试场景下并不能共通,我们通过优化代码解决了这个问题,减少了通过读取内存获取数据的操作,优化了代码流程,提高效率和简洁度。

在七段数码管的显示中,我们最初将cpu和七段数码管直接对接,然后发现不能显示,最后我们发现了问题,将输出给led的数据同时输出给七段数码管而并不是将cpu的数据输出给七段数码管,这样既解决了七段数码管不能显示的问题又能保证七段数码管和led灯同时显示同样的内容,我们在后续设计vga显示的时候也是这样设计的。

我们在uart和vga设计中也遇见了很多问题。由于我们在数字逻辑课程中也使用到了uart和vga内容于是我们便借鉴了上学期project写的内容,但是却因此也遇到了一些问题。在uart的参数设定上,我们一开始使用的是上学期的波特率9600,在调试中却一直不能正确连接,后来才发现了老师给的代码的波特率为12800,调整好后正常运行,vga显示中我们建立了显示模块和输入数据之间的连接,使得vga能用黑白条的方式来显示每一个bit。最终我们将vga,七段数码管,led三种io输出同时显示,并且可以通过uart来传输24bit数据显示。

最后诚挚感谢我和队友两人的互相理解和配合。没有任何一个人,我们不可能实现这个project,也不可能在基础功能实现后还继续努力完成连接两个学期project的想法,实现最后的成品,感谢一年的陪伴,再见Verilog!

# Farewell ViVado!