

Principles of Biosignals and Biomedical Imaging

Project

2024/25

Heart rate estimation through rPPG

Light source

Camera sensor

Specular reflection

Specular reflection

Capillaries

Dermis

Hypodermis

Fig. 1: Skin reflection model that contains both specular and diffuse reflections. Only the diffuse reflection contains pulsatile information.

- Defines a plane orthogonal to the skin (POS) tone in the temporally normalized RGB space for pulse extraction.
- Eliminates intensity variations (caused by lighting changes and motion).

rPPG: remote photoplethysmography WANG, Wenjin, et al. Algorithmic principles of remote PPG. IEEE Transactions on Biomedical Engineering, 2016, 64.7: 1479-1491.

Methodology

Image Processing

Selection and extraction of Region of Interest (ROI)

Paleckar/dlib-facetrack (for MATLAB)

Davisking/dlib (for Python)

RGB signal extraction

POS Method

- Pulse signal extraction
- Filtering

Signal

Processing

Peak detection

Feature

Heart Rate estimation

2

3

4

Pulse signal extraction

Average RGB vector per frame

Temporal normalization

Orthogonal projection

1

2

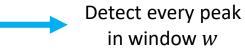
3

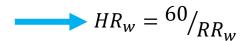
4

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HR estimation

Filtered pulse signal h(n)





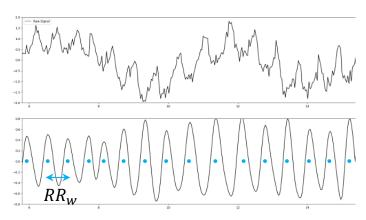


Fig. 4: Example of raw pulse signal extraction via POS method (upper method) and respective filtering (lower panel).

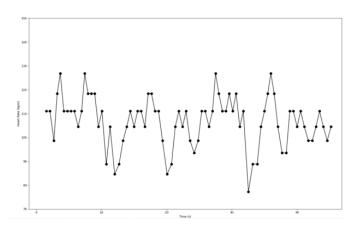


Fig. 6: Example of a RR signal in beats per minute over a time window of 40 seconds.

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Deliverables

- 10-page report
- Project code
- Presentation (5 min.)

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