

# Target-Level Sentence Simplification as Controlled Paraphrasing



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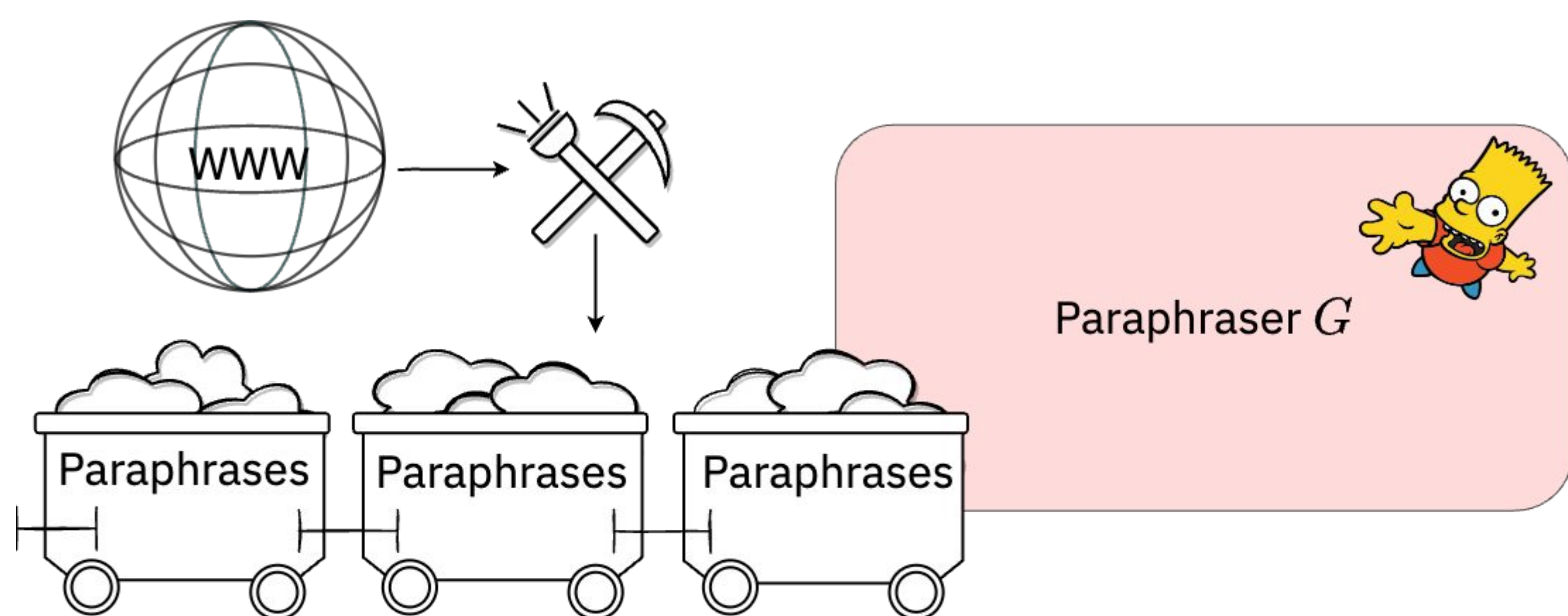
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## Motivation

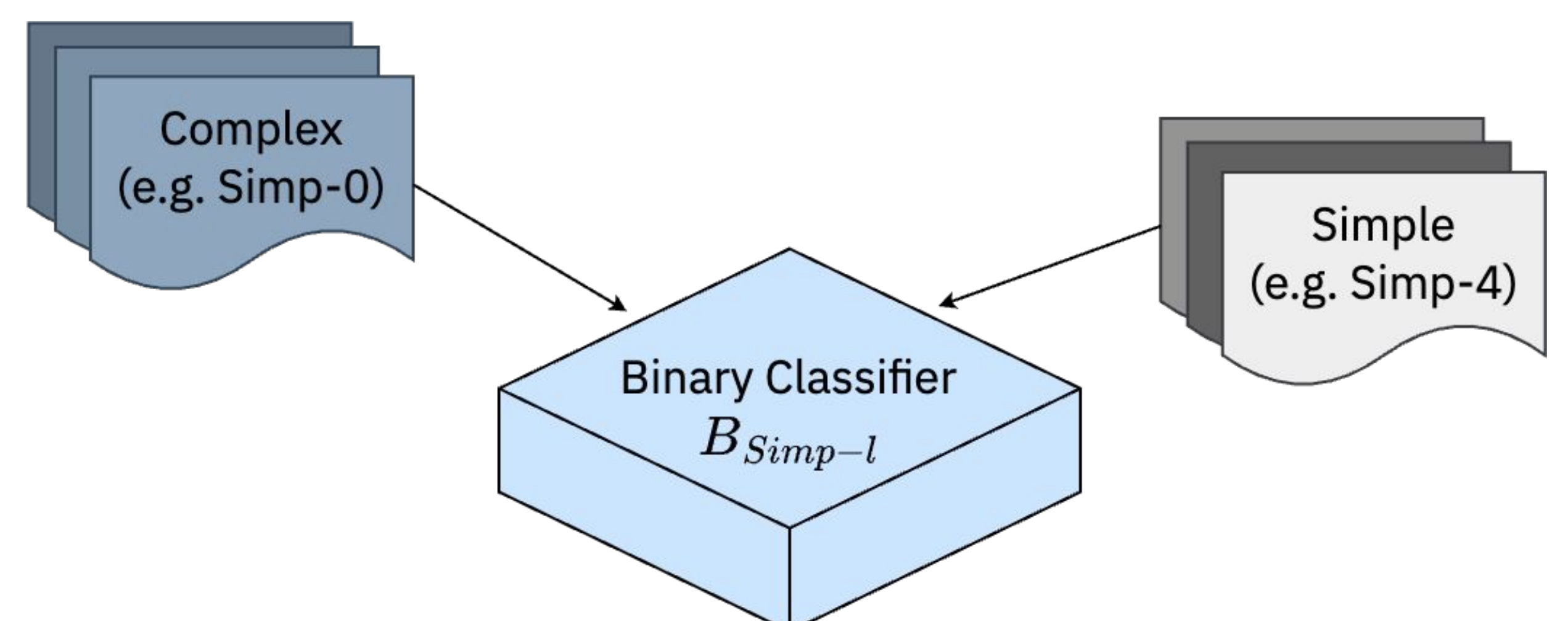
- > What is simple for one target audience may not be simple for another.
- > Simplification systems should be easily adaptable to serve the needs of different types of readers.<sup>[1]</sup>
- > High quality complex-simple parallel data is scarce. Paraphrases can be mined from the web more easily.<sup>[2]</sup>
- > Can we use controlled decoding techniques to steer paraphrastic generation towards simple text?

## Method: paraphrase and control with FUDGE<sup>[3]</sup>

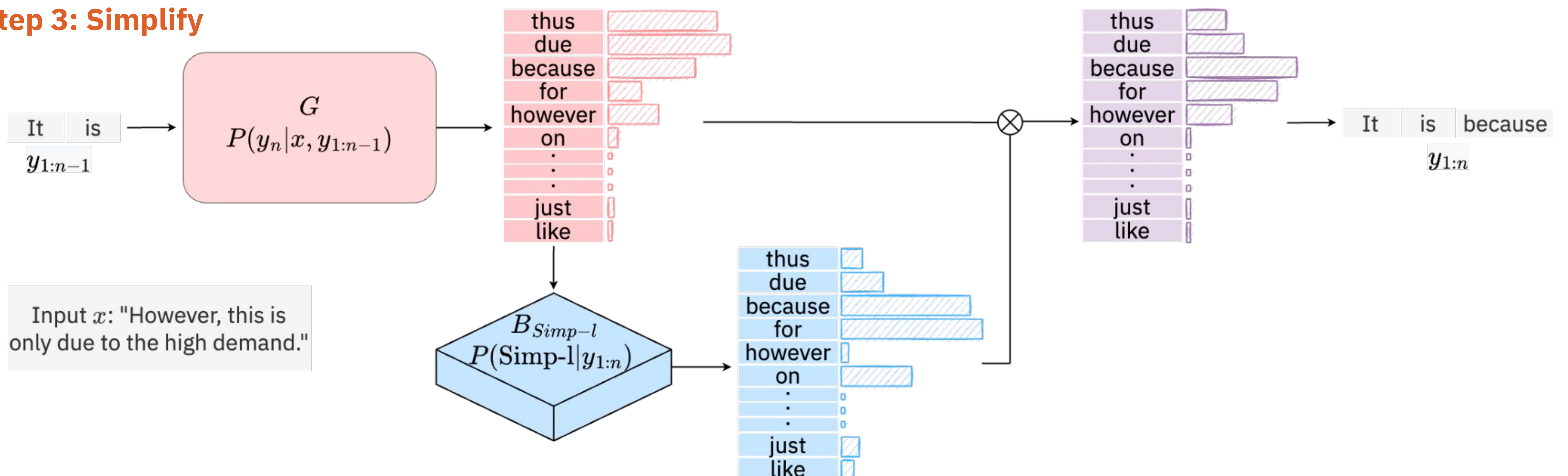
### Step 1: Train Generator



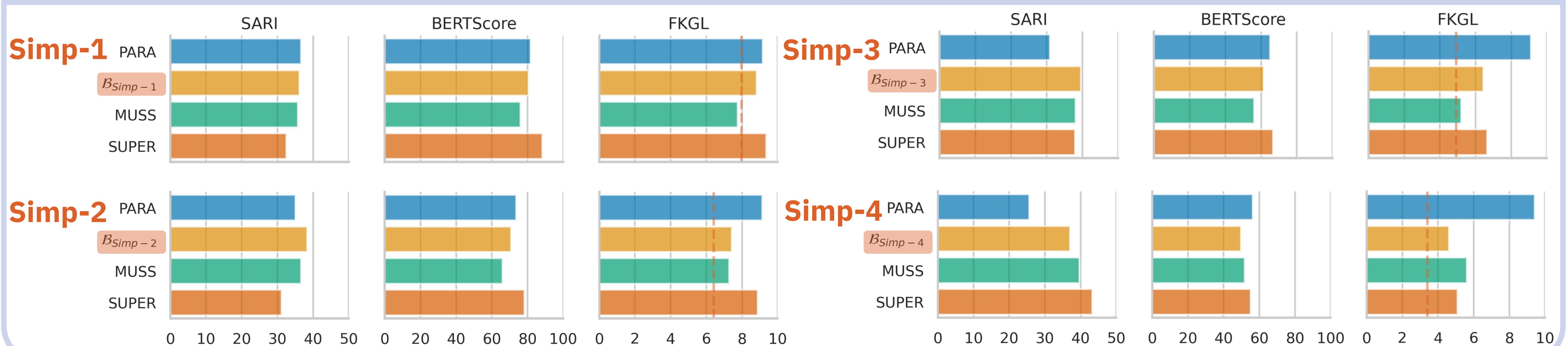
### Step 2: Train Discriminator



### Step 3: Simplify



## Results



## Conclusion

- > Sentence simplification with **FUDGE** is **modular** and **easily adaptable**, making it possible to accommodate different **target levels** in Newsela (English).
- > Discriminator training requires **no parallel aligned** data.
- > Simple to use: strength of the discriminator is controlled by a single hyperparameter.
- > Automatic metrics show performance is competitive with SOTA methods.



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Paper & Code:



- [1] Sanja Štajner (2021) Automatic Text Simplification for Social Good: Progress and Challenges. ACL-IJCNLP 2021.
- [2] Louis Martin, Angela Fan, Éric de la Clergerie, Antoine Bordes, and Benoît Sagot (2021) MUSS: Multilingual Unsupervised Sentence Simplification by Mining Paraphrases. arXiv:2005.00352
- [3] Kevin Yang and Dan Klein (2021) FUDGE: Controlled text generation with future discriminators. NAACL 2021.