1)
$$y'-y=2x-3$$

 $y'=y+2x-3$
 $z=y+2x-3$

$$z = y + 2x - 3$$

 $z' = y' + 2 = z + 2$

$$\int \frac{d^{2}}{2+2} = \int dx = \int \ln |2+2| - x + C_{1} = 0$$

$$\ln |y + 2x - 1| - x + C_{1} = 0$$

$$y + 2x - 1 = Ce^{x}$$

$$y = Ce^{x} - 2x + 1$$

2)
$$x^{2}y' + xy + 1 = 6$$

 $x^{2}y' + xy = -1$

$$x^{2}y' + xy = 0$$

$$(xy' + y)x = 0$$

$$xy' + y = 0 = x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0 = \frac{dy}{y} + \frac{dx}{x} = 0$$

$$\ln |xy| = C_1 = 7y = \frac{C_2}{x}, y = \frac{C_2(x)}{x}$$

$$\chi^{2}\left(\frac{C_{1}\cdot x - C_{2}}{x^{2}}\right) + x \cdot \frac{C_{2}}{x} + 1 = 0$$

$$C_2 \cdot x - C_2 + C_2 + 1 = 0$$

$$C_2' = -\frac{1}{2c}$$
, $C_2 = -\ln |x| + C$

$$y = -\frac{\ln|x|}{x} + \frac{C}{x}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} \frac{h+2}{h^2+h+1}$$

$$\frac{2}{h=1} \frac{h^2 + h + 1}{h} = \frac{h}{h^2} = \frac{1}{h} = \frac{1}{h^2 + h + 1} - pacxoguzze$$

2)
$$\frac{h}{h}$$
 $\frac{h}{h!}$ $\frac{h}{h!}$ $\frac{h}{h}$ = $\lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{h}{\sqrt{2\pi h}}$ = $\lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{e^h}{\sqrt{2\pi h}} = \infty$ =)

 $\lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{h}{h!}$ - $\lim_{h\to$

3)
$$\frac{2}{h} \ln \left(1 - \frac{1}{h}\right)^{h^2}$$
 $\lim_{h \to \infty} \frac{a_{h+1}}{a_h} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \frac{\left(h+1\right)}{h} \cdot \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{h+1}\right)^{h^2}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{h}\right)^{h^2}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) \cdot \frac{e}{e^{-h}} = \lim_{h \to \infty$

4)
$$\sum_{h=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-7)^{h+7}}{2h-\ln h}$$

Ppuznak Neusnuya

1)
$$\frac{1}{2n-lnn} > \frac{1}{2(h+1)-ln(n+1)}$$
 $\forall h > 1$

=)
$$p \approx g \propto c \times g \times T \propto 2$$

5) $\sum_{h=1}^{\infty} \frac{(x-2)^{h+1}}{3^{h}(h+2)} = \sum_{h=2}^{\infty} \frac{(x-2)^{h}}{3^{h-1}(h+1)}$

$$R = \lim_{h \to \infty} \left| \frac{3^{h}(h+2)}{3^{h-1}(h+1)} \right| = 3$$