# JAVA 编程进阶上机报告



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# 一、实验要求

使用注解和反射来完成动态Sql编程。

实现对user表动态的增删改查的sql语句。

### 二、源代码

#### 实现注解

```
import static java.lang.annotation.RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME;

@Target(ElementType.TYPE)

@Retention(RUNTIME)

public @interface Table{
    String tableName();
}
```

```
import static java.lang.annotation.RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME;

@Target(ElementType.FIELD)

@Retention(RUNTIME)

public @interface Column{
    String columnName();
}
```

注解: @Table, @Colume作用对象为类, 且保留至运行时。

# sql类继承了SqlUtil接口

```
package com;
import java.lang.reflect.Field;
import java.lang.reflect.InvocationTargetException;
import java.util.*;

public class Sql implements SqlUtil {
    @Override
```

```
public String query(User user) throws ClassNotFoundException,
NoSuchMethodException, InvocationTargetException, IllegalAccessException {
        StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
        String CLASS NAME = "com.User";
        Class<?> clazz = Class.forName(CLASS NAME);
        Field[] fields = clazz.getDeclaredFields();
        boolean flag = clazz.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class);
        //获取表名
        if (flag) {
            Table table = (Table) clazz.getAnnotation(Table.class);
            result.append("SELECT * FROM `" + table.tableName()+"`
WHERE");
        }
        //获取成员变量
        Set<Field> set = new HashSet<Field>();
        for (int i = 0; i < fields.length; i++) {</pre>
           boolean flag2 = fields[i].isAnnotationPresent(Column.class);
            if(flag2){
               set.add(fields[i]);
            }
        //获取非空成员变量
        Map<String, String> selectColumn = new HashMap<>();
        for (Field m:set) {
            Column column = m.getAnnotation(Column.class);
if(clazz.getMethod("get"+initCap(column.columnName())).invoke(user)!=null
) {
                String content =
clazz.getMethod("get"+initCap(column.columnName())).invoke(user).toString(
);
                selectColumn.put(column.columnName(),content);
        for (Map.Entry<String, String> s:selectColumn.entrySet()) {
            result.append("`"+s.getKey()+"` = "+"`"+s.getValue()+"`");
            result.append(" AND ");
        String query = result.substring(0, result.length()-5);
```

```
return query;
    @Override
   public String insert(User user) throws ClassNotFoundException,
NoSuchMethodException, InvocationTargetException, IllegalAccessException {
        StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
        String CLASS NAME = "com.User";
        Class<?> clazz = Class.forName(CLASS_NAME);
        Field[] fields = clazz.getDeclaredFields();
        boolean flag = clazz.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class);
        //获取表名
        if (flag) {
            Table table = (Table)clazz.getAnnotation(Table.class);
           result.append("INSERT INTO `" + table.tableName() +"`");
        //获取成员变量
        Set<Field> set = new HashSet<Field>();
        for (int i = 0; i < fields.length; i++) {</pre>
            boolean flag2 = fields[i].isAnnotationPresent(Column.class);
            if(flag2){
                set.add(fields[i]);
            }
        //获取成员变量的值
        Map<String, String> selectColumn = new HashMap<>();
        for (Field m:set) {
            Column column = m.getAnnotation(Column.class);
if(clazz.getMethod("get"+initCap(column.columnName())).invoke(user)!=null
) {
                String content =
clazz.getMethod("get"+initCap(column.columnName())).invoke(user).toString(
);
                selectColumn.put(column.columnName(),content);
            }
        }
        StringBuffer keys = new StringBuffer();
```

```
keys.append(" (");
        for (Map.Entry<String, String> s:selectColumn.entrySet()) {
            keys.append("'+s.getKey()+"', ");
        String string1 = keys.substring(0, keys.length()-2);
        result.append(string1+") VALUES");
        StringBuffer values = new StringBuffer();
        values.append(" (");
        for (Map.Entry<String,String> s:selectColumn.entrySet()) {
            values.append("`"+s.getValue()+"`, ");
        String string2 = values.substring(0, values.length()-2);
        result.append(string2+")");
        String insert = result.toString();
       return insert;
    @Override
    public String insert(List<User> users) throws ClassNotFoundException,
NoSuchMethodException, InvocationTargetException, IllegalAccessException(
        StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
        String CLASS NAME = "com.User";
        Class<?> clazz = Class.forName(CLASS NAME);
        Field[] fields = clazz.getDeclaredFields();
        boolean flag = clazz.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class);
        //获取表名
        if (flag) {
            Table table = (Table)clazz.getAnnotation(Table.class);
           result.append("INSERT INTO `" + table.tableName() +"`");
        //获取成员变量
        Set<Field> set = new HashSet<Field>();
        for (int i = 0; i < fields.length; i++) {</pre>
            boolean flag2 = fields[i].isAnnotationPresent(Column.class);
            if(flag2){
                set.add(fields[i]);
```

```
//获取成员变量的值
        int count = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < users.size(); i++) {
            Map<String, String> map = new HashMap<>();
            for (Field m:set)
                Column column = m.getAnnotation(Column.class);
                if (clazz.getMethod("get" +
initCap(column.columnName())).invoke(users.get(i)) != null) {
                    String content = clazz.getMethod("get" +
initCap(column.columnName())).invoke(users.get(i)).toString();
                    map.put(column.columnName(), content);
            if(count == 0) {
                StringBuffer keys = new StringBuffer();
                keys.append(" (");
                for (Map.Entry<String, String> s:map.entrySet()) {
                    keys.append("`"+s.getKey()+"`, ");
                String string1 = keys.substring(0, keys.length()-2);
                result.append(string1+") VALUES");
            }
            StringBuffer values = new StringBuffer();
            values.append(" (");
            for (Map.Entry<String,String> s:map.entrySet()){
                values.append("`"+s.getValue()+"`, ");
            String string2 = values.substring(0, values.length()-2);
            result.append(string2+") ,");
            count ++;
        String insert = result.substring(0, result.length()-2);
        return insert;
```

```
public String delete (User user) throws ClassNotFoundException,
NoSuchMethodException, InvocationTargetException, IllegalAccessException{
        StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
        String CLASS NAME = "com.User";
        Class<?> clazz = Class.forName(CLASS NAME);
        Field[] fields = clazz.getDeclaredFields();
        boolean flag = clazz.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class);
        if (flag) {
            Table table = (Table) clazz.getAnnotation(Table.class);
           result.append("DELETE FROM `" + table.tableName()+"` WHERE");
        Set<Field> set = new HashSet<Field>();
        for (int i = 0; i < fields.length; <math>i++) {
            boolean flag2 = fields[i].isAnnotationPresent(Column.class);
            if(flag2){
                set.add(fields[i]);
            }
        }
        Map<String, String> map = new HashMap<>();
        for (Field m:set) {
            Column column = m.getAnnotation(Column.class);
if(clazz.getMethod("get"+initCap(column.columnName())).invoke(user)!=null
) {
                String content =
clazz.getMethod("get"+initCap(column.columnName())).invoke(user).toString(
);
                map.put(column.columnName(),content);
            }
        for (Map.Entry<String, String> s:map.entrySet()) {
            result.append(" `"+s.getKey()+"` = "+"`"+s.getValue()+"`");
        String delete = result.toString();
        return delete;
```

```
@Override
    public String update (User user) throws NoSuchMethodException,
InvocationTargetException, IllegalAccessException, ClassNotFoundException
{
        StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
        String CLASS NAME = "com.User";
        Class<?> clazz = Class.forName(CLASS NAME);
        Field[] fields = clazz.getDeclaredFields();
        boolean flag = clazz.isAnnotationPresent(Table.class);
        if (flag) {
            Table table = (Table)clazz.getAnnotation(Table.class);
            result.append("UPDATE `" + table.tableName()+"` SET");
        }
        Set<Field> set = new HashSet<Field>();
        for (int i = 0; i < fields.length; i++) {</pre>
            boolean flag2 = fields[i].isAnnotationPresent(Column.class);
            if(flag2){
               set.add(fields[i]);
            }
        Map<String, String> map = new HashMap<>();
        for (Field s:set) {
            Column column = s.getAnnotation(Column.class);
if(clazz.getMethod("get"+initCap(column.columnName())).invoke(user)!=null
) {
                String content =
clazz.getMethod("get"+initCap(column.columnName())).invoke(user).toString(
);
                map.put(column.columnName(),content);
            }
        for (Map.Entry<String, String> m:map.entrySet()) {
            if(!m.getKey().equals("id")){
                result.append(" `"+m.getKey()+" ` =
"+"`"+m.getValue()+"`");
                result.append(",");
```

```
int length = result.length();
    result.append(" WHERE `id` = "+map.get("id"));
    String update = result.delete(length-1,length).toString();
    return update;
}

public static String initCap(String str) {
    //name->Name
    return str.substring(0,1).toUpperCase() + str.substring(1);
}
```

上述方法中利用反射和注解取得表名。(即User类中@Table的值)

通过Field类取得了该类的成员变量。后用每个成员变量@column的值取得变量对应的表中字段。

再通过invoke()方法,调用类中get方法,取得变量的值,识别出该值是否有效后,进行字符串的拼接和裁剪返回即可。

# 三、实验结果

SELECT \* FROM `user` WHERE`id` = `175` SELECT \* FROM `user` WHERE`username` = `史荣贞

```
INSERT INTO 'user' ('telephone', 'age', 'email', 'username') VALUES ('12345678123', '20', 'user@123.com', 'user')
INSERT INTO 'user' ('telephone', 'age', 'email', 'username') VALUES ('12345678123', '20', 'user@123.com', 'user'), ('12345678121', '20', 'user@123.com', 'user')
INSERT INTO 'user' ('telephone', 'age', 'email', 'username') VALUES ('12345678123', '20', 'user@123.com', 'user'), ('12345678121', '20', 'user@123.com', 'user')

SELECT * FROM user WHERE 'id' = '1

WHERE username = 史荣贞 INSERT INTO user (telephone, age, email, username) VALUES (12345678123, 20, user@123.com, user) INSERT INTO user (telephone, age, email, username) VALUES (12345678123, 20, user@123.com, user), (12345678121, 20, user@123.com, user2) UPDATE user SET email = change@123.com WHERE id = 1 DELETE FROM user

WHERE id = 1
```