

USTC-CG/2024 课程作业 实验报告

| 实验 6 | Shaders |
|--|---------------------|
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| Due: 2024.04.14 Submitted: 2024.04.14 | |

功能实现 Features Implemented

作业要求部分 Required Features

实现 Blinn-Phong 着色模型

TBN 矩阵的计算：

```
vec3 normalmap_value = texture2D(normalMapSampler, vTexcoord).xyz;
normal = normalize(vertexNormal);

vec3 edge1 = dFdx(vertexPosition);
vec3 edge2 = dFdy(vertexPosition);
vec2 deltaUV1 = dFdx(vTexcoord);
vec2 deltaUV2 = dFdy(vTexcoord);

tangent = edge1 * deltaUV2.y - edge2 * deltaUV1.y;

if(length(tangent) < 1E-7) {
    vec3 bitangent = -edge1 * deltaUV2.x + edge2 * deltaUV1.x;
    tangent = normalize(cross(bitangent, normal));
}

tangent = normalize(tangent - dot(tangent, normal) * normal);
bitangent = normalize(cross(tangent, normal));
```

Blinn-Phong 着色模型的计算：

```
vec3 lightDir = normalize(lights[i].position - pos);
vec3 viewDir = normalize(camPos - pos);
vec3 halfwayDir = normalize(lightDir + viewDir);
vec3 light_color = lights[i].color;
vec3 ambient_color = 0 * light_color;
vec3 diffuse_color = texture2D(diffuseColorSampler, uv).xyz;

float diffuse = abs(dot(normal, lightDir));
float specular = abs(dot(normal, halfwayDir));

if (diffuse == 0.0) {
    specular = 0.0;
```

```
} else {  
    specular = pow(specular, shininess);  
}  
  
Color = vec4(ambient_color + diffuse * light_color * diffuse_color + specular *  
light_color, 1.0);  
  
int shadow_map_id = lights[i].shadow_map_id;  
float shadow_map_value = texture(shadow_maps, vec3(uv, shadow_map_id)).x;
```

实现 Shadow Mapping 算法

参考 [Learn OpenGL CN](#)

Render Graph

```
graph LR  
    C[Scene Camera] --> R[Rasterize]  
    M[Scene Meshes] --> R  
    Mt[Scene Materials] --> R  
    L[Scene Lights] --> S[Shadow Mapping]  
    M --> S  
    S --> D[Deferred Lighting]  
    R --> D  
    D --> P[Present]
```

Composition Graph

```
graph TD  
    R[Read USD] --> M[Merge to Global]  
    A[Add Point Light]
```

额外功能 Extra Features

运行截图 Screenshots

