Corrigés

Exercices En Turbo Pascal

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LES STRUCTURES SIMPLES

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Exercice 4
   [V] ReadIn(A);
                                                        [ F ] ReadIn ('A');
                                                                                             [F] ReadIn (A+B);
                                                        [F] ReadIn ('A =', A);
    [F] ReadIn (45);
                                                                                             [F] ReadIn (Nom);
   [F] ReadIn (Test);
                                                        [F] ReadIn (Jour);
                                                                                             [F] WriteIn (Jour);
    [V] WriteIn ('A = ', A);
                                                        [F] Writeln (A:6:2);
                                                                                             [ V ] Writeln (45);
    [ V ] Writeln (5 mod 7 div 2);
                                                        [F] Writeln (Nom[2]);
                                                                                             [ V ] Writeln (A+B, Nom, Test);
                               Exercice 5
                                                                                                         Exercice 6
0) Début Sortie_Inverse
                                                                           0) Début Cylindre
1) Ecrire ("A = "), Lire (A)
2) Ecrire ("B = "), Lire (B)

    Ecrire ("Donner le rayon : "), Lire(R)
    Ecrire ('Donner la hauteur : "), Lire (H)

3) Ecrire ("C = "), Lire(C)
4) Ecrire (C, " ", B, " ", A)
                                                                           2) V ← PI*R*R*H
                                                                           3) Ecrire ("Volume = ", V)
5) Fin Sortie_Inverse
                                                                           4) Fin Cylindre
                               Exercice 7
                                                                                                         Exercice 8
0) Début Surface_rectangle
                                                                           0) Début Piscine
1) Ecrire ("Largeur = "), Lire (la)
                                                                           1) Ecrire ("Donner les dimensions de la piscine"), Lire (LO, LA, PR)
2) Ecrire ("Longueur = "), Lire (lo)
                                                                           2) V ← LO*LA*PR
3) S← la * lo
                                                                           3) EAU ← V*1000
                                                                           4) Ecrire ("Le volume = ", V)
5) Ecrire ("Quantité d'eau = ", EAU, " Jitres")
4) Ecrire ("La surface du rectangle dont la longueur mesure ", lo, " m
et la largeur mesure ", la," m, a une surface égale à ", s," mètres
                                                                           6) Fin Piscine
carrés.")
5) Fin Surface_rectangle
                               Exercice 9
                                                                                                         Exercice 10
0) Début Aire_Trapeze
                                                                           0) Début Permut
1) Ecrire ("Donner les dimensions du trapèze "), Lire (H, B1, B2)
                                                                           1) Lire (A, B)
2) S← H*(B1 + B2)
                                                                           2) AUX ← A
3) Ecrire ("La surface = ", S)
                                                                           3) A ← B
                                                                           4) B ← AUX
4) Fin Aire_trapeze
                                                                           5) Ecrire ("La nouvelle valeur de A est : ", A)
                                                                           6) Ecrire ("La nouvelle valeur de B est : ", B)
                                                                           7) Fin Permut
                              Exercice 11
                                                                                                         Exercice 12
0) Début Permut_Circulaire
                                                                           0) Début Permut
1) Lire (A, B, C)
                                                                           1) Lire (X, Y)
2) AUX ← A
                                                                           2) X ← X+Y
3) A ← C
                                                                           3) Y ← X-Y
4) C ← B
                                                                           4) X ← X-Y
5) B ← AUX
                                                                           5) Ecrire (X, "
                                                                                             ", Y)
6) Ecrire (A, " ", B, " ", C)
                                                                           6) Fin Permut
7) Fin Permut_Circulaire
                              Exercice 13
                                                                                                        Exercice 14
                                                                           0) Début Temperature
0) Début Division
                                                                           1) Ecrire ("Donner une température en °C : "), Lire (D)
1) Ecrire ("A = "), Lire (A)
2) Ecrire ("B = "), Lire (B)
                                                                           2) F <del>←</del> 9/5 * D + 32
                                                                           3) Ecrire (D, " °C = ", F, " Fahrenheit")
3) Q ← A div B
4) R ← A mod B
                                                                           4) Fin Temperature
Ecrire ("Le quotient est ", q, " et le reste est ", r)
6) Fin Division
                              Exercice 15
                                                                                                         Exercice 16
0) Début Mile marin
                                                                           0) Début Conversion
1) Ecrire ("Donner le nombre de Km: "), Lire (km)
                                                                           1) Ecrire ("Nombres de bits = "), Lire (bit)
2) Mm ← km/1.852
                                                                           2) Octet ← bit/8
3) Ecrire (km," km = ", mm," miles marins")
                                                                           3) Kilo ← octet/1024
4) Fin mile_marin
                                                                           4) Mega ← kilo/1024
                                                                           5) Giga ← mega/1024
                                                                           6) Ecrire (octet, kilo, mega, giga)
                                                                           7) Fin conversion
                              Exercice 17
                                                                                                        Exercice 19
0) Début Temps
                                                                           0) Début Interet_Simple

    Ecrire ("Donner la somme initiale : "), Lire (SOM)
    Ecrire ("Donner le taux d'intérêt : "), Lire (TAUX)

1) Ecrire ("Donner une durée en secondes "), Lire (T)
2) H ← T div 3600
3) M ← (T div 60) mod 60
                                                                           3) INTERET ← (SOM * TAUX/100) * 5
4) S ← T mod 60
                                                                           4) VA ← SOM + INTERET
5) Ecrire (H, ": ", M, ": ", S)
                                                                           5) Ecrire ("Après 5 ans la somme sera = ", VA)
6) Fin Temps
                                                                           6) Fin Interet_Simple
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Exercice 20	Exercice 21		
0) Début Consommation	0) Début Résistance		
1) Ecrire ("Nombre de Km parcouru : "), Lire(Y)	1) Ecrire ("Donner les trois résistances : "), Lire (R1, R2, R3)		
2) Ecrire ("Nombre de litres d'essence : "), Lire (L)	2) Rser ← R1 + R2 + R3		
3) TAUX ← (L*100)/Y	3) Rpar $\leftarrow 1/(1/R1 + 1/R2 + 1/R3)$		
4) Ecrire ("Taux de consommation est = ", TAUX, " %")	4) Ecrire ("Résistance résultante sérielle : ", Rser)		
5) Fin Consommation	5) Ecrire ("Résistance résultante parallèle : ", Rpar)		
7,	6) Fin Résistance		
Exercice 18	Exercice 22		
0) Début Futur	0) Début NBR_3		
1) Ecrire ("Donner un verbe du 1er groupe : "), Lire (verbe)	1) Ecrire ("Saisir un entier formé de 3 chiffres non nuls : "), Lire (N)		
2) Ecrire ("Je ", verbe, "ai")	2) c ← n div 100		
3) Ecrire ("Tu ", verbe, "as")	3) d ← n mod 100 div 10		
4) Ecrire ("II ou elle ", verbe, "a")	4) u ← n mod 10		
5) Ecrire ("Nous ", verbe, "ons")	5) r1 ← c*100+u*10+d		
6) Ecrire ("Vous ", verbe, "ez")	6) r2 ← u*100+d*10+c		
7) Ecrire ("Ils ou elles ", verbe, "ont")	7) r3 ← u*100+c*10+d		
8) Fin Futur	8) r4 ← d*100+c*10+u		
	9) r5 ← d*100+u*10+c		
	10) Ecrire (N, r1, r2, r3, r4, r5)		
	11) Fin NBR_3		
Exercice 23	Exercice 24		
0) Début Sup_Inf	0) Début IMAGE		
1) Ecrire ("A = "), Lire (A)	1) Ecrire ("Entrer la largeur de l'image: "), Lire(I)		
2) Ecrire ("B = "), Lire (B)	2) Ecrire ("Entrer la hauteur de l'image: "), Lire (h)		
3) SUP \leftarrow (A + B + abs (A - B)) div 2	3) Ecrire ("Entrer la résolution de l'image: "), Lire(r)		
4) INF (A + B - abs (A - B)) div 2	4) Ecrire ("Entrer le codage de l'image: "), Lire(c)		
5) Ecrire ("Valeur sup = ", SUP, " Valeur inf = ", INF)	5) n ← l*r*h*r		
6) Fin Sup_Inf	6) p ← (n*c) / (1024*1024) 8) Ecrire (n,p)		
	9) Fin IMAGE		
	77 III IWAGE		
Exercice 25	Exercice 26		
Program Date;	Program Distance ;		
Uses Wincrt, Windos;	Uses Wincrt;		
Var A, M, J: Word;	Var		
Begin	Xa, Ya, Xb, Yb: Integer;		
Write ('Entrez L''année : '); ReadIn (A);	Dist: Real;		
Write ('Entrez Le Mois : '); ReadIn (M);	Begin		
Write ('Entrez Le Jour : '); Readln (J);	Writeln ('Entrez Les Coordonnées Du Point A : Xa, Ya ');		
Setdate (A,M,J);	Readin (Xa,Ya);		
End.	WriteIn ('Entrez Les Coordonnées Du Point B : Xb,Yb ');		
	ReadIn (Xb, Yb); Dist := Sqrt (Sqr(Xa-Xb)+Sqr(Ya-Yb));		
	Writeln ('La Distance Entre A Et B Est ', Dist :2 :2);		
	End.		
Exercice 27	Exercice 27		
Program Prix TTC ;			
, 	Program Prix_NET ;		
Uses Wincrt;	Program Prix_NET; Uses Wincrt;		
	; 3 = '		
Uses Wincrt;	Uses Wincrt;		
Uses Wincrt ; Var	Uses Wincrt ; Var		
Uses Wincrt ; Var Pnet, Tva : Integer;	Uses Wincrt; Var Tva: Integer;		
Uses Wincrt; Var Pnet, Tva: Integer; Pttc: Real;	Uses Wincrt; Var Tva: Integer; Pttc,Pnet: Real;		
Uses Wincrt; Var Pnet, Tva: Integer; Pttc: Real; Begin	Uses Wincrt; Var Tva: Integer; Pttc,Pnet: Real; Begin		
Uses Wincrt; Var Pnet, Tva: Integer; Pttc: Real; Begin Writeln('Entrez Le Prix Net De L''article: ');	Uses Wincrt; Var Tva: Integer; Pttc,Pnet: Real; Begin Writeln('Entrez Le Prix Ttc De L''article: ');		
Uses Wincrt; Var Pnet, Tva: Integer; Pttc: Real; Begin Writeln('Entrez Le Prix Net De L''article: '); Readln(Pnet);	Uses Wincrt; Var Tva: Integer; Pttc,Pnet: Real; Begin Writeln('Entrez Le Prix Ttc De L''article: '); Readln(Pttc);		
Uses Wincrt; Var Pnet, Tva: Integer; Pttc: Real; Begin Writeln('Entrez Le Prix Net De L''article: '); ReadIn(Pnet); Writeln('Entrez Le Taux De La Tva (En %): ');	Uses Wincrt; Var Tva: Integer; Pttc,Pnet: Real; Begin Writeln('Entrez Le Prix Ttc De L''article: '); ReadIn(Pttc); Writeln('Entrez Le Taux De La Tva (En %): ');		
Uses Wincrt; Var Pnet, Tva: Integer; Pttc: Real; Begin Writeln('Entrez Le Prix Net De L''article: '); ReadIn(Pnet); Writeln('Entrez Le Taux De La Tva (En %): '); ReadIn(Tva);	Uses Wincrt; Var Tva: Integer; Pttc,Pnet: Real; Begin Writeln('Entrez Le Prix Ttc De L''article: '); ReadIn(Pttc); Writeln('Entrez Le Taux De La Tva (En %): '); ReadIn(Tva);		
Uses Wincrt; Var Pnet, Tva: Integer; Pttc: Real; Begin Writeln('Entrez Le Prix Net De L''article: '); Readln(Pnet); Writeln('Entrez Le Taux De La Tva (En %): '); Readln(Tva); Pttc:= Pnet+Pnet*Tva/100;	Uses Wincrt; Var Tva: Integer; Pttc,Pnet: Real; Begin Writeln('Entrez Le Prix Ttc De L''article: '); Readln(Pttc); Writeln('Entrez Le Taux De La Tva (En %): '); Readln(Tva); Pnet:= Pttc*100/(100+Tva);		

LES STRUCTURES CONDITIONNELLES

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Exercice 1
                                                                    Exercice 2
Program Min2;
                                                                    Program Max3;
Uses Wincrt:
                                                                    Uses
                                                                          Wincrt :
      a, b, min: Integer;
                                                                           a, b, c, maxi: Integer;
Var
                                                                    Var
Begin
                                                                    Begin
 WriteIn ('Saisir deux entiers : ');
                                                                      Writeln ('Saisir trois entiers: ');
 ReadIn (a, b);
                                                                     ReadIn (a, b, c);
 IF a < b Then min := a
                                                                     maxi := a;
           Else min := b;
                                                                     IF b>maxi Then maxi := b;
 Writeln ('La plus petite valeur est : ', min);
                                                                     IF c>maxi Then maxi:=c;
                                                                     Writeln ('La plus grande valeur est : ', maxi);
                                                                    End.
Exercice 3
                                                                    Exercice 4
Program Racine;
                                                                              Aire_Triangle;
                                                                    Program
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                    Uses
                                                                           Wincrt;
Var x : Real ;
                                                                            a, b, c, S, P: Real;
                                                                    Var
Begin
                                                                    Begin
                                                                        Writeln ('Donner 3 réels positifs:'); Readln (a, b, c);
  Write ('Saisir un réel'); Readln (x);
                                                                        IF (a+b=c) Or (a+c=b) Or (b+c=a)
  IF x >= 0
    Then Writeln ('Racine carrée', x_i' = ', sqrt(x))
                                                                            Then Writeln ('II ne s"agit pas d"un triangle')
    Else Writeln ('Donnée incorrecte');
                                                                            Else Begin
End.
                                                                                   P := (a+b+c)/2;
                                                                                    S := sqrt (P*(P-a)*(P-b)*(P-c));
                                                                                   End;
                                                                        Writeln ('Aire de triangle = ', S:4:2);
                                                                    End.
Exercice 6
                                                                    Exercice 5
Program Parite;
                                                                    Program Abs_diff;
Uses
      Wincrt;
                                                                    Uses Wincrt;
                                                                    Var a, b, z : Integer;
Var
       N: Integer;
Begin
  Writeln ('Donner un entier '); Readln (n);
                                                                       Write ('Donner deux entiers : '); ReadIn (a, b);
                                                                       IF (a-b) < 0 Then z := b-a
  IF n \mod 2 = 0
      Then Writeln (n,' est pair')
                                                                                      Else z := a-b;
      Else Writeln (n,' est impair');
                                                                       Writeln ('valeur absolue de a-b = ', z);
Fnd.
                                                                      b: =readkey;
Exercice 7
Program Chez_la_fourmi;
                                                                      VAL (a, na, err);
Uses
       Wincrt;
                                                                      VAL (b, nb, err);
                                                                      IF (na+nb) \mod 2 = 0
label
       1,2;
                                                                          Then Writeln ('Le joueur A gagne.')
Var
       na, nb, err : Integer;
                                                                          Else Writeln ('Le joueur B gagne.');
       a, b, z : Char;
Begin
                                                                      Writeln ('Voulez vous jouer encore? (o/n)'); Readln (z);
 1: Writeln ('Nombre de doigts montrés par le joueur A');
                                                                      IF z='n' Then goto 2 Else goto 1;
 Writeln ('Nombre de doigts montrés par le joueur B');
                                                                    Exercice 8
Exercice 9
Program Sup_Inf;
                                                                    Program Invite;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                    Uses
                                                                           Wincrt;
       a, b: Integer;
                                                                           titre, foulen, term1, term2 : String ;
Var
                                                                    Var
       sie: String;
                                                                    Begin
                                                                       Write ('Titre = '); ReadIn (titre);
 WriteIn ('Saisir deux entiers : ');
                                                                       Write ('Votre nom = '); ReadIn (foulen);
 ReadIn (a, b);
                                                                       IF titre = 'Mr'
 IF a>b
                                                                            Then Begin
     Then sie := 'est supérieur à '
                                                                                     term1 := 'e';
     Else IF a < b
                                                                                     term2 := ";
             Then sie := 'est inférieur à '
                                                                                  End
             Else sie := 'est égal à ';
                                                                            Else IF (titre = 'Mlle') Or (titre='Mme')
 Writeln (a, sie, b);
                                                                                   Then Begin
End.
                                                                                           term1 := 'a';
                                                                                           term2 := 'e' ;
                                                                                         End;
                                                                         Writeln (titre, '', foulen, ', soyez l', term1,
                                                                                                              'bienvenu', term2);
                                                                    End.
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Exercice 10
                                                                         Exercice 12
Program Ordre;
                                                                         Program Equa_1d;
      Wincrt;
                                                                                Wincrt;
Uses
                                                                         Uses
       e1, e2, petit, grand : Integer ;
Var
                                                                         Var
                                                                                a, b: Real;
                                                                         Begin
 Writeln ('Saisir deux entiers: '); Readln (e1, e2);
                                                                          Write ('a = '); ReadIn (a);
 petit := e1
                                                                          Write ('b = '); ReadIn (b);
 grand := e2
                                                                          IF a <> 0
 IF e1>e2 Then Begin
                                                                             Then Writeln ('x = ', -b/a)
                       petit := e2;
                                                                              Else IF b = 0
                       grand := e1;
                                                                                        Then Writeln ('IR')
                    End;
                                                                                         Else Writeln ('{}');
 WriteIn (petit, grand: 3);
                                                                         End.
End.
Exercice 11
Program Tri;
                                                                            IF b>c Then begin
Uses
       Wincrt;
                                                                                               aux:=b;
Var
        a, b, c, aux: Integer;
                                                                                              b := c:
Begin
                                                                                              c:=aux;
  Write ('a = '); Readln (a);
                                                                                             end:
  Write ('b = '); ReadIn (b); Write ('c = '); ReadIn (c);
                                                                            IF a>b Then begin
                                                                                              aux:=a;
  IF a>b Then begin
                                                                                              a := b;
                      aux:=a;
                                                                                              b := aux
                      a:=b;
                                                                                             end
                     b := aux:
                   end;
                                                                           Writeln (a, b: 4, c: 4);
                                                                         End.
Exercice 13
                                                                         Exercice 14
Program Equa_2d;
                                                                         Program Inequation
Uses
       Wincrt;
                                                                         Uses Wincrt;
Var
        a, b, c, delta: Real;
                                                                         Var a, b : Real ;
Beain
                                                                         Beain
 Write ('a = '); ReadIn (a);
                                                                           Write ('a = '); ReadIn (a);
 Write ('b = '); ReadIn (b);
                                                                           Write ('b = '); ReadIn (b);
 Write ('c = '); ReadIn (c);
                                                                           IF a>0
 IF a = 0
                                                                              Then Writeln ('x < ', -b/a)
                 {équation 1er degré}
    Then IF b = 0
                                                                              Else IF a<0
          Then IF c = 0
                                                                                       Then Writeln ('x > ', -b/a)
                     Then Writeln ('IR')
                                                                                       Else IF b<0
                    Else Writeln ('{}')
                                                                                                Then Writeln ('IR')
          Else Writeln ('x = ', -c/b)
                                                                                                Else Writeln ('Impossible');
    Else delta := sqr(b) - 4*a*c;
                                                                         Fnd.
 IF delta = 0 {solution réelle double}
     Then Writeln ('x1=x2= ', -b/ (2*a))
      Else IF delta > 0
                              {deux solutions réelles}
         Then Begin
                Writeln ('x1= ', (-b-sqrt (delta))/ (2*a));
Writeln ('x2= ', (-b+sqrt (delta))/ (2*a));
                End
         Else Writeln ('Deux solutions complexes');
 End.
Exercice 15
                                                                         Exercice 16
Program Touche;
                                                                         Program Calculette;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                         Uses Wincrt;
                                                                                a, b : Real ;
Var
      c: Char;
                                                                         Var
       nature : String;
                                                                                 op: Char;
Begin
                                                                         Begin
   Writeln ('Taper sur une touche'); ReadIn (c);
                                                                           ReadIn (a); ReadIn (op); ReadIn (b);
                                                                            Case op of
                                                                                '+': Writeln (a:3:2,'',op,'',b:3:2,' = ',a+b:3:2);
'-': Writeln (a:3:2,'',op,'',b:3:2,' = ',a-b:3:2);
'*': Writeln (a:3:2,'',op,'',b:3:2,' = ',a*b:3:2);
    'a'..'z','A'..'Z' : IF UPCASE(c) in ['A','E','I','U','O','Y']
                             Then nature := 'Voyelle'
                             Else nature := 'Consonne';
        '0'..'9' : nature := 'Chiffre';
                                                                                 '/': IF b = 0
         Else nature := 'Symbole';
                                                                                       Then Writeln ('impossible')
                                                                                        Else Writeln (a:3:2,' ',op,' ',b:3:2,' = ',a/b:3:2);
   End;
   Writeln (nature);
                                                                                Else Writeln ('Opérateur incorrect');
End.
                                                                           End;
                                                                         End.
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Exercice 17
                                                                    Exercice 18
Program Bulletin;
                                                                    Program nbr_jours_mois;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                    Uses wincrt;
                                                                    Var nbj, mm, an: integer;
Var
     moy : Real ;
                      me, dec : String ;
Begin
 Write ('Donner la moyenne annuelle : '); ReadIn (moy);
                                                                    Begin
 IF moy < 10
                                                                      Write ('N° du mois : ') ; readIn (mm) ;
    Then Begin
            dec := 'Redouble' ;
                                                                      nbj := 31;
            me := ";
         End
                                                                      if mm in [4,6,9,11]
    Else Begin
                                                                           then nbj := 30
            dec := 'Admis';
                                                                           else begin
            IF moy < 12
                                                                                write ('Année: '); readIn (an);
               Then me:= 'Passable'
                                                                                nbi := 28
               Else IF moy < 14
                                                                                if (an \mod 4=0) and ((an \mod 100 <> 0) or (an \mod 400=0))
                   Then me := 'Assez bien'
                                                                                       then nbj := 29;
                   Else IF moy < 16
                      Then me := 'Bien'
                      Else IF moy < 18
                                                                       writeln ('Le nombre de jours du mois saisi est : ', nbj);
                         Then me := 'Très bien'
                                                                    End.
                         Else me := 'Excellent';
          End:
   WriteIn ('Moyenne = ', moy,' Décision = ', dec,
             'Mention = ', me);
End.
Exercice 20
                                                                    Exercice 19
Program Anciennete;
                                                                    Program Date;
       Wincrt ;
                                                                    Uses Wincrt;
Uses
Var
      ji, mi, ai, jf, mf, af, jj, mm, aa: Integer;
                                                                    Var
                                                                          mm, err : Integer
                                                                           date, jj, aa, mois: String [10];
Begin
   Write ('Donner la date initiale : ');
                                                                    Begin
   Readln (ji, mi, ai)
                                                                     Writeln ('Saisir une date sous la forme jj/mm/aaaa');
   Write ('Donner la date finale : ');
                                                                     ReadIn (date)
   ReadIn (jf, mf, af);
                                                                     jj := COPY (date, 1, 2) ;
                                                                     aa := COPY (date, 7, 4) ;
   IF ji > jf
      Then Begin
                                                                     VAL (COPY (date, 4, 2), mm, err);
                                                                     Case mm of
              jf := jf + 30;
                                                                         1 : mois := 'Janvier' ;
               mf := mf - 1;
            End;
                                                                         2 : mois := 'Février' ;
                                                                         3 : mois := 'Mars' ;
   IF mi > mf
      Then Begin
                                                                         4 : mois := 'Avril' ;
                                                                         5 : mois := 'Mai' ;
                mf := mf + 12;
                af := af - 1;
                                                                         6 : mois := 'Juin'
                                                                         7 : mois := 'Juillet' ;
             End:
                                                                         8 : mois := 'Août' ;
   jj := jf - ji;
   mm := mf - mi;
                                                                         9 : mois := 'Septembre' ;
   aa := af - ai ;
                                                                         10 : mois := 'Octobre' :
   Writeln (aa, 'années', mm, 'mois', jj, 'jours');
                                                                         11 : mois := 'Novembre' ;
End.
                                                                         12 : mois := 'Décembre' ;
                                                                         Fnd
                                                                     Writeln (jj, mois: 2, aa: 2);
                                                                    Fnd.
Exercice 21
                                                                    if dj then begin
                                                                                 js:=1;
Program Lendemain;
                                                                                 if m=12 then begin
Uses wincrt
                                                                                                  ms:=1:
      j,m,a,ms,js,as:integer;
                                                                                                  as: =a+1;
      biss,dj:boolean;
                                                                                                end
                                                                                          else begin
begin
 writeln ('donner la date d''aujourd''hui : ');
                                                                                                 ms:=m+1;
  readIn (j,m,a);
                                                                                                 as:=a;
  if (a \mod 100) = 0
                                                                                               end;
      then biss: =(a \mod 400)=0
                                                                               end
      else biss: =(a \mod 4)=0;
                                                                         else begin
 case m of
                                                                                 js:=j+1;
      1,3,7,8,10,12:di:=(i=31);
                                                                                 ms:=m;
      4,6,9,11:dj:=(j=30);
                                                                                 as: =a;
      2: if biss then dj:=(j=29)
                else dj:=(j=28);
                                                                    writeln ('le jour suivant est :',js,'/',ms,'/',as);
                                                                    end.
  end:
```

```
Exercice 22
Program Toute_Lettre;
       Wincrt;
Uses
Const
     Chiffres: Array[0..19] of String = (", 'un', 'deux', 'trois', 'quatre', 'cinq', 'six', 'sept', 'huit', 'neuf', 'dix',
                                          'onze', 'douze', 'treize', 'quatorze', 'quinze', 'seize', 'dix-sept', 'dix-huit', 'dix-neuf');
     Dizaines: Array[2..9] of String = ('vingt', 'trente', 'quarante', 'cinquante', 'soixante', ', 'quatre-vingt', ');
Var
      n: Integer;
       result : String;
Begin
  Writeln ('Donner un entier entre 0 et 99'); Readln (n);
  Case n of
      0..19 : result := Chiffres [n];
      20..69,80..89: IF ((n mod 10 = 1) and (n<>81))
                          Then result := Dizaines [n div 10] + 'et' + Chiffres [n mod 10]
                                 result := Dizaines [n div 10] + ' ' + Chiffres [n mod 10];
                          Else
      70..79,90..99: IF (n = 71)
                                result := Dizaines [n div 10 -1] + 'et ' + Chiffres [n mod 10 + 10]
                         Then
                                result := Dizaines [n div 10 -1] + ' ' + Chiffres [n mod 10 + 10];
                         Flse
  Fnd:
 IF n=0
          Then Writeln ('zéro')
           Else Writeln (result);
Fnd.
Exercice 23
Program jour semaine;
Uses
       wincrt;
Var
     day, month, year, dayyear, daymonth, weekday, cm:integer;
      jj:string;
Begin
  writeln ('Donner le jour'); readIn (day);
  writeln ('Donner le mois'); readln (month);
  writeln ('Donner l''année'); readln (year);
  dayyear: = (year-1)*365 + ((year-1) div 4);
  daymonth: =0;
  for cm:=1 to (month-1) do
   case cm of
    1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12 : daymonth: =daymonth+31;
             4, 6, 9, 11 : daymonth: =daymonth+30;
                        2: if (year mod 4=0) and ((year mod 100<>0) or (year mod 400 =0))
                                  then daymonth: = daymonth + 29
                                  else daymonth: =daymonth+28;
    end:
  weekday: = (dayyear + daymonth + day) mod 7
  case weekday of
    0:jj:='Dimanche';
    1: jj: = 'Lundi';
    2: jj: = 'Mardi';
    3:jj:='Mercredi';
    4:jj:='Jeudi';
    5: jj: = 'Vendredi';
    6:jj:='Samedi';
 writeln ('Le jour correspondant est ', jj);
End.
Exercice 24
                                                                            Exercice 25
Program Signe_produit;
                                                                            Program Signe_somme;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                            Uses Wincrt;
Var
                                                                            Var
 A,B: Integer;
                                                                              A,B: Integer;
Begin
                                                                            Begin
  Writeln('Introduisez deux nombres entiers:'); ReadIn(A,B);
                                                                              Writeln('Introduisez deux nombres entiers:');
 If (A=0) Or (B=0)
                                                                              ReadIn(A,B);
     Then Writeln ('Le produit ',A,' * ',B,' est nul')
                                                                              If (A=0) And (B=0)
    Else If ((A>0) And (B>0)) Or ((A<0) And (B<0))
                                                                                Then Writeln ('La somme ',A,' + ',B,' est zéro')
       Then Writeln ('Le signe du produit ',A,' * ',B,' est positif') Else Writeln ('Le signe du produit ',A,' * ',B,' est négatif');
                                                                              Else If ((A>0) And (B>0))
                                                                                    Or ((A<0) And (B>0)And(Abs(a)<Abs(b)))
End.
                                                                                    Or ((A>0) And (B<0)And (Abs(a)>Abs(b)))
                                                                                Then Writeln ('Le signe de la somme ',A,' + ',B,' est positif')
Else Writeln ('Le signe de la somme ',A,' + ',B,' est négatif');
                                                                            End.
```

Exercice 26		•	Exercice 27	
A=10 et B=5	premier choix		"premier choix"	apparaît pour (A>B) et (A>10)
	troisième choix		"deuxième choix"	apparaît pour $(10 \ge A > B)$
A=5 et B=5	troisième choix		Land Land	
A=5 et B=10	quatrième choix		"troisième choix" "quatrième choix"	apparaît pour $(10 \ge A > B \ge 10)$ et $(A = B)$ 10 > 10 impossible A > B et $A = B$ impossible $=>$ "troisième choix" n'apparaît jamais apparaît pour $(10 \ge A > B \ge 10)$ et $(A \ne B)$ 10 > 10 impossible $=>$ "quatrième choix" n'apparaît jamais
A=10 et B=10	quatrième choix			
A=20 et B=10	premier choix			
	quatrième choix			
A=20 et B=20	deuxième choix]		
	quatrième choix			



LES STRUCTURES ITERATIVES

```
Exercice 1
                                                                 Exercice 2
Program Alphabet;
                                                                 Program Table3;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                 Uses Wincrt;
Var c: Char;
                                                                 Const n = 10;
                                                                        i: Integer;
Begin
                                                                 Var
  FOR c := 'A' To 'Z' Do Write (c:2);
                                                                 Begin
  WriteIn;
                                                                    FOR i:=1 To n Do
  FOR c:= 'Z' Downto 'A' Do Write (c:2);
                                                                         WriteIn ('3*',i,' = ',3*i);
End.
                                                                 End.
Exercice 3
                                                                 Exercice 4
Program Somme_Produit;
                                                                 Program Suite;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                 Uses Wincrt;
      s, i: Integer; p: Real;
                                                                 Var
                                                                        som, i, u: Integer;
Begin
                                                                 Begin
  S := 0 ; P := 1 ;
                                                                   som := 0;
  FOR i:=1 To 20 Do
                                                                   u := 2;
       Begin
                                                                   FOR i := 1 To 100 Do
         S := S + i;
                                                                        Begin
         p := p * i ;
                                                                           som := som + u;
       End;
                                                                           u := u + 3;
  WriteIn ('Somme = ', s);
WriteIn ('Produit = ', p:2:2);
                                                                        End:
                                                                   WriteIn (som);
End.
                                                                 End.
Exercice 4
                                                                 Exercice 4
Program Suite;
                                                                 Program Suite
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                 Uses Wincrt;
     som, i, u : Integer ;
                                                                 Var som, i, u : Integer
Begin
                                                                 Begin
 som := 0;
                                                                   som := 0;
                                                                   u := 2;
 u := 2;
                                                                   i := 1;
While (i<=100) Do
 i := 1;
 Repeat
     som := som + u;
                                                                         Begin
     u := u + 3;
                                                                            som := som + u;
     i := i+1
                                                                            u := u+3;
 Until (i>100);
                                                                            i := i+1;
 Writeln (som);
                                                                         End:
                                                                   Writeln (som);
End.
                                                                 End.
Exercice 5
                                                                 Exercice 6
Program Pythagore;
                                                                 Program
                                                                            Pyramide:
Uses
       Wincrt;
                                                                 uses wincrt;
Const
       n = 9;
                                                                 const N=4;
        i, j : Byte ;
Var
                                                                 var
                                                                         i, j: integer;
Begin
                                                                 begin
                                                                   for i:=0 to n do
  FOR i:=1 To n /Do
      Begin
                                                                      begin
                                                                        for j:=i+1 to n do write ('');
         FOR j:=1 To n Do Write (i * j : 4);
         WriteIn;
                                                                        for j:=-i to i do write ('*');
      End:
                                                                        writeln:
End.
                                                                      end:
                                                                 end.
Exercice 7
                                                                 Exercice 8
Program Moy_Notes;
                                                                 Program Factoriel;
Uses
       Wincrt;
                                                                 Uses
                                                                          Wincrt;
Var
       i, n: Integer;
                                                                 Var
                                                                          i, n: Byte;
       note, s: Real;
                                                                          fact : Real ;
Begin
                                                                 Begin
 Write ('Combien de notes : '); ReadIn (n);
                                                                   Repeat
                                                                     Writeln ('Saisir un entier');
 s := 0;
 FOR i:=1 To n Do
                                                                     ReadIn (n)
   Begin
                                                                   Until n IN [0..255];
     Write ('Note', i, ':');
     ReadIn (note);
                                                                   fact := 1;
                                                                   FOR i := 2 To n Do fact := fact * i;
     s := s + note;
                                                                   Writeln (n, '! = ', fact);
 Writeln ('Moyenne de ces ', n, ' notes : ', s/n:2:2);
End.
```

```
Exercice 10
                                                                     Exercice 11
Program Diviseurs;
                                                                     Program Som_15;
      Wincrt;
Uses
                                                                            Wincrt;
                                                                     Uses
       n, m, r: Integer;
Var
                                                                     Var
                                                                             i, j, k : Integer;
Begin
                                                                     Begin
 Writeln ('Donner un entier');
                                                                       FOR i: =1 TO 9 DO
 ReadIn (n);
                                                                          FOR j:=1 TO 9 DO
                                                                               FOR k:=1 TO 9 DO
 m:=n:
  Repeat
                                                                                      IF (i+j+k=15)
                                                                                           Then Begin
   r:= m \mod 10;
                                                                                                   Writeln (i, ' ', j, ' ', k);
    m:= m \text{ div } 10;
    IF (n \mod r = 0) Then Write (r, ' ');
                                                                                                   ReadIn;
 Until m=0;
                                                                                                  End;
End.
                                                                     End.
Exercice 9
Program Jeu;
                                                                          IF np > nc Then Writeln ('C''est grand')
Uses
       Wincrt;
                                                                              Else IF np < nc Then Writeln ('C''est petit')
                                                                              Else Writeln ('Bravo vous avez gagné!!');
Label
       1, 2
Var
        np, nc, essai: Integer;
                                                                        Until (np = nc) Or (essai = 7);
        z: Char ;
Begin
                                                                        IF np<>nc
  1: Clrscr
                                                                           Then Writeln ('Perdu, le nombre cherché est : ', nc);
  Randomize;
                                                                        WriteIn ('Voulez vous jouer encore? (o/n)');
  nc := Random (100) + 1;
  essai := 0;
                                                                        ReadIn (z);
  Repeat
                                                                        IF z='n' Then goto 2 Else goto 1
     essai := essai+1;
                                                                     2:End.
     Write ('Essai numéro ', essai, 'Votre nombre : ':20);
     ReadIn (np);
Exercice 12
                                                                     Program histogramme;
Program Histogramme;
                                                                     Uses wincrt;
                                                                     Var n1, n2, n3:integer;
Uses
        Wincrt;
Var
         a, b, c, max, i: Integer;
                                                                     Procedure lecture (var n:integer);
Begin
                                                                     Beain
  Writeln ('Entrer trois entiers compris entre 0 et 15');
                                                                        writeln ('Entrer trois entiers compris entre 0 et 15');
                                                                        repeat readln(n) until n in [0..15];
  ReadIn (a, b, c);
  max:=a;
  IF b>max Then max:=b;
                                                                     Procedure affiche (n,c:integer; ca:char);
  IF c>max Then max:=c;
                                                                     Var I,i:integer;
 FOR i:= max Downto 1
                               Dο
                                                                     Begin
         Begin
                                                                       I:=21; {numéro de ligne}
             IF i>a
                      Then Write (' ')
                                                                       for i:=1 to n do
                      Else Write ('A');
                                                                        begin
                      Then Write (' ':4)
             IF i>b
                                                                          gotoxy(c,I);
                      Else Write ('B':4);
                                                                          writeln(ca);
                      Then Writeln (' ':4)
Else Writeln ('C':4);
             IF i>c
                                                                          I:=I-1;
                                                                        end;
         End;
                                                                     End;
End.
                                                                     Begin
                                                                       lecture(n1); lecture(n2); lecture(n3);
                                                                       affiche(n1,10,'A'); affiche(n2,14,'B'); affiche(n3,18,'C');
Exercice 13
                                                                     Exercice 14
Program Som_Chiffres;
                                                                     Program Nbr_Cube;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                     Uses Wincrt;
      n, som, r: Integer;
                                                                     Var
Var
                                                                            k, c, d, u : Integer;
                                                                     Begin
Begin
 WriteIn ('Donner un entier'); ReadIn (n);
                                                                       FOR k:=100 To 999 Do
  som:=0;
                                                                            Begin
                                                                               c := k div 100;
  Repeat
     r:= n \mod 10;
                                                                               d: = (k \text{ div } 10) \text{ mod } 10;
                                                                               u: =k mod 10 :
     som: = som + r:
                                                                               IF (u^*u^*u+d^*d^*d+c^*c^*c) = K
     n := n \text{ div } 10;
                                                                                        Then Writeln (k, 'est un nombre cubique');
  Until n=0;
 Writeln ('La somme de chiffres est : ', som);
                                                                            End;
End.
                                                                     End.
```

```
Exercice 15
                                                                   Exercice 16
Program Somme;
                                                                   Program Syracuse ;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                   Uses Wincrt;
     n, i: Integer;
                                                                   Var n, i, s: Integer;
Var
      s1, s2, s3 : Real ;
Beain
                                                                   Begin
                                                                       Writeln ('Saisir un entier > 0 '); Readln (n);
  Repeat
    Write ('Saisir un entier impair: '); ReadIn (n);
  Until odd (n);
                                                                       FOR i: =1 To 50 Do
 s1:=0; s2:=0; s3:=0;
                                                                         Begin
 FOR i:=1 To n Do
                                                                             Write (S, ' ');
                                                                             IF S \mod 2 = 0
      IF odd (i) Then s2 := s2 + 1/i
                   Else s3 := s3 - 1/i;
                                                                                    Then S:=S \text{ div } 2
   s1:= s2 - s3;
                                                                                     Else S:= 3*S+1;
   Writeln (s1:8:2, s2:8:2, s3:8:2);
                                                                         End;
End.
                                                                   End.
Exercice 17
                                                                   Exercice 18
Program Probabilite;
                                                                   Program Puissance_n;
      Wincrt;
                                                                           Wincrt;
Uses
                                                                   Uses
Const n = 12; essai = 100;
                                                                   Var
                                                                           n, k: Integer;
       d1, d2, d3, cumul, i: Byte;
Var
                                                                           y, x : Real ;
Begin
                                                                   Begin
                                                                      Write ('Saisir un nombre réel : ') ; ReadIn (x) ;
 Randomize;
                                                                      Write ('Saisir la puissance n : '); ReadIn (n);
  cumul := 0;
 FOR i:=1 To essai Do
                                                                      y := 1;
                                                                      FOR k := 1 To abs (n) Do y := y * x
     Begin
                                                                      IF n<0 Then y := 1/y;
       d1 := 1 + Random (6);
                                                                      Writeln (x:5:2, 'puissance', n, '=', y:5:2);
       d2 := 1 + Random (6);
       d3 := 1 + Random (6);
       IF (d1+d2+d3 = n) Then cumul := cumul +1;
      End;
 Writeln ('Probabilité est : ', cumul/essai :5:2);
End.
Exercice 19
Program Multiplication_Addition;
                                                                       IF y<0 Then
                                                                                      Begin
Uses
        Wincrt;
                                                                                          y: = -y;
Var
        x, y, s, aux, i: Integer;
                                                                                          X:=-X:
Begin
                                                                                       End:
 Writeln ('Donner deux entiers'); Readln (x, y);
                                                                       s := 0 :
 Write (x, ' * ', y, ' = ');
                                                                       FOR i:=1 To y Do s:=s+x;
 IF abs(y)>abs(x) Then Begin
                                                                       Writeln (s);
                             aux := x
                             x := y;
                             y := aux;
Exercice 20
                                                                   Exercice 21
Program Suite;
                                                                   program produits;
        Wincrt;
Uses
                                                                   uses wincrt;
        i, n: Integer; s, invfact: Real;
Var
                                                                   var a, b, c, d:integer;
Begin
                                                                   begin
  Writeln ('Donner un entier'); Readln (n);
                                                                       for a:=1 to 9 do
                                                                         for c:=a to 9 do
 s := 1 :
 invfact := 1;
                                                                           for b: =c downto a do
 FOR i := 1 To n Do
                                                                           for d: =c downto a do
    Begin
                                                                             if ((10*a+b)*(10*c+d) = (10*b+a)*(10*d+c))
                                                                         and (a <> b) and (b <> c)
then Writeln (a, b, '*', c, d, '=', b, a, '*', d, c);
       invfact := invfact/i ;
       s := s + invfact;
    End:
                                                                   end.
 WriteIn (s:5:2);
End.
                                                                   Exercice 23
Exercice 22
PROGRAM PI_WALLIS;
                                                                   Program PGCD_Euclide;
USES WINCRT;
                                                                   Uses
                                                                          Wincrt;
       P, r, diff: Real;
VAR
                                                                   Var
                                                                          a, b, r: Integer;
       i : LONGINT;
                                                                   Begin
BEGIN
                                                                       Repeat
                                                                          Writeln ('Saisir deux entiers > 0'); Readln (a, b);
    P:=1; i:=0;
    REPEAT
                                                                       Until (a>0) and (b>0);
                                                                      While b<>0 Do
       i := i + 2;
        r := i/(i-1)*i/(i+1);
                                                                         Begin
       diff:= (P*r) - P;
                                                                          r := a \mod b; \quad a := b; \quad b := r;
        P:=P*r;
                                                                         End:
    UNTIL abs (diff) < 1e-8;
                                                                      WriteIn ('PGCD = ', a);
    WRITELN ('Par la formule de Wallis Pi = ', 2*P:2:7);
                                                                   End.
END.
```

```
Exercice 24
                                                                   Exercice 25
Program PGCD_Diff;
                                                                   Program PPCM;
       Wincrt;
Uses
                                                                   Uses
                                                                           Wincrt;
       a, b: Integer;
                                                                   Var
                                                                           pcm, m, n, aux : Integer;
Var
Begin
                                                                   Begin
   Repeat
                                                                      Repeat
      Writeln ('Saisir deux entiers >0 '); Readln (a, b);
                                                                         Writeln ('Saisir deux entiers > 0'); Readln (m, n);
   Until (a>0) and (b>0);
                                                                      Until (m>0) and (n>0);
  While a<>b Do
                                                                      IF m < n Then Begin
      IF a>b Then
                       a:=a-b
                                                                                            aux:=m:
                Else
                       b:=b-a;
                                                                                            m := n;
                                                                                           n := aux;
  Writeln ('PGCD = ', a);
                                                                                         End;
End.
                                                                      pcm := m;
                                                                      While (pcm mod n <> 0) Do pcm := pcm + m;
                                                                      WriteIn ('PPCM = ', pcm);
                                                                   End.
                                                                   Exercice 27
Exercice 26
                                                                   Program Nbre_Premiers;
Program Fibonacci;
uses
       wincrt:
                                                                   uses
                                                                         wincrt :
        k, f0, f1, f2: integer;
                                                                          nb, i: integer;
begin
                                                                   begin
    f0 := 1 ; f1 := 1 ;
                                                                      for nb := 2 to 400 do
    write (f0, ' ', f1, ' ');
                                                                         begin
                                                                            i := 2
    for k := 2 to 19 do
                                                                            while (nb mod i <> 0) and (i <= nb div 2) do i:= i+1;
      begin
                                                                            if (i > nb div 2) then write (nb:4);
          f2 := f1 + f0;
                                                                          end:
           f0 := f1 ;
                                                                   end.
          f1 := f2;
          write (f2, ' ');
       end;
end.
Exercice 28
                                                                   Exercice 32
Program Parfait;
                                                                   Program Exponential;
uses wincrt:
                                                                   uses wincrt:
                                                                   var x, s, epsilon, p, f:real;
       nb, d, som, a, b: integer;
begin
                                                                         i:integer;
   repeat
       ReadIn(a,b);
                                                                       write ('epsilon = '); readIn (epsilon);
   until (1<a) and (a<b);
                                                                       write ('x = '); readln (x);
   for nb:=a to b do
                                                                       s:=1; i:=1; p:=1; f:=1;
       begin
                                                                       repeat
                                                                           p:=p*x;
          som:=0:
          for d:=1 to (nb div 2) do
                                                                           f:=f*i;
               if (nb \mod d = 0) then som:=som+d;
                                                                           s := s + p/f;
          if nb=som then writeln (nb, 'est parfait');
                                                                           i := i + 1;
       end;
                                                                       until abs(p/f) <= epsilon;
end.
                                                                       writeln ('expn = ', s:2:10);
                                                                   end.
                                                                   Exercice 30
Exercice 29
Program Amis;
                                                                   Program Facteur_Premier;
uses wincrt;
                                                                   uses
                                                                           wincrt;
       m, n, sdn, sdm: integer;
                                                                   type
                                                                           tab = array [1..100] of integer;
                                                                   var
                                                                           fp: tab;
function diviseurs (x: integer): integer;
                                                                           n, i, f: integer;
var
     sdx, i: integer;
                                                                   begin
begin
                                                                     repeat
                                                                       writeln ('donner un entier entre 2 et 1000'); readln (n);
  sdx:=1:
  for i:=2 to (x \text{ div } 2) do
                                                                     until (n>=2) and (n<=1000);
                                                                     write (n, ' = ');
      if (x \mod i) = 0 then sdx := sdx+i;
  diviseurs: =sdx;
                                                                     i := 2; f:=0;
end:
                                                                     repeat
(****
                                                                       if (n \mod i = 0)
begin
                                                                            then begin
  for m:=1 to 1000 do
                                                                                    n:=n div i;
    for n:=1 to 1000 do
                                                                                    f := f + 1;
      begin
                                                                                    fp[f] := i;
       sdn := diviseurs (n);
                                                                                  end
       sdm := diviseurs (m);
                                                                             else i:=i+1;
       if (sdm=n) and (sdn=m)
                                                                     until (n=1);
             then writeln (n, 'et', m, 'sont amis');
                                                                     write (fp[1]);
                                                                     for i: = 2 to f do write (' * ', fp[i]);
end.
                                                                   end.
```

```
Exercice 31
                                                                  Exercice 33
Program calcul_sinus;
                                                                  Program Somme;
                                                                  Uses Wincrt;
uses wincrt;
                                                                  Var i, n: Integer; s: Real;
var x:real;
function sinus (x:real) : real;
                                                                  Procedure saisie (Var m : Integer);
var som, term1, term2, i:real;
                                                                  Begin
begin
                                                                    Repeat
   som:=x;
                                                                       WriteIn ('Donner un entier positif');
   term2:=x;
                                                                       ReadIn (m);
   i:=1;
                                                                    Until m>0;
   repeat
      i := i + 2;
       term1:=term2;
                                                                  Function puissance (x : Integer):Longint;
       term2: =term2 * -sqr(x) / (i*(i-1));
                                                                  Var j: Integer; p: Longint;
       som: =som+term2;
                                                                    p := 1;
   until abs (term2-term1) <= 0.0001;
                                                                    FOR j := 1 To x Do p := p * x;
   sinus: =som;
end:
                                                                    puissance: = p:
(**************P.P*************
begin
 repeat
                                                                  Begin
     write ('donner un réel x ');
                                                                    saisie (n);
     readln(x);
                                                                    s:=0;
 until (- Pi \leq x) and (x \leq Pi);
                                                                    FOR i:=1 To n Do s:= s + (2*i-1) / puissance(i);
                                                                    Writeln ('la somme = ', s:2:3);
 write ('\sin(', x:1:2,') = ', \sinus(x):10:10);
                                                                 Exercice 34
Exercice 34
Program Combinaison;
                                                                  Program Combinaison;
                                                                  Uses Wincrt;
Uses Wincrt;
Var cnp : Real ;
                                                                        cnp: Real; n, p, i: Integer;
      n, p: Integer;
                                                                         Nf, pf, npf : Longint ;
                                                                  Begin
Function Fact (x : Integer) : LongInt ;
                                                                    Repeat
                                                                       Write ('p = '); ReadIn (p);
Write ('n = '); ReadIn (n);
Var f:LongInt; i:Integer;
Begin
 f · = 1 ·
                                                                    Until (0 < p) and (p < n);
  FOR i := 2 To x Do f := f * i;
                                                                    Nf := 1;
  fact := f;
                                                                    Pf := 1;
                                                                    Npf := 1;
                                                                    FOR i:=2 To n Do
Begin
                                                                         Begin
                                                                           Nf := nf*i;
  Repeat
                                                                           IF i < =p Then pf := pf*i;
    Writeln ('Donner deux entiers : ');
     ReadLn (p, n);
                                                                           IF i < = n-p Then npf := npf^*i;
  Until (0 < p) and (p < n);
                                                                         Fnd:
  cnp := fact (n) / (fact (p) * fact (n-p)) ;
                                                                     Cnp := nf / (pf*npf);
  Writeln ('Combinaison = ', cnp : 4/2);
                                                                    Writeln ('Combinaison = ', cnp :4:2);
                                                                      ordre: =valide:
Exercice 35
Program Ordered;
Uses Wincrt;
Procedure saisie (Var m : Integer);
                                                                  Begin
Procedure min_max (m : Integer; Var min, max:Longint);
                                                                    Repeat
Var i: Integer;
                                                                       Write ('Donner un entier n compris entre 2 et 8 : ');
Begin
                                                                       ReadIn (m);
 min: =0; max: =0;
                                                                    Until m in [2..8];
 FOR i:=1 To m Do
                                                                  End;
      Begin
         min: = 10*min + i;
                                                                  Begin
         max:=10*max + (9-m+i);
                                                                    saisie (n);
       End:
                                                                    min_max (n, mn, mx);
                                                                    p : = 0;
                                                                    FOR i:=mn To mx DO
Function ordre (m:Longint): Boolean;
                                                                           IF ordre (i) Then
Var c1, c2 : Integer; valide : Boolean;
                                                                                          Begin
Begin
                                                                                             p := p + 1;
 Repeat
                                                                                             WriteIn (p:10, ' - ', i); ReadIn;
   c1: = m MOD 10;
                                                                                       End;
   m:= m DIV 10;
                                                                  Fnd.
   c2:= m MOD 10;
   valide: = (c1>c2);
 Until Not (valide) Or (m<10);
```

```
Exercice 36
                                                                    Exercice 37
Program Nbre_Impairs;
                                                                    program sommes_entiers;
Uses
        Wincrt;
                                                                    uses wincrt;
        i, n : Integer;
                                                                    var n, i, j, k, s:integer;
Var
Begin
                                                                     writeln ('entrer la valeur de N:'); readln (n);
  n := 0;
  FOR i:=1 To 99 Do
                                                                     for i:=1 to n \text{ div } 2 do
     IF ODD (i) and (i mod 7 <>0)
                                                                        begin
          Then Begin
                                                                          S := i; j := i;
                                                                          Repeat
                   n:=n+1:
                   IF n mod 5 <>0
                                                                             J := j + 1;
                                                                             S := S + j
                         Then Write (i:4)
                         Else Writeln (i: 4);
                                                                          until s >= n;
                 End;
                                                                         if S=N then
End.
                                                                            begin
                                                                              write (n,' = ',i);
                                                                              for k := i+1 to j do write(' + ',k);
                                                                              writeln;
                                                                            end:
                                                                         end;
                                                                    end.
                                                                    Exercice 39
Exercice 38
Program carre_parfait;
                                                                    Program Reine;
                                                                    Uses Wincrt;
uses wincrt;
var
      n,k:integer;
                                                                    Var
                                                                         x, y, i, j : Byte ;
Begin
                                                                    Begin
  for n: = 1 to 9999 do
                                                                     Write ('Les coordonnées de la dame: X = '); Readln (X);
     begin
                                                                     Write ('
                                                                                               Y = '); ReadIn (Y);
       k := 0;
                                                                     FOR i: =1 To 8 Do
       repeat
                                                                      Begin
          k := k + 1;
                                                                          FOR j:=1 To 8 Do
        until (k*k) > = n;
                                                                          IF (i=x) and (j=y)
                                                                             Then Write ('R')
       if sqr(k)=n
            then writeln(n);
                                                                              Else IF (i=x) Or (j=y) Or (abs(x-i)=abs(y-j))
                                                                                      Then Write (' * ')
    end;
                                                                                             Write (' ');
End.
                                                                                      Else
                                                                          WriteIn:
                                                                      End:
Exercice 40
                                                                    Exercice 41
Program ppcm_pgcd;
                                                                    Program produit_ab;
uses wincrt;
                                                                    uses wincrt;
var a, b : integer;
                                                                    var a, b,ppcm,pgcd : integer;
Procedure saisie (var a,b:integer);
                                                                    Procedure pgcd_ppcm(a,b:integer; var pgcd,ppcm:integer);
                                                                    var k:integer;
begin
  repeat
                                                                    begin
   writeln('Donner deux entiers >0')
                                                                     k := 0;
    readIn (a, b);
                                                                     repeat
  until (a>0) and (b>0);
                                                                      k := k+1
                                                                     until (a*k) \mod b = 0;
end;
                                                                    ppcm:=a*k;
Procedure affiche(a,b:integer);
                                                                     pgcd:=b div k;
var k:integer;
                                                                    end;
                                                                    (************ P.P ************)
begin
 k := 0
                                                                    begin
 repeat
                                                                     writeIn('Donner a et b : ');
    k\,:=\,k+1
                                                                     readIn (a, b);
 until (a*k) \mod b = 0;
                                                                     pgcd_ppcm(a,b,pgcd,ppcm);
 writeIn ('ppcm de ', a, ' et ', b, ' = ', a*k);
                                                                     writeIn(a,' * ',b,' = ',pgcd*ppcm);
 writeln ('pgcd de ', a, ' et ', b, ' = ', b div k);
end;
(************** P.P *************
BEGIN
  saisie(a,b);
 affiche(a,b);
END.
```

```
Exercice 42
                                                             Exercice 43
Program Exercice_42;
                                                             Program divisible_11;
uses wincrt;
                                                             uses wincrt;
var a,b,s:real;
                                                             var
                                                                   x:integer;
                                                             n,i,signe:integer;
   ***********
                                                             Procedure saisie (var x:integer);
Procedure saisie(var a,b:real; var n:integer);
                                                             begin
                                                              repeat
                                                                write('Donner un entier ');
 writeln('donner a et b'); readln(a,b);
                                                                readIn(x);
 repeat
   writeln('donner n ');
                                                              until x>0;
   readIn(n);
                                                             (************
 until (n>=3) and odd(n);
end;
                                                             Function divs_11(x:integer):boolean;
var signe, som: integer;
Function power (x:real;n:integer):real;
                                                             begin
                                                              signe: = 1;
var k:integer;
                                                              som:=0;
     p:real;
begin
                                                              repeat
 p:=1;
                                                                 som: =som+signe*(x mod 10);
 for k = 1 to n do p = p^*x;
                                                                 x := x \text{ div } 10;
 power: =p;
                                                                 signe: =-signe;
                                                              until x=0;
end:
(************** P.P ****************)
                                                              divs_11:= som mod 11 = 0;
begin
 saisie(a,b,n);
 s:=0;
                                                             begin
 signe: = 1;
                                                              saisie(x);
 for i := 0 to n-1 do
                                                              if divs_11(x)
                                                                  then writeln('divisible par 11')
    begin
     s:=s+signe*power(b,i)*power(a,n-i-1);
                                                                  else writeln('non divisible par 11');
     signe: =-signe;
                                                             end.
    end:
 writeln((a+b)*s:2:2);
end.
Exercice 44
                                                             Exercice 45
                                                             Program divis_7_13;
Program somme;
Uses WinCrt;
                                                             uses wincrt;
                                                             var n,nb:integer;
Var n,p,signe: Integer;
      som:real;
(*********
                                                             Function div_7 (n : integer ) : boolean ;
Function Comb(p,n:integer):real;
                                                               while (n>99) do n := (n \text{ div } 10) - 2 * (n \text{ mod } 10);
   Function Fact (x:integer):LongInt;
                                                               div_7:=(n \mod 7 = 0);
   var f:LongInt; i:integer;
                                                             (*************
   begin
                                                             Function div_13 (n : integer ) : boolean ;
    f:=1;
    for i: = 2 to x do f: = f^*
                                                               while (n>99) do n := (n \text{ div } 10) + 4 * (n \text{ mod } 10);
   end:
                                                               div_13:=(n \mod 13 = 0);
   (***
                                                             begin
                                                             BEGIN
 comb: =fact(n)/(fact(p)*fact(n-p));
                                                               writeln('les nombres divisibles par 7:');
                                                               nb:=0; n:=0;
Begin
                                                               repeat
                                                                  if div_7(n) then begin
 WriteIn ('Donner n : ');
 ReadLn (n);
                                                                                      write(n:5);
 som:=1;
                                                                                      nb:=nb+1;
 signe: =-1;
                                                                                    end;
 for p:=1 to 2*n do
                                                                   n:=n+1;
   begin
                                                               until nb=100;
    som: =som+signe*sqr(comb(p,2*n));
                                                               writeln;
                                                               writeln('les nombres divisibles par 13:');
    signe: =-signe;
                                                               nb:=0; n:=0;
                                                               repeat
  WriteIn ('somme = ',som:2:2);
                                                                   if div_13(n) then begin
End.
                                                                                        write(n:5);
                                                                                        nb:=nb+1;
                                                                                       end;
                                                                   n:=n+1;
                                                              until nb=100;
                                                             FND.
```

```
Exercice 46
                                                              Exercice 47
Program Nbre_kaprekar;
                                                              Program Premier_circulaire;
uses wincrt;
                                                              uses wincrt;
var k: integer;
                                                              var p,q,n:integer;
              ,
************
Function kaprekar(m : longint): boolean;
                                                              Procedure saisie(var p,q:integer);
var I,n1,n2,err:integer;
                                                              begin
    ch,ch1,ch2: string;
                                                                repeat
                                                                  write('p='); readIn(p);
begin
  str(sqr(m),ch);
                                                                  write('q='); readIn(q);
                                                                until (10 < p)and(p < q)and(q < 20000);
  I := length(ch);
  ch1 := copy(ch, 1, I div 2);
                                                                    **********
  ch2 := copy(ch, (I div 2) + 1, I);
  val(ch1,n1,err);
                                                              Function circulaire(n:integer):boolean;
  val(ch2,n2,err);
                                                              Var err,i:integer;
                                                                 ok:boolean;
  kaprekar := (m=n1+n2);
                                                                  ch: string;
end;
(************ P.P ************)
                                                              function premier(n:integer):boolean;
Begin
                                                              var i,d:integer;
 For k = 1 to 1000 do
                                                              begin
      if kaprekar(k) then writeln(k);
                                                                d:=2;
End.
                                                                for i:=2 to (n div 2) do
                                                                    if (n \mod i)=0 then d:=d+1;
Exercice 48
                                                                premier := (d=2);
Program frac_egypt;
                                                              end:
uses
      wincrt;
var
      i,n,d:longint;
                                                              begin
begin
                                                                  ok:=premier(n);
                                                                  if ok
 write('n=');readIn(n);
 write('d='); readIn(d);
                                                                    then begin
 repeat
                                                                        str(n,ch); i:=0
     i := (d div n) + 1;
                                                                         repeat
     write(1,'/',i,' + ');
                                                                          i := i + 1
     n:=i*n-d;
                                                                           ch: =ch[length(ch)]+copy(ch,1,length(ch)-1);
     d:=i*d;
                                                                           val(ch,n,err);
                                                                          ok: =premier(n);
 until d mod n = 0;
                                                                        until (i=length(ch)-1) or (not ok);
 write(1,'/',d div n);
end.
                                                                       end:
                                                                  circulaire: = ok;
                                                              end;
                                                               BEGIN
                                                                saisie(p,q);
                                                                for n:=p to q do
                                                                   if circulaire(n) then write(n,'');
Exercice 49
                                                              Function super(x:longint):boolean;
                                                              var test:boolean;
Program super_premier;
uses wincrt;
                                                              begin
var n,i:longint;
                                                                test: =false:
                                                                repeat
Procedure saisie(var n: longint);
                                                                  x := x \text{ div } 10;
                                                                  if x < >1 then test: = premier(x);
begin
                                                                until (test=false) or (x<10);
 repeat
    write('n = ');
                                                                super: =test;
    readln(n);
                                                              until (40000<n) and (n<100000);
                                                              begin
                                                                 saisie(n);
Function premier(x:longint):boolean;
                                                                  for i:=2 to n do
var i,d:longint;
                                                                      if premier(i)
begin
                                                                         then if super(i)
 d:=2
                                                                                  then writeln(i,' super premier')
 for i:=2 to (x \text{ div } 2) do
                                                                                  else writeln(i);
    if x \mod i = 0 then d := d+1;
                                                              end.
 premier: = d=2;
end:
      *************
```

```
Exercice 51
                                                                      Exercice 50
Program jeux_allumette;
                                                                      Program Conversion_base2_base10;
uses wincrt;
                                                                      Uses wincrt;
var i,j,s:integer;
                                                                      Var ch_bin:string;
begin
  randomize;
                                                                      procedure saisir(var ch_bin:string);
  j = 10 + random(20);
                                                                      var binaire: boolean;
  writeln('Jeu avec ',j,' allumettes');
                                                                        i:byte;
  while j > 0 do
                                                                      begin
    begin
                                                                      repeat
      randomize;
                                                                         writeln('Donner un nombre binaire');
      if j > 3 then i := 1 + random (3)
                                                                         readIn(ch_bin);
            else if j=3 then i:=1+random(2)
                                                                         i := 0;
                         else i:=1;
                                                                         repeat
         j := j-i;
                                                                           i := i + 1;
         writeln('Je prend ',i,' allumette(s). II en reste ',j);
                                                                           binaire : = ch_bin[i] in ['0','1'];
         if j=0 then writeln('Bravo vous avez gagné!')
                                                                         until (not binaire) or (i=length(ch_bin));
               else repeat
                                                                        until (binaire=true);
                         writeln('Donnez votre jeu: 1 ou 2 ou 3');
                                                                       (****** Conversion de la base2 vers base10 *******)
                       readln(s);
                      until s in[1..3];
                                                                      Function Conv_b2_b10(ch_bin:string):longint;
         j := j - s;
                                                                      var i:byte; dec,puiss:longint;
         if j = 0 then writeln('Vous avez perdu!');
                                                                      begin
     end:
                                                                        dec: =0; puiss: =1;
end.
                                                                        for i:=length(ch_bin) downto 1 do
                                                                            beain
                                                                             if ch_bin[i]='1' then dec: =dec+puiss;
                                                                             puiss:=puiss*2;
                                                                            end;
                                                                        conv_b2_b10: =dec;
                                                                      begin
                                                                        saisir(ch bin):
                                                                        writeln('(',ch_bin,')2',' = (',conv_b2_b10(ch_bin),')10');
                                                                      end.
Exercice 52
                                                                      Exercice 53
Program auto_nombre;
                                                                      Program vampire;
uses wincrt;
                                                                      uses wincrt;
                                                                      var n:integer;
var n:integer:
function verif(n:integer):boolean;
                                                                      function verif(n:integer):boolean;
var y:integer;
                                                                      var c,d,u,p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6:integer;
    test:boolean;
                                                                      begin
                                                                        c:=n div 100;
function somchif(x:integer):integer;
                                                                        d:=n \text{ div } 10 \text{ mod } 10;
var sc:integer;
                                                                        u:=n \mod 10:
begin
                                                                        p1:=c*(d*10+u);
                                                                        p2:=c*(u*10+d);
  sc:=0;
                                                                        p3:=d*(c*10+u);
  repeat
                                                                        p4:=d*(u*10+c);
    sc: =sc+ x mod 10;
    x := x \text{ div } 10;
                                                                        p5:=u*(d*10+c);
                                                                        p6:=u*(c*10+d);
  until x=0:
  somchif: =sc;
                                                                        verif := (n = p1) or (n = p2) or (n = p3) or (n = p4) or (n = p5) or (n = p6);\\
                                                                      end:
end:
                                                                      (****
begin
                                                                      begin
 y := n;
                                                                        for n:=100 to 999 do
 repeat
                                                                             if verif(n)
    y := y-1;
                                                                                then write(n,' ');
    test: = n = y + somchif(y);
  until (test) or (y \le n \text{ div } 2);
                                                                      end.
  verif: =test;
end;
(****
begin
  for n:=1 to 999 do
   if verif(n)=false
          then writeln (n,' est auto nombre');
end.
```

```
Exercice 53
                                                                Exercice 54
                                                                Program PPCM_fact_prem;
Program PGCD_fact_prem;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                               Uses Wincrt;
      Tab = Array [1..100] of integer;
                                                                      Tab = Array [1..100] of integer;
                                                               Type
Type
       fa,fb: Tab;
                                                                       fa,fb: Tab;
       a,b,na,nb: integer;
                                                                       a,b,na,nb: integer;
(**************
                                                                (********
procedure saisie (var a,b:integer);
                                                                procedure saisie (var a,b:integer);
Begin
 Repeat
                                                                procedure factprem(n:integer; var fp:tab; var f:integer);
   write('a = '); ReadIn(a);
   write('b = '); readIn(b);
                                                                function ppcm (fa,fb:tab;na,nb:integer) : longint;
 Until (10 <= a) and (a <= b) and (b <= 10000);
                                                                var t:array[1..200] of integer;
end;
                                                                    i,j,k,m:integer;
       . ************
                                                                    f:longint;
procedure factprem(n:integer; var fp:tab; var f:integer);
                                                                begin
var i : integer ;
                                                                 i:=1; j:=1; k:=0;
Begin
                                                                 repeat
 i := 2; f := 0;
                                                                   k := k + 1;
 repeat
                                                                   if fa[i]=fb[j]
   if n \mod i = 0
                                                                     then begin
      then begin
                                                                              t[k]:=fa[i];
             n:=n div i;
                                                                              i := i + 1;
             f := f + 1;
                                                                              j := j + 1;
             fp[f] := i;
                                                                          end
          end
                                                                     else if fa[i] < fb[j] then begin
      else i:=i+1;
                                                                                             t[k] : = fa[i];
 until (n=1);
                                                                                             i:=i+1;
end:
                                                                                          end
       ************
function pgcd(fa,fb:tab;na,nb:integer) : longint;
                                                                                      else begin
var t:array[1..100] of integer;
                                                                                             t[k]:=fb[j];
    i,j,k:integer;
                                                                                            j:=j+1;
    f:longint;
                                                                                           end;
begin
                                                                 until (i>na) or (j>nb);
 i:=1; j:=1; k:=0;
                                                                 if i>na
                                                                   then for m:=i to nb do
 repeat
   if fa[i]=fb[j]
                                                                            begin
     then begin
                                                                                k := k+1;
             k := k + 1;
                                                                                t[k]:=fb[m];
             t[k]:=fa[i];
                                                                            end
             i:=i+1;
                                                                    else for m: =i to na do
             j:=j+1;
                                                                            begin
                                                                              k := k + 1:
          end
     else if fa[i] > fb[j] then j: = j+1
                                                                              t[k]:=fa[m];
                      else i:=i+1
                                                                            end:
  until (i>na) or (j>nb);
                                                                 f:=1;
                                                                 for i := 1 to k do f := f * t[i];
 f:=1:
 for i:=1 to k do f:=f*t[i];
                                                                 ppcm:=f;
 pgcd: =f;
                                                                end;
                                                                           ********P.P***************
end;
                                                                BEGIN
BEGIN
                                                                 saisie(a,b);
 saisie(a,b);
                                                                 factprem(a,fa,na);
 factprem(a,fa,na);
                                                                 factprem(b,fb,nb);
                                                                 writeIn('PPCM(',a,',',b,')',' = ',ppcm(fa,fb,na,nb));
 factprem(b,fb,nb);
 writeIn('PGCD(',a,',',b,')',' = ',pgcd(fa,fb,na,nb));
End.
                                                                Exercice 58
Exercice 57
Program Range;
                                                                Program Perles;
                                                                Uses Wincrt;
uses wincrt;
Var F,G: Integer;
                                                                Var X,Y: Word;
                                                                (******************************
Procedure Affiche (F,G:Integer);
                                                                Function Pgcd(A,B: Word): Word;
Var
    N,X,Y,I,I:Integer;
                                                                 Var R: Word;
Begin
                                                                 Begin
    n:=0; X:=30; Y:=10; I:=(1+f) div g;
                                                                    While B<>0 Do
    for i:=1 to g do
                                                                        Begin
       begin
                                                                           R:=A \mod B;
                                                                           A:=B;
           repeat
               n := n + 1:
                                                                           B:=R:
                                                                        End;
               Gotoxy(X,Y);
               WriteIn(n);
                                                                    Pgcd: =A;
```

Inc(Y);

```
until (y=I+10) or (n=f);
         Inc(X,10); Y: =10;
                                                           BEGIN
                                                              Repeat
End:
                                                                  Write ('Donner Le nombre de perles blanches (X) : ');
(****
                                                                  ReadIn (X);
BEGIN
                                                              Until (X>0);
  Repeat
                                                              Repeat
     Write('Donner un entier F : '); ReadIn(F);
                                                                  Write ('Donner Le nombre de perles noires (Y): ');
     Write('Donner un entier G: '); ReadIn(G);
                                                                  ReadIn (Y);
  Until (F>G) And (G>0);
                                                              Until (Y>0);
  Affiche (F,G);
                                                              Write ('Le nombre maximum de répétitions est : ',Pgcd (X,Y));
End.
Exercice 59
                                                           Exercice 60
Program Nombres;
                                                           Program Smith;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                           Uses Wincrt;
                                                           Var Nb,M,N:Integer;
Var N,I: Longint;
Procedure Lecture (Var N : Longint);
                                                           Procedure Saisie(Var M, N: Integer);
 Begin
                                                           Begin
    Repeat
                                                             Repeat
        Write('Donner un entier : '); ReadIn(N);
                                                               . WriteIn('Saisir M Et N');
    Until (N>1);
                                                               ReadIn(M,N);
                                                             Until (10<M) And(M<N) And(N<100);
Function Palindrome (Nb : Longint) : Boolean;
                                                           Function Som_Chif(Nb:Integer):Integer;
 Var
        Ch: String;
 Begin
                                                           Var S:Integer;
    Str(Nb,Ch);
                                                           Begin
    While (Length(Ch)>1) And (Ch[1]=Ch[Length(Ch)]) Do
                                                             S := 0
      Ch := Copy(Ch,2,Length(Ch)-2);
                                                             Repeat
    Palindrome := Length(ch)<=1;
                                                               S:=S + (Nb Mod 10)
                                                              Nb: = Nb Div 10;
                                                             Until Nb=0;
                                                             Som_Chif: =S;
Procedure Affiche (Nb : Longint);
 Var
       J,K,Somme: Longint;
       Ch,Ch1: String;
 Begin
                                                           Function Som_Fact(Nb:Integer):Integer;
    J := 0;
                                                           Var D,S:Integer;
    Repeat
                                                           Begin
        J: = J + 1;
                                                             D:=2;
        Somme: =0;
                                                             S:=0:
        K:=J;
                                                             Repeat
                                                               If Nb Mod D =0
        Ch: ="
        While (Somme<Nb) Do
                                                                 Then Begin
                                                                        Nb:=Nb Div D;
           Beain
               Somme: = Somme + Sqr(K);
                                                                        S:=S+Som\_Chif(D);
               Str(K,Ch1);
                                                                      Fnd
               Ch: = Ch + Ch1 + '^2 +
                                                                 Else D:=D+1;
              K := K + 1;
                                                             Until Nb=1;
           End;
                                                             Som_Fact: =S;
    Until (Somme=Nb) Or (J>Sqrt(Nb));
                                                           End:
                                                           Delete(Ch,Length(Ch)-2,3);
    If Somme=Nb Then Writeln(Nb ,' = ',Ch);
                                                           Begin
                                                             Saisie(M,N);
For Nb:=M To N Do
BEGIN
                                                               If Som_Chif(Nb) = Som_Fact(Nb)
                                                                    Then Writeln(Nb);
  Lecture(N);
  For I := 1 To N Do
                                                           End.
    If Palindrome(I) Then Affiche(I);
FND
```

```
Exercice 61
                                                            Exercice 62
Program Harshad_Zuckerman;
                                                            Program STEINHAUS;
                                                            Uses Wincrt;
Uses Wincrt;
Var M,N,I: Integer;
                                                            Var
                                                                 N,D,U,Err,K:Integer;
    Ch: String;
                                                                  Ch,C:String;
                                                            Begin
Procedure Saisir(Var N,M: Integer);
                                                                   Randomize;
Begin
                                                                    N := 10 + Random(90);
 Repeat
                                                                    Str(N,Ch);
   Write('N = ');
                                                                    K := 0;
   ReadIn(N);
                                                                    Repeat
 Until N>=100;
                                                                      K := K + 1;
                                                                      Val(Ch[K],D,Err);
 Repeat
   Write('M = ');
                                                                      Val(Ch[K+1],U,Err);
                                                                      Str(D*U,C);
   ReadIn(M);
                                                                      Ch:=Ch+C
 Until N<M;
                                                                    Until Length(Ch)=100;
End:
                                                                    Writeln(Ch);
Function Harzuc (Nb: Integer): Boolean;
                                                            End.
Var I, Som, V, Err, Prod : Integer ;
 Ch : String ;
Begin
                                                            Exercice 63
 Str(NB,Ch);
                                                            Program Pidovan;
 Som: = 0 ; Prod: = 1;
                                                            Uses Wincrt;
 For I:=1 To Length(Ch) Do
                                                                   K, PO, P1, P2, Pn: Integer
    Beain
                                                            Begin
       Val(Ch[I], V, Err);
                                                                P0:=1;
       Som:=Som+V;
                                                                P1:=1;
       Prod:=Prod*V;
                                                                P2:=1;
    Fnd:
 Harzuc: = (Nb Mod Som = 0) And (Nb Mod Prod =0)
                                                               Write (P0, '__, P1, '__, P2)
End;
For K:=3 To 19 Do
BEGIN
                                                                  Begin
 Saisir(N,M);
                                                                    Pn := P0 + P1;
 For I:=N To M Do
                                                                    P0 := P1 ;
   Begin
                                                                    P1 := P2 ;
     Str(I,Ch);
                                                                     P2 := Pn;
     If Pos('0',Ch)=0
                                                                    Write (' ',Pn);
          Then If Harzuc(I)
                                                                 End;
                  Then WriteIn(I);
                                                            End.
   End;
END.
                                                            Exercice 65
Exercice 64
Program Nb_Riche;
                                                            Program Harshad_Morphique;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                            Uses Wincrt;
Var N:Integer;
                                                            Var I : Longint ; (********
Function Nbfact(N:Integer):Integer;
                                                            Function Hm (Nb: Longint): Boolean;
Var I,K:Integer;
                                                            Var I,Som,V,Err: Integer;
Begin
                                                                 Ch: String;
   K:=0;
                                                            Begin
   1:=2:
                                                             Str(Nb,Ch);
   Repeat
                                                              Som:=0;
      If N \text{ Mod } I = 0
                                                              For I:=1 To Length(Ch) Do
          Then Begin
                                                                 Begin
                 K := K + 1
                                                                   Val(Ch[I], V, Err);
                 N := N Div I;
                                                                   Som: = Som + V;
               End
                                                             Hm:= (Nb Mod Som = 0)And(Nb Mod 100 = Som);
          Else Begin
                 \bar{1} := 1 + 1;
                                                            K:=0;
                                                            Begin
               End;
                                                              For I:=100 To 99999 Do
    Until (N=1) Or (K>=2);
    Nbfact: = K;
                                                                  If Hm(I) Then Writeln(I);
End;
                                                            End.
         *******P.P*************
Begin
   For N:=1 To 1000 Do
    If Nbfact(N)>=2
        Then Writeln (N);
End.
```

```
Exercice 66
                                                              Exercice 67
Program narcissiques;
                                                              Program Nbr_Freres;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                              Uses Wincrt;
                                                              Var N1,N2:Integer;
Var L,Err,Nb,N,Som,J:Integer;
     Ch: String;
                                                                 Procedure Saisie(Var N:Integer);
Function Puissance(N,L:Integer):Integer;
                                                                 Begin
Var P,I:Integer;
                                                                   ReadIn(N)
Begin
                                                                 End;
  P:=1;
   For I:=1 To L Do P:=N*P;
                                                                 Function Frere(N1,N2:Integer):Boolean;
                                                                 Var Ch1, Ch2: String;
   Puissance: =P;
End;
                                                                     V: Boolean;
        *********P.P**************
                                                                     I:Integer;
Begin
                                                                 Begin
 For Nb := 1 To 10000 Do
                                                                    Str(N1,Ch1);
    Begin
                                                                    Str(N2,Ch2);
     Str(Nb,Ch);
                                                                    1:=1;
     L: =Length(Ch);
                                                                    Repeat
                                                                        V := Pos(Ch1[I], Ch2) <> 0
     Som:=0;
     For J:=1 To L Do
                                                                       I := I + 1;
                                                                    Until (I>Length(Ch1)) Or (V= False);
      Begin
                                                                    Frere: =V;
        Val(Ch[J],N,Err);
        Som: =Som+Puissance(N,L);
                                                                 End:
      End;
                                                              Begin
     If Nb=Som
       Then Writeln(Nb,' Est Un Nombre Narcissique ');
                                                                Write('N1= ');
   Fnd:
                                                                Saisie(N1);
End.
                                                                Write('N2= ');
                                                                Saisie(N2);
                                                                If Frere(N1,N2) And Frere(N2,N1)
                                                                    Then WriteIn(N1,' Et ',N2,' Sont Frères')
Else WriteIn(N1,' Et ',N2,' Ne Sont Pas Frères');
                                                              End.
Exercice 69
Program Unitairement_Parfait;
Uses Wincrt;
Var N:Longint;
Function Sdu(Nb:Longint):Longint;
 Var D, Som: Longint;
 Function Pgcd(A,B:Longint):Longint;
  Begin
    While A<>B Do
         If A>B Then A:=A-B
                Else B:=B-A;
    Pqcd: =A;
 End;
Begin
 Som:=0:
 For D:=1 To (Nb Div 2) Do
    If (Nb Mod D \neq0) And (Pgcd(D,Nb Div D)=1)
           Then Som: =Som + D;
 Sdu: =Som;
End;
Begin
For N:=1 To 100000 Do
  If Sdu(N)=N
```

Then WriteIn(N);

End.

LES TABLEAUX

```
Exercice 1
                                                                    Exercice 2
Program Som_Produit_MoyArith;
                                                                    Program
                                                                              Affich_sans_redondance;
      Wincrt;
                                                                    Uses Wincrt;
Uses
      Tab = Array [1..10] of Integer;
                                                                          T : Array [1..20] of Char;
       T: Tab; n, i, st: Integer; mt, pt: Real;
                                                                           n, i, j : Integer;
Var
Begin
                                                                    Begin
   Repeat
                                                                        Repeat
      Write ('N = ');
                                                                           Writeln ('Donner un entier'); Readln (n);
                                                                       Until n in [3..20];
FOR i:=1 To n Do
      ReadIn (n);
   Until (n>5) and (n<=10);
   FOR i := 1 To n Do
                                                                             Repeat
                                                                                 Writeln ('Saisir la case d''ordre ', i);
       Repeat
          Write ('T', i, ' = ');
                                                                                 ReadIn (T[i]);
          ReadIn (T[i]);
                                                                              Until upcase (T[i]) in ['A'..'Z'];
      Until (1 <= T[i]) and (T[i] <= 20);
                                                                        FOR i:=1 To 20 Do Write (T[i], '');
                                                                        WriteIn;
   st := 0;
   pt := 1;
                                                                        WriteIn;
  FOR i := 1 To n Do
                                                                        Write (T[1], '');
      Begin
                                                                        FOR i:=2 To 20 Do
         St := st + T[i] ;
Pt := pt * T[i] ;
                                                                             Begin
                                                                                j:=i;
                                                                                While (j>2) and (T[i] <> T[j-1]) Do j:=j-1; IF T[i] <> T[j-1] Then Write (T[i], '');
      End;
  Writeln ('Somme = ', st);
Writeln ('Produit = ', trunc (pt));
  Writeln ('Moyenne arithmétique = ', st/n:2:2);
                                                                    Fnd.
Exercice 3
                                                                    Exercice 4
Program Freq_Lettre ;
                                                                    Program Conversion_base10_base2;
        Wincrt;
Uses
                                                                    Uses Wincrt;
                                                                           rest: Array [1..50] of 0..1;
Const
        n = 35:
                                                                    Var
        LET: Array [1..n] of Char;
                                                                            n, i, j: Integer;
Var
        FE: Array ['A'..'Z'] of Byte;
                                                                    Begin
        i : Byte ; j : Char;
                                                                       Repeat
Begin
                                                                         Writeln ('Donner un entier positif'); ReadIn (n);
                                                                       Until (n > 0);
  Randomize;
  FOR i := 1 To n Do
                                                                       i := 0;
      Begin
                                                                       Repeat
       LET[i] := CHR (65 + Random (26));
                                                                          i := i + 1;
       Write (LET[i]:2);
                                                                          rest[i]:=n mod 2;
      End;
                                                                          n:=n \text{ div } 2;
 FOR j := 'A' To 'Z' Do FE[j] := 0;
                                                                       Until n=0;
 FOR i := 1 To n Do
                                                                       FOR j:=i Downto 1 Do Write (rest[j]);
       FE[LET[i]] := FE[LET[i]] + 1;
                                                                    ======== Solution 2 ==========
  Writeln; Writeln;
                                                                    Program Conversion_base10_base2;
 FOR j := 'A' To 'Z' Do Write (j:2);
                                                                    Uses Wincrt;
                                                                          n:integer;
 FOR j := 'A' To 'Z' Do Write (FE[j]:2);
                                                                    procedure saisir(var n:integer);
                                                                    begin
                                                                       Repeat
                                                                         Writeln ('Donner un entier positif'); ReadIn (n);
                                                                       Until (n > 0);
                                                                    end;
                                                                    function dec_bin (n:integer):string;
                                                                    var chb,chr:string; r:0..1;
                                                                    begin
                                                                       chb: =":
                                                                       Repeat
                                                                          r:=n \mod 2;
                                                                          str(r, chr);
                                                                          insert (chr, chb, 1);
                                                                          n:=n div 2;
                                                                       Until n=0;
                                                                       dec_bin: =chb;
                                                                    end:
                                                                    Beain
                                                                      Saisir (n);
                                                                      writeln ('(',n,')10 = (',dec_bin(n),')2');
```

```
{conversion de la base b1 au décimal}
Exercice 5
Program Conversion_b1_b2;
                                                                      nb10 := 0:
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                      FOR i:=1 To n-1 Do nb10:=(nb10+nb[i])*b1;
      nb, reste: Array [1..50] of 0..15;
                                                                      nb10:=nb10+nb[n];
Var
     b1, b2, n, i, j, err, nb10 : Integer;
                                                                      {conversion de nb10 du décimal à la base b2}
     nch: String;
Begin
  Repeat
                                                                      Repeat
    Write ('Base b1 = '); ReadIn (b1);
                                                                        i := i + 1;
    Write ('Base b2 = '); ReadIn (b2);
                                                                        reste[i]: =nb10 mod b2;
  Until (b1 in [2..16]) and (b2 in [2..16]);
                                                                        nb10: = nb10 div b2;
                                                                      Until nb10=0;
  WriteIn ('Donner le nombre à convertir'); ReadIn (nch);
  n:=Length (nch);
                                                                      {affichage du résultat}
  FOR i:=1 To n Do
                                                                      FOR j:=i Downto 1 Do
     IF ORD (nch[i]) <65
                                                                        IF reste[j] < 10
        Then VAL (nch[i], nb[i], err)
                                                                            Then Write (reste[j])
                                                                            Else Write (CHR (reste[j]-10 + ORD ('A')));
       Else nb[i] := (ORD (nch[i]) - ORD ('A') + 10);
                                                                   End.
                                                                      j := 0 ; k := 0 ;
Exercice 6
Program Eclater_tab;
                                                                      FOR i := 1 To n Do
                                                                         IF T[i] < 0 Then Begin
Uses
       Wincrt;
       Tab = Array [1..50] of Integer;
Type
                                                                                                i := i + 1
       T, TN, TP: Tab;
Var
                                                                                               TN[j] := T[i]
       n, i, j, k: Integer;
                                                                                             End
Begin
                                                                                           Begin
   Repeat
                                                                                                k := k+1
     Writeln ('Saisir un entier');
                                                                                                TP[k] := T[i] ;
     ReadIn (n)
                                                                                             End
   Until (n>=10) and (n<=50);
                                                                      FOR i := 1 To j Do Write (TN[i]:4);
   Writeln ('Saisir les ', n, ' éléments de T') ;
                                                                      Writeln;
   FOR i:=1 To n Do ReadIn (T[i]);
                                                                      FOR i:= 1 To k Do Write (TP[i]:4);
                                                                   End.
Exercice 7
                                                                      FOR i := 1 To (n \text{ div } 2) Do
Program Inverser_tab;
                                                                         Begin
Uses
      Wincrt
                                                                            aux := T[i] ;
      Tab = Array [1..50] of Integer;
                                                                            T[i] := T[n-i+1] ;
Type
       T: Tab;
Var
                                                                            T[n-i+1] := aux;
       i, n, aux : Integer ;
                                                                      Writeln; Writeln;
Begin
   Repeat
                                                                      Writeln ('Tableau inversé:');
     Writeln ('Saisir un entier');
                                                                      FOR i := 1 To n Do Write(T[i]:4);
     ReadIn (n)
                                                                   End.
   Until n in [10..50];
  Writeln ('Saisir les ', n, ' éléments de T')
  FOR i:= 1 To n Do ReadIn (T[i]);
Exercice 8
Program Regrouper_tab;
                                                                     k := 0:
Uses
       Wincrt;
                                                                     FOR i := 1 To n Do
Var
       T: Array [1..50] of Integer;
                                                                        IF (T[i] \mod 2) = 0
       i, j, k, n, tmp: Integer;
                                                                            Then Begin
Begin
                                                                                    k := k+1;
 Repeat
                                                                                    IF \ i <> k
     Write ('N = '); ReadIn (n)
                                                                                      then begin
 Until (n>=10) and (n<=50);
                                                                                             tmp := T[i];
 Randomize;
                                                                                             FOR j := i Downto k+1 Do T[j] := T[j-1];
 FOR i := 1 To n Do
                                                                                            T[k] := tmp ;
        Begin
                                                                                           end:
           T[i] := -20 + Random (41);
                                                                                  Fnd:
            Write (T[i]:4);
                                                                     Writeln; Writeln;
                                                                     FOR i := 1 To n Do Write (T[i]:4);
       Fnd:
Exercice 9
                                                                      min: =T[1];
                                                                      max:=T[1];
Program Min_Max_tab;
                                                                      FOR i:=2 TO n DO
Uses Wincrt:
      T: Array [1..50] of Integer;
                                                                         Begin
                                                                            IF T[i] < min Then min: =T[i];</pre>
      i, min, max, n: Integer;
Begin
                                                                            IF T[i]>max Then max:=T[i];
   Repeat ReadIn (n) Until (n > = 10) and (n < = 50);
                                                                         End:
   FOR i:=1 TO N DO ReadIn (T[i]);
                                                                      Writeln ('Valeur maximale = ', max);
                                                                      Writeln ('Valeur minimale = ', min);
                                                                   Fnd.
```

```
Exercice 11
                                                                    Exercice 10
Program Ranger_tab;
                                                                    Program Symetri_tab;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                    Uses
                                                                           Wincrt
      T: Array [1..20] of Integer;
                                                                           Tab = Array [1..50] of Integer;
                                                                    Type
      i,k, n, tmp: Integer;
                                                                           T: Tab;
                                                                           i, j, n: Integer;
Beain
                                                                    Begin
  Repeat
      Write ('N = ');
                                                                       Repeat
      ReadIn (n);
                                                                         Writeln ('Saisir un entier');
                                                                         ReadIn (n);
  Until (n>=5) and (n<=20);
                                                                       Until (n>1) and (n \mod 2 = 0);
  FOR i:=1 To n Do readln (T[i]);
                                                                      Writeln ('Saisir', n div 2, 'éléments de T');
                                                                      FOR i := 1 To (n \text{ div } 2) Do
  k := 0;
                                                                           Begin
  FOR i:=1 To n Do
                                                                               ReadIn (T[2*i-1]);
     IF (T[i] >= 0)
                                                                               T[2*i]:=T[2*i-1];
          Then Begin
                                                                           End:
                  k := k+1;
                                                                      FOR i := 1 To (n \text{ div } 2)-1 Do
                  tmp := T[k];
                                                                          Beain
                  T[k]:=T[i];
                                                                             FOR j:=i+1 To n-i Do T[j]:=T[j+1];
                                                                             T[n-i+1] := T[i];
                  T[i] := tmp ;
               End:
                                                                          End
                                                                       Writeln ('Tableau symétrique :')
  FOR i:=1 To n Do Write (T[i]:4);
                                                                       FOR i := 1 To n Do Write (T[i]:4)
End.
                                                                    (*********
Exercice 12
           Recherche_Dichotomique_tab;
                                                                    Function Recherche (v, n: Integer; T: Tab): Integer;
Program
Uses
      Wincrt:
                                                                    Var d, g, m, pos : Integer;
type
       Tab = Array [1..50] of Integer;
                                                                    Begin
Var
       T : Tab;
                                                                      g:=1; d:=n; pos:=0;
       N, V: Integer;
                                                                      Repeat
                                                                        m: = (g+d) \text{ div } 2;
Procedure Saisie (Var T : Tab ; Var n, v : Integer);
                                                                        IF V=T[m] Then pos: =m
Var i: Integer;
                                                                                     Else IF V>T[m]
Begin
                                                                                                 Then g:=m+1
  Repeat
                                                                                                  Else d:=m-1;
                                                                      Until (pos=m) Or (g>d);
    Writeln ('Donner un entier'); Readln (n);
  Until n in [10..50];
                                                                      recherche: = pos;
  Writeln ('Saisir les éléments de T en ordre croissant');
  ReadIn (T[1]);
                                                                    Begin
  FOR i: = 2 To n Do
                                                                      Saisie (T, N, V);
    Repeat
                                                                      IF Recherche (V, N, T) = 0
                                                                           Then Writeln (V, ' ne figure pas dans le tableau')
Else Writeln (V, ' se trouve à la position ',
        ReadIn (T[i])
    Until T[i] >= T[i-1];
 Writeln ('Donner la valeur à chercher'); Readln (v);
                                                                                                            recherche (V, N, T));
                                                                    End.
Exercice 12
                                                                    Exercice 13
Program
          Recherche_sequentielle_tab
                                                                    Program Regrouper_Tab;
Uses
        Wincrt;
                                                                    Uses
                                                                          Wincrt;
        T: Array [1..50] of Integer;
Var
                                                                    Var
                                                                           T: Array [1..20] of Integer;
                                                                           i, j, k, n, tmp: Integer;
         i, v, n : Integer
Begin
                                                                    Begin
   Repeat
                                                                      Repeat
      Write ('N = '); ReadIn (n);
                                                                          Write ('N = '); ReadIn (n);
   Until (10 < = n) and (n < = 50);
                                                                      Until (n>=2) and (n<=20);
   WriteIn ('Saisir les ', n, ' éléments de T ');
                                                                      Writeln ('Saisir les éléments de T');
   FOR i := 1 To n Do ReadIn (T[i]);
                                                                      FOR i:=1 To n Do ReadIn (T[i]);
                                                                      FOR i:=1 To n-1 Do
    Writeln ('Donner la valeur à chercher'); Readln (v);
   i := 0;
                                                                          FOR j:=i+1 To n Do
   Repeat
                                                                               IF (T[j] = T[i]) Then T[j]:=0;
        i := i+1;
                                                                      k := 0:
   Until (v=T[i]) Or (i=n);
                                                                      FOR i := 1 To n Do
                                                                          IF T[i] <>0 Then Begin
   IF v=T[i]
      Then Writeln (v, 'se trouve à la position', i)
                                                                                             k := k+1;
      Else Writeln (v, 'ne figure pas dans le tableau');
                                                                                            IF \ T[i] <> T[k] \ Then \ Begin
End.
                                                                                                                   tmp := T[k];
                                                                                                                   T[k] := T[i] ;
                                                                                                                   T[i] := tmp ;
                                                                                                                  End:
                                                                                          End:
                                                                      FOR i:=1 To n Do Write(T[i]:3);
```

```
Exercice 14
                                                                   Exercice 15
Program
          Frequence;
                                                                   Program Moy_Rang;
                                                                          Wincrt;
Uses
         Wincrt;
                                                                   Uses
Const
         n=20:
                                                                   Const
                                                                           n = 30:
         T: Array [1..n] of 1..6;
                                                                           A, R: Array [1..n] of Real;
Var
                                                                   Var
          F: Array [1..6] of 0..20;
                                                                           j, i: Integer;
         i: 1..20;
                                                                   Begin
                                                                      FOR i:=1 To n Do
Beain
 Randomize;
                                                                            Repeat
                                                                                Write ('Note élève ', i, ': ');
 FOR i := 1 To n Do
        Begin
                                                                                 ReadIn (A[i]);
           T[i] := 1 + Random (6) ;
                                                                            Until (A[i] > = 0) and (A[i] < = 20);
           Write (T[i]: 2);
        End;
                                                                      FOR i:=1 To n Do
                                                                           Begin
 FOR i:=1 To 6 Do F[i]:=0;
                                                                              R[i]:=1;
                                                                              FOR j:=1 To n Do
 FOR i:=1 To n Do
                                                                                  IF A[i] < A[j] Then R[i] := R[i] + 1;
         F[T[i]] := F[T[i]] + 1;
                                                                           Fnd:
                                                                     WriteIn ('Moyens': 25, 'Rangs': 8);
 WriteIn:
                                                                     FOR i:=1 To n Do
 FOR i := 1 To 6 Do Write (F[i] : 4);
End.
                                                                         Writeln (A[i]:25:2, trunc (R[i]):5);
                                                                   End.
Exercice 16
                                                                     Repeat
Program Insert_Tab;
                                                                        Writeln ('Donner la position d''insertion');
Uses
       Wincrt;
                                                                        ReadIn (k)
Const
       n_max = 100;
                                                                    Until k in [1..n];
       T: Array [1..n_max] of Char;
Var
       c: Char;
                                                                     {décalage des éléments vers droite}
       i, k, n : Integer;
                                                                    FOR i = n Downto k Do T[i+1] := T[i];
Begin
                                                                    T[k] := c;
                                                                     FOR i:=1 To n+1 Do Write(T[i]:4);
 Repeat
   Writeln ('Donner un entier '); Readln (n);
                                                                   End.
 Until (n>=1) and (n<n_max);
 Writeln ('Saisir les éléments de T');
 FOR i:=1 To n Do ReadIn (T[i]);
 Writeln ('Donner le caractère à insérer');
 ReadIn (c);
Exercice 17
                                                                   Exercice 17
Program Triangle_Pascal;
                                                                   Program Triangle_Pascal;
      Wincrt;
                                                                         Wincrt;
                                                                   Uses
Uses
Type
       Tab = Array [1..15] of Integer;
                                                                   Type
                                                                         matrice = Array [1..15, 1..15] of Integer;
                                                                          T: matrice; N: Integer;
       T: Tab; N: Integer;
Procedure init (n : Integer ; Var T ; Tab);
                                                                   Procedure triangle (n : Integer ; Var T:matrice);
Var i: Integer;
                                                                  Var I, c : Integer;
Begin
                                                                   Begin
  T[1]:=1;
                                                                     T[1,1]:=1;
  FOR i:=2 To n Do T[i]:=0;
                                                                     FOR I:=2 To n Do
                                                                           Begin
Procedure triangle (n : Integer ; Var T : Tab);
                                                                             T[I,1]:=1;
                                                                              FOR c:=2 To I-1 Do
Var i, j : Integer;
Begin
                                                                                       T[I,c] := T[I-1,c] + T[I-1,c-1];
 WriteIn (T[1]);
                                                                             T[I,I]:=1;
 FOR i:=2 To n Do
                                                                           End:
     Begin
        FOR j:=i Downto 2 Do
                                                                   Procedure Afficher (n : Integer ; T:matrice);
                                                                  Var I, c : Integer;
             Begin
                T[j]:=T[j]+T[j-1];
                                                                   Begin
                Write (T[j], ' ');
                                                                    FOR I:=1 To n Do
             End;
                                                                       Begin
                                                                         FOR c: = 1 To I Do Write (T[I,c], ' ');
        Writeln (T[1]);
                                                                         WriteIn;
Fnd:
                                                                       Fnd:
                                                                   End;
Begin
                                                                   Begin
   Writeln ('Donner La Taille Du Triangle : '); ReadIn (N);
                                                                    Repeat
 Until N In [2..15];
                                                                       Writeln ('Donner La Taille Du Triangle : '); Readln (N);
                                                                    Until N In [2..15];
 Init (N. T):
 Triangle (N, T);
                                                                    Triangle (N, T);
End.
                                                                    Afficher (N, T);
                                                                  End.
```

```
Exercice 18
                                                               Procedure Transpose (Var M: Mat; n: integer);
Program transpose_matrice;
                                                               var a ux,i,j:integer;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                               begin
Const Nmax=10;
                                                                  For i:=1 to n do
Type Mat=Array[1..Nmax,1..Nmax] Of Integer;
                                                                     For j:=1 to i-1 do
Var
      M: Mat:
                                                                        begin
      N: Integer;
                                                                          aux:=M[i,j];
Procedure Saisie (Var N: Integer);
                                                                          M[i,j]:=M[j,i];
Begin
                                                                          M[j,i]:=aux;
   Repeat
                                                                        end;
      WriteIn('Donner N:');
                                                               end:
      ReadIn(N);
                                                               Procedure Affiche (M:Mat; n:integer);
   Until N In [1..Nmax];
                                                               var i, j:integer;
                                                               begin
Procedure remplir (Var M:Mat; n:integer);
                                                                 For i := 1 to n do
var i, j:integer;
                                                                    begin
                                                                       For j := 1 to n do Write(M[i,j],'');
begin
   For i:=1 to n do
                                                                       writeln;
      For j := 1 to n do
                                                                   end:
          begin
                                                               end:
            WriteIn('Donner M[',i,',',j,']');
                                                                {Programme Principal}
            readln(M[i,j]);
                                                               Begin
                                                                  Saisie (N);
          end:
end:
                                                                  Remplir (M, N);
                                                                  Transpose (M, N);
                                                                   Affiche (M, N);
                                                               Exercice 19
Exercice 20
Program
          TRI_SELECTION;
                                                               Program Calcul_Moyennes
                                                               Uses Wincrt;
Uses
         Wincrt
Const
          n = 20;
                                                               Type T1=Array[1..40] Of Real;
Type
          Tab = Array [1.. n] of String;
                                                                     T2=Array[1..40] Of Integer;
                                                                     N,I:Integer
Var
          T: Tab;
           i, j, posmin: Integer;
                                                                     Note1, Note2, Note3, Moy: Real;
          tmp: String;
                                                                      V1:T1;
Begin
                                                                          **************
    Writeln ('Remplir le tableau par ',n,' chaînes :');
    FOR i := 1 TO n DO ReadIn (T[i]);
                                                               Function Rang(V1:T1; N:Integer; Moy:Real):Integer;
                                                               Var I,R:Integer;
    FOR i := 1 TO n-1 DO
                                                               Begin
        Begin
                                                                  R: =1;
                                                                  For I:=1 To N Do
           posmin := i;
           FOR j := i+1 TO n DO
                                                                    If V1[I] > Moy Then R: =R+1;
               IF T[j] < T[posmin] Then posmin : = j;</pre>
                                                                  Rang: =R;
           IF i<> posmin Then Begin
                                  tmp := T[i]
                                  T[i] := T[posmin];
                                                               Procedure Affiche (V1:T1; V2:T2; N:Integer);
                                                               Var I:Integer;
                                  T[posmin] := tmp ;
                                 End;
                                                               Begin
        End;
                                                                 WriteIn(N°
                                                                                       Moyenne
                                                                                                           Rang');
                                                                  For I:=1 To N Do
    Writeln ('Tableau trié:');
                                                                                       ', V1[I]:3:2,'
                                                                     WriteIn(I,'
                                                                                                           ',V2[I]);
    FOR i := 1 TO n DO Writeln (T[i]);
                                                               End;
                                                               End.
                                                               Begin
                                                                 Repeat
                                                                     WriteIn('Donner Le Nombre Des Élèves');
                                                                     ReadIn(N);
                                                                  Until N In [5..40];
                                                                  For I:=1 To N Do
                                                                   Begin
                                                                       Writeln('Donner Les Notes Du ',I,' Éléve');
                                                                      ReadIn(Note1,Note2,Note3);
                                                                      V1[I]:=(Note1+2*Note2+2*Note3)/5;
                                                                   End;
                                                                  For I := 1 To N Do V2[I] := Rang(V1,N,V1[I]);
                                                                  Affiche(V1,V2,N);
                                                               End.
```

```
(**************
Exercice 21
Program Intersection_Tab;
                                                                 Procedure intersection (nf : Integer ; A1, A2:vect;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                                             Var p : Integer ; Var B: vect);
     vect = Array [1..99] of Integer;
Type
                                                                      i, j : Integer;
      T1, T2, inter: vect;
                                                                 Begin
                                                                    p := 0;
      n, m : Integer;
                                                                    FOR i:=1 To nf Do
Procedure saisie_int (Var nf : Integer);
                                                                        Begin
Begin
                                                                          j := 0;
 Repeat
                                                                          Repeat
    Write ('N = ');
                                                                               j:=j+1;
    ReadIn (nf);
                                                                          Until (j=nf) Or (A1[i]=A2[j]);
 Until nf in [3..99];
                                                                          IF A1[i]=A2[j]
End;
                                                                                Then Begin
            **********
                                                                                        p := p + 1;
Procedure remplir_tab (nf : Integer ; Var A:vect);
                                                                                        B[p]: =A1[i];
Var i, j : Integer;
                                                                                       End:
                                                                        End;
Begin
  FOR i:=1 To nf Do
                                                                 End:
                                                                 Repeat
       Writeln ('Saisir la case ', i);
                                                                 Procedure affiche_tab (nf : Integer ; A:vect);
                                                                 Var i: Integer;
       ReadIn (A[i]);
       i := 1:
                                                                 Beain
       While A[i] <> A[j] Do j:=j+1;
                                                                  FOR i:=1 To nf Do Write (A[i],
    Until \quad i=j \ ;
                                                                 End:
Fnd:
                                                                   saisie_int (n); remplir_tab (n, T1); remplir_tab( n, T2);
                                                                   intersection (n, T1, T2, m, inter);
                                                                   affiche_tab (n, T1); WriteIn; affiche_tab (n, T2);
                                                                   WriteIn;
                                                                   affiche_tab (m, inter);
                                                                 End.
                                                                 Exercice 24
                                                                 Program tri_2_criteres;
program tri_2_criteres;
uses wincrt;
                                                                 uses wincrt;
const n=10;
                                                                 type tch=array[1..10] of string[20]; tc=array[1..10] of char;
                                                                      n:integer; t:tch; c:tc;
type tab=array[1..n] of string;
                                                                 var
var t:tab;
   i,j,pos:integer;
                                                                 procedure saisie(var n:integer; var t:tch; var c:tc);
                                                                 var i:integer;
   aux:string;
begin
                                                                 begin
  writeln('Remplir T :');
                                                                   write ('N = '); readln(n);
  for i:=1 to n do
                                                                   writeln ('remplir les tableaux T et C :');
    repeat
                                                                  for i:=1 to n do
    write('ch = ');
     readIn(t[i]);
                                                                      write('nom = '); readIn(t[i]);
                                                                      repeat write ('couleur = '); readln (c[i]); until c[i] in ['B','N'];
    until t[i]<>"
                                                                     end;
 for i:=1 to n-1 do
  begin
     pos:=i;
                                                                 procedure tri(n:integer; var t:tch; var c:tc);
     for j:=i+1 to n do
                                                                 var i:integer; permut:boolean; aux:string; tmp:char;
       if (length(t[j]) < length(t[pos])) OR
         ((length(t[j])=length(t[pos]))AND(t[j]<t[pos]))
                                                                  repeat
                      then pos: =j;
                                                                     permut: =false;
     if i<>pos then begin
                                                                    for i:=1 to n-1 do
             aux:=t[i];
                                                                       if (c[i]>c[i+1])or((c[i]=c[i+1])and(t[i]>t[i+1]))
             t[i]:=t[pos];
                                                                            then begin
                                                                                aux:=t[i]; t[i]:=t[i+1]; t[i+1]:=aux;
             t[pos]:=aux;
             end;
                                                                                tmp: =c[i] ; c[i]: =c[i+1]; c[i+1]: =tmp;
                                                                                permut: =true
                                                                              end;
 for i:=1 to n do writeln (t[i]);
                                                                    n \cdot = n - 1
end.
                                                                  until (permut=false) or (n=1);
                                                                 procedure affiche (n:integer; t: tch; c: tc);
                                                                 var i:integer;
                                                                 begin
                                                                  for i:=1 to n do writeln(t[i],' ',c[i]);
                                                                 Begin
                                                                   Saisie (n,t,c); tri (n,t,c); affiche (n,t,c);
```

```
Exercice 23
                                                                    Exercice 25
Program tri_bulles_bidirectionnel;
                                                                   program fusion;
uses wincrt;
                                                                    uses wincrt;
                                                                    type tab=array [1..20] of integer;
type tab=array[1..25] of integer;
var t:tab;
                                                                    var v1,v2,v3:tab;
   n:integer;
                                                                       n,m,c:integer;
procedure saisir(var n:integer);
                                                                    procedure lecture (var taille:integer);
  repeat
                                                                         repeat
                                                                             readIn(taille);
    writeln('Donner un entier entre 5 et 25');
    readln(n);
                                                                         until taille in [2..20];
  until n in [5..25];
                                                                    procedure remplir(var t:tab; taille:integer);
procedure remplir (var t:tab; n:integer);
                                                                      var i:integer;
var i:integer;
                                                                      begin
                                                                       for i: = 1 to taille do readln(t[i]);
begin
  randomize:
  for i: =1 to n do T[i]: =1+random(100);
                                                                    procedure trier (taille:integer; var t:tab);
end:
                                                                      var i,tmp, min,j:integer;
procedure trier (var T:tab;n:integer);
                                                                      beain
var i,aux,debut,fin:integer;
                                                                        for i:=1 to taille-1 do
   permut: boolean; **************
                                                                          beain
                                                                            min:=i;
                                                                            for j:=i+1 to taille do
begin
                                                                               if t[j] < t[min] then min: = j;
  debut: =1; fin: =n;
  repeat
                                                                            if i<>min then begin
                                                                                              tmp:=t[i];
    permut: =false;
                                                                                             t[i]:=t[min];
    for i: =debut to fin-1 do
                                                                                             t[min]:=tmp;
       if t[i]>t[i+1]
          then begin
                                                                          end
               aux:=T[i];
               T[i] := T[i+1];
                                                                    procedure fusionner(v1,v2:tab;var v3:tab;n,m:integer;var c:integer);
              T[i+1]:=aux;
              permut: =true;
                                                                      var i,c1,c2:integer;
             end;
    fin:=fin-1;
                                                                       c1:=1; c2:=1; c:=0;
                                                                       repeat
    for i: =fin downto debut+1 do
                                                                           c := c + 1;
                                                                           if v1[c1]<v2[c2]
       if t[i] < t[i-1]
          then begin
                                                                               then begin
              aux:=T[i];
                                                                                    v3[c]:=v1[c1];
               T[i]:=T[i-1];
                                                                                    c1:=c1+1;
              T[i-1]:=aux;
                                                                                   end
               permut: =true;
                                                                               else begin
             end:
                                                                                    v3[c]:=v2[c2];
                                                                                    c2:=c2+1;
    debut: = debut + 1;
                                                                                   end
  until (permut=false) or (debut>=fin);
                                                                       until (c1>n) or (c2>m);
                                                                       if c1>n then
                                                                               for i:=c2 to m do
procedure afficher(T:tab; n:integer);
                                                                                       begin
var i:integer;
                                                                                       c := c + 1:
begin
                                                                                       v3[c]:=v2[i];
   for i:=1 to n do write(T[i], '');
                                                                                       end
end:
                                                                            else
          for i := c1 to n do
BEGIN
                                                                                      begin
  saisir(n);
                                                                                      c := c + 1:
  remplir(t,n);
                                                                                      v3[c]:=v1[i];
 writeIn('Tableau avant le tri:');
                                                                                      end:
  afficher(t,n);
  trier(t,n);
                                                                    procedure afficher(t:tab; taille:integer);
 writeln;
 writeln('Tableau après le tri:');
                                                                      var i:integer;
  afficher(t,n);
                                                                        writeln('Tableau fusion:');
END.
                                                                        for i = 1 to taille do
                                                                            write(t[i]:4);
                                                                      end.
                                                                               begin
                                                                      write('Taille V1 : '); lecture(n);
```

```
write('Taille V2: '); lecture(m);
                                                                     writeIn('Remplir V1 :');remplir(v1,n);
                                                                      writeln('Remplir V2 :');remplir(v2,m);
                                                                     trier(n,v1);
                                                                      trier(m,v2);
                                                                     fusionner(v1,v2,v3,n,m,c);
                                                                      afficher(v3,c);
                                                                   (********** TRI INSERTION *********)
Exercice 26
                                                                   procedure tri2 (n:integer; var t2:tab);
Program temps tris:
uses wincrt, windos;
                                                                   var j,i:integer;
type tab=array[1..1000] of real;
                                                                       tmp:real:
                                                                   var t,t1,t2:tab;
                                                                   procedure decaler (var t2:tab; var j:integer; i:integer);
   n:integer:
   hi1,hi2,mi1,mi2,si1,si2,csi1,csi2,hs1,hs2,
                                                                     j:=i;
   ms1,ms2,ss1,ss2,css1,css2,ts1,ti1:word;
(****** lecture et duplication *********)
                                                                      WHILE (j>1) and (t2[j-1]>tmp) DO
procedure lecture_duplic(var n:integer; var t,t1,t2:tab);
                                                                         Beain
var i:integer:
                                                                          t2[j]:=t2[j-1];
begin
                                                                          j := j-1;
 Writeln('Saisir un entier pour la taille des tableaux');
                                                                         End:
 ReadIn(n);
                                                                   end;
 randomize:
 for i := 1 to n do
                                                                   Begin
   begin
                                                                     for i:=2 to n do
     t[i]: =100*random;
                            { réel aléatoire entre [0..100[ }
                                                                        if t2[i]<t2[i-1]
     t1[i]:=t[i];
                                                                          then Begin
     t2[i]:=t[i];
                                                                              tmp:=t2[i];
   end:
                                                                              Decaler(t2,j,i);
end;
                                                                              t2[j]:=tmp
     ***** TRI SELECTION **********)
                                                                            End;
Procedure tri1 (n:integer; var t1:tab);
var pm,i:integer;
                                                                   (***** Affichage **
                                                                   procedure affiche(n:integer; t:tab);
Function posmin(d,f:integer;t:tab):integer;
                                                                   var i: integer;
var i,pmin,j:integer;
                                                                   begin
begin
                                                                     for i:=1 to n do write(t[i]:2:2,' ');
 pmin: =d;
                                                                   end:
                                                                   (****** Programme principal ********)
 for j := d+1 to f do
     if t[j] < t[pmin] then pmin := j;
                                                                   BEGIN
 posmin: =pmin;
                                                                    lecture_duplic(n,t,t1,t2);
                                                                    gettime(hs1,ms1,ss1,css1);
end:
(*********
                                                                    tri1(n,t1);
Procedure permut (var x,y:real);
                                                                    aettime(hs2.ms2.ss2.css2):
var aux:real;
                                                                    ts1:=(hs2-hs1)*3600*100+(ms2-ms1)*60*100+(ss2-s1)*100+css2-
beain
                                                                   css1:
 aux:=x;
                                                                    gettime(hi1,mi1,si1,csi1);
                                                                    tri2(n,t2);
 x := y;
                                                                    gettime(hi2,mi2,si2,csi2);
 y:=aux;
                                                                    ti1:=(hi2-hi1)*3600*100+(mi2-mi1)*60*100+(si2-si1)*100+csi2-
end;
                                                                   csi1:
begin
                                                                    affiche(n,t1); readln;
                                                                    affiche(n,t2); readln;
 for i: = 1 to n-1 do
                                                                    writeln('tri selection : ',ts1, ' Centième de seconde');
     begin
       pm:=posmin(i,n,t1);
                                                                    writeln('tri insertion : ',ti1, ' Centième de seconde');
       if pm<>i then permut(t1[pm],t1[i]);
                                                                   END.
     end;
end;
                                                                   Exercice 28
Exercice 27
Procedure Trier (n:integer; T:tab; var rang, s:tab);
                                                                   program long_suite;
Var
        i,j: integer;
                                                                   uses wincrt:
BEGIN
                                                                   const n=20;
 FOR i:=1 TO n DO s[i]:=1;
                                                                   type tab=array[1..n] of char;
                                                                   var
                                                                         t:tab; max, suite:string; i:integer;
 FOR i: =1 TO n-1 DO
                                                                   begin
   FOR j:=i+1 TO n DO
                                                                    for i:=1 to n do readln(t[i]);
      IF T[i]>T[j]
                                                                     max: =t[1]; suite: =t[1];
          THEN s[i] := s[i] + 1
                                                                     for i:=2 to n do
          ELSE s[j]:=s[j]+1;
                                                                       if t[i]=t[i-1]
                                                                          then suite: =suite+t[i]
 FOR i:=1 TO n DO rang[s[i]]:=i;
FND:
                                                                                if length(suite)>length(max) then max:=suite;
                                                                                suite: = t[i];
                                                                              end:
                                                                     writeIn (max[1], length(max));
                                                                   end.
```

```
Exercice 29
                                                                  Exercice 30
Program symetrique;
                                                                  Program element_manquant;
uses wincrt;
                                                                  uses wincrt;
      tab=array [1..200] of integer;
                                                                  type tab=array[1..20] of integer;
type
      t:tab;
                                                                  var t:tab;
     n,i:integer;
                                                                        n:integer;
  Procedure saisie(var n:integer; var t:tab);
                                                                  Procedure saisie(var n:integer;var t:tab);
  var i:integer;
                                                                  var i:integer;
  begin
                                                                  begin
      repeat
                                                                   repeat
        write('N = ');
                                                                     writeln('Donner le nombre d''éléments N, 2<=n<=20');
        readIn(n);
                                                                     readIn(n);
      until n in [5..200];
                                                                   until n in [2..20];
      Randomize;
                                                                   repeat
                                                                     write('T[1]:'); readln(T[1]);
      for i:=1 to n do
        T[i]: = 100 + Random(900);
                                                                   until T[1] >= 0;
                                                                   for i:=2 to n do
       **********
                                                                      repeat
  Function verif (x:integer):boolean;
                                                                         write('T[',i,']:');
                                                                        readIn(T[i]);
  var ch: string;
  begin
                                                                      until T[i] > = T[i-1];
     str(x,ch);
      verif: = ch[1] = ch[3]
                                                                  Procedure manque (n:integer; t:tab);
var x,i,j:integer;
BEGIN
                                                                  begin
                                                                   write('Les entiers manquants sont : ');
  saisie(n,t);
  writeln('les nombres symétriques de T sont: ');
                                                                   x := 0;
                                                                   for i:=2 to n do
 for i = 1 to n do
        if verif(t[i]) then write(t[i]:4);
                                                                     if (T[i] < > T[i-1] + 1)
                                                                          then for j := (T[i-1]+1) to (T[i]-1) do
FND.
                                                                                          begin
                                                                                             write(j,' ');
                                                                                             x := x + 1;
                                                                                          end;
                                                                   write(', leur nombre est : ',x);
                                                                          ******** P.P **************
                                                                   begin
                                                                     saisie(n,t);
                                                                    manque(n,t);
                                                                   end.
Exercice 31
                                                                  Exercice 32
Program Sequence;
                                                                  Program El_frequent;
uses wincrt;
                                                                  Uses Wincrt;
type tab = array[1..24] of integer;
                                                                       tab1=Array [1..20] of 0..9;
                                                                         tab2=Array [0..9] of 0..20;
var
      T: tab;
                                                                        T: tab1;
      n,p1,p2:integer;
                                                                  Var
                                                                        F: tab2:
Procedure Saisie (var n. integer; var T. tab);
                                                                        n:integer;
var i:integer;
                                                                  Procedure Saisir (var n:integer);
begin
                                                                  begin
 repeat
    write('N = ');
                                                                     Repeat
                                                                       writeln('Saisir un entier N, (5 < = n < = 20)');
    readln(n);
  until n in [2..24];
                                                                      readIn(n);
 for i:=1 to n do
                                                                    Until n in [5..20];
    Repeat
                                                                  end;
       write('T[',i,'] = ');
                                                                  Procedure remplir (n:integer; var t:tab1);
        readIn(T[i]);
    Until (T[i] <> 0);
                                                                  var i:integer;
end;
                                                                  begin
                                                                    randomize;
Procedure Recherche (n:integer; t:tab; var p1,p2:integer);
                                                                    for i:=1 to n do
var s,i,j,max:integer;
                                                                      begin
                                                                        t[i]:=random(10);
begin
 max:=1:
                                                                        write(t[i]:3);
  for i:=1 to n-1 do
                                                                      end;
                                                                    writeln;
   begin
     s := 0;
                                                                  for j := i to n do
                                                                  Procedure affiche(n:integer;t:tab1;var f:tab2);
         begin
           s:=s+T[j];
                                                                  var i,max:integer;
           if (s=0) and (j-i+1>max)
                                                                  Begin
```

then begin

For i:=0 To 9 Do F[i]:=0;

```
p1:=i;
                       p2:=j;
                                                               For i:=1 To n Do
                       max:=j-i+1;
                                                                      F[T[i]] := F[T[i]] + 1;
                     end;
        end;
                                                               max:=1;
                                                               For i := 2 To 9 Do
                                                                    if F[i] > F[max] then max := i;
   end;
end:
                                                               writeln(max,', son nombre d"occurrence est ', F[max]);
Procedure Affiche (p1,p2:integer; t:tab);
                                                                   ******** P.P ************
var i:integer;
                                                             BEGIN
begin
  writeln('La plus longue séquence est :');
                                                               saisir(n);
  for i:=p1 to p2 do
                                                               remplir(n,t);
      write(T[i],' ');
                                                               affiche(n,t,f);
(**************P.P******************
BEGIN
 Saisie(n,t);
 Recherche(n,t,p1,p2);
 Affiche(p1,p2,t);
END.
Exercice 33
                                                             Exercice 34
Program Recherche_ch_tab;
                                                             Program Exercice34;
uses wincrt;
                                                             uses wincrt;
type tab = array[1..10] of string;
                                                             type tab=array[1..30] of string[5];
var T: tab;
                                                             var t:tab:
     ch, message : string;
                                                                   n:byte;
     n : integer;
                                                                   s:longint;
Procedure saisies (var chn:string; var m:integer; var A:tab);
                                                             Procedure saisie(var n:byte;var t:tab);
var i : integer;
                                                             Var i:byte;
begin
                                                             begin
  repeat
                                                               repeat
    write('Donner un entier : ');
                                                                 write ('n = ')
                                                                 readIn (n);
    readln(m);
  until m in [2..10];
                                                               until n in [2..30];
  writeln ('Donner les éléments du tableau :');
                                                               writeln('Entrer', n,' chaînes de 5 caractères au maximum');
  for i:=1 to m do
                                                               for i:=1 to n do
    repeat
                                                                 repeat
        readln(A[i]);
                                                                   write ('T[',i,']= ');
    until length(A[i]) = m;
                                                                  readIn(t[i]);
                                                                 until length(t[i]) in [1..5];
     write('Donner la chaîne à chercher : ')
                                                             end;
     readln(chn);
                                                             Function Somme(n:byte; t:tab):longint;
  until length(chn) = m;
end:
                                                             var i,j:byte;
                                                               p,s:longint;
Function recherche (chn:string; m:integer; A:tab): boolean;
                                                             begin
   i : integer;
                                                               s := 0;
                                                               for i := 1 to n do
    trouve : boolean;
    invchn: string;
                                                                 begin
  p := 0;
function inverse (chn:string):string;
                                                                  for j:=1 to length(t[i]) do
    k : integer;
                                                                    if t[i][j] in ['0'..'9']
var
    chinv: string;
                                                                          then p:=p*10+(ord(t[i,j])-ord('0'));
begin
                                                                  s:=s+p;
  chinv := ";
                                                                 end;
  for k:=1 to length(chn) do chinv := chn[k] + chinv;
                                                               somme: =s;
  inverse := chinv;
                                                             end;
                                                             end;
   BEGIN
begin
                                                               saisie(n,t);
                                                               writeln('La somme est : ',somme(n,t));
  invchn := inverse(chn);
  i := 0;
  Repeat
    Trouve := (chn=A[i]) or (invchn=A[i]);
  Until Trouve or (i=m);
  recherche := trouve;
BEGIN
 saisies(ch, n, T);
 if recherche (ch, n, T)
  then message := 'La chaîne ' + ch + ' existe dans le tableau T'
```

```
else message := 'La chaîne '+ ch + ' n''existe pas dans le
tableau T':
  writeln (message);
END.
Exercice 35
                                                               Exercice 36
Program recherche_major;
                                                               Program grande_somme;
uses
      wincrt;
                                                               uses wincrt;
type
     tab=array [1..25] of integer;
                                                               type tab=array[1..50] of integer;
      t:tab:
                                                               var n,d,f:integer;
       p, n:integer;
                                                                    t:tab:
                                                               Procedure saisies(var n:integer; var t:tab);
Procedure saisie(var n:integer; var t:tab);
begin
                                                               begin
  repeat
                                                                 repeat
     write('n = ');
                                                                    write('n = '); readln(n);
     readln(n);
                                                                  until n in [5..50];
  until n in [5..25];
                                                                 for i:=1 to n do
                                                                   beain
  for i:=1 to n do Readln(t[i])
                                                                       write('T[',i,'] = ');
end:
                                                                       readln(t[i]);
      *************
Function major_existe(n:integer;t:tab;var p:integer):boolean;
                                                               end:
    i,j,occ:integer;
begin
                                                               procedure interval(n:integer;t:tab; var d,f;integer);
  major_existe: =false;
                                                               var max,i,j,s:integer;
  for i := 1 to n do
    begin
                                                                 d:=1; f:=1; max:=T[1];
                                                                 for i:=1 to n do
      occ := 0:
      for j:=1 to n do if t[i]=t[j] then occ:=occ+1;
                                                                    begin
      if occ > (n div 2)
                                                                      s := 0;
                                                                      for j:=i to n do
         then begin
                major_existe: =true;
                                                                        begin
                p:=i;
                                                                           s:=s+T[j]
              end;
                                                                           if s > max
    end:
                                                                              then begin
end;
                                                                                    d:=i;
                                                                                    f:=i:
BEGIN
                                                                                    max:=s;
  saisie(n,t);
                                                                                   end:
  if major_existe(n,t,p)
                                                                         end;
        then writeln (t[p],' est majoritaire')
                                                                     end;
        else writeln ('pas d''élément majoritaire');
                                                               end:
END.
                                                               Procedure affiche(n,d,f:integer;t:tab);
                                                               var i:integer;
                                                               begin
                                                                 writeln('La plus grande somme est défini par les valeurs :');
                                                                 for i = d to f do write(t[i],'');
                                                                      Begin
                                                                 Saisies (N,T);
                                                                 Interval (N,T,D,F);
                                                                 Affiche (N,D,F,T);
                                                               var p,aux,i,j:integer;
Exercice 37
PROGRAM Segmentation;
                                                               begin
uses wincrt;
                                                                 p:=1;
type tab=array[1..20] of integer;
                                                                 for i:=2 to n do
begin
                                                                     if t[i] \le t[p]
procedure saisie (var n:integer; var T:tab);
                                                                         then begin
begin
                                                                                aux:=t[i];
  repeat
                                                                                for j:=1 downto p+1 do t[j]:=t[j-1];
     write ('n = ');
                                                                                t[p]:=aux;
     readIn (n);
                                                                                p:=j;
  until n in [5..20];
                                                                              end:
  for i:=1 to n do
                                                                   end:
     BEGIN
                                                               end:
                                                               write ('T[',i,'] = ');
       readIn (t[i]);
                                                               begin
     END;
                                                                 saisie (n,t);
end:
                                                                 segmenter (n,t);
                                                                 for i:=1 to n do write(t[i],'');
procedure segmenter (n:integer; var t: tab);
```

end.

```
Exercice 39
                                                                  Exercice 38
Program long_sequence;
                                                                  Program caracteres_communs;
uses wincrt;
                                                                  uses wincrt;
type tab1=array[1..10] of string;
                                                                  type tab1=array[1..10] of string;
var t:tab1;
                                                                        tab2=array['a'..'z'] of integer;
    n,p1:integer;
                                                                        t:tab1:
                 *********
                                                                        v:tab2;
Procedure saisies(var n:integer;var t:tab1);
                                                                        n:integer;
                                                                  (***************
Var i,k:integer;
     verif: boolean;
                                                                  Procedure saisies(var n:integer;var t:tab1);
begin
                                                                  var i,k:integer;
 repeat
                                                                      verif: boolean;
   writeln('donner la taille du tableau entre 2 et 10');
                                                                  begin
   readIn(n);
                                                                   repeat
  until n in [2..10];
                                                                     writeln('donner la taille du tableau entre 2 et 10');
 for i:=1 to n do
                                                                     readIn(n);
                                                                    until n in [2..10];
   repeat
     writeln('donner la chaîne n° ',i);
     readln(t[i]);
                                                                    for i := 1 to n do
     k := 0;
                                                                     repeat
     repeat
                                                                        writeln('donner la chaîne notaine);
         k := k + 1;
                                                                        readln(t[i]);
         verif: = t[i][k] in ['0','1'];
                                                                        k := 0:
     until (verif=false) or (k=length(t[i]));
                                                                       repeat
   until verif and (length(t[i]) in [2..8]);
                                                                          k := k + 1;
                                                                          verif: = upcase(t[i][k]) in ['A'..'Z'];
end:
until (verif=false) or (k=length(t[i]));
                                                                     until verif and (t[i]<>");
function recherche (n : integer ; t : tab1):integer ;
   ch: string;
                                                                  end;
    i, p:integer;
                                                                  Procedure commun(n:integer;t:tab1;var v:tab2);
begin
 ch: ='1'; p: =0;
                                                                  var j:char;
 for i:=1 to n do
                                                                      i:integer;
   while (pos(ch,t[i]) <> 0) do
                                                                  begin
                                                                    for j: ='a' to 'z' do v[j]: =0;
       begin
        ch: = ch + '1';
                                                                    for i:=1 to n do
        p:=i;
                                                                     for j := 'a' to 'z' do
                                                                       if (pos(j,t[i]) <> 0) or (pos(upcase(j),t[i]) <> 0)
       end;
 recherche: =p;
                                                                            then v[j] := v[j] + 1;
end;
                                                                    writeln('Les caractères communs : ');
(******P P****
                                                                    for j: ='a' to 'z' do
begin
                                                                     if v[j]=n then write(j, ' ');
 saisies(n,t);
                                                                  end;
                                                                          ***********P.P***************
 p1:=recherche(n,t);
 if p1 <>0
                                                                  begin
     then writeln ('plus longue séquence des 1 : ',t[p1])
                                                                   saisies(n,t);
     else writeln ('abscence des 1');
                                                                   commun(n,t,v);
end.
                                                                  end.
Exercice 40
                                                                  Exercice 42
Program primalite;
                                                                  Program nombres_chanceux_ulam;
Uses wincrt;
                                                                  Uses wincrt;
Type tab = array [1..400] of integer;
                                                                  Type tab = array [1..400] of integer;
Var t:tab;
                                                                  Var t:tab:
    n:integer;
                                                                        n:integer;
procedure saisie (var n:integer);
                                                                  procedure saisie (var n:integer);
begin
                                                                  begin
 repeat
                                                                   repeat
   writeln ('Donner un entier');
                                                                     writeln ('Donner un entier');
   readln(n);
                                                                     readln(n);
 until (20 <= n) and (n <= 400);
                                                                   until (20 <= n) and (n <= 400);
procedure recherche (n:integer; var T:tab);
                                                                  procedure recherche (n:integer; var T:tab);
var i, j, p : integer;
                                                                  var i, j, l, k : integer;
begin
                                                                  begin
 for i := 1 to n do T[i] := i;
                                                                   for i := 1 to n do T[i] := i;
                                                                    1:=1;
 while (p*p) <= n do
                                                                    while I < = n do
     j := p * p;
                                                                       1:=1+1;
                                                                        while t[I]=0 do I:=I+1;
     while j < = n do
         begin
                                                                        k := 0;
                                                                        for j:=1 to n do
           T[j] := 0;
```

 $\mathbf{j} := \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{p}$;

begin

```
if T[j] <> 0 then k := k+1;
                                                                        if k=1 then begin
     p:=p+1;
                                                                                      t[j] := 0;
   end;
end:
                                                                                      k := 0;
(****************
procedure affiche (n:integer;t:tab);
                                                                       end:
var i:integer;
                                                                  end;
begin
                                                              end:
 for i:=2 to n do
                                                              procedure affiche (n:integer; t:tab);
       if T[i] <>0 then Write (T[i],');
                                                              var i:integer;
begin
Begin
                                                                for i:=1 to n do
 Saisie(N);
                                                                    if T[i] <> 0 then Write (t[i],' ');
 Recherche (N,T);
                                                              Affiche (N,T);
                                                              Begin
End.
                                                                Saisie(N);
                                                                Recherche (N,T);
                                                                Affiche (N,T);
                                                              End.
Exercice 41
Program nombre_polite;
Uses wincrt;
     t, v: array [1..100] of integer;
     k, i, j, a:integer;
begin
 k := 0;
 for i:=0 to 10 do
    begin
      for j:=i+1 to 15 do
       begin
         a := a + i;
         k := k + 1;
         t[k]:=a;
         write (t[k],' ');
        end:
    end;
 writeln;
 for i:=1 to k do v[t[i]]:=t[i];
 for i:=1 to k do
    if v[i] <>0 then write(v[i],'');
Exercice 43
                                                              Exercice 44
Program Tri_couleur;
                                                              Program premier_absolu;
uses wincrt;
                                                              uses wincrt;
Type tab = array[1..10<mark>0]</mark> of c<mark>h</mark>ar;
                                                              type tab=array[1..30] of integer;
VAR P,N: integer;
                                                              var n,c,d,u,r1,r2,r3,r4,r5,i:integer;
   T: tab;
                                                              Procedure saisies (var n:integer; var t:tab);
                                                              Procedure saisies (var n:integer; var t:tab);
var i:integer;
                                                              var i:integer;
begin
                                                              begin
 repeat
                                                                repeat
   write('N = '); Readln(n);
                                                                  write('n = ');
 until (3 < = n) and (n < = 100);
                                                                  readIn(n);
 for i:=1 to n do
                                                                until (5 < =n) and (n < =30);
   repeat
                                                                for i:=1 to n do
          write('T[',i,']= ');
                                                                 repeat
                readIn(t[i]);
                                                                    readln(t[i]);
         until T[i] in ['B','V','R'];
                                                                  until (100 < =t[i]) and (t[i] < =999);
end:
                                                              end:
Procedure Ordonner (c: char; var p:integer; n:integer; var t:tab);
                                                              Function premier (x:integer):boolean;
var i:integer;
                                                              var i,d:integer;
    temp : char;
                                                              begin
begin
 for i := p to N do
                                                                for i:=2 to (x \text{ div } 2) do
```

if T[i] = c

then begin

if P <> i

then begin

premier: = d=2;

if $x \mod i = 0$ then d := d+1;

(**************P.P**********

```
Temp := T[p];
                                                            begin
                    T[p] := T[i];
                                                            saisies(n,t);
                    T[i] := Temp;
                                                            for i:=1 to n do
                                                               if premier(t[i])
                    end:
                    P := P + 1;
                                                                 then begin
                                                                         c := t[i] div 100;
                end:
end;
                                                                         d := t[i] \text{ div } 10 \text{ mod } 10;
(*****************************
                                                                         u:=t[i] \mod 10;
Procedure Afficher (n:integer; t:tab);
                                                                         r1:=c*100+u*10+d;
                                                                        r2:=u*100+d*10+c;
var i:integer;
                                                                        r3:=u*100+c*10+d;
begin
                                                                        r4:=d*100+c*10+u;
for i: =1 to n do write (t[i],');
                                                                         r5:=d*100+u*10+c;
      *******P.P***************
                                                                         if premier(r1) and premier(r2) and premier(r3)
                                                                          and premier(r4) and premier(r5)
Begin
                                                                              then writeln(t[i]);
 Saisies(N,T);
 P := 1;
                                                                      end:
 Ordonner('R',P,N,T);
                                                            end.
 Ordonner('B',P,N,T);
 Afficher(N,T);
End.
                                                            Exercice 46
Exercice 45
Program sequence;
                                                            Program Porte_bonheur;
uses wincrt;
                                                            Uses
                                                                  Wincrt;
type tab=array[1..20] of integer;
                                                            Type
                                                                  Tab=Array ['A'..'Z'] Of Integer;
Var
                                                                  T: Tab:
                                                                   P,N:Integer;
procedure saisies(var t:tab; var n:integer);
                                                            Procedure Saisie (Var P,N: Integer);
var i:integer;
function premier(x:integer):boolean;
                                                            Begin
var nb,i:integer;
                                                                Repeat
                                                                   Write('P = '); ReadIn(P);
begin
                                                                Until (P In [1..10]);
  nb:=2;
  for i:=2 to x div 2 do
      if (x \mod i = 0) then nb := nb+1;
                                                                   Write('N = 1); ReadIn(N);
  premier: =(nb=2);
                                                                Until (N In [4..19]);
                                                            end:
begin
                                                            Procedure Tirage (P,N:Integer; Var T:Tab);
  repeat
    write('n = '); readln(n);
                                                            Var I:Integer;
  until (4 < n) and (n < 20);
                                                                 Let: Char;
  randomize;
                                                                 Ch: String;
  for i:=1 to n do
                                                            Begin
                                                                For Let: ='A' To 'Z' Do T[Let]: =0;
     begin
                                                                Randomize;
          T[i]:=2+random(98);
                                                                For I:=1 To N Do
        until (premier(T[i]));
                                                                    Begin
                                                                      Ch: =":
        write(t[i],' ');
     end:
                                                                      Repeat
                                                                          Let: = Chr(65 + Random(26));
  writeIn:
end:
                                                                          Ch: = Ch + Let;
                                                                          T[Let]:=T[Let]+1;
procedure affiche_seq(t:tab;n:integer );
                                                                      Until Length(Ch) = P;
var i,nb:integer;
                                                                      Writeln(Ch);
begin
                                                                   End;
 nb:=1;
 write(t[1],' ');
                                                            Procedure Affiche(T: Tab);
 for i:=2 to n do
    if T[i] > T[i-1] then write(t[i],' ')
                                                            Var
                                                                   K: Char;
                  else begin
                                                                   Max: Integer;
                        writeln;
                                                            Begin
                                                               Max: =T['A'];
For K: ='A' To 'Z' Do
                        nb:=nb+1;
                        write(t[i],' ');
                                                                    If T[K]>Max Then Max:=T[K];
 writeln:
                                                                Writeln('Les Lettres Porte-Bonheur Sont: ');
 writeln('Le nombre de séquences est : ',nb);
                                                                For K:='A' To 'Z' Do
                                                                   If T[K]=Max Then Write (K,'');
Begin
   Saisies(T,N);
                                                              Saisie(P,N);
   Affiche_Seq(T,N);
End.
                                                              Tirage(P,N,T);
                                                              Affiche(T);
                                                            End.
```

```
Exercice 47
Program Nbr_Zigzag;
Uses Wincrt;
Type Tab=Array[1..25] Of Integer;
     T: Tab;
     N,I:Integer;
Procedure Saisie(Var N:Integer; Var T:Tab);
Var I:Integer;
Begin
  Repeat
      ReadIn(N);
  Until (5 < = N) And (N < = 25);
  For I:=1 To N Do
      Repeat
         ReadIn(T[I]);
      Until (100 < =T[I]) And (T[I] < =Maxint);
Fnd:
Function Zigzag(Nb:Integer):Boolean;
     K:Integer;
      Ch: String;
      Verif: Boolean;
Begin
  Str(Nb,Ch);
  K:=1;
  Repeat
     K := K + 1;
     Verif := ((Ch[K-1] < Ch[K]) \textbf{And}(Ch[K] > Ch[K+1])) \textbf{ Or}
            ((Ch[K-1]>Ch[K])And(Ch[K]<Ch[K+1]));
  Until Not Verif Or (K=Length(Ch)-1);
  Zigzag:=Verif;
End;
       *************P.P**************
Begin
 Saisie(N,T);
 For I:=1 To N Do
   If Zigzag(T[I]) Then Writeln(T[I]);
```

```
Exercice 48
Program Suite_Geometrique;
Uses Wincrt;
Type Tab=Array [1..20] Of Integer;
      N: Integer;
      T: Tab:
  Procedure Lecture(N:Integer; Var T:Tab);
  Var I:Integer;
  Begin
     Randomize;
     For I: =1 To N Do
         T[I]:=1+Random(100);
  End;
  Function Geometrique(N:Integer; T:Tab):Boolean;
  Var I:Integer;
        Q: Real;
        Geo: Boolean:
  Begin
     Q: =T[2]/T[1];
     1:=3;
     Repeat
         If T[I]/T[I-1]=Q Then
           Begin
              Geo: True;
              I := I + 1;
           Fnd
           Else Geo: =False;
     Until (I>N) Or (Geo=False);
     Geometrique: = Geo;
  Procedure Affiche(N:Integer; T:Tab);
  Var I: Integer;
  Begin
     For I:=1 To N Do
        Write(T[I]:6);
     WriteIn;
          *********P.P******************
Begin
 Repeat
   Write('Donner Un Entier N: ');
   ReadIn(N);
 Until N In [2..15];
 Lecture(N,T);
 Write('La Suite Est : ');
 Affiche(N,T);
 If Geometrique(N,T)
   Then Writeln('C''est Une Progression Géométrique')
   Else Writeln ('Ce N''est Pas Une Suite Géométrique')
End.
```

```
Exercice 50
                                                                Exercice 51
Program Exercice50;
                                                                Program Fusion_tab;
                                                                Uses Wincrt;
Uses
      Wincrt;
      Tab=Array [1..39] Of Integer;
                                                                Type Tab=Array[1..20] Of Integer;
Type
      P,S,N:Integer;
                                                                     T1,T2,T:Tab;
Var
                                                                       I,N:Integer;
      T: Tab:
  Procedure Saisies (Var N:Integer; Var T:Tab);
                                                                   Procedure Saisie(N:Integer; Var T:Tab);
  Var I:Integer;
                                                                   Var I:Integer;
  Begin
                                                                   Begin
     Repeat
                                                                      For I:=1 To N Do
         Write('N='); ReadIn(N);
                                                                         T[1] := 10 + Random(90);
     Until N In [2..39];
                                                                   Fnd.
     For I:=1 To N Do
                                                                   Procedure Fusion(N:Integer; T1,T2:Tab; Var T:Tab);
        Begin
           Write('T[',I,']='); Readln(T[I]);
                                                                   Var I:Integer;
        End:
  End;
                                                                   Function Insertion(X,Y:Integer):Integer;
                                                                   Var D1,D2,U1,U2:Integer;
 Procedure Elt_Tab(Var P,S:Integer);
                                                                   Begin
 Function Indice(X:Integer):Integer;
                                                                      D1: = X Div 10;
                                                                      D2:=Y Div 10;
  Var I:Integer;
  Begin
                                                                      U1:= X Mod 10;
     I := 0;
                                                                      U2:=Y Mod 10;
     Repeat
                                                                      Insertion: = D1*1000+D2*100+U1*10+U2;
         1:=1+1
                                                                   Fnd:
     Until (X=T[I]) Or (I>N);
     If I>N Then Indice: =0 Else Indice: =1;
                                                                   Beain
  Fnd:
                                                                      For I:=1 To N Do
                                                                         If T1[I]>T2[I]
  Begin
                                                                             Then T[I]:=Insertion(T1[I],T2[I])
     Repeat
         Write('P= '); ReadIn(P);
                                                                             Else T[I]:=Insertion(T2[I],T1[I]);
         Write('S='); ReadIn(S);
                                                                   End:
                                                                             ************
     Until (Indice(P)<>0) And (Indice(S)<>0)
                                                                   Procedure Affiche(N:Integer; T:Tab);
                    And (Indice(S)>Indice(P)+1);
                                                                   Var I: Integer;
  End:
                                                                   Begin
  Procedure Affichage(T: Tab; N,P,S: Integer);
                                                                      For I := 1 To N Do Write(T[I]:6);
  Var I:Integer;
                                                                      WriteIn;
  Begin
                                                                           *********P.P**********************
     I:=0;
     Repeat
                                                                Begin
          I:=I+1;
                                                                   Repeat
          If T[I]=P Then
                                                                     Write('Donner Un Entier N: ');
                                                                     ReadIn(N);
            Repeat
               Write(T[I+1],' ');
                                                                   Until N In [2..15];
               1:=1+1:
                                                                   Writeln('Le 1er Tableau: ');
            Until T[I+1]=S
                                                                   Randomize:
                                                                   Saisie(N,T1); Affiche(N,T1);
     Until I>N
                                                                   Writeln('Le 2ème Tableau: ');
                     **P.P*
                                                                   Saisie(N,T2); Affiche(N,T2);
                                                                   Fusion(N,T1,T2,T);
Begin
  Saisies(N,T);
                                                                    WriteIn('Le Tableau Final: ');
  Elt_Tab(P,S);
                                                                    Affiche(N,T);
                                                                End.
  Affichage(T,N,P,S);
End.
Exercice 52
                                                                Exercice 53
                                                                Program Pluslong_sequence;
Program Classement;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                Uses wincrt;
Type
                                                                Type
 tab1 = Array[1..30] Of string;
                                                                  tab = Array[1..50] Of Integer;
 tab2 = Array[1..30] Of Real;
                                                                Var
Var
                                                                  t: tab:
 nom: tab1;
                                                                  n,i,lmax,dm: Integer;
 moy: tab2;
                                                                Procedure Saisie(Var n:Integer; Var t:Tab);
             ***********
                                                                Var i: Integer;
Procedure Saisies(Var n:Integer; Var nom:tab1; Var moy:tab2);
                                                                Begin
Var i,j: Integer;
                                                                  Repeat
    verif: Boolean;
                                                                    write('n = ');
Begin
                                                                    ReadIn(n);
                                                                  Until (5 < = n) And (n < = 50);
 Repeat
   write('Nombre d''élèves : ');
                                                                  For i:=1 To n Do
                                                                    Repeat
   ReadIn(n):
```

Until n In [5..30];

ReadIn(t[i]);

```
For i:=1 To n Do
   Begin
      Repeat
        .
Write('Nom[',i,']= ');
        ReadIn(nom[i]);
       j := 0;
        Repeat
         j := j + 1;
          verif := Upcase (nom[i,j]) In ['A'..'Z',' '];
        Until (verif=False) Or (j=Length(nom[i]));
      Until verif=True;
      Repeat
        Write('Moy[',i,']= ');
        ReadIn(moy[i]);
      Until (0 < =moy[i])And (moy[i] < =20);
    End;
End;
Procedure Tri(N:Integer; Var nom:tab1; Var moy:tab2);
Var
 i,nbpermut: Integer;
 aux1: string;
  aux2: Real;
Begin
  Repeat
    nbpermut := 0;
   For i:=1 To n-1 Do
      If moy[i]<moy[i+1] Then
        Begin
          aux2 := moy[i];
          moy[i] := moy[i+1];
          moy[i+1] := aux2;
          aux1 := nom[i];
          nom[i] := nom[i+1];
          nom[i+1] := aux1;
          nbpermut := nbpermut + 1;
        End;
 Until (nbpermut=0);
End;
Procedure Affiche(n:Integer;nom:tab1;moy:tab2);
Var
 i,r: Integer;
Begin
 Writeln('Le classement est : ');
 r := 1:
 write('Rang 1: ',nom[1]);
 For i:=2 To n Do
    If moy[i]=moy[i-1] Then write(', ',nom[i])
    Else
      Begin
       WriteIn;
       r := r+1;
       write('Rang ',r,' : ',nom[i]);
      Fnd:
End;
Begin
 Saisies(n,nom,moy);
 Tri(n,nom,moy);
 Affiche(n,nom,moy);
End.
```

```
Until t[i] In [0..9];
Procedure recherche(t:Tab;Var Imax,dm:Integer);
Var i,nb: Integer;
Begin
 nb := 1;
 lmax := 1;
 dm := 1;
 For i:=2 To n Do
   If t[i]>t[i-1]
      Then Begin
               nb := nb+1;
               If nb>lmax
                 Then Begin
                          lmax := nb;
                          dm := i-nb+1;
           End
      Else nb := 1;
End;
Begin
 Saisie(n,t);
 recherche(t,lmax,dm);
 Writeln('La longueur de la plus longue suite croissante = ',lmax);
 For i:=dm To (dm+lmax-1) Do write(t[i]:2);
End.
```

```
Exercice 54
                                                                Exercice 55
Program Exercice54;
                                                                Program inverse_bloc;
uses wincrt;
                                                               Uses Wincrt;
type tab=array[1..99] of integer;
                                                                Type
                                                                 tab = Array[1..100] Of Char;
     n:integer;
                                                                Var
                                                                 t: tab;
Procedure saisies (var n:integer; var t:tab);
                                                                 n,d: Integer;
                                                                var i:integer;
                                                                Procedure saisies (Var n,d:Integer; Var t:tab);
begin
  repeat
    write('n = ');
                                                                 i: Integer;
    readIn(n);
                                                                Begin
  until (n in [3..99]) and (n mod 3 = 0);
                                                                 Repeat
                                                                   write('n = ');
  Write ('Elément1 = '); ReadIn (T[1]);
                                                                   ReadIn(n);
                                                                 Until (n In [4..100]) And (n Mod 4 =0);
  for i:=2 to n do
     repeat
        write ('Elément',i,' = ');
                                                                   write('d = ');
        readln (T[i])
                                                                   ReadIn(d);
     until T[i]>T[i-1];
                                                                 Until (n Mod d = 0)And(d < > n);
end;
                                                                 For i := 1 To n Do
Repeat
Procedure remplir (n:integer; var t:tab);
                                                                     write ('Elément',i,' = ');
Var i,j : integer;
                                                                     ReadIn (T[i]);
begin
                                                                   Until t[i] In ['A'..'Z'];
 j:=1;
 for i:=1 to (n \text{ div } 3) do
    begin
                                                                Procedure inverser (n,d:Integer; Var t:tab);
     t[i] := t[j] + t[j+1] + t[j+2];
                                                                Var
                                                                 i,k,db,fb,mb : Integer;
     j:=j+3;
    end:
                                                                 tmp: Char;
 for i := (n \text{ div } 3) + 1 \text{ to } n \text{ do } t[j] := 0;
                                                                 For i = 1 To (n Div d) Do
end:
(*****************************
                                                                     db := d*(i-1)+1;
                                                                                           {début bloc}
Procedure afficher (T:tab; n:integer);
                                                                     fb := d*i;
                                                                                            {fin bloc}
                                                                     mb := (db+fb) Div 2; {milieu bloc}
var i:integer;
begin
                                                                     For k := db To mb Do
  for i:=1 to n do write(T[i]:5);
                                                                       Begin
end;
                                                                         tmp := t[k];
(********* P.P. *******
                                                                         t[k] := t[fb-k+db];
BEGIN
                                                                         t[fb-k+db] := tmp;
 saisies (n,t);
                                                                       End:
                                                                   End:
 remplir (n,t);
 writeln ('Tableau résultat :');
 afficher (t,n);
                                                                Procedure afficher (T:tab; n:Integer);
Solution2
                                                                Var
Procedure remplir (n:integer; var t:tab);
                                                                 i: Integer;
Var i, j, som : integer;
                                                                Begin
begin
                                                                 For i:=1 To n Do write(T[i]:5);
 for i:=1 to (n \operatorname{div} 3) do
                                                                begin
                                                                BEGIN
        for j := (3*i-2) to (3*i) do som: =som+t[j];
                                                                 saisies (n,d,t);
        t[i]:=som;
                                                                 inverser (n,d,t);
     end:
                                                                 WriteIn ('Tableau résultat :');
 for
     j:=i+1 to n do t[j]:=0;
                                                                 afficher (t,n);
                                                                END.
end:
```

LES CHAINES DE CARACTERES

```
Exercice 2
                                                                   Exercice 3
Program Palindrome;
                                                                   Program chaine_inverse;
Uses
      Wincrt ;
                                                                   Uses wincrt;
        ch, inv : String;
                                                                   Var ch: string;
        i : Integer;
                                                                   Function miroir (ch:string):string;
Begin
   Writeln ('Saisir une chaîne'); ReadIn (ch);
                                                                   var i, I: integer; c: char;
                                                                   begin
   FOR i:= Length (ch) Downto 1 Do
                                                                     I: =length(ch);
         inv := inv + ch[i];
                                                                     for i:=1 to I div 2 do
   IF ch = inv
                                                                       begin
      Then Writeln (ch, 'est palindrome')
                                                                         c := ch[i];
      Else Writeln (ch, 'n''est pas palindrome');
                                                                         ch[i]:=ch[I-i+1];
Fnd
                                                                         ch[I-i+1]:=c;
                                                                        end;
Exercice 4
                                                                     miroir: =ch;
Program Chaine_Majus_Minus;
                                                                   end:
Uses Wincrt;
       ch : String;
                                                                   BEGIN
Var
                                                                     write('ch = ');readIn(ch);
       i: Integer;
                                                                     writeln('l''inverse de ',ch,' est : ', miroir(ch));
Begin
   Writeln ('Saisir une chaîne de caractères'); Readln (ch);
   FOR i:=1 To Length (ch) Do
                                                                   Function miroir (ch: string): string;
         IF ch[i] in ['a'..'z']
              Then ch[i]:=ch[i]
                                                                   var i, I: integer; mirch: string;
                                                                   begin
              Else ch[i]:=CHR (ORD (ch[i]) + 32);
   WriteIn (ch);
                                                                     I: =length(ch);
                                                                     mirch: =ch;
   WriteIn;
                                                                     for i:=1 to I do mirch[i] := ch[I-i+1];
   FOR i:=1 To Length (ch) Do ch[i]:=upcase (ch[i]);
   Writeln (ch);
                                                                     miroir: = mirch;
End.
                                                                   end:
Exercice 5
                                                                   Exercice 5
                                                                  Program Chaine2:
          Chaine1:
Program
Uses
       Wincrt;
                                                                   Uses Wincrt;
Var
        i: Integer; ch: String;
                                                                   Var
                                                                          ch : String; i, lg : Integer;
       test: Boolean;
                                                                           test: Boolean;
Begin
                                                                   Begin
   Repeat
                                                                    Repeat
     Writeln ('Donner un mot en majuscule'); Readln (ch)
                                                                         Writeln ('Donner un mot en majuscule'); Readln (ch);
                                                                          test: =True; i:=0;
     test: =True:
     i := 0;
                                                                          Repeat
     Repeat
                                                                              i : = i + 1:
                                                                               IF Not (ch[i] in ['A'..'Z']) Then test:=False;
          IF Not(ch[i] in ['A'..'Z']) Then test: =False;
                                                                           Until (test=False) Or (i=Length (ch));
     Until (test=False) Or (i=Length (ch));
                                                                    Until test=True;
   Until test=True;
                                                                    lg:=Length (ch);
   FOR i:= 1 To Length (ch) Do
                                                                    FOR i:=1 To lg Do
         Writeln (COPY (ch, 1, i));
                                                                         Writeln (COPY (ch, 1, i), COPY (ch, lg-i+1, i));
End.
                                                                   End.
                                                                   Exercice 6
Exercice 7
Program Renverser_ch;
                                                                   Program Espace_superflus;
Uses
        Wincrt;
                                                                   Uses
                                                                          Wincrt ;
Var
        p: Integer;
                                                                   Var
                                                                          ch : String;
        chr, chd : String ;
                                                                          i, p: Integer;
Beain
                                                                   Begin
   WriteIn ('Saisir une phrase'); ReadIn (chd);
                                                                    Writeln ('Donner une chaîne'); ReadIn (ch);
  chr := "
                                                                     Repeat
                                                                         P:= POS (' ', ch); {position de 2 espaces dans ch}
   p := POS(' ', chd) ;
                                                                         IF p<>0 Then DELETE (ch, p, 1);
   While p <> 0 Do
      Begin
                                                                    Until p=0;
       chr := '' + COPY (chd, 1, p-1) + chr;
                                                                     IF ch[1]=' '
       DELETE (chd, 1, p);
                                                                         Then DELETE (ch, 1, 1);
       p := POS (' ', chd);
                                                                     IF ch[Length(ch)]='
     End;
                                                                           Then DELETE (ch, Length (ch), 1);
   chr := chd + chr;
                                                                    Writeln ('La chaîne devient : ', ch);
   Writeln ('Phrase renversée est : ', chr) ;
End.
                                                                   End.
Exercice 8
                                                                  Exercice 9
```

```
Program Occurence_car;
                                                                       Program Occurrence_mot;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                       uses wincrt:
      ch : String;
                                                                              ch, mot : string; nb, i, k: integer;
                                                                       var
      i, j, n: Integer;
                                                                       begin
Begin
                                                                         repeat
  Writeln ('Saisir une chaîne'); Readln (ch);
                                                                            writeln ('saisir un texte'); readln (ch);
  FOR i:=1 To Length (ch) Do
                                                                          until length (ch) > 20;
                                                                          writeln ('saisir un mot'); readIn (mot);
    Begin
      n:=0;
                                                                          k:=length (mot); nb:=0; i:=1;
      FOR j:=1 To Length (ch) Do
                                                                          repeat
        IF ch[i]=ch[j]
                                                                               if (ch[i] = mot[1]) and (mot = copy (ch, i, k))
             Then n:=n+1;
                                                                                    then begin
      IF i = POS(ch[i], ch)
                                                                                              nb:=nb+1;
          Then Writeln ('Occurrence de ', ch[i], ' = ', n);
                                                                                              i := i + k;
    End:
                                                                                           end
End.
                                                                                     else i:=i+1;
                                                                           until i>length(ch);
                                                                           writeln (mot, 'figure dans le texte', nb, 'fois');
                                                                       end.
Exercice 10
                                                                       Exercice 11
Program Sans_Redondance;
                                                                       Program
                                                                                 Aerer_ch;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                       Uses
                                                                                Wincrt;
       ch1, ch2, ch3, aux : String; i : integer;
                                                                                k: Byte;
Var
                                                                       Var
Begin
                                                                               ch : String ;
                                                                       Begin
   Write('Chaîne 1 = '); ReadIn (ch1);
   Write('Chaîne 2 = '); ReadIn (ch2);
                                                                          Writeln ('Saisir une chaîne')
                                                                          ReadIn (ch);
   if length(ch1)>length(ch2)
     then begin
          aux: =ch1;
                                                                          k := 0;
          ch1: =ch2;
                                                                          repeat
          ch2:=aux;
                                                                               k := k + 2
                                                                               Insert (' ', ch, k)
        end;
  ch3:="
                                                                          Until k = length(ch)-1;
  FOR i: =1To Length(ch1) Do
   IF (POS(ch1[i],ch2) <> 0) and (POS(ch1[i],ch3) = 0)
                                                                          Writeln ('Chaîne aérée = ', ch);
                                                                       End.
       Then ch3:=ch3+ch1[i];
  WriteIn(ch3);
End.
Exercice 12
                                                                       Exercice 12
Program Anagrammes;
                                                                       Program anagrammes;
uses wincrt;
                                                                       uses wincrt;
                                                                       var mot1, mot2:string;
     mot1, mot2 : string;
procedure saisie_ch (var m1, m2 : string);
                                                                       procedure saisie_ch(var m1,m2:string);
begin
   repeat
                                                                          repeat
      writeln ('donner deux mots : ')
                                                                             writeln ('donner deux mots: ');
      readln (m1);
                                                                             readIn (m1);
      readIn (m2);
                                                                             readIn(m2);
   until (m1 > ") and (m2 >
                                                                          until (m1 > ") and (m2 > ");
end;
function trie (mot : string) : string;
                                                                       function anagram (mot1,mot2:string):boolean;
    i, j, n : integer;
                                                                       var p:integer;
procedure permut (var a, b : char);
                                                                       begin
var aux : char;
                                                                            anagram: =false;
begin
                                                                            repeat
   aux:=a; a:=b; b:=aux;
                                                                               p: =pos(mot1[1],mot2);
end:
                                                                               if p>0
begin
                                                                                 then begin
     n:=length (mot);
                                                                                      delete(mot1,1,1);
     for i:=1 to n-1 do
                                                                                      delete(mot2,p,1);
           for j:=i+1 to n do
                                                                                     end;
                                                                            until (p=0) or (mot1=");
                 if mot[i]>mot[j]
                                                                            if (mot1=") and (mot2=") then anagram: =true;
                        then permut (mot[i], mot[j]);
                                                                       end:
end:
                                                                       begin
begin
                                                                          saisie_ch (mot1, mot2);
   saisie_ch (mot1, mot2);
                                                                          if anagram (mot1, mot2)
                                                                            then writeln (mot1, ' est une anagramme de ', mot2) else writeln (mot1, ' n''est pas une anagramme de ', mot2);
    if trie (mot1) = trie (mot2)
    then writein (mot2, 'est une anagramme de ', mot1) else writein (mot2, 'n'est pas une anagramme de ', mot1);
end.
Exercice 13
                                                                       Exercice 14
```

```
Program
         Pos_ch;
                                                              Program
                                                                        Copie_ch;
     Wincrt;
                                                              Uses
Uses
                                                                    Wincrt:
       ch1, ch2 : String;
                                                                     ch1, chr: String;
                                                                      i, p, n, I: Integer;
       i, p : Integer;
Begin
   Write ('ch1 = '); ReadIn (ch1);
                                                                Write ('ch1 = '); ReadIn (ch1);
   Write ('ch2 = '); ReadIn (ch2);
                                                                I:=Length (ch1);
                                                                Repeat
   i:=1:
   p := 0;
                                                                  Write ('Position = '); ReadIn (p);
   Repeat
                                                                  Write ('Nbre caractères = '); ReadIn (n);
      IF ch1 = COPY (ch2, i, Length (ch1)) Then p:=i;
                                                                Until (p in [1..l]) and (n in [1..l]) and (p+n<=l+1);
      i := i + 1;
                                                                chr: =";
                                                                FOR i := p To p+n-1 Do
   Until (Length (ch2)-i < Length (ch1)) Or (p<>0);
   Writeln ('La chaîne ', ch1, ' occupe la position ', p,
                                                                     chr: =chr+ch1 [i];
               ' dans la chaîne ', ch2);
                                                                Writeln ('La chaîne copiée est : ', chr);
                                                              Exercice 16
Exercice 15
Program Jeu_pendu;
                                                              Program Chaines_inverses;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                              Uses Wincrt;
type chain=String [50];
                                                              Type Tab=Array [1..100] of String [50];
      se, ma:chain;
                                                                     p, q: Tab;
Procedure saisie_entier (Var m : Integer);
Function controle_saisie (se:chain) : Boolean;
Var i: Integer;
                                                              Begin
  r : Boolean;
                                                                 Repeat
                                                                    Writeln ('Donner un entier'); Readln (m);
Begin
                                                                 Until (1 < m) and (m < 100);
 r:=True; i:=0;
 Repeat
                                                              i:=i+1;
                                                              Procedure saisie_tab (m : Integer; Var T : Tab);
   IF Not (se[i] in ['A'..'Z']) Then r := False;
 Until (r=False) Or (i=Length (se));
                                                              Var i, j : Integer; test : Boolean;
 controle_saisie := r;
                                                                 FOR i: =1 To m Do
                                                                   Repeat
Procedure masquer (se:chain; Var ma: chain);
                                                                      Writeln ('Donner l''élément d''ordre ', i); Readln (T[i]);
Var i: Integer;
                                                                      i = 0: test:=True:
                                                                       While (test=True) and (j<Length (T[i])) Do
                                                                         Begin
 ma: =se:
 FOR i:=2 To (Length (se)-1) Do ma[i]:='-';
                                                                           j:=j+1;
                                                                           IF Not (T [i, j] in ['0'..'9']) Then test: =False;
                                                                         End:
Procedure saisie_let (Var let : Char);
                                                                   Until (test=True) and (T[i] <>");
Begin
                                                              Fnd:
                                                              (*************
 Writeln ('Donner une lettre ');
 ReadIn (let);
                                                              Function inverse (ch : String) : String;
 let: =upcase (let);
                                                              Var i: Integer; chinv: String;
End:
                                                              Begin
(***********************
                                                                 chinv: =";
Procedure devoiler (se chain; let : Char; Var ma : chain);
                                                                 FOR i:=Length (ch) Downto 1 Do
Var i:Integer; r:<mark>Bo</mark>olea<mark>n;</mark>
                                                                            chinv: =chinv+ch[i];
Begin
                                                                inverse: =chinv;
  r:=False;
  FOR i:=2 To (Length (se)-1)/ Do
      IF se[i]=let
                                                              Procedure Affiche_tab (m : Integer; T : Tab);
           Then Begin
                                                              Var i: Integer;
                ma[i]:=let;
                                                                FOR i:=1 To m Do Write (T[i], ');
                r:=True;
               End;
                                                              IF r=False Then Writeln ('Echec');
                                                              Begin
                                                                 saisie_entier (n);
Procedure partie_jeu (se, ma : chain ; let : Char);
                                                                 saisie_tab (n, p);
                                                                 FOR i:=1 To n Do
Var nb : Integer;
                                                                       q[i] := inverse (p[i]);
Begin
                                                                 affiche_tab (n, q);
    CIrScr;
    WriteIn (ma);
                                                              End.
    nb:=0;
    Repeat
      nb:=nb+1;
      saisie_let (let);
      devoiler (se, let, ma);
      Writeln (ma);
    Until (nb=Length (se)) Or (ma=se);
    IF ma=se
```

```
Then Writeln ('Bravo, trouvé en ', nb, ' propositions')
      Else Writeln ('Perdu le mot à deviner est ', se);
End;
       ********* P. P ************
Begin
 Writeln ('Le jeu du pendu'); Writeln;
 Repeat
    Repeat
      Write ('Rentrez un mot secret en majuscule : ');
       ReadIn (se);
    Until controle_saisie (se);
    masquer (se, ma);
    partie_jeu (se, ma, let);
    Write ('Voulez-vous rejouer (o/n)?');
    ReadIn (rep);
 Until Upcase (rep) = 'N';
End.
                                                                  (**** Conversion de la base b1 vers base 10 *******)
Exercice 17
                                                                  Function Conv_b1_10 (nch: string; b1: integer) : longint;
Program conversion_base1_base2;
                                                                  var err,i,n:integer;
uses wincrt:
      b1, b2:integer;
                                                                       dec, puiss: longint;
                                                                  begin
      nch:string;
                                                                    dec: =0; puiss: =1;
                                                                    for i:=length(nch) downto 1 do
Procedure saisie_base (var b1,b2:integer);
begin
                                                                       begin
  repeat
                                                                         if nch[i] in ['0'..'9']
    write('Base b1 = ');readln(b1);
                                                                                  then Val(nch[i], n, err)
    write('Base b2 = ');readIn(b2);
                                                                                  else n: = ord(nch[i]) - 55;
  until (b1 in [2..16]) and (b2 in [2..16]) and (b1<>b2);
                                                                         dec:=dec+n*puiss;
                                                                         puiss: =puiss*b1;
                                                                       end;
Procedure saisie_nombre (var nch:string; b1:integer);
                                                                    conv_b1_10: =dec;
Const chb='0123456789ABCDEF';
                                                                  (**** Conversion de la base 10 vers la base b2 *******)
Var i:integer;
                                                                  Function Conv_10_b2 (nd:longint; b2:integer) : string;
     test:boolean;
begin
                                                                  var ch1, chb2:string;
                                                                       r:integer;
  repeat
    writeln ('Donner un nombre en base ', b1);
                                                                  begin
    readIn(nch);
                                                                    chb2: =";
    test:=true;
                                                                    repeat
    for i := 1 to length(nch) do
                                                                      r:= nd mod b2;
      if (pos(nch[i],chb)>b1) or (pos(nch[i],chb)=0)
                                                                      if r in [0..9] then str(r,ch1)
                                                                                  else ch1:=chr(55+r);
              then test:=false;
  until test=true;
                                                                                           (*insert (ch1,chb2,1)*)
                                                                      chb2: = ch1 + chb2;
end:
                                                                      nd:=nd div b2;
                                                                    until (nd = 0);
                                                                    conv_10_b2: =chb2;
                                                                  end:
                                                                           ****** pp *************
                                                                  Begin
                                                                   saisie_base(b1,b2);
                                                                   saisie_nombre(nch,b1);
                                                                   writeln('(',nch,')',b1,' = (',
                                                                               conv_10_b2 (conv_b1_10 (nch, b1), b2), ')', b2);
                                                                  End.
Exercice 18
                                                                         n1:=0; n0:=0;
Program Nbre_Rond;
                                                                         FOR j := 1 To Length (reste) Do
Uses
      Wincrt;
                                                                           Begin
       reste, c : String;
                                                                               IF reste[j]='1' Then n1:=n1+1;
Var
                                                                               IF reste[j]='0' Then n0:=n0+1;
       n, m, i, j, n1, n0 : Integer;
Begin
                                                                           End;
  FOR i: =1 To 1000 Do
                                                                         IF n1=n0 Then Writeln (m, 'est ROND')
                                                                                     Else Writeln (m, 'n''est pas ROND');
   Begin
                                                                         ReadIn:
      n:=i:
                                                                     End;
      m:=i;
      reste: =";
                                                                  Fnd.
       Repeat
         STR (n mod 2, c);
         reste: = c+reste;
         n: =n div 2:
      Until n=0;
Exercice 22
                                                                 Exercice 21
```

```
Program sablier;
                                                               Program suite_mystere;
uses wincrt;
                                                               uses wincrt:
var esp,ch:string;
                                                                   ligne, lignsuiv, c : string;
                   *********
                                                                    n, l, nb, j, i: integer;
Procedure affiche_bas(var esp:string;ch:string);
                                                               begin
var ch2:string; n,i:integer;
                                                                  write ('N = '); readIn (n);
begin
                                                                  ligne: ='1';
                                                                  for i:=1 to n do
 esp: ="; n: =0; i: =1;
  writeln(ch);
                                                                    begin
 repeat
                                                                       writeIn (ligne);
   esp: =' '+esp;
                                                                       I:=length (ligne);
                                                                       nb:=1;
   n:=n+2; i:=i+1;
                                                                       lignsuiv: =";
   ch2:=esp+copy(ch, i, length(ch)-n);
   writeln(ch2);
                                                                       for j:=1 to I do
                                                                         if ligne[j] = ligne[j+1]
  until length(copy(ch, i, length(ch)-n))=1;
                                                                               then nb := nb+1
                                                                               else begin
Procedure affiche_haut(esp,ch:string);
                                                                                       str (nb, c);
Var i,n:integer; ch2:string;
                                                                                       lignsuiv: = lignsuiv + c + ligne[j];
begin
                                                                                       nb:=1;
 i: = -1; n: = 1;
                                                                                    end;
 repeat
                                                                      ligne: = lignsuiv;
   n:=n+2; i:=i+1;
                                                                    end:
   delete(esp,1,1);
                                                               end.
   ch2:=esp+copy(ch, length(ch) div 2-i, n);
   writeln(ch2);
 until ch2=ch;
end:
       *************PP**************
begin
 repeat
   write('CH = '); readIn(ch);
 until (ch<>") and (odd(length(ch)));
 affiche_bas(esp,ch);
 affiche_haut(esp,ch);
end.
Exercice 19
                                                               Exercice 20
Program Totalogram;
                                                               Program ch_distincte;
uses wincrt;
                                                               uses wincrt;
var ch: string;
                                                               var ch: string;
Function lettre_maj_esp (ch:string):boolean;
                                                               procedure saisie (var ch: string);
var i:integer;
    test:boolean;
                                                                 repeat
                                                                   writeln('Saisir une chaîne non vide :');
begin
                                                                   readIn(ch);
 i:=1; test:=true;
 while (i<=length(ch)) and (test) do
                                                                 until ch<>";
      if ch[i] in ['A'..'Z',' ']
                                                               (***********
           then i:=i+1
                                                               Function distincte (ch:string):boolean;
           else test: =false;
                                                               var i:integer;
 lettre_maj_esp: =test;
end:
                                                                    test:boolean;
begin
Function totalogramme (ch:string):boolean;
                                                                i := 0;
var p:integer; test:boolean;
                                                                test: =true;
begin
                                                                repeat
 ch: =ch+' ';
                                                                   i := i + 1;
                                                                    if pos(ch[i],ch)<>i then test:=false;
 repeat
    p:=pos(' ',ch);
test:=ch[1]=ch[p-1];
                                                                until (test=false) or (i=length(ch));
                                                                distincte: =test;
    delete(ch,1,p);
                                                               until (test=false) or (ch=");
 totalogramme: =test;
                                                               begin
                                                                saisie(ch);
end:
(************ P.P *************
                                                                if distincte(ch)
                                                                    then writeln('cette chaîne est distincte')
begin
                                                                     else writeln('cette chaîne est non distincte');
 writeln('Saisir une chaîne en majuscule :');
                                                               end.
 readIn(ch);
until lettre_maj_esp(ch);
if totalogramme(ch)
     then writeln('totalogramme')
     else writeln('non totalogramme');
end.
Exercice 23
                                                               Exercice 24
```

```
Program long_palindrome;
Program Exercice_23;
uses wincrt;
                                                                 uses wincrt;
     ch:string;
                                                                 var ch, ch1, max : string;
                                                                 Procedure saisie(var ch:string);
                                                                 Function palindrome (ch:string):boolean;
var i:integer;
                                                                 Var i:integer;
begin
                                                                     verif:boolean;
repeat
                                                                 begin
   writeln('saisir une chaine alphabétique :');
   readIn(ch);
                                                                    i := 0:
                                                                    repeat
   while upcase(ch[i]) in ['A'...'Z'] do i: =i+1;
                                                                      i:=i+1;
                                                                       verif := (ch[i] = ch[length(ch)-i+1]);
 until (i>length(ch)) and (length(ch) in [1..50]);
end;
                                                                    until (verif=false) or (i=length (ch) div 2);
                                                                    palindrome: = verif;
Function construire (ch:string):string;
                                                                  i, p1, p2, p3 : integer;
                                                                 begin
       res: string;
                                                                   write ('Donner ch = ');readIn (ch);
begin
 res: ='';
                                                                   max:=ch[1];
 p1:=1; p2:=1; p3:=1; for i:=1 to length(ch) do
                                                                   nb:=0:
                                                                   repeat
    case ch[i] of
                                                                     for j:=length (ch) downto 3 do
       'A'..'Z' : if not (ch[i] in ['A','E','I','O','U','Y'])
                      then begin
                                                                           ch1:=copy (ch,1,j);
                               insert(ch[i],res,p1);
                                                                           if palindrome (ch1)
                               p1:=p1+1;
                                                                             then begin
                                                                                   nb:=nb+1;
                                p2:=p2+1;
                               p3 := p3 + 1;
                                                                                   if length (ch1) > length (max) then max: = ch1;
                             end
                                                                                  end:
                      else begin
                                                                        end:
                                                                     delete (ch, 1, 1);
                                insert(ch[i],res,p2);
                                p2:=p2+1;
                                                                   until length (ch)=2;
                                                                   writeln ('Le nombre des chaines palindromes est : ', nb);
                                p3 := p3 + 1;
                             end;
                                                                   writeln ('La plus longue chaine palindrome est : ', max)
       'a'..'z' : if not (ch[i] in ['a','e','i','o','u','y'])
                                                                 end.
                     then begin
                              insert(ch[i],res,p3);
                              p3 := p3 + 1;
                            end
                     else res:=res+ch[i];
    end; {fin selon}
 construire: =res;
end;
 saisie(ch);
 writeln ('La chaîne devient : ',construire(ch));
END.
Exercice 25
                                                                 Exercice 26
Program Cryptage;
                                                                 Program facteurs_premiers;
uses wincrt;
                                                                 uses wincrt;
var ch,ch2:string;
                                                                 var
                                                                       p:integer;
                                                                        n:longint;
procedure saisie(var ch: string);
  function verif(ch:string):boolean;
                                                                 Procedure saisie(var p:integer; var n:longint);
  var i:integer;
                                                                 var ch:string;
     ok:boolean;
                                                                 begin
  begin
                                                                   repeat
    i := 0;
                                                                      write('p = ');
    repeat
                                                                      readIn(p);
                                                                   until (2 < p) and (p < 6);
      ok: = upcase(ch[i]) in ['A'..'Z',' ']
    until (not ok) or (i=length(ch));
                                                                      write ('Donner un entier de ',p,' chiffres : ');
                                                                      readIn(n);
    verif: =ok;
                                                                      str(n,ch);
  end;
                                                                   until length(ch)=p;
begin
  repeat
                                                                 write('Phrase initiale = ');
                                                                 Function Facteurs(n:longint):string;
    readIn(ch);
  until (pos(' ',ch) = 0) AND (verif(ch) = true);
                                                                 var ch,chc,chd:string;
end;
                                                                      d,c:integer;
                                                                 begin
                                                                   d:=2; ch:=";
                                                                   repeat
```

if $(n \mod d) = 0$

```
function crypter(ch:string):string;
                                                                          then begin
var i,p:integer;
                                                                                c := 0:
                                                                                repeat
begin
 if ch[1]=' '
                                                                                   c := c + 1;
     then p := 0
                                                                                   n:=n div d;
     else p:=1;
                                                                                until (n mod d)<>0;
                                                                                str(c,chc);
 for i:=1 to length(ch) do
                                                                                str(d,chd);
     if ch[i]<>'
                                                                                ch: = ch + chc + chd;
       then if (ord(upcase(ch[i]))+p) <= ord('Z')
                                                                               end
                    then ch[i]:=chr(ord(ch[i])+p)
                                                                         else d:=d+1;
                   else ch[i]: = chr(ord(ch[i]) + p-26)
                                                                   until (n=1);
       else p:=p+1;
                                                                   facteurs: =ch;
 crypter: =ch
                                                                  end;
                                                                                   ****P.P******************
end;
BEGIN
BEGIN
                                                                   saisie(p,n);
                                                                   WriteIn(facteurs(n));
 saisie(ch);
 ch2:=crypter(ch);
                                                                  END.
 writeln ('Phrase cryptée = ', ch2);
END.
                                                                  Exercice 27
Program romain_decimal;
                                                                  function convert(ch : string):integer;
uses WinCrt;
                                                                  var i, s, v, v2 : integer;
var ch : string;
                                                                  function decimal(c : char):integer;
procedure saisie(var ch : string);
                                                                   begin
                                                                     case c of
function valide(ch : string):boolean;
                                                                          'I' : decimal : = 1;
                                                                          'V' : decimal := 5;
 var i: integer;
                                                                          'X' : decimal := 10;
   ok : boolean;
                                                                          'L' : decimal : = 50;
 begin
                                                                          'C' : decimal := 100;
'D' : decimal := 500;
   i := 0;
   repeat
                                                                          'M' : decimal := 1000;
     ok := ch[i] in ['M','D','C','L','X','V','I']
                                                                     end:
   until (not ok) or (i=length(ch));
                                                                   end:
   valide := ok;
                                                                 begin
 end;
                                                                     for i:=1 to Length(ch) do
begin
                                                                        v := decimal(ch[i]);
   repeat
     Write ('Entrer un nombre en chiffres romains : ');
                                                                        if (i < Length(ch))</pre>
     ReadIn(ch);
                                                                           then begin
   until valide(ch);
                                                                                v2 := decimal(ch[i+1]);
end;
                                                                                if (v < v2) then v := -v;
                                                                               end:
                                                                        S := S + V
                                                                     end:
                                                                     convert := s;
                                                                  end;
                                                                                **********P.P************
                                                                  begin
                                                                   Saisie(ch);
                                                                   Writeln(ch , ' = ', convert(ch));
                                                                  end.
Exercice 28
                                                                  Exercice 29
Program duplicate_chaine;
                                                                  Program Codage;
uses wincrt;
                                                                 uses wincrt;
var ch:string[20];
                                                                       ch:string; i,k:integer;
                                                                  var
                                                                  begin
    res: string;
     i,j:integer;
                                                                   repeat
Begin
                                                                     writeln('Saisir un message en majuscule: '); readln(ch);
 write('ch = ');readIn(ch);
                                                                     while ch[i] in ['A'...'Z',',','.'] do i:=i+1;
 for i: = 1 to length(ch) do
                                                                   until (i > length(ch));
     for j:=1 to i do
                                                                   repeat
                                                                    write('Saisir le clé du codage : '); readln(k);
          res:=res+ch[i];
 writeln(res);
                                                                   until (0 <= k) and (k <= 25);
End.
                                                                   for i:=1 to length(ch) do
                                                                      if ch[i] in ['A'..'Z']
                                                                          then ch[i]:=chr(65+((ord(ch[i])-65)+k) \mod 26);
                                                                   writeln('Message codé: ',ch);
                                                                  end.
```

```
Exercice 30
Program Cryptage;
Uses wincrt;
Var msg,cle:string;
Procedure saisi_msg (var msg:string);
Var i:integer;
Begin
  repeat
    write('Message à crypter : '); readln(msg);
    While (msg[i] in ['A'..'Z', ''])and(i < = length(msg)) do i : = i+1;
  until i>length(msg);
end;
Procedure saisi_cle (var cle:string; msg:string);
    i,I:integer;
Var
Begin
  repeat
       write('Clé de cryptage : '); readln(cle);
       i := 1:
       I:=length(cle);
       While (cle[i] in ['0'..'9']) and (i < = I) do i : = i + 1;
  until (i>l) and (length(msg)=l);
end;
Function Crypter(msg,cle: string): string;
     i,j,k,e,c:integer;
var
     ch: string;
begin
 ch: ='';
  for k := 1 to length(msg) do
    begin
      if msg[k]=' '
          then ch:=ch+''
         else begin
                val(cle[k],c,e);
                i: = ord(msg[k])-64;
                j := C + i;
               If j > 26 then j := j \mod 26; {ou j := j-26}
               ch:=ch+chr(j+64);
            end;
    end:
  Crypter: =ch;
end;
Begin
  Saisi_Msg(Msg);
  Saisi_Cle(Cle,Msg);
  WriteIn(Crypter(Msg,Cle));
```

```
Exercice 31
Program cryptage;
Uses wincrt;
Var ch: string;
Procedure saisie (var ch : string);
var i: integer;
    verif: boolean;
begin
  repeat
    write('donner ch : '); readIn(ch);
    i := 0;
    repeat
     i := i + 1;
      verif := (upcase(ch[i]) in ['A'..'Z'])and(length(ch) in [1..50]);
    until (verif = false) or (i=length(ch));
  until verif;
end;
    **********
Function crypter(ch: string): string;
var i,nb : integer;
    res,ch2: string;
begin
  i:=1;
  res: =";
  repeat
     nb:=1;
     while (ch[i] = ch[i+1]) do
            begin
              nb:=nb+1
              i:=i+1;
            end:
      str(nb,ch2);
      res: =res+ch2+ch[i];
      i: = i + 1;
  until i>length(ch);
  crypter: =res;
Begin
  Saisie(Ch);
  WriteIn(Crypter(Ch));
```

End.

```
Exercice 32
                                                               Exercice 33
Program poids_mot;
                                                               Program Chaine_formee;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                      wincrt;
Type St=String[30];
                                                                      tab=array[1..9] of char;
                                                               Type
                                                                       t:tab;
Var Mot: St;
                **********
                                                                       mot:string;
Procedure Lecture (Var M:St);
                                                                              Beain
 Writeln('Donner Votre Mot');
                                                               procedure remplir (var t:tab; var n:integer);
                                                               var i:integer;
 Repeat
  ReadIn(M);
                                                               begin
 Until M <> ";
                                                                repeat
End ;
                                                                  writeln('donner la taille du tableau entre 5 et 9');
                                                                  readIn(n)
Procedure Affiche (M:St);
                                                                 until (n in [5..9]);
Var K,P:Integer;
                                                                 for i:=1 to n do
Begin
                                                                  repeat
 P := 0
                                                                     writeln('donner un caractère alphabet miniscule ',i);
 For K:=1 To Length(M) Do
                                                                    readIn (t[i]);
   If Upcase(M[K]) In ['A', 'E', 'I', 'O', 'U', 'Y']
                                                                  until t[i] in ['a'..'z'];
       Then P := P + (Ord(Upcase(M[K]))-64) * K;
                                                               end:
                                                               (****
 Writeln('Le Mot "', M,'" À Pour Poids : ',P);
                                                               procedure saisir (var ch: string);
End:
                                                               var i: integer;
                                                                     test: boolean;
(************PP***************
                                                               beain
Begin
                                                                 repeat
                                                                   writeln('donner le mot a rechercher');
 Lecture(Mot);
 Affiche(Mot);
                                                                   readIn(mot);
End.
                                                                   i := 0:
                                                                   test: = true;
Exercice 34
                                                                   repeat
Program BIGRAMME;
                                                                      if not (ch[i] in ['a'..'z']) then test: = false;
Uses Wincrt;
                                                                  until (test=false) or (i=length(ch));
Var ch: string;
                                                                 until (test=true) and (length(ch) in [1..7]);
Procedure saisie(Var ch: String);
                                                               Function Valide(ch: String): Boolean;
Var i: Integer;
                                                               procedure affiche (ch:string; t:tab; n:integer);
    test: Boolean;
                                                               var i,p:integer;
Begin
                                                                    cht:string;
 i := 0;
                                                               begin
                                                                 cht: =":
 Repeat
   i := i+1;
                                                                 for i:=1 to n do cht:=cht+t[i];
   test := (ch[i] In ['a'..'z']) And (ch<>'));
                                                                 i \cdot = 0
 Until (test=False) Or (i=Length(ch));
                                                                 repeat
 valide := test;
                                                                    i: = i + 1:
                                                                    p:=pos(ch[i],cht);
Begin
                                                                    if p <>0 then write(p);
                                                                 until (p=0) or (i=length(ch));
  Repeat
   Writeln('donner une chaîne');
                                                                 if p=0
   ReadIn(ch);
                                                                    then writeln('la chaine ne pas être formée');
 Until Valide(ch);
                                                               Begin
Procedure Afficher (ch : String);
                                                                 Remplir(T,N);
                                                                 Saisir(Mot);
Var i,j,trv,occ,n: Integer;
                                                                 Affiche(Mot,T,N);
Begin
                                                               End.
 n := Length(ch);
  For i:=1 To n-1 Do
   If ch[i] < > ch[i+1] Then
     Begin
       j := 1;
       trv := 0:
       While (j<i) And (trv=0) Do
         Beain
           If (ch[j]=ch[i]) And (ch[j+1]=ch[i+1]) Then trv := 1;
           j := j+1;
         End;
       If trv=0 Then
         Begin
           occ := 1;
           For j:=i+2 To n-1 Do
             If (ch[j]=ch[i]) And (ch[j+1]=ch[i+1])
                      Then occ := occ + 1;
```

Writeln('le nombre d''occurrence de ',ch[i],ch[i+1],' est ',occ);	
End;	
End;	
End;	
(************P.P**************)	
Begin	
saisie(ch);	
afficher(ch);	
End.	



LES ENREGISTREMENTS ET LES FICHIERS

```
Exercice 4
                                                                    Exercice 5
 PROGRAM point_milieu;
                                                                    PROGRAM calcul_complexe;
 uses wincrt;
                                                                    uses wincrt:
 type point = record
                                                                    type complexe = record
               x : real;
                                                                                       re.im:real:
               y: real;
                                                                                     end;
                                                                   var c1,c2,c3,c4:complexe;
             end;
 var a,b,m : point ;
                                                                   begin
 begin
                                                                   writeln ('donner les parties réelle et imaginaire du 1er complexe');
   writeln ('donner les coordonnées du point A');
                                                                   readIn (c1.re, c1.im);
   readln(a.x, a.y);
                                                                   writeln ('donner les parties réelle et imaginaire du 2eme complexe');
   writeln ('donner les coordonnées du point B') ;
                                                                   readIn (c2.re, c2.im);
  readln(b.x, b.y);
                                                                   c3.re := c1.re + c2.re ; {calcul de c3 = c1 + c2}
  m.x := (a.x + b.x)/2;
                                                                   c3.im := c1.im + c2.im;
                                                                   writeIn ('somme = ', c3.re:4:2,' + ', c3.im:4:2,' i');
   m.y := (a.y + b.y)/2;
                                                                   c4.re := (c1.re*c2.re) - (c1.im*c2.im)
   writeln('les coordonnées du point du milieu sont : ',m.x:2:2,
               ' ',m.y:2:2);
                                                                   c4.im := (c1.re*c2.im) + (c1.im*c2.re);
                                                                   writeln ('produit = ', c4.re: 4:2,' + ', c4.im: 4:2,' i');
 end.
                                                                    end.
Exercice 6
                                                                   Exercice 7
PROGRAM personnel;
                                                                  PROGRAM personnel;
uses wincrt;
                                                                  uses wincrt;
                                                                  const n = 10;
const n = 50:
type employe = record
                                                                  type personne = record
                                                                              nom, prenom:string[20];
         matricule:integer;
         nom: string;
                                                                              age: 1..150;
         salaire: real;
                                                                             end;
         etat_civil:char;
                                                                      tab = array[1..n] of personne;
         end;
                                                                  var tp:tab;
   tab = array[1..n] of employe;
                                                                     i :integer
var tabemp:tab;
                                                                  Procedure remplir(var t:tab);
   nb:integer;
                                                                  var i : integer ;
Procedure remplir(var t:tab);
                                                                  begin
                                                                    for i := 1 to n do
var i:integer;
begin
                                                                      with t[i] do
 for i := 1 to n do
                                                                        begin
                                                                          write('nom :') ;readIn(nom);
   begin
     writeln('matricule de l''employé ',i,' :');
                                                                          write('prénom : ') ; readIn(prenom) ;
     readln(t[i].matricule);
                                                                          write('age : ') ;readIn(age) ;
     writeln('nom de l''employé ',i,' :');
                                                                         end;
     readln(t[i].nom);
                                                                  end:
     writeln('salaire de l''employé (i,','));
                                                                  Procedure tri (var t:tab);
     readln(t[i].salaire);
     writeln('etat civil de l''employé',i,': m ou c ?');
                                                                  {tri par échange de minimums successifs}
     readln(t[i].etat_civil);
                                                                  var i,j:integer;
   end:
                                                                     aux:personne;
end;
                                                                  begin
                                                                    for i := 1 to n-1 do
                                                                       for j := i+1 to n do
(**********
                                                                          if t[i].nom > t[j].nom
Function compter (t:tab):integer;
                                                                             then begin
var i,c:integer;
                                                                                   aux := t[i];
begin
                                                                                   t[i] := t[j];
 c := 0;
                                                                                  t[j] := aux ;
 for i := 1 to n do
                                                                                  end;
  if (t[i].salaire >= 800) and (t[i].etat\_civil='m') then c := c+1;
                                                                  end:
                                                                   compter := c;
                                                                  begin
end;
       ***** p.p ****************************
                                                                    remplir(tp);
                                                                    tri(tp);
                                                                    for i := 1 to n do
 remplir(tabemp);
 nb := compter(tabemp);
                                                                       with tp[i] do
 writeln('le nombre d''employés mariés ayant le salaire >= à 800
                                                                          writeln(nom :25,prenom :15,age :10) ;
end.
```

```
Exercice 8
PROGRAM fichier:
uses wincrt;
var f: file of char;
    n: byte;
    car:char:
Procedure creation;
begin
  assign (f, 'c:\alpha.txt');
  rewrite (f):
  for car: ='a' to 'z' do write (f, car);
end:
Procedure afficher;
begin
  reset (f);
  n: = filesize(f);
  writeln ('nombre d''éléments : ', n);
  seek (f, (n div 2)-1); {déplace le pointeur sur le caractère du milieu}
  read (f,car);
  writeln ('le caractère du milieu est : ', car);
  writeln ('le caractère de milieu est à la position: ', filepos(f));
           *****************************
begin
 creation;
 afficher:
 close (f);
end.
 Exercice 9
PROGRAM fiche_employe;
uses wincrt;
type employe = record
              matricule: integer;
              nom: string;
              prenom: string;
              grade: string;
              salaire: real;
             end:
     fpers = file of employe;
     fp : fpers ; e: employe; mat:integer;
 Procedure creation (var fp:fpers);
 var nomf: string; rep:char;
 begin
   writeln;
   write ('entrer le nom du fichier à écrire : '); readIn (nomf);
   assign (fp, nomf);
   rewrite (fp);
   repeat
       write('voulez-vous ajouter un employé (o/n): '); readln(rep);
    until (upcase(rep)='o')or (upcase(rep)='n');
    if upcase(rep) = 'o'
        then with e do
              begin
                     write ('entrez la matricule : '); readln (matricule) ;
                              write ('entrez le nom : '); readIn (nom) ;
                              write ('entrez le prénom : '); readln (prenom) ;
                              write ('entrez le grade : ');readln (grade) ;
write ('entrez le salaire : ');readln (salaire) ;
                              write (fp, e);
                       end:
   until upcase(rep) = 'n';
  reset (fp);
  writeln('le nombre des employés dans le fichier est : ', filesize(fp));
 Procedure consultation;
 var nomf:string;
 beain
   write('entrer le nom du fichier à lire : '); readln(nomf);
   assign (fp,nomf);
  reset (fp);
```

```
writeIn;
  writeln('liste des employés qui ont un salaire entre 500 et 700:');
  writeln('----');
  writeln:
  while not eof(fp) do
    begin
      read (fp, e);
      if (e.salaire >=500) and (e.salaire <=800)
            then begin
                 writeln ('matricule : ', e.matricule);
                 writeIn ('nom : ', e.nom);
                 writeIn('prénom : ', e.prenom);
    end;
    close (fp);
  Function recherche (mat:integer):boolean;
  var nomf:string; trouve:boolean;
  begin
    write('entrer le nom du fichier à utilisé : ');
    readIn(nomf);
    assign(fp,nomf);
    reset(fp);
    writeln;
    read(fp, e);
    trouve := (e.matricule =mat);
    while (trouve = false) and not (eof(fp)) do
          begin
            read(fp, e);
            trouve := (e.matricule =mat);
          end:
    recherche := trouve;
  end;
 begin
  creation(fp);
  consultation;
  writeln('entrer le matricule de l''employé à chercher dans le fichier :');
  readIn(mat);
  if recherche(mat)
    then writeln('l''employé de matricule ', mat , ' existe dans le fichier ')
    else writeln('l''employé de matricule ', mat , ' n''existe pas dans le fichier ')
 end.
 Exercice 10
Program facteurs_premiers;
uses wincrt;
type f_ent=file of longint;
var f1:f_ent;
    f2:text;
    n,p:integer;
Procedure saisie(var n,p:integer);
begin
  repeat
   write('n = '); readIn(n);
  until (2<n) and (n<100);
  repeat
   write('p = '); readIn(p);
  until (2 < p) and (p < 6);
Procedure Remplir_f1(var f1:f_ent;n,p:integer);
var x:longint; i:integer; ch:string;
begin
 rewrite(f1);
 for i:=1 to n do
   begin
     repeat
       write('donner un entier de ',p,' chiffres:');
       readln(x);
       str(x,ch);
     until length(ch)=p;
     write(f1,x);
   end;
```

```
end;
Procedure Remplir_f2(var f1:f_ent;var f2:text);
var ch,chc,chd:string;
  d,c:integer; n:longint;
begin
 reset(f1);
 rewrite(f2);
 while not eof(f1) do
    begin
      read(f1,n);
      d: =2; ch: =";
      repeat
       if (n \mod d) = 0
           then begin
                 c := 0;
                 repeat
                  c := c + 1;
                  n:=n div d;
                 until (n mod d)<>0;
                 str(c,chc);
                 str(d,chd);
                 ch: =ch+chc+chd;
               end
         else d:=d+1;
      until (n=1);
      writeln(f2,ch);
    end:
end;
      ************
Procedure affiche_f2 (var f2:text);
var ch: string;
begin
 reset(f2);
 while not eof(f2) do
    begin
     readIn(f2,ch);
     writeIn(ch);
    end:
end;
BEGIN
    saisie(n,p);
    assign(f1,'c:\nombres.dat');
    assign(f2,'c:\facteurs.txt');
    remplir_f1(f1,n,p);
    remplir_f2(f1,f2);
    affiche_f2(f2);
    close(f2);
END.
 Exercice 11
{méthode 1 : supprimer un composant d'un fichier}
PROGRAM supprim_element;
uses wincrt;
type ft=file of integer
var f:ft;
Procedure saisie(var f:ft);
var n:integer;
begin
 assign(f,'c:\dest.dat');
 rewrite(f);
  repeat
     write('entrer un entier non nul (0 pour terminer la saisie) : ');
     readIn(n);
     if (n <> 0) then write(f, n);
  until (n = 0);
Procedure supprimer (var f:ft);
var vs:integer;
Function trouve (vs:integer;var f:ft):boolean;
var tr:boolean; vtemp:integer;
begin
```

```
tr:=false;
  while (not eof(f)) and (not (tr)) do
     begin
       read (f,vtemp);
       tr:=(vtemp=vs);
     end;
  trouve: =tr;
end;
Procedure suppr(vs:integer;var f:ft);
var vtemp:integer; f2:ft;
  assign(f2,'c:\dest2.dat'); rewrite(f2);
  reset(f);
  while not eof(f) do
     begin
       read(f,vtemp);
       if vtemp<>vs then write(f2,vtemp);
     end;
   erase(f);
  rename (f2,'c:\dest.dat');
begin
  reset(f);
  writeln('I"entier à supprimer ?');
  readln(vs);
  if trouve(vs,f) then suppr(vs,f)
            else writeln('valeur inexistante');
Procedure afficher(var f:ft);
var nb: integer;
begin
  reset(f);
  while not eof(f) do
    begin
     read(f,nb);
     write(nb,' ');
end:
begin
 saisie(f);
 supprimer(f);
 afficher(f);
 close(f);
end.
{méthode 2 : supprimer un composant d'un fichier}
PROGRAM supprim_element;
uses wincrt;
type ft=file of integer;
var f:ft;
(*****
Procedure saisie(var f:ft);
var n:integer;
begin
  assign(f,'c:\dest.dat');
 rewrite(f);
  repeat
     write('entrer un entier non nul (0 pour terminer la saisie) : ');
     readln(n):
     if (n <> 0) then write(f, n);
  until (n = 0);
end;
Procedure supprimer (var f:ft);
var vs:integer;
Function trouve (vs:integer;var f:ft):boolean;
var tr:boolean;
  vtemp:integer;
begin
  tr:=false;
  while (not eof(f)) and (not (tr)) do
```

```
begin
       read (f,vtemp);
       tr:=(vtemp=vs);
     end;
 trouve:=tr;
end;
Procedure suppr(vs:integer;var f:ft);
var vtemp:integer;
begin
  while not eof(f) do
     begin
      read(f,vtemp);
      seek(f,filepos(f)-2);
      write(f,vtemp);
      seek(f,filepos(f)+1);
     end;
     seek(f,filepos(f)-1);
     truncate(f);
end;
begin
 reset(f);
 writeIn('I''entier à supprimer ?');
 readIn(vs);
 if trouve(vs,f) then suppr(vs,f)
            else writeln('valeur inexistante');
end:
Procedure afficher(var f:ft);
var nb:integer;
begin
 reset(f):
 while not eof(f) do
    begin
     read(f,nb);
     write(nb, '');
    end;
end:
begin
 saisie(f);
 supprimer(f);
 afficher(f);
 close(f);
end.
 Exercice 12
PROGRAM insertion_composant; {insertion un composant dans un fichier}
uses wincrt;
type tf = file of integer;
   tab = array[0..20] of integer;
var f:tf;
    i:integer;
Procedure saisie(var f:tf);
var i:integer;
begin
 assign(f,'c:\dest.dat');
 rewrite(f);
 for i := 1 to 5 do write(f,i);
end:
Procedure insertion (var f:tf;var i:integer;var t:tab);
(*on recopie l'intégralité de fichier dans t, en insérant le nombre au bon endroit*)
var nb,num:integer;
begin
 reset(f);
 writeln('donner un entier à inserer');
 readIn(num);
  i := -1;
 while not eof(f) do
   begin
     i := i + 1;
      read(f,nb);
```

```
if nb<=num then t[i]:=nb else begin
                        t[i]:=num:
                        num:=nb;
                       end;
   end;
 t[i+1]:=num;
end;
Procedure recopie(var f:tf;i:integer;t:tab);
(* on recopie à présent t dans le fichier*)
var j:integer;
begin
 rewrite(f);
 for j := 0 to i+1 do write(f,t[j]);
end:
Procedure affiche(var f:tf);
var nb:integer;
begin
 reset(f);
 writeln('contenu du fichier final');
 while not eof(f) do
   begin
    read(f,nb);
    write(nb,' ');
   end;
        *************pp***************
begin
 saisie(f);
 insertion(f,i,t);
 recopie(f,i,t);
 affiche(f);
 close(f);
end.
 Exercice 12
PROGRAM insertion_composant; {insertion d'un composant dans un fichier}
uses wincrt;
type tf=file of integer;
var f:tf;
Procedure saisie(var f:tf);
var i:integer;
begin
 assign(f,'c:\dest.dat'); rewrite(f);
 for i := 1 to 5 do write(f,i);
Procedure insertion (var f:tf);
var nb,num,p,i:integer;
begin
 reset(f);
 writeln('donner un entier à inserer'); readln(num);
  read(f,nb);
 until (num<nb) or eof(f);;
 if not eof (f)
    then begin
        p:=filepos(f)-1;
        for i = (filesize(f)-1) downto p do
            begin
             seek(f,i);
             read(f,nb);
             write(f,nb);
            end;
        seek(f,p);
        write(f,num);
       end
    else write(f,num);
Procedure affiche(var f:tf);
var nb:integer;
begin
 reset(f);
```

```
writeln('contenu du fichier final');
 while not eof(f) do
    begin
     read(f,nb);
     write(nb,' ');
    end;
end;
          begin
  saisie(f);
 insertion(f);
 affiche(f);
 close(f);
end.
 Exercice 13
PROGRAM affiche_source;
uses wincrt;
var f:text;
      chemin: string;
Procedure source (var f:text);
var ligne: string;
begin
 while (not eof(f)) do
    begin
      readIn(f,ligne);
      writeln(ligne);
    end;
end;
           ********************
begin
 writeln('donner le chemin d''un fichier pascal');
 readIn(chemin);
 assign(f,chemin);
 reset(f);
 clrscr;
 source(f);
 close(f);
end.
 Exercice 14
PROGRAM exercice14;
uses wincrt;
var f: text; nom : string;
Procedure saisie(var f:text);
var ch : string; rep : char;
begin
    write('donner une ligne :'); readln(ch);
    while ch[length(ch)]<>'.' do
      begin
       write(f,ch); writeln(f); {ou bien writeln(f,ch);}
       write('donner une ligne :'); readln(ch);
end:
Procedure compter (var f : text);
var ch: string; nb,i,l:integer;
begin
 reset(f); I:=0;
 while not eof(f) do
  begin
    nb := 0; I := I + 1;
    readIn(f,ch);
    i := 1;
    repeat
      if ch[i]<>' '
         then begin
             nb:=nb+1;
             while ch[i] <>' do i:=i+1;
            end
         else i:=i+1;
    until (i>=length(ch));
    writeln('le nombre des mots dans la ligne ',I, ' = ', nb);
  end;
```

```
end;
Procedure frequence (var f: text);
var ch: string; nb,i,l:integer; c:char;
 reset(f); I:=0;
 while not(seekeof(f)) do
 begin
    nb := 0; I := I + 1;
    while not eoln(f) do
          beain
            read(f,c);
            if upcase(c)in['A','E','O','Y','U','I'] then inc(nb);
    writeln('le nombre de voyelles dans la ligne', l, ' = ', nb);
 end;
end:
          begin
  write('entrer le nom du fichier : '); readIn(nom);
  assign(f, 'd:\' + nom + '.fch');
  {$i-} reset(f);{$i+}
  if ioresult<>0 then begin
                    rewrite(f);
                    saisie(f);
                  end;
 writeln;
  compter(f); writeln;
  frequence(f);
 close(f);
end.
Exercice 15
PROGRAM nbr_lettres;
uses wincrt;
type tab = array [ord('A')..ord('Z')] of integer;
   chemin = string [50];
var f: text; nom: chemin; t: tab; ligne: string
Procedure ouvre (var f:text; nom:chemin);
begin
 write ('entrer le nom du fichier : '); readin (nom)
 nom := nom + '.txt';
  assign (f, nom)
  {$i-} reset (f); {$i+}
 if ioresult <> 0 then rewrite (f);
Procedure saisie (var f:text; ligne:string);
   writeln ('pour terminer la saisie, taper le caractère *');
   writeIn
   write ('taper une ligne de texte : '); readln (ligne) ;
   while ligne <> '*' do
       begin
           writeln (f, ligne);
          write ('taper une nouvelle ligne de texte : '); readln (ligne) ;
end;
Procedure cumul (var f:text; var t:tab; ligne:string);
var i, ca : integer ;
begin
   {init du tableau à zéro }
   for i := ord('A') to ord('Z') do t[i] := 0;
   {remise à zéro du pointeur du fichier }
   reset (f);
   {lecture du fichier ligne par ligne et cumul du nombre des lettres}
   while not (eof(f)) do
       begin
          readIn (f, ligne);
           for i: =1 to length(ligne) do
             begin
                 ligne[i] := upcase(ligne[i]);
                 {cumul du nombre de lettre dans le tableau t }
                 ca := ord(ligne[i]);
```

```
if ca in [ord('A')..ord('Z')] then t[ca] := t[ca] + 1;
             end:
       end;
end;
Procedure affiche (t : tab);
var nb, i : integer ; pc : real ;
begin
   {calcul du nombre total de lettres}
   nb := 0;
   for i := ord('A') to ord('Z') do nb := nb + t[i];
   writeln('le nombre total de lettres dans le fichier est : ', nb );
   {affichage de l'occurrence et du pourcentage de présence de chaque lettre}
   for i: = ord('A') to ord('Z') do
      begin
       if nb > 0 then pc := (t[i]*100)/nb else pc := 0;
       if t[i] <>0
          then writeln ('la lettre: ',chr(i),' est présente: ',t[i],' fois, donc : ',pc:3:2, '%');
      end;
end;
{===
       begin
   ouvre (f, nom);
   saisie (f, ligne);
   cumul (f, t, ligne);
   affiche (t);
end.
 Exercice 16
PROGRAM code_bin_texte;
uses
       wincrt;
var
       f1,f2: text;
Procedure saisie(var f1:text);
var phrase:string;
begin
 assign (f1, 'c:\modele.txt');
 rewrite (f1);
 writeln ('taper le texte');
 repeat
    readIn (phrase);
    if phrase<>" then writeln (f1, phrase);
 until phrase = ";
end:
Procedure codage(var f1,f2:text);
var nd:integer;
  car:char;
  ch1,ch2:string;
begin
 reset (f1);
  assign (f2, 'c:\binaire.txt');
 rewrite (f2);
  while not eof (f1) do
  begin
    while not eoln (f1) do
       begin
        read (f1, car)
         nd: = ord(car);
        ch2:=";
         repeat
          str(nd mod 2,ch1);
          ch2:=ch1+ch2;
          nd: = nd div 2;
         until (nd = 0);
        write (f2,ch2);
       end;
    readIn(f1);
    writeIn(f2);
  end;
end;
Procedure affiche(var f2:text);
var phrase:string;
begin
 reset (f2);
 while not eof(f2) do
   begin
    readIn (f2, phrase);
```

```
writeln(phrase);
   end:
end;
             begin
 saisie(f1);
 codage(f1,f2);
 affiche(f2);
 close(f1);
 close(f2);
end.
Exercice 17
Procedure trie (var f:fch; chemin:string);
                                                {tri à bulle d'un fichier}
var ch1,ch2:string;
    permutation: boolean;
   i,n:Integer;
begin
  assign(f,chemin);reset(f);
  repeat
       permutation: =False;
       n: =filesize(f);
       for i = 0 to n-2 do
         begin
              seek(f,i);
              read(f,ch1);
              read(f,ch2);
              if ch1 > ch2
              then begin
                 seek(f,i);
                 Write(f,ch2);
                 Write(f,ch1);
                 permutation: =true;
                 end;
         end:
       n:=n-1;
  until (not permutation) OR (n=1);
Procedure fusion (var f1,f2,f3:fch);
var fc1,fc2:string;
begin
  assign(f1,'c:\file1.dat'); reset(f1);
  assign(f2,'c:\file2.dat');reset(f2);
  assign(f3,'c:\file3.dat');rewrite(f3);
  repeat
    read(f1,fc1);
    read(f2,fc2);
    if fc1<fc2 then begin
                  write(f3,fc1);
                 seek(f2,filepos(f2)-1);
                end
            else begin
                  write(f3,fc2);
                 seek(f1,filepos(f1)-1);
               end;
  until (eof(f1)) or (eof(f2));
  while not eof(f1) do
    begin
      read(f1,fc1);
      write(f3,fc1);
    end;
  while not eof(f2) do
    begin
      read(f2,fc2);
      write(f3,fc2);
    end;
end;
```

```
PROGRAM ligne_impair_pair;
uses wincrt:
var
     f1,f2,f3: text;
                  Procedure saisie(var f1:text);
var ligne: string;
    rep:char;
begin
 Assign(f1,'c:\init.txt');
 rewrite(f1);
 repeat
    writeln('Taper une ligne de texte'); readln(ligne);
    writeln(f1,ligne);
    repeat
     writeln('Quitter (O/N) ?');
      readIn(rep);
    until upcase(rep) in ['O','N'];
 until upcase(rep)='O';
end;
(*************
Procedure copie(var f1,f2,f3:text);
var ligne: string;
begin
 reset(f1);
  Assign(f2,'c:\copie2.txt');
 rewrite(f2);
  Assign(f3,'c:\copie3.txt');
 rewrite(f3);
 while not eof (f1) do
   begin
   readln (f1, ligne);
   writeln (f2,ligne);
   readIn (f1, ligne);
   writeln (f3,ligne);
   end:
end;
Procedure affiche(var f:text);
var ligne: string;
begin
 Reset (f);
 while not eof (f) do
   begin
   readIn (f, ligne);
   writeIn (ligne);
   end;
 writeln;
end;
                         *****PP******
(***
begin
 saisie(f1);
 copie(f1,f2,f3);
 affiche(f2);
 affiche(f3);
 close (f1);
 close (f2);
 close (f3);
end.
Exercice 19
PROGRAM exercice_20;
uses wincrt;
type f_ent=file of integer;
var f1,f2:f_ent;
  nom1,nom2:string;
Function egalf(var f1,f2:f_ent):boolean;
var a,b:integer;
  test:boolean;
begin
 repeat
   if eof(f1) or eof(f2)
     then test: =eof(f1) and eof(f2)
     else
       begin
        read(f1,a);
```

```
read(f2,b);
         test:=a=b;
       end;
  until (test=false) or(eof(f1) and eof(f2));
  egalf: =test;
end;
begin
  write('Nom du premier fichier : '); readln(nom1);
  write('Nom du deuxième fichier : '); readIn(nom2);
  assign(f1,nom1);
  reset(f1);
  assign(f2,nom2);
  reset(f2);
  if egalf(f1,f2)
     then writeln('les fichiers sont égaux')
     else writeln('les fichiers ne sont pas égaux');
end.
Exercice 20
 PROGRAM club_sportif;
 uses wincrt;
 type adherent =record
            nca:integer;
            nom: string;
            dat:string;
            nbh:integer;
           end:
     fa=file of adherent;
 var f:fa;
    choix:char;
    ft:text;
 Procedure transfert(var ft:text;var f:fa);
 var vligne,ch:string;
   vtemp:adherent;
   err:integer;
 Procedure extraire(var v,ch:string);
 var p:integer;
 begin
   p:=pos(',',v);
   ch: =copy(v,1,p-1);
   delete(v,1,p);
 end;
 begin
   {$i-} reset (ft); {$i+}
   if ioresult < >0 then rewrite(ft);
   rewrite(f);
   while not eof(ft) do
     begin
      readIn(ft, vligne);
      with vtemp do
       begin
         extraire(vligne,ch);
         val(ch,vtemp.nca,err);
         extraire(vligne, vtemp.nom);
         extraire(vligne, vtemp.dat);
         val(vligne,vtemp.nbh,err);
       end;
      write(f,vtemp);
     end;
   close(f);
   close(ft);
 end;
 Procedure menu (var choix:char;var f:fa);
 Procedure affiche_menu;
 begin
  clrscr;
  writeln;
  writeIn(
  writeIn('
                 * A. ajouter un nouveau adhérent
                                                                         *');
                 ^{\star} M. modifier quelques informations relatives à un adhérent
  writeIn('
```

```
writeIn('
               * S. supprimer un adhérent
 writeIn('
               * T. trier les noms des adhérents
               * Q. quitter l''application
 writeIn('
 writeIn('
end;
       **********
Procedure ajouter(var f:fa);
var vtemp:adherent;
begin
 with vtemp do
   begin
    writeln('numéro carte: '); readln(nca);
    writeln('nom : ');readIn(nom);
    writeln('date de naiss : ');readln(dat);
    writeIn('nombre d''heure : ');readIn(nbh);
   end;
 reset(f):
 seek(f,filesize(f));
 write(f,vtemp);
 close(f);
end;
Procedure modifier(var f:fa);
var vtemp:adherent;
  num:integer;
Function trouve(num:integer;var f:fa):boolean;
var vtemp:adherent;
  tr:boolean;
begin
 tr:=false;
 seek(f,0);
 while (not eof(f)) and (not(tr)) do
     begin
       read(f,vtemp);
       tr:=vtemp.nca=num;
      end:
 trouve:=tr;
end:
begin
 writeln('numéro de carte d''adhérent ?'); readln(num)
 reset(f);
 if trouve(num,f) then
   begin
      seek(f,filepos(f)-1);
      read(f,vtemp);
    with vtemp do
      begin
        writeIn('nom : ');readIn(nom);
        writeIn('date de naiss : ');readIn(dat);
        writeln('nombre d''heure : '); readln(nbh);
      end;
    seek(f,filepos(f)-1);
    write(f,vtemp);
   end
   else begin
       writeln('numéro de carte inexistant');
      end:
 close(f);
end;
Procedure supprimer (var f:fa);
var num:integer;
Function trouve(num:integer;var f:fa):boolean;
var vtemp:adherent;
  tr: boolean:
begin
 tr:=false;
 seek(f,0);
 while (not eof(f)) and (not(tr)) do
     begin
       read(f,vtemp);
```

```
end;
  trouve: =tr:
end;
(****************************
Procedure suppr(num:integer;var f:fa);
var vtemp:adherent;
  f2:fa;
begin
  assign(f2,'d:\club\ftemp.dat');
  rewrite(f2);
  reset(f);
  while not eof(f) do
   begin
    read(f,vtemp);
    if vtemp.nca<>num then write(f2,vtemp);
   end;
  close(f2);
  erase(f);
 rename(f2,'d:\club\adherent.dat');
begin
  writeln('numéro de carte d''adhérent ?'); readln(num);
  reset(f);
  if trouve(num,f)
    then suppr(num,f)
    else begin
        writeln('numéro de carte inexistant');
       end;
  close(f);
end;
Procedure trier (var f : fa);
type tab=array[1..10] of adherent;
var t:tab;
  n,i:integer;
Procedure remplir_t (var f:fa;var t:tab;var n:integer);
  reset(f); n:=0;
  while not (eof (f)) do
      begin
       n := n+1;
       read (f, t[n]);
end;
Procedure tri_insertion (var t:tab;n:integer);
var i,j:integer,
  tmp:adherent;
begin
 for i:=2 to n do
   if t[i].nom<t[i-1].nom
     then begin
         tmp:=t[i];
         while (j>1) and (t[j-1].nom>tmp.nom) do
             begin
              t[j]:=t[j-1];
              j:=j-1;
             end;
         t[j]:=tmp;
        end;
end;
begin
remplir_t (f, t, n);
tri_insertion (t, n);
seek(f,0);
for i := 1 to n do
      write(f,t[i]);
close(f);
end;
```

begin

```
affiche_menu;
 repeat
    write('choisir une action : ');
   readIn(choix);
 until upcase(choix) in ['A','M','S','T','Q'];
 case upcase(choix) of
  'A':ajouter(f);
  'M': modifier(f)
  'S':supprimer(f);
  'T': trier(f);
  end;
end;
           ****** programme principal ********************
begin
  assign(f,'d:\club\adherent.dat');
  assign(ft,'d:\club\adherent.txt');
  transfert(ft,f);
  repeat
    menu(choix,f);
  until upcase(choix) = 'Q';
end.
Exercice 21
PROGRAM cabinet_medecin;
uses wincrt;
type date = record
           jour: 1..31;
            mois:1..12;
            annee:integer;
        end;
   patient=record
          num:integer;
          nom: string[30];
          date_nais:date;
          date_rdv:date;
         end;
   fp=file of patient;
var f:fp;
   choix:integer;
Procedure creation(var f:fp);
 assign (f, 'c:\cabinet.dat');
 {$i-}
    reset (f);
  { \$i + }
 if ioresult < > 0 then rewrite(f)
end;
Procedure choisir (var choix:integer);
begin
 clrscr;
 writeln;
 writeln('
 writeln('
               * 1. ajouter un nouveau patient
               * 2. modifier les informations relatives à un patient
 writeIn(
               * 3. attribuer un rdv pour un patient
 writeIn('
               ^{\star} 4. afficher les informations relatives à un patient
 writeIn('
               * 5. afficher la liste des patients
 writeIn(
               * 6. afficher la liste des patients ayant un rdv donné
 writeIn(
               * 7. quitter l''application
 writeIn('
 writeIn('
 repeat
   write('choisir une action : ');
   readIn(choix);
 until choix in [1..7];
       Procedure ajout_patient(var f:fp);
var p:patient;
begin
 reset(f);
 with p do
```

```
begin
     num: =filesize(f):
     writeln('saisir le nom du patient');readln(nom);
     with date_nais do
        begin
          write('jj = ');readIn(jour);
          write('mm = ');readIn(mois);
          write('aaaa = ');readIn(annee);
        end:
     with date_rdv do
        begin
          write('jj rdv = ');readIn(jour);
          write('mm rdv = ');readIn(mois);
write('aaaa rdv = ');readIn(annee);
        end;
   end;
   seek(f,filesize(f));
   write(f,p);
   close(f);
end:
Procedure modifier_patient(var f:fp);
var num: integer;
  p:patient;
begin
  writeln('saisir le numéro du patient à modifier');
  readIn(num);
  reset(f);
  if num in [0..filesize(f)-1]
    then begin
          seek(f,num);
          read(f,p);
          with p do
            begin
              writeln('saisir le nouveau nom '); readln(nom);
              with date_nais do
                 begin
                  write('nouveau jj = ');readln(jour);
                  write('nouveau mm = ');readIn(mois);
                  write('nouveau aaaa = ');readIn(annee);
                 end;
            end;
          seek(f,num);
          write(f,p);
       end
    else writeln('patient inexistant !!!')
  close(f);
Procedure attribuer_rdv(var f:fp);
var num: integer;
  p: patient;
begin
  writeln('saisir le numéro du patient qui veut avoir un rdv');
  readIn(num);
  reset(f);
  if num in [0..filesize(f)-1]
    then begin
          seek(f,num);
          read(f,p);
          with p,date_rdv do
              begin
                write('jj = ');readIn(jour);
                write('mm = ');readIn(mois);
                write('aaaa = ');readIn(annee);
              end;
          seek(f,num);
          write(f,p);
    else writeln('patient inexistant !!!');
 close(f);
Procedure affiche_patient(var f:fp);
var num: integer;
  p:patient;
```

```
begin
  writeln('saisir le numéro du patient à afficher');
  readIn(num);
  reset(f);
  if num in [0..filesize(f)-1]
    then begin
         seek(f,num);
         read(f,p);
         with p do
            begin
             writeln('numéro : ',num);
             writeln('nom et prénom : ',nom);
             with date_nais do writeln('date de naissance : ', jour, '/', mois, '/', annee);
             with date_rdv do writeln('date du rdv : ',jour,'/',mois,'/',annee);
            end:
        end
    else writeln('patient inexistant !!!');
  readkey;
end;
Procedure affiche_liste(var f:fp);
var p:patient;
begin
  reset(f);
  while not eof(f) do
    begin
      read(f,p);
      with p do
            begin
             writeln('numéro : ',num);
             writeln('nom et prénom : ',nom);
             with date_nais do writeln('date de naissance : ', jour, '/', mois, '/', annee)
             with date_rdv do writeln('date du rdv : ',jour,'/',mois,'/',annee);
            end:
    end:
 readkey;
end:
Procedure affiche_rdv(var f:fp);
var p:patient; rdv:date;
begin
  with rdv do
    begin
      write('jj = ');readln(jour);
      write('mm = ');readIn(mois);
      write('aaaa = ');readIn(annee);
    end;
  reset(f);
  while not eof(f) do
    begin
      read(f,p);
      if (p.date_rdv.jour = rdv.jour) and (p.date_rdv.mois = rdv.mois) and (p.date_rdv.annee = rdv.annee)
        then with p do
              begin
               writeln('numéro : ',num);
               writeIn('nom et prénom : ',nom);
               with date_nais do writeln('date de naissance : ', jour, '/', mois, '/', annee);
    end;
 readkey;
               ******* programme principal *********
begin
  creation(f);
  repeat
    choisir(choix);
    case choix of
      1: ajout_patient(f);
      2: modifier_patient(f);
      3: attribuer_rdv(f);
      4: affiche_patient(f);
      5: affiche_liste(f);
      6: affiche_rdv(f);
      end;
  until choix = 7;
  close(f);
```

```
PROGRAM Videotheque;
USES WinCrt;
TYPE Films = RECORD
                Reference : Word :
                Titre: String [40];
             End:
     Fichier = File Of Films;
     nom_physique = String [40];
VAR choix: Byte;
     ouvert : Boolean ;
(***************Procédure d'attente sur l'appuie sur ECHAP*****
PROCEDURE Echap;
VAR Rep : Char ;
BEGIN
   WriteLn;
   WriteLn ('Appuyer sur la touche [ECHAP] pour continuer ...': 20);
       Rep := Readkey ;
   Until Rep = CHR (27); {27 = code ascii de la touche Echap}
END:
(****************Procédure de création d'un nouveau fichier
PROCEDURE Creation (VAR nl : Fichier; VAR nf : nom_physique);
VAR L: Byte;
BEGIN
   ClrScr; { Efface l'écran texte }
   Writeln ('CREATION DE FICHIER': 50);
   WriteLn; WriteLn;
   Writeln ('Le fichier sera créer sur la racine du disque dur C'); WriteLn
   WriteLn ('Pour des raison de compatibilité avec le SE DOS');
   WriteLn (' et avec les versions de Turbo Pascal sous Dos')
   WriteLn ('le nom du fichier est composé au maximum de 8 caractères');
   Writeln ('Si le nom saisit est plus long, il sera tronqué.');
   WriteLn ('Réspecter SVP les caractères composant un nom de fichier sous DOS.');
   WriteLN; WriteLn;
   Repeat
       Write('Entrer le nom du fichier : '); ReadLn (nf);
       L:= Length (nf);
   Until (L > 0) AND (L <=8);
   nf := 'C:\'+nf+'.fch'; {le chemin du fichier }
   Assign (nl, nf);
   ReWrite(nl);
   WriteIn
   WriteLn ('Le fichier', nf, 'a été est crée avec succès');
   ouvert := true; { drapeau qui indique que le fichier est ouvert }
   Echap;
END;
(******************Procédure d'ouverture d'un fichier*******************
PROCEDURE Ouverture (VAR nl : Fichier; VAR nf : nom_physique);
VAR L: Byte;
     Rep: Char;
BEGIN
   CIrScr;
   Writeln ('OUVERTURE D''UN FICHIER' : 50);
   WriteLn; WriteLn;
   Repeat
     Repeat
          Write ('Entrer le nom du fichier : '); ReadLn (nf);
          L:= Length (nf);
     Until (L > 0) AND (L <=8);
     nf := 'C: \'+nf+'.fch';
     Assign (nl, nf);
      {$I-} ReSet (nI); {$I+}
      IF IOResult <> 0 THEN
             Begin
```

```
WriteIn;
               WriteLn ('Le fichier', nf, 'n''existe pas'); Writeln;
               Repeat
                 Write ('Vouler vous réessayer O/N?');
                 Rep := upcase(Readkey) ;
                 WriteLn;
               Until Rep IN ['O', 'N'];
               WriteLn;
             Fnd:
   Until (IOResult = 0) or (Rep = 'N');
   WriteIn:
   IF IOResult = 0 Then
        Begin
          ouvert := true ;
         WriteLn ('Le fichier ', nf, ' est maintenant ouvert ');
   WriteIn;
   Echap;
END;
(*******************Procédure de suppression d'un fichier***
PROCEDURE Suppression (VAR nl : fichier ; nf : nom_physique);
VAR L: Byte;
    Rep: Char;
BEGIN
   CIrScr;
   Writeln('SUPPRESSION D''UN FICHIER': 50);
   WriteLn; WriteLn;
   Repeat
     Repeat
       Write ('Entrer le nom du fichier à supprimer : '); ReadLn (nf);
       L:= Length (nf);
     Until (L > 0) AND (L <=8);
     nf := 'C: \'+nf+'.fch';
     Assign (nl, nf);
      {$I-} ReSet(nI); {$I+}
     IF IOResult <> 0 THEN
          Begin
            WriteIn; WriteLn ('Le fichier', nf, 'n''existe pas'); WriteIn;
            Repeat
              Write ('Vouler vous réessayer O/N?');
               Rep := Readkey ; Rep := UpCase (rep);
               WriteLn;
            Until Rep IN ['O','N']
           WriteLn;
          End;
   Until (IOResult = 0) or (Rep = 'N')
   WriteIn;
   IF IOResult = 0 Then
           Begin
            Erase (nl)
            ouvert := false ; { Aucun fichier n'est ouvert }
            WriteLn ('Le fichier', nf, 'a été supprimer avec succès');
            WriteIn;
           End;
   Echap ;
END;
PROCEDURE Fermeture (VAR nl : fichier ; nf :nom_physique );
VAR Rep : Char ;
BEGIN
  ClrScr :
  WriteIn ('FERMETURE D''UN FICHIER': 50);
  WriteLn; WriteLn;
  {$I-}
  Assign (nl, nf);
  ReSet(nI);
  \{ \$I + \}
  IF (IOResult <> 0) or (ouvert=false)
        THEN Begin
             WriteIn;
             if ouvert = false then WriteLn ('Le fichier n''est pas ouvert ')
                         Else WriteLn ('Le fichier', nf, 'n''existe');
             WriteIn;
           End
```

```
Else Begin
               Repeat
                 Write ('Vouler vous fermer Le fichier', nf, '(O/N)?');
                 Rep := Readkey ; Rep := UpCase (rep);
                 WriteLn:
               Until Rep IN ['O','N'];
               IF Rep = 'O' Then Close (nl);
               Writeln; WriteLn ('Le fichier', nf, 'a été fermer avec succès');
  WriteIn:
 ouvert := false;
  Echap;
END:
(*******Procédure de recherche de l'existence et de la position d'un film************)
PROCEDURE Cherche (ref2: Word; enr: Films; VAR nl: Fichier; VAR posi: LongInt; VAR trouve: Boolean);
BEGIN
  Trouve := False ;
  Reset (nl);
  While (NOT(EOF (nl))) AND (trouve = False) DO
      Begin
          Read(nl, enr);
          IF ref2 = enr.reference then
               Begin
                   trouve := True ;
                   posi := FilePos(nl) -1;
      End:
END:
(*******************Procédure d'ajout d'un film**********
PROCEDURE Ajouter (VAR nl : Fichier ; enr : Films ; nf : nom_physique );
VAR rep : Char ; trouve:boolean ; posi:longint;
  CIrScr
  WriteLn ('A J O U T E R F I L M S': 20); WriteLn;
  Assign (nl, nf);
  Repeat
      Repeat
              Write ('Référence : '); ReadLn (enr.reference);
               Cherche (enr.reference, enr, nl, posi, trouve);
               IF trouve = True Then
                 Begin
                    WriteLn; WriteLn ('Cette référence existe déja dans le fichier ');
                    WriteLn('Veuillez entrer une autre référence ');
                    WriteLn;
                 End;
          Until trouve = False ;
          Write ('Titre : 1); ReadLn(enr.titre);
       Until (enr.reference > 0) AND (enr.titre <> ");
      Write(nl, enr);
      Write('Continuer Oui/Non (O/N)?');
      Repeat
          Rep := Readkey ; Rep := UpCase (Rep);
       Until Rep IN ['O', 'N'];
      WriteLn; WriteLn;
  Until rep = 'N' ;
(************Procédure qui modifie les données d'un film**************)
PROCEDURE Modifier (VAR nl : Fichier ; enr : Films ; nf :nom_physique);
VAR rep: Char; trouve:boolean; posi:longint;ref2:word;
  CIrScr ;
  WriteLn ('MODIFIER FILMS': 20); WriteLn;
 Assign (nl, nf);
  Repeat
      Write ('Référence : '); ReadLn (ref2);
      WriteLn ('Recherche de la référence : ', Ref2); WriteLn ;
      Cherche (ref2, enr, nl, posi, trouve);
      IF trouve = False
        THEN Begin
            Writeln ('La référence du film n''existe pas dans le fichier '); WriteLn;
           End
        Else Begin
```

```
Seek (nl, posi);
             Read (nl, enr);
             Repeat
                 Write ('Ancienne référence : ', enr.reference,' Nouvelle référence : ') ;
                 ReadLn (enr.reference);
                 Write ('Ancien titre: ', enr.titre, ' Nouveau titre: ');
                 ReadLn (enr.titre);
             Until (enr.reference > 0 ) AND (enr.titre <> ");
             Seek (nl, posi); Write(nl, enr);
      Write ('Continuer Oui ou Non (O/N)?');
          Rep := Readkey ; Rep := UpCase (Rep);
      Until Rep IN ['O', 'N'];
      WriteLn; WriteLn;
  Until rep = 'N';
END;
(********Procédure de recherche et d'affichage d'un film***********)
PROCEDURE Chercher_afficher (VAR nl : Fichier ; enr : Films ; VAR nf :nom_physique);
VAR rep : Char ;
    trouve: boolean;
    posi:longint;ref2:word;
BEGIN
   CIrScr;
   WriteLn ('C H E R C H E R F I L M S' : 20); WriteLn;
   Assign (nl, nf);
   Repeat
       Write ('Référence : '); ReadLn (ref2);
       WriteLn ('Recherche de la référence : ', Ref2); WriteLn ;
       Cherche (ref2, enr, nl, posi, trouve);
       IF trouve = False
          THEN Begin
                 Writeln('La référence du film n''existe pas dans le fichier '); WriteLn;
              Fnd
          Else Begin
                 Seek(nl, posi);
                 Read(nl, enr);
                 WriteLn('Référence : ', enr.reference)
                 WriteLn('Titre: ', enr.titre);
              End:
       Writeln; Write ('Continuer Oui ou Non (O/N)?');
       Repeat
           Rep := Readkey ; Rep := UpCase (Rep);
       Until Rep IN ['O', 'N']
       WriteLn; WriteLn;
   Until rep = 'N';
END ;
(*******<mark>***</mark>**<mark>Procedur</mark>e qui supprime un film*****************)
PROCEDURE Supprime (VAR nl : Fichier ; enr : Films ; nf :nom_physique);
VAR rep : Char; taille, i : Word; trouve : boolean; posi : longint; ref2:word;
BEGIN
  ClrScr
  WriteLn('SUPPRIMER FILMS':20); WriteLn;
  Assign (nl, nf);
  REPEAT
       Write ('Référence : '); ReadLn (ref2);
       WriteLn ('Recherche de la référence : ', Ref2); WriteLn ;
       Cherche (ref2, enr, nl, posi, trouve);
       IF trouve = False
          THEN Begin
                 Writeln('La référence du film n''existe pas dans le fichier '); WriteLn;
             End
         Else Begin
                Seek(nl, posi); Read (nl, enr);
                WriteLn ('Suppression du film : ', enr.reference, ' = ', enr.titre);
                taille := FileSize (nl);
                For i := posi+1 to taille-1 do
                   Begin
                       Seek (nl, i); Read (nl, enr);
                       Seek (nl, i-1); Write(nl, enr);
                   End:
                 Seek (nl, taille-1); Truncate (nl);
                Reset(nI);
                Taille := FileSize(nl);
```

```
For i: =0 to taille-1 do
                  Begin
                      Seek(nl, i); Read (nl, enr);
                     WriteLn ('Référence : ', enr.reference) ;
                     WriteLn ('Titre: ', enr.titre);
                  End;
            Fnd:
      WriteIn;
      Write('Continuer Oui ou Non (O/N)?');
          Rep := Readkey ; Rep := UpCase (Rep);
      Until Rep IN ['O', 'N'];
      WriteLn; WriteLn;
  UNTIL rep = 'N';
END;
(********Procédure qui affiche un message d'erreur si le fichier n'est pas ouvert******)
PROCEDURE Erreur;
BEGIN
  CIrScr;
  WriteIn ('ERREUR');
 Writeln ('Aucun fichier n''est ouvert ');
  WriteIn;
  Echap;
END;
(**********Procédure du menu de choix*
PROCEDURE Menu (VAR choix : Byte ) ;
VAR Rep : char ;
   nl : Fichier;
   nf: nom_physique;
   enr : Films ;
BEGIN
  REPEAT
      ClrScr;
      WriteLn; Writeln ('___ M E N U ___ ' : 50);
      WriteLn; WriteLn;
      WriteLn ('FICHIERS
                                              EDITION
                                                                     QUITTER'); Writeln;
      WriteLn (' 1 - Créer un nouveau fichier WriteLn (' 2 - Ouvrir un fichier existant
                                              5 - Ajouter un film
                                                                     9 - Sortir');
                                               6 - Modifier un film ');
      WriteLn (' 3 - Supprimer un fichier
                                               7 - Chercher un film ');
      WriteLn (' 4 - Fermer un fichier
                                               8 - Supprimer un film '); Writeln; WriteLn;
      Write (' Votre choix ? ');
      Repeat
         Rep := ReadKey;
      Until Rep IN ['1' .. '9'];
      Case Rep Of
         '1': Creation (nl,nf)
         '2' : Ouverture (nl,nf)
         '3': Suppression (nl, nf);
         '4' : Fermeture (nl, nf) ;
         '5' If ouvert = true then Ajouter (nl, enr, nf) Else Erreur;
         '6': If ouvert = true then Modifier(nl, enr,nf) Else Erreur;
         '7' : If ouvert = true then Chercher_afficher (nl, enr,nf) Else Erreur;
         '8': If ouvert = true then Supprime (nl, enr,nf) Else Erreur;
         '9' : Begin
                CIrScr;
                Write(' A U R E V O I R ':50);
                If ouvert Then close(nl);
                Halt ; { Halt : procédure pré définie qui stoppe le programme et ramène au système }
             End;
      End;
 UNTIL Rep = '9';
 If ouvert Then close(nl);
BEGIN
  ouvert := false ; { init : aucun fichier n'est ouvert }
  Menu (choix);
END.
```

LA RECURSIVITE

```
Exercice 1
                                                                  Exercice 2
Procedure afficher;
                                                                  Procedure affiche (a, b: integer);
Var n:integer;
beain
                                                                   if (a<4)
  for n := 10 downto 1 do writeln(n);
                                                                      then if (b<10)
end:
                                                                               then
                                                                                     begin
======= Solution récursive =======
                                                                                        writeln (a * 10 + b);
Procedure afficher (n:integer);
                                                                                       affiche (a, b + 1);
begin
                                                                                      end
  if n > = 1
                                                                               else
                                                                                   affiche (a + 1, 0);
      then begin
                                                                  end;
             writeln (n);
             afficher (n-1);
                                                                  L'appel : affiche (0,0) ;
end:
L'appel : afficher (10) ;
Exercice 3
                                                                  Exercice 4
                                                                  Procedure remplir (n : integer ; var T; Tab);
Procedure saisir (var n : byte);
                                                                  begin
beain
  writeln ('Taper un entier');
                                                                    if n > = 1 then begin
  readIn (n);
                                                                                  readln (T[n]);
  if (n<1) or (n>31) or (n \mod 2 <>0)
                                                                                   if T[n]<0
                                                                                     then remplir (n, T)
       then saisir (n);
                                                                                      else remplir (n-1, T);
end_;
                                                                                  end:
Exercice 4.2
Procedure
                affiche
                                    tab
                                                        integer);
                                                                  end:
                                                                  begin
                                                                  Procedure remplir (var T:tab; i, n:integer);
   if n > = 1 then begin
                    write (T[n]:4);
                                                                  begin
                    affiche (T, n-1);
                                                                   if i < = n
                                                                     then begin
                  end:
                                                                           readIn (T[i]);
end;
=========solution 2=========
                                                                           if T[i] < 0
                                                                              then remplir (T, i, n)
procedure affiche (T:tab ; i, n:integer);
                                                                              else remplir (T, i+1, n)
beain
  if i < = n
                                                                            end.
                                                                  end;
    then begin
           write (T[i]:4);
            affiche (T,i+1,n);
                                                                  L'appel: remplir (t, 1, n);
          end:
L'appel: affiche (t, 1, n);
Exercice 5
Function fact (n : byte) : real
begin
         then fact : = 1
 if n=0
          else fact i = n * fact(n - 1)
Exercice 6
Function palindrome (ch: string): boolean;
beain
 if (length(ch)<2) then palindrome := true
                  else if (ch[1] = ch[length(ch)]) then palindrome := palindrome (copy(ch, 2, length(ch) - 2))
                                                else
                                                      palindrome := false;
Function palindrome (ch: string): boolean;
begin
  if length (ch) < 2
      then palindrome := true
      else palindrome := (ch[1] = ch[length(ch)]) and (palindrome (copy(ch, 2, length(ch) - 2)));
end;
Exercice 7
                                                              ==== Solution 2 : récursivité mutuelle =====
Function pair (n:integer): boolean;
                                                              Function pair (n:integer) : boolean;
begin
                                                                  Function impair (n:integer) : boolean;
  if (n=0) then pair := true
                                                                  begin
           else if (n=1)
                                                                     if (n=0) then impair:= false
                  then pair := false
                                                                               else impair := pair (n-1);
                  else pair := pair (n-2);
                                                                  end:
                                                              begin
end:
********* autre solution ********
                                                                if (n=0) then pair := true
if (n=0) or (n=1)
                                                                         else pair := impair (n-1);
```

```
then pair := (n=0)
                                                                 end:
        else pair := pair (n-2);
Exercice 8
                                                                 Exercice 9
Function prosom (p, q: integer): integer;
                                                                 Function somme (n: integer): longint;
begin
                                                                 begin
 if (p=0) or (q=0) then prosom := 0
                                                                   if (n=0)
           else if q=1 then prosom := p
                                                                      then somme := 0
           else prosom := p + prosom(p, q-1);
                                                                      else somme := n + somme (n-1);
end:
Exercice 10
                                                                 Exercice 11 PGCD EUCLIDE
                                                                 Function Pgcd (a, b: Integer): Integer;
Function puissance (x :real ; n : integer) : real;
                                                                     if (a=b) or (b=0)
 if (n=0) then puissance : = 1
                                       1/x * puissance(x, n+1)
   else if (n<0)
                                                                      then Pgcd := a
         then puissance := 1/puissance(x,-n)
                                                                      else Pgcd := Pgcd (b, a mod b);
         else puissance := x*puissance (x, n-1);
end;
Exercice 11 PGCD Différence
                                                                 Exercice 12
Function Pgcd (a, b : integer) : integer ;
                                                                 Function ppcm (a, b, p : integer) : integer;
begin
 if (a=b) then pgcd := a
                                                                   if (p \mod b) = 0
          else if (a>b)
                                                                     then ppcm := p
                then pgcd := pgcd (a-b, b)
                                                                     else ppcm := ppcm (a, b, p+a);
                else pgcd := pgcd (a, b-a);
                                                                  end:
                                                                 L'appel sera : Writeln ('PPCM = ', ppcm (a, b, a));
end:
Exercice 12
                                                                 Exercice 13
Function ppcm (a, b, c : integer) : integer;
                                                                 Function fibonacci (n : integer) : integer;
begin
                                                                 begin
 if (a*c) \mod b = 0
                                                                   if (n <= 2)
                                                                     then fibonacci := 1
else fibonacci := fibonacci (n - 1)+fibonacci (n - 2);
   then ppcm := a*c
   else ppcm := ppcm (a, b, c+1);
L'appel sera : Writeln ('PPCM = ', ppcm(a, b, 1));
                                                                 Exercice 15
Procedure fact_prem (n, i : integer);
                                                                 Function sommediv (i, n:integer):integer;
  if (n > 1) then
                                                                   if i>n div 2
                                                                      then sommediv := 0
    if (n \mod i)=0
        then begin
                                                                       else if n mod i=0
                Write(i,' ');
                                                                             then sommediv := sommediv (i+1, n)+i
                fact_prem(n div i, i);
                                                                             else sommediv := sommediv (i+1, n);
             end
                                                                 end:
                                                                 else fact_prem(n, i + 1);
end:
                                                                 begin
l'appel sera : fact_prem(n, 2);
                                                                   write ('N = '); readIn (n);
                                                                   if n = sommediv(1, n)
                                                                        then writeln (n,' est parfait')
                                                                        else writeln (n, 'n"est pas parfait');
                                                                 end.
Exercice 16 (1ere solution)
                                                                 Exercice 16 (2eme solution)
Function nb_div (i, n:integer):integer;
                                                                 Function exist_div (i, n:integer):boolean;
begin
                                                                 begin
   if (i >= n \text{ div } 2)
                                                                    if (i > n \text{ div } 2)
     then nb_div := 2
                                                                       then exist_div := false
     else if (n \mod i=0)
                                                                       else if (n mod i=0)
          then nb_div := nb_div (i+1, n)+1
                                                                                then exist_div := true
          else nb_div := nb_div (i+1, n);
                                                                                else exist_div := exist_div (i+1, n);
end;
                                                                 end;
                                                                 ********** P.P *************
begin
                                                                 begin
 write ('N = '); readln (n);
                                                                   write ('N = '); readln (n);
 if nb_div(2, n) = 2
                                                                   if exist_div (2, n)
                                                                       then write (n,' est non premier')
     then write (n,' est premier')
     else write (n,' est non premier');
                                                                       else write (n,' est premier');
end.
                                                                 end.
(************ 3eme solution **********)
function nb_prem (i, n:integer):boolean;
```

```
begin
   if
      (n \mod i <> 0)
     then nb_prem: =nb_prem(i+1,n)
           if (i = n)
     else
                then nb_prem:=true
                else nb_prem:=false;
end;
L'appel:
 if nb_prem(2,n)
      then write (n,' est premier') else write (n,' est non premier');
Exercice 17
                                                                   Exercice 20
Function expn (x : real; n : integer) : real;
                                                                   Function max (t:tab; n:integer):integer;
                                                                   var m:integer;
function fact (n : integer) : integer;
                                                                   begin
var i, f: integer;
                                                                      if n=1
begin
                                                                         then max := t[1]
  f := 1;
                                                                         else if max (t, n-1) > t[n]
  for i := 2 to n do f := f * i;
                                                                                      then max := max(t, n-1)
                                                                                      else max := t[n];
  fact := f;
end:
                                                                   end:
function puiss (x : real; n : integer) : real;
                                                                   ======== Solution 2 =========
var i : integer; p : real;
                                                                   Function max (t:tab ; m,i,n:integer):integer;
begin
                                                                   begin
  p := 1;
                                                                      if (i < = n)
  for i := 1 to n do p := p * x;
                                                                          then if (t[i]>m)
                                                                                    then m: =max(t, t[i], i+1, n)
  puiss := p;
end;
                                                                                    else m:=\max(t, m, i+1, n);
                                                                      max:=m:
begin
                                                                   end;
                                                                   L'appel : write ( max(t, t[1], 2, n)) ;
 if n=0 then expn:=1
         else expn: =expn(x,n-1) + puiss(x,n) / fact(n);
end;
Exercice 18
                                                                   Exercice 19
Function som (n : integer):real;
                                                                   Function som (n : integer):real ;
begin
                                                                   Var terme : real; signe: integer;
                                                                   begin if n=0
  if n=1
     then som := 1
           som := 1/n + som (n-1);
     else
                                                                         then som: =1
end:
                                                                         else begin
                                                                                 if n \mod 2 = 0
                                                                                    then signe := 1
                                                                                    else signe :=-1;
                                                                                 terme: = signe * 1/(2*n+1);
                                                                                 som:= terme + som(n-1);
                                                                                end:
                                                                   end;
Exercice 21
                                                                   Exercice 22
Function plus_proche (M,n:integer; T:tab ):integer;
                                                                   Function cherche (elm, n: integer; t:tab): boolean;
begin
                                                                   begin
 if (n=1)
                                                                     if n=0
   then plus_proche: =T[1]
                                                                         then cherche: =false
    else if abs (M - T[n]) < abs(M - plus_proche(M,n-1,T))
                                                                         else if elm = t[n]
          then plus_proche := t[n]
                                                                                     then cherche:= true
                plus_proche : = plus_proche(M,n-1,T);
                                                                                     else cherche := cherche (elm, n-1, t);
end;
                                                                   end:
                                                                   solution 2:
                                                                   Function cherche (i, n, elm:integer; t:tab):integer;
                                                                   begin
                                                                     if elm=T[i]
                                                                        then cherche: =i
                                                                        else if i=n
                                                                                then cherche: =0
                                                                                else cherche: =cherche (i+1, n, elm, t);
                                                                   end;
```

```
Exercice 23
                                                                   Exercice 24
Function Dichotomique
                                                                   Procedure Decaler (Var t : Tab; p, n : integer);
            (deb, fin, val: integer; t:tab): boolean;
                                                                   Begin
var milieu: integer;
                                                                      If p \le n Then
                                                                      Begin
begin
  milieu: = (deb+fin) div 2;
                                                                         Decaler (t, p+1, n);
  if val = T[milieu]
                                                                         t[p+1] := t[p];
     then dichotomique := true
                                                                      End:
     else if (val < T[milieu]) and (deb < milieu)
                                                                   End;
     then
     dichotomique := dichotomique (deb, milieu-1,val,T)
     else if (val > T[milieu]) and (fin > milieu)
     then
     dichotomique := dichotomique (milieu+1, fin,val,T)
     else dichotomique := false;
end;
Exercice 25
                                                                   Exercice 26
Procedure Inverser (Var t : Tab; p, n : Integer);
                                                                   Procedure permuter (var t : tab ; d, f : integer) ;
Var aux : Real;
                                                                   var aux:integer;
Begin
                                                                   begin
                                                                     if d < f then
   If p < n Then
   Begin
                                                                               begin
      aux := t[p];
                                                                                  aux:=t[d];
      t[p] := t[n];
                                                                                  t[d]:=t[d+1];
      t[n] := aux;
                                                                                  t[d+1]:=aux;
      Inverser (t, p + 1, n - 1);
                                                                                  permuter(t,d+2,f)
   End:
                                                                                end;
End;
                                                                   end;
                                                                   Appel: permuter (t, 1, n);
Exercice 27
                                                                   Exercice 28
program maximum;
                                                                   Function inverse (st: string): string;
uses wincrt;
                                                                   begin
                                                                          st = ''
     a,b,acc:integer;
                                                                                  then inverse := "
                                                                       if
var
Function max (a,b,acc:integer):integer;
                                                                                  else inverse := st[length(st)] +
beain
                                                                                         inverse(copy(st, 1, length(st) - 1));
 if a=0
                                                                   end:
     then max:=b+acc
                                                                   Procedure inverse (var st: string);
     else if b=0 then max:=a+acc
                 else \max:=\max(a-1, b-1, acc+1);
                                                                   Var c: char;
end:
                                                                   begin
                                                                          st <> " then begin
begin
 write('a = '); readln(a);
                                                                                           c := st[length(st)];
 write('b = ');readIn(b);
                                                                                           delete(st, length(st), 1);
                                                                                           inverse(st);
 writeln('La valeur max = ',max(a,b,0));
end.
                                                                                           st := c + st;
                                                                                         end:
                                                                   end:
Exercice 29
Procedure tri_selection (n:integer; var T:tab);
                                                                   ===========solution 2============
                                                                   Procedure tri_selection (deb,n:integer; var T:tab);
                 **********
                                                                   var pos:integer;
 function posmax (n:integer; t:tab):integer;
 var max, j:integer;
                                                                    function posmax(deb,n:integer; T:tab):integer;
 begin
                                                                    var max,j:integer;
    max:=1;
                                                                    begin
    for j:=2 to n do
                                                                      max:=deb;
                                                                      for j := deb + 1 to n do
         if t[j] > t[max] then max := j;
                                                                           if T[j] > T[max] then max := j;
     posmax := max;
 end:
                                                                      posmax:=max;
 (**
         *************
                                                                    end:
                                                                    (**********
 procedure permuter (x,y:integer; var t:tab);
                                                                    procedure permuter (var x,y:integer);
begin
 If n>1 then
                                                                   begin
   begin
                                                                     if deb<>n then
     p := posmax(n, t);
                                                                       begin
     if p <> n then permuter (n, p, t);
                                                                         pos: =posmax (deb,n,T);
     tri_selection (n-1, t);
                                                                         if pos<>deb then permuter (T[deb], T[pos]);
    end;
                                                                         tri_selection (deb+1, n, T);
                                                                       end;
Appel: tri_selection (n, T);
                                                                   end:
                                                                   Appel: tri_selection (1, n, T);
```

```
Exercice 30
Procedure tri_insertion (n:integer ; var t:tab);
                                                                       Procedure tri_insertion (i, n:integer ; var t:tab);
                                                                       var j, tmp: integer;
procedure inserer (n:integer; var t:tab);
                                                                       begin
var tmp,j:integer;
                                                                       if (i < = n)
begin
                                                                           then begin
  if t[n] < t[n-1] then
                                                                                   if t[i] < t[i-1]
                                                                                      then begin
    begin
      tmp:=t[n]; j:=n;
                                                                                             tmp:=t[i];
      while (j>1) and (t[j-1]>tmp) do
                                                                                             \mathbf{j} := \mathbf{i}:
                                                                                             while (t[j-1]>tmp) and (j>1) do
          t[j] := t[j-1];
                                                                                                  begin
          j := j-1;
                                                                                                    t[j] := t[j-1];
         end;
                                                                                                    j:=j-1;
      t[j]:=tmp;
                                                                                                  end;
    end;
                                                                                             t[j]:=tmp;
end:
                                                                                             end;
                                                                                     tri_insertion(i+1, n, t);
begin
                                                                                   end:
 if n > = 2 then begin
                                                                       end;
                      tri_insertion (n-1, t);
                                                                       Appel: tri_insertion (2, n, t);
                      inserer (n, t);
                   end:
end;
Exercice 31
                                                                       ========= solution 2==========
Procedure tri_bulles
                                                                       Procedure tri_bulles (var t : tab : n, i, j : integer);
              (var t:tab ; n:integer ; permut:boolean);
                                                                       procedure permut (var x,y:integer);
var i, aux : integer;
begin
 if (n>1)
                                                                       begin
    then begin
                                                                         if (i < = n-1)
         for i:=1 to n-1 do
                                                                             then begin
               if t[i]>t[i+1] then begin
                                                                                    if (j < = n-i)
                                    aux:=t[i];
                                                                                        then begin
                                                                                               if (t[j]>t[j+1])
                                    t[i]:=t[i+1];
                                    t[i+1]:=aux;
                                                                                                    then permut (t[j], t[j+1]);
                                                                                                tri_bulles (t, n, i, j+1);
                                   permut: =true;
                                  end;
                                                                                             end;
        if (permut=true) then tri_bulles (t, n-1, false);
                                                                                  tri_bulles (t, n, i+1, 1);
        end;
                                                                                 end;
end;
                                                                       end;
Appel: tri_bulles (t, n, false);
                                                                       Appel : tri_bulles (t, n, 1, 1);
Exercice 32
                                                                       Exercice 33
                                                                       Procedure tri_fusion (d, f:integer; var T:tab);
Procedure Tri_Shell_Rec (Var t:TAB; n, pas :integer);
Var aux,i: integer;
                                                                       var m : integer;
begin
  If pas > 0 Then
                                                                       procedure fusionner(var t:tab;d,m,f:integer);
  Begin
                                                                       var temp:tab; i,j,k:integer;
     If n > pas Then
                                                                       begin
         begin
                                                                        i := d;
            Tri_Shell_Rec (t, n - pas, pas);
                                                                         j:=m+1;
            If t[n] < t[n - pas] Then
                                                                         for k := d to f do
            Begin
                                                                           if (j>f) or ((i<=m) and (T[i]< T[j]))
              aux:=t[n];
                                                                                then begin
                                                                                      temp[k]:=T[i];
              i := n:
              Repeat
                                                                                      i := i + 1;
                t[i] := t[i - pas];
                                                                                     end
                i := i - pas;
                                                                                else begin
                                                                                      temp[k]:=T[j];
              Until (i = pas) or (aux > t[i - pas]);
              t[i] := aux;
                                                                                      j:=j+1;
            End;
                                                                                    end
         Fnd:
                                                                         for k := d to f do T[k] := temp[k];
     Tri_Shell_Rec (t, n, pas Div 3);
                                                                       end;
  Fnd:
                                                                       Begin
End:
                                                                         if f>d then
                                                                            begin
                                                                             m := (d+f) div 2;
                                                                                                   (* trier partie gauche *)
                                                                             tri_fusion (d,m,t);
                                                                             tri_fusion (m+1,f,t); (* trier partie droite *)
                                                                                                    (* fusionner *)
                                                                             fusionner (t,d,m,f);
                                                                            end;
                                                                       End;
```

```
Exercice 34
                                                                     Exercice 35
Procedure supprim(c:char; n:integer; var ch:string);
                                                                     Function nb_occ (n:byte ; ch:string ; c:char):byte;
begin
                                                                     begin
 if n <> 0 then
                                                                      if n=0 then nb_occ:=0
          if ch[n]=c
                                                                               else if ch[n]=c
             then begin
                                                                                     then nb_{occ} = nb_{occ} (n-1, ch, c) + 1
                    delete(ch,n,1);
                                                                                     else nb_occ:=nb_occ (n-1, ch, c)
                                                                     end:
                    supprim (c, n-1, ch);
                  end
                                                                    Appel: writeln(nb_occ (length(ch), ch, c));
             else supprim (c, n-1, ch);
end;
Exercice 36
                                                                     Exercice 37
Function sc (n:integer):integer;
                                                                     Function nbc (n:integer):integer;
                                                                     begin
begin
   if n<10
                                                                      if n < 10
      then sc := n
                                                                            then nbc := 1
      else sc := (n \mod 10) + sc (n \operatorname{div} 10);
                                                                            else nbc := 1 + nbc (n div 10);
                                                                     end;
end:
Exercice 38
                                                                     Exercice 39
Function anagram (mot1,mot2:string):boolean;
                                                                     Function teste (i:integer; c:char; ch. string):boolean;
Var p:integer;
                                                                     begin
Begin
                                                                          if c = ch[i]
     if (mot1=") and (mot2=")
                                                                              then teste: = true
        then anagram: =true
                                                                              else if i < length(ch)
        else begin
                                                                                      then teste := teste (i+1, c, ch)
                                                                                      else teste := false;
            p: =pos(mot1[1],mot2);
            if (mot1<>'')and(p>0)
                                                                    end:
                 then begin
                                                                     Function teste (c:char; ch:string):Boolean;
                      delete(mot1,1,1);
                      delete(mot2,p,1);
                                                                     beain
                      anagram: =anagram(mot1,mot2);
                                                                       if (ch=") or ((length(ch)=1)and(ch[1]<>c))
                     end
                                                                          then teste: =false
                  else anagram: =false;
                                                                          else if ch[1]=c
           end:
                                                                             then teste:=true
                                                                             else teste: = teste (c, copy(ch,2,length(ch)-1));
end:
                                                                     end:
Exercice 40
                                                                     Exercice 41
Function suppr_car (c:char;ch : string):string;
                                                                     Function Constructible (mot, lettres: string): boolean;
                                                                       function suppr car(c:char;ch : string):string;
begin
 case length(ch) of
                                                                       function teste (c:char; ch:string):Boolean;
    0 : suppr_car: ="
                                                                     begin
    1 : if ch[1]=c then suppr_car:="
                                                                       if mot="
                  else suppr_car: =ch;
                                                                         then constructible: =true
    else if ch[1]=c
                                                                         else if teste(mot[1],lettres)
          then suppr_car: =copy(ch,2,length(ch)-1)
                                                                              then if length(mot)=1
          else suppr_car := copy(ch,1/1) +
                                                                                   then constructible: =true
                 suppr_car(c,copy(ch,2,length(ch)-1));
                                                                                   else constructible :=
                                                                                      constructible(copy(mot,2,length(mot)-1),
 end.
end;
                                                                                                   suppr_car(mot[1],lettres))
                                                                              else constructible: =false;
                                                                     end:
Exercice 42
                                                                     Exercice 43
                                                                     Function MacCarthy (n: integer): integer;
Function val_triangle (c, l: integer):integer;
begin
                                                                     begin
 if (c=1) or (l=c)
                                                                       if n > 100
    then val_triangle := 1
                                                                           then MacCarthy := n - 10
    else val_triangle := val_triangle(c,l-1)+
                                                                           else MacCarthy := MacCarthy (MacCarthy (n+11));
                                val_triangle (c-1,I-1);
                                                                     end;
end;
Exercice 44
                                                                     Exercice 45
Function Ack (m, n : integer) : integer;
                                                                     Function eval (st: string): integer;
begin
                                                                     var a, i, e: integer;
   m = 0
                                                                     begin
    then Ack := n+1
                                                                      if length(st) = 0
                                                                           then eval := 0
    else if n = 0
             then Ack := Ack (m-1,1)
                                                                           else begin
             else Ack := Ack (m-1, Ack (m, n-1))
                                                                                   i := 1
                                                                                  repeat
{=====Implémentation itérative======}
                                                                                     i := i + 1:
Function ack (m, n:integer):integer;
                                                                                   until (st[i] in ['+','-']) or (i>length(st));
                                                                                   val (copy(st, 1, i - 1),a,e);
begin
    while m <> 0 do
                                                                                   delete(st, 1, i-1);
                                                                                   eval := a + eval (st);
      begin
       if n = 0 then n := 1 else n := ack (m, n - 1);
                                                                                  end:
```

```
end:
    ack := n + 1;
end;
                                                                       Function eval (st: string): integer;
Exercice 46
Program mini_cal;
                                                                       var a, i, e: integer;
uses wincrt;
                                                                       begin
                                                                        if length(st) = 0 then eval := 0
     e:integer; st:string;
Function evalO(st: string): integer;
                                                                           else begin
var a, i: integer; signe: char;
                                                                                    i:=1:
begin
                                                                                    repeat
  i := length(st);
                                                                                      i := i + 1:
                                                                                    until (st[i] in ['+','-']) or (i>length(st));
  repeat
                                                                                    a:=eval0(copy(st, 1, i - 1));
     i := i-1
  until (i = 0) or (st[i] in ['*', '/']);
                                                                                    delete(st, 1, i-1);
  val (copy(st, i + 1, length(st) - i), a, e);
                                                                                    eval := a + eval(st)
  delete(st, i, length(st) - 1 + i);
                                                                                  end:
  if st[i] = '*'
                                                                       end;
      then eval0 := eval0 (st) * a
                                                                       begin
      else if st[i] = '/'
                                                                         write ('Entrer une chaîne formée d'une somme de
          then eval0 := eval0 (st) div a
                                                                              nombre :'); readIn (st);
           else eval0 := a;
                                                                         write( 'La somme = : ', eval (st));
end:
                                                                       end.
Exercice 48
                                                                       Exercice 47
                                                                       Procedure combinaison(ch, tete: string);
Function
           valeur(c: char): integer;
begin
                                                                       var i: integer;
 case c of
                                                                       begin
  'M': valeur := 1000;
                                                                        if length(ch) = 1
  'D': valeur := 500;
                                                                            then begin
  'C': valeur := 100;
                                                                                     ch: =tete+ch;
  'L': valeur := 50;
                                                                                    writeln(ch)
  'X': valeur := 10;
                                                                                   end
  'V': valeur := 5;
                                                                             else
  'I': valeur := 1;
                                                                             for i:= 1 to length(ch) do
 end:
                                                                              begin
                                                                              combinaison(copy(ch, 2, length(ch)-1), tete+ch[1]);
end;
function eval(s: string): integer;
                                                                              ch := copy(ch, 2, length(ch)-1) + ch[1];
var n1: integer;
                                                                              end;
begin
                                                                       end:
  if length(s) = 1
    then eval := valeur(s[1])
                                                                       Appel: combinaison (ch, ");
    else begin
          n1 := valeur(s[1]);
           if n1 < valeur (s[2]) then n1 = -n1;
          eval := n1 + eval(copy(s, 2, length(s) - 1));
end;
Exercice 49
Program Chaine;
Uses Wincrt;
     ch: String;
Procedure affiche (ch:string);
begin
  if ch <> "
    then begin
             Writeln (ch);
             Affiche (copy(ch, 1, length(ch)-1));
           end;
end;
Begin
  ReadIn (ch);
  Affiche (ch);
End.
```

PROGRAM	l Nom_programme ; {En-tête du pro	ogramme}*	
Uses ;	{Utilisation des unités / bibliothè	{Utilisation des unités / bibliothèques}*	
Const;	{Déclaration des constantes}*		
Type ;	{Déclaration des types}*		
Var ;	{Déclaration des variables}*		
{======	===== Définition des procédures ===	=======}*	
Procedure	Nom_procédure (pf_1 : $type_1$; Var pf_2 : ty	pe ₂ ; ; pf _n : type _n) ;	
{Déclaratio	ions locales : Const, Type, Var, Function, P	Procedure,}*	
Begin			
Instructio	ions de la procédure ;		
End;			
,		14	
	===== Définition des fonctions ====		
	Nom_fonction (pf ₁ : type ₁ ; pf ₂ : type ₂ ;;		
-	ions locales : Const, Type, Var, Function, P	rocedure,}*	
Begin			
	ons de la fonction ;		
_	nction := résultat ;		
End;			
{=======	Р. Р. =======	-=====}	
BEGIN	{Début du programme principal}		
Instructio	ions;		
	;		
	;		
{Bloc princ	ncipal du programme avec appel des proc	édures et des fonctions}	
END. {Fin di	du programme}		

* : facultatif