

Урок 4

$$1) D = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12} = \frac{600^2}{12} = 30000$$

$$\mu = \frac{a+b}{2} = \frac{200+800}{2} = 500$$

$$2) D = 0,2 ; a = 0,5 ;$$

$$b = a + \sqrt{12D} = 0,5 + \sqrt{2,4} \approx 1,55$$

$$\mu = \frac{a+b}{2} = \frac{2,05}{2} \approx 1,03$$

$$3) f(x) = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{(x+2)^2}{32}}$$

$$M(X) = -2 ; D(X) = 16 ; \text{std} = 4$$

$$4) \mu = 178$$

$$\sigma = 8$$

$$a) z > 1, p = 0,15866$$

$$б) z > 2, p = 0,02275$$

$$в) -1 < z < 2, p = 0,15866 + 0,02275 = 0,18141$$

$$г) -1 < z < 1, p = 2 \cdot 0,15866 = 0,31732$$

$$д) -2 < z < 2, p = 2 \cdot 0,02275 = 0,0455$$

$$е) z > 2 \text{ and } z < -3, p = 0,00135 + 0,02275 = 0,0241$$

$$ё) z < -3 \text{ and } z > 3, p = 2 \cdot 0,00135 = 0,0027$$

$$ж) z < -1, p = 0,15866$$

$$5) x = 190$$

$$M(X) = 178$$

$$D(X) = 25$$

$$z = \frac{x - M(X)}{\sqrt{D}} = \frac{190 - 178}{\sqrt{25}} = \frac{12}{5} = 2,4$$