Fish and Chips and Apache Kafka®

By Tibs (they / he)

Slides and accompanying material at https://github.com/tibs/fish-and-chips-and-kafka-talk

tony.ibbs@aiven.io/@much_of_a

What we'll cover

- Me and messaging and Apache Kafka®
- Fish and chips
 - · How to talk to Kafka
 - Start with a simple model and work up
 - There's a demo you can play with afterwards
 - Some ideas for things you can do to extend the demos

Some message problems I've cared about

- between components on a Set Top Box
- · configuration between microservices
- to / from Internet of Things devices, and their support systems

Kafka is a very good fit for the IoT cases, maybe less so for the others

What I want from messaging

- multiple producers and multiple consumers
- single delivery
- · guaranteed delivery
- · resumes safely if system crashes
- no back pressure handling (queue does not fill up)

Enter, Apache Kafka®

& kafka

Kafka terms

Messages are Events

Producers send messages. Consumers read them.

Can have multiple Producers and Consumers

A Producer send a message to a named *Topic*, each Consumer reads from a single Topic

Partitions can be used to "spread the load" within a Topic

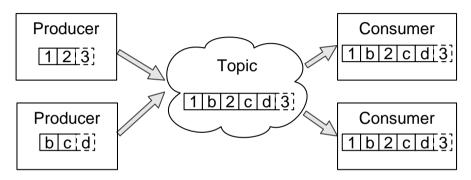
Producers, topics, consumers



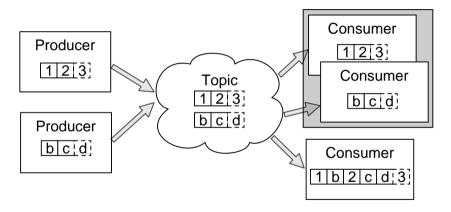
Events



Multiple produces, multiple consumers



Multiple partitions, consumer groups



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Let's model a fish-and-chip shop

We start with a shop that

- just handles cod and chips
- · which are always ready to be served

Glossary

- Cod: the traditional white fish for english fish-and-chip shops
- Chips: fatter, possibly soggier, french fries
- · Plaice: a flat fish
- Till: a cash register

Serving a customer



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An order

```
{
    "order": 271,
    "parts": [
        ["cod", "chips"],
        ["chips", "chips"],
    ]
}
```

Show first demo

1 till, 1 food preparer

Libraries

kafka-python: https://github.com/dpkp/kafka-python

aiokafka: https://github.com/aio-libs/aiokafka

and

Textual: https://github.com/Textualize/textual

Rich: https://github.com/Textualize/rich

Code: Producer

```
from kafka import KafkaProducer
producer = kafka.KafkaProducer(
    bootstrap_servers=f"{HOST}:{SSL_PORT}",
    security_protocol="SSL",
    ssl cafile=f'{certs dir}/ca.pem',
    ssl_certfile=f'{certs_dir}/service.cert',
    ssl_keyfile=f'{certs_dir}/service.key',
    value_serializer=lambda v: json.dumps(v).encode('ascii'),
while SHOP IS OPEN:
   producer.send('ORDER', order)
```

Code: Consumer

```
from kafka import KafkaConsumer
consumer = KafkaConsumer(
    "ORDER",
   bootstrap_servers=f"{HOST}:{SSL_PORT}",
    security protocol="SSL",
   ssl_cafile="ca.pem",
   ssl certfile="service.cert",
    ssl_keyfile="service.key",
   value_deserializer = lambda v: json.loads(v.decode('ascii')),
for msg in consumer:
   print(f'Message {msg.value}')
```

Code: Asynchronous - needs SSL context

```
import aiokafka.helpers

context = aiokafka.helpers.create_ssl_context(
    cafile=CERTS_DIR / "ca.pem",
    certfile=CERTS_DIR / "service.cert",
    keyfile=CERTS_DIR / "service.key",
)
```

Code: Asynchronous Producer

```
from aiokafka import AIOKafkaProducer
producer = aiokafka.AIOKafkaProducer(
    bootstrap_servers=f"{HOST}:{SSL_PORT}",
    security_protocol="SSL",
    ssl context=context,
   value_serializer=lambda v: json.dumps(v).encode('ascii'),
await producer.start()
while SHOP IS OPEN:
    await producer.send('ORDERS', message)
```

Code: Asynchronous Consumer

```
consumer = aiokafka.AIOKafkaConsumer(
    'ORDERS',
    bootstrap_servers=f"{HOST}:{SSL_PORT}",
    security_protocol="SSL",
    ssl_context=context,
    value_deserializer = lambda v: json.loads(v.decode('ascii')),
)

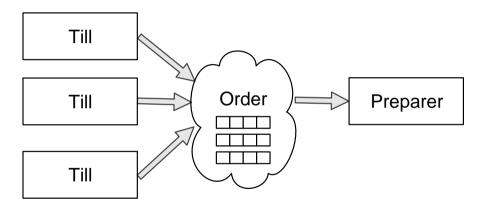
await consumer.start()

async for message in consumer:
    print(f'Received {message.value}')
```

More customers - add more TILLs

Customers now queue at multiple TILLs, each TILL is a Producer.

Three tills



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An order with multiple TILLs

```
{
   "order": 271,
   "till": 3,
   "parts": [
        ["cod", "chips"],
        ["chips", "chips"],
   ]
}
```

How we alter the code

When creating the topic for the demo, request 3 partitions:

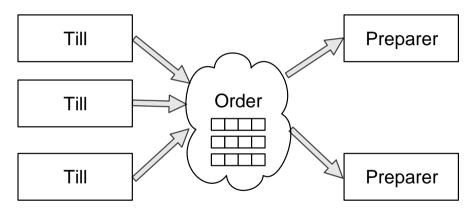
```
NewTopic(
   name='DEMO2-ORDERS',
   num_partitions=3,
   replication_factor=1,
)
```

Create 3 Till producers instead of 1

Show demo: multiple TILLs

Three tills, 3 partitions, 1 food preparer

Add multiple *consumers*



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How we alter the code

Create 2 Food preparer consumers instead of 1

Consumers need to be in same consumer group

```
consumer = aiokafka.AIOKafkaConsumer(
    ...
    group_id=CONSUMER_GROUP,
    ...
```

Start consuming from a specific offset

If I run a demo more than once, there's a chance that a consumer might receive events from the previous demo. So we want to make sure that doesn't happen.

Various solutions - simplest for this case is to do:

```
await consumer.seek to end()
```

Sending to different partitions

```
await producer.send(TOPIC_NAME, value=order)

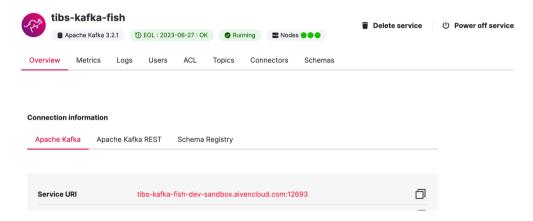
await producer.send(TOPIC_NAME, value=order, key='till')

await producer.send(TOPIC_NAME, value=order, partition=till_number-1)
```

Show demo: multiple TILLs and PREPARERS

Three tills, 3 partitions, 2 food preparers

Web console

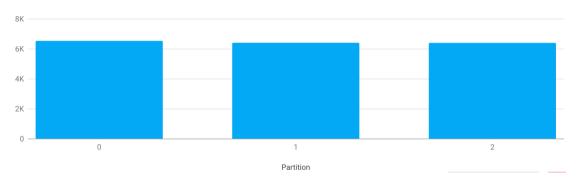


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Topics in the web console

Topic ↑	Partitions	Replication	Min. Insync Replicas	Retention Hours	Retention Bytes	Cleanup Policy	Status	
DEMO1-ORDERS	1	2	1	168 hours	unlimited	delete	ACTIVE	•••
DEMO2-ORDERS	3	2	1	168 hours	unlimited	delete	ACTIVE	•••
DEMO3_ORDERS	3	2	1	168 hours	unlimited	delete	ACTIVE	•••

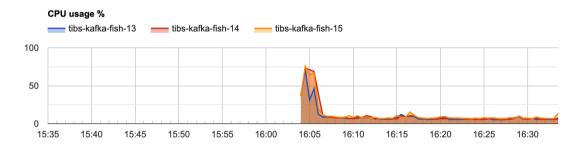
Demo 3 partition barchart



Demo 3 consumer groups

Configuration	Partitions	Consumer groups	Tags		
Consumer groups					
Partition		Group		Offset	Lag
0		DEMO3_ALL_O	RDERS	39	11
1		DEMO3_ALL_O	RDERS	47	3
2		DEMO3_ALL_O	RDERS	39	11

Demo 3 metrics



Showing CPU usage, but there's also disk space usage, disk iops (read and write), 5 minute load average, memory usage, and network receive/transmit

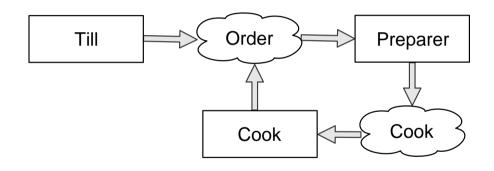
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Cod or plaice

Plaice needs to be cooked

So we need a COOK to cook it

Participant changes - add COOK



An order with plaice

```
{
   "order": 271,
   "till": 3,
   "parts": [
        ["cod", "chips"],
        ["chips", "chips"],
        ["plaice", "chips"],
        ["plaice", "chips"],
        ]
}
```

Gets turned into...

```
{
   "order": 271,
   "till": 3,
   "parts": [
        ["cod", "chips"],
        ["chips", "chips"],
        ["plaice", "chips"],
        ],
        "ready": <boolean>
}
```

Code changes to the PREPARER

```
def all_order_available(self, order):
    if 'ready' not in order:
        all_items = itertools.chain(*order['order'])
        order['ready'] = 'plaice' not in all_items
    return order['ready']
```

```
order_available = self.all_order_available(order)
if not order_available:
    await self.producer.send(TOPIC_NAME_COOK, order)
```

In the new COOK

```
async for message in consumer:
    ...
# "Cook" the (plaice in the) order
await asyncio.sleep(random.uniform(COOK_FREQ_MIN, COOK_FREQ_MAX))
# It's important to remember to mark the order as ready now!
# (forgetting to do that means the order will keep going round the loop)
order['ready'] = True
await self.producer.send(TOPIC_NAME_ORDERS, order)
```

Demo with COOK

1 till, 1 food preparer, 1 COOK

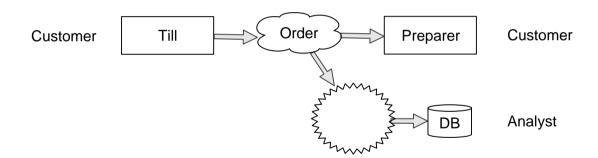
Summary so far

We know how to model the ordering and serving of our cod and chips

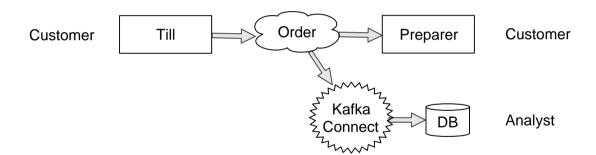
We know how to scale with multiple Producers and Consumers

We made a simple model for orders with plaice

Homework 1: Adding an ANALYST



Using Kafka Connect



How I would do it

The Aiven developer documentation has instructions on how to do this at https://docs.aiven.io/docs/products/kafka/kafka-connect/howto/jdbc-sink.html

- Create an appropriate PostgreSQL database and table
- Make sure that the Kafka service has Kafka Connect enabled
- Use the Aiven web console to setup a JDBC sink connector to send events to PG

And then add code to the Python demo to query PostgreSQL and make some sort of report over time.

Homework 2: Model cooking the fish and chips

Use a Redis cache to simulate contents of the hot cabinet

Redis has entries for the hot cabinet content, keyed by cod, (portions of) chips and plaice. We start with 0 for all of them.

Using the cache

PREPARER compares the order to the counts in the (hot cabinet) cache.

- If there's enough, decrement the cache appropriately, order's done
- If not, sends the order to the COOK

COOK updates the cache

- For plaice, adds as many as are needed
- For cod and chips, cook enough to stock the hot cabinet
- Then sends the order back to the [ORDER] topic

Final summary

We know how to model the ordering and serving of our cod and chips

We know how to scale with multiple Producers and Consumers

We made a simple model for orders with plaice

We talked briefly about using Kafka Connectors to share data with other data users

We talked briefly about how one might model the hot cabinet in more detail

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Slides and accompanying material at https://github.com/tibs/fish-and-chips-and-kafka-talk

