Analysis on MoreLoRA

$$W = W_0 + \Delta$$
 April 28, 2023

1 LoRA

$$\begin{split} \Delta = AB, A \in \mathbf{R}^{m \times r}, rank\Delta &\leq r, B \in \mathbf{R}^{r \times n} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial A} &= \frac{\partial L}{\partial W} B^T \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial B} &= A^T \frac{\partial L}{\partial W} \end{split}$$

2 AddLoRA

$$\begin{split} \Delta &= AI_{r(1\times n/r)} + I_{r(m/r,1)}B, rank\Delta \leq 2r, A \in \mathbf{R}^{m\times r}, B \in \mathbf{R}^{r\times n} \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial A} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial W}I_{r(1\times n/r)}^T \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial B} = I_{r(m/r\times 1)}^T \frac{\partial L}{\partial W} \end{split}$$

3 HadamardLoRA

$$\Delta = A_1 B_1 \odot A_2 B_2, rank \le \left(\frac{r}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A1, A2 \in \mathbf{R}^{m \times r/2}, A2, A2 \in \mathbf{R}^{r/2 \times n}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial A_1} = \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial W} \odot (A_2 B_2)\right) B_1^T$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial B_1} = A_1^T \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial W} \odot (A_2 B_2)\right)$$

$$\begin{split} \Delta &= (A_1I_{r(1\times n/r)} + I_{r(m/r,1)}B_1)\odot (A_2I_{r(1\times n/r)} + I_{r(m/r,1)}B_2), rank \leq (\frac{2r}{2})^2 = r^2 \\ &\qquad \qquad A1, A2 \in \mathbf{R}^{m\times r/2}, A2, A2 \in \mathbf{R}^{r/2\times n} \\ &\qquad \qquad \frac{\partial L}{\partial A_1} = (\frac{\partial L}{\partial W}\odot (A_2I_{r(1\times n/r)} + I_{r(m/r,1)}B_2))I_{r(1\times n/r)}^T \\ &\qquad \qquad \frac{\partial L}{\partial B_1} = I_{r(m/r\times 1)}^T (\frac{\partial L}{\partial W}\odot (A_2I_{r(1\times n/r)} + I_{r(m/r,1)}B_2)) \end{split}$$