z/OS 2.5

MVS System Messages Volume 7 (IEB - IEE)





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Contents

About this document	V
How to send your comments to IBM	ix
Summary of changes	xi
Chapter 1. Introduction	1
Chapter 2. IEB messages	29
Chapter 3. IEC messages	291
Chapter 4. IECOH messages	739
Chapter 5. IEE messages (IEE012A - IEE196I)	741
Chapter 6. IEE messages (IEE200I - IEE399I)	895
Chapter 7. IEE messages (IEE400I - IEE699I)	1013
Chapter 8. IEE messages (IEE700I - IEE892I)	1161
Chapter 9. IEE messages (IEE902I - IEE994E)	1275
Chapter 10. Messages with subchannel set identifiers	1327
Appendix A. Accessibility	1329
Notices	1331
Indox	1225

About this document

MVS System Messages primarily describe messages that are issued to the system operator at the system console and system messages that are logged. The following messages are included:

- Operator messages that are issued by the BCP and DFSMS.
- Log messages that are issued by the BCP and DFSMS.
- Some SYSOUT messages that are issued by the BCP and DFSMS. SYSOUT messages are issued by utilities that normally run in batch, such as SPZAP.
- Batch job messages that are issued by the BCP. Messages that are issued by JES2 or JES3 for batch jobs are in the JES messages documents.

Usually, messages that are issued at interactive terminals (like TSO/E and CICS® terminals) are documented by the specific elements and products that support those terminals.

The titles of the MVS[™] System Messages indicate the range of message prefixes in the documents:

- z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)
- z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 2 (ARC-ASA)
- z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)
- z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)
- z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)
- z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)
- z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)
- z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD)
- z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)
- z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP)

Some of the other types of message information include the following titles.

- z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
- z/OS MVS System Codes
- z/OS and z/VM HCD Messages
- z/OS JES3 Messages
- z/OS TSO/E Messages
- z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes

For a list of message information that is sorted by message prefix, see <u>Introduction</u> in *z/OS MVS System Messages*, *Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)*.

This information also contains the routing and descriptor codes that IBM® assigns to the messages that z/OS components, subsystems, and products issue. Routing and descriptor codes are specified by the ROUTCDE and DESC keyword parameters on WTO and WTOR macros, which are the primary methods that programs use to issue messages. The routing code identifies where a message is displayed. The descriptor code identifies the significance of the message and the color of the message on operator consoles with color.

Who uses MVS System Message information

MVS System Messages are for programmers who receive messages from the system. Usually, these people are system operators, system programmers, and application programmers who do any of the following tasks.

- Initialize the operating system and its subsystems.
- · Monitor system activity.
- · Keep the system correctly running.
- Diagnose and correct system problems.
- Diagnose and correct errors in problem programs.

A method for finding changes to MVS and TSO/E messages

Automation routines are sensitive to changes to message text. Data set SYS1.MSGENU can help you identify message additions and changes so you know whether to update your automation routines when you upgrade.

IBM supplies a data set, SYS1.MSGENU, that contains the text of system messages in the form of message skeletons. Only system messages that are translated are included, so the following message types are not included.

- MVS system messages that are not translated, such as IPL and NIP messages, because these messages are issued before the MVS message service is available.
- Other product messages that are not translated, such as DFSMS and JES3 messages.

For more information about message skeletons, see z/OS MVS Planning: Operations.

After you install the SYS1.MSGENU data set, you can compare the new data set with the data set on the system from which you are upgrading. Depending on how you conduct the comparison, you receive output that resembles that in the following samples.

For new messages, the output might show an I (for Insert) to the left of the message ID. For example:

```
I - IEA403I VALUE OF RMAX HAS BEEN CHANGED TO 99
```

For messages with changed text, the output might show two entries, one with an I and one with a D each to the left of the message ID, indicating that a record in the message file was replaced (Deleted and then Inserted). For example:

```
I - IEE162I 46 &NNN ROLL &A MESSAGES (DEL=R OR RD)
D - IEE162I 46 &NNN ROLL &A MESSAGES (DEL=R, RD)
```

This example indicates that (DEL=R, RD) was replaced by (DEL=R OR RD) in message IEE162I.

Using this information, you can determine whether you need to change your automation routines.

How to use message information

The system messages contain descriptions of messages. For details about z/OS message formats, prefix by component, descriptions, and more see the "Introduction" section in <u>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1</u> (ABA-AOM).

Where to find more information

This information explains how z/OS references information in other documents and on the web.

When possible, this information uses cross-document links that go directly to the topic in reference using shortened versions of the document title. For complete titles and order numbers of the documents for all products that are part of z/OS, see z/OS Information Roadmap.

To find the complete z/OS library, including the IBM Documentation for z/OS, see the following resources.

z/OS Internet library (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary) IBM Documentation (www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos)

Many message descriptions refer to the following terms. You need to consult the reference listed below for more information:

- Data areas and control blocks: See z/OS MVS Data Areas in the z/OS Internet library (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary) or IBM Documentation (www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos).
- **Dumps**: For examples of ABEND, stand-alone, and SVC dumps and how to read them, see <u>z/OS MVS</u> <u>Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids</u>. For examples of component output from dumps and how to read and request it, see <u>z/OS MVS Diagnosis</u>: <u>Reference</u>.
- Identification of a component, subsystem, or product: See the <u>z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Reference</u> to identify the component, subsystem, or product from the name of an IBM module or for a macro. The module prefix and macro tables give the program identifier to be used in a PIDS symptom in a search argument.
- System completion and wait state codes: See z/OS MVS System Codes.
- **Logrec data set error records**: For the formatted records, see *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Reference*.
- **Trace output**: For the formats and the meaning of the information in the generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, instruction address trace, master trace, system trace, and component trace, see <u>z/OS MVS</u> Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids.
- Hardware: Use the appropriate *Principles of Operation* document for the hardware you have installed.

Where to find the most current message information

The MVS System Messages documents are cumulative. As messages are added to the system, they are added to the documents. Similarly, when messages are changed on the system, they are changed in the documents. However, when a message is deleted from the system (no longer issued), the message is **not** deleted from the document. You can always look in the most recent message information for the descriptions of all system messages.

To find the most current edition of a message or document, see the following resources.

z/OS Internet library (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary) IBM Documentation (www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos)

How to send your comments to IBM

We invite you to submit comments about the z/OS product documentation. Your valuable feedback helps to ensure accurate and high-quality information.

Important: If your comment regards a technical question or problem, see instead <u>"If you have a technical</u> problem" on page ix.

Submit your feedback by using the appropriate method for your type of comment or question:

Feedback on z/OS function

If your comment or question is about z/OS itself, submit a request through the <u>IBM RFE Community</u> (www.ibm.com/developerworks/rfe/).

Feedback on IBM Documentation function

If your comment or question is about the IBM Documentation functionality, for example search capabilities or how to arrange the browser view, send a detailed email to IBM Documentation Support at ibmdocs@us.ibm.com.

Feedback on the z/OS product documentation and content

If your comment is about the information that is provided in the z/OS product documentation library, send a detailed email to mhvrcfs@us.ibm.com. We welcome any feedback that you have, including comments on the clarity, accuracy, or completeness of the information.

To help us better process your submission, include the following information:

- Your name, company/university/institution name, and email address
- The following deliverable title and order number: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE), SA38-0674-50
- The section title of the specific information to which your comment relates
- The text of your comment.

When you send comments to IBM, you grant IBM a nonexclusive authority to use or distribute the comments in any way appropriate without incurring any obligation to you.

IBM or any other organizations use the personal information that you supply to contact you only about the issues that you submit.

If you have a technical problem

If you have a technical problem or question, do not use the feedback methods that are provided for sending documentation comments. Instead, take one or more of the following actions:

- Go to the IBM Support Portal (support.ibm.com).
- · Contact your IBM service representative.
- Call IBM technical support.

Summary of changes

This information includes terminology, maintenance, and editorial changes. Technical changes or additions to the text and illustrations for the current edition are indicated by a vertical line to the left of the change.

Note: IBM z/OS policy for the integration of service information into the z/OS product documentation library is documented on the z/OS Internet Library under IBM z/OS Product Documentation Update Policy (www-01.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/ibm-zos-doc-update-policy? OpenDocument).

Summary of message changes for z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE) for Version 2 Release 5 (V2R5)

The following messages are new, changed, or no longer issued for z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE) in V2R5.

Message changes for z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

New

The following messages are new.

IEC161I (return code 236, APAR OA59251, OA63195)

IEC161I (return code 042) (APAR 0A48995)

IEC161I (return code 067)

IEC382I

IEC997I (APAR OA61850)

IEE196I

IEE258I (APAR OA60560)

IEE261I (APAR OA61395)

IEE589I (APAR OA61131)

IEE863I

Changed

The following messages are changed.

IEC707I

IEC141I (APAR OA61850)

IEC143I

IEC161I (return code 066)

IEC212I (APAR OA61850)

IEC215I

IEC507D

IEC707I

IEE088D

IEE020E

IEE097I (APAR OA58107)

IEE148I

IEE174I (form 6) (APAR OA61131)

IEE174I (form 8)

```
IEE174I (form 13)
IEE174I (form 14)
IEE174I (form 24)
IEE174I (form 25)
IEE174I (form 26)
IEE174I (form 27)
IEE174I (form 29)
IEE174I (form 30)
IEE174I (form 33) (APAR OA63507)
IEE178I
IEE193I (APAR OA63507)
IEE194I (APAR OA63507)
IEE195I (APAR OA63507)
IEE254I (APAR OA63507)
IEE254I (APAR OA62744, which also applies to z/OS 2.4)
IEE328I
IEE406I (APAR OA62124)
IEE510I
IEE524I
IEE576I
IEE583I (APAR OA60381)
IEE711I (APAR OA51098)
IEE831D (APAR OA62124)
IEE852I (APAR OA51098)
IEE857I
IEE994E
```

Deleted

The following messages are no longer issued.

IEE174I (form 7)
IEE174I (form 9)
IEE174I (form 24)
IEE257I (APAR OA60560)

Summary of message changes for z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE) for Version 2 Release 4 (V2R4)

The following messages are new, changed, or no longer issued for z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE) in V2R4.

Message changes for z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

New

The following messages are new.

IEB1181I (APAR OA60639) IEC817I (APAR OA55440)

IEE257I (APAR OA59813)

IEE588I (APAR OA56924)

Changed

```
The following messages are changed.
  IEC023I (APAR OA53955)
  IEC036I (APAR OA56622)
  IEC037I
  IEC141I (APAR OA53955)
  IEC143I (APAR OA56622)
  IEC150I (APAR OA56622)
  IEC161I (return code 071)
  IEC212I (APAR OA53955, OA58871)
  IEC294A (APAR OA53955)
  IEC376W
  IEC604I (APAR OA56084)
  IEC618I (APAR OA60327)
  IEC919I (APAR OA57430)
  IEE025I
  IEE044I
  IEE045I
  IEE060I
  IEE079I
  IEE103I
  IEE108I
  IEE113I
  IEE174I (form 6 of 35) (APARs OA58531, OA56924)
  IEE174I (form 17 of 35) (APAR OA56924)
  IEE174I (form 21 of 35) (APARs OA58531, OA56924)
  IEE174I (form 22 of 35) (APAR OA59813)
  IEE174I (form 35 of 35) (APAR OA59813)
  IEE273I
  IEE274I
  IEE302I
  IEE303I
  IEE313I
  IEE328I
  IEE329I
  IEE339I
  IEE340E (APAR OA57593)
  IEE345I
  IEE372I
  IEE373I
  IEE374I
  IEE387I
  IEE406I
  IEE409I
  IEE420I
  IEE423I
  IEE424I
  IEE459I
  IEE460I
  IEE461I
```

IEE463I IEE464I IEE476I IEE529I IEE535I IEE587I (APAR OA56924, OA56723) IEE605I IEE606I IEE623I IEE625I IEE709I IEE710I IEE712I IEE756I IEE779I **IEE791I** IEE792I IEE793I IEE799D IEE800D IEE836D IEE845I IEE846I IEE847I IEE854I IEE871I

Deleted

The following messages are no longer issued.

IEC366E IEB500I IEB501I IEB502D IEB503D IEB504I IEB505I IEB506I IEB507I IEB508I

IEB510I IEB511I

IEB509I

IEB512I IEB513I

IEB514I IEB515I

IEB516I

IEB517D

IEB518D

IEB519I

IEB520I IEB521I IEB530I IEB531I IEB532A IEB540D IEB541D IEB542D IEB543I IEB544E IEB545I IEB546I IEB547D IEB548E IEB549I IEB550E IEB551I IEB552I IEB553I IEB554E IEB555E IEB556E IEB570I **IEB571I** IEB572E IEB573E IEB574I IEB575A IEB576I IEB577E **IEB578I IEB579I IEB580I**

Summary of changes for z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE) for z/OS Version 2 Release 3

Message changes for z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

The following messages are new, changed, or no longer issued in V2R3.

New

IEB581E

The following messages are new.

IEC359I (form 7 of 7) IEC816I IEE587I for APAR OA50653 IEE763I

Changed

The following messages are changed. IEC023I IEC036I for APAR OA55398 IEC120A IEC121D IEC122D IEC123D IEC124D IEC125D IEC126I IEC127D IEC128D IEC129D IEC136I IEC141I IEC143I for APAR OA52343 IEC145I IEC1471 IEC1481 IEC150I IEC1531 IEC161I IEC161I (return code 053) for APAR OA56170 IEC161I (return code 240) for APAR OA53383 IEC212I IEC216I IEC294A IEC348I IEC359I IEC380I IEC393I IEC457I IEC459I IEC6041 IEC6081 IEE115I **IEE174I** IEE174I (form 6 of 36) for APAR OA50189 IEE174I (form 21 of 36) is merged into IEE174I (form 6 of 35) for APAR OA50653 IEE174I (form 22 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 21 of 35) for APAR OA50653 IEE174I (form 23 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 22 of 35) for APAR OA50653 IEE174I (form 24 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 23 of 35) for APAR OA50653 IEE174I (form 25 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 24 of 35) for APAR OA50653 IEE174I (form 26 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 25 of 35) for APAR OA50653 IEE174I (form 27 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 26 of 35) for APAR OA50653 IEE174I (form 28 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 27 of 35) for APAR OA50653 IEE174I (form 29 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 28 of 35) for APAR OA50653 IEE174I (form 30 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 29 of 35) for APAR OA50653 IEE174I (form 31 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 30 of 35) for APAR OA50653

IEE174I (form 32 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 31 of 35) for APAR OA50653
IEE174I (form 33 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 32 of 35) for APAR OA50653
IEE174I (form 34 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 33 of 35) for APAR OA50653
IEE174I (form 35 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 34 of 35) for APAR OA50653
IEE174I (form 36 of 36) and is renamed IEE174I (form 35 of 35) for APAR OA50653
IEE186I
IEE187I
IEE342I
IEE529I
IEE457I for APAR OA50189
IEE459I for APAR OA51642 and APAR OA51289
IEE586I for APAR OA51642
IEE852I
IEE852I
IEE979W for APAR OA52828

Deleted

The following messages are no longer issued.

IEC157 IEC1581 IEC1591 IEE114I IEE115I

Chapter 1. Introduction

The z/OS operating system issues messages from z/OS elements and features, and from program products and application programs running on the system. The system issues messages in different ways and to different locations:

- WTO and WTOR macros: Most messages are issued through WTO and WTOR macros to one of the following locations:
 - Console
 - Operations log(OPERLOG)
 - System log (SYSLOG)
 - Job log
 - SYSOUT data set

Routing codes determine where the messages are displayed or printed. The routing codes for messages issued by the operating system are included with each message.

- WTL macro or the LOG operator command: Some messages are issued through the WTL macro or the LOG operator command to the system log (SYSLOG).
- **Dumping services routines**: Dump messages are issued through the Dumping services routines and can appear in one of the following locations:
 - SVC dumps, stand-alone dumps, or SYSMDUMP ABEND dumps formatted by the interactive problem control system (IPCS)
 - Trace data sets formatted by the interactive problem control system (IPCS)
 - ABEND dumps or SNAP dumps produced by the dumping services

In dump or trace data sets formatted by IPCS, the messages appear interactively on a terminal or in a printed dump.

- **DFSMS** access methods: Some messages are issued through DFSMS access methods directly to one of the following locations:
 - Output data set
 - Display terminal

Messages are sent to different locations to meet some specific needs. For example, messages routed to a console usually shows the result of an operator command and sometimes require an operator reply, while messages recorded in the hardcopy log permanently are often used for auditing. Understanding the locations where you receive messages can help you manage your message flow.

Console

Messages sent to a multiple console support (MCS) console, an SNA multiple console support (SMCS) console, an extended MCS (EMCS) console, or an HMC multiple console support (HMCS) console are intended for the operators. Operations can control which messages are displayed. See *z/OS MVS Planning: Operations* for information about controlling message display.

The system writes all messages sent to a console, whether or not the message is displayed, to the hard-copy log.

Operations log

The operations log (OPERLOG) records all message traffic from each system in a sysplex that activates the OPERLOG. The operations log consists of the following data:

- Messages to and from all consoles
- · Commands and replies entered by the operator

System log

The system log (SYSLOG) is a SYSOUT data set that stores the messages and commands from the current system. SYSOUT data sets are output spool data sets on direct access storage devices (DASD) provided by the job entry subsystem (either JES2 or JES3). An installation usually prints the system log periodically. The system log consists of:

- All messages issued through WTL macros
- All messages entered by operator LOG commands
- · Usually, the hard-copy log
- Any messages routed to the system log from any system component or program

Job log

Messages sent to the job log are intended for the programmer who submitted a job. The job log is specified in the system output class on the MSGCLASS parameter of the JCL JOB statement.

SYSOUT data set

Messages sent to a SYSOUT data set are intended for a programmer. These messages are issued by an assembler or compiler, the linkage editor and loader, and an application program. If the SYSOUT data set and the MSGCLASS parameter on the JCL JOB statement specify the same class, all messages about a program will appear in the same SYSOUT listing.

Message format

A displayed or printed message can appear by itself or with other information, such as a time stamp. The following topics show the format of the message body and the formats of accompanying information when the message is sent to various locations.

Format of the message body

The message body consists of three parts: the reply identifier (optional), the message identifier, and the message text. The following formats are possible:

```
id CCCnnn text
id CCCnnns text
id CCCnnnns text
id CCCnnnns text
id CCCsnnns text
```

id

Reply identifier: It is optional. It appears if an operator reply is required. The operator specifies it in the reply.

CCCnnn, CCCnnns, CCCnnnns, CCCnnnns

Message identifier.

CCC

A prefix to identify the component, subsystem, or product that produced the message. The prefix is three characters.

S

The subcomponent identifier, which is an optional addition to the prefix to identify the subcomponent that produced the message. The subcomponent identifier is one character.

nnn, nnnn, nnnnn

A serial number to identify the individual message. The serial number is three, four, or five decimal digits.

S

An optional type code, which is one of the following:

Α

Immediate Action: System operator action is always immediately required. A system operator must do something now, such as mount a tape cartridge or attach a DASD.

The associated task does not continue until the requested action has been taken.

D

Immediate Decision: System operator decision/action is always immediately required. All system messages issuing the "D" type code must enumerate the available options. A system operator must make a decision now by selecting a reply from the enumerated options and responding to the system immediately.

The associated task does not continue until the operator communicates the decision to the system.

Ε

Eventual action: System operator action will be required. A system operator must eventually an appropriate action.

The associated task continues independent of system operator action.

Ι

Information: System operator action is not required. Communication in this category is for advisory purposes and may provoke system operator action.

The associated task continues independent of system operator action.

S

Severe error: Severe error messages are for a system programmer.

Т

Terminate: The IEBCOPY program terminates.

W

System Wait: System operator action is always required immediately. A system catastrophe has occurred (hardware or software or both). The system must be re-IPLed to continue or a major subsystem must be re-started.

Text: The text provides information, describes an error, or requests an operator action.

Note: The following messages have special format for the message body. Refer to the specific message topics for details.

- ADR messages
- · CNL messages
- · EWX messages
- · IDA messages
- · IEW messages
- IGW01 messages

Messages sent to HMCS, MCS, and SMCS consoles

Messages sent to HMCS, MCS, and SMCS consoles appear in one of the following formats:

```
f hh.mm.ss sysname jobname message
f hh.mm.ss sysname message
f hh.mm.ss jobname message
f hh.mm.ss message
f sysname jobname message
  sysname message
  jobname message
  message
```

A screen character to indicate the status of certain messages, as follows:

- The operator has performed the action required for the message. The message has been deleted.
- The message is for information only; no operator action is required. The message was issued by the system or by a problem program.
- The message requires specific operator action and was issued by a WTOR or by an authorized program. The message has a descriptor code of 1, 2, or 11.
- The message requires specific operator action and was issued by a WTOR or by a problem program. The message has a descriptor code of 1, 2, or 11.
- The message requires no specific operator action and was issued by a problem program using a WTO macro.

blank

The message requires no specific operator action.

hh.mm.ss

Time stamp: the hour (00-23), minute (00-59), and second (00-59).

sysname

System name for the system that issued the message.

jobname

Job name for the task that issued the message. This field is blank if a job did not issue the message.

message

Reply identifier, message identifier, and text.

Messages sent to hardcopy log in JES2 system

Multiple console support (MCS) handles message processing in:

- · A JES2 system
- A JES3 system on a local processor
- A JES3 system on a global processor, if JES3 has failed

MCS sends messages with routing codes 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, and 10 to the hardcopy log when display consoles are used or more than one console is active. All other messages can be routed to the hard-copy log by a system option or a VARY HARDCPY operator command.

Messages sent to the hardcopy log appear in the format:

```
tcrrrrrr sysname yyddd hh:mm:ss.th ident msgflags message
t message
t lid message
```

t

The first character on the line indicates the record type:

D

Data line of a multiple-line message; this line may be the last line of the message.

EEnd line or data-end line of a multiple-line message.

Label line of a multiple-line message.

M

First line of a multiple-line message.

N
Single-line message that does not require a reply.

0 Operator LOG command.

S

Continuation of a single-line message or a continuation of the first line of a multi-line message. This continuation may be required because of the record length for the output device.

W

A message that requires a reply.

Χ

A log entry that did not originate with a LOG command or a system message.

The second character on the line indicates whether the line was generated because of a command:

C

Command input.

R

Command response.

Ι

Command issued internally. The job identifier contains the name of the internal issuer.

blank

Neither command input nor command response.

rrrrrrr

Hexadecimal representation of the routing codes 1 through 28. To understand this hexadecimal number, convert it to binary; each binary 1 represents a routing code. For example, X'420C' represents routing codes 2, 7, 13, and 14, as shown in the following example:

```
Hexadecimal:
                             0 0 1 0
5 6 <u>7</u> 8
                                          0 0 0 0
                 0 1 0 0
                                                             1 0 0
Binary:
Routing Codes: 1 2 3 4
```

sysname

The system name from the SYSNAME parameter in parmlib.

The Julian date, given as the year (00-99) and the day of the year (000-366).

Note: If HCFORMAT(CENTURY) is specified in the CONSOLxx parmlib member, the Julian date appears as yyyyddd.

hh:mm:ss.th

Time stamp, given as the hour (00-23), minute (00-59), second (00-59), and hundredths of a second (00-99).

ident

The job identifier for the task that issued the message, if the second character on the line is blank.

If the second character on the line is C or R, this field contains one of the following:

The job identifier of the task that issued the message, if it was issued by a job.

consname

Console name of the console which issued the command or received the message.

INTERNAL

For a command generated by a problem program or the system.

INSTREAM

For a command read from the input stream.

blank

If MCS could not determine the source or destination for the message.

lid

Multiple-line identifier for the second and succeeding lines of a multiple-line message. This field appears after the message text (1) on the first line or (2) in the message area and is not followed by text on a continuation of the first line. The identifier appears on all lines of the same message.

msgflags

Installation exit and message suppression flags. For information about the description of the hardcopy log message flags, see the HCL data area in z/OS MVS Data Areas Volume 1 (ABE - IAR) in the z/OS Internet library (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary).

message

Reply identifier, message identifier, and text. The reply identifier and message identifier appear only on the first line of a multiple-line message.

Messages sent to hardcopy log in JES3 system

Messages sent to the JESMSG hardcopy log in a JES3 system appear in the format:

hh:mm:sst message

Messages sent to the MLOG/DLOG hardcopy log appear in the format:

dest console yyddd hhmmsstia[prefix] message

dest

JES3 destination class, which corresponds to the MVS routing code.

console

JES3 or MVS console name, as follows:

blank

For a message issued without a console name.

nnnnn

The JES3 console name (JNAME) from the JES3 initialization stream. This applies to remote consoles only.

cnname

The MCS console name, as specified on the NAME(cnname) parameter under the CONSOLE definition in SYS1.PARMLIB(CONSOLxx).

INTERNAL

For a command generated by a problem program or operating system routine.

NETWORK

For a message issued to the network job entry (NJE) console.

yyddd

The Julian date, given as the year (00-99) and the day of the year (000-366).

Note: If HCFORMAT(CENTURY) is specified in the CONSOLxx parmlib member, the Julian date appears as *yyyyddd*.

hhmmsst

Time stamp, given as the hour (00-23), minute (00-59), second (00-59), and tenth of a second (0-9).

Αl

i

Attention indicator for JES3 space constraints, as follows:

blank

Normal output or no action required.

#

The message is rerouted automatically or by a command from another console.

% Minimum space (track) situation (JSAM).

Marginal space (track) situation (JSAM).

Minimum buffer situation (JSAM).

Note: These four symbols can be changed by a CONSTD statement in the JES3 initialization stream.

а

Action prefix character, as follows:

blank

Normal message.

+

JES3 input command, issued on the global processor.

MVS input command, issued on the global processor.
 Operator action required.

prefix

sysname R=jobname Optional prefix for messages issued outside the JES3 address space or on a local processor, as follows:

sysname

The name of the system where the issuing program is running. JES3 determines the name from the ID parameter on the MAINPROC statement in the JES3 initialization stream.

jobname

The job name of the issuing program. It is all blanks for an system routine.

message

Reply identifier, message identifier, and text.

Messages sent to the job log, to other data sets, and to display terminals

Messages sent to the job log, to other data sets, and to display terminals appear in the format designed by the program that issued them.

Truncated data in multi-line messages

Under any one of the following conditions, the system might need to truncate a multi-line message:

- When a message is being transported from one system to another in a sysplex, the sending or receiving system might encounter an error that prevents some or all of the message text from appearing. This can be caused by any of the following:
 - The issuing system is stopped or quiesced.
 - The issuing system fails to end a multi-line message.
 - The issuing system has an XCF buffer shortage.
 - A disruption occurs in sysplex communication.
 - An error occurs on the receiving system.

One of the following messages can appear within the message text, indicating such an error:

```
LOSS OF DATA - MESSAGE COMPLETION FORCED LOSS OF INTERMEDIATE MESSAGE DATA
```

• When no data line or endline has been issued for a multi-line message after an interval of thirty seconds, the system issues the following endline:

```
MESSAGE TIMED OUT - MESSAGE COMPLETION FORCED
```

 When a connect request exceeds the limit of 65533 lines, the system truncates the message with the following text:

```
EXCEEDED LINE LIMIT - MESSAGE COMPLETION FORCED
```

• When a multi-line message is issued with no end line, and it is not possible for the system to obtain space to temporarily store the message, the system truncates the message with the following text:

```
CONNECT UNAVAILABLE - MESSAGE COMPLETION FORCED
```

• When a multi-line connect request is issued, and the system is unable to obtain space to store the connecting lines, the system truncates the message with the following text:

```
CONNECT UNSUCCESSFUL - MESSAGE COMPLETION FORCED
```

• When a message is too long to fit into 80% of the Console message cache, the system truncates the message with the following text:

```
MESSAGE TRUNCATED FOR CONSOLE MESSAGE CACHE
```

• When there is a shortage of WTO buffers for display on MCS consoles, the screen display may be truncated with one of the following lines of text:

```
NUMBER OF LINES EXCEEDED MLIM - MESSAGE TRUNCATED STORAGE CONSTRAINT - MESSAGE TRUNCATED
```

Message description

The following topics describe the different message description items, and in particular, the routing and descriptor codes.

Description items

The message explanation information is presented by the following items:

Explanation

The meaning of the message, including why the system issued the message.

System Action

- What the system did as a result of the system condition reported by the message. A system
 condition could include running out of storage, a hardware or software failure, an abend, a wait
 state.
- What the system did as a result of user input. User input can include a system command, a job running on the system, a transaction, a query, or another user-system interaction.

Operator Response

Instructions for the system operator, including, as appropriate, decisions to make and actions to take. Only provided for messages that could appear at the operator console.

User Response

Instructions for the end user. Only provided for messages that could appear at an interactive interface such as a TSO/E terminal or ISPF application.

Note: Most user messages are explained in other message topics, such as in z/OS TSO/E Messages.

Application Programmer Response

Instructions for an application programmer. Only provided for messages that could appear in SYSOUT produced by a job, for example SPZAP.

System Programmer Response

Instructions for the system programmer. Only provided for messages that require additional action beyond the operator response, user response, or application programmer response.

Storage Administrator Response

Instructions for the DFSMSdfp storage administrator.

Security Administrator Response

Instructions for the security administrator. Only provided for security-related messages.

Problem Determination

Additional instructions for determining the cause of the problem, searching problem databases. and, if necessary, reporting the problem to the IBM support center. These instructions are for a customer support person who can troubleshoot problems, such as the system programmer or system administrator, an experienced security administrator, or an experienced storage administrator.

For additional information on performing problem determination procedures, see z/OS Problem Management and the appropriate diagnosis guide for the product or element issuing the message, such as:

- z/OS DFSMS or MVS diagnosis guides and reference material
- z/OS JES2 Diagnosis
- z/OS JES3 Diagnosis

Source

Element, product, or component that issued the message.

Detecting Module

Name of the module or modules that detected the condition that caused the message to be issued.

Routing Code

For WTO or WTOR messages, the routing code of the message. See the topic, "Routing codes," for more information about the code meaning.

Descriptor Code

For WTO or WTOR messages, the descriptor code of the message. See the topic, "Descriptor codes," for more information about the code meaning.

Routing codes

Routing codes send system messages to the consoles where they are to be displayed. More than one routing code can be assigned to a message to send it to more than one console. For more information on message routing, see the following topics:

- z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide
- z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference SET-WTO
- z/OS MVS Installation Exits
- z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference

Specifying routing codes

The routing codes are specified in the ROUTCDE parameter of the WTO or WTOR macro. If you specify a message which contains no routing codes, MVS may provide one or more default routing codes, based upon the presence or lack of other queuing specifications.

If you specify a message containing descriptor codes but no routing codes and no target console, MVS will not assign any routing codes and will write the message to the hardcopy log.

If you specify a message containing no routing codes, no descriptor codes, and no target console, MVS will assign a default set of routing codes. This set of default routing codes is specified at MVS initialization on the DEFAULT statement in your CONSOLxx parmlib member. If a set of default routing codes was not provided on the DEFAULT statement, MVS will assign routing codes 1 through 16.

Routing code meaning

Routing codes appear within the associated message. The routing code field can contain the following numeric values, special characters, or notes:

Code

Meaning

1

Operator Action The message indicates a change in the system status. It demands action by a primary operator.

2

Operator Information The message indicates a change in system status. It does not demand action; rather, it alerts a primary operator to a condition that might require action. This routing code is used for any message that indicates job status when the status is not requested specifically by an operator inquiry. It is also used to route processor and problem program messages to the system operator.

3

Tape Pool The message gives information about tape devices, such as the status of a tape unit or reel, the disposition of a tape reel, or a request to mount a tape.

4

Direct Access Pool The message gives information about direct access storage devices (DASD), such as the status of a direct access unit or volume, the disposition of a volume, or a request to mount a volume.

5

Tape Library The message gives tape library information, such as a request by volume serial numbers for tapes for system or problem program use.

6

Disk Library The message gives disk library information, such as a request by volume serial numbers for volumes for system or problem program use.

7

Unit Record Pool The message gives information about unit record equipment, such as a request to mount a printer train.

8

Teleprocessing Control The message gives the status or disposition of teleprocessing equipment, such as a message that describes line errors.

9

System Security The message gives information about security checking, such as a request for a password.

10

System/Error Maintenance The message gives problem information for the system programmer, such as a system error, an uncorrectable I/O error, or information about system maintenance.

11

Programmer Information This is commonly referred to as write to programmer (WTP). The message is intended for the problem programmer. This routing code is used when the program issuing the message cannot route the message to the programmer through a system output (SYSOUT) data set. The message appears in the JESYSMSG data set.

12

Emulation The message gives information about emulation. (These message identifiers are not included in this publication.)

13-20

For customer use only.

21-28

For subsystem use only.

29

Disaster recovery.

30-40

For IBM use only.

41

The message gives information about JES3 job status.

42

The message gives general information about JES2 or JES3.

43-64

For JES use only.

65-96

Messages associated with particular processors.

97-128

Messages associated with particular devices.

*

The message will be routed back to the consoles that initiated the associated requests.

/

The message will be routed to different locations according to the task issuing it. For example, */2/3 means the message is routed back to the console that initiated the request, to a primary operator, or to the tape pool.

#

The message will be routed in one of the following ways:

- According to the routing indicators specified by the operator
- · According to the default routing instructions previously specified by the operator
- Back to the console that initiated the associated request

_

The message has no routing code.

N/A

A routing code is not applicable for the message.

Note 2

The message is issued by a WTO or WTOR macro, but has no routing or descriptor codes (old format WTO or WTOR macro).

Note 3

The message has a routing code of 1, which sends the message to a primary operator, and the message is also routed to the console that it describes.

Note 4

The message is sent to all active consoles; this is a broadcast message.

Note 5

The message has a routing code of 2, which sends the message to a primary operator.

Note 6

The message is routed only to non-printer consoles. This message is not issued by a WTO or WTOR macro.

Note 7

The message is routed to consoles where one or more of the following are active:

- MONITOR JOBNAMES
- MONITOR SESSIONS
- MONITOR STATUS

Note 9

The message is issued during the nucleus initialization program (NIP) processing.

Note 10

The message is issued by the WTL macro.

Note 11

The message is routed to a SYSPRINT data set by data management.

Note 12

The message is issued by a WTO or WTOR macro with SYNCH=YES. See *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference* for more information.

Note 13

The message is routed only to receivers of the hardcopy message set.

Note 14

The message is routed back to the console that initiated the request and to all associated consoles.

Note 16

The message is routed to the IPCS print file IPCSPRNT.

Note 17

The message is issued by JES3. A JES3 destination class is specified either by the initialization stream or by operator commands.

Note 18

The message is sent in response to a command to the console where the command was entered.

Note 19

The message is written to a data set. If routing and descriptor codes are also included for the message, the message might also be displayed according to the specified routing and descriptor codes. (The descriptor code does not apply to writing the message to the data set.)

Note 20

JES3 does not issue the message. JES3 sends the message to another subsystem for processing.

Note 21

This message is a trailer attached to multiple messages previously issued. It has the same routing and descriptor codes as the first line of the conglomerate.

Note 22

This message is routed to the transaction program (TP) message log.

Note 23

This message is issued by the device controller. The routing code will vary according to the device controller's task.

Note 24

This message is routed to the assembly listing.

Note 25

When this message is issued during IPL, the routing codes are 2 and 10 and the descriptor code is 12. When it is issued after IPL, it has no routing code and the descriptor code is 5.

Note 26

When this message is issued during NIP processing, the descriptor code is 12. When it is issued after NIP processing, the descriptor code is 4.

Note 27

The indicated route codes are used only if this message is issued in response to a reply of CKPTDEF during a JES2 checkpoint reconfiguration. This message might be issued to a specific console rather than directed by route code. For further information concerning the routing of JES2 messages issued during a reconfiguration, see *z/OS JES2 Initialization and Tuning Guide*.

Note 28

These routing and descriptor codes apply only when SMS issues the message. If SMS returns the message to its caller and the caller issues the message, the codes do not apply.

Note 29

This message is written to the JES3OUT data set.

Note 30

This message is issued by JES3. The message is written to the *MODIFY CONFIG (*F MODIFY) log and/or the issuer of the *F CONFIG command.

Note 31

The routing and descriptor codes for this message are dependent on the setting of indicator bits within the S99EOPTS field in the SVC 99 Request Block Extension (S99RBX). For more information. see the topic about Processing Messages and Reason Codes from Dynamic Allocation in z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide.

Note 32

Routing code 2 is only applicable if message IYP050D was issued.

Note 33

Routing code 2 is only applicable if message IZP050D was issued.

Note 34

This message is only displayed on the SMCS Console Selection screen, and is not issued via WTO support.

Note 35

By default, IBM Health Checker for z/OS messages does not use routing codes, but the installation can override the default to use routing codes using either the MODIFY hzsproc command or in the HZSPRMxx parmlib member. See IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide for more information.

Note 36

This message is written to the JESYSMSG data set.

Note 37

The message is sent to all affected consoles.

Descriptor codes

Descriptor codes describe the significance of messages. They indicate whether the system or a task stops processing, waits until some action is completed, or continues. This code also determines how the system will display and delete the message.

Association with message type code

Descriptor codes are typically, but not always, associated with message type codes. Message type codes are a letter that immediately follow the message number and are intended to indicate the type of operator action required for the message. The standard correspondence is as follows:

Descriptor code

Message type code

1

W (wait)

2

A (immediate action) or D (immediate decision)

3

E (eventual action)

4 through 10

I (information)

11

E (critical eventual action)

12 and 13

I (information)

Valid combinations and restrictions for descriptor codes

Descriptor codes are specified in the DESC parameter of the WTO or WTOR macro. The following restrictions apply when specifying descriptor codes:

- Descriptor codes 1 through 6, 11, and 12 are mutually exclusive. Assign only one of these codes to a message. If you assign two mutually exclusive codes to one message, the system uses the most important code and ignores the other.
- Descriptor codes 7 through 10 and 13 can be assigned in combination with any of the mutually exclusive codes.
- Descriptor code 9 can be used only with descriptor code 8.

Under certain conditions, the system uses a descriptor code other than that specified in the macro as follows:

- The system assigns descriptor code 6 if the macro specifies a ROUTCDE parameter, but no DESC parameter.
- The system assigns descriptor code 7 if all of the following are true:
 - 1. A problem program issued the macro.
 - 2. The macro omits both DESC and ROUTCDE parameters, or specifies descriptor codes 1 or 2.
 - 3. The message is not a multiple-line WTO message.
- The system assigns no descriptor code if all of the following are true:
 - 1. An authorized program issued the macro.
 - 2. The macro omits both DESC and ROUTCDE parameters.
 - 3. The message is not a multiple-line WTO message.

Note: An authorized program has at least one of these characteristics:

- Authorized by the authorized program facility (APF)
- Runs in supervisor state
- Runs under PSW key 0 through 7

Message deletion

With multiple console support (MCS), action messages with descriptor code 1 or 2 issued by problem programs are assigned descriptor code 7; thus, they are automatically deleted from the system at task or address space ending.

The system deletes messages issued by any program when that program issues the DOM macro for a message.

The operator can manually remove all messages from a display console screen or can set the console to roll messages off the screen.

Message color

On operator consoles with color, the descriptor code determines the color of the message. The use of color is explained in *z/OS MVS System Commands*. Also, see the descriptions of the CONSOLxx and MPFLSTxx parmlib members in *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

Descriptor code meaning

Descriptor codes appear within the associated message. The descriptor code field can contain the following numeric values, special characters, or note.

Code

Meaning

1

System Failure The message indicates an error that disrupts system operations. To continue, the operator must reIPL the system or restart a major subsystem. This causes the audible alarm to be sounded.

Descriptor code 1 messages are retained if the Action Message Retention Facility (AMRF) is active. Descriptor code 1 messages do not automatically roll off a console in RD mode.

2

Immediate Action Required The message indicates that the operator must perform an action immediately. The message issuer could be in a wait state until the action is performed or the system needs the action as soon as possible to improve performance. The task waits for the operator to complete the action. This causes the audible alarm to be sounded.

Note: When an authorized program issues a message with descriptor code 2, a DOM macro *must* be issued to delete the message after the requested action is performed.

Descriptor code 2 messages are retained if the Action Message Retention Facility (AMRF) is active. Descriptor code 2 messages do not automatically roll off a console in RD mode.

3

Eventual Action Required The message indicates that the operator must perform an action eventually. The task does not wait for the operator to complete the action. If the task can determine when the operator performed the action, the task should issue a DOM macro to delete the message when the action is complete.

Descriptor code 3 messages are retained if the Action Message Retention Facility (AMRF) is active.

4

System Status The message indicates the status of a system task or of a hardware unit.

5

Immediate Command Response The message is issued as an immediate response to a system command. The response does not depend on another system action or task.

6

Job Status The message indicates the status of a job or job step.

7

Task-Related The message is issued by an application or system program. Messages with this descriptor code are deleted when the job step that issued them ends.

8

Out-of-Line The message, which is one line of a group of one or more lines, is to be displayed out-of-line. If a message cannot be displayed out-of-line because of the device being used, descriptor code 8 is ignored, and the message is displayed in-line with the other messages.

Note: Multiline messages directed at an OOL area and routed by either the UNKNIDS or INTIDS attributes are forced "inline".

Operator's Request The message is written in response to an operator's request for information by a DEVSERV, DISPLAY, or MONITOR command.

10

Not defined Descriptor code 10 is not currently in use.

11

Critical Eventual Action Required The message indicates that the operator must perform an action eventually, and the action is important enough for the message to remain on the display screen until the action is completed. The task does not wait for the operator to complete the action. This causes the audible alarm to be sounded.

Avoid using this descriptor code for non-critical messages because the display screen could become filled.

If the task can determine when the operator has performed the action, the task should issue a DOM macro to delete the message when the action is complete.

Descriptor code 11 messages are retained if the Action Message Retention Facility (AMRF) is active.

Descriptor code 11 messages do not automatically roll off a console in RD mode.

12

Important Information The message contains important information that must be displayed at a console, but does not require any action in response.

13

Automation Information Indicates that this message was previously automated.

14-16

Reserved for future use.

1

The message has different descriptor codes according to the task issuing it. For example, 4/6 means that the message can describe system status or job status.

The message has no descriptor code.

N/A

A descriptor code is not applicable for the message.

Note 1

The descriptor code for an IBM Health Checker for z/OS check exception message might vary because the installation can override the descriptor code either using the MODIFY hzsproc command or in the HZSPRMxx parmlib member. See *IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide* for more information. In addition to the descriptor code selected by the installation, one of the following descriptor codes is also included based on the severity of the check:

- High severity checks use a descriptor code of 11.
- Medium severity checks use a descriptor code of 3.
- Low severity checks use a descriptor code of 12.

Message directory

To use a message prefix to locate the information that contains the specific messages, use the following table.

Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component			
Prefix	Component	Title	
ABA	DFSMShsm	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)	
ACP	LANRES	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM),	
ADF	Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) session manager	z/OS TSO/E User's Guide, z/OS TSO/E Command Reference z/OS TSO/E Messages	
ADM	Graphical Data Display Manager	GDDM Messages, SC33-0869	
ADR	DFDSS	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)	
ADRY	DFDSS	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)	
ADY	Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)	
AEM	Graphical Data Display Manager	GDDM Messages	

Prefix	Component	Title
AFB	VSFORTRAN	VSFORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference, SC26-4221
AHL	Generalized trace facility (GTF)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM),
	(4)	z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
AIR	Predictive Failure Analysis	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM),
	,	z/OS Problem Management
AIRH	Predictive Failure Analysis	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM),
		z/OS Problem Management
AMA	SPZAP service aid	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)
AMB	LIST service aid	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)
AMD	Stand-alone dump	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)
AMS	Availability manager	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM),
		z/OS Resource Measurement Facility Messages and Codes
ANT	Remote Copy	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)
ANF	Infoprint Server	z/OS Infoprint Server Messages and Diagnosis
AOM	Administrative operations manager	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)
AOP	Infoprint Server	z/OS Infoprint Server Messages and Diagnosis
API	Infoprint Server	z/OS Infoprint Server Messages and Diagnosis
APS	Print services facility (PSF)	Print Services Facility Messages, S544-3675
ARC	DFSMShsm	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 2 (ARC-ASA)
ARRP	System Control Program (SCP)	See message 52099 in Enterprise System/9000 Models 190, 210, 260, 320, 440, 480, 490, 570, and 610 Messages Part 2 for a complete message explanation and appropriate responses; see GA23-0378.
ASA	MVS Reuse	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 2 (ARC-ASA)
ASB	Advanced Program-to-Program	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX),
	Communications/MVS (APPC/MVS)	z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
ASD	LANRES	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)
ASM	Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)	z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
ASMA	High Level Assembler for MVS & VM & VSE	HLASM Programmer's Guide, SC26-4941
ASR	Symptom record (SYMREC)	z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
ATB	Advanced Program-to-Program Communications/MVS (APPC/MVS)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX),
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
ATR	Resource recovery services (RRS)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX),
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
ATRH	Resource recovery services (RRS)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)
AVM	Availability manager	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)
AXR	System REXX	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)

Prefix	Component	Title
BCD	Batch Runtime	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)
BFS	IBM LAN server for MVS	OS/390 MVS System Messages, Vol. 2, GC28-1785
BHI® Basic HyperSwap®	Basic HyperSwap®	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX),
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
BLG	Information System, Information Management	The Information/Management Library Messages and Codes, SC34-4459
BLM	Information System, Information Management	The Information/Management Library Messages and Codes, SC34-4459
BLS	Interactive problem control system (IPCS)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX),
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
BLX	Information System, Information Management	The Information/Management Library Messages and Codes, SC34-4459
BLW	Loadwait/Restart	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)
BNH	Network Problem Determination Application (NPDA)	NPDA Messages, SC34-2115
BPX z/OS	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX),
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
CBDA	Hardware configuration definition (HCD)	z/OS and z/VM HCD Messages
CBR	Object access method (OAM)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)
CEA	Common Event Adapter	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)
CEE	Language Environment®	z/OS Language Environment Debugging Guide
CHS	MVSSERV messages for the user and system programmer	z/OS TSO/E Messages
CIM	Managed System Infrastructure for Setup (msys for Setup)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)
CMP	Compression management services	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)
CLB	C/C++ class library runtime messages	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)
CNL	MVS message service (MMS)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO),
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
CNZ	Console Services	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)
COF	Virtual lookaside facility (VLF)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO),
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages,
		z/OS TSO/E Messages
СРО	z/OS MVS Capacity Provisioning	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO),
		z/OS MVS Capacity Provisioning User's Guide
CRG	Context Services	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)
CRU	Integrated catalog forward recovery utility (ICFRU)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)

Prefix	Component	Title
CSF	Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility (ICSF)	z/OS Cryptographic Services ICSF Messages
CSQ	IBM MQ	Messages for IBM MQ for z/OS
CSR	Callable services requests (CSR)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO),
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
CSV	Contents supervision, virtual fetch,	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO),
	fetch	z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
CSY	OPC/A Production Control System	OPC/A Messages, SH19-6448
CSZ	OPC/A Network Event Communicator	OPC/A Messages, SH19-6448
CTX	Context Services	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)
DFH	Customer Information Control System/Virtual Storage (CICS/VS)	CICS/ESA Messages and Codes, SC33-0672
DFQ	Interactive storage management facility (ISMF)	Online only. To display the message explanation and suggested action, press the HELP key (PF1) twice when the message is currently displayed. Otherwise, go to ISPF option 7.2 Display Panel, enter the message ID in the message ID field, then press the HELP key (PF1) twice to show the message explanation. For more information, see the Using Help Panels for Error Messages topic in the z/OS DFSMS Using the Interactive Storage Management Facility
DGT	Interactive storage management facility (ISMF)	Online only. To display the message explanation and suggested action, press the HELP key (PF1) twice when the message is currently displayed. Otherwise, go to ISPF option 7.2 Display Panel, enter the message ID in the message ID field, then press the HELP key (PF1) twice to show the message explanation. For more information, see the Using Help Panels for Error Messages topic in z/OS DFSMS Using the Interactive Storage Management Facility
DLX	DLF installation exit COFXDLF2	These messages are issued by the sample DLF installation exit, COFXDLF2, whose source can be found in SYS1.SAMPLIB. Because the issuing module is a "sample", which can be modified by the customer, the messages are not described in an IBM document.
DMO	Device Manager	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO)
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
DQD	Cache RMF Reporter (CRR)	Cache RMF Reporter Program Description/Operations Manual, SH20-6295
DRK	OPC/A Event Manager Subsystem	OPC/A Messages, SH19-6448
DSI	NetView [®]	TME 10 NetView for OS/390 Messages, SC31-8237
DSM	Document Composition Facility	DCF: Messages, SH35-0048
DSM	Document Library Facility	DCF: Messages, SH35-0048
DSN	Database 2	Db2 Universal Database for OS/390 Messages and Codes, GC26-9011
DZI	Overlay Generation Language	IBM Overlay Generation Language/370 User's Guide and Reference, S544-3702
DZJ	Print Management Facility	Print Management Facility User's Guide and Reference, SH35-0059
EDC	C/C++ Run-time Library	z/OS Language Environment Debugging Guide
EDG	DFSMSrmm	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)

Prefix	Component	Title
EDGH	DFSMSrmm	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)
ELM	IBM Communications Server — SNA	z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages
EQQ	OPC/ESA	OPC/ESA Messages and Codes, SH19-6719
ERB	Resource Measurement Facility	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ),
LIVE	(RMF) and z/OS Data Gatherer	z/OS Resource Measurement Facility Messages and Codes
ERX	Graphical Data Display Manager	GDDM Messages, SC33-0869
EWX	LANRES	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)
EZA	IBM Communication Server — IP	z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 1 (EZA)
EZB	IBM Communication Server — IP	z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 2 (EZB, EZD)
EZM	Application Enabling Technology (AET)/Auto UNIX System	OS/390 Application Enabling Technology: Administration and Programming, GC28–1993
		OS/390 Application Enabling Technology: Customization Guide, GC28–1994
		OS/390 MVS System Messages (EWX-IEB), GC28–1786
EZY	z/OS Communication Server — IP	z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 3 (EZY)
EZZ	z/OS Communication Server — IP	z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 4 (EZZ, SNM)
FAN(G)	REXX/370 compiler	IBM Compiler and Library for SAA REXX/370 User's Guide and Reference , SH19-8160
FDBX	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FLM	Software configuration and library manager	z/OS ISPF Messages and Codes
FOMC	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FOMF	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FOMI	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FOMM	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FOMO	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FOMOA	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FOMOG	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FOMOH	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FPG	Hardware Accelerator Manager	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)
FSUM	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FSUMA	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FSUMB	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FSUMF	z/OS UNIX System Services	z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes
FOR	LE FORTRAN Library	IBM Language Environment for MVS & VM FORTRAN Run-Time Migration Guide
GDE	Distributed FileManager/MVS (DFM/MVS)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)
GFSA	Network File System Server	z/OS Network File System Guide and Reference

Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)		
Prefix	Component	Title
GFSC	Network File System Server Client Messages	z/OS Network File System Guide and Reference
GIM	SMP/E	z/OS SMP/E Messages, Codes, and Diagnosis
GLZ	zCX	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)
GQD	Graphical Data Display Manager	GDDM Messages
GQF	Graphical Data Display Manager	GDDM Messages
GSK	Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility (ICSF)	z/OS Cryptographic Services System SSL Programming
HIS	Hardware instrumentation services (HIS)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)
HWI	Base Control Program Internal Interface Services	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)
HZS	IBM Health Checker for z/OS	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)
		IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide
HZR	Runtime Diagnostics	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA),
		z/OS Problem Management
IAR	Real storage manager (RSM)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA),
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
IARH	Real storage manager (RSM)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)
IAT	JES3	z/OS JES3 Messages
IAZ	JES Common	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)
IAZH	JES common health check	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)
IBM	PL/I	IBM Enterprise PL/I for z/OS library (www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27036735)
ICE	DFSORT sort program	z/OS DFSORT Messages, Codes and Diagnosis Guide
ICH	Resource Access Control Facility (RACF®)	z/OS Security Server RACF Messages and Codes
ICK	Device Support Facilities	Device Support Facilities User's Guide and Reference, GC35-0033
ICM	IBM Content Manager Enterprise Edition	IBM Content Manager Enterprise Edition: Messages and Codes
ICN	NCP/SSP/EP	NCP/SSP/EP Messages and Codes, SC30-3169
ICP	Input/Output Configuration Program (IOCP)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)
		Input/Output Configuration Program User's Guide and Reference, GC28-1027
ICQA	Information Center Facility administrator messages	z/OS TSO/E Messages
ICQC	Information Center Facility user messages	z/OS TSO/E Messages
ICT	Programmed Cryptographic Facility	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)
ICU	Cryptographic Unit Support	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)

Table 1. D	Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)		
Prefix	Component	Title	
IDA	Virtual Storage Access Method (VSAM)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)	
IDC	Access method services	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)	
IDFS	Data Set File System	z/OS Data Set File System Messages and Codes	
IEA	Allocation/unallocation	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA),	
	Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)	z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages	
	Contents supervision		
	Communications task (COMMTASK)		
	Data Facility Product (DFP) components		
	Generalized trace facility (GTF)		
	Initial program load (IPL)		
	Input/output supervisor (IOS)		
	Master scheduler		
	Nucleus initialization program (NIP)		
	Program Call authorization (PC/ AUTH) service routines		
	Reconfiguration		
	Recovery termination manager (RTM)		
	Supervisor control		
	System resources manager		
	System trace		
	Timer supervision		
	Virtual storage management (VSM)		
IEAH	SDUMP (SCDMP)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)	
IEATH	Timer supervision	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)	
IEAVEH	Supervisor Control	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)	
IEAVTRH	Recovery Termination Manager (RTM)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)	
IEB	Data Facility Product (DFP) utilities	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)	
IEC	OPEN/CLOSE/EOV	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE),	
	• DADSM	z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis	
	Access methods		

Prefix	Component	Title
IEE	Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE),
	Communications task (COMMTASK)	z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
	Data Facility Product (DFP) components	
	• JES2	
	• JES3	
	Master scheduler	
	Reconfiguration	
	Recovery termination manager (RTM)	
	Supervisor control	
	System management facilities (SMF)	
	System resources manager (SRM)	
	System trace	
	Task management	
	Timer supervision	
IEF	Allocation/unallocation	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD),
	Converter/interpreter	z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
	Data Facility Product (DFP) components	
	Initial program load (IPL)	
	Initiator/terminator	
	JES/scheduler services	
	• JES2	
	Master scheduler	
	Master subsystem/subsystem interface (MSI)	
	Reconfiguration	
	Scheduler JCL facilities (SJF)	
	Scheduler restart	
	Scheduler services (ENF)	
	System management facilities (SMF)	
IEFC	Converter	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD)
IEFI	Converter/interpreter	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD)
IEH	Data Facility Product (DFP) utilities	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD)
IEV	Assembler H	Assembler H Version 2 Application Programming: Guide, SC26-4036
IEW	Linkage editor	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD)
	Binder	
	Transport utility	
	• Loader	

rapie 1. l	Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)		
Prefix	Component	Title	
IFA	System management facilities (SMF)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD),	
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages	
IFB	Input/output environment recording routines: OBR and SVC 76	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD)	
IFC	IFCDIP00 service aid for the logrec	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD),	
	data set IFCEREPO and IFCEREP1 service aids	Environmental Record Editing and Printing Program (EREP) User's Guide and Reference, GC28-1378	
IFD	Online test executive program (OLTEP)	OS/390° MVS System Messages, Vol. 4, GC28-1787	
IFL	Network Control Program (NCP) Advanced Communications	3704 and 3705 Control Program Generation and Utilities Guide and Reference Manual, GC30-3008	
	Function (ACF) for Network Control Program (NCP)	Network Control Program/System Support Programs/Emulation Programs Messages and Codes, SC30-3169	
IFO	MVS Assembler	OS/VS - VM/370 Assembler Programmer's Guide, GC33-4021	
IGD	Storage management subsystem	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD),	
	(SMS) of Data Facility Product (DFP)	z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages	
IGF	Dynamic device reconfiguration (DDR) Machine check handler (MCH)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
IGGHC	DFSMS Catalog	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
IGGN	Data Facility Product (DFP)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
IGV	Virtual storage management (VSM)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
IGW	Data Facility Product (DFP) Storage	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM),	
	management subsystem (SMS)	z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages	
IGY	VS COBOL II	VS COBOL II Application Programming Guide, SC26-4045	
IGZ	VS COBOL II	VS COBOL II Application Programming: Debugging,	
		z/OS Language Environment Debugging Guide	
IHJ	Data Facility Product (DFP) checkpoint/scheduler restart	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
IHV	IBM Z [®] System Automation	IBM System Automation for z/OS (www.ibm.com/docs/en/z-system-automation)	
IKF	VS COBOL II	VS COBOL II Application Programming: Debugging, SC26-4049	
IKJ	Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E)	z/OS TSO/E Messages,	
		z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM),	
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages	
IKM	Programming Language/I (PL/I) syntax checker	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	

Table 1. l	Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)		
Prefix	Component	Title	
IKT	Time Sharing Option Extensions	z/OS TSO/E Messages	
	(TSO/E) IBM Communications Server — SNA	z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages	
ILM	IBM License Manager	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
ILR	Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
ILX	VS FORTRAN Compiler	VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS, SC26-4222	
ING	IBM Z System Automation	IBM System Automation for z/OS (www.ibm.com/docs/en/z-system-automation)	
INM	Interactive Data Transmission Facility (IDTF) TRANSMIT and RECEIVE commands	z/OS TSO/E Messages	
IOAC	Open Systems Adapter-Express® (OSA-Express)	Open Systems Adapter-Express Customer's Guide and Reference (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/ lib03010.nsf/pagesByDocid/BC4AE2E43BFCF12C85256CEE000D1130? OpenDocument)	
IOP	Input/output configuration program (IOCP)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
IOS	Input/output supervisor (IOS)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM),	
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages	
IPD	FORTRAN syntax checker	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
IQP	PCI Express	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
IRA	System resources manager (SRM)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM),	
		z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages	
IRD	ESCON Director Device Support (EDDS)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
IRR	Resource Access Control Facility (RACF)	z/OS Security Server RACF Messages and Codes	
IRX	Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) restructured extended executor language (REXX)	z/OS TSO/E Messages	
ISG	Global resource serialization	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM), z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages	
ISN	Service Processor Interface	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM)	
ISP	Interactive System Productivity	z/OS ISPF Messages and Codes	
101	Facility	2/00 10/7 1 1000 und 00 des	
ISQ	IBM Z System Automation	IBM System Automation for z/OS (www.ibm.com/docs/en/z-system-automation)	
ISRB	Interactive system productivity facility	z/OS ISPF Messages and Codes	
ISRL	Library management facility	z/OS ISPF Messages and Codes	
IST	IBM Communications Server — SNA	z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages	
ISU	IBM Communications Server — SNA	z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages	

Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)		
Prefix	Component	Title
ITA	TOLTEP for Advanced Communications Function for Virtual Telecommunications Access Method (ACF/VTAM®)	Advanced Communications Function for VTAM Messages and Codes, SC27-0614, SC27-0470, SC23-0114
ITT	Component trace	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM), z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
ITV	Data-in-virtual	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM), z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
ITZ	Transaction trace	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM), z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
IST	IBM Communications Server — SNA	z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages
IVT	IBM Communications Server — SNA	z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages
IWM	Workload manager (WLM)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM), z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
IXC	Cross-system coupling facility (XCF)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP), z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
IXG	System logger (SCLOG)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP)
IXL	Cross System Extended Services (XES)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP), z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
IXP	Input/output configuration program (IOCP)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP)
IXZ	JES common coupling services (JESXCF)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP), z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages
IYP	Input/output configuration program (IOCP)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP)
IZP	Input/output configuration program (IOCP)	z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP), ES/9000 IOCP User's Guide and ESCON CTC Reference Volume A04, GC38-0401
SNM	IBM Communication Server — IP	z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 4 (EZZ, SNM)
USS	IBM Communications Server — SNA	z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages

Building your own message library

If you are an operator or a programmer for an installation, you can build your own libraries of the message and code information that fits your specific needs. You can place into binders the chapters and documents that contain only the messages and codes you receive.

Basic documents

Each installation requires at least one copy of each volume of MVS System Messages and of z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages. Regardless of the specific options of your system, you will receive at the console or in listings some subset of the messages in these documents.

Each installation also requires at least one copy of z/OS MVS System Codes, which contains the 3-digit hexadecimal system completion codes (abend codes) and the wait state codes produced by all the components of the system.

Note: 4-digit decimal user completion codes appear in documents for the component, subsystem, or product that produces the codes. Codes produced by installation-provided programs do not appear in IBM documents.

All programming and operations personnel need access to the basic documents, although application programmers might not need to have their own copies.

Optional documents

For information about message changes for multiple z/OS elements including JES2, JES3, RACF, TCP/IP, and others, see z/OS Release Upgrade Reference Summary.

Translating messages

Using the MVS message service (MMS), you can translate MVS system messages into other languages. The following messages cannot be translated:

- · Initialization messages
- · DFSMS messages
- JES3 messages
- · Some complicated multiple-line messages

See z/OS MVS Planning: Operations and z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Guide for information about using the MMS.

Chapter 2. IEB messages

IEBA01I

IEBIMAGE UTILITY COMPLETE. RETURN CODE = return-code

Explanation

The utility has completed processing. The return code indicates the greatest severity of error found in any of the requested operations:

00

Successful completion, operation(s) performed as requested.

04

Operation(s) performed, investigate messages for exceptional circumstances.

80

Operation(s) not performed. Investigate messages.

12

Severe exception. Utility may end.

16

Catastrophic exception. Utility ended.

20

SYSPRINT data set could not be opened. Utility ended.

24

User parameter list incorrect. Utility ended.

In the message text:

return-code

The return code.

System action

IEBIMAGE processing is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Examine the return code to determine the degree of successful processing. If the return code is '08' or greater, the preceding messages must be investigated and resolved and the job rerun.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA02I

MEMBER (mem) {ADDED|REPLACED} IN DIRECTORY

Explanation

The specified member has been placed into the library and a directory entry added or replaced in the PDS directory.

In the message text:

mem

The member name.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA03I

NO SPACE IN DIRECTORY.

Explanation

A STOW macro has been issued but all directory blocks for the data set specified by the SYSUT1 DD statement have been used.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but subsequent writing to the library data set is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, and the source input for the job.

Programmer response

Using utility programs such as IEBCOPY and IEHPROGM the data set may be recreated, allowing for more directory entries.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA04I

PERMANENT I/O ERROR IN [DIRECTORY] devnum, devtyp, ddname, op, errdes, lastskad, accmeth

Explanation

During writing to the specified library an I/O error occurred.

In the message text:

devnum

The device number.

devtyp

The device type.

ddname

The DDNAME specified.

op

The operation.

errdes

A description of the error.

lastskad

The last seek address.

accmeth

The access method.

System action

IEBIMAGE processing is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information.

Programmer response

Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA05I

FCB SPECIFICATION BEYOND RANGE OF FORM.

Explanation

The keywords supplied on the FCB control statement have specified channel controls beyond the last byte of the FCB image.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the FCB control statement and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA06I

PARAMETERS SPECIFIED IN (LOC) KEYWORD RESULT IN X(FF), AN UNPRINTABLE CHARACTER.

Explanation

During processing of a TABLE operation, the LOC keyword contained a parameter group in the following specification (23, 3F, 03). The "3F" index into WCGM '03' is specifically reserved to represent an unprintable character. The message does not inhibit the construction of the character arrangement table, but this character will not be printed.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If an unprintable character is desired, specify only the character arrangement table location, that is (LOC=23). To specify a printable character the WCGM or the CGMID reference must be changed and the job rerun.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA07I

MODULE TOO LONG OR TOO SHORT

Explanation

An INCLUDE statement referenced a module that is too long or too short to be valid. If an FCB module is being built, the length field is too large for the virtual storage occupied by the module, or too small to describe a valid FCB. Maximum size for COPYMOD is 8196 bytes, and for GRAPHIC is 64 segments. For FCB, the LPI keyword specifies lines beyond that specified by the SIZE keyword.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Respecify COPYMOD statements to optimize storage usage. If more than 64 segments are needed for 'GRAPHIC', up to four 'GRAFMODS' can be created and their names included into this appropriate character arrangement table. For FCB, SIZE keyword determines maximum number of lines. Respecify the control cards and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA08I

NO MEMBER NAME SPECIFIED.

Explanation

No NAME control statement or no name was specified on the NAME or INCLUDE statement.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Supply the missing 1- to 4-character name and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA09I

DUPLICATE MEMBER NAME FOR (mem), MEMBER NOT ADDED.

Explanation

A request was made to add a member to the specified library whose directory currently contains the name of a member equal to that of the name of the member to be added.

In the message text:

mem

The member name.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Change the name of the member to be added or if the member currently on the library is no longer needed, specify the replace option (R) on the NAME control statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA10I

MEMBER (mem) NOT FOUND.

Explanation

While processing the utility control statements, the name specified could not be found on the library directory. If this message precedes message IEBA42I, control card specifications are erroneous; otherwise it is an attention only message.

In the message text:

mem

The member name.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Ensure that the name specified is correct and resubmit the job if necessary.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA11I

FCB NOT MULTIPLE OF 1/2 INCH.

Explanation

The form length as described by the LPI keyword is not a multiple of one half inch. Any lines not specified by the LPI keyword default to 6 LPI, up to the length of the form (as specified by the SIZE keyword).

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the LPI keyword specifications and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA12I

CONTINUATION INVALID.

Explanation

A control statement was found that is not in proper format for a continuation statement. Columns 1 through 15 must be blank and the continuation information must start in column 16.

System action

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Change either the control statement that indicates continuation (it is non-blank in column 72), or ensure that the subsequent control statement is specified properly.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA13I

PREVIOUS INCLUDE STATEMENT INVALID FOR THIS OPERATION, IT IS IGNORED.

Explanation

If an INCLUDE control statement precedes a FCB control statement or a print-only request, it is incorrect and is ignored. If multiple INCLUDE statements are present, only the last INCLUDE statement is used.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Remove unnecessary INCLUDE statements and rerun job, if necessary.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA14I

PARAMETER(S) INVALID FOR KEYWORD (keywd).

Explanation

Parameters for the indicated keyword have been incorrectly specified. There are too many characters, or too many parameters, or incorrect parameter specification. It may also mean that the number of lines described by the LPI keyword exceeds the length of the form as described by LINES or SIZE.

In the message text:

keywd

The specified keyword.

System action

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter specifications and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA15I

KEYWORD (keywd) INVALID FOR THIS OPERATION.

Explanation

The indicated keyword is not valid for the current operation.

In the message text:

keywd

The specified keyword.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA16I

OPERATION INVALID - op

Explanation

The indicated operation is incorrectly specified, is not in the proper sequence, or is missing a name statement.

In the message text:

op

The operation.

System action

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the indicated control statement and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA17I

INVALID CONTROL CARD FORMAT.

Explanation

Either the control statement has an incorrect label, or it is a blank card image.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA18I

INVALID SEQUENCE FOR INITIAL COPY NUMBER, IN SEGMENT segnum.

Explanation

In an existing module that was either built or modified by other than the IEBIMAGE utility, the indicated segment has an initial copy member that is lower than the previous segment.

In the message text:

segnum

The segment number.

System action

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Using the INCLUDE with the DELSEG keyword, delete the appropriate segments.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA19I

DATA SET NOT FOUND, DSNAME = dsname

Explanation

The indicated data set could not be found during the issuance of an OPEN macro.

In the message text:

dsname

The specified dsname.

System action

IEBIMAGE processing is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DD statement is correctly specified. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA20I

FAILURE DURING OPEN FOR DD = ddname

Explanation

The indicated DDNAME statement was incorrectly specified or not included in the JCL for this job step. If the DDNAME=SYSIN, the LRECL of the data set is probably not 80.

System action

IEBIMAGE processing is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Correct the DD statement error and rerun the job. For SYSIN DD, also ensure that the data set is allocated with LRECL=80.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA21I

INSUFFICIENT SPACE IN DATA SET - dsname

Explanation

The indicated data set is full. A D37 ABEND which has been suppressed by the utility has occurred.

In the message text:

dsname

The specified dsname.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but subsequent writing to the library data set is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Using utility programs such as IEBCOPY and IEHPROGM, the data set may be recreated, allowing for more space.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA22I

INVALID CHARACTER IN CARD COLUMN number

Explanation

An unexpected character was encountered in the indicated column.

In the message text:

number

The indicated column number.

System action

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA23I

DUPLICATE OR MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE KEYWORD (keywd) FOR OPERATION.

Explanation

The indicated keyword has been specified more than once on this control statement, or conflicts with other keywords or with the operation.

In the message text:

keywd

The specified keyword.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA24I

SEGMENT NUMBER (segnum) NONEXISTENT.

Explanation

The indicated segment number is greater than the number of segments in the module referenced.

In the message text:

segnum

The indicated segment number.

System action

Run the IEBIMAGE utility to print the applicable member. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the segment number specification in the DELSEG or the REF keyword and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA25I

INSUFFICIENT KEYWORD INFORMATION TO COMPLETE OPERATION.

Explanation

Necessary keywords have not been specified, preventing the requested operation from completing successfully.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Specify the necessary keywords and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA26I

INVALID USE OF DELIMITER IN KEYWORD (keywd).

Explanation

A comma or a parenthesis has been encountered on a control statement which does not have the proper relationship to other delimiters within the indicated keyword.

In the message text:

kevwd

The specified keyword.

System action

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA27I

NO OPERATION DEFINED.

Explanation

A NAME control statement has been encountered that does not immediately follow an operation control statement (that is, FCB, COPYMOD, CHARSET, TABLE, or GRAPHIC).

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement sequence and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA28I

INVALID DATA SEQUENCE NUMBER.

Explanation

The sequence number on a data card (column 29 and 30) for a GRAPHIC or CHARSET operation is incorrect. The sequence number must be a 2-digit decimal number, between 1 and 24 (if the device being used is an IBM 3800 Model 1) or between 1 and 40 (if the device being used is an IBM 3800 Model 3 or Model 6).

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Correct the sequence number and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA29I

MEMBER NAME OR REPLACE OPTION INVALID.

Explanation

The name specified exceeds four characters or the replace option (R) was incorrectly specified.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA30I

{GRAPHIC|CHARSET} DATA EXCEEDS RANGE OF PITCH IN SEGMENT segnum

Explanation

Data specified on the GRAPHIC or CHARSET data cards requires a character be built which has bits outside the allowable limits of the pitch specified in the ASSIGN keyword. In the formatted print of that character the erroneous bit(s) will be printed as a dollar sign (\$).

In the message text:

segnum

The indicated segment number.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA31I

NO VALID INPUT DATA FOR {GRAPHIC|CHARSET} ASSIGN.

Explanation

The GRAPHIC or CHARSET operation with an ASSIGN keyword is not followed by a data card which has the data 'SEQ=' in column 25 through 28.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Supply appropriate data cards and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA32I

SIZE OF FORM IS nn.n INCHES (xxxx.xx MM).

Explanation

The FCB form size is printed as a number in inches and in millimeters (MM). This size was specified or defaulted with the SIZE parameter.

In the message text:

nn.n

The size of the form in inches.

XXXX.XX

The size of the form in millimeters.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

None

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA33I

SEGMENT segnum COPY copynum LINE linenum MAY CREATE A LINE OVERRUN CONDITION IF PREVIOUS LINE IS PRINTED AT {6|8|10|12} LINES PER INCH.

Explanation

The segment with segment number segno, in combination with all the previous segments, may cause a line overrun condition to occur when this copy modification module is used. If the message specifies 12 lines per inch, the segment can be printed at 6, 8, or (for 3800-3) 10 lines per inch. If the message specifies 10 lines per inch, the segment can be printed at 6 or 8 lines per inch. If the message specifies 8 lines per inch, the segment can be printed only at 6 lines per inch.

In the message text:

segnum

The indicated segment number.

copynum

The number of the copy in which the line overrun condition may occur.

linenum

The line number in that copy.

The corresponding segment in the formatted listing is flagged with the designation "NOTE (n)". If "n" is 0 (for 3800-3), 2, or 3, it indicates at least one overrun condition for 12, 8, or 6 lines per inch respectively. If "n" is 1, it indicates at least one overrun condition for 12 lines per inch (for 3800-1), or 10 lines per inch (for 3800-3).

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Respecify COPYMOD statements such that each segment in combination with preceding segments does not create a line overrun condition when the copy modification module is used. The OPTION statement with the OVERRUN parameter can be used to suppress this message.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA34I

CHARACTERS SPECIFIED IN TEXT KEYWORD RESULT IN HEXADECIMAL (FF).

Explanation

A specification in the TEXT keyword which results in a hexadecimal (FF) is incorrect. 'FF' has been reserved for use within copy modification text to denote a duplication factor.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA35I

UNBALANCED PARENTHESIS IN KEYWORD (keywd).

Explanation

The number of right parentheses does not equal the number of left parentheses in the indicated keyword.

In the message text:

keywd

The specified keyword.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA36I

DUPLICATE CHANNEL SPECIFICATION FOR PRINT LINE prtlnnum

Explanation

More than one channel specification has been requested for the same print line (for example, CH1=10, CH2=10). In the message text:

prtlnnum

The print line number specified.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA37I

REFERENCES TO NONEXISTENT CGMID WITHIN TABLE.

Explanation

One or more locations in the character arrangement table reference a CGMID that has not been defined in the trailer portion of the table.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA38I

TABLE REFERENCES NO PRINTABLE CHARACTERS.

Explanation

A character arrangement table has been constructed or modified such that the resulting table has all 256 locations referencing the non-printable character (FF).

System action

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA39I

INVALID PARITY IN SEGMENT segnum

Explanation

In a graphic character modification module that was either created or modified by other than the IEBIMAGE utility, the indicated segment was found to have incorrect parity.

In the message text:

segnum

The indicated segment number.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Use SPZAP to correct the error, or rebuild the module using an INCLUDE control statement with the DELSEG keyword, and a GRAPHIC or CHARSET control statement with the ASSIGN keyword and appropriate data cards.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA40I

INCONSISTENT PITCH WITHIN SEGMENT segnum

Explanation

In a graphic character modification module that was either created or modified by other than the IEBIMAGE utility, the indicated segment was found to have inconsistent pitch.

In the message text:

segnum

The indicated segment number.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Use SPZAP to correct the error, or rebuild the modules using an INCLUDE control statement with the DELSEG keyword, and a GRAPHIC or CHARSET control statement with the ASSIGN keyword and the appropriate data cards.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA41I

PREVIOUSLY USED {EBCDIC|WCGM} ASSIGNMENT IN SEGMENT segnum

Explanation

A segment was found to have an assignment value equal to that of one previously used in the module. This error does not prohibit completion of the operation. For GRAPHIC operations all segments are built, but only the last one will take effect should it be loaded into the printer. For CHARSET operations only the last of the duplicated assignments is built. All previous library character set segments are ignored.

In the message text:

segnum

The indicated segment number.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

For GRAPHIC operations the unwanted duplicate segments can be deleted by using an INCLUDE control statement with the DELSEG keyword. An assignment value can be changed by using the GRAPHIC control statement with the REF keyword to change the EBCDIC assignment value. For CHARSET operations the INCLUDE control statement with the DELSEG keyword can be used to delete any unwanted segments. An assignment value can be inserted by using the CHARSET control statement with the REF or ASSIGN keywords.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA42I

MEMBER NOT ADDED TO LIBRARY, ERROR(S) LISTED.

Explanation

Errors previous to this statement have prevented the utility from updating the library with the module specified in the current operation.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the errors and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA43I

IN SEGMENT segnum, {COPY|LINE|TEXT} SPECIFICATION BEYOND RANGE OF MAXIMUM VALUE.

Explanation

One of the following values has been exceeded:

COPY - 256 LINE - 133 TEXT - 205

The IEBIMAGE utility does not allow number of copies, number of lines, or number of text characters per line specifications to exceed certain values.

COPY—The number of the copy at which additional printing is to begin, plus the number of copies, cannot exceed 256.

LINE—The number of the line at which additional printing is to begin, plus the number of lines, cannot exceed 133. The IEBIMAGE utility allows the sum to be 133, which is valid for a 3800 using International Standards Organization (ISO) paper sizes. If this value is greater than 120 for a 3800 that uses common-use paper sizes, the entry is never used.

TEXT—The number of the character at which additional printing is to begin, plus the number of characters, cannot exceed 205.

In the message text:

segnum

The indicated segment number.

System action

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA44I

SEQUENCE NUMBER INVALID OR PREVIOUSLY USED.

Explanation

A data card sequence number of less than 1, or one that has been used previously, has been encountered.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the data card and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA45I

LIBRARY SPACE INCREASED TO nn EXTENTS.

Explanation

After updating the library specified by the SYSUT1 DD statement, it was found that the last record was written on a different extent than the previous update. The SYS1.IMAGELIB system data set can have up to 16 extents.

In the message text:

nn

The number of extents.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programs that have the library open while IEBIMAGE is processing may not be able to access new or updated members unless they close and reopen it.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA46I

REQUEST TO UPDATE LIBRARY DENIED, DSNAME = dsname.

Explanation

The OPEN macro has caused a message to be sent to the operator requesting an update to a library whose expiration has not been exceeded. The operator replied M, denying the request.

In the message text:

dsname

The data set name.

System action

IEBIMAGE processing continues with the next control statement but updating of the library data set is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Specify a different volume and/or obtain authorization to update the subject data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA47I

INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE TO PERFORM STOW FUNCTION.

Explanation

A STOW SVC was issued and its function was prohibited due to lack of virtual storage.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but subsequent writing to the library data set is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Rerun the job. The error may be a temporary one caused by fragmentation of virtual storage.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA48I

DUPLICATE TABLE REFERENCE FOR LOCATION (loc).

Explanation

Specification for the same location in a character arrangement table occurred more than once. Each reference must be unique.

In the message text:

loc

The indicated location.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA49I

NO CHANNEL 1 CODE HAS BEEN SPECIFIED.

Explanation

The FCB does not contain a channel 1 code. Be careful when using this FCB, because a skip command will cause a unit check at the printer if the FCB does not contain the required channel code.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA50I

CLOC PARAMETER NOT SPECIFIED FOR REFERENCED GCM SEGMENT segnum

Explanation

When building a library character set using the REF keyword of the CHARSET operation, no character location (CLOC) assignment was specified for the graphic character module (GCM).

In the message text:

segnum

The indicated segment number.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Specify a WCGM location in the second parameter of the REF keyword for the CHARSET operation. All library character set segments require a WCGM location assignment between '00-3F'.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA51I

LIBRARY NOT UPDATED: MODULE CONTAINS NO DATA

Explanation

The module being created contains no data. This may have been caused by a DELSEG parameter on an INCLUDE statement which deleted all the segments of the module.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEBA52I

VALUE OF LINES CONTRADICTS VALUE OF SIZE

Explanation

When building an FCB module for the 3800, 3262 model 5, or 4248 printer, the specifications for the LPI, LINES, and SIZE parameters on the FCB statement were conflicting.

System action

The IEBIMAGE program continues processing the next control statement, but writing to the library data set for the current operation is inhibited.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the source input for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Respecify the FCB statement with complementary values for the LINES, SIZE, and LPI parameters. See the IEBIMAGE chapter in z/OS DFSMSdfp Utilities for the default value of each parameter.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB001I

{SYSUT1|SYSUT2|SYSIN} NOT OPENED

Explanation

The SYSUT1, SYSUT2, or SYSIN data set, as indicated in the message text, could not be opened. Either the DD statement defining the data set was not included in the input stream, or a DCB parameter for the data set was incorrect.

System action

The job step is ended. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Ensure that a DD statement for SYSUT1, SYSUT2, and SYSIN is included in the input stream, and that the parameters on the DD statements are correct (particularly that the block size specification is a multiple of 80). Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB008I

INVALID NAME FIELD

Explanation

The name field is incorrect in the EDIT statement preceding this message. Possibly, the name field consists of more than 8 characters or contains an incorrect character.

System action

Processing continues with the next EDIT statement. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the name field on the preceding statement. Resubmit the job to process either the entire input stream or the unedited portion of the input stream.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB009I

INVALID STATEMENT SYNTAX

Explanation

The EDIT statement preceding this message is coded incorrectly.

System action

Processing continues with the next EDIT statement. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the preceding statement. Resubmit the job to process either the entire input stream or the unedited portion of the input stream.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB010I

INVALID OPERATION CODE

Explanation

The preceding statement is not an EDIT utility control statement. Possibly, EDIT is misspelled.

System action

Processing continues with the next EDIT statement. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the operation on the preceding control statement to EDIT. Resubmit the job to process either the entire input stream or the unedited portion of the input stream.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB011I

INVALID OPERAND

Explanation

The operand is incorrect in the EDIT statement preceding this message. Possibly, a parameter is misspelled or incompatible parameters are specified.

System action

Processing continues with the next EDIT statement. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the operands on the preceding control statement. Resubmit the job to process either the entire input stream or the unedited portion of the input stream.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB014I

INVALID DELIMITER

Explanation

A delimiter is incorrect in the EDIT statement preceding this message.

System action

Processing continues with the next EDIT statement. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the delimiters on the preceding control statement. Resubmit the job to process either the entire input stream or the unedited portion of the input stream.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB020I

INVALID CONTINUATION CARD

Explanation

The continuation does not begin at column 16 in the statement preceding this message.

System action

Processing continues with the next EDIT statement. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Begin the continuation statement in column 16 or, if no continuation is desired, correct the statement that indicated a continuation. Resubmit the job to process either the entire input stream or the unedited portion of the input stream.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB021I

INVALID CHARACTER

Explanation

A character is incorrect in the EDIT statement preceding this message.

System action

Processing continues with the next EDIT statement. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error in the control statement. Resubmit the job to process either the entire input stream or the unedited portion of the input stream.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB022I

JOB NAME NOT FOUND BEFORE END OF FILE

Explanation

Either no JOB statement was found in the input data set, or the specified job could not be found.

System action

The job step is ended. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Insert the missing JOB statement into the input stream or correct the control information on the associated EDIT statement. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB023I

sss STEP COULD NOT BE FOUND

Explanation

The step could not be found in the input data set. Possibly, the step name was misspelled.

In the message text:

The indicated step.

System action

Processing continues with the next EDIT statement. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Insert the missing step into the input stream or correct the control information on the associated EDIT statement. Resubmit the job to process either the entire input stream or the unedited portion of the input stream.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB024I

high WAS HIGHEST SEVERITY CODE

Explanation

The return code was the highest return code generated during processing of the IEBEDIT program.

In the message text:

high

The highest return code generated.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

For other than successful job completion (severity code= 0), resubmit the job to process either the entire input stream or the unedited portion of the input stream.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB027I

I/O ERROR dsname, jjj, sss, ddd, devtyp, ddname, op, err, xxxx, acc

Explanation

A permanent input/output error occurred while processing on the device.

In the message text, the error analysis information provided by the SYNADAF data management macro issued by the SYNAD routine was:

dsname

Data set name.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddd

Device number of the device.

devtyp

Device type.

ddname

Data definition name.

ор

Operation attempted.

err

Error description.

XXXX

Last seek address or block count.

асс

Access method.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the error condition indicated in the message text according to the error analysis information provided by the SYNADAF data management macro instruction. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB030I

{SYSUT1|SYSIN} BLKSIZE INVALID

Explanation

The block size of the SYSUT1 or SYSIN data set, as indicated in the message text, is not a multiple of 80 bytes.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the block size of the indicated data set and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB032I

SYSUT2 BLKSIZE INVALID - SYSUT1 ASSUMED

Explanation

The block size of the SYSUT2 data set is not a multiple of 80 bytes.

System action

The SYSUT1 block size attributes are assumed for the SYSUT2 data set. Processing continues. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. If the block size for SYSUT1 is undesirable for SYSUT2, correct the block size for SYSUT2 and resubmit the job; otherwise, disregard this message.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB033I

Explanation

An end-of-file condition was encountered on the SYSUT1 data set. The preceding EDIT statement was not processed.

System action

The job step is ended. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Restructure the EDIT statements if the edited output is not as desired and resubmit the job; otherwise, disregard the unprocessed EDIT statements.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB034I

STEPNAME REQUIRED WITH TYPE= {INCLUDE|EXCLUDE}

Explanation

No step name was specified with a TYPE=INCLUDE or TYPE=EXCLUDE operation, as indicated in the message text.

System action

Processing continues with the next EDIT statement. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the condition indicated in the message text. Resubmit the job to process either the entire input stream or the unedited portion of the input stream.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB100I

I/O ERROR READING MEMBER memname

Explanation

An I/O error was encountered while reading the specified member. Message IEB139I, which gives detailed information regarding the location of the error record, is always issued previous to this message.

In the message text:

memname

The specified member name.

System action

The next COPY control statement is sought unless a data check occupies the key or data portion. In this case, the error is ignored and data is copied as it came into main storage. If the copy is performed, the return code is 4; if not, the return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Depending on the type of error, rerun the COPY operation with the data set in error allocated:

- At a different physical location on the volume.
- On a different device.
- · On a different channel.

If the error is on an input data set, it may be necessary to re-create the data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB101I

I/O ERROR WRITING MEMBER DATA AT TTR=ttr [-DURING READ BACK CHECK]

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while copying member data to the output data set. The TTR of the record in error relative to the beginning of the data set is given. The [] part of the message is only given if the error occurred during a read back check.

In the message text:

ttr

The logical disk address.

System action

If the error was encountered during read back check and involved a data check in key or data only, the error is ignored, and the return code is 4. Otherwise, the next COPY control statement is sought, and the return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Depending on the type of error, rerun the COPY operation with the data set in error allocated:

At a different physical location on the volume.

- · On a different device.
- On a different channel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB102I

MEMBER member NOT {COPIED | LOADED | UNLOADED} DUE TO I/O ERROR

Explanation

An I/O error on the SYSUT3 work file has made processing of the member impossible. If ******* replaces the member name in the above message, the error was found reading from SYSUT3.

In the message text:

member

The name of the member.

The severity is 8.

System action

Processing continues with the next member to be copied.

System programmer response

Use the IEHLIST utility to investigate the output directory and determine which member(s) were not copied.

Programmer response

Retry the failing operation, and either:

- Remove the SYSUT3 DD statement and increase the work area size as previously indicated in previously message IEB1051I.
- Use a different SYSUT3 data set. Place the SYSUT3 data set on a different physical location on the volume, on a different device, or on a different channel.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB103I

MEMBERS member THRU END OF DATASET ARE NOT ACCESSIBLE DUE TO I/O ERROR

Explanation

Due to an I/O error while updating the output data set's directory, members starting from the named member, member, through the end of the data set (in alphameric order) have become inaccessible.

In the message text:

member

The name of the member.

The severity is 12.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

Verify that the output data set directory is large enough. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Retry the failing operation. Use a different output data set. Place the data set on a different physical location on the volume, on a different device, or on a different channel.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

IEB104I

INVALID COMMAND OR KEYWORD

Explanation

A command or keyword on the control statement just listed is misspelled or is incorrect for the IEBCOPY program.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB105I

PARAMETER INVALID

Explanation

A parameter on the control statement just listed is too long or contains an incorrect character.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB106I

UNEQUAL PARENTHESIS

Explanation

The statement just listed has an unbalanced number of parentheses.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB107I

INVALID CONTINUATION

Explanation

The control statement just listed is incorrect.

- (1) Parameters may have ended with a comma (which implies continuation), but the continuation column (72) was blank.
- (2) An attempt may have been made to continue a statement from within a rename/replace specification within nested parentheses. This is incorrect.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB108I

MEMBER WITHOUT SELECT OR EXCLUDE

Explanation

A control statement containing a MEMBER= operand has been encountered. The operand can not be associated with a previous SELECT or EXCLUDE statement. The control statements are out of order or a SELECT or EXCLUDE statement is missing.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Place each MEMBER= following a SELECT or EXCLUDE statement or MEMBER= operand.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB109I

NO MIXING OF SELECT AND EXCLUDE MODES IN SAME COPY STEP

Explanation

A SELECT statement immediately follows an EXCLUDE statement without an INDD= statement between, or vice versa.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

68 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Divide the operation into two operations. Place all SELECT statements in one and all EXCLUDE statements in the other.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB110I

INVALID REPLACE SPECIFIED

Explanation

Parentheses are missing from an INDD= operand list or a MEMBER= operand list, or unbalanced parentheses have been found.

Each member_name/newname/replace triplet or DD_name/replace pair must appear in parentheses.

When the first operand of a INDD= or a MEMBER= operand indicates a replace or rename then the entire operand must be enclosed in two sets of parentheses.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB111I

NULL PARAMETERS

Explanation

A control statement was completely blank, or blanks followed the equal sign immediately after a keyword.

No blanks are allowed inside or between any operands on the same input record.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB112I

CANNOT RENAME/REPLACE ON EXCLUDE

Explanation

The control statement just listed has a parameter embedded within parentheses, requesting a rename or replace of this member. This is not allowed during an exclusive copy operation.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB113I

OUTDD OR INDD NOT SPECIFIED

Explanation

The commands are incomplete. An INDD= keyword must be associated with a COPY statement that has defined the output data set (with the OUTDD= keyword). A SELECT or EXCLUDE statement may have been read without an INDD= preceding it.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB114I

OUTDD/LIST NOT ON COPY CARD

Explanation

The OUTDD= or LIST= keywords were scanned, but they were not physically or logically associated with the COPY, COPYMOD, or ALTERMOD statement.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB115I

END OF FILE ON SYSIN

Explanation

The end of the control statement file was reached when more control statements were needed to complete the current operation. Previous error may also have caused IEBCOPY to expect more statements.

The severity is 0.

System action

IEBCOPY ends because no more operations remain.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the preceding error or supply control statements.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB116I

MIXING CONTROL STATEMENTS FROM OLD AND NEW VERSION OF IEBCOPY

Explanation

Both types of statements were contained within the same copy step, or multiple operations were attempted using IEBCOPY control statements from a release prior to OS Release 20.

The severity is 8.

System action

IEBCOPY ends, leaving control statements unprocessed.

If a complete set of valid statements (that is, all old format or all new format) occurred together, then the operation was performed. If the statements were intermixed, no operation was performed after the point where the change in format was detected.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Convert the old format control statements to new format.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB117I

TABLES EXCEED ALLOCATED STORAGE -- INCREASE WORK= VALUE IN **PARM FIELD**

Explanation

The number of names from {INDD} and {SELECT} or {EXCLUDE} statements have grown too large. The virtual storage available for saving the names has been exceeded.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Do either of the following:

- Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. See message IEB1055I.
- Split the operation into multiple operations to decrease the maximum number of DDNAMEs and member names in any one operation.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB118I

CONTROL STATEMENT ERROR

Explanation

The statement just listed has an incorrect command, keyword, or parameter.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Check for multiple INDD= keywords on the same statement, or statements that mix old and new format keywords.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB119I

STATEMENT SEQUENCE ERROR

Explanation

The error is one of the following:

• The first COPY statement, in a contiguous series of COPY statements, is either incomplete or out of sequence.

74 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

- The first COPYMOD statement, in a contiguous series of COPYMOD statements, is either incomplete or out of sequence.
- IEBCOPY control statements from a release prior to OS Release 20 are not in the correct sequence.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

If old format statements were used then IEBCOPY ends.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Correct the control statements.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB120I

ddname VALIDATION ERROR

Explanation

The data set cannot be used. The next message(s) explain the error encountered while opening or validating the data set.

The DD statement may be missing, or the identified data set may be missing, or the data set may have DCB attributes which are not permitted, or the data set attributes may conflict among the data sets required to perform the current operation.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Programmer response

Correct any errors diagnosed by accompanying messages.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB121I

OPEN ERROR ON DDNAME ddname

Explanation

The data set could not be opened.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

Check for accompanying IEBCOPY and IEC, IGD, IGW, and IOS prefix messages.

Programmer response

Correct any incorrect DD statement parameters.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB122I

DSCB COULD NOT BE OBTAINED. OBTAIN RC=return-code REASON CODE=reason

Explanation

The data set associated with the DD statement named in accompanying message IEB120I was not on the volume (taken from the catalog or the DD statement), or the volume could not be mounted.

In the message text:

return-code

The OBTAIN macro return code.

reason

The OBTAIN macro reason code.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Verify that the named volume is the correct volume, and if it is, verify that it does contain the data set. In a system with System Managed Storage (SMS) active, it is possible that SMS will assign a data set to a different volume than the one coded on a DD statement.

Refer to IGD and IEF prefix messages in the JCL message data set to verify which volume contains a SMS managed data set.

Problem determination

The IDCAMS utility may be used to display the volume on which a cataloged data set is supposed to reside. The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the names of data sets which resident on a specific volume.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB123I

INVALID DSORG (X'hhhh')

Explanation

The data set associated with the DD statement named in accompanying message IEB120I does not have partitioned or physical sequential organization.

One of the following may have occurred:

- 1. The data set has never been opened for output, therefore the DSORG field in the data set label is uninitialized.
- 2. A data set intended for output is being used for input because of incorrect control statements.
- 3. The data set is not a PDS, but a VSAM, or SYSOUT data set, etc.
- 4. DSORG has been incorrectly coded in the JCL.

In the message text:

hhhh

The data set organization code.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information.

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the DSORG in the data set label.

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Verify the IEBCOPY control statements. Verify that the job which created the data set was successful. Verify the DSORG used when allocating the data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB124I

INVALID LRECL (nnnnn)

Explanation

The logical record length of the data set identified by message IEB120I is not valid. It may be zero, or exceed the maximum allowed by the data set block size (DCBBLKSI).

One of the following may have occurred:

- 1. The data set has never been opened for output, therefore the BLKSIZE and LRECL fields in the data set label are uninitialized.
- 2. A data set intended for output is being used for input because of incorrect control statements.
- 3. The data set is not a PDS, but a VSAM, or SYSOUT data set, etc.
- 4. RECFM has been incorrectly coded in the JCL.

In the message text:

nnnnn

The record length tested.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

78 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the logical record length in the data set label. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Verify the IEBCOPY control statements. Verify that the job which created the data set was successful. Verify the BLKSIZE and LRECL used when allocating the data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB125I

INVALID BLOCK SIZE (nnnnn)

Explanation

The block size of the data set identified by message IEB120I is not valid. It may be zero, or it may exceed the hardware track length (unless the data set uses the hardware track overflow feature).

One of the following may have occurred:

- 1. The data set has never been opened for output, therefore the BLKSIZE and LRECL fields in the data set label are uninitialized.
- 2. A data set intended for output is being used for input because of incorrect control statements.
- 3. The data set is not a PDS, but a VSAM, or SYSOUT data set, etc.
- 4. DSORG or RECFM has been incorrectly coded in the JCL.

In the message text:

nnnnn

The actual block size.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the block size in the data set label. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Verify the IEBCOPY control statements. Verify that the job which created the data set was successful. Verify the BLKSIZE and LRECL used when allocating the data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB126I

ddname REFERENCES AN UNMOVABLE DATA SET

Explanation

The input data set is flagged as unmovable in its DSORG. An unmovable data set can not be compressed in place or copied because it may contain location dependent data.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the DSORG in the data set label. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Verify the IEBCOPY control statements. Verify that the job which created the data set was successful. Verify the DSORG used when allocating the data set.

If the data set does not contain location dependent data, then supply a DSORG override on the DD statement and retry the operation.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB127I

RECFM INCOMPATIBLE -- INPUT RECFM=iiii OUTPUT RECFM=0000

Explanation

The record format of the input data set is incompatible with that of the output data set.

IEBCOPY can not copy from fixed-length record format to variable-length record format or the reverse.

In the message text:

iiii

The input record format.

0000

The output record format.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the RECFM in the data set label. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Verify the RECFM of each data set. If they are correct, then IEBCOPY can not be used to copy the data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB128I

CANNOT REBLOCK TRACK OVERFLOW DATA SET

Explanation

The input and/or output data set(s) have track overflow records. Reblocking operations can not be done.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Perform one of the following actions:

- (1) Copy the data set to a new data set without track overflow.
- (2) Reallocate the output data set so that it has a block size that is consistent with the input data set block size (so that reblocking will not be done).

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB129I

CANNOT REBLOCK KEYED DATA SETS

Explanation

The input and/or the output data set(s) have keyed records. Reblocking operations can not be done.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Reallocate the output data set so that it has a block size that is consistent with the input data set block size (so that reblocking will not be done).

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB130I

KEY LENGTHS UNEQUAL. INPUT KEY LENGTH IS inlen, OUTPUT KEY LENGTH IS outlen.

Explanation

The key length of the input data set and key length of the output data set are not equal.

In the message text:

inlen

The input key length.

outlen

The output key length.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the key length in the data set label. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Reallocate the output data set so that it has the same key length as the input data set key length.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

MNote 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB131I

CANNOT COMPRESS OR COPY WITHIN SAME KEYED DATA SET

Explanation

A compress-in-place operation or copying of members within same PDS, was requested, but the data set contains keyed records. IEBCOPY does not copy members within or compress keyed data sets in place.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make a full copy to a new data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB132I

INVALID RE/DE-BLOCKING. INPUT BLKSIZE IS inblksz, OUTPUT BLKSIZE IS outblksz.

Explanation

The input data set block size is incompatible with the output data set block size.

For fixed length records, the size of each block must be a multiple of the logical record length.

For variable length records the output block size must be equal to or greater than the input logical record length.

For undefined length records the output block size must be equal to or greater than the input block size.

In the message text:

inblksz

The input block size.

outblksz

The output block size.

The severity is 8.

System action

For RECFM=U data sets, the copy operation continues. For all other RECFM, the copy operation ends.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Respecify the output block size to allow this member to be properly copied. Copying a larger block size to a small block size can create "fat" blocks, which cause I/O errors when other programs try to read them. Use COPYMOD instead of COPY to reblock load modules.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB133I

MINIMUM REQUESTED STORAGE (amount) NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

IEBCOPY could not obtain a work area of even minimum size.

In the message text:

amount

The number of bytes of virtual storage that must be available to IEBCOPY for use as a work area.

The severity is 16.

System action

IEBCOPY ends processing.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. See message IEB1055I.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

IEB134I

CANNOT COMPRESS WITH SELECT OR EXCLUDE

Explanation

The input and output data set are the same data set, which implies a compress-in-place. A SELECT or EXCLUDE statement is also present, which is not allowed for a compress-in-place operation.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make a full copy to a new data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB135I

MINIMUM I/O BUFFER NOT ALLOCATABLE

Explanation

IEBCOPY obtained the largest size work area available from virtual storage. It was not large enough to contain two minimum size I/O buffers and the tables built from INDD=, SELECT, and/or EXCLUDE statements.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Perform one of the following actions:

- Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. See message IEB1055I.
- Divide the operation into several operations with each operation using fewer members.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB136I

CANNOT ALLOCATE TWO TRACKS OF I/O BUFFERS FOR COMPRESS

Explanation

There is not enough unallocated virtual storage available to contain 2 buffers, each the (device dependent) track size. COMPRESS operations must have this much I/O buffer space for full track I/O and synchronization.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Perform one of the following actions:

- Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. See message IEB1055I.
- Make a full copy to a new data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB137I

CANNOT SPECIFY DUPLICATE MEMBER NAMES FOR SELECT/EXCLUDE/ RENAME - DUPLICATE IS member

Explanation

The member name appears more than once in the SELECT or EXCLUDE statements for this operation. It may be both an old name and a new name.

All names on SELECT or EXCLUDE statements in one operation must be unique, even if the name is used once as a old name and once as a new name.

In the message text:

member

The specified member name.

The severity is 4.

System action

The operation is not performed for the named members. Processing continues for the uniquely-named members.

System programmer response

Check for duplicate renamed old names, duplicate old names that were not renamed, duplicate new names, or a combination of these.

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

If duplicate names must be specified, create additional operations.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB138I

CANNOT PROCESS ALL OLD/NEW-NAMES SPECIFIED

Explanation

The virtual storage required to hold pairs of old and new names (of members being renamed) is not available.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Perform one of the following actions:

- Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. See message IEB1055I.
- Divide the operation into several operations with each operation using fewer members.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB139I

I/O ERROR activity synad_text

Explanation

An I/O error has occurred, the SYNADAF macro was issued, and SYNAD text was generated by the SYNADAF macro.

In the message text:

activity

The activity taken, as follows:

- READING PDS
- WRITING PDS
- READING UNLOADED PDS
- WRITING UNLOADED PDS
- GET FROM CONTROL STMT FILE
- PUT TO MESSAGE FILE
- DURING ERASE
- DURING READBACK CHECK
- DURING READ
- DURING WRITE
- DURING LOAD
- DURING UNLOAD

synad text

The text issued by the SYNAD macro.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Depending on the type of error, retry the operation with the data set in error allocated:

- At a different physical location on the volume.
- On a different device.
- On a different channel.

If the error is on an input data set, it may be necessary to re-create the data set.

If the operation is compress-in-place and the error is NO RECORD FOUND, restore the backup and copy the data set to a different physical location.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEB140I

ddname REFERENCES A NULL INPUT DATA SET

Explanation

The data set contains no members.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 0.

System action

The next input data set or control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Check the operation which created the input data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB141I

CAN NOT RE/DE-BLOCK WITH NOTE-LIST/USER TTRN IN MEMBER member

Explanation

The directory entry for the member indicates the presence of a Notelist and/or User TTRNs. IEBCOPY is reblocking or deblock members as they are copied because the input and output data set attributes are different.

The reblocking will make the Notelist data incorrect so it is not allowed. If this member is to be copied, it cannot be reblocked.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Respecify the factors which cause reblocking (the BLKSIZE, RECFM, LRECL of the two data sets), so that reblocking will not take place. Retry the operation.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB142I

CANNOT CONTINUE TO BUILD CTLTAB

Explanation

More virtual storage is required to build the required control table to process the current operation.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Perform one of the following actions:

• Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. See message IEB1055I.

- If the operation is not already a selective copy, then obtain a list of all members in the data set using the IEHLIST utility. Divide the operation into multiple selective copy operations. Each one should copy approximately the same number of members.
- If the operation is already a selective copy, then divide the operation into several operations each specifying fewer members.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB143I

ALL SELECTED MEMBERS (COPIED | LOADED | UNLOADED)- DID NOT USE ALL SPECIFIED INDD'S

Explanation

All specified (selected) members have been successfully copied, and there are still data sets in the INDD list which have not yet been examined. It was not necessary to use all specified input data sets in order to locate all the selected members.

The severity is 0.

System action

The next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

See messages IEB154I, IEB155I, and IEB167I. Verify that each member copied came from the expected data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB144I

THERE ARE *nnnn* UNUSED TRACKS IN OUTPUT DATASET REFERENCED BY *ddname*

Explanation

This message is issued after completing the operation to the output partitioned data set.

If an error has occurred, the number of tracks given in this message may be incorrect.

In the message text:

nnnnnn

The number of tracks available in the data set.

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 0.

System action

The next control statement is sought.

Programmer response

If not enough space remains available, adding a compress-in-place operation may make additional space available.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB145I

CANNOT COMPRESS TRACK OVERFLOW DATA SET

Explanation

IEBCOPY does not allow a compress-in-place operation to be done if the track overflow bit has been set in the format 1 DSCB of the output data set. (This bit is the DCBRECTO bit in the DS1RECFM field.)

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to examine the RECFM in the data set label for track overflow. Look for an override on the DD statement. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make a full copy to a new data set.

Consider not using the track overflow feature.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB146I

CANNOT COMPRESS OR COPY WITHIN SAME DATA SET WITH RE/DE-BLOCKING

Explanation

The compress-in-place operation or copying members within same PDS, can not alter the block size or record length of a data set. The data set to be compressed is identified by two different DD statements, and the input data set attributes are different from the output data set attributes. The different attributes imply reblocking, which can not be done during a compress-in-place operation or while copying members within same PDS.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

Check that the same DCB parameters are specified on each DD statement. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Perform one of the following actions:

- Avoid reblocking by specify the same DD statement for both INDD= and OUTDD=.
- Make a full copy to a new data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB147I

END OF JOB - return-code WAS HIGHEST SEVERITY CODE

Explanation

This message is issued after all operations have been finished.

In the message text:

return-code

The highest return code from any operation.

The severity is 0.

System action

IEBCOPY ends. When the severity code is other than 0, message IEB151I will also be issued.

System programmer response

Consult message IEB151I if issued.

Programmer response

Verify that all operations completed as expected.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB148E

NO SPACE IN OUTPUT DIRECTORY FOR DIRECTORY ENTRIES FROM **INPUT DATA SET ddname**

Explanation

While building an updated output directory (to reflect members copied from the input data set) IEBCOPY has determined that the amount of directory space allocated to the output data set is insufficient.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

If message IEB168I does not immediately follow this message, the output data set directory reflects those members copied through the immediately preceding input data sets. If this data set is the first input data set in the operation, the output data set is unchanged.

If the message IEB168I does follow, the output directory is truncated.

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the members present in the output data set. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Allocate a new output data set large enough to contain all the members in the old output data set plus the members from the input data set(s). Retry the operation to the new output data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB149I

THERE ARE *nnnnn* UNUSED DIRECTORY BLOCKS IN OUTPUT DIRECTORY

Explanation

This message is issued after completing the operation to the output partitioned data set identified in message IEB144I.

If an error has occurred, the number of blocks given in this message may be incorrect.

In the message text:

nnnnn

The number of whole 256 byte directory blocks available for additional member name.

The severity is 0.

System action

The next control statement is sought.

Programmer response

If not enough space remains available, a new data set with a larger directory must be allocated and the smaller data set copied to it.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB150I

WARNING THE OUTPUT DATASET REF BY *ddname* CONTAINS TOO MANY DIRECTORY BLOCKS PER TRACK

Explanation

Because of short or damaged directory blocks, more blocks were encountered than were expected. Errors will probably result if the is accessed by other programs. The BLDL and STOW functions are particularly vulnerable.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 4.

System action

IEBCOPY attempts to write the output directory in a structure identical to that of the input data set directory. This concludes the current operation and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

Dump the directory with SPZAP and determine its structure. Examine the program that created the input data set for defects.

Programmer response

The data may be recovered with this procedure: Allocate a new data set. Perform a selective copy to move approximately half of the members from the broken data set to the new data set. Repeat a separate selective copy operation to move the remaining members.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

IEB151I

JOB HAS TERMINATED WITH ERROR(S)

Explanation

IEBCOPY issued a message of severity 4 or greater. One or more operations were not completed successfully. The severity is 0.

System action

IEBCOPY is finished operating and will end.

System programmer response

Look up the severity code of each issued message. Many IEBCOPY suffix I messages have a severity code greater than zero. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the errors indicated by preceding error messages, and retry the operations not successfully completed.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB152I

member COMPRESSED - WAS ALREADY IN PLACE AND NOT MOVED

Explanation

The member did not need to be physically moved during the compress-in-place operation.

In the message text:

member

The specified member name.

The severity is 0.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB153I

ALL MEMBERS COMPRESSED - ALL WERE ORIGINALLY COMPRESSED

Explanation

The data set was not in need of being compressed because all member data is contiguous at the front of the data set. No members from this data set were physically moved.

The severity is 0.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

98 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB154I

member HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY {COPIED | LOADED | UNLOADED | {COPIED | LOADED | UNLOADED | ALTERED}

Explanation

The member has been successfully copied, loaded, or unloaded from the input data set to the output data set, or altered in the output data set.

In a compress-in-place operation, this message may be issued for members not actually moved (as identified in message IEB152I).

In the message text:

member

The specified member name.

The severity is 0.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB155I

member HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY {COPIED | LOADED | UNLOADED | {COPIED | LOADED | UNLOADED | ALTERED}AND IS A NEW NAME

Explanation

The member, which is a new name, has been successfully copied, loaded, or unloaded from the input data set to the output data set, or altered in the output data set.

The old name of this member can be determined by checking the IEBCOPY control statement(s) listed at the beginning of the operation which issued this message.

In the message text:

member

The specified member name.

The severity is 0.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB156I

NOT A DIRECT ACCESS DATA SET

Explanation

The data set referred to by the DDNAME in preceding message IEB120I is not on a direct access device. The data set is identified as a PDS or PDSE which must always reside on a direct access device.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Check that the data set is on a direct access volume.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB157I

ddname DD STATEMENT NOT FOUND

Explanation

The DDNAME DD statement was not supplied either in the JCL or by dynamic allocation before IEBCOPY was invoked.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Check the spelling of *ddname* in the control statement. If it is spelled correctly then include the missing DD statement, or allocate a *DDNAME* file before invoking IEBCOPY.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB158I

PARM=COMPRESS NOT VALID

Explanation

PARM=COMPRESS was specified on the JCL EXEC statement, and new format control statements are being used. New format statements do not use PARM=COMPRESS to request a compress.

System action

Processing continues. Compress-in-place will be done only if it is requested in a subsequent COPY statement.

Programmer response

This message is informational only. It indicates that the PARM=COMPRESS parameter from the EXEC statement is ignored. Remove this parameter from the JCL to avoid further occurrences of this message.

If IEBCOPY is dynamically invoked then PARM=COMPRESS is in the parameters passed to IEBCOPY by the caller.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB159I

NO MEMBERS (COPIED | LOADED) FROM INPUT DATA SET REFERENCED BY DDNAME

Explanation

The input data set was not used for one of the following reasons:

- A selective copy was specified, but none of the members to be copied were on this data set.
- All of the members which should have been copied from this input data set had names which were duplicates of member names on the output data set and replace was not specified.
- An I/O error (indicated by a previous message) has precluded use of members from this input data set.
- Either the input or the output data set contains duplicate or out-of-sequence members (indicated by a previous message).

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 0.

System action

The next input data set will be processed unless an error has occurred.

If an I/O error has occurred, or if there are duplicate or out-of-sequence members, actions taken are indicated by previous message(s).

System programmer response

Examine messages IEB154I, IEB155I, and IEB167I to verify that each member came from the expected data set. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If an error occurred, correct it as indicated in the above explanation.

If no error occurred, verify that the processed members were found in the data sets expected to contain them.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB160I

CONCATENATED DATA SETS

Explanation

The DDNAME identified in message IEB120I is a concatenation of data sets. IEBCOPY does not process concatenated data sets.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If more than one input data set is to be used in the copy step, provide a separate DD statement for each, and include all the DDNAMEs in an INDD= utility control statement parameter.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB161I

COMPRESS TO BE DONE USING INDD NAMED ddname

Explanation

A request for a compress-in-place operation has been detected. This occurs when the input and output DD statement(s) identify the same data set and volume.

Before attempting a compress-in-place operation a backup to the data set should be made so that it can be recovered should the compress-in-place fail.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 0.

System action

A compress-in-place operation is started.

System programmer response

If compress-in-place was not intended, check that both DD statements do not specify identical data set name and volume serials.

Refer to IGD and IEF prefix messages in the JCL message data set to verify which volume contains a SMS managed data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB162I

PARM=COMPRESS IGNORED

Explanation

PARM=COMPRESS is specified, but the input and output data sets are not the same data set, or an unload or load operation has been requested.

System action

PARM=COMPRESS is ignored.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

This message is informational only. Remove the PARM=COMPRESS parameter from the JCL to avoid further occurrences of this message. If a COMPRESS is desired, correct the DD statements or the INDD= and OUTDD= control statement parameters.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB163I

NO MEMBER NAMES FOR PARTIAL COPY, WILL NOT COPY

Explanation

The version of IEBCOPY statement from a release prior to OS Release 20 specified TYPCOPY=I, but it was not followed by any MEMBER= statements.

The severity is 8.

System action

The job step is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Correct and convert the control statement to new format.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB164I

TOTAL COPY ASSUMED

Explanation

The version of IEBCOPY statement from a release prior to OS Release 20 specified TYPCOPY=E, but it was not followed by any MEMBER= statements.

The severity is 4.

System action

A full copy is done.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Correct and convert the control statement to new format.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB165I

member 'FOUND' BUT NOT {COPIED | LOADED | UNLOADED} DUE TO I/O ERROR READING INPUT DIRECTORY

Explanation

The member indicated was found in the current input data set directory before the I/O error occurred. The member was not processed because processing in the data set had not reached the data for the member.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

The severity is 12.

System action

The member is not processed.

Programmer response

Retry the operation. If the operation fails a second time, suspect that a hardware error has occurred. The data set may have to be restored. Contact your systems programmer or hardware support personnel.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11/11

Descriptor code

-/7

IEB166I

NO MEMBERS (COPIED | LOADED | UNLOADED) TO DATA SET REFERENCED BY ddname

Explanation

Due to the validation error described in a previous message, the operation did not take place. The data set was not changed.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The next control statement is sought.

Programmer response

Refer previously issued messages for the reason.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB167I

FOLLOWING MEMBER(S) {COPIED | LOADED} FROM INPUT DATASET REFERENCED BY *DDNAME*

Explanation

Following messages identify the members input from the data set.

This message assists in tracing the data sets which were used, and which members they contributed.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 0.

System action

Messages IEB154I and IEB155I follow.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB168I

WARNING DUE TO ERROR, POSSIBLE LOSS OF ACCESS TO MEMBER DATA AND/OR INCOMPLETE DIRECTORY

Explanation

If preceded by message IEB148E, the output directory has been truncated. Otherwise, the output directory may be incomplete.

The severity is 12.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

Dump the directory with IEHLIST or SPZAP to determine the final status of the output directory. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Depending on the type of error, retry the operation with the data set in error allocated:

- At a different physical location on the volume.
- · On a different device.
- · On a different channel.

If the error is on an input data set, it may be necessary to re-create the data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11/11

Descriptor code

-/7

IEB169I

WARNING DUE TO I/O ERROR ON SYSUT4, OUTPUT DIRECTORY MAY NOT BE COMPLETE

Explanation

The SYSUT4 spill file holds the directory for the output data set until the operation is complete. Because an I/O error occurred on the SYSUT4 spill file, a portion of the output directory was lost before it could be written to the output data set.

The severity is 0.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

Use the IEHLIST utility to investigate the output directory and determine which member(s) were lost. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Retry the failing operation, and either:

- Remove the SYSUT4 DD statement and increase the work area size. See message IEB1052I previously issued.
- Use a different SYSUT4 data set. Place the SYSUT4 data set on a different physical location on the volume, on a different device, or on a different channel.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB170I

WARNING DUE TO SYSUT3 I/O ERROR, COMPRESS IN-PLACE NOT DONE AND COPY OPERATION TERMINATED

Explanation

An I/O error has occurred while using the spill data set. None of the members were physically moved, so the data set remains as it was prior to processing.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

Use the IEHLIST utility to investigate the output directory and determine which member(s) were not copied. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Retry the failing operation, and either:

- Remove the SYSUT3 DD statement and increase the work area size. See message IEB1051I previously issued.
- Use a different SYSUT3 data set. Place the SYSUT3 data set on a different physical location on the volume, on a different device, or on a different channel.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB171I

WARNING DIRECTORY MIGHT NOT REFLECT VALID LOCATION OF MEMBER DATA

Explanation

An I/O error during a compress-in-place operation may have affected the validity of the data set directory.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

Use the IEHLIST utility to investigate the output directory. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

The data set in question should be checked for valid information and re-created or restored if necessary.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB172I

ddname COULD NOT BE OPENED

Explanation

The data set could not be opened. This is normally the SYSPRINT data set.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 4.

System action

Normal processing continues. If this is the SYSPRINT data set then only I/O error messages and an end-of-job message are issued, and they are directed to the system console.

System programmer response

Look for a missing SYSPRINT DD statement.

Programmer response

Use the IEHLIST utility to investigate the output data sets and verify the ending status of each operation performed.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11/11

Descriptor code

-/7

IEB173I

ddname -- INVALID BLOCK SIZE

Explanation

An incorrect block size associated with the indicated data set DD statement was detected. This is probably the SYSPRINT data set.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

System action

This data set cannot be used. If this is the SYSPRINT data set then only I/O error messages and an end-of-job message are issued, and they are directed to the system console.

System programmer response

Check the DD statement for incorrect DCB information, such as block size. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Use the IEHLIST utility to investigate the output data sets and verify the ending status of each operation performed.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB174I

WARNING INPUT RECORD IS A SHORT LENGTH RECORD -DDNAME=DDNAME[-OUTPUT TTRN=ttrn][-MEMBER=member]

Explanation

An unexpected short length record (shorter than BLKSIZE) has been found on the indicated input data set. It was copied from the member to the output data set at the logical disk address specified exactly as it was read from the input data set.

This message is issued when one of the following conditions regarding a short block exists:

- 1. For RECFM=F, the length of a physical record is not the same as the block size.
- 2. For RECFM=FB, the length of a physical record is not a multiple of the logical record length.
- 3. For RECFM=FBS, the length of a physical record other than the last one is not the same as the block size.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

member

The specified member.

ttrn

The logical disk address.

The severity is 4.

System action

The error is ignored.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If the error cannot be ignored by the user, the input data set must be re-created.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB175I

WARNING INPUT RECORD IS GREATER THAN OUTPUT BLKSIZE - DDNAME=DDNAME [-OUTPUT TTRN=ttrn] [-MEMBER=member]

Explanation

An input record on the indicated input data set whose length is greater than the output block size has been processed. If the record length is less than or equal to the output device track capacity, then it was copied from the member to the output data set at the logical disk address specified exactly as it was read (no truncation). Otherwise, the record is discarded.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

member

The specified member.

ttrn

The logical disk address.

The severity is 4.

System action

In the case of records greater than the output track capacity, the operation ends and the next control statement is sought. Otherwise, the error is ignored.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Note: If this message is issued while processing a data set that will be serviced with SMP/E, resolve the condition causing the message before using SMP/E to modify the load module. The program management binder and editor will not use load modules named in this message as input.

Programmer response

If the output data set is to be updated or compressed, retry the operation specifying a larger block size, by JCL, on the output data set. If using full track blocking on input, be sure not to use an output device with a smaller track size than the data set block size.

Note: The stored load module will be executable, but it will not be usable as input to either the program management binder or the linkage editor. Before including it as input to either utility, copy the load module to a data set with a block size greater than the length of the largest text record. (The system's maximum block size, 32760 bytes, will always be large enough to contain any text record.)

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB176I

MEMBER member IN DATASET REFERENCED BY ddname HAS MORE THAN ONE NOTELIST POINTER

Explanation

The directory entry for the member in the indicated data set has more than one Notelist (User TTRN with N not equal to zero). This is an unsupported format directory entry, and the member cannot be correctly processed.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Re-create the member in error.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB177I

member WAS SELECTED BUT NOT FOUND IN ANY INPUT DATASET

Explanation

The member was specified on a SELECT statement for the previous operation, but does not exist on any of the specified input data sets.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

The severity is 4.

System action

The member is ignored.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Check to see if the member should have been found.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB178I

NOT AN IEBCOPY UNLOADED DATASET

Explanation

The input data set has sequential organization so a LOAD operation is assumed. The data set does not have the format of an IEBCOPY unloaded data set so it cannot be processed by IEBCOPY.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Verify that the data set in question was created by IEBCOPY.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB179I

{COPYMOD | ALTERMOD | COMPRESS} NOT VALID FOR LOAD/UNLOAD

Explanation

The requested function, COPYMOD, ALTERMOD, or COMPRESS can not accept an unloaded data set as input, or can not produce an unloaded data set as output.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Verify that the data sets in question have been specified correctly.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB180I

MORE THAN ONE INPUT DATA SET SPECIFIED FOR UNLOAD OPERATION

Explanation

More than one input data set was specified for an unload operation either in the same INDD= group, or in an additional INDD= group.

The severity is 8.

System action

The additional input data sets are not processed.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If more than one data set is to be unloaded, use multiple operations (one for each data set to be unloaded) to different output data sets.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB181I

STORAGE CAN NOT BE ALLOCATED FOR LOAD/UNLOAD PROCESSING -- INCREASE WORK= VALUE IN PARM FIELD

Explanation

There is not enough virtual storage available to complete the unload or load operation.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. See message IEB1055I.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB182I

UNLOAD DATA SET REFERENCED BY ddname HAS BEEN FLAGGED AS NOT LOADABLE

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while unloading. The output data set is incomplete and cannot be successfully reloaded. This message was preceded by message IEB139I, or another error or attention message.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

Refer to accompanying messages, starting with IEB139I. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If the I/O error occurred on one of the output data sets or work files, retry the operation. If the error occurred on the input data set, it may have to be re-created.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB183I

END OF FILE READ ON LOAD DATA SET REFERENCED BY ddname

Explanation

The data set:

- · contains directory entries without the corresponding members, or
- · contains directory entries with incorrect member TTRs, or
- is a null data set.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the unloaded data set and the original partitioned data set.

Programmer response

Recreate the original data set and retry the operation.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB184I

MEMBER DATA RECORD READ FOR MEMBER member REFERENCED BY DDNAME IS LONGER THAN DATA SET BLOCK SIZE PLUS KEY LENGTH nnnnn CCHHRKDD=(mbbcchhr)

Explanation

The DCB information given for the input data set is incorrect because the input data set contains a record that is too long. The record is part of the member specified and was read from the physical disk address indicated. The actual length includes both the key and data portions of the record.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

ddname

The DDNAME.

nnnnn

The actual length.

mbbcchhr

The physical disk address.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the block size and key length in the data set label. Look for an override on the *ddname* DD statement. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If the DCB parameters have been overridden, respecify the correct block size and key length.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB185I

ddname IS NOT A LOADABLE DATA SET

Explanation

The data set to be loaded was flagged as not loadable during a previous unload operation.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Re-create the input data set and resubmit the job.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB186I

INPUT AND OUTPUT DATASETS ON SAME TAPE VOLUME

Explanation

Two data sets cannot be opened concurrently on the same tape volume because the tape can be positioned only within one data set at a time.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Copy the input data set to a temporary data set on another volume, then recopy the temporary data set back to the desired volume.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB187I

NOT A DIRECT ACCESS OR TAPE DATASET

Explanation

An input or output data set is allocated to other than a direct-access or tape device. This includes JES data sets, which are treated as unit record devices. Message IEB120I accompanies this message to identify the data set in error.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the DD statement identified in message IEB120I.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB188I

MEMBER member IN DATASET 'REFERENCED' BY DDNAME HAS RECORDS GREATER THAN BLKSIZE

Explanation

While reading the member from the data set, a record longer than the data set block size was read.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the block size in the data set label. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If the DCB parameters have been overridden, respecify the correct block size and key length.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB189I

DIRECTORY ENTRY member IN BLOCK READ FROM DDNAME DDNAME AT MBBCCHHR mbbcchhr TTRN ttrn IS OUT OF SEQUENCE OR DUPLICATE

Explanation

The directory of the data set contains two entries with the same name, or the entries are not in ascending sequence by name. The duplicate or out of place entry is for the member. The directory block is at the physical disk address indicated, and the logical disk address indicated. This is an attention message.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

ddname

The DDNAME.

mbbcchhr

The physical disk address.

ttrn

The logical disk address.

The severity is 4.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

SPZAP may be used to dump the bad directory and to alter member names in the directory. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output for the job, the associated volume, the control statements for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Delete members from the data set so the directory entries return to strict ascending sequence by name.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB19AI

MEMBER member {COPIED | LOADED} AND {REBLOCKED | ALTERED}

Explanation

The member has been reblocked (or altered) and copied (or unloaded) to the output data set. The Relocation Dictionary (RLD) counts have been updated or were already correct.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

IEB19BI

MEMBER member {COPIED | LOADED}, {REBLOCKED | ALTERED}, AND IS A NEW NAME

Explanation

The member is a renamed load module which has been successfully copied (or loaded) and reblocked (or altered) to the output data set. The RLD counts have been updated or were already correct.

The old name of this member can be determined by checking the IEBCOPY control statements printed at the beginning of the copy step in which this message occurred.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

MEMBER member {COPIED | LOADED}, text

Explanation

COPYMOD has been specified. The member is a load module which has been copied to the output data set with no change in block size or content. The link edit attributes of the member make it ineligible for processing by COPYMOD.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

text

One of the following:

- AS IS THEN ALTERED, MODULE IS PAGE-ALIGNED
- AS IS WITHOUT REBLOCKING FORMAT IS SCATTER-LOAD
- AS IS WITHOUT REBLOCKING MODULE IS NON-EDITABLE

The severity is 4.

System action

The member was copied unaltered.

System programmer response

The AMBLIST utility may be used to check the link edit attributes of member.

Programmer response

Process the module using the link editor.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

IEB19DI

MEMBER member {COPIED | LOADED}, FORMAT IS SCATTER-LOAD |, AND IS A NEW NAME

Explanation

COPYMOD has been specified. The member is a renamed load module which has been copied to the output data set with no change in block size or content. The link edit attributes of the member make it ineligible for processing by COPYMOD.

The old name of this member can be determined by checking the IEBCOPY control statements printed at the beginning of the copy step in which this message occurred.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

The severity is 4.

System action

The member was copied unaltered.

System programmer response

The AMBLIST utility may be used to check the link edit attributes of member.

Programmer response

Process the module using the link editor.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

IEB19EI

MEMBER member {COPIED | LOADED}, {NOT A LOAD MODULE| INCOMPATIBLE OR INELIGIBLE}

Explanation

COPYMOD has been specified. The member does not contain records in the format of or with the content required of load modules.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

NOT A LOAD MODULE

The member is not a load module. A PDS may contain both load modules and non-load module members. There is no error if the member is indeed not a load module.

The severity is 4.

System action

The member was copied to the output data set with no change in block size or content.

If the member was partially copied before it was recognized that it was not a load module, the copy was started again from the beginning of the member.

The system issues accompanying message IEB1142W when INCOMPATIBLE OR INELIGIBLE is displayed.

System programmer response

The AMBLIST utility may be used to verify that the member is not a load module.

Programmer response

Evaluate the member to see if it was processed as expected.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

IEB19FI

MEMBER member {COPIED | LOADED}, {NOT A LOAD MODULE,|
INCOMPATIBLE OR INELIGIBLE,} AND IS A NEW NAME

Explanation

COPYMOD has been specified. The member is a renamed member which does not contain records in the format or with the content required of load modules.

The old name of this member can be determined by checking the IEBCOPY control statements printed at the beginning of the copy step in which this member occurred.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

NOT A LOAD MODULE

The member is not a load module. A PDS may contain both load modules and non-load module members. There is no error if the member is indeed not a load module.

INCOMPATIBLE OR INELIGIBLE

COPYMOD cannot unblock the module because the common sections for the module are not at the end of the module where the link editor usually places them. The system issues message IEB1142W with more information about this error.

The severity is 4.

System action

The member was copied to the output data set with no change in block size or content.

If the member was partially copied before it was recognized that it was not a load module, the copy was started again from the beginning of the member.

The system issues accompanying message IEB1142W when INCOMPATIBLE OR INELIGIBLE is displayed.

System programmer response

The AMBLIST utility may be used to verify that the member is not a load module.

Programmer response

Evaluate the member to see if it was processed as expected.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

IEB19GI

MEMBER member ALTERED IN PLACE

Explanation

The Relocation Dictionary (RLD) counts for the member have been inserted or updated.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

IEB19HI

MEMBER member NOT ALTERED, RLD COUNT WAS CORRECT

Explanation

No change has been made to the member because the Relocation Dictionary (RLD) counts were already correct.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

IEB19JI

MEMBER member NOT ALTERED, FORMAT IS SCATTER-LOAD

Explanation

ALTERMOD has been specified. The member is a load module which was not altered. The link edit attributes of the member make it ineligible for processing by ALTERMOD.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

The severity is 4.

System action

The member is not processed.

System programmer response

The AMBLIST utility may be used to check the link edit attributes of the member.

Programmer response

Evaluate the member to see if should have been processed.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

IEB19KI

MEMBER member NOT ALTERED, NOT A LOAD MODULE

Explanation

ALTERMOD has been specified. The member does not contain records in the format or with the content required of load modules.

A PDS may contain both load modules and non-load module members. There is no error if the member is indeed not a load module.

In the message text:

member

The specified member.

The severity is 0.

The member is not processed.

System programmer response

The AMBLIST utility may be used to verify that the member is not a load module.

Programmer response

Evaluate the member to see if should have been processed.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

IEB190I

MAXIMUM BLOCK SIZE IS maximum, MINIMUM BLOCK SIZE IS minimum

Explanation

The COPYMOD operation will copy or reblock load modules.

In the message text:

maximum

The maximum block size that will be written.

minimum

The minimum block size that will be written specifically to optimize track space.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

If different parameters are required, specify the MAXBLK= and/or MINBLK= parameters.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB191I

MAXBLK DEFAULTS TO maximum

Explanation

The MAXBLK= parameter specifies a value that is greater than the track size, greater than 32 kilobyte-8 (32760), less than 1 kilobyte (1024), or not a number.

In the message text:

maximum

The maximum block size.

The severity is 4.

System action

IEBCOPY uses the maximum value as the maximum block size. Processing continues.

Programmer response

If a smaller maximum block size is required, specify or correct the MAXBLK= parameter.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB192I

MINBLK DEFAULTS TO minimum

Explanation

The MINBLK= parameter specifies a value that is greater than the output data set block size, greater than MAXBLK= parameter, less than 1 kilobyte (1024), or not a number.

In the message text:

minimum

The minimum block size.

The severity is 4.

System action

IEBCOPY uses the minimum value as the minimum block size. Processing continues.

Programmer response

If a different minimum block size is required, specify or correct the MINBLK= parameter.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB193I

{MAXBLK | MINBLK}IS SPECIFIED ON OTHER THAN A COPYMOD STATEMENT

A MAXBLK or MINBLK parameter is found with a statement other than COPYMOD.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

Programmer response

Change the operation to COPYMOD or remove the MAXBLK= and/or MINBLK= operands.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB194I

CANNOT ALLOCATE ENOUGH STORAGE FOR ALTERMOD/COPYMOD -- INCREASE WORK= VALUE IN PARM FIELD

Explanation

There is not enough unallocated virtual storage available to reblock the records.

Virtual storage requirements vary with the input block size, the output block size, and the maximum number of RLD records that follow a block of text.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

Programmer response

Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY. See message IEB1055I.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB195I

RENAME/REPLACE NOT VALID WITH ALTERMOD

ALTERMOD has been specified. A SELECT statement MEMBER= operand contains a new name and/or the replace indicator, which is not allowed. ALTERMOD is an update-in-place operation does not replace nor rename members.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

Programmer response

Remove the rename or replace specification from the ALTERMOD statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB196I

INDD CANNOT EQUAL OUTDD WITH COPYMOD

Explanation

COPYMOD is not an update-in-place operation, so two different data sets must be used. Therefore, INDD= and OUTDD= must specify different DDNAMEs.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

Programmer response

Use a separate COPY (not COPYMOD) operation if a compress in place is also desired.

Make a full copy to a new data set.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB197I

INDD SPECIFIED WITH ALTERMOD

ALTERMOD is an update-in-place operation. The OUTDD= specifies the single data set that is updated. Specifying another data set (with INDD=) is meaningless.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

Programmer response

Remove the INDD= operand.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB198I

RECFM 'U' REQUIRED WITH {COPYMOD | ALTERMOD} FOR DDNAME ddname

Explanation

The data set associated with the *ddname* DD statement does not have undefined format records, so it can not contain any load modules for a COPYMOD or ALTERMOD operation.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the RECFM in the data set label. Look for an override on the ddnameDD statement.

Programmer response

Correct the ddname DD statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB199I

DSORG 'PO' REQUIRED WITH {COPYMOD | ALTERMOD} FOR DDNAME ddname

Explanation

The data set associated with the *ddname* DD statement is not a partitioned data set, so it can not contain any load modules for a COPYMOD or ALTERMOD operation.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the DSORG in the data set label. Look for an override on the DD statement.

Programmer response

Correct the DD statement.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB201I

INVALID CONTROL STATEMENT

Explanation

The syntax of the control statement preceding this message is incorrect.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the syntax of the preceding statement and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB202I

INVALID DIRECTORY BLOCK SIZE

Explanation

The length of the partitioned data set directory entry is less than 14 or greater than 256 bytes.

System action

The job step is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Ensure that the specified data set is a PDS. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB203I

ALIAS/TRUE NAME FAILURE

Explanation

A true name and an alias name were the same for SYSUT1 and SYSUT2 data sets.

System action

The name that is a member in one data set and an alias in the other data set is printed. Processing continues with the comparison of user data. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB205I

USER DATA FIELDS UNEQUAL

Explanation

The user data fields or TTRs of the SYSUT1 and SYSUT2 data sets are not identical.

The fields are listed and processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB210I

TRUE NAMES MISSING FROM BOTH SETS

Explanation

Not all the names in one directory have counterpart names in the other directory.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that at least one partitioned data set has true names associated with every member in the partitioned data set. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB211I

KEY LENGTHS ARE NOT EQUAL.

Explanation

The key lengths of the SYSUT1 and SYSUT2 data sets are not equal.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and input and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that both input data sets contain keys with the same length. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB212I

INVALID DCB PARAMETER

Either the record formats are not standard, or the BLKSIZE/LRECL is omitted from either the input or output DD statement.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that a valid RECFM was specified in the DCB, and that the BLKSIZE/LRECL parameter was included in the input or output DD statement. If the data set resides on an unlabeled tape, make sure that a valid RECFM was included in the DCB parameter in the DD statement. After making corrections, resubmit the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB213I

REPETITIOUS CARD INVALID

Explanation

A second COMPARE or LABELS statement has been encountered.

System action

The job is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Remove the extra command statement and resubmit the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB214I

FIXED RECORD LENGTHS UNEQUAL

Explanation

The record lengths of the SYSUT1 and SYSUT2 data sets are not the same.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that the logical records in both data sets are of the same length, and that the LRECL parameter in both DCBs are correctly specified. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB215I

RECORD FORMATS DIFFERENT

Explanation

The record characteristics of the SYSUT1 and SYSUT2 data sets are not the same.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that the record characteristics of the two data sets are compatible.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB216I

ILLEGAL CONTROL CARD SEQUENCE

Explanation

The COMPARE statement was not the first utility control statement, or two COMPARE statements were encountered.

System action

The job is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that there is only one COMPARE statement in the input stream. Resubmit the job.

DFSMSdfp

IEB217I

INVALID LRECL FOR V/VS RECORD

Explanation

The LL field of a variable-length record is less than 5, is greater than 32,756, or is greater than remaining size of the block.

System action

The job step is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem. Have the input data sets available.

Programmer response

Make sure that the input data sets are valid. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB218I

PERMANENT INPUT ERROR - FIND MACRO

Explanation

A permanent input error was found by the FIND macro instruction during a partitioned data set directory search.

System action

The job step is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

See Problem Determination, below.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB219I

INVALID BLKSIZE FOR V/VS RECORD

Explanation

The LL field of a variable-length block is less than 9 or greater than 32,760.

The job step is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem. Have the input data sets available.

Programmer response

Make sure that the input data sets are valid. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB221I

RECORDS ARE NOT EQUAL

Explanation

Two corresponding records do not contain the same data, or the second part of the record descriptor word is not equal (00).

System action

The records are printed and processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB222I

KEYS ARE NOT EQUAL

Explanation

Two corresponding keys do not contain the same data.

System action

The records are printed and processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB223I

EXTRA RECORD ON SYSUT2

Explanation

The SYSUT2 data set contains more records than the SYSUT1 data set.

System action

The records are printed and processing continues. The return code is 8.

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DFSMSdfp

IEB224I

EXTRA RECORD ON SYSUT1

Explanation

The SYSUT1 data set contains more records than the SYSUT2 data set.

System action

The records are printed and processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB225I

JOB TERMINATED AFTER EXIT

Explanation

The return code from an exit routine indicated that the job should be ended.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12 or 16, as determined by the exit routine.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB226I

WARNING - INVALID NAME

Explanation

The statement label either is longer than eight characters or contains an incorrect character.

System action

Processing continues normally.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the statement label. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB227I

TEN CONSECUTIVE ERRORS

Ten successive unequal comparisons have occurred, and an error routine was not specified.

System action

If the input data sets are sequential, the program is ended. The return code is 12. If the input data sets are partitioned, processing continues with the next member. If the current member is the last member, the program is ended. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB229I

DDNAME ddname CANNOT BE OPENED

Explanation

The named DD statement does not exist.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Either correct the DDNAME if it is misspelled in the DD statement or the DDLIST, or insert a new DD statement with the correct name.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB230I

SYSIN BLOCKSIZE ERROR

Explanation

The SYSIN DD statement specifies a block size that is not a multiple of the specified logical record length.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

Make sure that the block size is a multiple of the specified logical record length. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB231I

EXTRA USER INPUT HEADER LABELS ON SYSUT1

Explanation

The SYSUT1 data set contains more user input header labels than the SYSUT2 data set.

System action

The extra labels are printed and processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB232I

EXTRA USER INPUT HEADER LABELS ON SYSUT2

Explanation

The SYSUT2 data set contains more user input header labels than the SYSUT1 data set.

System action

The extra labels are printed and processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB233I

EXTRA USER INPUT TRAILER LABELS ON SYSUT1

Explanation

The SYSUT1 data set contains more user input trailer labels than the SYSUT2 data set.

System action

The extra labels are printed and processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB234I

EXTRA USER INPUT TRAILER LABELS ON SYSUT2

Explanation

The SYSUT2 data set contains more user input trailer labels than the SYSUT1 data set.

System action

The extra labels are printed and processing continues. The return code is 8.

DFSMSdfp

IEB235I

SYSUT1 CONTAINS NO USER INPUT HEADER LABELS

Explanation

The programmer requested the INHDR exit and/or label comparison, but there was no input header label on the SYSUT1 data set.

System action

Message IEB232I will be issued.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB236I

SYSUT2 CONTAINS NO USER INPUT HEADER LABELS

Explanation

The programmer requested the INHDR exit and/or label comparison, but there was no input header label on the SYSUT2 data set.

System action

Message IEB231I will be issued.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB237I

BOTH INPUT DATA SETS CONTAIN NO USER HEADER LABELS

Explanation

The programmer requested the INHDR exit and/or label comparison, but there were no input header labels on the SYSUT1 and SYSUT2 data sets.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB238I

SYSUT1 CONTAINS NO USER INPUT TRAILER LABELS

Explanation

The programmer requested the INTLR exit and/or label comparison, but there was no input trailer label on the SYSUT1 data set.

System action

Message IEB234I is also issued.

DFSMSdfp

IEB239I

SYSUT2 CONTAINS NO USER INPUT TRAILER LABELS

Explanation

The programmer requested the INTLR exit and/or label comparison, but there was no input trailer label on the SYSUT2 data set.

System action

Message IEB233I is also issued.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB240I

BOTH INPUT DATA SETS CONTAIN NO USER TRAILER LABELS

Explanation

The programmer requested the INTLR exit and/or label comparison, but there were no input trailer labels on the SYSUT1 and SYSUT2 data sets.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB241I

INPUT HEADER LABELS ARE NOT EQUAL

Explanation

Corresponding input header labels are not the same.

System action

The SYSUT1 label is listed first, followed by the SYSUT2 label. Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB242I

INPUT TRAILER LABELS ARE NOT EQUAL

Explanation

Corresponding input trailer labels are not the same.

System action

The SYSUT1 label is listed first, followed by the SYSUT2 label. Processing continues. The return code is 8.

DFSMSdfp

IEB243I

ERROR WHILE READING USER INPUT HEADER LABEL ON SYSUT1

Explanation

An uncorrectable input/output error occurred while reading the user input header labels on the SYSUT1 data set.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB244I

I/O ERROR WHILE READING USER INPUT HEADER LABEL ON SYSUT2

Explanation

An uncorrectable input/output error occurred while reading the user input header label on the SYSUT2 data set.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB245I

I/O ERROR WHILE READING USER INPUT TRAILER LABEL ON SYSUT1

Explanation

An uncorrectable input/output error occurred while reading the user input trailer label on the SYSUT1 data set.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

DFSMSdfp

IEB246I

I/O ERROR WHILE READING USER INPUT TRAILER LABEL ON SYSUT2

Explanation

An uncorrectable input/output error occurred while reading the user input trailer label on the SYSUT2 data set.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB247I

XXX INPUT {HEADER|TRAILER} LABELS FROM BOTH DATA SETS ARE COMPARED

Explanation

At the programmer's request, the indicated number of user input header or trailer labels were compared.

In the message text:

XXX

The indicated number of user input header or trailer labels.

System action

If the return code from the user exit routine is 16, message IEB225I is also issued. Otherwise, processing continues normally.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB248I

xxx EXITS TO routine IS MADE FOR {SYSUT1|SYSUT2} RETURN CODE FROM USER ROUTINE IS return-code

Explanation

The user label processing routine has been entered the indicated number of times for the SYSUT1 or SYSUT2 data set, as indicated in the message text. The routine returned a return code, indicating that no more labels will be processed.

In the message text:

XXX

The number of times the user label processing routine has been entered.

routine

The user label processing routine.

return-code

The return code.

System action

If the return code from the user routine is 16, message IEB225I is also issued. Otherwise, processing continues normally.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB249I

NO RECORDS ARE COMPARED, DATA=ONLY

Explanation

The programmer specified DATA=ONLY. Therefore, only user header labels are processed.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB250I

USER LABEL IS NOT SUPPORTED BY PARTITIONED DATA SET

Explanation

The programmer requested the INHDR or INTLR exit, but user labels are incorrect for partitioned data sets.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Specify the keyword parameter in the COMPARE statement if the data sets are indeed physical sequential. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB251I

INCOMPATIBLE MAXIMUM LOGICAL RECORD LENGTH

Explanation

One of the input data sets contains logical records greater than 32 kilobytes. The other one does not.

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that both data sets contain records of compatible logical record length. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB252I

KEYED DATA SETS. ONE CONTAINS SPANNED RECORD, THE OTHER ONE DOES NOT

Explanation

Both input data sets contain keyed records. One data set has variable spanned records. The other one does not.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that the input data sets are of compatible characteristics. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB253I

RECORDS ARE COMPARED AT PHYSICAL BLOCK LEVEL

Explanation

Since both data sets contain keyed spanned records or logical records greater than 32K bytes, the comparison is made at the block level.

System action

Processing continues normally.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB254I

CORRESPONDING BLOCK LENGTHS ARE NOT EQUAL

Corresponding block lengths are not the same.

System action

The blocks are printed, and processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB255I

CORRESPONDING RECORD LENGTHS ARE NOT EQUAL

Explanation

Corresponding lengths of variable or variable spanned records are not the same.

System action

The records are printed and processing continues. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB256I

IEBCOMPR DOES NOT COMPARE PARTITIONED DATA SETS WITH VS RECFM

Explanation

The programmer requested that partitioned data sets containing variable spanned (VS) records be compared. IEBCOMPR does not support this function.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Specify TYPORG=PS in the COMPARE statement if the input data sets are indeed physical sequential. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB257I

JOB TERMINATED AFTER EXIT FOR USER VOLUME SWITCH LABEL PROCESS

Explanation

The programmer requested that processing be ended after the volume switch input header/trailer labels were examined in the labels exit routine.

The program is ended. The return code is 16.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB258I

USER LABELS NOT COMPARED, UNABLE TO TAKE EXIT FOR ONE DATA SET

Explanation

The programmer wishes to process the input header/trailer labels as data, but the utility program is unable to take the input header/trailer label exit for one of the data sets. Probably, the SUL subparameter is missing from the SYSUT1 or SYSUT2 DD statement.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that both the SYSUT1 and SYSUT2 DD statements specify SUL in the LABEL parameter. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB259I

INVALID KEYWORD IN OR BEFORE COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a keyword beginning in or before the column is either incorrect or not applicable to the command for which it was specified.

In the message text:

dd

The indicated column.

System action

The job is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB260I

MISSING COMMAND IN OR BEFORE COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a command that should appear in or before the column is omitted. Possibly, the previous statement indicated a continuation, but the continuation indicator was not recognized, and the scan routine looked for a command on the preceding statement.

In the message text:

dd

The indicated column.

System action

The job is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB261I

INVALID PARAMETER IN OR BEFORE COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a keyword beginning in or before the column is incorrect:

- The parameter is longer than eight characters.
- The parameter is incorrect for the preceding keyword.
- The parameter is not immediately preceded by an equals sign.
- The parameter is misspelled.

System action

The job is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB262I

MISSING KEYWORD IN OR BEFORE COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a required keyword that should appear in or before the column is omitted, or a blank immediately preceded an equals sign.

In the message text:

dd

The indicated column.

System action

The job is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB263I

MISSING PARAMETER IN OR BEFORE COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a required parameter that should appear in or before the column is omitted.

In the message text:

dd

The indicated column.

System action

The job is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB264I

FIRST CONTROL CARD IS NOT COMPARE

Explanation

The COMPARE statement was not the first utility control statement.

System action

The job is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB265I

INVALID COMMAND IN OR BEFORE COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, the command beginning in or before the column is either misspelled or not immediately preceded or followed by a blank.

In the message text:

dd

The indicated column.

System action

The job is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

DFSMSdfp

IEB266I

CONTINUATION CARD BEGINS IN WRONG COLUMN

Explanation

The continuation statement preceding this message does not begin in columns 4-16.

System action

The job is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB267I

I/O ERROR jjj, sss, ddd, devtyp, ddname, op, err, xxxx, acc

Explanation

A permanent input/output error occurred while processing on the device indicated.

In the message text, the error analysis information provided by the SYNADAF data management macro instruction issued by the SYNAD routine was:

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddd

Device number of the device.

devtyp

Device type.

ddname

Data definition name.

ор

Operation attempted.

err

Error description.

XXXX

Last seek address of block count.

асс

Access method.

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DCB information was valid. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEB302I

INVALID PARAMETER LIST

Explanation

The parameter list supplied by the programmer is incorrect; that is, the halfword pointed to by the first word of the three-word parameter list contains a negative number.

System action

The program step is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that the length of the parameter list specified is not a negative number.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB303I

INVALID CONTROL STATEMENT

Explanation

The syntax of the control statement preceding this message is incorrect, or a parameter value that is inconsistent with the data set content has been specified.

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB304I

CONTROL STATEMENT INPUT ERROR

Explanation

A permanent input/output error was detected while reading the SYSIN data set.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Retry the operation. If the operation fails a second time with this same message, then in all probability a hardware error has occurred. Ensure the quality of the hardware medium on which the data set referenced by the SYSIN DD statement resides. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB305I

JOB TERMINATED AFTER LABEL EXIT

Explanation

A return code of 16 was returned by a LABEL exit routine, indicating that processing is ended.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 16.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB306I

JOB TERMINATED AFTER KEY EXIT

A return code of 12 or 16 was returned by a KEY exit routine, indicating that processing is ended.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12 or 16, as determined by the exit routine.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB307I

JOB TERMINATED AFTER DATA EXIT

Explanation

A return code of 12 or 16 was returned by a DATA exit routine, indicating that processing is ended.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12 or 16, as determined by the exit routine.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB308I

PERMANENT INPUT ERROR

Explanation

A permanent input/output error was detected while reading the SYSUT1 data set.

For example, two situations that cause this message to appear are:

- · fixed records with an LRECL or BLKSIZE of zero; or
- · variable records with incorrect block or record descriptor words.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that the DCB values are correct for the data set being processed.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB309I

PERMANENT OUTPUT ERROR

Explanation

A permanent input/output error was detected while writing the SYSUT2 data set.

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that the output DCB values are compatible with input DCB values, considering any record editing that was requested.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB310I

STOW ERROR IN OUTPUT DATA SET

Explanation

A permanent error occurred while writing the directory of the SYSUT2 data set. Possibly:

- The SYSUT2 data set is not partitioned.
- A member name was specified more than once in MEMBER statements.
- A member name was specified in a MEMBER statement, and a member of the same name already exists in the partitioned data set.
- Insufficient space was allocated for the directory.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that the SYSUT2 data set is partitioned, a member name is not specified more than once, and sufficient space is allocated for the directory, as necessary.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB311I

CONFLICTING DCB PARAMETERS

Explanation

The DCB parameters in the SYSUT2 DD statement are not compatible with those specified in the SYSUT1 DD statement. The reason for incompatibility could be one of the following:

1. The I/O block size is inconsistent with the I/O logical record length when the record format is FB or F

- 2. The I/O block size is not at least 4 bytes larger than the I/O logical record length when the record format is VB or V
- 3. The output logical record length is different from the input logic record length or the input record format is variable and the output record format is fixed when editing is not specified. Refer to *z/OS DFSMSdfp Utilities*, section "Changing Logical Record Length" under IEBGENER
- 4. The output block size is not equal to the input block size when the input record format is undefined.
- 5. The output logical record length is shorter than the input logical record length when the input and output record format is variable or variable blocked and editing is not specified.
- 6. One or more records from the input data set has a length longer than the output logical record length when the input and output record format is variable or variable blocked and editing is specified.

The job step is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that the DCB parameters of the output DD statement are compatible with the DCB parameters of the input DD statement, considering any editing that was requested.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB312I

JOB TERMINATED AFTER ERROR EXIT

Explanation

A return code of 16 was returned by an ERROR exit routine, indicating that processing is ended.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 16.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB315I

SPACE NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

Insufficient virtual storage space is available for the work area, buffers, and save areas.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Increase virtual storage size and resubmit job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB316I

DDNAME ddname CANNOT BE OPENED

Explanation

The DDNAME indicated on the DD statement does not exist. Perhaps a DDNAME is misspelled in an existing DD statement or ddlist.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB317I

JOB TERMINATED, NO INPUT BLKSIZE/LRECL

Explanation

The BLKSIZE/LRECL parameter was omitted from the input DD statement for SYSUT1.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB318I

JOB TERMINATED, NO OUTPUT BLKSIZE/LRECL

Explanation

The BLKSIZE/LRECL parameter was omitted from the output DD statement for SYSUT2.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB319I

INVALID SYSPRINT/SYSIN BLOCKSIZE

Explanation

The SYSPRINT/SYSIN DD statement specifies a block size that is not a multiple of the specified logical record length.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB320I

OUTPUT DATA SET WITH KEYS IN VS/VBS PROCESSING

During processing of other than "straight copy," the programmer specified keys for a VS or VBS output data set. If a change is required in the data set characteristics, or if editing is to be done, a key cannot be specified.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the data set characteristics (RECFM, BLKSIZE, LRECL) to be equal for the input and output data sets, and do not edit if keys are desired on VS or VBS records.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB321I

INPUT DATA SET WITH KEYS IN VS/VBS PROCESSING

Explanation

The input data set contained keys, and either the input or output data set contained VS or VBS records. The other data set did not contain VS or VBS records. If a change is required in the data set characteristics, or if editing is to be done, a key cannot be specified.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the data set characteristics (RECFM, BLKSIZE, LRECL) to be equal for the input and output data sets, and do not edit if keys are desired on VS or VBS records.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB322I

JOB TERMINATED AFTER OPENING OUTPUT DATA SET UPON USER REQUEST

Explanation

The input header user label routine requires ending of the job after the output data set is opened.

The job is ended. The return code is 16.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB323I

JOB TERMINATED AFTER HEADER LABEL PROCESSING

Explanation

The programmer specified a LABELS DATA=ONLY statement. Therefore, after the user header labels are processed, the program is ended.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB324I

XXX TIMES TO routine EXIT ROUTINE

Explanation

The user label exit routine has received control the indicated number of times.

In the message text:

XXX

The number of times the user label exit routine received control.

routine

The user label exit routine.

System action

Processing is continued. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB325I

LAST RETURN CODE WAS return-code

Explanation

The indicated return code was the last return code issued by the user routine specified in message IEB324I.

In the message text:

return-code

The return code.

System action

Processing is continued. The return code is 0.

DFSMSdfp

IEB326I

{SYSUT1|SYSUT2} | {HEADER|TRAILER} LABEL GAVE I/O ERROR

Explanation

A permanent input/output error occurred while reading or writing a SYSUT1 or SYSUT2 header or trailer label, as indicated in the message text. If the error occurred while reading or writing a header label, the data set was not opened.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Retry the operation. If the operation fails a second time with this same message, ensure the quality of the hardware medium on which the data set referenced by the SYSUT1 or SYSUT2 DD (see the details of the message) resides. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB327I

SPECIFIED KEY EXITS ARE NOT TAKEN

Explanation

The programmer specified key exits on a job requiring processing of a VS or VBS data set with reformatting.

System action

Key exits are not taken. Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Programmer response

Do not specify key exits.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB328I

LRECL EXCEEDS 32K; STRAIGHT COPY NOT SPECIFIED

Explanation

A process other than "straight copy" was specified. However:

- The RECFM specified for the input or output DCB was VS or VBS.
- The LRECL specified for the input or output DCB, or both, was greater than 32,756.

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make data set characteristics (RECFM, LRECL, BLKSIZE) equal for input and output data sets. Do not specify editing. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB329I

PDS NOT ALLOWED WHEN INPUT/OUTPUT DATA SET HAS RECFM=VS/VBS

Explanation

The programmer specified that the output data set should be partitioned, but the input and/or output data set has VS or VBS records which are incorrect.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Remove the utility control statements which specify the output data set as being a PDS, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB330I

TOTALING EXIT REQUESTS TERMINATION

Explanation

A return code of 16 was returned by the programmer's totaling routine, indicating that processing is ended.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 16.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB331I

PROCESSING ENDS UPON REQUEST OF TOTALING EXIT

Explanation

A return code of 8 was returned by the programmer's totaling routine, indicating that processing is ended, but normal end-of-data processing is completed for the output data set.

System action

Processing is ended, but normal end-of-data processing is completed for the output data set. The return code is

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB332I

TOTALING EXIT DEACTIVATED UPON ITS OWN REQUEST

Explanation

A return code of 0 was returned by the programmer's totaling routine, indicating that processing is continued, but no further totaling exits are taken.

System action

Processing continues, but no further totaling exits are taken. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB333I

RECORD LABELS=nnn STATEMENTS ARE REQUIRED

Explanation

The programmer has specified a LABELS DATA= INPUT statement. Therefore, RECORD LABELS= statements are also required.

In the message text:

nnn

The number of record labels.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. If user labels are desired, insert a RECORD LABELS= n statement and the associated labels statements in the input stream. If labels are not desired, remove the LABELS DATA=INPUT statement. Resubmit the job.

DFSMSdfp

IEB334I

NO EDITING OR CONVERSION WILL BE DONE

Explanation

Both data sets contain VS or VBS records, have the same block size, and have the same logical record length. Therefore, no editing or conversion is done.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB336I

INVALID COMMAND IN COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, the operation beginning in the specified column is incorrect:

- A GENERATE statement is not the first control statement.
- The GENERATE statement appears twice.
- An operation is misspelled.
- An operation other than GENERATE, EXITS, MEMBER, RECORD, or LABELS was specified.
- The LABELS statement appears twice.
- There are more input labels than are specified by the RECORD LABELS= n statement.

In the message text:

dd

the specified column.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB337I

INVALID KEYWORD IN COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a keyword beginning in the column is either misspelled, incorrect, or not applicable to the command for which it was specified.

In the message text:

dd

The specified column.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB338I

INVALID PARAMETER IS COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a parameter beginning in the column is incorrect:

- A member name contains more than eight characters.
- In the RECORD statement, the IDENT keyword is followed by more than three parameters.
- In the RECORD statement, the FIELD keyword is followed by more than four parameters.
- In the RECORD statement, the conversion parameters in the FIELD keyword are not HE, PZ, or ZD.
- In the RECORD statement, the LABELS keyword is not followed by a number from one to eight.
- In the LABELS statement, the parameters in the DATA keyword are not ALL, ONLY, YES, NO, or INPUT.
- In the GENERATE statement, the parameter in the MAXFLDS, MAXNAME, MAXGPS or MAXLITS keyword is not within the specified limits.

In the message text:

dd

The specified column.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB339I

COMMAND MISSING PRECEDING COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, no operation is specified before the column. Possibly, the preceding statement is a continuation statement, but the previous statement indicating the continuation contained an error and, therefore, the continuation was not recognized.

In the message text:

dd

The specified column.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB340I

KEYWORD MISSING PRECEDING COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a required keyword that should appear before the column is omitted. That is, the NAME keyword is not specified in the MEMBER statement, or the DATA keyword is not specified in the LABELS statement.

In the message text:

dd

The specified column.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB341I

PARAMETER MISSING PRECEDING COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a parameter that should appear before the column is omitted. That is, a keyword is not followed by a parameter, or the IDENT keyword in the RECORD statement is not followed by all three parameters.

In the message text:

dd

The specified column.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB342I

INVALID SPACE ALLOCATION

Explanation

Required keywords in the GENERATE statement are omitted, or their parameter values are too small. This message is also issued if a RECORD LABELS= n statement is not preceded by a LABELS DATA=INPUT statement.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

DFSMSdfp

IEB343I

ALLOWED NO. OF CARDS EXCEEDED

Explanation

Three or more LABELS statements were encountered. Two LABELS statements are the maximum number allowed.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB344I

WARNING: INVALID STATEMENT LABEL

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, the name field is greater than eight characters, or contains an incorrect character.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB345I

CONTINUATION NOT STARTED IN 4-16

Explanation

The statement preceding this message does not contain any characters in columns 4-16, indicating that the statement is not a continuation. However, the previous statement indicated that a continuation statement was to follow.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB346I

MISSING PARENTHESIS

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a closing parenthesis is omitted, or an error was encountered in a parameter list before the closing parenthesis.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB347I

DUPLICATE KEYWORD

Explanation

In the EXITS statement preceding this message, a keyword is specified twice.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

DFSMSdfp

IEB348I

PRECEDING MEMBER REQUIRES 'IDENT'

Explanation

Two MEMBER statements were encountered; however, there was no RECORD IDENT statement associated with the first MEMBER statement.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB349I

INCONSISTENT PARAMETERS IN FIELD OR IDENT

Explanation

The first two parameters on an IDENT or FIELD keyword are not consistent with each other.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that the length indicator is accurate for the parameter it is describing, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB350I

LITERAL LENGTH EXCEEDS 40

Explanation

In the RECORD statement preceding this message, the literal specified in the FIELD keyword is greater than 40 bytes.

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB351I

I/O ERROR jjj, sss, ddd, devtyp, ddname, op, err, xxxx, acc

Explanation

A permanent input/output error occurred while processing on the device indicated.

In the message text, the error analysis information provided by the SYNADAF data management macro instruction issued by the SYNAD routine was:

iii

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddd

Device number of the device.

devtyp

Device type.

ddname

Data definition name.

op

Operation attempted.

err

Error description.

XXXX

Last seek address or block count.

асс

Access method.

System action

The job step is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Make sure that the data set characteristics accurately describe the data set which is being accessed. If they do not, correct them, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEB352I

WARNING: ONE OR MORE OF THE OUTPUT DCB PARMS COPIED FROM INPUT

Explanation

When DCB parameters RECFM, LRECL, and BLKSIZE are not available from the output data set, the IEBGENER program copies these values from the input data set. One or more of the three DCB parameters are copied. See the *z/OS DFSMSdfp Utilities* for a more detailed table.

Programmer response

If you want to change the output RECFM, BLKSIZE, and LRECL, always specify the RECFM (except for U) and the BLKSIZE on the output DD statement. Also, the LRECL must be present on the output DD statement if editing is required.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB353I

INVALID DBCS CHARACTERS IN RECORD

Explanation

A record in the input data file contains characters that are not valid DBCS characters. Valid DBCS characters are X'4040' and two bytes with values of X'41' through X'FE'.

System action

The program continues until all input records have been processed. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB354I

INVALID SO AND SI CHARACTERS IN RECORD.

Explanation

A record in the input data file contains SO and/or SI characters. SO and/or SI are in the wrong location in the record, or they are unpaired (for every SO, you must have an SI).

System action

The program continues until all input records have been processed. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB355I

UNBRACKETED DBCS DATA.

Explanation

A record in the input data file contains DBCS data that should be bracketed with SO and SI characters but is not.

System action

The program continues until all input records have been processed. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB356I

FIELD OUTPUT LOCATIONS OVERLAP

Explanation

The output location variables in a set of field parameters overlap one another. This will result in questionable results in the output.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB357I

DBCS DATA NOT AN EVEN NUMBER OF BYTES

Explanation

DBCS data must contain an even number of bytes. This record contains data that is identified as DBCS data, but has an odd number of bytes.

The program continues until all input records have been processed. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB358I

DBCS CV CONVERSION AND NO SO/SI BYTES FOUND.

Explanation

DBCS CV conversion works on mixed DBCS data. Mixed DBCS data must have at least one set of SO and SI bytes.

System action

The program continues until all input records have been processed. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB359I

DBCS STRING LENGTH ERROR.

Explanation

There is a problem with the length of the DBCS string. Most likely the last DBCS character is not followed by an SI byte.

System action

The program continues until all input records have been processed. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB360I

RECORD IDENTIFYING DBCS DATA NOT BRACKETED.

Explanation

A DBCS data string was found during the search for the last record of a group that matches the string entered in an IDENTG parameter, but the string in the input record is not bracketed by SO and SI bytes. This record does not qualify as the last record of the group.

System action

The program continues until all input records have been processed. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB361I

DBCS ERRORS IN RECORD nnnnnnnnn.

Explanation

If the input data has DBCS errors, this message identifies the record number (starting with 1) of the record in error. Messages identifying the types of errors will follow this message.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnnn

The record number indicated.

System action

The program continues until all input records have been processed.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB362I

text

Explanation

This message displays questionable data in the input file. It may appear along with other messages as additional information.

In the message text:

text

The text of the message.

System action

The program continues until all input records have been processed.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB363I

DBCS LENGTH VARIABLE NOT AN EVEN VALUE.

Explanation

The length variable contains a value that is not an even number.

The program continues until all input records have been processed. The return code is 12.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB364I

UNBRACKETED IDENTG LITERAL.

Explanation

The literal in an IDENTG parameter is not bracketed with SO and SI bytes.

System action

The program ends. The return code is 12.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB365I

WARNING SYSUT2 USING RECFM=U. UNBLOCKED.

Explanation

The SYSUT2 DD statement did not specify a record format but did specify a block size (BLKSIZE). The SYSUT1 DD statement specified RECFM=F. Because SYSUT2 did not specify RECFM, the system supplies RECFM=U; thus, each block will contain only one record.

System action

The system allows the job to run to completion.

Programmer response

On the SYSUT2 DD statement, either specify all three parameters (RECFM, LRECL, and BLKSIZE) or specify none of the parameters. If you specify none, IEBGENER copies RECFM, LRECL, and BLKSIZE from the SYSUT1 statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB366I

WARNING EMPTY DATA SET NOT COPIED TO TAPE.

Explanation

An attempt was made to copy an EMPTY data set to tape. The SYSUT2 data set will be OPENED and CLOSED and an EOF will be written on the tape but no data will be transferred.

The job runs to completion. The return code is 4.

Programmer response

None.

IEB367I

SYSUT2 MEMBER NAME NOT SPECIFIED FOR PDS

Explanation

An attempt was made to copy to a PDS without specifying a member name on the SYSUT2 DD statement.

System action

The program is terminated. The return code is 12.

Programmer response

Specify at least one member name for the PDS data set supplied in SYSUT2 DD statement. The member name can be given either via the SYSUT2 DD statement (this option may be used only if one ouput member needs to be supplied) or via the MEMBER control statement (one MEMBER statement per output member needed). Correct the error and resubmit the job.

IEB368I

SYSTEM DETERMINED BLKSIZE USED FOR OUTPUT

Explanation

The SYSUT2 DD statement did not specify a BLKSIZE. The output BLKSIZE need not be specified if LRECL and RECFM are specified or available from the input data set. If LRECL and RECFM, but not BLKSIZE are specified for the SYSUT2 data set, the system will determine an optimal BLKSIZE, SDB (system-determined BLKSIZE).

System action

The system allows the job to run through completion.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB369I

EDITING CANNOT BE DONE FOR RECFM=U IF BLKSIZE > 32760.

Explanation

An attempt was made to do editing, involving a data set with RECFM=U and block size exceeding 32760. Editing is not supported when LBI is involved for RECFM=U data sets.

System action

The program is terminated. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the user program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the relevant job log.

Programmer response

Do not specify editing, if input or output or both data sets need(s) to have RECFM=U and block size > 32760. Alternatively, if the data set(s) can have small block size, specify block size accordingly. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB401I

PRINT/PUNCH STATEMENT NOT FIRST.

Explanation

A PRINT or PUNCH statement is not the first utility control statement.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB402I

INVALID OPERATION

Explanation

In the utility statement preceding this message, the operation is incorrect.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

DFSMSdfp

IEB403I

MORE THAN TWO TITLE STATEMENTS.

Explanation

More than two TITLE statements are included. Two TITLE statements are the maximum number allowed.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB404I

KEYWORD INVALID OR OMITTED

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a required keyword is either incorrect or missing.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB405I

PARAMETER INVALID OR OMITTED

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a required parameter is either incorrect, inconsistent, or missing.

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct or include the required parameter on the preceding statement. If multiple RECORD statements are included, make sure that an IDENT parameter is contained in each statement except the last. The last statement does not require the IDENT parameter.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB406I

JOB TERMINATED AFTER USER EXIT

Explanation

The job was ended after control was returned from an exit routine.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12 or 16, as determined by the exit routine.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB407I

JOB TERMINATED DUE TO I/O ERROR

Explanation

A permanent input/output error was encountered.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Check the DCB parameters of the SYSUT1 or the SYSIN data sets. Make sure that the maximum LRECL size is specified for variable-length records. Make sure that TYPORG=PO was not specified for a physical sequential data set. If SYSUT1 record format is V or VS, make sure there are no records less than the minimum 5 bytes long. Make sure that SYSIN BLKSIZE is a multiple of 80.

DFSMSdfp

IEB408I

MEMBER memname CANNOT BE FOUND

Explanation

The member specified is not contained in the SYSUT1 data set.

In the message text:

memname

The specified member name.

System action

The member is not printed or punched. If there is another MEMBER statement, the next member is read; otherwise, the program is ended. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that the member to be printed or punched is contained in the SYSUT1 data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB409I

INVALID CONTROL STATEMENT

Explanation

The construction of the control statement preceding this message is incorrect.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that the construction of the preceding statement is correct. If this is a TITLE card, make sure there are valid parentheses with the ITEM keyword.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB410I

INCORRECT RECORD STATEMENT

Explanation

The RECORD statement preceding this message is incorrect.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. If an IDENT keyword is in the preceding RECORD statement, make sure that the sum of the input-location parameter minus one and the length parameter does not exceed the SYSUT1 logical record length. If one or more FIELD keywords are in the preceding RECORD statement, make sure that the sum of the input-location parameter and the length parameter does not exceed the SYSUT1 logical record length. Also, make sure that the sum of all length parameters, for fields defined in the preceding RECORD statement, does not exceed the specified output length minus one per printed line or per punched card.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB411I

DDNAME ddname CANNOT BE OPENED

Explanation

The indicated DDNAME on the DD statement does not exist. Perhaps a DDNAME is misspelled in an existing DD statement or ddlist.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB412I

INVALID INP/OUTP DCB PARAMETER

Explanation

One or more parameters in the BLKSIZE or LRECL keywords were omitted from the SYSUT1/SYSUT2 DD statement. The omitted parameters were replaced by the value 1.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that the DCB contains all necessary parameters.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB414I

parm PARAMETER IS TOO SMALL

Explanation

The number of FIELD keywords, IDENT keywords, literals, or name keywords in MEMBER or RECORD statements is greater than the number specified in parameter *parm*-MAXFLDs, MAXLITS, MAXLINE, or MAXNAME.

In the message text:

parm

The indicated parameter.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Specify a greater value for the parameter.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB415I

VS/VBS DATA PROCESSED IN BLOCKS

Explanation

The LRECL specified for the VS or VBS input data area exceeds 32,756 bytes.

Processing continues on a physical basis; that is, blocks, rather than logical records, are printed or punched.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB416I

PREFORM, VS LRECL LARGER THAN 32K

Explanation

The LRECL specified for the VS or VBS input data set exceeds 32,756 bytes, and PREFORM was specified in the PRINT or PUNCH utility control statement.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Reformat the data set or delete the PREFORM parameter from the PRINT or PUNCH control statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB417I

DATA SET EMPTY, RETURN CODE IS 4.

Explanation

The data set to be printed or punched contains no data.

System action

The print or punch operation is ended. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB418I

VS/VBS NOT ALLOWED IN PDS

Explanation

The data set organization conflicts with the record format; that is, if RECFM=VS or VBS, then TYPORG must be PS.

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. If SYSUT1 record format is VS or VBS, make sure that TYPORG=PO was not specified.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB419I

USER RETURN CODE return-code INVALID

Explanation

The return code was returned by the user. However, the return code is incorrect if it is other than 0, 4, or 16.

In the message text:

return-code

The return code.

System action

The return code is ignored. Processing continues according to prior conditions.

Programmer response

Change the return code to 0, 4, or 16.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB420I

SYSIN IS EMPTY

Explanation

The SYSIN data set does not contain any IEBPTPCH control statements.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

188 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

DFSMSdfp

IEB421I

I/O ERROR jjj, sss, ddd, devtyp, ddname, op, err, xxxx, acc

Explanation

A permanent input/output error occurred while processing on the device.

In the message text, the error analysis information provided by the SYNADAF data management macro instruction issued by the SYNAD routine was:

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddd

Device number of the device.

devtyp

Device type.

ddname

Data definition name.

op

Operation attempted.

err

Error description.

XXXX

Last seek address or block count.

асс

Access method.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

INVALID KEYWORD IN COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a keyword beginning in the column indicated is either incorrect or not applicable to the command for which it is specified.

In the message text:

dd

The column indicated.

System action

The program is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the incorrect keyword in the preceding statement. If this is a LABELS command, make sure that the keyword specified for the DATA= operand is either ALL, ONLY, YES, or NO. If this is a PRINT command, make sure that the parameter specified for the CNTRL keyword is not greater than that specified for the MAXLINE keyword. If this is a PUNCH command, make sure that neither the INITPG nor MAXLINE keyword has been specified.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB432I

INVALID PARAMETER IN COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a parameter beginning in the column indicated is either incorrect or not applicable to the keyword for which it is specified.

In the message text:

dd

The column indicated.

System action

The program is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the incorrect parameter on the preceding statement. If the NAME, INREC, or OUTREC keywords are specified, make sure that the parameter does not exceed 8 characters.

DFSMSdfp

IEB433I

MISSING KEYWORD BEFORE COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a required keyword that should appear before the column indicated is either omitted, preceded, or followed by an incorrect delimiter.

In the message text:

dd

The column indicated.

System action

The program is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB434I

MISSING PARAMETER BEFORE COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a required parameter that should appear before the column indicated is either omitted, preceded, or followed by an incorrect delimiter.

In the message text:

dd

The column indicated.

System action

The program is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct or include the required parameter on the preceding statement. If a TITLE statement precedes this message, make sure that the literal in the ITEM parameter does not exceed 40 characters.

DFSMSdfp

IEB435I

MISSING COMMAND PRECEDING COLUMN dd

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a required command that should appear before the column indicated is omitted. If it is a continuation statement, however, an error occurred on the preceding statement.

System action

The program is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB436I

INVALID COMMAND

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, a command is incorrect or incorrect because of conditions set by commands, keywords, or parameters on previous statements.

System action

The program is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the command on the preceding statement. Make sure that previous keywords and parameters, such as MAXGPS or MAXNAME, do not conflict with this command or that no RECORD command precedes the first MEMBER command.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB437I

INVALID ITEM PARAMETER

Explanation

The "title" or "output-location" parameter of the ITEM operand in a TITLE statement is incorrect.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that the "title" field of the ITEM operand does not exceed 40 bytes, is not zero, or does not contain one apostrophe instead of two. Also, make sure that the sum of the "title" length and the "output-location" length does not exceed the output logical record length.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB438I

INVALID NAME

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, the statement name is either too long or contains an incorrect character.

System action

Processing continues normally. However, the control statement is ignored.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB439I

CONTINUATION NOT STARTED IN 4-16

Explanation

In the continuation statement preceding this message, data does not begin in columns 4 through 16.

System action

The program is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that the continuation statement begins in columns 4 through 16. If the statement is not a continuation, however, correct the previous statement that indicates a continuation.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB440I

MISSING PARENTHESIS

Explanation

In the statement preceding this message, either a parenthesis is omitted, or there is an error within the parentheses.

System action

The program is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB441I

MEMBER INVALID: TYPORG NOT PO

Explanation

The MEMBER statement preceding this message is incorrect since physical sequential (PS) organization was specified. That is, TYPORG=PO must be specified on the PRINT or PUNCH utility control statement.

System action

The program is ended at the end of the control statement scan. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. If SYSUT1 specifies a physical sequential data set, remove the MEMBER statement. If SYSUT1 specifies a partitioned data set, specify TYPORG=PO on the PRINT or PUNCH statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB442I

USER LABEL I/O ERROR CAUSED TERM.

Explanation

An uncorrectable I/O error occurred.

- A standard user label exit was present and the error occurred during label processing.
- A user totaling exit was present and the error occurred while the utility was placing data on the output data set.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

Programmer response

If further handling of the error is desired, the user exit should be expanded to examine the standard status information and issue an appropriate message.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB443I

INVALID CHARACTER IN ppppp nnnnnn

Explanation

An incorrect DBCS character code was encountered.

In the message text:

ppppp

The position in the record.

nnnnnn

The record.

System action

The incorrect character code is changed to a DBCS period. The system continues processing. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Correct the input data and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB444I

UNPAIRED SO IN ppppp nnnnnn

Explanation

An SO character is not paired with an SI.

In the message text:

ppppp

The position in the record.

nnnnnn

The record.

System action

The incorrect SO will be changed to an SBCS period. The system continues processing. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Correct the input data and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB445I

UNPAIRED SI IN ppppp nnnnnn

Explanation

An SI character is not paired with an SO character.

In the message text:

ppppp

The position in the record.

nnnnnn

The record.

System action

The incorrect SI is changed to an SBCS period. The system continues processing. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Correct the input data and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB446I

ILLEGAL DBCS LENGTH ppppp nnnnnn

Explanation

A DBCS field has an odd length.

In the message text:

ppppp

The position in the record.

nnnnnn

The record.

The SO and SI characters are changed to an SBCS period. The system continues processing. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Correct the input data and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB447I

CONVERSION VARIABLE CV INVALID

Explanation

The CV conversion variable is present, but the DBCS parameter is NO.

System action

The system ends processing. The return code is 12.

Programmer response

Correct the input parameters and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB448I

CONVERSION VARIABLE VC INVALID

Explanation

The VC conversion variable is present, but the DBCS parameter is NO.

System action

The system ends processing. The return code is 12.

Programmer response

Correct the input parameters and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB449I

LENGTH ERROR IN RECORD STATEMENT

Explanation

A DBCS conversion variable is present on a record statement, but the length is odd.

System action

The system ends processing. The return code is 12.

Programmer response

Correct the input parameters and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB451I

FIELD OUTPUT LOCATIONS OVERLAP

Explanation

The output location variables in a set of field parameters overlap one another. The resulting output will be questionable.

System action

The system ends the program.

Programmer response

Correct the overlap error. Submit the job again.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

•

IEB700I

DATA GENERATION HAS BEEN [SUCCESSFULLY] COMPLETED. COMPLETION CODE IS ccc

Explanation

If the code is ZERO, data generation was successfully completed.

If the code is FOUR, the job step was ended at the request of the user.

If code is EIGHT, an error occurred while processing a utility control statement.

If the code is TWELVE, an error occurred while processing an input or output data set.

If the code is SIXTEEN, incorrect parameters were encountered in a data control block while opening a data set.

In the message text:

ccc

The completion code.

System action

The program is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If the code is ZERO or FOUR, no action is necessary.

If the code is EIGHT, correct the appropriate control statements, and resubmit the job step.

If the code is TWELVE, correct the error condition described in message IEB729I, and resubmit the job step.

If the code is SIXTEEN, correct the appropriate DD statement, and resubmit the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB702I

OPERATION WAS NOT DSD, FD, CREATE, REPEAT, OR END. CORRECT AND RERUN.

Explanation

The preceding utility control statement specified an incorrect operation; that is, the operation was not DSD, FD, CREATE, REPEAT, or END.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB703I

INVALID KEYWORD VALUE. DELIMITER, DESCRIPTOR OR TYPE IS IMPROPER OR DUPLICATED. AN FD NAME HAS OCCURRED PREVIOUSLY.

Explanation

The keyword value pinpointed by message IEB727I (if any) is incorrect. Possibly:

- A double quotation mark specified within a picture caused an incorrect length.
- A starting character of * was used when AL or AN format was specified.
- A character other than 0-9 or A-F was used when a hexadecimal digit was to be specified.
- A non-numeric character was used when a decimal number was to be specified.

- A keyword was misspelled.
- An FD statement contained a previously used name.
- Mutually exclusive subparameters are encountered such as FORMAT=CO and ACTION=RO. In this case, message IEB727I will not precede this message.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB704I

INPUT DDNAME ON CREATE OR FD CARD IS NOT SPECIFIED ON DSD CARD.

Explanation

The ddname specified on a CREATE or FD statement was not referred to on the DSD statement beginning this set of utility control statements. The IEBDG program was unable to open the data set.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB705I

INVALID KEYWORD, POSSIBLE IMBEDDED COMMA.

The keyword pinpointed by message IEB727I is incorrect. Possibly, the keyword is misspelled or contains an embedded comma.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB706I

NUMBER SPECIFIED IS LARGER THAN 32,767 OR EXCEEDS MACHINE CAPACITY.

Explanation

A length parameter on an FD statement was specified larger than 32,767 or machine capacity during an INDEX operation. No conversion is performed.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB707I

FD NAME ON CREATE CARD IS NOT PREVIOUSLY DEFINED BY AN FD CARD OR IS NOT ASSOCIATED WITH CORRECT DCB.

Explanation

The NAME parameter on a CREATE statement does not specify a value previously defined on an FD statement.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB708I

PICTURE LENGTH TOO LARGE FOR CONVERSION

Explanation

A decimal picture was to be converted to packed decimal or to a binary equivalent; however, the number of digits specified in the picture exceeds 16. No conversion is performed.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB709I

USER EXIT ROUTINE RETURNED AN INVALID RETURN CODE

Explanation

The return code returned from the user exit routine was other than 0, 4, 12, or 16.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

Contact the IBM Support Center. Have program listing of the associated user exit routine available.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the user exit routine so that a valid return code is returned and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB710I

UNABLE TO GET ENOUGH SPACE TO PROCESS REMAINING CONTROL CARDS

Explanation

A GETMAIN operation was unable to get sufficient space to process the remaining control statements.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. If a REGION parameter was specified, ensure that the specified value is sufficient to complete the necessary processing and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB711I

KEYWORD VALUE NOT FOLLOWED BY A BLANK OR COMMA

Explanation

The keyword value pinpointed by message IEB727I is not followed by a blank or a comma.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB712I

CONTROL CARD NAME OR KEYWORD VALUE EXCEEDS 8 CHARACTERS

Explanation

The length of a keyword value or control statement name is greater than 8 characters.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB713I

FLAGGED KEYWORD IS NOT COMPATIBLE WITH A PRECEDING KEYWORD

Explanation

The keyword pinpointed by message IEB727I is not compatible with another keyword already specified on the same statement. (For example, the keywords PICTURE and FORMAT cannot be used together.)

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB714I

REPEAT CARD ERROR OR REQUIRED NUMBER OF CREATE CARDS NOT PRESENT

One of the following error conditions occurred:

- Two or more REPEAT statements refer either to the same CREATE statement or to the same group of CREATE statements.
- A CREATE keyword in a REPEAT statement specifies a number greater than the number of following CREATE statements.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB715I

NAME AND/OR LENGTH OR QUANTITY SPECIFICATION(S) OMITTED FROM FD AND/OR REPEAT CARD

Explanation

One or more of the field name, length, and quantity specifications is missing from an FD and/or REPEAT statement.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB716I

PICTURE STRING OR FD FIELD OVERFLOWS OUTPUT RECORD OR INPUT FIELD SELECTED OVERRUNS INPUT WORKAREA

During construction of an output record by a CREATE statement, a specified picture string or FD field extended past the end of the defined record.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set. Make sure that the DCB parameters are correct. Compare the LRECL parameter value with the length of the defined record, and make sure the value is specified correctly. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB717I

INPUT RECORD SIZE EXCEEDS SPECIFIED OUTPUT RECORD SIZE

Explanation

The record length specified in a DD statement for an output data set is not sufficient to contain corresponding input records.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB718I

DSD CONTROL CARD MUST BE FIRST CARD OF SET

Explanation

The DSD control statement is either out of order or missing.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Insert the missing DSD statement, or correct the sequence of control statements.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB720I

BLANK DOES NOT FOLLOW OPERATION OR CONTROL CARD NAME

Explanation

The control statement name or operation is not followed by a blank.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB721I

KEYWORD, KEYWORD VALUE OR DELIMITER IS MISSING OR EXTENDS INTO COLUMN 72

Explanation

A required keyword, keyword value, or delimiter is missing or is specified in column 72.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB723I

PICTURE PARAMETER IS NOT FOLLOWED BY A BLANK OR COMMA

Explanation

The picture length subparameter or the picture value field is not followed by a blank or comma.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Since the output data set may have been only partially completed, run IEHPROGM to scratch the data set, if necessary. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB724I

UNABLE TO OPEN DATA SET. LOOK FOR CONFLICTING VALUES OR MISSING DD CARD

Explanation

An input or output data set referred to by a DSD statement could not be opened. Possibly, the DD statement is missing or the BLKSIZE, LRECL, or RECFM subparameters is incorrect.

System action

No syntax checking or data generation is performed for this set of utility control statements. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB725I

A DUPLICATE DSD CARD HAS BEEN FOUND. CHECK FOR MISSING END CARD.

Explanation

An END statement is either out of order or missing.

System action

Syntax checking of the remainder of the utility control statements in this set continues, but no additional data is generated. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB726I

EXEC STATEMENT PARM PARAMETER IS CODED INCORRECTLY

Explanation

The PARM parameter of the EXEC statement contains an incorrect character, or does not contain a 4-digit decimal number.

System action

The line count of the message data set is set to a default value of 58. The return code is 0.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. If the default value assumed is unacceptable, correct the LINECNT subparameter on the EXEC statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB727I ERROR

Explanation

This message immediately follows an error message and pinpoints the location of syntax errors, incompatible keywords, and other control statement coding errors. In most cases, the "E" of ERROR falls directly below the point at which the error was detected in the preceding control statement.

System action

The system action and return code are as indicated in the error message that follows this message.

Programmer response

Respond as indicated in the error message that follows this message.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB728I

INPUT STREAM FLUSHED FROM THIS POINT. LRECL, BLKSIZE, OR RECFM INCORRECT IN INPUT OR OUTPUT DCB

Explanation

An input or output data set could not be opened. Probably, the LRECL, BLKSIZE, or RECFM specification for the data set is incorrect or missing.

System action

No syntax checking or data generation is performed for this set of utility control statements. Processing continues normally with the next DSD statement encountered. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB729I

PERMANENT I/O ERROR, jjj, sss, ddd, devtyp, ddname, op, err, xxxx, acc

Explanation

A permanent input/output error occurred while processing on the device.

In the message text, the error analysis information provided by the SYNADAF data management macro instruction issued by the SYNAD routine was:

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddd

Device number of the device.

devtyp

Device type.

ddname

Data definition name.

op

Operation attempted.

err

Error description.

XXXX

Last seek address or block count.

асс

Access method.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the error condition as indicated in the message text.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB801I

{OM|NM} LRECL AND BLOCKSIZE ASSUMED 80/80

Explanation

Necessary DCB parameters were omitted from the SYSUT1 (indicated by OM or old master) or SYSUT2 (indicated by NM or new master) DD statement. The program assumes that the SYSUT1 or SYSUT2 data set, as applicable, contains 80-byte unblocked records.

System action

Processing continues. However, if the data set does not contain 80-byte unblocked records, additional messages will be generated during processing, and the job step will be ended. The return code is 0.

System programmer response

Use IEHLIST to list the VTOCs of the volumes on which the old master and new master data sets reside. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If the record format specifications assumed are correct, there is no response required. Otherwise, correct the applicable parameters.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB802I

I/O ERROR jjj, sss, ddd, devtyp, ddname, op, err, xxxx, acc

Explanation

A permanent input/output error occurred while processing on the device.

In the message text, the error analysis information provided by the SYNADAF data management macro instruction issued in the SYNAD routine was:

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddd

Device number of the device.

devtyp

Device type.

ddname

Data definition name.

op

Operation attempted.

err

Error description.

XXXX

Track address or relative block number.

асс

Access method.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the error condition indicated in the message text.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEB803I

PERMANENT INPUT ERROR - FIND MACRO

Explanation

A permanent input error was detected by the FIND macro instruction while attempting to search a partitioned data set directory.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Check the DD statement describing the SYSUT1 data set for missing or incorrect parameters.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB804I

PERMANENT INPUT ERROR - BLDL MACRO

Explanation

A permanent input/output error was detected by the BLDL macro when attempting to search a partitioned data set directory.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Check the DD statement describing the SYSUT1 data set for missing or incorrect parameters.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB805I

CONTROL STATEMENT ERROR

In the utility control statement preceding this message, a name, keyword, or parameter is incorrect.

System action

If the data set is partitioned, the program continues processing with the next function statement. If the data set is not partitioned, the program is ended. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB806I

STATEMENT SEQUENCE ERROR

Explanation

Either the utility control statements are out of sequence, or an unnecessary statement has been encountered.

System action

If the data set is partitioned, the program continues processing with the next function statement. If the data set is not partitioned, the program is ended. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB807I

INVALID OPERATION

Explanation

The statement preceding this message is inconsistent with previously specified parameters. Possibly:

- A DELETE statement is encountered during an UPDATE=INPLACE operation.
- A CHANGE statement is encountered, but PARM=NEW was specified on the EXEC statement.
- Data statements are out of sequence. Old master records are out of sequence and renumbering was not requested.
- A NUMBER statement with a SEQ1 parameter is encountered following an ADD statement.

• More than 16 alias statements have been found for the member scheduled to be updated.

System action

If the data set is partitioned, the program continues processing with the next function statement. If the data set is not partitioned, the program is ended. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB808I

TERMINATED THIS MEMBER. IEBUPDTE WILL TRY NEXT MEMBER

Explanation

A control statement error, a statement sequence error, or an incorrect operation has ended an update operation.

System action

Processing continues with the next function statement. The return code is 0.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Correct the control statement error.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB810I

DELETE RANGE INVALID

Explanation

In the DELETE statement preceding this message, the SEQ1 or SEQ2 value specified does not match a sequence number in an existing logical record.

System action

Processing continues with the next function statement. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB811I

NUMBER RANGE INVALID

Explanation

In the NUMBER statement preceding this message, the SEQ1 value does not match a sequence number in an existing logical record.

System action

Processing continues with the next function to be performed. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB812I

DIRECTORY WRITE ERROR

Explanation

A permanent input/output error occurred while writing the directory of the SYSUT2 data set.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Ensure that sufficient space is allocated for the directory on the SYSUT2 DD statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB813I

OUTPUT DIRECTORY FULL

Explanation

Insufficient space was allocated for directory entries in the SYSUT2 data set. Therefore, the member was not placed in the data set.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Re-create the SYSUT2 data set, allocating sufficient space for the additional directory entries. Then resubmit IEBUPDTE to include the members that were omitted.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB814I

DDNAME ddname CANNOT BE OPENED

Explanation

The data set specified on the DD statement cannot be opened. Possibly, the LRECL or BLKSIZE for the SYSIN volume is not equal to, or a multiple of, 80.

In the message text:

ddname

Identifies the DD statement.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB815I

A control statement specified the processing of two input sequential data sets in the same job step.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Ensure that there is no disagreement between the JCL and the user control statements. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB816I

{MEMBER NAME mem FOUND|MEMBER NAME mem FOUND IN NM DIRECTORY. TTR IS NOW ALTERED}

Explanation

For the first format of the message, the member name specified on an ADD statement already exists.

For the second format of the message, the member name exists in the new master (NM) directory.

In the message text:

mem

The member name.

System action

For the first format of the message, the program is ended. The return code is 12.

For the second format of the message, an entry (TTR) is altered and processing continues. The return code is 0.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

For the first format of the message, change the member name to be added. For the second format of the message, no action is necessary.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB817I MEMBER NAME mem NOT FOUND IN NM DIRECTORY. STOWED WITH TTR

The member name does not exist in the directory of the new master (NM) data set.

In the message text:

mem

The member name.

System action

An entry (TTR) is made for the member in the directory. Processing continues. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB818I

HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS ccc

Explanation

The condition code indicated was the highest code generated in the job step.

In the message text:

ccc

The condition code.

System action

The program is ended normally.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB819I

END OF JOB IEBUPDTE

Explanation

IEBUPDTE has completed processing.

System action

The program is ended normally.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB820I

CANNOT PROCESS MORE THAN ONE FUNCTION STATEMENT WHEN UPDATE=INPLACE IS SPECIFIED

Explanation

If a function statement specifies UPDATE=INPLACE, it must be the only function statement in the job step.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB821I

INVALID EXIT NAME, JOB ENDED

Explanation

The name of a user exit routine specified on a function statement is incorrect.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job. Have the exit routine listings and linkage editor output available.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB822I

EXIT RETURN CODE ENDED JOB

Explanation

The return code returned by the user was 16.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 16.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job. Have the exit routine listings available.

Programmer response

If a return code of 16 was not expected, check your exit routine, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB823I

{SYSUT1|SYSIN} HAS NO RECORDS

Explanation

The SYSUT1 or SYSIN data set, as indicated in the message text, contains no records.

System action

For the SYSUT1 data set, processing continues with the next member, if any. The return code is 4.

For the SYSIN data set, the program is ended. The return code is 12.

The system issues messages about the job to the job log.

Programmer response

Insert data statements for the SYSIN data set, or ensure that the proper SYSUT1 data set is specified.

If the problem recurs and if the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL for the job and the program listing for the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB825I

ALIAS IGNORED - SEQUENTIAL DATA SET

Explanation

An ALIAS statement specified an alias name for an output sequential data set.

System action

The statement is ignored. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Delete the ALIAS statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB826I

MEMBER NAME FOUND IN OM DIRECTORY AS AN ALIAS - CHANGED TO TRUE NAME IN NM DIRECTORY

Explanation

The member name is an alias name in the old master (OM) directory, and is entered as a member name in the new master (NM) directory.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB827I

INVALID INPUT PARAMETER

Explanation

Either the EXEC statement contains an incorrect PARM parameter, or an incorrect parameter was passed to IEBUPDTE.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB828I

PAGE NUMBER PARAMETER INVALID

Explanation

An incorrect starting page number for the message data set was passed to IEBUPDTE.

System action

A page number of 1 is assigned to the first page of the printout. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. If the default of 1 is not acceptable, correct the starting page number.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB829I

DDNAME PARAMETER IS INVALID

An incorrect DDNAME parameter was passed to IEBUPDTE.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB830I

OLD AND NEW MASTER LRECL UNEQUAL

Explanation

The logical record lengths of the old and new master data sets are unequal.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the LRECL subparameter of the DCB parameter on the SYSUT2 DD statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB831I

OLD AND NEW MASTER DSORGS INCOMPATIBLE

Explanation

The data set organizations implied or specified on the SYSUT1 and/or SYSUT2 DD statements are either:

- · Inconsistent with one another.
- Inconsistent with the data set organizations implied or specified on the utility control statements.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. In the first case, ensure that the space allocation specified on the SYSUT1 and/or SYSUT2 DD statements is consistent with the data set organization. Also, ensure that the DSORG subparameter, if included, is correct.

In the second case, ensure that the keywords specified on the utility control statements are consistent with the data set organizations specified or implied on the SYSUT1 and/or SYSUT2 DD statements.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB832I

routine IS PROCESSING USER {INPUT|HEADER|OUTPUT|TRAILER} LABELS

Explanation

The user routine is currently processing input or output, header or trailer labels, as indicated in the message text.

In the message text:

routine

The routine specified.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB833I

xx ENTRANCES TO routine

Explanation

The number of entrances to user routine is indicated.

In the message text:

XX

The number of entrances to the user routine.

routine

The user routine.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB834I

LAST RETURN CODE FROM routine WAS return-code

The return code indicated was the last return code issued by the user routine.

In the message text:

return-code

The return code.

routine

The user routine.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB835I

{TOTALING|USER LABELS} SUPPORTED ONLY ON PS DATA SETS

Explanation

The user requested totaling exits or user label processing, as indicated in the message text, for a data set whose organization is not physical sequential. These functions are supported only for physical sequential data sets.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB836I

TRAILER LABEL PROCESSING NOT SUPPORTED FOR UPDATE=INPLACE

Explanation

The user specified user trailer label exits with an UPDATE=INPLACE operation. User trailer label exits are not supported for UPDATE=INPLACE operations.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB837I

I/O ERROR WHILE PROCESSING USER LABEL

Explanation

An uncorrectable input/output error occurred during user label processing. The results of the label processing are unpredictable.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Ensure that no DCB parameters for the data set are incorrect or missing.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB839I

routine IS TAKING TOTALING EXITS

Explanation

The user routine is taking totaling exits prior to writing each record.

In the message text:

routine

The user routine.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB840I

routine REQUESTED TERMINATION OF TOTALING EXITS

Explanation

A return code other than 4 was passed to IEBUPDTE by the user totaling routine.

In the message text:

routine

The user totaling routine.

System action

If the return code passed to IEBUPDTE was 0, totaling exits are discontinued, but processing continues. The return code is 0.

If the return code was 8, the program is ended. The return code is 12.

If the return code was 16, the program is ended. The return code is 16.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job. Have the exit routine listing available.

Programmer response

If ending the totaling exit routine was not expected, check the exit routine, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB841I

INVALID RETURN CODE FROM routine, TOTALING EXITS DISCONTINUED

Explanation

The return code passed to IEBUPDTE by the user totaling routine during a totaling exit was not valid. That is, the return code was not 0, 4, 8, or 16.

In the message text:

routine

The user totaling routine.

System action

Totaling exits are discontinued, but processing continues. The return code is 0.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job. Have the exit routine listings available.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Check the user routine to make sure that a valid return code was passed to the utility program. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB842I

TOTALING EXITS NOT SUPPORTED FOR UPDATE=INPLACE

Explanation

The user specified totaling exits with an UPDATE=INPLACE operation. Totaling exits are not supported for UPDATE=INPLACE operations.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB843I

INVALID CORE SIZE

Explanation

The virtual storage specified in the TOTAL keyword either is a non-numeric character, is less than 2 bytes, or is greater than 32K bytes.

System action

The program is ended. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB844I

NO USER {HEADER|TRAILER} LABELS EXISTS ON INPUT DATA SET

Explanation

The user specified SUL on the DD statement for the input data set, but there are no header or trailer labels, as indicated in the message text, on the data set.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB845I

NO USER {HEADER|TRAILER} LABELS CREATED ON OUTPUT DATA SET

The user specified SUL on the SYSUT2 DD statement, but no header or trailer labels, as indicated in the message text, were copied from the SYSUT1 data set, and no labels were generated by a LABEL statement.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 0.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job. Have the associated input data set available.

Programmer response

If user labels are desired on the output data set, make sure that the SYSUT1 data set contains user labels, or supply user labels with the LABEL statement. Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB846I

ALIAS IGNORED FOR UPDATE=INPLACE

Explanation

ALIAS statements for partitioned data set members cannot be processed using the UPDATE=INPLACE operation.

System action

All ALIAS statements are ignored. Processing continues. The return code is 0.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB847I

SYSPRINT CANNOT BE OPENED

Explanation

Either LRECL for SYSPRINT is not between 121 and 151 or BLKSIZE is not compatible with LRECL and RECFM.

System action

The program is terminated. The return code is 12.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the user program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center and provide the JCL and the relevant job log.

Programmer response

Check the LRECL, BLKSIZE and RECFM for SYSPRINT and make sure that the following requirements are met:

- LRECL is between 121 and 151,
- the RECFM is either FBA or VBA, and
- the BLKSIZE is compatible with LRECL and RECFM.

Resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1010I

function FUNCTION REQUESTED FOR A PDSE. Action

Explanation

An ALTERMOD or COMPRESS operation is requested for a PDSE, or a COPYMOD operation is requested for a PDSE.

Message inserts and meanings:

function

is one of:

- COPYMOD
- ALTERMOD
- COMPRESS

Action

is one of:

- · IT IS IGNORED.
- REQUEST TREATED AS COPY.

The severity is 0.

System action

An ALTERMOD or COMPRESS operation is ignored. A COPYMOD operation is treated as a COPY request.

User response

Remove the compress or ALTERMOD operation to eliminate this message, or change COPYMOD to COPY since the PDSE can not contain a load module.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB1010S

function FUNCTION REQUESTED FOR A PDSE. NO PDSE SUPPORT IN THIS RELEASE.

Explanation

A PDSE has been encountered on a system before DFP V3 R2. This is probably because the DASD containing the PDSE is shared with a system running a DFP or DFSMS release that does support PDSEs.

Message inserts and meanings:

function

is one of:

- COPY
- COPYMOD
- ALTERMOD
- COMPRESS
- LOAD
- UNLOAD

The severity is 12.

System action

Any operation involving a PDSE on a system without PDSE support is ended.

User response

Re-run the job on the system with PDSE support available.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1011E

AVAILABLE STORAGE (avail) IS TOO SMALL. ADD nnnnn MORE BYTES TO WORK SIZE.

Explanation

A list of members to be copied to or from a PDSE was being built when all available virtual storage in the work area was exhausted.

Message inserts and meanings:

avail

amount of storage available in the work area when the PDSE operation started.

nnnnn

number of additional bytes required.

The severity is 8.

System action

The requested COPY operation is not performed.

User response

Increase the work area size, or reduce the number of members involved in the operation.

The user response for message IEB1057I discusses The user response for message IEB1057I discusses increasing the WORK area size.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB1012E

COPY OPERATION NEEDS *nnnnn* BYTES MORE STORAGE. OUTPUT AREA IS *size* BYTES.

Explanation

The amount of storage available to communicate with the PDSE routines is too small.

This area is used to return member lists, and messages.

Message inserts and meanings:

nnnnn

amount of the virtual storage shortage.

size

amount of storage available in the work area when the PDSE operation started.

The severity is 8.

System action

Processing is incomplete.

User response

- 1. Refer to preceding IGW messages to learn what processing was completed.
- 2. Increase the size of the work area, or decrease the number of members involved in the operation, or specify LIST=NO to reduce the message traffic.

The user response for message IEB1057I discusses The user response for message IEB1057I discusses increasing the WORK area size.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

COPYING FROM *dtype* **INDD**=*ddname* **VOL**=*volume* **DSN**=*dsname*

Explanation

This message documents the copy source data set.

Message inserts and meanings:

dtype

type of data set:

PDSE

a library (DSNTYPE=LIBRARY)

PDS

a partitioned (DSORG=PO)

PDSU

a sequential data set containing a PDS or PDSE in unloaded format.

ddname

input DD name from the COPY statement.

volume

volume containing the data set.

dsname

data set name.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB1014I

TO dtype OUTDD=ddname VOL=volume DSN=dsname

Explanation

This message documents the destination data set.

Message inserts and meanings:

dtype

type of data set:

PDSE

a library (DSNTYPE=LIBRARY)

PDS

a partitioned (DSORG=PO)

PDSU

a sequential data set containing a PDS or PDSE in unloaded format.

ddname

output ddname from the COPY statement.

volume

volume containing the data set.

dsname

data set name.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB1016I

RETURN CODE IS return-code

Explanation

This message records information about the results of a copy operation involving a PDSE.

The value of *return-code* is not a IEBCOPY step completion code; it is a return code from an internal routine. The IEBCOPY completion code is affected by this *return-code* as documented in message IEB1017.

The severity is 0.

System action

Message IEB1017 follows.

User response

This may represent either a normal condition or a problem. Refer to accompanying messages for additional guidance.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB1017I -- DIAGNOSTIC CODE IS X'diagcode'

IEB1017W

-- DIAGNOSTIC CODE IS X'diagcode'

IEB1017E

-- DIAGNOSTIC CODE IS X'diagcode'

Explanation

This message accompanies messages IEB1016I or IEB1137I. Report this diagnostic code to the IBM support center when requesting service.

Note: The historical step completion codes from IEBCOPY cause normal attention conditions to be reported as completion code 0. Generally speaking, completion code 4 means that a copy operation has failed, and completion code 8 means that execution can not continue under any circumstances.

In order to reconcile the existing completion codes in IEBCOPY with the modern standards, the return codes from new function related to PDSEs are reduced by 4 to create the IEBCOPY completion code.

Message inserts and meanings:

diagcode

an internal DFP diagnostic code.

The severity is based on the return code in message IEB1016I:

- return-code < 8 is severity 0, message IEB1017I.
- return-code = 8 is severity 4, message IEB1017W.
- return-code > 8 is severity 8, message IEB1017E.

System action

The next operation is sought.

System programmer response

Research accompanying messages in SYSPRINT and in the job log for more specific information.

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Please furnish the information in this message when requesting service along with the JCL, job log, system messages, and all SYSPRINT output.

Please preserve the input and output data sets related to the problem in case it should be necessary to reproduce the problem.

User response

This probably represents an unusual condition or problem. Refer to accompanying messages, particularly those with IGW and IEB prefixes, for specific information and additional guidance.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1018I

COMPRESSING PDS OUTDD=ddname VOL=volume DSN=dsname

Explanation

This message documents the data set being compressed.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

output DD name from the COPY statement.

volume

volume containing the data set.

dsname data set name.				
The severity is 0.				
System action				
Processing Continues.				
Source				
DFSMSdfp				
Routing code				
Note 11				
Descriptor code				
-				
IEB1019I	SKIPPING COMPRESS OF PDSE OUTDD=ddname VOL=volume DSN=dsname			
Explanation				
A request to compress a PDSE was	suppressed, as a PDSE never needs compressing.			
Message inserts and meanings:				
ddname DD name.				
volume volume containing the data set.				
dsname data set name.				
The severity is 0.				
System action				
Processing continues.				
User response				
Consider removing the compress re	quest from the job.			
Source				
DFSMSdfp				
Routing code				
Note 11				
Descriptor code				

Explanation

This documents the data set being processed by an "in-place" operation such as ALTERMOD.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

output DD name for the data set.

volume

volume containing the data set.

dsname

data set name.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB1021E

synad_text LEN=length SENSE= iobsens0-iobecbcc

Explanation

This message, with following message IEB1023I, contains text generated by the SYNADAF function during I/O error processing.

Message inserts and meanings:

synad_text

text generated by the SYNADAF macro.

length

amount of data read or 0.

iobsens0

first 2 sense bytes.

iobecbcc

ECB post code.

The severity is 8.

System action

Message IEB1022I and IEB1023I follow.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEB1022I

I/O ERROR ON dtype DDN=ddname VOL= volume DSN=dsname

Explanation

This messages follows IEB1021E to document the data set involved in the I/O error.

Message inserts and meanings:

dtype

type of data set:

PDSE

a library (DSNTYPE=LIBRARY)

PDS

a partitioned (DSORG=PO)

PDSU

a sequential data set containing a PDS or PDSE in unloaded format.

ddname

DD name identifying the data set.

volume

volume containing the data set or blank for VIO.

dsname

name of the data set.

The severity is 0.

System action

An indicative dump may be printed next on SYSPRINT. Message IEB1023I will follow the dump (if any).

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEB1023I

activity MEMBER=member TTR= X'ttr' MBBCCHHR=mbbcchhr TAPE BLOCK=bbbbb

Explanation

This messages follows IEB1022E to document the current activity at the time of the I/O error.

This message identifies the location of the I/O error first reported in message IEB1021E. These fields may be incomplete or missing depending on the details of processing at the time of the error. When a field contains zero,

it is not valid. If both the TTR and MBBCCHHR are not zero then both should identify the same record in the data set.

TTR= and MBBCCHHR= are valid only if the data set resides on direct access storage. TAPE BLOCK= is valid only if the data set resides on tape.

Message inserts and meanings:

activity

is one of:

- COPYMOD READ
- COPYMOD WRITE
- READING UNLOADED PDSE
- WRITING UNLOADED PDSE
- GET FROM CONTROL STMT FILE
- PUT TO MESSAGE FILE
- DURING READ
- DURING WRITE
- DURING ERASE
- DURING READBACK CHECK
- DURING LOAD
- DURING UNLOAD
- UNEXPECTED END OF FILE
- READING OUTPUT DIRECTORY
- PROCESSING HEADER RECORDS
- SCANNING DIRECTORY
- INPUT DIRECTORY MERGE
- OUTPUT DIRECTORY MERGE
- LOCATING MEMBER

member

name of the PDS or PDSE member.

ttr

3-byte hexadecimal relative disk address.

mbbcchhr

DASD address of record.

bbbbb

block number used for tape positioning.

The severity is 0.

System action

Error processing continues.

System programmer response

Refer to message IEB1021.

User response

Refer to message IEB1021.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEB1024E

SYNTAX ERROR IN PARM FIELD OPTIONS

Explanation

There is an error in one of the following:

- The parameter passed via the PARM= field on the EXEC JCL statement
- The program parameter field in the TSO CALL command
- The first parameter in the parameter list passed by a program dynamically invoking IEBCOPY.

The severity is 8.

System action

Processing continues, ignoring options which could not be understood because of the syntax error.

User response

Correct the options.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

IEB1025I

DD NAME LIST PARAMETER IS IN ERROR AND MIGHT BE IGNORED.

Explanation

A program invoked IEBCOPY, supplying a list of DD names to be substituted for those normally used by IEBCOPY. However, some or all of the supplied names could not be recognized.

The severity is 8.

System action

Processing continues. The names that can be correctly identified as substitutes are used; the others are ignored.

User response

Correct the program invoking IEBCOPY to properly construct and pass the second parameter. Refer to the z/OS *DFSMSdfp Utilities* Appendix A for information about dynamic invocation of IEBCOPY and parameters.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1026I

PAGE NUMBER PARAMETER IS IN ERROR AND MIGHT BE IGNORED

Explanation

A program invoked IEBCOPY, supplying a beginning page number for the IEBCOPY messages and control cards listing. The page number is either missing, too long, or contains characters which are not EBCDIC numbers.

The severity is 8.

System action

Processing continues. If the page number is missing in the supplied parameter, the beginning page number will be 1. If the page number in the supplied parameter is too long, the beginning page number will be some left portion of that number. If the supplied parameter is not an EBCDIC number, the beginning page number will be an unpredictable numerical value.

User response

Correct the program invoking IEBCOPY to properly construct and pass the third parameter. Refer to the z/OS DFSMSdfp Utilities Appendix A for information about dynamic invocation of IEBCOPY and parameters.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1027E

IO LIST PARAMETER IS NOT SUPPORTED AND IS IGNORED.

Explanation

A program invoked IEBCOPY, supplying a fourth parameter which is not used by IEBCOPY. Some IBM Utility programs support user IO routines which are passed in a list as the fourth parameter. Since IEBCOPY does not support user IO routines, it does not expect more than three passed parameters.

The severity is 8.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

To prevent this message from appearing, change the program invoking IEBCOPY so that it will not pass more than three parameters. Refer to the z/OS DFSMSdfp Utilities Appendix A for information about dynamic invocation of IEBCOPY and parameters.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

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IEB1028I	OPERATING IN KEY 0 SUPERVISOR STATE
IEB1028T	OPERATING IN KEY O SUPERVISOR STATE

Explanation

IEBCOPY has detected that it was called in supervisor state and protection key zero.

The interface to some services changes when the invoker is in supervisor state/key 0 and IEBCOPY is not coded to use these different interfaces.

IEBCOPY must be invoked in problem state and non-zero protect key.

The severity is 0.

System action

IEBCOPY ends.

System programmer response

Check the program properties table for programs such as SMP/E that invoke IEBCOPY under the covers.

Programmer response

Invoke IEBCOPY as an application program.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1029I

INVOKED AS A TSO COMMAND PROCESSOR

Explanation

IEBCOPY has been entered from TSO as a command processor. This message is issued because IEBCOPY was not written to be a TSO command processor but may function when so invoked while not providing all the services of a command processor (for example, prompting for missing/incorrect parameters, providing HELP information).

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Use the TSO CALL command to invoke IEBCOPY. Do not enter IEBCOPY as a TSO command or CLIST statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1030I

DD NAME ddname REFERS TO dtype DATA SET ON VOLUME volume NAMED dsname

Explanation

This message accompanies message IEB120I which occurs when a data set can not be opened. This message may appear multiple times for each DD name involved in the operation.

This message is to document data set names and volumes when the copy operation fails before messages IEB1013I etc. are issued.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

DD name identifying the data set.

dtype

type of data set:

PDSE

a library (DSNTYPE=LIBRARY)

PDS

a partitioned (DSORG=PO)

PDSU

a sequential data set containing a PDS or PDSE in unloaded format.

volume

volume containing the data set or blank for VIO.

dsname

name of the data set.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Correct the error indicated by previous message IEB120I.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1031E

VOLUME volume DD NAME ddname DOES NOT CONTAIN DATA SET dsname

Explanation

The data set is not present on the indicated volume. Note that the volume information may come from a catalog or from JCL, and that for SMS data sets, volume information in the JCL may be ignored.

Message inserts and meanings:

volume

volume serial number.

ddname

DD name.

dsname

data set name.

The severity is 4.

System action

For an output data set, the COPY group is ended. For an input data set, processing continues with the next data set in the INDD group.

System programmer response

The IDCAMS utility may be used to display the volume on which a cataloged data set is supposed to reside. The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the names of data sets which reside on a specific volume.

Refer to IGD and IEF prefix messages in the JCL message data set to verify which volume contains a SMS managed data set.

User response

Correct the catalog, add VOL=SER= to the DD statement, or create the data set on the volume.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB1032E

RECORD FORMAT OMITTED FOR DD NAME ddname

Explanation

No information about the RECFM for the data set identified by the ddname DD statement can be found.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

name of the DD statement.

The severity is 4.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

User response

Verify that the input data set contains data (that is, has been opened for output previously and successfully closed). The IEHLIST utility may be used to display the data set characteristics from the data set label.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB1033E

BLOCK SIZE (blksize) INCONSISTENT WITH RECORD LENGTH (reclen) FOR RECFM=recfm

Explanation

An incorrect combination of block size and logical records length has been detected.

Message inserts and meanings:

blksize

physical record size (JCL DD statement BLKSIZE parameter).

reclen

logical record size (JCL DD statement LRECL parameter).

recfm

record format, as used with the JCL DD statement RECFM parameter.

A summary of the rules follows, based on RECFM:

F

LRECL must equal BLKSIZE.

FB

LRECL multiplied by an integer must equal BLKSIZE.

FBS

LRECL multiplied by an integer must equal BLKSIZE.

V

BLKSIZE must exceed LRECL by a minimum of 4.

VB

BLKSIZE must exceed LRECL by a minimum of 4.

٧S

LRECL may exceed BLKSIZE.

VBS

LRECL may exceed BLKSIZE.

When track overflow is not used (RECFM does not contain a "T") then the BLKSIZE must not exceed the track size of a DASD device.

The severity is 4.

System action

The operation is ended and the next control statement is sought.

System programmer response

Use the IEHLIST utility to print the data set label and compare the DCB parameter fields with the JCL. If the data set is an output data set, also examine the DCB parameters from the current input data set.

See z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets for a discussion of how all the sources are merged to determine the effective DCB parameters.

User response

Correct or supply DCB parameters.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB1034E

RECORD LENGTHS UNEQUAL BETWEEN INDD in_ddname (in_length)
AND OUTDD out_ddname (out_length)

Explanation

IEBCOPY can not pad or truncate logical records when reblocking. When fixed length logical records are copied they must be the same size. (Variable length records can be copied from an input data set with equal or shorter length records than the output data set.)

Message inserts and meanings:

in ddname

input data set DD statement name.

in_length

logical record size of the input data set.

out_ddname

output data set DD statement name.

out_length

logical record size of the output data set.

The severity is 4.

System action

For an output data set, the COPY group is ended. For an input data set, processing continues with the next data set in the INDD group.

System programmer response

Use the IEHLIST utility to print the data set label and compare the DCB parameter fields with the JCL. If the data set is an output data set, also examine the DCB parameters from the current input data set.

Refer to <u>z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets</u> for a discussion of how all the sources are merged to determine the DCB parameters used.

User response

Correct or supply DCB parameters.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB1035I

job_name procstep step_name local_time PARM='parameters' eye_catcher

Explanation

This message documents the job and step producing the IEBCOPY printed report, the local time IEBCOPY processed, and the parameters passed to IEBCOPY from the JCL EXEC statement PARM field. Also included is the current maintenance level of the program.

Message inserts and meanings:

job name

JCL Job Name or Time Sharing Option (TSO) User-ID.

procstep

if present, the JCL procedure name.

step_name

JCL EXEC Step Name.

local_time

local (as opposed to universal or GMT) date and time.

parameters

parameters supplied when IEBCOPY was invoked.

eye_catcher

latest APAR or PTF applied to IEBCOPY.

The severity is 0.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB1036E

TRACK OVERFLOW NOT SUPPORTED FOR DD NAME ddname

Explanation

The DASD device associated with DD name *ddname* does not support the Track Overflow feature, or the data set associated with DD name *ddname* is not a PDS.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

DD name identifying the data set.

The severity is 4.

System action

The operation is not preformed and the next control statement is sought.

User response

Remove the RECFM=T from your JCL to stop requesting the track overflow feature.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1037I

BLOCK SIZE IN THE DATA SET LABEL OF ddname INCREASED TO newsize FROM oldsize

Explanation

A COPYMOD operation has been requested to reblock a load module. The MAXBLK parameter supplied on the COPYMOD statement (or the default when MAXBLK is not supplied) limits the largest physical record size that COPYMOD will write. This number is greater than the current block size in the output data set label.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

output data set DD statement name.

newsize

new block size placed in the data set label.

oldsize

old block size before the COPYMOD operation.

The severity is 0.

System action

IEBCOPY updates the data set label to contain a correct block size.

User response

If the new block size is not acceptable, then provide a MAXBLK parameter on the COPYMOD statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

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IEB1038I

ORIGINAL dtype (BEFORE UNLOAD) WAS RECFM= urecfm
BLKSIZE=ublksize LRECL= ulrecl KEYLEN=ukeylen OPTCD= uoptcd
UCBTYPE=udevtype INDC= indc

Explanation

The unload data set contains header records that record the characteristics of the source PDS or PDSE which was unloaded to create the data set being processed as input. This message informs you what they are.

Message inserts and meanings:

dtype

type of data set:

PDSE

a library (DSNTYPE=LIBRARY)

PDS

a partitioned (DSORG=PO)

PDSU

a sequential data set containing a PDS or PDSE in unloaded format.

urecfm

record format.

ublksize

block size.

ulrecl

logical record length.

ukeylen

key length.

uoptcd

option codes.

udevtype

device type from UCB.

indc

indicator byte.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Refer to this information if you need to resolve DCB parameter conflicts with the output data set. Appendix B of the *z/OS DFSMSdfp Utilities* book has details about the header records content.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1039W

PDSU HAS DIFFERENT BLOCK SIZE NOW (current) THAN WHEN IT WAS CREATED (original). AN I/O MAY OCCUR WHILE READING IT.

Explanation

One of the following occurred while IEBCOPY was reading an unload data set:

- The data set produced from an unload operation has been reblocked. There is a documented restriction that the data set produced from an unload operation must not be changed. IEBCOPY may encounter an I/O error reading it. IEBCOPY records the block size inside the unload data set so it can be compared with the block size in the unload data set label.
- If the unload data set resides on tape and is processed with LABEL=(,NL) or LABEL=(,BLP) and the DCB parameters are omitted from the JCL then IEBCOPY will see the BLKSIZE as zero and report it as such in this message: IEBCOPY may still encounter an I/O error while processing the tape in this case.

Note that the block sizes refer to the unload data set itself and not to the PDS or PDSE from which it was created.

Message inserts and meanings:

current

current block size of the unload data set.

original

block size IEBCOPY used to create the unload data set.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

- Do not change a data set produced from an unload operation.
- Always provide correct DCB parameters for an unload data set using JCL or the TSO ALLOCATE or TSO ATTRIB
 command operands when the data set label is omitted, ignored, or incorrect.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1040D - IEB1049D

diagnostic_text

Explanation

The following messages contain diagnostic information for you to supply to IBM when requesting service:

- IEB1040D
- IEB1041D
- IEB1042D
- IEB1043D
- IEB1044D
- IEB1045D
- IEB1046D
- IEB1047D
- IEB1048D
- IEB1049D

IEB1051I

ut3_blocks in_ddname DIRECTORY ENTRIES SPILLED TO spill_ddname
-- nnnnn BYTES MORE WORK MAY IMPROVE PERFORMANCE

Explanation

Not enough virtual storage was available for IEBCOPY to retain in storage the directory entries for all members being copied. IEBCOPY wrote them to SYSUT3 and read them back one by one as individual processing required the individual entries.

Performance may improve if you can give IEBCOPY enough virtual storage to hold all directory entries. Then you will not need to supply a spill data set.

Message inserts and meanings:

ut3_blocks

number of records written to the spill data set.

in_ddname

input data set DD name.

spill ddname

spill data set DD name. (normally SYSUT3).

nnnnn

number of additional bytes needed to hold all directory entries in storage.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY.

The user response for message IEB1057I discusses The user response for message IEB1057I discusses increasing the WORK area size.

The <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp Utilities</u> book contains information about calculating the amounts of virtual storage required to hold directories, and choosing between a large region or spill files.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

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IEB1052I

ut4_blocks out_ddname DIRECTORY BLOCKS SPILLED TO spill_ddname
-- nnnnn BYTES MORE WORK MAY IMPROVE PERFORMANCE

Explanation

Not enough virtual storage was available to retain the whole merged output directory in memory. The merged output directory was written to SYSUT4.

Performance may improve if you can give IEBCOPY enough virtual storage to hold all directory entries. Then you will not need to supply a spill data set.

Message inserts and meanings:

ut4 blocks

number of records written to the spill data set.

out ddname

output data set DD name.

spill_ddname

spill data set DD name, (normally SYSUT4).

nnnnn

number of additional bytes needed to keep the output directory in storage.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Make more virtual storage available to IEBCOPY.

The user response for message IEB1057I discusses The user response for message IEB1057I discusses increasing the WORK area size.

The <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp Utilities</u> book contains information about calculating the amounts of virtual storage required to hold directories, and choosing between a large region or spill files.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB1053I

in_ddname DIRECTORY ENTRIES SPILLING TO spill_ddname

Explanation

The amount of unused virtual storage in the work area has just been exhausted. IEBCOPY will try to use a spill data set to hold what can not be retained in the work area.

Should the spill data set not be present or be too small or another problem arise then this message may be the only message to inform you about what IEBCOPY was doing at the time of failure.

Message inserts and meanings:

in ddname

input data set DD name.

spill_ddname

spill data set DD name. (normally SYSUT3).

The severity is 0.

System action

IEBCOPY proceeds to open the spill data set.

User response

Look for message IEB1051I which follows later after successful completion of the current operation.

If message IEB120I or other data set related messages follow this message then look for problems related to the spill data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1054I

out_ddname DIRECTORY BLOCKS SPILLING TO spill_ddname

Explanation

The amount of unused virtual storage in the work area has just been exhausted. IEBCOPY will try to use a spill data set to hold what can not be retained in the work area.

Should the spill data set not be present or be too small or another problem arise then this message may be the only message to inform you about what IEBCOPY was doing at the time of failure.

Message inserts and meanings:

out_ddname

output data set DD name.

spill ddname

spill data set DD name. (normally SYSUT4).

The severity is 0.

System action

IEBCOPY proceeds to open the spill data set.

User response

Look for message IEB1052I which follows later after successful completion of the current operation.

If message IEB120I or other data set related messages follow this message then look for problems related to the spill data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1055I

THE REMAINING AMOUNT OF WORK AREA, avail BYTES, IS {TOO SMALL TO ALLOCATE ANOTHER BUFFER.|SURPLUS SPACE WHICH IS NOT NEEDED.}

Explanation

After reading and saving the directory entries for the members to be copied there is still a small amount of work area available. The extra area will go unused.

This is not an error condition. This message is to help you better manage resources by telling you about idle storage.

Normally the remaining work area is used for additional buffer space. However, the small amount is not enough for a whole buffer, so the buffer space is not expanded.

Message inserts and meanings:

avail

amount of virtual storage unused in the work area.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

If the amount of storage used by IEBCOPY must be reduced then the size of the work area could be reduced by about *avail*. Or, the size of the work area could be increased enough to hold another buffer. The amount of additional storage required would be the difference between the buffer size in message IEB1058I and *avail*.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1056I

RELEASED nnnnn ADDITIONAL BYTES.

Explanation

IEBCOPY released the indicated virtual storage.

Small quantities of virtual storage are released at various processing stages so the access methods and other operating system services will not fail from lack of virtual storage. At IEBCOPY end, all remaining virtual storage (from the block initially acquired by IEBCOPY) will be released.

Message inserts and meanings:

nnnnn

number of bytes released.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Use this message with message IEB1055I to calculate IEBCOPY virtual storage requirements and actual usage, so that you make the best use of the computing resources.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB1057I

VL GETMAIN REQUESTED minimum TO maximum BYTES. OBTAINED obtained. RELEASED freeamt.

Explanation

IEBCOPY requests virtual storage to be subdivided into work areas and buffers. The amount requested and received is controlled by the WORK= parameter and the JCL REGION= parameter.

This message documents how much was requested and obtained. All numbers are in bytes.

Message inserts and meanings:

minimum

minimum amount of virtual storage required by IEBCOPY. Additional virtual storage is required for larger data sets.

maximum

value of the IEBCOPY WORK= parameter, default 1M.

obtained

amount of virtual storage GETMAIN awarded IEBCOPY.

freeamt

amount of virtual storage freed immediately so that the region will still contain unallocated virtual storage for use by system routines, etc.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

Message IEF374I printed in the JCL message data set will tell the actual region size used by a job step.

User response

Use this message with message IEB1056I to calculate IEBCOPY virtual storage requirements and actual usage, so that you make the best use of the computing resources.

To increase the size of the work area:

- 1. If the REGION= size is large enough so that IEBCOPY is being given the full amount that it requests for its work area, then increase the REGION= parameter and the WORK= parameter by the same amount. This condition is true when maximum equals obtained.
- 2. If IEBCOPY is not being given the full amount that it requests for its work area, then increase the REGION= parameter by maximum-obtained.

When the size of the work area can not be increased,

- 1. Reduce the amount specified for buffers (with the SIZE= invocation parameter) to the minimum amount (or default it). This will use the minimum amount of work area virtual storage as buffers and increase the amount of virtual storage available for member names and directory entries. Doing this most often results in decreased performance, even if it increases the size of the WORK= area so that the spill file is no longer used.
- 2. If the current operation is a selective copy, then divide the operation into more operations each with a smaller number of members. This leaves more room in the WORK= area for buffers and directory blocks.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

_

IEB1058I

ALLOCATED 2 CONTIGUOUS BUFFERS EACH bbbbb BYTES. WORK AREA HAS avail BYTES AVAILABLE.

Explanation

At the start of each operation IEBCOPY allocates part of the work area for buffers. The buffers reported by this message are the minimum size required to perform the operation, and are sufficient to complete the operation.

Message inserts and meanings:

bbbbb

size of 1 buffer.

avail

amount of virtual storage in the work area still available for tables and saving directory entries, etc.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

This message documents how much of the work area is allocated to buffer to assist you in managing the virtual storage resource.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1059I

ALLOCATED SECOND BUFFER OF bbbbb BYTES. FIRST BUFFER IS NOW fffff BYTES. WORK AREA HAS avail BYTES AVAILABLE.

Explanation

The copy operation is ready to copy the first member. Enough virtual storage remained in the work area after building tables and saving directory entries for additional buffers to be allocated.

IEBCOPY uses two buffers, so the existing two buffers have been merged into a single "first" buffer. Then a new "second" buffer is created from the free work area.

A small amount of storage may remain unused in the work area after this second buffer allocation. This is normal.

Message inserts and meanings:

bbbbb

amount of storage added to the buffer pool.

fffff

original size of the buffer pool.

avail

residual amount of storage in the work area.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

If it is necessary to reduce the amount of storage IEBCOPY uses then the work area size may be reduced by the size of the second buffer given in this message.

The user response for message IEB1057I discusses The user response for message IEB1057I discusses increasing the WORK area size.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1063W

MEMBER member1 READ FROM DDNAME ddname IS NOT AN ALIAS BUT HAS SAME TTR AS MEMBER member2

Explanation

The directory of the dataset contains two entries with the same TTR and neither is an alias.

In the message text:

member1

name of member to be copied

member2

name of member already copied

ddname

ddname of dataset

The severity is 4.

System action

If the current operation is a compress, the identified members are written as one entry (both members will have the same TTR). If the current operation is an unload, IEB1063E is issued. For all other operations, the identified members will be written as two separate members (each member will have a different TTR).

User response

Determine proper relationship of the identified members and correct the directory.

IEB1063E

MEMBER member1 READ FROM DDNAME ddname IS NOT AN ALIAS BUT HAS SAME TTR AS MEMBER member2

Explanation

The directory of the dataset contains two entries with the same TTR and neither is an alias.

In the message text:

member1

name of member to be copied

member2

name of member already copied

ddname

ddname of dataset

The severity is 8.

System action

If the current operation is an unload, the output data set is incomplete and cannot be successfully reloaded. For all other operations, IEB1063W is issued.

User response

Determine proper relationship of the identified members and correct the directory.

IEB1064I

STANDARD DD NAMES- sysin sysprint sysut1 sysut2 sysut3 sysut4

Explanation

This message always precedes IEB1065I. Please refer to it for an explanation of both messages.

Message inserts and meanings:

sysin

DD name for the control statement data set.

sysprint

DD name for the listing data set.

sysut1

DD name for the input data set.

sysut2

DD name for the output data set.

sysut3

DD name for the first spill data set.

sysut4

DD name for the second spill data set.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Refer to message IEB1065I.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1065I

OVERRIDING DD NAMES- sysin sysprint sysut1 sysut2 sysut3 sysut4

Explanation

IEBCOPY has been called by a program which has given IEBCOPY a list of DD names to be used for various files. Message IEB1064I lists the default DD names. Message IEB1065I lists the DD names IEBCOPY will use.

Differences between the two lists indicate that the calling program provided names to override the default names.

Message inserts and meanings:

sysin

DD name for the control statement data set.

sysprint

DD name for the listing data set.

sysut1

DD name for the input data set.

sysut2

DD name for the output data set.

sysut3

DD name for the first spill data set.

sysut4

DD name for the second spill data set.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Refer to z/OS DFSMSdfp Utilities book Appendix A for details about dynamically invoking IEBCOPY.

Source

DFSMSdfp

258 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Explanation

This message contains diagnostic information for you to supply to IBM when requesting service.

IEB1067I

member NOT disposition FROM INPUT DATA SET BECAUSE REPLACE WAS NOT SPECIFIED

Explanation

The member named was not copied to the output data set because the output data set already contains a member of the same name.

Message inserts and meanings:

member

name of the PDS or PDSE member.

disposition

is one of:

- COPIED
- LOADED
- UNLOADED
- MOVED
- ALTERED

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Code the Replace option on the INDD or SELECT statement to force the member to be copied.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1068W

JCL FOR DD ddname WILL PROCESS THE DATA SET AS SEQUENTIAL BUT THE LABEL SAYS IT IS PARTITIONED. (DS1DSORG= X'label_org' JFCDSORG= X'jcl_org')

Explanation

There is a conflict between the JCL and the data set label. The JCL supplied DSORG=PS overrides the DSORG=PO in the label.

Parameters like DSORG=PS can be added to your JCL even though you did not code them. SMS ACS routines, Data Classes, the JCL LIKE and DCB parameters can all implicitly add to JCL.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

DD name identifying the data set.

label_org

value of the DSORG field in the data set label.

jcl_org

value of the DSORG field in the JCL.

The severity is 4.

System action

The existing data set will be converted from partitioned to sequential and all members in the partitioned data set will be lost. An unload data set will be created in its place.

User response

Determine where the the DSORG=PS is coming from. Look at the label of data sets referenced by the LIKE or DCB parameter, and use ISMF to look at the definition of any Data Class assigned to the data set.

A conflict like this can either be removed at its source or you may override the conflict by coding DSORG=PO on the DD statement or in the TSO ALLOCATE or ATTRIB command.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1069E

JCL FOR DD ddname WILL PROCESS THE DATA SET AS PARTITIONED BUT THE LABEL SAYS IT IS SEQUENTIAL. EXPECT A TERMINAL I/O ERROR. (DS1DSORG= X'label_org' JFCDSORG= X'jcl_org')

Explanation

There is a conflict between the JCL and the data set label. The JCL supplied DSORG=PO overrides the DSORG=PS in the label.

Parameters like DSORG=PO can be added to your JCL even though you did not code them. SMS ACS routines, Data Classes, the JCL SPACE, LIKE and DCB parameters can all implicitly add to JCL.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

DD name identifying the data set.

label org

value of the DSORG field in the data set label.

jcl_org

value of the DSORG field in the JCL.

The severity is 8.

System action

When IEBCOPY attempts to read the directory at the start of the data set, one of three things may occur:

- 1. A Wrong Length Record I/O error may occur because the first record is not 256 bytes data with an 8 byte key, or
- 2. IEBCOPY may find 0 directory records which is interpreted as a corrupt partitioned data set, or
- 3. IEBCOPY may find the directory of a deleted partitioned data set which used to occupy the disk space, which will cause extra members (possibly corrupt) to appear in the data set.

User response

Determine where the DSORG=PO is coming from. Look for directory blocks in the space parameter, look at the label of data sets referenced by the LIKE or DCB parameter, and use ISMF to look at the definition of any Data Class assigned to the data set.

A conflict like this can either be removed at its source or you may override the conflict by coding DSORG=PS on the DD statement or in the TSO ALLOCATE or ATTRIB command.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1070W

JCL FOR DD ddname REQUESTS DIRECTORY BLOCKS WITH A SEQUENTIAL DATA SET. (JFCDSORG= X'jcl_org' JFCBDQTY=dir_blocks)

Explanation

There is a conflict between parameters in the JCL. The SPACE parameter specifies directory blocks, which implies that the data set is partitioned. DSORG=PS also appears in the JCL and indicates that the data set is sequential.

Parameters like DSORG=PS can be added to your JCL even though you did not code them. SMS ACS routines, Data Classes, the JCL SPACE, LIKE and DCB parameters can all implicitly add to JCL.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

DD name identifying the data set.

icl org

value of the DSORG field in the JCL.

dir blocks

number of directory blocks specified in the JCL.

The severity is 0.

System action

The data set is processed as an unload (sequential) data set.

User response

Remove the conflicting DSORG=PS parameter or the directory quantity from the SPACE parameter. If DSORG=PS does not appear in the JCL or on the TSO ALLOCATE or ATTRIB command and the data set is partitioned then add DSORG=PO to the JCL or DSORG(PO) to the TSO command.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1071E

DD NAME ddname IS SUPPOSED TO BE A PARTITIONED DATA SET BUT IT HAS NO DIRECTORY. EXPECT A TERMINAL I/O ERROR. (DS1LSTAR= X'ttr' DS1DSORG=X'label_org' JFCDSORG=X'jcl_org')

Explanation

There is a conflict between the JCL and the data set label.

The data set is assumed to be partitioned because the JCL contains DSORG=PO or because the JCL is silent and the data set label contains DSORG=PO.

A valid partitioned data set must contain a directory, which means that the address of the last record in the data set can not be zero. However, DS1LSTAR is zero which implies that a directory was never written in the data set. Thus the data set is really sequential and the JCL incorrectly specifies DSORG=PS, or the data set is corrupt.

Parameters like DSORG=PS can be added to your JCL even though you did not code them. SMS ACS routines, Data Classes, the JCL SPACE, LIKE and DCB parameters can all implicitly add to JCL.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

DD name identifying the data set.

ttr

address of the last record in the data set. It is a 3-byte hexadecimal relative disk address.

label_org

value of the DSORG field in the data set label.

jcl_org

value of the DSORG field in the JCL.

The severity is 8.

System action

Processing continues and the data set is assumed to be partitioned.

When IEBCOPY attempts to read the directory at the start of the data set, one of three things may occur:

- 1. A Wrong Length Record I/O error may occur because the first record is not 256 byte data with an 8 byte key, or
- 2. IEBCOPY may find 0 directory records which is interpreted as a corrupt partitioned data set, or
- 3. IEBCOPY may find the directory of a deleted partitioned data set which used to occupy the disk space, which will cause extra members (possibly corrupt) to appear in the data set.

User response

Determine where the DSORG=PO is coming from. Look for directory blocks in the space parameter, look at the label of data sets referenced by the LIKE or DCB parameter, and use ISMF to look at the definition of any Data Class assigned to the data set.

Add DSORG=PS to the DD statement or the TSO ALLOCATE or ATTRIB command to explicitly override the DSORG.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1072W

JCL FOR DD ddname IMPLIES THAT THE DATA SET IS PARTITIONED BUT IT IS ON MAGNETIC TAPE. PROCESSING IT AS SEQUENTIAL. (DEVTYPE= X'dev_type' JFCDSORG= X'jcl_org' JFCBDQTY=dir_blocks)

Explanation

There is a conflict in the JCL or between the JCL and the catalog entry for the data set.

The unit allocated to the data set is a tape drive. Therefore the data set must be an unload (sequential) data set. However, the JCL contains DSORG=PO and/or a SPACE parameter which specifies directory blocks which indicates that the data set is partitioned.

Parameters like DSORG=PO can be added to your JCL even though you did not code them. SMS ACS routines, Data Classes, the JCL SPACE, LIKE and DCB parameters can all implicitly add to JCL.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

DD name identifying the data set.

dev_type

device type from the UCBDEVT field.

jcl_org

value of the DSORG field in the JCL.

dir_blocks

number of directory blocks specified in the JCL.

The severity is 0.

System action

The data set is treated as an unload data set.

User response

Determine where the DSORG=PO is coming from. Look for directory blocks in the space parameter, look at the label of data sets referenced by the LIKE or DCB parameter, and use ISMF to look at the definition of any Data Class assigned to the data set.

Add DSORG=PS to the DD statement or the TSO ALLOCATE or ATTRIB command to explicitly override the DSORG.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1073W

JCL FOR DD ddname REQUESTS A NEW SEQUENTIAL DATA SET WITH DIRECTORY BLOCKS. THE DATA SET WAS CREATED AS PARTITIONED AND WILL BE PROCESSED AS PARTITIONED. (DS1DSORG= X'label_org' JFCDSORG= X'jcl_org' JFCBDQTY=dir_blocks)

Explanation

There is a conflict in the JCL. DSORG=PS has been coded or implicitly added to the JCL, and/or directory blocks appear in the SPACE parameter coded in the JCL or implicitly added to the JCL.

The data set is being created in this job step and DADSM has written a directory and set DSORG=PS in the data set label.

Parameters like DSORG=PS can be added to your JCL even though you did not code them. SMS ACS routines, Data Classes, the JCL SPACE, LIKE and DCB parameters can all implicitly add to JCL.

Message inserts and meanings:

ddname

DD name identifying the data set.

label_org

DSORG from the data set label.

jcl_org

DSORG from the JCL.

dir blocks

quantity of directory blocks specified in the JCL SPACE parameter.

The severity is 0.

System action

The data set is processed as partitioned.

User response

Examine the JCL, the Data Class assigned, and the label of any data set referred to by the LIKE or DCB parameter in the JCL. Remove the source of the conflict, or code DSORG=PO in the JCL or on the TSO ALLOCATE or ATTRIB command.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1074E

THE UNLOAD DATASET CONTAINS PROGRAM OBJECTS AND OUTPUT DATASET IS PDS.

Explanation

The PDSE unloaded to create the unload data set being read contained program objects, but the target dataset is not a PDSE dataset.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation ends.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1077I

member WAS EXCLUDED BUT NOT FOUND IN ANY INPUT DATA SET

Explanation

The member was coded on a EXCLUDE statement does not exist in any input data set.

Message inserts and meanings:

member

name of PDS or PDSE member.

The severity is 0.

System action

No action is taken.

User response

Check the spelling of the name and the directory of the input library to verify that the member does not exist.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1078I

THE BUFFER SPACE LIMIT PARAMETER "SIZE=size" IS LESS THAN THE MINIMUM BUFFER SIZE OF length.

Explanation

A SIZE= parameter was coded in the OS PARM field. The value of this parameter is too small.

Message inserts and meanings:

size

"SIZE" parameter value from the OS PARM field.

length

minimum value required for the parameter.

The severity is 0.

System action

The SIZE parameter is ignored.

User response

Remove the SIZE parameter.

If you must specify a SIZE parameter, check the z/OS DFSMSdfp Utilities book for information about calculating the minimum value.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1079I

CAN NOT ALLOCATE ANOTHER BUFFER WITHOUT EXCEEDING THE "SIZE=size" PARAMETER. WORK AREA HAS avail BYTES AVAILABLE.

Explanation

The SIZE parameter was supplied, and the supplied value is the total amount of virtual storage which has been put to use as buffers.

Additional virtual storage is available in the work area after tables are built and directory entries saved. All of this extra space would normally be assigned to additional buffers.

However, this extra space will be unused because the buffers are already as large as the SIZE parameter value will permit.

This is not an error condition. This message is to help you better manage resources by telling you about idle virtual storage.

Message inserts and meanings:

size

"SIZE" parameter value from the OS PARM field.

avail

amount of storage remaining unused in the work area.

The severity is 0.

System action

The extra storage remains unused.

User response

If the amount of virtual storage used by IEBCOPY must be reduced then the size of the work area could be reduced by about *avail*.

The user response for message IEB1057I discusses increasing the WORK area size.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Explanation

The following messages contain diagnostic information for you to supply to IBM when requesting service:

- IEB1080D
- IEB1081D
- IEB1082D
- IEB1083D
- IEB1084D
- IEB1085D
- IEB1086D
- IEB1087D
- IEB1088D
- IEB1089D
- IEB1090D
- IEB1091D
- IEB1092D
- IEB1093D
- IEB1094D
- IEB1095D

IEB1096I

NO MEMBERS disposition IN DATA SET REFERENCED BY out_ddname

Explanation

Due to the validation error described in a previous message, the ALTERMOD or COMPRESS operation did not take place. The data set was not changed.

Message inserts and meanings:

disposition

is one of:

- MOVED
- ALTERED

out_ddname

DD name for the output data set.

The severity is 8.

System action

No members are altered or moved in the data set.

User response

Refer to previously issued messages for the reason.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1097I

FOLLOWING MEMBER(S) disposition IN DATA SET REFERENCED BY ddname

Explanation

Following messages identify the members altered or compressed.

This message assists in tracing the data sets which were used, and which members they contributed.

Message inserts and meanings:

disposition

is one of:

- MOVED
- ALTERED

ddname

DD name for the output data set.

The severity is 0.

System action

Messages IEB154I and IEB155I follow.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1098I

mmmmm OF ttttt MEMBERS disposition

Explanation

This is a summary of the number of members located in the current input data set and how many were actually copied, etc.

Failure to copy all members may not be an error. Not every members found may be eligible because "replace" was not specified or because a member of the same name was previously copied.

Message inserts and meanings:

mmmmm

number of members processed.

ttttt

number of members found in the current input data set.

disposition

is one of:

- COPIED
- LOADED
- UNLOADED
- MOVED
- ALTERED

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1099I

*** IEBCOPY IS NOT APF AUTHORIZED ***

Explanation

IEBCOPY has found that it is not authorized, and may not be able to perform the operation.

The severity is 0.

System action

IEBCOPY will continue to determine if it can proceed without authorization and will issue IEB1099E when it can not avoid using a service requiring authorization.

System programmer response

Verify that IEBCOPY is linked AC(1) into an APF authorized library and it was not called by an unauthorized program. APF authorization is described in *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

User response

Verify that any STEPLIB or JOBLIB does *not* have any unauthorized libraries in the concatenation.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1099E

*** IEBCOPY IS NOT APF AUTHORIZED ***

Explanation

IEBCOPY has found that it is not authorized. IEBCOPY must run from an authorized library to use special I/O appendages.

The severity is 8.

System action

The operation ends.

System programmer response

Verify that IEBCOPY is linked AC(1) into an APF authorized library and it was not called by an unauthorized program. APF authorization is described in z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference.

User response

Verify that any STEPLIB or JOBLIB does *not* have any unauthorized libraries in the concatenation.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1100S

statement MAY NOT BE USED TO PERFORM A function OPERATION.

Explanation

Certain operations such as COPYMOD are restricted from performing specific operations such as a compress or unload.

Message inserts and meanings:

statement

is one of:

- COPYMOD
- ALTERMOD

function

is one of:

- COMPRESS
- UNLOAD

The severity is 4.

System action

The operation is suppressed.

User response

Use COPY, not COPYMOD to compress or unload a data set. To alter an unload (sequential) data set, reload it with COPYMOD and then unload it.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1101D - IEB1102D

diagnostic_text

Explanation

Messages IEB1101D and IEB1102D contain diagnostic information for you to supply to IBM when requesting service.

IEB1103I

FIRST GAS BUBBLE IS position MEMBER member AT TTR=ttr.

Explanation

A compress operation is scanning a partitioned data set and has located the first space which is unused. The TTR of this first gas bubble and the name of the member closest to the bubble is given in the message.

A gas bubble inside a member represents space at the end of a track that is large enough to hold the first record from the next track.

A gas bubble outside a member represents member data that was deleted or updated.

position

is one of:

- BEFORE
- INSIDE
- AFTER

member

name of PDS or PDSE member.

3-byte hexadecimal relative disk address.

The severity is 0.

System action

Scanning stops and repacking members begins.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1104E

VARIABLE SPANNED RECORD FORMAT DATA SETS CAN NOT BE REBLOCKED. EXECUTION TERMINATES.

Explanation

IEBCOPY does not support partitioned data sets with RECFM=VS or RECFM=VBS. (Do not confuse this with a unload (sequential) data set which always has a spanned RECFM.)

The input and output DCB parameters demand that logical records be reblocked or deblocked.

The severity is 4.

System action

The operation is ended.

User response

Use an application program that has been coded to handle spanned records to process the data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1104W

VARIABLE SPANNED RECORD FORMAT DATA SETS CAN NOT BE REBLOCKED. EXECUTION CONTINUES.

Explanation

IEBCOPY does not support partitioned data sets with RECFM=VS or RECFM=VBS. (Do not confuse this with a unload (sequential) data set which always has a spanned RECFM.)

The input and output DCB parameters do not demand that logical records be reblocked or deblocked.

The severity is 0.

System action

Execution continues as if the data sets were RECFM=U. An I/O error may occur.

User response

Use an application program that has been coded to handle spanned records to process the data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1105I

THE TARGET DATA SET IS CURRENTLY EMPTY

The scan of the output data set directory discloses that there are no members in the data set.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1106I

CONTROL TABLE IS *ttttt* BYTES LONG. WORK AREA HAS *avail* BYTES AVAILABLE.

Explanation

The table of members to be processed has been built from the SELECT statements or from the input data set directory (for a full copy). There are avail bytes left to hold input data set directory entries and output data set directory blocks.

Message inserts and meanings:

ttttt

size of the control table.

avail

amount of remaining free area.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Use this message to estimate how many additional members can be copied with out increasing the work area size. Each additional member will increase the control table size by 10 bytes.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1108I

COPYMOD TABLE AREA IS *nnnnn* BYTES LONG. WORK AREA HAS *avail* BYTES AVAILABLE.

Explanation

Room for COPYMOD tables and buffers has been reserved.

Message inserts and meanings:

nnnnn

amount of space reserved for COPYMOD.

avail

amount of the work area remaining for buffers, tables, and directory entries.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1109D - IEB1129D

diagnostic_text

Explanation

The following messages contain diagnostic information for you to supply to IBM when requesting service:

- IEB1109D
- IEB1110D
- IEB1111D
- IEB1112D
- IEB1113D
- IEB1114D
- IEB1115D
- IEB1116D
- IEB1117D
- IEB1118D
- IEB1119D
- IEB1120D
- IEB1121D
- IEB1122D
- IEB1123D
- IEB1124D
- IEB1125D
- IEB1126D
- IEB1127D
- IEB1128D
- IEB1129D

IEB1130E

A severity MESSAGE FROM {PDSE | FAMS} PROCESSING APPEARS ABOVE -- DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION IS X'diagcode'

Explanation

The system encountered a problem while processing an operation that involved a PDSE or PDS. The diagnostic code displayed might be requested by the IBM Support Center, if you report the problem.

Note that this message can be displayed with different type code suffixes, as follows:

- IEB1130I
- IEB1130E
- IEB1130W

In the message text:

severity

is one of:

- WARNING
- ERROR an error severity appears as IEB1130W.
- SEVERE ERROR- a severe error severity appears as IEB1130E.
- TERMINATING a terminating severity appears as IEB1130E.

diagcode

diagnostic information for use by the IBM Support Center, if you report the problem.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing Continues.

System programmer response

To determine the cause of the error using the diagnostic information included in the message, see <u>z/OS</u> <u>DFSMSdfp Diagnosis</u>. In particular, if the diagnostic information is X'28xxnnnn', refer to the FAMS Reason Codes section of the book to determine the problem.

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information.

If you cannot resolve the problem, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

User response

Look at the accompanying IGW messages preceding this message for more information.

Programmer response

Refer to accompanying IGW and IEB messages, for more information.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1130I

A severity MESSAGE FROM {PDSE | FAMS} PROCESSING APPEARS ABOVE -- DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION IS X'diagcode'

Explanation

The system encountered a problem while processing an operation that involved a PDSE or PDS. The diagnostic code displayed might be requested by the IBM Support Center, if you report the problem.

Note that this message can be displayed with different type code suffixes, as follows:

- IEB1130I
- IEB1130E
- IEB1130W

In the message text:

severity

is one of:

- WARNING
- ERROR an error severity appears as IEB1130W.
- SEVERE ERROR- a severe error severity appears as IEB1130E.
- TERMINATING a terminating severity appears as IEB1130E.

diagcode

diagnostic information for use by the IBM Support Center, if you report the problem.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing Continues.

System programmer response

To determine the cause of the error using the diagnostic information included in the message, see <u>z/OS</u> <u>DFSMSdfp Diagnosis</u>. In particular, if the diagnostic information is X'28xxnnnn', refer to the FAMS Reason Codes section of the book to determine the problem.

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information.

If you cannot resolve the problem, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

User response

Look at the accompanying IGW messages preceding this message for more information.

Programmer response

Refer to accompanying IGW and IEB messages, for more information.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1130W

A severity MESSAGE FROM {PDSE | FAMS} PROCESSING APPEARS ABOVE -- DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION IS X'diagcode'

Explanation

The system encountered a problem while processing an operation that involved a PDSE or PDS. The diagnostic code displayed might be requested by the IBM Support Center, if you report the problem.

Note that this message can be displayed with different type code suffixes, as follows:

- IEB1130I
- IEB1130E
- IEB1130W

In the message text:

severity

is one of:

- WARNING
- ERROR an error severity appears as IEB1130W.
- SEVERE ERROR- a severe error severity appears as IEB1130E.
- TERMINATING a terminating severity appears as IEB1130E.

diagcode

diagnostic information for use by the IBM Support Center, if you report the problem.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing Continues.

System programmer response

To determine the cause of the error using the diagnostic information included in the message, see <u>z/OS</u> <u>DFSMSdfp Diagnosis</u>. In particular, if the diagnostic information is X'28xxnnnn', refer to the FAMS Reason Codes section of the book to determine the problem.

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information.

If you cannot resolve the problem, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

User response

Look at the accompanying IGW messages preceding this message for more information.

Programmer response

Refer to accompanying IGW and IEB messages, for more information.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1131W

PHYSICAL RECORD IN MEMBER member REFERENCED BY ddname EXCEEDS INPUT DATA SET BLOCK SIZE. RECORD LENGTH IS length, INPUT BLKSIZE IS iblksize, TTR=TTR CCHHRKDD=CCHHRKDD.

Explanation

A fat block was found in member member. Most programs cannot read fat blocks; they receive I/O errors when they try.

IEBCOPY is reblocking the input records and will copy all of the logical records in this *fat block* to 1 or more output blocks as needed.

This message will appear only once per member even when the member contains more than 1 fat block.

Message inserts and meanings:

member

name of PDS or PDSE member.

ddname

DD name of the input data set.

length

length of physical record.

iblksize

input data set block size.

ttr

3-byte hexadecimal relative disk address.

mbbcchhr

DASD address of record.

The severity is 0.

System action

Processing Continues.

User response

Increase the block size in the label of the input data set to meet or exceed *length*, or copy the member to another PDS with a different block size and then back again to reblock it to the current input data set block size.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1132E

VARIABLE FORMAT LOGICAL RECORD IS TOO LONG FOR BLOCK.
RECORD LENGTH IS length OUTPUT BLOCKSIZE IS blocksize

Explanation

For variable format records, the longest logical record that can be written to the output data set is 4 bytes less than the output data set block size *blocksize*. A logical record in the input data set is *length* byte long, which is too big to fit in an output data set block.

Message inserts and meanings:

length

length of the logical record.

blocksize

output data set block size.

The severity is 0.

System action

The operation is ended.

User response

Increase the block size of the output data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1133E

COPYMOD WORK AREA OVERFLOW PROCESSING MEMBER member

Explanation

The internal tables used by COPYMOD are too small. This may be because the load module being processed is defective.

Message inserts and meanings:

member

name of the PDS or PDSE member.

The severity is 8.

System action

The member is copied as if the operation were COPY instead of COPYMOD.

System programmer response

If the member is a valid load module then request service as the table size may be too small.

User response

Try Link Editing the member and/or executing it to verify that it is a valid load module.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1134D - IEB1137D

diagnostic_text

Explanation

The following messages contain diagnostic information for you to supply to IBM when requesting service:

- IEB1134D
- IEB1135I
- IEB1136D
- IEB1137D

IEB1137E

UTTR WORK AREA OVERFLOW PROCESSING MEMBER MMMMMMMM, MISSES=NNNN

Explanation

UTTR table has overflowed while processing module MMMMMMMM.

System action

Processing ceases.

User response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center and provide the value NNNN for correction.

IEB1137W

UTTR WORK AREA OVERFLOW PROCESSING MEMBER mmmmmmm, MISSES=nnnnnnn.

Explanation

The table of user TTRs was of insufficient size to copy member mmmmmmmm.

Message inserts and meanings:

mmmmmmmm

name of member.

nnnnnnn

amount of storage necessary for successful copy.

The severity is 4.

Operator response

Rerun IEBCOPY specifying PARM='UTTRTAB=nnnnnnnn' where nnnnnnn is the value given in 'misses='.

System programmer response

Processing continues.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1138W

THE OUTPUT DATA SET BLOCK SIZE OF <out_size> BYTES IS SMALLER THAN THE INPUT BLKSIZE OF <in_size> BYTES.

Explanation

Increase output BLKSIZE. Records may exist in the input data set that are longer than the maximum length records permitted in the output data set. Such records are called fat blocks. IEBCOPY may create fat blocks if it copies these records. While the link editor and program fetch and IEBCOPY can tolerate fat blocks, other programs may encounter I/O errors when processing the fat blocks.

The severity is 0

System action

Processing continues, possibly creating fat blocks.

User response

Increase the BLKSIZE and/or LRECL of the output data set to be at least as large as the longest record.

IEB1139W

THE OUTPUT DATA SET BLOCK SIZE IS BEING REDUCED FROM <old>
TO <new> BYTES. ANY EXISTING PHYSICAL RECORDS LONGER THAN <new> BYTES ARE FAT BLOCKS AND MAY CAUSE I/O ERRORS.

Explanation

IEBCOPY may create fat blocks if the data set already contains records longer than the new block size. While the link editor and program fetch and IEBCOPY can tolerate fat blocks, other programs may encounter I/O errors processing them.

System action

Processing continues, possibly creating fat block.

User response

Increase the BLKSIZE and/or LRECL of the output data set to be at least as large as the longest record.

IEB1140W

<member> IS NOT A LOAD MODULE. <reason>. EXPECTED=<expected>
ACTUAL=<actual>

Explanation

While examining the directory entry for the load module, COPYMOD determined that the member is not a load module for the given <reason>. It will be copied without reblocking as if COPY not COPYMOD was requested. <expected> and <actual> are length in bytes of the directory entry.

Possible <reason>s are:

- DIRECTORY ENTRY TOO SHORT (LESS THAN 33 BYTES)
- 0 OR 3 USER TTRS
- USER TTR 1 IS A NOTELIST

- RESERVED USER TTR 2 NOT ZERO
- SCATTER LOAD/OVERLAY WITH ONLY 1 TTR
- USER TTR 2 IS ZERO
- 2 TTRS BUT NOT SCATTER LOAD/OVERLAY
- OVERLAY MODULE WITHOUT NOTELIST
- SCATTER LOAD MODULE HAS NOTELIST
- DIRECTORY ENTRY SIZE WRONG

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

Verify that all maintenance has been applied to programs such as the link editor and binder to correct any compatibility problems.

User response

Validate the directory entry and the input data set. Relink or recreate the load module.

IEB1141W

<member> IS NOT A LOAD MODULE. <reason>

Explanation

COPYMOD determined that the member currently being processed is not a load module for <reason>. It will be copied without reblocking as if COPY not COPYMOD was requested.

Possible <reason>s are:

- OVERLAPPING TEXT BLOCKS
- TEXT RECORD SIZE WRONG
- OVERLAY MODULE NOTE LIST SIZE
- CESD RECORD SIZE WRONG
- CONTROL RECORD SIZE WRONG
- ECORD IS NOT A CONTROL RECORD
- NO-TEXT MODULE CESDN RECORD SIZE
- IDR RECORD SIZE WRONG
- SYM (TEXTRAN) RECORD SIZE WRONG
- UNIDENTIFIABLE RECORD TYPE
- READRLD DIAGNOSED RLD PROBLEM
- RAN OFF END OF ESD TABLE
- GETINPUT DIAGNOSED DS SPACE PROBLEM
- OVERLAY MODULE SEGMENT OVER/UNDER RUN
- OVERLAY MODULE SEGMENT NOT IN NOTE LIST

System action

A COPY operation is performed for the member.

User response

Validate the directory entry and the input data set. Relink or recreate the load module. SYSTEM PROGRAMMER RESPONSE: Verify that all maintenance has been applied to programs such as the link editor and binder to correct any compatibility problems.

IEB1142W

module IS AN INCOMPATIBLE OR DAMAGED LOAD MODULE AND SHOULD BE RE-LINKED -- COMMON SECTION OUT OF PLACE

Explanation

The COPYMOD function of the IEBCOPY utility cannot unblock a module because the common sections for the module are not at the end of the module where the link editor usually places them. COPYMOD cannot process the module displayed in the message text.

In the message text:

module

The load module being processed by COPYMOD.

System action

IEBCOPY uses the COPY function instead of the COPYMOD function to process the displayed load module.

System programmer response

Relink or rebind the load module and then retry the COPYMOD function of the IEBCOPY utility.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IEBCPMOD

IEB1143I

AT LOAD MODULE RECORD < record_count>

Explanation

The relative record number of the last load module record COPYMOD examined before detecting the error or problem reported in message IEB1141W or IEB1142W is <record_count>.

System action

Processing continues.

IEB1144I

MEMBER TT-R AF TT-R.N TT-R.N TT-R.N ATTR ...

Explanation

See message IEB1144I.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

Refer to the link editor or BLDL macro documentation to interpret the hex data.

<de_member> <hex_data>

Explanation

IEB1144I titles the printout of the load module directory entry in hexadecimal by message IEB1145I. These two messages follow IEB1140I.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

Refer to the link editor or BLDL macro documentation to interpret the hex data.

IEB1153I

An INVALID RECORD WAS READ FROM PDSU DDN=ddname RECORD=nn DSN=dsname

Explanation

An invalid record was detected in off loaded data set.

In the message text:

ddname

The DDNAME of the data set.

nn

The invalid record number.

dsname

The data set name.

System action

The copy operation is ended.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IEBCPMOD

IEB1157W

DIRECTORY ENTRY FOR MMMMMMMM CONTAINS AN INVALID UTTR 'ttttr' <text>

Explanation

An invalid user TTR was detected while processing module MMMMMMM.

In the message text,

text

One of the following:

REPLACED BY VALID DATA FROM NNNNNNN

The invalid data was replaced by the corresponding user TTR from module NNNNNNN.

- UTTR DATA UNCHANGED

The invalid user TTR data could not be corrected.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

text

One of the following:

REPLACED BY VALID DATA FROM NNNNNNN

Verify that the copied module functions correctly.

- UTTR DATA UNCHANGED

Obtain a valid copy of the module in error.

IEB1157E

DIRECTORY ENTRY FOR MMMMMMMM CONTAINS AN INVALID UTTR 'ttttrr' - UTTR DATA UNCHANGED

Explanation

An invalid user TTR was detected while processing module MMMMMMMM.

System action

Processing ceases.

User response

Obtain a valid copy of the module in error.

IEB1160I

OUTPUT DATASET RECFM/LRECL/BLKSIZE COPIED FROM INPUT DATASET

Explanation

The JCL for the output dataset did not specify one or more of the dataset attributes listed. The values have been set from the corresponding attribute of the input dataset.

System action

The copy operation continues.

User response

None.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IEBDSCPY

IEB1161W

DIRECTORY ENTRY FOR MMMMMMMM CONTAINS AN INVALID TTR

Explanation

An invalid user TTR was detected while processing module MMMMMMM.

System action	
Processing continues.	
User response	
Verify that the copied module funct	ions correctly.
Source	
DFSMSdfp	
Module	
IEBWSU	
IEB1162W	ESTAE SYSTEM MACRO INVOCATION FAILED
Explanation	
This message is issued if there is a non-zero return code from ESTAE invocation in IEBESTIN.	
System action	
The copy operation continues.	
User response	
None.	
Source	
DFSMSdfp	
ы эмэшр	
Module	
IEBESTIN	
Routing code	
Note 11	
Descriptor code	
-	
IEB1163E	SYSTEM ABEND code OCCURRED, TERMINATING IEBCOPY.
Explanation	
-	213, S80A, S878, S913, or SD37, occurs, the ESTAE recovery routine issues

this message.

System action

The copy operation terminates after freeing all obtained storage.

User response

See z/OS MVS System Codes for an explanation of this abend code.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

IEB1165T

USER EXITS PARAMETER IS IN ERROR

Explanation

The caller's user exit parameter list structure passed to IEBCOPY is either too small or does not follow the documented parameter list structure rules.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1166T

Explanation

The user exit parameter list structure contains a user exit 64-bit address that is not on a half-word boundary or contains a one bit in one of the 33 high order bits.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1167T

CONTROL STATEMENT USER EXIT RETURNED AN OVERLAID IEBCPLST STRUCTURE

The user exit, that was called by IEBCOPY, modified one or more fields of the IEBCPLST structure that are not allowed to be changed.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1168T

{CONTROL STATEMENT | MEMBER SELECTION} USER EXIT RETURNED AN INVALID RETURN CODE: X'xxxxxxxx'

Explanation

The user exit called by IEBCOPY returned an unexpected return code for the current action.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1169T

CONTROL STATEMENT USER EXIT RETURNED AN INVALID RECORD LENGTH: X'xxxxxxxx'

Explanation

The system issues this message when one of the following occurs:

- The returned IEBCOPY input statement is either shorter than 72 characters or longer than 80 characters,
- The returned IEBCOPY print record is either shorter than 60 characters or longer than 120 characters.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1170T

The returned input statement or print record 64-bit address from IEBCOPY contains a one bit in one of the 33 high order bits.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1171T

MEMBER-SELECTION USER EXIT RETURNED AN INVALID MEMBER ACTION RETURN CODE: X'xxxxxxxx'

Explanation

The IEBCOPY member-selection user exit returned an unexpected selection status return code.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1172T

MEMBER SELECTION USER EXIT RETURNED FOR MEMBER
X'xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx' AN INVALID NEW NAME X'xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

Explanation

The IEBCOPY member-selection user exit returned an invalid new name for the specified member.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1173T

{CONTROL STATEMENT | MEMBER SELECTION} USER EXIT ENCOUNTERED A SEVERE ERROR

An IEBCOPY user exit returned to IEBCOPY with a return code 36 indicating a severe error.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1174T

YOU CANNOT SPECIFY SELECT OR EXCLUDE STATEMENTS WHEN A MEMBER SELECTION USER EXIT IS ACTIVE.

Explanation

An IEBCOPY input statements user exit returned a SELECT or EXCLUDE control statement while a member selection user exit is also being used in the same run.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1175E

INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE FOR MEMBER SELECTION USER EXIT

Explanation

IEBCOPY failed to allocate sufficient storage (above the 16MB line) to support all selected members via the member selection user exit.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit parameter list error and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1176T

MEMBER SELECTION USER EXIT DUPLICATE MEMBER NAME ENCOUNTERED

IEBCOPY encountered an unexpected duplicate member name while processing selection results from the member selection user exit.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1177T

MEMBER SELECTION USER EXIT DUPLICATE MEMBER NEW NAME ENCOUNTERED

Explanation

IEBCOPY encountered an unexpected duplicate member new name while processing selection results from the member selection user exit.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the user exit logic and rerun the failing job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1178T

MEMBER SELECTION USER EXIT INVALID IEBCPLST STRUCTURE FROM IGWFAMS

Explanation

IEBCOPY encountered an invalid parameter list structure while processing PDSE members via a member selection user exit.

System action

The IEBCOPY program terminates.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEB1179W

{CONTROL STATEMENT | MEMBER SELECTION} USER EXIT SET HIGHEST RC=return-code AND REASON CODE=X'reason'

The user exit returned a new combined highest return-code and associated reason-code.

In the message text:

return-code

A decimal number to be set as the new maximum return code.

reason

A 16-digit hexadecimal reason code associated with this return code.

System action

The operation resumes normally.

Programmer response

No response is needed unless the documentation for the exit indicates that this combination of return and reason code is a problem.

Source

IEBCUXT

IEB1180T

{CONTROL STATEMENT | MEMBER SELECTION} USER EXIT RETURNED
AN INVALID IEBCOPY RETURN CODE=X'return-code'

Explanation

The user exit returned a new combined highest return code different than 0 or 4 or 8.

In the message text:

return-code

An 8-digit hexadecimal return code.

System action

IEBCOPY ends.

Programmer response

Consult documentation or source code for your user exit.

Source

IEBCUXT

IEB1181I

GENS KEYWORD REQUESTED FOR A PDS DATA SET. IT IS IGNORED FOR A PDS

Explanation

The system encountered a request to copy the member generations of a PDS data set. PDS does not support member generations.

The severity is 0.

System action

The GENS keyword has no effect and IEBCOPY is proceeding to make the copy.

Remove the GENS keyword or make sure that the input and output data sets are version 2 PDSE data sets.

Programmer response

Chapter 3. IEC messages

IEC messages associated with output tape abends may specify: "number" LOST BLOCKS. This refers to the number of blocks buffered in the hardware but not successfully written to the tape medium when the Buffered Tape Marks function is active.

An application activates the Buffered Tape Mark function by setting DCBE bit DCBESYNC_NONE in byte DCBEFLG3. With BTM active and when stacking multiple tape data sets by leaving the tape positioned at the end of each file created, multiple tape data sets might be buffered in the hardware prior to being written or synchronized to the tape medium. Therefore, the Lost Block number might include multiple tape data sets.

To determine which data sets were not successfully written to the tape medium, add the number of blocks externalized in IEC205I...TOTALBLOCKS associated with each immediately preceding data set, until the sum equals or exceeds the Lost Block number in the IEC message associated with the tape abend. The file sequence numbers in these associated IEC205I messages were either not completely written or never written to the tape medium.

Verbose text for IEC abend messages

For most of the IEC messages that describe an abend, the system also produces what is called "verbose" text. The reason for this is that most of those messages contain mainly codes and names. They require the user to either look it up in the book or rely on memory to know the meaning. For those messages, the system can write the first paragraph of the description in this section as the verbose text. This additional text goes only to the user's job log. It does not go to a system log or to an operator console.

The VERBOSE option on the .MSGOPTION statement in the MPFLSTxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB controls verbose text. The default is to not write verbose text. See <u>Controlling verbose message production</u> in *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

IEC001A

M dev,ser [,jjj,sss] [,dsname]

Explanation

M indicates that a stack of documents, identified by the volume serial number, is to be readied on a 1419/1275 unit.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

jjj

The specified job name.

SSS

The specified step.

dsname

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, the data set requesting the volume.

System action

The job step waits for the operator to ready the documents or until the task reaches time-out.

Operator response

Ready the indicated documents on the device.

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0197B, IDA0192V

Routing code

4,11

Descriptor code

2

IEC003E

R dev,ser,jjj,sss [, SPACE=prm] [,dsname]

Explanation

R indicates that the volume on device dev is to be demounted and retained near the computer for use in the near future:

- If the volume serial number is a 6-digit number, it is the serial number of the volume, which contains labels.
- If the volume serial begins with a slash or L, the volume to be demounted is unlabeled; the number after the slash or L is an internal serial number assigned by the system to an unlabeled volume. If the volume serial begins with L, the number after the L is of the form xxxyy, where xxx is the data set number and yy is the volume sequence number of the data set.

In the message text, *labtype* and *den* appear only for tape volumes. The volume has the type of label specified by *labtype*: SL for standard label, AL for ISO/ANSI label, NSL for nonstandard label, or NL for no label; the density is as specified by *den*.

For direct access volumes, if a MONITOR SPACE command is active, the field.

SPACE=cccc,tttt,aaaa/yyyy, zzzz is specified:

cccc

Total number of free cylinders on the volume.

tttt

Total number of tracks in addition to the free cylinders.

aaaa

Areas or extents dividing the cylinders and tracks.

уууу

Maximum number of contiguous free cylinders of the largest extent within the total remaining space.

ZZZZ

Number of tracks in addition to the free cylinders of the largest extent within the total remaining space.

If an error occurred during the listing of the parameters in the SPACE field, one of the following messages is specified:

- LSPACE-PERMANENT I/O ERROR
- LSPACE-NON-STANDARD OS VOLUME
- LSPACE-NOT A DIRECT ACCESS VOL
- LSPACE-INVALID PARAMETER

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, data set *dsname* contained on the volume is also specified in the message text.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

jjj

The specified job name.

SSS

The specified step.

prm

The specified parameter.

dsname

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, the data set requesting the volume.

System action

For tape, the system rewinds and unloads the tape volume.

Operator response

Demount the volume. Mark the serial number, label type, and density on the volume, if they are not so marked. (The internally assigned number should appear externally on the volume in case a subsequent step needs the volume; for the subsequent mounting, the system will specify the volume by the internally assigned number.) Then retain the volume near the computer. If LSPACE-PERMANENT I/O ERROR was in the message, a permanent I/O error was encountered while trying to read the VTOC. Execute the IEHLIST utility program to list the VTOC of this volume. If errors occur, take appropriate action as indicated in the message. If LSPACE-NOT A DIRECT ACCESS VOL or LSPACE-INVALID PARAMETER was in the message, perform the problem determination action.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

MISSING INFO.

Routing code

3/4

Descriptor code

3

IEC006I

UNABLE TO ACTIVATE A VIO DATA SET DURING RESTART PROCESSING

Explanation

The Auxiliary Storage Manager (ASM) was unable to reset its control blocks for a VIO data set to its status at the time it was journaled. This message should be followed by message IEF086I.

System action

Restart processing is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

See message IEF086I and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IDAVBPJ2

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

_

IEC014E

D dev

Explanation

D indicates that the volume on the device is to be demounted. The control program has determined that this volume, mounted in response to an earlier mount message, either:

- Contains labels that cannot be read due to a permanent input/output error.
- Contains no label or nonstandard labels when standard labels were specified.
- · Contains standard labels when no labels or nonstandard labels were specified.
- Contains labels that are written in a density other than the density specified.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

The system rewinds and unloads the tape volume.

Operator response

Demount the volume. The system will then request that a new volume be mounted. Mount a volume with the correct density and label type.

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output for the job, and the associated volume.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IDA0192V

Routing code

4

Descriptor code

3

IEC015I

A37-rc,mod,jjj, sss,ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname (member)

Explanation

The error occurred during end-of-volume processing.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code A37 and with a return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

Device number.

ser

Volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation of the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An SVC 55 (EOV) was issued, usually by a CHECK, GET, or PUT routine, against a DCB which was not open.

08

DEB does not point to DCB.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. An open DCB may have been partially overlaid, closed by the user in a SYNAD routine, or automatically closed by a previous end-of-volume error where ignore was specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0005E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC020I

001-rc,mod,jjj, sss,ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname or 001-rc,mod,jjj, sss,code

Explanation

The first form of the message is followed by one of the lines:

- NO ERROR HANDLING, (SYNAD), EXIT SPECIFIED
- ERROR OCCURRED WHILE CLOSING DATA SET
- NON-ACCEPTABLE ERROR
- DCB EROPT=ABE OR AN INVALID CODE, AND/OR NO SYNAD EXIT SPECIFIED
- GET ISSUED AFTER END-OF-FILE

The second form of the message is followed by one of the lines:

- NO SYNAD EXIT SPECIFIED
- EROPT IS 'ABE' OR NOT SPECIFIED
- HFS/REMOTE FILE POSITIONING ERROR

A 001 system completion code was issued for the current task because of an I/O error or simulated I/O error.

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

mod

The name of the module.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The serial number of the volume.

dsname

The data set name.

code

One of the following:

USS

The DCB is open to a z/OS UNIX file.

JES

The DCB is for a subsystem such as JES2 or JES3.

Three or four hexadecimal digits

The DCB is for a device and these are the device number.

For partitioned concatenated data sets, *dsname* is the name of the first data set in the concatenation and is not necessarily the data set causing the error.

The unit address, volume serial number, and data set name fields do not appear in the message text when it applies to a subsystem data set, such as SYSIN or SYSOUT or to a z/OS UNIX file or directory.

- If the return code is 0, the logical record length and block size specified in the data control block (DCB), DCB extension (DCBE), or DD statement differ from the logical record length and block size indicated in the data set.
- If the return code is 1, an I/O error occurred during BDAM, BSAM, BISAM, QSAM, QISAM, or BPAM and no SYNAD exit was specified by the user. For BSAM or BPAM, one of the following conditions might be true:
 - RECFM=U was specified on the DCB macro instruction, but no logical record length was specified.
 - A write was attempted to a data set that was opened for input.

- A read was attempted to a data set that was opened for output.
- For concatenated data sets, some data set in the concatenation has attributes that are different from the
 attributes of the first data set in the concatenation. For example, some data set may have a different block
 size from the first data set and OPEN could not determine this.
- If the return code is 2, an error was encountered while attempting to close the data set.
- If the return code is 3, for QSAM, an unacceptable error occurred because of one of the following:
 - The caller returned from the SYNAD.
 - The caller did not provide a SYNAD.

Look at the I/O status area to determine why the error was unacceptable to QSAM. The status area address is in register 0 at entry to the QSAM SYNAD routine.

- If the return code is 4, for QSAM, ABE or an incorrect value for EROPT parameter in the DCB and/or no error handling (SYNAD) exit was specified.
- If the return code is 5, for QSAM, a GET was issued after end-of-file.
- If the return code is 6, an error occurred while the POINT function was reading the UNIX file to find the desired position.

System action

With the first form of the message, if OPEN/CLOSE/EOV tracing is in effect, perhaps due to DIAGNS=TRACE, pertinent control blocks are recorded on the GTF data set. The task abnormally ends.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL.

Programmer response

Correct any errors that caused the abnormal end. Then run the job step again. Corrective procedures for the problems mentioned above are as follows:

- If no error analysis routine was available, specify the address of a SYNAD routine in the SYNAD operand of the DCB or DCBE macro instruction.
- If the EROPT parameter in the DCB is incorrect, correct the value of the EROPT operand in the DCB macro instruction or in the DCB subparameter of the appropriate DD statement. If desired, specify the ACC or SKP option for the EROPT operand.
- Be sure the problem program does not issue a GET macro instruction after an end-of-data condition.
- If an out-of-space condition was detected, change the JCL SPACE parameter in the DD statement for the data set to specify a larger primary quantity or add a secondary quantity.
- If the logical record length and/or block size is incorrect, correct the value of LRECL and/or BLKSIZE in the DCB macro instruction or in the DCB subparameter of the DD statement.
- If the POINT macro instruction is incorrect, correct the relative track address or block number operand.
- If a hardware error has occurred, see the explanation of the accompanying IEA000I error message.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG019DN, IFG0551D, IFG0554T, IGC0005E, IGG019LI, IGG019AH

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC021I

NO SPACE IN PASSWORD DATA SET

Explanation

The password data set on the system residence device is full. No additional entries may be added until entries are deleted or a new password data set is created.

System action

The job step is ended.

Operator response

Inform the programmer responsible for the installation that you have received this message.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Programmer response

Delete outdated entries in the present password data set or create a new password data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0109H

Routing code

9

Descriptor code

4

IEC022I

137-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname [-#],dev,volser,dsname [,nnn LOST BLOCKS]

Explanation

The error occurred during end-of-volume processing on a magnetic tape.

In the message text:

137-rc

Associates this message with system completion code 137 and the return code. For explanations of the hex return codes, see Return Code Explanations in the following text.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

The data definition name, followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation.

dev

The device number.

volser

The volume serial number.

dsname

The data set name.

nnn

The number of blocks written to the hardware buffer but not written to the tape medium.

The explanation of the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred while an end-of-volume label or a tape mark was being written.

08

An I/O error occurred while the tape was being positioned in preparation for label processing.

OC

An I/O error occurred while the system was reading a trailer label for a data set opened with the input or output option. If an embedded short block was encountered when using FBS to read a data set, the I/O error occurred during an attempt to read the EOF1 label to verify EOD. If the data set was opened with the option RDBACK, the I/O error occurred while the header label was being read.

10

An I/O error occurred while a magnetic tape was being positioned at the end of the data set.

14

An I/O error occurred while header labels for a data set opened for INPUT or INOUT was being read. If the data set was opened for RDBACK, the error occurred while the trailer label was being read.

18

An I/O error occurred while a magnetic tape was being positioned at the first data record of a data set or during a Read Block ID command used to establish the tape position.

1C

An incorrect trailer label was read during end-of-volume processing. Execute the DITTO utility program to determine the contents of the volume. Take any corrective action necessary to recreate the volume so that the information can be accessed.

20

An incorrect header label was read during end-of-volume processing. Execute the DITTO utility program to determine the contents of the volume. Take any corrective action necessary to recreate the volume so that the information can be accessed.

24

A specific volume serial number was specified for the second or subsequent volume of an output data set on magnetic tape. During end-of-volume processing, it was discovered that the expiration date (from the HDR1 label of the first data set currently on the specified volume) had not passed. When requested to specify whether the volume could be used in spite of the expiration date, the operator did not reply 'U'. Ask the operator to reply 'U' or specify another volume serial number.

One of the following:

- The operator responded with an 'M' reply (reject VOL1 label rewrite) to message IEC704A.
- During end-of-volume (EOV), IEC704A was issued 10 times because of an invalid reply or repeated IO errors during the VOL1 rewrite.

2C

The input volume contains a standard ISO/ANSI tape label that is not Version 1 or Version 3 or Version 4.

30

A label violated the published standard for that label, and the label validation exit issued a return code requesting OPEN/EOV to reject the volume.

37

During end-of-volume processing, the operator replied 'U' to message IEC510D. The magnetic tape volume is mounted on a Cartridge Stack Loader, the File Protect Ring is not enabled, and a specific volume serial was specified. Specify a different volume in the DD statement.

38

During the processing of a Read Block ID command or a Synchronize command to establish the tape position, an I/O error occurred.

3C

For a specific private tape in the Automated Tape Library (ATL), either of the following events occurred:

- Message IEC534D was issued and the reply was 'M' to mount another volume.
- An existing data set with an unexpired date was detected, and either message IEC507D was issued with reply 'M' or the File Validation Tape Installation Exit received control and returned RC08 to reject the volume.

In an ATL, all volume serial numbers must be unique. There cannot be any volume substitution for specifically requested volumes.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the error is to be ignored, the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

In the DD statement for the data set in error, specify

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

This is a probable user error unless an I/O error has occurred. Correct the errors that caused the abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Then resubmit the job.

If the return code is 2C, correct the volume label to be compatible with ISO/ANSI Version 3 processing (use the IEHINITT utility program).

If the return code is 30, the label field that is in error is identified in message IEC512I. Respond to IEC512I before reusing the volume.

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Rerun the job, specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0551P

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC023I

237-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during end-of-volume.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 237 and with the return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

Device number.

ser

Volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

Data set name. Member name if specified.

The values of the hex return codes and their meanings are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

The block count in the DCB does not match that in the trailer label. A block of data has been missed or skipped (probably due to a hardware error).

08

The DSNAME in a header label does not match that in the JFCB on the second or subsequent volume of a magnetic tape data set. Verify that the correct volume and DSNAME were specified.

OC.

This error was caused by one of the following:

- The number of blocks processed, which is determined by the position of the tape, does not match the number of blocks specified in the DCB.
- A multi-volume tape read with (DCB=EROPT=SKIP) coded in the JCL encountered an I/O error. The software block count is 4 greater than the hardware block count. Correct the I/O error.

10

The number of blocks processed, as indicated in the DCB for an ASCII standard label data set, exceeds 999,999, which is the maximum block number which can be recorded in an ASCII label.

14

An EOV or FEOV macro instruction was attempted against an HFS data set that is part of a sequential concatenation. EOV and FEOV do not support HFS data sets.

18

An EOV or FEOV macro instruction was attempted against an HFS data set that is part of a sequential concatenation. EOV and FEOV do not support HFS data sets.

1C

One or more of the stripes of an extended format data set did not satisfy the hardware requirements of an extended format data set.

20

A magnetic tape data set with a block size greater than 32760 is the next data set to be processed in a sequential concatenation, but the large block interface is not being used.

24

An EOV or FEOV macro instruction was attempted for a sequential concatenation. End-of-volume encountered an extended attribute DSCB (Format 8) for the next data set in the concatenation that is not eligible to have extents above 65,520 cylinders. This is invalid for this type of data set for this level of the system.

28

An EOV or FEOV macro instruction was attempted for a sequential concatenation. The next data set in the concatenation is on a volume with more than 65,520 cylinders, but the DCBE flag, DCBEEADSCBOK, indicating the caller understands extended attribute (format 8) DSCBs was not set.

30

Access method code called EOV, but the DEB is invalid or a program holds the DEB lock. If the low order two bytes of register 9 (in the dump) are X'0C07', then the current task locked the DEB. If the low order bytes of register 9 are X'0C03' or X'0C04', then a different task locked the DEB. Otherwise a different DEB error occurred. No task can hold the DEB lock at this time.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the return code is not 30, the exit can cause the system to ignore the error, and the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If you have a DEB lock problem and you have a SYSMDUMP or system dump, you can use the IPCS IEAVDEBT command to display DEB lock information. Otherwise, see the DBTI field in each XSB (2 bytes at offset X'112') and see the JSCB address in the JSCA field.

The following example shows the IEAVDEBT output:

```
TCB: 008C3CF0
RB: 8FE880 XSB: 7F4642E0 DIAG1: 0005 DIAG2: 008FC82C
```

It identifies the RB that locked the DEB. The DIAG1 value matches the TBLOF field in the prefix of the DEB. The DIAG2 value is the address of the JSCB.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0552R, IGC0005E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC024I

337-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred when the end of a data set was reached.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 337 and with the return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a physical sequential concatenated data set and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

Device number.

ser

Volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

Data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation of the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

The end of a data set was reached, but no end- of-data-set routine (EODAD) was specified in the DCB or DCBE. The EODAD routine pointer in the DCBE is ignored when the DCBE is not in the same storage key in which the OPEN was issued.

08

No EODAD specified in the DCB for DD DUMMY data set.

System action

The task is ended.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the errors causing the abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0552X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC025I

437-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,dsname(member)

The error occurred at an end-of-volume.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 437 and with the return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

Device number.

ser

Volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

Data set name. Member name if specified.

The values of the hex return codes and their meanings are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

08

When FEOV was issued, it was found that the DCB pointer was incorrect. Correct any errors that may have caused the DCB to be incorrect.

OC.

DEB not in DEB table.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the error is to be ignored, the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the errors causing the abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0003A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC026I

637-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during end-of-volume for a data set on magnetic tape or an end-of-volume during concatenation.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 637 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred while reading a tape label, writing a tape mark, or positioning a magnetic tape volume.

08

Following user trailer label processing, an I/O error occurred positioning a magnetic tape.

OC.

Concatenation of data sets with unlike attributes was detected, but not specified in the DCB (that is, DCBOFLGS bit 4 is 0).

10

An I/O error occurred while positioning a magnetic tape data set that was opened with the option INPUT or INOUT to be read backward. If it is a tape with standard labels, the error occurred positioning at the labels. If it is a tape with no labels, the error occurred positioning at the data.

14

An I/O error in tape positioning occurred for a data set with the LEAVE option specified in the OPEN macro instruction or with the LEAVE option specified in the FEOV macro instruction.

18

An I/O error in tape positioning occurred for a data set opened with the REREAD option.

1C

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning when FEOV is issued for a data set with DISP=PASS and no OPEN option 2 specified.

20

The RDBACK option was incorrectly specified. During EOV/FEOV processing for a new concatenated tape volume, EOV/FEOV found that the RDBACK option had been specified, but it is not supported with concatenation.

24

An I/O error occurred rewinding a scratch magnetic tape volume. Either FEOV with a REWIND option was issued, or no OPEN option 2 was specified when the DISP was not PASS.

2C

If this message is not preceded by an IEC710I, IEC711I or IEC712I message for this volume, an I/O error occurred while rewinding a magnetic tape volume before verifying the volume label. If this message is preceded by an IEC710I, IEC711I or IEC712I message for this volume, the label anomaly exit routine of your installation caused this ABEND. In the latter case, the system called this exit because of the condition described in that message.

30

During EOV data set concatenation processing, the next data set to be processed was a tape data set with a data set sequence number greater than 9999 which is not supported at this level of the system.

34

An I/O error occurred during end-of-volume processing while reading the volume label of a magnetic tape volume or the operator replied 'A' to message IEC514D after a label error.

38

An I/O error occurred while positioning a tape without a label or with nonstandard labels.

3C

An I/O error occurred while positioning a concatenated magnetic tape data set. If it has standard labels, the error occurred positioning at the labels. If it has no labels, the error occurred positioning at the data.

40

An I/O error occurred while positioning a magnetic tape data set that was opened with the option INPUT or INOUT to be read forward. If it is a tape with standard labels, the error occurred positioning at the labels. If it is a tape with no labels, the error occurred positioning at the data.

44

An I/O error occurred while checking sense bytes to determine if a file protect ring is on a magnetic tape containing a data set opened for INOUT.

4C

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning following user header label processing.

50

A perform subsystem function error was detected during a logical write protection operation in an ATLDS.

54

An error was detected while processing a tape cartridge in an ATLDS or MTLDS. See the accompanying message(s) for detailed information about the error.

58

The system encountered an error while attempting to update a volume record in the tape configuration database.

5C

An ATLDS tape library volume was opened for output processing and it is file protected.

60

An ATLDS or MTLDS tape library volume record to be updated was not found in the tape configuration database.

64

A CBRXVOL parameter list error was detected when the system was attempting to update an ATLDS or MTLDS tape library volume record.

68

A CBRXVOL internal processing error occurred while the system was attempting to update an ATLDS or MTLDS tape library volume record.

6C

An SAF/RACF authorization failure occurred while the system was accessing the ATLDS or MTLDS tape configuration database.

70

The system encountered a catalog access error while processing an ATLDS or MTLDS tape library volume record.

74

A label type other then SL, SUL, AL, or AUL was specified for a tape volume in an ATLDS or MTLDS.

78

The error system default value has been exceeded for a tape volume in an automatic tape library dataserver (ATLDS) or MTLDS.

7C

The operator replied M to WTOR IEC507D for a private volume in an automatic tape library dataserver.

80

An unexpected return code was returned by CBRXVOL while attempting to update or read an ATLDS or MTLDS tape volume record.

84

An extended length ATLDS cartridge was mounted on a non-extended length cartridge capable device.

88

An ATLDS cartridge was mounted that exceeds the IBM supported maximum length and an I/O encryption error occurred during processing of an EOV macro instruction.

8C

An ATLDS private cartridge's internal volume serial number was unreadable, had no label (NL), or the volume was uninitialized.

90

Invalid return code from an OCE Tape Installation Exit. See IEC998I for name of specific exit and value of invalid return code.

94

A non-labeled (NL) volume is requested for an IBM 3494 (ATL) data set, but a labeled (SL or AL) volume was mounted when extending to a new volume.

98

A private labeled (SL or AL) D/3494 or IBM 3494 (ATL) volume is mounted for input processing and the request was for a NL volume while the ATL is in automatic mode.

9C

The 3590 cartridge mounted for a specific mount request in an automated tape library data server is unformatted. 3590 cartridges must be formatted before they can be processed.

A0

The 3590 cartridge mounted for a specific mount request in an automated tape library data server is either an unsupported media type or medium length.

Α4

End-of-volume is attempting to process a tape data set requesting 32 bit blockid recording. However, the drive command to set 32 bit blockid failed.

A8

An attempt was made to overwrite existing data or labels when extending to a WORM-type tape cartridge during output processing. Neither data nor labels can be overwritten on this cartridge type.

AC

Media6, Media7 or Media8 mounted on IBM 3592 and no software support exists.

B0

The last known volume for the data set could not be located while reading a multivolume SMS-managed DASD data set.

B4

Tape volumes associated with a multivolume tape data set are being read out of sequence.

B8

The last known volume for the data set could not be located while reading a multivolume tape data set forward.

BC

The last known volume for the data set could not be located while reading a multivolume DASD data set.

CO

The task attempted to reprocess a tape volume serial number that was previously dequeued as requested in a JCL DD parameter FREEVOL=EOV when using the same DD statement.

C4

During EOV, the system was unable to write a message to the operator.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the error is to be ignored, the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user. If the error occurred in an IBM 3495 Tape Library Dataserver then a software error record is also written to the logrec data set.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

This error may be caused by a hardware problem; if applicable, contact hardware support. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job and the logrec data set error record if the error occurred in an IBM 3495 Tape Library Dataserver.

Programmer response

Except for code C4 or an I/O error, this is a probable user error. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job. For code C4, see the system programmer.

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

If the error occurred in an IBM 3495 Tape Library Dataserver and it was not because the volume is file-protected, then resubmit the job. If the job fails after resubmission, then Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Module

IFG0551T

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC027I

737-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during end-of-volume or during allocation of a secondary quantity of direct access storage as requested in the SPACE parameter of the DD statement for the data set.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 737 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The values of the hex return codes and their meanings are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred while reading the format-1 DSCB, or the format-1 DSCB for the data set could not be found on the first volume (or the volume indexed by the volume sequence number) specified by the DD statement.

08

An I/O error occurred reading a direct access volume label during end-of-volume processing.

OC.

An I/O error occurred reading the DSCB for a concatenated partitioned data set.

10

An I/O error occurred writing a file mark for a data set on a direct access device.

14

An I/O error occurred while reading a DSCB preparing for user trailer label processing.

1C

An I/O error occurred while reading a format-3 DSCB.

24

A missing member name was detected by BLDL while searching for the TTR of a concatenated member.

28

The EOV DA module was passed an error return code in register 15 after issuing the IEFSSREQ macro instruction. This indicates the subsystem (JES3) discovered a functional or logical error that it could not process.

2C

The error occurred when a FEOV macro instruction was issued while attempting to write a file mark at the end of the data. The DCBFDAD field in the DCB indicated an extent number in the DEB greater than the number of extents in the data set. Consequently, it could not be determined where the file mark should have been written.

34

An error occurred during a MOUNT, DEMOUNT, ACQUIRE or RELINQUISH operation on a Mass Storage System (MSS) virtual volume. See message IEC066I.

38

The MSS hardware mounted a virtual volume other than the one requested.

3C

The format-1 DSCB not found installation exit module encountered an error.

40

An I/O error occurred reading the format-1 DSCB, or the format-1 DSCB could not be found on the first volume specified on the DD statement or in the catalog for the next data set in the concatenation.

44

EOV failed when switching to a volume after the first volume of a data set or any volume in a concatenation because the data set type is large format sequential but the application program could not access the whole data set on the volume. All of the following are true:

- The access method is either EXCP or BSAM with the NOTE or POINT function requested.
- BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE is not specified on the DCBE macro.
- The data set has more than 65535 tracks allocated on the volume.

45

EOV failed when switching to a volume after the first volume of a data set or any volume in a concatenation because the data set type is large format sequential but the application program could not access the whole data set on the volume. All of the following are true:

- The access method is EXCP, BSAM or EXCP.
- BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE is not specified on the DCBE macro.
- The data set has more than 65535 tracks allocated on the volume.
- BLOCKTOKENSIZE(REQUIRE) is specified in PARMLIB member IGDSMSxx.

FEOV is not supported when open for output to a compressed format version 2 data set.

System action

The task ends unless the error can be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the error can be ignored, the system attempts to close the DCB before returning to the user.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DTAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

If the format-1 DSCB could not be found or read (as with return codes 04/40), be sure that the DSNAME and VOLUME parameters on the DD statement are correct. A recovery attempt request can be specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

The 28 return code error indicates a subsystem interface problem and your system programmer should be contacted for advice.

If return code is 2C, probable user error. Make sure that the DCBFDAD field is not being corrected before the FEOV macro instruction is issued.

For return code 3C, contact your system support personnel.

For return code 44 or 45, (a) update the DCB to point to a DCBE macro with BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE and if necessary modify the program to handle large format data sets as described in z/OS Using Data Sets, or (b) if the data set contains 65535 or fewer tracks, ensure the OPEN option is INPUT (with BSAM or EXCP) or UPDAT (with BSAM).

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0554C, IFG0552X, IGG0210B, IGG0210C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC028I

837-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during end-of-volume for a sequential data set.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 837 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The values of hex return codes and their meanings are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

The tape volume whose serial number is **ser** was first requested and then mounted on device **dev**. However, a density conflict exists between the user's specified density and the unit's density capability.

80

This situation can occur under the following conditions:

- JFCB is full because exactly five volumes are coded. JFCB can hold only five volume serial numbers.
- JFCB and JFCB extension(s) are full. Each extension can hold only 15 volume serial numbers, so the error will appear after the maximum number of volumes is exceeded.
- This situation can also occur if an OPEN TYPE=J macro is used to open the data set after the volume serial number is changed and the JFCB is not updated in the SWA because bit 4 of the JFCBTSDM field of the JFCB is set to one.
- If this error occurs while the system is reading a multivolume tape data set and this abend message is preceded by one of the following messages: IEC709I, IEC710I, IEC711I, or IEC712I, then the next volser to process was provided via the LABAN (Label Anomaly Tape Installation Exit) but either this volume serial could not be enqueued or no JFCB extension is available to add the volume.

Specify more volume serial numbers, or a larger volume count in the VOL parameter of the DD statement. See *z/OS MVS JCL User's Guide* for a description of the rules for coding volume count.

OC.

The indicated tape volume whose serial number is ser was requested and mounted on device *dev* but another data set was processing the volume.

10

The device does not support the recording mode requested by the user or determined by the system.

14

The tape volume whose serial number is ser does not conform to the single recording mode rules. For input data sets, the violation has occurred during a previous process in which the rules could not be enforced. For output data sets, no violation has yet occurred, since the abend prevents this from happening.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the error is to be ignored, the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Run the job step again.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0554A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC029I

937-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred at an end-of-volume. In most cases, this abnormal end condition results from an unsatisfactory response by the operator to message IEC254D, IEC255D, or IEC256A. These messages are

issued when a checkpoint data set is created, modified, or deleted in installations that wish to ensure the security of their checkpoint data sets.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 937 and with the return code.

ΪΪ

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The values of the hex return codes and their meanings are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

10

- 1) If the data set is opened for input, the second or succeeding volume of a secure checkpoint data set has been found to be insecure.
- 2) If the data set is opened for output, the second or succeeding volume of a secure checkpoint data set could not be made secure.

14

During EOV processing, the second or subsequent volume of a noncheckpoint data set was found to be a secure checkpoint data set.

18

An unauthorized user has issued a FEOV or an EOV SVC against a checkpoint data set open with a security interface.

1C

An error was detected after mounting a new volume for a data set that spans volumes. The extents listed in the data extent block (DEB) and in the data set control block (DSCB) do not match.

20

For ISO/ANSI Version 1: The indicated tape volume whose serial number is ser contained ASCII labels. The volume accessibility byte (offset X'OA' in the volume label) is not blank. This indicates that the label was not created on an IBM system or that it was created by the user. If the volume accessibility field is not blank, the tape cannot be used on an IBM system.

For ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4: This message occurs after message IEC502E with the *ddn-c* field in the message text. If c is 2, access to the data set has been denied.

24

A specific volume serial number was specified for the second or subsequent volume of an output data set on magnetic tape. During EOV processing for this volume, it was determined that the first data set currently on the specified volume was password protected, and the protection mode indicator in the HDR1 label did not match that in the JFCB. Supply the password to the operator or select another volume.

28

At end of volume, the caller is not authorized to use the data set on the new DASD or tape volume.

29

At end-of-volume, the caller is not authorized for input.

2C

RACF definitions are inconsistent. A previously allocated multi-volume direct access data set is being processed for output. The first volume was RACF-defined, but the current volume is not RACF-indicated.

30

An end of volume occurred and the data set on the new volume is RACF-indicated in the Format-1 DSCB; however, the data set on the new volume is not RACF-defined.

34

A VSAM data space requested at end of volume is RACF-defined.

38

RACF failed to add a volume to an existing RACF-defined, direct access data set while the data set was being extended to a new volume.

3C

RACF definitions are inconsistent. A previously allocated multi-volume direct access data set or a tape volume is being processed for output. The first volume is not RACF defined and the current volume is RACF-defined, or the first volume was RACF defined and no longer is.

40

RACF definitions are inconsistent. A previously allocated multi-volume DASD data set or a tape volume is being processed for output. The current volume being processed at end of volume is defined to RACF, but not as part of the same volume set as the previous volume. DFSMS allows you to have a maximum of 255 tape volumes, while if you have TAPEVOL turned on, RACF will limit you to 42. If you have TAPEVOL turned on, RACF will limit you to 42 volumes whether you have one data set spanning the volume or multiple data sets spanning the volume.

44

The OPEN/EOV volume security exit requested that the volume be rejected.

48

During end-of-volume security verification of a concatenated data set, either an I/O error occurred, or one of the following conditions occurred:

- For a password-protected data set, the operator failed to supply the correct password in response to message IEC301A or Time Sharing Options/Extensions (TSO/E) message IEC113A.
- The user did not have the proper RACF authorization.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the error is to be ignored, the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If the return code is 10 and the data set is open for input, one of the checkpoint data set volumes has lost its secure status. Contact the installation personnel to verify the secure status of the checkpoint volumes. If all volumes are found to be secure, rerun the job and make sure the operator responds correctly when the system requests the status of each volume. Otherwise, rerun the job which creates the checkpoint data set.

If the return code is 10 and the data set is open for output, one of the volumes specified on the checkpoint data set DD statement could not be made secure. Contact the installation personnel and verify the eligibility of all volumes, then rerun the job.

If the return code is 14, probable user error. Contact the installation personnel to ensure that the status of each data set volume is as expected.

If the return code is 18, probable user error. Only APF-authorized programs can access a secure checkpoint data set. Remove the referenced FEOV SVC call, recompile the program, and rerun the job.

If the return code is 1C, probable user error. Check to see if the program incorrectly modifies the job file control block (JFCB) of the subject data set after OPEN and before CLOSE. Of particular interest are the JFCB data set name field and volume serial number field.

If the return code is 20, make sure that the correct volume was mounted. If the correct volume was mounted, the tape volume must be recreated for use on an IBM system.

If the return code is 28, the owner of the data set must update the RACF data set profile to permit access.

If the return code is 2C or 3C, make RACF definitions consistent among all volumes of a multi-volume data set.

If the return code is 30, define the data set to RACF without setting the RACF-indicated bit in the Format-1 DSCB.

If the return code is 34, delete the RACF-definition of the VSAM data space.

If the return code is 38, the data set may have been previously defined to RACF on the new volume. Check with the data set owner, or inspect the data set RACF profile.

If the return code is 40, ensure that the current volume is defined to RACF in the same profile as the previous volume.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0193D

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC030I

B37-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,diagcode,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during end-of-volume.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code B37 and with the return code.

jjj

jobname

SSS

The step name.

ddname-#

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

diagcode

The DADSM Extend diagnostic code, if available.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

During end-of-volume processing, one of the following occurred:

- 1. For an output data set, all space was used on the current volume and no more volumes were specified.
- 2. The system had to demount a volume in order to mount the next volume of the data set. It was unable to demount the volume for one of the following reasons:
 - a. The volume was permanently resident
 - b. The volume was reserved
 - c. Another job had data sets allocated on the volume
 - d. There were open data sets on the volume for the failing task.

For an output data set on a direct access device, the system might have needed to demount the volume for one of the following reasons:

- No more space was available on the volume.
- The data set already had the maximum number of extents, but required more space. The maximum number of extents on each volume for basic format, large format and partitioned (PDS) data sets is 16. The maximum number of extents on each volume for extended format or a PDSE is 123.
- The data set has reached the maximum number of tracks per volume. For basic format and partitioned (PDS) data sets, the limit is 65,535 tracks. For large format data sets, the limit is 16,777,215 tracks. For extended format and PDSE, the limit is larger than any currently supported volume. The theoretical limit for a PDSE is 178,956,970 tracks. The theoretical limit for an extended format data set that is not compressed format is 2,147,483,646 blocks per volume. The theoretical limit for a compressed format data set is 1,073,741,823 tracks per volume. These limits are subject to change.
- More space was required, but the volume table of contents (VTOC) was full. If additional space were allocated, another data set control block (DSCB) might have been needed, but could not have been written.

For an output data set on magnetic tape, a volume needed to be demounted because the reflective spot was encountered and more records were to be written.

For an input data set on more than one volume, one of the volumes needed to be demounted so that the next one could be mounted, but the system was unable to demount the volume.

08

During end-of-volume processing, the system attempted to extend data set *dsname* to a volume on which the VSE bit or the DIRF bit (bits 0 and 5 respectively in the DS4VTOCI byte of the format-4 DSCB) was set. The VTOC for the volume could not be converted to standard format for one of the following reasons:

• Two data sets were allocated to the same space on the volume.

- A split cylinder data set was located on cylinder zero, the same cylinder as the VTOC, or the same cylinder as a non-split cylinder data set.
- The DADSM VTOC conversion routine had been modified to reject any space allocation requests on a volume on which the DIRF bit is set to one. See *z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis* for more information.
- Under VSE, the alternate tracks were assigned to cylinder zero.

OC.

The indicated direct access volume *ser* on device *dev* was requested to continue processing the data set, but the unit already contained 127 users, the maximum number.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the error is to be ignored, the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. For all cases, allocate as many units as volumes required.

For return code 04, case 1, specify at least one more volume in the SER, VOL COUNT, or REF subparameter of the VOLUME parameter of the DD statement.

For return code 04, case 2a and 2b, if the volume to be demounted is permanently resident or reserved, set up the JCL to allocate devices that are removable.

For return code 04, case 2c, change the JCL to request deferred mounting, or specify more volumes than units to prevent sharing of required units.

For return code 04, case 2d, rewrite the program or change the JCL insuring that there are no open data sets on volumes that must be demounted.

For the next case (first of 08 return code), scratch one of the data sets that has the overlapping extent.

For the next case (second of 08 return code), either scratch or move the split cylinder data set that is causing the error.

For the next case (third of 08 return code), the VTOC can be converted by either removing the modification to IGG0325Z or by resetting the DIRF bit to zero and setting the VSE bit to one and allocating a data set to the volume.

For the next case (last of 08 return code), the volume can only be used under z/VSE°.

In all cases, correct the errors and run the job step again.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0554A, IGG0210B, IGG0210C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC031I

D37-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,diagcode,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred when an output operation to a direct access device was requested.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code D37 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

diagcode

The DADSM Extend diagnostic code, if available.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

Ω/

A data set opened for output used all the primary space, and no secondary space was requested. Change the JCL specifying a larger primary quantity or add a secondary quantity to the space parameter on the DD statement.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the error is to be ignored, the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the errors that caused the abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0554P, IGG0210B, IGG0210C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC032I

E37-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,diagcode,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred when an output operation was requested. The data set was on a direct access or magnetic tape device.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code E37 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

diagcode

The DADSM Extend diagnostic code, if available.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The values of hex return codes and their meanings are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

A data set opened for output used all space available to or on the current volume, and no more volumes were available. Change the JCL to specify more volumes.

- Not enough volumes were specified for the data set, through the SER, volume count, or REF subparameter of the VOLUME parameter of the DD statement. When all the volumes were filled, the program attempted to write another record.
- 2. For a partitioned data set on a direct access volume or for a VIO data set, all space was filled when the program attempted to write another record. (A partitioned data set or a VIO data set can reside on only one volume with a maximum of 65535 tracks.)
- 3. For a partitioned data set on a direct access volume, 16 extents had been used when the program attempted to write another record.

08

A multi-volume physical sequential data set was being written on a direct access device. All space was filled on the volume, and an attempt was made to obtain space on the next specified volume. Either the space was not available on that volume, the data set already existed on that volume, or there is no space available in the VTOC or the VTOC index. The message contains the volume serial number of the last volume used.

OC.

An exit routine (such as IGGPRE00) associated with the IGGPRE00_EXIT preprocessing dynamic exit, rejected the extend request.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the error is to be ignored, the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the errors causing the abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text as follows:

For return code 04, case 1, specify at least one more volume than the number of volumes previously used for the data set. For case 2, specify a different volume for the partitioned data set or specify more space for the VIO data set.

For case 3, either specify a volume for the data set, use a utility program to reorganize the volume so that data sets will not be fragmented (that is, no more than 16 extents used for this data set), or change the program so that a device will be free when a volume must be mounted.

For return code 08, either specify a new volume to continue the data set or make sure that enough space is available on the volumes already specified. Ensure that the data set does not already exist on the volumes to be used. In all cases, rerun the job.

For return code OC, consult your installation procedures.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0554P, IGG0210B, IGG0210C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC033I

C37-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred when an input operation was requested. The data set was on a direct access device.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code C37 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of the concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An end-of-volume condition occurred on a data set opened for input, but the next volume of the data set contained more than 16 extents.

08

An end-of-volume condition occurred on a data set opened for input, but the next volume of the data set contained a type of split cylinder allocation that cannot be processed under MVS.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the error is to be ignored, the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. The volume was created on z/VSE or an earlier version of it and is not compatible with z/OS. Either recreate the data set under z/OS or correct the problem by creating it under z/VSE so it is compatible.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC034I

INCONSISTENT RECORD FORMATS rc1 AND rc2, ddn-#,dsname

Explanation

This is an informational message issued during processing of an OPEN macro instruction for processing sequentially concatenated data sets using BSAM. The RECFM of one of the concatenated data sets is inconsistent with the RECFM of the first data set in the concatenation.

In the message text:

rc1

RECFM of the first data set in the concatenation.

rc2

RECFM of the data set that is inconsistent with the first data set.

ddn-#

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dsname

Data set name of the data set which has an inconsistent RECFM.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. If this is an error, then either process the data sets with unlike concatenation or ensure all concatenated data sets have compatible RECFMs. See z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets for information about sequential concatenation processing.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0196J

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC036I

002-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], [dev,ser,dsname(member)]

Explanation

The error occurred while the control program was processing a sequential data set with BSAM or QSAM, or creating a direct data set.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 002 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The unit address, volume serial number, and data set name do not appear in the message text when it applies to a subsystem data set, such as SYSIN or SYSOUT.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

One of the following occurred:

- An incorrect record was encountered during a QSAM GET operation. The data set consists of variable format records. The length field in the record descriptor word (RDW) is incorrect for one of the following reasons:
 - The RDW specifies a length less than 4.
 - The RDW specifies a length greater than the DCBLRECL value that was specified when the data set was opened. DCBLRECL is the logical record length (LRECL) in the data control block (DCB).
- QSAM tried to read segments of variable spanned records that are not in proper sequence.
- · LRECL is not large enough.
- The record area in QSAM locate mode is too small to contain a logical record from a spanned-format data set.
- The BDW contained a length greater than the block size specified in the data control block (DCB).

05

The file mark at the end of a PDS member is missing. The member is at the end of the data set. If a valid end-of-file mark is present, the application program may have been reading after the end of the last member in the data set. Before the system detected this, the application may have already read unpredictable data.

08

One of the following is true:

- An incorrect record was encountered on a QSAM or BSAM PUT or WRITE operation. If the large block
 interface is not being used, or output is not to a magnetic tape device, then the record or block length plus
 the key length and required overhead add up to more than 32,767 bytes. If the large block interface is
 being used and output is to a magnetic tape device, then the block length is greater than 65,535 bytes and
 greater than the block size specified when the DCB was opened.
- The data consists of spanned format records, and the RDW, SDW, or BDW length field, being translated to an ISO/ANSI format, exceeds the length field capacity (9999) of the ISO/ANSI format RCW, SCW, or block prefix.

0C

An incorrect record was encountered on a QSAM or BSAM PUT or WRITE operation. The record or block length plus the key length and required overhead is greater than the DASD track capacity.

10

An incorrect record was encountered on a QSAM PUT operation; the data set uses the track overflow feature. The record descriptor word (RDW) for a variable length record specifies a length greater than 32,752.

14

An incorrect record was encountered on a QSAM PUT or WRITE operation. The record length is greater than the block size specified in the DCB.

18

An incorrect record was encountered on a QSAM PUT operation; the data set uses the variable record format. The value in the length of the record descriptor word (RDW) is incorrect for one of the following reasons:

- It is greater than 32,767, or greater than the block size specified in the DCB.
- It is less than 4, or less than 5 if ASA or machine control characters are used.
- It specifies a value greater than the DCBLRECL value (maximum record size) that was specified when the data set was opened.

1C

The error occurred during the creation of a direct data set. A WRITE macro instruction was issued for a record larger than the track capacity. Return code 1C also occurs when a DCB, LRECL, BLKSIZE, RECFM, or KEYLEN parameter is missing.

20

The error occurred during the creation of a direct data set. A WRITE macro instruction was issued causing a secondary extent to be obtained. The block will not fit on the amount of space allocated for the secondary extent.

24

The error occurred during the creation of a direct data set. A WRITE macro instruction was issued to write out a block larger than the primary extent on the preallocated data set. This could also occur if allocation of the primary extent was split and any of the secondary extents were smaller than the block.

28

The error occurred during the creation of a direct data set. During the processing of OPEN it was detected that the block size was larger than the primary extent.

2C

The file is a z/OS UNIX file. A POINT macro was issued to position a block other than the first block, but this is not allowed when FILEDATA=BINARY is in effect and the record format is variable or undefined.

30

One of the following is true:

- A READ macro was issued, but the length calculated to be read was zero.
- A PUT macro using move mode was issued for a format 'F', 'FB', or 'U' QSAM data set, but the DCBLRECL field contained zero or a negative value.

38

Either a READ macro was issued for a DASD data set that was open for output only, or a WRITE macro was issued for a DASD data set that was open for input only.

40

While processing a data conversion request for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape, an internal SAM data conversion control block (SDC) was found to be not valid.

41

While processing a data conversion request for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape, it was detected that the key of the request was different than the key of the task. This is not supported.

42

While processing a data conversion request for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape, an invalid user record length was detected.

43

While processing a data conversion request for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape, an error was returned from the system services used to perform the data conversion.

44

While processing a data conversion request for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape, an internal SAM data conversion control block (SDC) was found to contain a zero conversion token.

46

An error returned from common encryption routine IGGENCAM.

47

An error returned from encryption service (BCFXCRYP).

48

An EXCP was issued for an encrypted basic or large format data set which was opened with a BSAM/QSAM DCB and DCBE DSENCRYPT=OK was not specified.

50

Serialization of an internal SAM control block has been violated. (For PDSE processing, it is the SACB. For extended format data set processing, it is the SSCB.)

54

DEBCHK failed. The DEBCHK was issued while attempting to process a request for a PDSE or extended format data set.

58

An internal SAM control block contains incorrect information. (For PDSE processing, it is the SACB. For extended format data set processing, it is the SSCB.)

5C

An internal SAM control block used for queueing requests contains incorrect information. (For PDSE processing, it is the FRQ. For extended format data set processing, it is the SAQ or SRQ).

60

A non-zero keylength specified in the DCB on output for a PDSE member or an extended format data set.

64

For BSAM, the READ or WRITE request could not be accepted because the value specified in the DCB for NCP had been exceeded.

65

Either the DECB was overlaid or an internal BSAM or BPAM control block was overlaid. This might be due to the number of READ or WRITE macros that have not had a corresponding CHECK macro issued exceeding the NCP value specified in the DCB.

68

Incorrect block size specified in the DCB for a PDSE or an extended format data set.

6C

Unable to create a PDSE member.

70

Unable to update an internal SAM control block (PACB) used for PDSE processing with information concerning a member being accessed.

74

An internal SAM control block (PACB) used for storing PDSE directory and member information is incorrect.

78

Error return from IGWFMPCR when attempting to give control to a routine to process a request for a PDSE or extended format data set.

7C

POINT detected that information concerning the member being accessed is not found in the PACB.

80

POINT detected an error while attempting to synchronize data on output.

84

POINT detected an error while attempting to reconnect to a PDSE member for hold.

88

POINT detected an error while attempting to reconnect to a PDSE member for I/O.

89

JCDM would not upgrade a connection for hold to input or output. This is likely because it is connected to the directory for EXECUTE. This would be due to one of the data sets in the concatenation being RACF EXECUTE only.

8A

A POINT macro instruction issued against a UNIX directory in a BPAM concatenation failed because the user had insufficient UNIX permissions to access the file.

8C

POINT detected an error while attempting to disconnect from a PDSE member.

90

POINT detected an error while attempting to connect to a PDSE member.

94

A write would have had to create another member in a PDSE which already contained the maximum allowable number of members. The limit is 522,239 members.

98

Unable to complete a WRITE request issued within a PDSE member.

9C

Incorrect update WRITE detected. All outstanding READS had not been CHECKed prior to the WRITE.

A0

Incorrect attempt to access the directory of a PDSE. Either:

- WRITE attempted to the directory of a PDSE.
- READ attempted to the directory of a PDSE and either RECFM was not F with a block size greater or equal to 256, or RECFM was not U with a block size greater or equal to 256.

Α4

Unable to complete the READ against the PDSE directory due to an error return code from an SMS service used to obtain directory information.

A8

One of the following:

- Maximum number of records in PDSE member has been exceeded.
- Maximum number of blocks allowed in an extended format data set has been exceeded.
- A NOTE macro was issued for a PDSE data member, but the record is more than 15,728,639 records into the member and BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE was not specified for the PDSE when it was opened. NOTE could not return a valid value

AC

Bad buffer format detected for variable length records. Either:

- The program attempted to WRITE an extended format BDW, but the output device is not a magnetic tape, or the large block interface is not being used.
- RDW length is less than 4.
- Length of a spanned record is greater than 32760.
- The sum of the lengths in the RDWs plus 4 does not equal the length specified in the BDW.
- RECFM does not specify blocked but more than 1 RDW was found in the buffer.

B0

Either RECFM = F and DCBBLKSI does not equal DCBLRECL, or RECFM = FB and DCBBLKSI is not a multiple of DCBLRECL. Note that since concatenated data sets can have different block sizes, and in most cases the BLKSIZE the system will use for the entire concatenation is the largest one in the concatenation, this block size can cause invalid attribute combinations when combined with the attributes (e.g., RECFM or LRECL) obtained from the first data set in the concatenation.

B4

Unable to create a system buffer required for PDSE processing.

B8

Unable to obtain or release a lock required for processing a PDSE directory.

BC

A sequential compressed format data set was opened for BSAM POINT processing. However, control information within the data set required by POINT was found to be invalid. The data set should be copied (via REPRO, GENER or etc.). After being copied, the resulting data set should no longer have a problem with POINT processing. ISPF COPY 3.3 cannot be used to copy the data set as it invokes POINT processing.

CO

Invalid attempt to read program object member of PDSE due to one of the following reasons:

- · not OPEN for input
- not RECFM = U or F(B)
- DCBBLKSI not a 4 KB multiple

C8

Error return from a system service while reading a directory of a PDSE containing program objects.

CC

Invalid attempt to create a data member in a PDSE already containing program object members. One PDSE cannot contain both program object members and data members.

D0

Access to PDSE program object is denied.

D4

One of the following invalid combinations was specified in the DCB for a PDSE:

- DCBBLKSI=0 or LRECL=0 and RECFM = FB or RECFM = U
- DCBBLKSI=0 and RECFM = VB

D8

An error was returned from a system service used to initialize system control blocks required for processing an extended format data set.

DC

An error was returned from a system service used to process I/O requests for an extended format data set.

DE

SF64 or SF64P was coded on the READ or WRITE macro but fixing or unfixing a 64-bit data area failed.

E0

During the execution of a READ or WRITE macro instruction for an extended format data set, it was detected that a POINT had been issued before ensuring that all outstanding I/O had completed.

E1

One of the following situations occurred while processing a tailored compressed data set on output:

- An error was encountered while writing a tailored dictionary to a compressed format data set.
- An invalid situation was detected in tailored dictionary processing. This could be the result of a previous cancel or time-out situation which occured while processing the sampling buffers. Or, this could be the result when the tailored compressed data set was opened with the INOUT option and an output operation was attempted without a preceding input operation.

E2

An error was encountered while reading a tailored dictionary from a compressed format data set.

E3

An invalid dictionary token for a tailored compressed format data set was encountered.

E4

Error attempting to access catalog while processing a data set in the compressed format.

E5

An invalid tailored dictionary was found within a compressed format data set.

E6

An error was encountered from Compression Services while validating a tailored dictionary for a compressed format data set.

E7

A serialization problem was detected within an internal SAM control block (SAQ) which prevented further compression of user blocks for a compressed format data set being created with tailored compression.

E8

Error return code from Compression Services COMPRESS/DECOMPRESS.

E9

An error was encountered in a routine (IGG019VX) while attempting to compress a user block for a compressed format data set using tailored compression. The user IOB was marked in error.

EΑ

An error return code was returned from a routine (IGG019VX) while attempting to compress a user block for a compressed format data set using tailored compression.

ΕB

While attempting to store a dictionary token in the catalog for a compressed format data set being created with tailored compression, it was discovered that a dictionary token had been stored in the catalog since the time this DCB was opened. This implies that more than one DCB was writing to this data set concurrently.

EC

An invalid compressed format physical block (CI) encountered on output with BSAM/QSAM.

ED

An error was encountered while writing a tailored dictionary to a compressed format data set. The dictionary is allowed only on the first volume, and there was insufficient space on the first volume to write the dictionary.

EΕ

READ or WRITE macro coded with SF64 or SF64P but data set is compressed format or is not extended format.

This failure might be caused by a READ macro that was not coded correctly for BSAM or BPAM. An example is coding a BDAM READ macro with the DI option.

EF

An I/O error occurred while writing shadow buffers.

F0

Compressed record found in data set but the dictionary token in the catalog is not valid.

F1

Large block interface is being used, and one of the following occurred:

- RECFM = U, but READ or WRITE macro does not specify 'S'.
- RECFM = D, but WRITE macro does not specify 'S'.
- F2

On the first write after opening a new encrypted non-compressed extended format sequential data set for output with BSAM, the system detected that the blocksize derived for the data set by taking the maximum of BLKSIZE at OPEN and BLKSIZE at first WRITE is less than 16 bytes. However, the minimum blocksize supported for encrypted non-compressed extended format sequential data sets is 16 bytes. However, the minimum blocksize supported for encrypted non-compressed extended format sequential data sets is 16 bytes. On a write to an encrypted base or large format data set, the system detected that the block to be written is less than 16 bytes. The minimum data length supported for encrypted data sets is 16 bytes.

F4

EOV detected a bad return code from a system service used to calculate the high allocated RBN when extending to a new volume of an extended format data set.

F5

An I/O error was encountered while reading or writing a shadow buffer when processing an extended format sequential data set with zEDC compression.

F6

An error return code was encountered from zEDC Compression Services memory register (FPZ4RMR) or deregister (FPZ4DMR) service when processing an extended format sequential data set with zEDC

compression. The SAM internal control block (SSCB) diagnostic area contains the error return and reason code returned from the service.

F7

An error return code was encountered from zEDC Compression Services compress/decompress (FPZ4ABC) service when processing an extended format sequential data set with zEDC compression. The SAM internal control block (SSCB) diagnostic area contains the error return and reason code returned from the service.

F8

Autodata area passed to IGG019VX from IGG019V7 is already in use.

FC

Autodata area passed to IGG019VX from IGG019V9 is already in use.

System action

Pertinent control blocks are written to the GTF trace data set as follows:

Code

Trace Data

04

DCB, IOB, or ICB seek field, current logical record (maximum, 88 bytes).

08,10,14

DCB, DECB (if BSAM), current block (maximum, 88 bytes).

OC,1C

DCB, DECB (if BSAM), current block (maximum, 88 bytes), track capacity.

18

DCB and the current logical record (maximum, 88 bytes).

20.24

DCB, DECB, current block (maximum, 88 bytes), track capacity, current DEB extent.

28

DCB, DSCB.

30, DE, EE

DCB.

38

DCB and the JFCBDSNM field of the JFCB.

The user's DCB ABEND exit routine is taken if one is provided, except for return codes 05 or ED.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error.

If rc is 04 or 18, ensure that the DCBLRECL value specified includes the maximum data length plus 4 bytes for the RDW.

If rc is 05, it is possible that another job extended that dataset after the failing program opened it for reading. In that case rerunning the job should solve the problem. Another possibility is that the data set is damaged. If you have aback-up of the data set, run a DFSMSdss DUMP/RESTORE(or equivalent) to repair the data set and restore the end-of-file mark. Another solution is to delete or replace the faulty member.

If rc is 08, 10, or 14, verify that the record size passed to the access method is correct.

If rc is 14, if necessary, increase the block size to accommodate the largest logical record.

If rc is OC or 1C, use a smaller block size, or a device with a greater track capacity.

If rc is 20, 24, or 28, allocate a larger primary or secondary extent, specify a smaller block size, or use a device with greater track capacity. If the error occurred because the primary allocation was fragmented into a number of extents, specify the CONTIG subparameter on the SPACE parameter.

If rc is 2C, do not issue the POINT macro for a binary EOF with RECFM=V(B(S)) or RECFM=U specified in the DCB.

If rc is 30 and BSAM or BPAM is processing the data set, verify that the BLKSIZE value in the DCB or DCBE is greater than zero or, for undefined record format data sets without the 'S' parameter specified, that the value of the DECLNGTH field in the DECB is greater than zero. If the program is not using LBI, large block interface, the BLKSIZE field is DCBBLKSI. If the program is using LBI, the BLKSIZE field is DCBEBLKSI. The program is using LBI only if the DCBHO, DCBH1 and DCBESLBI bits are on.

If rc is 30 and QSAM is processing the data set, the LRECL value must be greater than zero and less than or equal to 32760 for format 'F', 'FB', or 'U' data sets.

If rc is 38, open the data set for INPUT, OUTIN, INOUT, or UPDATE.

If rc is 60, set DCBKEYLE to zero.

If rc is 64 or 65, verify that the number of outstanding READs and WRITEs issued prior to a CHECK does not exceed the value specified in DCBNCP.

If rc is 68 and a WRITE (BSAM) or an OPEN with DISP=MOD (QSAM) is issued, verify that the value for BLKSI (or in DECLNGTH if RECFM=U and BSAM) does not exceed the block size of the data set. For extended format data sets, once the block size of the data set is determined, no larger blocks can be added to the data set. If the program is not using LBI, large block interface, the BLKSIZE field is DCBBLKSI. If the program is using LBI, the BLKSIZE field is DCBEBLKSI. The program is using LBI only if the DCBHO, DCBH1 and DCBESLBI bits are on.

If rc is 94, delete a member to allow the creation of another member (even one with an existing name). The member name to be deleted must be a primary member name, not an alias.

If rc is 9C, verify that a CHECK has been issued for all outstanding READs prior to issuing a WRITE.

If rc is AC and a WRITE (BSAM) is issued, verify that the data in the block is correct.

If rc is DE, the 64-bit storage must be obtained with the CONTROL=AUTH option of the IARV64 macro or with the TYPE=FIXED option of the IARCP64 macro or with the IARST64 macro.

If rc is ED, reallocate the data set and ensure that the space is not released before writing to the data set. Make sure partial release is not used prior to writing to the data set or allocate the data set in cylinders.

If rc is EE, choose an extended format data set that is not compressed format. If the failure is caused by issuing a READ macro that is not coded correctly for BSAM or BPAM, correct the READ macro coding.

Contact the system programmer for the following return codes: 40, 43, 44, D8, DC, E4, E8, EC, F0, F4, F8 and FC. Correct the error and rerun the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

ABEND 002-rc	Detecting modules	ABEND 002-rc	Detecting modules	ABEND 002-rc	Detecting modules	ABEND 002-rc	Detecting modules
002-04	IGG019AE, IGG019AB, IGG019AD, IGG019BN, IGG019FB, IGG019FB, IGG019FF,	002-05	IGG019FZ	002-D8	IGG019VX	002-EA	IGG019VT
002-0C	IGG019V9	002-DC	IGG019VX	002-EB	IGG019VT	002-2C	IGG019DN
002-DE	IGG019V8, IGG019V9, IGG0201V	002-EC	IGG019VX, IGG019V8	002-40	IGG019TQ	002-E0	IGG019VX
002-ED	IGG055V1	002-41	IGG019TQ	002-E1	IGG019VT	002-EE	IGG019BH, IGG019BA
002-42	IGG019TQ	002-E2	IGG019VT, IGG0193V	002-EF	IGG019VT	002-43	IGG019TQ
002-E3	IGG019VT, IGG0193V	002-F0	IGG019VX	002-44	IGG019TQ	002-E4	IGG019VT, IGG019V7
002-F1	IGG019BA, IGG019DK	002-45	IGG019BK	002-E5	IGG019VT, IGG0193V	002-F4	IGG055V1
002-50	IGG019V9	002-E6	IGG019VT, IGG0193V	002-F8	IGG019V7, IGG055V1	002-54	IGG019VX
002-E7	IGG019VT	002-FC	IGG019V9	002-68	IGG019V9	002-E8	IGG019VX
002-A8	IGG019V7	002-E9	IGG019VT				

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC037I

008-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname, dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred following processing of a CHECK macro instruction during the processing of the creation of a direct data set.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 008 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname

DDname

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

During the creation of a direct data set, EOV was unable to allocate more space because the current volume was taken. The user returned to the CHECK module from his SYNAD routine.

80

During the creation of a direct data set, an I/O error occurred and the SYNAD exit was taken. The user returned from his SYNAD routine to the check module.

System action

The user's DCB ABEND exit routine will receive control if one was specified. On return, the following control blocks are traced to a GTF data set for return code 04:

1) all DEB extents and 2) the first 88 bytes (or less if block size is less) of the user's output record. No control blocks are traced for return code 08. In both cases, the task is ended.

System programmer response

For return code 04, if the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the SYSOUT output for the job.

For a return code of 08, if the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

For return code 04, allocate more space or more volumes. For return code 08, check the IOB in error. If the IOBCSW field does not indicate a user error, (user's data area less than block size or not in user key, which could result in a channel program check), rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG019BS

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC040I

ddname=rc UNABLE TO LOAD {3890 CONTROL UNIT|FORMAT RECORD xxx}

Explanation

If 3890 CONTROL UNIT appears in the message text, the 3890 document processor support was unable to load the 3890 control unit for the data set for the return code. If the FORMAT RECORD appears in the message text, the 3886 optical reader support was unable to load a format record whose identifier is specified for the data set for the return code.

In the message text:

ddname

The data set identifier.

rc

The return code.

XXX

Identifies the format record.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

For the 3890, the SCI program or subroutine was not added to SYS1.IMAGELIB. For the 3886, the format record specified for the data set was not added to SYS1.IMAGELIB.

08

For the 3890, an SCI program or subroutine from SYS1.IMAGELIB could not be loaded. Make sure SYS1.IMAGELIB is mounted. For the 3886, a format record from SYS1.IMAGELIB could not be loaded. Make sure SYS1.IMAGELIB is mounted.

OC.

A hardware error occurred.

10

For the 3890, one of the following occurred:

- DCB address operand in the SETDEV macro instruction was missing.
- IREC operand in the SETDEV macro instruction was missing.
- Sum of the lengths for the fields (bytes) specified in the IREC macro instruction does not equal LRECL-12. (LRECL is specified in the DCB macro instruction.)
- I/O error posted in the data control block.
- The data control block specified in the SETDEV macro instruction was not opened.

For the 3886, the format record identifier was missing from the SETDEV parameter list when the run form of the macro was issued.

14

For the 3890, the error can be found by investigating the sense bytes and header record.

18

For the 3890, the SCI program does not begin with the ENTR stacker control instruction.

System action

The error occurred during a SETDEV operation where the 3890 control unit or format record was to be dynamically loaded. The write-to-programmer message is printed and control is returned to the user with a return code in register 15.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Programmer response

For the 3890, return codes 04, 08, 10, and 18 are probable user errors. Correct the error and resubmit the job. Return code 0C is a probable hardware error and return code 14 is an exceptional condition that should be handled according to condition.

For the 3886, return code 04 and 10 are probable user errors. Make sure that the SETDEV parameter list has a format record identifier when the run form of the macro is issued (return code X'10'). If the return code is X'04', make sure that the format record specified for the data set has been added to SYS1.IMAGELIB. If the return code is X'08', make sure the volume containing SYS1.IMAGELIB is mounted. If the return code is X'0C', it is a probable hardware error.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC041I

005-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#], dev

Explanation

The DECB specified is incorrect.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 005 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

The values of hex return codes and their meanings are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

A required address was not specified. This can be either the header address and/or the area address.

08

The RBL type of read was not used for the 3886.

System action

The task is ended with a 005-rc system completion code.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Make sure the RBL type of read is used and the area address and header address parameters are specified so that the DECB is valid.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0196R

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC042I

INVALID DATA - prm SPECIFIED FOR opr

Explanation

The parameter passed to the data management routine for 3886 support was incorrect. The operation can be one of the following:

RD LINENO

An attempt to read backwards was made (for example, a line number less than the last line read was specified) or the support detected two EOP conditions on successive reads with no eject between them.

LINEFMAT

The line format number specified was greater than 63.

NUM TIME MKS

The number of timing marks specified on an eject was greater than 33.

NO LINE FMAT

No line format number specified for read.

LINE MK CODE

The code specified for a line mark was greater than 15.

LINE NK NO

The line number to be marked was greater than 33.

DOC CODE

The code specified for a document mark was greater than 15.

In the message text:

prm

The parameter specified.

opr

The operation specified.

System action

Processing continues. An I/O error will be caused by the incorrect data passed to the device.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Correct the incorrect data specification and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG019LT, IGG019LU

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC050I

mod, ddname[-#], TRUNC ISSUED FOR A PDSE MEMBER

Explanation

A TRUNC macro instruction was issued for a PDSE member processed by QSAM. Block boundaries are not maintained for PDSE members; therefore, the short block created will not be reflected on input. This attention message is issued only on the first occurrence.

In the message text:

mod

The name of the module which detected the error.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

System action

The current buffer is released, but block boundaries will not be maintained. On the first occurrence of the TRUNC macro, an indicator is set in record type 15 in the SMF data set. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Analyze the program to see if the TRUNC macro is necessary to operation.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC051I

mod,ddname[-#], NULL RECORD SEGMENT CREATED FOR A PDSE MEMBER

Explanation

A null record segment was created for a PDSE member containing VBS records processed by QSAM or BSAM; however, the null segment will not be saved. This attention message is issued only on the first occurrence.

In the message text:

mod

The name of the module which detected the error.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

System action

The null record is ignored. On the first occurrence, an indicator is set in record type 15 in the SMF data set. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Analyze the program to see if the null record segments are necessary to operation.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC066I

jjj,ser[,dev]MSS FAILURE IN text CODE = cde

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- MOUNT
- DEMOUNT
- ACQUIRE
- RELINQUISH

An error occurred while the Mass Storage System communications routine was processing a request from End-of-Volume.

In the message text:

jjj

The job name.

ser

The volume serial number.

dev

The device number.

cde

The reason code.

System action

A 737-34 abend is requested.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0555H, IFG0554C, IFG0553X, IFG0554J, IFG0555H

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC067I

CHKPT=EOV FACILITY EXECUTED UNSUCCESSFULLY

Explanation

The checkpoint at EOV facility, module IFG0558X received a return code, other than 0 or 4, which indicates an unsuccessful or unusual processing of the CHKPT macro. A preceding Checkpoint/Restart message (prefixed IHJ) should identify more exactly the nature of the problem. Checkpoint/Restart, if required would probably not be possible using the Checkpoint at EOV checkpoint data set (SYSCKEOV) entry which just failed.

System action

Processing continues. Checkpoint at EOV will be attempted again at the next end-of-volume occurrence.

Operator response

Refer to associated IHJ message for recommended action and notify programmer of error situation.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0558X

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

6

IEC068A

U dev,ser

Explanation

U indicates that the tape volume indicated on the device is not file protected. That is, a program without RACF output authorization attempted to use the volume for INPUT only and the tape's file-protection ring is inserted. Therefore, the volume is not completely write protected.

In the message text:

ser

The volume serial number.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

The volume is rewound, the device is unloaded and task waits for the operator to remount the volume or until the task reaches time-out. If a volume is mounted with its file protect ring still inserted, the volume will be unloaded again and the message reissued.

Operator response

Remove the file-protection ring, remount the volume, and ready the device.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0K05B

Routing code

3

Descriptor code

2

IEC070I

rc[(sfi)]- ccc,jjj,sss,ddname, dev,volser,xxx,dsname,cat

Explanation

An error occurred during EOV (end-of-volume) processing for a VSAM data set.

In the message text:

rc

The return code. This field indicates the specific cause of the error. For an explanation of this return code, see message IEC161I.

sfi

Subfunction information (error information returned by another subsystem or component). This field appears only for certain return codes, and its format is shown with those codes to which it applies. When a catalog LOCATE request fails, this field appears for return code 032 or 034.

CCC

A problem-determination function (PDF) code. The PDF code is for use by the IBM Support Center if further problem determination is required. If the PDF code has meaning for the user, it is documented with the corresponding reason code (rc).

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name. If the step is part of a procedure, this field contains an eight-character procedure step name, with trailing blanks, followed by the name of the job step that called the procedure, without trailing blanks. The two names are not separated by a comma.

ddname

The data definition (DD) name.

dev

The device number, if the error is related to a specific device.

volser

The volume serial number, if the error is related to a specific volume.

XXX

The name of the cluster that contained the data set being processed when the error was detected, or when not available, the data set name specified in the DD statement indicated in the access method control block (ACB).

dsname

The name of the data set being processed when the error was detected.

cat

The catalog name.

Any missing field is indicated by a comma.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC089I

rsnc RACF VOL SET CONFLICT dev, ser,jjj,sss

Explanation

The system issues this message under either one of the following conditions:

- The OPEN tape mount verification function, detected a RACF volume conflict with the volume being opened; the system can not use the volume.
- The end of volume (EOV) tape mount verification function, detected a RACF volume set conflict (1) between the current volume and the previous volume or (2) on the current volume. In either case, the system cannot use the current volume.

A RACHECK macro is issued for tape volumes that are write enabled, and not file protected. An error occurred while the system was processing the scratch tape volume for input or output in either OPEN or EOV.

Reason Code

Explanation

1

OPEN processing found either one of the following conditions to be true:

- PROTECT is specified for a tape volume that is already RACF protected.
- An open was issued for a RACF protected tape volume, but the caller was not authorized.

2

The EOV processing of a concatenated tape volume encountered either one of the following conditions:

- PROTECT is specified for a tape volume that is already RACF protected.
- At EOV, the user is not authorized to use the data set on the new volume.

3

During EOV processing of a tape volume (1) for output that was not concatenated, and (2) the previous volume was not RACF defined, the system encountered either one of the following conditions:

- The RACF definitions are inconsistent. The system is processing a previously allocated tape volume for output. One of two conditions may exist. The first volume is not RACF defined while the current volume is defined as such or the first volume was previously RACF defined, but currently is not defined as such.
- At EOV, the caller is not authorized to use the new tape volume.

4

During EOV processing of a tape volume (1) for output that was not concatenated, and (2) the previous volume was RACF defined, the system encountered one of the following conditions:

- PROTECT is specified for a tape volume that is already RACF protected.
- The RACF definitions are inconsistent. The system is processing a previously allocated tape volume for output. The current volume being processed at EOV is defined to RACF, but this current volume is not a part of the same RACF volume set as the previous volume.

In the message text:

rsnc

The reason code.

ser

The volume serial number.

dev

The device number.

jjj

The jobname.

SSS

The stepname.

System action

The system issues messages IEC502E and IEC501A. These messages request that the operator mount a new scratch volume.

Operator response

If PROTECT was specified, either mount a scratch volume that is not RACF protected or remove the PROTECT specification. If the user is not RACF authorized to use the volume, mount a scratch tape volume that is not defined to RACF.

If message IEC089I contains a reason code of either 3 or 4 you can take following additional steps:

- If the reason code is 3 and the current volume is defined to a RACF volume set, but the previous volume was not defined to a RACF volume set mount a scratch tape volume that is not defined to RACF. If you want RACF protection for the dataset being created, the volumes must be manually defined to the same RACF volume set at a later time.
- If the reason code is 4 and the current volume and the previous volume are defined to different RACF volume sets then you have two choices. You can make sure that either (1) the scratch tape volumes are defined to the same RACF volume set or (2) none of the volumes are defined.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194F

IEC090I

50D-18, DCB RESIDES ABOVE 16MB.

Explanation

An EOV macro was issued with the MODE=31 parameter, and register 15 contains the address of one of the following:

- a DCB that resides above 16 megabytes, or
- an ACB, for an access method other than VSAM and VTAM, that resides above 16 megabytes.

System action

The system ends the task.

Programmer response

Before issuing the EOV call, change the residency of the DCB or ACB to below 16 megabytes.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0005E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

2

IEC101A

M dev,ser,jjj,sss [,dsname]

Explanation

M indicates that a volume is to be mounted on a device:

- If the volume serial number is a 6-digit serial number, the volume with that serial number is to be mounted on the device.
- If the volume serial is SCRTCH, a scratch volume is to be mounted.

• If the volume serial number begins with a slash or L, the volume to be mounted is unlabeled; the number after the slash or L is an internal serial number assigned by the system to an unlabeled volume. If ser begins with L, the number after the L is of the form xxxyy, where xxx is the data set number and yy is the volume sequence number for the data set.

In the message text, *labtyp* and *dsname* appear only for tape volumes. The volume has the type of label specified by labtyp: SL for standard label, NSL for nonstandard label, or NL for no label; the density is as specified by den.

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, the data set contained on the volume is also specified in the message text.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

dsname

The data set name.

Operator response

If ser is SCRTCH, make sure that the file protection ring has been inserted in the volume.

Mount the volume on the device; then, ready the device.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLBL

Routing code

4,11

Descriptor code

2

IEC103I

rc,mod,jjj, sss,ddname[-#],dev,ser, dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro for a DCB that specified the user totaling option, or for a data set directed to a printer.

In the message text:

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

A permanent I/O error occurred during the attempt to block or unblock data checks on the printer.

08

The user totaling option was specified in the DCB and could not be supported for one of the following reasons:

- · No DCB exit list was provided.
- No user totaling entry was found in the DCB exit list.
- The user totaling area address in the user totaling entry was zero.

System action

The DCB is not opened. If the OPEN macro instruction specified more than one DCB, the system continues normal OPEN processing on the other DCBs. Then control is given to the next sequential instruction after the OPEN macro instruction.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

For return code 08, if the jobstep should be rerun and this data set processed, either provide a user totaling area in the DCB exit list, or do not specify the user totaling option.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC104I

fc,jjj,sss,ddname-#[,sn[,rc,rsn]]

Explanation

A failure occurred during the open of a data control block (DCB) for a z/OS UNIX file. DFSMSdfp might have issued an IEC141I or IEC143I message that further describes the failure. For BPAM, this message can occur for a BLDL or FIND macro.

In the message text:

fc

A function code that describes the error.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname -#

The data definition (DD) name, followed by a concatenation number (#) if the DD statement is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation.

sn

The name of the service that encountered a problem.

rc

A return code from the service that encountered a problem.

rsn

A reason code from the service that encountered a problem.

Explanations of the function code (fc) values follow:

X'01'

An invalid system control block was encountered. This is a probable system error.

X'02'

An invalid system control block was encountered. This is a probable system error.

X'04'

The CSVQUERY service returned an error. This is a probable system error.

X'05'

The MVS scheduler JCL facility (SJF) returned an error. This is a probable system error.

X'06'

An unexpected error was encountered.

X'08'

The path name resolves to a z/OS UNIX type that is not supported. This is a probable user error.

X'09'

The path name resolves to a UNIX file that no longer exists. This is a probable user error.

X'OA'

A z/OS UNIX service returned an unexpected error.

X'0B'

An OMVS error occurred.

X'0C'

An invalid ACB option was encountered.

X'OD'

An unsupported ACB operand was encountered.

X'0E'

An missing ACB operand was detected.

X'0F'

Directory was not found.

X'10'

A z/OS UNIX Check Address error was detected.

X'11'

An IGGSOOPL error was encountered during a BLDL or FIND.

X'12'

Permission denied was encountered.

X'13'

No access available.

X'14'

An unsupported filetype was encountered.

X'15'

A BPX1STA error occurred.

System action

The system ends the task.

Operator response

None

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center and provide the job control language (JCL) and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Correct any probable user error that caused the abnormal end of the task, as indicated by the function code in the message text. Then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGSOOPN, IGG0193K, IGG0203K

Operator console

IEC105I

dev,jjj REDUCED ERROR RECOVERY REQUESTED

Explanation

A data set was opened on magnetic tape with a request to use the reduced error recovery facility.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

jjj

The job name.

System action

Processing continues.

Source DFSMSdfp Module IFG0196X **Routing code** 11 **Descriptor code IEC108I OPERATOR ACTION HAS BEEN REQUESTED FOR YOUR DATA SET Explanation** Operator intervention is necessary before processing can continue on your data set. **System action** The system waits for the operator to respond. **Programmer response** A long wait may ensue before the operator responds. Source DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194J

IGG0290F

IEC111E

D dev,ser

Explanation

D indicates that the volume on a device is to be demounted. The control program has determined that this volume, mounted in response to an earlier mount message, is not the requested volume.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

Operator response

Demount the volume. The system will then request that the correct volume be mounted.

Source DFSMSdfp Module IGG0CLBL **Routing code** 11 **Descriptor code** 6 IEC113A **ENTER PASSWORD FOR DATA SET dsname Explanation** The requested data set is password protected. The correct password must be provided within two tries before access is allowed to the data set. Any Time Sharing Option/Extensions (TSO/E) logon password or the last previous password for the corresponding DD statement has already been tried and found to be incorrect. In the message text: dsname The data set name. **System action** The system waits for the TSO/E user to reply. **Programmer response** Enter the correct 1 to 8 character password. On terminals that support the suppress print feature, the printing or displaying of the password will be suppressed. Source DFSMSdfp Module

READPSWD

Routing code

9

Descriptor code

2

IEC114E

D dev[,ddname-n]

Explanation

D indicates that the volume on a device is to be demounted. The control program has determined that this volume, mounted in response to an earlier mount message, either:

- Contains labels that cannot be read due to a permanent input/output error.
- Contains no labels or nonstandard labels when standard labels were specified.
- Contains standard labels when no labels or nonstandard labels were specified.
- Contains labels that are written in a density other than the density specified.

If the DDNAME is supplied in the message text, the tape volume to be demounted was recorded in ASCII.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ddname

The DD name.

n

The reason for the demount.

The reasons for the demounting follow:

if n equals

1

The accessibility field of the volume label contains a nonblank character which means that the volume is data set password protected and may not be processed by the operating system.

2

The accessibility field of the file header label contains a nonblank character other than one, which means that the file may not be processed by the operating system.

3

The system cannot process the volume which is recorded in ASCII, because the ASCII option was not specified at system generation.

4

The control program has determined that conflicting data control block attributes have been used to define the data set on the volume. Some of the conflicting attributes may be the following:

- BUFOFF greater than 99.
- BUFOFF not equal to L on OUTPUT, OUTIN, OUTINX, or EXTEND.
- BUFOFF equal to L where RECFM is not equal to D.
- OPTCD not equal to Q where LABEL equals AL or AUL.
- OPTCD equal to Q where DSORG is not equal to PS.
- OPTCD not equal to Q where RECFM equals D.
- OPTCD equal to Q where RECFM equals V.
- LABEL equal to AL or AUL for a seven track tape device.

System action

The data set is not opened and processing continues.

Operator response

Demount the volume. The system will then request that a new volume be mounted. Mount a volume with the correct density and label type.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the associated volume, and the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Respond as indicated for the following values of n:

1

Make sure that the correct volume was specified in the job control statements.

2

Make sure that the correct file and volume are being used.

3

The ASCII option was not specified at system generation, so bit 6 in the CVTOPTA field of the communications vector table is 0.

4

Make sure that the data control block attributes do not conflict.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

4

Descriptor code

3

IEC115I

INVALID PASSWORD

Explanation

The first password supplied was incorrect. Either the password did not exist for the requested data set, its read/write mode was incorrect, or it was longer than 8 characters.

System action

The system issues message IEC116A.

Programmer response

Determine what the correct password is and respond to message IEC116A.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

READPSWD

Routing code

9

Descriptor code

2

IEC116A

REENTER

Explanation

The first password was incorrect. A second password may not be entered.

System action

The system waits for the Time Sharing Option/Extensions (TSO/E) user to reply.

Programmer response

Enter the correct 1 to 8 character password. On terminals that support the suppress print feature, the printing or displaying of the password will be suppressed.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

READPSWD

Routing code

9

Descriptor code

2

IEC117I

DATA SET CANNOT BE USED - PASSWORD INVALID

Explanation

Both attempts at supplying the correct password were incorrect.

System action

Use of the requested data set is denied.

If this occurs in OPEN or end-of-volume, message IEC150I 913-0C is issued and the task is ended with a system completion code of 913. If this occurs in SCRATCH or RENAME, the data set is bypassed and processing continues.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Determine the correct password or correct the password data set. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0195U

IEC118I

READ ONLY DATA SET CANNOT BE OPENED FOR OUTPUT

Explanation

The second attempt to open a data set was with a read only password for that data set.

System action

Use of the requested data set is denied. Message IEC150I 913-0C is issued and the task is ended with a system completion code of 913.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Determine the correct write mode password; only open the data set for input; or change the mode of the password or add a write mode password to the password data set. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0195U

IEC119I

ERROR-IMAGELIB,CODE=rc

Explanation

An attempt to open SYS1.IMAGELIB was unsuccessful for one of the following reasons:

- CODE=1. SYS1.IMAGELIB was not a cataloged data set.
- CODE=2. The volume on which SYS1.IMAGELIB resides is not permanently resident or, if SYS1.IMAGELIB was
 an alias for a data set, the user does not have RACF read authority for that data set.
- CODE=3. An error occurred in reading the catalog or VTOC.
- CODE=4. No space was available in subpool 230 for constructing the DCB, DEB and workspace, or SAF work
 area.

In the message text:

rc

The reason code.

System action

The related program was ended if the error occurred when the output data set was being opened. If the error occurred during processing of the SETPRT macro, the problem is passed a return code and determines further processing based on the nature of the error.

Operator response

- If CODE=2, mount the proper volume and rerun the job.
- If CODE=1 or 3, report the message to the system programmer.

Programmer response

- If CODE=1, catalog SYS1.IMAGELIB.
- If CODE=3, check the format1 DSCB for errors. Contact your programming support personnel if the problem persists.
- If CODE=4, ensure that sufficient storage is available when the storage request ran.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0010E

Routing code

2,4,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC120A

M dev, charcde[,FOLD] [,VERIFY]

Explanation

M indicates a mounting request. The programmer has requested that the chain, train or band specified by the character set code, be used on the UCS printer.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified UCS printer.

charcde

The character set code.

Operator response

Mount the train, chain or band that was requested and enter REPLY xx, 'text' where text is the character set code.

To ignore the request and use the character set image currently loaded, enter REPLY xx,'U'.

Otherwise, mount a suitable alternate chain, train or band and enter REPLY xx, 'text' where text is the alternate character set code followed, if applicable, by FOLD or F and/or VERIFY or V. (If FOLD or F is omitted but VERIFY or V is specified, indicate the omission of FOLD or F by specifying two consecutive commas -- for example, REPLY xx, 'AN, V'.)

If the mounting request cannot be satisfied with any available chain, train or band enter REPLY xx, 'CANCEL' or REPLY xx, 'C' to cancel the UCS request. The system will end the job if the request occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction. If the request was due to processing of a SETPRT macro, a return code of X'04' will be placed in register 15, and control returned to the program issuing the SETPRT macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08101, IGG08105

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

2

IEC121D

V dev, charcde [,FOLD]

Explanation

V indicates a verification request. The system has displayed the character set image, specified by the character set code, on the UCS printer.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified UCS printer.

charcde

The character set code.

Operator response

Verify that the image displayed corresponds to the requested image.

If the image is correct, enter REPLY xx, 'VERIFIED' or REPLY xx, 'V'.

If the image is incorrect, mount the correct chain, train or band and enter REPLY xx, 'RETRY' or REPLY xx, 'R'. If subsequent verifications are still incorrect, enter REPLY xx, 'CANCEL' or REPLY xx, 'C' to cancel the UCS load. The system will end the job if the request occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction. If the request was due to processing of a SETPRT macro, a return code of X'14' will be placed in register 15, and control returned to the program issuing the SETPRT macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08102

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

2

IEC122D

dev, charcde UCS IMAGE NOT FOUND

Explanation

The character set image, specified by the character set code, to be used on the printer could not be found in the image library or image table.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified UCS printer.

charcde

The character set code.

Operator response

To correct an erroneous specification, mount the requested chain, train or band and enter REPLY xx, 'text' where text is the correct character set code.

If an alternate character set can be used, select the alternate chain, train or band and enter REPLY xx, 'text' where text is the alternate character set code followed, if applicable, by FOLD or F and/or VERIFY or V. (If FOLD

or F is omitted but VERIFY or V is specified, indicate the omission of FOLD or F by specifying two consecutive commas -- for example, REPLY xx, 'AN,,V'.)

To ignore the request and use the character set image currently in use, enter REPLY xx, 'U'. A reply of 'U' for printers other than 4245 is incorrect at the first occurrence.

If no alternate character set can be used, enter REPLY xx, 'CANCEL' or REPLY xx, 'C' to cancel the UCS load. The system will end the job if the request occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction. If the request was due to processing of a SETPRT macro, a return code of X'04' will be placed in register 15, and control returned to the program issuing the SETPRT macro.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08101, IGG08105

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

2

IEC123D

dev, SPECIFY UCS PARAMETER

Explanation

The current job step did not specify UCS parameters and the character set currently in use on UCS printer *dev* cannot be assumed as a default option for one of the following reasons:

- The character set is unknown to the system.
- The character set is incorrect because of a previous error condition.
- The character set is not a default character set.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified UCS printer.

Operator response

For the first occurrence of this message, mount the chain, train or band of a suitable default character set and enter REPLY xx, 'text' where text is the character set code followed, if applicable, by FOLD or F and/or VERIFY or V. (If FOLD or F is omitted but VERIFY or V is specified, indicate the omission of FOLD or F by specifying two consecutive commas -- for example, REPLY xx, 'AN,,V'.) Note that this response should be used only the first time this message is produced.

- 1. For all printers other than the IBM 4245, enter REPLY xx 'U' to ignore the request and use the character set image currently in use when one of the following conditions exist.
 - If this is not the first occurrence of message IEC123D since the printer was varied online.

- If this is not the first occurrence of message IEC123D since the system was IPLed.
- 2. For the IBM 4245 printer this reply is valid at all times.

If no character set is available for the job step, enter REPLY xx, 'CANCEL' or REPLY xx, 'C'. The system will end the job if the request occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction. If the request was due to processing of a SETPRT macro, a return code of X'04' will be placed in register 15, and control returned to the program issuing the SETPRT macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08101, IGG08105

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

2

IEC124I

dev, ERROR OCCURRED WHILE LOADING FCB

Explanation

A permanent I/O error persisted after two attempts were made to load the FCB. The error occurred while opening the data control block for the printer or during the processing of a SETPRT macro. This error can be caused by:

- A form control buffer parity error.
- An attempt to load an incorrect FCB image.
- A hardware error occurred during the printer interrogation and forms positioning part of the load FCB routine.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified UCS printer.

System action

The related program was ended.

Operator response

If the associated I/O error message (IEA000I) contains a X'02' in the first sense byte, an attempt was made to load an incorrect FCB image.

Specify a substitute image or correct the one in error. An image is incorrect if:

- Its specified length exceeds the maximum allowed for the device.
- Its specified and actual lengths are not equal.
- There is an incorrect channel specified.
- The last byte of the image is incorrect.

If IEA000I contains a X'04' in the first sense byte a buffer parity error occurred.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08104

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

4

IEC125D

ERROR - REPEAT REPLY

Explanation

An incorrect response was made to a previous Universal Character Set (UCS) or Forms Control Buffer (FCB) message.

Operator response

Enter the reply again, correctly.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08101, IGG08102, IGG08103, IGG08104, IGG08105, IGG08113, IGG08114, IGG08115

Routing code

2,7

Descriptor code

2

IEC126I

dev, UNCORRECTABLE ERROR LOADING UCS

Explanation

A permanent input/output error (UCS parity error) persisted after ten attempts were made to load the UCS buffer. The error occurred while opening the data control block for UCS printer *dev*. Subsequent output on this printer may be incorrect.

If the error was due to processing of an OPEN macro instruction, the related program is ended. If the request was due to processing of a SETPRT macro, the return code (X'OC') will be placed in register 15 and control returned to the program issuing the SETPRT macro.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified UCS printer.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG019FS

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

Δ

IEC127D

dev, imgeid FCB IMAGE NOT FOUND

Explanation

The FCB buffer of a printer was not loaded because the FCB image specified by the image identification was not in the image library.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified printer

imgeid

The image id.

Operator response

To correct an erroneous specification, enter REPLY xx, 'text' where text is the correct or alternate FCB image-id to be used. The image-id can then be followed by VERIFY or V, or ALIGN or A.

Specifying VERIFY or ALIGN allows the operator to align forms to the new image.

The VERIFY option also provides a printout of the image loaded.

To ignore the request and use the FCB image currently loaded, enter REPLY xx, 'U'.

If no alternate image can be used, enter REPLY xx,'CANCEL' or REPLY xx,'C' to cancel the FCB load. The system will end the job if the request occurred during processing of an OPEN macro. If the request occurred during processing of a SETPRT macro a return code (X'04') will be placed in register 15 and control returned to the program issuing the SETPRT macro.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08103

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

2

IEC128D

V dev, VERIFY FORMS ALIGNMENT

Explanation

V indicates a verification request. The system was requested to verify forms alignment to the FCB image printer.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified UCS printer.

Operator response

Verify that the forms are aligned to the forms control buffer image.

When forms are aligned, enter REPLY xx, 'VERIFIED' or REPLY xx, 'V'.

If the VERIFY option was specified, entering REPLY xx, 'RETRY' or REPLY xx, 'R' causes the FCB image to be printed again. This can be repeated until forms are properly aligned.

If the image is incorrect or forms alignment is not possible, enter REPLY xx'CANCEL' or REPLY xx,'C' to cancel the FCB image load. The system will end the job if the request occurred during processing of an OPEN macro. If the request occurred during processing of a SETPRT macro a return code of X'14' is placed in register 15 and control returned to the program issuing the macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08104, IGG08105, IGG08113

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

2

IEC129D

dev, SPECIFY FCB PARAMETER

Explanation

The current job step did not specify FCB parameters and the image currently loaded on the printer *ddd* cannot be assumed as a default for one of the following reasons:

- The image is incorrect because of a previous error condition.
- The image is not a default image.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified UCS printer.

Operator response

For the first occurrence of this message, load the FCB buffer by entering REPLY xx, 'text,' where text is the image-id to be used. STD1 or STD2 may be specified to load the IBM forms-control buffer images. In addition to the image-id, VERIFY or ALIGN can be specified after a comma.

Specifying VERIFY or ALIGN allows the operator to align forms to the new image.

The VERIFY option also provides a printout of the image loaded.

To ignore the request and use the image currently loaded, enter REPLY xx, 'U'.

If no image is available for the job step, enter REPLY xx, 'CANCEL' or REPLY xx, 'C'. The system will end the job if the request occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction. If the request was due to processing of a SETPRT macro, a return code of (X'04' will be placed in register 15, and control returned to the program issuing the SETPRT macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08103

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

2

IEC129I

002-rc,mod,jjj,sss, [-#],dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred during BDAM CREATE.

In the message text are:

rc

The return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

sei

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

The values of hex return codes and their meanings are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

Neither A, K, nor I was specified in the MACRF field of the DCB.

08

BDAM OPEN was attempted on a data set containing zero extents as specified in the DSCB.

1C

A record was found to be larger than 1 track.

20

The block will not fit in the amount of space allocated for a secondary extent.

24

The block will not fit in the amount of space allocated for the primary extent.

28

Upon opening a data set for BDAM CREATE, BLKSIZE was found to be larger than the primary extent.

System action

A WTP message is issued to give the ABEND and return code. Pertinent control blocks on the GTF data set are recorded and the job is abnormally ended.

Programmer response

If rc is 28, allocate more space, specify a smaller block size or use a larger device. If rc is 1C, specify a shorter block size, a larger device, or use track overflow.

If rc is 04, specify A, K, or I in the DCB.

If rc is 08, specify a positive nonzero value for primary allocation in the space parameter of the DD statement when creating the data set.

If rc is 20, specify a larger secondary allocation, shorter blocks, or use a larger device.

If rc is 24, specify a larger primary allocation, shorter blocks, or use a larger device.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0191M

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

2

IEC130I

Explanation

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data control block that specified the DDNAME. However, *ddname* does not appear in the name field of any DD statement for the job.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD name.

System action

Processing continues. However, an abnormal end is likely if an attempt is made to read or write the data set.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Supply the missing DD statement, and run the job step again.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0001I, IGC0002B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC131I

xx,jjj,sss, RDJFCB ISSUED FOR DCB WITH BLANK DDNAME

Explanation

A RDJFCB macro instruction was issued. A DCB in the parameter list had a blank DDNAME field.

In the message text:

XX

The position of the DCB in the parameter list.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

System action

The request for this DCB is ignored and a return code of 4 is passed in register 15.

Programmer response

Correct the errors causing the DDNAME field to be blank and run the job step again. The error is usually caused by not specifying DDNAME= when coding the DCB.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0006D

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC132I

ddname, MACRF=E WAS SPECIFIED FOR A SYSIN OR SYSOUT DATA SET

Explanation

An OPEN macro was issued for a subsystem data set, such as SYSIN or SYSOUT, whose DCB specified a macro format of EXCP (MACRF=E). The EXCP macro instruction cannot be used for subsystem data sets. In the message text, ddn is the name of the DD statement for the subsystem data set. If the data set is a concatenated subsystem data set, the *ddname* field in the message text is blank.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD name.

System action

The data set is not opened but control is returned to the problem program. Attempts to read or write the data set can result in abnormal end.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the MACRF operand of the DCB to specify a BSAM or QSAM macro instruction.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0001I, IGC0002B

Routing code

11

6

IEC133I

ddname, OPEN FAILED FOR EXTENDED TIOT

Explanation

An OPEN macro was issued for a data control block (DCB) that specified a DD name of *ddname*, which has an extended TIOT entry. OPEN requires both of these to be true: the NON_VSAM_XTIOT option in the DEVSUPxx member of PARMLIB is set to YES and the application program must set LOC=ANY in the DCBE. One or both of these options is not true.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD name.

System action

for BSAM, QSAM and BPAM when any of the 3 dynamic allocation options are in use:

NON_VSAM		
_ХТІОТ	DCBE LOC=	Result
NO or not coded	BELOW or not coded	OPEN return code 8, Message IEC133I, DCBOFOPN bit is off.
NO or not coded	ANY	ABEND 113-4C, messages IEC133I and IEC142I.
YES	BELOW or not coded	OPEN return code 8, Message IEC133I, DCBOFOPN bit is off.
YES	ANY	Successful OPEN.

If OPEN gives return code 8, attempts to read or write the data set will result in abnormal end.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Take the following steps:

- 1. Avoid the XTIOT, UCB nocapture and DSAB-above-the-line options of dynamic allocation.
- 2. Request the system programmer to enable the NON_VSAM_XTIOT option in the DEVSUPxx member of PARMLIB and change the program to set LOC=ANY in the DCBE macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp.

IEC134I

jjj,sss, ddn[,dsn] Z/OS AS OF V1R7 DOES NOT ALLOW OPENING OF INDEXED SEQUENTIAL DATA SETS

Explanation

The system no longer can open this data set because it is indexed sequential (ISAM). This message is followed by message IEC143I and ABEND 213-1C.

In the message text:

jjj

Indicates the job name.

SSS

Indicates the step name.

dsn

Indicates the data set name

ddn

The ddname

[dsn]

The data set name

The dsn portion of this message will not be displayed when the associated ISAM data set is temporary.

For the permanent ISAM data set, the dsn portion will be displayed only if the MONITOR DSNAME is active.

Even if the dsn portion is not reported, it should be possible to determine the associated ISAM data set by the combination of

jobname/stepname/ddname information.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

If the message is issued in error, search the problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provde the JCL, the source program listing, and the SYSOUT output for the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194F

IEC135A

U dev,ser,jjj,sss (,dsname)

Explanation

U indicates that the tape volume indicated by ser on a device is not file-protected. That is, a program without RACF output authorization or a program accessing a password protected data set attempted to use the volume for INPUT only and the tape's file-protection ring is inserted. Therefore, the volume is not completely write protected.

In the message text:

jjj

Indicates the job requesting the volume.

SSS

Indicates the job step requesting the volume.

dsname

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, indicates the data set requesting the volume.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

System action

The volume is rewound, the device is unloaded and the task waits for the operator to remount the volume or until the task reaches time-out. If a volume is mounted with its file protect ring still inserted, the volume will be unloaded again and the message reissued.

Operator response

Remove the file-protection ring, remount the volume, and ready the device.

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the program listing, the SYSOUT output for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194F

Routing code

3

Descriptor code

2

IEC136I

ddname, DCBE LOC=ANY NOT HONORED DUE TO PARMLIB OPTION.

Explanation

An OPEN macro was issued for an EXCP data control block (DCB) that specified a DD name of *ddname*, which has specified the DCBE option LOC=ANY, but the NON_VSAM_XTIOT option in the DEVSUPxx member of PARMLIB has not been set to YES. Consequently, OPEN will capture the UCB address and CLOSE will uncapture it. If the UCB uncaptured address is needed, OPEN requires both of these to be true for an EXCP DCB: the NON_VSAM_XTIOT option in the DEVSUPxx member of PARMLIB is set to YES and the application program must set LOC=ANY in the DCBE.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD name.

System action

NON_VSAM_XTIOT	DCBE LOC=	Result
NO or not coded	BELOW or not coded	OPEN will capture the UCB if needed and CLOSE will uncapture it.
NO or not coded	ANY	OPEN will capture the UCB if needed and CLOSE will uncapture it. OPEN will issue message IEC136I ddname, DCBE LOC=ANY NOT HONORED DUE TO PARMLIB OPTION.
YES	BELOW or not coded	OPEN will capture the UCB if needed and CLOSE will uncapture it.
YES	ANY	Successful OPEN, and UCB is not captured.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Take the following steps:

- 1. Avoid specifying the DCBE option LOC=ANY.
- 2. Request the system programmer to enable the NON_VSAM_XTIOT option in the DEVSUPxx member of PARMLIB, so that the option LOC=ANY in the DCBE macro is effective.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC137I

TRACK OVERFLOW RESET FOR dev

Explanation

During OPEN, track overflow was requested for a device, a device that does not support track overflow.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

The track overflow bit in the DCB is reset and the OPEN continues.

Programmer response

Remove the specification of track overflow, if appropriate.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0196L

IEC138I

020-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname,dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred following processing of an OPEN macro for a BDAM data set.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 020 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname

DDname

dev

The device number.

ser

volume serial

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

The BDAM OPEN routine found that neither A, K, nor I was specified in the MACRF field of the DCB. Therefore, the functions requested by the user remain unclear.

80

An attempt was made to open a BDAM data set that contained no primary extents, as specified in the DSCB.

OC

An attempt was made to open a BDAM data set that had more than the maximum number of extents (255).

System action

If the user specified a DCB ABEND exit routine, it will receive control. On return, the following control blocks are traced to a GTF data set: DCB for return code 04, and DCB and DSCB for return code 08 and 0C. In both cases the task is ended.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output and the source program listing for the iob.

Programmer response

For return code 04, specify A, K, or I in the MACRF field of the DCB. For return code 08, create a BDAM data set before accessing it with the BDAM access method. In building it, a positive nonzero value must be specified for

primary allocation in the SPACE parameter. For return code 0C, ensure the BDAM data set is not created with more than the maximum of 255 extents.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0193A, IGG0193A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC139I

INCOMPATIBLE VOLUME ON ddd,ddn,cc NONFORMATTED VOLUME ON dev,ddname UNSUPPORTED MEDIUM ON dev,ddname MEDIUM LENGTH ERROR ON dev,ddname

Explanation

A problem has been detected with the tape volume on dev.

If INCOMPATIBLE VOLUME appears in the message text, the error recovery code (ERA) cc provides the following information:

5A

An extended length cartridge is mounted on a drive not capable of reading extended length tape cartridges.

5C

A 36 track recorded tape cartridge is mounted on a drive not capable of reading 36 tracks.

5D

The cartridge length exceeds any valid length for the device type.

If NONFORMATTED VOLUME appears in message text, a 3590 tape cartridge with no servo tracks has been mounted on a 3590 device. Cartridges should come from the factory with servo tracks. However, the servo tracks can be damaged or destroyed if the volume is degaussed. The cartridge is unusable without servo tracks.

If UNSUPPORTED MEDIUM appears in message text, the mounted cartridge is not a supported media type for a 3590 tape device.

If MEDIUM LENGTH ERROR appears in message text, the mounted cartridge length is not a supported length for a 3590 tape device.

System action

Processing continues. Depending on the type of error, device type, volume request type and if applicable, the operating mode of the automated tape library, the volume will either be rejected and for SMS tape put into an error category, or relabeled via the label editor routines, or the job may be abended.

Operator response

Respond as indicated in subsequent messages.

IEC140I

ddname, ser, {START|END} OF DATA SET NOT ON VOLUME

Explanation

If START appears in the message text, one of the following occurred:

- The data set was opened to the start of an SL or AL magnetic tape file. The file sequence number specified (default=1) in the LABEL parameter of the DD statement is greater than the last file on the tape volume indicated, which ends with an EOV label. More volume serial numbers follow.
- The data set was opened for MOD processing to a magnetic tape file. The volume sequence number specified is less than the last volume number that the existing data set resides on. More volume serial numbers follow.

If END appears in the message text, the data set was opened to the end of an SL or AL magnetic tape file 1. One of the following error conditions exists:

- The dsname in the HDR1, EOV1, or EOF1 label was not correct.
- The file sequence number specified (default=1, must be 1 for this message) in the LABEL parameter of DD statement ddn is less than the first file on the tape volume indicated by ser.
- A tape mark was read instead of a HDR1 label.

There are more previous volume serial numbers. This usually occurs when several specific volume serial numbers are specified in advance for a DISP=MOD data set to use instead of scratch tapes.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD name.

ser

The volume serial number.

System action

For START, the open routine permanently increases the volume sequence number by one and continues processing on the next volume specified.

For END, the open routine decreases the working volume sequence number by one and continues processing on the next volume specified.

Programmer response

To save the time required to do this multivolume positioning recovery, change the JCL.

For START:

- Specify a volume sequence number in the VOL parameter of the DD statement, or
- Omit the skipped volume serial numbers, or
- Specify VOL=REF=*.ddname to get only the last volume serial number of the previous file. This then is the first volume serial number of this file.

For END:

- Specify a volume sequence number in the VOL parameter of the DD statement, or
- · Omit the excess volume serial numbers, or
- Omit all the volume serial numbers. This lets the system assign scratch volumes as needed instead of you making specific requests.

If you want to rerun the job, analyze and/or modify the JCL and program to ensure that the job does not accept the wrong tape because one of the three original error conditions for END may no longer exist.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0195H

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC141I

013-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#] [,dev,volser, dsname(member)] [,phrase]

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of an OPEN macro. System completion code 013, with the return code, accompanies this message.

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

mod

The name of the module in which the error was detected.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

A data definition (DD) name, followed by a concatenation number (#) if the DD statement is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation.

dev

The device number.

volser

The volume serial number.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

phrase

See return code C1 for more information.

For a subsystem data set, such as SYSIN or SYSOUT, or a z/OS UNIX file, the *dev*, *volser*, and *dsname* fields do not appear.

Explanations of the hexadecimal return codes follow.

Return Code

Explanation

04

One of the following problems occurred:

- ISO/ANSI tape labels were specified in the LABEL parameter of the DD statement (as AL), but the system does not support them.
- OPTCD=Q processing was specified, but the system does not support it.

08

ISO/ANSI tape labels were specified in the LABEL parameter of the DD statement (as AL), but the UNIT parameter specified a 7-track tape drive. ISO/ANSI tape labels are not valid for 7-track drives. Correct the LABEL or UNIT parameter, or both, in the DD statement.

OC.

A buffer length of 0 was specified for a BDAM data set for which dynamic buffering was requested. Correct the data control block (DCB) by specifying a valid buffer length.

10

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a dummy data set; the BLKSIZE and BUFL values are both 0. Correct the DCB by specifying a BLKSIZE or BUFL value other than 0.

14

One of the following problems occurred:

• An OPEN macro instruction was issued with OUTPUT or OUTIN specified. The DCB specifies DSORG=PO or POU, but the data set control block (DSCB) indicates that the data set is not partitioned.

Take one of these actions to correct the problem:

- Change the DCB macro instruction DSORG subparameter to PS.
- Delete and recreate the data set and imply partitioned organization by allocating space for the directory in the SPACE parameter of the DD statement.
- Verify that the values of the DSNAME and VOLUME parameters in the DD statement are correct.
- An OPEN macro instruction was issued with INPUT specified. The DSCB indicates that the DSORG value is P0, but the DCB specifies neither DSORG=P0 nor DSORG=PS.

18

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a partitioned data set. The DSNAME parameter specified a member that could not be found.

1C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a partitioned data set, but an I/O error occurred during a search of the directory.

20

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a sequential data set using queued access. BLKSIZE is not a multiple of LRECL, or LRECL is 0 with RECFM=FB or RECFM=FBS, or BLKSIZE is not at least four bytes greater than LRECL with RECFM=V.

24

An OPEN macro instruction was issued with INPUT, INOUT, RDBACK, or UPDATE specified, but the DCB did not specify a MACRF value of EXCP, GET, or READ.

28

An OPEN macro instruction was issued with OUTPUT, OUTIN, OUTINX, or EXTEND specified, but the DCB did not specify a MACRF value of EXCP, PUT, or WRITE.

2C

A sequential data set using queued access with exchange buffering was opened for input, and the buffer control-block address was 0. Verify that DCBBUFCB was not incorrectly modified. This type of error often occurs if two or more tasks share a DCB or if the DCB is opened and closed several times within one job step.

30

A sequential data set using the queued access technique with exchange buffering was opened for output, but the buffer control-block address is 0. Verify that DCBBUFCB was not incorrectly modified. This type of error often occurs if a DCB is shared or is opened and closed several times within one job step.

34

The system detected one of these conditions:

- The following combination was specified: QSAM, MACRF=GD or PD, and a RECFM value that is not VS, VBS, DS, or DBS.
- An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set with BLKSIZE and BUFL equal to 0. The system determined that it had to obtain buffers but was unable to do so.
- RECFM was specified with both the A and M attributes.
- The following combination was specified: QSAM, LRECL=0, and a RECFM value that is not V or VB.

- The following combination was specified: RECFM=V or VB and LRECL greater than the quantity BLKSIZE minus 4.
- The following combination was specified: QSAM and BLKSIZE=0. No nonzero BLKSIZE value was available from any source and the system could not determine one. Coding BLKSIZE=0 in the JCL never has an effect except when overriding a cataloged procedure variable.
- The following combination was specified: RECFM not variable or undefined and LRECL greater than BLKSIZE.
- The following combination was specified: BFTEK=A, RECFM=VBS, and LRECL=0.

38

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a sequential data set on a direct access device with track overflow, but the buffer control block address was zero. Verify that DCBBUFCB was not incorrectly modified. This type of error often occurs if a DCB is reused or is opened and closed several times within one job step.

3C

A sequential data set was opened for INPUT, OUTPUT, or EXTEND, but the next available buffer address in the buffer control block was 0. Verify that DCBBUFCB was not incorrectly modified. This type of error often occurs if a DCB is reused or is opened and closed several times within one job step.

40

A sequential or direct data set was opened for INPUT, but the next available buffer address in the buffer control block was 0. Verify that DCBBUFCB was not incorrectly modified. This type of error often occurs if a DCB is reused or is opened and closed several times within one job step.

44

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set on a direct access device for which chained scheduling was specified, but the next available buffer address in the buffer control block was 0. Verify that DCBBUFCB was not incorrectly modified. This type of error often occurs if a DCB is reused or is opened and closed several times within one job step.

48

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a sequential data set using the queued access techniques, but the next available buffer address in the buffer control block was 0. This means the DCB has an existing buffer pool that does not have enough available buffers.

4C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set using queued access. The system determined that a buffer pool existed for this data set and checked the buffer length value as follows, detecting an error:

- If the data was to be sent directly to a unit record device (no spooling), the buffer length value in the buffer control block had to be equal to or greater than the value specified in the DCB for LRECL. This type of error often occurs if a DCB is shared by two or more tasks or is opened or closed several times within one job step.
- Otherwise, the buffer length value in the buffer control block or in DCBBUFL had to be equal to or greater than the value specified in the data control block extension (DCBE) or DCB for BLKSIZE.

50

An OPEN macro instruction issued for a data set allocated to a printer did not have OUTPUT specified as an OPEN option.

58

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a paper-tape data set, but concatenation with unlike attributes was specified; that is, the DCBOFLGS bit 4 was 1. Set the DCBOFLGS bit 4 to 0 and do not attempt to concatenate a data set on paper tape with data sets of unlike attributes.

5C

One of the following events occurred:

- An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a sequential data set using queued access. The data set contained spanned variable-length records larger than 32 756, but GET locate mode was not specified, or the logical record interface (LRI) and LRECL=x were both specified.
- An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a sequential data set with the DCB specifying BFTEK=A logical record interface and MACRF=GM or MACRF=PM.

60

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set with the DCB specifying RECFM=F, but the BLKSIZE value was not equal to LRECL. Correct the DCB parameters to specify RECFM=FB, or make LRECL and BLKSIZE equal.

64

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a dummy data set using an access method other than QSAM or BSAM. Correct the DD statement to specify a real data set, or access the data set using BSAM or QSAM.

68

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set for which the DCB or DCBE specified a block size and key length whose sum is greater than the maximum allowed for the allocated device. For information about the maximum block size and key length, see *z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets*.

6C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set with RECFM=T in the DCB, requesting track overflow, but the direct access device allocated does not support track overflow. Correct the DCB or specifically request a device that supports track overflow, through the unit parameter or through a generic name that applies only to the needed devices.

70

One of the following events occurred:

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set on magnetic tape. A conflict exists between LABEL
parameters in the DD statement and the DCBRECFM, DCBOPTCD, DCBBUFOF, and DCBUSASI fields, which
give the appearance of mixed ASCII and EBCDIC attributes for the data set; or TRTCH was specified for a
9-track tape.

Some examples of conflicts are that you cannot use RECFM=V, VB, or U with AL tapes, and the BLKSIZE value must be no more than 2048 with AL Version 1 tapes. For details about AL tape restrictions, see <u>z/OS</u> <u>DFSMS Using Magnetic Tapes</u>. Most utilities (except IEHINITT) do not support ASCII.

 An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set not on magnetic tape. Either OPTCD=Q was specified, or OPEN was issued for an ISAM data set using QSAM.

74

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for an optical character reader data set, but option 1 in the OPEN macro instruction did not specify input.

78

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for an optical character reader data set. The BUFL parameter in the DCB was either specified as zero or incorrectly modified during processing.

7C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for an optical character reader data set, but the LRECL parameter value in the DCB was zero. Specify an LRECL value other than zero, and rerun the job.

80

An OPEN macro was issued for an optical character reader data set, but the specified BUFL value was less than LRECL. Specify BUFL equal to, or greater than, LRECL, and rerun the job.

88

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a BSAM, BPAM or QSAM DCB for a telecommunications device, but the DD statement or dynamic allocation did not specify TERM=TS, which would signify a TSO terminal.

8C

RECFM was not specified for a direct organization (BDAM) data set. Specify the correct RECFM value in the DCB.

90

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a 3890 document processor. It did not specify INPUT.

94

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a 3890 document processor. The BUFL or BLKSIZE parameter in the DCB was less than 16 times the LRECL parameter in the DCB.

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a 3890 document processor. The RECFM parameter in the DCB did not specify F or FB.

9C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a 3890 document processor. The MACRF parameter in the DCB was not GM, or the DSORG parameter in the DCB was not PS.

A0

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a 3890 document processor. The LRECL parameter in the DCB was not specified or was less than 12 or greater than 48.

Α4

A DCB was opened for a subsystem data set, such as SYSIN or SYSOUT, but DSORG was not specified as PS.

A8

An incorrect record format was requested for a SYSIN, SYSOUT, or subsystem data set with BSAM or QSAM or for a z/OS UNIX directory with BPAM. One of the following conditions was detected:

- RECFM=D was specified.
- Variable spanned records (VS or VBS) were requested for input.
- Both ANSI and machine control characters were specified.

AC

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a sequential data set using the queued access technique. However, a key length that is not supported for using the queued access technique was specified in the DCB.

B0

An OPEN macro instruction specified the RDBACK option, and the DCB specified a record format of variable spanned records. These are conflicting parameters.

B4

An OPEN macro instruction specified the INOUT, OUTIN, or OUTINX option, and the DCB specified QSAM MACRF values. These are conflicting parameters.

B8

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a 3890 document processor. The DCBHDR parameter was not specified in the DCB.

BC

A subsystem DCB, such as SYSIN, SYSOUT, or a z/OS UNIX FIFO file, was opened with incorrect options. One of these was true:

- The OPEN option 1 specified UPDAT or RDBACK.
- For BSAM, the NOTE and POINT macro function was selected (MACRF=RP or WP) for a FIFO file. Repositioning or updating a FIFO file is not permitted. It is also not permitted to open the file for writing with the PATHOPTS=OAPPEND option.
- For a subsystem data set, the OPEN option 1 was OUTINX.
- Both the CNTRL and POINT macros were requested as if MACRF=RCP or WCP were coded. The CNTRL and POINT options are mutually exclusive.

CO

An open failure occurred for a subsystem data set. Possible failures follow:

- A SYSIN or SYSOUT data set opened by JES
- A SYSIN or SYSOUT data set opened under the master subsystem
- · A z/OS UNIX file
- A subsystem data set (specified with SUBSYS= on the DD statement or dynamic allocation equivalent)

For JES2, a SYSOUT data set incurred a subsystem JCL failure (SJF), and JES2 might issue a \$HASP708 message to further describe the error. For JES3, a reserved DD name, such as JOURNAL, might have been

specified in a DD statement. In either case, the failing DCB was not opened; processing for other DCBs opened in parallel continues normally.

C1

An IFG_OPEN_START installation exit routine received a failed return code. Therefore, the open of this data set failed. At the end of the message is a phrase. For example,

Exit xxxxxxxx return code nnn

This identifies the exit module and its return code, in decimal. It is a dynamic exit, meaning that multiple installation exit routines might be registered to be called at this exit point. If multiple exit routines also have a failing return code for the same open, this message reflects only the last one to give a failing return code.

C4

During the creation of a direct data set, the open routine found that the DCB specified READ (R) or GET (G) in the MACRF field. Only WRITE LOAD (WL) is allowed.

C8

One of the following events occurred:

- The open subsystem module was passed an error return code in register 15 after issuing the IEFSSREQ macro to connect the access method control block (ACB) to the subsystem. This indicates that the subsystem was not operating, unless the recovery routine recovered from a prior program check.
- IEFSSREQ failed. SMS is not available.

CC

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for the IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem, but the SETPRT processing to set up the device failed. For the reason for the failure, see the accompanying IEC162I message.

D0

An incorrect record format of FBS or FS was specified for a partitioned data set. RECFM=FS or FBS is not supported with BPAM.

D4

A DS/DBS record format has been specified for QSAM locate mode, but the logical record interface is not present in the associated buffer control block; that is, segment mode is implied.

D8

A conflict has occurred for the extended logical record interface (XLRI) of the spanned record format.

DC

An internal system error occurred with the DEBCHK macro during the open function. The end of the message might indicate DEBCHK=(retcode, reasoncode) to show the hexadecimal return and reason codes from the DEBCHK macro.

E0

The DEVTYPE macro issued during open processing had an error (register 15 was nonzero). This is probably a system error.

E1

A data set with a block size greater than 32 760 is being opened for input or output extend processing, but the large block interface is not being used.

E4

In a partitioned concatenation, the sum of the following numbers exceeded 255: the number of partitioned data sets extended (PDSEs), the number of UNIX directories, and the number of partitioned data set (PDS) extents. Before z/OS 1.5, the limit was approximately 120.

F۵

The open verification function of the IEFSSREQ macro passed an error return code in register 15. This indicates an error in connecting to the subsystem or a failure in the subsystem verification processing for the data set.

EC

An OPEN macro instruction was issued with a DCB that specified an LRECL value different from that specified by the format-1 DSCB. The data set was a PDSE. For data sets in the compressed format, this return code is issued only if the data set is open for output and RECFM=FB.

F₀

A catalog error occurred during an attempt to update the catalog record for a data set on a direct access device.

F4

An error occurred in reading the catalog record during an attempt to open an extended-format data set. Reading this record is required to determine the stripe count.

F8

OPEN was issued for a DCB that specifies QSAM, RECFM=F or FB, a block size greater than 32 767, and no LRECL value. Correct the DCB parameters by specifying an LRECL value.

FC

OPEN was issued for a DCB that specifies that the system is to obtain and build the buffer pool. However, the calculated size of the buffer pool is greater than the maximum size that can be requested. The calculated size of the buffer pool is the size of the buffer control block plus the product of BUFNO (or NCP) and the buffer length. Unless the DCB specified QSAM and RMODE31=BUFF is coded in the DCBE, the maximum buffer storage request is 16 777 208 bytes.

FD

OPEN was issued for a DCB that specifies both the large block interface and OPTCD=H.

FΕ

OPEN was issued with the UPDAT option for a DCB that specifies the large block interface.

FF

OPEN was issued for a DCB that specifies both the large block interface and exchange buffering.

System action

The system issues a WTP message to give the ABEND and return codes, records pertinent control blocks on the GTF data set, and abnormally ends the job.

For return code DC, the system writes this message and optionally traces certain control blocks if GTF tracing for DIAGNS=TRACE is in effect. If the user specified a DCB ABEND exit routine, it will receive control. It can cause the OPEN to fail with a non-zero return code. Otherwise the open function issues abend 013 for the task.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, see the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center and provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

For return code DC, if the error recurs and the program is not in error, see the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center and provide the sysout output for the job. For reason code DC, the proximate cause is that DEBCHK TYPE=UNLOCK failed; it should never fail.

For return code C1, investigate the identified exit routine to learn why it gave the failing return code. It should write a message.

Programmer response

Correct the error that caused the abnormal end, as indicated by the return code in the message text. Then rerun the job.

If *ddname* is part of a concatenation, the error is probably because of a violation of the sequential concatenation requirements. For more information, see *z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets*.

If the return code is C1, contact your system programmer.

A C8 return code indicates that the subsystem was not operating when OPEN was issued. Notify your system programmer.

If the return code is D4, specify the logical record interface by using the BUILDRCD macro before OPEN processing or by specifying A for the DCB BFTEK operand. If records are greater than 32 KB, specify the extended logical record interface (XLRI) by using 0K for the DCB LRECL operand.

If the return code is D8, follow these rules:

- LRECL=nnnnnK for JCL, or dynamic allocation requires the DCB to indicate the K format. You can indicate the DCB K format by specifying LRECL=0K in the DCB macro instruction or by a DCB exit during open setting DCBBFTEK=DCBBFTK and DCBLRECL=0. Do not specify LRECL=0K in a JCL DD statement. The use of XLRI is not required for an LRECL value less than 32 760.
- A spanned-record-format data set with a logical record length greater than 32 760 requires the use of XLRI. The record length can come from the label for input data sets with the spanned format, up to 99 999 bytes.
- LRECL=X is not valid for spanned record format.
- The value for XLRI LRECL cannot exceed 16383K (in which K indicates 1024-byte multiples).
- XLRI is valid only for an ISO/ANSI-label (AL) tape. The DCB must indicate spanned record format (DS or DBS); and the access method must be QSAM locate mode.

If the return code is F0, notify your system programmer to correct the catalog error, and then rerun the job.

If the return code is F4, notify your system programmer to correct the catalog error, and then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194F, IFG0198N, IGGS00PN, IGG0193K, IGG0203K, IFG0194E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC142I

113-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction or an OPEN macro instruction with a TYPE=J operand.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 113 and with the return code.

ΙΙΙ

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

08

A JFCB extension block was needed for processing a physical sequential data set but none was available.

If this error occurs while the system is reading a multivolume tape data set and this abend message is preceded by one of the following messages: IEC709I, IEC710I, IEC711I, or IEC712I, then the next volser to process was provided via the LABAN (Label Anomaly Tape Installation Exit) but either this volume serial could not be enqueued or no JFCB extension is available to add the volume.

OC.

OPEN TYPE=J. No JFCB exit exists or the data set is allocated with the insulated DD attribute which is not supported with OPEN TYPE=J.

18

A JFCB extension block was needed for processing a direct or index sequential data set.

20

An end-of-volume condition was encountered while processing a VSAM data set. Multi-volume data sets are not supported when a VSAM data set is opened with a DCB.

24

An OPEN was issued to a multi-volume VSAM data set. Only single-volume VSAM data sets can be opened with a DCB.

28

An attempt was made to open a concatenated VSAM data set with a DCB.

2C

An OPEN was issued for a VSAM data set with a DCB, but the caller was not APF authorized or not in supervisor state.

30

An incorrect JCL disposition was detected for a VSAM data set being opened with a DCB. The only valid VSAM data set dispositions are (OLD,KEEP,KEEP) or (SHR,KEEP,KEEP).

34

An unsupported DCB option was specified for a VSAM data set opened with a DCB. The only valid options are INPUT and UPDAT.

38

An OPEN was issued for a VSAM data set with a DCB, but the format1 DSCB for the data set does not indicate it is a VSAM data set. Ensure that the DSNAME specified on the DD statement is correct and that the program supports opening a VSAM data set with a DCB.

3C

An attempt was made to open a VSAM record level sharing(RLS) control ACB(CTRLACB=YES specified in ACB macro instruction). VSAM RLS Control ACBs are not supported by open.

40

An error occurred during VSAM record level sharing(RLS) processing while attempting to open a VSAM data set with a DCB.

An attempt was made to open an EAS eligible data set that has a format 8 DSCB, but the DCBE flag, DCBEEADSCBOK, indicating that the caller understands extended attribute (Format 8/9) DSCBs was not set. This restriction applies only to an EXCP DCB or to a BDAM DCB that has OPTCD=A. The application program did not set EADSCB=OK in the DCBE macro. The data set was created with the EATTR=OPT option. Either change the program to handle 28-bit cylinder numbers and code EADSCB=OK, or use a data set that does not have EATTR=OPT.

48

An attempt was made to open the VTOC on a volume with more than 65,520 cylinders but the DCBE flag, DCBEEADSCBOK, indicating that the caller understands extended attribute (Format 8/9) DSCBs was not set.

4C

A non-VSAM DCB or ACB passed to OPEN is associated with an extended TIOT DD entry (for example: XTIOT). However the DEVSUPxx parmlib member does not include the keyword and value: NON_VSAM_XTIOT=YES.

System action

The task is ended.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Correct the error causing the abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194A, IFG0194D, IFG0194E, IFG0195V, IGC0001I

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC143I

213-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,volser,dsname(member)

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a data set on a direct access device. This is probably a user error.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 213 and with the return code.

mod

The name of the module in which the error was detected.

ΪΪ

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

The data definition (DD) name, followed by a concatenation number (#) if the DD statement is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation.

dev

The device number.

volser

The volume serial number.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified. If the value of *dsname* in the message is ... PATH=.SPECIFIED..., the problem was with a z/OS UNIX file.

Explanations of the hexadecimal return codes follow.

Return Code

Explanation

04

One of the following:

- An I/O error occurred in reading the format-1 data set control block (DSCB). Refer to the information in the accompanying message IOS000I to determine the cause of the I/O error.
- The format-1 DSCB for the data set could not be found on the first volume (the volume indexed by the volume sequence number) specified by the DD statement or the catalog. For this case, make sure that the DSNAME and VOLUME parameters in the DD statement or in the catalog are correct.
- The data set name in the JFCB passed to OPEN has been incorrectly modified.
- The volume serial number of the data set name supplied in the JFCB passed to OPEN was not available to the job because it was being used by some other job. (It's possible that the volume serial number in the JFCB of either this job or the other job which is already using the volume, has been incorrectly modified.) Either the data set was being opened for INPUT and some other job had exclusive control of the data set (either referenced the data set in a DD control statement with DISP of OLD or MOD, or issued an OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction with processing option INOUT, OUTIN, OUTPUT, OUTINX, EXTEND, or UPDATE), or the data set was being opened for an option other than INPUT (INOUT, OUTIN, OUTPUT, or UPDATE: requiring exclusive control of the data set) and some other job was using the data set (either referenced the data set in a DD control statement, or issued an OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction).

80

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a password-protected data set, but the system was unable to locate the PASSWORD data set. Make sure that the PASSWORD data set exists on the system residence volume. If this data set does not exist, build it and run the job step again.

OC.

An I/O error occurred in reading a format-1 DSCB for a direct-sequential or indexed-sequential data set, or the format-1 DSCB could not be found on the volume specified by the DD statement for a direct-sequential

or indexed-sequential data set. Ensure that the DSNAME and VOLUME parameters in the DD statement are correct.

10

OPEN failed because the data set type was large format sequential, but the access method was not QSAM, BSAM or EXCP or the DCB did not specify DSORG=PS.

14

OPEN failed because the data set type was large format sequential, but the application program could not access the whole data set on the volume. Both of the following are true:

- The access method is either EXCP being opened for UPDAT or output processing or the access method is BSAM with the NOTE or POINT function requested and is being opened for output processing.
- BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE is not specified on the DCBE.

15

OPEN failed because the data set type was large format sequential but the application program could not access the whole data set on the volume. All of the following are true:

- The access method is EXCP, BSAM or QSAM being opened for UPDAT or output processing.
- BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE is not specified on the DCBE.
- BLOCKTOKENSIZE(REQUIRE) is specified in PARMLIB member IGDSMSxx.

16

OPEN failed because the data set type was large format sequential, but the application program could not access the whole data set on the volume. All of the following are true:

- The access method is either EXCP or it is BSAM with the NOTE or POINT function requested
- The DCB is being opened for input processing.
- BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE is not specified on the DCBE.
- The data set has more than 65535 tracks allocated on the volume.

17

OPEN failed because the data set type was large format sequential, but the application program could not access the whole data set on the volume. All of the following are true:

- The access method is EXCP, BSAM or QSAM being opened for input processing.
- BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE is not specified on the DCBE.
- The data set has more than 65535 tracks allocated on the volume.
- BLOCKTOKENSIZE(REQUIRE) is specified in PARMLIB member IGDSMSxx.

18

An I/O error occurred in writing back a format-1 DSCB.

1C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for an ISAM data set, and failed because ISAM is no longer supported. For OPEN to succeed, the data set must be converted to VSAM.

20

During an open, a volume contained more than 16 extents of the indicated data set.

24

During an open, a volume of the indicated data set had a type of split cylinder allocation that is not supported under the operating system.

28

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a demountable direct-access data set, UNIT=SYSDA, but the unit already contained 127 users, the maximum number. This should never occur for any currently supported direct-access devices.

2C

The DFSMShsm format-1 DSCB-not-found module encountered an error.

An attempt was made to open a partitioned data set (PDS) for OUTPUT,DISP=SHR. The PDS is already open in this condition, and a DCB is already open for output to the data set. The data set might be on the same system or on another system that is sharing the volume. Access was not serialized before the attempt to open the data set.

34

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a compressed-format data set created with tailored compression on a system that does not support accessing such a data set.

38

An OPEN macro instruction was for a partitioned data set extended (PDSE) and one of the following conditions was not satisfied:

- A DCB key length of zero is required if output operations are to be performed on a PDSE or extendedformat data set.
- A key length of zero or eight is required if input operations are to be performed on the directory of a PDSE.

3C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued with a RECFM value that specified a format different from that specified by the format-1 DSCB, and the data set was a PDSE or compressed data set.

40

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a PDSE with a DCB specification indicating MACRF=(E). MACRF=(E), EXCP, is not supported for PDSEs.

44

The program issued an OPEN macro to extend a UNIX file with binary records, but the DCB record format was F(B) and the size of the file was not evenly divisible by the record size in the DCBLRECL. Either the OPEN option was EXTEND or OUTINX, or DISP=MOD was coded with an OPEN option of OUTPUT or OUTIN.

48

OPEN detected a bad return from the extended cache attribute facility.

4C

OPEN was issued for output against a PDSE and the DCB indicated a DSORG of PS, but no member was specified.

50

OPEN detected an error return code from an SMS service while processing a PDSE.

52

An OPEN macro instruction was issued to a data set that resides on a read-only device, but the system does not support the combination of access method and OPEN macro option. The supported non-VSAM access methods are BSAM, QSAM and EXCP, The OPEN option must be INPUT, INOUT, or UPDAT.

56

An OPEN macro instruction was issued to a data set that resides on a device that requires the user program to indicate that it can tolerate reading inconsistent data due to concurrent writes. The program did not specify CONCURRENTRW=(YES,TRKLOCK) on the DCBE macro. For more information, see z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets.

58

An attempt was made to change the DSORG value in the Format1 DSCB for an SMS-managed data set either from PS to PSU or from PO to POU. Unmovable data sets are not supported on SMS-managed volumes.

60

OPEN detected an error return code from the resident convert routine while processing a PDSE.

64

An incorrect OPEN option was specified for a PDSE.

68

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a PDSE with RECFM = FB(S) and LRECL = 0.

6C

An OPEN macro instruction issued for a PDSE requested a QSAM update, but locate mode was not specified in MACRF.

OPEN detected a cross-system share conflict for the PDSE.

74

OPEN detected a member share option conflict for the PDSE.

78

An OPEN macro instruction was issued against a PDSE; however, the primary space amount was zero.

7C

An OPEN macro instruction for output was issued against a PDSE, but a DFSMSdss dump (or equivalent function) was in progress.

81

Bypassing decryption for an encrypted extended format data set is requested via the UDA (UDANOENCRYPTION). However, either the data set is open for update or output, or the data set is compressed format but UDACI is not specified.

82

BSAM CI mode processing is requested via the UDA (UDACI), however it is not supported for a zEDC compressed data set.

83

During open processing for an encrypted extended format data set, the system detected that either the encryption cell in the catalog does not exist or the key label in the encryption cell does not exist.

84

OPEN detected a bad return code from the SETLOCK macro instruction while attempting to get or release the local lock around a branch entry GETMAIN. The data set is a PDSE or extended-format data set.

85

During open processing for an encrypted extended format data set, an unexpected error was received from the ICSF service CSNBKRR2 used to process the key label associated with the data set. In this case, additional diagnostic information can be found from the return code and reason code returned from the service.

86

During open processing for an encrypted extended format data set, on return from the ICSF service used to process the key label associated with the data set, the system detected that the encryption type of the data key associated with the key label was not of a supported encryption type. Only encryption keys of type AES256 are supported for extended format data sets.

87

During open processing for an encrypted extended format data set, an unexpected error was received from the BCFXCRYP service used to prepare for encryption processing for this data set. In this case, additional diagnostic information can be found from the return code and reason code returned from the service.

88

An OPEN macro instruction was attempted for a path, using a DCB, but the system does not support the combination of access method and OPEN macro option. With BSAM and QSAM, OPEN supports any options except RDBACK and UPDAT. With BPAM, the system supports only the INPUT option of OPEN.

89

An attempt was made to open a new encrypted non-compressed extended format sequential data set, or basic or large format data set, for output with QSAM using a BLKSIZE less than 16 bytes. However, the minimum blocksize supported for encrypted non-compressed extended format sequential data sets, and encrypted basic or large format data sets, is 16 bytes.

This also applies for an attempt to open a new encrypted basic or large format data set for output, where LRECL is specified and LRECL is < 16 bytes with RECFM=F(B(S)) or LRECL is < 12 bytes with RECFM=V(B(S)). This avoids the potential for failures due to an attempt to write a block less than 16 bytes during writing or QSAM buffer flushing at CLOSE.

8C

An OPEN macro instruction was attempted for an HFS data set, using a DCB. You cannot use BSAM or QSAM OPEN to open a data set with DSNTYPE=HFS.

An OPEN was attempted for a PDSE data set while a restore operation was in progress.

91

During open processing for an encrypted extended format sequential data set, the system determined that the data key in the CKDS associated with the key label for the data set is not the same data key used to encrypt the data set.

93

During open processing, the access method encryption macro, IGGENC, detected that an input parameter to the service was incorrect. In this case, the message includes additional diagnostic information (return code and reason code) returned from the macro.

94

An OPEN macro instruction was attempted against an extended-format data set, but the access method is not BSAM or QSAM, or is BDAM load mode.

95

During open processing, the access method encryption macro, IGGENC, detected that a field in the encryption cell for the data set is not valid. In this case, the message includes additional diagnostic information (return code and reason code) returned from the macro.

96

During open processing, the system was unable to obtain storage required for encryption processing. In this case, the message includes additional diagnostic information (return code and reason code) returned from the service.

98

An OPEN was issued for an extended-format data set that consists of more than one stripe, but the volumes specified were not in the correct ascending sequence.

99

During open processing, the system was unable to open the data set. See additional diagnostic information (4- byte return code and 4-byte reason code) to identify the reason.

DIAG=keylength, RC=8, RSN=1

An attempt was made to open an encrypted basic or large format data set with a non-zero key length. DIAG has the key length.

DIAG=BDAM, RC=8, RSN=2

BDAM attempted to open an encrypted basic or large format data set. DIAG indicated BDAM open detected the error.

DIAG=IGGENC, RC=8, RSN='0000000000001511'X

An attempt was made to open an encrypted basic or large format data set with a BSAM or QSAM DCB and the DCBEDSENCNP bit was specified or the flag was on in the encryption cell indicating the blocks in the data set do not have prefixes. The DCBEDSENCNP bit means that the application program is writing/reading encrypted blocks without prefixes. BSAM and QSAM access is not supported with encrypted basic and large format data sets that do not have block prefixes.

DIAG=IGGENC, RC=8, RSN=000000000001521'X

An attempt was made to open an encrypted basic or large format data set with an EXCP DCB, however, the settings for DCBEDSENDNP and the flag in the encryption cell indicating blocks in the data set do not have prefixes, are not consistent. The DCBEDSENCNP bit means that the application is writing/reading encrypted blocks with no prefix. The flag in the encryption cell means that the blocks in the data set do not have prefixes. For other than the first open for output, either both must be off or both must be on. When attempting to access an existing encrypted basic or large format data set which does not contain block prefixes, the non-prefixed blocks setting in the application and the data set encryption cell must both be on.

DIAG=IGGENC, RC=X'00000008', RSN=X'00000000 00001531'

An attempt was made to open an encrypted basic or large format data set with a BSAM or QSAM DCB and the DCBEDSENCNP bit was specified or the non-prefixed bit (VVREDSENCNP) was on in the encryption cell indicating the blocks in the data set do not have prefixes. The DCBEDSENCNP bit means

that the application program is writing encrypted blocks without prefixes. BSAM and QSAM access is not supported with encrypted basic and large format data sets that do not have block prefixes.

9A

An attempt was made to open an encrypted basic or large format data set with an EXCP DCB and DCBE DSENCRYPT=OK was not specified.

9B

An attempt was made to open an encrypted data set for output processing (OUTPUT, OUTIN, OUTINX, INOUT, EXTEND or UPDAT); however, the ICSF service (CSNBKRR2 or CSNEKRR2) indicated that the data set key label is associated with an archived key that can only be used for decryption operations due to the existence of XFACILIT SAF profile CSF.KDS.KEY.ARCHIVE.DATA.DECRYPT.

9C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued with a DCB that pointed to a data control block extension (DCBE) that had a nonzero DCB pointer. The DCB address in the DCBE must be zero before OPEN is issued.

ΑO

OPEN detected a bad return code from TRKCALC while processing an extended-format data set.

Α4

OPEN detected a bad return code from a system service used in calculating the high-allocated relative byte number (RBN) of an extended-format data set.

- **A8**
- OPEN detected that the stripes of an extended-format data set were not consistent.
- AC

OPEN detected that the last volume indicator in the volume label of one of the stripes of an extended-format data set was set incorrectly.

B0

OPEN detected that the last volume indicator was not set in the last stripe of an extended-format data set.

B4

OPEN detected that the volume sequence number in the volume label of one of the stripes of an extendedformat data set was incorrect.

B8

An OPEN was attempted against an extended-format data set with a DCB that specified EXCP. EXCP is not supported for extended-format data sets.

BC

An OPEN macro instruction was issued; however, the DCB specified BDAM and OPTCD=A, which is invalid.

CO

An OPEN macro instruction was attempted against an extended-format data set; however, one or more of the stripes did not satisfy the hardware requirements of an extended-format data set.

C4

An OPEN was issued for an extended-format data set, which is not supported on this level of the system.

C8

An attempt was made to open a compressed data set for update. The update option is not supported for compressed data sets.

CC

The compressed indicator is on in the DSCB, but the extended format-indicator is off.

D0

OPEN encountered an error attempting to access the catalog while processing a data set in the compressed format.

D4

OPEN was unable to calculate a physical block size for a data set in the compressed format.

D8

OPEN detected that no physical block size was found in the catalog for a compressed-format data set.

DC

Error return code from compression services OPEN.

E0

A null dictionary token was found in a catalog for a compressed-format data set open for input, and the data set is not empty.

E2

During open processing, an error was encountered in reading a tailored dictionary from a compressed-format data set.

E3

During open processing, an invalid dictionary token for a tailored compressed-format data set was encountered.

E4

OPEN encountered an I/O error while attempting to read in the last block of a compressed-format data set.

E5

During open processing, an invalid tailored dictionary was found within a compressed-format data set.

E6

During open processing, an error was encountered from compression services in validating a tailored dictionary for a compressed-format data set.

E7

During open processing, an error was returned from the routine responsible for processing the tailored dictionary of a compressed-format data set (the IGG019VT routine).

E9

During open processing, a physical sequential data set was found within a partitioned concatenation.

EΑ

During open processing for an extended format data set with tailored compression, a volume sequence number other than 1 was found on the format-1 DSCB on the first volume. The DSCB might be incorrectly modified, or a volume is missing or out of sequence causing the data set to be defective.

F0

An error occurred in reading the format-1 DSCB on one of the volumes of an extended-format data set during the calculation of the size of the data set because GETSIZE=YES was coded in the DCBE macro.

F1

An error was received from the zEDC Rendezvous service when an attempt was made to Open an extended format sequential data set with zEDC compression during task or address space termination.

F4

An error occurred in reading a DSCB on one of the volumes of a compressed-format data set during the calculation of the size of the data set because GETSIZE=YES was coded in the DCBE macro.

F8

The OPEN function for BSAM or QSAM access to a UNIX file found that the file type is not supported. For example, BSAM and QSAM do not support an external link.

FA

During open of a zEDC compressed format data set, an invalid physical blocksize (VVRNCISZ) was found in the catalog.

FΒ

During open of a new zEDC compressed format data set an invalid physical blocksize was derived.

FC

The OPEN function for BSAM or QSAM access to a UNIX file found that the file does not exist.

FD

An attempt was made to open a physical sequential data set for output with DISP=SHR when the data set was already opened for output processing and enhanced data integrity MODE(ENFORCE) was active.

FΕ

During open processing for an extended format sequential data set with zEDC compression, an unexpected error was received from the zEDC rendezvous service.

FF

During open processing for an extended format sequential data set with zEDC compression, an unexpected error was received from module (IGG019VS) responsible for initializing task level control blocks to be used for zEDC compression processing.

System action

The system ends the task, unless the DCB ABEND exit routine specifies that the error is to be ignored. For return code 30, DFSMSdfp also issues message IEC813I.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Enter the following reply to message AHL100A:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

In the DD statement for the data set in error, specify these values:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Correct any user error that caused the abnormal end of the task, as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Return code 04 indicates a probable user error. If an OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction is issued to a data set not referenced in a DD JCL statement, the normal procedures for data set protection are not performed with the JOB is initiated, but must be performed at open time when no recovery is possible. The issuer of such an OPEN TYPE=J must ensure that no other JOB is processing the data set in a manner which is in conflict with the processing requested by the OPEN macro instruction. This can best be accomplished by not using the OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction to open to a data set which is not already referenced in a DD control statement, and not opening with a processing option of INOUT, OUTIN, OUTPUT, OUTINX, EXTEND or UPDAT unless the DD control statement indicates DISP=OLD OR DISP=MOD. Ensure that the JFCB has not been incorrectly modified.

For return code 10, (a) update the DSORG to be PS or (b) update the access method to be either EXCP, BSAM or QSAM.

For return code 14, (a) update the DCB to point to a DCBE macro with BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE and if necessary modify the program to handle large format data sets as described in z/OS Using Data Sets, or (b) if the data set contains 65535 or fewer tracks, ensure the OPEN option is INPUT (with BSAM or EXCP) or UPDAT (with BSAM).

For return code 15, (a) update the DCB to point to a DCBE macro with BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE or (b) if the data set contains 65535 or more tracks, ensure the OPEN option is OUTPUT, OUTIN, OUTINX, INOUT or EXTEND (with any access method) or UPDAT (with BSAM or QSAM).

For return code 16, (a) update the DCB to point to a DCBE macro with BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE or (b) if the data set contains 65535 or more tracks, ensure the OPEN option is INPUT (with BSAM or EXCP) or UPDAT (with BSAM).

For return code 17, (a) update the DCB to point to a DCBE macro with BLOCKTOKENSIZE=LARGE or (b) if the data set contains 65535 or more tracks, ensure the OPEN option is INPUT (with any access method) or UPDAT (with BSAM or QSAM).

For return code 2C, contact the IBM Support Center.

For return code 30, see message IEC813I to determine who owns the PDS resource that is preventing this open from being successful.

For return code 38, set the key length to zero if output operations are to be performed, or set the key length to zero or eight if input of the directory is to be attempted. Rerun the job. Optionally, you can rerun the job with no changes if allocation of the PDSE is changed to the allocation of a PDS.

For return code 3C, you can change the record format so that the blocked attribute can be removed or added. A fixed data set, however, cannot be accessed as variable, and a variable data set cannot be accessed as fixed. Rerun the job after changing the DCB to utilize the record format consistent with the DSCB.

For return code 44, change the file name, the file length, or the record format.

For return codes 48, 50, and 60, contact the system programmer.

For return code 4C, output to a PDSE directory is not allowed. If you attempt to write to the PDSE, either specify a member name or specify DSORG = PO. If you attempt to access the directory, open it for input.

For return code 64, verify that the DCB does not specify an option that is not allowed for a new library, such as RDBACK.

For return code 68, verify that the DCB specifies a correct LRECL if RECFM = FB is specified.

For return code 6C, QSAM update can be used only with locate mode. Modify the DCB to specify locate mode in MACRF.

For return code 70, ensure that share restrictions are not violated for a PDSE accessed by multiple computer processor complexes (CPCs).

For return code 74, ensure that the PDSE member is not being opened for update-in-place (UPDAT).

Contact the system programmer for the following return codes: D0, D4, D8, DC, E0, and E4.

For return code E9, DSORG=PO is specified in the DCB, but one or more of the concatenated data sets are not PDSs or PDSEs. BPAM concatenation requires that all the concatenated data sets be PDSs or PDSEs. Correct the error and rerun the job. In this case, the message displays the concatenation number and the data set name for the first data set in the concatenation, and, therefore, does not identify the data set in error.

For return code F8, choose a different file.

For return code FC, change the file name or create the file.

For return code FD, opening a PS data set for output while it is already open for output is not allowed by the enhanced data integrity function. Correct the application, have the system programmer add this data set name to the exclude list in the PARMLIB member IFGPSEDI, or bypass enhanced data integrity processing by setting the DCBEEXPS bit on in the DCBE or by specifying the "bypass data set integrity" option in the program properties table or the dynamic allocations options. For information about specifying the "bypass data set integrity" option, see *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

For return code EA, run the IEHLIST utility with LISTVTOC FORMAT for the data set on each of the data set volumes. The volume sequence number, which is returned in the 'SEQNO' column, must be 1 for the first data set on the first volume. Subsequent volume sequence numbers must be greater by one and in ascending sequence. If the volume sequence numbers are correct check the catalog to verify that the volumes are cataloged in the correct order.

Problem determination

Not applicable

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC144I

313-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a data set on a direct access device.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 313 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred reading a format 2 or format 3 DSCB.

80

Unexpected return code from DASD calculation services (DCS). OPEN received a non-zero return code from DCS while trying to get a system-determined block size for the DASD data set being opened. The call was made to DCS because the user didn't specify a block size.

OC.

During an attempt to open a data set, open encountered an extended attribute DSCB (format-8) for a data set that is not eligible to have extents above 65,520 cylinders. This is invalid for this type of data set.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Corrective action depends on the return code displayed in this message:

For return code 04: A defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to help analyze the problem. Try rerunning the job, with a different volume or device:

- If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement.
- If the job needs a specific volume, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement.

For return code 08: For information on diagnosing DASD calculation service errors, refer to <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp</u> Diagnosis.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194C, IFG0194E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC145I

413-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a data set on magnetic tape or on a direct access device.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 413 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

Note: This is the mounted volume. The volume serial number is omitted if there is no volume mounted on the drive.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred, if it is available.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

No device is available for mounting the volume containing the data set to be opened (dsn), or the allocated device is not available for one of these reasons:

- The volume already on the allocated device, identified in the ser field of the message text, is permanently resident, reserved, or enqueued.
- The requested volume is in use elsewhere.
- Another DCB is open on the device and the device is a magnetic tape.
- The device type is incompatible with the DSORG in the DCB.

Specify another device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement.

Notes:

- This error can occur if you modify the volume serial number in the JFCB after the device is allocated but before the data set is opened. In this case, specifying the DEFER subparameter on the UNIT parameter of the DD statement might solve the problem.
- This error can be caused by a previous abnormal termination associated with the same device in the same step. In this case, correct the error that caused the previous abnormal termination.

08

If this message is not preceded by an IEC710I, IEC711I or IEC712I message, an I/O error occurred when positioning a magnetic tape volume. If this message is preceded by an IEC710I, IEC711I or IEC712I message, the label anomaly exit routine of your installation caused this ABEND. In the latter case, the system called this exit because of the condition described in that message.

OC.

An I/O error occurred reading the volume label on a magnetic tape volume or the operator replied 'A' to message IEC514D after a label error.

10

An I/O error occurred writing a tape mark.

18

The specified data set was opened for input, but no volume serial number was specified on the DD statement. A DCB abend exit routine can attempt recovery from this.

1C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set, but volume sequence number on the associated DD statement was greater than the number of volumes containing the data set.

One of the following is true:

- An I/O error occurred while reading the volume label on a direct access volume.
- The label is incorrect.
- An I/O error occurred while reading the format-4 DSCB.
- The format-4 DSCB in the VTOC is incorrect.

24

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set on magnetic tape. A density was specified in the DCB DEN parameter which was incompatible with the recording density of the drive allocated to the data set. Change the DD statement to specify a tape drive with the recording density specified in the DCB macro instruction.

28

The OPEN DA volume verification module was passed an error return code in register 15 after issuing the IEFSSREQ macro instruction. This code indicates the subsystem discovered a functional or logical error that it could not process.

2C

An error occurred during MOUNT, DEMOUNT, ACQUIRE, or RELINQUISH operation on an Mass Storage System (MSS) virtual volume. This code is obsolete and can no longer be issued.

30

The MSS hardware mounted a virtual volume other than the one requested. This code is obsolete and can no longer be issued.

34

LABEL=(n) was specified, where n is greater than 1, and vol=ser was not specified for a tape data set.

38

During a Read Block ID command or a Synchronize command to establish the tape position, an error occurred.

3C

Open detected a bad return code from the Extended Cache Attribute Selection Facility (CASF).

40

The device does not support the recording mode requested by the user or determined by the system.

44

The tape volume does not conform to the single recording mode rules. For input data sets, the violation has occurred during a previous process in which the rules could not be enforced. For output data sets, no violation has yet occurred, since the abend prevents this from happening.

48

A JFCB contained a data set name of blanks. The address of this JFCB was found during both OPEN TYPE=J processing in the DCB exit list for a RDJFCB and OPEN TYPE=J,SVC processing.

4C

The job file control block (JFCB) contained an expiration date of X'FFFFFF', which indicates that expiration date checking should be bypassed by open processing. However, the application is not APF authorized, and expiration date checking can only be bypassed by APF authorized applications. The JFCB address was found during OPEN TYPE=J processing of the datacontrol block (DCB).

50

Invalid return code from an OCE Tape Installation Exit. See IEC998I for name of specific exit and value of not valid return code.

54

An OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction was issued for a data set but the volume sequence number in the JFCB provided by the application was greater than the maximum allowed of 255.

58

The last known volume for the data set could not be located while reading a multivolume tape data set backward.

5C

The first known volume for the data set could not be located while reading a multivolume tape data set forward.

60

The task attempted to reprocess a tape volume serial number that was previously dequeued as requested in JCL DD parameter FREEVOL=EOV when using the same DD statement.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error unless an I/O error has occurred. Correct the errors causing abnormal termination as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job. The 28 return code error indicates a subsystem interface problem and your system programmer should be contacted for advice.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC146I

513-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a data set on magnetic tape.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 513 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a magnetic tape data set allocated to a device that already has an open data set on it. Make sure that the first data set is closed before the second is opened, or allocate the second data set to a different device. This error may be due to a previous abnormal end associated with the same unit in the same step. If so, correct the error causing the previous abnormal end.

08

A label violated the published standard for that label, and the label validation exit issued a return code requesting OPEN/EOV to reject the volume.

10

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for output (DISP=MOD) processing for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape data set, but the tape was not created using the IBM Version 4 label standards. *z/OS DFSMS Using Magnetic Tapes* describes the standards.

User Response: Correct the problem and rerun the job.

14

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for either input or output (DISP=MOD) processing for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape data set but the coded character set ID (CCSID) specified is not compatible with the CCSID of the data currently on the tape.

User Response: Correct the specified CCSID and rerun the job.

18

Data conversion requested for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape. However, OPEN was issued in a key different from the key of the task. This is not supported.

OC.

The volume contains a volume label that is not a standard version label supported for any of the following kinds of DCB processing:

- An input volume with an ISO/ANSI standard VOL1 label that is not 1, 3 or 4.
- An output volume with an ISO/ANSI VOL1 1 label that is not Version 3 or 4 and is to be written at other than the first data set, or that is to extend the first data set (for example, DISP=MOD). The system does not support extending a volume that has Version 1 or unsupported labels.

1C

Data conversion requested for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape. However, OPEN was issued by an authorized user. This is not supported.

Data conversion requested for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape. However, the system encountered a problem attempting to create the conversion tables required for input processing.

24

Data conversion requested for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape. However, the system encountered a problem attempting to create the conversion tables required for output processing.

28

Data conversion requested for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape. However, data conversion is not supported on the level of the system.

2C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a magnetic tape data set whose label indicates it has a BLKSIZE greater than 32760 bytes. This is not supported on this level of the system.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

If the return code is 08, the label field in error is identified in message IEC512I. Respond to IEC512I before reusing the volume.

If the return code is OC, correct the volume label to be compatible with ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4 processing (use the IEHINITT utility program).

For return codes 20 and 24, verify the specified CCSIDs are supported For the list of supported CCSIDs, see *z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets*. If a CCSID is not valid, correct the CCSID and rerun the job. Otherwise, the System Programmer.

If the return code is 2C, then either correct the tape BLKSIZE, or override the BLKSIZE in the tape label by specifying the BLKSIZE parm on the DD statement. However, that should only be done if you know that the records on the tape are actually not greater than 32760 bytes. If you do override the BLKSIZE in the label, and there are records greater than 32760 bytes, then unpredictable results can occur.

Note that other new return codes are covered under the general "probable user error" comment and do not need to be individually mentioned.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194A

Routing code

11

IEC147I

613-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a data set on magnetic tape.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 613 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred positioning a magnetic tape, or the installation exit, via return code 08, rejected the tape volume.

80

An I/O error occurred reading a label on a magnetic tape volume.

OC.

An incorrect label was read from a magnetic tape volume. Make sure that the correct volume was mounted, and that it contains standard labels. If it is the desired volume, recreate it, and rerun the job. This error may be due to a previous abnormal end associated with the same tape since it was last mounted, possibly in a previous job or step, leaving the tape positioned improperly. If so, either correct the error causing the previous abnormal end or reestablish the tape position by causing it to be unloaded and mounted again by the system.

10

An I/O error occurred writing a tape label. If encrypting, the I/O error may be associated with a Key Manager failure. Check the log for a preceding message indicating an encryption failure.

14

An I/O error occurred writing a tape mark after the header labels. If encrypting, the I/O error is associated with a Key Manager failure. Check the log for a preceding message indicating an encryption failure.

18

A perform subsystem function error was detected during a logical write protection operation in an ATLDS.

1C

An error was detected while processing a tape cartridge in an ATLDS or MTLDS. See the accompanying message(s) for detailed information about the error.

20

While attempting to update a volume record in the tape configuration database an error was encountered during SSI processing.

24

An ATLDS tape volume was opened for output processing and it is file protected.

28

An ATLDS or MTLDS tape volume record to be updated was not located in the tape configuration database.

2C

A CBRXVOL parameter list error was detected while the system was attempting to update an ATLDS or MTLDS tape volume record.

30

A CBRXVOL internal processing error occurred while the system was attempting to update an ATLDS or MTLDS tape volume record.

34

An SAF/RACF authorization failure occurred while the system was accessing the ATLDS or MTLDS tape configuration database.

38

The system encountered a catalog access error while processing an ATLDS or MTLDS tape volume record.

3C

A label type other than SL, SUL, AL, or AUL was specified for a tape volume in an automatic tape library dataserver (ATLDS) or manual tape library dataserver (MTLDS).

40

The error system number for system mount messages for a tape volume in an ATLDS or MTLDS has been exceeded. This maximum mount retry count is not changeable.

44

The operator replied M to WTOR IEC507D for a private volume in an automatic tape library dataserver.

48

An unexpected return code was returned by CBRXVOL while attempting to update or read an ATLDS or MTLDS tape volume record.

4C

An extended length ATLDS cartridge was mounted on a non-extended length cartridge capable device.

50

An ATLDS cartridge was mounted that exceeds that IBM maximum length.

54

An ATL private cartridge's internal volume serial number was unreadable, had no label, or the volume was uninitialized.

5C

A non-labeled (NL) volume is requested for IBM 3494 (ATL) data set, but a labeled (SL or AL) volume was mounted.

60

A private labeled (SL or AL) IBM 3494 or IBM 3592 (ATL) volume is mounted for input processing and the request was for a NL volume while the ATL is in automatic mode.

64

The 3590 cartridge mounted for a specific mount request in an automated tape library dataserver is unformatted. 3590 cartridges must be formatted before they can be processed.

68

The 3590 cartridge mounted for a specific mount request in an automated tape library dataserver is either an unsupported media type or medium length.

An OPEN macro instruction has been issued for a tape data set requesting 32 bit blockid recording. However, the drive command to set 32 bit blockid failed.

76

An attempt was made to open a tape data set with a data set sequence number greater than 9999 which is not supported at this level of the system.

80

An attempt was made to overwrite existing data or labels on a WORM type tape cartridge. Neither data nor labels can be overwritten on this cartridge type.

84

Media6, Media7 or Media8 mounted on IBM 3592 and no software support exists. Neither is there software support for the media type or the recording technology.

88

An I/O encryption error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction.

8C

During OPEN, the system was unable to write a message to the operator.

System action

The system ends the task unless either one of the following conditions is true:

- The error is to be ignored or recovered as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.
- Retry processing for return code 08 or 0C is successful.

If the error occurred in an IBM 3495 Tape Library Dataserver then a software error record is also written to the logrec data set.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

This error may be caused by a hardware problem; if applicable, contact hardware support. If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

If the error occurred in an IBM 3495 Tape Library Dataserver and it was not because the volume is file protected resubmit the job. If the job fails after re-submission, then search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the sysout output for the job and the logrec data set error record.

If you received this message with return code 60, the JES2 jobclass must use BLP=YES. To display jobclass, issue the command: \$djobclass(*) Note: If you change any settings in jobclass, an IPL is required. If the JES2 jobclass already specifies BLP=YES, or after changing it to specfy BLP=YES and reipling the system, the job still fails, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Except for code 8C or an I/O error, this is a probable user error. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job. For code 8C, see the system programmer.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0195B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC148I

713-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a data set on magnetic tape or on a direct access device.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 713 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

A data set on magnetic tape was opened for INOUT, OUTIN, OUTPUT, OUTINX, or EXTEND, but the volume contained a data set whose expiration date had not been reached. The operator replied "M" to message IEC507D and a specific volume serial had been specified. Specify a different volume on the DD statement, or, in the case of INOUT only, open for input only by changing the OPEN macro instruction or by specifying input in the LABEL parameter of the DD statement.

An OPEN macro instruction was issued with INOUT for a data set on a direct access device with DISP=OLD specified on the DD statement. The expiration date on the data set had not been reached. The operator replied 'M' to message IEC507D. Specify a different volume on the DD statement, or open for input only by changing the OPEN macro instruction or by specifying input in the LABEL parameter of the DD statement. There is another possible meaning for return code 08: the volume serial number in the UCB is 000000. In this case, the system does not issue message IEC507D.

OC.

One of the following:

- During OPEN processing, the system issued messages IEC704A with either L, L UVL, C, C UVL in the text and the operator replied M to the message, meaning reject VOL1 label rewrite. The system had to end the job step.
- During OPEN processing, IEC704A was issued 10 times because of a not valid reply or repeated IO errors during the VOL1 rewrite.

10

A data set on magnetic tape was opened for OUTPUT or OUTIN. The volume is mounted on a cartridge stack loader and is file-protected. The operator replied U to message IEC510D and specified a volume serial number. Specify a different volume on the DD statement.

14

For a specific private tape in the Automated Tape Library (ATL), either:

- message IEC534D was issued and the reply was 'M' to mount another volume, or
- an existing data set with an unexpired date was detected, and either message IEC507D was issued with reply 'M' or the File Validation Tape Installation Exit recieved control and returned a RC08 to reject the volume.

In an ATL, all volume serial numbers must be unique. There can not be any volume substitution for specifically requested volumes.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error unless the volser in the UCB is 000000. If the volser is 000000, it is probably a system error and the system programmer should be contacted. Otherwise, correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC149I

813-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname,LBL=tapelabeldsn

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a data set on magnetic tape.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 813 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module calling the routine that issued the message.

dsname

The data set name.

tapelbeldsn

The data set name in the tape label.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

Λ/

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set on magnetic tape, but the data set name on the header label did not match that in the JFCB. Verify that the DD statement specifies the correct DSNAME and volume serial number. If they are correct, ensure that the JFCB was not incorrectly modified prior to issuing the OPEN macro. This error may also appear if the first file on the magnetic tape does not exist; that is, the tape contains only a volume label and a dummy header.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored or recovered as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

406 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0195H

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC150I

913-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during 1) the processing of an OPEN macro instruction or during end-of-volume for a password-protected data set after the operator attempted to enter a password in response to message IEC301A or 2) the processing of an OPEN macro instruction involving a checkpoint data set. A VSAM data set is being opened with a DCB instead of an ACB.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 913 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member(

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows: For RACF errors, see message IDC3009I for the return code.

Return Code Explanation

04

For ISO/ANSI Version 1: An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a magnetic tape data set with ISO/ANSI labels. The volume accessibility byte (the eleventh byte) is not blank. This indicates that the label was not written on an IBM system or that it was written by the user. If the volume accessibility byte is not blank, the tape cannot be used on an IBM system. Make sure that the correct volume is mounted. If it is the correct volume, it must be recreated for use on an IBM system.

For ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4: This message occurs after message IEC502E with the *ddn-c* field in the message text and with c=1, meaning that the mounted volume is the requested volume, but access to it has been denied.

80

For ISO/ANSI Version 1: An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a magnetic tape data set with ISO/ANSI labels. The security byte in the header label was not blank and not equal to ASCII 1. This means that the label was not created on an IBM system or was created by the user. Make sure that the correct volume is mounted. If it is the correct volume, it must be recreated on an IBM system.

For ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4: This message occurs after message IEC502E with the *ddn-c* field in the message text and with c=2, meaning that access to the requested data set has been denied.

OC.

An OPEN macro instruction was issued, but either an I/O error occurred during password verification, or one of the following conditions occurred:

- 1. For a password-protected data set, the operator failed to supply the correct password in response to message IEC301A or Time Sharing Option/Extensions (TSO/E) message IEC113A.
- 2. For a protected VSAM data space that has password-protected or RACF-protected data or index components, the operator failed to supply the correct passwords or the user did not have proper RACF authorization.
- 3. For a VSAM data set being opened using a DCB, the DSCB contained incorrect information.

10

An OPEN macro was issued to the VTOC for output processing by an unauthorized job step or job-step task. The ability to open the VTOC for output is restricted to authorized job steps or job step tasks.

14

An OPEN macro instruction was issued to concatenate checkpoint and noncheckpoint data sets.

18

An OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction was issued for a magnetic tape volume. The JFCB was modified to indicate LABEL=BLP (bypass label processing) and the task was not authorized. BLP can be specified in the JCL (if the installation allows it via its reader procedure), but the JFCB cannot be modified to indicate BLP unless the task is authorized.

1C

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction to a data set residing on a direct access device. The JFCB has been incorrectly modified or the data set name supplied in the JFCB passed to OPEN was not available to the job because it was being used by some other job. Either (1) the data set was being opened for INPUT and some other job had exclusive control of the data set (either referenced the

data set in a DD control statement with DISP of OLD or MOD, or issued an OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction with processing option INOUT, OUTIN, OUTPUT, OUTINX, EXTEND, or UPDATE), or (2) the data set was being opened for an option other than INPUT (INOUT, OUTIN, OUTPUT, or UPDATE: requiring exclusive control of the data set) and some other JOB was using the data set (either referenced the data set in a DD control statement, or issued an OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction).

20

An OPEN macro instruction was issued using the EXCP access method in which user-written appendages were required. The appendage names were not included in the SYS1.PARMLIB member IEAAPP00, and the program issuing the OPEN was not authorized either under APF, or by being in a system protect key (0-7).

28

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a checkpoint data set. The data set organization was not BPAM or BSAM and the task was not authorized via the authorized program facility (APF).

2C

An OPEN or OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction was issued to an ISAM data set defined by two or three DD statements. Either 1) the data set names coded in the DD statements were not all the same, or 2) the JFCB passed to OPEN TYPE=J has a data set name different from that coded in the DD statements. All the DD statements for an ISAM data set must contain the same data set name. If an OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction is issued to a DDname referencing an ISAM data set which is defined by two or three DD statements, the data set name cannot be altered from that coded in the DD statement, because the JFCBs for the other DD statements cannot be similarly altered.

30

An OPEN macro instruction was issued to write a data set on a magnetic tape containing one or more previous data sets. The protection mode of the data set to be written was different than the protection mode of the previous data set.

34

The OPEN/EOV volume security exit requested that the volume be rejected.

38

An OPEN was issued for a RACF-protected data set on a DASD volume or a RACF-protected tape volume to which the caller was not authorized.

3C

An OPEN was issued for a non VSAM data set with a format-1 DSCB indicating a discrete RACF-protection, bit DS1IND40 set. RACROUTE REQUEST=AUTH was issued resulting in SAF, System Authorization Facility, return code 4. This indicates the SAF router could neither accept nor fail the request. Verify the RACF security function is running on the system and that a discrete profile for the data set exists in the RACF database. See <u>z/OS Security Server RACROUTE Macro Reference</u> for complete explanation for SAF return code 4.

40

A VSAM data space being OPENed is RACF-defined.

44

An OPEN macro was issued to a password-protected data set. However the system's PASSWORD data set was not valid because it is in large or extended format.

48

Incorrect specification of PROTECT. PROTECT is specified but the system tape option is not in effect.

4C

Incorrect specification of PROTECT. PROTECT is specified but the user is not defined to RACF.

50

Incorrect specification of PROTECT. PROTECT is specified but the request is for a NL, BLP or LTM tape.

54

Incorrect specification of PROTECT. PROTECT is specified by the request is for INPUT or INOUT.

58

Incorrect specification of PROTECT. PROTECT is specified but the volume sequence number or the file sequence number is not equal to one on a tape with LABEL=SL, SUL, AL or AUL or the tape is being opened with DISP=MOD (including OPEN options OUTINX and EXTEND).

5C

Incorrect specification of PROTECT. PROTECT is specified but the volume being used is a public volume.

60

One of the following occurred:

- The user is not authorized to define a data set with the specified name. The specified data set name and file sequence indicator do not match the corresponding names in the Tape Volume Table of Contents (TVTOC).
- The user is not authorized to access this data set.

64

The user is not authorized to specify BLP.

68

One of the following errors occurred:

- The maximum number of allowed data sets in a TVTOC has been exceeded.
- An attempt was made to create a tape data set profile for a tape volume specifically defined as not allowing a TVTOC.
- An attempt was made to add a duplicate data set to a TVTOC.
- An attempt was made to add a second data set to a tape that has been defined as only allowing a single data set.
- An attempt was made to add a new data set in the middle of the tape or tape set.

6C

The user is not authorized to define a data set that is protected with a general profile.

70

The caller of the open has RACF EXECUTE authority only and is not in supervisor state. Therefore, the access method must be BPAM and the data set must be a partitioned data set (PDS) or PDSE.

If your program has RACF EXECUTE authority to the data set and is running in problem state (not supervisor state) and tries to read it with BPAM, the result will be message IEC922I and ABEND 016.

72

An unexpected return code has been returned from RACF.

74

A security violation occurred when opening a subsystem data set or z/OS UNIX file with a DCB. The subsystem was unable to determine the user had appropriate access.

- For JES3, the problem occurred when a security verification call failed.
- For a UNIX file, permission was denied or the user has no access to the file. One possibility is the user has only read authority to that file but is trying to open the file for output.

78

An OPEN for a password-protected data set failed because the system's PASSWORD data set was not valid because it was in extended format or large sequential data set format.

80

An OPEN macro instruction was issued with DCBE BYPASS_AUTH=YES, however the caller was not running in supervisor state, in system key, or APF-authorized. The abend is issued regardless of the data set type being opened.

This abend is not issued if JSCBPASS was also set.

84

During open processing for an encrypted extended format data set, and possibly a basic or large format data set, an error was encountered from a SAF service called to check the caller's authority to the key label associated with the data set. In this case, additional diagnostic information can be found from the return code and reason code returned from the service.

System action

The task is always ended if the return code is OC. For all other return codes, the task is ended unless otherwise specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

If rc is OC for a protected data set, supply the operator with the correct password or have the correct password added to the PASSWORD data set and run the job step again.

If rc is OC for a protected VSAM data space, supply the operator with the correct passwords or obtain the proper RACF user authorization for the data and index components within the data space and run the job step again.

If rc is OC and an I/O error occurred, correct the problem causing the error and run the job step again.

If rc is 14, redefine the concatenated data sets such that only checkpoint or only noncheckpoint data sets are in the concatenation.

If rc is 18, probable user error. Unless your task is authorized, do not modify the JFCB to indicate BLP.

If rc is 1C, probable user error. If an OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction is issued to a data set not referenced in a DD JCL statement, the normal procedures for data set protection are not performed when the JOB is initiated, but must be performed at OPEN time when no recovery is possible. The issuer of such an OPEN TYPE=J must ensure that no other JOB is processing the data set in a manner which is in conflict with the processing requested by the OPEN macro instruction. This can best be accomplished by not using the OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction to open to a data set which is not already referenced in a DD control statement, and not opening with a processing option of INOUT, OUTIN, OUTPUT, OUTINX, EXTEND, or UPDATE unless the DD control statement indicates DISP=OLD or DISP=MOD. Ensure that the JFDB has not been incorrectly modified.

If rc is 28, redefine the data set organization to BPAM or BSAM or authorize the program issuing the OPEN macro instruction under APF.

If rc is 2C, correct the data set name on the DD statement or do not alter the data set name in the JFCB before issuing the OPEN TYPE=J macro instruction.

If rc is 30, all data sets on a tape volume must have the same security level. Change the requested security level to match the previous data sets and rerun the job.

If rc is 74, determine why z/OS UNIX system services or the subsystem gave the security failure. It may be due to opening for output but only input is allowed or due to not having search authority to the UNIX directory.

For return code 78, ensure that the PASSWORD data set has a DSNTYPE other than Extend or Large.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0195U

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC151I

A13-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a data set on magnetic tape.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code A13 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An unexpected load point was encountered while positioning a tape. For NL tape this is probably a user error associated with the use of multivolume multifile NL tape. Check the file sequence number and whether the tape was demounted during the job.

ΛΩ

The requested file sequence number is less than that of the first file on the SL or AL tape during an open to the start of the file. Probable user error. Check the file sequence number and volume serial numbers.

OC.

The requested file sequence number is less than that of the first file on the SL or AL tape during an open to the end of a file. Probable user error. Check the file sequence number and volume serial numbers.

A tape mark was read instead of a HDR1 label while forward spacing to the desired file on an SL or AL tape. Thus, the multifile tape ends before the desired file. When positioning to the end of file 1, this means the vol label is followed by a tape mark. Probable user error. Check the file sequence number and volume serial numbers and that the job that wrote the tape wrote all the files.

14

A tape mark was read instead of HDR1 label while opening for input to the start of the desired file on an SL or AL tape. Thus, the tape ends just before the desired file. Probable user error. Check the file sequence number and volume serial numbers and that the job that wrote the tape wrote all the files.

18

An EOV1 label was read on the last SL or AL tape volume while forward spacing to the desired file or just before the desired file. There are two possible conditions:

- 1. If opening to the end of the file, it could not be treated as the end of the data set because it was for a previous file sequence number. Probable user error.
- If the user is trying to extend a data set that had abended during EOV, it is necessary to specify a volume count on the DISP=MOD DD statement. This volume count must exceed the number of known volumes for the data set.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

The three most common causes of this problem are:

- 1. Invalid volume refer backs where the DD statement referred-back-to has extended to a new volume.
- 2. EOV Abends (ABENDX37) occurred the last time this data set was updated. This would cause the last tape in the data set to be left with EOV labels instead of EOF labels.
- 3. The wrong VOLSER is specified as the last VOLSER in the data set.

Probable user error. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0005C

Descriptor code

6

IEC152I

B13-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a data set on an impact printer.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code B13 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

sei

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module calling the routine that issued the message.

dsname

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer. The operator replied 'CANCEL' to message IEC120A, IEC122D or IEC123D because the UCS image could not be found in SYS1.IMAGELIB data set. Specify the correct character set type, or have the system programmer update the SYS1.IMAGELIB to include the associated UCS image or image table entry and run the job step again. During 3886 OPEN, the requested format record identifiers could not be found on SYS1.IMAGELIB.

80

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer. A permanent I/O error was detected when the BLDL macro instruction was issued to locate the requested UCS image in the SYS1.IMAGELIB data set.

0C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer or to IBM 3886. A permanent I/O error persisted after two attempts were made to load the UCS buffer or a permanent I/O error occurred while loading the format record into the 3886.

10

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer. A permanent I/O error was detected when (1) an attempt was made to display the character set image on the printer for visual verification with the previous output operation or (2) during an operation which resulted in possible lost data.

14

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer. The operator replied 'CANCEL' to the message IEC121D because the wrong UCS image was displayed for visual verification. Specify the correct character set type, or have the operator mount the proper chain, train or band, and run the job step again.

18

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer. A permanent I/O error was detected when an attempt was made to display the FCB image on the printer for visual verification.

1C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer. The operator may have replied 'CANCEL' to the message IEC128D because an incorrect FCB image was displayed for visual verification or forms alignment was not possible. If this is the case, specify the correct FCB image-id and run the job step again. Other reasons for this return code include: an error associated with the previous output operation, or a lost data condition.

20

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer, but not enough storage was available to open SYS1.IMAGELIB. During 3886 OPEN, either the proper volume was not mounted, or a permanent I/O error occurred while reading from SYS1.IMAGELIB.

24

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer, but the volume containing SYS1.IMAGELIB was either not mounted or not cataloged. During 3886 OPEN, the format record identifier was not specified in the DCB or the DD statement for the data set being opened.

28

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer, but the system was not able to open the SYS1.IMAGELIB data set. It might not be cataloged correctly or, if SYS1.IMAGELIB is an alias for a data set, the user does not have RACF authority for that data set.

2C

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer. A permanent I/O error was detected when the BLDL macro instruction was issued to locate the requested FCB image in the SYS1.IMAGELIB data set.

30

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer. A permanent I/O error persisted after two attempts were made to load the forms control buffer.

34

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer. The operator replied 'CANCEL' to the message IEC127D because the FCB image could not be found in SYS1.IMAGELIB data set. Specify the correct FCB image-id, or have the system associated FCB image and run the job step again.

38

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a data set allocated to a printer. No operation was performed for one of the following reasons:

- The data control block was not open.
- The data control block was not valid for a sequential data set.
- The SETPRT parameter list was not valid.
- The output device was not a UCS or 3800 printer.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error unless an I/O error has occurred. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0196Q

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC153I

C13-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a concatenated partitioned data set. They can be PDSs, PDSEs and z/OS UNIX directories.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code C13 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

10

An OPEN macro instruction was issued specifying OUTPUT or EXTEND for a concatenated partitioned data set. Output data sets cannot be concatenated.

18

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a partitioned data set that has been concatenated with a data set that does not reside on a direct access storage device (DASD). Partitioned data sets can only be concatenated with data sets having like attributes. See *z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets*.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error unless an I/O error has occurred. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Then submit the job again.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC155I

240-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a RDJFCB macro instruction.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 240 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation)

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

A RDJFCB macro instruction was issued, but the DCB did not contain a foundation extension block. Specify a JFCB exit in the DCB exit list. If the DCB is correct, verify that it was not modified during processing.

08

A RDJFCB macro instruction was issued, but no EXLST address was found in the DCB. Specify a JFCB exit in the DCB exit list. If the DCB is correct, verify that it was not modified during processing. In addition, make sure that EXLST is on a fullword boundary.

OC.

A RDJFCB macro instruction was issued, but no JFCB exit was specified in the DCB exit list. Specify a JFCB exit in the DCB exit list and run the job step again.

10

A RDJFCB macro instruction was issued, but the JFCB buffer is not within the user's storage. Correct any errors that may have caused the exit list to be incorrectly modified and run the job step again.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0006D

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC156I

03D-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a QISAM or BISAM OPEN macro instruction or a BDAM OPEN macro instruction.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 03D and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for an indexed sequential or direct data set. The volume serial numbers on the DD statement were not specified in the same order that the data set was created. Change the JCL, specifying the volume serial numbers in the correct order.

08

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for an indexed sequential data set. The first volume of the data set does not have a format 2DSCB.

OC.

An OPEN macro instruction was issued for a direct data set. The data set has an indexed sequential organization.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 001)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj,sss,ddname,dev,volser,xxx,dsname, cat

Explanation

General Information for Message IEC161I:

An error occurred during the processing of an OPEN macro instruction for a VSAM data set. The return code and system actions documented in the following text also apply to the CLOSE and EOV messages IEC251I (CLOSE), IEC252I (CLOSE TYPE=T), and IEC070I (END OF VOLUME).

Note: IEC161I is issued by Media Manager if problems are encountered during CONNECT, CATALOG READ, or CATALOG UPDATE processing.

In the message text:

rc

The return code. This field indicates the reason for the error. For the meaning of a return code and the corresponding system actions and operator and programmer responses, see "Specific Information for This Return Code" in the IEC161I message description for the return code.

sfi

Subfunction information (error information returned by another subsystem or component). This field appears only for certain return codes, and its format is shown with those codes to which it applies.

ccc

The problem determination function (PDF) code. The PDF code is used only by the IBM Support Center if further problem determination is required. If the PDF code has meaning for the user, it is documented with the corresponding return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name. This field might contain the name of the procedure step followed by the name of the job step that called the procedure. No comma separates the two names:

- If the step is part of a procedure, the eight-character name of the procedure step, including trailing blanks
- The step name, without trailing blanks

ddname

The data definition (DD) name.

dev

The device number, if the error is related to a specific device.

volser

The volume serial number, if the error is related to a specific volume.

XXX

The name of the cluster that contains the data set being processed when the error was detected. When the cluster name is not available, this field contains the DSNAME value specified in the DD statement indicated in the access method control block (ACB).

dsname

The name of the data set being processed when the error was detected.

cat

The catalog name.

Any missing field is indicated by a comma.

If xxx specifies AMASTCAT, the error involved the master catalog. If the master catalog failed to open successfully, the cause of the failure must be corrected and the system restarted (re-IPL).

Specific Information for This Return Code:

System-managed buffering (SMB) was requested. If any subfunction information was returned, it indicates that:

1. An error occurred during VSAM system-managed buffering processing with the direct optimized (DO) technique. Either SMB proceeded with a different access bias (direct weighted), or normal VSAM processing took over and SMB was not used.

The (sfi) field in the message is in the form of (rc,rsn). It contains the return code and reason code for the error. The (sfi) field might represent a message from either one of the following sources:

• The BLDVRP function when SMB is building an LSR pool.

For BLDVRP information message text:

rc

The BLDVRP return code, a decimal value.

rsn

The BLDVRP reason code, a decimal value.

· SMB processing.

For SMB information message text:

rc

Is one of the following return codes:

- 101: The user did not specify enough virtual storage for direct optimized (DO) when using the SMBVSP parameter. Direct weighted (DW) was used instead.
- 102: During direct optimized (DO) processing, the first try for an optimum amount of storage failed.
 The optimum amount, however, was already less than the defined minimum, so SMB defaulted to using the direct weighted (DW) technique.

rsn

The reason code is set to 0 when accompanied by SMB return code 101 or 102.

2. If ccc=255, user requests informational message regarding the actual access bias being chosen by SMB by specifying JCL AMP MSG=SMBBIAS. The system issues two IEC161I (return code 001) messages.

The first IEC161I (return code 001) message indicates the access bias used by SMB. The sfi field can be:

- DO Direct Optimized
- DW Direct Weighted
- SO Sequential Optimized
- SW Sequential Weighted
- CO Create optimized
- CR Create Recovery
- ?? OPEN could not determine the bias type

The second IEC161(return code 001) message that follows contains the SFI information in the form of four hexadecimal numbers:

IEC161I 001(AAAAAAA BBBBBBBB CCCCCCC DDDDDDDD)-255.

In the message text:

AAAAAAA

Hexadecimal value of the number of buffers selected for base data component.

BBBBBBB

Hexadecimal value of the number of buffers selected for base index component.

CCCCCCC

Either an hexadecimal value of the number of buffers selected for PATH data component or zero if no path.

DDDDDDDD

Either an hexadecimal value of the number of buffers selected for PATH index component or zero if no path.

Note: It is suggested that this message is for diagnostic or informational purpose only. VSAM OPEN will issue the message for every component being opened using this DD statement. It might flood the console during normal processing.

For more information on SMB and its access bias, see z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets.

System action

OPEN processing continues for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 0 (X'00').

Operator response

None

System programmer response

If subfunction information is present and the *ccc* code is not 255, review the return code in the message (*sfi*) field to determine why the requested system-managed buffering could not be provided. Correct the condition and run the job again.

Programmer response

See System Programmer Response.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IDA0192J

IEC161I (return code 002)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: CICSVR processing requested, but not successful.

sfi code comes in two formats for this message:

- 1. xxx VSAM reason code. See below for details.
- 2. xxxxxxx xxxxxxx xxxxxxx CICSVR return and reason code.

VSAM reason codes: (CICSVR restrictions)

- 001 ESDS and Extended Addressability (EA)
- 003 Not SMS Managed
- 004 Keyranged data set
- 005 Imbed data set
- 006 FRLOG=REGO, but no logstream value (FRLOG=NONE)
- 007 Open of index as ESDS
- 008 Logical record size LRECL > 64000 bytes
- 011 ICIP processing

System action

OPEN processing fails. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set 135 (X'87').

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 003)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: One of the following warnings was issued during the OPEN of a VSAM recoverable data set being opened for output and MACRF=RLS specified on the ACB.

- ccc = 773 An attempt to write to the undo log failed.
- ccc = 774 An attempt to write to the forward recovery log failed.
- ccc = 775 An attempt to write to the log of logs failed.

System action

OPEN processing continues for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set 103 (X'67').

Programmer response

Refer to any associated IGW* messages indicating reasons the SMSVSAM address space could not allocate/write to the specified log data set.

Module

IDAV192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 004)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: One of the following errors occurred during catalog processing:

- 1. Not enough storage was available for work areas.
- 2. An I/O error occurred while reading the catalog cluster record, the format-1 DSCB, the format-4 DSCB, or the JFCB/SWB.
- 3. The format-1 DSCB or the catalog cluster record is incorrect.
- 4. The user-supplied catalog name does not match the name on the catalog entry.
- 5. The user is not authorized to open the catalog as a catalog.
- ccc = 080 IFG0193A: READ JFCB request failed.

System action

OPEN, CLOSE, or EOV processing ends for the data set. CLOSE (TYPE=T operand) processing continues, if possible. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 132 (X'84').

Programmer response

If the error occurred during OPEN processing, the required action depends on which of the errors listed in an earlier IEC161I message caused a return code of 04. Look at earlier IEC161I messages for more information. The possible actions are:

1. Rerun the job.

- 2. Make sure the unit is available to mount/demount the volume.
- 3. Rerun the job.
- 4. Make sure the correct catalog name is supplied. Rerun the job. If the problem persists, contact your IBM Support Center.
- 5. Be sure the program is running in storage protect key 0 through 7, in supervisor state, or that it is an APF-authorized program.

If the error occurred during CLOSE processing, use the access method services VERIFY command to make sure that the end-of-file marker in the data set entry in the catalog is correct. Then proceed as for OPEN processing above.

If the error occurred during EOV or CLOSE (TYPE=T operand) processing, no response is required; informational message only.

Module

IDA0192A, IDA0192C, IDAV192C, IDA0192F, IDA0192V, IFG0193A, ICYMMSRV

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 005)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An OPEN of an ACB failed for one of the following reasons:

- ccc = 002 Improved Control Interval Processing (ICIP) requested for an Extended Format VSAM data set. Control interval processing is not allowed with an extended format data set.
- ccc = 532 RLS processing requested for a VSAM Keyrange data set
- ccc = 533 RLS processing requested for a VSAM Linear data set
- ccc = 550 RLS processing requested with Global Shared Resources MACRF=GSR
- ccc = 551 RLS processing requested with Local Shared Resources MACRF=LSR
- ccc = 552 RLS processing requested for a VSAM Temporary data set
- ccc = 553 RLS processing requested for a Catalog
- ccc = 554 RLS processing requested for a VVDS
- ccc = 555 RLS processing requested for a VSAM System data set
- ccc = 556 RLS processing requested with Control Blocks In Common (CBIC)
- ccc = 557 RLS processing requested with User Buffering (UBF)
- ccc = 558 RLS processing requested with Improved Control Interval Processing
- ccc = 685 RLS processing requested for data set defined with IMBED
- ccc = 709 RLS processing requested but the backup while open (BWO) flags are TYPEIMS or TYPEOTHER.
- ccc = 731 RLS processing requested for an extended attribute data set.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Do one or more of the following:

- 1. Change the ACB to only specify options supported for VSAM RLS processing.
- 2. Change the data set to a type supported for VSAM RLS processing.
- 3. Remove the RLS processing specification from the ACB/JCL.
- 4. Remove the ACB MACRF=(ICI,...) specification from the ACB and rerun the JOB.

Module

IDA0192C, IDAV192A, IDAV192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 006)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An OPEN of an ACB failed for one of the following reasons:

- ccc = 027 An attempt was made to open a VSAM data set for non-RLS processing with SHAREOPTIONS other than (2,x) and the data set is already open for RLS processing. SHAREOPTIONS (3,x) or (4,x) may not be used when the data set has been opened for RLS processing since either would violate the integrity provided by RLS.
- ccc = 120 Non-RLS processing requested but record level locks are in lost locks state.
- ccc = 121 Non-RLS processing requested but record level locks are in a retained lock state.
- ccc = 122 Non-RLS output processing requested but sphere already opened for RLS processing.
- ccc = 125 Non-RLS output processing requested by sphere is in lost locks state and user is not permitted.
- ccc = 126 Non-RLS processing requested but sphere is in retain locks state and user is not permitted.
- ccc = 559 RLS processing requested with Media Manager Services Connect
- ccc = 575 RLS processing requested but RLS Sphere already opened for non-RLS output processing
- ccc = 689 RLS processing requested and lost locks exist.
- ccc = 690 RLS processing requested and retained locks exist.
- ccc = 745 RLS and non-RLS reader coexist and cross-region share option 2 not specified.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 168 (X'A8'). for levels of DFSMS which support RLS (HDZ11C0 or later) and The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 169 (X'A9'). for levels of DFSMS which do not support RLS (Lower than HDZ11C0).

Programmer response

Ensure that no cluster or component of the VSAM data set is opened for Non-RLS processing if the OPEN was issued for RLS processing. Ensure that the base cluster or a path over the base cluster is not currently open for RLS processing if the OPEN is for Non-RLS processing.

IDA0192A, IDA0192C, IDAV192A, IDAV194A, IDAV198A, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 007)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: RLS processing requested with JRNAD Exit specified in the ACB EXLST. The JRNAD Exit is not supported for RLS processing.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 203 (X'CB').

Programmer response

Ensure that an ACB being opened for RLS processing does not have a JRNAD exit specified in the ACB's EXLST.

Module

IDAV192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 008)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: RLS processing requested but LOG parameter is not defined in the catalog

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 206 (X'CE').

Programmer response

Specify the LOG parameter on the IDCAMS DEFINE or ALTER commands before attempting to open the VSAM data set for RLS processing.

IDAV192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 009)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code:

System action

The SMSVSAM address space is unavailable. OPEN or EOV processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 182 (X'B6').

Programmer response

Ensure that the VSAM Address space is active before attempting RLS processing.

Module

IDAVOLRR, IDAV192A, IDAV193A, IDAV194A, IDAV196A, IDAV201T, IDAV232T, IDAV557A, IDAV557B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 011)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM internal logic error.

System action

OPEN, CLOSE, or EOV processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 209 (X'D1').

Programmer response

The return code indicates that an internal logic error has occurred during VSAM RLS open, close, or EOV processing. The SFI field contains a unique return and reason code that might relate this error to an abend 0F4 SVC dump containing the same return and reason code. Problems with this data set might persist until the SMSVSAM address space is recycled. Report this error and any associated dumps to the IBM Support Center.

IDAV192A, IDAV192B, IDAV192Z, IDAV193A, IDAV194A, IDAV196A, IDAV197A, IDAV200B, IDAV200T, IDAV201T, IDAV202T, IDAV231T, IDAV232T IDAV557A, IDAV557B, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 012)

rc-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Processing requested for a non-SMS-managed VSAM data set. The following function requested is not supported.

ccc = 003 - Opening a data set with more than 255 extents.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 210 (X'D2').

Programmer response

Assign a Storage Class name to the data set before requesting RLS processing of the VSAM data set.

Module

IDA0192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 013)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,iji, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS processing requested for a VSAM RLS Sphere in Lost Locks condition. This is a request of a subsystem (for example, CICS) currently opened to the VSAM RLS sphere and the required forward recovery has not yet completed.

System action

OPEN processing for the data set is successful. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 101 (X'65').

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 014)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: OPEN for RLS unsuccessful, but sphere is being quiesced.

System action

OPEN processing for the data set failed. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 179 (X'B3').

Programmer response

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 016)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS processing requested but the SMSVSAM Address Space has been restarted or for CLOSE, Server Address Space not available.

System action

OPEN or CLOSE processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 170 (X'AA').

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV200T, IDAV201T, IDAV213T, IDAV232T, IDAV192A, IDAV557B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 017)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Non-RLS OPEN for INPUT and RLS Sphere is in "Retained/Lost Locks" status.

System action

Warning Message. OPEN processing was successful for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 72 (X'48').

Programmer response

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV196A, IDAV198A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 018)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The data set being opened for RLS access is in "WARNING-SHCDS PERMIT" status and "Retained Locks" exist.

System action

Warning Message. OPEN processing was successful for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 102 (X'66').

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 019)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: WARNING- SHCDS PERMIT issued for sphere being opened for RLS and LOST LOCKS were found.

System action

Warning Message. OPEN processing was successful for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 103 (X'66').

Programmer response

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 020)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Not enough virtual storage was available for work areas, buffers, or control blocks.

The SFI field, if present is of the format (xxxxxxxx yy) where xxxxxxxx is the hexadecimal length of the GETMAIN request and yy is the hexadecimal subpool for the GETMAIN request.

- ccc = 217 IDA0557D: GETMAIN failed for RPL.
- ccc = 220 IDA0557E: GETMAIN failed for IDAOPWRK.

- ccc = 222 IDA0557E: GETMAIN failed for VDT.
- ccc = 225 IDA0557E: GETMAIN failed for HEB.
- ccc = 226 IDA0557E: GETMAIN failed for EDB.
- ccc = 162 IDA0192Z: GETMAIN failed for wrapped key.
- ccc = 816 IDAV194A: RLS GET BLOCK failed

System action

OPEN, CLOSE, or EOV processing ends for the data set. CLOSE (TYPE=T operand) processing continues, if possible. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 136 (X'88').

The system issues an SVC dump.

Programmer response

If the error occurred during OPEN, CLOSE (TYPE=T), or EOV processing, specify a larger REGION parameter or have the system programmer increase the size of the SQA (system queue area). Rerun the job. For information on possible region size limits, see "IEFUSI – Step Initiation Exit" in z/OS MVS Installation Exits.

If the error occurred during CLOSE processing, and the data set was open for output, use the access method services VERIFY command to make sure that the end-of-file marker in the data set entry in the catalog is correct, and specify a larger region size or increase the size of the SQA. Do this before trying any further processing on the data set. If the data set was open for input, the VERIFY command need not be used.

Module

IDA0192A, IDA0192B, IDA0192C, IDA0192F, IDA0192H, IDA0192S, IDA0192V, IDA0192W, IDA0192X, IDA0192Y, IDA0192Z, IDA0200B, IDA0200T, IDA0231B, IDA0231T IDA0557A, IDA0557B, IDA0557D, IDA0557E, IDA0557X, IFG0191X, IDAV192A, IDAV192B IDAV192C, IDAV192F IDAV192P, IDAV192S, IDAV192Z, IDAV193A, IDAV194A, IDAV196A, IDAV197A, IDAV200T IDAV201T, IDAV202T, IDAV231T, IDAV232T, IDAV233T, IDAV557A, IDAV557B, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 021)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An error occurred on an IEFDDSRV call to obtain UCB addresses. The SFI field of the message, if present, contains the hexadecimal return and reason codes returned by IEFDDSRV.

System action

Open processing is ended for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 140 (X'90').

The system issues an SVC dump.

Probable system error. Look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide all printed output related to the problem.

Module

IDA0192A, IDA0557B, IDA0557E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 022)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An I/O error occurred while I/O requests were being completed. For EOV processing, the (sfi) field, if present, contains the RPL feedback word from the last I/O request.

- ccc = 217 EOV preformat failed for striped component. SFI area contains RPL feedback word.
- ccc = 063 OPEN preformat failed. SFI contains reason code for 022 failure and RPL feedback word.
- ccc = 358 RLS processing requested and possible I/O error occurred while flushing buffers during CLOSE.
- ccc = 408 RLS processing requested and possible I/O error occurred while flushing buffers during CLOSE TYPE=T.
- ccc = 631 RLS processing requested and preformat of new extent failed.

System action

OPEN, CLOSE, or EOV processing ends for the data set. CLOSE (TYPE=T operand) processing continues, if possible. For Open or Close, The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 184 (X'B8').

Programmer response

If the error occurred during OPEN, CLOSE (TYPE=T), or EOV processing, rerun the job.

Table 2. SFI Reason Codes for Code 022		
SFI Dec Value	Description	
019	PREFMT - Error return code from call to IDA0192L to preformat a page/swap space.	
020	PREFMT - Error return code from call to Record Management to preformat CA (SPEED=OFF). SFI information is of format: (20,21080018) where the 20 is the decimal reason code followed by the RPL feedback word.	
021	PREFMT - Error return code from call to Record Management to process MRKBFR request.	
SFI Hex value	Description	
nnnnnnn	The SFI hex value can be anything that the RPL feedback word can be.	

If the error occurred during CLOSE processing, and the data set was open for output, use the access method services VERIFY command to make sure that the end-of-file marker in the data set entry in the catalog is correct. Do this before trying any further processing on the data set. If the data set was open for input, the VERIFY command need not be used.

Module

IDA0192B, IDA0200T, IDA0231T, IDA0557A, IDA0557D, IDAV202T, IDAV233T, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 023)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: RLS OPEN for OUTPUT and invalid BWO (backup while open) flags in catalog.

System action

Warning Message. Open processing is ended for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 183 (X'B7').

Programmer response

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 024)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: RLS OPEN for INPUT and invalid BWO (backup while open) flags in catalog.

System action

Open processing is ended for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 183 (X'B7').

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 025)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Specific information for this return code: An attempt was made to open concatenated VSAM data sets. Concatenation of VSAM data sets is not supported.

This error can also occur if the TIOT contains old entries and has not been refreshed after the data set has been moved. For example, in the case of a DELETE/DEFINE/REPRO in the same step and using the OUTFILE parameter instead of the OUTDATASET parameter (which causes the allocation information to be refreshed).

System action

Open processing is ended for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 188 (X'BC').

Programmer response

Correct the JCL DD statement identified in the "ddn" field of the message by removing data set concatenation and rerun the JOB.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 027)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An attempt was made to open a VSAM data set which has been DEFINED as an Extended format data set and is eligible for greater than 4 GB on a level of DFSMS that does not support EA with greater than 4 GB processing (Lower than HDZ11C0) - or - an attempt was made to open

a non-KSDS VSAM data set which has been DEFINED as an Extended Format data set on a level of DFSMS that does not support non-KSDS Extended Format processing (lower than HDZ11E0).

- ccc = 14 LOC1: Extended Attribute data set eligible for greater than 4 GB being opened on a DFSMS level that does not support it.
- ccc = 15 LOC2: Extended Attribute data set eligible for greater than 4 GB being opened on a DFSMS level that does not support it.
- ccc = 29 Extended Format non-KSDS VSAM data set being opened on a DFSMS level that does not support it.

System action

Open processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 195 (X'C3').

Programmer response

Process the VSAM data set only on a level of DFSMS which supports Extended Format with greater than 4 GB.

Module

IDA0192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 028)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The requested master or user catalog does not exist or is not open. The (sfi) field in the message is of the form (rc, crs, cmi) where

- rc catalog return code
- crs catalog reason code
- · cmi catalog module name that detected the error

See message IDC3009I for a list of these catalog return and reason codes.

System action

OPEN, CLOSE, or EOV processing ends for the data set. CLOSE (TYPE=T operand) processing continues, if possible. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 180 (X'B4').

Programmer response

If the error occurred during OPEN, CLOSE (TYPE=T), or EOV processing, make sure that the correct catalog is available (for example, volume is online) and rerun the job. If the error occurred during CLOSE processing, make sure that the correct catalog was not deleted and is open. If the data set was open for output, use the access method services VERIFY command to make sure that the end-of-file marker in the data set entry in the catalog is correct. Do this before trying any further processing on the data set. If the data set was open for input, the VERIFY command need not be used.

IDA0192C, IDA0557A, IDA0557B, IDAV192C, IDAV557A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 029)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An attempt was made to open a catalog, but the OPEN was not issued in storage protect key zero.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 180 (X'B4').

The system issues an SVC dump.

Programmer response

Make sure the user attempting to open the catalog is running in storage protect key zero.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 032)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj,sss, ddname,dev,volser,xxx,dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The catalog record for the data set being processed was not found. During end-of-volume (EOV) processing, the error can also occur if an additional volume is required for a data set but the catalog contains no more volume records for the data set.

For message IEC070I, the subfunction information field, if present, might contain a decimal problem-determination code (reason code) for use by the IBM Support Center in case further problem diagnosis is necessary. The following table lists the reason codes for return code 032.

Table 3. VSAM OPEN SFI Reason Codes for Return Code 032		
SFI Decimal Value	Description	
001	End of volume - Catalog locate VOLSER. Unable to retrieve the volume serial number for a specific control interval from the catalog.	
002	End of volume - Catalog locate extents. A VSAM component was extended, but end-of-volume processing was unable to retrieve the extents from the catalog.	
003	End of volume - Catalog locate high-allocated control interval. Unable to retrieve a component's high-allocated control-interval number from the catalog.	
004	End of volume - Catalog locate failed. The requested catalog entry does not exist.	
005	End of volume - Locate for partial release. The catalog request for the number of tracks released by partial release returned no data.	

The sfi field has the following format:

(rc, crs, cmi)

rc

The catalog return code.

crs

The catalog reason code.

cmi

The name of the catalog module that detected the error.

See message IDC3009I for a list of these catalog return and reason codes:

- ccc = 002 Catalog field not returned (IDA0192C)
- ccc = 003 LOC2 Proc Locate attributes failed (IDA0192C)
- ccc = 025 Error on catalog update or retrieval of compression dictionary token (IDA0557C)
- ccc = 055 UCB not found (IDA0192X)
- ccc = 202 Catalog field not returned (IDA0557B)
- ccc = 205 Catalog field not returned (IDA0557B)
- ccc = 513 Storage Class Name field not returned by catalog (IDAV192C)
- ccc = 514 AMDSBAT1 name field not returned by catalog (IDAV192C)
- ccc = 515 AMDATTR3 field not returned by catalog (IDAV192C)
- ccc = 516 Base Cluster Name field not returned by catalog (IDAV192C)
- ccc = 694 Compression indicators not returned by catalog (IDAV192C)
- EOV Error can also occur if an additional volume is required for a data set but the catalog contains no more volume records for the data set.

System action

OPEN, CLOSE, or EOV processing ends for the data set. CLOSE (TYPE=T) processing continues, if possible. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the access method block (ACB) for the data set is set to 148 (X'94').

The system issues an SVC dump.

System programmer response

If the error occurred during OPEN, CLOSE (TYPE=T), or EOV processing, make sure that the correct catalog is available (for example, the volume is online) and rerun the job. If the error occurred during CLOSE processing, proceed as for OPEN or EOV processing. Then, if the data set was open for output, use the access method services VERIFY command to make sure that the end-of-file marker in the data set entry in the catalog is correct.

Do this before trying any further processing on the data set. If the data set was open for input, the VERIFY command need not be used.

Module

IDA0192C, IDA0192X, IDA0557A, IDA0557B, IDAV192C, IDAV557A, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 033)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Cannot extend the catalog. The catalog has reached the maximum number of extends. Either additional space is unavailable or a system error occurred. The (sfi) field in the message is of the form (rc, crs, cmi) where

- rc catalog return code
- crs catalog reason code
- cmi catalog module name that detected the error

See message IDC3009I for a list of these catalog return and reason codes.

System action

EOV processing ends for the data set.

Programmer response

The access method services DELETE command can be used to delete entries from the catalog. If no entries can be deleted, the access method services EXPORT command can be used to move some of the data sets defined in the full catalog to a portable volume. The IMPORT command can be used to define the exported data sets in a user catalog that has space available.

Module

IDA0557A, IDA0557B, IDAV557A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 034)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,volser,xxx,dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The maximum relative byte address (RBA) limit (4,294,967,295) has been reached.

The subfunction information field, if present, contains a decimal problem-determination code (reason code) for use by the IBM Support Center in case further problem diagnosis is necessary. The following table lists the reason codes for return code 034.

Table 4. VSAM OPEN SFI Reason Codes for Return Code 034		
SFI Decimal Value	Description	
004	End of volume - Non-extended addressable. The new allocation amount would exceed 4 GB.	
005	End of volume - Extended addressable. The new allocation amount would cause the number of control intervals to exceed hexadecimal X'FFFFFFFF'.	
014	End of volume - Both the PRIMARY allocation amount and the SECONDARY allocation amount would cause the maximum RBA to be exceeded.	
015	End of volume - Guaranteed space. The PRIMARY or SECONDARY space allocation would cause the maximum RBA to be exceeded.	
016	End of volume - The PRIMARY allocation amount would cause the maximum RBA to be exceeded.	

The sfi field has the following format:

(rc, crs, cmi)

rc

The catalog return code.

crs

The catalog reason code.

cmi

The name of the catalog module that detected the error.

See message IDC3009I for a list of these catalog return and reason codes.

System action

EOV processing ends for the data set.

System programmer response

Use the access method services REPRO command to make a backup copy of the cluster that contains the data set. Delete the cluster from the catalog with the DFSMS DELETE command. Redefine the cluster with extended format and extended addressability.

Module

IDA0557B, IDAV557A, IDA0557E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

IEC161I (return code 035)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The catalog record for the data set has reached the maximum number of sets of fields allowed. The number of key ranges and volume entries have reached the maximum allowed. The (sfi) field in the message is of the form (rc, crs, cmi) where

- rc catalog return code
- · crs catalog reason code
- cmi catalog module name that detected the error

See message IDC3009I for a list of these catalog return and reason codes.

System action

EOV processing ends for the data set.

Programmer response

Use access method services to: (1) copy the cluster that contains the data set to another volume, (2) delete the cluster, (3) redefine the cluster and either reduce the number of key ranges and volumes or increase the space allocation for each key range to reduce the number of overflow volumes, and (4) reload the copy of the cluster.

Module

IDA0557A, IDA0557B, IDAV557A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 036)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An I/O error was detected while the system was reading or writing a catalog record. The (sfi) field in the message is of the form (rc, crs, cmi) where

- rc catalog return code
- crs catalog reason code
- cmi catalog module name that detected the error

See message IDC3009I for a list of these catalog return and reason codes.

System action

OPEN, CLOSE, or EOV processing ends for the data set. CLOSE (TYPE=T operand) processing continues, if possible. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 144 (X'90').

Programmer response

If the error occurred during OPEN, CLOSE (TYPE=T), or EOV processing, specify different device for the catalog that caused the problem and rerun the job. If the error occurred during CLOSE processing, and the data set was

open for output, use the access method services VERIFY command to make sure that the end-of-file marker in the data set entry in the catalog is correct. Do this before trying any further processing on the data set. If the data set was opened for input, the VERIFY command need not be used.

Module

IDA0192C, IDA0557A, IDA0557B, IDAV192C, IDAV557A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 037)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The catalog routines returned an unexpected return code. The (sfi) field in the message is of the form (rc, crs, cmi) where

- rc catalog return code
- · crs catalog reason code
- · cmi catalog module name that detected the error

See message IDC3009I for a list of these catalog return and reason codes.

- ccc = 217 Preformat call to update catalog failed.
- ccc = 220 Call to striping extend RC = 12, RSN = 1. First catalog locate had an error.
- ccc = 223 Call to striping extend RC = 12, RSN = 2. Set VVRIF had an error.
- ccc = 224 Call to striping extend RC = 12, RSN = 3. Third catalog call (extend) had an error.
- ccc = 227 Call to striping extend RC = 12, RSN = x. Unknown error. Call to extend had an error.

System action

OPEN, CLOSE, or EOV processing ends for the data set. CLOSE (TYPE=T operand) processing continues, if possible. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 148 (X'94').

Programmer response

If the error occurred during OPEN, CLOSE (TYPE=T), or EOV processing, rerun the job. If the error persists, restore the catalog and all volumes controlled by the catalog from synchronized restore tapes. If the error occurred during CLOSE processing, and the data set was open for output processing, use the access method services VERIFY command to ensure that the end-of-file marker is properly addressed in the data set's entry in the catalog; then rerun the job. If the problem persists, restore the catalog and all volumes controlled by it from synchronized restore tapes.

Module

IDA0192C, IDA0557B, IDA0557E, IDA0557X, IDAV192C, IDAV557A, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 038)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: OPEN processing encountered an empty path alternate index.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 196 (X'C4').

Programmer response

Use the access method services BLDINDEX command to build the alternate index defined under the path that the OPEN was issued against.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 039)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: OPEN processing encountered an empty upgrade alternate index.

System action

OPEN processing continues; however, the empty upgrade alternate index is not updated to reflect changes in the base data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 100 (X'64').

Programmer response

You can ignore the warning and process the base data set, but the empty upgrade alternate index will not be updated to reflect changes in the base data set. Use the access method services BLDINDEX command to build an upgrade alternate index.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 040)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The data set being opened is security protected and the OPEN routine could not validate your password, KEYLABEL or an unauthorized program is attempting to open a catalog as a data set

Or if the SFI is in the form of ccc:

- sfi = 001 EXCEPTION
- sfi = 002 user exit is not authorized
- sfi = xxxx,yyyy the return and reason codes returned from RACF when validating the KEYLABEL
- ccc = 162 VSAM detected the job is not authorized to the KEYLABEL
- ccc = 818 RLS detected the job is not authorized to the KEYLABEL

Table 5. SFI Reason Codes for Code 040		
SFI Decimal Value	Description	
001	Named exit specified in the EXCEPTIONEXIT keyword is not loaded due to a SAF return code 4 (no decision).	
002	Named exit specified in the SYNAD keyword is not loaded due to a SAF return code 4 (no decision).	
xxxx,yyyy	Caller is not authorized in RACF for encryption or decryption on this data set.	

See message IDC3009I for a list of these catalog return and reason codes.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 152 (X'98').

Programmer response

If the password could not be validated, make sure that the correct password was supplied in the ACB or by the system or Time Sharing Option/Extensions (TSO/E) terminal operator. Use the access method services LISTCAT command to list the passwords for each data set in a catalog. (The master password for the catalog is needed to do this.) If an unauthorized program attempted to use a catalog as a data set, change the authorization for the program. Use SFI information to determine if user has correct RACF authority to access this data set or VSAM Exit.

Module

IDA0192A, IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 041)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The buffer space specified is not consistent with the buffer requirements of the data set.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Make sure that the buffer space specified is large enough to contain the data and index buffers required to process the data set for the specified number of concurrent multiple requests.

Module

IDA0192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 042)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

With OPEN for output processing of a base data set, an associated upgrade AIX is also being opened, but the OPEN requested an unexpected LSR pool via the ACB SHRPOOL value.

Due to a prior OPEN for input, and the use of either DDNAME sharing or data set name sharing, a single control block structure exists for the base data set. This message identifies the LSR pool that was requested by the ACB with the base OPEN for output request (and the associated upgrade AIX), and what LSR pool will be used by the upgrade AIX (based on the LSR pool used by the existing base data set single control block structure).

The IEC161 (return code 042) message that follows contains the SFI information in the form of two decimal numbers:

(AAA,BBB)-051

In the message text:

AAA

Decimal value of the SHRPOOL specified in the ACB for the cluster being opened (xxx value in the message).

BBB

Decimal value of the SHRPOOL used by the upgrade AIX data set (*dsname* value in the message) with the open.

System action

OPEN processing continues. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 82 (X'52').

Programmer response

Review the BLDVRP macro instruction for the VSAM Resource Pool used by the single control block structure based on the needs of both the base and upgrade AIX data sets.

Module

IDA0192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 044)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: User buffering was specified in the MACRF field of the ACB (access method control block), but processing other than control-interval was also specified.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Change the ACB so that only control-interval processing is specified if user buffering is specified.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 045)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An unusable data set was opened for input.

System action

OPEN processing continues for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 96 (X'60').

Programmer response

You can ignore the warning and try to process the data set but the results are unpredictable. To make the data set usable, use the access method services IMPORT command to load a backup copy of the data set, or delete and reload the data set.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 046)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An unusable data set was opened for output.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 192 (X'CO').

Programmer response

Use the access method services IMPORT command to load a backup copy of the data set, or delete and reload the data set.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 047)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies improved control interval processing but the data set attributes are not consistent with this mode of access. One of the following errors was detected:

- Physical block size was not equal to control interval size.
- The data set was not an entry-sequenced data set or the data/index component of a key-sequenced data set.
- The data set was an index with IMBED or REPLICATE specified.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Correct the indicated error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A, IDA0192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 048)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The requested master or user catalog does not exist or is not open. The (sfi) field in the message is of the form (rc, crs, cmi) where

- rc catalog return code
- · crs catalog reason code
- cmi catalog module name that detected the error

See message IDC3009I for a list of these catalog return and reason codes.

OR, RESET processing requested and the data set is an INDEX component.

System action

OPEN, CLOSE, or EOV processing ends for the data set. CLOSE (TYPE=T operand) processing continues, if possible. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 180 (X'B4').

Programmer response

If the error occurred during OPEN, CLOSE (TYPE=T), or EOV processing, make sure that the correct catalog is available (for example, the volume is online) and rerun the job. If the error occurred during CLOSE processing, make sure that the correct catalog was not deleted and is open. If the data set was open for output, use the access method services VERIFY command to make sure that the end-of-file marker in the data set entry in the catalog is correct. Do this before trying any further processing on the data set. If the data set was open for input, the VERIFY command need not be used.

IDA0192C, IDAV192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 049)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB MACRF indicates improved control interval processing, and the OPEN is for an empty data set (create mode).

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 224 (X'E0').

Programmer response

Correct the indicated error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 052)

rc[(sfi[,jobname])]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,volser,xxx,dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: One of the following events occurred:

- The OPEN routine was unable to get the resource that the system requested for the data set being opened because another task in the system was using the resource.
- The OPEN routine was unable to open the data set for output or update processing because the update inhibit indicator was on in the data set's catalog record.
- The OPEN routine was unable to open the data set for CBUF processing because the data set was already opened for non-CBUF processing.
- The OPEN routine found conflicting CBUF attributes for the data and index components of the ACB for the data set being opened.

- The concurrent enqueue limit has been reached. The ENQ macro issued return code 18, indicating that the limit for the number of concurrent resource requests has been reached.
- The OPEN routine was unable to open the resource that the system requested for the data set that was being opened because another task in the system was loading the data set. With initial load-mode processing, VSAM acquires an exclusive enqueue on SYSVSAM.
- ccc = 095 ENQ for the N resource failed IDA0192A.
- ccc = 028 ENQ for the P resource failed IDA0192A.
- EOV Error occurred in SVC 109 call to update VSAM shared information (VSI).
- ccc = 215, 220 EOV- Error occurred in updating the VSI.

If present, the subfunction information (SFI) field contains a decimal problem-determination code (reason code) for use by the IBM Support Center if further problem diagnosis is necessary. The SFI field has the following format:

reason[,jobname]

reason

One of the reason codes described in the following table.

jobname

If present, the name of the first job that caused the SHAREOPTION conflict that the SFI reason code describes.

Table 6. VSAM OPEN S	Table 6. VSAM OPEN SFI Reason Codes for Return Code 052	
SFI Decimal Value	Description	
001	LOCVAL - Connecting to an existing control block structure, but the ACB specifies RESET processing. Cannot connect to an existing control block structure with RESET specified.	
002	DSVALCHK - WRITE INHIBIT is on in the catalog for this component, and the ACB is being opened for output.	
003	VSIPROC - A VSI was not found (SHR = x ,3). The data set is already open without VSI processing.	
004	SUBTSKSS - Opening an ACB for output, connecting, SHR=1,x. The current control block structure is not open for output, but another control block structure already exists.	
005	SUBTSKSS - Opening an ACB for output, SHR=1,x. Unable to get an exclusive enqueue on the I resource. Another ACB is already open to the data set.	
006	SUBTSKSS - Opening an ACB for output, SHR=1,x. Another ACB is already open to the data set for output. Cannot get the O resource.	
007	SUBTSKSS - Opening and trying to connect to an existing control block structure that is open for CREATE mode. Only one ACB can be open to a data set in CREATE mode.	
008	SUBTSKMS - First open of a data set in the address space, not connecting, OUTPUT, SHR=1,x. Cannot get exclusive control of the O resource. Another ACB already has the data set open for output.	
009	SUBTSKMS - First open of a data set, not connecting, OUTPUT or DISP=OLD, SHR=1,x. Cannot get exclusive control of the I resource. Another ACB is already open to the data set.	
010	SUBTSKMS - First OPEN of a data set, not connecting, OUTPUT, SHR=1,x. Another ACB is already open for output.	
011	CRTSKRD - Open for input, SHR=1,x. Cannot get the I resource shared. Some ACB already opened the data set for exclusive use.	

Table 6. VSAM OPEN SFI Reason Codes for Return Code 052 (continued)	
SFI Decimal Value	Description
012	CRTSKRD - Open for input, SHR=1,x. Some user already opened the data set for output.
013	CRTSKWR - Opening for output, SHR=2,x. Some ACB already opened the data set for output.
014	CRTSKWR - Opening for output, SHR=2,x. Current task already has exclusive control of the O resource.
015	CRTSKWR - Opening for output, SHR=2,x. Cannot get an O enqueue. Another ACB is already open for output.
016	CRTSKWR - Opening for output, SHR=2,x. Cannot get the I resource shared. Some ACB already opened the data set for exclusive use.
526	CRTSKWR - RLS open for output. Current task already has exclusive control of the O resource.
527	CRTSKWR - RLS open for output. Cannot get an O resource. Another ACB is already open for output.
528	CRTSKWR - RLS open for output. Cannot get the I resource shared. An ACB already opened the data set for exclusive use.
530	DSVALCHK - WRITE INHIBIT is on in the catalog for this component, and the ACB is being opened for output in RLS mode.

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the access method control block (ACB) for the data set is set to 168 (X'A8').

The system issues an SVC dump.

Programmer response

Ensure the availability of the resource by means of DD statements. For SFI code 002, use the access method services ALTER command to reset the update inhibit indicator in the data set's catalog record, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IDA0192A, IDA0192B, IDA0557A, IDA0557B, IDA0A05B, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 053)

rc (sfi) -ccc,jjj,sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx,dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001. Specific information for this return code: An error was detected when trying to extract an internal token.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 130 (X'82').

Programmer response

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 054)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) indicated keyed accessing, but the data set is not a key-sequenced data set.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Make sure that the type of accessing indicated in the ACB is consistent with the data set being opened.

Module

NONE

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 056)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The last request to close this data set was not completed successfully. (OPENIND is on in the catalog). A previous VSAM job might have ended abnormally and left the data set open. This is a normal message for system data set during IPL.

OPEN processing continues. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 116 (X'74').

Programmer response

If the error occurred at a time other than during IPL, use the access method services VERIFY command to make sure the end-of-file marker in the data set entry in the catalog is correct. If you ignore the warning and try to process the data set, the results are unpredictable. For example, you could cause lost records. If you use the VERIFY command, this message can appear when VERIFY processing opens the data set. If VERIFY processing then successfully closes the data set, it issues condition code 0. If you use the VERIFY command on a linear data set, the explicit VERIFY function is bypassed. The linear data set is successfully opened and closed, without an error message, which resets the open indicator for the data set.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 058)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The time stamp for the index does not match the time stamp for the data set. This could occur if the data set was updated without the index being open.

If present, the SFI field is for use by IBM if further problem determination is required.

Table 7. SFI Reason Codes for Code 058	
SFI Dec Value	Description
017	OPEN of a Catalog and the Index component's timestamp (AMDTMSTP) is less than the data component's timestamp.
018	OPEN of a non-Catalog and the Index component's timestamp (AMDTMSTP) is not equal to the data component's timestamp.

System action

OPEN processing continues. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 108 (X'6C').

Programmer response

You can continue to process the data set, but errors can occur if the data set and index do not correspond. Check for possible duplicate VVRS.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192B

454 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 059)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The time stamp for the volume does not match the time stamp in the catalog entry for the data set, and the data set is opened for input. This might mean that the cluster existing on the volume is not accurately described in the catalog.

System action

OPEN processing continues. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 104 (X'68').

Programmer response

You can continue to process the data set, but the results are unpredictable. The volume contents do not correspond with the catalog contents for that volume. If the volume contents are more current, then the catalog should be restored. For more information on catalog recovery, see *z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs*.

Module

IDA0192F, IDA0192V

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 060)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The time stamp for the volume does not match the time stamp in the catalog entry for the data set, and the data set is opened for output.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 240 (X'F0').

Programmer response

The volume contents do not correspond with the catalog contents for that volume. If the volume contents are more current, then the catalog should be restored. For more information about catalog recovery, see z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs.

Module

IDA0192F

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 062)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VERIFY has been successfully run by OPEN to determine the end of a VSAM data set which was not previously closed successfully.

System action

OPEN processing continues. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 118 (X'76'). If the data set was opened for output, then the catalog will be updated when the data set is successfully closed. If the data set is opened for input, the catalog will not be updated by close and VERIFY will again be run by OPEN the next time the data set is opened.

Programmer response

The last request to close this data set was not successful. OPEN has attempted to verify the end of the data set and the VERIFY completed without errors. The catalog will be updated when the data set has successfully been opened for output and then successfully closed. You should verify that all of the expected records are in the data set. For additional information on VERIFY processing, see *z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets*.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 064)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The last request to close this data set was not completed successfully and an attempt by OPEN to run VERIFY has been unsuccessful. A previous VSAM job might have ended abnormally and left the data set open. The cataloged information pertaining to the data set may be in error. The sfi field in the message indicates a record management error occurred and is in the form of the RPL feedback word. See z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets for a description of the RPL feedback word.

Open processing continues. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 116 (X'74').

The system issues an SVC dump.

Programmer response

You should first correct the problem that is causing the VERIFY to fail, then use the Access Method Services VERIFY command to make sure that the end-of-file marker in the data set entry in the catalog is correct. If VERIFY processing successfully closes the data set, it issues a condition code of 0. If you ignore the warning and try to process the data set the results are unpredictable. For example, you could lose records. You can continue to process the catalog; however, catalog information might be in error and erroneous results could occur. You can run the Access Method Services DIAGNOSE command against the catalog to identify possible problems.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 065)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code:

- ccc = 101: VSAM CLOSE detected that a previous CLOSE did not complete.
- ccc = 114: VSAM CLOSE encounters a freemain storage request of 0 length or 0 address.

System action

CLOSE processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the dataset is set to 117 (X'75').

Programmer response

Correct previous error and resubmit

Module

IDA0200B, IDA0200T

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The data set is not allocated on the correct volume (No extents found on the volume). The data set might have been deleted from one volume and defined on another volume during the same job step or the catalog extent information might be incorrect.

If a VSAMDB base cluster (VSAM cluster defined with LOG and DATABASE) is allocated and the associated AIX, if any, is defined on a different volume, the OPEN of the base cannot find the extent information for the AIX.

sfi

(For base VSAM only.)

001:

No extent found for non-striped data set.

002:

No extent found for all stripes.

003:

No extent found for some stripes.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 168(X'A8').

Programmer response

Check the DD statement to make sure that the data set is allocated on the correct volume. If the data set is dynamically allocated, check that the catalog record is pointing to the correct volume. If the OPEN error is because of the different volumes for base-cluster allocation and the AIX-cluster define, reallocate the base cluster.

Module

IDA0192Z, IDAV192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 067)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

ICSF identified the data set as having an archived key which should be treated as decrypt only because the facility class resource CSF.KDS.KEY.ARCHIVE.DATA.DECRYPT is defined on the system. Therefore, opening the data set for output is not allowed and the IEC161I message is issued. The ICSF return and reason code information is externalized in the SFI information on the open. If the data set is already open for input, subsequent open error messages would not contain any sfi information.

Programmer response

The data sets with an archived key may be opened for input only.

Module

IDA0192A, IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 068)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The device type specified in the DD statement is not consistent with the device type indicated in the catalog record for the data set.

• ccc = 220 - EOV (Striped component) unable to find correct volume mount table for device type.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Change the DD statement to indicate the same device type as the catalog record for the data set.

Module

IDA0192B, IDA0192V, IDA0192Z, IDAV192Z, IDA0557E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 069)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

An error was returned from ICSF and error information is externalized in the SFI information.

- ccc = 162 VSAM Open for encrypted data set
- ccc = 817 RLS Open for encrypted data set

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 186 (X'BA').

Programmer response

Look up SFI in the ICSF Application Programmer's Guide under "ICSF and cryptographic coprocessor return and reason codes" and take specified action.

Module

IDA0192A, IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 070)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Invalid KEY LENGTH. Key length must be greater than zero and not greater than 255.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 168 (X'A8').

Programmer response

Redefine the data set with a valid key length.

Module

IDA0192C, IDAV192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 071)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Invalid Extent information. Length of catalog extent data does not match the number of extents, number of extents is greater than the maximum number allowed, or extent out of sequence.

- ccc = 003 IDA0192C: MERGVOL Length of extent data does not match number of extents.
- ccc = 026 IDA0192Z:
 - SFI 5- VSAM Open has detected extent out of sequence condition due to volume out of order for an index component of an SMS-managed data set with at least one stripe.
 - SFI 6- VSAM Open has detected extent out of sequence condition due to volume out of order for a nonstriped or non-SMS data set.
 - SFI 7- VSAM Open has detected extent out of sequence condition due to volume out of order for a data component of an SMS-managed data set with at least one stripe.
- ccc = 032 IDA0192C: MERGVOL- Open of a striped component catalog returned at least 1 volume entry with no extent information.
- ccc = 053 IDA0192Z:
 - SFI 4- VSAM Open has detected greater than 255 extents exist for this data set.

System action

SFI 5, SFI 6, and SFI 7 are warning messages and OPEN processing continues. For all others, OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 168 (X'A8').

Programmer response

For SFI 5, SFI 6, and SFI 7, no action is necessary unless you want the volumes in order. If you want the volumes in order, see informational APAR II14289. It documents an available unsupported tool that identifies data sets with volumes out of order. The tool scans specified catalogs and provides the correct volume sequence for data sets.

For all other errors, correct the error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192C, IDAV192Z, IDA0192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 072)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The data set was empty, but the ACB (access method control block) for the data set indicated that it was being opened for input only.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'AO').

Programmer response

Change the MACRF parameter in the ACB to indicate output.

Module

IDA0192B, IDA0192Z, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 073)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The data set or key range hi-used RBA is greater than the hi-allocated, and the data set is being opened for input.

System action

OPEN processing continues. The error flags in the ACB are set to 110. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 110 (X'6E').

Programmer response

Restore the catalog entry for the data set.

Module

NONE

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 074)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An incorrect hi-allocated relative block address (RBA) was found in the catalog entry for this data set. The hi-allocated RBA was either zero or less than the hi-used RBA.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 190 (X'BE').

Programmer response

Restore the data set.

Module

IDA0192Z, IDAV192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 075)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Journaling was requested, but a JRNAD exit was not specified on the first ACB opened for the data set.

System action

OPEN processing continues, but the request for journaling is denied. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 110 (X'6E').

Programmer response

Ensure that the first ACB opened for the data set specifies a JRNAD exit.

Module

IDA0192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 076)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) that was opened was not associated with a valid data set. (NOT an Index, Data, or a Cluster) OR it was an invalid ACB.

- · Attempt to open a PAGE SPACE data set which was not correctly closed.
- Attempt to open a PAGE SPACE in other than CREATE mode.
- Data returned from the catalog was not for a valid VSAM data set type (Index, Data, Cluster, AIX, Path, etc.) or the data set is not a VSAM data set.
- Attempt to close an ACB from RLS access and the ACB is not currently open in the SMSVSAM address space.

Table 8. SFI Reason Codes for Code 076	
SFI Dec Value	Description
001	OPEN of an ACB which is already open.
002	Close of an ACB which is not open.

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 188 (X'BC').

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job. (VSAM OPEN cannot be used to open a page space data set.)

Module

IDA0192B, IDA0192C, IDAV201T, IDAV231T, IDAV232T

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 078)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The AMBL (access method block list) is incorrect, or the caller of EOV was not in supervisor state, or EOV for an AMB which had a previous EOV error, or

- Invalid AMBL AMBL address not in the VAT
- Invalid IOMB IOMB address not PLH not found in AMB IOMB chain.
- Invalid BLDVRP/DLVRP parameter list.
- Attempt to open a Catalog, System data set, or for GSR but not authorized, key 0-7, supervisor state.
- ccc = 215 EOV with AMBLESET=ON
- ccc = 218 Invalid AMB.

Programmer response

If the error occurred during CLOSE, CLOSE (TYPE=T), or EOV processing, correct the indicated error and resubmit the job.

Module

ICYMMSRV, IDA0192A, IDA0192F, IDA0192W, IDA0192Y, IDA0200B, IDA0200T, IDA0231B IDA0231T IDA0557A IDA0557D IDAV202T

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 079)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An attempt was made to open a VSAM data set with an ACB EXLST whose length was invalid.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 189 (X'BD').

Programmer response

Create an Exit list with a correct length value by using the EXLST macro or GENCB EXLST macro and resubmit the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 080)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The data set was opened for CREATE processing (empty data set and ACB indicates output) and the number of strings (STRNO) specified was greater than one.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Module

IDA0192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 081)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (Access Method Control Block) that was opened was associated with a non-VSAM temporary data set.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 188 (X'BC').

Programmer response

Probable user error. If VSAM processing is required for a temporary data set, insure that the temporary data set is defined as a VSAM temporary data set.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 082)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: OPEN connect not allowed at this time.

ccc = 797

An attempt is being made to open a cluster that is already opened on the system that MSGIGW405I has been issued for.

ccc = 802

This OPEN failed because there was a logic error in previous close. SMSVSAM might need to be recycled if the problem persists.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (Access Method Block) is set to 211 (X'D3').

Programmer response

Close all OPEN ACBs for the sphere on the system. Ensure no components of the sphere are corrupted. You can then successfully open the sphere.

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 084)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: A cluster without the REUSE attribute was the object of an unsuccessful reset request. The (*sfi*) field in the message is of the form (*rc*, *crs*, *cmi*), in which *rc* is the catalog return code, *crs* is the catalog reason code, and *cmi* is the name of the catalog module that detected the error. See message IDC3009I for a list of these catalog return and reason codes.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 232 (X'E8').

Programmer response

Make sure that the REUSE parameter was specified when the non-striped VSAM data set was defined or remove the ACB MACRF=RST parameter from the ACB and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192C, IDAV192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 087)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

System action

OPEN, CLOSE processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 209 (X'D1').

Programmer response

MISSING INFO.

Module

IDA0192F, IDA0200B, IDA0192A, IDA0CEA1

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 088)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Reset was specified against a real path.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'AO').

Programmer response

RESET processing is not supported for a PATH. Change the data set name to a CLUSTER name and resubmit the iob.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 089)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,iji, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Invalid UCB address passed to IOSCAPU.

System action

Open processing is ended for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 134 (X'86').

The system issues an SVC dump.

Programmer response

Probable system error. Look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. if no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide all printed output related to the problem.

Module

IDA0192A, IDAV192A, IDA0557E, IDAV557A, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 092)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The data set resides on a volume that is defined as read-only on this system. The attributes of the data set are not compatible with a read-only volume.

If present, the SFI field is for use by IBM if further problem determination is required.

System action

OPEN processing ends. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 161 (X'A1').

Programmer response

Redefine the data set with attributes that are compatible with read-only volumes.

Compatible attributes:

- · Must be allocated with DISP=SHR
- Must be defined with SHR(2 x) or SHR(3 x)
- Must have a CI size that will not cross a track boundary
- · Cannot be accessed with RLS/TVS.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 093)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,iji, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The data set resides on a volume that is defined as read-only on this system. The data set was CONNECTed without the user specifying that it was permissible to bypass define extent serialization.

CONNECT processing ends with RC=8.

Programmer response

If the application can handle track serialization, update the CONNECT parameters. Otherwise, this application is not a candidate to use read-only volumes.

Module

IDA0192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 094)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: It is not valid to have a mix of volumes that allow read-write and read-only access to the data set. All volumes must allow read-write or all volumes must allow read-only access to the data set.

System action

OPEN processing ends with RC=8. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 162 (X'A2').

System programmer response

Use the DISPLAY M=Dev(dev) or DISPLAY U,DASD,ONLINE, dev,1 command to determine the read-only status of all data set volumes.

Programmer response

Verify that all of the volumes are defined with the read-only attribute or without the read-only attribute.

Module

IDA0192A, IDA0557B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 095)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An unexpected error was returned when performing a cryptographic function and that error is externalized in the sfi information.

If SFI field is present and contains error code xxxx1201 – the system has no CPACF configured so no encrypted data sets can be processed on this system.

If SFI field is present and contains error code xxxx1203 – the system may have limited CPACF available so no encrypted data sets can be processed on this system.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 186 (X'BA').

System programmer response

For any SFI not documented above, contact IBM Service.

Programmer response:

Module

IDA0192A, IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 096)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM Open determined that there was a change in the encryption key since the data was originally loaded.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 187 (X'BB').

System programmer response

This is a serious error and to proceed would corrupt the data. Investigate any changes to the key information for that KEYLABEL.

Programmer response:

Module

IDA0192A, IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 100)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: No space was available on candidate volumes. You defined the volumes as ordered in the access method services DEFINE command.

System action

EOV processing ends for the data set.

Programmer response

Delete unneeded data sets from the volumes you specified or use the access method services ALTER command to provide a different list of volumes for space allocation. Rerun the job.

Module

IDA0557B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 104)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,volser,xxx,dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: No more volumes are available on which to allocate space (no more candidate volumes).

System action

End-of-volume (EOV) processing ends for the data set.

Programmer response

Use the access method services ALTER command to provide additional volumes for the data set. Close the ACBs for the data set, reallocate the DD statements being used to access the data set, and reopen the ACB for the data set.

Adding volumes with AMS ALTER just puts volumes in the catalog. Before the data set can use the added volumes, you need to close it, reallocate the DD statements to the data set (this picks up the added volumes), and then reopen the data set (this makes the new volumes available for use by VSAM EOV).

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IDA0557B, IDA0557E, IDA0557X, IDAV557A, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 108)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The EOV routine was unable to locate a required volume.

System action

EOV processing ends for the data set.

Programmer response

Ensure that all required volumes are online and remain online while running the job.

Module

IDA0557B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 112)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The EOV routine was unable to find the candidate volume you needed for space allocation.

System action

EOV processing ends for the data set.

Programmer response

Ensure that all required volumes are allocated and remain online while running the job.

Module

IDA0557B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 113)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM only allows encryption on an Extended Format data set.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 165 (X'A5').

Programmer response

This data set cannot be accessed with VSAM. Only z/FS data sets are eligible for processing encrypted non-EF data sets.

Module

IDA0192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 114)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Volume mount request but UCB address is greater than 16M.

System action

Open processing is ended for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 138 (X'8A').

Programmer response

Insure that the required volume is allocated before running the job.

Module

IDA0192V

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 115)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An encryption key other than type AES256 was specified on the data set.

- ccc = 162 VSAM Open for encrypted data set
- ccc = 819 RLS Open for encrypted data set

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 169 (X'A9').

Programmer response

Redefine data set with an AES256 encryption type.

Module

IDA0192A, IDA0194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 116)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The system detected an I/O error while reading the volume label and format-4 DSCB.

System action

OPEN or EOV processing is ended for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 164 (X'A4'). job.

Programmer response

Insure that the required volume is allocated before running the

Module

IDA0192V

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 120)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies LSR (local shared resource) or GSR (global shared resource) and the control interval size of the data set exceeds the size of the largest buffer specified in the BLDVRP macro instruction.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 220 (X'DC').

Programmer response

Increase the largest buffer size in the BLDVR macro instruction and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 121)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: GSR buffering is not allowed for an encrypted data set.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 166(X'A6').

Programmer response

Redefine data set without the encryption KEYLABEL or do not user GSR buffering.

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 122)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The data set has a KEYLABEL, but the user did not specify that the application could handle encryption.

Programmer response

Redefine the data set without the encryption KEYLABEL or modify the application to tolerate an encrypted data set.

Module

IDA0192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 124)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) indicates LSR (local shared resource) or GSR (global shared resource) and the VSAM Shared Resource Table (VSRT) does not exist.

Table 9. Message IEC161I 124(sfi)-xxx SFI Reason Codes	
SFI Dec Value	Description
001	LSR requested but no BLDVRP previously done. (No VAT or VSRT table.
002	LSR requested but no VAT.
003	LSR requested but no VSRT table.
004	LSR requested. Update of VSRT use count failed. BLDVRP for requested sharepool not previously done.

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 228 (X'E4').

Programmer response

The BLDVRP macro instruction has probably not been issued or a failure was detected in BLDVRP. Make sure the BLDVRP macro instruction was run correctly before trying to open the ACB with LSR or GSR specified.

Module

IDA0192A, IDA0200T

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 125)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: OPEN failed because a BLDVRP/DLVRP request is in progress.

System action

OPEN is terminated for the ACB. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 229 (X'E5').

Programmer response

Rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 128)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: CLOSE processing for WRTBFR detected an error.

Table 10. Message IEC161I 128 SFI Field	
SFI Hex Value	Description
X'000C0004'	Indicates the whole RPL feedback word that can be use to locate the error point of VSAM Record Management failure.

CLOSE processing ends for the data set. CLOSE (TYPE=T operand) processing continues. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 184 (X'B8').

Programmer response

If the error occurred during CLOSE or CLOSE (TYPE=T) processing, correct the error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0200B, IDA0231B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 129)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: SFI = 1: CLOSE detected that VSAM Record Management processing was in progress when the close was issued.

Table 11. Message IEC161I 129 SFI Field	
SFI Hex Value	Description
X'000C0004'	Indicates the whole RPL feedback word that can be use to locate the error point of VSAM Record Management failure.

System action

CLOSE processing does not begin for the data set. CLOSE returns to the caller with the ACB still OPEN, and a CLOSE return code in register 15 equals to 4. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 185 (X'B9').

System action

CLOSE processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 185 (X'B9').

Programmer response

Issue ENDREQ before re-issuing CLOSE.

No SFI: CLOSE detected an error in WRTBFR. I/O for the data set was not quiesced before WRTBFR TYPE=DS was issued by VSAM CLOSE.

Issue ENDREQ before issuing CLOSE. Correct the error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0200B, IDA0200T

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 132)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: OPEN failed because the RLSCFCACHE dataclass keyword value contains DIRONLY. Directory only caching is only supported on z/OS Version 2 Release 1 and above.

- ccc = 001 RLS Directory Only Cache
- ccc = 184 RLS Directory Only Cache

System action

OPEN is terminated for the ACB.

Programmer response

Decide if you want to share the data set with pre-z/OS V2R1 systems. If you do, either change the RLSCFCACH DATACLASS keyword value or else redefine the data set using a DATACLASS that does not use DIRONLY. See z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets for more information about the DIRONLY RLSCFCACHE DATACLASS keyword.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 136)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies LSR (local shared resource) and RESET. These are inconsistent parameters.

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Specify either LSR or RST in the ACB MACRF field, but not both. Correct the error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 140)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies LSR (local shared resource) or GSR (global shared resource) in conjunction with improved control-interval processing.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Change the ACB so that improved control-interval processing is not specified with LSR or GSR, and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 144)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies LSR (local shared resource) or GSR (global shared resource) in conjunction with user buffering.

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Change the ACB so that LSR or GSR is not specified with user buffering and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 148)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies GSR (global shared resource) and the calling routine is not running in supervisor state or under protect key 0 through protect key 7.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 204 (X'CC').

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 152)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies LSR (local shared resource) or GSR (global shared resource) and the data set requires create processing.

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 212 (X'D4').

Programmer response

Change the ACB so that LSR or GSR is not specified when the data set is opened for create, and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 156)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies LSR (local shared resource) or GSR (global shared resource) and the key length of the data set exceeds the BLDVRP 'MAXKEY' specification.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 216 (X'D8').

Programmer response

Increase the length of MAXKEY in the BLDVRP macro instruction and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 164)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies LSR (local shared resource) or GSR (global shared resource) in conjunction with DFR (defer) and the data set share option is 4.

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

If LSR or GSR and DFR are specified in the ACB, the data set share option must be changed to 1, 2, or 3. Rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 166)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code:

System action

CLOSE was successful. error flags (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 172 (X'AC').

Programmer response

Refer to any associated IGW* messages indicating why RLS Close could not disconnect from the specified log.

Module

IDAV202T

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 172)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The format-4 DSCB indicates that the volume is unusable.

OPEN and EOV processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 200 (X'C8').

Programmer response

Restore the unusable volume, and then rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192V

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 175)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,iji, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: For the data set being opened, OPEN found that the data and index components of the ACB have conflicting CBUF attributes. That is, one of them does not allow CBUF processing. Both the data and index component must allow CBUF processing before the data set can be successfully opened. Note that CBUF processing is requested when a VSAM data set with a disposition of share (DISP=SHR) is opened and the data or index component has share option 3,3 or 4,3.

System action

The system opens the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 92 (X'5C').

Programmer response

Use the access method services (AMS) ALTER command to correct the share options specified for the data or index component.

Module

IDA0192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 176)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: A FORCE DLVRP was done to free storage used by a GSR (global shared resources) pool, with a dump of control blocks to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

System action

CLOSE processing continues.

Programmer response

No response required; informational message only.

Module

IDAOCEA2, IDA0200T

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 177)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The EOV routine was unable to extend the data set due to a critical error in the previous EOV space allocation.

- ccc = 215
 - An extend of a striped data set failed because a previous EOV extend has failed.
 - For data sets defined with Share Options 3 or 4, you might see this message if one job is attempting EOV while another job is extending the data set due to improper serialization by the application.

System action

The OPEN OR EOV fails. If OPEN, the error flag (ACBERFLG (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set for OPEN is set to 88 (X'58'). For data sets defined with Share Options 3 or 4, make sure that the application program uses ENQ/DEQ to maintain data integrity while sharing the data set.

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 178)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An error occurred during RESET processing (ACB MACRF=RST) and VSAM open was unable to unallocate a reset volume.

Open processing is ended for the data set. The SFI message field contains the SMS Return code and Reason Code. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 133 (X'85').

Programmer response

Reallocate the DDNAME to the data set and rerun the JOB.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 180)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: A FORCE DLVRP was done to free storage used by a GSR (global shared resources) pool, and the dump of control blocks to the SYS1.DUMP data set resulted in partial output.

System action

CLOSE processing continues.

Programmer response

No response required; informational message only.

Module

IDA0200T

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 184)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: A FORCE DLVRP was done to free storage used by a GSR (global shared resources) pool, and the attempted dump of control blocks to the SYS1.DUMP data set resulted in no output.

CLOSE processing continues.

Programmer response

No response required; informational message only.

Module

IDA0200T

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 188)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies a system data set (ACBSDS) in conjunction with LSR (local shared resource) and GSR (global shared resource).

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 189)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies GSR (global shared resource) for a compressed format data set. Data compression does not support GRS processing.

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 249 (X'F9').

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 190)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: OPEN was unable to find a DSAB to match this data set.

Table 12. SFI Reason Codes for Code 190		
SFI Dec Value	Description	
001	BLDDSSB Proc: No DSAB found during search of VDT. (AMBDSAB¬=VDTDSAB). the data component's timestamp.	
002	DSABSRCH Proc: No DSAB found during search of VDT. No UCB of same device type as in the catalog was found.	
003	BLDLPMB Proc: No DSAB found during search of VDT for sequence set.	
004	BLDLPMB Proc: No DSAB found during search of VDT.	

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 250 (X'FA').

Programmer response:

Module

IDA0192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACB (access method control block) specifies a system data set (ACBSDS) for path or upgrade processing. OPEN of a system data set for path or upgrade processing is not supported.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 195)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An error occurred attempting to extend a VSAM striped component.

• ccc = 220 - IDA0557E: ALLOCSPC. Unexpected extend error.

The SFI field in the message, if present, is of the format (rc,rsn) where rc=return code and rsn=reason code from IDA0557F.

• ccc = 220 - IDA0557E: ALLOCSPC. Unexpected extend error.

The SFI field in the message is of the format (rc,rsn) where rc=return code and rsn=reason code from IDA0557F.

 When message IEC070I is issued with a return code of 195 and an SFI value of (00000004,00000009), it means the following:

An attempt to extend a striped data set failed because the amount of space returned by DADSM was not the same as the amount of space requested.

- When message IEC070I is issued with a return code of 195 and an SFI value of (00000004,0000000A), it means the following:

The amount of space returned by DADSM was not a multiple the VSAM data set control area size. This condition normally results when a user or OEM implements an exit routine (such as IGGPRE00) associated with the IGGPRE00_EXIT preprocessing dynamic exit that modifies the space amount requested.

- When message IEC070I is issued with a return code of 195 and an SFI value of (00000004,0000000B), it means the following: A GETMAIN failure occurred when requesting space for a catalog parameter list from subpool 230, during extend processing.
- ccc = 220 IDA0557E: CATALC. SFI = 32. NO UCB address returned from call to IDA0557F.
- ccc = 221 IDA0557E: CATALC. SFI = 32. Unexpected extend error from call to IDA0557F.

The SFI field in the message is of the format (rc,rsn) where rc=return code and rsn=reason code from IDA0557F.

System action

EOV processing ends for the data set.

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, including the entire text of any IEC messages.

Module

IDA0557E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 196)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The CBIC (control blocks in common) option was used but the program is not running in supervisor state using protect key 0 through 7.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 204 (X'CC').

Programmer response

Ensure you are running in supervisor state with a protect key of 0 through 7. Rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 197)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The CBIC (control blocks in common) option is used with GSR (global shared resources) or LSR (local shared resources) specified. CBIC is not supported for LSR or GSR processing.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Change the ACB so that LSR or GSR is not specified with the CBIC option. Rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 198)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,iji, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Only CBIC was specified in the ACB (access method block). If the CBIC (control blocks in common) option is used, then ICI must also be specified.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Be sure to specify ICI with CBIC processing. Rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 199)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The ACBCATX option or VVDS processing was requested and the invoking program was not authorized.

System action

Open processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 205 (X'CD').

Programmer response

Re-link calling program as APF authorized and rerun the job.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 200)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: During CLOSE processing and DADSM PARTREL processing, an error occurred.

System action

VSAM CLOSE processing continues without error, but partial release processing ends abnormally.

Programmer response

See z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Reference for the explanation of the return code provided in the sfi field.

Module

IDA0200B, IDAV200B

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 201)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Open detected an Interrupt Recognition condition while opening a data set for input processing.

System action

Open processing continues. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 76 (X'4C').

Programmer response

You may continue processing the data set, however, a critical operation was interrupted on this data set and the operation did not complete. Erroneous results could occur. You may wish to run the access method services DIAGNOSE command against the Catalog and VVDS entries associated with this data set to identify possible problems.

Module

IDA0192B, IDAV192B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 202)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code:

- Message IEC161I: Open detected an Interrupt Recognition condition while opening a data set for output.
- Message IEC070I: EOV detected that a previous EOV had not completed successfully.

System action

Open/EOV processing is ended for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set if from OPEN is set to 193 (X'C1').

A critical operation was interrupted on this data set and the operation did not complete. Erroneous results could occur. You may wish to diagnose the Catalog and VVDS entries associated with this data set to identify possible problems.

Module

IDA0192B, IDA0557X, IDAV192B, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 203)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An extend was attempted, but no secondary space allocation quantity was specified. See the discussion in Access Method Services for ICF, under the description for secondary space amount, for further details.

For the case of an Extended Format data set using a data class including 'Additional Volume Amount' set to secondary, the data class will have to be altered to set 'Additional Volume Amount' to primary and the data set redefined, or the data set must be redefined with a data class that does not include 'Additional Volume Amount' set to secondary, or the data set redefined to include a secondary space allocation.

System action

Extend processing is ended for this data set.

Programmer response

Scratch unneeded data sets from the volume, or run an access method services ALTER command to add more candidate volumes to the catalog entry for the data set, or specify a secondary space quantity.

Module

IDA0557E, IDA0557X, IDA0557A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 204)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code:

ccc = 220

An extend was attempted, but the maximum number of extents was reached because the user did not specify VSAM extent constraint removal. In this case, the maximum number of extents for a VSAM data set is between 251 and 255 extents per component or between 251 and 255 extents per stripe for a striped component, depending upon the number of extents (1-5) allocated by DADSM per allocate/extend request.

System action

Extend processing is ended for this data set.

Programmer response

List the catalog in order to determine space fragmentation. Use the REPRO command to reorganize the data set in order to reduce fragmentation.

Module

IDA0557D, IDA0557X, IDAV557X, IDA0557E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 205)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,iji, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An unexpected error return code was received from VVDS manager. If the SFI field is returned, it contains the reason code.

- ccc = 131 Input VVR Buffer too small (IDA0192X)
- ccc = 132 Error in writing a VVR (IDA0192X)
- ccc = 133 Error in reading a VVR (IDA0192X)
- ccc = 134 Error in reading a VVR (IDA0192X)
- ccc = 135 Error in reading a VVR for update (IDA0192X)
- ccc = 210 Error in reading a VVR (IDA0557B)

Table 13. Message IEC161I 205 SFI field		
SFI Hex Value	Description	
X'000C0004'	Indicates the whole RPL feedback word that can be use to locate the error point of VSAM Record Management failure.	

System action

Open processing is ended for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 145 (X'91') for OPEN and CLOSE.

The system issues an SVC dump.

Run the access method services DIAGNOSE command against the VVDS(s) associated with the data set. Perform any required recovery operations for the VVDS or data set.

Module

IDA0192X, IDA0200B, IDA0557B, IDA0557X, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 206)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An extend was attempted, but an error occurred during DADSM ALLOCATE processing. The SFI field contains the DADSM ALLOCATE return code.

System action

Extend processing is ended for this data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is unchanged.

Programmer response

See MVS/DFP Diagnosis Reference for the explanation of the return code and take the appropriate corrective action before rerunning the job that failed.

Module

IDA0557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 207)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An extend was attempted, but an error occurred during DADSM EXTEND processing. The SFI field contains either an 8, indicating the VTOC could not be converted, or a 16, indicating an I/O error had occurred. For any other value that is contained in the SFI field, please refer to the DADSM EXTEND function return codes in z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis.

ccc = 220 - IDA0557E call to IDA0557F had a DADSM SCRATCH error.

The SFI field in the message is of the format (rc,crs) where rc=return code and crs=reason code from IDA0557F call.

System action

Extend processing is ended for this data set.

Programmer response

For reason codes:

- 8 Restore the volume in order to correct the VTOC.
- 16 If a hardware error is not causing the problem, restore the volume in order to correct the VTOC.

Module

DA0557B, IDA0557X, IDAV557A, IDA0557E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 208)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An extend was attempted, but an error occurred during DADSM OBTAIN processing. The SFI field contains the DADSM OBTAIN return code.

System action

Extend processing is ended for this data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is unchanged.

Programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis* for the explanation of the return code and take the appropriate corrective action before rerunning the job that failed.

• ccc = 220 - The extend of a striped component had a DADSM OBTAIN error.

The SFI field in the message is of the format (rc,crs) where rc=return code and crs=reason code from IDA0557F.

Module

IDA0557X, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 209)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: One of the following occurred:

- An extend was attempted, but no space was available on user volume.
- No secondary space quantity was specified and no candidate volumes are available.

System action

Extend processing is ended for this data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is unchanged.

Programmer response

Scratch data sets from the volume, or run an access method services command to add more candidate volumes to the catalog entry for the data set.

Module

IDA0557X, IDA0557E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 210)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The call to the DFSMS VTOC/data set services add volume was unsuccessful. The (sfi) field in the message contains the following in the form (rc,crs):

- rc DFSMS VTOC/DSS return code
- crs DFSMS VTOC/DSS reason code
- ccc = 220 IDA0557E: DFSMS RESYNC FUNCTION

System action

The system does not complete the extend.

Programmer response

Probable subsystem error. Follow the procedures specified by the subsystem error codes. The SFI information contains the DFSMS reason code in either decimal or hexadecimal notation. Refer to <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis</u> for a list of reason codes in both decimal and hexadecimal, and their meanings.

Module

IDA0557B, IDA0557E, IDA0557X, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 211)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: End of volume failed because of an error condition. The (sfi) field in the message contains the following in the form (rc,crs):

- rc subsystem return code
- · crs subsystem reason code
- ccc = 220 IDA0557E: SMS RESYNC SSI call failed.
- ccc = 221 IDA0557E: Extend call to IDA0557F failed.

System action

The system does not complete the extend.

Programmer response

Probable subsystem error. Follow the procedures specified by the subsystem error codes. The SMS reason (crs) can be found by looking up message IGDcrs. For example, if the SFI information was (8,17206), then look up message IGD17206I to determine the SMS reason.

Module

IDA0557B, IDA0557E, IDA0557X, IDAV557A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 212)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: End of volume failed because no dummy UCB entry was found in the TIOT DDENTRY for the data set. The catalog indicated that a candidate volume was available to extend the data set onto a new volume, but there was no "SMS dummy" UCB entry for SMS VTOC/DSS to add another volume to the data set. This situation probably resulted from specifying fewer volume serial numbers on the DD card than were specified when the data set was defined.

Either do not specify volume serial numbers for the data set, or specify the same number that was specified when the data set was defined. If volumes were added to the data set after it was opened, then it must be closed, deallocated, and reallocated in order to gain access to the new volumes.

Module

IDA0557B, IDA0557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 213)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An extend was attempted, but the VVR information changed unexpectedly during extend processing.

System action

Extend processing is ended for this data set.

Programmer response

Run the access method services DIAGNOSE command against the VVDS(s) associated with the data set. Perform any required recovery operations for the VVDS or data set.

Module

IDA0557X, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 214)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An extend was attempted, but the number of new extents after DADSM extend is inconsistent, zero, or more than 5.

System action

Extend processing is ended for this data set.

Run the access method services DIAGNOSE command against the VVDS(s) associated with the data set. Perform any required recovery operations for the VVDS or data set.

Module

IDA0557X, IDAV557X

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 215)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Open failed for the data set dsname.

- ccc = 799: Open failed for the data set *dsname*. The file was already open on a system that supports secondary lock structures.
- ccc = 800: Open failed for the data set *dsname*. The file is being opened on a system that supports secondary lock structures. The lock structure associated with the data set is being quiesced or has completed quiesce.
- ccc = 801: Open failed for the data set *dsname*. The file is being opened on a system that supports secondary lock structures. The lock structure associated with the data set could not be connected.

System action

The system does not complete the open.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

- ccc = 799: Verify that the data set is not open in the sysplex. If the data set is not open, run the job again.
 The IDCAMS subcommand SHCDS LISTDS can be used to determine if the data set was opened on a system that supports secondary lock structures. See access method services for ICF catalog for the syntax of the command.
- ccc = 800: Submit the jobs if the lock structure has been enabled.
- ccc = 801: Verify the following:
 - The data set is using the correct storage class.
 - The storage class has a lock set specified.
 - The lock set is specified in the DFSMS base configuration definition.
 - The DFSMS configuration was validated and activated.
 - Verify that the lock structure is defined to the CFRM policy.
 - Search the syslog for messages with the IXL or IXC prefixes that are related to the related lock structure.

- ccc = 799: Contact the system programmer to verify that the data set is not open in the sysplex.
- ccc = 800: Contact the system programmer to have the lock structure associated with this data set placed in enable status.
- ccc = 801: Contact the system programmer to verify that the data set is not open in the sysplex.

Source

DFSMS

Module

IDAV194A, IGWLNI20

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 216)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code:

System action

Open processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 213 (X'D5').

Programmer response

Specify the correct LOGSTREAMID or ALTER or DEFINE for the data set.

Module

IDAV194A

IEC161I (return code 217)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code:

System action

Open processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 214 (X'D6').

Programmer response

Redefine the data set with record length less than 62K.

Module

IDAV194A

IEC161I (return code 219)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code:

System action

Open processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the access method control block (ACB) for the data set is set to 132 (X'84').

Programmer response

Refer to any associated IGW* messages for information on this error.

Module

DAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 220)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The media manager function, indicated by function code **ccc**, detected an incorrect parameter list. The parameter list is incorrect for one of the following reasons:

- Invalid Media Manager Services parameter list or function.
- Parameter list in fetch protected storage.
- Attempt to CONNECT to a catalog.
- Attempt to EXTEND a data set with invalid RBA value specified. (RBA = 0 or less than current high allocated RBA).
- ccc = 221 Attempt to EXTEND a striped data set with invalid RBA value specified. (RBA = 0 of less than current high allocated RBA).

System action

The system ends processing for the function and passes a return code of 8 to the calling function. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 130 (X'82').

The system issues an SVC dump.

Programmer response

Probable subsystem error. Follow the procedures specified by the subsystem message(s).

504 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Module

ICYMMSRV, IDA0192C, IDA0557B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 221)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Incorrect data set characteristics were detected by media manager CONNECT processing. One or more of the following data set attributes has been specified:

- A key-sequenced data set (KSDS) is required, but an entry-sequenced data set (ESDS) was defined.
- KEYRANGES
- REPLICATE
- IMBED

System action

The system ends processing for the function and passes a return code of 8 to the calling function. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 131 (X'83').

Programmer response

Make sure the data set has been properly defined with valid attributes. If the attributes are valid, follow the procedures specified by the subsystem message(s).

Module

IDA0192A, IDA0192B, IDA0192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 222)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Media manager CONNECT processing detected a data set not cataloged in an integrated catalog facility (ICF) catalog.

The system ends processing for the function and passes a return code of 8 to the calling function. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 131 (X'83').

Programmer response

Probable user error. Catalog the data set in an ICF catalog.

Module

IDA0192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 223)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: One of the following media manager errors occurred:

- IEC251I, IEC252I: CLOSE or CLOSE TYPE=T was issued against a VSAM data set that was opened via the media manager. The system does not support this use of CLOSE.
- IECO70I: EOV was called for a data set opened for Media Manager Services processing but the caller was not Media Manager Services.
- ccc = 215 Extend of a striped component found that the data set was opened by Media Manager Services Connect but this extend is not a Media Manager Services Extend.

System action

The system ends processing for the function and passes a return code of 8 to the calling function. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 129 (X'81').

Programmer response

Make sure an ACB is not connected to a media manager structure against which the CLOSE, T-CLOSE, or EOV was issued.

Module

IDA0200T, IDA0231T, IDA0557A, IDA0557D

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 224)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,iji, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: A path name was specified as the data set name for media manager CONNECT processing. Media manager services does not support path processing.

System action

The system ends processing for the function and passes a return code of 8 to the calling function. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 131 (X'83').

Programmer response

If the data set name in the message is a path name, correct the JCL on the cluster definition. If the data set was dynamically allocated, follow the procedures specified by the subsystem message(s).

Module

IDA0192F

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 225)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: All prime volumes specified in the catalog were not allocated to the DD entry or were not online.

System action

The system ends processing for the function and passes a return code of 8 to the calling function. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 131 (X'83').

Programmer response

Probable system error. Insure that all required volumes are available and online and then rerun the JOB. If the error persists, contact the IBM support center.

Module

IDA0192B, IDA0192F

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Incorrect extents were detected during media manager EXTEND processing. A discrepancy exists between internal control blocks and the catalog.

System action

The system ends processing for the function and passes a return code of 8 to the calling function. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 131 (X'83').

Programmer response

Run a LISTCAT with either ALL or ALLOCATION specified.

Module

IDA0557B, ICYMMSRV

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 227)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: DD entry not found for the specified ddname.

System action

The system ends processing for the function and passes a return code of 8 to the calling function.

Programmer response

Probable subsystem error. Ensure that the data set is allocated to the DDNAME before the media manager services request is made. Follow the procedures specified by the subsystem message(s).

Module

ICYMMSRV

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 228)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: One of the following UPDATE operations was requested for an inputonly structure during media manager processing:

- CATALOG UPDATE
- EXTEND
- DISCONNECT with UPDHURBA

System action

The system ends processing for the function and passes a return code of 8 to the calling function.

Programmer response

Probable subsystem error. Follow the procedures specified by the subsystem message(s).

Module

ICYMMSRV

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 229)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: A catalog error was detected during media manager CATALOG READ or CATALOG UPDATE processing. The (sfi) field in the message contains the following in the form (rc,crs,cmi):

- rc Catalog return code
- crs Catalog reason code cmi
- cmi Catalog module that detected the error

See message IDC3009I for a list of these return and reason codes.

System action

The system ends processing for the function and passes a return code of 8 to the calling function.

Programmer response

Probable subsystem error. Follow the procedures specified by the subsystem message(s).

Module

ICYMMSRV

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 230)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An error occurred during VERIFY REFRESH processing. Reason code 230 is always preceded by another IEC161I message that gives the specific reason for the error.

• ccc = 220 - Refresh of striped component control blocks failed.

System action

The system ends EOV processing for the data set.

Programmer response

Check the preceding IEC161I message to determine the reason for the error.

Module

IDA0557B, IDA0557E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 231)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: An attempt was made to open a VSAM data set which would cause the maximum allowed number of open VSAM data sets to be exceeded.

System action

The system ends open processing for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 231 (X'E7').

Programmer response

Reduce the number of VSAM data sets concurrently open for the job. Note that any alternate index in the upgrade set of an open data set is included in the total number of open data sets.

Module

IDA0192F

510 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 232)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Media manager services: CVAFDIR READ Failed for Format-1 DSCB update.

System action

Connect processing continues.

Programmer response:

Module

ICYMMSRV

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 233)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Media manager services CVAFDIR WRITE failed for Format-1 DSCB update.

System action

Connect processing continues.

Programmer response:

Module

ICYMMSRV

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The task performing RLS OPEN/CLOSE/EOV has abnormally ended or has been canceled.

System action

If RLS OPEN processing was requested, the OPEN processing is ended for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 167 (X'A7').

If RLS CLOSE processing was requested, CLOSE processing continues.

If RLS EOV is in progress in the SMSVSAM address space, the EOV is completed.

Programmer response

Determine the reason the task abnormally ended and restart the task.

Module

IDAVOLRR

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 237)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS processing requested but the required Coupling Facility Cache is unavailable from this system.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 171 (X'AB').

Programmer response

Notify the Systems Programmer. Coupling Facility recovery or reconfiguration is required.

Module

IDAV192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 238)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS processing requested but the required data set's volume has been quiesced for RLS access.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The ACB error flag field (error flags (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set) is set to 172 (X'AC').

Programmer response

Notify the Storage Administrator. This message is normal if a V SMS,CFVOL(),QUIESCE command has been issued for the volume. If the volume should be enabled for RLS access, issue the V SMS,CFVOL(),ENABLE command.

Module

IDAV192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 239)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS processing requested but the required Coupling Facility Cache structure is in a quiescing or quiesced state.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 173 (X'AD').

Programmer response

Notify the System Programmer. Either issue a VARY SMS,CFCACHE command to enable the CF Cache Structure or change the SMS configuration definition to specify an available CF Cache Structure for this data set.

Module

IDAV192Z

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 240)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code:

- VSAM RLS access was specified for a VSAM RLS recoverable sphere which has LOG(ALL) or LOG(UNDO) specified in the catalog. However, on a system without active DFSMStvs, the address space issuing the OPEN did not specify SUBSYSNM in the ACB required for a subsystem such as CICS capable of performing the specified level of recovery. (In that situation if DFSMStvs is active on the system, the sphere would have been opened for DFSMStvs without this error.)
- The LOG parameter is ALL, but no LOGSTREAMID was provided for the sphere.
- The sphere was altered to be non-recoverable while recovery was still pending against the sphere. (LOG parameter changed to LOG(NONE)).

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 174 (X'AE').

Programmer response

Use the IDCAMS ALTER command to alter the catalog record for the data set to specify the LOG(NONE) parameter if this data set is nonrecoverable.

If this data set is recoverable, refer to any associated error messages from the subsystem (for example, CICS) performing the RLS OPEN.

Module

IDAV192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 241)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS processing requested but the status of the data set is "LOST LOCKS". This is a request by a new sharing subsystem (for example, CICS) to access a data set for which required recovery has not yet completed.

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 175 (X'AF').

Programmer response

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 236)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

The OPEN for output for a non-recoverable data set defined with LOGREPLICATE in DFSMStvs mode fails. DFSMStvs Replication Logging is not supported for non-recoverable data sets opened in Transactional VSAM Mode.

The batch OPEN for output for a non-recoverable data set defined with LOGREPLICATE in VSAM RLS mode fails. VSAM RLS replication logging is not enabled in the system. For more information on how to enable VSAM RLS Replication Logging see the IGDSMSxx parmlib parameter RLS_RECOV_LOGGING in the <u>z/OS MVS Initialization</u> and Tuning Reference.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set.

Programmer response

The data sets may be opened for input only. If output processing is required, redefine the data set without the LOGREPLICATE parameter.

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 242)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: OPEN for RLS processing requested but VSAM Sphere is marked VSAM-quiesced.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. RC (R15) = 8. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 177 (X'B1').

Programmer response

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 243)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: Sphere is VSAM-quiescing and this is an attempt to open for RLS processing by a new application.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 178 (X'B2').

Programmer response

None. This message is informational. Any required action will be taken by the subsystem (for example, CICS).

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 244)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS processing requested with DISP=OLD but another address space is already opened for DISP=OLD, or DISP=OLD requested when another address space is already opened for DISP=SHR.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 181 (X'B5').

Programmer response

Ensure that all another address spaces are not opened to the VSAM data set with DISP=OLD before attempting to open the data set with a DISP of OLD.

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 245)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS processing requested but the STORCLAS associated with the data set did not contain a CF Cache set.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 195 (X'C3').

Programmer response

Change the storage class definition associated with the data set to include a CF Cache set.

Module

IDAV192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS ACB did not indicate RECOVERY processing but catalog indicates Recovery Required.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 197 (X'C5').

Programmer response

Notify the system programmer. A CICS or a file forward recovery program has set the status of the data set to "Recovery Required". The forward recovery procedure defined by CICS or the file forward recovery program must be executed for the data set.

Module

IDA0192C, IDAV192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 247)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS processing requested but a volume quiesce is in progress or a volume is marked "quiesced".

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 198 (X'C6').

Programmer response

Notify the Storage Administrator. This message is normal if a V SMS,CFVOL(),QUIESCE command has been issued for the volume. If the volume should be enabled for RLS access, issue the V SMS,CFVOL(),ENABLE command.

Module

IDAV192Z, IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 248)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The VSAM RLS IGWLOCK00 lock structure is full. VSAM RLS returns this return code as a result of a IXLRsnCodeRTFull reported by the CF.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the dataset is set to 160 (X'A0').

Programmer response

Verify that a runaway application is not obtaining locks in a loop, nor is involved in a never-ending transaction, thus filling the lock structure. If all applications are working as intended, notify the Systems Programmer to increase the size of lock structure IGWLOCK00, and rebuild it. This will allow more lock entries to be available for VSAM RLS processing.

Module

IDAV194A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 249)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: VSAM RLS processing was requested but no eligible coupling facility cache structure is available. The VSAM RLS Sphere is not currently assigned to a CF cache structure and no CF cache is available from this system.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 201 (X'C9').

Programmer response

Notify the system programmer. Determine the reason the CF Cache structure does not exist or is disabled. Issue the D SMS,CFCACHE command to obtain information related to the availability of the CF Cache structure.

Module

IDAV192Z

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 250)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: One of the following errors occurred:

- 1. VSAM RLS processing was requested from an address space currently identified as being a commit protocol application:
 - ccc = 565 The required SUBSYSNM parameter was not specified on the ACB.
 - ccc = 566 The SYSNMVAL value mapped by the IFGSYSNM macro does not match the value currently identified for the address space.
- 2. VSAM RLS processing was requested from an address space which has not been identified as being a commit protocol application:
 - ccc = 568 The ACB specified the SUBSYSNM parameter for a non-commit protocol application.

System action

OPEN processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 202 (X'C1').

Programmer response

- 1. Verify that the ACB SUBSYSNM parameter is valid for the identified address space.
- 2. Remove the ACB SUBSYSNM parameter.

Module

IDAV192A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 251)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: One of the following errors occurred:

- 1. Request for RLS processing of an Alternate Index as a cluster or components of a VSAM data set. Only BASE cluster or Path processing is allowed for RLS.
- 2. Request for RLS processing on the data or index component of a VSAM data set. Only the base cluster or a path is eligible for RLS access.

520 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Open processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 194 (X'C2').

Programmer response

Verify the name of the data set to be opened is the cluster name or change the open to INPUT and run the job again.

For RLS processing, specify only the Base Cluster name or a Path name.

Module

IDA0192C, IDAV192A, IDAV192C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 253)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: The compression management services (CMS) open or close function failed. The sfi field in the message contains the following in the form (rc,crs):

- rc CMS return code
- · crs CMS reason code

System Action: Open or close processing ends for the data set. The error flag (ACBERFLG) in the ACB (access method block) for the data set is set to 246 (X'F6').

Programmer response

Probable subsystem error. Follow the procedures specified by the subsystem message or messages.

Module

IDA0192Z, IDAV192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 254)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: A TOLERATION warning, this reason code is given when an Open for output is issued for a data set whose attributes are obsolete or will be obsolete (ignored by AMS on a define) in a future release. The attributes are supported for currently defined data sets, and the message will not cause Open processing to terminate.

ccc = 026 - IDA0192Z: VSAM Open detected data set has more than 255 extents.

ccc = 780 - IDAV192Z: RLS Open detected data set has more than 255 extents.

If present, the SFI field is for use by IBM if further problem determination is required.

Table 14. SFI Reason Codes for Code 254		
SFI Dec Value	Description	
01	Imbed	
02	Keyrange	
03	Replicate	
04	Data set has more than 255 extent, but user did not turn on the VSAM extent constraint removal flag through data class.	

System action

Open processing continues.

Programmer response

This is a warning that this data set has either:

- · Obsolete attributes, or
- More than 255 extents. For SMS-managed volumes, user can set the extent constraint removal flag in the SMS data class to Y (yes) via the ISMF panels to remove the VSAM limit of 255 extents per component, or 255 extents per stripe for a VSAM striped data set.

Module

IDA0192Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC161I (return code 255)

rc[(sfi)]-ccc,jjj, sss,ddname,dev,ser,xxx, dsname,cat

Explanation

For general information about message IEC161I, see the explanation for return code 001.

Specific information for this return code: A TOLERATION error, this reason code is given when an attempt is made to use a function on a release that does not support it. The SFI field describes the error.

- (001) Attempt to open a VSAM Striped data set on a release that does not support that type of striped data set.
- (002) Attempt to open a VSAM multi-layered Striped data set on a release that does not support it.

• (003) - Attempt to extend a VSAM Striped data set on a release that does not support extending a striped data set.

Programmer response

Probable user error.

Module

Varies with release.

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC162I

SETPRT FAILURE IN OPEN FOR UNIT dev, 3800 PRINTER. R15 = hhh R0 = h

Explanation

An error was detected during SETPRT processing for the IBM 3800 printing subsystem device.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

hhh

A 3-byte hexadecimal return code contained in register 15 that identifies the failure.

h

A 1-byte hexadecimal reason code contained in register 0 that identifies the failure.

For an explanation of the return and reason codes, see z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets.

System action

Processing associated with the OPEN macro instruction is ended, and message IEC141I issued with system completion code 013 and return code CC specified.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the setup requirements for the 3800, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG01960

Routing code

7,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC163A

L dev,cccc,LOAD FORMS OVERLAY FRAME

Explanation

In the message text:

This message indicates that the forms overlay frame must be loaded in the IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem device.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

cccc

The forms overlay frame.

System action

IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem processing does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Load the forms overlay frame into the device. Then enter REPLY xx,'LOAD' or REPLY xx,'L'. If forms overlay frame cccc cannot be loaded, enter REPLY xx,'CANCEL' or 'REPLY xx,'C'. In this case, a return code of X'28' is placed in register 15 to be passed to the requester of the SETPRT function.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08114

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

2

IEC164A

dev, THREAD {SHEET STACKER|CONTINUOUS FORM STACKER}

Explanation

This message is a request to change the paper threading on the IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem device so that the output will go into the burster-trimmer-stacker or the continuous form stacker, as indicated in the message text.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem processing does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

If you perform the requested action and wish to continue, enter REPLY xx, 'PROCEED' or REPLY xx, 'P'. If you do not perform the requested action but wish to continue, enter REPLY xx, 'PROCEED' or REPLY xx, 'P'. In this case, device *dev* uses whatever output stacker unit it is threaded to.

If you cannot satisfy the requested action, enter REPLY xx, 'CANCEL' or REPLY xx, 'C'. In this case, the system ends its current SETPRT operation for device *dev*. In addition, a return code X'2C' is placed in register 15 to be passed to the requester of the SETPRT function.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08114

Routing code

7

Descriptor code

4

IEC167I

dev NO SETPRT OPTIONS SPECIFIED FOR 3800 DEVICE

Explanation

The SETPRT parameter list did not contain any options that apply to the IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem device. In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

No action is performed by the SETPRT SVC routine. A return code X'00' is placed in register 15, and control is returned to the caller.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Provide a SETPRT parameter list containing options applicable to the IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0008A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

2

IEC168I

dev text NOT IN LIBRARY

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- CHARACTER ARRANGEMENT TABLE mod
- GRAPHIC MODIFICATION
- COPY MODIFICATION
- FCB
- LIBRARY CHARACTER SET

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer and a module of the specified type, was not found in the SYS1.IMAGELIB data set or a private image library.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Programmer response

Be sure that you specified the module name correctly in the JCL or on the SETPRT macro instruction. If module mod was specified correctly, add it to the SYS1.IMAGELIB data set or a private image library.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08110

IEC169I

dev I/O ERROR SEARCHING FOR text IN LIBRARY

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- CHARACTER ARRANGEMENT TABLE mod
- GRAPHIC MODIFICATION
- COPY MODIFICATION
- FCB

LIBRARY CHARACTER SET

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer. A permanent I/O error was detected when the BLDL macro instruction was issued to locate module mod, a module of the specified type, in SYS1.IMAGELIB or a private image library. This error can occur when the private library is not authorized.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Operator response

Probable system error. Report the problem to the system programmer.

Programmer response

If the specified module resides in a private library, be sure the library is authorized.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08110

IEC170I

dev I/O ERROR WHILE LOADING text

Explanation

Where text is one of the following:

- TRANSLATE TABLE FOR mod
- COPY MODIFICATION mod
- GRAPHIC MODIFICATION mod
- FCB mod
- LIBRARY CHARACTER SET mod
- WCGMS id-id-id-id
- STARTING COPY NUMBER
- COPY AND/OR FORMS OVERLAY COUNT

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer, and a permanent I/O error was detected for the specified operation. If one of the first five message texts appears, mod is the name of a module; if WCGMS appears, each id is a two-character hexadecimal identifier for a character set. Message IOS000I, which gives detailed information about the I/O error, precedes this message.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Operator response Notify the system programmer. **Programmer response** Respond as indicated for message IOS000I. Source DFSMSdfp Module IGG08111 **IEC171I** dev I/O ERROR WHILE PRINTING FCB imgeid **Explanation** A SETPRT macro instruction with the FCB VERIFY option was issued for a 3800 printer. A permanent I/O error was detected while the 3800 was printing a representative map of the requested FCB image. Message IOS000I, which gives detailed information about the I/O error, precedes this message. In the message text: imgeid The 1- to 4-character identifier specified for the FCB image on the macro. dev The device number of the specified device. **System action** SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15. **Operator response** Notify the system programmer. **Programmer response**

Respond as indicated for message IOS000I.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08113

IEC172I

dev OPERATOR CANCELED text REQUEST

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- FCB imageid VERIFY
- FORMS OVERLAY
- RETHREAD

During SETPRT processing, the operator received and replied CANCEL to one of these messages for 3800 printer dev:

- Message IEC128D, requesting that the operator verify the alignment of forms to the forms control buffer image; imageid is the one to four-character identifier specified for the image on the FCB operand of the SETPRT macro instruction.
- Message IEC163A, asking that the operator load a forms overlay frame.
- Message IEC164A, asking that the operator change the paper threading.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Operator response

If you decide that you should not have replied CANCEL to message IEC128D, IEC163A, or IEC164A, rerun the job that issued the SETPRT macro instruction. If you tried to perform the action requested by message IEC128D, IEC163A, or IEC164A but you could not, or if you think that the message was issued because of a programming error, notify the programmer whose job issued the SETPRT macro instruction.

Programmer response

If the operator tried to perform the action requested by message IEC128D, IEC163A, or IEC164A, but could not, determine why the operator could not perform the action and correct the problem. If it appears that the system should not have issued message IEC128D, IEC163A, or IEC164A, there is probably an error in the values specified for the 3800 printer parameters in the JCL or on the SETPRT macro instruction.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08113

IEC173I

dev I/O ERROR ON text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- PREVIOUS OUTPUT
- BLOCKING OR UNBLOCKING DATA CHECKS

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for 3800 printer *dev*. If I/O ERROR ON PREVIOUS OUTPUT appears in the message text, a permanent I/O error occurred during a previous output operation. If I/O ERROR BLOCKING OR UNBLOCKING DATA CHECKS appears in the message text, a permanent I/O error occurred while SETPRT processing was running an internal channel command that blocks or unblocks data checks. Message IOS000I, giving details about the I/O error, precedes this message.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

If I/O ERROR ON PREVIOUS OUTPUT appears, the system enters the error analysis (SYNAD) routine when it encounters the next PUT or CHECK macro instruction. In all cases, SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. Respond as indicated for message IOS000I.

Programmer response

Follow your installation's procedures for correcting the permanent I/O error.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0008A

IEC174I

dev INSUFFICIENT STORAGE AVAILABLE TO OPEN SYS1.IMAGELIB

Explanation

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for because there is insufficient storage space in subpools 229 and 230 for its data control block (DCB) and data extent block (DEB).

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

Follow your installation's procedures for relieving a shortage of virtual storage.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08110

IEC175I

dev SYS1.IMAGELIB CANNOT BE OPENED

Explanation

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer. One or more of the operands specified on the macro data set, but SYS1.IMAGELIB cannot be opened.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Operator response

Use the IEBCOPY utility to copy the SYS1.IMAGELIB onto tape. Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08110

IEC176I

dev CHARACTER ARRANGEMENT TABLE mod CAUSED WCGM OVERFLOW {2|4}

Explanation

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer. The character arrangement table module cannot be loaded. The number of unique character sets it specified, when combined with the number of unique character sets specified by other character arrangement tables, would require more writable character generation modules (WCGMs) than are available. The number of WCGMs on the printer is 2 or 4, as indicated in the message text.

When two or more character arrangement tables specify the same character set, only one copy of that character set is loaded into a WCGM. However, if a character arrangement table calls for graphic modification modules for a character set, the modified character set is considered unique.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

mod

The specified module.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Programmer response

Specify fewer character arrangement tables, or modify the character arrangement tables you do specify so that they require fewer WCGMs.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08111

IEC177I

dev CHARACTER ARRANGEMENT TABLE FOR COPY MODIFICATION mod NOT SPECIFIED

Explanation

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer, and the MODIFY parameter specified copy modification table. The table reference character (TRC) subparameter was specified, but it contained an error. Either the value for the TRC was incorrect (4 or greater), or there is no character arrangement table in the position specified by TRC value.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

mod

The specified module.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Programmer response

If the value specified for the TRC subparameter is incorrect (4 or greater), respecify it correctly. If there is no character arrangement table in the position specified on the TRC subparameter, either use the CHARS parameter to load a character arrangement table in that position or specify a different position on the TRC subparameter.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08112

IEC178I

dev I/O ERROR ON INITIALIZE PRINTER COMMAND

Explanation

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer, but a permanent I/O error occurred while the printer was being initialized. Message IOS000I, which gives details about the I/O error, precedes this message.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. Respond as indicated in message IOS000I.

Programmer response

Follow your installation's procedures for correcting the I/O error.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08110

IEC179I

dev BURST REQUESTED BUT BTS NOT INSTALLED

Explanation

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer, and either BURST=Y was coded or Y is the default value selected by your job entry subsystem (JES) for the BURST parameter. However, information in the UCB extension indicates that there is no burster-trimmer-stacker (BTS) installed on the printer.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Programmer response

Either specify BURST=N on the SETPRT macro instruction or allocate the output to a printer that has a burster-trimmer-stacker installed.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08114

IEC180I

dev I/O ERROR WHILE text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- SENSING PRESENT PAPER THREAD PATH
- SELECTING TRANSLATE TABLE 0
- DISPLAYING STATUS CODE

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer, but a permanent I/O error occurred during the operation indicated in the message text. Message IOS000I, which gives details about the I/O error, precedes this message.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. Respond as indicated for message IOS000I.

Programmer response

Follow your installation's procedure for correcting the I/O error.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08114

IEC181I

ddname IN-STORAGE ADDRESSES AND FCB/OPEN EXITS INVALID

Explanation

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for the SYSOUT data set identified in the ddname field of the message text. One of the following errors occurred:

- A copy modification module, a character arrangement table, or a forms control buffer was specified on the SETPRT macro instruction as an in-storage address instead of by name.
- The address of a user library DCB was specified instead of the system library.
- The OPEN exit routine specified a forms control buffer.

In the message text:

ddname

The specified DD name.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Programmer response

Reissue the SETPRT macro instruction and data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08117

IEC182I

dev CHARACTER ARRANGEMENT TABLE mod REFERENCES AN EMPTY WCGM

Explanation

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer. A byte in the translate table part of character arrangement table module references a writable character generation module (WCGM) that does not contain a character set.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

mod

The specified module.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Programmer response

If the translate table has an incorrect reference for the WCGM ID, correct the reference. If the translate table reference is correct but the WCGM has no character set assigned to it, assign a character set to the WCGM.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08111

IEC183I

dev LOST nnnn PAGES DUE TO text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- CANCEL KEY
- PRINTER SYSTEM RESTART

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer. If CANCEL KEY appears in the message text, the operator pressed the cancel key and pages of data (the pages in the 3800 page buffer) were lost. If PRINTER SYSTEM RESTART appears, a paper jam occurred that requires a printer system restart and pages of data (the pages from the user back to the transfer station and in the 3800 page buffer) were lost.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

nnnn

The number of pages lost.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Operator response

If you pressed the cancel key, but you need the data that was lost, rerun the job. If you are restarting the printer system, retransmit the lost pages.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08116

IEC184I

dev LOAD CHECK WHILE LOADING text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- TRANSLATE TABLE FOR mod
- COPY MODIFICATION mod
- GRAPHIC MODIFICATION mod
- FCB mod
- LIBRARY CHARACTER SET mod
- WCGMS id-id-id

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for a 3800 printer. A load check I/O error occurred while the data specified in the message text was being loaded. If a value for the module appears in the message text, it is the name of a module of the indicated type. If WCGMS appears in the message text, each *id* is a two-character hexadecimal identifier for a character set.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

mod

The specified module.

id-id-id-id

Each id is an identifier for a character set.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15.

Programmer response

Correct any errors in the format of the data to be loaded. Be sure that the printer is set up with the appropriate operating characteristics.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08111

IEC185I

text ERROR ON SETPRT TO SYSOUT ddname REASON CODE rsncde

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- QMGRIO
- CLOSE
- OPEN
- SEGMENTING
- ENQ
- MULT DCB

A SETPRT macro instruction was issued for the SYSOUT data set identified in the ddname field of the message text. One of the following errors occurred:

- QMGRIO ERROR, reason code X'00000008': an error occurred while SETPRT processing was attempting to read a JFCB or JFCBE control block from the system work area (SWA).
- CLOSE ERROR, reason code X'0000000C': an error occurred when SETPRT processing invoked the CLOSE subsystem interface for the previous data segment.
- OPEN ERROR, reason code X'00000010': an error occurred when SETPRT processing invoked the OPEN subsystem interface for the new data segment being created.
- SEGMENTING ERROR, reason code X'00000014': an error occurred while the scheduler spool file allocation routine was segmenting the data set.
- ENQ ERROR, reason code X'00000018': SETPRT processing issued an ENQ macro instruction that failed.
- MULT DCB ERROR, reason code X'0000001C': More than one DCB was opened for the SYSOUT data set.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD name.

rsncde

The reason code.

System action

SETPRT processing ends and places a return code in register 15 and a reason code in register 0.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Follow your installation's procedures for correcting the error. If necessary, contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG08117

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

_

IEC190I

ddname, DCB RESIDES ABOVE 16MB jn,sn,ddname INVALID DCBE: reason

Explanation

This message number is for two unrelated messages.

For ddname, DCB RESIDES ABOVE 16MB:

An OPEN macro was issued with the MODE=31 parameter for one of the following:

- a DCB that resides above 16 megabytes, or
- an ACB, for an access method other than VSAM and VTAM, that resides above 16 megabytes.

If ddname is 'XXXXXXXX,' data management could not determine the actual ddname of the DCB or ACB.

ddname

Is the DD name.

For jn, sn, ddname INVALID DCBE: reason

jn

Is the job name.

sn

Is the step name.

ddname

Is the DD name.

reason

Is the reason the DCBE is invalid:

- EXCP DCB WITHOUT FOUNDATION EXT
- DSORG IS NOT PS, PO OR DA
- STORAGE NOT ADDRESSABLE
- DCBE ID IS NOT 'DCBE'
- NOT MINIMUM REQUIRED LENGTH
- DCBHIARC FLAGS ON BUT NO DCBE PTR
- NOT IN CALLERS KEY

System action

For *ddname*, DCB RESIDES ABOVE 16MB: data management continues processing the job step; however, the data set represented by DCB or ACB does not open, and any attempts to read from or write to that data set will fail.

For *jn,sn,ddname* INVALID DCBE: *reason*, data management open processing continues but without DCBE processing for the displayed *reason*.

Programmer response

For *ddname*, DCB RESIDES ABOVE 16MB: before issuing the OPEN call, change the residency of the DCB or ACB to below 16 megabytes.

For *jn,sn,ddname* INVALID DCBE: *reason*, make the required changes to the DCBE, for the displayed reason.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0001I

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC191I

50D-rc, INVALID PARAMETER LIST SUPPLIED TO OPEN MACRO, DCB ADDRESS = dcb

Explanation

The OPEN parameter list contains an incorrect data control block (DCB) address.

The hexadecimal reason code explains the error:

Return Code

Explanation

1C

The execute form of the OPEN macro specifies MODE=31, but the parameter list specifies, or defaults to, MODE=24.

20

The execute form of the OPEN macro specifies MODE=24, but the parameter list specifies MODE=31.

In the message text:

rc

The reason code.

dcb

The DCB address.

System action

The task ends.

Programmer response

If you generated the parameter list by using the list form of the OPEN macro, change the mode specification to be consistent on both the MF=L and MF=E forms of the OPEN macro. Otherwise, to have consistent modes, you may either change the form of the parameter list or change the mode specification on the MF=E form of the OPEN macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0001I

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC192I

OPEN MACRO MAY HAVE BEEN USED WITH INCONSISTENT MODE SPECIFICATIONS.

Explanation

The first DCB address in the OPEN parameter list is zero. This address value could be caused by specifying MODE=31 on the list form of the OPEN macro, and MODE=24 on the execute form.

System action

If this is a multiple-DCB invocation of OPEN, the second DCB address should point to storage that belongs to the user. If it does, the job continues; otherwise, the job fails and message IEC191I appears after this message.

Programmer response

If you generated the parameter list by using the list form of the OPEN macro, change the mode specification to be consistent on both the MF=L and MF=E forms of the OPEN macro. Otherwise, to have consistent modes, you may either change the form of the parameter list or change the mode specification on the MF=E form of the OPEN macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC204I

fc,jjj,sss,ddn-#[,sn[,rc,rsn]]

Explanation

In the message text:

fc

Function code describing the error.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname -#

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

sn

Name of the service which encountered a problem.

rc

Return code from the service which encountered a problem.

rsn

Reason code from the service which encountered a problem.

The explanation for the function code (fc) is as follows:

X'01'

Invalid system control block encountered. Probable system error.

X'02'

Invalid system control block encountered. Probable system error.

X'03'

Invalid system control block encountered. Probable system error.

X'07'

An unexpected error encountered.

X'0B'

An unexpected error returned from a UNIX System Services service.

A failure occurred during CLOSE of a DCB for a UNIX System Services file. An IEC214I message may have been issued that further describes the failure.

System action

The task is ended.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

If the name of the service begins with "BPX", see <u>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</u> for the meaning of the indicated return and reason codes. Correct the error and rerun the failing job.

If the name of the service does not begin with 'BPX', this is the probable system error. Contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

IGGS0CLS

Operator console

IEC205I

ddname,jobname,stepname,FILESEQ = nnn, COMPLETE VOLUME LIST |
EXTEND VOLUME LIST, [DSN=dsn,] VOLS=volser, [number ADDITIONAL

VOLS,] [LISTED VOL(S) HAVE BEEN DATA ENCRYPTED.KL1CD:L|H KL2CD:L|H, KL1=keylable1,KL2=keylabel2 TOTALBLOCKS=mmm,] [3490 EMULATION VOLUMES EXTENDED CAPACITY MODE|3490 EMULATION VOLUMES EXTENDED CAPACITY USED,] [PERFORMANCE SEGMENTED | PERFORMANCE SCALED]

Explanation

The program has successfully written to the volume or volumes whose serial numbers are listed after VOLS=. This volume list is either the complete volume list for the data set dsn after DSN= or the list of volumes to which the data set has been extended. This volume list might be a subset of the volume serial numbers specified in the DD statement and in message IEF285I. If applicable, this message indicates either that you requested extended capacity mode for emulation of the IBM 3490 or that data blocks were written in the extended capacity area of one or more of the listed volumes.

In the message text:

ddname

The data definition name.

jobname

The job name.

stepname

The step name.

nnn

The decimal file sequence number of the tape data set that was created or extended.

dsn

The data set name.

volser

A list of volume serial numbers. The message lists up to eight volume serial numbers per line. If there are more than eight volume serial numbers in the message, there will be additional lines in the message until all the volume serial numbers have been listed. Each new line of volume serial numbers begins with VOLS=. The volume serial list might be followed by the text, *number* ADDITIONAL VOLS.

number

A value between 1 and 245 (inclusive) that identifies the number of any additional volumes.

mmm

The decimal multivolume total of data blocks for a data set. TOTALBLOCKS is omitted when a multivolume data set is extended starting on a volume other than the data set's first volume. It will also be omitted if the access method being used by the application isn't maintaining the block count in the DCB such as may be the case for the EXCP access method.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None

System programmer response

None

Programmer response

When the extended capacity area of the volume or volumes is used, subsequent access of the data set on a 3590 device in 3490-E emulation might require the application to request extended capacity mode through the CAPACITYMODE=XCAP parameter of the DCBE macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194J

IEC208I

014-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname,dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during the processing of a CLOSE macro instruction for a data set on a direct access device.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 014 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname

DDname

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

The task which issued the CLOSE is not the task which opened the data set.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide all printed output and output data sets related to the problem and the source program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the errors causing the abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0203A

IEC210I

214-rc,mod,jjj,sss,ddname[-#],dev,volser, dsname [,nnn LOST BLOCKS]

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction for a data set on magnetic tape. The number of blocks processed, which is determined by the position of the tape, does not match the number of blocks specified in the DCB. This error can occur if a cancel command is issued during the time a QSAM tape output job using more than one output buffer is executing. Canceling the job might cause an abend 210 with return code 10.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 214 and with the return code. For explanations of the hex return codes, see Return Code Explanations in the following text.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

The data definition name, followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation.

dev

The device number.

volser

The volume serial number.

dsname

The data set name.

nnn

The number of blocks written to the hardware buffer but not written to the tape medium.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred while a user label was being read on magnetic tape.

08

An I/O error occurred while a magnetic tape volume was being positioned during the processing of a CLOSE macro instruction.

OC.

While a Read Block ID command or a Synchronize command was being processed to establish the tape position, an I/O error occurred.

10

The number of blocks processed, which is determined by the position of the tape, does not match the number of blocks specified in the DCB. This error can occur if a cancel command is issued during the time a QSAM tape output job, using more than one output buffer, is executing.

14

The number of blocks processed, as indicated in the DCB for an ISO/ANSI standard label data set, exceeds 999,999, which is the maximum block number which can be recorded in an ISO/ANSI label.

18

A return code from an OCE Tape Installation Exit was not valid. For the name of the specific exit and the value of the return code that was not valid, see IEC998I.

20

An attempt is made to overwrite existing data or labels on a WORM type tape cartridge. Neither data nor labels can be overwritten on this cartridge type.

24

During CLOSE, the system was unable to write a message to the operator.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

In the DD statement for the data set in error, specify

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Except for code 24 or an I/O error, a defective volume or device might be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem. For code 24, see the system programmer.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0202A

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC211I

314-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during the processing of a CLOSE macro instruction for a data set on a direct access device. In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 314 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

A I/O error occurred reading a DSCB for a data set on a direct access device during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction.

80

A I/O error occurred reading a format1 DSCB during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction and standard user labels were specified.

OC.

An I/O error occurred reading a DSCB while attempting to update the catalog record for a data set on a direct access device.

10

An I/O encryption error occurred during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0200V

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC212I

414-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname[,phrase]

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction for a data set on a direct access device or tape.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 414 and with the return code.

Ιij

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

phrase

See return code 18 for more information.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred writing a DSCB during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction.

80

For a QSAM data set either an I/O error occurred while flushing the buffers during close processing or a close was issued in the caller's SYNAD routine.

OC.

A CLOSE macro was issued for a DCB while the current task holds the DEB lock. Either the program should not have issued the DEBCHK macro with TYPE=LOCK or it should issue DEBCHK TYPE=UNLOCK. It is possible that a CLOSE macro was issued while another system function was processing the DCB. This problem might be in a timer exit routine.

10

The current task holds the DEB lock when the CLOSE macro was issued. A data set cannot be closed if the DEB is locked. In this case, the end of the message might indicate DEBCHK=(retcode, reasoncode) to show the hexadecimal return and reason codes from the DEBCHK macro.

14

CLOSE processing failed because the DEB for the data set could not be unlocked and deleted. This is probably due to a system logic error.

18

An IFG_CLOSE_START installation exit routine received a failed return code. Therefore, the close of this data set failed. At the end of the message is a phrase. For example,

```
Exit xxxxxxxx return code nnn
```

This identifies the exit module and its return code, in decimal. It is a dynamic exit, meaning that multiple installation exit routines might be registered to be called at this exit point. If multiple exit routines also have a failing return code for the same close, this message reflects only the last one to give a failing return code.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine. If the reason code is not 30, the exit can cause the system to ignore the error, and the system will attempt to close the DCB before returning to the user.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

```
TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP
```

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

```
DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE
```

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

For return code 18, investigate the identified exit routine to learn why it gave the failing return code. It should write a message.

Programmer response

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

If you have a DEB lock problem and you have a SYSMDUMP or system dump, you can use the IPCS IEAVDEBT command to display DEB lock information. Otherwise, see the DBTI field in each XSB (2 bytes at offset X'112') and see the JSCB address in the JSCA field.

The following example shows the IEAVDEBT output:

```
TCB: 008C3CF0
RB: 8FE880 XSB: 7F4642E0 DIAG1: 0005 DIAG2: 008FC82C
```

It identifies the RB that locked the DEB. The DIAG1 value matches the TBLOF field in the prefix of the DEB. The DIAG2 value is the address of the JSCB.

If the return code is 18, contact your system programmer.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0201R, IFG0200V

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC214I

614-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction for a data set on a direct access device or a subsystem data set.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 614 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

Either an I/O error occurred writing a file mark for a data set on a direct access device during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction or I/O prevention has completed.

80

A file mark should have been written on an output data set. The DCBFDAD field in the DCB indicated an extent number in the DEB greater than the number of extents in the data set. Consequently, it could not be determined where the file mark should have been written.

OC.

The close subsystem executor module was passed an error return code in register 15 after issuing the IEFSSREQ macro to connect to the subsystem. This indicates the subsystem was not operating.

10

A spooled or subsystem data set or a z/OS UNIX file could not be closed by a subsystem. The failing DCB could not be closed. Generally there is another message to explain the failure further.

14

A CLOSE macro instruction detected an error return code from an SMS service while processing a PDSE data set.

18

During the execution of a CLOSE macro instruction, an error was returned from a system function called to process a PDSE containing program objects.

1C

During the execution of a CLOSE macro instruction, an error was returned from a system function called to process a PDSE containing program objects.

20

CLOSE detected a bad return code from a system service used in calculating DS1LSTAR for a stripe of an extended format data set. The DS1LSTAR field is in the data set label (DSCB or data set control block). It identifies the last user block on the volume.

24

An error occurred when the system attempted to write a software file mark at the end of an extended format data set. This was during execution of a CLOSE macro instruction.

28

A catalog error occurred attempting to update the catalog record for an attribute extension data set during execution of a CLOSE macro instruction.

30

Statistics (compressed and uncompressed data sizes) in the catalog are incorrect for a data set in the compressed format. The data set may be damaged.

34

Error attempting to access a catalog while processing a data set in the compressed format.

38

During close processing, an error was encountered while processing the dictionary token or the tailored dictionary of a compressed format data set created with tailored compression.

3C

During close processing, an error was encountered while attempting to compress a user block for a compressed format data set using tailored compression.

40

During close processing, an error was returned from the routine (IGG019VT) responsible for processing the tailored dictionary of a compressed format data set.

44

During close processing, while attempting to store a dictionary token in the catalog for a compressed format data set being created with tailored compression, it was discovered that a dictionary token had been stored in the catalog since the time this DCB was opened. This implies that instruction with a TYPE=T operand.

48

Data conversion requested for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape. The system encountered a problem attempting to free resources obtained for conversion tables used during input processing.

4C

Data conversion requested for an ISO/ANSI Version 4 tape. The system encountered a problem attempting to free resources obtained for conversion tables used during output processing.

54

CLOSE detected that processing of a newly derived tailored dictionary and associated data did not complete successfully.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0232G

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC215I

714-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction for a data set on magnetic tape.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code X'714' and the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred writing trailer label 1 for a data set on magnetic tape during processing of CLOSE macro instruction.

08

An I/O error occurred writing trailer label 2 for a data set on magnetic tape.

OC.

If opened for output processing, an I/O error occurred writing a tape mark during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction. If opened for input processing, a previous positioning error has been detected in volume disposition processing during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction. A possible cause is that ERP detected a permanent error and the tape position was unknown.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0200Z

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC216I

A14-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction for a data set on a direct access device.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code A14 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction attempting a partial release of space on a direct access device.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem. Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0202E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC217I

B14-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction for a partitioned data set opened for output to a member.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code B14 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

A duplicate name was found in the directory of a partitioned data set. The CLOSE routine attempted to add a member name to the directory using the STOW macro instruction, but a code of 4 was returned, indicating that the member already exists. Specify a different member name, or remove the old member name using the IEHPROGM utility, or specify DISP=OLD on the DD statement.

08

The partitioned data set (PDS) directory has become fragmented or full if you replace a member in a PDS repeatedly. In this situation, compress the PDS to rebuild the directory. Or the CLOSE routine attempted to update the PDS directory; however, the TTRN value for that member was not within the extents in the DEB.

OC

The CLOSE routine attempted to update the directory of a partitioned data set; however, a code of 12 was returned by the STOW macro instruction, indicating that either there is no space left in the directory, or there is no space left in the data set (space in the data set is required for writing an end of file record).

If this IEC217I message was preceded by an IEC030I (ABEND B37), IEC031I (ABEND D37), or IEC032I (ABEND E37) message, then the interpretation of this IEC217I message should be out of space in the data set. If IEC217I is issued (with return code 0C) without one of the out of space messages, the interpretation should be out of space in the directory. In either case, to resolve the problem, copy the data set to a scratch volume, reallocate space for the data set specifying either more directory blocks or more space for the data set, and then copy it back using IEBCOPY.

10

An I/O error occurred trying to update the directory of a partitioned data set.

14

18

Unsuccessful GETMAIN for STOW work area when CLOSE routine attempted to update a partitioned data set. Specify a larger region and rerun the job.

1C

The STOW routine failed while creating an empty data member because the PDSE was already defined as a program object.

24

The CLOSE routine attempted to update the directory of a PDSE; however, STOW returned a return code of 36, indicating that it received an incorrect member token.

2C

The CLOSE routine attempted to update the directory of a PDSE; however, STOW returned a return code of 44, indicating that it received an error return code from a system service which is used with PDSE processing.

30

The CLOSE routine attempted to update the directory of a PDSE; however, STOW returned a return code of 48, indicating that it detected an inconsistent input parameter.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error unless an I/O error has occurred. Correct the errors causing abnormal end as indicated by the return code in the message text. Then rerun the job.

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem. Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job. For return code 08,

the TTRN value can be found in the DCBRELAD field of the DCB. This value can be compared with the extent information contained in the DEB.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0201B

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC218I

117-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a BSAM CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 117 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred writing a file mark for a data set on a direct access device during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand.

08

A CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand was issued for a data set that was opened with the options RDBACK and LEAVE or INOUT and REREAD. An I/O error occurred in tape positioning while performing a forward space file past a tape mark.

10

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand. A backspace file past the tape mark following trailer labels was being attempted.

14

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning attempting a rewind during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand. The data set was opened with the options RDBACK and LEAVE or INOUT and REREAD.

18

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with TYPE=T operand. A forward space file was being performed past a tape mark preceding data for a data set with standard labels opened for RDBACK.

1C

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand. A forward space file was being performed past a tape mark preceding data for a data set with no labels opened for RDBACK.

20

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning during the processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand for a data set with no labels opened for input, or a data set with standard labels opened for output.

24

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning during the processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand. A forward space file past a tape mark following the data was being attempted.

28

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand. A backspace file past the tape mark following data was being attempted for a data set opened with the options INPUT and LEAVE.

2C

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning during the processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand. A tape mark was written following the last data record. During this operation, end-of-volume condition was encountered. The CLOSE routine attempted to backspace file past the tape mark prior to calling EOV, and encountered an I/O error.

30

An I/O error occurred in tape positioning during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction attempting a backspace following user trailer label processing.

34

A CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand was issued for a data set opened for output processing for which a file mark should have been written. The DCBFDAD field in the DCB indicated an extent number in the DEB greater than the number of extents in the data set. Consequently, it could not be determined where the file mark should be written.

38

While processing a Read Block ID command to establish the tape position, an I/O error occurred.

3C

The number of blocks processed, which is determined by the position of the tape, does not match the number of blocks specified in the DCB.

40

A CLOSE MACRO instruction with a TYPE = T operand was issued for an output data set with no file mark. The file mark could not be written for the data set because of conflicting information in the PROGRAM DCB. First, the MBBCCHHR field of the DCBFDAD contains a value for R that is greater than zero; this value indicates that data is written on the track. Secondly, the DCBTRBAL field indicates that the track is empty.

44

The number of blocks processed, as indicated in the DCB for an ASCII standard label data set, exceeds 999,999, which is the maximum block number which can be recorded in an ASCII label.

48

Invalid return code from an OCE Tape Installation Exit. See IEC998I for name of specific exit and value of invalid return code.

40

A CLOSE macro instruction with the TYPE=T operand was issued against an HFS data set being processed for output with a DCB. An error occurred during flushing of the buffers.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem.

If return code is 34 or 40, probable user error. Make sure that the DCBFDAD field is not being corrected before the CLOSE TYPE=T macro instruction is issued.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0232S

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC220I

317-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a BSAM CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand for a data set on a direct access device.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 317 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The value of the hex return code and its meaning is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred reading a format-1 DSCB during the processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand.

08

The DSCB read did not have either a format-1 or format-4 format ID while reading either a format-1 or format-4 DSCB during the processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with TYPE=T operand.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0232D

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

IEC221I

417-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a BSAM CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand for a data set on a direct access device.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 417 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred writing an updated format-1 DSCB during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0232D

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC222I

717-rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of a BSAM CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand for a data set on magnetic tape.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 717 and with the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation)

dev

The device number.

SPI

The volume serial number.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

dsname

The data set name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

An I/O error occurred writing a tape mark following the last data record during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand.

08

An I/O error occurred during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand, writing trailer label 1 or trailer label 2.

OC

An I/O error occurred writing a tape mark following the trailer labels during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand.

10

An I/O error occurred reading trailer label 1 in order to update the DCB block count during processing of a CLOSE macro instruction with a TYPE=T operand.

System action

The task is ended unless the error is to be ignored as specified in the DCB ABEND exit routine.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

If an I/O error has occurred, a defective volume or device may be the cause. Save the output from the failing job to aid in the analysis of the problem.

Rerun the job specifying a different volume or device. If a scratch volume was being used when the I/O error occurred, request a different volume. If that does not solve the problem, request a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. If a specific volume is needed, try requesting a different device in the UNIT parameter of the DD statement. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0232G

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC223I

rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

The error occurred when the system detected an incorrect control block.

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

00

For subsystem data sets, such as SYSIN or SYSOUT, both the ACB and DCB associated with each data set must contain the address of the same DEB.

04

CLOSE initialization processing failed.

08

For SYSIN and SYSOUT data sets, the DCB associated with each data set must contain the address of a valid DEB.

OC.

For a checkpoint data set, the associated DCB must contain the address of a valid DEB.

10

CLOSE initialization failed for a checkpoint data set.

14

The DCB lock, busy and open bits in the DCBOFLGS field are not all on.

18

An invalid ACB was specified in the CLOSE macro instruction.

1C

An invalid VTAM ACB was specified in the CLOSE macro instruction.

20

The DCB or ACB contained the address of a DEB which was not in the chain of DEBs pointed to from the TCB.

24

For SYSIN and SYSOUT data sets, the DCB associated with each data set must contain the address of a DEB which points back to that DCB.

28

The DCB associated with a non-VSAM data set must contain the address of a DEB which points back to that DCB.

Note: If no return code is specified, then an indeterminate error(a program check or machine check) was encountered during initial close processing.

System action

Processing is discontinued for the DCB in error. Other DCBs in the CLOSE parameter list will be processed.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct any errors causing the control blocks to be incorrectly modified. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC00020

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC225I

rc,mod,jjj,sss, ddname[-#],dev,ser,dsname(member)

Explanation

A CLOSE (TYPE=T) macro instruction was issued for the specified data set, but an incorrect condition was encountered, indicated by the return code.

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

iii

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname[-#]

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

dsname(member)

The data set name. Member name if specified.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

00

The DCB parameter of the DD statement was not DSORG=PO or PS.

04

The DCB was opened for input to a member of a partitioned data set.

08

An input data set, with the CLOSE disposition of LEAVE, did not specify DSORG=PO or PS in the DCB.

OC.

Output processing was specified for a data set that did not specify a data set organization with DSORG=PO or PS in the DCB.

10

The REREAD option was specified for a data set that did not specify DSORG=PO or PS in the DCB.

System action

Processing is discontinued for the DCB error. Other DCBs in the CLOSE (TYPE=T) parameter list will be processed normally.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output, the program listing, and the assembly listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Consult $\underline{z/OS}$ DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets to correct the specification that is in error, then run the job again.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0232D

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC251I

rc[(sfi)]-ccc, jjj,sss,ddname,dev,ser, xxx,dsname,cat

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of a CLOSE macro instruction for a VSAM data set.

In the message text:

rc

Return code. This field indicates the specific cause of the error. For an explanation of this return code, see message IEC161I.

sfi

Subfunction information (error information returned by another component invoked by EOV). This field appears only for certain return codes, and its format is shown with those codes to which it applies.

CCC

Problem Determination Function (PDF) code. The PDF code is for use by IBM if further problem determination is required. If the PDF code has meaning for the user, it will be documented with the corresponding reason code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name. This field might contain the procedure step name and the job step name of the job step that called the procedure. The two names are not separated by a comma.

- · The step name.
- If the step is part of a procedure, the eight character procedure step name. Includes trailing blanks followed by the stepname without trailing blanks. The two names are not separated by a comma.

ddname

DDname

dev

The device number, if the error is related to a specific device.

ser

The volume serial number if the error is related to a specific volume.

XXX

Name of cluster that contains the data set being processed when the error was detected, or when not available, the DSNAME specified on the DD statement specified by the ACB.

dsname

Name of the data set being processed when the error was detected.

cat

Catalog name.

Any missing field is indicated by a comma.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC252I

rc[(sfi)]-ccc, jjj,sss,ddname,dev,ser, xxx,dsname,cat

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of a CLOSE (TYPE=T operand) macro instruction for a VSAM data set.

In the message text:

rc

Return code. This field indicates the specific cause of the error. For an explanation of this return code, see message IEC161I.

sfi

Subfunction information (error information returned by another subsystem or component). This field appears only for certain return codes, and its format is shown with those codes to which it applies.

ccc

Problem Determination Function (PDF) code. The PDF code is for use by IBM if further problem determination is required. If the PDF code has meaning for the user, it will be documented with the corresponding reason code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

The step name. This field might contain the procedure step name and the job step name of the job step that called the procedure. The two names are not separated by a comma.

- · The step name.
- If the step is part of a procedure, the eight character procedure step name. Includes trailing blanks followed by the stepname without trailing blanks. The two names are not separated by a comma.

ddname

DDname.

dev

The device number, if the error is related to a specific device.

ser

The volume serial number if the error is related to a specific volume.

XXX

Name of cluster that contains the data set being processed when the error was detected, or when not available, the DSNAME specified on the DD statement specified by the ACB.

dsname

Name of the data set being processed when the error was detected.

cat

Catalog name.

Any missing field is indicated by a comma.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC254D

SHOULD jjj USE (ddname,utn, ser) FOR CREATING A NEW CHECKPOINT DATA SET REPLY 'YES' OR 'NO'

Explanation

A request has been made by the job to create a new checkpoint data set on the volume, mounted on the device, and described by the DD statement.

In the message text:

jjj

The job name.

ddname

The DD name on the DD statement.

utn

The device number of the specified device.

sei

The volume serial number.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Determine if the desired volume can be made secure after the data set is created. If the request is for a direct access volume, determine if there have been any opportunities for prior offline use of the volume by an unauthorized user. If the request is for a tape, make sure that it is either a new tape, an old secure checkpoint volume, or an old tape which has been bulk erased. Reply 'YES' to allow the use of the volume for checkpoint entries. Reply 'NO' to prevent its use for checkpoint entries. If the reply is 'YES', attach a special label to the volume to indicate that the volume contains a checkpoint data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0196T

Routing code

3,4,9

Descriptor code

5

IEC255D

jjj IS (ddname, utn,ser) A SECURE CHECKPOINT VOLUME REPLY 'YES' OR 'NO'

Explanation

The job has defined an old checkpoint data set with the DD statement, on the volume, mounted on the device.

In the message text:

ΙΙΙ

The job name.

ddname

The DD name on the DD statement.

utn

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply. When the reply is 'NO', processing continues with the indicated volume, making it a non-secure volume. When the reply is 'YES' and the original request was for a specific volume, processing continues with the indicated volume. If the original mount request was for a scratch volume, another MOUNT SCRATCH request is issued by the system.

Operator response

Make sure that the volume identified in the message text is known to be a secure checkpoint volume. This may be accomplished by inspecting the volume for a special checkpoint label.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0193D, IFG0195B, IFG0195K, IFG0196Q, IFG0196T, IGC0Q05B

Routing code

1,3,4,5,6,9

Descriptor code

2

IEC256A

jjj (ddname,utn,ser) IS NO LONGER A SECURE CHECKPOINT VOLUME

Explanation

The job is overlaying a secure tape checkpoint data set with a noncheckpoint data set. The volume serial number involved is mounted on the device defined by the DD statement.

In the message text:

jjj

The job name.

ddname

The DD name on the DD statement.

utn

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Reclassify the volume as nonsecure. This will probably involve the removal of a special checkpoint label attached to the physical tape volume.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0193D

Routing code

3,4,9

3

IEC271I

MESSAGE DISPLAY 'xxxxxx' ON dev ISSUED BY JOB jjj

Explanation

The job issued the MSGDISP macro to display the text on the device. The device has an open data set (RDY service).

The text is displayed until another Load Display command or a motion command is issued to the drive.

In the message text:

XXXXXX

The message text.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

jjj

The job name.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGX00030

Routing code

3

Descriptor code

7

IEC290I

ddname, DCB RESIDES ABOVE 16MB.

Explanation

A CLOSE macro was issued with the MODE=31 parameter for one of the following:

- A data control block (DCB) that resides above 16 megabytes.
- An access method control block (ACB), for an access method other than VSAM and VTAM, that resides above 16 megabytes.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD name specified. The DCB or ACB cannot be open; therefore, your program cannot close it.

System action

Data management continues processing the job step. However, the data set represented by DCB or ACB does not close; task close might attempt to close the data set when the task ends.

Programmer response

If no OPEN macro was successful for the DCB or ACB, correct the program logic to build the DCB or ACB correctly below the 16 MB line. If an OPEN macro was successful, correct the program logic or contact IBM service.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC00020

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC291I

50D-rc, INCORRECT PARAMETER LIST SUPPLIED TO CLOSE MACRO, DCB ADDRESS = dcb

Explanation

The CLOSE parameter list contains an incorrect data control block (DCB) address.

The hexadecimal return code explains the error:

Return Code

Explanation

1C

The execute form of the CLOSE macro specifies MODE=31, but the parameter list specifies, or defaults to, MODE=24.

20

The execute form of the CLOSE macro specifies MODE=24, but the parameter list specifies MODE=31.

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

dcb

The incorrect DCB address.

System action

The task ends.

Programmer response

If you generated the parameter list by using the list form of the CLOSE macro, change the mode specification to be consistent on both the MF=L and MF=E forms of the CLOSE macro. To have consistent modes, you may change either the list form or the execute form of the CLOSE macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC00020

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC292I

CLOSE MACRO MAY HAVE BEEN USED WITH INCONSISTENT MODE SPECIFICATIONS

Explanation

The first data control block (DCB) address in the CLOSE parameter list is zero. This address value could be caused by specifying MODE=31 on the list form of the CLOSE macro, and MODE=24 on the execute form.

System action

If this is a multiple-DCB invocation of CLOSE, the second DCB address should point to storage that belongs to the user. If it does, the job continues; otherwise, the job fails and message IEC291I follows this message.

Programmer response

If you generated the parameter list by using the list form of the CLOSE macro, change the mode specification to be consistent on both the MF=L and MF=E forms of the CLOSE macro. To have consistent modes, you may change either the list form or the execute form of the CLOSE macro.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC293I

FIRST DCB IN CLOSE PARAMETER LIST IS NOT ACCESSIBLE, DCB ADDRESS = aaaaaaaa

Explanation

The address of the first DCB or ACB in the parameter list passed to CLOSE is not accessible. The message text specifies the invalid address.

System action

Processing continues. If the CLOSE SVC 20 was issued by task termination, an ABEND C03 will be detected, otherwise; a program check will probably occur in IGC00020.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Probable application error.

User response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. There are two possible explanations:

- The DCB or ACB storage whose address is specified in the message text was incorrectly freed without first closing the associated data set prior to task termination. Your program must close each DCB or ACB if it frees the area that contains the DCB or ACB.
- The program issued the CLOSE macro incorrectly and did not pass a valid DCB address. An example of this error is CLOSE (11), which means the DCB or ACB is at absolute address 11. It should be coded as CLOSE ((11)), which means that register 11 contains the address of the DCB or ACB. Examine the macro expansion to check whether this is the problem.

Note: It is suggested that you code the register with a symbolic name as a good programming practice. For example, ((R11)) would be better.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC00020

IEC294A

jobname,stepname[,datasetname]

WARNING: CLOSE PROCESSING DELAYED. ANOTHER TASK HOLDS DEB LOCK

Explanation

This is a two-line warning message saying that close has been delayed and will loop in retrying to get the DEB lock. The data set name will be included only if the device is DASD. The message remains on the operator's console until either the holder of the DEB lock releases it or the operator cancels the job.

In the message text:

jobname

The job name.

stepname

The step name.

datasetname

The data set name. The data set name is included only if the device is DASD or tape. For an IMGLIB CLOSE, the character string "SYS1.IMAGELIB" appears here.

System action

The message remains on the operator's console until either the holder of the DEB lock releases the lock or the operator cancels the job.

Programmer response

If you have a DEB lock problem and you have a SYSMDUMP or system dump, you can use the IPCS IEAVDEBT command to display DEB lock information. Otherwise, see the DBTI field in each XSB (2 bytes at offset X'112') and see the JSCB address in the JSCA field.

The following example shows the IEAVDEBT output:

```
TCB: 008C3CF0
RB: 8FE880 XSB: 7F4642E0 DIAG1: 0005 DIAG2: 008FC82C
```

It identifies the RB that locked the DEB. The DIAG1 value matches the TBLOF field in the prefix of the DEB. The DIAG2 value is the address of the JSCB.

Module:

IGC00020

Routing code

2, 11.

Descriptor code

2, 7.

IEC301A

S text

Explanation

text is:

JOB jjj, STEP sss, text2 [,CONC nnn]

text2 is one of the following:

- DDNAME ddname
- DSNAME dsname

The data set referred to in the message text is data set password protected and a password is required before the data set can be accessed. The "S" refers to security.

If the message is **JOB** *jjj*, **STEP** *sss*, **DDNAME** *ddname* [,**CONC** *nnn*], a program is attempting to *open* the data set password protected data set defined in the DD statement whose data definition name is *ddname*. The data set is being opened by the step of the job indicated. If the data set is part of a concatenation, CONC *nnn* appears in the message text to identify the concatenation number of the data set in question. If the data set is first in a concatenation, the CONC and number do not appear. If the data set is second in a concatenation, CONC 2 is displayed.

If the message is DSNAME *dsname*, a program is attempting to scratch or rename the data set password protected data set.

In the message text:

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname

The specified DD name, if present in the message.

dsname

The specified data set name, if present in the message.

nnn

The concatenation number of the data set specified.

576 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Operator response

If the indicated open, scratch, or rename function is authorized, enter REPLY *xx*, *yyyyyyyy*, where *yyyyyyyy* is the programmer supplied password for the data set referred to in the message text. The password can have a maximum of eight characters. For a data set that is part of a concatenation, the password entered must be the one supplied for the concatenation number. If the indicated function is not authorized or if no password was supplied, cancel the job by entering REPLY *xx*, *zzzzzzzz* twice, where *zzzzzzzzz* is any zero- to eight-character dummy password. This will result in message IEC150I 913-0C being issued.

If the program is attempting to scratch, catalog, or rename the data set, a WRITE password must be supplied.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

READPSWD

Routing code

9

Descriptor code

2

IEC331I

rc-crs[sfierror],jjj, sss,proc[func],mmm VOL,ser,NAME,dsname

Explanation

An error condition was detected while processing a catalog management request directed to either a VSAM or an ICF catalog. See message IDC3009I for an explanation of the return and reason codes.

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

crs

The catalog reason code.

sfierror

Hexadecimal fullword of information that further describes the error; this information appears only if an invoked subfunction (SFI) detected the error. The meaning depends on the possible combinations of the return code and the reason code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

proc

The name of the catalog management procedure that caused the message to be issued. (The name omits the IGGP prefix.)

func

Indicates that an error occurred during the catalog/ACB open process.

mmm

The name of the catalog management control section (CSECT) that detected the error condition.

ser

The volume serial number.

dsname

The data set name or component name.

System action

The command is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

See programmer response for the specific return code and reason code in message IDC3009I.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

6

IEC332I

proc[proc...]

Explanation

This message lists the nest of catalog management procedures that existed when control was passed to the catalog management routine that caused message IEC331I to be issued.

In the message text:

proc proc...

The procedure names. The IGGP prefix is omitted.

System action

The command is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

See message IEC331I.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

6

IEC333I

terr[vvv],xx, cat,yyy

Explanation

An I/O error condition was detected while processing a catalog management request that was directed to either an ICF or a catalog (or catalog recovery area). This message follows messages IEC331I and IEC332I. The fields in the message text have the following meanings:

t

- L Logical error (associated with a VSAM record management return code of 8).
- P Physical error (associated with a VSAM record management return code of 12).

err

The VSAM record management logical or physical error code. See the explanation of message IDC3351I for an explanation of these codes.

If this field is zero, no record management error is associated with this message.

VVV

If present, this information further describes the error by providing a unique problem determination function code, in decimal, for VSAM record management. See <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis</u> for an explanation of this function code.

XX

A control byte that indicates the type of I/O that resulted in the error. If field xx is provided, it can be interpreted as follows:

1... GET

0... PUT

.1.. ERASE

.0..

DO NOT ERASE

..1.

USE ARA BUFFER

...0.

USE URA BUFFER

...1

KEYED REQUEST

...0

ADDRESSED REQUEST

.... 1....

NON-UPDATE REQUEST

.... 0....

UPDATE REQUEST

.... .1.

NO ERROR CHECK

.... .0..

CHECK FOR ERRORS

.... ..1.

TRUENAME REQUEST

.... ..0.

LOW KEYRANGE REQUEST

.... ...1

FOR GET, MEANS KEY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL

....C

FOR PUT, MEANS SEQUENTIAL REQUEST

1100 0000

SEQUENTIAL GET

1000 0100

GET AND NOTE STRING POSITION

cat

Identifies the name of the catalog in EBCDIC with trailing blanks truncated.

VVV

Identifies the catalog or catalog recovery area (catalog only) logical record that was being processed when the error occurred. The value of yyy is either the key of the record, (excluding position 45 if an ICF catalog), in EBCDIC with trailing blanks truncated, or 'CI=cccccc', where ccccc is the relative control-interval number of the record, in hexadecimal (catalogs only). If the area is associated with a VSAM-recoverable catalog, then 'CRAVOL=vvv' will appear in the message following 'CI=cccccc', where vvv is the volume serial number of the volume containing the catalog recovery area.

ZZ

Identifies, for the ICF catalog only, the extension record number (key position 45) associated with the I/O request. zz is only included if the extension number is non-zero.

System action

The system ends the request, see the system action associated with the value printed for *rc-crs* for message IDC3009I.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

See the programmer response associated with the value printed for rc-crs for message IDC3009I.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2.11

Descriptor code

6

IEC334I

DUPLICATE SUBSYSTEM X'ssid' CCA X'cca', DEVICE addr NOT BROUGHT ONLINE.

Explanation

During Nucleus Initialization Processing (NIP) or during VARY,ONLINE command processing, storage subsystem validation determined that when the initialization of the addressed device on the system occurred, it already had a device table entry initialized for the identified subsystem. This device cannot be brought online.

In the message text:

ssid

The identifier of the subsystem being processed.

cca

The channel connection address of the device being processed.

addr

The device number of the subsystem device.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Probable subsystem configuration problem. The identified Subsystem already has a device configured with the same Channel Connection Address (CCA) and Director-to-Device Connection address (DDC). Use the IDCAMS Cache Utility LISTDATA command to obtain a full device status report. The system operator may vary the device online after the problem is repaired. DEVSERV QDASD,SSID=ssid can be used to get the information regarding the duplicate subsystems.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC335E

CHECK STORAGE SUBSYSTEM X'ssid' DUAL COPY STATUS FOR pri/sec DEVICE addr DUPLEX PAIR STATUS: stat PRIMARY CCA: X'xxx' SECONDARY CCA: X'xxx'

Explanation

During Nucleus Initialization Processing (NIP), storage subsystem validation detected an inconsistency in determination of the primary or secondary device of a duplexed volume. The primary device of a duplex pair cannot be associated with a secondary device or the secondary device cannot be associated with its primary. If it is a primary device, it is marked offline. If a secondary device is encountered without a primary, the primary device address may have been Gen'd offline and this case may not be a problem. If the primary device is varied on before the problem is resolved, then I/O operations that may occur to the duplexed volume may result in subsequent error conditions from the subsystem.

In the message text:

ssid

The identifier of the subsystem being processed.

pri/sec

Either PRI or SEC depending on whether the addressed device is the primary or the secondary.

addr

The device number of the affected device in the duplex pair.

stat

Status, can be any of the following:

- AVAILABLE when the duplex pair is available.
- PENDING when the copy to establish a duplex pair had been in progress.
- SUSPENDED when the duplex pair had been put into the suspended state by host command or by the subsystem.

XX

The channel connection address (CCA) value of the devices in the duplex pair returned in the Sense Subsystem Status data.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Use the IDCAMS Cache Utility LISTDATA command to obtain a full status report. The system operator should only vary the primary device online after the problem is repaired.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC337I

ASYNCHRONOUS OPERATIONS MANAGER TRACE FUNCTION DISABLED, SUFFICIENT STORAGE UNAVAILABLE

Explanation

The Asynchronous Operations Manager Trace function is not able to obtain enough storage (8K) from subpool 241 in ESQA to perform component trace. No trace entries are generated.

System action

Processing continues. If tracing is to be performed, then the ESQA size must be expanded to accommodate the trace table.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC338I

XXXXXXXX VALIDITY CHECK FAILED ON CATALOG PARAMETER LIST [STORAGE]

Explanation

The catalog initialization routine received an error code when an attempted catalog parameter list validity check failed.

In the message text:

XXXXXXX

The module name of the routine.

System action

Catalog management returns to the caller with error code 128 in Register 15 immediately after detecting the error.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

See description under message IDC3009I for error code 128. If access method services detects the error, message IDC3009I will appear; however, there will be no module name or reason code in the message.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

_

IEC339I

XXXXXXXX INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR CATALOG [COMMUNICATION] WORK AREA

Explanation

Catalog initialization issued a conditional GETMAIN for CCA storage and it failed due to a lack of storage.

In the message text:

XXXXXXX

The module name of the routine.

System action

Catalog management returns to the caller with an error code in Register 15 immediately after detecting the error. If the catalog request is from job scheduler or the catalog controller, the return code value will be 8. Otherwise, the return code value will be 164 and the reason code will be 10.

Programmer response

Increase the region size available to the job step. The storage size requested was approximately 4288 bytes.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

-

IEC340I

mmmm, INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR THE CATALOG WORK AREA

Explanation

Catalog management issued a conditional GETMAIN for work area storage space. GETMAIN failed due to insufficient storage in your region.

In the message text:

mmmm

The name of the catalog management control section (CSECT) that detected the error condition.

System action

Catalog management returns to the caller immediately after detecting the error with an error code in Register 15. If the catalog request points to a catalog parameter list (CTGPL), the return code value is 64 and the reason code is 2. If the request points to a CAMLST, the return code is 24 for a locate function or 28 for a non-locate function.

Programmer response

Increase the region size available to the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC341I

IGGOCLHB, CATALOG SERVICE TASK ABENDED - DURING CATALOG PROCESSING.

Explanation

The task that was servicing this request abnormally ended in the catalog address space.

System action

The SYS1.DUMP data set contains the dump taken by the FRR/ESTAE in the catalog address space. The system returns catalog return code 246 to the issuer of SVC 26.

Programmer response

Print the SYS1.DUMP data set, and then contact your programming support personnel. If no dump was taken, check the system console log for the abend completion code. If the problem persists, set a slip trap on the abend completion code and rerun the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEC342I CATALOG ABEND OCCURRED

CATALOG ABEND DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION JOB=jobname,CAS ESTAE-5695DF105 ABENDxxx,modname+yyyy FMID=fmid,MAINT=level

Explanation

This message indicates an abend associated with another catalog module. This message also indicates that the catalog FRR/ESTAE recovery routine in the user address space received control.

Additional diagnostic information appears; this information matches that recorded in the SYS1.DUMP data set, under the heading 'Catalog Abend Diagnostic Information.'

In the message text:

jobname

The job that was running when the abend occurred.

XXX

The abend that occurred.

modname

The name of the catalog module associated with the abend.

уууу

The offset of the abend.

fmid

The FMID of the module.

level

The maintenance level of the module.

When the abend occurred within a catalog module and the name of that module can be determined, the value of yyyy is the offset within the module where the abend occurred. However, when the abend occurred outside the module, the value of yyyy is the offset of the last code processed in the module. In some cases, offset cannot be determined; when this case is true, the value of yyyy is zero.

System action

The SYS1.DUMP data set contains the dump taken by the FRR/ESTAE in the user address space. The system also writes a LOGREC record.

Programmer response

Contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEC343I

IGGOCLHC, FRR/ESTAE ROUTINE UNABLE TO PERFORM CLEANUP PROCESS.

Explanation

The catalog FRR/ESTAE recovery routine in the user address space was unable to continue processing after an abnormal end. Either (1) the routine was unable to pass the FRR/ESTAE an SDWA or (2) due to an overlay, a catalog CIFWA block was incorrect. No FRR/ESTAE processing is possible.

System action

Percolation to the next FRR/ESTAE occurs.

Programmer response

Contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEC343I

IGGOCLA9, VALIDITY CHECK FAILED ON CATALOG PARAMETER LIST STORAGE

Explanation

While the system was processing a user parameter list, an abnormal end occurred in the catalog address space.

System action

The SYS1.DUMP data set contains the dump taken by the FRR/ESTAE in the user address space. The system also writes a LOGREC record.

Programmer response

Print the SYS1.DUMP data set, and then contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEC345I

IGGOCLA9, FRR/ESTAE WAS ENTERED WHEN NO CATALOG REQUEST WAS ACTIVE

Explanation

No FRR/ESTAE processing is required.

System action

Percolation to the next FRR/ESTAE occurs.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

7

IEC346I

IGGOCLA9, INVALID CCA WAS PASSED TO ESTAE ROUTINE.

Explanation

After an abnormal end, the FRR/ESTAE routine in the catalog address space was unable to continue processing. The catalog CCA block was incorrect due to an overlay, and no FRR/ESTAE processing occurs.

System action

Percolation to the next FRR/ESTAE occurs.

Programmer response

Contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

7

IEC347I

LIST CATALOG TASKS text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
FLAGS - TASK ADDRESS - JOBNAME / STEPNAME - ELAPSED TIME - ID
----- XXXXXXXX NOACTIVE / NONE 00.00.00 xx

[ WAITING FOR Get LatchShr # latch FROM latchaddr FOR time ]
0-OLDEST, W-WAIT, A-ABEND, E-ENQ, R-RECALL, L-RLS
```

The MODIFY command was issued for the catalog address space (CAS), requesting a list of CAS service tasks. The message display contains the following information for each service task:

- · The task's hexadecimal address.
- The jobname **jname** and stepname **sname** that the task is currently processing. If no CAS service tasks are active, NOACTIVE replaces **jname** and NONE replaces **sname**.
- The amount of time the request has been active in the CAS.
- · The task ID.

• If the task is waiting for a latch operation to complete, this message displays also the latch number, *latch* along with the *latchaddr* and the elapsed wait *time*.

Note: The line shown here is just one example of multiple variations that may occur.

The following indicators provide additional information about the status of a task:

0

The task is the oldest active request.

W

The task is waiting (such as, for ENQ).

Α

The task is abending.

Ε

The task is in ENQ wait.

R

The task is in RECALL wait.

L

The task is suspended waiting for a response from the RLS address space for a request for an RLS function. When this flag displays, you should follow the RLS-specific diagnostic procedures for gathering information to report this problem.

For additional information on the MODIFY CATALOG, LIST command, see <u>Interpreting MODIFY CATALOG, LIST</u> Output or Interpreting MODIFY CATALOG, LISTJ (jobname) DETAIL Output in *z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs*.

System action

The system issues a multi-line message with the appropriate information about active CAS service tasks.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLGB

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEC348I

ALLOCATED CATALOGStext

Explanation

A DFSMS MODIFY CATALOG, ALLOCATED command was issued for the catalog address space (CAS), requesting a list of allocated catalogs. In the message text, the value of *text* provides the following information:

```
FLAGS -VOLSER-USER-CATALOG NAME %
abbbbb volser count cname allext%

.
.
.
Y/N-ALLOCATED TO CAS, S-SMS, V-VLF, I-ISC,
C-CLOSED, D-DELETED, R-SHARED, A-ATL,
E-ECS SHARED, K-LOCKED, U-RLS SHARED
W-SUSPEND
```

For each catalog, *text* includes the following information:

а

The allocation status of the catalog:

Υ

The catalog is allocated to CAS. If the user count is greater than 1, the catalog is also allocated in other address space(s).

Ν

The catalog is not allocated to CAS.

b

A letter that represents information about the catalog:

S

SMS manages the catalog.

٧

The catalog data space (VLF) cache is active for the catalog.

Ι

The in-storage catalog (ISC) cache is active for the catalog.

C

The catalog has been closed. The catalog might have been closed either by the F CATALOG, CLOSE(nnnn...) command or by CAS recovery functions that caused control-block rebuild, freed CAS resources, or did both. At the next access, the catalog is opened with a new set of record-management control blocks.

D

The catalog has been deleted.

R

The catalog is using cross-system sharing.

Ε

The catalog is using enhanced catalog sharing.

Α

The catalog is a tape-volume catalog.

Κ

The catalog has been locked by the IDCAMS ALTER LOCK command.

U

The catalog is record-level sharing (RLS) enabled. For example, the F CATALOG, RLSENABLE command was issued for this catalog. See <u>z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs</u> for information on the F CATALOG command.

W

Indicates that catalog requests are suspended for forward recovery. For example, the F CATALOG, RECOVER, SUSPEND was issued for this catalog. See <u>z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs</u> for information on the F CATALOG command.

Indicators I, C, and D are mutually exclusive, and indicators R and E are mutually exclusive.

volser

The volume serial number.

count

The count of the number of address spaces where the catalog is allocated.

cname

The catalog name, up to 44 characters long.

allext%

The percentage of allocated extents for each catalog in the list. This percentage indicates the extent usage by either the data or index component, whichever is higher, for that particular catalog. For catalogs that are marked as closed or deleted, this value is N/A.

System action

The system issues a multiline message with the volume serial number, the hexadecimal usage count, and the name of each catalog.

Operator response

None

System programmer response

None

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLGB

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEC349I

DISPLAY ENTRY POINT

Explanation

First, a heading appears:

NAME ADDRESS FMID/LEVEL

Then the following line appears at least once:

name address fmid/level

Then the following line appears:

END DISPLAY ENTRY POINT ADDRESS

The MODIFY command was issued for the catalog address space (CAS), requesting a list of entry points for CAS modules. The message display for each entry point contains the following information:

- the CAS module name;
- · the hexadecimal starting address;
- the FMID value; and
- the maintenance level.

The display may contain every entry point in catalog load modules IGGOCLX0 and IGGOCLHA.

System action

The system issues a multi-line message with the appropriate information about module entry points.

Source DFSMSdfp Module **IGGOCLGA Routing code Descriptor code** 5 **IEC350I** CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE MODIFY COMMAND AVAILABLE **Explanation** The MODIFY command interface task for the catalog address space (CAS) is initialized and can accept MODIFY commands. **System action** The system continues processing. Source DFSMSdfp CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE MODIFY COMMAND ACTIVE **IEC351I Explanation** The MODIFY command was issued for the catalog address space (CAS) and the CAS MODIFY task received the command. **System action** The system continues processing.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC352I

CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE MODIFY COMMAND COMPLETED [MODIFY CATALOG catalogname TO STATE state SUCCESSFUL]

Explanation

The MODIFY command was issued for the catalog address space (CAS) and the CAS MODIFY task completed the requested function.

In the message text:

catalogname

The name of the catalog being modified.

state

The state that the catalog is being modified to.

System action

The system performs the requested function.

- If you requested a restart of CAS, the CAS job step task abends. The system issues system completion code 81A and then restarts CAS.
- If you requested an abnormal end of the service task, the system issues system completion code 91A. The system also takes a complete dump of CAS.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC353I

CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE MODIFY UNSUCCESSFUL

Explanation

The MODIFY command was issued for the catalog address space (CAS), but CAS MODIFY cannot process the request. This command might fail for any of the following reasons:

- TASK SPECIFIED NOT FOUND The task ID or task control block (TCB) address specified in the command was not located as a valid task.
- NO CAS MODULE MAP AVAILABLE The request to list a module and address could not be satisfied because the module map was not built.
- MODULE SPECIFIED NOT FOUND The module requested in the ENTRY function was not located and might not be a valid module name.
- INVALID RETURN CODE VALUE The specified return code value was either nonnumeric or greater than 255.
- INVALID REASON CODE VALUE The specified reason code value was either nonnumeric or greater than 255.
- INVALID COUNT VALUE The count value in the DUMPON specification was either nonnumeric or greater than 255.
- INVALID COMMAND FORMAT Either the requested function name was unrecognizable, or the specification of additional operands for a particular function were misspelled or contained a syntax error (for example, unbalanced parentheses).
- INVALID DATA VALUE The data value specified for the function was either nonnumeric or outside the allowable range.
- INVALID RESOURCE The specified resource does not match any of the existing supported values. This will occur if "resource" is not "SYSZTIOT", or wait time is not 0, or wait time is greater than or equal to 5 and less than or equal to 9999.
- INVALID PDF PDF code entered was either nonnumeric or greater than 255.
- INVALID COMPONENT CODE The component code was either nonnumeric or greater than 255.
- CATALOG SPECIFIED NOT FOUND The catalog named in the MODIFY command either could not be located, was not available for use, or was not a user catalog.
- SERVICE proc RETURNED mm-rc-rsn An invoked catalog function returned a failing module ID, return code, and reason code. Return and reason codes are described under message IDC3009I in <u>z/OS MVS System</u> Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA).

In the message text:

proc

The last four characters of the CSECT name

mm

The module ID of the detecting catalog module

rc

The return code of the detecting catalog module

rsn

The reason code of the detecting catalog module

- ALL VALUES MAY NOT BE GENERIC The return code, reason code, and module ID might not all be generic for the DUMPON function.
- UNABLE TO PERFORM RESET All current activity that might be updating the statistics was not completed within nine seconds. The statistics information was not reset.
- COMMAND TIMED OUT A MODIFY command did not complete in the allotted time of 180 seconds and was purged.
- MODIFY CATALOG catalogname TO STATE state UNSUCCESSFUL An attempt to modify a catalog to a different state was unsuccessful.

In the message text:

catalogname

The name of the catalog being modified.

state

The state that the catalog is being modified to.

System action

System operation continues normally.

Operator response

Reissue the command.

System programmer response

Enter the MODIFY command with corrected format, keyword, or address input.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLGB

IEC354I

CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE INPUT COMMAND NOT MODIFY

Explanation

The user issued a command for the catalog address space (CAS), but the CAS MODIFY task cannot process the request since the command was not MODIFY.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Enter the MODIFY command to request the catalog function.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

MISSING INFO.

IEC355I

CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE IS RESTARTING

Explanation

The catalog memory has ended, and the system is restarting the catalog address space.

System action

The system automatically starts a new catalog address space.

Programmer response

First, print any SYS1.DUMP data sets, and second, contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

7

IEC356W

IDACAT13, CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE INITIALIZATION FAILED

Explanation

This message appears if the operator does not respond 'Y' when prompted by message IEC358D, which requests a retry of catalog restart.

System action

The system does not make any further attempts to restart the catalog address space.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer.

Programmer response

Take the following actions:

- Get a copy of a stand alone dump for the system.
- · Print any SYS1.DUMP data sets
- · Contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

1

IEC357I

CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE RESTART COMPLETED

Explanation

A new catalog address space has been successfully completed.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

7

IEC358D

CATALOG RESTART FAILED, REPLY 'Y' TO RE-INITIATE RESTART

Explanation

An automatic restart of catalog address space failed.

System action

The system waits for the operator to respond.

Operator response

Reply 'Y' to retry restart. If restart is not possible, re-IPL the system. If you issue a response other then 'Y', the system issues message IEC356W.

Programmer response

Print the SYS1.DUMP data set and then contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

1

2

IEC359I (form 1 of 7)

CATALOG REPORT OUTPUT text

Explanation

DFSMSdfp issues this message in response to a DFSMS MODIFY command that requests status information about the catalog address space (CAS). See z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs for information on the Catalog Report output.

System action

The system issues a multi-line message with the appropriate general information about the status of the catalog address space (CAS).

Operator response

None

System programmer response

None

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEC359I (form 2 of 7)

CATALOG CACHE REPORT text

Explanation

The MODIFY CATALOG, REPORT, CACHE command was issued to request status about the catalogs being cached by the catalog address space (CAS). *text* contains the following:

```
HIT% -RECORDS- -SEARCHES --FOUND-- -DELETES- -SHR UPD- --PURGE--
catalog-name [cachetype]
hh% rr ss .ff dd uu pp
```

The message display contains the following information:

catalog-name

The name of the catalog that is being cached

cachetype

Optional field indicating the type of caching being used, either ISC or VLF

hh%

The percentage of searches that found a record in the cache.

rr

The number of records, in decimal, currently contained in the cache. If the catalog is using VLF, VLF may have trimmed records and the actual number cached may be less than this.

SS

The number of searches, in decimal, made against this catalog

ff

The number of records, in decimal, found in the caches when searched.

dd

The number of records, in decimal, currently deleted in the cache.

uu

The number of updates, in decimal, made to the cache as a result of changes on other systems sharing this catalog.

рp

The number of times, in decimal, this cache was purged as a result of changes on other systems sharing this catalog.

System action

The system issues a multi-line message with the appropriate general information about CAS status.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEC359I (form 3 of 7)

CATALOG PERFORMANCE OUTPUT text

Explanation

The MODIFY CATALOG, REPORT, PERFORMANCE command was issued to request status on the performance of specific services in the catalog address space (CAS). *text* contains the following:

The message displays the following:

time_of_day

Time that the statistics were last reset, in *hh.mm.ss.milliseconds* format.

date

Date that the statistics were last reset, in mm.dd.yyyy format.

svc count

Number of times that the catalog SVC has been issued.

average_time

Average time for the catalog entries or catatalog events. The times appear in one of the following forms:

- xxx.xxx MSEC-milliseconds, used for times up to 999.999 milliseconds.
- xxx.xxx SEC-second, used for times from 1.000 seconds up to 999.999 seconds.

• hh:mm:ss-hours, minutes, and seconds, used for times greater than 999.999 seconds.

event

The internal event, a z/OS service, that was invoked by the CAS during processing.

count

The number of times that the event occurred.

System action

The system issues a multi-line message with the appropriate general information about CAS status.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEC359I (form 4 of 7)

CATALOG VSAM DUMP OPTIONS text

Explanation

The MODIFY CATALOG, VDUMPON command was issued to request status on the performance of dumping by the catalog address space (CAS). When the user sets an automatic dump through command MODIFY CATALOG, VDUMPON(pdf,rc,compid,error), the report will display what codes are being monitored by the system. text contains the following:

The message displays the following:

pdf

Specifies the VSAM Problem Determination Function code (one to three characters from 0 to 255), or * (asterisk).

rc

Specifies the VSAM return code in decimal format (one to three characters from 0 to 255), or * (asterisk).

compid

Specifies the component code (0 - 5), or * (asterisk).

error

Specifies the VSAM error code in decimal format (one to three characters from 0 to 255), or * (asterisk).

System action

None.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEC359I (form 5 of 7)

text

Explanation

The MODIFY CATALOG, REPORT, CATSTATS command or the MODIFY CATALOG, REPORT, CATSTATS (catalogname) command was issued to request I/O statistics on all catalogs or a specific catalog. See z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs for additional information on the Catalog Report output.

System action

The system issues a multi-line message with the appropriate general information about catalog statistics and settings.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,10,11

Descriptor code

9

IEC359I (form 6 of 7)

text

Explanation

The MODIFY CATALOG, REPORT, CATSTATX (catalogname) command or the MODIFY CATALOG, REPORT, CATSTATX (catalognefix*) command was issued to request extended I/O and usage statistics on a particular catalog or a particular set of catalogs. See z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs for additional information on the Catalog Report output.

System action

The system issues a multi-line message with the appropriate general information about catalog statistics and settings.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,10,11

Descriptor code

9

IEC359I (form 7 of 7)

CATALOG REPORT DUMP OUTPUT 452

Explanation

In the message text, text is:

Where:

return code

Specifies the catalog return code in decimal format (one to three characters from 0 to 255), or * for wild card searches.

reason code

Specifies the catalog reason code in decimal format (one to three characters from 0 to 255), or * for wild card searches.

module ID

Specifies the catalog module identifier in CAS, or ** for wild card searches.

count

Specifies to capture a dump on the nth occurrence of the condition (one to three characters from 1 to 999). The default value is '1' to cause a dump to be captured on the first occurrence of the condition.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,10,11

Descriptor code

9

IEC360I

SERVICE TASK IN RECALL, USER JOB MUST BE CANCELLED

Explanation

A user attempted to issue a MODIFY CATALOG, END or MODIFY CATALOG, ABEND to end a catalog service task. The system cannot end the task however, because it is performing a necessary function in the user address space.

System action

The system ends the command.

Programmer response

Enter the MODIFY CATALOG, LIST command to obtain the name of the user job associated with the catalog service task. Enter the CANCEL command to cancel the user job. The CANCEL command also ends the associated catalog service task.

IEC361I

CATALOG catalogname (comptype) HAS REACHED xxx% OF THE MAXIMUM EXTENTS

Explanation

The catalog named *catalogname* has been opened or extended to a new extent, and the current percentage of allocated extents exceeds the threshold set by the NOTIFYEXTENT keyword of the MODIFY CATALOG command. The component exceeding the threshold is indicated by *comptype*, which might be either DATA or INDEX.

In the message text:

catalogname

The catalog name.

comptype

The component type, either DATA or INDEX.

XXX

The percentage of allocated extents, out of a maximum of 123 extents.

DFSMSdfp issues this message once for each catalog in either of the following cases:

- The catalog address space has opened the catalog and the percentage of usage exceeds the current NOTIFYEXTENT percentage.
- The catalog has just extended into a new extent and the percentage of usage exceeds the current NOTIFYEXTENT percentage.

The percentage of usage is calculated as the number of extents allocated divided by 123 and multiplied by 100.

System action

System operation continues normally.

Operator response

You might need to initiate local procedures that are designed to prevent catalogs from exhausting all of the available extents.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLEG

IEC362I

ONE OR MORE QUEUED CATALOG MODIFY COMMANDS HAVE BEEN PURGED

Explanation

The task in the catalog address space that processes MODIFY commands has restarted, and the task detected that there might have been unprocessed MODIFY commands.

System action

The system purges any queued MODIFY commands without processing them.

Operator response

Reissue the commands that have been purged, if applicable. The specific commands that were purged are not listed, but you can examine the system console or log to determine which commands were entered and were not accompanied by messages IEC351I and IEC352I or message IEC353I.

Source	
DFSMSdfp	
Module	
IGGOCLGA	
IEC363D	IS THIS RESTART RELATED TO AN EXISTING CATALOG PROBLEM (Y OR N)?
Explanation	
Catalog issues this message in res	ponse to a MODIFY CATALOG, RESTART command.
System action	
When Y (or YES) is entered, messa continues.	ge IEC364D is issued. When N (or NO) is entered, restart processing
Operator response	
Enter Y (or YES) if the RESTART is b	being issued due to a problem you are trying to clear, or N (or NO), if not.
System programmer respon	ise
None	
Source	
DFSMSdfp	
Module	
IGGOCLGA	
IEC364D	HAS AN SVC DUMP OF THE CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE ALREADY BEEN TAKEN (Y OR N)?

Explanation

Catalog issues this message in response to a Y response to message IEC363D.

System action

When Y (or YES) is entered, restart processing continues without taking a dump. When N (or NO) is entered, an SVCDUMP of the Catalog Address Space and related data is taken before restart processing resumes.

Operator response

Enter Y (or YES) if an SVC dump has already been taken of the system in its current state. Enter N (or NO) if a dump of the system in its current state has not already been taken.

System programmer response

None

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLGA

IEC365D

SMSVSAM ADDRESS SPACE STILL NOT AVAILABLE FOR CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE. REPLY RLSQUIESCE, OR CANCEL

Explanation

One or more catalog requests have been waiting for SMSVSAM address space to be available for more than five minutes. These requests cannot continue because the catalogs are in RLS mode and cannot be accessed until the SMSVSAM address space becomes available.

System action

The system waits for the operator to respond.

Operator response

Bring up the SMSVSAM address space from this system using the following command:

V SMS, SMSVSAM, ACTIVE

If this is not possible, reply 'RLSQUIESCE' to switch all catalogs accessed by this system out of RLS mode.

Reply "CANCEL to ignore the message if you want to terminate the entire system.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

IEC365I

CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE STORAGE SHORTAGE - TASKMAX RESET.

Explanation

There is not enough storage in the catalog address space currently available to process all the active service tasks. The maximum number of service tasks that might process simultaneously in the catalog address space has been lowered to ensure the availability of storage for task termination.

System action

The system continues processing.

System programmer response

It is possible that contention exists for a system resource that is causing a backup of requests in the catalog address space. When this contention is resolved, the limit on the number of active catalog service tasks can be raised using the MODIFY CATALOG, TASKMAX command.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC367W

CATALOG catalogname STILL SUSPENDED

Explanation

The specified catalog is suspended by the F CATALOG, RECOVER command, the IDCAMS ALTER SUSPEND, or a product requiring the catalog to be suspended while the recovery against the catalog is being performed on. The catalog has been suspended for more than five minutes.

System action

TAll catalog requests for the specified catalog are suspended until RESUME is issued.

Operator response

Issue command the following command to get a list of jobs that are waiting for the specified catalog:

D GRS, RES=(SYSZIGG4, catalogname)

If the wait persists, contact your system programmer.

System programmer response

If the recovery utility that initiated the SUSPEND for the catalog completes the recovery but fails to issue RESUME for the catalog, issue the following command to resume all jobs waiting for the catalog:

F CATALOG,RECOVER,RESUME(catalogname)

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC368I

CATALOG INITIALIZATION THE MULTI-LEVEL ALIAS FACILITY HAS BEEN INITIALIZED (dd). THE NUMBER OF LEVELS OF QUALIFICATION IS n

Explanation

The multi-level alias facility has successfully initialized.

In the message text:

dd

IBM Support might request this data for diagnostic purposes.

n

The number of levels of qualification, which can be any value from 1 to 4.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,4,10,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC369I

CATALOG INITIALIZATION THE MULTI-LEVEL ALIAS FACILITY IS NOT INITIALIZED. THE NUMBER OF LEVELS OF QUALIFICATION IS NOT IN THE RANGE 1 TO 4

Explanation

The multi-level alias facility has not been initialized because the number of levels of qualification was not a number from 1 to 4. Until this situation is corrected, all requests that must access the multi-level alias table will fail.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Determine the correct number of levels of qualification; then reset the number by using the command MODIFY CATALOG, ALIASLEVEL(\mathbf{n}) (make sure \mathbf{n} is a number in the range 1 to 4).

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,4,10,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC370I

CATALOG MULTI-LEVEL ALIAS FACILITY IS NOT INITIALIZED

Explanation

An error occurred during initialization of the multi-level alias facility. Other operator messages that indicate the cause of the error have already been issued. Until this situation is corrected, all requests which must access the multi-level alias table will fail.

System action

The system has not built the multi-level alias in-storage tables. If the error was due to reading a bad master catalog record, then the system took a dump to SYS1.DUMP dataset.

Operator response

Determine and correct the problem which caused the failure of multi-level alias facility initialization. If the problem affects only catalog, then re-initialize the facility by issuing MODIFY CATALOG, RESTART to restart the catalog address space.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,4,10,11

Descriptor code

Δ

IEC371I

THE MULTILEVEL ALIAS TABLE WAS NOT BUILT DUE TO UNEXPECTED ERROR WHILE READING THE MASTER CATALOG

Explanation

During initialization of the multi-level alias facility, an unexpected error occurred while reading the master catalog. The multi-level alias facility did not correctly initialize.

System action

The system took a dump to SYS1.DUMP dataset.

Operator response

Determine and correct the problem which caused the failure of multi-level alias facility initialization. If the problem affects only catalog, then re-initialize the facility by issuing MODIFY CATALOG, RESTART to restart the catalog address space.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,4,10,11

Descriptor code

1

IEC372I

CATALOG SEARCH FUNCTION CATALOG text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- MULTI-LEVEL ALIAS HAS DETECTED AN INVALID MASTER CATALOG RECORD NAMED recname
- MULTI-LEVEL ALIAS FACILITY HAS DETECTED A DUPLICATE ALIAS: aliasname

During a multi-level alias facility initialization or rebuilding an incorrect alias or user catalog record was found in the master catalog. The multi-level alias facility did not correctly initialize or rebuild, and the catalog search function is now impaired.

In the message text:

recname

The incorrect record name.

aliasname

The alias entry in the catalog that occurs more than once.

606 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

System action

For the invalid master catalog record, the system the system creates a SYS1.DUMP data set and then corrects the multi-level alias table.

For the duplicate alias, no dump is created and the duplicate alias remains in the table.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer; after the programmer corrects the incorrect record, issue the command MODIFY CATALOG, MLA(REFRESH) to restart the catalog address space.

System programmer response

These messages indicate an error in the master catalog. Perform a DIAGNOSE of the master catalog and correct any errors discovered. Duplicate alias names listed are a result of the alias name in the association list of more than one catalog user connector record. While the actual alias record in the catalog may point to a specific user catalog, there is at least one other user catalog whose association list contains the same alias. To correct this error you can delete the alias name, define it relating it to the incorrect user catalog name, then delete the alias again and define it relating it to the correct user catalog name.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,4,10,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC373I

CATALOG SEARCH FUNCTION CATALOG MULTI-LEVEL ALIAS HAS DETECTED AN INVALID RECORD

Explanation

The multi-level alias facility detected an incorrect user catalog connecter or alias record. The catalog search function attempted to indicate the incorrect record's name, but was unable to obtain sufficient free memory through a conditional GETMAIN. The catalog search function is now impaired.

System action

The system took a dump to SYS1.DUMP data set, and corrected the multi-level alias table.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer; after the programmer corrects the incorrect record, issue the command MODIFY CATALOG, RESTART to restart the catalog address space.

Programmer response

Correct the incorrect record, and have the operator issue the command MODIFY CATALOG, RESTART.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,4,10,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC374I

INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR CATALOG MULTI-LEVEL ALIAS FACILITY

Explanation

The multi-level alias facility issued a conditional GETMAIN for storage to hold the multi-level alias table; the GETMAIN failed due to lack of storage. The catalog search function is now impaired.

System action

For the catalog search function, the system will read the master catalog instead of using the multi-level alias table.

Operator response

Issue the command MODIFY CATALOG, RESTART to restart the catalog address space. If this message appears again, notify your system programmer.

Programmer response

Determine the problem that is causing the GETMAIN to fail, and correct that problem. Then have the operator issue the command MODIFY CATALOG, RESTART.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,4,10,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC375I

CATALOG SEARCH FUNCTION THE CATALOG MULTI-LEVEL ALIAS FACILITY IS RUNNING WITH AN INVALID NUMBER OF LEVELS OF QUALIFICATION (NOT 1 THRU 4)

Explanation

The system level of qualification was altered because the AMCBS was overlaid. Until this situation is corrected, all requests that must access the multi-level alias table will fail.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Determine the correct number of levels of qualification; then reset the number by using the command MODIFY CATALOG, ALIASLEVEL(\mathbf{n}) (make sure \mathbf{n} is a number in the range 1 to 4).

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

2,4,10,11

Descriptor code

Δ

IEC376W

CAS ALLOCATION TASK IS WAITING FOR ALLOCATION

Explanation

A request to allocate a catalog or VVDS dynamically has been issued, and SVC 99 has not completed. Possible reasons for this situation are that a mount was issued, or a VARY OFFLINE command is waiting.

System action

The system issues this message two minutes after issuing SVC 99, and every ten minutes thereafter.

System programmer response

Check the SYSLOG to determine why the CAS Allocation task is waiting and resolve. If the cause cannot be found, (1) take a dump using the F CATALOG, TAKEDUMP command and (2) use the F CATALOG, ABEND (ALLOCATE) command to ABEND the allocation task. Send the dump to IBM Service. Expect a non-zero return code from the service request that was waiting for the allocation.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC377I

ENHANCED CATALOG SHARING: {text}

Explanation

text is one of the following:

```
{ADDED catname
ALL CATALOGS REMOVED
AUTOADD ENABLED
AUTOADD NOT ENABLED-SYSTEM IS QUIESCING
CONNECT COMPLETE
DISCONNECT COMPLETE
ERROR: rc-rsn(sfi),mm
ERROR ADDING catname: rc-rsn(sfi),
mm
NOT CONNECTED: rc-rsn(sfi),mm
REMOVED catname
SYSPLEX QUIESCE COMPLETE
WAITING FOR IOSAS TO INITIALIZE
WAITING FOR SYSPLEX QUIESCE COMPLETE}
```

This is a general status message for ECS.

ADDED catname

Issued to acknowledge an ECSHR(ADD, catname) request that was successful.

In the message text:

catname

The name of a catalog

AUTOADD ENABLED

Issued to acknowledge an ECSHR(AUTOADD) request that was successful.

AUTOADD NOT ENABLED-SYSTEM IS QUIESCING

Issued as a result of processing a MODIFY CATALOG command to turn on AUTOADD. However, the system is currently quiescing, so the AUTOADD function cannot be enabled. Repeat the request once the sysplex has completed quiescing.

CONNECT COMPLETE

Issued to acknowledge the successful connection of enhanced catalog sharing (ECS) to the ECS structure in the coupling facility. This message is issued during IPL, during a CAS restart, or when requested through a MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR(CONNECT) parameter.

DISCONNECT COMPLETE

Issued to acknowledge a successful disconnection of ECS from the ECS structure in the coupling facility. This message is issued either during a CAS restart or when requested through a MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR(DISCONNECT) parameter.

ERROR: rc-rsn(sfi),mm

A situation has occurred that caused catalog sharing through ECS to fail or to be stopped. This message is also issued for an unsuccessful CONNECT, DISCONNECT, or AUTOADD request by a MODIFY CATALOG(ECSHR) command.

In the message text:

rc

The return code of the detecting catalog module

rsn

The reason code of the detecting catalog module

sfi

If the problem was detected by another service, subfunction information related to the error

mm

The module ID of the detecting catalog module

For information on obtaining descriptions of these codes, see message IDC3009I.

ERROR ADDING catname: rc-rsn(sfi),mm

Issued to acknowledge an ECSHR(ADD) request that was unsuccessful. ECS is not activated for the named catalog.

In the message text:

catname

The name of a catalog

rc

The return code of the detecting catalog module

rsn

The reason code of the detecting catalog module

sfi

If the problem was detected by another service, subfunction information related to the error

mm

The module ID of the detecting catalog module

For information on obtaining descriptions of these codes, see message IDC3009I.

NOT CONNECTED: rc-rsn(sfi),mm

Issued during IPL or CAS restart when the system automatically tries but cannot connect to the ECS structure.

In the message text:

rc

The return code of the detecting catalog module

rsn

The reason code of the detecting catalog module

sfi

If the problem was detected by another service, subfunction information related to the error

mm

The module ID of the detecting catalog module

For information on obtaining descriptions of these codes, see message IDC3009I.

REMOVED catname

Issued to acknowledge an ECSHR(REMOVE, catname) request that was successful.

In the message text:

catname

The name of a catalog

SYSPLEX QUIESCE COMPLETE

Indicates that this system has been informed that all other systems have completed their quiesce processing.

WAITING FOR IOSAS TO INITIALIZE

Indicates that an attempt to use IOS services cannot proceed because the IOSAS is not yet initialized and available. This message will be issued every 30 seconds until IOSAS completes initialization or until three minutes have passed. If IOSAS is not initialized after three minutes, the attempt to add the catalog to the coupling facility will fail with catalog return code 228, reason code 35.

WAITING FOR SYSPLEX QUIESCE TO COMPLETE

Issued to indicate that this system has been waiting for 5 minutes for a sysplex quiesce to complete. Issue the MODIFY CATALOG, ECSHR(STATUS) on each system to monitor the progress of the quiesce on each system. (Note that the ECS system status on a quiesced system should be CONNECTED.) If, after a period of time, the sysplex still has not completed the quiesce, the quiesce can be forcefully ended by issuing the MODIFY CATALOG, ABEND (ANALYSIS) command on the system waiting for the quiesce to complete. If all of the systems do not show a status of CONNECTED, then you MUST NOT attempt to re-enable AUTOADD.

System action

In the case of stopping ECS at the system level, CAS disconnects from the coupling facility, and sharing for all sharers through the ECS method is stopped. Catalog sharing reverts to the non-ECS method.

In the case where the system lost its coupling facility connection, all catalogs are removed from the ECS structure, and the AUTOADD function is disabled.

In the case of an ECS failure for an individual catalog, ECS is not activated for this catalog. The sharing method for this catalog remains the non-ECS method.

Operator response

Correct the situation that caused the error or failure and retry the request.

In the case of a lost coupling facility connection, after the connection has been restored, issue the MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR(AUTOADD) parameter to re-enable automatic activation.

System programmer response

None

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLSH or IGGOCLSI

IEC378I (form 1 of 2)

catname IS NOT USING ENHANCED CATALOG SHARING.

Explanation

This message is issued when the system is processing a shared catalog request and discovers for the very first time or for the first time since the last time the catalog was ECS-active, that the desired sharing method as defined for the named catalog is ECS, but either (1) a non-ECS system is already accessing the catalog, (2) another system has explicitly stopped ECS for this catalog via the MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR(REMOVE) parameter, or (3) either of the above conditions existed when the system went down.

In the message text:

catname

The catalog the system is accessing.

System action

Sharing will continue with the non-enhanced method of catalog sharing. This may result in decreased performance for this catalog.

Operator response

Verify if ECS is desired for this catalog. If so, issue the MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECHSR(ENABLE,...) parameter to start ECS for this catalog. For more information, see *DFSMS/MVS Managing Catalogs*.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLSJ

IEC378I (form 2 of 2)

catname HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM ECS DUE TO A DDR SWAP

Explanation

A DDR SWAP event occurred. The named catalog is currently being shared by ECS and is located on the volume that was swapped.

In the message text:

catname

The name of a catalog

System action

The catalog has been removed from the coupling facility structure for ECS on the system that issued the message. The message might be issued from more than one system because the catalog is shared with other systems. The catalog is marked temporarily ineligible and will not automatically be added to the coupling facility on next use.

Operator response

This message should be issued from all systems that are sharing the named catalog. Issue a MODIFY CATALOG, ECSHR(STATUS) command from all systems in the sysplex. When the resulting displays from all

systems that list the named catalog show a status of Inact(NonECSAcc), enter the command MODIFY CATALOG, ECSHR(ENABLE, catname) to make the catalog available for sharing by ECS again.

System programmer response

None

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLSJ

IEC380I

ENHANCED CATALOG SHARING

Explanation

This message is issued in response to a MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR(STATUS) parameter. It displays the status of the CF connection as well as the ECS status of each open catalog.

The possible values for the ECS system status are:

AUTOADD

The system is connected to the ECS structure and the automatic add function is enabled.

Connected

The system is connected to the ECS structure in the coupling facility; AUTOADD is disabled.

Connect Failure

While attempting to connect to the ECS structure, an error was returned from IXLCONN. The return and reason codes from IXLCONN are also displayed.

Inact(CFFail)

The system has disconnected because a coupling facility failure was detected.

Inact(Disconnect)

ECS is disconnected from the ECS structure in the coupling facility due to a MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR(DISCONNECT) parameter.

Inact(Restart)

The system disconnected while processing a CAS restart.

Quiescing

ECS is currently active but is in the process of disconnecting.

Unknown

The system status of ECS is unknown.

The possible values for a catalog's status are:

Active

ECS is active for the catalog.

Inact(CFFail)

The catalog is inactive because the coupling facility failed.

Inact(CFFull)

An attempt was made to activate the catalog but the ECS structure in the coupling facility is full.

Inact(Disconnect)

The catalog is inactive because the system disconnected from the ECS structure.

Inact(MaxCats)

An attempt was made to activate the catalog but the maximum number of catalogs allowed in the ECS structure has been reached.

Inact(NeverConn)

The catalog is inactive because the system is not connected to the ECS structure in the coupling facility.

Inact(NonECSAcc)

The catalog is inactive because the last system to access the catalog was non-ECS 1.5. system.

Inact(NotElig)

The catalog is inactive because it does not have the ECSHARING attribute.

Inact(NotShrable)

The catalog is inactive because it cannot be cross-system shared because it either does not have SHAREOPTIONS(3 4) or the volume is not marked as shared.

Inact(ReadOnly)

The catalog is inactive because it resides on a volume with the read-only attribute.

Inact(Removed)

The catalog is inactive due to a MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR(REMOVE,...) parameter.

Inact(Unknown)

The ECS status of this catalog has never been set or is otherwise unknown.

Unavailable

The status of this catalog is unavailable due to one of the following:

- This catalog has not been opened since the last IPL.
- This catalog has been deleted.
- This catalog is not currently allocated and open in the catalog address space (CAS).

System action

System operation continues normally.

Operator response

None. For additional information on the interpretation of the output from this command, see z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLGB

IEC381I (form 1 of 3)

ENHANCED CATALOG SHARING HAS BEEN QUIESCED DUE TO A COUPLING FACILITY FAILURE ON ANOTHER SYSTEM.

Explanation

This message is issued on an ECS-active system when another system in the sysplex that was also ECS-active, lost its connection to the ECS coupling facility structure.

System action

All ECS-active catalogs are deactivated and the AUTOADD function is disabled. However, the system remains connected to the ECS structure.

Operator response

Once the situation causing the quiesce is resolved, issue the MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR (CONNECT) parameter on any system whose connection to the coupling facility structure was dropped. Then

issue the MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR (AUTOADD) parameter on any one of the systems in the sysplex to re-enable automatic activation. Catalogs not referenced can be explicitly activated using the MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR (ENABLE,...) parameter.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLSI

IEC381I (form 2 of 3)

ENHANCED CATALOG SHARING HAS BEEN QUIESCED DUE TO A DISCONNECT ISSUED ON ANOTHER SYSTEM.

Explanation

This message is issued on an ECS-active system when another system in the sysplex that was also ECS-active, is disconnected, usually by a MODIFY CATALOG, ECSHR(DISCONNECT) command.

System action

All ECS-active catalogs are deactivated and the AUTOADD function is disabled. However, the system remains connected to the ECS structure.

Operator response

Once the situation causing the quiesce is resolved, issue the MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR (CONNECT) parameter on any system whose connection to the coupling facility structure was dropped. Then issue the MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR (AUTOADD) parameter on any one of the systems in the sysplex to re-enable automatic activation. Catalogs not referenced can be explicitly activated using the MODIFY CATALOG command with the ECSHR (ENABLE,...) parameter.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLSI

IEC381I (form 3 of 3)

ENHANCED CATALOG SHARING HAS BEEN QUIESCED DUE TO A REBUILD REQUEST.

Explanation

This message is issued on an ECS-active system when a rebuild request has been issued for the ECS coupling facility structure, SYSIGGCAS_ECS, on this system or another system in the sysplex.

System action

All ECS-active catalogs are deactivated and the AUTOADD function is disabled. However, the system remains connected to the ECS structure.

Operator response

The AUTOADD function and ECS-eligible catalogs should be automatically reactivated once the rebuild is complete.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLSI

IEC382I

NEW MASTER CATALOG CANNOT BE {*text*}. **CAS RESTART ABORTED.**

Explanation

This message is issued when the MODIFY CATALOG, RESTART command was issued specifying an alternate master catalog name. *text* is one of the following:

ALLOCATED

The catalog could not be found or there was an issue allocating it. Ensure the volume where the catalog resides is accessible from this system and that it is cataloged in the current master catalog.

RLS-ELIGIBLE

The catalog was determined to be eligible for RLS (Record Level Sharing). Use the AMS ALTER command to change this attribute from RLSENABLE to RLSQUIESCE.

LOCKED

The catalog was determined to be locked. Use the AMS ALTER command to change this attribute from LOCK to UNLOCK, or use the MODIFY CATALOG, RECOVER, UNLOCK (ucat) command to unlock the catalog.

SUSPENDED

The catalog was determined to be suspended. Use the AMS ALTER command to change this attribute from SUSPEND to RESUME, or use the MODIFY CATALOG, RECOVER, RESUME (ucat) command to resume the catalog.

READ-ONLY

The catalog was determined to be read-only. Change the volume where the catalog resides to be read/write or move the catalog to a read/write volume.

System action

The Catalog Address Space restart is not performed.

Operator response

Correct the specific issue as described above and try the restart again.

Source

DFSMS Catalog

Module

IGGOCLGA

IEC385S

IGGCATXX BYPASSED DUE TO err_type ERROR.RETURN CODE IS rc

Explanation

The system detected an internal error while processing a service called by the catalog address space (CAS) during parsing of the catalog parmlib member, IGGCATxx.

In the message text:

err_type

The internal error type is one of the following:

- A LOAD
- A STORAGE
- AN IEEMB878

rc

The return code returned by the internal service.

System action

The system stops processing IGGCATxx and uses the default values for any parameters specified in IGGCATxx.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLPR

IEC386S

INVALID KEYWORD IN IGGCATxx PROCESSING AT: text_line

Explanation

The system detected a syntax error while parsing IGGCATxx.

In the message text:

XX

The suffix of the IGGCATxx parmlib member where the syntax error was detected.

text line

Shows the whole line of text where the system detected a syntax error up to column 71.

System action

The system ignores any parameters specified on the displayed line after the detected syntax error, including ignoring the parameter containing the syntax error. The system then resumes parsing on the next line after the line containing a syntax error.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLPR

IEC387S

ERROR RELEASING IGGCATXX STORAGE. PROCESSING CONTINUES. ERROR CODE IS rc

Explanation

The system detected an internal error while releasing storage obtained during IGGCATxx processing.

In the message text:

XX

The suffix of the IGGCATxx parmlib member.

rc

The return code from the STORAGE service during storage release processing.

System action

Storage obtained by IGGCATxx is not released because of the internal error. Processing continues.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLPR, IGGOASIM

IEC390I

updatetype FOR KEY entryname IN CATALOG catalogname WAS ABNORMALLY TERMINATED

Explanation

During an update option against catalog *catalogname* for the record with the key *entryname*, the catalog task performing the update was abnormally terminated. Examples of how the task may be terminated are a TSO user pressing the attention key during the catalog request, or the TSO user or batch job being cancelled.

In the message text:

updatetype

UPDATE, DELETE, ADD, or UNKNOWN

entryname

The key of the record being updated

catalogname

The name of the catalog that was being updated

System action

The system continues the cleanup of the terminated catalog request. The affected catalog will be closed and reopened on the next access to ensure the integrity of the VSAM control blocks associated with the catalog.

System programmer response

This message is to alert you that an inflight VSAM request to update a catalog has been terminated. The request may be incomplete and the catalog may contain inconsistent data. You should run an IDCAMS DIAGNOSE and EXAMINE against the catalog to identify any potential corruption or inconsistent data, and correct any errors detected by the DIAGNOSE or EXAMINE.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC391I

CATALOG catname HAS BEEN AUTOTUNED TO: IEC391I BUFNI: n1 BUFND: n2 STRNO: s1

Explanation

This message is informational indicating that the catalog named *catname* has been reopened on the current system with enhanced parameters designed to improve performance of the catalog.

In the message text:

catname

is the name of the catalog whose parameters have been temporarily updated on the current system

n1

is the number of new index buffers assigned to this catalog

n2

is the number of new data buffers assigned to this catalog

s1

is the number of strings assigned to this catalog

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine whether or not these parameters should be permanently assigned to this catalog by using the IDCAMS ALTER command. Note that the parameters indicated are applicable only to the system on which the message is issued. The values stored in the catalog entry for this catalog are not changed.

Programmer response

None. This is an informational message only.

Problem determination

None.

Source

None.

Module

None.

IEC392I

JOB jobname ASID asid HOLDS xxx OF THE yyy MAXIMUM SERVICE TASKS

Explanation

This informational message is a warning that at least one job may be holding catalog resources that can not be released because of the processing performed by the job. This message may be issued for up to three different *jobnames*. These will represent the jobs which hold the greatest number of service tasks.

In the message text:

iobname

is the name of a job that is holding an excessive amount of catalog service tasks.

asid

is the address space the jobname is running in.

XXX

is the number of service tasks currently held by jobname.

ууу

is the current maximum number of service tasks set by the installation, or the default of 180.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine whether or not the jobs listed are holding resources. Note that the issuance of this message does not necessarily mean that an error or problem exists. Repeated issuance of this message may indicate that jobs are not releasing catalog resources. You may need to increase the maximum number of service tasks allowed or cancel one or more of the jobs listed. If you cancel any of the jobs you should take a dump of the catalog address space and the jobname listed prior to cancelling the job.

Programmer response

None. This is an informational message only.

Problem determination

None.

Source

None.

Module

None.

IEC393I

CATALOG CONTENTION*WARNING: CATALOG TASK CONTENTION WAIT-TIME WAS

EXCEEDED.*RESOURCE(RESOURCE)JOBNAME(JOBNAME)ASID(ASID)#T ASKS(#)OR*RESOURCE(RESOURCE)JOBNAME(JOBNAME)ASID(ASID)T CB(TCBaddr)IF MORE THAN FIVE LINES NEEDED*(#)remaining tasks past set threshold.

Explanation

This informational message is a warning that at least one CAS task has exceeded the wait time associated with the resource. The message can contain up to 5 lines, either displaying a JOBNAME and number of tasks in the job past the current limit, or a JOBNAME and the TCB of the single task in the job beyond the limit. The order of the displayed JOBNAMEs is in the order that they appear in the CAS task list, which is generally from the oldest to the newest. If there are additional tasks that are beyond the limit but not displayed, a line is added to display the number of remaining tasks.

In the message text:

RESOURCE

Represents a class of possible contention or resources. RESOURCE is one of the following:

- SYSZTIOT
- SYSZVVDS
- SYSIGGV2
- ALLOCLCK

JOBNAME

Job name associated with the CAS task over the wait limit.

ASID

Application ID associated with the CAS task over the wait limit.

number of tasks

The number of tasks over the limit associated with this job name.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine if the jobs holding resources requires action. Note that the issuance of this message does not mean that an error or problem exists. If you cancel any of the jobs listed, consider taking a dump of the catalog address space (CAS) first. The above message also provides enough information to effectively use the CATALOG MODIFY commands to gather additional information or terminate the associated CAS task, for example, MODIFY CATALOG,LISTJ(JOBNAME), and so on.

Programmer response

None. This is an informational message.

Problem determination

None.

Source

None.

Module

None.

IEC394I

DYNAMIC LPA REFRESH text

Explanation

The system issues this message in response to a SETPROG LPA, ADD operator command, or the addition of a PROG LPA, ADD statement in the PROGxx member of PARMLIB that was activated with the SET PROGxx operator command.

The variable *text* describes the refresh:

OF MODULE modulename FAILED DUE TO AN ERROR IN SYSTEM SERVICE servicename, RETURN CODE IS returncode

A problem was caused by system service servicename, return code returncode.

OF MODULE modulename FAILED DUE TO ABEND CODE code

A problem was caused by the hexadecimal system abend code code.

FAILED DUE TO ABEND CODE code

A non-specific load module error occurred in detecting module IGGOCLPZ. The problem was caused by the hexadecimal system abend code *code*.

System action

MODULE *modulename*, if included in the message, indicates that the data management module, *modulename*, could not be dynamically refreshed. The corrective service has not been activated in the system for this module.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

System programmer response

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Analyze the return and reason code from the system service, or the system abend code, to determine the cause of the problem.
- 2. If you can correct the error, reissue the SETPROG LPA, ADD or SET PROGxx command at an MVS system console to refresh the data management module for which the error occurred. If you cannot resolve the error, schedule a system IPL to activate the corrective service.

Programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

DFSMSdfp.

Module

IGGOCLPZ.

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEC395I

USER IS NOT AUTHORIZED TO PERFORM MODIFY CATALOG COMMAND command text

Explanation

This informational message indicates that a user has attempted to execute a MODIFY CATALOG command for which they do not have appropriate RACF authority.

In the message text:

command text

Is the command the user was attempting to execute.

System action

The command is disallowed and processing continues.

System programmer response

Determine if the user entering the Modify Catalog command should have access to the type of command identified in the command text. If so, see z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs for more information about RACF Authorization Checking.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOCLGA

Routing code

*

IEC400A

M dev,ser/dsname

Explanation

M indicates that a tape volume is to be mounted on the device for the data set.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The six-digit volume serial number.

dsname

The data set name.

Operator response

Mount the volume on the device. Then, ready the device.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0K05B

Routing code

3,5

Descriptor code

2

IEC401A

F dev,ser/dsname

Explanation

F indicates that the volume on the device for the output data set is file protected. That is, its file protection ring is not inserted or its tab is set to prevent a write, so it can only be read. However, the volume is to be written on.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The six-digit volume serial number.

dsname

The data set name.

System action

The system rewinds and unloads the volume.

Operator response

Insert a file protection ring in the volume, mount the volume, and ready the device.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0K05B

Routing code

3

Descriptor code

2

IEC402D

F dev,ser/dsname

Explanation

F indicates that the volume on the device for the input/output data set is file protected. That is, its file protection ring is not inserted or its tab is set to prevent a write, so it can only be read.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

dsname

The data set name.

Operator response

If the volume should be file protected, enter REPLY xx,'U'.

If the volume should be written on, enter REPLY xx, 'F'; the system will rewind and unload the volume. Then insert file protection ring or move the tab in the volume, mount the volume, and ready the device.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0K05B

Routing code

1,3

Descriptor code

2

IEC403A

M dev,ser

Explanation

M indicates that a direct access volume is to be mounted on the device.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

sei

The six-digit volume serial number.

Operator response

Mount the volume on the device. Then, ready the device.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0M05B

Routing code

4,6

Descriptor code

2

IEC404E

D dev,ser{,rsn}

Explanation

D indicates that a tape volume is to be dismounted on the specified device.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The six-digit tape volume serial number.

rsn

Indicates the reason to dismount the tape volume. The possible rsn values and their meanings are:

- 1 The internal serial number on the tape volume did not match the requested tape volume serial number
- 2 The system detected an error while trying to verify the tape volume labels
- 3 A Perform Subsystem Function (PSF) activate request failed
- 4 A Perform Subsystem Function (PSF) deactivate request failed

• 5 - The system needs the device to mount another tape volume

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Dismount the volume from the device.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0K05B

Routing code

3,5

Descriptor code

3

IEC501A

{M dev,ser [,labtyp] [,den],jjj,sss [,dsname] [,mediatype][,no worm] | M dev,ser [,labtyp] [,trtch],jjj,sss [,dsname] [,mediatype][,no worm]}

Explanation

Please refer to the explanation in message IEC501E "Explanation" on page 626

Routing code

3,5/4,6

Descriptor code

2

IEC501E

{M dev,ser [,labtyp] [,den],jjj,sss [,dsname] [,mediatype] | M ddd,ser [,labtyp] [,trtch],jjj,sss [,dsname] }[,mediatype]

Explanation

Note: For Automated Tape Library dataservers (including Virtual Tape Servers), messages IEC501A and IEC501E are not issued to any operator console. They are only issued to the System Log.

M indicates that a volume is to be mounted on the device:

- If ser is a 6-digit serial number, the volume with that serial number is to be mounted on device dev.
- If ser is SCRTCH, a public scratch volume is to be mounted. SCRTCH is used when the dataset being created on the non-specific volume is temporary [DISP=(NEW,DELETE) or DSN=&&temporare].
- If ser is PRIVAT, a private scratch volume is to be mounted. PRIVAT is used for all other cases of non-specific volumes.
- If ser begins with L, the volume to be mounted is unlabeled; the number after the first character is an internal serial number assigned by the system to an unlabeled volume. The internal serial is of the form Lxxxyy where

xxx is the data set number (0-999) and yy is the volume sequence number (0-99). The numbers are recycled after they reach the limit.

IEC501A is issued by Open when Allocation has not issued a mount message (that is, when no IEF233A or IEF233D has been issued -- for example, mounts with DEFER coded) and the volume is needed immediately.

IEC501A is issued by EOV when the end of a volume has been reached and the next volume to be processed is needed immediately.

IEC501E is issued by Open or EOV when the volume to be mounted is not needed immediately (this is referred to as a "look-ahead" mount). The volume indicated by ser is the next volume to be processed after the system finishes processing the current volume.

In the message text:

labtyp

Indicates the label type of the mounted volume (either SL, NL, AL, NSL, or BLP) and will appear for tape volumes only.

den

Indicates the density of the volume to be mounted and will appear for tape volumes only.

trtch

Indicates the recording mode as COMP (compaction) or NOCOMP (non-compaction) and will appear for tape volumes only.

jjj

Indicates the job requesting the volume.

SSS

Indicates the job step requesting the volume.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

dsname

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, the *dsname* is of a nontemporary data set requiring the volumes. The data set name will not be specified for data sets being deleted. If the data set name causes the message to exceed 70 characters, the data set name will appear on the second line of the message text.

mediatype

The media type.

System action

If the message ID is IEC501A, the job step waits for the volume to be mounted or until the task reaches time-out. This is independent of whether the original allocation was batch (JCL) or dynamic.

If the message ID is IEC501E, the job step does not wait for the volume to be mounted. If the data set is multi-volume and more than one unit is allocated, but fewer units are allocated than volumes, then all volumes after the first may be requested by EOV via message IEC501E. For example, if a data set consists of three volumes, and two tape drives are requested by UNIT=(TAPE,2), then as soon as End of Volume is reached on volume 1, message IEC502E is issued for volume 1, message IEC501E is issued for volume 3 on that same drive, and the job then starts processing volume 2 immediately, without waiting for the mount for volume 3 to be satisfied. This is independent of whether the original allocation was batch (that is, JCL) or dynamic.

Operator response

If ser is SCRTCH or PRIVAT and the device is a tape unit, make sure that the file protection ring has been inserted in the volume.

Mount the volume on the device. If ser is SCRTCH or PRIVAT and a scratch volume is already on the device, mount another scratch volume. Then ready the device.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0193D, IFG0193E, IFG0194A, IFG0194F, IFG0194K, IFG0195H, IFG0196N, IFG0196T, IFG0196U, IFG0552B, IFG0552F

IEC502E

n dev,ser [,labtyp] [,ddn-c] [,SPACE=ccccc,tttt,aaaa/cccc, tttt],jjj,sss[,dsname][,mediatype], WORM WRITE VIOLATION]

Explanation

Note: For Automated Tape Library dataservers (including Virtual Tape Servers), message IEC502E is not issued to any operator console. It is only issued to the System Log.

The volume on the device is to have the indicated disposition. The disposition (n) is one of the following:

K -

Implies PRIVATE volume; the volume is to be demounted and returned to the library.

D - Implies PUBLIC volume; the volume is to be demounted and used as a scratch volume when the job ends.

RK-

Implies PRIVATE-RETAIN volume; the volume is to be demounted and retained near the system for future use. In the event that the job ends and the volume has not been remounted, return it to the library.

RD-

Implies PUBLIC-RETAIN volume; the volume is to be demounted and retained near the system for future use. In the event that the job ends and the volume has not been remounted, it may be used as a scratch volume.

R -

Implies RETAIN volume; the volume is to be demounted and retained near the system for future use. In the event that the job ends and the volume has not been remounted, the operator must determine what disposition to give to the volume. This message will appear if a volume is rejected because it is not the volume requested (for example, a conflict in the label, label type, or density).

If the serial number is blank, O/C/EOV look ahead mount has found a premounted and unverified (UCBVOLI=ZEROS) volume on the next available unit. Operator intervention is required to verify that the proper volume is mounted.

If the serial number is a 6-digit serial number, the volume with that serial number is to be demounted from the device.

If the serial number begins with L, the volume to be demounted is unlabeled; the number after the first character is an internal serial number assigned by the system to an unlabeled volume. The internal serial number is of the form Laaabb where aaa is the data set number (0-999) and bb is the volume sequence number (0-999). The numbers are recycled after they reach the limit.

In the message text, labtyp indicates the label type of the demounted volume (either SL, AL, NL, or NSL) and will appear for tape volumes only).

The reason for demounting is as follows:

C

Reason for Demounting

1

For ISO/ANSI Version 1: The accessibility field of the volume label contains a nonblank character, which means the volume is data set password protected and may not be processed by the operating system.

For ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4: The accessibility code in the volume label is not acceptable for further processing because of one of the following:

- 1. It is not a blank.
- 2. It is not an *uppercase A through Z.
- 3. It was rejected by the volume access exit *(for A through Z).

Note: *For Version 4, the allowable characters are: Uppercase A-Z, number 0-9, and special characters! * " % & '() + , - . / : ; < = >?_

2

For ISO/ANSI Version 1:The accessibility field of the volume label contains a nonblank character other than the character 1, which means the file may not be processed by the operating system.

For ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4: The accessibility code in the first data set label (for example, HDR1) is:

- A character that is not acceptable for further processing because:
 - It is not a blank, not an *uppercase A through Z, or not an MVS-recognized numeric, that is, a 1 or 3 with system code IBMZLA.
 - It was rejected by the file access exit *(for A through Z).
 - It was accepted, but the ACCODE value *(A through Z) was rejected by the file access exit.
 - Blank, but the ACCODE value for an output data set was rejected by the file access exit.

Note: *For Version 4, the allowable characters are: Uppercase A-Z, number 0-9, and special characters! * " % & '() + , - . / : ; < = > ? _

3

The system cannot process the volume which is recorded in ASCII. The system has been modified when the CVTASCII bit was set to zero.

4

The control program has determined that conflicting data control block (DCB) attributes have been used to define the data set on the volume. Some of the conflicting attributes are:

- BUFOFF greater than 99.
- BUFOFF equal to L on OUTPUT or OUTIN.
- BUFOFF equal to L and RECFM not equal to D.
- OPTCD not equal to Q and LABEL equal to AL or LABEL equal to AUL.
- OPTCD not equal to Q and RECFM equal to D.
- OPTCD equal to Q and DSORG not equal to PS.
- OPTCD equal to Q and RECFM equal to V.
- LABEL equal to AL or AUL specified for a 7-track tape device.

5

This message follows IEC512I when the system detects violation of a label standard and the installation label validation exit issues a return code indicating the volume should be rejected. An abnormal end follows.

6

The volume contains an ISO/ANSI volume label that is not supported. To be processed as an ISO/ANSI volume, the volume label must contain a 1, 3, or 4 to specify Version 1, Version 3, or Version 4 in character position 80. An output request to a data set other than the first data set of an ISO/ANSI Version 1 tape is not supported.

7

The volume was rejected by the operator in response to a WTOR.

8

A volume label conflict was detected during manual-mode processing in an IBM 3495 Tape Library Dataserver. A subsequent mount will be issued to allow verification of the tape volume.

9

The volume serial number of the mounted or operator supplied volume serial to be used in labeling a scratch volume in an MTLDS is not defined in the tape configuration database. The volume is dismounted and a mount message reissued.

10

The volume serial number of the mounted or operator supplied volume serial to be used in labeling a scratch volume in an MTLDS is defined in the tape configuration database but does not reside in this MTLDS. The volume is rejected and another mount request is issued.

11

The volume serial number of the mounted or operator supplied volume serial to be used in labeling a scratch volume in an MTLDS is defined as a private volume in the tape configuration database.

12

NL specific volume serial was requested for input, but the volume is a labeled volume (either ISO/ANSI or IBM) and the ATL is in manual mode. Verify that the correct volume is mounted.

13

The volume serial number of the mounted volume is already enqueued. Verify that the volume mounted matches the volume requested.

14

The mounted 3590 cartridge is either an unsupported media type or medium length.

If the tape mounted was for a non-specific mount request, SCRATCH, demount the cartridge and select another. Verify that the correct volume is mounted for a specific mount request, private. If it was the correct volume the mount request may have to cancelled.

15

The mounted 3590 cartridge is unformatted and it must be formatted prior to its use. The mounted volume will be demounted and a subsequent mount reissued.

If the tape mounted was for a non-specific mount request, SCRATCH, demount the cartridge and select another. Verify that the mounted volume is the correct for a specific mount request, private. If it was the correct volume the mount request may have to cancelled.

60

A private labeled (SL or AL) IBM 3494 (ATL) volume is mounted for input processing and the request was for a NL volume while the ATL is in automatic mode.

In the message text, jjj indicates the job demounting the volume and sss indicates the job step demounting the volume.

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, dsname indicates the data set requesting the volume.

If a MONITOR SPACE command is active and the device is a direct access device, the SPACE parameter will appear:

cccc

Total number of free cylinders on the volume.

tttt

Total number of tracks in addition to free cylinders.

aaaa

Total number of free extents.

ccc,tttt

Largest contiguous free area in cylinders and tracks.

ddname

Specifies the DDNAME of the JCL requesting the volume.

C

Specifies the reason for demounting.

If the error occurred during the listing of the parameters in the SPACE field, one of the following messages is specified:

- LSPACE-PERMANENT I/O ERROR
- LSPACE-NON-STANDARD OS VOLUME
- LSPACE-NOT A DIRECT ACCESS VOL
- LSPACE-INVALID PARAMETER

System action

The volume is unloaded if the device is a tape drive. If the device is a direct access unit, I/O to the device is inhibited.

Operator response

Demount the volume and mark the serial number and label type on the volume and perform the indicated disposition. If LSPACE-PERMANENT I/O ERROR appears in the message text, a permanent I/O error was encountered while trying to read the VTOC. Run the IEHLIST utility program to list the VTOC of the volume specified by *ser* or *dev*.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If ddn-c appears in the message text, the volume was probably demounted due to a programming error or operator error. Respond as follows, if:

c=1

Insure that the indicated JCL statement indicated the correct volume.

c=2

Make sure that the correct file and volume are being mounted.

c=3

Determine how the CVT was modified and correct the error.

c=4

Insure that the data control block attributes do not conflict.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194A, IFG0194F, IFG0195N, IFG0195K, IFG0553F, IFG019RA, IGG0290F

Routing code

4

Descriptor code

2

IEC503I

ERROR WAS DETECTED IN AN IBM TAPE LIBRARY, dev, ser, jjj [,sss]

Explanation

The CBRXLACS service returned an unsuccessful return and reason code. This message is a multi-line write to operator (MLWTO) and will be accompanied by other messages, inserted as secondary lines, describing the nature of the error detected by CBRXLACS.

System action

Abnormally ends the task.

System programmer response

Contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194J

Routing code

4

Descriptor code

2,10

IEC504I

CBRXLACS DETECTED AN ERROR LACS RC = rtncde LACS RS = reasoncde [SERVICE RC = rtncde] [SERVICE RS = reasoncde]

Explanation

The system encountered an error in the ERRTEXT function of the CBRXLACS service. The error occurred while the system was trying to retrieve text associated with a previous error in the CBRXLACS service.

In the message text:

rtncode

The return code

reasoncde

The reason code

System action

Abnormally ends the task.

System programmer response

Contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason codes.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194J

Routing code

4

Descriptor code

2,10

IEC505I

ERROR DETECTED BY IEEMIFSV RC = rtncde RE = reasoncde

Explanation

A call to a message buffer manager (IEEMIFSV) service was unsuccessful. The return and reason codes are displayed for diagnostic purposes only. The call was in response to an error encountered while processing a tape library cartridge.

In the message text:

rtncode

The return code

reasoncde

The reason code

System action

Halts the task.

Programmer response

Contact your installation support personnel for assistance.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194J

Routing code

4

Descriptor code

2,10

IEC507D

E dev,ser,jjj,sss,dsname[,NEVEREXPIRE]REPLY 'U'-USE OR 'M'-UNLOAD

Explanation

E indicates that a program intended to write on the volume indicated on the device. However, the expiration date for the data set has not passed. If NEVEREXPIRE appears in message text, the expiration date for the data set is set to never expire (for example, set to 99365 or 99366).

In the message text:

jjj

Indicates the job requesting the volume.

SSS

Indicates the job step requesting the volume.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number. One of the following:

- a specific tape volume serial number
- SCRTCH
- PRIVAT

SCRTCH or PRIVAT indicate non-specific volume requests. SCRTCH is used when the dataset being created on the non-specific volume is temporary [DISP=(NEW,DELETE) or DSN=&&tempname]. PRIVAT is used for all other cases of non-specific volumes.

dsname

The data set name.

System action

The job step waits for the operator to reply U or M, or until the task reaches time-out.

Operator response

If the expiration date of the indicated data set is to be ignored and the program has authorization to write on the data set, enter REPLY xx, 'U' in response to this message.

If the expiration date of the indicated data set is to be honored or if the program is not authorized to write on the data set, enter REPLY xx, 'M' in response to this message. If another volume can be used, that is, if the program originally requested a SCRTCH or PRIVAT volume, the system will then request that a new volume be mounted. However, if another volume cannot be used, the system will end the job step. **Attention:** If *dev* is a direct access device, do not enter REPLY xx, 'M' unless you have the proper authorization. Instead, use the CANCEL command to end the job step and notify the system programmer that the expiration date on the data set has not been reached.

Normally, the operator should end any job attempting to update a system data set or otherwise authorized data set if this message is issued. However, the operator may respond with REPLY xx,'U' if so instructed by a programmer with proper authorization. An authorized programmer desiring to update a system data set should notify the operator of his intentions and make sure that no other concurrently running job can have access to the data set. If you want to remove expiration date protection from the data set, specify LABEL=RETPD=0 in the JCL next time the data set is created. Subsequently, the message will not appear.

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

If this message is issued for a DASD data set with an expiration date, **EXPIRATION_MESSAGE** in the **DEVSUP**xx parmlib can be set to "NEVER", which will disable expiration date processing for non-VSAM data sets on DASD. For more information about the **DEVSUP**xx parmlib member, see <u>DEVSUP</u>xx (device support options) in z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194C

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

IEC509A

F dev,ser,jjj,sss [,dsname]

Explanation

F indicates that the tape volume indicated on the device is file-protected. That is, a program attempted to write on the volume but its file protection ring is not inserted or the tab is set to prevent a write, so it can only be read.

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, dsname indicates the data set requesting the volume.

In the message text:

jjj

Indicates the job requesting the volume.

SSS

Indicates the job step requesting the volume.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number. One of the following:

- · A specific tape volume serial number
- SCRTCH
- PRIVAT

SCRTCH or PRIVAT indicate non-specific volume requests. SCRTCH is used when the dataset being created on the non-specific volume is temporary [DISP=(NEW,DELETE) or DSN=&&tempname]. PRIVAT is used for all other cases of non-specific volumes.

dsname

The data set name.

System action

The volume is rewound, the device is unloaded and the job step waits for the operator to remount the volume or until the task reaches time-out. If a volume is mounted without its file protect ring, it will again be unloaded, and this message will be reissued.

Operator response

If the volume specified by ser was mounted in response to a request for SCRTCH or PRIVAT, determine if the volume mounted was in fact a scratch volume. If so, insert a file-protect ring or set the tab, remount the volume, and ready the device. If the volume is not a scratch volume, obtain one and mount it on the device with its file-protection ring inserted.

If the volume specified by ser was not mounted in response to a request for SCRTCH or PRIVAT and if the program is authorized to write on the volume, insert a file-protection ring, remount the volume, and ready the device. If the program is not authorized to write on the volume, the CANCEL command should be used to end the task and the installation's system programmer notified.

Normally, the operator should end any job attempting to update a system data set or otherwise authorized data set, if this message is issued. However, the operator may insert the file-protect ring and remount the volume if so instructed by a programmer with proper authorization. An authorized programmer desiring to update a system data set should notify the operator of his intentions.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194F

Routing code

3,5

Descriptor code

2

IEC510D

F dev, ser, jjj, sss, [, dsname] REPLY 'U'-USE OR 'F'-UNLOAD

Explanation

F indicates that the tape volume indicated on the device is file-protected. That is, a program may be attempting to write on the volume but its file-protection ring is not inserted or the tab is set to prevent a write, so it can only be read.

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, **dsname** indicates the data set requesting the volume.

In the message text:

jjj

Indicates the job requesting the volume.

SSS

Indicates the job step requesting the volume.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number. One of the following:

- · A specific tape volume serial number
- SCRTCH
- PRIVAT

SCRTCH or PRIVAT indicate non-specific volume requests. SCRTCH is used when the dataset being created on the non-specific volume is temporary [DISP=(NEW,DELETE) or DSN=&&tempname]. PRIVAT is used for all other cases of non-specific volumes.

dsname

The data set name.

System action

The job step waits for the operator to reply 'U' or 'F' or until the task reaches time-out.

Operator response

Determine which one of the following conditions applies to the volume specified by *ser* and then complete the instructions for that specific condition:

- 1. The volume is mounted on an Automatic Cartridge Loader (ACL);
- 2. The volume is not mounted on an ACL became mounted due to a SCRTCH or PRIVAT request; or
- 3. The volume is not mounted on an ACL and became mounted due to a request other than SCRTCH or PRIVAT.

For condition 1, determine if the program is authorized to write on the volume. If the program is authorized, set the Automatic Cartridge Loader in manual mode, and follow these instructions in order:

- Enter REPLY xx, 'F' to rewind the volume and unload the device;
- · Insert a file-protection ring into the volume; and
- Remount the volume and ready the device to its previous mode.

If the program is not authorized to write on the volume, enter REPLY xx, 'U'. If the volume is being opened for inout processing, the system will use the volume for input processing only. If the volume is being opened for output or outin processing and this is a scratch volume, the system will rewind the volume, unload the unit, and request a new volume be mounted. Otherwise, the system will terminate the jobstep.

If the tape cartridge is mounted on a manual tape library dataserver device, make the device 'not ready' and follow these instructions in order:

- Manually unload the tape cartridge.
- Unprotect the tape cartridge by rotating the file protect thumbwheel.
- Remount the volume and ready the device to its previous mode.
- Reply 'U' to use the tape cartridge.

For condition 2, determine if the program is authorized to write on the volume. If the program is authorized, determine whether *ser* is a scratch volume and follow these instructions in order:

- Enter REPLY xx, 'F' to rewind the volume and unload the device;
- If ser is a scratch volume,
 - Insert a file-protection ring into the volume; and
 - Remount the volume and ready the device.
- If ser is not a scratch volume,
 - Obtain a scratch volume with its file-protection ring inserted; and
 - Mount the scratch volume and ready the device.

If the program is not authorized to write on the volume, enter REPLY xx, 'U'. The system will use the volume for input processing only.

If the serial number is not a scratch volume, obtain one with its file-protection ring inserted, and mount it on the device.

For condition 3, determine whether the program is authorized to write on the volume. If the program is authorized, follow these instructions in order:

- enter REPLY xx, 'F' to rewind the volume and unload the device;
- insert a file-protection ring into the volume; and
- remount the volume and ready the device.

If the program is not authorized to write on the volume, enter REPLY xx,'U'. The system will use the volume for input processing only. If the user is not authorized to write on the volume and the response is REPLY XX,'U' and the program is attempting to write on the volume, the system will repeat message IEC510D.

An authorized programmer desiring to write on a file-protected volume should notify the operator of his intentions.

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194F

Routing code

3,5

Descriptor code

2

IEC512I

{I/O ERR | LBL ERR | SEC VOL | DUP VOL | LBL STD} dev, ser[,labtyp] [,ser] [,labtyp],jjj,sss [,dsname] LBL [UNI] STD dev,ser[,reason] [,labid-postn],jjj,sss [,dsname], VRSN [,VMM]

Explanation

An error has been detected processing the volume on the device.

If I/O ERR appears in the message text, an uncorrectable input/output error occurred while processing labels on the volume. If this is an uninitialized tape and tapevol protection is active, this message will be issued and the volume will be rejected because the system is not capable of identifying the tape for a protection check. In this case, a not capable error also will be received (IOS000I NCA).

If the tape is an output tape, the tape label has probably been destroyed. The tape must be relabeled or reinitialized with a tape mark before it can be used again.

If LBL ERR appears in the message text, the mounted volume has a different volume serial number or label attribute than the requested volume. The mounted volume is identified by the first ser in the message and the requested volume is identified by the second ser. If UNI appears in the message text, an uninitialized or

degaussed tape cartridge is mounted. Additional messages will be issued to change the label or dismount the tape. When VRSN is specified, an ISO/ANSI version conflict has been detected. Either the version is not a supported version, or there is a conflict between the mounted version and the requested version. The supported versions are 1, 3, and 4.

If SEC VOL appears in the message text, data set password protected tape volume *ser* was mounted on tape device *dev*. One of the following occurred:

- The program was attempting to process the volume as NL or NSL; LABEL=NL or LABEL=NSL was specified on the JCL.
- The data set name on the tape did not match the data set name specified by the DSN parameter in the JCL.
- The label is ISO/ANSI Version 1 or version x, but the accessibility code is not blank.
- The label is ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4, but the accessibility code is an incorrect character *(not uppercase A through Z).

Note: *For Version 4, the allowable characters are: Uppercase A-Z, number 0-9, and special characters! * " % & '() + , -/:; < = >?_

- The label is ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4, but the VOL1 accessibility code was rejected by the ISO/ANSI volume access exit.
- The label is ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4, but the HDR1 accessibility code was rejected by the ISO/ANSI file access exit.
- The label is ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4, but the HDR1 accessibility code indicated password protection.
- The label is ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4, but RACF or RACHECK installation exits did not authorize access.

If DUP VOL appears in the message text, end-of-volume has detected that the volser of the volume mounted to satisfy a non specific mount request already exists in the JFCB volume list. End-of-volume will demount the volume and reissue the non specific mount request.

If DUP VOL appears in the message text, the mounted volume has previously been mounted in the same job to satisfy a nonspecific mount request. Duplicate volume serial numbers in the JFCB volume list are not allowed. Subsequent messages indicate the disposition and ask that a volume be mounted.

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, dsname indicates the data set requesting the volume.

If LBL STD appears in the message text, an error was detected during validation of a label. The error is a direct violation of, or a conflict in system support for, the published standards for the label and its associated file structure. *DFSMS Using Magnetic Tapes* describes the specifications and processing of tape labels.

If VMM (Volser MisMatch) appears in the message text, a nonspecific mount request in an automated tape library resulted in a difference between the internal volume serial number of the VOL1 label, and the external volume serial number.

In the message text, reason is one of the following:

Reason

Validation Error Detected

DATA

An incorrect character type. For example, an alphabetic character is found in a numeric field.

RANG

A value out of bounds, unknown, or unsupported. For example, the specified block size is unsupported.

ALGN

Data incorrectly aligned. For example, an alphabetic field is not left-justified.

SEOU

A label out of sequence.

VRSN

A label version that is not supported. That is, the label on a mounted tape is not compatible with the system's tape labeling requirements.

DUPL

A duplicate data set name found during data set positioning.

DATE

A file set contains a data set immediately before the requested data set on the same volume with an expiration date lower than the expiration date of the data set to be written.

SYMM

A request that will result in an unmatching or unsymmetrical set of labels and/or inconsistent file structure.

labid is the label identifier, for example, VOL1. The identifier is followed in the message text by a slash (/) to signify that the label was about to be written when the error was detected.

The labid field is blank when a reliable label is not available, for example, when reason is SYMM.

For DATA, RANG, or ALGN reasons, postn in the message text is the character position within the label when a validation error is detected. The postn value can indicate an error in an existing label or in data used to construct a new label.

For DUPL, DATE, or SEQU reasons, postn is the file sequence number relative to the beginning of the current volume.

For a VRSN reason, postn is the version character from VOL1 position 80.

postn is ACCODE if the file accessibility code supplied by the user job step is incorrect. A value of 254+ in the message indicates a file sequence number greater than 254.

For a SYMM reason, postn is blank in the message text because a specific error location is not available. This can occur when a data set is opened for MOD (OLD OUTPUT/OUTIN), INOUT, OUTINX, or EXTEND.

In the message text:

jjj

Names the job requesting the volume.

SSS

Names the job step requesting the volume.

ser

The volume serial number. One of the following:

- A specific tape volume serial number
- SCRTCH
- PRIVAT

SCRTCH or PRIVAT indicate non-specific volume requests. SCRTCH is used when the dataset being created on the non-specific volume is temporary [DISP=(NEW,DELETE) or DSN=&&tempname]. PRIVAT is used for all other cases of non-specific volumes.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

dsname

The data set name.

labtyp

The label type of the mounted volume (either SL, NL, AL, or NSL) and will appear for tape volumes only.

labid-postn

The label identification and position.

reason

The reason code.

System action

If I/O ERR or SEC VOL appears in the message text, the system rewinds the volume and unloads the unit. If the original request was for a SCRTCH or PRIVAT volume, the system requests a new volume. Otherwise, the system ends the job step.

If LBL STD appears in the message text and VRSN does not, the installation label validation exit is entered to determine further processing. If both LBL STD and VRSN appear in the message text, the system does one of the following:

- Enters the volume label editor, if the volume is being used for output to the first data set (except extending the data set, such as DISP=MOD).
- Rejects the volume for all other output requests.
- Rejects the volume for all input requests. Input volumes with label versions other than the supported versions are rejected.

Operator response

If I/O ERR, LBL ERR, or SEC VOL appears in the message, respond as indicated in subsequent messages.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

If LBL STD appears in the message, reasons DATA, RANG, or ALGN indicate an ISO/ANSI Version 3 or Version 4 standards violation in label labid at position postn. Correct the label before rerunning the job.

Reason RANG with postn ACCODE indicates that the ACCODE value specified in the JCL is not a valid character. Specify only * uppercase alphabetic characters (A-Z) for an ACCODE value. ACCODE from JCL can be one to eight characters, but only the first character is processed.

Note: *For Version 4, the allowable characters are: Uppercase A-Z, number 0-9, and special characters! * " % & ' () + , -/:; < = >?_

If LBL STD appears in the message text, reasons SEQU, DUPL, or DATE indicate an error during positioning of the tape to the requested data set. The error was detected at the file number indicated in postn, relative to the beginning of the volume. A postn value of 254+ means that the problem occurred at a data set beyond the 254th data set on the volume. The labid with a DATE reason is the label identifier of the previous data set's trailing label, which was used to compare the expiration date sequence. Correct the source of the violation before rerunning the job.

If LBL STD appears in the message text, reason SYMM indicates that specifications for the data set will produce unsymmetrical ISO/ANSI labels framing the data set, or that the ISO/ANSI label will not match its counterpart at the end of the data set. Some mismatches are allowed by the ISO/ANSI standard, such as block length and reserved for system use. In the message, labid and postn are blank. A SYMM violation results from:

- DISP=(MOD,...) for an existing output data set, including OUTIN.
- Open for EXTEND, OUTINX, or INOUT.
- Using an EXCP DCB without at least a four-word device-dependent area, to maintain a tape block count.

Correct the violation, and rerun the job.

If LBL STD appears in the message text, reason VRSN indicates that the system cannot process the mounted volume, which contains an ISO/ANSI label with a version other than 3 or 4 indicated. The version code contained in the VOL1 label on the mounted volume is displayed as postn in the message. An ISO/ANSI labeled volume cannot be processed when:

- The volume is being processed for input and the version number is not 1, 3, or 4.
- The volume is being processed for output to other than the first data set and the version is not 3 or 4.

Correct the violation and rerun the job. A version 3 or version 4 ISO/ANSI label can be created by using the IEHINITT utility program.

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0193D

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEC513D

I/O ERR,dev,ser, labtyp,jjj,sss [,dsname]

Explanation

I/O ERR indicates that an I/O error occurred writing the labels specified, on a tape volume specified on the unit. REPLY 'U'-ABEND OR 'M'-MOUNT SCRATCH

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

labtyp

The label type of the mounted volume (either SL, NL, AL, or NSL).

SSS

The step name.

jjj

The job name.

dsname

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, indicates the data set requesting the volume.

System action

The job step waits for the operator to reply U or M or until the task reaches time-out.

Operator response

The operator must determine if a new volume may be substituted for the one specified by ser in the message. If so, REPLY xx,'M' to dismount the tape and issue a mount message for a new volume to be labeled the same as the first. If a new volume may not be substituted or if private tapes were supplied to run the job REPLY xx'U' to ABEND the job with a message indicating that an I/O ERROR occurred. Note: A reply of M will result in creating two tapes with the same volume serial number.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

C	^	u	r	^	0
J	u	u		u	C

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194A

Routing code

1,10

Descriptor code

2

IEC514D

DCK OR LBL ERR, dev, ser, jjj, sss [, dsname]

Explanation

One of the following caused the error:

- During tape volume verification, a data check occurred in open or end of volume (EOV) processing.
- The wrong volume (label type or volume serial number) was mounted.

In both cases the mount request is for a specific labeled tape volume. When the error is for a label, two specific mount requests have previously been issued for the volume specified by *ser*.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

jjj

The job requesting the volume.

SSS

The job step requesting the volume.

dsname

Appears when a MONITOR DSNAME command is active to indicate the data set requesting the volume.

System action

The job step waits for the operator to reply or until the task reaches the maximum time limit.

Operator response

Reply M for open or EOV processing to continue to process the mounted volume. If another data check or label error is detected, this may result in a volume demount followed by another MOUNT request for the volume specified by *ser*.

Reply A to abend the task, abend X'413' with a return code of X'OC' for OPEN processing, abend X'637' with a return code of X'34' for EOV processing. The abend option provides an alternative to cancelling the job when the specific labeled tape mount request cannot be satisfied.

Note: If the message is issued because of a data check, and if writing to file sequence 1, the label editor routines can be entered to allow relabeling the volume.

Source

Data Facility Product (DFP)

IEC515I

HIPERBATCH CACHING IS QUIESCED FOR ALL DATA SETS. MAX NUMBER OF CACHED DATA SETS HAS BEEN REACHED.

Explanation

All of the data set entries in the hiperbatch caching global table (GCT) have been filled. No additional data sets can be cached except retained Virtual Storage Access Method (VSAM) data sets in CREATE (LOAD) mode, and those only after a data set entry becomes available. Caching will continue for those data sets already opened and connected. Caching will also be done for new opens if the CGT already contains an entry for that data set.

Operator response

To re-establish full hiperbatch caching capabilities, you must re-IPL the system.

System programmer response

You can change the size of the CGT to allow for more data set entries using the data lookaside facility (DLF) installation exit routine. The change would take effect after the next IPL.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC517A

HIPERBATCH IS QUIESCED FOR ALL DATA SETS. HIPERBATCH RECOVERY LIMIT HAS BEEN EXCEEDED.

Explanation

Hiperbatch has failed and attempted to recover more times than it is allowed. Caching via Hiperbatch is now stopped for all data sets.

System action

The system stops caching via Hiperbatch for all data sets, but the system continues processing.

System programmer response

To re-establish full Hiperbatch caching capabilities, reIPL the system.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGOVUTL, IGGOJOPN, IGGOJCLS, IGGOJSIO, IGGOJIOC, IGGOJSTL, IGGOJMRM

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

Δ

IEC518I

SOFTWARE ERRSTAT; errstat ddd,volser,labtyp, jn,sn

Explanation

The SMS tape volume identified by 'volser' in the message text is associated with the error status identified by 'errstat' in the message text.

In the message text:

errstat

The volume error status, as follows:

ANSILAB

ANSI label not supported.

CHECKPT

Attempt to access secure checkpoint volume.

DAMAGED

Cartridge is physically damaged and leader block may be missing.

DUPMOUNT

Volume with same volser already mounted.

INTLABEL

Volume label cannot be read.

LABTYPE

Invalid volume label type, neither standard nor ANSI.

LBLNOEQ

Private internal volser does not match the specifically requested MTL volser.

LNGTHERR

Cartridge length exceeds maximum volume length.

MEDIAMNT

Media type does not match the type specified for the scratch volume mount request.

MED2MNT

Media 2 cartridge mounted on non-media 2 capable device.

MLNOMTL

Volume does not reside in this Manual Tape Library.

MLNOSCR

MTL volume use attribute is not scratch.

MLNOTVR

No TCDB TVR entry exists for this MTL volume.

NOMATCH

Internal and external volume labels do not match.

PASSPROT

Attempt to access password-protected volume.

RACFPROT

Attempt to access SAF/RACF-protected volume.

REJTMS

Volume rejected by the tape management system.

REJUSER

Volume rejected by the user's DCB exit or label editing routine.

UNEXPIR

Attempt to write over unexpired data.

UNFORMAT

Volume has not been formatted with servo tracks.

WRITPROT

Attempt to write on write-protected volume.

WRONGVOL

Library mounted different volume when this volume was requested.

18TRKMNT

18 track recorded media mounted on 36 track device and attempting to write beyond load point.

36TRKMNT

36 track recorded media mounted on 18 track device.

ddd

The device name.

volser

The volume serial number.

labtyp

The label type of the mounted volume (either SL, NL, AL, or NSL).

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

System action

Processing continues. The system may demount the volume and issue another mount, or an abend may be detected depending on prevailing job characteristics.

System programmer response

Validate error category as expected and determine if error category describes a media problem or library subsystem error. System command D SMS,VOLUME(volser) will provide additional volume status. Resetting the scratch error status reactivates the volume's scratch pool status. Changing the volume use attribute from scratch to scratch will reset the scratch error status. See section "TCDB Volume Error Status and Software Error Category" in z/OS DFSMS OAM Planning, Installation, and Storage Administration Guide for Tape Libraries.

Programmer response

Report software error category to library subsystem administrator.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

Varies

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC519A

dev, jjj, sss, dsname MTL SCRATCH MOUNT: VOLSER REQUIRED REPLY 'EXTERNAL SERIAL' THENREMOUNT THE SAMEVOLUME

Explanation

The external volume serial number of the volume mounted on the MTL (Manual Tape Library) tape drive is required.

In the message text:

dev

The tape device number.

jjj

Indicates the job name.

SSS

Indicates the job step name.

dsname

The data set name.

System action

The job step waits for the operator to reply with the external volume serial number, or until the task reaches time-out.

Operator response

The volume has just been unloaded. Note the external volume serial number on the outside of the cartridge and reply with this volume serial number. Remount this volume when prompted through message IEC501A.

Module

IFG0194K

IEC520I

dev,jjj,sss,volser WARNING: TAPE VOLUME CONTAINS DATA BEYOND THE NON-EXTENDED CAPACITY LIMIT.

Explanation

The volume mounted on a 3590 device in 3490-E emulation contains data beyond the compatibility capacity limit. The device is capable of extended capacity operation, but the application did not request extended capacity mode through the DCBE macro.

In the message text:

dev

The device name

jjj

The job name

SSS

The step name

volser

The volume serial number

System action

Processing continues, but the system will issue an ABEND 137-0C code if the application attempts to read data beyond the capacity of the device being emulated.

Operator response

None

System programmer response

None

Programmer response

To access this data on a 3590 device in 3490-E emulation, the application must either request extended capacity through the CAPACITYMODE parameter of the DCBE macro or use QSAM to read the data.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194J

IEC521I

dev,jjj,sss,ser Warning: Library default policy names assigned in place of ACS constructs: SG=sg SC=sc [DC=dc MC=mc]

Explanation

During tape OPEN volume verification processing for file sequence 1 with DISP=NEW, the library was unable to assign construct names from the automatic class selection (ACS) routine. Consequently, the library sets policy names for the mounted volume to the default policy name. Even though the default policy names might be associated with the volume, the default policy actions might not always be used. There are times when the library will bind policy actions (for example, logical WORM, volume size, copy modes, and so on.) to the volume early in the mount process. In this case, the policy actions used by the library might be a mixture of both the requested and the default actions.

Either the library incurred an internal processing error and could not assign the specified policy names to the volume, or a policy name was to be created (not already defined for the library) when the maximum number of 255 unique construct names per construct type had already been reached.

This message can also be issued (except file sequence 1, DISP=NEW), if one or more of the construct definitions associated with an existing volume have been removed from the library. Default policy actions will be used for the construct definitions that are not found, and the library will maintain the volume's construct assignments. The default policy name will not be substituted for an unfound construct definition. Also, note that in this special case, the message text does not include the "SG=, SC=, DC= and MC=" values. This information can be obtained by issuing the DISPLAY SMS,VOLUME command.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ser

The volume serial number.

sg

A storage group.

SC

A storage class.

dc

A data class.

mc

A management class.

System action

For file sequence 1, (DISP=NEW), the mount proceeds with the default policy name (blanks) and actions being used for the volume. The default policy name is assigned and used for each construct. For other than file sequence 1, (DISP=NEW), see explanation above.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer.

System programmer response

If the failure was due to a limitation being reached on the number of unique construct names allowed for the library, determine the necessary adjustments to your ACS routines. You can later use the LIBRARY LMPOLICY command to reassign policy names to the volume. If the failure is because of one or more construct definitions being removed from the library, verify whether this was done intentionally. If not, the policy definitions and associated actions can be redefined using the library's management interface.

Programmer response

Contact your system programmer.

Problem determination

Determine the cause of the warning. For an internal processing error, contact the IBM Support Center to determine the cause of the internal processing error at the library.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC522I

dev,jjj,sss,ser Warning: Library default policy names assigned. Previous volser=volser

Explanation

During tape end-of-volume verification processing, the library was unable to assign the automatic class selection (ACS) routine construct names. All volumes of a multivolume data set are to be assigned the same policy names; however, due to an internal processing error at the library, the policy names assigned to the previous volume could not be assigned to the next volume of the multivolume data set. Consequently, the library sets policy names for the mounted volume to the default policy name.

Even though the default policy names might be associated with the volume, the default policy actions might not always be used. There are times when the library will bind policy actions (for example, logical WORM, volume

size, copy modes, and so on) to the volume early in the mount process. In this case, the policy actions used by the library might be a mixture of both the requested and the default actions.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ser

The volume serial number.

volser

The previous volume serial number.

System action

The mount proceeds with the default policy name (blanks) and actions being used for the volume. The default policy name is assigned and used for each construct. From this point forward, all volumes of the multivolume data set might not have the same policy names assigned. For further discussion of the policy actions used by the library, also see the explanation above.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer.

System programmer response

You can later use the LIBRARY LMPOLICY command to reassign policy names to the volume.

Programmer response

Contact your system programmer.

Problem determination

Contact the IBM Support Center to determine the cause of the internal processing error at the library.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC534D

A dev,ser [,labtyp], jjj,sss [,dsname] REPLY 'U'-USE OR 'M'-UNLOAD

Explanation

A indicates that the tape volume on the unit bears a label that is incompatible with the label type specified in the LABEL parameter of the JCL. Permission is being requested to destroy the present label by overwriting it with a Tape Mark. A new label, if required, may be written during further processing.

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, dsname indicates the data set requesting the volume.

In the message text:

jjj

Names the job requesting the volume.

SSS

Names the job step requesting the volume.

ser

The volume serial number. One of the following:

- a specific tape volume serial number
- SCRTCH
- PRIVAT

SCRTCH or PRIVAT indicate non-specific volume requests. SCRTCH is used when the dataset being created on the non-specific volume is temporary [DISP=(NEW,DELETE) or DSN=&&tempname]. PRIVAT is used for all other cases of non-specific volumes.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

dsname

The data set name.

labtyp

The label type of the mounted volume (either SL, NL, AL, or NSL).

System action

The job step waits for the operator to reply U or M, or until the task reaches time-out.

Operator response

If the volume specified by ser was mounted in response to a request for SCRTCH or PRIVAT, determine if the volume mounted was in fact a scratch volume. If so, determine if it is desirable to destroy the label on the volume and create a new label that is compatible with the programmer's request. Enter REPLY xx,'U' to allow the program to destroy the current label on the volume. Enter REPLY xx,'M' to allow the program to reject the currently mounted volume and mount a new volume.

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0193D

Routing code

3,5

2

IEC537I

BLOCK COUNTS: DEVICE | TLABEL=xxxx DCB=yyyy

Explanation

At EOV time, a block count mismatch was detected. The count computed from hardware device information does not match the count computed by the access method or application program. A block count mismatch results in one of three system completion codes:

- abend 237, reason code 0C;
- abend 214, reason code 10; or
- abend 117, reason code 3C.

In the message text:

XXXX

The count computed from either the hardware device information or recorded in the tape label.

уууу

The count computed by the access method or application program.

System action

The system abnormally ends the task, and issues an accompanying message that further describes the error condition. For abend 237, the system issues IEC023I; for abend 214, IEC210I; and for abend 117, IEC218I.

Programmer response

Refer to IEC023I, IEC210I, or IEC218I for an appropriate response.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0200Y

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

-

IEC601D

M dev,ser,jjj,sss - REPLY U OR M

Explanation

M indicates that the volume is to be mounted on the device, so that a data set can be scratched or renamed.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

sei

The volume serial number.

652 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

If the volume can be mounted, enter REPLY xx, 'U'. Then mount the volume and ready the device.

If the volume cannot be mounted but the job step is to continue, enter REPLY xx, 'M'. The system will skip the Scratch or Rename function on this volume.

If the volume cannot be mounted, and the job must not continue unless the data set is scratched or renamed, or unless the volume is scratched, end the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0290F

Routing code

4

Descriptor code

2

IEC602I

text

Explanation

text is

When the system tried to allocate DASD space on volume *ser* on unit *dev*, the volume table of contents (VTOC) conversion routine entered, but failed to convert or repair the VTOC.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

cde

The code.

If the message received matches the first variant of IEC602I, then the value of cde indicates the reason VTOC conversion failed.

Cde 1C

There were insufficient DSCBs available to rebuild the free space chain. The VTOC is full.

Cde 1D

An I/O error occurred.

If the message received matches the second variant of IEC602I, then either the same DASD track or set of tracks are allocated to multiple data sets, or Format 3 DSCBs are incorrectly chained, which can make it appear that the same track or set of tracks are allocated to multiple data sets. This condition can occur if a prior Data Facility Data Set Service (DFdss) defrag operation was abnormally terminated. This can be identified by the existence of a data set on the volume whose name is 'SYS1.DFDSS.DEFRAG.xxxxxxxxx, where xxxxxxxx is eight bytes if 'FF'X. For this variant, in the message text:

EXTENT=cchh

Specifies the first track that appears to be multiply allocated.

DSCB=cchhr-cchhr

Specifies a range of DSCB addresses. Within this range is one of the DSCBs that contains the multiply allocated track(s).

If the message received matches the third variant of IEC602I, then a format-1 or format-3 DSCB was found to have an extent that is invalid. The value of *cde* describes the error found:

Cde 12

DSCB contains an extent that is above the 65,520 Cylinder line but is not a multiple of 21 Cylinders. This indicates an extent error.

Cde 16

DSCB contains a split-cylinder extent. This type of extent is no longer supported..

EXTENT=cchh

Specifies the first track of the extent in error.

DSCB=cchhr

Specifies the address of the DSCB in error.

System action

For Cde 0, 8, and 16, if the error occurred during allocation, the system ends the job; if the error occurred in the middle of a job extending the space allocation to a data set, the system abnormally ends the job.

For Cde 12, the system ends the job.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Analyze the volume to determine the cause of the error.

For Cde 0, if two data sets were allocated to the same space and the overlapping extent is mapped by SYS1.DFDSS.DEFRAG.xxxxxxxx, rerun the DFDSS DEFRAG job. DFDSS will correct the error. Then rerun the job that was ended with this message. If the overlapping extent is not mapped by SYS1.DFDSS.DEFRAG.xxxxxxxxx, scratch one of the data sets allocated to the same space, and run the job again.

For Cde 12 or Cde 16, scratch the data set that is creating the error, and run the job again.

Note: The volume can not be used by MVS until the offending split-cylinder data set has been scratched.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0325P, IGG0325Q, IGG0325R, IGG0325U, IGG0325V, IGG0325W, IGG0325Z

Routing code

4,10

Descriptor code

4

IEC603I

VTOC ERRORS MAY EXIST ON dev, ser, cde, rsnc

Explanation

An unusual condition was encountered in the system routines that update the VTOC on device *ddd*, volume *ser*, which caused the DIRF bit to be set to one, or caused active VTOC recording facility (VRF) data to be left in the VTOC index map, indicating that the VTOC may contain errors:

Cde 0

An I/O or unexpected CVAF error return code error occurred in the DADSM routines Allocate, Extend, Scratch or Partial Release. The routine ended processing, thereby leaving the VTOC in a partially updated state.

Cde 4

The Scratch or Partial Release function of DADSM discovered that the space it was returning to the chain of Format-5 DSCBs which describe the free space on the volume was already present in a format-5 DSCB. Although Scratch or Partial Release was able to successfully process this incorrect data, thereby correcting the situation, other problems may exist on the VTOC.

Cde 8

An I/O error or unexpected CVAF error return code occurred in the DADSM routines (Allocate, Extend, Scratch, Partial Release, Rename) during updating of the VTOC index or the VTOC on an indexed VTOC volume, thereby leaving the indexed VTOC in a partially updated state. DADSM processing is ended.

There is only one decimal reason code **rsnc** associated with message IEC603I.

027

The index data set is full.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

cde

The code.

rsnc

The reason code.

System action

For codes 0 and 8, if the error occurred during allocation, the job is ended. If the error occurred in the middle of a job extending the space allocated to a data set, or a job releasing unused allocated space while closing a data set, the job is abnormally ended. If the error occurred while scratching or renaming a data set, an I/O error is returned. For code 0 the DIRF bit in the format-4 DSCB is set to one; for code 8 the VRF data set is left in the

VTOC index map to indicate that Active VTOC Recording Facility (VTOC) may be in error. A system dump is taken if the cause of the error is an unexpected CVAF error return code.

If code is 4, VTOC updating continues, and if no further errors are encountered, the job continues processing. The DIRF bit in the format-4 DSCB is set to one.

Operator response

Report this message to the system programmer.

For error code 0 or 4, either message IEC602I or message IEC604I will be issued the next time allocation is attempted on this volume. For code 8, which refers to an indexed VTOC, message IEC605I will be issued when the next DADSM VTOC updating function (Allocate, Extend, Scratch, Partial Release, Rename) is performed.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Some attempt should be made to analyze the state of the VTOC on the affected volume.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

4,10

Descriptor code

4

IEC604I

VTOC CONVERT ROUTINE ENTERED ON dev, ser, cde[, DEVMAN]

Explanation

The VTOC conversion function has been entered for volume *ser* on device *dev.* The VTOC conversion function either converts a VTOC from indexed (IXVTOC) format to unindexed (OSVTOC) format or repairs a VTOC in unindexed format that contains incomplete information, or has been damaged. The VTOC conversion function might be entered during any DASD space allocation request for a new data set, or during any request for additional DASD space for an existing data set. The value of *cde* (the code) indicates the reason why VTOC conversion was entered. If the code is DOS, this indicates that VTOC conversion was entered because either a previous allocation was made on the volume using the VSE operating system, or the VTOC was indexed but the Index was disabled. In the former case, the VSE operating system does not maintain all the VTOC information required by MVS™; VTOC conversion will repair the VTOC by establishing the incomplete information. In the latter case, one of the following messages might have preceded this message: IEC606I, IEC608I, IEC609I. If the code is DIRF, this indicates that VTOC conversion was entered because the last request against this volume was prematurely interrupted, leaving the VTOC in a partially updated state.

The VTOC conversion function will repair any inconsistencies within the partially updated VTOC. Message IEC999I might have preceded this message. If the code is anything other than DOS or DIRF, this indicates that the VTOC might have been damaged. VTOC conversion will repair any inconsistencies within the VTOC. In this case, the code value indicates the state of fields within the format 4 DSCB. This information might be of value in determining the cause of the damage to the VTOC. If the code contains the character D, this indicates field DS4DVTOC is on, otherwise field DS4DVTOC is off. If code contains the character I, this indicates field DS4IVTOC

is on, otherwise field DS4IVTOC is off. If the code contains the character G, this indicates field DS4EFVLD is on, otherwise field DS4EFVLD is off. If the code contains the character C, this indicates field DS4DOSBT is on, otherwise field DS4DOSBT is off. The character - has no meaning, and serves merely as a place holder.

If the DEVMAN keyword is present, this indicates that conversion is taking place in the Device Manager Address Space.

The current VTOC conversion routine will also perform the new VTOC validation function and will issue the IEC618I message, and it will reclaim the orphan format-3 DSCBs. In some instances, if the VTOC validation is entered before the VTOC conversion routine (as described in the STAT011_PRESERVE_INDEX parmlib keyword), the same VTOC error messages such as IEC608I will be repeated in the VTOC conversion routine before it will try to reclaim the orphan format-3 DSCBs. After the orphan DSCBs have been reclaimed, the IEC618I message text with ORPHAN FMT-3 DSCB will not be seen. However, the conversion routine will not fix the other IEC618I cases (INCORRECT EXTENTS or DUPLICATE F1 WITH SAME F3?). For these cases, further analysis needs to be done by the system administrator.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

cde

Refer to the code that is described in the explanation part of the IEC604I message.

Examples:

SMS

VTOC VALIDATE entered via SMS VALIDATE command.

DI-O

VTOC VALIDATE entered to convert a disabled indexed VTOC to OSVTOC.

0-F3

VTOC VALIDATE entered due to orphan Format-3s detected.

System action

The VTOC is converted to reestablish certain control information necessary for the operation of the DADSM routines. If this is successful, the requested space is allocated. If VTOC conversion fails, the system issues message IEC602I.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG020P3

Routing code

4, 10

Descriptor code

4

IEC604I

VTOC VALIDATE ENTERED ON DEVICE dev, ser, cde, DEVMAN

Explanation

The current VTOC conversion routine will also perform the VTOC validation function and will issue the IEC618_ message. It will also reclaim the orphan format-3 DSCBs. In some instances, if the VTOC validation is entered before the VTOC conversion routine (as described in the STAT011_PRESERVE_INDEX parmlib keyword), the same VTOC error messages such as IEC608_ may be issued in the VTOC conversion routine before it will try to reclaim the orphan format-3 DSCBs. After the orphan DSCBs have been reclaimed, the IEC618I message text with ORPHAN FMT-3 DSCB will not be seen. However, the conversion routine will not fix the other IEC618_ cases (INCORRECT_EXTENTS or SAME_F3_WITH_DUPLICATE_F1. For these cases, further analysis needs to be done by a system administrator.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

cde

Refer to the code that is described in the explanation part of the IEC604I message.

Examples:

SMS

VTOC VALIDATE entered via SMS VALIDATE command.

DI-O

VTOC VALIDATE entered to convert a disabled indexed VTOC to OSVTOC.

0-F3

VTOC VALIDATE entered due to orphan Format-3s detected.

System action

The VTOC is converted to reestablish certain control information necessary for the operation of the DADSM routines. If this is successful, the requested space is allocated. If VTOC conversion fails, the system issues message IEC602I.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If there are any EC618E or IEC618I messages, refer to the message description and explanation for further details.

Problem determination

An SVC dump of the VTOC may have been taken for further analysis if the VTOC is corrupted.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG020P3

Routing code

4, 10

Descriptor code

4

IEC605I

DADSM VRF RECOVERY ROUTINE ENTERED ON dev, ser,cde

Explanation

The VTOC recording facility (VRF) recovery routine is invoked to recover a DADSM function that was interrupted by a system failure or a permanent I/O error on the device with the indicated volume serial number. The functions for which recovery is attempted are Allocate, Extend, Scratch, Partial Release, and Rename. The interrupted function is indicated by the value of *cde*, as follows:

- 1. Allocate
- 2. Extend
- 3. Scratch
- 4. Partial Release
- 5. Rename
- 6. Function name from DFDSS

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

cde

The code.

System action

The VRF data saved in the VTOC index map is used to recover the interrupted function. The interrupted function either is completed or it is backed out to allow the request which invoked the VRF recovery process to complete its processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

Programmer response

Identify and correct the system problem or the I/O error that interrupted the DADSM function.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG020P1

Routing code

4,10

Descriptor code

4

Explanation

The common VTOC access facility detected an error in VTOC index structure.

In the message text:

dev

Device number.

ser

Volume serial number.

cde

One of the following error codes:

129

The first high-level VIER indicated in the VTOC index map (VIXM) does not have the flag bit set to show that it is the first high-level VIER.

130

A horizontal or vertical VIER pointer is outside the RBA range of the VTOC index.

131

A vertical VIER pointer points to a VIR which is not a VIER. There is an incorrect ID in the header.

132

A level N vertical index entry pointer points to a VIER that is not at level N-1.

133

A level N horizontal index entry pointer points to a VIER that is not at level N.

134

A horizontal VIER or map pointer points to a VIR which is not a VIER or map. There is an incorrect ID in the header.

135

A horizontal map pointer points to a VIR that is not one of the first N VTOC index records (N is recorded in the VIXM field VIMRCDS); or the first record in the VTOC index is not a VIXM.

136

A level-1 index entry contains a CCHHR pointer which is outside the VTOC extent.

137

The first high-level VIER, as indicated in the VIB, does not have the flag bit set indicating that it is the first high-level VIER. The error is recovered from either by updating the VIB from the VIXM, or by changing the error code to 129.

138

The RBA of the VTOC index VIR does not match the RBA recorded in the header of the record.

139

The first record of a map (VIXM, VPSM, or VMDS) is not one of the first N VTOC index records. (N is recorded in the VIXM field VIMRCDS.)

140

The data set name in the level N+1 VIER entry is lower than the high key of the level N VIER pointed to by the level N+1 entry.

141

The VTOC index structure error bit was found set to one in the first high-level VIER.

142

There is an I/O error indicating that the VTOC index is not formatted correctly.

143

Either the index bit is zero or the DOS bit is zero in the format-4 DSCB of a VTOC previously found to be an indexed VTOC.

144

There is no SYS1.VTOCIX.nnn data set name in a VTOC whose format-4 DSCB has the index bit on.

145

The data set name in a level N+1 VIER entry is higher than the high key of the level N VIER pointed to by the level N+1 VIER entry.

146

Four or more high-level VIERs were encountered.

147

There are too many levels in the VTOC index. The search list length, defined in the static text module ICVIXSTO, was exceeded.

148

A VIER is incorrect: the offset to the last section is incorrect.

149

A VIER is incorrect: the offset to the last entry in a section is incorrect.

150

Initialization of the media manager failed.

151

A level 2 or higher VIER contains less than two entries.

152

RECOVER=YES was specified, but the static text module ICVIXST0 indicates that recovery is not permitted.

153

The format-4 DSCB on an indexed VTOC is written with either the index bit or the VSE bit zero.

154

A space map extends over more than 10 VTOC index records.

155

DSN was not found in the section with high key greater than or equal to the DSN key being searched. This section in the VIER is incorrect.

156

The horizontal pointer of VIER1 points to a VIER2 whose high key is lower than or equal to the high key of VIER1.

157

Could not find an entry in a level-2 or higher VIER that matches the high key of the VIER.

158

The VIER header has an incorrect section length or an incorrect number of sections.

159

The first high-level VIER pointed to by the VIB has an incorrect ID in the header.

rba

Relative byte address of the VTOC index record (VIR) that contains a structure error indicated by cde.

secno

If the VIR is a VTOC index entry record (VIER), the number of the VIER section that contains the VIR pointing to the incorrect record.

ofst

Offset into the VIER section of the index entry pointing to the incorrect record.

System action

The VTOC index for the volume is disabled by setting the index bit in the format-4 DSCB to zero and, optionally, the structure error bit in the first high-level VIER to one, indicating an incorrect VTOC index structure. A system dump is taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set, and an entry is made in the logrec data set if the error code is not 141, 143, or 144.

At the next access by DADSM routines to allocate space on the volume, the VTOC is converted to non-indexed format and message IEC604I will be issued. When the system converts the VTOC to non-indexed format, the VSE bit is set to zero and message IEC604I is issued. If the volume is shared with another system, the other system will not reconvert the VTOC because both the VSE bit and the index bit are off. Instead, message IEC606I with error code 141 or 143 is issued and the VTOC is accessed as an MVS VTOC.

System programmer response

Examine the system dump and a print of the VTOC index, and use the information in message IEC606I to determine the cause of the VTOC index structure error.

If the problem persists, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the logrec data set error record.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

ICVCMI00

Routing code

4,10

Descriptor code

4

IEC607I

SPACE NOT RELEASED ON dev, ser, fctn, dsname

Explanation

The system has enforced the single mode regarding rules or has recognized a non-supported recording mode. Single mode recording rules require that all data on a tape volume is written only in COMP mode or only in NOCOMP mode. The mode of the first data that is written on the volume determines the mode for all other data written on the volume.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

fctn

May contain a 1 for scratch or a 2 for partial release.

dsname

The data set name.

System action

The system ends the scratch or partial release function.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

You may take either one of the following two actions:

- 1. Resubmit the request.
- 2. First overwrite any secure data or determine if you need erasure, second, resubmit the request without the erase option.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

9,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC608I

DADSM FUNCTION DISABLED THE VTOC INDEX ON dev, ser,cde,cchhr

Explanation

The VTOC index on the device for the indicated volume serial number was disabled by the DADSM, Allocate, Extend, Scratch or Partial Release function because an error was detected. The error codes and the associated values of cohr are as follows:

Cde 4

The Scratch or Partial Release function discovered that the space to be released is already described as free in the volume pack space map of the indexed VTOC. The cchhr is that of the format-1 DSCB that describes the data set to be scratched or released.

Cde 8

The Scratch or Partial Release function discovered that the DSCB to be released is already described as free in the VTOC map of DSCBs in the VTOC index. The cchhr is that of the format-1, format-2, or format-3 DSCB to be released.

Cde 12

The Scratch function discovered that the CCHHR retrieved from the VTOC index points to a DSCB whose data set name is different from the one retrieved from the index. The cchhr is that of the DSCB.

Cde 16

The Scratch function discovered that the data set to be scratched has more than 16 extents. The cchhr is that of the format-1 DSCB for the data set to be scratched.

Cde 20

The Allocate or Extend function discovered that a DSCB marked unallocated in the VTOC Index, indicating that the DSCB is a Format 0, is not a Format 0 DSCB. The cchhr is that of the DSCB.

Cde 24

Indicates the convert routine detects the disabled index VTOC.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The specified volume serial number.

cde

The code.

cchhr

Describes the data set to be scratched or released.

System action

The index bit in the format-4 DSCB is set to zero causing the VTOC index to be disabled and message IEC608I to be issued. For codes 4, 8, and 16, the request is processed without updating the format-5 DSCBs. If no further error is encountered, the job continues to run.

For codes 12 and 20, processing of the request is ended with an I/O error return code, after disabling the VTOC index. The VSE bit is left on to cause the VTOC conversion routine to be called the next time the Allocate or the Extend function is invoked and message IEC604I to be issued.

System programmer response

Take a print of the VTOC and the VTOC index to determine the cause of the error. The problem can be caused by the volume being processed on another system without Indexed VTOC support, without first converting the volume from an Indexed VTOC volume to a non-Indexed VTOC volume.

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG020P2, IGG0290A, IGG0299A, IGG0325E, IGG032I3, IGG032I4, IGG032I5, IGG0553C

Routing code

4.10

Descriptor code

4

IEC609I

DADSM VRF RECOVERY ROUTINE DISABLED THE VTOC INDEX ON dev,ser,fctn,cde

Explanation

The DADSM VTOC recording facility (VRF) recovery routines detected an error in the VRF data in the VTOC index map during recovery of an interrupted DADSM function. The VTOC index is disabled on the device for the volume serial number. The function the VRF recovery routine was trying to recover from is indicated by the function indicated, as follows:

- 1. Allocate
- 2. Extend
- 3. Scratch
- 4. Partial Release
- 5. Rename
- 6. Function name from DFDSS

The code field contains one of the following error codes:

0

DSN in the format-1 DSCB is not the same as DSN in the VRF data.

4

The format-3 CCHHR in the format-1 or format-2 DSCB is not the same as the format-3 CCHHR in the VRF data.

8

The number of extents shown in the format-1 DSCB does not agree with the number of extents in the VRF data extent table.

12

The number of extents shown in the format-1 DSCB is less than the number of primary extents in the VRF data.

16

The CCHHR in the VTOC index for the format-1 DSCB is not the same as the format-1 CCHHR in the VRF data.

20

The VRF function code is incorrect, or the module required for the function is not available.

24

An unexpected return code (4) was received from a CVAF call. The probable cause is erroneous VRF data.

28

An unexpected return code (4 or 12) was received from a CVAF call. The probable cause is a logic error in a VRF recovery routine.

32

The VRF recovery routine was called but no VRF data exists.

36

A format-2 CCHHR in VRF data does not point to a format-2 DSCB.

40

A format-3 CCHHR in VRF data does not point to a format-3 DSCB.

44

The format-2 CCHHR in the VRF data is not the same as the format-2 CCHHR in the format-1 DSCB.

48

The format-2 CCHHR is incorrect. The data set organization is not ISAM.

52

The format-3 CCHHR in VRF data is incorrect. There are less than four extents.

56

The format-3 CCHHR in VRF data is zero, but there are more than three extents.

60

The format-1 CCHHR in VRF data does not point to a format-1 DSCB for an Extend function.

72

VRF data points to a format-3 DSCB but the number of extents is less then or equal to the maximum number of extents that can be described by a format 1/8 DSCB.

76

VRF data has no format 3-DSCB pointer but the number of extents as described in the format 1-DSCB is greater than the maximum extents that a format 1/8 DSCB can describe.

80

VRF data does not point to a format-1 or format-8 DSCB.

84

VRF data pointers to format-3 DSCBs CCHHR addresses are not all reflected in the format 9-DSCB list of Format-3 DSCB pointers.

88

VRF data pointer(s) to the format 9-DSCB(s) is incorrect.

92

The format-9 DSCB chain pointer to the next DSCB is found to be not valid.

96

The format-9 DSCB number of format-3 DSCBs is found to be not valid.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The specified volume serial number.

fctn

The specified function.

cde

The code.

System action

The index bit in the format-4 DSCB is set to zero causing the VTOC index to be disabled and message IEC606I to be issued. If the current request is for the Allocate or the Extend function, the VTOC conversion routine is invoked to rebuild the format-4 and format-5 DSCBs and message IEC604I will be issued; the request is processed as a non-indexed VTOC request and if no further errors are encountered, the job continues to run. If the current request is Scratch, Partial, Release, or Rename, the request is processed and if no further errors are encountered, the job continues to run.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Take a print of the VTOC index and analyze the data in the VTOC index map. Use the dump to determine the cause of the error in the VRF data.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGGVRF01

Routing code

4,10

Descriptor code

4

IEC610I

ERROR BEFORE WRITE OF A rec, dev, ser, cde[, rba]

Explanation

Validation of fields in a VTOC or VTOC Index Record detected an error just before the record was written.

In the message text:

rec

The type of record, either DSCB1, DSCB4, VIR, or VIER.

dev

The device number...

ser

The volume serial number.

cde

An error code, which is one of the following:

167

One or more of the following fields in the Format 4 DSCB is invalid:

- Number of logical cylinders on the volume (DS4DSCYL)
- Number of tracks in a logical cylinder (DS4DSTRK)
- Device track length (DS4DEVTK)

168

A beginning extent was larger than an ending extent in a Format 1 DSCB.

169

A VIR or VTOC Index Record did not have a valid ID on the front of the record. The ID should be VIXM, VPMS, VMDS, OR VIER

170

One or more of the fields in the first high-level VIER is not valid.

rba

Relative byte address of the VTOC index record (VIR) that contains a structure error indicated by the error code in the *cde* field.

System action

The record will not be written to the VTOC or VTOC Index. The system issues abend code X'18B' and issues a system dump to the SYS1.DUMP data set. The caller may or may not abend, depending on whether or not the VTOC recording facility (VRF) recovery routine is successful. These actions should prevent any corruption to the VTOC or VTOC Index, but does not guarantee that the VTOC Index will not become disabled.

System programmer response

Examine the system dump and a print of the VTOC and the VTOC index, and use the information in message IEC610I to determine the cause of the error. The most likely cause is an overlay of the area in storage where the record resided before it was written.

If you cannot find the cause of the problem contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the Dump and the print of the VTOC and the VTOC Index as well as information about the job that was running at the time of the failure.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

ICVDSD03 or ICVCMI03

IEC613A

jjj,sss,dev,ser ATL SCRATCH VOL ENQ FAILED - REPLY 'R' RETRY OR 'U'
CONTINUE WITH ABEND

Explanation

For the step of the job, open processing is trying to position a tape volume serial number on a device to a specific file in order to open that file. Open processing has retried positioning the tape to the correct file (at least once),

but cannot find the file because the file is not known. Open processing issued this message to ask if it should retry positioning the tape to the correct file again.

In the message text:

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

Operator response

If you wish open processing to retry with another scratch mount REPLY 'R'. After the job holding the volser ENQ completes, a new scratch volume will be selected.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0199I

IEC614I

func FAILED - RC rc, DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION IS (diaginfo) sss, ser, dsname DATA SET NAME IS IN USE BUT YOU HAVE AUTHORITY TO OVERRIDE THIS TEST

Explanation

The specified DADSM function failed due to the error described by the function return code, and the diagnostic information. The failure occurred in the step, operating on the volume, on the data set.

Note: 'DATA SET NAME IS IN USE BUT YOU HAVE AUTHORITY TO OVERRIDE THIS TEST' appears in the message text only if the dataset is enqueued.

The function is one of the following:

- CREATE
- EXTEND (only to new volume)
- EXTSAME (only to same volume)
- ISJF (Scheduler JCL Facility)
- PRLSE (partial release)
- RENAME
- SCRATCH

For the EXTEND function, the value of the return code is either the CREATE return code, or zero if EXTEND failed before invoking CREATE.

In the message text:

func

The function specified.

rc

The return code.

diaginfo

The indicated information referring to diagnostics.

SSS

The step name.

ser

The volume serial number.

dsname

The data set name.

System action

The function does not complete; however, the job step might have completed successfully.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

Programmer response

If the job step failed, refer to the z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis for an explanation of the failing function's return code, and of the associated diagnostic information. If the function is CREATE or EXTEND, look at the book's explanation for the same return code under REALLOC.

If you cannot correct the error as indicated in <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis</u>, contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

IEC615I

ABEND=code-reason OCCURRED IN THE ModName EXIT MODULE FOR DYNAMIC EXIT Dynex_ExitName

Explanation

A data management exit module received control and abnormally terminated. Dynamic exit services in the system for the dynamic exit name of *Dynex_ExitName* called exit routine module *ModName*. The abend code and reason that occurred in this exit routine is displayed in *code-reason*.

System action

Data management functions continue, but the exit routine is unable to alter the function. Exit routine Dynex_ExitName is deactivated, as indicated by accompanying system message CSV430I and will not be invoked again until reactivated.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

Programmer response

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Determine the cause of the failure by analyzing the system dump using IPCS.
- 2. Correct the source code in the exit module.
- 3. Recompile or assemble the exit module.
- 4. Link a new version of the exit module into the program library containing the exit module.
- 5. If the program library containing the exit load module, is managed by the Library Lookaside Facility (LLA), then use the MVS operator MODIFY LLA command, in conjunction with a CSVLLAxx PARMLIB member, to refresh the load module being managed by the Library Lookaside Facility.
- 6. Reactivate the exit routine, issue SETPROG EXIT commands at an MVS system console.

Source

DFSMSdfp data management (DADSM)

Module

IGGDYXCS

Routing code

2.10

Descriptor code

4

IEC616I

NON ZERO RETURN CODE FROM CSVDYNEX CalledFunc RC = retcode RSN = rsncode, DYNAMIC EXIT = Dynex_ExitName

Explanation

Unexpected return and reason codes were received when invoking the MVS Dynamic Exit macro (CSVDYNEX) for the called function of *CalledFunc*. The exit name, request, return code and reason code are displayed for problem determination.

System action

Data management exit routines are not defined, added or called.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the problem using the return and reason codes from the MVS CSVDYNEX macro documented in z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference ALE-DYN.

Source

DFSMSdfp data management (DADSM)

Module

IGGDYXCS

670 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Routing code

2.10

Descriptor code

4

IEC617I

DYNAMIC LPA REFRESH OF MODULE ModName text

Explanation

The system issues this message is in response to an SETPROG LPA, ADD operator command, or the addition of a PROG LPA, ADD statement in the PROGxx parmlib member that was activated with the SET PROGxx operator command. The data management module, *ModName*, could not be dynamically refreshed. The corrective service has not been activated in the system for this module.

text is one of the following:

FAILED DUE TO AN ERROR IN SYSTEM SERVICE SystemServiceName RETURN CODE IS ReturnCode

The problem was caused by an error in system service SystemServiceName with return code ReturnCode.

FAILED DUE TO ABEND CODE Code

The problem was caused by the hexadecimal system abend *Code* displayed.

FAILED DUE TO ABEND CODE xxx (without ModName specified)

A non-specific load module error occurred in detecting module IGG0DLPA. The problem was caused by the hexadecimal system abend Code displayed.

System action

Data management module, ModName, has not been refreshed.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

Programmer response

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Analyze the return and reason code from the system service that did not complete to determine the cause of the problem.
- 2. If you can correct the error, reissue the SETPROG LPA, ADD or SET PROGxx operator command at an MVS system console to refresh the data management module that the error was first seen.

If you cannot resolve the error, schedule a system IPL to activate the corrective service.

Source

DFSMSdfp data management (DADSM)

Module

IGGODLPA

Routing code

2,10

5

IEC618I

volser DS4VVDSA=x DS4VVDSR=y DS4VTOCI=z VVDS=ds(Yes/No)

Explanation

Displays various indicators from the Format-4 Data Set Control Block, DCSB.

x = 1 or 0

The value of a bit-field DS4VVDSA in the Format-4 DSCB. This indicates the presence of the VVDS on the volume.

y = 1 or 0

The value of a bit-field DS4VVDSR in the Format-4 DSCB. This indicates if a checking of the VVDS is done.

z = 1 or 0

The value of a bit-field DS4VTOCI in the Format-4 DSCB. This indicates the volume is either an indexed or non-indexed volume.

Yes/No

Yes means the VVDS is present and DS4VVDSA is set. **No** means either the VVDS is not present and DS4VVDSA is set, or the VVDS is present and DS4VVDSA is not set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0425P

Routing code

4, 10

Descriptor code

4

IEC618E

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0425P

Routing code

4, 10

Descriptor code

4

IEC618E

INCORRECT EXTENTS IN DSCB=cccchhhhrr,DSN=Up to 44-byte datasetname

Explanation

Data set that is described in the DSN= parameter is being detected with incorrect extents, where DSCB=*ccchhhhrr* is the CCHHR address of the format-1 DSCB of the data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0425P

Routing code

4, 10

Descriptor code

4

IEC618E

SAME F3 WITH DUPLICATE F1=cccchhhhrr,DSN=Up to 44-byte dataset name

Explanation

The data set described in the DSN= parameter is being detected with duplicating chaining format-3 DSCB, where DSCB=ccchhhrr is the CCHHR address of the format-1 DSCB of the data set.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0425P

Routing code

4.10

Descriptor code

4

IEC618E

INCORRECT F3s COUNT IN F9=cccchhhhrr,DSN=Up to 44-byte datasetname

Explanation

The data set described in the DSN= parameter is being detected with number of chaining format-3 DSCBs different from the number of format-3 count described by format-9.

System action

The VTOC may be converted to reestablish certain control information necessary for the operation of the DADSM routines based on STAT011_PRESERVE_INDEX keyword. If STAT011_PRESERVE_INDEX=NO is used, it will convert to OSVTOC before attempting the allocation one more time. If STAT011_PRESERVE_INDEX=YES is used,

it will not convert to OSVTOC and not disable the VTOC index. SVC dumps may be issued to log the current error state of the VTOC before the system retries the initial failing allocation.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0425P

Routing code

4, 10

Descriptor code

4

IEC701D

M dev, VOLUME TO BE LABELED ser

Explanation

M indicates that a volume is to be mounted on the device. If the serial number is 6-digits, a standard label containing the serial number will be written on the volume. If the serial number is absent, a nonstandard label will be written on the volume.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

Operator response

For the first appearance of this message mount a volume on device *dev*, ready the device, and enter REPLY xx,'M'. The volume mounted should be a scratch volume, unless the programmer supplied a volume to be used. If this message is repeated immediately after message IEC702I, the system attempted to write a label on the volume but the label could not be verified. Inspect the tape for irregularities:

- If irregularities appear, remove the bad section of tape or, if the volume was a scratch volume, substitute another volume. Then, mount the correct or substituted volume, ready the device, and enter REPLY xx, 'M'.
- If the irregularities are uncorrectable and the volume was supplied by the programmer, enter REPLY xx, 'S'.
- If no irregularities are found, mount the tape volume again, ready the device, and enter REPLY xx,'M'.
- If only this message is repeated, enter REPLY xx,'S'. Report the message sequence to the programmer, asking him to check the program for improper recording characteristics. If the program is not at fault, a IBM service representative should be called to check the tape drive.

If this message is repeated immediately after message IEC703I a label cannot be written on the volume because the volume is file protected:

- If the volume is to be labeled, insert a file protection ring in the volume, mount the volume, ready the device, and enter REPLY xx, 'M'.
- If the volume is not to be labeled, demount the volume, mount a new scratch volume with a file protection ring, ready the device, and enter REPLY xx, 'M'.
- If only this message is repeated, enter REPLY xx, 'S'. Report the message sequence to the programmer.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the program listing for the job and the associated volume.

•	_			_
	^	H	rc	0
_	u	u		

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0003I

Routing code

3

Descriptor code

2

IEC702I

dev, VOLUME LABELS CANNOT BE VERIFIED

Explanation

The system attempted to write a label on the volume on the device. The label could not be verified.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

The system rewinds and unloads the volume. Immediately, or in a short time, the system issues message IEC70ID which follows this message.

Operator response

Respond as indicated for message IEC70ID, which follows this message.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0003I

Routing code

3

Descriptor code

4

IEC703I

dev, VOLUME IS FILE PROTECTED

Explanation

The volume on the device is file protected; that is, its file protection ring is not inserted, so it can only be read. A label cannot be written on the volume.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the specified device.

System action

The system rewinds and unloads the volume. Immediately or in a short time, the system issues message IEC701D.

Operator response

Respond as indicated for message IEC701D, which follows this message.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGC0003I

Routing code

3

Descriptor code

4

IEC704A

[L|L UVL|L VOL2-9C|C UVL] dev[,ser] [,labtyp] [,den] [,jjj,sss] [,dsname] {L|L UVL|C|C UVL} dev[,ser] [,labtyp] [,trtch] [,jjj,sss] [, dsname][,S] REPLY 'VOLSER,OWNER INFORMATION' OR 'M' REPLY 'VOLSER,OWNER INFORMATION','M' OR 'U' REPLY 'VOLSER,OWNER INFORMATION,ACCESS' OR 'M' REPLY 'VOLSER,OWNER INFORMATION,ACCESS','M' OR 'U' REPLY 'U,OWNER INFORMATION,ACCESS' OR 'M'

Explanation

The message display may be in one of the following forms:

- If **L** appears in the message display then the tape volume on the unit requires label information. The label is to be written as the type indicated in the density indicated.
- If **L UVL** appears in the message display then the tape volume on the unit is about to be rewritten on the volume specified. The volume contains ISO/ANSI Version 3 user volume label(s) that will be lost if the volume header label (VOL1) is rewritten. If this message is issued to rewrite a VOL1 label to a new density, the contents of the label will be unchanged from the contents currently on the volume. If L VOL2-9 appears in the message display, then the tape volume on the unit is about to be rewritten on the volume specified. The volume contains ISO/ANSI Version 4 VOL2-9 volume label(s) that will be lost if the volume label (VOL1) is rewritten.
- If **C** appears in the message display then the tape volume mounted on the unit is an ISO/ANSI Version 1 (or other unsupported version level) volume that must have its label converted to the latest supported version

level. You must supply label information to rewrite the volume header label (VOL1). The label is written as the type indicated in the density indicated.

• If **C UVL** appears in the message display then the ISO/ANSI tape volume mounted on the unit is about to be rewritten on the volume specified and contains user volume labels (UVLs) that will be lost if the volume header label is rewritten.

The following fields may also appear in the message display:

dev

The device number.

ser

If this appears in the message text,

labtyp

The label type of the mounted volume (either SL, NL, AL, or NSL).

den

The density of the volume to be mounted.

jjj

This indicates the job requesting the volume.

SSS

This indicates the job step requesting the volume. it indicates a specific volume serial was requested.

dsname

This may appear if a MONITOR DSNAME command is active. If this is the case, **dsname** indicates the data set requesting the volume.

trtch

This indicates the recording mode as COMP (compaction) or NOCOMP (non-compaction).

S

The tape is in a system managed library.

Operator response

If the message display contains **L** or **L UVL** there are a series of responses you may make. First, the following is a list of variables that you may use in your response:

ser

This is the volume serial number and may contain up to 6 characters.

ownername

This is the owner name or similar information which may contain up to 10 characters.

The following is a list of the possible responses you may make:

If you need to label the volume as indicated, enter:

```
REPLY xx, 'ser , ownername '
```

• To reject the currently mounted volume and mount a new volume, enter

```
REPLY xx,'M'
```

• If **ser** appears in the message text, the operator may allow the program to create a vol label with the serial number (which was specified in the message text) and an owner name by entering,

```
REPLY xx, 'U [,ownername]'
```



CAUTION: Enter REPLY 'U' only if **ser** appears in the message text. Otherwise, the volume will be labeled with the serial number 'U'.

 If L UVL appears in the message display and you want the system to proceed when rewriting the VOL1 label enter:

```
REPLY xx, 'U'
```

Operator Response: If the message display contains **C** or **C UVL** or **L VOL2-9** there are a series of responses you may make. First, the following is a list of variables that you may use in your response:

volser

This is the volume serial number and may contain up to 6 characters.

ownerinfo

This is the owner information and may be up to 14 characters long.

а

This is the volume access code and is a 1 character code from A to Z*.

Note: *For Version 4, the allowable characters are: Uppercase A-Z, number 0-9, and special characters! * " % & '() + , - . / : ; < = > ? _

The following is a list of the possible responses you may make:

• If you want to use the serial number, owner information and access code from the old label for the new label, enter:

```
REPLY xx,'U'.
```

The system will then copy the old label into the new label, except for version level which must reflect the latest supported level.

If you want to specify different owner information and/or an access code, enter

```
REPLY xx,'U,[ownerinfo] [,a]'.
```

In this instance, the system uses the serial number from the old volume label. If you skip one of these fields, the value used in the old label will be used for the new label.

• If you want to cause the volume to be demounted, followed by a label rewrite abend for the job step requesting the volume, enter:

```
REPLY xx,'M'.
```

· If you want to use the volume, enter

```
REPLY xx, 'volser[,ownerinfo] [,a]'.
```

The owner information and access code are optional but will be left blank if you do not supply them.

· If you want to reject the volume, enter

```
REPLY xx,'M'.
```

The volume will be demounted, followed by a mount request for another scratch volume.

• If **C UVL** appears in the message text, a reply other than 'M' allows the system to proceed with the rewriting of the VOL1 label, but all user volume labels will be destroyed. If L VOL2-9 appears in the message text, a reply other than 'M' allows the system to proceed with the rewriting of the VOL1 label, but all VOL2-9 volume labels will be destroyed.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0193E

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

IEC705I

TAPE ON dev,ser [IS] [,labtyp],den BPI [,jjj,sss] [,dsname] TAPE ON dev,ser [IS] [,labtyp],trtch [,jjj,sss] [,dsname] [,mediatype] [,LOGICAL WORM]

Explanation

The volume label of the tape volume whose serial number is *ser*, on device *dev*, has been rewritten to conform to the label type indicated by labtyp: either SL, AL, or NSL and to the density indicated by den. For NL, this message is only issued if the tape formerly contained labels which have now been written over. If the tape was originally NL and is now still NL, this message is not issued.

In the message text:

trtch

Indicates the recording mode as COMP (compaction for hardware) or NOCOMP (non-compaction for hardware).

jjj

Indicates the job requesting the volume.

SSS

Indicates the job step requesting the volume.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

ser

The volume serial number.

labtyp

The label type.

den

The density.

dsname

The data set name.

mediatype

The media type.

If a MONITOR DSNAME command is active, *dsname* may appear and indicates the data set requesting the volume.

This message is issued only when the volume label of a tape is rewritten, which means that it is issued only for the first data set written onto an output tape volume. The following example describes when message IEC705I is issued when creating a tape multi-data set, multi-volume collection:

- Start of data set 1 on volume 1 IEC705I is issued.
- Continuation of data set 1 onto volume 2 IEC705I is issued.
- Start of data set 2 on volume 2 IEC705I is not issued.
- Continuation of data set 2 onto volume 3 IEC705I is issued.

System action

The job step continues processing.

Operator response

Record the indicated information for use of the volume in conjunction with subsequent requests.

System programmer response

None

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194F

Routing code

3,5

Descriptor code

4

IEC706I

{TRTCH|DENSITY} {OVERRIDDEN|IGNORED} dev,ser,labtyp,den, trtch,jjj,sss,dsname

Explanation

The system has enforced the single mode recording rules or has recognized a non-supported recording mode. The message display may be in one of two forms:

- When OVERRIDDEN appears in the message display, the den or trtch fields indicate the value selected by the system.
- When IGNORED appears in the message display, the den or trtch fields are omitted.

In the message text:

dev

Device number.

ser

Volume serial number.

labtyp

The label type of the mounted volume (either SL, NL, AL, or NSL).

den

The density of the volume to be mounted.

trtch

This indicates the recording mode as COMP (compaction) or NOCOMP (non-compaction).

Note: The COMP restriction applies only to IBM standard labels.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

dsname

Data set name.

System action

The job step continues processing.

Operator response

Record the indicated information for use of the volume in conjunction with subsequent requests.

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC707I

WARNING - RDBACK ON COMPACTED DATA dev,ser,jjj,sss,dsname

Explanation

The open option RDBACK has been specified for a standard label tape written in compaction mode. If the program is opening a compacted tape data set with the RDBACK option specified, performance will be degraded. If the program is not opening a compacted tape data set with the RDBACK option specified, follow the diagnostic procedures.

In the message text:

dev

Device number.

ser

Volume serial number.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

dsname

Data set name.

System action

The job step continues processing.

Operator response

Record the indicated information for use of the volume in conjunction with subsequent requests.

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the SYSOUT output, the program listing for the job, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194F

IEC708D

THE MEDIA ONdev REQUIRES SERVO LEVEL INITIALIZATION. RESPOND Y TO PROCEED WITH INITIALIZATION, N TO SKIP.

Explanation

The media being initialized requires initialization of its servo tracks. This type of initialization can require up to 7 minutes to complete. Permission of the operator is required.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

The system waits for the operator to respond.

Operator response

Respond Y to allow the initialization of this media to proceed or N to terminate initialization of this media. Any other response causes this message to be reissued.

Source

IGC0003I (Label SVC 39)

IEC708I

dev,volser,jjj,sss,ddn {-#} DUP VOLSEQ: nnnn AND: nnnn

Explanation

A duplicate volume serial number, VOLSER, has been detected in the volume list for a tape or DASD multivolume data set. All serial numbers in the volume list should be unique. The message text includes the volume sequence positions in the volume list of the duplicated volume serial number.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

volser

The duplicated volume serial number.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddn{-#}

The DD name and concatenation number if applicable.

System action

Processing continues. The system will ignore the duplicated volume in the volume list.

Operator response

None

System programmer response

Probable user error. If the system administrator determines this condition should always be considered an error, the MPF (Message Processing Facility) can be used to detect the message and abend the job before data is overwritten or reread.

User response

None

Programmer response

Probable user error. Check whether duplicating volume serial numbers in the volume list is intentional.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0551H

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC709I

dev,volser,jn,sn,ddn-nu EXPECTED VOLSEQ: nnnn FOUND: nnnn

Explanation

The numeric volume sequence value in the tape data set label is not as expected. The system expects it to be 1 greater than on the previously read volume when reading forward or 1 less when reading backward. The system does not expect each volume's label 1 to correspond to the number of the volume in the data set's volume list, but it expects the volume sequence number to be one greater than on the previous volume when the data set was being written. The difference between the expected and found volume sequence represents the number of volumes missing.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

volser

The volume serial number.

jn

The job name.

sn

The step name.

ddn-nu

The JCL DD name and concatenation number, if applicable.

System action

The system calls the label anomaly installation exit routine. The installation exit provided by IBM takes no action, and therefore the system ignores the condition. The label anomaly exit of your installation might cause the system to issue ABEND 413 rc 58 and message IEC145I.

System programmer response

This is either an error, an intentional action by the user, or the tapes are from another operating system. If you have a system automation product that can distinguish between a user error and the other causes, you may be able to configure that product to correct the error or to cancel or stop the job. DFSMSrmm can correct the volume list.

Programmer response

Possible error. Check whether the volumes on the DD statement or the dynamic allocation are complete and in the correct order. Check whether the numeric values in the volume sequence fields of the standard header and trailer label 1 are valid - example: incremented by 1 relative to the previous volume of the data set.

IEC710I

dev,volser,jn,sn,ddn-nu ANOTHER VOLUME EXPECTED

Explanation

The program has read forward all the specified volumes of the standard tape label data set or DASD data set, starting from the volume that was selected during OPEN processing. None of the processed volumes end with EOF (end of file) labels. EOF labels would indicate the end of the last volume for the data set.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

volser

The volume serial number.

jn

The job name.

sn

The step name.

ddn-nu

The JCL DD name and concatenation number, if applicable.

System action

The system calls the label anomaly installation exit routine. The installation exit provided by IBM takes no action, and therefore the system ignores the condition. The label anomaly exit of your installation might cause the system to issue ABEND 413 rc 5C and message IEC145I.

System programmer response

This is either an error, an intentional action by the user, or the tapes are from another operating system. If you have a system automation product that can distinguish between a user error and the other causes, you may be able to configure that product to correct the error or to cancel or stop the job. DFSMSrmm can correct the volume list.

Programmer response

Possible error. Check whether the volumes on the DD statement or the dynamic allocation are complete.

IEC711I

dev,volser,jn,sn,ddn-nu RDBACK - NOT LAST VOLUME OF DATA SET

Explanation

The program has opened the standard labeled tape data set to read it backwards, but the last specified volume for the standard labeled data set ends with EOV labels. When a standard labeled tape data set is opened to read it backward, the system expects the last volume in the list of volumes associated with the data set to end with EOF labels.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

volser

The volume serial number.

jn

The job name.

sn

The step name.

ddn-ni

The JCL DD name and concatenation number, if applicable.

System action

The system calls the label anomaly installation exit routine. The installation exit provided by IBM takes no action, and therefore the system ignores the condition. The label anomaly exit of your installation might cause the system to issue ABEND 637 rc B4 and message IEC026I.

System programmer response

This is either an error, an intentional action by the user, or the tapes are from another operating system. If you have a system automation product that can distinguish between a user error and the other causes, you may be able to configure that product to correct the error or to cancel or stop the job. DFSMSrmm can correct the volume list.

Programmer response

Possible error. Check whether the volumes on the DD statement or the dynamic allocation are complete and in the correct order.

IEC712I

dev,volser,jn,sn,ddn-nu READ - NOT FIRST VOLUME OF DATA SET

Explanation

The program has opened the standard labeled tape data set to read it forward but the volume that open has positioned the data set to is not the actual first volume of the data set. This message can also be issued during EOV concatenation processing.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

volser

The volume serial number.

jn

The job name.

sn

The step name.

ddn-nu

The JCL DD name and concatenation number, if applicable.

System action

The system calls the label anomaly installation exit routine. The installation exit provided by IBM takes no action, and therefore the system ignores the condition. The label anomaly exit of your installation might cause the system to issue ABEND 637 rc B8 and message IEC026I.

System programmer response

This is either an error, an intentional action by the user, or the tapes are from another operating system. If you have a system automation product that can distinguish between a user error and the other causes, you may be able to configure that product to correct the error or to cancel or stop the job. DFSMSrmm can correct the volume list.

Programmer response

Possible error. Check whether the volumes on the DD statement or the dynamic allocation are complete and in the correct order. Check whether the numeric values in the standard header and trailer label 1, volume sequence fields are valid (example, incremented by 1 relative to the previous volume of the data set). Determine whether the data set serial number field in the first specified volume's label 1 should in fact contain that volume's serial number.

IEC713I

dev,ser,jjj,sss,ddn(-#) ISO/ANSI USER CCSID:mmmmm TAPE CCSID:nnnnn

Explanation

This message is issued during OPEN/EOV processing whenever an ANSI Version 4 tape has user data that is going to be converted using CCSID information. If input processing the TAPE CCSID, *nnnnn*, data is going to be converted to the USER CCSID, *mmmmm*. If output processing the USER CCSID, *mmmmm*, data is going to be converted to the TAPE CCSID, *nnnnn*.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

ser

The volume serial number.

jjj

The job name.



The step name.

ddn(-#)sss

DDname (followed by a concatenation number if it is part of a concatenation and not the first DD statement in the concatenation).

mmmmm

Coded Character Set Identification number (CCSID).

nnnnn

Coded Character Set Identification number (CCSID).

System action

Processing continues.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG019RL

IEC714I

THE MEDIA ON *dev* REQUIRES SERVO LEVEL INITIALIZATION. RESPOND Y TO PROCEED WITH INITIALIZATION, N TO SKIP.

Explanation

The media being initialized requires initialization of its servo tracks. This type of initialization can require up to 7 minutes to complete. Permission of the operator is required.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

The system waits for a response from the operator.

Operator response

Respond Y to allow the initialization of this media to proceed or N to terminate initialization of this media. Any other response causes this message to be reissued.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC715I

SERVO TRACKS OF MEDIA ON *dev* BEING INITIALIZED. MAY REQUIRE UP TO 7 MINUTES TO COMPLETE.

Explanation

The media being initialized requires initialization of its servo tracks. This messages informs the operator that this type of initialization can require up to 7 minutes to complete.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

The system initializes the servo tracks on the tape volume.

Operator response

Wait until processing completes.

Source

IGC0003I (Label SVC 39)

IEC716I

ddnamexx: TAPE MULTIVOLUME LIST CORRECTED.

Explanation

The missing or out of sequence condition associated with a ddname and described by preceding message IEC709I, IEC710I, IEC711I or IEC712I has been resolved.

In the message text:

ddnamexx

The ddname

System action

The missing or out of order tape volumes have been added to volume list.

System programmer response

Supply the correct DD statement and run the job step again.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC801I

Ina THRESHOLD TRANS=mmm DC=nnn IR=000 TO=ppp

Explanation

During BTAM, certain errors occurred before a specified transmission count was reached on a line.

The errors are data check errors, intervention required errors, or non-text time-out errors.

In the message text:

lna

Line address, in hexadecimal.

TRANS=mmm

Number of transmissions, in decimal, before an error threshold was reached.

DC=nnn

Number of data check errors, in decimal, in the above number of transmissions.

IR=ooo

Number of intervention required errors, in decimal, in the above number of transmissions.

TO=ppp

Number of non-text time-out errors, in decimal, in the above number of transmissions.

Source

Basic telecommunications access method (BTAM)

Routing code

8,10

Descriptor code

4

IEC802I

Ina LINE TOTALS TRANS=mmm DC=nnn IR=000 TO=ppp

Explanation

This message is produced, at the request of the user, to indicate total counts for a line being used in BTAM processing.

In the message text:

lna

Line address, in hexadecimal.

TRANS=mmm

Total number of transmissions, in decimal.

DC=nnn

Total number of data check errors, in decimal.

IR=ooo

Total number of intervention required errors, in decimal.

TO=ppp

Total number of non-text time-out errors, in decimal.

Source

Basic telecommunications access method (BTAM)

Routing code

8

Descriptor code

1

IEC804A

Ina CONTROL UNIT NOT OPERATIONAL REPLY CONT OR POST --or-- Ina
DEVICE NOT OPERATIONAL REPLY CONT POST OR DROP

Explanation

A not operational SIO condition occurred in a line during BTAM processing. In the message text, lna is the line address.

In the message text:

lna

The hexadecimal line address.

Operator response

Make sure the control unit is operational. Enter one of the following replies:

• REPLY xx, 'CONT'. The system retries the condition. If the retry is successful, processing continues. If the retry is not successful, If CONTROL UNIT NOT OPERATIONAL appears in the message text, this message is issued again.

- REPLY xx, 'POST'. The operation is posted complete with error. The not-operational SIO bit will be on in the DECERRST field of the (DECB) data event control block.
- REPLY xx, 'DROP'. The DROP reply discontinues issuance of messages for the duration of open processing.

If a reply is not entered before the requesting job is canceled, the system may enter wait state. If the problem recurs, contact your hardware support personnel.

Source

Basic telecommunications access method (BTAM)

IEC805I

I/O ERROR - CHECKPOINTS TERMINATED

Explanation

An uncorrectable input/output error occurred while writing the current checkpoint record in the checkpoint data set. The record could not be written.

System action

Processing continues, but no checkpoint records are written.

Operator response

Either allow the job to continue, or restart the job at the last checkpoint by reloading the program. If the job is restarted, processing will continue as usual and checkpoint records will be written as specified.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC807I

device-number ONLINE TEST xx yy tt nnn id

Explanation

This message reports the results of an online test in which BTAM sends test messages to a remote computer or terminal, or in which BTAM sends a request-for-test message specifying a test type (X field) of 0. This message appears once for each online test, following transmission of all requested test messages.

In the message text:

device-number

Address of the communication line.

XX

Test type specified in the request-for-test message.

уу

Number of test message transmissions requested, as specified by the Y field of the request-for-test message.

tt

Number of time-out errors that occurred during the test message transmissions.

nnn

Number of NAK responses to BTAM-transmitted test messages.

id

Terminal identification sequence of the terminal to which the BTAM-transmitted test message or request-fortest message was sent, for multipoint terminals only.

Source

Basic telecommunications access method (BTAM)

Routing code

8

Descriptor code

4

IEC808I

device-number ONLINE TEST xx nnn tt ll dd

Explanation

This message reports the results of an online test in which BTAM receives test messages from a remote computer or terminal. This message appears once for each online test, following receipt of all test messages from the remote computer or terminal.

In the message text:

device-number

Address of the communication line.

XX

Test type specified in the request-for-test message received from the remote computer or terminal.

nnn

Number of test message transmissions received from the remote computer or terminal.

tt

Number of time-out errors that occurred while receiving test messages.

ll

Number of lost-data errors that occurred while receiving test messages.

dd

Number of data checks that occurred while receiving test messages.

Source

Basic telecommunications access method (BTAM)

Routing code

8

Descriptor code

4

IEC809I

Ina CONTROL UNIT NOT OPERATIONAL

Explanation

This message indicates that a not operational SIO condition occurred in a line during BTAM processing.

In the message text:

lna

The hexadecimal line address.

Operator response

Reactivate the appropriate control unit.

Source

Basic telecommunications access method (BTAM)

Routing code

8,10

Descriptor code

4

IEC813I

[EDI | PDS] OWNER: JN=jjj,SYSNAME=sysname, TCB=tcb,ASID=id

Explanation

For EDI, message IEC813I is issued before message IEC984I, message IEC985I, or abend 213-FD to document the owner of the data set that is causing the enhanced data integrity violation on open for output.

For PDS, the system is in the process of issuing abend 213-30 because an attempt has been made to open a PDS for OUTPUT, DISP=SHR, but the PDS is already open in this condition. This is an informational message to document that job *jjj* on system *sysname* under TCB address *tcb*, address space identifier *id*, owns this PDS resource. DFSMSdfp also issues message IEC143I, following message IEC813I, to document more specific information about the abend situation, such as the name of the PDS.

In the message text:

jjj

The job name.

sysname

The system name.

tcb

The TCB address.

id

The address space identifier.

System action

The system continues processing and issues message IEC984I, message IEC985I, abend 213-FD, or message IEC143I 213-30.

Operator response

None

System programmer response

None

Programmer response

For the enhanced data integrity function, this is an informational message to document which job currently has the data set open for output, resulting in message IEC984I, message IEC985I, or abend 213-FD.

For PDS, this is probably a user error. Use the information in message IEC813I to help determine the cause of the IEC143I message, and correct the error.

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Probl	em	detei	rmın	ati∩n
FIUDI		uetei		ativi

Not applicable

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG019RD

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

IEC815I

text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- device-number tttt vy ERS z
- device-number xx tttt THRESHLD
- device-number xx tttt yy eeee zzzz yy eeee zzzz yy eeee zzzz yy eeee zzzz
- device-number ww tttt eeeeeee zzzz eeeeeee zzzz eeeeeee zzzz

This message provides the results of a scan of the error file of an IBM 2715 Transmission Control Unit. The scan occurs when the error threshold for one of the area stations connected to the 2715 is exceeded (threshold value is eight) or when manually requested at the 2715, the 2740 terminal attached to the 2715, or the central system console. BTAM prints the message on the operator's console, the teleprocessing console, or the system maintenance console, depending on the routing code specified at the 2715.

In all four formats of the message text, *device-number* is the address in EBCDIC of the communications line, *xx* is the address in hexadecimal of the area station for which the error scan is reported, *tttt* is the time (0001 - 2400) when the error occurred, and *ww* is the address in hexadecimal of a particular adapter within the 2715. Fields appearing uniquely within a message format are described below.

The first format of the message is issued when five or more of the eight errors involved a particular one of the devices attached to the area station. In the message text, *yy* is the address in hexadecimal of the device for which the errors occurred, and *z* is the number of errors (from decimal 5 to 8) that occurred for the device.

The second format of the message indicates that the threshold value of eight has been reached for the area station whose address is xx, but that no one device attached to the station accounted for as many as five of the errors.

The third format of the message is issued twice whenever an error scan for a particular area station is manually requested at the 2715, the 2740 terminal attached to the 2715, or the central system console. The address of

device yy for which the error data eeee was recorded at time zzzz is given four times in each message; the two messages together thus provide information about the eight most recent error occurrences for area station xx.

The fourth format of the message is issued twice whenever an error scan for a particular 2715 adapter is manually requested at the 2715, the 2740 terminal attached to the 2715, or the central system console. The error data *eeeeeee* for adapter *ww* recorded at time *zzzz* is given four times in each message; the two messages together thus provide information about the eight most recent error occurrences for adapter *ww*.

Source

Basic telecommunications access method (BTAM)

Routing code

2,8,10

Descriptor code

4

IEC816I

dev VARY ONLINE - reason

Explanation

reason is one of the following:

CU AUTHORIZATION FAILED SER=mmm-sssss

Where mmm is the hardware manufacturer and sssss is the serial number.

A VARY ONLINE command attempted to validate the use of advanced features for the device. The authorization failed.

In the message text:

dev

The device number for which the VARY command requested advanced features.

System action

The system continues VARY ONLINE processing for the specified device. The system disables the use of certain features.

System programmer response

Contact your hardware support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IECDINIT

Routing code

-/Note 13

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

Indicates that a space constraint threshold has been reached for a Safeguarded Copy backup volume.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the active volume associated with the Safeguarded copy backup volume.

volser

The volume serial number of the active volume associated with the Safeguarded copy backup volume.

epid

The Extent Pool ID for the storage associated with the Safeguarded copy backup volume.

ssid

The Storage Subsystem ID of the logical subsystem containing the device that the notification was received on.

sfiid

The 26-byte storage facility image ID is displayed in the following format:

```
aaaaaa.bbb.ccc.dd.eeeeeeeeee.
```

Where:

aaaaaa

Is a 6-byte machine type.

bbb

Is a 3-byte facility model.

CCC

Is a 3-byte manufacturer ID.

dd

Is a 2-byte manufacturer location.

eeeeeeeeee

Is a 12-byte Sequence Number.

message-text

One of the following:

```
BACKUP VOLUME CAPACITY WARNING: AT pcnt% CAPACITY REMAINING BACKUP VOLUME CAPACITY EXHAUSTED BACKUP VOLUME CAPACITY RELIEVED BACKUP VOLUME CONSISTENCY GROUP SEQ=segno REMOVED
```

pcnt

The amount of space remaining in the Safeguarded copy backup volume at the time of notification. For example, a value of 14 indicates that only 14% of the backup volume's capacity is still available.

segno

The 4-byte sequence number of the consistency group that was removed.

Example:

IEC817I

F5C0,UCF5C0,0001,F5C0,002107.981.IBM.75.0000000YZ871,BACKUP VOLUME CAPACITY WARNING: AT 14% CAPACITY REMAINING IEC817I F5C0,UCF5C0,0001,F5C0,002107.981.IBM.75.0000000YZ871,BACKUP VOLUME CAPACITY EXHAUSTED IEC817I

F5C0,UCF5C0,0001,F5C0,002107.981.IBM.75.0000000YZ871,BACKUP VOLUME CAPACITY RELIEVED

System action

If the system cannot relieve the backup volume, the space capacity becomes completely exhausted, as shown in the message text:

'...CAPACITY EXHAUSTED'.

When a backup volume runs out of space, the DS8000 must ensure that the write in progress can occur successfully. Refer to system programmer response for further details.

System programmer response

- Delete volumes that are not needed for safeguarded backup volume.
- Increase the capacity of the safeguarded Copy backup volume.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

MISSING INFO.

Routing code

MISSING INFO.

Descriptor code

3

IEC900I

INVALID ABEND CODE PASSED TO MODULE mod

Explanation

The module is an OPEN/CLOSE/EOV problem determination routine. It did not recognize the passed abnormal end code, so it issued an Fxx abnormal end code where xx is one of the following:

- 13 for OPEN
- 14 for CLOSE
- 17 for CLOSE TYPE=T
- 37 for EOV.

This might be an error in system logic, possibly caused by an incorrect combination of PTFs.

Register 12 contains the abnormal end code passed to the module.

In the message text:

mod

The specified module.

System action

The system ends the task.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0190P, IFG0200P, IFG0230P, IFG0550P, IGG0196M

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC902I

235,rc,cc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

An error occurred during processing associated with a DFP program that gets and releases exclusive control of a resource associated with a BDAM data set. The task recovery routine determined that a control block required as input was not in the user's region and/or key. (The control block is identified by rc.)

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

СС

The cleanup code.

iii

job name

SSS

step name

ddname

DDname

The hex return code identifies the control block found to be outside the user's key or region. They are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

IOB (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

02

DCB (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

03

BLKREF address - applicable only if SVC 53 was entered because a RELEX macro was issued (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

04

DECB (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

05

DEB (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

06

Next IOB to get exclusive control (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

84

DECB (the IOB was written to the GTF data set).

85

DEB (the DCB was written to the GTF data set).

86

Next IOB to get exclusive control (the entry in the exclusive control list that's related to this IOB was written to the GTF data set).

The hex cleanup code identifies the results of attempting to clean up the processing left in partial stages of completion.

Cleanup Code

Explanation

01

Cleanup not attempted. The request for which the SVC was entered is unfulfilled. All control blocks remain as they were before the SVC was issued.

02

An attempt was made to complete processing if the current request was to get or release exclusive control. If a user error was determined, the current request was removed from all queues. If not a user error, processing of the current request was completed. The DCB associated with the request should be reusable.

03

A request to get exclusive control failed; the block was not enqueued. An attempt was made to restore all control blocks to the state they were in before SVC 53 was issued. The DCB associated with the request should be reusable.

04

No cleanup was done for the request to get or release exclusive control. It was determined that none was required, as all SVC processing had completed. The DCB associated with the request should be reusable.

05

No cleanup was done for the request to get or release exclusive control. The abnormally ending task is enqueued on a block which is inaccessible to other users. Use of exclusive control is unpredictable.

06

No cleanup was attempted for the request to release exclusive control. The block for which the abnormally ending task had control was dequeued from the system queue but remains on the exclusive control list. This block is inaccessible to other users.

07

Cleanup not attempted because DEBCHK found an incorrect DEB, audit trail bit was incorrect, or the condition is unknown. Results are unpredictable.

08

While cleaning up exclusive control resources, the recovery routine program checked. Condition is unknown. Results of future use of the exclusive control function with this DCB are unpredictable.

System action

Those control blocks indicated by the particular return code (as specified above) are written to the GTF data set. The task is ended.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Ensure the validity of the control block from which the address of the block in error was taken. For example, ensure that the input specified in the RELEX macro instruction, the BLKREF address, is valid and in the correct format and that the DCB address passed is valid. If the RELEX macro was not issued, ensure that the IOB related to the exclusive control request is correct and contains the correct DECB address (IOBECBPT) and DCB address (IOBDCBPT). In addition, check the DCBDEBAD field in the DCB to ensure that it contains the correct DEB address, and that the DEB (DEBDCBAD) points back to this DCB. If the next IOB is found to be in error, find the entry in the read exclusive list associated with the requested block and ensure that the RDXIOBUQ field is correct.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT005C, IGCT105C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC903I

135,rc,cc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

An error occurred during processing associated with a DFP program that gets and releases exclusive control of a resource associated with a BDAM data set. The task recovery routine determined that all user control blocks required as input were in the user's region and key; hence the error could not be ascribed to any user control block.

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

CC

The cleanup code.

iii

job name

SSS

step name

ddname

DDname

The hex return code indicates the results of a system dump request to the SYS1.DUMP data set. The values and their meanings are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

SYS1.DUMP taken successfully.

08

Partial SYS1.DUMP taken.

OC.

SYS1.DUMP unsuccessful.

The hex cleanup code identifies the results of attempting to cleanup the processing left in partial stages of completion.

Cleanup Code

Explanation

01

Cleanup not attempted. The request for which the SVC was entered is unfulfilled. All control blocks remain as they were before the SVC was issued.

02

An attempt was made to complete processing if the current request was to get or release exclusive control. If a user error was determined, the current request was removed from all queues. If not a user error, processing of the current request was completed. The DCB associated with the request should be reusable.

03

A request to get exclusive control failed; the block was not enqueued. An attempt was made to restore all control blocks to the state they were in before SVC 53 was issued. The DCB associated with the request should be reusable.

04

No cleanup was done for the request to get or release exclusive control. It was determined that none was required, as all SVC processing had completed. The DCB associated with the request should be reusable.

05

No cleanup was done for the request to get or release exclusive control. The abnormally ending task is enqueued on a block which is inaccessible to other users. Use of exclusive control is unpredictable.

06

No cleanup was attempted for the request to release exclusive control. The block for which the abnormally ending task had control was dequeued from the system queue but remains on the exclusive control list. This block is inaccessible to other users.

07

Cleanup not attempted because DEBCHK found an incorrect DEB, audit trail bit was incorrect, or the condition is unknown. Results are unpredictable.

08

While cleaning up exclusive control resources, the recovery routine program checked. Condition is unknown. Results of future use of the exclusive control function with this DCB are unpredictable.

System action

A system dump is taken to SYS1.DUMP data set and the task is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT005C, IGCT105C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC904I

239,rc,cc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

An error occurred during processing associated with a DFP program that frees a buffer or extends the unscheduled list (via a FREEDBUF macro issued either by the user or by the system). The BDAM task recovery routine determined that a control block required as input was not in the user's region and/or key.

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

CC

The cleanup code.

jjj

job name

SSS

step name

ddname

DDname

The hex return code identifies the control block found to be outside the user's region or key. They are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

DCB (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

02

DECB (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

03

BCB (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

04

USL (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

05

Next IOB to get a buffer (nothing was written to the GTF data set).

82

DECB (the DCB was written to the GTF data set).

83

BCB (the DCB and DECB were written to the GTF data set).

84

USL (the DCB, DECB, and BCB were written to the GTF data set).

85

Next IOB to get a buffer (the DCB, DECB, and BCB were written to the GTF data set).

The hex cleanup code identifies the results of attempting to clean up the processing left in partial stages of completion.

Cleanup Code

Explanation

01

Cleanup was unsuccessful. While attempting to clean up the buffer and IOB queues the recovery routine program checked. Results of future use of dynamic buffering with this DCB are unpredictable.

02

Cleanup was successful. The DCB with dynamic buffering should be reusable.

03

Cleanup not attempted. It was determined unnecessary as all processing was completed before the abnormal end. The DCB with dynamic buffering should be reusable.

04

Cleanup not attempted because DEBCHK found an incorrect DEB or the audit trail bit was incorrect. Results of future use of dynamic buffering with this DCB are unpredictable.

System action

Those control blocks indicated by the particular return code (as specified above) are written to the GTF data set. The task is ended.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

Ensure the validity of the control block from which the address of the block in error was taken. The DECB and DCB were specified in the FREEDBUF macro as input to the SVC. Ensure that the DCBBUFCB field in the DCB contains the correct address of the buffer control block and the DCBDYNB field contains the correct address of the unscheduled list (if address space is virtual). The BCB or USL contain the address of the next IOB waiting to get a buffer, if one was not available. Ensure that this address has not been overlaid. Ensure also that the input DECB contains the address of the buffer being freed (DECAREA field) and, if a buffer was requested for keys also, that the DECKYADR field contains the correct address.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT005G

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC905I

139,rc,cc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing associated with a DFP program that frees a buffer or extends the unscheduled list (via the FREEDBUF macro issued by either the user or the system). The BDAM task recovery routine determined that all user control blocks required as input were in the user's region or key; hence the error could not be ascribed to any user control block.

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

CC

The cleanup code.

jjj

job name

SSS

step name

ddname

DDname

The hex return code indicates the results of a system dump request to the SYS1.DUMP data set. They are as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

04

SYS1.DUMP taken successfully.

80

Partial SYS1.DUMP taken.

OC.

SYS1.DUMP unsuccessful.

The hex cleanup code identifies the results of attempting to clean up the processing left in partial stages of completion.

Cleanup Code

Explanation

01

Cleanup was unsuccessful. While attempting to clean up the buffer and IOB queues the recovery routine program checked. Results of future use of dynamic buffering with this DCB are unpredictable.

02

Cleanup was successful. The DCB with dynamic buffering should be reusable.

03

Cleanup not attempted. It was determined unnecessary as all processing was completed before the abnormal end. The DCB with dynamic buffering should be reusable.

04

Cleanup not attempted because DEBCHK found an incorrect DEB or the audit trail bit was incorrect. Results of future use of dynamic buffering with this DCB are unpredictable.

System action

A system dump is taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set and the task is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSOUT output for the job and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Notify the system programmer.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT005G

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC906I

POSSIBLE SYSTEM ERROR DETECTED BY SYNADAF. SVC DUMP TRIED, RC = rc.

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of SYNADAF or SYNADRLS. The SYNADAF task recovery routine received control during task end after some other recovery routine failed.

In the message text:

rc

The return code that indicates the results of an SVC Dump attempt as follows:

- 0 Successful dump.
- 4 Partial dump.
- 8 No dump.

System action

The SVC Dump written to the SYS1.DUMP data set or user-designated data set contains the CPU prefixed storage area, nucleus, system queue area and the user's address space. The dump header contains the job name, step name, procedure step name, system completion code, and the SYNADAF task recovery routine name, IGCT006H. A software error record is written to logrec data set and task end continues.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the program listing for the job, and the logrec data set error record.

Programmer response

Rerun the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT006H

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC907I

744 SYNADAF ERROR, SVC DUMP TRIED, RC = rc.

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of SYNADAF or SYNADRLS. The SYNADAF task recovery routine received control during task end after a program check in a SYNADAF or SYNADRLS module. In the message text, 744 associates this message with system completion code 744.

In the message text:

rc

The return code that indicates the results of an SVC Dump attempt as follows:

- 0 Successful dump.
- 4 Partial dump.
- 8 No dump.

System action

The SVC Dump written to the SYS1.DUMP or user-designated data set contains the CPU prefixed storage area, nucleus, system queue area, and the user's address space. The dump header contains the job name, step name, procedure step name, system completion code 744, and the SYNADAF first load module name, IGC0006H. A software error record is written to the logrec data set. Task end continues.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the program listing for the job, and the logrec data set error record.

Programmer response

Rerun the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT006H

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC908I

112,rc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

Incorrect input was passed to SVC 18 by the BLDL or FIND macro instruction.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 112 and with the return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname

DDname, if a valid DCB in the user's region was passed to SVC 18; or SYSDCB, if a DCB address of 0, an incorrect DCB, or the address of the system LINKLIB or SVCLIB DCB was passed to SVC 18.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

Parameter list not in caller's storage.

02

DCB not in caller's storage.

03,13

DCB does not point to a valid DEB. If rc is 13, the DCB is dumped to the GTF data set.

04,14

A program check occurred in the POINT routine. If rc is 14, the DCB is dumped to the GTF data set.

System action

An attempt is made to trace the DCB to the GTF trace data set. The task is ended.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the BLDL or FIND macro instruction. For return codes 03, 13, 04, and 14, make sure that the DCB is not being overlaid, in particular the fields DCBDEBAD and DCBPOINT. Recompile the program and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT0018

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC909I

212-rc,jjj,sss,ddname, smsrc,smsrs

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of a DFP program that could not be attributed to incorrect user input.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 212 and the return code.

jjj

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddname

The DD name.

smsrc

The SMS return code.

smsrs

The SMS reason code.

The SMS return and reason codes caused BLDL to initiate the 212 ABEND while processing a PDSE. If error return codes from SMS were not the cause of the abend, these fields will contain the characters 'N/A'. The values of rc and their meanings are as follows:

00

No dump was taken and no software record was written by BLDL. An X'0F4' abend preceded this X'212' abend and resulted in an SVC dump. The dump contains the values in the SMSRC and SMSRS fields of this IEC909I message as the return and reason codes in the dump title.

01

A dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

02

A partial dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

03

No dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

System action

An SVC Dump was attempted. A software error record was written to the logrec data set and the task is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, and the logrec data set error record.

Programmer response

Make sure that the BLDL or FIND macro instruction is correctly coded, and that the parameter list and control blocks involved are not modified by the program during the processing of SVC 18.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT0018

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC910I

215-rc,x,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

The error occurred during the processing of a DFP program.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 215 and with the return code.

X

GTRACE indicator

0

A trace record has been written to the SYS1.TRACE data set.

1

An unsuccessful attempt was made to trace data; GTRACE was not active.

2

An unsuccessful attempt was made to trace data; the GTRACE buffers were full.

3

No information has been traced.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname

DDname, or ****** if unable to locate the DDname.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

The DCB whose address was supplied in register 1 is not in the caller's region.

02

The DCB does not point to a valid DEB, or the DEB does not point back to the DCB.

03

The DCB contains an incorrect entry pointer to the device characteristics table.

04

The parameter list whose address was supplied in register 0 is not in the caller's region.

System action

If the DCB is in the caller's region, an attempt is made to trace it to the GTF trace data set. The task is ended.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. For return codes 01, 02, and 03, verify that register 1 contained the correct DCB address prior to issuing SVC 21 and that the DCB has not been overlaid since being opened. For return code 04, verify that register 0 contained the correct parameter list address and that the list is within the caller's region prior to issuing SVC 21.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT0021

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC911I

315-rc,jjj,sss,ddname, smsrc,smsrs

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of a DFP program that could not be attributed to incorrect user input.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 315 and with the return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname

DDname, or ****** if unable to locate the DDname.

smsrc

The SMS return code.

smsrs

The SMS reason code.

The SMS return and reason codes caused STOW to initiate the 315 ABEND while processing a PDSE. If error return codes from SMS were not the cause of the abend, these fields will contain the characters 'N/A'.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

00

No dump was taken and no software record was written by STOW. An X'0F4' abend preceded this X'315' abend and resulted in an SVC dump. The dump contains the values in the SMSRC and SMSRS fields of this IEC911I message as return and reason codes in the dump title.

01

SDUMP successfully completed.

02

The dump data set contains a partial dump.

03

Unable to dump.

04

SWAREQ macro failed. SWAREQ is required to determine the data set name, so that the DS1NOBDB field in the format 1 DSCB can be updated. The SWAREQ return code can be found in the SMSRC field of the IEC911I message. For SWAREQ return codes, see *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference SET-WTO*. STOW issues SWAREQ with UNAUTH=NO.

05

DADSM update function failed. The return code and diagnostic information returned from DADSM update are in the SMSRC and SMSRS fields of the IEC911I message. For help interpreting these DADSM codes, see z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis.

OC.

STOW attempt failed because of a data set out-of-space error.

710 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

System action

An SVC Dump is issued. A software error record is written to the logrec data set and the task is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the program listing for the job, the logrec data set error record, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that the STOW macro instruction is correctly coded, and that the parameter list and DCB involved are not modified by your program during the processing of SVC 21.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT0021

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC912I

118-rc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

Incorrect parameters were passed to DEVTYPE.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 118 and with the return code.

ΙΙΙ

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname

DDname, or ****** if no valid DDname is passed to DEVTYPE.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

The ddname, whose address was supplied in register 1 is not in the caller's region.

02

The output area whose address was supplied in register 0 is not in the caller's region.

03

The parameter list is not in user-writable storage.

04

The UCB list is not in user-writable storage.

05

The INFO list is not in user-readable storage.

System action

The task is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the DEVTYPE macro instruction, recompile the program, and rerun the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT002D

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC913I

218-rc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of DEVTYPE that could not be attributed to incorrect user input.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 218 and with the return code.

jjj

job name

SSS

step name

ddname

DDname

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

A dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

02

A partial dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

03

No dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

System action

An SVC Dump is issued. A software error record is written to the logrec data set and the task is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the program listing for the job, and the logrec data set error record.

Programmer response

Make sure that the DEVTYPE macro instruction is correctly coded, and that the areas passed to DEVTYPE are not freed by your program during the processing of SVC 24.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT002D

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC914I

119-rc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

Incorrect input was passed to track balance.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 119 and with the return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname

DDname.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

The DCB is not in the caller's region.

02.12

The DCB does not point to a valid DEB. If rc is 12, the DCB is traced to the GTF data set.

03.13

The IOB address (pointed to by DCBIOBAD) is not in the caller's region. If rc is 13, the DCB is traced to the GTF data set.

04,14

The channel program address (pointed to by IOBSTART) is not in the caller's region. If rc is 14, the DCB and IOB are traced to the GTF data set.

System action

An attempt was made to trace pertinent control blocks to the GTF trace data set and the task is ended.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that your program does not overlay the DCB and IOB fields described by the error code. Correct the error and rerun the job step.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT002E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC915I

219-rc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of a DFP program that could not be attributed to incorrect user input. In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 219 and with the return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname

DDname.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

A dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

02

A partial dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

03

No dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

System action

The system issues an SVC Dump, writes a software error record to the logrec data set, and the task is ended.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the program listing for the job, and the logrec data set error record.

Programmer response

Make sure that your program does not alter the DCB or IOB during processing of SVC 25.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT002E

Routing code

11

6

IEC916I

145-rc,x,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

The error occurred during processing of backspace.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 145 and with the return code.

X

GTRACE indicator.

0

A trace record has been written to the SYS1.TRACE data set.

1

An unsuccessful attempt was made to trace data; GTRACE was not active.

2

An unsuccessful attempt was made to trace data; the GTRACE buffers were full.

3

No information has been traced.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname

DDname, or ****** if unable to locate the DDname.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

The DCB whose address was supplied in register 1 is not in the caller's region.

02

The DCB does not point to a valid DEB or the DEB does not point back to the DCB.

03

The device type field in the DCB is incorrect.

04

The DCB contains an incorrect entry pointer to the device characteristics table.

05

Normal scheduling; the DCB does not point to a valid IOB or the IOB pointed to by the DCB does not point to a valid IOB within the caller's region.

06

Chained scheduling; the DCB does not point to a valid main IOB within the caller's region.

07

Chained scheduling; the DCB, or the ICB pointed to by the DCB, does not point to a valid ICB within the caller's region.

08

Chained scheduling; the ICBs are not correctly chained together or the value of DCBNCP is less than the number of ICBs. Normal scheduling; same error in IOBs for chained scheduling.

716 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

System action

The backspace task recovery routine has been invoked. If the caller's DCB, main IOB, and first ICB for chained scheduling, or first IOB for normal scheduling are in his region, an attempt was made to trace them to the SYS1.TRACE data set.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Verify that register 1 contained the correct DCB address prior to issuing BSP and that the DCB has not been overlaid since being opened. If the DCB is valid, verify that it contains the correct IOB and/or ICB addresses and that neither the IOBs and/or the ICBs have been overlaid.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT0069

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC917I

245-rc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of backspace that could not be attributed to incorrect user input.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 245 and with the return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname

DDname, or ****** if unable to locate the DDname.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

SDUMP successfully completed.

02

The dump data set contains a partial dump.

Unable to dump.

System action

The backspace task recovery routine has been invoked. Low core and the caller's region have been dumped to the SYS1.DUMP data set. The caller's input register 1 and his DCB have been written to the logrec data set.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the program listing for the job, the logrec data set error record, and all printed output and output data sets related to the problem.

Programmer response

Make sure that the BSP macro instruction is correctly coded and that the DCB and the IOBs and/or ICBs for the file being processed are not overlaid by your program during the processing of SVC 69.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT0069

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC918I

cde-xy,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of SETPRT.

In the message text:

cde

System completion code 151, 251, 351, or 451. See the description of the appropriate system completion code for an explanation of its meaning.

X

Reason codes:

With 451 completion codes:

- 1
- 2 IOBs/ICBs did not pass validity checking.

DCB EXLST pointer did not pass validity checking.

3 DEB did not pass validity checking.

```
4
       DCB did not pass validity checking.
   With 251 completion codes:
       Exit list entry incorrect.
   2
       FCB image incorrect.
   3
       User-provided image did not pass validity checking.
   4
       Message area did not pass validity checking.
   With 351 completion codes converted from SDUMP SVC:
       Successful SDUMP.
       Partial SDUMP.
   3
       Unsuccessful SDUMP.
У
   GTRACE code:
   1
       GTRACE successful with 151, 251 and 451 completion codes.
   2
       GTRACE unsuccessful with 151, 251 and 451 completion codes.
   0
       With 351 completion codes.
jjj
   Job name.
SSS
   Step name.
ddname
   DDname.
```

System action

The task is ended. See the system action for the appropriate system completion code.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

```
TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP
```

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the program listing for the job, and the logrec data set error record.

Programmer response

See the appropriate system completion code.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT1081

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC919I

169-rc,jjj,sss

Explanation

The error occurred during the processing of IMGLIB with the CLOSE option. The DCB address passed to IMGLIB in register 1 was incorrect, or the DEB for the open DCB was incorrect, or IMGLIB CLOSE could not get or free storage.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 169 and with the return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

DCB address is outside of the user's region.

02

The DCB does not point to a valid DEB, or the DEB does not point back to the DCB.

03

The DCB does not point to a valid DEB, or the DEB does not point back to the DCB; the DCB was written to the GTF trace data set.

04

DEBCHK received an unexpected return code. It was not for a valid or invalid DEB, and the DEB was not in use by another task.

05

DEBCHK could not free the DEB for the open DCB because another task had locked the DEB.

06

IMGLIB close could not get or free storage.

07

The DCB that is passed to the IMGLIB macro is open, but not for the SYS1.IMAGELIB data set, or it was not opened under the current task.

System action

For return code 03, the DCB is written to the GTF data set. For other return codes, no data is traced and the task is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make sure that the IMGLIB CLOSE macro instruction is correctly coded. Make sure that the DCB address passed to IMGLIB is the same address returned to your program by a previous IMGLIB OPEN.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT010E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC920I

269-rc,jjj,sss

Explanation

An error occurred during the processing of IMGLIB OPEN or IMGLIB CLOSE which could not be attributed to incorrect input to IMGLIB.

In the message text:

rc

Associates this message with system completion code 269 and with the return code.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

The explanation for the hex return code is as follows:

Return Code

Explanation

01

A dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

02

A partial dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

03

No dump was taken to the SYS1.DUMP data set.

System action

The system issues an SVC Dump and writes a software error record to logrec data set. The task is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL, the program listing for the job, and the logrec data set error record.

Programmer response

Make sure that the IMGLIB macro instruction is correctly coded.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGCT010E

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC921I

cde-rc,jjj,sss,ddname

Explanation

A trace record has been written to the GTF trace data set.

In the message text:

cde

Associates this message with the system completion code.

rc

Associates this message with the return code. For a description of the data which has been traced refer to the description of the completion, its corresponding return code, and the associated message.

jjj

Job name.

SSS

Step name.

ddname

DDname.

System action

A trace record is written to the GTF trace data set.

Operator response

Start a generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, and re-create the problem. Reply to message AHL100A with:

TRACE=SYS, USR, SLIP

On the DD statement for the data set in error, specify:

DCB=DIAGNS=TRACE

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Programmer response

Respond as indicated in the explanation of the system completion code cde, and its associated message.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0559C

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC922I

016-08,jjj,sss,ddname,ATTEMPTED TO READ AN EXECUTE-ONLY DATA SET.

Explanation

An EXCPVR SVC request was issued on behalf of the user to read an EXECUTE-only data set. The attempt to read the data set failed. In the message text:

iii

Job name

SSS

Step name

ddname

ddname

System action

The task ends.

System programmer response

In the case of a single data set, change the RACF access from EXECUTE to READ if it is determined that the program should have READ access to the data set. In the case of a data set concatenation, remove all EXECUTE-only protected data sets if it is determined that they are unnecessary since the entire concatenation is considered EXECUTE-only if any of its data sets are so protected.

Programmer response

Probable user error. In the case of a single data set, change the RACF access from EXECUTE to READ if it is determined that the program should have READ access to the data set. In the case of a data set concatenation, remove all EXECUTE-only protected data sets if it is determined that they are unnecessary since the entire concatenation is considered EXECUTE-only if any of its data sets are so protected.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG019BX

Routing code

9,11

Descriptor code

Δ

IEC950I

003-x 3525 ASSOCIATED DATA SET I/O SEQUENCE ERROR

Explanation

This is an explanatory message for the system completion code 003. A sequence I/O error has occurred for a 3525 reader punch.

In the message text:

X

Defines the nature of the error, as follows:

- If x is 1, the error occurred because of a READ I/O sequence error.
- If x is 2, the error occurred because of a PUNCH I/O sequence error.
- If x is 3, the error occurred because of a PRINT I/O sequence error.

System action

The system ends the task.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Specify the I/O macro instructions in the proper sequence and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG019CC, IGG019CE, IGG019CF, IGG019FA, IGG019FK, IGG019FQ

724 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC951I

004 INVALID FORMAT CARD OR INVALID DEVICE FOR OMR

Explanation

Either the format card for Read Column Eliminate (RCE) or for Optical Mark Read (OMR) is incorrect, or the device indicated with OMR is ineligible for OMR. Register 15 has the return code X'05'.

System action

The system ends the task.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Verify the referenced fields and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0197M

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC952I

004 CONFLICTING/INVALID DCB FUNC OR RELATED PARAMETER

Explanation

This is an explanatory message for system completion code 004. A conflicting or incorrect DCB parameter (FUNC or related parameter) was specified. The hex contents of register 15 indicate the nature of the error:

Register 15

Explanation

01

An incorrect DCB FUNC parameter was specified.

02

An incorrect combination of the DCB FUNC parameter and CNTRL macro instruction was specified.

03

Conflicting associated data set access methods were specified.

04

An incorrect DCB was specified with a 3505 or 3525.

System action

The system ends the task.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Verify the referenced fields and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0197N

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC953I

004 DATA PROTECTION IMAGE NOT FOUND

Explanation

This is an explanatory message for the system completion code 004. A data protection image was not found. This is indicated by a X'06' return code in register 15.

System action

The system ends the task.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Verify the referenced fields and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG0197Q

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC954I

23F INVALID ATTEMPT TO ACCESS CHECKPOINT DATA SET (ddname)

Explanation

This is an explanatory message for the system completion code 23F. An unauthorized user has attempted to access a checkpoint data set, described by the DD statement. Checkpoint data sets contain information which is critical to overall system security and integrity; only authorized programs are allowed access. This message is a WTP and will, therefore, appear only on the system message output for the job.

In the message text:

ddname

The DD name.

System action

The task is ended.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the program listing and the source program listing for the job.

Programmer response

Remove the logic that accesses the checkpoint data set and recompile the program, or authorize the program.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGG019SI

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

6

IEC980A

SPECIFY TRACE KEYS: DSN=,DDN=,JN=,DELETE,DISABLE, ALL| NUM,END

Explanation

The IFGOCETR task has been started by the operator. The task requires keys be provided by the operator in order to know what functions to perform. The explanation of these keys is documented in <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp</u> Diagnosis.

System action

The task waits for the operator to reply or until the task reaches time-out.

Operator response

The operator must respond with one or more of the valid keys documented in the message text. The meaning of each key is documented in z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis .

System programmer response

None

User response

None

Programmer response

None

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFGOOCET

IEC980I text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- INVALID REPLY
- NO ACTIVE ENTRY(S) FOUND
- MAXIMUM TRACES ACTIVE. DELETE 1 OR ALL OR REPLY END
- START GTF TO ACTIVATE OCE TRACE

The IFGOCETR started task has:

- been passed an invalid key.
- been asked to display active trace entries, but none were found.
- been asked to add a trace entry but the maximum number of trace entries are already active.
- successfully added all trace entries requested. If you want to trace the OPEN/CLOSE/EOV component, GTF
 must be started if it is not already. You must trace USR entries. If you want to trace BSAM, BPAM or QSAM, you
 do not have to start GTF, but you need any kind of dump in order to see the trace in the section labeled, "DATA
 MANAGEMENT CONTROL BLOCKS".

System action

The IFGOCETR task will issue message IEC980A in all cases except if the text is 'START GTF TO ACTIVATE OCE TRACE'. In that case, the system continues processing.

Operator response

The operator must:

- enter the correct key when message IEC980A is reissued.
- enter the next key when message IEC980A is reissued.
- enter the DELETE or END key when message IEC980A is reissued to either delete one or all of the current trace entries or to end the started task.
- start GTF if you wish to activate the optional O/C/EOV problem determination work area tracing facility and it is not already active.

System	progra	mmer	respo	onse
--------	--------	------	-------	------

None

User response

None

Programmer response

None

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFGOOCET

IEC981I

INVALID RECORD IN PARMLIB MEMBER IFGPSEDI: record

Explanation

A syntax violation was detected in the PARMLIB member IFGPSEDI.

In the message text:

record

A record that displays data from the PARMLIB member.

System action

The enhanced data integrity exclude-list table does not include all the data set names in the displayed record.

System programmer response

Correct the data in the PARMLIB member IFGPSEDI. DSN must precede all data set names.

Problem determination

Not applicable

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

Started task: IFG0BLDT

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEC982I

ENHANCED DATA INTEGRITY DATA SET NAME TABLE {NOT BUILT/ REBUILT | WAS DISABLED}.

Explanation

A system operator issue the S IFGEDI command. If the message says NOT BUILT/REBUILT, then no valid records were found in the PARMLIB member IFGPSEDI. Therefore, the enhanced data integrity table was not built or rebuilt.

If the message says WAS DISABLED, then the enhanced data integrity function has been disabled because the PARMLIB member IFGPSEDI specified MODE(DISABLE).

System action

No enhanced data integrity table was built.

System programmer response

If the message contains NOT BUILT/REBUILT, then check the PARMLIB member IFGPSEDI. It must have at least one valid record, and the first parameter specified in the first record must be MODE(WARN) or MODE(ENFORCE). Also, verify that the SYSIN DD statement in the IFGEDI cataloged procedure refers to a partitioned data set (PDS) or partitioned data set extended (PDSE) member that contains the following control statements:

GENERATE EXITS DATA=IFG0BLDT

Problem determination

Not applicable

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFGODSNT

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEC984I

jjj,dev,volser,dsn NOT EXCLUDED BUT HAD AN ENHANCED DATA INTEGRITY {INPUT | OUTPUT} VIOLATION

Explanation

The enhanced data integrity function is active and running in warning mode (MODE(WARN)). The data set *dsn* on volume *volser* is not in the enhanced data integrity exclude list table, enhanced data integrity bypass was not requested, and the data set is being opened for input or output when it is already open for output.

In the message text:

jjj

The job name.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

volser

The volume serial number.

dsn

The data set name.

System action

OPEN processing of the data set is allowed to continue.

System programmer response

The enhanced data integrity table was created with the MODE(WARN) keyword and, therefore, enhanced data integrity is running in warning mode. This mode is primarily for debugging or conversion, or both. If this data set should be added to the enhanced data integrity table, then add it to the IFGPSEDI member.

Programmer response

If this data set should be excluded from enhanced data integrity processing, then either the system programmer must update the IFGPSEDI member, or the application programmer must modify the application to set the DCBE exclude flag or to not violate enhanced data integrity. Otherwise, the application would fail if IFGPSEDI is modified to specify MODE(ENFORCE) and the open is for output. If the open is for input and the application is not in error, then this message can be ignored because after MODE(ENFORCE) is activated, input processing will not fail. However, if the application is in error, then it will need to be modified to prevent opening for input when the data set is concurrently open for output.

Problem determination

Not applicable

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG019RO

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4

IEC985I

jjj,dev,volser,dsn EXCLUDED BUT HAD AN ENHANCED DATA INTEGRITY {INPUT | OUTPUT} VIOLATION

Explanation

The enhanced data integrity function is active and running in warning mode (MODE(WARN)). Either the data set dsn on volume volser is in the enhanced data integrity exclude list table, or enhanced data integrity bypass was requested. The data set is being opened for input or output when it is already open for output and enhanced data integrity processing was not bypassed.

In the message text:

jjj

The job name.

dev

The device number of the specified device.

volser

The volume serial number.

dsn

The data set name.

System action

OPEN processing of the data set is allowed to continue.

Operator response

None

System programmer response

The enhanced data integrity table was created with the MODE(WARN) keyword and, therefore, enhanced data integrity is running in warning mode. This mode is primarily for debugging or conversion, or both. If exclusion of the data set is valid, either because it is in the enhanced data integrity exclude list or because the exclude flags are set by an authorized program in the DCBE, program properties table options, or dynamic allocations options, then no action is necessary. If the data set should not be excluded, then ensure that the data set is no longer excluded from enhanced data integrity processing.

Problem determination

Not applicable

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG019RQ

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4

IEC986I

IFG019RQ RC $\it rc$ RS $\it rs$ Enhanced data integrity table search error

Explanation

The enhanced data integrity function is active and had an error while searching the enhanced data integrity data set exclude table.

In the message text:

rc

The return code that the table-search routine passed.

rs

The reason code that the table-search routine passed.

System action

If enhanced data integrity is running in warning mode, then OPEN continues processing.

If enhanced data integrity is running in enforce mode, then an abend 0C1 is issued.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem-reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center, and provide the SYSOUT output for the job.

Problem determination

Not applicable

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG019RQ

Routing code

1, 3, 10, 11

Descriptor code

3

IEC987I

jjj,sss,ddn,dev,volser,dsn WARNING – DCB OPEN for an EAS Eligible Data Set or VTOC but EADSCB=OK not specified on DCBE macro

Explanation

ICVTESTEADSCB of parmlib member DIAGxx is active. A DCB OPEN was issued for an EAS eligible data set or a VTOC on a volume *volser* but EADSCB=OK on the DCBE macro was not specified. This message will be issued only if the volume is not EAV. If this was an EAV volume, an abend would have been issued instead of this message.

System action

OPEN processing of the data set is allowed to continue.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

ICVTESTEADSCB in parmlib member DIAGxx is for test purposes to assist in migration to determine what applications need to be modified before activating EAV.

Problem determination

Not applicable

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFG0194D

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

4

IEC988I

jjj,sss,ddn{-#},dev,volser,dsn DATA SET NOT UNALLOCATED DURING CLOSE RCxx

Explanation

This is an informational message. FREE=CLOSE was specified in the JCL or in the CLOSE macro but was not honored.

In the message text:

iii

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

ddn[-#]

The DD name and concatenation number if applicable.

dev

The device number.

volser

The volume serial number.

dsn

The data set name.

Return code xx indicates the reason why the data set was not freed:

00

The current task is terminating abnormally and the job step task is not now terminating.

01

Disposition of LEAVE specified.

02

Disposition of REREAD specified.

03

Another DCB in the address space is open to this DD name.

04

The data set is part of a concatenation.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

User response

If CLOSE not deallocating the data set causes no problem, this is an informational message and no application change is required. If it does cause a problem, or you want to eliminate the message, correct the application based on the reason for the failure and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC997I

INSTALLATION EXIT exit-point exit-name GOT ABEND {Ssss-xxxxxxxx | Uuuuu-xxxxxxxxx}] JOB jjjjjjjj STEP ssssssss

Explanation

An installation exit in the OPEN/CLOSE/EOV or basic access methods component failed with the specified abend code.

In the message text:

Exit-point

Identifies the dynamic exit point. It is IFG_OPEN_START, IFG_CLOSE_START, or IGG_STOW_START.

Exit-name

Name of the module that is defined for the system to call at this exit point.

Ssss-xxxxxxxxx

The system abend code and return code in hexadecimal. If the abend code is issued by the OPEN/CLOSE/EOV or access method (BAM) component, then the return code is only two hexadecimal digits.

Uuuuu

The user abend code in decimal and return code in hexadecimal.

أزززززز

The job name.

SSSSSSS

The job step name.

System action

If open and close, the system creates a system dump. The abend has no effect on the application program because this appears to be a problem with the exit routine.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

Contact your system programmer.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC998I

mod EXIT return code RETURN CODE INVALID, JOB IS ABENDED

Explanation

The indicated tape exit passed an invalid code back to OPEN/CLOSE/EOV.

In the message text:

mod

Name of the exit that was disabled.

return code

Invalid return code in four hexadecimal digits.

System action

The job is abended.

System programmer response

Correct the tape management exit.

Source

DFSMSdfp

IEC999I

text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- mod ,sub ,DEB ADDR = debaddr [-1] [DSN = dsname]
- mod ,sub ,WORK AREA = workarea
- mod ,jjj ,sss [,dev ,volser ,dsname ,nnn LOST BLOCKS]
- mod ,jjj ,sss [,errtext]
- iji ,sss,volser LOST BLOCKS STARTING IN FILE SEQUENCE: fff

This message is issued due to a failure during OPEN/CLOSE/EOV, DADSM, or task close processing.

In the message text:

mod

The name of the module in which the error occurred.

sub

The subroutine of the CSECT within the module in error.

debaddr

The address of a DEB that could not be properly closed. The DEB has been removed from the TCB DEB chain

-1

If -1 follows the DEB address, it means that the DCB is not accessible and implies that a program freed the storage while the DCB was open.

XXXXXX

A text string.

workarea

The address of the work area for the module in error, which should appear in an SDUMP.

ijij

The job name.

SSS

The step name.

dev

The device number.

volser

The volume serial number.

dsname

The data set name.

nnn

The number of blocks written to the hardware buffer but not written to the tape medium.

errtext

Text which describes the error which will result in O/C/EOV issuing the following ABENDOC1.

fff

The file sequence number of the first file that did not get written to tape, in the event of a synchronization failure.

The error message includes the unit address, volume serial number, and data set name only if the error occurred during DADSM processing.

System action

The task is ended. If *errtext* is specified an ABENDOC1 will be issued.

Operator response

None

System programmer response

None

Programmer response

Check previous messages or abends to help determine the reason for the failure.

If debaddr= is specified, the failure occurred during task close. The problem is probably with the program that opened the data set. The most common problem is the program modifying or freeing the storage that contains an open DCB. A '-1' after the DEB address means the open DCB or ACB storage is not accessible. Correct the problem and run the job again.

If workarea= is specified, a system problem was encountered. Prior to contacting hardware support personnel for help, make the SDUMP and failing job available. For ISO/ANSI tape labels, the system might have detected an incorrect IECIEPRM parameter list passed by an MVS routine.

If job name (*jjj*) and step name (sss) are specified, an indeterminate error (a program check or a machine check) was encountered during OPEN/CLOSE/EOV or DADSM processing.

If this message is accompanied by a CO3 abend and a slip dump is obtained, searching the system trace table for the DEB address and corresponding DCB address might help determine the cause of the problem. For this to be effective, the system trace table might need to be enlarged and branch tracing turned off. A trace table size of 256K should be sufficient.

If *errtext* is specified, a system problem was encountered during O/C/EOV processing. Before calling the IBM Support Center make the OC1 dump and failing job available.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IFGOTCOA, IFGORROA, IFGO19RF

Routing code

10,11

Descriptor code

6

Chapter 4. IECOH messages

IECH0100I

OPEN macro support for XTIOT, uncaptured UCBs and DSAB above the line is enabled for non-VSAM. This follows IBM's recommendation.

Explanation

Specifying NON_VSAM_XTIOT=YES in the DEVSUPxx member of PARMLIB decreases the chances of running out of virtual storage when allocating and concurrently opening many sequential and partitioned data sets.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

N/A

System programmer response

Encourage the use of XTIOT allocations.

Problem determination

N/A

Source

DFSMS OPEN/CLOSE/EOV

Module

IFGHCOC2

Routing code

See note 35.

Descriptor code

12 is the default set by this check. See note 1.

Automation

N/A

Reference Documentation

For additional information, see z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference.

IECH0101E

OPEN macro support for XTIOT, uncaptured UCBs and DSAB above the line is not enabled for non-VSAM. IBM recommends setting NON_VSAM_XTIOT=YES in the DEVSUPxx member of PARMLIB.

IBM suggests setting NON_VSAM_XTIOT=YES in the DEVSUPxx member of PARMLIB to decrease the chances of running out of virtual storage when allocating and concurrently opening many sequential and partitioned data sets.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

N/A

System programmer response

Encourage the use of XTIOT allocations.

Problem determination

N/A

Source

DFSMS OPEN/CLOSE/EOV

Module

IFGHCOC2

Routing code

See note 35.

Descriptor code

12 is the default set by this check. See note 1.

Automation

N/A

Reference Documentation

For additional information, see z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference.

Chapter 5. IEE messages (IEE012A - IEE196I)

IEE012A

NO LONGER SAVING MESSAGES FOR HARDCOPY, LOGLIM REACHED

Explanation

A VARY SYSLOG, HARDCPY, OFF, UNCOND has previously been issued. MVS has saved messages to be hardcopied later, but the limit of LOGLIM has been reached or the buffer storage has been exhausted.

System action

Messages issued after this point will not be sent to SYSLOG, unless SYSLOG is re-activated. If SYSLOG is re-activated the LOGLIM will be defaulted to the value of 1000. If this limit is not desired it can be increased with the CONTROL M,LOGLIM command.

Operator response

Activate SYSLOG and specify the value of LOGLIM with the CONTROL M, LOGLIM command.

Note: You can display the LOGLIM value and the number of buffers in use, by issuing the D C,HC command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB804

Routing code

1,2,10

Descriptor code

1

IEE019I

cm QUOTE(S) MISSING

Explanation

While processing a command, the system detected an error in the syntax of the command. One or more apostrophes are missing.

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again, making sure that the required apostrophes are used.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE1603D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE020E

AMOUNT OF CENTRAL STORAGE EXCEEDS nT MAXIMUM. ONLY nT CENTRAL STORAGE IS USED. CENTRAL STORAGE IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM IS IGNORED. RECONFIGURATION FUNCTIONS ARE NOT AVAILABLE.

Explanation

There is too much central storage. The maximum amount of storage is n terabytes.

In the message text:

n٦

The amount of storage.

System action

Central storage reconfiguration is disabled, and the Display M command may produce unpredictable results. The system issues message IEE021A and continues its initialization process.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Reduce the installed storage to the maximum allowed, then re-IPL the system to enable storage reconfiguration.

Source

Reconfiguration.

Module

IEERMAXW

IEE021A

REPLY TO ACKNOWLEDGE MESSAGE IEE020E

Explanation

This message is issued following message IEE020E, and allows the system operator to respond.

System action

The system continues its initialization process.

Operator response

To acknowledge message IEE021A, reply with any single character. If storage reconfiguration is required, then the amount of real storage must be reduced and the IPL process restarted.

Source

Reconfiguration.

Module

IEERMAXW

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

_

IEE022I

IEE1022I[CHP (xx) NOT RECONFIGURED | PATH(dev,xx) NOT VARIED], SWAP DETECTED - FUNCTION CANCELED

Explanation

While a CHPID was being reconfigured offline or a Path was being varied offline, a swap occurred causing the respective function to be canceled. For this type of cancel, paths that were already processed are not brought back online, thus possibly leaving the paths in an inconsistent state.

For a CONFIG CHP,OFFLINE command, some or all of the paths may have already been taken logically offline. However, the channel path will still be physically online.

For a VARY PATH, OFFLINE command, the device path displayed will still be logically online.

In the message text:

XX

The channel path identifier.

dev

The device number.

System action

The system performs one of the following actions:

- For a CONFIG CHP OFFLINE, if a swap is detected while the paths are being taken logically offline, the system ends processing such that any device path that has already been taken offline is left offline and any device path that has not yet been taken offline is left online. The system leaves the channel path configured physically online. If there are other channel paths referenced on the CONFIG command that have not yet been processed, the system completely bypasses processing these channel paths and message IEE022I is issued for each.
- For a VARY PATH OFFLINE command, when a swap is detected for a device being processed, the system leaves the path online and ends processing such that any device path referenced on the VARY PATH OFFLINE command that has not yet been taken offline is bypassed and left online. Message IEEO22I is issued for each device path that is not taken offline. Also, any device path referenced on the VARY PATH OFFLINE command that has already completed its offline processing is not brought back online.

Operator response

If a Hyperswap was in progress, wait for the Hyperswap to complete and then reissue the CONFIG or VARY command.

Source

IOS

Module

IOSCFCHP or IEEVPTHR

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE023I

cm CLASSNAME ERROR

Explanation

While processing a command, the system detected an error in the command. The class specified on the command was not a valid job class or system output class.

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again, making sure that the class name specified on the command is correct.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE1603D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE025I

UNIT {dev|nnnnnnn} HAS NO {LOGICAL|PHYSICAL} PATHS [, UNCOND ACCEPTED]

A VARY ONLINE command requested that a device or a console be varied online, but there are no paths of the indicated type, logical or physical, available for this device or console, or the device is not in a ready state.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the device to be varied online.

nnnnnnn

The name of the console to be varied online.

Multiple console support (MCS) treats the specified console as if it were a 3277 Display Station (Model 2).

LOGICAL

There were no logical paths available for the device or console.

PHYSICAL

There were no physical paths available for the device or console.

UNCOND ACCEPTED

The device was brought online even though it may have no logical or physical paths to it.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

LOGICAL

Issue a VARY PATH(dddd,cc),ONLINE in order to bring both a path and the device online.

If the device is not a tape or a direct access storage device (DASD) and you cannot bring the device online, but a critical job requires that the device be online, enter the VARY ONLINE command again for the device specifying the UNCOND parameter. The device will be marked online even though a path for it does not exist and the device cannot be used for I/O operations. Check all logical paths to the device.

PHYSICAL

At system initialization, check the system log (SYSLOG) for messages related to hardware problems. Contact hardware support, providing the messages.

Source

- For console devices, MVS console services
- For non-console devices, MVS device allocation

Module

CNZK1V38, CNZK1V40, IEFHBONL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE026I

func NOT SUPPORTED

While processing a command, the system detected that a function is not supported.

In the message text:

func

The function, which is one of the following:

LOG

The system log and OPERLOG are inactive.

WRITELOG

The system log is not active because a WRITELOG CLOSE command had been entered or the system log task ended abnormally.

DDR SYSRES

Dynamic device reconfiguration (DDR), or the SYSRES option of DDR, is not supported. The system cannot complete the SWAP request entered by the operator.

NET

Virtual telecommunications access method (VTAM) is not active.

func may also be a command dependent upon a selectable unit. If it is such a command, the selectable unit supporting the command has not been installed on the system.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

LOG

If the system log, OPERLOG, or both should be maintained, contact the system programmer.

WRITELOG

If the system log should be maintained, contact the system programmer.

DDR SYSRES

No response.

NET

Do not enter VARY, DISPLAY or HALT NET commands until VTAM is active.

Command dependent upon a selectable unit

Do not use the command until the selectable unit has been installed on the system.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE1403D, IEE1603D, IEE3203D, IEE3503D, IEE5703D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE027I

cmd COMMAND FAILED DUE TO ENQ CONTENTION ON RESOURCE SYSZMCS.MPFTABLE

Explanation

The command did not complete because it did not exclusively obtain the SYSZMCS.MPFTABLE resource. This is most likely due to a SHARED request (that is, a WTO) not completing its execution.

In the message text:

cmd

The command entered. It is either the SET MPF=xx or the CONTROL M,UEXIT=x command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Issue the command again. If the command continues to fail, issue a DISPLAY GRS,C command and check for contention on the resource.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB805, IEEMB819

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE028I

WTO INSTALLATION EXIT XXXXXXXX COULD NOT BE LOADED

Explanation

The MPFLSTxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB specified on a SET MPF command or during initialization contained a WTO installation exit that could not be loaded.

System action

The system continues processing without the WTO installation exit routine(s).

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do one of the following:

- 1. Look for errors in the library containing the installation exit routine. For example, the exit may not reside in an APF-authorized library.
- 2. Correct the problem. Ask the operator to enter the SET MPF command to load the routine(s).

Source	
Master scheduler	
Module	
IEECB805	
Routing code	
2,10	
Descriptor code	
5,12	
IEE029I	COMMAND INSTALLATION EXIT XXXXXXXX COULD NOT BE LOADED
Explanation	
The MPFLSTxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB specified on a SET MPF command or during initialization contained a COMMAND installation exit that could not be loaded.	
System action	
The system continues processing without the COMMAND installation exit routine(s).	
Operator response	
Contact the system programmer.	
System programmer response	
Do one of the following:	
1. Look for errors in the library containing the installation exit routine.	
2. Correct the problem. Ask the operator to enter the SET MPF command to load the routine(s).	
Source	
Master scheduler	
Module	
IEECB805	
Routing code	
2,10	
•	

IEE032I WRITELOG COMMAND IS PENDING. CLASSNAME = class

Descriptor code

5,12

A WRITELOG command requested that the system write the current recording system log (SYSLOG) data set to the system output (SYSOUT) writer. However, the system is processing a previous WRITELOG command.

In the message text:

class

The class of the SYSOUT writer.

System action

The system ignores the second WRITELOG command.

Operator response

If the second WRITELOG command should be processed, enter it again.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE1603D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE033I

HALT OR WRITELOG CLOSE COMMAND HAS BEEN ISSUED

Explanation

A HALT or WRITELOG CLOSE command requested that the system close a recording data set. However, the system is processing a previous HALT or WRITELOG CLOSE command.

System action

The system ignores the second HALT or WRITELOG CLOSE command. After the system completes processing of the first command, the log is no longer supported.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE1603D

Routing code

*

5

IEE037D

LOG NOT ACTIVE

Explanation

The system log (SYSLOG) is not active for one of these reasons:

- 1. The system failed to initialize the system log. The system issues message IEE533E before this message to indicate that this is the problem.
- 2. Recursive abends have occurred in more than one system log data set. The system issues message IEE769E before this message to indicate that this is the problem.
- 3. The SYSLOG function is ending because of a WRITELOG CLOSE or HALT command. The system issues message IEE043I before this message to indicate that this is the cause.

System action

The system makes the system log unavailable. The system converts any WTL macros to WTO macros and sends the messages to the console with master authority under message IEE147I.

Operator response

Depending on the reason for the failure, perform the following:

- In case 1, the system tries to initialize the log with a WRITELOG START command. Look for messages that indicate that the system log has started. If these do not appear, enter a WRITELOG START command to start the system log (followed by VARY SYSLOG, HARDCPY if the system log is to be the hardcopy medium). If the system issues message IEE037D again and use of the system log is critical, re-IPL.
- In case 2, contact the system programmer. If the system log function is desired, initialize the system log again by entering a WRITELOG START command (followed by VARY SYSLOG, HARDCPY if the system log is to be the hardcopy medium)..
- In case 3, if the system log function is desired, initialize the system log again by entering a WRITELOG START command (followed by VARY SYSLOG, HARDCPY if the system log is to be the hardcopy medium).

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB803

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE038E

AMOUNT OF EXPANDED STORAGE EXCEEDS nnG MAXIMUM. EXPANDED STORAGE IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM IS IGNORED. RECONFIGURATION FUNCTIONS ARE NOT AVAILABLE.

There is too much expanded storage. In ESA/390 mode, the maximum is 64 GB. In z/Architecture® mode, expanded storage is not needed and is not supported (the message shows a maximum of 0 GB).

In the message text:

nnG

The maximum amount of expanded storage allowed.

System action

Expanded storage reconfiguration is disabled, and the Display M command may produce unpredictable results. The system issues message IEE039A and continues its initialization process.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

- In ESA/390 mode, reduce the installed expanded storage to the maximum allowed (64 GB), then re-IPL the system to enable expanded storage reconfiguration.
- In z/Architecture mode, reduce the installed expanded storage to 0 GB, then re-IPL the system.

Source

Reconfiguration.

Module

IEERMAXW

IEE039A

REPLY TO ACKNOWLEDGE MESSAGE IEE038E

Explanation

This message is issued following message IEE038E, and allows the system operator to respond.

System action

The system continues its initialization process.

Operator response

To acknowledge message IEE039A, reply with any single character. If expanded storage reconfiguration is required, then the amount of expanded storage must be reduced and the IPL process restarted.

Source

Reconfiguration.

Module

IEERMAXW

IEE041I

THE SYSTEM LOG IS NOW ACTIVE[-MAY BE VARIED AS HARDCOPY LOG]

The system log (SYSLOG) data set has now been opened and is ready to receive messages through WTL macros and LOG commands.

In the message text:

-MAY BE VARIED AS HARDCOPY LOG

The SYSLOG data set is available for use as the hard-copy log. JES has restarted after an outage, allowing the SYSLOG data set to receive the hard-copy log. However, the system has not activated hard-copy logging to the SYSLOG because the operator varied the SYSLOG data set offline earlier.

System action

For the following message text, the following occurs:

-MAY BE VARIED AS HARDCOPY LOG

The system makes the system log unavailable for current processing. Any WTL macros issued are converted to WTO macros.

Operator response

For the following message text, do the following:

-MAY BE VARIED AS HARDCOPY LOG

Enter the VARY SYSLOG, HARDCPY command to have the SYSLOG receive the hard-copy log.

System programmer response

For the following message text, do the following:

-MAY BE VARIED AS HARDCOPY LOG

The hard-copy log was not automatically directed to the SYSLOG data set since the operator had previously entered the VARY SYSLOG, HARDCPY, OFF command. If the log is to be directed to SYSLOG automatically upon a JES restart, do not vary SYSLOG offline.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB803

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE042I

SYSTEM LOG DATA SET INITIALIZED

Explanation

The system created a new system log (SYSLOG) data set for one of the following reasons:

- The system is being initialized and the system has just created the SYSLOG data set.
- The current SYSLOG data set is full. The maximum number of SYSLOG records, as specified in the limit parameter, has been reached. The system issues a WRITELOG command to close the current SYSLOG data set. The system initializes a new SYSLOG data set.

• The operator entered a WRITELOG command to create a new SYSLOG data set.

System action

The system places this message in the first records in the SYSLOG data set. The system does not send this message to a console.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB803

Routing code

Note 10

Descriptor code

_

IEE043I

A SYSTEM LOG DATA SET HAS BEEN QUEUED TO SYSOUT CLASS class

Explanation

The system closed the system log (SYSLOG) data set and queued the data set to a SYSOUT class. The SYSLOG data set might not be immediately available for subsequent processing, because the data set does not become usable again until the job entry subsystem (JES) processes the data set to make it available. The system queued the data set to a SYSOUT class for one of these reasons:

- 1. The SYSLOG data set is full. The maximum number of SYSLOG records, as specified in the limit parameter, has been reached. The system issues an internal WRITELOG command to close the current SYSLOG data set.
- 2. The operator entered a WRITELOG command to close the SYSLOG data set.
- 3. The operator entered a WRITELOG CLOSE or HALT command after the SYSLOG data set was opened in response to message IEE037D.

In the message text:

class

The SYSOUT class to which the SYSLOG data set has been queued.

System action

Depending on the reason why the message was issued, the system does the following:

- For case one or two, the system closes the currently recording SYSLOG data set and obtains a new data set.
- For case three, the system closes the currently recording SYSLOG data set and makes the SYSLOG unavailable.

Operator response

Periodically, enter the appropriate JES command (\$D OUTCLASS(n) for JES2 or *I,U,CL=class for JES3) to view the SYSOUT class. When JES indicates that the SYSLOG data set is available once again, the data set can be used for subsequent processing. At this point, if you want to print the SHSLOG data set, start a SYSOUT writer to the class names in this message or change the class for a currently active writer.

Source Master scheduler Module IEEMB803 **Routing code Descriptor code** IEE044I **CCCCCCC COMMAND REJECTED - ONLY VALID FOR SMCS CONSOLES Explanation** The ccccccc command was rejected because the command or one of its parameters is only valid for SMCS consoles. It is not valid for any other types of consoles. **System action** The command is not executed. **Operator response** Verify that the console specified on the command is really a SMCS console. Source Master Scheduler Module

CNZK1V54

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE045I

ccccccc COMMAND REJECTED - CONSOLE IS ACTIVE

Explanation

The *ccccccc* command was rejected because it specified a console that is active. The system might not issue the command against an active console.

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response	
VARY the console OFFLINE before issuing the command.	
Source	
Master Scheduler	
Module	
CNZK1V54	
Routing code	
*	
Descriptor code	
5	
IEE046I ccccccc COMMAND REJECTED - CONFLICT WITH STATUS OF ANOTHER	
SYSTEM	
Explanation	
The ccccccc command was rejected because of a conflict with another system. In the case of the CONTROL command, it is likely that the APPLID specified on the command is in use on another system in the sysplex.	
System action	
The command is not executed.	
Operator response	
Attempt to issue the command again. In the case of the CONTROL command, specify a different APPLID.	
System programmer response	
In the case of the CONTROL command, each system must have a unique APPLID. Have the operator specify an APPLID that is not in use on another system.	
Source	
Communications Task	
Module	
IEAVC702	
ILAVO702	
Routing code	
*	
Descriptor code	

Key not supported.

5

IEE048I

A key was pressed that is not supported by the SMCS Console Selection Screen.

System action

SMCS will wait for the operator to provide input.

Operator response

Press a supported key when providing input.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSLR

Routing code

Note 34

Descriptor code

-

IEE049I

SMCS IS ACCEPTING LOGONS APPLID: aaaaaaaa [GENERIC: gggggggg]

Explanation

SMCS has initialized and will accept logons (sessions). The SMCS APPLID for this system is displayed as aaaaaaaa. If VTAM Generic Resource is being used by this sysplex, the SMCS generic name is displayed as gggggggg.

System action

SMCS waits for sessions to be started.

Operator response

SMCS consoles can be activated.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSMA

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

12

IEE050I

SMCS IS SHUTTING DOWN. APPLID: aaaaaaaa RSN: xx

Explanation

SMCS has been requested to shut down. There are still some consoles using SMCS on this system and those consoles need to be terminated before SMCS can complete shutting down. New sessions will not be accepted. The SMCS APPLID for this system is displayed as aaaaaaaa. The reason for the shutdown, xx, can be one of the following:

FE

A HALT NET command has been issued to terminate VTAM.

FD

A HALT NET,QUICK command has been issued to terminate VTAM or a VARY NET,INACT,ID=smcsapplid,I, or F has been issued to shutdown SMCS.

FC

A HALT NET, CANCEL command has been issued to terminate VTAM or VTAM is abending.

System action

SMCS will cause the active SMCS consoles on this system to be logged off.

Operator response

If SMCS does not complete shutting down, you may have to issue a different shutdown request (for example, VARY NET, INACT,ID=smcsapplid, F or HALT NET,CANCEL) to cause SMCS to complete termination.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSMA

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

12

IEE051I

SMCS IS NO LONGER ACTIVE. APPLID: agaggagg RSN:xx

Explanation

SMCS has been requested to shut down. All SMCS consoles on this system have been logged off. SMCS has terminated its connection with VTAM. The SMCS APPLID for this system is displayed as aaaaaaaa. The reason for shutdown, xx, can be one of the following:

FE

A HALT NET command has been issued to terminate VTAM.

FD

A HALT NET,QUICK command has been issued to terminate VTAM or a VARY NET,INACT,ID=smcsapplid,I, or F has been issued to shutdown SMCS.

FC

A HALT NET, CANCEL command has been issued to terminate VTAM or VTAM is abending.

FB

An internal SMCS error has occurred.

System action

SMCS will reconnect to VTAM once VTAM will accept the connection.

Operator response

Restarting SMCS depends on what type of request was made to bring SMCS down. If VTAM was terminating, then VTAM will have to be restarted. If the request was to just stop the SMCS application, then a request must be made to VTAM to activate the SMCS application.

System programmer response

For an internal SMCS error, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSMA

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

12

IEE052I

SMCS INITIALIZATION FAILURE text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
OR
ERROR BUILDING cntlblk. RC:xxxxxxxx RSN:yyyyyyyy
OR
service FAILURE. RC:xxxxxxxx RSN:yyyyyyyy
[RTNCD:rr FDBK2:ff SENSE:ssmmuuuu]
```

SMCS has experienced some type of error trying to initialize.

If message text is:

```
ERROR BUILDING cntlblk. RC:xxxxxxxxx RSN:yyyyyyyy
```

This text is displayed if there was an error building one of the VTAM control blocks. The return and reason codes from the GENCB macro are displayed. Possible values for cntlblk are:

ACB, EXLIST, NIB, RPL

If message text is:

```
service FAILURE. RC:xxxxxxxx RSN:yyyyyyyy
```

This text is displayed if a VTAM service fails. Possible values for service are:

MODCB, OPEN, SETLOGON, SHOWCB

The contents of registers 15 (xxxxxxxx and 0 (yyyyyyyy) are displayed. If the service was OPEN, yyyyyyyy is the error code from the ACB describing why the OPEN failed. Depending on the service, the error data from the RPL may be displayed. The sense data consists of System Sense (ss), System Sense Modifier (mm) and the User Sense (uuuu).

System action

A symptom record will be written to the Logrec data set, and ABEND 077 reason code 2D will be issued and SMCS will terminate. To restart SMCS, do an an IPL.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

System programmer response

Attempt to correct the errors if the return and reason codes indicate there is something you can do. If errors can be corrected, an IPL is needed to restart SMCS. Otherwise notify the IBM support center. The RTNCD, FDBK2 and Sense codes can be found in z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming and z/OS Communications Server: IP and SNA Codes, or both.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSMA

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

12

IEE053I

SMCS FAILURE FOR LU: IllIllIlltext

Explanation

Where text is:

```
OR
service FAILURE. RC:xxxxxxxx RSN:yyyyyyyy CODE:cccc
[RTNCD:rr FDBK2:ff SENSE:ssmmuuuu]
OR
CODE:cccc
```

SMCS has experienced some type of error trying to start a session for a Logical Unit (IllIllIl).

If message text is:

```
service FAILURE. RC:xxxxxxxx RSN:yyyyyyyy CODE:cccc
RTNCD:rr FDBK2:ff SENSE:ssmmuuuu
```

This text is displayed if there was an error with one of the VTAM services. Possible values for *service* are: CHECK, CLSDST, GENCB, INQUIRE, MODCB, OPNDST, RECEIVE, SEND, SHOWCB, TESTCB

Registers 15 (xxxxxxxx) and 0 (yyyyyyyy) from the service are displayed along with the data from the RPL if appropriate. The sense data consists of System Sense (ss), System Sense modifier (mm) and the User Sense (uuuu). The value for CODE is an indication of which SMCS module detected the error.

CODE:cccc

An internal SMCS error occurred while trying to establish a session with the LU.

The value for CODE is an indication of which SMCS module detected the error.

System action

A symptom record will be written to the Logrec data set. SMCS will not establish a session with the logical unit.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

System programmer response

Notify the IBM support center. The *RTNCD, FDBK2* and Sense codes can be found in the *z/OS Communications* Server: SNA Programming and/or *z/OS Communications Server: IP and SNA Codes* publications.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSLR, IEECVSCU, IEECVSLG, IEECVSLH, IEECVSCR, IEECVSLG, IEECVSLR

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

12

IEE054I

SMCS FAILURE FOR LU: !!!!!!!!

Explanation

Where text is:

OR

description OF X'xx'

FROM LOGMODE XXXXXXXX IS NOT SUPPORTED

OR

SCREEN SIZE OF xx ssss IS NOT SUPPORTED

SMCS has experienced some type of error trying to start a session for a Logical Unit (IllIllIl).

If message text is:

description OF 'xx'

FROM LOGMODE XXXXXXXX IS NOT SUPPORTED

This text is displayed if SMCS cannot use the BIND information for this session. What was unacceptable to SMCS is described in the message. Possible values for *description* are:

LU TYPE, FUNCTION MANAGEMENT PROFILE, PRESENTATION SPACE SIZE

SCREEN SIZE OF xx ssss IS NOT SUPPORTED

This text is displayed if the BIND data for the session indicated a row or column value that is not supported by SMCS. Possible values for ssss are:

ROWS, COLS

System action

SMCS will not establish a session with the logical unit.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

System programmer response

Change the LOGMODE entry to correct the errors or create a new LOGMODE entry for use by SMCS consoles.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSLG

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

4

IEE055I text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
CONSOLE ccccccc (LU:11111111) IS {ACTIVE }
{INACTIVE}
```

An operator has started or stopped a session with SMCS where ccccccc is the console name and *llllllll* is the logical unit name.

System action

The operator may begin using the console if ACTIVE is indicated in the message.

Operator response

Depending on your system's logon requirements, the operator at this console may have to issue or respond to the z/OS LOGON command to identify himself/herself to the system.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSLG, IEECVSLR, IEECVSCU, IEECVSCR

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

Δ

IEE056I

text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
I/O ERROR FOR CONSOLE:ccccccc LU:llllllll
RTNCD:rr FDBK2:ff SENSE:ssmmuuuu CODE:xxxxx
```

SMCS had an I/O error writing to the console. The data from the RPL is displayed along with a code that indicates where the error was detected. The sense data consists of System Sense (ss), System Sense Modifier (mm) and the User Sense (uuuu).

System action

A symptom record has been written to the Logrec data set. The console may be deactivated.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

System programmer response

Examine the codes in the message to determine the problem. The IBM support center may have to be notified. The RTNCD, FDBK2 and Sense codes can be found in the z/OS Communications Server: SNA Programming and/or z/OS Communications Server: IP and SNA Codes publications.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSSE

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

4

IEE057I

ACCESS TO CONSOLE:ccccccc LU:llllllll LOST RSN:xxxxxxxx CODE:cccc

Access to an SMCS console has been lost. An operator command may have been issued to VTAM to request termination of the logical unit or the connection to the console has been broken. The reason code (xxxxxxxx) is the reason code provided by VTAM to the LOSTERM exit. CODE indicates where the error was detected in SMCS.

System action

A symptom record has been written to the Logrec data set.

Operator response

If access is needed, issue the VARY NET, ACT, ID=\(\text{ID} = \text{IIIIIIII} \) to try and restore the connection.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSLT

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

4

IEE058I

SMCS UNABLE TO USE VTAM GENERIC RESOURCE

Explanation

The CONSOLxx member of Parmlib indicated that a generic name is to be used for this sysplex. SMCS attempted to use that name but one of the following conditions may have prevented its use:

- There is no Coupling Facility attached to this sysplex.
- There is no VTAM structure defined in the Coupling Facility policy.
- VTAM was not started as an APPN node.

System action

SMCS continues initialization. Operators will have to use the system's APPLID to access SMCS instead of the generic name.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

System programmer response

Modify CONSOLxx to remove the generic name if the previous conditions cannot be satisfied.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSMA

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

12

IEE059I

cccccccccccccc COMMAND IN PROGRESS

Explanation

The ccccccccccccccccccccccccmmand is being processed. When complete, message IEE712I will be issued to signal completion.

System action

The command continues to be processed.

Operator response

None.

Source

Communications Task

Module

CNZK1RCN

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE060I

ccccccc COMMAND REJECTED - keyword1 REQUIRES keyword2 TO BE SPECIFIED

Explanation

The ccccccc command was rejected because keyword1 was specified, but keyword2 was not specified. In the case of the VARY CN command, specifying LU=*NONE* for a SMCS console requires that LOGON be specified, unless the console is already LOGON(REQUIRED).

System action

The command is not executed.

Operator response

In the case of the VARY CN command, reissue the command with the LOGON keyword.

Source

Communications Task

Module

CNZK1V54

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE061I

COMMAND FLOODING RELIEVED IN COMMAND CLASS cc

Explanation

The number of commands of class *cc* had previously exceeded 80% of the system limit of 50 commands executing at one time.

Now the number of commands executing in class cc has gone below 60% of the limit.

In the message text:

СС

is the class where:

- Class M1 commands run in the *MASTER* address space and may be essential to clearing the backlog of other commands.
- Class M2 commands are ordinary attached commands which run in the *MASTER* address space.
- Class M3 is only for SEND commands executed in the *MASTER* address space.
- Class C1 commands run in the CONSOLE address space and may be essential to clearing a backlog of other commands.
- Class C2 commands are ordinary attached commands which run in the CONSOLE address space.
- Class C3 is only for ROUTE commands executed in the CONSOLE address space.

System action

The system deletes message IEE822E or IEE806A. Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEVWAIT

Routing code

1,2,10

Descriptor code

Δ

IEE062I

MATCHED nnnnnnn COMMANDS text

Explanation

In the message, text is:

```
parameter list
 MATCHING COMMANDS EXECUTING: nnnn
             COMMAND ID CLASS DATE/TIME STARTED id number cc date/time started execution id number cc date/time started execution
 COMMAND
 command 1
 command 2
                     id number
 command n
                                       СС
                                                 date/time started execution
 MATCHING COMMANDS WAITING FOR EXECUTION: nnnn
              COMMAND ID CLASS DATE/TIME STARTED id number cc date/time issued
 COMMAND
 command 1
 command 2
                     id number
                                      CC
                                                date/time issued
 command n
                      id number
                                                 date/time issued
 TOTAL ATTACHED COMMANDs: nnnn
TOTAL ATTACHED COMMANDS EXECUTING: nnnn
TOTAL ATTACHED COMMANDS WAITING: nnnn
 WTO LINE LIMIT REACHED - MESSAGE TRUNCACATE
 NO COMMANDS MEET SPECIFIED CRITERIA
```

A CMDS DISPLAY command was entered. The system issues this message in response to that command.

In the message text:

parameter list

All parameters that were specified when the command was issued will be displayed.

MATCHED: nnnnnnn COMMANDS

The number of commands which match the input criteria, and are displayed.

NO COMMANDS MEET SPECIFIED CRITERIA

There are no commands that match the specified filters.

TOTAL ATTACHED COMMANDS: nnnn

The total number of attached commands in the system, regardless of the specified criteria.

TOTAL ATTACHED COMMANDS EXECUTING: nnnnn

The total number of attached commands executing in the system, regardless of the specified criteria.

TOTAL ATTACHED COMMANDS WAITING: nnnn

The total number of attached commands waiting for execution, regardless of the specified filters.

MATCHING COMMANDS EXECUTING: nnnnn

The number of commands which match the criteria, and are currently executing.

MATCHING COMMANDS WAITING FOR EXECUTION: nnnn

The number of commands which match the criteria, and are currently waiting for execution.

command, id number

The command name and command ID. If the command ID is shown as ****, the ID is more than 4 digits long.

date/time issued

For a waiting command, the date and time the command was issued.

date/time started execution

For an executing command, the date and time it began execution.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB894

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE063I

MATCHED nnnnnnn COMMANDStext

Explanation

In the message, text is:

A CMDS SHOW command was entered. The system issues this message in response to that command.

In the message text:

parameter list

All parameters that were specified when the command was issued will be displayed.

MATCHED: nnnnnnn COMMANDS

The number of commands which match the input criteria, and are displayed.

MATCHING COMMANDS EXECUTING:nnnnn

The total number of commands currently executing, which meet the criteria specified on the SHOW command.

MATCHING COMMANDS WAITING FOR EXECUTION:nnnnn

The total number of commands waiting to be executed, which meet the criteria specified on the SHOW command.

ccccccc

The first word of the command. The name can be used as the value of CMD= in the CMDS command. For example, VARY or DISPLAY.

nnnn

The ID number assigned to this command. If the command ID is shown as ****, the ID is more than 4 digits long.

command text

The first 70 characters of the command text, after the command name.

CC

The command class to which this command belongs. The classes are:

- Class M1 commands are attached in *MASTER*, and may be essential to clearing the backlog of other commands.
- Class M2 commands are ordinary attached commands which run in the *MASTER* address space.
- Class M3 is only for SEND commands executed in the *MASTER* address space.
- Class C1 commands which are attached in CONSOLE, and may be essential to clearing a backlog of other commands.
- Class C2 commands are ordinary attached commands which run in the CONSOLE address space.
- Class C3 is only for ROUTE commands executed in the CONSOLE address space.

jjjjjjj,A=aaaa

The jobname or user ID, and address space ID of the job which issued the command.

Note: This is not the jobname of an executing command, but the job which issued it. If a job is in a loop issuing commands, this information is intended to assist you in cancelling that job.

yyyy/ddd hh.mm.ss

If the command is executing, this is the date and time at which the command was issued.

If the command is waiting for execution, this is the date and time at which the command was issued.

NO COMMANDS MET SPECIFIED CRITERIA

There are no commands that match the specified filters.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB894

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE064I

MATCHED nnnnnnn COMMANDStext

Explanation

In the message, text is:

```
id number command1
id number command2

. . .
id number commandn

NO COMMANDS MEET SPECIFIED CRITERIA
```

Either a CMDS REMOVE, a CMDS ABEND or a CMDS FORCE command was entered. The system issues this message in response to that command.

In the message text:

parameter list

All parameters that were specified when the command was issued will be displayed.

MATCHED: nnnnnnn COMMANDS

For REMOVE, the system removed nnnnn commands which had been waiting for execution.

id number command name

The ID and name of a command which was removed.

If an ID is shown as ****, the ID is more than 4 digits long.

For ABEND or FORCE, the system found and abended the requested command.

id number command name

The ID and name of a command which was abended.

NO COMMANDS MET SPECIFIED CRITERIA

There are no commands that match the specified filters.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB894

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5.8.9

IEE065I

COMMAND NOT EXECUTED, CMD=command name

Explanation

This message is issued as a command response, when the command has been removed from the system before execution.

There has been a backlog of commands in the system. Either the operator has issued the CMDS command with REQUEST=REMOVE, or a program has issued the IEECMDS macro, REQUEST=REMOVE.

This message is issued as a command response to the console which issued the removed command. This is done because the program which issued the command might be waiting for a response message.

In the message text:

command name

The command name of the removed command.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB894

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE066I

SMCS FAILURE FOR LU: Illllllltext

Explanation

Where text is:

LU IS IN USE BY CONSOLE ccccccc ON SYSTEM ssssssss

SMCS has detected an error trying to start a session for a Logical Unit (*IllIllIll*). The Logical Unit is in use by an active SMCS console (*ccccccc*) on system ssssssss. SMCS requires that all Logical Units in the sysplex have unique names. This error can occur when VTAM is started as a subarea node on each system within the sysplex, and multiple instances of VTAM define the same Logical Unit *IllIllIll*.

System action

A symptom record will be written to the Logrec data set. An ABEND 077 reason code 2E is issued. SMCS will not establish a session with the logical unit.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

System programmer response

If the Logical Unit *IllIllIll* is defined by more than one VTAM within the sysplex, change your VTAM definitions so that each VTAM defines unique Logical Units. Otherwise, contact the IBM support center.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSLG

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

1

IEE067I

CONSOLE ccccccc (LU: IIIIIIII) APPEARS HUNG AND WILL BE CLOSED

Explanation

SMCS has detected that I/O was issued to console *ccccccc* at LU *llllllll*, but it has taken too long for the I/O to complete.

System action

A symptom record will be written to the Logrec data set. The console will be deactivated to prevent WTO buffer shortages.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer. The SMCS console may be reactivated.

System programmer response

If the reason that the I/O did not complete in a timely manner cannot be determined, correct the problem and reactivate the SMCS console. Otherwise, contact the IBM support center.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSHT

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

Δ

IEE068A

AN ABEND xxx OCCURRED. SMF SYNC PROCESSING IS NOW DISABLED

Explanation

An abend occurred during SMF interval processing. SMF synchronized interval processing was disabled due to this abend.

System action

The SMF interval synchronization scheduling function is disabled until the next IPL or SET SMF command. SMF continues to generate recording intervals, but SMF interval synchronization processing is disabled.

System programmer response

See the message text for the abend and take the proper corrective action.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB839

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

2

IEE075I

CONFIGURING CPU(x) ONLINE IS NOT PERMITTED. WLM IS MANAGING THE CPU.

A reconfiguration request asked the system to reconfigure a CPU online. The system rejected the request because the CPU had been taken offline by SRM.

System action

The system cancels the request.

Operator response

If the CPU must be brought online, do one of the following:

- Turn off the VARYCPU option provided in a IEAOPTxx parmlib member. That will cause SRM to stop managing any CPUs and to bring online all CPUs that had been taken offline by SRM.
- Configure the CPU offline by using a CF CPU(x),OFFLINE command. That will cause SRM to stop managing that particular CPU, so that a CF CPU(x),ONLINE command will be accepted.

Note: If the CPU is brought online, SRM will resume managing that CPU.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCPR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE076I

CHP(xx) NOT BROUGHT ONLINE, HARDWARE FAILURE

Explanation

In response to a reconfiguration request, the system brought a channel path physically online. When logical online processing completed, the system found that the channel path was physically offline. A hardware failure might have put the channel path physically offline. Message IEE148I may further describe the failure.

In the message text:

XX

The channel path that was brought physically offline.

System action

The system continues processing. In certain conditions, the system writes a logrec data set error record.

Operator response

Contact hardware support. Provide the logrec data set error record, if available.

Source

Reconfiguration

ModuleIOSCFCHP

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE077I

CHP(xx) ONLINE, STATUS UNKNOWN

Explanation

In response to a reconfiguration request, the system was trying to bring a channel path online. The channel path experienced a hardware failure. Recovery from the hardware failure was in progress when CONFIG command processing ended.

In the message text:

XX

The channel path identifier specified on the CONFIG command.

System action

The system continues processing. The system waits up to 45 seconds for CHP recovery to complete. If the waiting period elapses before the CHP recovery completes, the system issues this message.

Operator response

Contact hardware support.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE079I

VARY OFFLINE FAILED. DEVICE xxxx IS RESERVED. ISSUE VARY OFFLINE, FORCE

Explanation

The command did not execute because the device specified is RESERVED. If you really want to vary the device offline, then issue the VARY OFFLINE, FORCE command.

In the message text:

The device number.	
System action	
The system rejects the command.	
Operator response	
If you really want to vary the device offline, ther	n issue the VARY OFFLINE,FORCE command.
Source	
Master scheduler	
Module	
CNZK1V41	
Routing code	
*	
Descriptor code	
5	
IEE080D SHOULD	CHP xx BE FORCED OFFLINE? REPLY NO OR YES
Explanation	
	RCE command for a non-coupling-facility channel path in a sued (for example, where CHP xx is not the last path to any
This message asks the operator whether process	ssing to take this path offline should continue.
	208 to talke time partition of the contract
System action	
System action The system waits for the operator to reply.	
•	
The system waits for the operator to reply.	
The system waits for the operator to reply. Operator response Do one of the following: Reply NO to skip processing for this CHP and command. Generally, reply NO if the command.	d move on to process the next CHP (if any) specified on the
The system waits for the operator to reply. Operator response Do one of the following: Reply NO to skip processing for this CHP and command. Generally, reply NO if the command. Reply YES to force the CHP offline. Generally	d move on to process the next CHP (if any) specified on the nd was issued in error.
The system waits for the operator to reply. Operator response Do one of the following: Reply NO to skip processing for this CHP and command. Generally, reply NO if the command.	d move on to process the next CHP (if any) specified on the nd was issued in error.

VARY CU COMMAND SYNTAX ERROR: reason

Module
IOSCFCHP
IEE085I

Explanation

The VARY CU command was rejected because of a syntax error. A delimiter might be missing or incorrect.

In the message text:

reason

- EXPECTED operand FOUND parsed text operand was expected on the command, but parsed text was found.
- INVALID CU NUMBER SPECIFIED: cu number cu number specified is invalid.
- INVALID CHPID SPECIFIED: chpid number chpid number specified is invalid.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response

Verify that the operand entered was spelled correctly or that it was entered with the required delimiter.

Source

IOS

Module

IOSVVCUP

Descriptor code

5

IEE086I

CSVDYNEX FAILED ATTEMPTING TO DEFINE | CALL SYSIEASLIPAEXIT RETURN CODE=xx, REASON CODE=xxxx

Explanation

CSVDYNEX failed to process a DEFINE or a CALL request against the SYSIEASLIPAEXIT exit or exit routine.

In the message text:

DEFINE

Request was to define the SYSIEASLIPAEXIT exit.

CALL

Request was to call all exit routines associated with SYSIEASLIPAEXIT.

RETURN CODE=xx

The return code issued by the CSVDYNEX service.

REASON CODE=xxxx

The reason code issued by the CSVDYNEX service.

System action

The exit routine does not get control.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Consult the CSVDYNEX documentation for the specific return code and reason code.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905, IEECB940

IEE087I

THE ADDRESS SPECIFICATION FOR operand ON SLIP TRAP ID=id CANNOT BE RESOLVED. ACTION action NOT PERFORMED.

Explanation

The indirect address for the specified operand could not be resolved when the trap identified by *id* occurred. Therefore, the identified *action* was not taken.

In the message text:

operand

The operand on which the indirect address was specified on the trap.

id

The ID of the SLIP trap.

action

The action that could not be performed.

System action

The identified action is not performed.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the address specification for the identified operand.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEAVTSL2

IEE088D

IEE088D SLIP { COMMAND | ID=xxxx } SPECIFIES MODE=HOME WITHOUT JOBNAME OR ASID. SPECIFY 'OK' (PERFORMANCE IMPACT) OR 'CANCEL'

Explanation

A SLIP command was issued with MODE=HOME specified, but neither JOBNAME norASID was included. The omission of these parameters may cause significant performance impact. SLIP processing must monitor all changes of address space to determine when MODE=HOME is or is not in effect, which will increase system overhead (uncaptured time) as soon as the command is activated.

Refer to the "Setting Effective SLIP PER Traps" section in the SLIP Command in the z/OS System Command book. The SLIP trap may be set with the OK operand specified to avoid receiving this message. Specification of the OK operand on the SLIP indicates an awareness that the SLIP has the potential for causing a significant performance impact on the system.

In the message text:

XXXX

The ID of the trap being set.

System action:

SLIP command processor waits for a response. If the response is 'OK', the trap will be set. If the response is 'CANCEL', the command will be cancelled.

Operator response

One of the following:

- If you have determined that the possible performance impact is acceptable to obtain the necessary diagnostic data, set the trap by replying 'OK'.
- If you want to avoid setting the trap, reply 'CANCEL'. You may then reissue a corrected command including either the JOBNAME or ASID parameter, or removing MODE=HOME.

Source:

SLIP

Module:

IEECB909

Routing code:

*

Descriptor code:

5

IEE094D

SPECIFY OPERAND(S) FOR DUMP COMMAND

Explanation

In response to the DUMP command that was entered, this message asks the operator to reply with the address spaces, data spaces, and storage ranges to be dumped.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Determine the address spaces, data spaces, and storage ranges to dump. Reply, specifying dump options. See the DUMP command in *z/OS MVS System Commands* for the appropriate reply.

Source

Recovery termination manager (RTM)

Module

IEECB866

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE097I

hh.mm.ss DEVIATION STATUS [idr] FROM MEMBER CONFIGxx text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
BEGINNING
                 ууууууууууууууу
elemtype
                 DESTRED
                               ACTUAL
elemadr
                 desstat
                               actstat
                               ALIAS OF basedev]
[alsdev
                 BASE
[alsdev
                               UNBOUND?
                 BASE
                               HYPERPAV ALIAS]
[devn
                 BASE
                               HYPERPAV ALIAS OF bdev]
Γdevn
[NO DEVIATION FROM REQUESTED CONFIGURATION]
[NO DEVIATION COMPARISONS MADE]
[CONFIG MEMBER CONTAINS NO VALID INPUT]
[DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'PATH' IS CURRENTLY IN USE]
[DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'CPU' IS CURRENTLY IN USE]
[DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'PFID' IS CURRENTLY IN USE]
SCM STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SCM NOT SUPPORTED
[HPAV KEYWORD IGNORED. HYPERPAV IS NOT IN USE.]
UNUSABLE HYPERPAV ALIASES:
TEMPORARILY UNAVAILABLE HYPERPAV ALIASES:
ууууу
```

text is one of the following:

- INVALID REQUEST TYPE SPECIFIED BEGINNING ууууууууууууу
- INVALID OPERAND SPECIFIED yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy
- INVALID INPUT, EXPECTING BLANKS yyyyyyyyyyyyyy

In response to a reconfiguration display request, the system issued this message to display the deviation between the configuration that actually exists and the configuration described in the CONFIGxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time, in hours (00 through 23), in minutes (00 through 59), and seconds (00 through 59).

idr

A decimal identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- That are written on typewriter or printer consoles
- That are displayed in-line (not in display area) on operator consoles

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

ууууууууууууу

The first 16 characters of the incorrect record in the CONFIGxx parameter member, or the first 16 characters of the incorrect command.

FROM MEMBER CONFIGXX

This heading appears for each record in the CONFIGxx parmlib member in which the system detected an error. *xx* is the suffix of the CONFIGxx parmlib member.

INVALID REQUEST TYPE SPECIFIED

The first non-blank characters in a record in the CONFIGxx parmlib member are not one of the following:

- CPU
- CPUAD
- CORE
- CHP
- DEV
- DEVICE
- ESTOR
- STOR
- STORAGE
- VOL
- VOLUME
- HSA
- HIGH
- SIDE
- SWITCH
- PFID

The system ignores the CONFIGxx record.

INVALID OPERAND SPECIFIED

A record in the CONFIGxx parmlib member contains incorrect information. The system ignores the record. This form of the message can be issued when a storage address range is encountered in which the ending address is not greater that the starting address, either in a CONFIGxx member of parmlib (for a DISPLAY M=CONFIG(xx) command, or a CONFIG MEMBER(xx) command), or in a DISPLAY M command of the form DISPLAY M=STOR(address1 - address2), or in a CONFIG command of the form CF STOR(address1 - address2).

Possible errors include:

- The CPU or core address, device number, channel path number, side number, or storage element number contain more than 4 characters.
- The channel path number, side number, CPU or core address, or storage element number is greater than X'FF'.
- The record contains an incorrect delimiter.

Note: Multiple DISPLAY M parameters must be enclosed in parentheses.

INVALID INPUT, EXPECTING BLANKS

A non-blank character followed a valid request.

BEGINNING *уууууууууууу*

The first 16 characters of the incorrect record in the CONFIGxx parmlib member.

elemtype

The name of the system element for which the actual status does not match the desired status. The possible system elements are:

CORE

Core.

CPU or CPUAD

Processor.

CHP

Channel path.

CHP(ALL,x)

All channel paths on side x.

DEVICE

Device.

ESTOR(E=id)

The expanded storage element.

VOLUME

Volume.

SCM

Storage-class memory (SCM) range.

STORAGE RANGE or STOR RANGE

Central storage range.

STOR AMOUNT

Central storage amount.

STOR(E=x)

Central storage element.

ESTOR RANGE

Expanded storage range.

PAV

Parallel Access Volume.

PFID

PCI function

elemadr

The address of the system element with the incorrect status, or the volume serial number of a volume that is not correctly mounted. For storage and SCM, only one range appears on each line:

- X-x
- xK-yK
- xM-yM
- xM
- xG-yG
- xT-yT

Note: You may get multiple *elemadr* lines for the resource's desired status and actual status if there is a mismatch in status (either online or offline) and a mismatch in processor type. If there is more than one type of mismatch involved, *elemadr* is shown on the first line.

desstat

The desired status of the system element. Possible values are:

ONLINE

Indicates that the CPU or core,, channel path, PCI function, device, storage range, SCM range, or storage element should be online.

OFFLINE

Indicates that the CPU or core,, channel path, PCI function, device, storage range, SCM range, or storage element should be offline.

STANDARD

Indicates that a standard CP CPU or core was expected, but the actual CPU or core is a different type.

ZAAP

Indicates that an IBM Z Application Assist Processor (zAAP) CPU or core was expected, but the actual CPU or core is a different type.

ZIIP

Indicates that an IBM Z Integrated Information Processor (zIIP) CPU or core was expected, but the actual CPU or core is a different type.

MANAGED

Indicates that the channel path should be dynamically managed by the system.

STATIC

Indicates that the channel path should *not* be dynamically managed by the system.

DCM

Indicates that the switch port(s) identified are allowed to be dynamically managed by the system.

NODCM

Indicates that the switch port(s) identified are not allowed to be dynamically managed by the system.

dev

The device number of the device on which the volume should be mounted. An **X** in the number indicates that the digit can be any value. For example, if *dev* is XXX, the volume can be mounted on any direct access device.

actstat

The actual status of the resource. Possible values are:

ONLINE

Indicates that the CPU or core, channel path, PCI function, device, storage range, SCM range, or storage element is online.

OFFLINE

Indicates that the CPU or core, channel path, PCI function, device, storage range, SCM range, or storage element is offline.

STANDARD

Indicates that the CPU or core is a standard CP.

ZAAP

Indicates that the CPU or core is a IBM Z Application Assist Processor (zAAP).

ZIIP

Indicates that the CPU or core is a IBM Z Integrated Information Processor (zIIP).

NOT AVAILABLE

Indicates that the CPU or core, channel path, or storage element was in another partition. If it is a PFID, then it indicates that the PCI function may either be in another partition or was not specified when the system was installed.

NOT DEFINED

Indicates that the SCM range is higher than the maximum SCM address for this system.

NOT GENINOT GEND

Indicates that the CPU or core,, channel path, device, storage range, or storage element was not specified when the system was installed.

PARTIAL

Indicates that only a portion of the requested amount of storage or some of the channel paths on a side were allocated.

PENDING OFFLINE

Indicates that the SCM range is currently being taken offline.

UNCHANGED

Indicates that the requested storage was not allocated.

NOT OPERATIONAL

Indicates that the path was not operational.

SUBCHANNEL STATUS NOT AVAILABLE

Indicates that the device is not defined in the I/O configuration data set (IOCDS).

SUBCHANNEL IN PERMANENT ERROR

Indicates that the subchannel is broken.

DEVICE NOT AVAILABLE

Indicates that the device is deferred.

BOXED

Indicates that the device is boxed, that is, placed offline, because of a hardware problem.

NOT MNTD NOT MTD

Indicates that the volume is not mounted.

MANAGED

Indicates that the channel path is dynamically managed by the system.

STATIC

Indicates that the channel path is *not* dynamically managed by the system.

DCM

Indicates that the switch port(s) identified are allowed to be dynamically managed by the system.

NODCM

Indicates that the switch port(s) identified are not allowed to be dynamically managed by the system.

NOT IMPLEMENTED

Indicates that the port is not valid for the switch.

CHPID PORT

Indicates that the port is not eligible for dynamic channel path management, as it is a channel path port.

INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE

Indicates that the switch or switch port is not defined.

alsdev BASE ALIAS OF basedev

If a bound Parallel Access Volume (PAV) Alias device number is specified in the CONFIGxx parmlib member, indicates the base device number.

alsdev PAV UNBOUND

If the PAV keyword is specified in the CONFIGxx parmlib member, indicates the unbound PAV-Alias device number.

devn BASE HYPERPAV ALIAS

Indicates that the device was supposed to be an online base device but was actually a HyperPAV alias device.

devn BASE HYPERPAV ALIAS OF bdev

Indicates that the device was supposed to be an online base device but was actually a HyperPAV alias device currently bound to base device bdev.

NO DEVIATION FROM REQUESTED CONFIGURATION

The system found no deviations.

NO DEVIATION COMPARISONS MADE

Either:

- DISPLAY command processing found that input parameters did not contain valid data.
- STOR(E=id) is the only request.

CONFIG MEMBER CONTAINS NO VALID INPUT

The specified CONFIGxx parmlib member exists, but contains records that are all blanks or comments.

DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'PATH' IS CURRENTLY IN USE

The system could not obtain the SYSZVARY.PATH resource to serialize the DISPLAY M=CONFIG command with commands such as CONFIG; therefore, displayed information might be incorrect.

DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'CPU' IS CURRENTLY IN USE

The system could not obtain the SYSZVARY.CPU resource to serialize the DISPLAY M=CONFIG command with commands such as CONFIG; therefore, displayed information might be incorrect.

DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'PFID' IS CURRENTLY IN USE

The system could not obtain the SYSZVARY.PFID resource to serialize the DISPLAY M=CONFIG command with commands such as CONFIG; therefore, displayed information might be incorrect.

SCM STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SCM NOT SUPPORTED

storage-class memory (SCM) status was not obtained because SCM is not supported on this processor.

HPAV KEYWORD IGNORED. HYPERPAV IS NOT IN USE.

HYPERPAV mode is set or defaulted to no in IECIOSxx PARMLIB member so analysis of HyperPAV aliases will not be done.

UNUSABLE HYPERPAV ALIASES: xxxxx

xxxxx is a list of HyperPAV alias devices that are unusable. These devices may be boxed, not operational, or may not have dynamic pathing established.

TEMPORARILY UNAVAILABLE HYPERPAV ALIASES: yyyyy

yyyyy is a list of HyperPAV alias devices that are temporarily unavailable for use. This should be a temporary condition but if the condition persists, it may indicate a problem.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If the message indicates CHP OFFLINE for the last path to a device, check the status of alternate paths and vary online any paths that should be online. Otherwise, defer configuration until an alternate processor is available.

If the message indicates ALIASES-DEFINED and ALIASES-USABLE for an online parallel access volume and the number of aliases defined is greater than the number usable, make the remaining alias UCBs usable by varying the device online. If this does not make the alias UCBs usable, contact the system programmer.

If the message indicates that HyperPAV aliases are unusable, issue a VARY device,ONLINE,UNCOND command to an online base device in the same logical subsystem (LSS) to reinitialize the aliases.

If the message indicates that HyperPAV aliases are temporarily unavailable and this condition persists, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Depending on the message text, do one of the following:

DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'PATH' IS CURRENTLY IN USE

To determine which jobs currently hold the SYSZVARY.PATH resource, issue the DISPLAY GRS,RES=(SYSZVARY,PATH) command. Reissue the DISPLAY M=CONFIG command when the resource becomes available. For more information about these commands, see *z/OS MVS System Commands*.

DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'CPU' IS CURRENTLY IN USE

To determine which jobs currently hold the SYSZVARY.CPU resource, issue the DISPLAY GRS,RES=(SYSZVARY,CPU) command. Reissue the DISPLAY M=CONFIG command when the resource becomes available. For more information about these commands, see *z/OS MVS System Commands*.

DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'PFID' IS CURRENTLY IN USE

To determine which jobs currently hold the SYSZVARY.PFID resource, issue the DISPLAY GRS,RES=(SYSZVARY,PFID) command. Reissue the DISPLAY M=CONFIG command when the resource becomes available. For more information about these commands, see *z/OS MVS System Commands*.

DEVICE ALIASES-DEFINED ALIASES-USABLE

If the number of defined alias UCBs for a parallel access volume does not match the number of aliases usable (that is, available for I/O selection), compare the hardware and software configuration definitions against the installed devices and correct the definition as necessary. You can format the base UCB with the IPCS LISTUCB subcommand to determine the device numbers and addresses of the usable and unusable alias UCBs.

UNUSABLE HYPERPAV ALIASES:

Issue a VARY device, ONLINE, UNCOND command to an online base device in the same logical subsystem (LSS) to reinitialize the aliases.

TEMPORARILY UNAVAILABLE HYPERPAV ALIASES:

If this condition persists, contact IBM support.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEMPDV1, IEEVSCAN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE098I

MOUNT COMMAND FOR volume ON UNIT dev FAILED [text]

Explanation

The system could not mount a volume on the device because the device could not be dynamically allocated.

In the message text:

volume

The VOLSER of the volume to be mounted on the device.

dev

The device number.

text

Consists of a header message, accompanying error messages returned by dynamic allocation, and a trailer message.

System action

The volume is not mounted on the device. The system may issue error messages returned by dynamic allocation.

Operator response

Correct the condition described by the associated dynamic allocation messages and then reissue the MOUNT command to mount the volume on the device.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEVMNT2

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE099A

FOLLOWING JES3-ASSIGNED DEVICES ARE OFFLINE TO MVS. VARY THEM OFFLINE TO JES3. dev[,dev1,dev2...]

Explanation

A VARY channel offline command was entered with the FORCE option. VARY channel command processing found that the channel specified in the command is the last path to the specified device(s). The device had not been allocated in MVS, so it was marked offline.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Enter a JES3 VARY OFFLINE for the specified device(s).

Source

JES3

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

3

IEE100E

CONFIG WILL FORCE OFFLINE LAST PATH TO ALLOCATED DEVICE[S]: dev[,dev,dev...]

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system take a specified channel path offline. The system determined that the specified channel path represents the last path to the device, which was allocated or assigned to JES3.

In the message text:

dev

The device number for which the specified channel path is the last path.

System action

The system issues message IEE131D requesting operator approval before the channel path is taken offline.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

11

IEE101I

SLIP TRAP ID=id modname IS NOT IN THE LPA. THE SYSTEM ASSUMES IT WILL BE ADDED LATER

Explanation

In response to a SLIP SET command that uses the LPAMOD or LPAEP parameter, the system could not locate the specified module. Since it is possible that the module will be added to LPA later, the system continues to process, with the trap inactive.

In the message text:

id

The SLIP trap identifier.

modname

The name of the load module or entry point specified via the LPAMOD or LPAEP parameter.

System action

If the module is subsequently added to LPA, the system will use the new address information about the specified load module, and will update and activate the trap.

Operator response

If it is expected that the module might not yet be in the LPA, no action is required. Otherwise make sure that you specified the correct module name.

System programmer response

None.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

IEE103I

UNIT dev NOT BROUGHT ONLINE [text]

Explanation

The system could not bring the device online because of hardware or software conditions.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the unit.

text

Consists of a header message, accompanying messages that explains why the device could not be brought online, and a trailer message.

System action

The system does not bring the device online.

Operator response

Correct the condition and then reissue the VARY command to bring the device online.

Source

- For console devices, MVS Console Services
- For non-console devices, MVS device allocation

Module

CNZK1V40, IEFHBONL

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE106I

hh.mm.ss UNIT ALLOCATED [idr] text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
dev jobname asid ... [jobname asid]

[DISPLAY TRUNCATED - INSUFFICIENT STORAGE]

[UNIT STATUS NUMBER OF UNITS REQUESTED

EXCEEDS NUMBER AVAILABLE]

[INCOMPLETE UNIT ALLOCATION STATUS]

[ALLOC STATUS UNAVAILABLE - ALLOCAS INOPERATIVE]
```

The system issues this message in response to a DISPLAY U,,ALLOC command. The message displays the status of the devices attached to the system.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time in hours (00-23), minutes (00-59), and in seconds (00-59). If 00.00.00 appears, the time of day (TOD) clock is not working.

idr

An identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- Written on typewriter or printer consoles
- Displayed inline (that is, not in a display area) on a display console

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

The line beginning with dev appears one or more times for each allocated unit specified on the command.

UNIT

dev

The device number of the allocated unit specified on the DISPLAY command.

JOBNAME

jobname

Each job to which the unit is allocated. The job name is one of the following:

788 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

- · The name of a job
- The name of a system address space
- The name of a task created by the START or MOUNT command
- *MASTER* when the unit is allocated to the master address space
- *CONSOLE when the unit is a console allocated to multiple console support (MCS)
- *SYSTEM when the unit is allocated to the system control program
- *PAGE when the unit is being used as a paging device
- *UNKNOWN when the unit is allocated but the DISPLAY command processor cannot identify the owner.

ASID

asid

The hexadecimal address space identifier (ASID) for each address space to which the unit is allocated.

DISPLAY TRUNCATED - INSUFFICIENT STORAGE

The system cannot obtain enough storage for the display.

UNIT STATUS NUMBER OF UNITS REQUESTED EXCEEDS NUMBER AVAILABLE

The DISPLAY command specified more units than are allocated.

INCOMPLETE UNIT ALLOCATION STATUS

The system cannot display complete data on unit allocation because of an internal error.

ALLOC STATUS UNAVAILABLE - ALLOCAS INOPERATIVE

The system is not recording the units allocated.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If DISPLAY TRUNCATED - INSUFFICIENT STORAGE appears in the message text, specify fewer units on the DISPLAY U,,ALLOC command.

System programmer response

If INCOMPLETE UNIT ALLOCATION STATUS or ALLOC STATUS UNAVAILABLE - ALLOCAS INOPERATIVE appears in the message text, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Device independent display operator console support (MCS) console.

Module

IEE24110

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE107I

THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE IS ISSUED BY SYNCHRONOUS WTO/R SERVICE

Explanation

This message precedes any message that is displayed in local mode and issued with SYNCH=YES on the write to operator with reply (WTOR) macro.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEEVDCMP

Routing code

Note 12

Descriptor code

_

IEE108I

dev NOT BROUGHT ONLINE. UNIT IS IN AN OFFLINE LIBRARY.

Explanation

The system could not bring the device online because it is in a system-managed tape library that was taken offline via a VARY SMS command.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

The system does not bring the device online.

Operator response

Issue a VARY SMS command to bring the library online, and then vary the device online.

Source

MVS Console Services or MVS Device Allocation

Module

CNZK1V38, CNZK1V49, IEFHBONL

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE109I

CONFIG CPU(x), OFFLINE COMMAND WOULD REMOVE LAST CRYPTO

Explanation

The operator attempted to configure offline the specified processor. This processor is associated with the last online Integrated Cryptographic Feature in the system. This message is followed by message IEE325D.

In the message text:

X

The central processor number.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply to message IEE325D.

Operator response

Reply to message IEE325D.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCRLF

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE112I

hh.mm.ss PENDING REQUESTS [idr]

Explanation

CNT	KEY	CNT	KEY	CNT	KEY	CNT	KEY
ccc	keynm	ccc	keynm	ccc	keynm	ccc	keynm

RM=nnn IM=iiiii CEM=cccc EM=eeee RU=rrrr IR=oooo [NO]AMRF

ID:R/K		SYSNAME JOB ID	MESSAGE TEXT
xxxxx	[R I C E] hl.ml.sl	. sysname yyyyyyyy	text

- [NO MESSAGES OUTSTANDING]
- [NO REQUESTS OUTSTANDING FOR SPECIFIED OPTIONS]
- [NO MESSAGES OUTSTANDING FOR SPECIFIED OPTIONS]
- [OUTSTANDING keynm MESSAGES NOT FOUND]
- [NO OUTSTANDING MESSAGES WITH MESSAGE KEYNAMES]
- [OUTSTANDING msgid MESSAGE NOT FOUND]
- [OUTSTANDING jobname MESSAGE NOT FOUND]
- [READY UNITS: dev[dev]...]
- [PENDING UNITS: dev[dev]...]

- [INTRV REQ'D: dev[dev]...]
- [DISPLAY TRUNCATED INSUFFICIENT STORAGE]

The system issues this message in response to a DISPLAY R command.

The **PENDING REQUESTS** line always appears in the message text. The fields in this line are:

hh.mm.ss

The time in hours (00-23), minutes (00-59), and seconds (00-59). The value is 00.00.00 if the time of day (TOD) clock is not working when the system gathers the information for the display.

idr

An identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- · Written on typewriter or printer consoles
- Displayed inline (that is, not in a display area) on a display console

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

The next lines appear in response to the DISPLAY R,KEY command. Following the CNT KEY heading, four count-keyname pairs appear on each line until all pairs are displayed:

CNT

CCC

The decimal number of occurrences for each keyname in the KEY column. If ccc is greater than 999, the display shows asterisks.

KEY

kkk

The keyname for one or more outstanding action messages or WTORs.

The line beginning **RM=nnn...** appears in response to a DISPLAY R command with no positional operands; for example, 'DISPLAY R' or 'D R,SYS=sysname'. The fields in this line are as follows:

RM=nnn

A decimal number representing the number of messages awaiting replies.

IM=iiiii

A decimal number representing the number of outstanding immediate action messages (those with descriptor codes 1 or 2). If the number is greater than 99999, asterisks appear in this field.

CEM=ccccc

A decimal number representing the number of outstanding critical eventual action messages (those with descriptor code 11). If the number is greater than 99999, asterisks appear in this field.

EM=eeeee

A decimal number representing the number of outstanding eventual action messages (with descriptor code 3). If the number is greater than 99999, asterisks appear in this field.

RU=rrrr

A decimal number representing the number of outstanding mount requests.

IR=0000

A decimal number representing the number of outstanding requests for operator intervention.

AMRF

The action message retention facility (AMRF) is active.

NOAMRF

The AMRF is not active.

The lines beginning **RM=nnn...** and **ID:R/K...** appear in response to the DISPLAY R command. I, CE, E, R, LIST, L, ALL, A or , as the second positional operand. The line following the **ID:R/K...** heading lists all outstanding messages or WTORs:

ID:R/K

XXXXXXXXX

One of the following:

- · The message identifier
- If the message is awaiting a reply, the identifier used in the REPLY command
- If the message is an action message, the identifier is the number to be used in the CONTROL C command (the action message sequence number)

Т

The type of message being displayed, as follows:

R

The message is awaiting an operator reply

Ι

An immediate action message (descriptor code 1 or 2)

C

A critical eventual action message (descriptor code 11)

Ε

An eventual action message (descriptor code 3)

TIME

hl.ml.sl

The time stamp associated with the message in hours (h1), minutes (m1), and seconds (s1). This data appears when you specify the T operand in the DISPLAY R command.

SYSNAME

sysname

The name of the system from which the message was issued. This column appears when you specify T or S on the D R command.

JOB ID

ууууууу

The job name (in a JES3 environment) or the job identification number (in a JES2 environment) of the task that issued the message. The JOB ID appears only when you specify the T or J operand in the DISPLAY R command.

MESSAGE TEXT

text

The text of the message. It continues on the following lines, if necessary. If the system could not retain all the lines of a multiple-line message, this field contains all of the message text. If this message is a WTOR, the first character of *text* is as follows:

*

WTOR issued by an authorized program.

@

WTOR issued by a problem program.

&

WTOR issued by an authorized program and auto-reply is monitoring.

%

WTOR issued by a problem program and auto-reply is monitoring.

The remaining lines that may appear in the message are:

NO MESSAGES OUTSTANDING

There are no messages awaiting replies, no messages waiting for operator action, no outstanding mount requests, and no outstanding requests for operator intervention.

NO REQUESTS OUTSTANDING FOR SPECIFIED OPTIONS

There are no outstanding requests in the category specified in the DISPLAY R command.

NO MESSAGES OUTSTANDING FOR SPECIFIED OPTIONS

There are no outstanding messages in the category specified in the DISPLAY R command.

OUTSTANDING keynm MESSAGES NOT FOUND

There are no outstanding messages that match the keyname in the KEY= keyword on the DISPLAY R command.

In the message text:

keynm

The keyword name.

NO OUTSTANDING MESSAGES WITH MESSAGE KEYNAMES

The operator entered the DISPLAY R,KEY command with the optional SYS=sysname and CN=(ALL) keywords and there are no outstanding messages with keynames.

OUTSTANDING msgid MESSAGE NOT FOUND

There are no outstanding requests for messages.

In the message text:

msgid

The message identifier.

OUTSTANDING *jobname* MESSAGE NOT FOUND

There are no outstanding messages that match the jobname in the JOB keyword on the DISPLAY R command.

READY UNITS: dev [dev]...

The system issued a mount request that has not yet been performed. This line appears in response to a DISPLAY R, DISPLAY R,U, or a DISPLAY R,L command if there are any outstanding ready unit requests.

dev

The device number.

INTRV REQ'D: dev [dev]...

Operator intervention was requested but has not yet been performed. This line appears in response to a DISPLAY R, DISPLAY R,U, or a DISPLAY R,L command, if there are outstanding intervention-required requests.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

DISPLAY TRUNCATED - INSUFFICIENT STORAGE

There is not enough storage for the system to finish listing this message. However, the second line of the message does contain the correct number of outstanding requests.

Note: If a DISPLAY R,LIST command specifies that the display is to appear in an out-of-line display area, the **ID:R/K...** heading line appears in the first frame and remains on the screen for each frame until the READY UNITS or INTRV REQ'D lines appear.

Operator response

Perform the action or enter the reply requested by the text of waiting messages. Re-enter the DISPLAY R command to see if the message(s) were deleted; if not deleted, you can delete I, C, and E messages saved by AMRF by using a CONTROL C command.

If the system displays I, C, and E messages, because they were not displayed on all necessary consoles, then issue a DISPLAY C command. You can determine the console responsible for the problem by looking in the display at the NBUF values, which give the number of buffers queued to each console. A high value identifies the console that is backed up. Take appropriate steps to free the backed-up console.

For each device listed, find the last mount request message for the device and mount the indicated volume on the device, or find the last intervention-required message and ready the indicated device. Enter a DISPLAY R,LIST command to locate these messages. If the system did not issue a mount request message for a device in the list, wait until the system issues that message.

For the syntax of the DISPLAY R command, see z/OS MVS System Commands.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB804

Routing code

#

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE113I

dev NOT BROUGHT ONLINE. UNIT IS OFFLINE FOR OPERATOR REASONS.

Explanation

The system could not bring the system-managed tape library device online via a VARY SMS command because the operator varied the device offline.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

The system does not bring the device online.

Operator response

Vary the device online, and then issue a VARY SMS command to bring the system-managed tape library online.

Source

MVS Console Services or MVS Device Allocation

Module

CNZK1V38, CNZK1V49, IEFHBONL

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE121I

I/O ERROR DURING COMMAND EXECUTION

Explanation

While processing a START or MOUNT command, the system detected an uncorrectable I/O error in reading or writing records from or to the scheduler work area (SWA). In a JES3 environment, this message will be issued whenever a started task or mount is cancelled before execution using the *C S,Jxxxxx command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again. If the system issues this message again, contact hardware support to repair the device with the error.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB605

Routing code

2,10,*

Descriptor code

3

IEE122I

START COMMAND JCL ERROR

Explanation

A START command invoked a cataloged procedure or job. The system detected one of the following error conditions:

- The member specified in the START command does not exist.
- The cataloged procedure contains incorrect JCL statements.
- · The job contains incorrect JCL statements.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer. When the system programmer directs, enter the command again.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. Look in the system output (SYSOUT) for messages associated with this command. These messages describe any errors found in the source JCL or in the overriding JCL statements generated from the START command. If the MSGCLASS for Started Tasks is a DUMMY class, then it may be necessary to change it temporarily to a "real" message class in order to get the SYSOUT for the failing START command. This can be accomplished in either of two ways:
 - Add the desired MSGCLASS to the START command. For example:
 - S procedurename, MSGCLASS=A
 - Change the MSGCLASS for all STCs via a \$TJOBCLASS command and then change the MSGCLASS back to what it was. For example:

- \$TJOBCLASS(STC), MSGCLASS=A
- Run the failing started task
- \$TJOBCLASS(STC),MSGCLASS=Z

Once the failing JCL statements are identified, correct those JCL statements in the procedure or job. Ask the operator to enter the command again.

- 2. If the command was entered correctly, run the IEBPTPCH utility to print the cataloged procedure or job that was to be invoked by the START command. Check for, and correct, any incorrect JCL statements in the procedure or job. After making corrections, ask the operator to enter the command again.
- 3. If the command continues to fail, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB605

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE124I

MOUNT COMMAND JCL ERR

Explanation

A MOUNT command requested the allocation of a I/O device to all job steps. While processing the command, the system found incorrect JCL statements in the procedure invoked by the command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer. When the system programmer directs, enter the command again.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. Look in the system output (SYSOUT) for messages beginning with IEF associated with this command. These messages describe any errors found in the procedure. Correct the JCL statements in the procedure. Ask the operator to enter the command again.
- 2. If the command continues to fail, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB605

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE128A

PERFORM THE CANCEL ACTION TO RESTORE THE NORMAL DISPLAY

Explanation

The disabled console communications facility has been using the console screen to display messages required by system conditions. You can now restore the original contents of the console screen and resume normal console operations.

System action

The system continues normal operation.

Operator response

To restore the original contents of the screen, perform the CANCEL action (press the PA2 key on most consoles). If you need more information about the CANCEL action, see $\underline{z/OS\ MVS\ System\ Commands}$. The system might not respond immediately.

Note: Be sure to perform only the proper CANCEL action. Any other action will produce unpredictable results.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEEVDCCR

Routing code

Note 9

Descriptor code

-

IEE129I hh.mm.ss DISPLAY EMCS

parameter list

NUMBER OF CONSOLES MATCHING CRITERIA: nnnnn

console1 console2 ...

NO CONSOLES MEET SPECIFIED CRITERIA

Explanation

The system issues this message in response to DISPLAY EMCS, SUMMARY command.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time when the message was issued, in hours (00 through 23), minutes (00 through 59), and seconds (00 through 59).

parameter-list

All parameters specified on the command.

NUMBER OF CONSOLES MATCHING CRITERIA: nnnnn

Number of extended MCS consoles that match the search criteria.

console1 console2 ...

Name of each console that matches the search criteria.

NO CONSOLES MEET SPECIFIED CRITERIA

There are no extended MCS consoles that match the specified criteria.

Source

Console Services

Module

IEECB883

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE131D

REPLY CANCEL OR CONTINUE

Explanation

This message asks the operator to decide whether to cancel or to continue processing the CONFIG CHP(xx),OFFLINE,FORCE command.

Forcing the channel path offline may have serious effects on the system. Message IEE100E precedes this message and explains the effects of forcing the channel path offline.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Check status of alternate paths. Vary online any paths that should be online. Defer reconfiguration, if possible. Otherwise, recover the failing tasks.

- Reply **CANCEL** to cancel the CONFIG command and keep the channel path online.
- Reply **CONTINUE** to force the channel path offline and keep the devices listed in message IEE100E allocated and forced offline. Any I/O request to any of these devices results in a permanent I/O error. To allow any job associated with an allocated device to continue, enter the CONFIG command to provide an alternate path to the device.

Note: *Do not* reply **CONTINUE** if a device that is critical to the operation of the system is involved, or you may have to reIPL the system.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

7

IEE132I

START COMMAND DEVICE ALLOCATION ERROR

Explanation

A START command invoked a cataloged procedure. While allocating the device specified on the command, the system detected an error.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer. Enter the command again, as directed by the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do the following:

1. Look in the system output (SYSOUT) data set for messages associated with this START command. These messages describe errors found in the source JCL or in the overriding JCL statements generated from the START command.

If the MSGCLASS for Started Tasks is a DUMMY class, you may need to change it to a real message class temporarily in order to get the JES Job Log for the failing START command. Do this in one of the following ways:

- Add the desired MSGCLASS to the START command. For example, add:
 - S procedurename, MSGCLASS=A
- Change the MSGCLASS for all STCs using a \$TJOBCLASS command, and then change the MSGCLASS back to what it was. For example:
 - a. First change the MSGCLASS using the \$TJOBCLASS command:

```
$TJOBCLASS(STC), MSGCLASS=A
```

- b. Now run the failing started task.
- c. Finally, change the MSGCLASS back to what it was using a \$TJOBCLASS command:

```
$TJOBCLASS(STC), MSGCLASS=Z
```

2. If the command fails again, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB605

Routing code

2,10,*

Descriptor code

3

IEE133I

nn DEVICES BUSY ON CHP(xx)

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system configure one or more channel paths offline. While processing the request, the system detected that devices are currently doing I/O through one of the specified channel paths.

In the message text:

nn

The number of devices doing I/O through a channel path.

XX

The channel path on which the devices are doing I/O.

System action

The system waits a maximum of 2.5 minutes for all I/O through channel path xx to complete. After 15 seconds, if all I/O has not completed, the system issues this message to notify the operator of busy devices. If the 2.5-minute waiting time expires and all I/O through channel path xx is not complete, the system issues message IEE717D.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE134I

MOUNT COMMAND DEVICE ALLOCATION ERROR

Explanation

A MOUNT command requested the allocation of an I/O device to all job steps. While allocating the device specified on the command, the system detected an error.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer. Enter the command again, as directed by the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. Correct the errors indicated by other messages on the console or in the system output (SYSOUT) data set. Ask the operator to enter the command again.
- 2. If the command fails again, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB605

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE135I

ERROR - REQUESTED DEVICE RESERVED

Explanation

A MOUNT command requested allocation of an I/O device to all job steps. The command specified a device that is either reserved or permanently resident.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter the MOUNT command again but specify a different device.
- Enter an UNLOAD command for the device on the MOUNT command. When the device is released, enter the MOUNT command again.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB605

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE136I

LOCAL: TIME=hh.mm.ss DATE=[yy]yy.ddd UTC: TIME=hh.mm.ss DATE=[yy]yy.ddd

Explanation

In response to the DISPLAY T command, this message displays the local time and date and the Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The hour (00-23), minute (00-59), and second (00-59)

[yy].ddd

The year (00-99 or 1900-2042) and the day (001-366)

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master Scheduler (SC1B8)

Module

IEE3503D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE138I

cm ALREADY IN SYSTEM

Explanation

The operator entered a command, but the system is currently processing the command.

System action

The system does not process the command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

Master

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE144I

K M,AMRF={Y|N},MLIM=nnnn, RLIM=nnnn, UEXIT={Y|N},
LOGLIM=nnnnn,ROUTTIME=nnn, RMAX=nnnn [,APPLID=aaaaaaaa]
[,GENERIC=aaaaaaaaa]

Explanation

In response to a CONTROL M or CONTROL M, REF command, this message displays:

- The status of the action message retention facility (AMRF)
- The maximum number of write to operator (WTO) buffers
- The maximum number of write to operator response (WTOR) buffers
- The status of the general WTO installation exit IEAVMXIT
- The maximum number of messages that the system can hold in SYSLOG buffers
- The timeout value for the ROUTE *ALL or ROUTE systemgroupname command.
- The SMCS APPLID, if one, is in effect.
- The SMCS GENERIC, if one, is in effect.

In the message text:

AMRF=Y

AMRF=N

The status of the AMRF:

- · Y for active.
- · N for not active.

MLIM=nnnn

The current limit of WTO buffers. When the number of WTO buffers reaches this number, the system places any program that issues a WTO into a wait state until the number of WTO buffers decreases to a value less than the limit.

RLIM=nnnn

The current limit of outstanding WTOR messages that the system or sysplex can hold in buffers. When the number of WTOR buffers reaches this value, the system places any program that issues a WTOR into a wait state until the number of WTOR buffers decreases to a value less than the limit.

UEXIT=Y

UEXIT=N

The status of the IEAVMXIT installation exit:

- Y The exit is being used.
- N The exit is not being used.

LOGLIM=nnnnn

The current limit of messages that can be buffered to the SYSLOG processor. When the number of messages buffered up for the SYSLOG processor reaches this value, subsequent messages to be buffered to the SYSLOG processor will be lost until the number of buffered messages decreases to a value less than the limit.

ROUTTIME=nnn

The maximum duration in seconds that the ROUTE *ALL or ROUTE system group name command waits for responses to a command from each system for aggregating responses. After that time, the command will be considered to have timed out for aggregation with respect to any systems which have not responded, and message IEE421I will indicate that this has occurred. Responses received after the specified timeout interval are individually returned to the originator of the ROUTE command.

If ROUTTIME is 0, command responses will not be aggregated.

RMAX=nnnn

The current maximum number of reply IDs.

,APPLID=aaaaaaaa

The SMCS APPLID. If the system does not have an APPLID in effect, the APPLID keyword will not be displayed.

,GENERIC=aaaaaaaa

The SMCS GENERIC. If no GENERIC is in use, *NONE* will be displayed. The GENERIC keyword will not be displayed if the system is in XCFLOCAL or MONOPLEX mode.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEE6903D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE145I

DELETION REJECTED [FOR MESSAGE xxx]-reason [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

reason is one of the following:

ID DOES NOT EXIST

REPLY CMD REQUIRED

DISPLAY INCOMPLETE

A CONTROL C command tried to request deletion of one or more action messages that the action message retention facility (AMRF) retained. The command was entered incorrectly.

In the message text:

FOR MESSAGE XXX

xxx is a message identifier specified in the command. The message identifier is incorrect for the reason that appears in the message. This message text appears only on printer-keyboard consoles.

ID DOES NOT EXIST

The command specified a message identifier that does not exist.

REPLY CMD REQUIRED

The specified message identifier is for a message that requires a reply. The system cannot delete the message until the operator enters a reply.

DISPLAY INCOMPLETE

The specified message identifier is for a message that has not yet been displayed on all consoles. The message is queued to appear on a console or the hard-copy device; therefore, the system cannot delete the message.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

If the CONTROL command specifies a series of message identifiers, the system deletes all messages before the identifier in error. If the operator entered the CONTROL command from a display console, the system displays the command again and positions the cursor under the message identifier in error. The system does not include the identifiers of any messages that are deleted.

Operator response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

ID DOES NOT EXIST

Enter **DISPLAY R** to determine the correct identifier for the message to be deleted. Enter the CONTROL command again with the correct identifier.

REPLY CMD REQUIRED

Reply to the message. Then the system will delete the message.

DISPLAY INCOMPLETE

Wait for the system to complete presentation of the message before trying again to delete the message. If the system does not complete the presentation, enter a DISPLAY CONSOLES command to determine if a console has a large backlog of messages. If so, correct the problem with the console. Enter the CONTROL command again.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE8103D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE146I

Explanation

This message is issued in response to a CONTROL C,I, CONTROL C,E, or a CONTROL C,A command used to delete outstanding action messages.

In the message text:

nnnnn

Indicates the number of messages deleted in response to the command.

NO

No messages were deleted.

If an error occurs, message IEE145I precedes this message.

Note: When a range of IDs is specified in the command, certain conditions, which would be flagged as errors if individual IDs were specified, are not flagged. For example, message IDs that do not exist but are within the range are not flagged. If you specified a non-existent ID by itself, you would receive an error message.

System action

The system deletes the messages for the IDs specified in the command. If an error occurs, the system deletes only the messages for the IDs that precede the ID in error in the command.

Operator response

None.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEE8103D

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE147I text

Explanation

This message contains the text portion of any LOG command entered or WTL (write-to-log) macro issued while the system log is not supported. If the log is not active, the system processes the message from a WTL macro as a WTO (write-to-operator) message and assigns it this message identifier.

In the message text:

text

The message specified in the LOG command or the WTL macro.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB804

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

1

IEE148I

item NOT RECONFIGURED [- text|PHYSICALLY {ONLINE|OFFLINE}, text]

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure items online or offline. The system could not perform the requested reconfiguration, except as noted under the explanation for texts NOT RECONFIGURED PHYSICALLY ONLINE or FUNCTION NOT APPLICABLE.

In the message text:

text is one of the following:

- INVALID ID
- FUNCTION NOT APPLICABLE
- ITEM NOT AVAILABLE
- COMMAND NOT EXECUTABLE ON CURRENT CONFIGURATION
- CONTAINS REQUIRED FACILITIES
- IN ANOTHER PARTITION
- SERVICE PROCESSOR BUSY
- SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE
- SERVICE PROCESSOR CALL FAILED
- TARGET HARDWARE ERROR
- TARGET RECONFIGURATION ERROR
- INSUFFICIENT RESOURCES AVAILABLE
- NO MORE STORAGE AVAILABLE
- IN OFFLINE STORAGE ELEMENT
- AT LEAST ONE CHP IS ONLINE
- WOULD REMOVE A CPC-CRITICAL STP TIMING LINK
- PCI FUNCTION CURRENTLY IN USE
- STORAGE RECONFIGURATION DISABLED

item

The item that was to be reconfigured:

[REAL STORAGE LOCATIONS] xu to yu

The beginning and ending addresses of a range of central storage. The variable \boldsymbol{u} is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

CHP(xx)

Channel path xx.

PFID(xx)

PCI function xx.

EXTENDED STORAGE ELEMENT(n)

Expanded storage element n.

[REAL] STORAGE ELEMENT(n)

Central storage element *n*.

REAL STORAGE

Central storage range or amount.

ELEMENT(S) ITEM(S)

An error occurred while trying to build the new CONFIG ONLINE or OFFLINE display.

NOT RECONFIGURED PHYSICALLY OFFLINE

Indicates that one of the following occurred:

- A CONFIG OFFLINE command was entered. The item was taken logically offline but could not be taken physically offline.
- A CONFIG ONLINE command was entered. The item was brought physically online, but the attempt to bring it logically online failed, and the system issued the appropriate error message. The system then attempted to take the item physically offline to make its physical status consistent with its logical status. This attempt also failed; message IEE148I refers to this attempt. The item is logically offline but still physically online.

NOT RECONFIGURED PHYSICALLY ONLINE

Indicates that an item could not be brought physically online. For a CONFIG command, if MVS is running as a VM guest, the item is a channel path, and, if *text* is FUNCTION NOT APPLICABLE, then the CONFIG command processor was able to verify that the channel path is physically online to VM and configured the channel path logically online to MVS. Otherwise, the system did not bring the item logically online.

text

The reason why the item could not be reconfigured:

INVALID ID

The item specified in the CONFIG command does not exist in the configuration.

FUNCTION NOT APPLICABLE

One of the following occurred:

- The service processor received an incorrect or unsupported command.
- The CONFIG command processor determined that channel path physical reconfiguration is not supported and did not attempt to configure the channel path physically online. It did determine, however, that MVS is running as a VM guest and that the channel path is physically online to VM, so the channel was configured logically online to MVS.
- The CONFIG command processor determined that channel path physical reconfiguration is not supported and did not attempt to configure the channel path physically online. However, logical offline processing might have been performed.

ITEM NOT AVAILABLE

The specified item is part of another partition.

COMMAND NOT EXECUTABLE ON CURRENT CONFIGURATION

One of both of the following occurred:

- The operator command is not supported by the hardware on which MVS is running.
- The CONFIG command processor determined that channel path physical reconfiguration is not supported and did not attempt to configure the channel path physically online. The CONFIG command processor determined either that MVS is not running as a VM guest or that MVS is running as a VM guest but could not verify that the channel path was physically online to VM. The channel path was not configured logically online to MVS.

CONTAINS REQUIRED FACILITIES

The storage element specified in a CONFIG command could not be taken offline because it contains storage that must be kept online.

IN ANOTHER PARTITION

The item specified in a CONFIG command is in a different partition from the MVS system in which the CONFIG command was issued.

SERVICE PROCESSOR BUSY

The service processor could not process the CONFIG command because the service processor control block is in use or the hardware is processing another request.

SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE

The service processor could not process the CONFIG command because of an internal service processor error.

SERVICE PROCESSOR CALL FAILED

The system could not invoke the service processor. The item is not varied. The system writes a logrec data set error record and requests an SVC dump.

TARGET HARDWARE ERROR

One of the following occurred:

- An error occurred during a target equipment check that is associated with the resource being configured or deconfigured. The state of the resource is changed. The error is not associated with the service-call logical processor (SCLP).
- An error occurred during a target equipment check that is associated with the resource being configured or deconfigured. The state of the resource did not change. The error is not associated with SCLP.
- Enter the CONFIG command. If the problem persists, contact Hardware Support.

TARGET RECONFIGURATION ERROR

One of the following occurred:

- An error occurred during a target equipment check that is associated with the resource being configured or deconfigured. The state of the resource cannot be determined. The error is not associated with the SCLP.
- An error occurred during a target equipment reconfiguration check that is associated with the resource being configured or deconfigured. The state of the resource changed. The error is not associated with the SCLP.
- An error occurred during a target equipment reconfiguration check that is associated with the resource being configured or deconfigured. The state of the resource did not change. The error is not associated with the SCLP.
- Enter the CONFIG command. If the problem persists, contact Hardware Support.

INSUFFICIENT RESOURCES AVAILABLE

NO MORE STORAGE AVAILABLE

Central storage could not be brought online because all of the central storage in the system is either currently in use or part of another partition.

IN OFFLINE STORAGE ELEMENT

The storage identified in the message could not be brought online because all or part of that storage was in a storage element that is offline.

AT LEAST ONE CHP IS ONLINE

At least one CHP remained online after a CONFIG CHP(xx) command.

WOULD REMOVE A CPC-CRITICAL STP TIMING LINK

The STP facility has determined that the command would deconfigure the last path between Server Time Protocol (STP) nodes and rejected the request. The respective channel path was not deconfigured.

PCI FUNCTION CURRENTLY IN USE

The PCI function is currently in use.

STORAGE RECONFIGURATION DISABLED

Storage could not be brought online because storage reconfiguration is disabled. See message IEE196I for reasons and actions.

System action

The system does not reconfigure the item displayed in the message text, except as noted in the explanation for the texts NOT RECONFIGURED PHYSICALLY ONLINE or FUNCTION NOT APPLICABLE. If the CONFIG command specified several items, the system reconfigures those items not named in the message text. The system writes messages.

Operator response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

COMMAND NOT EXECUTABLE ON CURRENT CONFIGURATION

If channel path physical reconfiguration was attempted, MVS is running as a VM guest, and the channel path was physically configured offline to VM, then physically configure the channel path online to VM and re-enter the CONFIG command to attempt to configure the channel path logically online to MVS.

INVALID ID

Enter the CONFIG command with the correct ID number for the item.

ITEM NOT AVAILABLE

Enter the CONFIG command after the specified item has been released from the other partition.

IN ANOTHER PARTITION

Enter the CONFIG command after the specified item has been released from the other partition.

SERVICE PROCESSOR BUSY

Enter the CONFIG command. If the problem persists, contact your system programmer.

SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE

Enter the CONFIG command. If the problem persists, contact hardware support. Provide the logrec data set error record.

SERVICE PROCESSOR CALL FAILED

Enter the CONFIG command. If the problem persists, contact the system programmer.

IN OFFLINE STORAGE ELEMENT

Enter a CONFIG command to bring online the storage element. If the entire range of storage identified in the message does not come online when you bring the storage element online, enter the CONFIG command for that range.

WOULD REMOVE A CPC-CRITICAL STP TIMING LINK

Contact System Programmer.

PCI FUNCTION CURRENTLY IN USE

The PCI function is currently in use. The OFFLINE, FORCE option must be specified if the PFID is to be configured offline.

System programmer response

If **SERVICE PROCESSOR CALL FAILED** or **SERVICE PROCESSOR BUSY** appear in the message text, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the logrec data set error record.

If **WOULD REMOVE A CPC-CRITICAL STP TIMING LINK** appears in the message text, See the *IBM Redbooks®*, Server Time Protocol Planning Guide and Server Time Protocol Implementation Guide for more information on STP.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR, IEEVIOSR, IEEVPFID, IEEVSTGP, IEEVSTEL

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE150I

CHANGE OPTIONS IF DESIRED [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

This message appears above the input line of an active MCS, SMCS or HMCS console.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Enter new commands to change the options of this command. The new values become effective immediately.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECVETA, IEE6903D, IEECVET4

Routing code

Note 6

Descriptor code

-

IEE151I

DELETE REQUEST INCONSISTENT-text [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

text is one of the following:

NO DELETABLE MESSAGES

INVALID RANGE

SEG = 0

INVALID OPERAND

NO DISPLAY ON SCREEN

DISPLAY NOT ON SCREEN

NO DISPLAY IN AREA

A CONTROL command requested that the system delete messages from a display console screen. The command was in error.

In the message text:

NO DELETABLE MESSAGES

One of these commands was entered to delete a message:

- · CONTROL E,F
- CONTROL E,SEG
- CONTROL E,nn[,nn]

No current messages could be deleted by this request.

INVALID RANGE

A CONTROL E,nn[,nn] command requested deletion of messages, but the command was specified incorrectly, in one of these ways:

- One or more of the specified message numbers were not displayed in the visible message area.
- The specified message numbers were incorrect.
- The specified message numbers included blank lines.

SEG = 0

A CONTROL S,SEG command was entered, but SEG was specified with a value of 0. A value of 0 is not meaningful for a CONTROL S,SEG command.

INVALID OPERAND

A CONTROL E,X command was entered, but a valid range was not specified on the command.

NO DISPLAY ON SCREEN

A CONTROL E, N command was entered, but the message line numbers were already removed.

DISPLAY NOT ON SCREEN

There are no status display areas on the console.

NO DISPLAY IN AREA

There is no status display in the area.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Correct the command and enter it again.

Enter **DISPLAY C,K** to obtain a display that explains the CONTROL command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECVET4, IEECVET6, IEECVET8, IEE6703D

Routing code

Note 6

Descriptor code

_

IEE153I

ERROR - ENTRY GREATER THAN 126 CHARACTERS

Explanation

The 127th position in the entry area contains a character other than a blank. The cursor appears under the 127th character to aid the operator in correcting the command.

System action

Until the 127th position contains a blank, the system ignores all commands.

Operator response

Correct the command that appears in the entry area and make sure that a blank is typed in the 127th position. Then perform an ENTER action.

If it is desired to clear the entry area before making the correction, perform the CANCEL action. Then enter the command correctly and perform an ENTER action.

Source

Console services

Module

IEECVET4

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

_

IEE156I

cm INVALID OPERAND[-]op [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

A CONTROL command requested that a console be controlled in some way. The command was specified incorrectly.

In the message text:

сm

The CONTROL command that was incorrectly specified.

op

The first 6 characters of the incorrect parameter.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

The command was incorrectly specified in one of these ways:

- The command specified the S parameter incorrectly.
- The first character after CONTROL (or K) was not one of the following:
 - A
 - C
 - D
 - F
 - M
 - N
 - 0
 - S
 - V
- The parameter following CONTROL D (or K D) was not one of the following:
 - F
 - N
 - N,HOLD
 - PFK
- If the command issued was CONTROL M (or K M), the problem is one of the following:
 - If the cursor is under a keyword, the keyword is not valid for this command.
 - If the cursor is under a parameter value, the value is not valid for that keyword. Some examples are:
 - The value of MLIM, RLIM, RMAX, LOGLIM, or ROUTTIME is not a decimal number, or is outside the acceptable range for this value.
 - The value of UEXIT or AMRF is not Y or N.
 - The value of RLIM is more than the current value of RMAX.
 - The value of RMAX is changed when the system is not at a correct level for changing it:

The sysplex couple data set has been configured for eight or fewer systems.

- The value of RMAX would be decreased by this command. This is not allowed.
- RNUM or RTME specified a value of 0.
- A CONTROL N,PFK command contains an error. The type of error is indicated by the location of the cursor:
 - If the cursor is under the first letter of a keyword (CMD, KEY, PFK, or CON), that keyword or its trailing equal sign is incorrect.
 - If the cursor is under the number of the key being defined, that key is not a numeric character, not a key that was defined when the system was installed, or is a key defined as a list of keys that is already contained within another list of keys.
 - If the cursor is under a key number after the KEY parameter, that key is not a numeric character, the number
 of the key that is being defined, a key which has been defined as a list of keys, or a key that was not defined
 when the system was installed.
 - If the cursor is under some other location, a syntax error exists at the position indicated by the cursor.
- The multi-line WTO ID specified on the CONTROL C,D command is incorrect or is directed to the wrong console.
- The parameters on the CONTROL V command are incorrect.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Correct the command by positioning the cursor under the characters to be changed and typing the correct information. Then enter the changed command.
- Enter **CANCEL** to cancel the command, if desired.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECVETA, IEE2003D, IEE6703D, IEE6803D, IEE6903D, IEE7503D, IEE7703D, IEE7803D, IEE7903D, IEE8103D, IEE8A03D, IEE8B03D, IEE8C03D

Routing code

Note 6

Descriptor code

•

IEE157I

DELETION REQUESTED

Explanation

The operator requested deletion in conversational mode. The deletion request appears in command form in the entry area. The messages selected for deletion are indicated by vertical lines displayed in position 3 of the message line.

System action

The system does not delete any messages until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Respond in one of the following ways:

- To delete the messages as requested, press the ENTER key on the console.
- To change the deletion request, position the cursor under the name of the message you want to delete and press the ENTER key on the console.
- To cancel a deletion request, enter the CANCEL command. This will restore the screen, remove the vertical lines from the entry area, and place the cursor at the left side of the entry area.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVETD, IEECVET6, IEECVET8

Routing code

Note 6

Descriptor code

_

IEE158I

K REQUEST INCONSISTENT [optional-text] COMMAND ISSUED IS command

Explanation

The CONTROL command was used to display or erase the PFK line on a device that does not support the PFK line.

optional-text is one of the following:

STATUS ALREADY EXISTS

The operator requested a CONTROL option that is already in effect. For example, CONTROL S,DEL=R is entered when the console is in roll mode.

NO DISPLAY ON SCREEN

The operator requested a CONTROL option for a display, such as framing or erasing, and there is no display on the screen.

NO DISPLAY IN AREA

The operator requested a CONTROL option for a display area, such as framing or erasing, and there is no display in that area.

LAST FRAME DISPLAYED

The operator entered CONTROL D,F or CONTROL D,F,L=name-a. The last frame of the display is already on the screen.

FRAME NOT COMPLETE

The operator entered a framing request CONTROL D,F, but the frame of the display currently on the screen is not complete yet. The request must be reentered when the current frame is complete.

PFK IN USE

The operator entered the CONTROL N, PFK command to change the definition of a program function key (PFK). However, the system is currently processing a PFK for that console.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

The text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system does not process the command.

Operator response

If optional-text appears, do the following:

STATUS ALREADY EXISTS

Change the command and reenter it, or CANCEL the command because the condition already exists.

NO DISPLAY ON SCREEN

Change the command to specify the correct console ID, with L=name, and reenter the command, or CANCEL the command because the conditions required by the command do not exist.

NO DISPLAY IN AREA

Change the command to specify the correct area, then reenter or CANCEL the command.

LAST FRAME DISPLAYED

CANCEL the command. The system cannot display any more frames.

FRAME NOT COMPLETE

Enter the request again after the entire frame has been displayed.

PFK IN USE

Allow the processing of the PFK to end before changing the PFK definition.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVET9, IEECVFTB, IEE6703D, IEE8C03D

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE159E

MESSAGE WAITING

Explanation

A message is waiting to be displayed, but the message area is full. This message appears:

- If automatic message deletion is not in effect (DEL=N)
- If automatic message deletion was in effect (DEL=Y) but no messages were marked for deletion
- If the screen is full of intervention required (INT REQ) messages or write to operator with reply messages (WTOR)
- When the console is in hold mode, and has a message waiting

System action

Unless automatic message deletion is in effect, new messages to be displayed wait until the operator deletes messages from the message area. The system removes this message from the screen when there is enough room in the message area to display all new messages.

Operator response

Delete messages that are no longer pending from the message area by entering the CONTROL command or by using the light pen or the cursor. Press the ENTER key on the console to verify the deletion request. In conversational mode, press ENTER a second time to verify the deletion request.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVFT2, IEECVETU

Routing code

Note 6

Descriptor code

-

IEE160I

UNVIEWABLE MESSAGE

Explanation

A status display temporarily replaces one or more messages.

System action

If a system task or a problem program issued a DOM (delete operator message) macro and DEL=Y is in effect, the system deletes messages automatically to remove the status display and display new messages. Otherwise, the system does not display new messages until the operator either removes the status display or deletes some messages above the status display. Message IEE159E replaces this message if there are more messages waiting that the status display is currently displacing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- To remove the status display, enter the CONTROL E,D command or position the light pen on *E* in the title line to remove the display and free the bottom portion of the message area.
- To request message deletion so new messages can be displayed, mark messages for deletion with the CONTROL command, the cursor or the light pen, then press the ENTER key on the console.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVET1

Routing code

Note 6

Descriptor code

-

IEE161I

WARNING - CON=N,DEL=Y

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- Automatic message deletion was in effect (DEL=Y) when the operator entered a CONTROL S,CON=N command, requesting non-conversational message deletion mode.
- Conversational mode was not in effect (CON=N) when the operator entered a CONTROL S,DEL=Y command, requesting automatic message deletion.
- The operator entered a CONTROL S,CON=N,DEL=Y command, requesting non-conversational mode and automatic message deletion.

The system issues this message in response to an erase (E) request.

System action

Processing continues. Some messages other than the messages requested for deletion may be lost.

Operator response

If automatic message deletion is in effect, use conversational mode to verify message deletions before the system performs them. If you do not want conversational mode, delete the messages manually before the message area is filled.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVETA

Routing code

Note 6

Descriptor code

_

IEE162I

hh.mm.ss K COMMAND [idr]

Explanation

A DISPLAY C,K command requested the display of CONTROL command functions. In response, the system issues this display message to summarize the operands in CONTROL commands. In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time in hours (00-23), in minutes (00-59), and seconds (00-59).

idr

An identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- · Written on typewriter or printer consoles
- Displayed inline (that is, not in a display area) on a display console.

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

The rest of the message displays the operands in the CONTROL command.

K A,REF ,NONE ,LL	DISPLAY ALL DISPLAY AREA DEFINITIONS DELETE ALL DISPLAY AREA DEFINITIONS DEFINE DISPLAY AREA OF LENGTH LL
K C,A,ID ,CE,ID ,D,ID ,E,ID ,I,ID	DELETE ACTION MESSAGE NUMBERED ID DELETE CRITICAL EVENTUAL ACTION MESSAGE NUMBERED ID CANCEL IN-LINE DISPLAY NUMBERED ID DELETE EVENTUAL ACTION MESSAGE NUMBERED ID DELETE IMMEDIATE ACTION MESSAGE NUMBERED ID
K D,N ,N,HOLD ,F ,PFK	NUMBER MESSAGE LINES UNTIL DELETION REQUESTED NUMBER MESSAGE LINES ALL THE TIME MOVE STATUS DISPLAY FORWARD ONE FRAME DISPLAY PROGRAM FUNCTION KEY LINE
K E,SEG ,NN,NN ,F ,D ,N ,PFK	ERASE MESSAGE LINE SPECIFIED IN SEG=NN OPTION ERASE MESSAGE LINE NN THROUGH NN ERASE FLAGGED MESSAGES ERASE OUT-OF-LINE STATUS DISPLAY ERASE MESSAGE LINE NUMBERS ERASE PROGRAM FUNCTION KEY LINE

```
K M, REF
                DISPLAY STATUS OF MASTER AUTHORITY FUNCTIONS
   , AMRF=Y
                ACTIVATE THE ACTION MESSAGE RETENTION FACILITY
    ,AMRF=N DEACTIVATE THE ACTION MESSAGE RETENTION FACILITY ,MLIM=NNNN CHANGE THE WTO BUFFER LIMIT TO NNNN
   ,AMRF=N
    ,RLIM=NNNN CHANGE THE WTOR BUFFER LIMIT TO NNNN
    ,UEXIT=Y ACTIVATE THE GENERAL WTO USER EXIT ROUTINE
    ,UEXIT=N DEACTIVATE THE GENERAL WTO USER EXIT ROUTINE
    ,LOGLIM=NNNNNN CHANGE THE SYSLOG BUFFER LIMIT TO NNNNNN
,ROUTTIME=NNN CHANGE THE ROUTE *ALL COMMAND WAITING TIME TO NNN
    ,RMAX=NNNN CHANGE THE WTOR MAXIMUM REPLY ID TO NNNN
                                          DEFINE PFK NN AS COMMAND DEFINE PFK NN AS LIST OF KEYS
K N,PFK=(NN,CMD='TEXT')
    ,PFK=(NN,KEY=NN,NN,...)
                                , CON=Y
                                          DEFINE PFK AS CONVERSATIONAL
                                , CON=N
                                          DEFINE PFK AS NON-CONVERSATIONAL
    , PFK=NNNNNNN
                                          USE PFK TABLE NNNNNNN
K Q
                PURGE CONSOLE'S MESSAGE QUEUE
K S,REF
                DISPLAY ALL SPECIFICATION VALUES
    , DEL=Y
                DELETE MESSAGES AUTOMATICALLY
    , DEL=N
                DO NOT DELETE MESSAGES AUTOMATICALLY
    , DEL=R
                ROLL ALL MESSAGES
    , DEL=RD
                ROLL ONLY DELETABLE MESSAGES
    ,DEL=W
                WRAP ALL MESSAGES
                DELETE NN LINES WHEN K E, SEG IS ENTERED
    ,SEG=NN
    , CON=Y
                DELETE MESSAGES WITH VERIFICATION
    , CON=N
                DELETE MESSAGES WITHOUT VERIFICATION
    , RNUM=NN
               ROLL NN MESSAGES (DEL=R OR RD)
    ,RTME=NNN ROLL MESSAGES EVERY NNN SECONDS
,RTME=1/2 ROLL MESSAGES EVERY HALF SECOND
                                                       (DEL=R, RD, OR W)
    ,RTME=1/4 ROLL MESSAGES EVERY QUARTER SECOND
    ,MFORM=M DISPLAY MESSAGE TEXT ONLY
,MFORM=J DISPLAY MESSAGE TEXT AND JOBID
               DISPLAY MESSAGE TEXT AND SYSNAME DISPLAY MESSAGE TEXT AND TIME STAMP
    ,MFORM=S
    ,MFORM=T
    ,MFORM=X DO NOT DISPLAY SYSTEM NAME AND JOB NAME
                 DISPLAY ALL VARY DEFINITIONS VARY USE OF DEVICE TO FULL CAPABILITY
 K V,REF
     ,USE=FC
     ,USE=SD
                 VARY USE OF DEVICE TO STATUS DISPLAY
     ,USE=MS VARY USE OF DEVICE TO MESSAGE STREAM
,LEVEL=ALL DISPLAY ALL MESSAGE TRAFFIC ROUTED TO THE CONSOLE
     ,LEVEL=R DISPLAY WTORS AT THE CONSOLE
,LEVEL=I DISPLAY IMMEDIATE ACTION MES
                 DISPLAY IMMEDIATE ACTION MESSAGES AT THE CONSOLE
     ,LEVEL=CE DISPLAY CRITICAL EVENTUAL ACTION MESSAGES AT THE CONSOLE
     ,LEVEL=E DISPLAY EVENTUAL ACTION MESSAGES AT THE CONSOLE ,LEVEL=NB DO NOT DISPLAY BROADCAST MESSAGES AT THE CONSOLE ,LEVEL=IN DISPLAY INFORMATIONAL MESSAGES AT THE CONSOLE
     ,LEVEL=UNCOND PERFORM THE REQUESTS UNCONDITIONALLY
     ,CMDSYS=NNNNNNNN CHANGE CMDSYS TO NNNNNNNN WHICH IS A SYSTEM NAME
                           DEFAULT CMDSYS TO CURRENTLY EXECUTING SYSTEM
     , CMDSYS=*
THE ROUTING OPERAND L=NAME-A IS ADDED TO A K COMMAND TO DEFINE AREAS ON
 ANOTHER CONSOLE, TO CONTROL A DISPLAY IN A PARTICULAR AREA,
 TO CHANGE THE DISPLAY SPECIFICATIONS OF ANOTHER CONSOLE
```

System action

The system continues processing.

TO RE-ROUTE CONSOLE MESSAGES, OR TO VARY THE USE OF A CONSOLE.

Source

Communications Task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEE10110

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5, 8, 9

IEE163I

MODE= mmmm

Explanation

The system issues this message in response to the CONTROL, S, DEL=mode command.

In the message text:

mmmm

The mode specified in the command. It is R, RD, or HELD.

System action

Depending on the roll mode, as follows:

R or RD

When the message area is filled, the number of messages specified by the RNUM parameter of the CONTROL command is removed at the interval specified by the RTME parameter. Deletion continues as long as messages are waiting to be displayed.

HELD

The operator must press the ENTER key without entering a command to suspend and resume message rolling.

WRAP mode

When the message area is filled, the next message overlays the message at the top of the screen. Subsequent messages progress down the screen, overlaying previous messages.

Operator response

If the console is in HOLD mode, you may return to ROLL or ROLL-DELETABLE mode by performing the ENTER operation with no data in the input area.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVETA

Routing code

Note 6

Descriptor code

_

IEE164I

ILLEGAL LIGHT PEN - CURSOR DETECT

Explanation

The light pen or the cursor was not positioned at a valid location.

System action

The system ignores the action requested with the light pen. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Position the light pen or cursor on one of the following areas:

- Any position on a non-action message line.
- The asterisk on an action message line.
- A detectable CONTROL command option (such as *F or *E) in the control line of a status display.
- · The instruction line.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVETF

Routing code

Note 6

Descriptor code

_

IEE165I

ONE OR MORE WTO USER EXIT ROUTINES COULD NOT BE LOADED

Explanation

A SET MPF command requested that the system load one or more WTO (write-to-operator) installation exit routines. Processing for the command could not load the routines.

System action

The system continues processing without the WTO installation exit routine(s). The system issues message CSV003I or CSV016I to identify the routine(s) that were not loaded.

Operator response

Enter **DISPLAY MPF** to determine which WTO installation exit routine was not loaded. Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. Look for errors in the library containing the installation exit routine.
- 2. Correct the problem. Ask the operator to enter the SET MPF command to load the routine(s).

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB805

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE166E

{cm|func} RESTARTED AFTER FAILURE

Explanation

The system successfully restarted a command or a function after a previous failure.

In the message text:

cm

The command that failed previously.

func

The function that failed previously.

System action

The system continues processing for the command or function.

If **AMRF** appears in the message text, action messages that are issued after this message are retained. Action messages issued before this message are no longer available; they cannot be accessed with a DISPLAY R command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEAVC702

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

11

IEE168D

NOT ENOUGH RECONFIGURABLE STORAGE AVAILABLE. REPLY U TO USE PREFERRED STORAGE (ABOVE/BELOW) OR REPLY C TO CANCEL.

Explanation

The operator entered a CONFIG STOR(E=x) command to configure a central storage element offline. In response, the system tried to swap storage containing fixed pages with storage containing swappable pages, but could not find enough storage containing swappable pages.

If you continue with the reconfiguration, the system will swap storage containing fixed pages with preferred storage, with preferred storage above 16 megabytes, and then, if necessary, with preferred storage below 16

megabytes. This swapping will decrease the amount of preferred storage available to the system and may cause performance degradation.

This message may appear if previous IAR005I messages have been issued.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reply **U** to continue trying to vary the storage offline.
- Reply C to cancel the CONFIG STOR command.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSTFA

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

IEE169I

VARY REJECTED, PATH(dev,xx) OFFLINE DUE TO sss

Explanation

A request was made to place online a path to a device through a channel path. However, the path is being kept offline by a system service.

In the message text:

dev,xx

The path representing the connection between the channel path xx and the device with device number dev.

SSS

The service that is keeping the path offline. For example, sss might be System Automation. When sss is C.U.I.R., the operator's request to vary the specified path online has been rejected because the path was varied offline by the Control Unit Initiated Reconfiguration (C.U.I.R.) service.

System action

The system does not process the VARY PATH command. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Wait until the service specified by sss varies the path online. If sss is C.U.I.R., enter the VARY PATH ONLINE command with the FORCE operand to override the C.U.I.R. service.

Use the FORCE operand only when a path was never varied back online by the C.U.I.R. service after it completed a service action involving the path. This situation could occur if the IBM service representative neglected to

resume the path after finishing the service action or if the RESUME failed. If you do not use the FORCE operand to bring the path online in this situation, the path will remain offline for the life of the IPL. **Source** Reconfiguration Module **IEEVPTHR Routing code** 2 **Descriptor code** 5 IEE170E RETRYABLE ERROR. RECENT ACTION MAY NEED TO BE REPEATED. PRESS THE CANCEL KEY TO RESTORE THE SCREEN **Explanation** A hardware error occurred. It was not caused by operator action. System action If the operator does not perform a CANCEL action, the system automatically rewrites the screen after 30 seconds. **Operator response** Enter the CANCEL command to continue. Source Communications task (COMMTASK) Module **IEECVETC Routing code** Note 6 **Descriptor code**

IEE171E

CONDITIONAL ERROR. RECENT ACTION MAY NEED TO BE REPEATED. PRESS CANCEL TO CONTINUE

Explanation

A hardware error occurred. The system may still be usable.

System action

If the operator does not perform a CANCEL action, the system automatically rewrites the screen after 30 seconds.

Operator response

Enter the CANCEL command to continue. Contact hardware support.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVETC

Routing code

Note 6

Descriptor code

_

IEE172I

ALL CHANNEL PATHS ON SIDE x ARE NOW {ONLINE|OFFLINE}

Explanation

In response to a reconfiguration request, the system has successfully reconfigured all channel paths online or offline.

In the message text:

X

The side on which the system has successfully reconfigured channel paths.

ONLINE

The system has successfully reconfigured every channel path on side x online in response to a CONFIG CHP(ALL,x),ONLINE command.

OFFLINE

The system has successfully reconfigured every channel path on side x offline in response to a CONFIG CHP(ALL,x),OFFLINE command.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVIOSR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE173I

n CHANNEL PATH[S] ON SIDE x {IS|ARE} STILL {ONLINE|OFFLINE}

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure all channel paths on a side online or offline. The system could not successfully configure every channel path as requested.

In the message text:

n

The number of channel paths that the system could not configure.

X

The side on which the system could not reconfigure the channel paths.

ONLINE

The system could not configure every channel path on side *x* online.

OFFLINE

The system could not configure every channel path on side *x* offline.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Do the following:

- 1. Enter DISPLAY M=SIDE(x) to determine the status of the side.
- 2. Enter DISPLAY M=CHP(y) for each channel path y on side x that was not successfully reconfigured to determine the status of each channel path.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEMPDM

IEEVIOSR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 1 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr] CHANNEL PATH STATUS text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
0 1 ... F
0 s s ... s
1 s s ... s
```

828 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

1

IEE174I (form 2 of 37)

CHANNEL PATH TYPE STATUS

Explanation

text

Where *text* is:

```
4
                                      7
0
     1
          2
                3
                           5
                                6
                                                F
                               SS
                                     SS SS
          SS
                ss ss
0
     SS
                           SS
1
     SS
        SS
                SS SS
                                      SS SS
F
              ss ss
                          SS SS
     SS SS
                                      SS SS
************* SYMBOL EXPLANATIONS *********
      UNKNOWN
                                            UNDEF
01
      PARALLEL BLOCK MULTIPLEX
                                            BLOCK
      PARALLEL BYTE MULTIPLEX
02
                                            BYTE
      ESCON POINT TO POINT ESCON SWITCH OR POINT TO POINT
                                            CNC_P
03
04
      ESCON SWITCHED POINT-TO-POINT
05
                                            CNC_S
06
      ESCON PATH TO A BLOCK CONVERTER
                                            CVC
07
      NATIVE INTERFACE
                                            NTV
      CTC POINT TO POINT
CTC SWITCHED POINT TO POINT
08
                                            CTC_P
09
                                            CTC_S
ΘΑ
      CTC SWITCHED OR POINT TO POINT
                                            CTC_?
0B
      COUPLING FACILITY SENDER
                                            CFS
      COUPLING FACILITY RECEIVER
                                            CFR
0C
OD-OE UNKNOWN
                                            UNDEF
0F
      ESCON PATH TO A BYTE CONVERTER
                                            CBY
10
      OSA EXPRESS
                                            0SE
11
12
      OSA DIRECT EXPRESS
                                            OSD
      OPEN SYSTEMS ADAPTER
                                            0SA
13
      INTERNAL SYSTEM DEVICE
                                            ISD
14
      OSA CONSOLE
                                            OSC
15
      OSA NCP
                                            OSN
16
17
      CLUSTER BUS SENDER
CLUSTER BUS RECEIVER
                                            CBS
                                            CBR
      INTERNAL COUPLING SENDER INTERNAL COUPLING RECEIVER
18
                                            ICS
19
                                            ICR
      FICON POINT TO POINT
1A
      FICON SWITCHED
FICON TO ESCON BRIDGE
1B
1C
1D
                                            FC_S
FCV
      FICON INCOMPLETE
                                            FC_?
1E
1F
      DIRECT SYSTEM DEVICE
                                            DSD
      EMULATED I/O
                                            EI0
20
21
      RESERVED
                                            UNDEF
      INTEGRATED CLUSTER BUS PEER
                                            CBP
22
                                            CFP
      COUPLING FACILITY PEER
23
      INTERNAL COUPLING PEER
                                            ICP
      INTERNAL QUEUED DIRECT OMM
                                          IQD
```

```
FCP CHANNEL
     COUPLING OVER INFINIBAND
                                  CIB
27-2F UNKNOWN
                                  UNDEF
30
     OSA ZBX DATA
                                  0SX
     OSA ZBX MANAGEMENT
                                  0SM
31
32
     UNKNOWN
                                  UNDEF
     COUPLING OVER PCIE
                                  CS5
     INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE
******************
```

Note:

- 1. The symbol explanations are described as follows:
 - Column 1 contains a 1-byte CHPID type.
 - Column 2 contains a 32-character description of the CHPID type.
 - Column 3 contains a 5-character acronym for the CHPID type. The acronyms are used by reporting components such as the Resource Monitoring Facility (RMF).
- 2. FICON® INCOMPLETE indicates that the last time the CHPID was queried a detailed description of the CHPID's connection could not be obtained. Configuring the CHPID offline and then back online may refresh this information.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 3 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr]
{CHANNEL PATH nn
STATUS BY DEVICE | DEVICE
STATUS FOR CHANNEL PATH nn}
{CHP nn IS OFFLINE | CHP=nn DOES NOT EXIST |
NO DEVICES ARE ACCESSIBLE THROUGH THIS CHANNEL PATH}
text

Explanation

Where text is:

[PATHS NOT VALIDATED] [CH=nn IS PART OF ANOTHER CONFIGURATION]

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 4 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr] PROCESSOR STATUS text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
ID CPU CF SERIAL
cpuid s s id_and_type
cpuid s s id_and_type
cpuid s s id_and_type
+ ONLINE - OFFLINE . DOES NOT EXIST W WLM-MANAGED
N NOT AVAILABLE
A ASSIST PROCESSOR
CF CRYPTO FACILITY
```

In the message text:

cpuid

The processor identifier.

s

The state of the processor, Integrated Facility for Applications (IFA), or Integrated Cryptographic Feature (ICRF) attached to the processor, which is one of the following meanings:

+

The processor, Integrated Facility for Applications (IFA), or ICRF is online.

The processor, IFA or ICRF is offline.

The processor, if were form to officine

There is no ICRF attached to this processor.

Α

The processor is an IFA.

Ι

The processor is an IBM System z9[®] Integrated Information Processor or IBM System z10[®] Integrated Information Processor (zIIP).

N

The processor ID is valid but the processor is neither online nor able to be configured online.

W

The processor is being managed by WLM and has not been configured offline by the operator.

id_and_type

The 2-hex-digit user partition identifier, or 1-digit logical CPU address and 1-digit logical partition identifier, is followed by the last 4 digits of the CPU identification number, followed by the 4-digit machine type number.

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 5 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr] DEVICE STATUS: NUMBER OF ONLINE CHANNEL PATHS text

Explanation

Where text is:

[PATHS NOT VALIDATED]

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 6 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M idr DEVICE dev STATUS=status text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
CHP
                             nn nn
                                      nn
ENTRY LINK ADDRESS
                             la
                                  la
                                       la
                             la la la la
DEST LINK ADDRESS
PATH ONLINE YIN YIN YIN YIN YIN CHP PHYSICALLY ONLINE YIN YIN YIN YIN PATH OPERATIONAL YIN YIN YIN YIN
[PATH ATTRIBUTES
                             pa pa pa pa]
Y|N Y|N Y|N Y|N
MANAGED
                            cccc cccc cccc cccc int int int int]
CU NUMBER
[INTERFACE
[CONNECTION SECURITY
                                       csec csec csec csec]
MAXIMUM MANAGED CHPID(S) ALLOWED =n
DESTINATION CU LOGICAL ADDRESS=da
SCP CU ND = ttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.sssssssssss.uuuu|NOT AVAILABLE

ttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.sssssssssss.uuuu|NOT AVAILABLE
[WWNN
                       = wwnn
[PATHS NOT VALIDATED]
[PAV BASE AND ALIASES pp]
[HYPERPAV ALIASES CONFIGURED = nnn]
[HYPERPAV DEVICE OPERATING IN BASEONLY MODE]
[HYPERPAV ALIAS DEVICES TEMPORARILY UNAVAILABLE]
[ALIAS USAGE THROTTLED FOR IMPORTANCE LEVEL n-6]
[ALIAS USAGE THROTTLED FOR IMPORTANCE LEVEL 6]
[ZHYPERLINKS AVAILABLE = zz]
FUNCTIONS ENABLED = functions
[ALTERNATE SUBCHANNEL SET DEVICE sdddd IS ACTIVE]
[DEVICE STOPPED BY HYPERSWAP]
******* SYMBOL EXPLANATIONS ********
PF=PREFERRED NP=NON-PREFERRED NS=NOT SPECIFIED
```

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=DEV(dev) command or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of a device for all channel paths to the specified device.

Or:

```
nn
ENTRY LINK ADDRESS
                       la
DEST LINK ADDRESS PATH ONLINE
                       la
                       Y|N
CHP PHYSICALLY ONLINE Y|N
PATH OPERATIONAL
                       YN
[PATH ATTRIBUTES
                       pa]
                       Y|N
MANAGED
CU NUMBER
                       cccc
[INTERFACE ID
                       int]
CONNECTION SECURITY
                                csec
DESTINATION CU LOGICAL ADDRESS=da
SCP CU ND
                   = tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssssss.uuuu|NOT AVAILABLE
ACTUAL CU ND
                   = tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.sssssssssss.uuuu|NOT AVAILABLE
SCP TOKEN NED
                  = tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.sssssssssss.uuuu|NOT AVAILABLE
ACTUAL TOKEN NED = tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssss.uuuu|NOT AVAILABLE
                   = tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssssss.uuuu|NOT AVAILABLE
SCP DEVICE NED
ACTUAL DEVICE NED = tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.sssssssssss.uuuu|NOT AVAILABLE
RNID
                   = tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.sssssssssss.uuuu|NOT AVAILABLE
[WWNN
                   = wwnn
[WWPN
                   = wwpn]
[PATHS NOT VALIDATED]
[NOT OPERATIONAL reason text]
[PAV BASE AND ALIASES pp]
[HYPERPAV ALIASES CONFIGURED = hh]
[HYPERPAV DEVICE OPERATING IN BASEONLY MODE]
[HYPERPAV ALIAS DEVICES TEMPORARILY UNAVAILABLE]
[ALIAS USAGE THROTTLED FOR IMPORTANCE LEVELS n-6]
[ALIAS USAGE THROTTLED FOR IMPORTANCE LEVEL 6]
[ZHYPERLINKS AVAILABLE = zz]
FUNCTIONS ENABLED = functions
[ALTERNATE SUBCHANNEL SET DEVICE sdddd IS ACTIVE]
[DEVICE STOPPED BY HYPERSWAP]
[PATH OFFLINE DUE TO THE FOLLOWING REASON(S)]
[path offline reason text]
[PF=PREFERRED NP=NON-PREFERRED NS=NOT SPECIFIED]
```

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=DEV(dev(chp)) command or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of a device for all channel paths to the specified device.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

status

Is one of the following:

ONLINE[,o1]

Where [,o1] represents one or more additional online states for the device. The following online states might be displayed:

READ-ONLY

Indicates the device can only be accessed in read-only mode from this host system.

- OFFLINE[,s1]...[,sN]
- NOT IN SYSTEM
- SUBCHANNEL STATUS NOT AVAILABLE
- SUBCHANNEL IN PERMANENT ERROR
- DEVICE NOT AVAILABLE
- DEVICE IS BOXED: RESIDUAL DATA FOLLOWS
 - For BOXED devices, the following residual data will be provided fpr debugging purposes: CHP, PATH ONLINE, and PATH OPERATIONAL.
- ALIAS OF BASE bdev | nnnn
- UNBOUND ALIAS
- HYPERPAV ALIAS

- HYPERPAV ALIAS OF BASE bdev
- ALIAS IS BOXED: RESIDUAL DATA FOLLOWS
- UNUSABLE HYPERPAV ALIAS
- CHANNEL PATH NOT INSTALLED
- PATHS NOT VALIDATED
 - The I/O check of the paths to a device has failed (unable to validate those paths) indicating the display shown may not be accurate.
- SPECIAL
 - The device is of a 3390S or 3390D device type.

Where [,s1]...[,sN] represents one or more additional offline states for the device. The following offline states may be displayed:

SPECIAL

Indicates the device is the special secondary device of a PPRC pair (3390B/3390D).

IN USE BY SYSTEM

Indicates the device requested is currently offline, but in use by a system component (UCBNALOC).

READ-ONLY

Indicates the device can only be accessed in read-only mode from this host system.

Note: For devices that are part of a special PPRC pair (3390B/3390D):

• When a 3-digit or 4-digit device number is specified, the device information representing subchannel set 0 is used for the display even if the actual subchannel connected to the device is in an alternate subchannel set (for example, in the case of a Hyperswap).

In this case, the line ALTERNATE SUBCHANNEL SET DEVICE devn IS ACTIVE will also be displayed.

• When a 5-digit device number is specified, the device information representing the specified subchannel set device is displayed regardless of which subchannel set device is active.

text is:

CHP nn

A channel path (X'00' through X'FF') to the device. The system might display from one to eight channel paths (nn). In a column under each nn, either **Y** or **N** indicates whether the condition in the corresponding row is true.

CHP nn

A channel path (X'00' through X'FF' to the device. Under each *nn* is Y or N indicating whether the corresponding condition is true or not.

ENTRY LINK ADDRESS la

A 1-byte or 2-byte physical link address of the channel path to the entry switch. If 1 byte, it is the link address. If 2 bytes, the first byte is the switch address (domain) and the second byte is the entry port address (area). This information will only be displayed when the cascade facility is available. Also, if there is no link number IEEDMDEV module puts ".." in the first byte of the link address and blanks in the other.

DEST LINK ADDRESS la

A 1-byte or 2-byte address of a control unit that is used to access the I/O device associated with the specified channel path. If 1 byte, it is the link address. If 2 bytes, the first byte is the switch address (domain) and the second byte is the destination port address (area).

PATH ONLINE YIN

The specified channel path is or is not configured online to the system. Use the VARY PATH command to bring the channel path logically online.

CHP PHYSICALLY ONLINE Y|N

The specified channel path is or is not configured online to the hardware. Use the CONFIG CHPID command to bring the channel path physically online.

PATH OPERATIONAL YIN

The device did or did not respond to an attempted device s election on the channel path. The channel path might have been disconnected.

MANAGED Y|N

The channel path is or is not defined as managed. This line will be displayed only for a managed subsystem.

CU NUMBER cccc

Control unit number of attached control unit

INTERFACE ID *initid*

The two byte control unit interface identifier that identifies the physical interface on the control unit that is connected to this channel path.

CONNECTION SECURITY=csec

Displays the Fibre Channel Endpoint Security (connection security) status for each channel path. This line is displayed only if the Fibre Channel Endpoint Security feature is installed on the processor.

csec can be one of the following values:

Auth

The channel path is using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security Authentication.

Encr

The channel path is using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security Encryption.

None

The channel path is not using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security.

MAXIMUM MANAGED CHPID(S) ALLOWED =n

The maximum number of managed channels that may be assigned to this subsystem. A subsystem may have a value greater than 0 and still not have any managed channels attached. This line will be displayed *only* for a managed subsystem.

DESTINATION CU LOGICAL ADDRESS=da

The logical link address of a control unit that is used to access the I/O device associated with the specified channel paths.

SCP CU ND

The node descriptor last obtained by the system control program (SCP).

ACTUAL CU ND

The node descriptor of the attached subsystem read from the device in response to this command.

SCP TOKEN NED

The token node-element descriptor last obtained by the SCP.

ACTUAL TOKEN NED

The token node-element descriptor read from the device in response to this command.

SCP Device NED

The device node-element descriptor last obtained by the SCP.

ACTUAL Device NED

The device node-element descriptor read from the device in response to this command.

tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.sssssssssss.uuuu

These descriptors are made up of the following:

tttttt

Type number of the device.

mmm

Model number of the device.

nnn

Manufacturer identification code.

pp

Plant of manufacture number.

SSSSSSSSSS

Sequence number.

ииии

Two byte tag that identifies the control unit interface that was used to read the descriptor.

PATH ATTRIBUTES pa

The path attribute of the path is preferred (PF), non-preferred (NP), or not specified (NS). This line is only displayed if the device supports preferred pathing and at least one path has been through path validation. Since a path attribute is not known until the path is validated, an unspecified path attribute may appear for paths that are not yet validated.

Note: When the path attributes line is displayed, a symbol explanation line is also displayed.

WWNN wwnn

The world-wide node name for the attached subsystem.

WWPN wwpn

The world-wide port name for the control unit interface for the specified channel path.

PATHS NOT VALIDATED

For devices that are defined to come up offline, one of the following occurred during NIP processing:

- The system did not validate the paths
- A failure occurred while the system was validating the paths.

For devices that are 'genned' online, during NIP processing

• A failure occurred while the system was validating the paths.

Use the VARY device command to validate the paths.

PAV BASE AND ALIASES pp

For Active Parallel Access Volume (PAV) Base devices. This display shows the total number of exposures for the PAV. The total number of exposures is obtained by adding the base devices plus all aliases that are currently bound to the base device.

Note: This line is not displayed for non-PAV, HyperPAV, and non-active base devices.

HYPERPAV ALIASES CONFIGURED = nnn

where

nnn

indicates the number of aliases configured in the same logical subsystem as the input device dev.

Note: Changes to the HyperPAV base or alias configurations via the storage subsystem only might not be recognized by z/OS without an IPL or dynamic activation of an IODF containing these changes. *nnn* is the number of aliases currently configured to the software. If changes are made to the hardware HyperPAV alias configuration only, the count in the display can be synchronized between hardware and software by dynamically activating a new software configuration that correlates to the hardware changes.

Optionally, the DEVSERV QPAVS,SSID=ssss command can be used at any time to determine the hardware HyperPAV alias configuration as the DEVSERV QPAVS command accesses the actual hardware to obtain its results. For more information about the DEVSERV QPAVS command, see <u>z/OS MVS System</u> Commands.

HYPERPAV DEVICE OPERATING IN BASE ONLYMODE

This message indicates that the input device is a HyperPAV device that is temporarily not allowed to use alias devices due to some condition.

HYPERPAV ALIAS DEVICES TEMPORARILY UNAVAILABLE

The HyperPAV aliases defined to the control unit for the input base device are currently unavailable. This is expected to be a temporary condition that is resolved automatically by the system.

ALIAS USAGE THROTTLED FOR IMPORTANCE LEVELS n-6

Alias usage is being throttled for write I/O operations for importance levels n-6.

ALIAS USAGE THROTTLED FOR IMPORTANCE LEVEL 6

Alias usage is being throttled for write I/O operations for importance level 6.

ZHYPERLINKS AVAILABLE = zz

The number of zHyperLink PCI functions (PFIDs) available for performing zHyperLink requests. Only PFIDs which are online and usable are included in this count. Issue the D M=CU command to see more information about the zHyperLink PFIDs for a control unit.

FUNCTIONS ENABLED = functions

Displays what functions are enabled for the device. The following functions may be displayed:

MIDAW

Indicates that the Modified Indirect Addressing Word (MIDAW) facility is enabled for use. This implies that the control unit supports MIDAWs and that the operating system is enabled for MIDAWs.

ZHPF

Indicates that High Performance FICON for IBM Z (zHPF) facility is enabled for use. This implies that the control unit and channels support zHPF, and the operating system is enabled for zHPF.

HS

Indicates the device is being monitored by HyperSwap.

XPAV

Indicates that SuperPAV is enabled for use.

ZHYPERLINK [(R) | (W)]

Indicates that the zHyperLink facility is enabled for use. If (R) is displayed, then only zHyperLink read requests are enabled. If (W) is displayed, then only zHyperLink write requests are enabled. If neither (R) nor (W) is displayed, then both zHyperLink read and write requests are enabled. Issue the D M=DEV(devno), ZHYPERLINK command to display more information about the zHyperLink capability of a device or to determine why a device is not enabled for zHyperLink.

READSEC

Indicates that the consistent read from secondary facility is enabled for use.

ALTERNATE SUBCHANNEL SET DEVICE sdddd IS ACTIVE

Indicates that the request specified a 3-digit or 4-digit device that is part of a special PPRC pair (3390B/ 3390D) and implies that the active device in the pair is an alternate subchannel set device. This can occur following a Hyperswap or following an IPL where the active devices were defined in an alternate subchannel set.

DEVICE HAS BEEN SWAPPED

The device is part of a Special PPRC pair (3390B/3390D) that has been swapped.

DEVICE STOPPED BY HYPERSWAP

I/O activity to the device has been stopped because of the STOP option specification. See message IOSHM0303I for explanation of the STOP option.

ALIAS OF BASE bdev

For Active Parallel Access Volume (PAV) Alias devices. This display shows the base device number that the alias device is currently bound to.

bdev is the base device number for the PAV.

UNBOUND ALIAS

For Inactive Parallel Access Volume (PAV) Alias devices. This display is used when a PAV-alias is currently not bound to any base device.

HYPERPAV ALIAS

The alias is an unbound HyperPAV alias.

HYPERPAV ALIAS OF BASE bdev

The alias is a HyperPAV alias currently bound to device bdev

ALIAS IS BOXED: RESIDUAL DATA FOLLOWS

The input device was an alias device that is currently boxed

UNUSABLE HYPERPAV ALIAS

The input device was a HyperPAV alias that is currently unusable due to a no paths condition.

CHANNEL PATH NOT INSTALLED

Channel path specified in display of device with CHIPID is not installed for the device.

RNID

Remote node identifier

NOT OPERATIONAL reason text

First line of text contains the general reason for the not operative path. Second line of text, if it exists, contains the specific reason for the not operative path.

PATH OFFLINE DUE TO THE FOLLOWING REASON(S) path offline reason text

The following path offline reason text may be displayed:

PATH RECOVERY ERROR

The system varied the path offline because errors were detected.

BY OPERATOR

The operator varied the path offline. For example, a VARY PATH or CONFIG CHP command was issued.

CONTROL UNIT INITIATED RECONFIGURATION

The control unit caused the path to be varied offline due to Control Unit Initiated Reconfiguration (C.U.I.R).

CONFIGURATION MANAGER

The path was varied offline by a configuration manager such as Tivoli system automation for z/OS.

SWITCH INITIATED RECONFIGURATION FOR CHANNEL PORT

Reconfiguration has been initiated for the channel port.

SWITCH INITIATED RECONFIGURATION FOR CU PORT

Reconfiguration has been initiated for the control unit port.

Note: For BOXED devices, the following residual data will be provided for debugging purposes: CHP, PATH ONLINE, and PATH OPERATIONAL.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 8 of 37)

STORAGE SIZE STATUS HIGH REAL STORAGE ADDRESS IS xxxxxxu| X'zzzzzz'u

Explanation

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=HIGH command or an internal request) asked that the highest possible central (real) storage address in the system be displayed.

In the message text:

xxxxxxu

The highest central storage address in decimal units. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

X'zzzzz'u

The highest central storage address, in hexadecimal units. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 9 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr]
HSA STATUS {ADDRESS={xxxxxx | zzzzzzzz} LENGTH=yyyyyyK |
NO HSA IN MAIN STORE}

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 10 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr] [RESOURCE: { resource} IS CURRENTLY IN USE - STATUS MAY BE CHANGING] text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
SIDE STATUS
SIDE: id
STATUS: status
CPU: list
[CRYPTO list]
CHP: list
STOR(E=x) list
[ESTOR(E=x): list]
TOTAL STOR: ddddM [UNASSIGNED: ddddM]
[TOTAL ESTOR: ddddM] * = OFFLINE
```

resource is one of the following:

- SYSZVARY,CPU
- SYSZVARY,PATH
- SYSZVARY,STORAGE

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 11 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr]
SIDE STATUS {reason}

Explanation

reason is one of the following:

- SIDE PARAMETER NOT SUPPORTED The SIDE parameter is not supported when running in a PR/SM partition.
- STATUS NOT OBTAINED: INVALID ID
- STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SERVICE PROCESSOR CALL FAILED
- STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 12 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr]
CHPID STATUS OUT OF SYNC, PHYSICAL=status, LOGICAL=status

Explanation

CHPID STATUS OUT OF SYNC

A physical versus logical mismatch in the channel path status has been detected. One of the reasons this may occur is if the Hardware Management Console (HMC) is used to configure this channel path on or off. This causes the operating system's (S/W) view to be out of sync with the actual state (H/W) and creates a physical versus logical mismatch.

PHYSICAL

Channel path's status as reported by hardware.

LOGICAL

Software's representation of the channel path's physical status.

STATUS

Status of the channel path, which is one of the following:

- ONLINE
- OFFLINE

Operator response

If the use of HMC caused this mismatch, bring the channel path status back in sync by using one of the following MVS operator commands:

• If the physical status is online, CONFIG CHP (chp), ONLINE

• If the physical status is offline, CONFIG CHP (chp), OFFLINE

Module

IEEDMCHP

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 13 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr] [REAL|EXTENDED] STORAGE ELEMENT STATUS {id: OWNED STORAGE = xxu|reason}

Explanation

reason is one of the following:

• [UNASSIGNED STORAGE = yyu] STATUS =stat

The amount of storage is in decimal units. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

- STOR(E PARAMETER NOT SUPPORTED
- STOR(E STATUS NOT OBTAINED: text
- STOR(E=id) IS PART OF ANOTHER CONFIGURATION-NO STATUS OBTAINED
- ESTOR(E=id) IS PART OF ANOTHER CONFIGURATION-NO STATUS OBTAINED

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 14 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr]
DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'xxxxxxx' IS CURRENTLY IN USE

Explanation

xxxxxxx is one of the following:

- CPU
- PATH
- STORAGE

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M command or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of one of the following:

- One or more channel paths by device
- A central processor
- · A device
- Storage size
- Hardware storage area (HSA)

- · A resource
- A side
- · Central storage
- Central storage element

This message displays the status of the requested storage. In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time in hours (00 through 23), in minutes (00 through 59), and in seconds (00 through 59).

idr

The particular display option.

s

The number of physically online channel paths available to the indicated device. s can also be one of the following symbols:

- Channel path xx does not exist.
 - Channel path xx is logically and physically offline to device number dev. The CONFIG CHP(xx),ONLINE command brings channel path xx logically and physically online to all devices connected to channel path xx.

#

Device is offline. Channel path xx is logically offline but physically online to device number dev. The VARY PATH(dev,xx,ONLINE) command brings channel path xx logically online to device number dev.

Note: The "path not validated" condition may apply, but the '@' symbol will not be displayed if '*' is displayed.

Channel path *nn* is logically online to device number *dev*.

@

The I/O check of the paths to the device has failed (unable to validate those paths) indicating the display shown may not be accurate. Vary the device online if necessary.

Paths not validated: Online, physically online, and operational indicators are not equal.

\$

The path is not operational.

BX

The device is boxed.

DN

The device is not available.

SN

Subchannel s is not available.

PE

The subchannel is in permanent error.

AL

The UCB is an active (that is, Bound) alias UCB of a parallel access volume.

UL

The UCB in an inactive (that is, UNBOUND) alias UCB of a parallel access volume.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEMPDM

The following is an explanation of each of the possible message texts for message IEE174I.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 15 of 37)

CHANNEL PATH STATUS text

Explanation

Where text is:

[PATHS NOT VALIDATED]

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=CHP command or an internal request) asked that channel path status of all channel paths in the system be displayed. The first digit of the channel path appears as X'0' through X'F' down the left side; the second digit is X'0' through X'F' across the top.

In the message text:

PATHS NOT VALIDATED

The I/O check of the paths to a device has failed (unable to validate those paths) indicating the display shown may not be accurate.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 16 of 37)

{CHANNEL PATH nn STATUS BY DEVICE | DEVICE STATUS FOR CHANNEL PATH nn} {CHP nn IS OFFLINE | CHP=nn DOES NOT EXIST| NO DEVICES ARE ACCESSIBLE THROUGH THIS CHANNEL PATH} text

Explanation

Where text is:

A display request (a DISPLAY M=CHP(nn) command or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of a specified channel path. The status of the channel path is given for each device connected to it; the first 3 hexadecimal digits (or 4 digits, if multiple subchannel sets have been defined) of the device number appear down the left side of the display and the last digit appears across the top.

In the message text:

CHP nn IS OFFLINE

The channel path is offline.

nn

The channel path for which status was requested.

CHP=nn DOES NOT EXIST

The channel path does not exist.

nn

The channel path for which status was requested.

NO DEVICES ARE ACCESSIBLE THROUGH THIS CHANNEL PATH

This channel path does not connect to a device.

CHP=nn IS PART OF ANOTHER CONFIGURATION

The cause of issuing this reason is one of the following:

- The channel path is configured to another logical partition.
- The channel path is in single channel service (SCS) mode; that is, the channel path configured offline and placed in a diagnostic mode. While in SCS mode, the channel path cannot be configured online, even though it appears to be physically accessible.
- The channel path is not defined in the current I/O configuration.
- The sysplex name found by using the D XCF command does not match DCM IOCLUSTER name in IODF.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 17 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M CHPID nn: TYPE=tt, DESC=description DEVICE STATUS FOR CHANNEL PATH nn text

Explanation

Where text is either:

Or:

Or:

```
CHANNEL TYPE
PATH
                PHYSICAL
                                         LOGICAL
                                                                               PORT
                                                                         CAID
chpid[/chid]
                                         logstatus chtype [pathmode] [caid
                phystatus
                                                                               port
COUPLING FACILITY SUBCHANNEL STATUS
TOTAL: totdev IN USE: usedev
                                     NOT USING: nusedev
                                                            NOT USABLE: unusedev
 [NOT] OPERATIONAL DEVICES / SUBCHANNELS:

dev / subch dev / subch dev
                                        dev / subch
                                                          dev / subch
```

Or:

```
CHP=nn IS OFFLINE
[CHPID OFFLINE DUE TO THE FOLLOWING REASON(S)]

[SWITCH INITIATED RECONFIGURATION FOR CHANNEL PORT]
[HMC REPAIR AND VERIFY]
```

where:

CHP=nn IS OFFLINE

The channel path is offline.

nr

The channel path for which status was requested.

CHPID OFFLINE DUE TO THE FOLLOWING REASON(S)

SWITCH INITIATED RECONFIGURATION FOR CHANNEL PORT

Channel is offline due to port decommissioning.

HMC REPAIR AND VERIFY

Channel is offline due to HMC repair and verify processing.

Or:

CHP=nn DOES NOT EXIST

The channel path does not exist.

nn

The channel path for which status was requested.

Or:

CHP=nn IS PART OF ANOTHER CONFIGURATION

The cause of issuing this reason is one of the following:

- The channel path is configured to another logical partition.
- The channel path is in single channel service (SCS) mode; that is, the channel path configured offline
 and placed in a diagnostic mode. While in SCS mode, the channel path cannot be configured online, even
 though it appears to be physically accessible.
- The channel path is not defined in the current I/O configuration.
- The sysplex name found by using the D XCF command does not match DCM IOCLUSTER name in IODF.

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=CHP(chp) command) asked the system to display the status of a channel path and the devices connected to it. In the message text:

CHPID nn

A channel path (X'00' through X'FF').

TYPE=tt

tt is the channel path type.

DESC=description

Full description of the channel path type *tt*. For a complete list of channel path types, please see the section on message IEE174I Channel Path Type Status.

dev

The first 3 digits (or 4 digits, if multiple subchannel sets have been defined) of the device number. The last digit is indicated by the row of hexadecimal digits above the corresponding status positions.

SSSS

If the channel path is switch-attached, then this is the switch device number. Otherwise, it is 'NONE'.

SS

If the processor is cascade-capable and the channel path is native FICON and switch-attached, then this is the logical switch number.

ttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssss

If the processor is cascade-capable and the channel path is native FICON, then this is the node descriptor of the device to which the channel is attached. These descriptors are made up of the following:

ttttt

Type number of the device.

mmm

The model number of the device.

nnn

The manufacturer identification code.

pp

The plant of manufacture number.

SSSSSSSSSS

The sequence number, unique device number.

CCCC

Physical channel identifier associated with the channel, if any.

opspeedG

The current operating speed of the channel in Gigabits per second (Gb/sec).

gen

The current channel generation. This value is used to differentiate between channels of the same channel type, when one has significant differences from the other. Newer generations with significant differences are indicated by a number (1, 2, ...). For example, for a FICON channel, the number 22 indicates that this is a FICON Express 16S+ channel that has auto-negotiated to a link speed of 16 Gb/sec and is using forward error correction (FEC).

facility1, facility2,...

A list of facilities supported by the channel. The following facilities may be displayed:

ZHPF

Indicates that High Performance FICON for IBM Z (zHPF) facility is supported by the channel.

IEDN BRIDGED

Indicates that this CHPID provides connectivity to the IEDN via a bridge function.

CSEC(csec)

Indicates the Fibre Channel Endpoint Security (Connection Security) capability of the channel. If the channel does not support Fibre Channel Endpoint Security, this value is not displayed.

csec can be one of the following values:

Auth

Indicates that the channel is capable of Fibre Channel Endpoint Security Authentication.

Encr

Indicates that the channel is capable of Fibre Channel Endpoint Security Encryption.

attribute1, attribute2,...

A list of attributes supported by the channel. The following attributes may be displayed:

MFS(xxKB)

Displays the maximum frame size for an IQD CHPID. xx = 16; 24; 40; or 64.

PNETID portseq: physical-network-id

One or more physical network identifiers (PNetIDs) if an OSD channel path is defined to one or more physical networks in the I/O configuration. The sequence number of the physical port on the OSA channel adapter and its associated PNetID are shown.

PNETID: physical-network-id

The physical network identifier (PNetID) if an IQD channel path is defined to a physical network in the I/O configuration.

type

Node type (See ndetype in IXLYNDE).

mfg

Node manufacturer ID (See ndemfg in IXLYNDE).

plant

Node manufacturer plant ID (See ndeplant in IXLYNDE).

sequence

Node sequence number (See ndesequence in IXLYNDE).

partition

Node LPAR partition number (See ndepartition in IXLYNDE).

side

The node PP/SI mode indicator and configuration code from the IXLYNDE are used to determine the value for *side*. Value and meaning are:

- SIDE: 0 means the coupling facility is on SIDE 0 of a partitionable CPC.
- **SIDE: 1** means the coupling facility is on SIDE 1 of a partitionable CPC.
- blank means the coupling facility is in a non-partitionable CPC.

cpcid

Node Central Processor Complex (CPC) ID (See ndecpcid in IXLYNDE).

cuid

Control unit number of the coupling facility.

cfname

Name of the coupling facility from the CFRM active policy.

chpid / chid

CHPID and when available channel ID (CHID) for the coupling facility sender

phystatus

One of the following:

ONLINE

The path, *chpid* to the coupling facility *cfname* is physically available for use. The chpid is configured online and is operating.

ONLINE - DEGRADED

The path *chpid* to the coupling facility *cfname* is physically available for use. The chpid is configured online and is operating, but at a reduced capacity.

OFFLINE

The path, chpid to the coupling facility cfname is configured offline.

MISCABLED

The path, chpid to the coupling facility cfname is not connected to the correct facility.

NOT OPERATIONAL

- When displayed under **SENDER PATH** header, it indicates that the path *chpid*, to the coupling facility *cfname*, is not operational.
- When displayed under **COUPLING FACILITY DEVICE** header, it indicates that the coupling facility subchannel subchannel, to the coupling facility *cfname*, is not operational.

NOT IN CONFIGURATION

The path, *chpid* to the coupling facility *cfname* is defined to a control unit that is accessible by this partition. However, the *chpid* is not accessible by the partition (not in the access list nor the candidate list for this partition). The partition cannot access this *chpid*.

FACILITY PAUSED

The path, *chpid* to the coupling facility *cfname* is not operational. The most recent path validation operation attempted for this path received a facility paused status condition.

PATH NOT AVAILABLE

The path, *chpid* to the coupling facility *cfname* is not operational. The most recent path validation operation attempted for this path received a path not available status condition.

logstatus

One of the following:

ONLINE

The path *chpid* to the coupling facility *cfname* is logically online.

OFFLINE

The path sender chpid to the coupling facility cfname is logically offline.

chtype

One of the following:

CFS

The channel path type description of path *chpid* is Coupling Facility Sender.

CBS

The channel path type description of path *chpid* is Coupling Facility Integrated Cluster Bus Sender.

ICS

The channel path type description of path chpid is Internal Coupling Sender.

CBP

The channel path type description of path *chpid* is Coupling Facility Integrated Cluster Bus Peer.

CFP

The channel path type description of path *chpid* is Coupling Facility Peer.

TCP

The channel path type description of path chpid is Internal Coupling Peer.

CIB

The channel path type description of path *chpid* is Coupling over InfiniBand.

CL5

The channel path type description of path *chpid* is Coupling Express.

CS5

The channel path type description of path chpid is Coupling over PCIe.

pathmode

One of the following:

Н

The channel path supports a 1.0625 Gb/sec data rate (half rate).

F

The channel path supports a 2.125 Gb/sec data rate (full rate). It may operate at either 1.0625 or 2.125 Gb/sec.

1X-IFB

The channel path is operating at 1X bandwidth using the IFB protocol.

12X-IFB

The channel path is operating at 12X bandwidth using the IFB protocol.

12X-IFB3

The channel path is operating at 12X bandwidth using the IFB3 protocol.

8X-PCIE3

The channel path is operating at 8X bandwidth using the third-generation PCIe protocol.

10GhF-RoCE

The channel path is operating at 10 gigabit per second bandwidth using the RoCE protocol.

caid

The coupling adapter identifier associated with path *chpid*, if applicable and available.

port

The port associated with path *chpid*, if applicable and available.

totdev

Number of coupling facility subchannels that have been defined for this system.

usedev

Number of coupling facility subchannels that are currently being used by this system to execute requests to the coupling facility. This is equal to the number of concurrent operations that can be initiated to this coupling facility minus any subchannels that are not being used because of subchannel tuning actions.

nusedev

Number of coupling facility subchannels that are eligible to be used but are not currently being used by this system to execute requests to the coupling facility. This is equal to the number of subchannels that have been taken out of the pool of usable subchannels by subchannel tuning actions. This count may temporarily include some number of subchannels when a re-adjusting of the IN USE subchannel count is in progress as a result of configuration actions against CF Links for this facility.

unusedev

Number of coupling facility subchannels that have been defined for this system but which cannot be used to execute requests to the coupling facility. Equal to the number of subchannels defined that are in excess of the number of concurrent operations that can be initiated to this coupling facility. This count also includes the number of not-operational subchannels, if any

dev

Coupling facility device.

subch

Coupling facility subchannel.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 18 of 37)	hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M idr	
	CHANNEL PATH STATUS	
	text	

Explanation

Where text is:

	0	1	2 3	3 2	- 5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
0	+	+	+ -		. +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
0															
1	+	+	+ -	- 4	٠ +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
2	+	+	+ -	- 4	. +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
_															
3	+	+	+ -		. +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
4	+	+	+ -	- 4	. +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ė															
5	+	+	+ -		. +	+	+	*	+	*	+	+	+	+	+
6	+	+	+ -	+ +	. +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
7															
/	+	+	+ -		. +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
8	+	+	+ -	+ +	. +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
9	_	_	+ -			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
7		-				-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Α	+	+	+ -	+ +	٠ +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
R	_	_	+ -			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
D	т	-				т	-		г	-	-	-	г		

In the message text:

status

The status of the channel path, which is one of the following:

ONLINE

The channel path is online to the device.

OFFLINE

The channel path is offline to the device.

DOES NOT EXIST

The channel path to the device does not exist.

PATHS NOT VALIDATED

The I/O check of the paths to a device has failed (unable to validate those paths) indicating the display shown may not be accurate.

MANAGED AND ONLINE

The channel path is defined as managed and is configured online.

MANAGED AND OFFLINE

The channel path is defined as managed and is configured offline.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 19 of 37)	hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M idr
	SWITCH ssss, PORT STATUS
	text

Explanation

Where text is:

In the message text:

SSSS

The requested switch device number.

SWITCH ND = *tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssss*

The node descriptor of the switch. If it differs from the requested node descriptor, the physical node descriptor of the switch is also shown as PHYSICAL ND = *tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssssss*.

tttttt

Type number of the device.

mmm

Model number of the device.

nnn

Manufacturer identification code.

pp

Plant of manufacture number.

SSSSSSSSSS

Sequence number.

status

The status of the port specified, which can be one or more of the following:

DCM ALLOWED

This port is configured to allow management by dynamic channel path management.

DCM NOT ALLOWED BY OPERATOR

This port is temporarily ineligible for management by dynamic channel path management because the operator is using either the VARY SWITCH or CF MEMBER(xx) command, or because programs are using the IOSVRYSW programming interface.

NOT DCM ELIGIBLE

This port is not connected to a managed subsystem that support dynamic channel path management.

DCM NOT ALLOWED DUE TO PORT STATE

This port is blocked or otherwise physically ineligible to be managed by dynamic channel path management.

CHANNEL ATTACHED

This port is connected to a channel.

UNABLE TO DETERMINE CURRENT ATTACHMENT

The currently attached element cannot be determined from the provided self description information (that is, the node descriptor).

NOT ATTACHED

No element is attached at this implemented port address.

DOES NOT EXIST

This port is not implemented or not installed.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 20 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M SWITCH ssss, PORT pa,
DCM STATUS=status
ATTACHED NODE =tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.sssssssssssss

Explanation

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=SWITCH(dev,pa) command) asked the system to display the status of a particular port on the specified switch device.

In the message text:

SSSS

The requested switch device number.

ра

The specific port on the switch device.

status

The status of the port specified, which can be one of the following:

DCM ALLOWED

This port is configured to allow management by dynamic channel path management.

DCM NOT ALLOWED BY OPERATOR

This port is temporarily ineligible for management by dynamic channel path management because the operator is using either the VARY SWITCH or CF MEMBER(xx) command, or because programs are using the IOSVRYSW programming interface.

NOT DCM ELIGIBLE

This port is not connected to a managed subsystem that support dynamic channel path management.

DCM NOT ALLOWED DUE TO PORT STATE

This port is blocked or otherwise physically ineligible to be managed by dynamic channel path management.

CHANNEL ATTACHED

This port is connected to a channel.

UNABLE TO DETERMINE CURRENT ATTACHMENT

The currently attached element cannot be determined from the provided self description information (that is, the node descriptor).

NOT ATTACHED

No element is attached at this implemented port address.

DOES NOT EXIST

This port is not implemented or not installed.

ttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssss

The attached node descriptor for the subsystem or channel attached to the specified port, made up of the following:

tttttt

Type number of the device.

mmm

Model number of the device.

nnn

Manufacturer identification code.

pp

Plant of manufacture number.

SSSSSSSSSS

Sequence number, unique device number.

Routing code

_

5

IEE174I (form 21 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M idr text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
CONTROL UNIT CCCC
                               nn
                       nn
                          nn
DEST LINK ADDRESS
                       la
                           lα
                               lα
                                   lα
ENTRY LINK ADDRESS
                       la
                           la
                               la
CHP PHYSICALLY ONLINE Y|N Y|N Y|N Y|N
PATH VALIDATED
                       Y|N Y|N Y|N Y|N
MANAGED
                       Y N Y N Y N Y N
ZHPF-CHPID
                       Y|N Y|N Y|N Y|N
ZHPF-CU INTERFACE
                      YN YN YN YN
INTERFACE ID
                       int
[CONNECTION SECURITY
                               csec csec csec csec]
\overline{MAXIMUM} MANAGED CHPID(S) ALLOWED = n
DESTINATION CU LOGICAL ADDRESS =da
                       = ttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssss.uuuu
CU NED
                      = ttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssss.uuuu
TOKEN NED
                      = tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.sssssssssss.uuuu
WWNN
                       = wwnn
FUNCTIONS ENABLED
                       = functions
XPAV CU PEERS = cu1[,cu2,...] CONTROL UNIT IS INELIGIBLE FOR DCM FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS:
rsntext
DEFINED DEVICES
DEFINED PAV ALIASES
USABLE HYPERPAV ALIASES = nnn
HYPERPAV ALIAS DEVICES TEMPORARILY UNAVAILABLE
ZHYPERLINKS
         PCHID Port LinkId S/W St
                                         Port St
  PFTD
  pfid
          pchid port linkid swstate portstate
```

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=CU(xxxx) command or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of the control unit.

In the message text:

nn

A channel path (X'00' through X'FF') to the device. Under each *nn* is Y or N indicating whether the corresponding condition is true or not.

DEST LINK ADDRESS la

A 1-byte or 2-byte address of a control unit that is used to access the I/O device associated with the specified channel path. If 1 byte, it is the link address. If 2 bytes, the first byte is the switch address (domain) and the second byte is the destination port address (area). This information will only be displayed when the cascade facility is available.

ENTRY LINK ADDRESS la

A 1-byte or 2-byte physical link address of the channel path to the entry switch. If 1 byte, it is the link address. If 2 bytes, the first byte is the switch address (domain) and the second byte is the entry port address (area). This information will only be displayed when the cascade facility is available.

CHP PHYSICALLY ONLINE Y|N

The specified channel path is (Y) or is not (N) configured online to the hardware.

PATH VALIDATED Y|N

The I/O check of the paths to a device was successful (Y) or has failed (N).

MANAGED YIN

The channel path is (Y) or is not (N) defined as managed. This line will be displayed *only* for a managed subsystem.

ZHPF-CHPID Y|N

The channel path supports (Y) or does not support (N) the High Performance FICON for IBM Z (zHPF) facility.

ZHPF-CU INTERFACE YIN

The control unit interface supports (Y) or does not support (N) the High Performance FICON for IBM Z (zHPF) facility.

INTERFACE ID intintintint

The two byte control unit interface identifier that identifies the physical interface on the control unit that is connected to this channel path.

CONNECTION SECURITY=csec

Displays the Fibre Channel Endpoint Security (connection security) status for each channel path. This line is displayed only if the Fibre Channel Endpoint Security feature is installed on the processor.

csec can be one or more of the following values:

Auth

The channel path is using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security Authentication.

Encr

The channel path is using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security Encryption.

None

The channel path is not using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security.

MAXIMUM MANAGED CHPID(S) ALLOWED=n

The maximum number of managed channels that may be assigned to this subsystem. A subsystem may have a value greater than 0 and still not have any managed channels attached. This line will be displayed only for a managed subsystem.

DESTINATION CU LOGICAL ADDRESS=da

The logical link address of a control unit that is used to access the I/O device associated with the specified channel paths.

CCCC

The control unit that was specified.

CU ND

Node descriptor of the attached subsystem.

CU NED

Node-element descriptor

TOKEN NED

Node-element descriptor that was most recently obtained from the control unit.

FUNCTIONS ENABLED=functions

Displays the functions enabled for the control unit. The following functions may be displayed:

ZHPF

Indicates that High Performance FICON for IBM Z (zHPF) facility is enabled for use.

XPAV

Indicates that SuperPAV mode is enabled for use.

XPAV CU PEERS = cu1[,cu2,...]

This line appears when HyperPAV mode is set to XPAV (also known as SuperPAV), and lists one or more control units, including the subject control unit, for which aliases can be shared with the subject control unit. The list of control units may continue on the next line.

CONTROL UNIT IS INELIGIBLE FOR DCM FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS

If the control unit is a managed control unit, the control unit is ineligible for Dynamic Channel-path Management (DCM).

rsntext can be one or more of the following:

UNABLE TO RETRIEVE CONTROL UNIT NODE DESCRIPTOR

The node descriptor cannot be retrieved for the control unit

UNABLE TO RETRIEVE INFORMATION FROM CHANNEL SUBSYSTEM

Configuration information such as the list of channel paths and the maximum number of managed CHPIDs cannot be obtained from the channel subsystem for this control unit.

A DEVICE/CHPID MISMATCH EXISTS

The devices for this control unit have different sets of CHPIDs.

CONTROL UNIT NOT SUPPORTED BY DCM

This model of control unit is not supported by DCM.

UNABLE TO RETRIEVE NEIGHBOR NODE (SWITCH) INFORMATION

The node descriptor information for the switches connected to this control unit cannot be obtained.

CONTROL UNIT HAS A MIX OF ESCON/FCV AND FICON CHPIDS

The control unit has both online ESCON or FICON bridge (FCV) CHPIDs and online FICON CHPIDs.

CONTROL UNIT SHARES CHPIDS WITH MIXED CHPID CONTROL UNIT

The control unit shares CHPIDs directly or indirectly with another control unit that has both online ESCON or FICON bridge (FCV) CHPIDs and online FICON CHPIDs.

SENSEID I/O ERROR

A sense-id channel program, which is part of a set of channel programs used to obtain control unit interface information, encountered an I/O error.

SENSEID I/O RETURNED INCORRECT INFORMATION

A sense-id channel program returned incorrect information.

UNABLE TO RETRIEVE REQUIRED COMMAND CODES

A sense-id channel program did not contain the command codes required to continue.

READ NODE IDENTIFIER I/O ERROR

The read node identifier channel program that was used to retrieve the list of control unit interfaces failed.

CONTROL UNIT INTERFACE INFORMATION IS NOT VALID

The read node identifier channel program that was used to retrieve the list of control unit interfaces was successful, but the information returned was not valid.

INCONSISTENT MAXIMUM MANAGED CHPID COUNTS IN GROUP

The managed control units in the control unit group have different maximum managed CHPID counts. All managed control units in the group (control units with a non-zero maximum number of managed CHPIDs) must have the same value.

DEFINED DEVICES

dddd

A list of devices defined for the specified control unit are displayed.

DEFINED PAV ALIASES

aaaa

A list of PAV ALIASES defined for the specified control unit is displayed.

USABLE HYPERPAV ALIASES = nnn

When HyperPAV is enabled, *nnn* indicates the number of HyperPAV aliases configured to the input control unit that are in a usable state.

HYPERPAV ALIAS DEVICES TEMPORARILY UNAVAILABLE

The HyperPAV aliases defined to the input control unit are currently unavailable. This is expected to be a temporary condition that is resolved automatically by the system.

tttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.sssssssssss.uuuu

These descriptors are made up of the following:

tttttt

Type number of the device.

```
mmm
```

Model number of the device.

nnn

Manufacturer identification code.

pр

Plant of manufacture number.

SSSSSSSSSS

Sequence number, unique device number.

ииии

Two-byte tag.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 22 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr]
PROCESSOR STATUS text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
ID
         CPU
                 SERIAL
cpuid
        wst
                 ser_no
cpuid
                 ser_no
        wst
CPC ND = ttttt.nnn.mmm.pp.sssssssss
Model: 000000000000000
CPC ID = ii
CPC NAME = cpc_name
CPC IS RUNNING AT dd% OF NORMAL EFFECTIVENESS
LP NAME = 1p_na
                    LP ID = jj
CSS ID = cc
MIF ID = m
+ ONLINE
          - OFFLINE
                        W WLM-MANAGED
N NOT AVAILABLE
[A APPLICATION ASSIST PROCESSOR]
[I INTEGRATED INFORMATION PROCESSOR]
[B BOOST (TRANSIENT) zIIP]
CPC ND CENTRAL PROCESSING COMPLEX NODE DESCRIPTOR
CPC SI SYSTEM INFORMATION FROM STSI INSTRUCTION
CPC ID CENTRAL PROCESSING COMPLEX IDENTIFIER
CPC NAME CENTRAL PROCESSING COMPLEX NAME
   NAME LOGICAL PARTITION NAME
   ID LOGICAL PARTITION IDENTIFIER
CSS ID CHANNEL SUBSYSTEM IDENTIFIER
MIF ID MULTIPLE IMAGE FACILITY IMAGE IDENTIFIER
```

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=CPU command or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of selected central processors. When you issue the DISPLAY M=CPU command from a PR/SM partition, the system displays the status for the logical processors defined to the partition.

The system information presented on the CPC SI line reflects any dynamic upgrades that have been performed. The information presented on the CPC ND and CPC ID lines remain unchanged across any such upgrades.

In the message text:

cpuid

The processor identifier.

wst

The state of the processor, with each letter representing a different state:

w

When the processor is being managed by WLM, this will be "w", otherwise it will be blank.

S

The status of the processor, which can be one of the following:

+

The processor is online.

The processor is offline.

N

The processor is neither online nor able to be configured online.

t

The type of the processor, which can be one of the following:

(a blank)

The processor is a standard CP.

Α

The processor is an IBM Z Application Assist Processor.

Ι

The processor is an IBM Z Integrated Information Processor.

В

This is a zIIP added due to boost processing.

CPC ND = *tttttt.nnn.mmm.pp.ssssssss*

The central processing complex node descriptor, in EBCDIC, where:

tttttt

The type number.

nnn

The model number of the processor at the last IML/POR.

Note: If the processor is concurrently upgraded to a new model, this number will not reflect the new model until the next processor IML/POR.

mmm

The manufacturer of the processor.

pp

The plant of manufacture.

SSSSSSSSSS

The sequence number.

dd

The approximate percentage, in decimal, of the actual effectiveness compared to the normal effectiveness of the CPC. A reduction in the current capability of the central processing complex (CPC) has been detected.

CPC SI = text02

text02 is

The system information from the STSI instruction, in EBCDIC, where

tttt

The type number.

nnnnnnnnnnnnnn

The model-capacity identifier.

Note: The model-capacity identifier is updated after a concurrent upgrade.

The manufacturer of the processor.

pppp

The plant of manufacture.

SSSSSSSSSSSSS

The sequence code.

000000000000000

The model number of the processor.

Note: If the processor is concurrently upgraded to a new model, the model number in field ooooooooooooooo will reflect the new model without a processor IML/POR.

CPC ID = ii

The central processing complex node identifier, in binary.

CPC NAME = cpc_name

The central processing complex name, in EBCDIC.

LP NAME = $lp_n\alpha$

The logical partition name, in EBCDIC.

LP ID = jj

The logical partition identifier, in binary.

CSSID = cc

The logical channel subsystem identifier, in binary.

MIFID = m

The multiple image facility identifier, in binary. The MIF ID will only appear if you are running in LPAR mode.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 23 of 37)

DEVICE STATUS: NUMBER OF ONLINE CHANNEL PATHS text

Explanation

Where text is:

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=DEV command or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of all devices in the system. The first 2 digits of the device number appear as X'00' through X'FF' down the left; digit 3 is X'0' through X'F' across the top.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 24 of 37) EXTENDED STORAGE STATUS ONLINE - [NOT] RECONFIGURABLE

aaaaM-bbbbM

[cccck bad extended storage]
[PENDING OFFLINE {xxxxxxxx|NONE} |
dddM IN OFFLINE STORAGE ELEMENT{S}]
[dddM IN ANOTHER CONFIGURATION]
[ESTOR PARAMETER NOT SUPPORTED]

Explanation

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=ESTOR command or an internal request) asked that the range of expanded (extended) storage that is or is not available to the system be displayed.

In the message text:

aaaaM-bbbbM

The range of expanded storage that is either available or unavailable to the system.

ccccK

The number of kilobytes of bad expanded storage.

PENDING OFFLINE XXXXXXXX

The expanded storage blocks for which the offline request has been issued but not yet completed. xxxxxxxx is the hexadecimal address.

PENDING OFFLINE NONE

The expanded storage blocks for which the offline request has been issued but not yet completed; there is no expanded storage is available.

dddM IN OFFLINE STORAGE ELEMENT{S}

The total number of megabytes of storage in an offline expanded storage element or elements. This amount of storage comes online when the element is brought online. Enter a CONFIG ESTOR(E=id), ONLINE command to bring the expanded storage element online.

dddM IN ANOTHER CONFIGURATION

The number of megabytes of storage that is either:

- In another partition
- In a maintenance or service configuration

Note: All the storage in another configuration might not be reported as such when a machine is physically partitioned. If there is some storage that cannot be moved between partitions, this storage might not be reported in this message.

ESTOR PARAMETER NOT SUPPORTED

The service processor does not support expanded storage.

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 25 of 37)

STORAGE SIZE STATUS HIGH REAL STORAGE ADDRESS IS xxxxxxu| X'zzzzzz'u

Explanation

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=HIGH command or an internal request) asked that the highest possible central (real) storage address in the system be displayed.

In the message text:

xxxxxxu

The highest central storage address, in decimal units. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

X'zzzzz'u

The highest central storage address, in hexadecimal units. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 26 of 37)

HSA STATUS {ADDRESS={xxxxxx | zzzzzzzz} LENGTH=yyyyyyK|NO HSA IN MAIN STORE}

Explanation

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=HSA command or an internal request) asked that the status of the hardware system area (HSA) be displayed. The second line appears once for each HSA in the system.

In the message text:

XXXXXX

The central storage starting address of the HSA, in decimal kilobytes.

ZZZZZZZ

The central storage starting address of the HSA, in hexadecimal bytes.

yyyyyyK

The length of the HSA, in decimal kilobytes.

NO HSA IN MAIN STORE

No HSA exists in central (main) storage.

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 27 of 37)

RESOURCE: {resource} IS CURRENTLY IN USE - STATUS MAY BE CHANGING text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
SIDE STATUS
SIDE: id
STATUS: status
CPU: list
[CRYPTO: list]
CHP: list
STOR(E=x) list

TOTAL STOR: ddddM[UNASSIGNED: ddddM]
* = OFFLINE
```

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M [=SIDE[(id)]] command or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of the selected sides in the system and the status of the resources that make up each side.

In the message text:

RESOURCE: {resource}

The user has exclusive use of the resource named. In the message text:

resource

One of the following:

- SYSZVARY,CPU
- SYSZVARY,PATH
- SYSZVARY,STORAGE

id

The side identifier.

status

The status of the side, which is one of the following:

ONLINE

OFFLINE

UNAVAILABLE

list

A list of either:

- · Hexadecimal identifiers
- · A range of hexadecimal identifiers

X

The hexadecimal identifier(s) for an online or offline resource. x is one of the following:

XX

The hexadecimal identifier for an online resource.

xx*

The hexadecimal identifier for an offline resource.

xx-xx

The starting and ending hexadecimal identifiers for a range of online resources.

*xx-xx**

The starting and ending hexadecimal identifiers for a range of offline resources.

ddddM

The total storage in decimal megabytes.

UNASSIGNED: ddddM

The part of storage in online central storage elements, in decimal megabytes. This storage can be brought online with a CONFIG STOR(ddddM),ONLINE command.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 28 of 37)

SIDE STATUS

Explanation

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M [=SIDE[(id)]] command or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of the selected sides in the system and the status of the resources that make up each side. An error occurred and the system could not display the status of the sides you requested.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 29 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr]
REAL STORAGE STATUS
{status blocks addstat}

Explanation

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M command, DISPLAY M=STOR command, DISPLAY M=STOR(range) command, or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of blocks of central (real) storage frames.

In the message text:

status

The status of a block or range of blocks, which is one of the following:

OFFLINE

The central storage blocks that are offline.

ONLINE - NOT RECONFIGURABLE

The central storage blocks that are online and are not reconfigurable or pending offline.

PENDING OFFLINE

The central storage blocks for which an offline request has been issued but not yet completed.

ONLINE - RECONFIGURABLE

The central storage blocks that are online and are not pending offline or preferred.

ddd M IN OFFLINE STORAGE ELEMENT(S)

The number of megabytes of central storage in an offline storage element or elements. Each element can be brought online using a CONFIG STOR(E=id),ONLINE command.

ddd u UNASSIGNED STORAGE

The amount of central storage that is available to be brought online in online storage elements. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes). The storage can be brought online with a CONFIG STOR (dddM),ONLINE command.

ddd M IN ANOTHER CONFIGURATION

The number of megabytes of storage in either:

- Another partition
- · A maintenance or service configuration

STORAGE INCREMENT SIZE IS xx u

The amount of central storage in each storage increment. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

blocks

ı

Under each status line, the storage blocks are identified. blocks is one of the following:

XXXXXXX

The address of the storage block, in hexadecimal.

ccccu-dddddu

The address range of the storage blocks. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

XXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXX

The address range of the storage blocks in hexadecimal.

FIRST aak OF EVERY bbK FROM ccccM TO jjjjM

This status is for the first $\alpha\alpha K$ of storage at multiples of bbK in the range of cccc to jjjj decimal megabytes.

SECOND aak OF EVERY bbK FROM ccccM TO jjjjM

This status is for the second aaK of storage at multiples of bbK in the range of cccc to jjjj decimal megabytes.

NONE

No frames have this status.

addstat

One of the following:

BAD FRAMES address

The central frame that begins at *address* has a storage error. This message text appears when *status* is either:

- ONLINE NOT RECONFIGURABLE
- ONLINE RECONFIGURABLE

PENDING STATUS DUE TO:

RANGE ASID JOBNAME address-range asid jobname address-range asid jobname

These lines identify central storage that cannot be released yet. The storage range is given as contiguous frames. For each range of contiguous frames, the address space identifier (ASID) and the job name are given whenever possible. If *asid* is ???? or *jobname* is ??????, the system could not obtain the ASID and job name for the frame. If the ASID is blank and the JOBNAME is *SHARED*, the storage is shared through the use of the IARVSERV macro.

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 30 of 37)

Explanation

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=[STOR(E)|STOR(E=id)] command, or an internal request asked the system to display the status of all storage elements by storage element identifier.

In the message text:

id

The storage element identifier.

*xx*u

The amount of owned storage in decimal. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

X'zz'u

The amount of owned storage in hexadecimal. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

stat

stat is the status of the storage element, which is one of the following:

ONLINE

Storage element id is physically online.

OFFLINE

Storage element id is physically offline.

reason

reason is one of the following:

UNASSIGNED STORAGE = yyu STATUS=stat

yy is the amount of storage in the storage element with no addresses assigned. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes). This storage can be brought online with a CONFIG STOR range or amount request.

STOR(E PARAMETER NOT SUPPORTED

The service processor does not support information about central (real) storage elements.

STOR(E STATUS NOT OBTAINED: text

The system failed to obtain the status of the central storage element(s) from the service processor. In the message text:

text

The reason for the failure, which is one of the following:

INVALID ID

An incorrect storage element identifier was specified in either the DISPLAY M=STOR(E=id) command.

SERVICE PROCESSOR CALL FAILED

An error occurred in the service processor call interface.

SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE

An internal error occurred in the service processor.

STOR(E=id) IS PART OF ANOTHER CONFIGURATION-NO STATUS OBTAINED

The specified central element belongs to another configuration and this configuration cannot obtain status about it.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 31 of 37)

DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'xxxxxxx' IS CURRENTLY IN USE

Explanation

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M command or an internal request) entered while a CONFIG CPU, CONFIG CHP, CONFIG STOR, or VARY PATH command is running generates this display. This message displays the status of an ENQ resource exclusively held by another user.

The next frame displays the information requested. This second display may or may not reflect the results of the CONFIG CPU, CONFIG CHP, CONFIG STOR, or VARY PATH command.

In the message text:

XXXXXXX

The ENQ resource exclusively held by another user. xxxxxxx is one of the following:

- CPU
- PATH
- STORAGE

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 32 of 37)

STATUS NOT OBTAINED: DISPLAY M RESOURCE 'xxxxxxxxx' IS CURRENTLY IN USE

Explanation

A DISPLAY M or DISPLAY M=DEV operator or internal command was issued while a CONFIG CPU, CONFIG CHP, CONFIG STOR, VARY PATH, or a DYNAMIC ACTIVATE was currently in progress.

No information for the device(s) is displayed.

In the message text:

XXXXXX

The ENQ resource exclusively held by another process. xxxxxxx is one of the following:

PATH

System action

The system ends the DISPLAY M or DISPLAY M=DEV request and does not display the information requested.

Operator response

Issue the command again once the other requestors of the xxxxxxx have completed.

System programmer response

None.

Source

IEEDMDEV

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE174I (form 33 of 37) DISPLAY M

STORAGE-CLASS MEMORY STATUS

status

Explanation

The DISPLAY M=SCM command requested the system to display the status of storage-class memory (SCM). If DISPLAY M=SCM(DETAIL) was specified, the message also includes - INCREMENT DETAIL.

In the message text, *status* includes the following information:

dddd{M|G|T} DEFINED

The amount of SCM defined to this partition.

ADDRESS IN USE STATUS dddd{M|G|T} dd% ONLINE

The amount of SCM that is currently in use.

ONLINE-PERMANENTLY RESIDENT

dddd{M|G|T}-dddd{M|G|T}

The range of permanently resident SCM that is currently online.

ONLINE-RECONFIGURABLE

dddd{M|G|T}-dddd{M|G|T}

The range of reconfigurable SCM that is currently online.

dd{M|G|T} OFFLINE-AVAILABLE

The amount of SCM that is currently offline.

ddd% IN USE

The percentage of the total SCM that is in use.

SCM INCREMENT SIZE IS *dd*{M|G|T}

The SCM increment size.

SCM STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SCM NOT SUPPORTED

SCM status was not obtained because SCM is not supported on this processor.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEDMSCM

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5, 8, 9

IEE174I (form 34 of 37) DISPLAY M [idr]

STORAGE-CLASS MEMORY STATUS - INCREMENT DETAIL

dd{M|G|T} DEFINED ADDRESS IN USE STATUS addr pct% status

•••

addr pct% status

ONLINE: dd{M|G|T} OFFLINE: dd{M|G|T} PENDING OFFLINE: dd{M|G|

T}

ddd% IN USE

SCM INCREMENT SIZE IS dd{M|G|T}

or

SCM STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SCM NOT SUPPORTED

Explanation

The DISPLAY M=SCM(DETAIL) command was entered to display the status of storage-class memory (SCM).

In the message text:

dd{M|G|T} DEFINED

The amount of SCM defined to this partition.

addr

The starting SCM address of the increment.

pct

The percentage of the increment that is currently being used by the system.

status

The status of the increment. Can be one of the following:

ONLINE

This increment is available for use by this partition.

PENDING OFFLINE

The increment is in the process of being taken offline by the CF SCM,OFFLINE command.

ONLINE: $dd\{M|G|T\}$ OFFLINE: $dd\{M|G|T\}$ PENDING OFFLINE: $dd\{M|G|T\}$

The amount of SCM that is currently online, offline, and pending offline, respectively. The sum of these values is the amount of SCM that is defined to this partition.

ddd% IN USE

The percentage of SCM that is currently being used by the system.

SCM INCREMENT SIZE IS *dd*{M|G|T}

The SCM increment size.

SCM STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SCM NOT SUPPORTED

SCM status was not obtained because SCM is not supported on this processor.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Reconfiguration

Source

IEEDMSCM

IEE174I (form 35 of 37)

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M [idr]
PROCESSOR STATUS text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
cId wst tIdL-tIdH vp xxxx tt cId wst tIdL-tIdH vp xxxx tt
CPC ND = ttttt.nnn.mmm.pp.sssssssss
Model: 000000000000000
CPC ID = ii
CPC NAME = cpc_name
CPC IS RUNNING AT dd% OF NORMAL EFFECTIVENESS
LP NAME = lp_na
                  LP ID = jj
CSS ID = cc
MIF ID = m
                      W WLM-MANAGED
+ ONLINE - OFFLINE
                  / MIXED STATE
N NOT AVAILABLE
[A APPLICATION ASSIST PROCESSOR]
[I INTEGRATED INFORMATION
          INTEGRATED INFORMATION PROCESSOR (zIIP)]
[B BOOST (TRANSIENT) zIIP]
CPC ND CENTRAL PROCESSING COMPLEX NODE DESCRIPTOR
CPC SI SYSTEM INFORMATION FROM STSI INSTRUCTION
CPC ID CENTRAL PROCESSING COMPLEX IDENTIFIER
CPC NAME CENTRAL PROCESSING COMPLEX NAME
LP NAME LOGICAL PARTITION NAME
LP ID LOGICAL PARTITION IDENTIFIER
CSS ID CHANNEL SUBSYSTEM IDENTIFIER
MIF ID MULTIPLE IMAGE FACILITY IMAGE IDENTIFIER
```

A reconfiguration display request (a DISPLAY M=CORE command or an internal request) asked the system to display the status of selected cores. When you issue the DISPLAY M=CORE command from a PR/SM partition, the system displays the status for the logical cores. The system information presented on the CPC SI line reflects any dynamic upgrades that have been performed. The information presented on the CPC ND and CPC ID lines remain unchanged across any such upgrades.

In the message text:

h

Indicates whether the system is enabled for HIPERDISPATCH (Y) or not (N).

mm

The maximum MT mode that can be supported by both the hardware and this IPL of z/OS.

cn

The MT mode for standard CP cores. This can be modified by using the MT_CP_MODE parameter in the IEAOPTxx member. For more information, see IEAOPTxx MT_CP_MODE in *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

zin

The MT mode for IBM Z Integrated Information Processors. This can be modified by using the MT_ZIIP_MODE parameter in the IEAOPTxx member. For more information, see IEAOPTxx MT_ZIIP_MODE in z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference.

cId

The core identifier.

wst

The state of the core, with each letter representing a different state:

W

When the core is being managed by WLM, this will be "W", otherwise it will be blank.

s

The status of the core, which can be one of the following:

- + indicates the core is online.
- · indicates the core is offline.
- / indicates the core is in a mixed state, because the core is online but the threads currently online
 are unexpected with the MT mode for this core type. This state can occur in certain system abnormal
 conditions. You can generally get out of this state by reconfiguring the core to its desired state. For
 more information, see IEAOPTxx MT_xxxx_MODE in z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference.
- N indicates the core is neither online nor able to be configured online.

t

The type of the core, which can be one of the following:

- (a blank) the core is a standard CP.
- A The core is an IBM Z Application Assist Processor.
- I The core is an IBM Z Integrated Information Processor.
- B This is a zIIP added due to boost processing.

tIdL

The lowest CPU address of a thread that belongs to this core.

tIdH

The highest CPU address of a thread that belongs to this core.

V

The HIPERDISPATCH vertical-ness of the core:

- H The core is classified as a vertical high core.
- M The core is classified as a vertical medium core.
- L The core is classified as a vertical low core.

p

Indicates whether the core is parked (P) or unparked (blank).

XXXX

The interrupt subclass mask for the core.

t

The state of each thread that belongs to this core. There are n visible thread states, where n = (tIdH-tIdL)+1 and is OS and model dependent. The CPU ID for the first thread is tIdL. The state can be one of the following:

- + indicates the thread is online due to the current MT mode for this core type.
- indicates the thread is offline due to the current MT mode for this core type.

• N indicates the thread is offline and expected to be offline due to the current MT mode for this core type. For more information, see IEAOPTxx MT_xxxx_MODE in z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference.

CPC ND = *tttttt.nnn.mmm.pp.ssssssss*

The central processing complex node descriptor, in EBCDIC, where:

tttttt

The type number.

nnn

The model number of the processor at the last IML/POR.

Note: If the processor is concurrently upgraded to a new model, this number will not reflect the new model until the next processor IML/POR.

mmm

The manufacturer.

рp

The plant of manufacture.

SSSSSSSSSS

The sequence number.

dd

The approximate percentage, in decimal, of the actual effectiveness compared to the normal effectiveness of the CPC.

Indicates that a reduction in the current capability of the central processing complex (CPC) has been detected.

CPC SI = text02

Where text02 is:

This is the system information from the STSI instruction, in EBCDIC, where:

tttt

The type number.

nnnnnnnnnnnnn

The model-capacity identifier.

Note: The model-capacity identifier is updated after a concurrent upgrade.

The manufacturer.

pppp

The plant of manufacture.

SSSSSSSSSSSSSS

The sequence code.

0000000000000000

The model number.

CPCID = ii

The central processing complex node identifier, in binary.

CPC NAME = cpc_name

The central processing complex name, in EBCDIC.

LP NAME = $lp_n\alpha$

The logical partition name, in EBCDIC.

LP ID = jj

The logical partition identifier, in binary.

CSSID = cc

The logical channel subsystem identifier, in binary.

MIFID = m

The multiple image facility identifier, in binary. The MIF ID appears only if you are running in LPAR mode.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Module

IEEMPDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE176I

CONFIG $\{CPU(x)|VF(x)\}$ OFFLINE COMMAND WOULD REMOVE LAST VF, dd VF JOBS SCHEDULED. JOBNAMES ARE: jobname [jobname . . .]

Explanation

In response to a reconfiguration request, the system tried to vary one of the following offline:

- A Vector Facility
- · A processor with an attached Vector Facility

This message may appear because jobs with Vector Facility affinity are in progress and the Vector Facility being reconfigured offline is the last Vector Facility online in the configuration.

In the message text:

CPU(x)

A CONFIG command requested that a CPU with an attached Vector Facility be reconfigured offline.

In the message text:

¥

The identifier of the CPU.

VF(x)

A CONFIG command requested that a Vector Facility be reconfigured offline.

In the message text:

X

The Vector Facility identifier.

dd

The number of jobs requiring the Vector Facility for processing.

jobname

The name of the job requiring the Vector Facility for processing.

System action

The system issues message IEE177D.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVVFLF

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE177D

REPLY 'U' TO SUSPEND VF JOBS. REPLY 'C' TO CANCEL CONFIG COMMAND

Explanation

In response to a reconfiguration request, the system tried to vary one of the following offline:

- · A Vector Facility
- · A central processor with an attached Vector Facility

This message may appear because jobs with Vector Facility affinity are in progress and the Vector Facility being reconfigured offline is the last Vector Facility online in the configuration.

This message asks the operator to either:

- · Suspend the jobs and continue reconfiguration
- Let the jobs run and cancel the reconfiguration

Message IEE176I precedes this message and indicates which jobs require the Vector Facility for processing.

System action

The systems waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reply U to reconfigure the central processor or Vector Facility offline and suspend the jobs listed in message IEE176I.
- Reply **C** to let the jobs run and cancel the reconfiguration.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVVFLF

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

7

IEE178I

AUTOMATIC RECOVERY IS IN PROGRESS NO OPERATOR ACTION IS REQUIRED.

[PROCESSOR(y) DETECTED AN EXCESSIVE DISABLED SPIN LOOP WAITING FOR event FROM PROCESSOR(x).] |

[A SIGP (event) OCCURRED WHEN PROCESSOR(y) TRIED TO SIGNAL PROCESSOR(x).]

AUTOMATIC RECOVERY ACTION IS action [optional-text]

Explanation

optional-text is one of the following:

- ACR IS ALREADY IN PROGRESS, SPIN WILL CONTINUE
- ABEND/TERM COULD NOT BE INITIATED, SPIN WILL CONTINUE
- PROCESSOR IS IN A VALID SPIN, SPIN WILL CONTINUE
- CC2 LOOP ON TMSG, SUBCHANNEL ssss. PERFORM PROCESSOR DIAGNOSTICS.

ssss is the subchannel ID. A processor is looping on condition code 2 set by Test Message instructions.

SMSG IN CONTROL, SUBCHANNEL ssss. PERFORM PROCESSOR DIAGNOSTICS.

ssss is the subchannel ID. A processor issued a Send Message instruction and control has not returned.

The system is in a spin loop on one central processor, waiting for an event on another central processor. This message reappears at regular intervals until either:

- The recovery action resolves the spin loop
- The system enters non-restartable wait state X'0A1'

In the message text:

У

The processor that detected the spin loop.

X

The processor on which an event is to occur.

event

For SIGP failures, one of the following:

- SIGP(NOT OPERATIONAL)
- SIGP(EQUIPMENT CHECK)
- SIGP(CHECK STOP)
- SIGP(NOT READY)
- SIGP(BUSY CONDITION)

SIGP(RECEIVER CHECK)

For non-SIGP failures, one of the following:

- RISGNL RESPONSE
- LOCK RELEASE
- RESTART RESOURCE
- ADDRESS SPACE TO QUIESCE
- INTERSECT RELEASE
- SUCCESSFUL BIND BREAK RELEASE

action

Automatic spin loop recovery processing chooses the appropriate recovery action. It is one of the following:

SPIN

The system continues spinning

ABEND

The system abnormally ends the unit of work on processor x, allowing recovery routines to retry

TERM

The system abnormally ends the unit of work on processor x, without allowing recovery routines to retry

ACR

ACR places processor x offline. ACR abnormally ends the current unit of work on processor x.

ACR IS ALREADY IN PROGRESS, SPIN WILL CONTINUE

Because the system was processing another alternate CPU recovery (ACR) request, the system continues the spin loop.

ABEND/TERM COULD NOT BE INITIATED, SPIN WILL CONTINUE

Because the system could not begin restart processing for an ABEND or TERM recovery action, the system continues the spin loop.

PROCESSOR IS IN A VALID SPIN, SPIN WILL CONTINUE

Due to the duration of their processing time, some system routines cause other processors to spin for a longer time than the spin loop timeout interval. One of these routines was running, so the system performed the SPIN recovery action.

System action

The system tries to resolve the spin loop by taking the recovery action appearing in the message text. If the first recovery action does not resolve the spin loop, recovery continues until one of the following occurs:

- The system-initiated recovery actions resolve the spin loop
- The system enters wait state X'0A1'. This occurs when all pre-defined recovery actions are exhausted.

System programmer response

If the system enters wait state X'OA1', see the system programmer response for this wait state.

Contact the IBM Support Center if optional-text contains any of the following:

- CC2 LOOP ON TMSG, SUBCHANNEL ssss. PERFORM PROCESSOR DIAGNOSTICS.
- SMSG IN CONTROL, SUBCHANNEL ssss. PERFORM PROCESSOR DIAGNOSTICS.

Source

Loadwait/Restart

Module

IEAVELK

Routing code

Note 12

Descriptor code

_

IEE179I

INVALID text IN PARMLIB MEMBER EXSPATXX SPECIFIED: data [condition]

Explanation

condition is one of the following:

MINIMUM SPINTIME ALLOWED IS: min

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ACTIONS

ALLOWED IS: 8

CONTINUATION EXPECTED

DUPLICATE KEYWORD FOUND

The system found an error in SYS1.PARMLIB member EXSPATxx.

In the message text:

text

One of the following:

KEYWORD

The system could not find the SPINRCVY or SPINTIME keyword in EXSPATxx.

ACTION

The system could not find a valid action for the SPINRCVY keyword. At least one of the following actions must be specified: SPIN, ABEND, TERM, ACR, or OPER.

VALUE

The specified SPINTIME value was incorrect.

EXSPATxx

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

data

The first 10 characters of the EXSPATxx data that the system could not process.

MINIMUM SPINTIME ALLOWED IS: min

The SPINTIME value was lower than the default value.

min

The minimum value allowed.

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ACTIONS ALLOWED IS: 8

The number of SPINRCVY actions was greater than eight.

CONTINUATION EXPECTED

The list of SPINRCVY actions ended with a comma instead of a blank.

DUPLICATE KEYWORD FOUND

The system found more than one SPINRCVY or SPINTIME specification.

System action

The system ignores the EXSPATxx member. The system continues processing.

System programmer response

Correct the error in the EXSPATxx member.

Source

Loadwait/Restart

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE180I

memberxx LINE nnnn: [stmt] STMT IGNORED. NOT VALID.

Explanation

During system initialization, the system detected that a statement type specified in a parmlib member is incorrect.

In the message text:

memberxx

The parmlib member in which the system detected an error.

nnnn

In the parmlib member, the number of the line containing the error.

stmt

The statement type that is incorrectly specified.

System action

The system continues initialization.

System programmer response

Correct the statement type in the parmlib member.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB888

Routing code

2,10,Note 13

Descriptor code

12/4

IEE181I

memberxx: LINE nnnn-nnnn IGNORED. UNBALANCED COMMENT DETECTED.

Explanation

During system initialization, the system detected an unbalanced comment in a parmlib member. If a comment does not have an ending comment delimiter, all the data from the previous valid statement until the end of the parmlib member is ignored. If there was no valid statement specified before the unbalanced comment, then all the data from the first physical record until the end of the parmlib member is ignored.

In the message text:

memberxx:

The parmlib member in which the system detected an error.

nnnn-nnnn

In the parmlib member, the numbers of the lines in error.

System action

The system continues processing. If this message is for parmlib members IEASVCxx, ALLOCxx or SCHEDxx, the system issues message IEA029D to give the operator the choice of whether to respecify the parmlib member or continue IPLing.

System programmer response

Correct the problem with the comment delimiters in the parmlib member.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB888

Routing code

2,10,Note 13

Descriptor code

12/4

IEE182I

memberxx IGNORED. STMT STARTING LINE nnnn EXCEEDS 4096 CHARS.

Explanation

During system initialization, the system detected an error. The buffer, which contains statements to be processed by the system, exceeds 4096 characters.

In the message text:

memberxx

The parmlib member in which an incorrect statement was found.

nnnn

In the parmlib member, the number of the line containing the incorrect statement.

System action

The system continues processing, ignoring the parmlib member *memberxx*. If there are any more parmlib members, the system processes the next one.

System programmer response

Correct the problem in the parmlib member.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB888

Routing code

2,10,Note 13

Descriptor code

12/4

IEE183W

EXCESSIVE SPIN LOOP RECOVERY UNSUCCESSFUL, WAIT STATE 0A1

Explanation

All automatic spin loop recovery options were exhausted without resolving the spin loop condition.

System action

The system enters nonrestartable wait state X'0A1'.

Operator response

See the operator response for wait state X'OA1'.

Source

Loadwait/Restart

Routing code

Note 12

Descriptor code

-

IEE184I

ERROR IN PARMLIB MEMBER EXSPAT*xx* [condition]

Explanation

condition is one of the following:

NO KEYWORDS FOUND

NO DATA IN MEMBER

The system found an error in SYS1.PARMLIB member EXSPATxx. In the message text:

EXSPAT*xx*

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

NO KEYWORDS FOUND.

The parmlib member contained one or more comment lines, but no keywords were specified in the member.

NO DATA IN MEMBER.

The parmlib member does not contain any data.

System action

The system ignores the EXSPATxx parmlib member. The system continues processing.

System programmer response

Correct the error in the EXSPATxx parmlib member.

Source

Loadwait/Restart

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

1

IEE185I

{LOGON|LOGOFF} userid COMPLETE FOR rest

Explanation

A userid logon or logoff has completed.

In the message text:

userid

The userid being logged on or logged off.

rest

One of the following:

• LU=luname CN=consname

luname

The logical unit of an SMCS console.

consname

The console name.

• DEVNUM=devnum CN=consname

devnum

The device number of an MCS console.

consname

The console name.

• TYPE=HMCS CN=consname

TYPE=HMCS

Displayed for HMCS consoles.

consname

The console name.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Consoles (SC1CK)

Module

CNZK1LOL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE186I

command COMMAND NOT PROCESSED. reason

Explanation

The command that was issued could not be processed by the system.

In the message text:

command

The command that was not processed.

reason

One of the following:

SECURITY INTERFACE DORMANT.

command cannot be processed until the security product becomes active.

LOGON REQUIRED.

command cannot be processed until an operator logs on to the console.

CONSOLE NOT LOGGED ON.

command cannot be processed because the console is not logged on.

NOT AUTHORIZED FOR CONSOLE.

The user that attempted to log on is not authorized to log on to that console.

FAILED BY INSTALLATION EXIT.

A SAF exit has rejected command.

USERID userid NOT DEFINED.

userid is not defined to the security product.

userid

The userid that is not defined.

USERID userid REVOKED.

userid is not allowed to access the system.

userid

The userid that is not not allowed to access the system.

NOT AUTHORIZED FOR SMCS APPLID smcsappl.

The SMCS console is not authorized for *smcsappl*.

smcsappl

The smcs applid.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response

If the message text contains SECURITY INTERFACE DORMANT, contact your system programmer.

If the message text contains LOGON REQUIRED, logon to the console with a userid that is authorized to issue command and reissue the command.

If the message text contains CONSOLE NOT LOGGED ON, command must be issued from a logged on console.

If the message text contains USERID userid NOT DEFINED, logon to the console with a userid defined to the security product. If userid should be defined to the security product, contact your system programmer.

If the message text contains USERID userid REVOKED, contact your system programmer.

If the message text contains NOT AUTHORIZED FOR CONSOLE, contact the system programmer.

If the message text contains NOT AUTHORIZED FOR SMCS APPLID *smcsappl* contact your system programmer.

If the message text contains FAILED BY INSTALLATION EXIT, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the message text contains SECURITY INTERFACE DORMANT, determine why the security product is inactive and take appropriate steps to activate it.

If the message text contains USERID userid NOT DEFINED, determine why userid is not defined to the security product. Then define userid to the security product as appropriate.

If the message text contains USERID userid REVOKED, determine why userid has been revoked and reinstate userid as appropriate.

If the message text contains NOT AUTHORIZED FOR CONSOLE, grant authorization so the user can log on to that console as appropriate.

If the message text contains NOT AUTHORIZED FOR SMCS APPLID *smcsappl*, grant the SMCS console access to smcsappl as appropriate.

If the message text contains FAILED BY INSTALLATION EXIT, determine which exit rejected command and change the exit to allow command as appropriate.

Source

Consoles (SC1CK)

Module

CNZK1LOL, IEECB920, IEECVET4

Routing code

* , Note 6

5

IEE187I

ENTER LOGON PARAMETERS [text]

Explanation

text is one of the following:

USERID NOT DEFINED

USERID NOT SPECIFIED

USERID/PASSWORD NOT AUTHORIZED

PASSWORD INCORRECT

PASSWORD EXPIRED

PASSWORD NOT SPECIFIED

- **PASSWORD MUST BE ENCLOSED IN QUOTES**
- NEW PASSWORD MUST BE ENCLOSED IN QUOTES

NEW PASSWORD NOT ACCEPTED

GROUP NOT DEFINED

GROUP ACCESS REVOKED

SECLABEL NOT DEFINED

If the message text does not give a problem, the multiple console support (MCS) console is ready for the operator to logon. If the message does give a problem, the system denied the operator access.

In the message text:

USERID NOT DEFINED

The operator attempted to log on specifying a userid that was not defined to the security product.

USERID NOT SPECIFIED

The operator attempted to logon without specifying a userid.

USERID/PASSWORD NOT AUTHORIZED

The operator attempted to log on with a userid or password that was not accepted by the security product.

PASSWORD INCORRECT

The operator attempted to logon specifying an incorrect password.

PASSWORD EXPIRED

The operator attempted to logon specifying a password that has expired. The installation determines the length of time that a password remains valid.

PASSWORD NOT SPECIFIED

The operator attempted to logon without specifying a password.

PASSWORD MUST BE ENCLOSED IN QUOTES

The operator attempted to log on specifying a password that must be enclosed in single quotation marks.

NEW PASSWORD MUST BE ENCLOSED IN QUOTES

The operator attempted to log on specifying a new password that must be enclosed in single quotation marks.

NEW PASSWORD NOT ACCEPTED

The operator attempted to log on specifying a new password that did not follow syntax rules for a password.

GROUP NOT DEFINED

The operator attempted to logon, specifying a group that was not defined to the security product.

GROUP ACCESS REVOKED

The operator attempted to logon specifying a group to which access has been revoked for that operator.

SECLABEL NOT DEFINED

The operator attempted to logon specifying a security label that was not defined to the security product.

The system displays message IEE187I in the instruction line of the MCS console. It is accompanied by the MCS logon prompt, which is displayed in the command entry area of the console. The logon prompt provides the operator with fields to enter a userid, password, optional group identifier, and optional SECLABEL parameter.

System action

The system continues processing while the operator tries to logon again.

Operator response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

USERID NOT DEFINED

Specify a different userid and try to logon again, or contact the security administrator to have the userid defined to the system.

USERID NOT SPECIFIED

Specify a valid userid and try to logon again.

USERID/PASSWORD NOT AUTHORIZED

Specify a valid userid and password combination.

PASSWORD INCORRECT

Enter the correct password when try to logon again.

PASSWORD EXPIRED

Change the existing password by specifying the old and new passwords together in this format: old-password/new-password. When automatic logon is in effect, operators can log on to the system but are not required to do so. If an attempt to logon fails, then the system displays this message inline (that is, not in a display area) instead of on the instruction line, where this message usually appears. This message also appears without the MCS LOGON prompt. You must reenter the LOGON command to enter the userid, password, new password, group id, and security label.

PASSWORD NOT SPECIFIED

Specify a valid password and try to log on again.

PASSWORD MUST BE ENCLOSED IN QUOTES

When specifying password phrases, ensure they are enclosed in single quotation marks.

NEW PASSWORD MUST BE ENCLOSED IN QUOTES

When specifying password phrases, ensure they are enclosed in single quotation marks.

NEW PASSWORD NOT ACCEPTED

Correct the syntax and re-specify.

GROUP NOT DEFINED

Specify a valid group or leave the field blank when you try to logon again.

GROUP ACCESS REVOKED

Either specify a valid group to which access has not been revoked or leave the field blank when you try to logon again.

SECLABEL NOT DEFINED

Either specify a valid security label or leave the field blank when you try to logon again.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

OCO

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

_

IEE188I

MESSAGE QUEUE MANIPULATION ON CONSOLE name COMPLETE [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

A CONTROL Q command purges the message queue for a console. The system issues this message to indicate successful completion of the command.

This message appears on the console on which the operator entered the CONTROL Q command.

In the message text:

name

The name of the console on which the CONTROL Q command was entered.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system continues processing. Subsequent messages are not affected.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE8B03D

Routing code

Note 14

Descriptor code

5

IEE189I

hh.mm.ss MPF DISPLAY idr text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
msgid {Y|N} {Y|N} {ERR-|NFD-}userexitid]

GENERAL WTO USER EXIT (IEAVMXIT) -
{ACTIVE|INACTIVE|ABENDED, NOT ACTIVE}

FIELD COLOR HLIGHT INTEN MPF={xx|DFL}
msgtype ccc hhh iii

{COMMAND USER EXITS NOT FOUND}

{COMMAND-USEREXIT} {MPF=xx}
{NFD-|ERR-} {e-id}
```

In response to the DISPLAY MPF command, this message displays the message facility.

If the operator requested MPF processing, the message contains the third line once and the fourth line as often as needed to display each message in the MPF table.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The hour, minute, and second that the command was entered. If the time-of-day clock (TOD) is not working, the value in this field is 00.00.00.

idr

An identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- · Written on typewriter or printer consoles
- Displayed inline (that is, not in a display area) on a display console

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

status

One of the following:

MESSAGE SUPPRESSION AND USER EXITS INACTIVE - NOT INITIALIZED

The operator has not requested MPF processing. This line appears if the MPF is not active.

MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE - HARDCOPY LOG NOT ESTABLISHED

The operator has requested MPF processing, but no hard-copy log has been established. WTO user exit routines receive control, but messages are not suppressed. This line appears if the MPF is not active.

MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE - HARDCOPY SUSPENDED

The operator has requested MPF processing, and a hard-copy log has been established, but no device is available to print the hard-copy log. WTO user exit routines receive control, but messages are not suppressed. This line appears if the MPF is not active.

MESSAGE-ID

msgid

The message identifier.

SUP

One of the following:

Υ

Indicates that the message is to be suppressed if it is eligible.

Ν

Indicates that the message is not to be suppressed.

RETAIN

One of the following:

v

The action message retention facility will retain the message if it is eligible.

Ν

The action message retention facility will not retain the message.

USER EXIT

The corresponding user-specified WTO exit routine or blank, if no routine was specified, and one of the following:

ERR

A failure occurred in the exit routine. The exit routine is no longer active.

NFD

The exit routine could not be loaded.

MPF=xx

One of the following:

XX

The two-digit number the operator entered on the SET MPF=xx command to change the color, intensity, and highlighting attributes; this xx is the last two digits of an MPFLSTxx member in SYS1.PARMLIB.

DFL

MPF processing is using the default attributes.

GENERAL WTO USER EXIT (IEAVMXIT)

Indicates whether the exit routine is ACTIVE, INACTIVE, or NOT ACTIVE because the exit routine was abnormally ended.

FIELD

msgtype

The message type, which is one of the following:

URGATTN

Messages requiring urgent attention

IMEDACTN

Messages requiring immediate action

EVETACTN

Messages requiring eventual action

GENMSG

General system messages

PPMSG

Messages issued by problem programs and requiring no action

SELPEN

Fields that can detect a selector (light) pen

INSTRERR

Error messages that appear in the instruction line

ENTRYARA

Entry area

WARNLGEN

General messages in the left half of the warning line

WARNRGEN

General messages in the right half of the warning line

WARNRURG

Messages requiring urgent attention and appearing in the right half of the warning line

OOLCNTL

Control lines in an out-of-line status display

OOLLABEL

Label lines in an out-of-line status display

OOLDATA

Data lines in an out-of-line status display

COLOR

CCC

The color attribute of the field, which is one of the following:

- BLUE
- TURQU (turquoise)
- GREEN
- WHITE
- PINK
- YELLOW
- RED

HLIGHT

hhh

The highlighting with which the message or field is displayed. The values are:

NONE

No highlighting. No colored characters on a black background.

BLINK

The message or field background blinks.

RE-VID

Reverse video. Black characters on a colored background.

UNDSCR

The message or field is underscored with a line.

INTEN

iii

The intensity at which the message or field is displayed. The values are:

NORM

Normal intensity

HIGH

High intensity

XΧ

The suffix of the MPFLST parmlib member being used to control message processing.

COMMAND USER EXITS NOT FOUND

No command installation exits were specified by the installation.

COMMAND-USEREXIT

The installation specified command installation exits or blanks, if the end of the list of the installation exit names. This heading appears as many times as necessary to display the active installation exits or blanks.

ERR

If ERR appears before the name of an exit routine, a failure occurred in the exit routine and the routine is no longer active. ERR appears next to each failing exit routine name.

NFD

If NFD appears before the name of an exit routine, the system could not find the exit routine. NFD appears for each exit routine that the system cannot find.

e-id

The command installation exit routine name.

System action

If MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE - HARDCOPY LOG NOT ESTABLISHED or MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE - HARDCOPY SUSPENDED appears, this message lists the messages in the MPF table, but the system does not suppress messages until a hard-copy log is established and a device is available to print the hard-copy log. The WTO user exits and RETAIN are in effect.

Otherwise, the system continues processing.

Operator response

If you want message suppression, but **MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE** or **MESSAGE SUPPRESSION AND USER EXITS INACTIVE** appears, do one of the following:

- If NOT INITIALIZED appears, use the SET MPF command to request MPF processing.
- If HARDCOPY LOG NOT ESTABLISHED appears, establish a hard-copy log and make a device available to print it.
- If HARDCOPY SUSPENDED appears, make a device or SYSLOG available to print the hard-copy log.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB807

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE190I

EXCESSIVE SPIN RECOVERY ACTIONS:

action1 action2 action3 . . . action6 action7 action8 SPIN TIME: time SECONDS

Explanation

The system successfully updated the desired spin loop recovery actions and spin loop timeout interval to the values shown, in response to a SET EXS=xx command.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If the actions or spin time displayed are not as intended, verify that the correct xx suffix was specified on the SET EXS=xx command. If the correct suffix was specified, contact the System Programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the EXSPATxx PARMLIB member and ask the operator to issue the SET EXS=xx command again.

Source

Loadwait/Restart

Module

IEEVESAI

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE192I

INVALID PROCEDURE PARM FIELD FORMAT

Explanation

The writer procedure invoked by a START XWTR command contains an EXEC statement with an incorrect PARM parameter. The incorrect PARM parameter may be caused by the use of JCL keywords as user symbolics.

System action

The system did not run the command.

Operator response

Ensure that the parameters are not JCL keywords; for additional details, see the z/OS MVS JCL Reference. If the error condition persists, contact the system programmer.

Source

External writer

Routing code

Note 2

Descriptor code

5

IEE193I

NO SCM RECONFIGURED – reason
OR
DISPLAY SCM INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR COMMAND

Explanation

The system did not reconfigure any storage-class memory (SCM) in response to a CONFIG SCM command.

In the message text, reason can be one of the following:

TIMEOUT OCCURRED

The system attempted to physically configure the SCM online, but could not determine that the reconfiguration was performed.

OPERATOR CANCELLED

The operator replied CANCEL to message IEE575A to cancel a CONFIG SCM command.

SCM NOT DEFINED

There is no SCM defined to this partition.

SCM NOT SUPPORTED

SCM is not supported on this processor.

AMOUNT NOT VALID

The amount specified on the CONFIG SCM command is not a valid value.

REQUEST EXCEEDS ddM|G|T DEFINED

The amount specified exceeds the amount of SCM that is currently defined to the partition.

REQUEST IS NOT A MULTIPLE OF ddM|G|T

The amount specified is not a multiple of the SCM increment size.

RANGE EXCEEDS MAX ADDRESS ddM|G|T

The values in the range exceed the highest possible SCM address for this system.

NO OFFLINE SCM

There is no SCM eligible to be brought online to this partition.

NO ONLINE SCM

There is no SCM online to this partition.

INSUFFICIENT RECONFIGURABLE ONLINE SCM

Some SCM storage may be online but it is not reconfigurable.

INSUFFICIENT AUXILIARY STORAGE

Insufficient auxiliary storage would remain if the CONFIG SCM OFFLINE request were completed. This reason text is displayed when the amount of auxiliary storage currently being used is more than 50% of the auxiliary storage that would remain after the offline completed.

REAL FRAME SHORTAGE

The system is critically low on available real frames, so the CONFIG SCM OFFLINE command was canceled.

INTERNAL ERROR, DIAG1=xxxxxxxx

An internal error occurred or an abnormal condition was detected while processing the CONFIG command. The DIAG1 value is internal diagnostic information to supply to IBM when requesting service.

CF ONLINE BY RANGE NOT SUPPORTED

Bringing SCM online by specifying a range is not supported.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the command was rejected because of a problem with the amount of SCM specified, examine the amount of SCM that was requested to be brought online or taken offline and verify that the amount is correct and specified as a valid increment. You can use the D M or D M=SCM command to obtain information regarding the amount of SCM that is eligible to be brought online or taken offline, and to obtain other SCM-related attributes such as the SCM increment size.

If the command was rejected because of a timeout condition, retry the command. If the command continues to be rejected with the timeout condition, contact IBM service.

If the command was rejected because of the SCM NOT DEFINED reason, verify your image profile.

If the command was rejected because of the SCM NOT SUPPORTED reason, this indicates that the system on which the command was issued does not support the use or definition of SCM.

If the message was issued with the INTERNAL ERROR reason text, contact IBM service and provide the internal diagnostic information value.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSCM

Routing code

Note 2

Descriptor code

5

IEE194I

CF SCM REQUEST NOT FULLY SATISFIED – reason

Explanation

The system was not able to configure the full amount of storage-class memory (SCM) that was requested with the CONFIG SCM command.

In the message text, reason can be one of the following:

INSUFFICIENT OFFLINE SCM

Less than the requested amount of SCM is eligible to be brought online.

INSUFFICIENT ONLINE SCM

Less than the requested amount of SCM is eligible to be brought offline.

INSUFFICIENT RECONFIGURABLE ONLINE SCM

SCM storage may be online but some of it is not reconfigurable.

TIMEOUT OCCURRED

The system attempted to physically configure the SCM online, but could not determine that the reconfiguration was performed.

INTERNAL ERROR, DIAG1=xxxxxxxx

An internal error occurred or an abnormal condition was detected while processing the CONFIG command. The DIAG1 value is internal diagnostic information to supply to IBM when requesting service.

System action

The system configures a portion of the requested amount of SCM and continues processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Examine the amount of SCM that was requested to be brought online and verify that the amount is correct.

If the command was rejected because of a timeout condition, retry the command. If the command continues to be rejected with the timeout condition, contact IBM service.

If the message was issued with the INTERNAL ERROR reason text, contact IBM service and provide the internal diagnostic information value.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSCM

Routing code

Note 2

Descriptor code

5

IEE195I

SCM LOCATIONS xxxG TO yyyG NOT RECONFIGURED - reason

Explanation

The SCM ranges displayed in the message have been configured online or offline to the system. For OFFLINE, the range can include increments that are already offline when the CONFIG command is issued.

In the message text, reason is:

PERMANENTLY RESIDENT

Indicates which SCM storage failed to be taken offline because it is permanently resident.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSCM

Routing code

Note 2

Descriptor code

5

IEE196I

AMOUNT OF CENTRAL STORAGE EXCEEDS *n*T MAXIMUM: RECONFIGURATION FUNCTIONS ARE NOT AVAILABLE.

Explanation

Storage reconfiguration is not supported when there is more than n terabytes of central storage.

System action

Central storage reconfiguration is disabled. The system continues its initialization process.

Operator response:

Contact the system programmer if reconfiguration is required.

System programmer response:

If reconfiguration is required, reduce the installed storage to a maximum of n TB, then re-IPL the system to enable storage reconfiguration.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEERMAXW

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

12

Chapter 6. IEE messages (IEE200I - IEE399I)

IEE200I 313

Explanation

If the DISPLAY ASM, SWAP command is issued, text is SWAP DATA SETS NO LONGER SUPPORTED.

If the DISPLAY ASM, DUPLEX command is issued, text is DUPLEX PAGE DATA SET NO LONGER SUPPORTED.

If the DISPLAY ASM,PLPA command is issued and *NONE* is specified for the PLPA data set, *text* is THERE IS NO PLPA PAGE DATA SET.

If the DISPLAY ASM,COMMON command is issued and *NONE* is specified for the common area data set, *text* is THERE IS NO COMMON PAGE DATA SET.

Otherwise, text is:

TYPE aaaaaaa	FULL bbb	STAT cccc	DEV dev	DATASET eeeee	NAME
VOLSER ffffff addition	gggggg	SIZE hhhhhh	USED iiiiii	AVAIL jjjjjj	ERRORS kkkkkk

additional-text is one of the following:

- SYNTAX ERROR, COMMAND TERMINATED
- UNABLE TO PROCESS, DATASET NAME LIST NOT BUILT
- DATASET dsname IS NOT IN USE AS A PAGE DATASET
- PAGE DATASET IS NOT IN USE
- PAGEDEL COMMAND IS NOT ACTIVE
- PAGEDEL COMMAND IS IN PROGRESS

In response to a DISPLAY ASM command, this message displays information about one or more system page data sets, storage-class memory (SCM) in use for paging, and the status of the PAGEDEL command.

In the message text:

TYPE

aaaaaaaa

Identifies the type of paging storage. The storage-class memory (SCM) summary is omitted if SCM is not being used for paging.

PLPA

The PLPA page data set

COMMON

The COMMON page data set

LOCAL

A local page data set that accepts VIO

LOCAL NV

A NONVIO local page data set

SCM

storage-class memory (SCM)

FULL

bbb

The percentage of space that is currently in use. The percentage ranges from 0–100%, with leading zeroes suppressed.

STAT

cccc

The page data set or storage-class memory (SCM) status:

OK

The data set is in normal use. Normal use. This status applies to page data sets and storage-class memory (SCM).

BAD

For page data sets, ASM has marked the data set as incorrect and will not process write requests for the data set. For storage-class memory (SCM), all of the storage is in an error state.

FULL

The data set or storage-class memory (SCM) presently has no available space.

DEL

A PAGEDEL is in progress. This status only applies to page data sets.

DRN

The data set is draining because of a PAGEDEL DRAIN command. This status only applies to page data sets.

ERRS

Indicates that some portion of the storage-class memory (SCM) is currently unusable because of an error condition. This status only applies to SCM.

DEV

dev

The device number of the device on which the data set resides. A value of N/A (not applicable) is displayed for storage-class memory (SCM), which has no associated device number.

DATASET NAME

eeeee

The page data set name, as specified to ASM at IPL or PAGEADD. *eeeee* uniquely identifies the data set. A value of N/A (not applicable) is displayed for storage-class memory (SCM), which has no associated data set name.

The following items are displayed for page data sets only. Additional information regarding the status of storage-class memory (SCM) can be requested using the DISPLAY ASM,SCM command, which is displayed by message "IEE207I" on page 903.

VOLSER

ffffff

The volume serial of the volume on which the data set resides.

DEVTYP

gggggg

The type of device on which the data set resides, gggggg may be any device type supported by ASM.

SIZE

hhhhhh

The allocated size of the data set. For a page data set, the value of *hhhhhh* is the number of 4-kilobytes slots. Leading zeroes are suppressed if the value of *hhhhhh* is less than six digits.

USED

iiiiii

The number of allocated slots that presently contain valid data. Leading zeroes are suppressed if the value of *iiiiii* is less than 6 digits.

AVAIL

jjjjjj

The number of allocated slots that are presently available to satisfy write requests. Leading zeroes are suppressed if the value of *jjjjjj* is less than 6 digits.

ERRORS

kkkkkk

The number of permanent I/O errors that have occurred on the data set. ASM will mark a data set as bad (thus making the data set unavailable for write requests) if *kkkkkk* exceeds the present threshold value of 174. Note that since ASM may attempt to read from a bad data set, the number of errors may exceed 174. Leading zeroes are suppressed if the value of *kkkkkk* is less than six digits.

PAGEDEL COMMAND IS NOT ACTIVE

No PAGEDEL command is currently in progress.

PAGEDEL COMMAND IS IN PROGRESS

The PAGEDEL command is currently processing one or more page data set. The data set will have DEL status in the DISPLAY ASM command output. No additional PAGEDEL commands will be accepted while this command is in progress.

System action

The system continues processing normally.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGDSP

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE201I

PAGEDEL COMMAND - DATA SET NAME dsname reason

Explanation

In processing a PAGEDEL command, the system determined that PAGEDEL could not be performed on data set dsname because of the reason given in the message.

reason is one of the following:

SPECIFIED MORE THAN ONCE IN PAGEDEL COMMAND

Explanation: The data set is not valid because it duplicates a previously specified data set name in the same PAGEDEL command.

System Action: The system performs no further validity checks on this name, because such checks were performed on the first occurrence of the name in the command. Validity checking continues with the next data set name specified in the command, if any.

Operator Response: Eliminate the duplicate data set name. Reenter the corrected PAGEDEL command.

IS NOT IN USE AS A LOCAL PAGE DATA SET

Explanation: The data set is not valid because the system is not currently using it as a local page data set (if processing the page data set type).

System Action: The system performs other validity checks on this name to look for additional errors. Validity checking then continues with the next data set name specified in the command, if any.

Operator Response: Correct the data set name. Reenter the corrected PAGEDEL command.

• (TRUNCATED) HAS AN INVALID LENGTH

Explanation: The data set name is longer than the maximum allowed for a page or swap data set name. The system truncates the data set to this length.

System Action: The system performs no further validity checks on this name. Validity checking continues with the next data set name specified in the command, if any.

Operator Response: Correct the data set name. Reenter the corrected PAGEDEL command.

IS SPECIFIED AS REPLACEMENT BUT IS ALREADY IN USE

Explanation: The data set name is specified as the name for a replacement data set, but the name is already in use as a page data set (if processing the page data set type).

System Action: The system performs other validity checks on this name to look for additional errors. Validity checking then continues with the next data set name specified in the command, if any.

Operator Response: Correct the data set name. Reenter the corrected PAGEDEL command.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGDEL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE202I

PAGEDEL COMMAND - UNABLE TO PROCESS COMMAND text

Explanation

The system could not process a PAGEDEL command. text is one of the following:

• DUE TO A SYNTAX ERROR: SWAP DATA SETS NO LONGER SUPPORTED

Explanation: SWAP data sets are no longer supported.

System Action: The system will continue without processing the SWAP data sets.

Operator Response: Notify the system programmer.

System Programmer Response: Re-examine what you were trying to do and find a supported way to do it.

• DUE TO INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE

Explanation: The system could not process the PAGEDEL command because the system could not obtain the required virtual storage.

System Action: The system ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Notify the system programmer.

System Programmer Response: Wait until more virtual storage is available or actively go about freeing up virtual storage.

• DUE TO INSUFFICIENT AUXILIARY STORAGE

Explanation: The system could not process the command because processing would have resulted in a shortage of usable auxiliary storage.

System Action: The system ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Do one of the following:

- Postpone the PAGEDEL until auxiliary storage utilization is lower.
- Enter a PAGEADD command for one or more page data sets to provide additional auxiliary storage. Then
 reenter the PAGEDEL command.
- BECAUSE DATA SET NAME LIST IS NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation: The system could not process the command because the auxiliary storage manager (ASM) could not build the ASM data set name list at IPL.

System Action: The system ends PAGEDEL processing. The PAGEADD, PAGEDEL, and DISPLAY ASM commands will not be usable for this IPL.

Operator Response: Notify the system programmer.

System Programmer Response: On a subsequent IPL, you may want to specify an increased common storage area (CSA) allocation, so ASM can build the data set name list.

BECAUSE INVALID DATA SET NAMES(S) WERE SPECIFIED

Explanation: The system could not process the command because one or more of the specified data set names were incorrect.

System Action: Message IEE201I will precede IEE202I to indicate why the data set names are incorrect. The system ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Correct the data set names indicated by message IEE201I. Then reenter the PAGEDEL command.

• BECAUSE RECOVERY ENVIRONMENT COULD NOT BE ESTABLISHED

Explanation: The system could not establish recovery.

System Action: The system ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Notify the system programmer.

• DUE TO A SYNTAX ERROR: MISSING OR INVALID COMMAND OPTION

Explanation: The command option DELETE, REPLACE, or DRAIN was missing or incorrect.

System Action: The system performs no further syntax checking and ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Correct the PAGEDEL command syntax. Reenter the command.

System Programmer Response: Try to figure out why recovery could not be established.

• DUE TO A SYNTAX ERROR: MISSING OR INVALID DATA SET TYPE KEYWORD

Explanation: The data set type keyword PAGE or SWAP was missing or incorrect.

System Action: The system performs no further syntax checking and ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Correct the PAGEDEL command syntax. Reenter the command.

DUE TO A SYNTAX ERROR: NULL DATA SET NAME

Explanation: One delimiter immediately followed another when the system expected a data set name.

System Action: The system performs no further syntax checking and ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Correct the PAGEDEL command syntax. Reenter the command.

• DUE TO A SYNTAX ERROR: INVALID DELIMITER, COMMA OR BLANK EXPECTED

Explanation: The system found a delimiter other than a comma or blank where it expected only a comma or blank.

System Action: The system performs no further syntax checking and ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Correct the PAGEDEL command syntax. Reenter the command.

DUE TO A SYNTAX ERROR: INVALID DELIMITER, LEFT PARENTHESIS EXPECTED

Explanation: The system found a delimiter other than a left parenthesis where it expected only a left parenthesis.

System Action: The system performs no further syntax checking and ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Correct the PAGEDEL command syntax. Reenter the command.

• DUE TO A SYNTAX ERROR: INVALID DELIMITER, COMMA EXPECTED

Explanation: The system found a delimiter other than a comma where it expected only a comma.

System Action: The system performs no further syntax checking and ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Correct the PAGEDEL command syntax. Reenter the command.

DUE TO A SYNTAX ERROR: INVALID DELIMITER, RIGHT PARENTHESIS EXPECTED

Explanation: The system found a delimiter other than a right parenthesis where it expected only a right parenthesis.

System Action: The system performs no further syntax checking and ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Correct the PAGEDEL command syntax. Reenter the command.

• DUE TO A SYNTAX ERROR: INVALID DELIMITER, LEFT PARENTHESIS

Explanation: The system found a left parenthesis that was not syntactically correct.

System Action: The system performs no further syntax checking and ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Correct the PAGEDEL command syntax. Reenter the command.

• DUE TO A SYNTAX ERROR: INVALID DELIMITER, RIGHT PARENTHESIS

Explanation: The system found a right parenthesis that was not syntactically correct.

System Action: The system performs no further syntax checking and ends PAGEDEL processing.

Operator Response: Correct the PAGEDEL command syntax. Reenter the command.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGDEL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE203I

PAGEDEL COMMAND - ERROR IN PROCESSING TPARTBLE - FUTURE QUICK OR WARM STARTS WILL HAVE UNPREDICTABLE RESULTS

Explanation

While processing the PAGEDEL command, the system failed to read or write the temporary page activity reference table (TPARTBLE). Therefore, the TPARTBLE may contain incorrect information about the page data set configuration. The TPARTBLE may also contain incorrect information about which types of IPL are permissible, so future quick or warm start IPLs may have unpredictable results.

System action

PAGEDEL command processing continues. The system continues processing this IPL.

Operator response

Determine why the TPARTBLE read or write failed. The most likely cause of failure is a problem with the PLPA page data set. Correct the problem. Ensure that the next IPL is a cold start IPL (CLPA). In any case, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

For software errors, look in the logrec data set error record for problem-related data.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGDEL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE204I

PAGEDEL COMMAND - ERROR IN PROCESSING SYS1.STGINDEX - FUTURE WARM STARTS WILL FAIL

Explanation

While processing a PAGEDEL command, the system could not update the VIO journaling data set with new versions of saved VIO information, which is required for subsequent warm starts.

System action

PAGEDEL command processing continues. The system continues processing this IPL.

Operator response

Ensure that the next IPL is a cold or quick start (with CLPA or CVIO option). An attempt to warm start will either fail, if the temporary page activity reference table (TPARTBLE) is still usable, or have unpredictable results.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPREAD

Routing code

*

5

IEE205I

PAGEDEL COMMAND - {LOCAL PAGE|SWAP} DATA SET dsname text

Explanation

The system could not process a data set or successfully processed the data set.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the data set.

text

Further explains the message:

- NOT DELETED DUE TO INDETERMINATE ERROR
- NOT REPLACED DUE TO INDETERMINATE ERROR
- NOT DRAINING DUE TO INDETERMINATE ERROR
- NOT DELETED DUE TO INSUFFICIENT AUXILIARY STORAGE
- NOT REPLACED DUE TO INSUFFICIENT AUXILIARY STORAGE
- NOT DELETED DUE TO INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE
- NOT REPLACED DUE TO INSUFFICIENT VIRTUAL STORAGE
- NOT REPLACED DUE TO READ I/O ERROR
- NOT REPLACED DUE TO WRITE I/O ERROR
- NOT REPLACED REPLACEMENT DATA SET TOO SMALL
- NOT REPLACED OPEN FAILED FOR REPLACEMENT: aaaa,bbbb,cccc, where:

aaaa

ILROPS00 return code

bbbb

allocation error reason code

cccc

allocation information reason code

- NOT REPLACED REPLACEMENT COULD NOT BE SERIALIZED
- NOT DRAINING DATA SET WAS PREVIOUSLY MARKED BAD
- DELETED nnnnnnnK ESQA/SQA USED PROCESSING PAGEDEL COMMAND where:

nnnnnnn

Initial amount of ESQA/SQA storage used to delete the page data set. The ESQA/SQA storage usage might decrease if auxiliary storage slots become free when data is migrated from the deleted data set to other data sets. Only the initial amount of ESQA/SQA storage is reported.

- · REPLACED BY dsname
- DRAINING

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGDEL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE206I

PAGEDEL COMMAND ACCEPTED - PAGEDEL [IN PROGRESS | ALREADY ACTIVE]

Explanation

The operator entered a PAGEDEL command to process one or more page or swap data sets. The system issues one of the following messages:

PAGEDEL COMMAND ACCEPTED - PAGEDEL IN PROGRESS

The system accepts the PAGEDEL command. This message remains on the screen until PAGEDEL processing completes.

PAGEDEL COMMAND NOT ACCEPTED - PAGEDEL ALREADY ACTIVE

The system does not accept the PAGEDEL command because it is already processing another PAGEDEL command. The system accepts no additional PAGEDEL commands while this command is in progress.

System action

The system rejects the PAGEDEL command if another PAGEDEL command is in progress. Otherwise, the system starts PAGEDEL processing.

Operator response

If the PAGEDEL command is rejected because another PAGEDEL command is active, wait until the active command completes. Reenter the command.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGDEL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

2.5

IEE207I

timestamp DISPLAY ASM text

Explanation

This message is issued in response to a DISPLAY ASM,SCM command. Information regarding storage-class memory (SCM) that is being used for paging is displayed.

In the message text:

timestamp

Specifies the time the command was issued.

STATUS

Indicates whether storage-class memory (SCM) is currently being used for paging:

IN-USE

Indicates that storage-class memory (SCM) is being used for paging.

NOT-USED

Indicates that storage-class memory (SCM) is not being used for paging. This status can result from any of the following conditions:

- There is no SCM installed.
- SCM is installed and online, but PAGESCM=NONE was specified in the IEASYSxx parmlib member to indicate that SCM should not be used for paging.
- SCM is installed but is not currently online.

FULL

The percentage of storage-class memory (SCM) that is currently in use by ASM. The amount used in this calculation does not include the amount of SCM that is unusable because of an error condition.

SIZE

The total amount of storage-class memory (SCM) that is available for paging. The value displayed is the number of 4-kilobyte blocks with leading zeroes suppressed.

USED

The amount of storage-class memory (SCM) that is currently in use to hold data. The value displayed is the number of 4-kilobyte blocks with leading zeroes suppressed.

IN-ERROR

The amount of storage-class memory (SCM) that is unusable because of an error condition. The value displayed is the number of 4-kilobyte blocks with leading zeroes suppressed.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGDSP

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE220I

PFKTABxx: SKIPPING TO PFKTAB STATEMENT. ONE OR MORE PFK DEFINITIONS PRECEDE THE FIRST PFKTAB STATEMENT.

Explanation

Processing for a SET PFK command found an error in the PFKTABxx parmlib member. The PFK definitions appeared before the first PFKTAB statement.

In the message text:

PFKTAB*xx*

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

System action

The system continues processing specifications in PFKTABxx, skipping all data until it locates the first valid PFKTABxx statement.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization correct the PFKTABxx member.

Source

Device independent display operator console support (MCS)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE221I

PFKTABxx LINE nnn: SKIPPING TO PFKTAB STATEMENT. text

Explanation

The SET PFK command found an error in the PFKTABxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

PFKTAB*xx*

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

nnn

The line number where the error occurred.

UNRECOGNIZED STATEMENT TYPE

The system did not find a PFKTABxx statement as the first non-comment data. The system skips data until it finds a PFKTAB statement.

UNRECOGNIZED KEYWORD keyword

The system found a keyword as the first non-comment data in the parmlib member. The valid statement type PFKTAB must be the first non-comment data item in the parmlib member. The system skips data until it finds a valid PFKTAB statement. In the message text:

keyword

The misplaced keyword.

MISPLACED PFKTAB STATEMENT

The system found a PFKTAB statement identifier that was not the first non-comment data. The system skips data until it finds a valid PFKTAB statement.

TABLE KEYWORD FOUND WHICH DOES NOT IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW PFKTAB

The system found a TABLE keyword, but a PFKTAB statement did not immediately precede the TABLE keyword. The system skips data until it finds a valid PFKTAB statement.

PFKTAB FOUND BUT TABLE KEYWORD DOES NOT IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW

The system found a PFKTAB statement, but the TABLE keyword did not immediately follow the statement. The system skips data until it finds a valid PFKTAB statement.

TABLE NAME NOT VALID. MUST BE 1 TO 8 ALPHANUMERIC CHARACTERS.

The name of the PFK table specified in the TABLE keyword on the PFKTAB statement is not 1 to 8 alphanumeric characters in length. The system skips data until it finds a valid PFKTAB statement.

TABLE(tttttttt) SPECIFIED ON A PRECEDING PFKTAB STATEMENT

The system is currently processing a PFKTAB statement with the specified table name. The system skips data until it finds a valid PFKTAB statement.

In the message text:

ttttttt

The table name.

System action

The system continues processing the valid specifications in PFKTABxx.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization, correct the PFKTABxx member.

Source

Device independent display operator console support (MCS)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE222I

PFKTABxx TABLE (tttttttt): MISSING RIGHT PARENTHESIS FOR TABLE KEYWORD VALUE ASSUMED

Explanation

The TABLE parameter on the last statement in the PFKTABxx parmlib member is missing a right parenthesis. The system assumes that the right parenthesis is present and that the next data in the member is another PFKTAB statement or end-of-file. In the message text:

PFKTABxx

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

ttttttt

The table name.

System action

The system continues processing the valid specifications in PFKTABxx.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization, correct the PFKTABxx member.

Source

Device independent display operator console support (MCS)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE223I

PFKTABxx TABLE (tttttttt): SKIPPING TO PFKTAB STATEMENT OR PFK. reason

Explanation

Processing for a SET PFK command found an error in the PFKTABxx parmlib member. In the message text:

PFKTAB*xx*

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

ttttttt

The name of the PFK that contains the error.

reason

One of the following:

PFK DEFINITION DOES NOT IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW TABLE KEYWORD

The system found a PFKTAB statement with a TABLE keyword, but a PFK definition did not immediately follow the TABLE keyword. The SET PFK command skips all data until it finds a PFK definition or PFKTAB statement.

PFK VALUE OUTSIDE THE RANGE 1 TO 24

The PFK value was not a valid number from 1 to 24. The system skips all data until it finds a PFK definition or PFKTAB statement.

System action

The system continues processing the specifications in PFKTABxx.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization, correct the PFKTABxx member.

Source

Device independent display operator console support (MCS)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE224I

PFKTABxx TABLE(ttttttt): PFK(nn) DEFINITION IGNORED. PFK(nn) SPECIFIED ON A PRECEDING PFK DEFINITION

Explanation

The SET PFK command found an error in the PFKTABxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

PFKTABxx

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

ttttttt

The name of the PFK table that contains the error.

nn

The erroneous PFK number.

System action

The system continues processing the valid specifications in PFKTABxx. The system ignores the duplicate PFK definition and skips all data until it finds another PFK definition or PFKTAB statement.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization, correct the PFKTABxx member.

Source

Device independent display operator console support (MCS)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE225I

PFKTABxx TABLE(ttttttttt) PFK(nn): reason

Explanation

Processing for a SET PFK command found an error in the PFKTABxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

PFKTABxx

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

ttttttt

The name of the PFK table that contains the error.

nn

The erroneous PFK number.

reason

One of the following:

UNRECOGNIZED KEYWORD keyword IGNORED

The system found an unrecognizable keyword on the PFK definition. CMD, KEY, and CON are the only keywords allowed on the PFK definition.

In the message text:

keyword

The unrecognized keyword.

The SET PFK command ignores the keyword and skips all data up to:

- The next right parenthesis, if a left parenthesis follows the keyword
- A blank
- · The next PFK definition
- · A PFKTAB statement

DUPLICATE keyword KEYWORD IGNORED

The system ignores the duplicate keyword. In the message text:

kevword

The unrecognized keyword.

MISSING RIGHT PARENTHESIS FOR keyword KEYWORD VALUE ASSUMED

The system assumed that a right parenthesis on a keyword was present. The next data item in the PFKTABxx member is another PFK definition, PFKTAB statement, or end-of-file. In the message text:

keyword

The unrecognized keyword.

keyword2 MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE WITH keyword1. keyword2 IGNORED.

The two keywords cannot be specified on the same PFK definition. The valid values are CMD / KEY or KEY / CMD. The system processes *keyword1* and ignores *keyword2*. In the message text:

keyword1

The first keyword found by the system.

keyword2

The second keyword found by the system.

CON VALUE NOT VALID, CONn APPLIED.

The value for the CON keyword was not valid. Y and N are the only valid values. The system uses the default value of n for the CON keyword.

nn specified for both key and PFK keywords. Key ignored.

The PFK being defined is also in the key list for itself. The same value is specified for both the PFK and KEY keywords. Since a PFK cannot be defined as itself, the SET PFK command ignores the KEY keyword. In the message text:

nn

The duplicate PFK value.

nn ALREADY PART OF A KEY LIST. KEY IGNORED

The definition of a PFK value already appears in the key list for a different PFK that was previously defined. The previously defined key appears in the PFK table. The system command ignores the KEY keyword. In the message text:

nn

The duplicate PFK value.

keyword VALUE NOT VALID. keywd IGNORED

The value for a keyword is not valid; KEY and CMD are the only valid values. In the message text:

keyword

The unrecognized keyword.

- For KEY, the keyword value must be a list of keys with values between 1 and 24 separated by blanks or commas.
- For CMD, the keyword value must be 1 to 126 characters surrounded by single or double quotation marks.

The SET PFK command ignores the keyword, and skips all data up to the next right parenthesis, the next PFK definition, or the next PFKTAB statement.

In the message text:

kevword

The keyword with an incorrect value.

KEY VALUE NOT VALID. nn DEFINED AS A LIST OF KEYS. KEY IGNORED.

A PFK value in the key list was previously defined as a list of keys in the PFK table. The system ignores KEY. In the message text:

nn

The PFK value.

MORE THAN 62 KEYS SPECIFIED IN THE KEY VALUE. KEY IGNORED

More than 62 keys were specified in the key list. The SET PFK command ignores the KEY keyword.

System action

The system continues processing the valid specifications in PFKTABxx.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization, correct the PFKTABxx member.

Source

Device independent display operator console support (MCS)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE226I

PFKTABxx: PREMATURE END OF FILE DETECTED text

Explanation

Processing for a SET PFK command found an error in the PFKTABxx parmlib member.

text is one of the following:

PFKTABxx

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

INCOMPLETE PFKTAB STATEMENT IGNORED

The system was expecting more input for the last PFKTAB statement or PFK definition.

INCOMPLETE KEYWORD keyword IGNORED

The system did not recognize a keyword on the last PFKTAB statement or PFK definition.

System action

The system continues processing. PFK tables specified correctly in PFKTABxx remain available.

System programmer response

Check the syntax of the last statement in PFKTABxx to see if it is a complete PFKTAB statement or PFK definition.

Source

Device independent display console support (MCS)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE227I

PFKTABxx UNBALANCED COMMENT FOUND. SIGNIFICANT DATA MAY BE LOST

Explanation

Processing for a SET PFK command found an error in the PFKTABxx parmlib member. A slash asterisk (/*) delimiter was found but a matching asterisk slash (*/) delimiter was not found before end-of-file. The system ignores all data from the slash asterisk (/*) to the end-of-file.

In the message text:

PFKTABxx

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

System action

The system continues processing. The PFK tables specified correctly in PFKTABxx remain available.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization, correct the PFKTABxx member.

Source

Device independent display console support (MCS)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE228I

PFKTABxx: NO VALID STATEMENTS FOUND.

Explanation

Processing for a SET PFK command found that the PFKTABxx parmlib member did not contain any valid PFKTAB statements.

In the message text:

PFKTAB*xx*

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE229I

PFKTABxx: PROCESSING TERMINATED. INSUFFICIENT STORAGE

Explanation

During processing for a SET PFK command, the system could not obtain enough storage.

In the message text:

PFKTABxx

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

System action

The system stops processing the PFKTABxx member. The system then continues processing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter the command again at a later time.
- Enter the command again, using a different PFKTABxx member.

If the problem persists, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE230I

PFKTABxx LINE nnn: PROCESSING TERMINATED. SYSTEM ERROR. RETURN CODE:return-code REASON CODE:reason-code

Explanation

An unexpected error occurred while the system was parsing the PFKTABxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

PFKTABxx

The parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

nnn

The relative line number within the PFKTABxx member.

reason-code

The reason code.

return-code

The return code

System action

The system stops processing the PFKTABxx member. The system continues other processing. If the error occurred during system initialization, the system uses the IBM default PFK definitions for all consoles.

Operator response

To replace the IBM default PFK definitions, enter the SET PFK command for the appropriate PFKTABxx parmlib member. Then issue a CONTROL N,PFK command for each console while specifying the PFK table for that console.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB816

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE232I

IBM DEFAULT PFKS USED FOR CONSOLE name, text.

Explanation

While the system was performing program function key (PFK) processing to initialize a console, an error occurred.

name

The name of the console that was being initialized when the failure was detected.

text

One of the following:

NO PFK TABLES REQUESTED

The CONSOLxx parmlib member did not specify the name of a PFK table to be used for console.

TABLE tttttttt NOT FOUND

The CONSOLxx parmlib member specified *tttttttt* as the name of the PFK table that should be used for the console, but *tttttttt* was not one of the PFK tables that was available for use.

PFK TABLE INITIALIZATION NOT COMPLETE

The CONSOLxx parmlib member requested a PFKTABxx member to be used to define PFK tables for consoles. Initialization of the PFK tables was not complete when the specified console was being initialized.

System action

The system uses the IBM default PFK definitions for the console.

Operator response

If desired, do the following:

- 1. Enter the SET PFK command to define the available PFK tables, if the IBM default PFK definitions are not appropriate.
- 2. Enter the SET PFK command to define the available PFK tables.
- 3. Enter the CONTROL N,PFK command to specify the PFK table to be used for the console.

System programmer response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

NO PFK TABLE REQUESTED

Update the CONSOLxx parmlib member for the console to include a PFK table name to be used.

TABLE ttttttt NOT FOUND

Check the PFK table name specified for the console in the CONSOLxx parmlib member. If the table name is incorrect, change it to a valid PFK table name. If the table name is correct, ensure that the PFK table is defined in the PFKTABxx parmlib member.

PFK TABLE INITIALIZATION NOT COMPLETE

No response necessary. Ask the operator to enter CONTROL N,PFK when the system has completed initialization.

Source

The following:

- Communications task (COMMTASK)
- Device independent display operator console support (MCS)
- · Master scheduler

Module

IEAVC701, IEECVFTU, IEE8C03D

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE233I

PF KEYS CANNOT BE USED ON CONSOLE consname reason.

Explanation

While the system was initializing a console, a failure occurred during PFK processing.

consname

The console name.

reason

One of the following:

IBM DEFAULT PFKS NOT FOUND

The system could not locate the IBM default PFK definitions.

INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO CONTAIN THE PFK DEFINITIONS

The system could not obtain the storage needed to process the PFK definitions.

System action

The system does not use the PFK definitions for the console.

Operator response

Depending on the message text, one of the following:

IBM DEFAULT PFKS NOT FOUND

Enter the SET PFK command for the appropriate PFKTABxx parmlib member. Then enter the CONTROL N,PFK command to specify a PFK table for the console.

INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO CONTAIN THE PFK DEFINITIONS

If the console requires PFKs, vary the console offline, then vary the device online as a console. If the problem persists, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Depending on the message text, one of the following:

IBM DEFAULT PFKS NOT FOUND

Ensure that SYS1.LINKLIB contains all needed system modules.

INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO CONTAIN THE PFK DEFINITIONS

Wait until there is enough storage to process the request.

Source

Device independent display console support (MCS)

Module

IEECVFTU

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE234I

SYSTEM FAILURE DURING INITIALIZATION OF CONSOLE consname

Explanation

A failure occurred while the system was trying to initialize a console.

In the message text:

consname

The console name.

System action

The system writes an SVC dump. The console will not be available.

Operator response

If you must use the console, enter a VARY CONSOLE command for it. If the problem still recurs, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVFTU

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE235I

PFK TABLES IN PFKTABxx AVAILABLE FOR USE ON SYSTEM sysname hh.mm.ss PFK DISPLAY [idr] text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
[NO PFK DEFINITIONS FOR CONSOLE name]
NO PFK TABLES AVAILABLE FOR USE ON
SYSTEM sysname]
[PFK TABLE ttttttt NOT FOUND IN PFKTABxxON
SYSTEM sysname]
{PFK DEFINITIONS FOR CONSOLE name
    DEFAULTS ARE IN USE}
{PFK DEFINITIONS FOR CONSOLE name
    TABLE=nnnnnnn IN PFKTABxx }
{PFK DEFINITIONS FOR TABLE=nnnnnnn IN
PFKTABxx ON SYSTEM sysname}
KEY#
       CON
                           ----- DEFINITION -----
        {YES}
               {cccccc[,cccccc] ...}
k1
              {k2[,k2] ...}
{NOT DEFINED}
        {NO }
TABLE
        TABLE
                 TABLE
                          TABLE
                                   TABLE
                                            TABLE
```

A DISPLAY PFK command requested display of available program function key (PFK) tables and PFK definitions in a specified table or for a specified console. The system issues this display message in response to that command.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time, in hours (00 through 23), minutes (00 through 59), and seconds (00 through 59). If *hh.mm.ss* is 00.00.00, the time of day (TOD) clock is not working.

idr

A 3-digit decimal identifier to be used in a CONTROL C,D command to cancel this status displays if it is:

- Written on typewriter or printer consoles
- Displayed inline (that is, not in a display area) on a display console

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

name

The name of the console whose PFK definitions were requested to be displayed.

sysname

The name of the system where the command processes or to which the PFK data applies.

ttttttt

The name of a PFK table that is available for use. This line is repeated until all the available PFK tables are listed.

TABLE=nnnnnnn

The name of the PFK table that was requested to be displayed.

PFKTABxx

The PFKTABxx parmlib member currently in use, with a suffix of xx.

k1

The PFK that is associated with the definition. This line is repeated for each of the 24 PFKs.

CON

{YES}

{NO}

This indicates if the PFK is conversational (YES) or not (NO).

ccccc

The command associated with the PFK. If multiple commands were specified, they are separated by a semi-colon. If the command is too long to fit on one line, it will be split and continued on following lines.

k2

The list of keys that are associated with the PFK. If multiple keys were specified in the key list, the keys will be separated by commas. If the list of keys is too long to fit on one line, it will be split and continued on following lines.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE40110

Routing code

-.**

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE236I

ERROR IN (CPU) RECONFIGURATION PROCESSING.

Explanation

While processing a reconfiguration request, the system experienced an unexpected program error.

In the message text:

CPU

Central processor.

System action

The system does not perform the reconfiguration requested by the CONFIG command. The system tries to write:

- · A logrec data set error record
- A dump

Operator response

Do the following:

- 1. Enter DISPLAY M to display the status of the resources you have been trying to reconfigure.
- 2. Enter the CONFIG command again.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEERESTA

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE239I

{CPU(x)|CORE(x)} NOT RECONFIGURED {ONLINE|PHYSICALLY OFFLINE} -- text

Explanation

A CONFIG command requested that the system reconfigure a CPU or core online or offline. The system was unable to perform physical reconfiguration because the service processor detected an error condition.

In the message text:

SERVICE PROCESSOR BUSY

The service processor could not process the CONFIG command because it is processing another request.

REQUIRED SYSTEM RESOURCE NOT AVAILABLE

The system could not process the CONFIG command because a software resource needed by the service processor was in use.

SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE

The service processor could not process the CONFIG command because of an internal service processor

SERVICE PROCESSOR ERROR

The service processor indicated that the central processor reconfiguration hardware is not installed; however, the hardware indicators show that the CPU or core reconfiguration hardware is installed.

TARGET HARDWARE ERROR

One of the following occurred:

- An error occurred during a target equipment check that is associated with the resource being configured or deconfigured. The state of the resource changed. The error is not associated with the service-call logical processor (SCLP).
- An error occurred during a target equipment check that is associated with the resource being configured or reconfigured. The state of the resource did not change. The error is not associated with the SCLP.

{CPU|CORE} ID NOT RECOGNIZED BY SERVICE PROCESSOR

The service processor did not recognize the CPU or core identifier; however, the hardware indicators show that this identifier is valid.

{CPU|CORE} NOT AVAILABLE

The specified CPU or core is not a part of this configuration.

{CPU|CORE} IS POWERED OFF

The specified CPU or core is powered off.

WOULD REMOVE LAST {CPU|CORE}

The standard CPU or core cannot be reconfigured offline because it is the last standard CPU or core.

System action

Depending on the value of text, the system does the following:

SERVICE PROCESSOR BUSY

REQUIRED SYSTEM RESOURCE NOT AVAILABLE

SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE

SERVICE PROCESSOR ERROR

{CPU|CORE} ID NOT RECOGNIZED BY SERVICE PROCESSOR

The system does not reconfigure the CPU or core online or physically offline. If the request was OFFLINE, the system takes the CPU or core logically offline.

{CPU|CORE} NOT AVAILABLE

The system does not reconfigure the CPU or core online or physically offline. If the request was OFFLINE, the CPU or core is already offline in another configuration.

{CPU|CORE} IS POWERED OFF

The system does not reconfigure the CPU or core online.

WOULD REMOVE LAST {CPU|CORE}

The system does not reconfigure the CPU or core offline.

$\{CPU|CORE\}(x)$ NOT ONLINE

The system does not reconfigure the CPU or core online.

Operator response

Do the following:

- 1. Enter DISPLAY MATRIX=CPU to display the status of CPUs (when LOADxx specifies PROCVIEW CPU) or DISPLAY MATRIX=CORE to display the status of cores (when LOADxx specifies PROCVIEW CORE). For more information on the DISPLAY command, see *z/OS MVS System Commands*.
- 2. Depending on the value of text, do the following:

SERVICE PROCESSOR BUSY

REQUIRED SYSTEM RESOURCE NOT AVAILABLE

SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE

Enter the CONFIG command again. If the problem recurs, contact hardware support.

SERVICE PROCESSOR ERROR

{CPU|CORE} ID NOT RECOGNIZED BY SERVICE PROCESSOR

Contact hardware support.

{CPU|CORE} NOT AVAILABLE

Make the specified CPU or core a part of this configuration. Enter the CONFIG command again.

{CPU|CORE} IS POWERED OFF

Make sure the CPU or core is powered on. Enter the CONFIG command again.

WOULD REMOVE LAST {CPU|CORE}

Check the status of the CPU or core.

$\{CPU|CORE\}(x)$ NOT ONLINE

Make sure the specified CPU or core is online. Enter the CONFIG command again.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCVPH

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE241I

{CPU(x)|CORE(x)} NOT RECONFIGURED {OFFLINE|ONLINE} -- text

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a CPU or core online or offline. The system was unable to perform the requested reconfiguration; the message text gives the reason.

In the message text:

DUE TO RPSGNL SWITCH FAILURE ON TARGET CPU

RPSGNL SWITCH failed to initiate the CPU ending routine.

DUE TO SYSTEM RECOVERY

Alternate CPU recovery (ACR) processing removed a CPU during CONFIG command processing.

WOULD REMOVE LAST CPU AVAILABLE FOR JOB SCHEDULING

A CPU cannot be removed because it is the only one in the system that can be used for scheduling jobs.

WOULD RESULT IN A NO CLOCK CONDITION

A CPU could not be taken offline because it is the only CPU in the complex with a functioning time-of-day (TOD) clock.

ERROR WHILE PERFORMING SIGP RESTART

An error occurred on a CPU during SIGP RESTART processing.

ERROR WHILE PERFORMING SIGP INITIAL CPU RESET

An error occurred on the target a CPU during SIGP INITIAL processor RESET processing.

ERROR WHILE PERFORMING SIGP SET PREFIX

An error occurred on the target a CPU during SIGP SET PREFIX processing.

CPU INITIALIZATION PROCESSING DID NOT BEGIN

Processor initialization did not start on a CPU.

CPU INITIALIZATION PROCESSING DID NOT COMPLETE

Processor initialization did not complete on a CPU.

CLOCKS CANNOT BE SYNCHRONIZED

CPU reconfiguration process failed because TOD clocks could not be synchronized.

ERROR CREATING SYSTEM TRACE AREAS

A CPU could not be brought online because the system trace areas could not be created for it.

ERROR CREATING MACHINE CHECK HANDLER AREAS

A CPU could not be brought online because the machine check handler areas could not be created for it.

ERROR CREATING CPU-RELATED LINKAGE STACKS

A CPU could not be brought online because the central processor-related linkage stacks could not be created

ERROR OBTAINING STORAGE

A CPU could not be brought online because storage could not be obtained for processor-related system data areas.

ERROR LOCATING FRR INITIALIZATION ROUTINE

A CPU could not be brought online because a routine could not be located in the system nucleus.

ESTAE COULD NOT BE ESTABLISHED

The recovery environment for CPU or core reconfiguration could not be established.

ID NOT RECOGNIZED

The reconfiguration operation was canceled because the specified CPU or core identifier is incorrect.

{CPU|CORE} NOT AVAILABLE

The reconfiguration operation was canceled because the requested CPU or core does not belong to this configuration.

WOULD REMOVE LAST {CPU|CORE}

The target CPU or core cannot be removed because it is the only one in the system.

UNABLE TO OBTAIN {CPU|CORE} STATUS, SERVICE PROCESSOR COMMUNICATION FAILURE

The reconfiguration operation was cancelled because of a CPU or core interface error.

UNABLE TO CONFIGURE CRYPTO OFFLINE

The operator tried to configure offline a CPU with an associated Integrated Cryptographic Feature (ICRF) but the system could not configure the ICRF offline. If no logrec data set error record accompanies this message, one of the following has occurred:

- The system detected an incorrect parameter.
- The processor or ICRF is not in a suitable state to be configured offline. For example, the ICRF is not installed on the processors.

UNABLE TO OBTAIN STORAGE FOR ENF SIGNAL

The operator tried to configure offline a CPU with an associated Integrated Cryptographic Feature (ICRF) but the system could not obtain storage to issue an ENF signal.

REQUIRES HIPERDISPATCH ENABLED

A CPU ID greater than x'3F' has been dynamically added to the system while HiperDispatch mode is disabled. To configure a CPU or core with a CPU address greater than x'3F', HiperDispatch mode must be enabled.

PROCESSOR TYPE MISMATCH

A CONFIG $\{CPU(x)|CORE(x)\}$, ONLINE $\{OFFLINE\}$ or CONFIG MEMBER command was issued with a CPU or core type specification, and the subject CPU or core is not of the specified type.

System action

The system cancels the reconfiguration and tries to return the CPU or core to the state it was in before reconfiguration processing began.

Operator response

Do the following:

- 1. Enter DISPLAY MATRIX=CPU to display the status of CPUs (when LOADxx specifies PROCVIEW CPU) or DISPLAY MATRIX=CORE to display the status of cores (when LOADxx specifies PROCVIEW CORE). For more information on the DISPLAY command, see *z/OS MVS System Commands*.
- 2. Depending on the value of *text*, do the following:

DUE TO SYSTEM RECOVERY

Check the CPU or core status.

WOULD RESULT IN A NO CLOCK CONDITION

Enter the CONFIG command again when there are other CPUs or cores in the complex with functioning TOD clocks.

CPU INITIALIZATION PROCESSING DID NOT COMPLETE

Enter the CONFIG command again; if the problem persists, notify the system programmer.

ID NOT RECOGNIZED

Enter the CONFIG command again specifying a valid CPU or core identifier.

{CPU|CORE} NOT AVAILABLE

Make sure that the CPU or core is in this configuration. Enter the CONFIG command again.

REQUIRES HIPERDISPATCH ENABLED

Notify the system programmer.

PROCESSOR TYPE MISMATCH

If you entered the intended processor type, notify the system programmer. Otherwise, specify the correct processor type.

For any other message text, enter the CONFIG command again.

System programmer response

If the message text is REQUIRES HIPERDISPATCH ENABLED, enable HiperDispatch mode on the system to configure online CPUs or cores with a CPU address greater than x'3F'.

If the message text is PROCESSOR TYPE MISMATCH, examine the logical partition definition to verify that the processor type is what you intended.

For other message text values, you can search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCVSR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE242I

CPU(x) OFFLINE WITH UNKNOWN STATUS -- CPU TERMINATION PROCESSING DID NOT COMPLETE ON THE TARGET CPU

Explanation

Central processor ending did not complete within the expected time period.

System action

The system takes the target central processor offline.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCVSR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE243I

CONFIG COMMAND CANCELLED BY THE OPERATOR

Explanation

The operator replied 'C' to the following message:

IEE325D to cancel a request to configure offline the processor associated with the last Integrated Cryptographic Feature in the system.

System action

The system cancels the CONFIG command.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVVFLF

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE244D

REPLY 'S' TO SUSPEND AFFINITY JOB SCHEDULING, OTHERWISE REPLY 'N'

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a CPU offline, but the system is unable to perform the requested reconfiguration because one or more jobs have affinity to that CPU.

System action

The system issues message IEE718I prior to issuing this message. Message IEE718I lists the names of the jobs. The system cancels the CONFIG command, regardless of the reply.

Operator response

Do the following:

- 1. Reply **N** to continue scheduling jobs with affinity to the CPU.
- 2. Reply **S** to stop scheduling jobs with affinity to the CPU.
- 3. Enter CONFIG CPU(x), OFFLINE to request reconfiguration of the CPU offline when no more jobs with affinity to the CPU exist.

4. Enter CONFIG CPU(x), ONLINE to make the CPU available for affinity job scheduling, even if the CPU is already online.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCPLF

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE248I

hh.mm.ss yy.ddd ACTIVITY [idr] text

Explanation

Where text is:

The system issues this message when the operator enters a DISPLAY command with either:

- JOBS, or TS, or A as a single parameter
- The JOBS,LIST or the TS,LIST or the A,LIST parameters

The first three lines of the message text always appear.

If the command is one of the following, some combination of the fourth, fifth, and sixth lines appears:

JOBS,LIST

A list of all:

- Virtual=virtual (V=V) jobs, tasks, and attached transaction programs (ATX) created by the START or MOUNT command. One or two entries appear on each line.
- V=V jobs, virtual=real (V=R) tasks, and V=R attached transaction programs (ATX) created by the START command. One entry appears on each line.

TS,LIST

A list of all active TSO/E users. Up to five entries appear on each line.

A,LIST

A,L

The displays for both JOBS, LIST and TS, LIST.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time, in hours (00 through 23), minutes (00 through 59), and seconds (00 through 59). If *hh.mm.ss* is 00.00.00, the time of day (TOD) clock is not working.

yy.ddd

The date, in years (00 through 99) and days (000 through 366). If *yy.ddd* is 00.000, the system cannot determine the year and the day.

idr

A 3-digit decimal identifier to be used in a CONTROL C,D command to cancel the status displays, if it is:

- Written on typewriter or printer consoles
- Displayed inline (that is, not in a display area) on a display console

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

JOBS

XXXXX

The number of address spaces running under initiators.

M/S

XXXXX

The number of address spaces created by a MOUNT or START command, but not an initiator.

TS USERS

XXXXX

The number of active Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) address spaces.

SYSAS

XXXXX

The number of system address spaces.

INITS

XXXXX

The number of started job entry subsystem (JES) and advanced program-to-program communications (APPC) initiators in the system.

ACTIVE/MAX VTAM

xxxxx/xxxxx

The number of active TSO/E address spaces using the Virtual Telecommunications Access Method (VTAM) and the maximum number of TSO/E address spaces that could use VTAM.

Note: If the value for JOBS is less than the value for INITS, some initiators are inactive. The sum of the values for JOBS, M/S, TS USERS, and SYSAS is the total number of active address spaces.

jjj

One of the following:

- The name of a job or ATX attached by an initiator.
- The procedure name of a task created by a START or MOUNT command.
- **STARTING** if initiation of a started job, task or ATX is incomplete.

SSS

One of the following:

- The step name for a job or ATX attached by an initiator.
- The identifier of a task created by the START command.
- The step name for a step that called a cataloged procedure.
- **STARTING** if initiation of a started job, system task, or ATX is incomplete.

ppp

One of the following:

- The step name within a cataloged procedure that was called by the step specified in field sss.
- Blank, if there is no cataloged procedure.
- For APPC initiated transactions, the userid requesting the transaction.

www

The status of the job, task, ATX or TSO/E address space:

IN

Swapped in.

OUT

Swapped out, ready to run.

OWT

Swapped out, waiting, not ready to run.

ou*

In the process of being swapped out.

IN*

In the process of being swapped in.

NSW

Non-swappable.

ZZ

One of the following:

LW

Address space is in long wait.

Note: LW appears only when the address space is swapped in or is non-swappable. **LW** indicates an abnormal condition.

NF

Address space is not dispatchable because of a failure in the address space.

PR

Address space has a program event recording (PER) SLIP trap active.

X

The type of user:

Α

ATX

J

Job.

S

Started task.

М

Mount.

*

System address space.

stradrK - endadrK

Starting and ending decimal addresses, in kilobytes, of the job or task's V=R region. For example, 00040 K is decimal address 40960.

userid

One of the following:

- The identifier of an active TSO/E user.
- *LOGON*, if initiation of the address space is incomplete.

DISPLAY TRUNCATED - INSUFFICIENT STORAGE

The system cannot obtain enough storage for the display.

NO ENTRIES FOUND WITH USERID = rquserid

The specified userid is not active in the system. In the message text:

rquserid

The identifier of the user that requested the transaction.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If DISPLAY TRUNCATED appears in the message, avoid using the LIST parameter on the DISPLAY command until there is less system activity.

The fields jjj and sss are the procedure name and the identifier to be used in a STOP or MODIFY command, if one is to be entered.

Enter DISPLAY ACTIVE, ALL to obtain a display that includes the system address spaces.

Source

Master scheduler

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE251I

hh.mm.ss PARMLIB DISPLAY | PARMLIB, ERROR[text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
PARMLIB DATA SETS SPECIFIED [error]

[AT IPL | AT hr.mn.sc ON mm/dd/yyyy]

[LOADxx DATA SET = dsname |
PARMLIB CONCATENATION VOLUME=vol | CATALOG]

ENTRY FLAGS VOLUME DATA SET
nn f parmvl parmdsn
: : : :
X D defvol SYS1.PARMLIB
```

- [NO ERRORS IN PARMLIB CONCATENATION]
- [MASTER PROCESSING USING THE FOLLOWING PARMLIBS]

ENTRY nn	FLAGS f	VOLUME parmvl	DATA SET parmdn1
•	•	•	
	:		

ENTRY	FLAGS	VOLUME	DATA SET
nn	f	parmvl	parmdn1
:	:	:	:

This message displays PARMLIB information when a DISPLAY PARMLIB command is issued.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The current time. The time format is in hours (00-23), minutes (00-59) and seconds (00-59).

error

If the DISPLAY PARMLIB,E or DISPLAY PARMLIB,ERRORS command is specified, the following will be included in the message for *error*: BUT NOT FOUND

hr.mn.sc

The time of the last SETLOAD command.

mm/dd/yyyy

The date of the last SETLOAD command.

dsname

The data set where the LOADxx was found. If this field shows PARMLIB CONCATENATION, the member was found using the existing parmlib concatenation.

vol

The volume where the *dsname* resides. CATALOG indicates that the volume was found using the catalog entry for the data set.

nn

The order in which the parmlibs were specified

f

Describes how the parmlibs were specified:

S

the LOADxx PARMLIB statement

D

the default (SYS1.PARMLIB)

parmvl

The volume serial for the parmlib data set. defvol is the volume SYS1.PARMLIB resides on.

parmdsname

The parmlib data set specified in the PARMLIB statement in LOADxx. The data set name can be up to 44 characters long. SYS1.PARMLIB will always be concatenated as the last parmlib, unless it was specified in a PARMLIB statement in LOADxx. If there was no PARMLIB statement in LOADxx, then SYS1.PARMLIB is the default.

parmdn1

The parmlib data set specified in the IEFPARM DD statement in Master JCL. If PARMLIB statements were specified in LOADxx, this section of the message is not displayed.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB984

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE252I

Explanation

This is an informational message that appears only in the hardcopy log when member *member* is found in parmlib dataset *parmdsname*

In the message text:

member

The parmlib member name that is being processed.

parmdsname

The parmlib data set where member member is located. The data set name can be up to 44 characters.

System action

The system continues processing.

System programmer response

Check the hardcopy to see if all the members in parmlib specified in LOADxx or in operator input are being used correctly and are found in the correct parmlib data set.

Source

Master scheduler, IPL/NIP

Module

IEEMB878, IEAVNPM4

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

4

IEE253I

IEFPARM DD STATEMENT IS IGNORED WHEN PARMLIB IS SPECIFIED IN LOADxx

Explanation

This message is issued when the PARMLIB statement in LOADxx is specified and the Master JCL specifies an IEFPARM DD statement. When this happens, the system ignores the the DD statement.

System action

The system continues processing.

System programmer response

Add the data set found in the IEFPARM DD statement to the PARMLIB statements in LOADxx and remove the IEFPARM DD statement.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEAVNP13

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

12

IEE254I

hh.mm.ss IPLINFO DISPLAY text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
SYSTEM IPLED AT hh.mm.ss ON mm/dd/yyyy
RELEASE fmid LICENSE = system
USED LOADxx IN loadxxdsname ON devx
ARCHLVL = n MTLSHARE = Y|N

VALIDATED BOOT: {NO | {ENFORCE|AUDIT},INACTIVE}
IEASYM LIST = s1|NONE
IEASYS LIST = s2{(OP)}
IODF DEVICE: ORIGINAL(iodfdev1) CURRENT(iodfdev2)
IPL DEVICE: ORIGINAL(ipldev1) CURRENT(ipldev2) VOLUME(iplvol)
[vminfo]
```

Displays IPL information when a DISPLAY IPLINFO command is issued.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The current time. The time format is in hours (00-23), minutes (00-59) and seconds (00-59).

hh.mm.ss

The master scheduler initialization completed; the IPL completed. The time format is in hours (00-23), minutes (00-59) and seconds (00-59).

mm/dd/yyyy

The master scheduler initialization completed; the IPL completed. That date format is in month (01-12), day (01-31) and year (0000-9999).

rrrrrrr

The release level of the system being IPLed.

XX

The LOADxx member used to IPL the system.

loadxxdsname

The data set where the LOADxx originated. The data set name will be either:

- SYSn.IPLPARM (where n can be 0–9)
- SYS1.PARMLIB

devx

The device address where the LOADxx member originated. When the device number is in the form *snnnn*, the first digit indicates the subchannel set.

ARCHLVL = n

The value n is either 1 to indicate ESA/390 or 2 to indicate z/Architecture. The value displayed is the value specified (or defaulted) by the ARCHLVL statement of the LOADxx parmlib member.

MTLSHARE = Y|N

MTL tape devices are treated as regular standalone drives (Y), as compared to MTL resident drives (N).

VALIDATED BOOT: NO

VALIDATED BOOT: ENFORCE, INACTIVE VALIDATED BOOT: AUDIT, INACTIVE

Indicates whether this is a validated boot, an audited validated boot, or not a validated boot.

NO

Indicates that is not a validated boot.

ENFORCE

Indicates that this is a validated boot with the "Secure Boot" option identified when doing the IPL.

AUDIT

Indicates that this is a validated boot without the "Secure Boot" option identified when doing the IPL.

INACTIVE

Indicates that validation is no longer being done. Validation ends when the LPA is built. Building of LPA precedes when the DISPLAY IPLINFO command can be issued.

IEASYM LIST = s1

The IEASYMxx member or members used by the IPLed system. s1 can be either a single member name, a list of members (specified in parentheses), or NONE. The default value is NONE.

IEASYS LIST = s2

The IEASYSxx member or members used by the IPLed system. s2 can be either a single member name or a list of members (specified in parentheses).

OP

The IEASYSxx values were specified in LOADxx SYSPARM statements or from the reply to the IEA101A system parameters prompt.

iodfdev1

The device number of the volume where the I/O configuration resided when the system was originally IPLed. When the device number is in the form *snnnn*, the first digit indicates the subchannel set.

iodfdev2

The device number of the volume where the I/O configuration now resides. *iodfdev1* and *iodfdev2* can be the same or can be different if they were primary and secondary of a PPRC pair being monitored for HyperSwap and a HyperSwap has occurred. When the device number is in the form *snnnn*, the first digit indicates the subchannel set.

ipldev1

The SYSRES device number from which the system was originally IPLed. When the device number is in the form *snnnn*, the first digit indicates the subchannel set.

ipldev2

The current SYSRES device number. *ipldev1* and *ipldev2* can be the same or can be different if they were primary and secondary of a PPRC pair being monitored for HyperSwap and a HyperSwap has occurred. When the device number is in the form *snnnn*, the first digit indicates the subchannel set.

iplvol

The IPL volume serial.

system

The IPLed system, z/OS or zNALC (a z/OS system that requested zNALC pricing).

vminfo

When z/OS is running in a virtual machine, *vminfo* is displayed, as follows. The data is provided by the hypervisor via the STSI instruction. See the documentation provided by the hypervisor, if and when available, for details about the data values.

```
VM CPID = vmcpid
VM UUID = vmuuid | VM UUID IS NOT PROVIDED
VM NAME = vmname
VM EXT NAME = vmextname | VM EXT NAME IS NOT PROVIDED | VM EXT NAME IS NOT EBCDIC ENCODED
```

where:

vmcpid

The 16-character control program identifier. For example:

```
VM CPID = zHYPaaS
```

vmuuid

The universally unique identifier (UUID) for the virtual machine, in the 8-4-4-12 format. For example:

```
VM UUID = 72DF625E-AD77-4A6C-865D-B9718A67898F
```

If the value is not provided, the display line shows:

```
VM UUID IS NOT PROVIDED
```

vmname

The 8-character virtual machine name. For example:

```
VM NAME = k8s_4094
```

vmextname

The extended virtual machine name. When available, the name can be from 1–256 characters long. If necessary, the characters will flow to the next line of the display.

• Example 1:

```
VM EXT NAME = k8s_4094bc65b1bb4196b016f4651f0788bc_02u7
```

• Example 2:

```
VM EXT NAME = k8s_4094bc65b1bb4196b016f4651f0788bc_02u7_72df625e-ad77-4a6c-865d -b9718a67898f
```

If the value is not provided, the display line shows:

```
VM EXT NAME IS NOT PROVIDED
```

If the extended virtual machine name is not EBCDIC-encoded, the display line shows:

```
VM EXT NAME IS NOT EBCDIC ENCODED
```

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB985

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE255I

SYSTEM PARAMETER 'sysparm': value

Explanation

In response to a DISPLAY IPLINFO, sysparm command, this message displays the system parameter's value.

In the message text:

sysparm

The system parameter. If an alias of a system parameter was specified on the command, sysparm will display the real system parameter name.

value

the value (either specified in IEASYSxx, or as a system parameter, or defaulted by the system).

- If the length in bytes of the system parameter name plus the length in bytes of the system parameter value is less than 98, a single line WTO is used.
- If the length in bytes of the system parameter name plus the length in bytes of the system parameter value exceeds 97, multiple 71-character lines are used with a new line beginning with the character immediately after the character that filled the previous line.
- If the parameter exceeds 710 characters, only the first 707 characters will be displayed followed by the characters "..." to indicate that there is more data.
- If the system parameter had a trailing ",L", that information is not displayed.
- If the parameter was not provided and has no default, NOT_SPECIFIED is displayed.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB985

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE256I

ZAAPZIIP STATE: state

Explanation

In response to a DISPLAY IPLINFO, ZAAPZIIP, STATE command, this message displays the state of the zAAP on zIIP function.

In the message text:

state

One of the following:

- · ACTIVE: zAAP on zIIP is active
- INACTIVE ZAAPZIIP SYSTEM PARAMETER IS 'NO': The zAAP on zIIP function is not active because system parameter ZAAPZIIP=NO was specified.
- INACTIVE NO ZIIP(S) DEFINED TO THIS LPAR: The zAAP on zIIP function is not active because
 - there are no zIIP(s) defined to this LPAR and

- the dynamic CPU addition function is not enabled so no zIIP(s) can be added to this LPAR after IPL.
- INACTIVE ZAAP(S) DEFINED TO THIS LPAR: The zAAP on zIIP function is not active because one or more zAAPs is defined to this LPAR. The zAAP(s) might be online or offline or in the reserved state.

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB985

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE258I

hh.mm.ss Boost State

Explanation

```
IEE258I hh.mm.ss Boost State
Boost class: {IPL | Shutdown | Recovery process | N/A}
[Requestor: string]
zIIP boost: {active with n transient zIIP cores | inactive}
Speed boost: {active | inactive}

[Recovery Process Boosts: {Enabled|Disabled} at xx.yy.zz on mm/dd/yyyy]

[Recovery Process Boost Usage Information is not available]
[zIIP boost: Total Available: mmmm:ss Used: mmmm:ss Remaining: mmmm:ss
Speed boost: Total Available: mmmm:ss Used: mmmm:ss Remaining: mmmm:ss

Total Available time will be refreshed in hh:mm:ss

[Recovery Process Boost Usage Since IPL
Actual: hhhhh:mm:ss Potential_E: hhhhhh:mm:ss Potential: hhhhh:mm:ss]
```

This message is issued in response to a DISPLAY IPLINFO, BOOST, STATE command, and displays information about System Recovery Boost.

In the message output:

hh.mm.ss

The time in hours (00-23), minutes (00-59), and seconds (00-59) of the DISPLAY IPLINFO, BOOST, STATE command.

N/A

Indicating not applicable, this is shown for the boost class when no boost is active.

Requestor: string

The requestor associated with the time the boost will end (so could be the requestor for "start" or the requestor for "extend"). Displayed only for recovery process boost. The potential values for *string* are:

- · Not identified
- Sysplex Partitioning
- CF Structure Recovery

- CF Datasharing Member Recovery
- Hyperswap
- SVC Dump
- Middleware Region Startup
- Hyperswap Config Load

n

Within "with *n* transient zIIP cores", *n* is the number of cores.

Recovery Process Boosts {Enabled|Disabled} at xx.yy.zz on mm/dd/yyyy

This shows whether recovery process boosts are enabled or disabled overall, and when that status became effective. Since already-active recovery process boosts remain active upon a disablement request, you might see recovery process boosts being active but the overall state of recovery process boosts being disabled. *xx.yy.zz* are the hours, minutes, and seconds and *mm/dd/yyyy* are the month, day, and year.

Note: The format of the time and date is configurable based on location or preference. For example, "xx.yy.zz" can be changed to "xx:yy:zz" and, similarly, "mm/dd/yyyy" can be changed to "yyyy/mm/dd" or "dd/mm/yyyy."

Recovery Process Boost Usage Information

This area is not available with a z15 or lower machine.

Total Available: mmmm:ss

Total allowed recovery process boost time per 24 hours, *mmmm* is the number of minutes, ss is the number of seconds. The first one or two leading digits can be displayed as blanks if zero.

Used: mmmm:ss

The amount of recovery process boost time that has been used within that 24 hour period, *mmmm* is the number of minutes, ss is the number of seconds. The first one or two leading digits can be displayed as blanks if zero.

Remaining: mmmm:ss

The total remaining recovery process boost time for the 24 hour period, *mmmm* is the number of minutes, ss is the number of seconds. The first one or two leading digits can be displayed as blanks if zero.

in: hh:mm:ss

The hours, minutes, seconds until the recovery process boost amount remaining will be refreshed to equal the "total available", and the "amount used" will be reset to zero.

Recovery Process Boost Usage Since IPL

This area displays information about the active recovery process boost since the beginning of the IPL. This area is available only when recovery process boosts are supported.

Actual: hhhh:mm:ss

The hours, minutes, seconds of active recovery process boost, since the beginning of the IPL (the value is not reset every 24 hours). The first digits can be displayed as zero. At least two digits are always displayed.

Potential_E: hhhh:mm:ss

The hours, minutes, seconds of recovery process boost that would have been active if there were no duration limit per 24 hours, while recovery process boosts are Enabled, and the value counts from the beginning of the IPL (the value is not reset every 24 hours). The evaluation of whether or not to add to this accumulated value is made at the time that a boost extends or ends. The first digits can be displayed as blanks if zero. At least two digits are always displayed.

Potential: hhhh:mm:ss

The hours, minutes, seconds of recovery process boost that would have been active if there were no duration limit per 24 hours (whether recovery process boosts are Enabled or Disabled), since the beginning of the IPL (the value is not reset every 24 hours). The first digits can be displayed as blanks if zero. At least two digits are always displayed.

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB985

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE260I

SCHEDxx LINE line: text

Explanation

During system initialization, the system detected an error in the MT specification in the SCHEDxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

SCHED*xx*

The parmlib member in which the system detected an error, with a suffix of xx.

line

In the parmlib member, the number of the line containing the erroneous MT statement.

MT SIZE 24K APPLIED. SIZE VALUE NOT VALID.

The MT value was in error because the value is either:

- Not decimal
- Not specified in kilobytes
- Not within the range 16 kilobytes to 999 kilobytes

The system uses the default value of 24 kilobytes.

USING MT SIZE(*xxxx***). DUPLICATE SIZE IGNORED.**

The SIZE keyword appears more than once on an MT statement. The system ignores the duplicate specification. xxxx is one of the following:

nnnK

The size of the MT table in kilobytes.

NONE

MT data IGNORED. UNRECOGNIZED KEYWORD.

The system encountered data, which is not a keyword defined for the MT statement.

DUPLICATE MT STMT IGNORED.

The system has already processed an MT statement, and ignores the duplicate statement.

MISSING RIGHT PARENTHESIS ASSUMED.

The system encountered an end of statement while searching for a closing right parenthesis.

The system continues processing the data within the SCHEDxx parmlib member. If the following message text appears, the system does the following:

USING MT SIZE(*xxxx***). DUPLICATE SIZE IGNORED.**

The system ignores the duplicate specification.

DUPLICATE MT STMT IGNORED.

The system ignores the duplicate statement.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. Run the IEBPTPCH utility to print the parmlib member.
- 2. Find the incorrect specification and correct the error that the message described.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB889

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE261I

CRYPCTRS State: state

Explanation

The DISPLAY IPLINFO, CRYPCTRS, STATE command completed.

In the message text:

state

The current state of the crypto counter set, based on the CRYPCTRS system parameter and the START IEACTRS, CRYPTO = command, where *state* is one of the following values:

Active

Specified or defaulted by the system parameter or modified by the START IEACTRS, CRYPTO=ACTIVE command.

Inactive

Specified by the CRYPCTRS system parameter or modified by the START IEACTRS, CRYPTO=INACTIVE command.

Never

Either the machine does not support the counters or MACHMIG CRYPCTRS (via LOADxx) is in effect.

The original specification can by viewed by the DISPLAY IPLINFO, sysparm command.

The system continues.

Operator response

None required.

System programmer response

None required.

Source

Supervisor Control

Module

Supervisor Control

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE271I

NO PFK TABLES EXIST [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

A CONTROL N,PFK command requested alteration of a program function key (PFK) command definition. The command referenced a PFK table that does not exist in the system. Either:

- 1. The PFK tables were not specified in the CONSOLxx parmlib member.
- 2. An error occurred during processing of a previously entered SET PFK=xx command.

In the message text:

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system ignores the command.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

• In case 1, enter SET PFK=xx to activate the PFKTABxx parmlib member, if the PFK tables were not specified in the CONSOLxx parmlib member and a PFKTABxx parmlib member exists.

Enter CONTROL N,PFK to define the PFK table for the system to use.

• In case 2, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do one of the following:

- If a PFKTABxx parmlib member does not already exist, create a member to define the PFK tables that the system can use.
- If an error occurred during processing of a SET PFK command, then correct the error in PFKTABxx.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECVFTB, IEE8C03D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE272I

PFK TABLE NOT FOUND IN PFKTABxx [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

A CONTROL N,PFK command requested alteration of a program function key (PFK) command definition. The referenced PFK table is not defined in PFKTABxx, which is the active PFK table parmlib member.

In the message text:

PFKTABxx

The active PFK table parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system ignores the CONTROL N command.

Operator response

Do the following:

- 1. Enter SET PFK=xx for the PFKTABxx parmlib member that contains the requested PFK table definition.
- 2. Enter CONTROL N,PFK to define the PFK table for the system to use.

If the CONTROL command fails, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. Run the IEBPTPCH utility to print the PFKTABxx parmlib member.
- 2. Make sure that the PFKTABxx member contains the definition of the PFK table specified on the CONTROL N,PFK command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECVFTB, IEE8C03D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE273I

command ADDED ROUTING CODES REQUIRED FOR THE HARDCOPY LOG

Explanation

The command requested that the system add or delete specified routing codes to the routing codes already defined for the hard-copy log. The system issues this message to indicate that the command completed successfully.

In the message text:

command

Either VARY or VARY CN.

HARDCOPY LOG

A VARY HARDCPY command was entered to either assign routing codes to the hard-copy log or to delete routing codes from the set that the hard-copy log was receiving. The final set of routing codes that the hard-copy log received did not include routing codes 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10 and 42.

System action

The system adds routing codes 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10 and 42 to the set that the hard-copy log will receive.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE5703D, IEE7203D, CNZK1V52

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE274I

verb CONSOLE name NOT VALID

Explanation

A command specified a console name that does not represent a valid console.

In the message text:

verb

The command verb.

name

The name or identifier of a console specified on the command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do one of the following:

- If the command specified a console identifier, ensure that the identifier is a decimal value between 01 and 99.
- If the command specified a console name, ensure that it is a valid MCS console name and is not a SMCS console name.
- If the identifier of a subsystem console was specified with the VARY command, ensure that the only option specified is AUTH.
- Check to see if the command originated from a ROUTE command (for example RO *ALL or RO *OTHER or RO sysgrpname). Some commands will be rejected if issued from a ROUTE command because it would have modified an IBM internally owned console's attribute.

Source

Master scheduler (SC1B8), Consoles (SC1CK)

Module

IEE0403D, IEE5503D, IEE7103D, CNZK1RCN, IEECB804, IEECB813, CNZK1V32, CNZK1V54, CNZK1V56, IEE40110

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE275I

cmd ROUTING CODE KEYWORD VALUE OF value NOT ALLOWED

Explanation

A VARY CONSOLE or VARY HARDCPY command requested that the system add or delete specified routing codes to the routing codes already defined for a console or the hard-copy log. The value specified for the AROUT or the DROUT keyword was either NONE or ALL. These are not acceptable values for these keywords.

In the message text:

cmd

The command.

value

The value specified for the AROUT or the DROUT keyword.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Use specific routing code values for the AROUT and DROUT keywords. Enter the command again.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB815

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE279A

REPLY id IGNORED; NON DECIMAL ID. SPECIFY REPLY nn.

Explanation

The system expected a reply to a synchronous write to operator with reply (WTOR) message. The operator entered a reply command with a non-decimal identifier.

In the message text:

id

The erroneous identifier on the REPLY command.

nn

The correct identifier on the REPLY command.

System action

The system ignores the reply and waits for a correct reply.

Operator response

Enter a correct reply identifier.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEAVG724

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

4

IEE280A

REPLY id TOO LONG FOR REQUESTOR. RESPECIFY REPLY nn.

Explanation

In response to a synchronous write to operator with reply (WTOR) message, the operator entered a reply command that was too long for the user's buffer.

In the message text:

id

The identifier on the REPLY command.

nn

The correct identifier on the REPLY command.

System action

The system waits for a correct reply.

Operator response

Reenter the reply correctly.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEAVG724

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

4

IEE281A

REPLY id IGNORED; IMPROPER USE OF DELIMITERS. RESPECIFY.

Explanation

The operator entered an incorrect REPLY command when the system expected a different reply to a synchronous write to operator with reply (WTOR) message. The error was one of the following:

- A closing apostrophe did not follow the text when the text was preceded by an apostrophe.
- A character other than a comma, space, or null followed the identifier.

In the message text:

id

The identifier on the REPLY command.

System action

The system ignores the reply and asks for the operator to enter a valid reply.

Operator response

Reenter the reply correctly.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEAVG724

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

4

IEE282A

REPLY *id* EXPECTED; NO OTHER COMMANDS ACCEPTED. SPECIFY REPLY *id*.

Explanation

The operator entered a command other than a REPLY command when the system expected a reply to a synchronous write to operator with reply (WTOR) message.

In the message text:

id

The identifier on the REPLY command.

System action

The system ignores the command and asks for a correct reply. The system does not accept any other commands at this time.

Operator response

Enter the reply correctly.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEAVG724

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

4

IEE283A

REPLY id IGNORED; ONLY REPLY nn ACCEPTED. SPECIFY REPLY nn.

Explanation

The system expected a reply to a synchronous write to operator with reply (WTOR) message. The operator entered a command with the wrong reply identifier.

In the message text:

id

The erroneous identifier on the REPLY command.

nn

The correct identifier on the REPLY command.

System action

The system ignores the reply and waits for a correct reply. The system does not accept any other commands at this time.

Operator response

Enter the reply correctly.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEAVG724

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

4

IEE286I

CONSOLE DELAYED MESSAGE BUFFER FULL. MESSAGES LOST

Explanation

The buffer for the following messages is filled and cannot be expanded:

- Branch-entry write to operator (WTO)
- Branch-entry write to operator with reply (WTOR)
- Delete operator messages (DOM)

System action

Until space becomes available:

- during nucleus initialization program (NIP), the system sends all messages to the console, but not to the hardcopy log
- after NIP, the system does not send branch-entry messages to any console or to the hardcopy log
- the system sends synchronous messages to the console, but not to the hardcopy log.

The system may reject some messages and DOMs (delete operator message). Callers of branch-entry WTO, WTOR, and DOM will receive a return code '40'x.

When space becomes available, message IEE287I will be issued with information about lost messages.

The system may delete some messages. Callers of branch-entry WTO, WTOR, and DOM will receive a return code. When space is regained, the system issues message IEE287I.

Operator response

Because DOMs might have been lost, examine the output of a DISPLAY R command to determine if there are any outstanding messages. If not, remove the DOMs with the CONTROL C command.

If IEE286I remains outstanding without a corresponding IEE287I message and/or repeated thrashing of IEE286I and IEE287I occur, report the problem to your System Programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEAVBWTO

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

4

IEE287I

CONSOLE DELAYED MESSAGE BUFFER ACTIVATED text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
TOTAL MESSAGES NOT DELIVERED: n.
m WERE ACTION/WTOR
TOTAL MESSAGES NOT HARDCOPIED: s.
t WERE ACTION/WTOR
```

This message follows message IEE286I when buffer space becomes available. In the message text:

n

The number of messages that the system did not deliver while the message buffer was full.

m

The number of messages that the system did not deliver while the buffer was full and that were write to operator with reply messages (WTOR).

S

The number of messages that the system did not send to the hard-copy log while the message buffer was full.

t

The number of messages that were action messages or WTORs.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEAVBWTO

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

4

IEE289I

kkkkkkk VALUE vv NOT SUPPORTED

Explanation

A SET command was issued with a parameter that is not supported for this particular SET command. In the message text:

kkkkkkkk

The keyword.

VV

The keyword value, either L or C.

System action

If C was specified, the system rejects the command.

If L was specified, the system processes the command but the L is ignored.

Operator response

If C was specified, syntax checking for this command is not supported. To enable the specified parmlib member(s), issue the command again without the C parameter.

If L was specified, no additional action is necessary.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB811

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE290I

[COMMAND] cm NOT VALID WHILE IN WRAP MODE

Explanation

A command entered cannot be processed while the console is in wrap mode. In the message text:

cm

The command entered.

The system rejects the command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE2003D

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE291I

cm COMMAND REJECTED, SYSTEM sssssss IS NOT ACTIVE

Explanation

In a command, the CMDSYS keyword specified a system name for command association. However, the specified system is not active in the SYSPLEX. The *cm* command is rejected.

In the message text:

cm

The command entered.

SSSSSSS

The system name.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Check the command to be certain that the system name is spelled correctly. Correct typographical errors and reenter the command.

If the system name is spelled correctly, and the specified system is not active in the sysplex, then do not reenter the command until after the specified system joins the sysplex.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEIC03D

Routing code

*

5

IEE294I

cm COMMAND REJECTED. MVS MESSAGE SERVICE NOT ACTIVE

Explanation

The operator entered a SET MMS=NO or a DISPLAY MMS command, but the MVS message service (MMS) was not active.

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter a SET MMS command to start MMS.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB822

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE295I

COMMAND CHANGED BY [EXIT|SYMBOLIC SUBSTITUTION] ORIGINAL: command1 command1a MODIFIED: command2 command2a

Explanation

A system function changed the text of a command. In the message text:

EXIT

Indicates that an installation command exit routine changed a command text.

SYMBOLIC SUBSTITUTION

Indicates that the system substituted text for system symbols in the command text.

command1

Original command text.

command1a

Continuation of original command text, if text could not be displayed on one line.

command2

Modified command text.

command2a

Continuation of modified command text, if text could not be displayed on one line.

950 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

If the text of a command is more than 126 characters long, the system displays only the first 126 characters of the command text.

System action

The system processes the modified command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE0403D

Routing code

Note 13, Note 14

Descriptor code

_

IEE296I

mbrname FAILED BY SECURITY INTERFACE. RC= return-code RSN=reason-code SAFRC=safrc

Explanation

A START or MOUNT command requested that a started task be invoked. The system cannot invoke the started task because the security product (for example, RACF) would not create a security environment for the started task.

In the message text:

mbrname

The member name of the started task that START or MOUNT tried to invoke.

return-code

The return code from the security product in hexadecimal.

reason-code

The reason code from the security product in hexadecimal.

safrc

The return code from the System Authorization Facility (SAF) in hexadecimal.

System action

The system does not run the requested started task.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

Programmer response

See information about the return code in the REQUEST=VERIFY information of z/OS Security Server RACROUTE Macro Reference to diagnose the error.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB801, IEEVJCL

Routing code

*,9

Descriptor code

5

IEE298I

cm INVALID CHARACTER

Explanation

While processing a command, the system found a character that would be valid only if it is enclosed in apostrophes. The character is in the operation, parameter, or comment field.

In the message text:

cm

The command in which the system detected the error.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again, correctly. If the command was originally entered through the input stream, the command may be entered again through the console in response to this message.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE5403D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE299I

{SYSLOG|OPERLOG} REQ'D FOR HARDCPY - USE UNCOND TO TURN OFF HARDCOPY

Explanation

A VARY [SYSLOG|OPERLOG], HARDCPY, OFF command requested to stop the hardcopy medium. However, processing the command would cause both the system log and operations log to be inactive when the hardcopy function is required.

If it is absolutely necessary to turn off the hardcopy function, issue VARY [SYSLOG| OPERLOG], HARDCPY, OFF, UNCOND. This should be done temporarily, as a last resort in order to repair hardcopy functions.

In the message text:

nnnnnnn

A console name.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Either change the hardcopy to a different medium, or use the UNCOND parameter if it is necessary to turn off hardcopy.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE5703D

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE301I

jobname {CANCEL|FORCE|FORCE ARM|FORCE TCB} COMMAND ACCEPTED

Explanation

A command requested that the system stop processing a job or task.

In the message text:

jobname

One of the following:

- The name of the job removed in response to the command.
- The job name of a task created by the START or MOUNT command. (If an *identifier* was specified on the START or MOUNT command that created the task, the message includes the identifier.)
- The name of an advanced program-to-program communications (APPC) transaction program.
- **STARTING**, if initiation of a started job, task, or ATX is complete.

CANCEL

A CANCEL command requested removal of the job.

EUDCE

A FORCE command requested removal of the job. A CANCEL or FORCE ARM command was entered previously for the job.

FORCE ARM

A FORCE ARM command requested the end of the job.

FORCE TCB

A FORCE TCB command requested the termination of a task within the *jobname*.

The system accepts the command for processing and will try to remove the job from the system or terminate the specified task. Note, however, that message IEE301I indicates only that the console command was accepted by the system and that the CANCEL or FORCE processing has been scheduled. Message IEE301I does not guarantee that the CANCEL or FORCE processing will complete properly, and it is therefore possible for message IEE301I to be issued, but for the job not to be removed from the system. Depending on the message text, the system does the following:

CANCEL

The system issues messages explaining the reason for the cancellation. If the system is in the process of normally terminating the job when the CANCEL command is issued, the system ignores the command and completes the normal termination.

FORCE

A CANCEL or FORCE ARM command was previously entered for the job. The system ends the job's address space.

FORCE ARM

The system issues messages explaining the reason for the cancellation.

FORCE TCB

The system terminates the task.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE3703D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE302I

unit ONLINE [BY sss] [NOT VERIFIED]

Explanation

unit is one of the following:

- PATH(dev,xx)
- dev
- nnnnnnn

One of the following occurred:

- A reconfiguration request asked that the system place a device or console online.
- A reconfiguration request asked that the system place a path to a device online.

For active teleprocessing (TP) devices, or OSA or CTC devices in use by VTAM with a long running I/O active, the system bypasses a validity check of the physical path to the device. The system marks the path online.

In the message text:

PATH(dev,xx)

A VARY PATH,ONLINE command was entered, requesting that path xx to device number dev be placed online.

dev

A VARY *dev*,ONLINE command was entered, or the IEEVARYD service was invoked, or a system service requested that device number *dev* be placed online.

nnnnnnn

A VARY devspec, ONLINE command was entered, requesting that a console named nnnnnnn be placed online.

BY sss

If BY sss appears in the message, the request to place device *dev* or the path to device *dev* online was made by system service sss. For example, sss might be System Automation.

NOT VERIFIED

The path is online, but its availability has not been verified.

System action

The system successfully processes the command; the new device, console, or path is now available for system use. The system continues processing.

Source

- For console devices, Consoles.
- For non-console devices, MVS Device Allocation

Module

IEEVPTH, CNZK1V39, CNZK1V46, IEFHBONL

Routing code

-/Note 13

Descriptor code

5

IEE303I

unit OFFLINE [BY sss]

Explanation

unit is one of the following:

- PATH(dev,xx)
- dev
- nnnnnnn

One of the following occurred:

- A VARY devspec, OFFLINE command requested that a device or console be placed offline.
- A VARY PATH,OFFLINE command requested that a path to a device be placed offline.

In the message text:

PATH(dev,xx)

A VARY PATH,OFFLINE command was entered, requesting that path xx to device number dev be placed offline.

dev

A VARY devspec, OFFLINE command was entered, requesting that device number dev be placed offline.

nnnnnnn

A VARY *devspec*,OFFLINE command was entered, requesting that a console named *nnnnnnnn* be placed offline.

BY sss

If BY sss appears on the message, the request to place device *dev* offline was made by system service sss. For example, sss might be System Automation.

System action

The system successfully processes the command. The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEVPTH, CNZK1V41, CNZK1V47

Routing code

-/Note 13

Descriptor code

5

IEE304I

jobname JOB RESET

Explanation

In response to a RESET command, the system changed the performance group of the job.

In the message text:

jobname

The name of the job.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

System resources manager (SRM)

Module

IEEMB810

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE305I

 $\{MODE|CSCB|USE|cm|\}$ COMMAND INVALID

Explanation

A command is incorrect for one of the following reasons:

- The command is misspelled or punctuated incorrectly.
- A command valid only at initial program load (IPL) was used after IPL.
- A command was issued without a prerequisite command.
- The command had an incorrect operand, as in HOLD or RELEASE commands without a TP operand.

In the message text:

MODE

Indicates that ECC was requested in record mode while HIR was in quiet mode.

CSCB USE

Indicates that the maximum number of Telecommunications Access Method (TCAM) commands had been enqueued when another TCAM command was submitted.

cm

The command that is incorrect.

blanks

The operand of the central command was too long, or a framing quote was not found within 62 bytes.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

If *blanks* or *cm* appears, enter the command again correctly. For **MODE**, if desired, enter the command to place HIR into record mode before resubmitting the command to place ECC into record mode.

When **CSCB USE** appears, resubmit the command at a later time. If the condition persists, increase the number of command input buffers (CIB) specified on the INTRO macro in the TCAM main control program (MCP).

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB815, IEE0403D, IEE0603D, IEE0803D, IEE3503D, IEE5503D, IEE7103D, IEE7503D, IEECB808, IEECB923, IEECB925

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE306I

cm INVALID NUMERICS

Explanation

While processing a command, the system detected that a parameter is incorrectly specified on the command. A parameter value that is supposed to be numeric either contains one or more characters that are not numbers or has too large a value.

For example, the following command should specify a performance group number between 0 and 255.

RESET JOBX, PERFORM=2X

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again correctly.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB813, IEE0603D, IEECB815, IEECB806, IEECB820

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE307I

cm DELIMITER ERROR [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

While processing a command, the system detected one of the following errors in the command:

- The punctuation for a parameter is incorrect
- The parameter field is not followed by a blank

For example, in the following command, the device list should have a closing parenthesis:

VARY (132,133,0NLINE

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again correctly.

Source

Master scheduler or communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEE0603D, IEE0703D, IEE1603D, IEE2003D, IEE3203D, IEE3703D, IEE4703D, IEE5603D, IEE5703D, IEE7703D, IEECB804, IEECB813, IEECB815, IEECB820, IEECB821, IEECB923, IEECB925, IEEMB813, IEEMPDM, IEEVSTAR, CNZK1RCN

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

Automation:

Ι

IEE308I

cm TERM LENGTH ERROR

Explanation

While processing a command, the system detected one of the following errors in the command:

- A parameter is too long or short.
- · A parameter is not spelled correctly.
- A comma is not in the correct location.

Note: On a VARY RANGE command, a single unit cannot be mixed with a range of units.

For example, on the following command, the job name exceeds 8 characters:

CANCEL ABCDEFGHI

In the message text:

cm

The command in which the system detected an error.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again correctly.

Source

Master scheduler or communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEE0603D, IEE0703D, IEE3203D, IEE3703D, IEE40110, IEECB804, IEECB820, IEECB866, IEECB907, IEEMB810, IEEMB811, IEEMB814, IEEMB815

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE309I

cm UNIDENTIFIABLE KEYWORD

Explanation

While processing a command, the system detected one of the following:

- The command contained an unidentifiable keyword.
- The VARY ,HARDCPY,UD=Y command was specified on a processor that does not support a system console.

In the message text:

сm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again correctly.

Source

Master scheduler or communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEE0603D, IEE1403D, IEE3203D, IEE4703D, IEE5703D, IEE8603D, IEECB804, IEECB925, IEEMB810, IEEMB811, IEEMB814, IEEMB815, IEECB984, IEECB985, IEEMPDM, IEEVMNT1

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE310I

cm KEYWORD MISSING

Explanation

While processing a command, the system detected that a required parameter is missing.

In the message text:

сm

The command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again correctly.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE0603D, IEECB923

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE311I

cm PARAMETER MISSING

Explanation

While processing a command, the system detected that a required parameter is missing. In the message text:

cm

The command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again correctly.

Source

Master scheduler or communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZK1RCN, IEE0603D, IEE0703D, IEE0803D, IEE1403D, IEE1603D, IEE3203D, IEE3503D, IEE3703D, IEE5503D, IEE7103D, IEECB804, IEECB811, IEECB813, IEECB815, IEECB820, IEECB824, IEECB869, IEECB890, IEEVMNT1

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE312I

cm PARAMETERS CONFLICT

Explanation

While processing a command, the system detected that either:

- · A keyword parameter appears more than once
- A keyword parameter conflicts with another parameter

In the message text:

cm

The command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again correctly.

Source

Master scheduler or communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEE0603D, IEE40110, IEECB804, IEECB813, IEECB820, IEECB821, IEECB925, IEEMB815, IEEMPDM, IEEVSTAR, IEEVMNT2

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE313I

{HARDCOPY|sdddd} UNIT REF. INVALID

Explanation

While processing a command, the system detected one of the following errors:

- 1. The unit, console identifier, or console name specified on the command indicates a device type that cannot be used for the purpose intended by the command. Among the reasons for this are:
 - The device has not been defined or has not been properly defined in the CONSOLxx member.
 - The device has been properly defined in the CONSOLxx member, but the system is unable to accept the device definition. This can be caused by defining devices that exceed the limit of 99 console definitions per sysplex.
- 2. The command issuer is not authorized.
- 3. The command requested that the system vary the hard-copy log offline, but the system has no current recording log.

If the unit is an output only device, it will be referenced as O-dev (for example, VARY O-dev,ONLINE).

In the message text:

HARDCOPY

A VARY HARDCPY, OFFLINE command was entered.

s

The subchannel set ID.

dddd

The number for the device specified on the command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

If VARY CN(xx),AUTH=value or VARY CN(nnnnnnnn),AUTH=value was entered, and the console identifier or name is incorrect or the issuer is not authorized, the system does not change the authority value for the specified console.

If a VARY CONSOLE command was entered for a console name that is a SMCS console or a subsystem console, the system issues this message to show the status.

If a VARY CONSOLE command was entered for device number *dev* or console name *nnnnnnnn* and the device is not active and not ready, the system issues this message to show the status.

If the unit is offline when an UNLOAD command is entered, then the system does not process the UNLOAD command. For example, if the UNLOAD 13D command is entered, when 13D is offline, the system issues message IEE313I as follows:

IEE313I 13D UNIT REF. INVALID

If a VARY device command (for example, VARY dev1-dev2,OFFLINE) is entered and each of the specified units is individually incorrect, the system displays dev1-dev2 in the message text.

Operator response

Do the following:

- For case 1, enter the command again, specifying the correct unit name.
- For case 2, enter the command from a console with master authority.
- For case 3, none.

Also, check the SYSLOG of the system where the console should have been defined for the presence of message IEA195I; this indicates that one or more console definitions were not accepted. Issue the "D C,L" command and see whether the console mentioned in message IEE313I is listed as a validly-defined console.

Source

32

Consoles or MVS Device Allocation

Module

CNZK1V32, CNZK1V38, CNZK1V41, CNZK1V42, CNZK1V47, CNZK1V49, CNZK1V50, CNZK1V52, CNZK1V54, CNZK1V55, CNZK1V56, CNZK1V58, IEE5703D, IEE7203D, IEE8603D, IEECB903, IEEMB813, IEEVMNT2, IEFHBONL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE314I

dev UNIT NOT AVAILABLE - UNLOAD ATTEMPTED

Explanation

The operator entered an UNLOAD command for a unit which was online, unallocated, and not ready.

In the message text:

dev

The device number for the unit.

System action

The system tries to unload the unit. If the unit is a virtual device, the system tries to synchronize the status of the unit control block (UCB) with the mass storage control (MSC) tables. The system may issue warning messages because the device is not ready. The system issues message IEF234E.

Operator response

If the unit is not unloaded, attempt to ready the unit and enter the UNLOAD command again. If the unit cannot be unloaded, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

See the system programmer response for message IEF234E.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB813

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE315I

cm UNIT NOT SUPPORTED

Explanation

The system cannot use one or more units specified by a command for the purpose intended by the command.

cm

The command.

System action

The system does not process the command.

Operator response

Reenter the command.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB813

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE316I

OPERATIONS LOG HAS FAILED ON SYSTEM systemnamereason

Explanation

The operations log has failed on a system in the sysplex. Messages created on that system are no longer being written to the operations log.

In the message text:

systemname

The name of the system on which the log has failed.

reason

One of the following:

UNABLE TO CONNECT TO LOG STREAM - LOG STREAM NOT DEFINED

The operations log stream, named SYSPLEX.OPERLOG, has not been defined to system logger. This error corresponds to IXGCONN macro return code 0008, reason code 080B

UNABLE TO CONNECT TO LOG STREAM - STRUCTURE NOT DEFINED

System logger was unable to access the operations log stream because the structure, as named in the definition of the log stream, was not defined to this system. This error corresponds to IXGCONN macro return code 0008, reason code 0811.

UNABLE TO CONNECT TO LOG STREAM - RETURN CODE *xxxx-yyyy*

The IXGCONN macro returned an error other than a log stream or structure not being defined. The return code is xxxx and the reason code is yyyy.

UNABLE TO WRITE TO LOG STREAM - RETURN CODE xxxx-yyyy

The IXGWRITE macro returned an error code. The return code is xxxx and the reason code is yyyy.

EXCESSIVE WAIT DURING operation - RETURN CODE *xxxx-yyyy*

The failure occurred after the IXGWRITE or IXGCONN macro was issued in an attempt to write or connect to the operations log stream. OPERLOG received a return and reason code requesting that it wait for an ENF signal before proceeding with further requests. However more than 45000 messages have been queued and no ENF signal has been received yet.

The IXGWRITE or IXGCONN macro returned a return code of xxxx and reason code of yyyy. See <u>z/OS</u> <u>MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference IAR-XCT</u> for explanation of the macro return and reason codes.

System action

The operations log will be discontinued on the named system. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. When the problem with the operations log is resolved, enter the VARY OPERLOG, HARDCPY command to activate the operations log.

System programmer response

Depending on the message text, do one of the following:

LOG STREAM NOT DEFINED

Define the operations log stream using the administrative data utility. Then activate the operations log.

STRUCTURE NOT DEFINED

Define the structure using the administrative data utility. Then activate the operations log.

Otherwise, see <u>z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference IAR-XCT</u> for a description of the return and reason codes.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZQ10LG

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE318I

dev CANNOT BE VARIED ONLINE - VOLUME CANNOT BE READ

Explanation

A VARY command was issued to vary the device online. However, the volume for the device cannot be read.

In the message text:

dev

The device number specified in the VARY command.

System action

The device is not varied online.

Operator response

Issue the VARY command again to vary the device online. If the problem persists, contact your system programmer.

Source

MVS Device Allocation

Module

IEFHBONL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE324I

userid NOT LOGGED ON [IN SPECIFIED ADDRESS SPACE]

Explanation

A CANCEL or FORCE command requested that a user be logged off the system. The userid specified on the command is not currently active in the system.

In the message text:

userid

The userid specified on the command.

IN SPECIFIED ADDRESS SPACE

The A keyword was specified on the command but the userid is not active in the indicated address space.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Do the following:

- 1. Enter DISPLAY TS,A to determine the correct address space identifier for the userid, if **IN SPECIFIED ADDRESS SPACE** appears in the message text.
- 2. Enter CANCEL or FORCE to log off the userid.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE3703D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE325D

REPLY U TO CONTINUE CONFIG COMMAND. REPLY C TO CANCEL

Explanation

The operator attempted to configure offline the processor associated with the last Integrated Cryptographic Feature (ICRF) in the system and the system is asking that the operator verify this request. Message IEE109I was issued prior to this message giving the cpuid of the affected processor.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

If you want the system to configure the specified processor offline, reply U. If you want to cancel the configuration request, reply C.

Note: If you configure the processor offline and jobs are submitted to the system that require the ICRF, the jobs will abend.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCRLF

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

7

IEE328I

ccccccc COMMAND ABORTED [-reason]

Explanation

The system could not run a command for one of the following reasons:

- There is not enough storage available to schedule the command.
- The system tried to obtain more address spaces than the maximum number supported.
- The operator tried to issue a vary command to activate, deactivate, or go into standby mode for a console, or to set a device online or offline, but the command failed because of an abend.
- If the command is LOGON, MOUNT, or START, there is a shortage of available slots in the auxiliary storage paging space. The system also issues message IRA200E.
- If the command is DISPLAY GRS or VARY GRS, an error occurred during global resource serialization processing.
- If the command is DISPLAY APPC or DISPLAY ASCH, the storage area for the display is too small because extremely high APPC or APPC/MVS transaction scheduler activity occurred.
- If the command is UNLOAD, the command failed for one of the following reasons:
 - An attempt was made to obtain an enqueue.
 - An internal error occurred during allocation UNLOAD processing and the UNLOAD command could not continue.
- A flood of commands has exhausted available cells for this command class in the IEECMCAD dataspace.

In the message text:

ccccccc

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

SSSSSSS

The target system.

reason

One of the following:

TARGET SYSTEM sssssss APPEARS STOPPED

The system could not deliver a command to another system in the sysplex for one of the following reasons:

- The target system is quiesced.
- The channel-to-channel (CTC) link between the source and target systems is not working.

TARGET SYSTEM sssssss NOT READY FOR COMMANDS

The system on which the command was targeted for processing is still initializing and is not yet ready to process commands.

ERROR DURING ATTRIBUTE PROCESSING

The VARY command abended during Vary console attribute processing.

ERROR DURING STANDBY PROCESSING

The VARY command abended during Vary console standby processing.

ERROR DURING ACTIVATE PROCESSING

The VARY command abended during Vary console activation processing.

ERROR DURING DEACTIVATE PROCESSING

The VARY command abended during Vary console deactivation processing.

IEECMCAD CELL NOT AVAILABLE

No cells were available in the IEECMCAD dataspace.

System action

The system rejects the command. The system may issue additional messages about a failed CTC or failed processor partitioning.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter the command again at a later time.
- Redirect the command to a different processor.
- · Restart the stopped system.
- If the command is LOGON, MOUNT, or START, see message IRA200E for actions to relieve the auxiliary storage shortage.
- If the command is DISPLAY GRS or VARY GRS, enter the command again. If the problem persists, stop entering GRS commands on this system. Re-IPL the system.
- If the command is DISPLAY APPC or DISPLAY ASCH, enter the command again. If the problem persists, enter
 the command again, using the CLASS keyword parameter on DISPLAY ASCH or any of the keyword parameters
 on DISPLAY APPC.

System programmer response

If the command is VARY and the failure is caused by an internal error, collect documentation and contact L2.

Source

Consoles or MVS Device Allocation, Master Scheduler

Module

CNZK1RCN, CNZK1V00, CNZK1V33, CNZK1V37, CNZK1V38, CNZK1V39, CNZK1V40, CNZK1V41, CNZK1V42, CNZK1V46, CNZK1V47, CNZK1V48, CNZK1V49, CNZK1V50, CNZK1V51, CNZK1V52, CNZK1V53, CNZK1V56, CNZK1V57, CNZK1V58, IEAVG610, IEAVG616, IEE0803D, IEE7103D, IEE8303D, IEECB808, IEECB820, IEECB905, IEEMB813, IEFHBPDF

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE329I

{dev|nnnnnnnn} IN USE BY A SYSTEM COMPONENT

Explanation

A VARY command requested that a device be placed online or offline. The device specified on the command is presently in use by a system component and cannot be made available or unavailable to the system until the system component is finished using the device.

In the message text:

dev

A VARY dev,ONLINE or VARY dev,OFFLINE or VARY dev,CONSOLE was entered. dev is a device number.

nnnnnnn

A VARY nnnnnnn, CONSOLE command was entered. nnnnnnnn is a console name.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again when the system component has finished processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V38, CNZK1V39, CNZK1V40, CNZK1V41, CNZK1V50

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE331A

PROCESSOR (y) IS IN AN EXCESSIVE DISABLED SPIN LOOP WAITING FOR event REPLY U OR SPIN TO CONTINUE SPIN, REPLY ABEND TO TERMINATE WORK ON PROCESSOR (x) WITH RETRY, REPLY TERM TO TERMINATE WORK ON PROCESSOR (x) WITHOUT RETRY, OR STOP PROCESSOR (x) AND REPLY ACR. (AFTER STOPPING THE PROCESSOR, DO NOT START IT) [PREVIOUS REPLY WAS INVALID, ENTER A VALID REPLY]

Explanation

The system is in a spin loop on one processor, waiting for an event on another processor. The spin loop exceeded the time normally needed for the event to occur.

In the message text:

У

The waiting processor.

X

The processor on which an event is to occur.

event

The event that should occur on processor x, is one of the following:

CPU IN STOPPED STATE

- OPERATOR INTERVENING STATE
- RISGNL RESPONSE
- LOCK RELEASE
- RESTART RESOURCE
- ADDRESS SPACE TO QUIESCE
- INTERSECT RELEASE
- SUCCESSFUL BIND BREAK RELEASE

System action

Processor y waits for the operator to respond. The other processors continue with their processing. If the operator does not respond within 125 seconds, processor y may load restartable wait state X'09x'.

Operator response

Reply one of the following:

U or SPIN

The system continues spinning.

ABEND

The system abnormally ends the unit of work on processor x, allowing recovery routines to retry.

TERM

The system abnormally ends the unit of work on processor x, without allowing recovery routines to retry.

ACR

Alternate CPU recovery (ACR) places processor x offline. ACR abnormally ends the current unit of work on processor x.

System programmer response

Identify the module that was running on processor x, using the methods described in z/OS Problem Management, and z/OS MVS System Codes, under the description of system completion code 071. Also see z/OS MVS Setting Up a Sysplex and the EXSPATxx section of z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference.

Source

Loadwait/Restart

Module

IEAVELK

Routing code

Note 12

Descriptor code

_

IEE334I

HALT EOD SUCCESSFUL

Explanation

The operator entered a HALT EOD command. The system processed the command successfully.

_			action		
61	JCTΩ	m	20	tı,	าท
J	/ 3 L C		ac	CIT	,,,

The system writes a logrec data set error record containing job and system statistics and data records.

Operator response

Stop the operating system.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEE70110

Routing code

*, 2, 10

Descriptor code

5

IEE335I

XX VOL PARAMETER MISSING

Explanation

A MOUNT command was entered without a VOL parameter. In the message text:

XX

The VOL parameter.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again correctly.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEVMNT1

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE338I

{SYSLOG|OPERLOG|} INACTIVE AS HARDCPY

Explanation

A VARY HARDCPY,OFF command requested either that the hardcopy log messages no longer be sent to a device, or that the operations log be deactivated.

In the message text:

SYSLOG

Hardcopy log messages are no longer sent to the system log.

OPERLOG

The operations log is deactivated.

System action

The system successfully processes the command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE5703D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE339I

{dev|nnnnnnnn} CHANGING STATUS

Explanation

A VARY command requested that a device or a console be varied online or offline. However, the specified device or console is currently in the process of changing status.

In the message text:

dev

A VARY command was entered for device number dev.

nnnnnnn

A VARY command was entered for a console named nnnnnnn.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- 1. Enter DISPLAY CONSOLE to determine the status of the console.
- 2. Enter VARY to place the device or console online or offline, after it has completed its status change.
- 3. If the VARY command does not work, you can, if necessary force the console displayed in this message into an offline state using the RESET CN command. Before issuing the RESET CN command, see <u>z/OS MVS System Commands</u>.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE5703D, IEE7203D, CNZK1V46, CNZK1V47, CNZK1V50, CNZK1V52

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE340E

DUMP DATA SET UNUSABLE: nn

Explanation

While writing an SVC dump to a direct access storage device (DASD), the system detected that the specified dump data set cannot be used for one of the following reasons:

- Dynamic allocation failed to allocate the data set.
- The dynamic allocation succeeded, but an I/O error occurred, the OPEN operation failed or the data set was not empty.

In the message text:

nn

- When the value is 'DE' it indicates that the automatically allocated dump data set must be manually deleted.
- Is the 2-digit suffix of the DASD SYS1.DUMPnn data set name. For example, if the name is SYS1.DUMP17, xx is 17.

System action

An SVC dump cannot be written to the targeted data set. An attempt may be made to write the data to another data set. If the system fails to find another data set to write to, there should be an outstanding IEA793A message.

Operator response

Locate the applicable allocation, I/O error, or OPEN failure messages to diagnose the problem. For a failure involving automatically allocated data sets, the relevant data set name should be associated with the error messages. That data set must be deleted to free up the allocated DASD space. In addition, the installation may add different or additional dump data set resources via the DUMPDS ADD command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module:

IEECB926, IEAVTSCD

Routing code

2,10

3

IEE341I

{ttt|jobname|CN=nnnnnnn} NOT ACTIVE [IN SPECIFIED ADDRESS SPACE]

Explanation

The operator entered a command that applies to a time sharing system, a job, or a multiple console support (MCS) console. However, the task, job, or console is not currently active.

In the message text:

ttt

The command applied to the Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) system ttt.

jobname

One of the following:

- The name of the job removed in response to the command.
- The job name of a task created by the START or MOUNT command. (If an *identifier* was specified on the START or MOUNT command that created the task, the message includes the identifier.)
- The name of an advanced program-to-program communications (APPC) transaction program (TP).
- · The name of an initiator.
- **STARTING**, if initiation of a started job, task, or ATX is complete.

CN=nnnnnnn

The DISPLAY or REPLY command had a CN=nnnnnnn parameter. nnnnnnnn is the name of a multiple console support (MCS) console.

IN SPECIFIED ADDRESS SPACE

The CANCEL, FORCE, STOP, or RESET command had a parameter A=iii.

For example, if CANCEL JOBX is entered with no JOBX running, the message text **JOBX NOT ACTIVE** appears. If DISPLAY R,A,CN=95 is entered when only consoles 1 through 60 are active, the message text **CN=95 NOT ACTIVE** appears.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- If ttt is TRACE, no response is needed. If ttt is anything else, then do the following:
 - Enter a DISPLAY A,LIST command to verify that task ttt was started.
 - Ensure that the task name was specified correctly in the command.
- If CN appears in the text, enter a DISPLAY C command to verify that console name nnnnnnn is the console for which information is desired.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE0703D, IEE0803D, IEE1403D, IEE3203D, IEE3703D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE342I

cm REJECTED-TASK BUSY

Explanation

While processing a STOP (P) or MODIFY (F) command for this task, the system detected that either:

- For a MODIFY command: The current limit on the number of outstanding MODIFY commands for the task has been reached.
- For a STOP command: There is an outstanding STOP command in process for the task.
- For either a MODIFY or STOP command: The task is in a step-must-complete mode.

For example, if a STOP JOBX command is entered while JOBX was running and a MODIFY JOBX, parameters was issued, the system will issue message IEE342I.

In the message text:

cm

The command entered (for example, STOP, P, MODIFY, or F).

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

If necessary, enter the command again after the previous command or commands have completed processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE0703D, IEECB806

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE343I

hh.mm.ss UNIT STATUS [idr]

Explanation

Additional lines that display are:

AUTOSWITCHABLE DEVICES ONLINE TO SYSTEM tsysname
UNIT TYPE STATUS SYSTEM JOBNAME ASID VOLSER VOLSTATE
uuuu type status ssysname jobname asid volser vuvuvuvuv
sysname(sunt, styp)
AUTOSWITCHABLE DEVICES NOT ONLINE TO SYSTEM tsysname

UNIT TYPE STATUS SYSTEM JOBNAME ASID VOLSER VOLSTATE

uuuu type status ssysname jobname asid volser vuvuvuvu sysname(sunt,styp)

[AUTOSWITCH STATUS UNAVAILABLE - textl]

[DISPLAY TRUNCATED - INSUFFICIENT STORAGE]

This message appears in response to a DISPLAY U,,AUTOSWITCH command and displays the status of all automatically switchable devices or describes why it was unable to provide the status. See <u>Displaying</u> information about automatically switchable devices in *z/OS MVS System Commands* for more information.

In the message text:

UNIT

The device number of an automatically switchable device.

TYPE

The type of magnetic tape unit, as defined through HCD (for example, 3480). Devices appear as specified through HCD. The following device types appear in the TYPE field:

type

Device type, such as '3480'

*xxx*S

where xxx represents the first three digits of device type (for example, '348' for a 3480 or '349' for a 3490) and 'S' means the device has a cartridge stack loader.

XXXL

where xxx represents the first three digits of a device type (for example, '348' for a 3480 or '349' for a 3490) and 'L' means the device is a library device.

UND

where the device is not known.

Note: If a device is both a library device and has a cartridge stack loader, the L designation takes precedence over the S designation.

STATUS

The status of the device:

Α

Allocated

CA

Cartridge stack loader is active

OFFLINE

Offline

RAL

Restricted to allocation

SYS

Allocated to system

SYSTEM

The system to which the device is assigned. The system name is one of the following:

- The name of the system, as specified on the SYSNAME parameter of the IEASYSxx parmlib member.
- *UNKNOWN when the device is allocated but the DISPLAY command processor cannot identify the system. In this case, the automatically switchable device is assigned to a system that is not connected to the same IEFAUTOS structure, or is connected to the same structure but is using the device as a dedicated device.

JOBNAME

The job to which the device is allocated. The job name is one of the following:

· The name of the job

- The name of the address space
- The name of the task created by the START or MOUNT command
- *MASTER* when the device is allocated to the master address space
- *SYSTEM when the device is allocated to the system control program
- *UNKNOWN when the device is allocated but the DISPLAY command processor cannot identify the job.

ASID

The address space identifier (ASID) of the address space to which the device is allocated.

VOLSER

The volume serial number of the device

VOLSTATE

How the device is to be used, either for private (PRIV) or public (PUB) use and whether it is reserved (RESRV) or removable (REMOV).

tsysname

The name of the requested system.

sysname

The name of a system that has this autoswitchable device defined.

sunt

If different from the requested system, the device number as defined on system, sysname.

styp

If different from the requested system, the type of magnetic tape unit as defined on system, sysname.

If a range of devices was specified on the DISPLAY AUTOSWITCH command and some of those devices are not automatically switchable, they are not displayed. The additional information in the form of sysname (sunt, styp) shows devices defined to other systems than this one, and provides similar information to OEM tape sharing software.

If none of the devices specified on the DISPLAY AUTOSWITCH command are automatically switchable, message IEE455I appears to indicate this condition.

idr

An identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- Written on printer consoles
- Displayed inline (that is, not in a display area) on a display console

This identifier does not appear when the display appears in a display area on a display console.

In the message text:

text1

is one of the following:

[SYSTEM ERROR]

A system error occurred.

[DISPLAY TRUNCATED - INSUFFICIENT STORAGE]

The system was unable to obtain sufficient storage for a display line to complete the command.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB859

Routing code

Note 18

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE345I

command [REJECTED] AUTHORITY INVALID [text] [- keyword] [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

The operator entered a command from a console that did not have the correct command authority.

In the message text:

command

command is one of the following:

The rejected command.

COMMAND

IEE345I was issued as a result of issuing the CMDAUTH macro with CBLKTYPE=SSCM, or CBLKTYPE=CMDX.

ROUTING

Command Prefix Facility (CPF) processing could not route the command to the target system.

text

text is one of the following:

FAILED BY MVS

The MVS console command authority was insufficient for this command. Either:

- no security product was active for this function, or
- a security product was active for this function, but it could not determine whether the command should be allowed or failed.

FAILED BY SECURITY PRODUCT

The MVS console command authority was insufficient for this command. Your installation is using RACF or another security product to control command authority for consoles.

FOR DEVICE (dev)

Displays the device number for a device associated with the command. dev shows the device number.

keyword

The rejected keyword. Message IEE345I displays *keyword* when the SET command is rejected for insufficient console authority. *keyword* is TIME/DATE when any combination of the RESET, GMT, CLOCK, or DATE keywords on the SET command fail the authorization check. These keywords are authority checked as a group rather than individually.

System action

The system rejects command.

Operator response

Enter the command from a console with the proper command authority.

Module

IEEVPTH, IEEVPTHR, CNZK1V33, IEECB920, many others

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE350I

cm COMMAND FAILED. CROSS MEMORY ROUTINE ERROR DETECTED.

Explanation

A SET MMS or a DISPLAY MMS command was entered, but the system could not issue a response to the command.

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again. If the command fails again, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB822

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE351I

SMF SYS1.MAN RECORDING NOT BEING USED

Explanation

One of the following occurs during system management facilities (SMF) initialization processing or during SET SMF command processing:

• Allocation failed for the SYS1.MANn data set.

- The SYS1.MANn data set could not be opened.
- The current SMFPRMxx parmlib member specifies that SMF recording is not to be used.

The message is also issued when DISPLAY SMF command processing determines that SMF recording is not currently being used.

System action

For a problem with the SYS1.MANn data set, the system issues an error message about the problem before this message. For a problem during SMF initialization processing, the system writes no records in the SYS1.MANn data set. In all cases, processing continues.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- For a problem with the SYS1.MANn data set, notify the system programmer.
- For a production system that requires SMF recording, reIPL the system after the SMFPRMxx parmlib member is redefined. In all other cases, no response is required.

System programmer response

Properly define the SMFPRMxx parmlib member as indicated in the preceding message.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB820, IEEMB825, IEEMB829

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

1

IEE352A

SMF MEMBER SMFPRMxx MISSING - REPLY WITH SMF VALUES OR RE-IPL

Explanation

During system management facilities (SMF) initialization, the specified SMFPRMxx parmlib member was not found in SYS1.PARMLIB.

In the message text:

SMFPRM*xx*

The SMF parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

System action

SMF initialization stops until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Enter REPLY xx,keywd=val, keywd=val, listing all the required SMF parameters.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization, define an SMFPRMxx parmlib member, thereby eliminating the need to redefine the SMF parameters from the console at every IPL.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB821

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

IEE353A

I/O ERROR ON SMFPRMxx READ - REPLY WITH SMF VALUES OR RE-IPL

Explanation

During system management facilities (SMF) initialization, an uncorrectable I/O error occurred when the system tried to read or search for the SMFPRMxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

SMFPRM*xx*

The SMF parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

System action

SMF initialization stops until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Restart the system. If the error persists, enter REPLY xx,keywd=val,keywd=val, listing all the required SMF parameters.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization, redefine the SMFPRMxx parmlib member.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB821

Routing code

1,4

Descriptor code

2

IEE354I

SMF PARAMETERS 'keywd=val'

Explanation

The system management facilities (SMF) issues this message if OPI=YES was specified in the parmlib member. The message lists all the parameters of the parmlib member, one parameter to a line.

In the message text:

val

The parameter in the parmlib member.

System action

SMF issues message IEE357A, to permit the operator to make changes.

Operator response

Reply to message IEE357IA.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB821

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE355I

SMF PARAMETER ERRORS text

Explanation

During SMF initialization, a parameter was specified incorrectly either in the SMF parmlib member or in a reply from the console. The second line of the message indicates the specific error:

keyword UNRECOGNIZABLE KEY WORD/FORMAT

An unrecognizable key word was detected. keyword specifies up to 25 characters of the key word in error.

kevword=val INVALID VALUE SPECIFIED

The key word specified is valid, but the value specified is not valid.

keyword - KEY WORD NOT SPECIFIED

The key word specified is required, but was not found in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member.

System action

The system issues message IEE356A, permitting the operator to make changes.

0	pe	rat	or i	es	po	nse
---	----	-----	------	----	----	-----

See the operator response to message IEE356A.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB821

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

Δ

IEE356A

REPLY WITH SMF VALUES

Explanation

This message allows the operator to correct system management facilities (SMF) parameters that are in error.

System action

SMF initialization stops until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Enter REPLY xx,keywd=val,keywd=val..., correcting the parameters in error indicated in message IEE355I.

System programmer response

Correct the errors in the specification of the SMF member of SYS1.PARMLIB.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB821

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

IEE357A

REPLY WITH SMF VALUES OR U

Explanation

This message allows the operator to make corrections or additions to the parameters listed in the preceding message.

System action

SMF initialization waits for the operator to respond to this message.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- To change the parameters on a system that does not have the MVS/System Product installed, enter REPLY xx,keywd=val,keywd=(val),..., specifying the desired changes.
- To change the parameters on a system containing the MVS/System Product, enter REPLY xx,keywd(val),keywd(val),..., specifying the desired changes.
- If parameters are not to be changed, enter REPLY xx,U.

Any additions or corrections you make to the parameters are valid only for the current IPL. If you want the changes to be permanent, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Update the existing SMFPRMxx parmlib member or create a new member.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB821

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

IEE360I

SMF NOW RECORDING ON SYS1.MANn ON ser TIME=hh.mm.ss

Explanation

System management facilities (SMF) will write records on the SMF data set SYS1.MANn.

SMF issues this message:

- During SMF initialization processing to indicate which data set was chosen by the SMF writer as the current recording data set.
- When a switch in active data sets takes place during system processing.

In the message text:

SYS1.MANn

The data set, with a suffix of *n*.

sei

The volume serial number.

hh.mm.ss

The time given as the hour (00-23), the minute (00-59), and the second (00-59).

System action

SMF initially places records in a buffer. When the buffer is full, SMF writes the data in the buffer to the indicated data set. If the system fails before the buffer is full, the records are lost.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

Route code for switch SMF processing. *,2

Descriptor code

Δ

IEE362A

SMF ENTER DUMP FOR SYS1.MANn ON ser

Explanation

The SMF SYS1.MANn data set is ready to be dumped; this message is issued in response to either a HALT EOD or a SWITCH SMF command being entered, or if an alternate data set was not empty at SMF Initialization Time.

In the message text:

SYS1.MANn

The data set, with a suffix of *n*.

ser

The serial number of the volume that the data set resides on.

System action

System processing continues. If another SMF data set is available, SMF continues recording and issues message IEE360I. If none is available, SMF will store the records in the buffer area until either data set becomes available or there is no more buffer space available. If SMF runs out of buffer space to use then message IEE979W is issued and SMF will loose data.

Operator response

Request the SMF dump program for the data set.

If you do not dump the data set within a reasonable time, SMF data might be lost, which is indicated by message IEE366I. How much time can elapse before SMF data is lost depends on the size of the recording data sets and the type of records being recorded.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

Route code for switch SMF processing. *,1

Descriptor code

2

IEE362I

SMF ENTER DUMP FOR SYS1.MANn ON ser

Explanation

The SYS1.MANn data set is full, or a HALT EOD or a SWITCH SMF command was entered.

In the message text:

SYS1.MANn

The data set, with a suffix of n.

sei

The volume serial number.

System action

System processing continues. If another SMF data set is available, SMF continues recording and issues message IEE360I. If none is available, SMF does no further recording.

Operator response

Request the SMF dump program for the data set.

If you do not dump the data set within a reasonable time, SMF data might be lost, which is indicated by message IEE366I. How much time can elapse before SMF data is lost depends on the size of the recording data sets and the type of records being recorded.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE364I

SMF {LOGICAL|PHYSICAL} I/O ERROR ON SYS1.MANn {FEEDBACK CODE=fc|errortext}

Explanation

The system found an error while writing to the system management facilities (SMF) SYS1.MANn data set.

In the message text:

SYS1.MANn

The data set, with a suffix of n.

The VSAM feedback code for a logical error.

errortext

The VSAM error message text for a physical error.

System action

SMF continues processing, but does not write to the erroneous data set. If another SMF data set is available, SMF writes to it and issues message IEE360I. Otherwise, SMF does no further recording.

Operator response

For a physical error, contact hardware support.

System programmer response

For a logical error, check the VSAM code and fix the error. The error might be the result of an improperly defined data set.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE365I

SMF SYS1.{MANn|PARMLIB} NOT OPENED

Explanation

The system could not open the SYS1.MANn data set or the SYS1.PARMLIB data set. The data set has not been allocated or mounted properly.

System action

Processing continues. Depending on the data set, either:

SYS1.MANn

SMF writes no records to the SYS1.MANn data set.

SYS1.PARMLIB

SMF issues message IEE356A, to permit the operator to enter SMF parameters.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Allocate the data set.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE366I

NO SMF DATA SETS AVAILABLE -- DATA BEING BUFFERED TIME = hh.mm.ss

Explanation

The current SMF data set is full. The system could not find an available SMF data set. As a result, SMF will put the SMF data in a buffer until a data set is available. This condition developed because the SYS1.MANn data sets were not dumped in response to message IEE362A. This message is also issued in response to a DISPLAY SMF command when no SMF data sets are available.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time given as the hour (00-23), the minute (00-59), and the second (00-59).

System action

System processing continues, but SMF buffers all SMF records. SMF counts the number of records it buffered and logs the starting and ending times when it was unable to write any records. When a data set does become available, SMF writes an SMF data lost record (type 7) to the available data set and then writes the buffered SMF records to the data set.

Operator response

Run the SMF dump program. If a dump program is currently running, make sure that it completes as soon as possible.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

4

Descriptor code

2

IEE368E

Explanation

A system issued SYNCH messages, but the messages were not issued to a multiple console support (MCS) console. SYNCH messages must be issued to MCS consoles.

System action

The system does not issue the SYNCH messages.

Operator response

If running on a single system with an extended operator and no MCS consoles, enter VARY xxx,CONSOLE to vary a device online as the console with master authority.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB818

Routing code

1,10

Descriptor code

3

IEE371I

ROUTE COMMAND REJECTED - NO ACTIVE SYSTEMS IN GROUP $\ensuremath{\textit{grpname}}$

Explanation

The system group name specified on the ROUTE command does not contain any systems active in the sysplex. In the message,

grpname

is the systemgroupname specified on the ROUTE command

System action

The system rejects the ROUTE command.

Operator response

Contact systems programmer.

System programmer response

Ensure that the system group is defined correctly. The group must be defined via the name/token service and the token must point to a list of system names in CSA.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB820

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE372I

VARY CN ATTRIBUTE PROCESSING COMPLETE

Explanation

Processing for VARY CN attributes has been completed. Console attributes have been processed. However, VARY CN(),ONLINE or VARY CN(),OFFLINE processing might not have completed.

System action

System processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZK1V51

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE373I

XXXXXXXX NOT VARIED ONLINE - SYSTEM ssssssss IS NOT ACTIVE

Explanation

The default system for activation for a VARY CN ONLINE command is not active in the sysplex.

System action

The console is not varied online, any other parameters specified in the command are processed.

Operator response

Reissue the VARY CN command, specifying an active system name. To determine which systems are currently active, issue the DISPLAY XCF command.

Note: In JES3 for releases prior to JES3 5.2.1, a system might be active to XCF, but not necessarily be known to the console sysplex.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZK1V56

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE374I

CONSOLE(S) NOT VARIED ONLINE - SYSTEM ssssssss IS NOT ACTIVE

Explanation

The system specified on the SYSTEM= keyword of a VARY CN ONLINE command is not active in the sysplex.

System action

The console is not varied online, any other parameters specified in the command are processed.

Operator response

Reissue the VARY CN command, specifying an active system name. To determine which systems are currently active, issue the DISPLAY XCF command.

Note: In JES3 for releases prior to JES3 5.2.1, a system might be active to XCF, but not necessarily be known to the console sysplex.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZK1V56

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE376I

{xx|VARY REJECTED, PATH(dev,xx)} LAST PATH TO DEVICE

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- A VARY PATH command without the UNCOND parameter requested that the last path to device *dev* be varied offline. and JES3 has indicated that the device cannot be varied offline.
- In a JES3 Environment, a VARY PATH command with the UNCOND parameter requested that the last path to device *dev* be varied offline and JES3 has indicated that the device cannot be varied offline.

• A VARY PATH command with the UNCOND parameter requested that the last path to allocated device *dev* be varied offline.

The system does not allow a request to vary offline the last path to an allocated device.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

XX

The channel path representing the last path to a device.

System action

The system does not perform the requested reconfiguration for the device. The system continues processing.

Operator response

If dev is not the desired device number, enter the VARY command again with the desired device number. If the UNCOND parameter was not specified, reissue the command with the UNCOND parameter.

If the problem recurs, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPTHR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE377I

ccc TP-CANNOT BE VARIED

Explanation

A teleprocessing device cannot be varied.

System action

The system rejects the request to vary a teleprocessing device.

Operator response

Attempt to vary the teleprocessing device again.

Source

Communication task (COMMTASK)

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE378I

{xx|VARY REJECTED, PATH(dev,xx)} DOES NOT EXIST

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system vary a path to a device through a specified channel path online or offline. However, the specified I/O path does not exist.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

XX

The specified channel path.

System action

The system does not perform the requested reconfiguration for the device. The system continues processing.

Operator response

If dev is not the device number of the desired device, enter the VARY command again with the desired device number.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPTHR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE379I

{VARY REJECTED, PATH(dev,xx) RESERVED|xx NOT AVAILABLE}

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system vary the path to a shared device on a specified channel path either online or offline. However, the path is temporarily reserved and cannot be varied offline, or the device is reserved, which prevents the system from verifying that the path to be varied is operational.

Note that when a reserved condition is detected during an attempt to VARY a path offline, VARY PATH processing retries the I/O a number of times before issuing the message.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

XX

The specified channel path.

System action

The system does not perform the requested reconfiguration for the device. The system continues processing.

Operator response

If desired, enter the VARY PATH command again after the shared device has been released.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPTHR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE380I

sdddd DEVICE TYPE INVALID

Explanation

A SWAP command requested dynamic device reconfiguration. However, the specified device is not supported by dynamic device reconfiguration.

In the message text:

S

The subchannel set id.

dddd

The device number.

System action

The system does not run the SWAP command. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Enter a SWAP again, if a swap is still desired. Specify a supported device.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IGF2503D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE381I

dev DEVICE UNALLOCATED

Explanation

A SWAP command requested dynamic device reconfiguration. However, the specified device has not been allocated to a job, so a swap cannot be performed.

In the message text:

dddd

The device number.

System action

The system does not run the SWAP command. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Do nothing; the system does not swap the device.

If desired, enter a VARY *devspec*,OFFLINE command to place the device offline. If the VARY command fails, then the device has been allocated. Enter the SWAP command again.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IGF2503D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE382I

{ttt|cm} CURRENTLY ACTIVE

Explanation

The operator entered a command. However, the system was processing a command and cannot process another command until the outstanding command completes.

In the message text:

ttt

The command applied to the Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) system ttt.

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Wait for the system to finish processing the outstanding command. Enter the command again.

Note: Cancelling the affected job will purge the outstanding command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE1603D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE383I

VARY REJECTED, DEVICE dev CANNOT BE ACCESSED

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a path to a device. However, the device has a permanent error.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

The system does not perform the requested reconfiguration for the path to the device. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Contact hardware support.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPTHR

Routing code

-

5

IEE384I

VARY REJECTED, UCB FOR DEVICE *dev* **NOT CONNECTED**

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a device, but the device is not connected to any subchannel.

In the message text:

dev

The hexadecimal device number.

System action

The system does not perform the requested reconfiguration for the path to the device. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Make sure that the device is the desired device:

- If it is not the desired device, enter the VARY PATH command again, specifying the correct device number.
- If it is the desired device, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Define the device to a subchannel by performing another I/O reconfiguration.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPTHR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE385I

VARY REJECTED, I/O TIMED OUT DURING PATH(dev,xx) VALIDATION

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a channel path to a device, but the time limit for the requested reconfiguration has been exceeded.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

XX

The channel path identifier.

998 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

System action

The system does not perform the requested reconfiguration for the device. The system continues processing.

Operator response

A time-out of this sort is probably caused by a hardware error on the device or on the control unit to which the device is attached. Contact hardware support.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPTHR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE386I

IEE1386I PATH(dev,chp) NOT BROUGHT ONLINE header_msg IEE763I NAME=mod_name CODE=msg_code {ios_msgid1 ios_msg1 [ios_msgid2 ios_msg2...]} [IEE763I NAME=mod_name CODE=msg_code [ios_msgid1 ios_msg1 [ios_msgid2 ios_msg2...]]]... IEE764I END OF msg_id RELATED MESSAGES

Explanation

When the system tried to access a device, an error occurred.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

chp

The channel path that could not be brought online.

header_msg

An allocation, data facility product (DFP), dynamic device reconfiguration (DDR), or reconfiguration message that describes the error.

IEE763I NAME=mod_name CODE=msg_code

This message appears at the beginning of each group of IOS messages that describe a problem.

In the message text:

mod_name

The name of the module that generated the IOS messages which follow message IEE763I.

msg_code

A diagnostic aid for the allocation, input/output supervisor (IOS), and/or reconfiguration components.

ios_msgid1 ios_msg1

ios_msgid2 ios_msg2

Messages issued by IOS which further describe the problem. One or more of the following messages may appear:

• IOS445

IOS550-IOS570

IEE764I END OF msg_id RELATED MESSAGES

The system issues this message after issuing all messages that are part of message IEE386I.

In the message text:

msg_id

The identifier for the header message that the system issues as part of message IEE386I.

System action

The system does not perform the requested action on the device.

Operator response

See the operator response for the header messages and/or IOS messages that describe the problem.

System programmer response

See the operator response for the header messages and/or IOS messages that describe the problem.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPTHR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE387I

XXXXXXXX NOT DEFINED AS A CONSOLE ON SYSTEM ssssssss

Explanation

The console is not defined on the specified system.

System action

The console is not varied online, any other parameters specified in the command are processed.

Operator response

Reissue the VARY CN command, specifying the correct console name and/or correct system name.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZK1V56

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE388I

SMF NOW RECORDING ON VOLSER ser, DSN=dsname TIME=hh.mm.ss

Explanation

System management facilities (SMF) will write records on the SMF data set, dsname.

SMF issues this message:

- During SMF initialization to indicate which data set was chosen by the SMF writer as the current recording data set.
- When a switch in active data sets takes place during system processing.

Note: This message is issued instead of IEE360I only when an installation defines a data set name that does not use the SYS1.MAN*n* naming convention.

In the message text:

ser

The volume serial number of the volume containing the SMF data set.

dsname

The name of the SMF recording data set.

hh.mm.ss

The time, given as the hour (00-23), the minute (00-59), and the second (00-59).

System action

SMF initially places records in a buffer. When the buffer is full, SMF writes the data in the buffer to the indicated data set. If the system fails before the buffer is full, the records are lost.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

Route code for switch SMF processing. *,2

Descriptor code

4

IEE389I

MVS COMMAND PROCESSING AVAILABLE

Explanation

The system issues this message during IPL processing when commands can be expected to work successfully.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB860

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

12

IEE390I

ERROR OCCURRED WHILE PROCESSING SPECIFIED LOGLIM - DEFAULT VALUE APPLIED

Explanation

The system was unable to process the specified LOGLIM value because of insufficient storage. LOGLIM has been set to the default value of 1 (1000 buffers).

System action

The system resets LOGLIM to the default value of 1 (1000 buffers).

System programmer response

Verify the amount of CSA storage available for system log buffers. Set LOGLIM based on that amount.

Source

Master Scheduler

Module

IEEMB803, IEEMB804

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

12

IEE391A

SMF ENTER DUMP FOR DATA SET ON VOLSER ser, DSN=dsname

Explanation

The dsname data set is full, or a HALT EOD or a SWITCH SMF command was entered.

Note: This message is issued instead of IEE362A only when an installation defines a data set name that does not use the SYS1.MAN*n* naming convention.

1002 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

In the message text:

ser

The volume serial number of the volume containing the SMF data set.

dsname

The name of the SMF recording data set.

System action

System processing continues. If another SMF data set is available, SMF continues recording and issues message IEE388I. If none is available, SMF will begin to buffer SMF data into storage until a data set becomes available. If a data set does not become available, SMF data will be lost.

Operator response

Request the SMF dump program for the data set.

If you do not dump the data set within a reasonable time, SMF data might be lost, which is indicated by message IEE366I. How much time can elapse before SMF data is lost depends on the number of records being recorded.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

Route code for switch SMF processing. *,1

Descriptor code

2

IEE392I

SMF ENTER DUMP FOR DATA SET ON VOLSER ser, DSN=dsname -- or -- SMF ENTER DUMP FOR DATA SET ON VOLSER ser, DSN=dsname

Explanation

The dsname data set is full, or a HALT EOD or a SWITCH SMF command was entered.

Note: This message is issued instead of IEE362I only when an installation defines a data set name that does not use the SYS1.MAN*n* naming convention.

In the message text:

ser

The volume serial number of the volume containing the SMF data set.

dsname

The name of the SMF recording data set.

System action

System processing continues. If another SMF data set is available, SMF continues recording and issues message IEE388I. If none is available, SMF will begin to buffer SMF data into storage until a data set becomes available. If a data set does not become available, SMF data lost will eventually occur.

Operator response

Request the SMF dump program for the data set.

If you do not dump the data set within a reasonable time, SMF data might be lost, which is indicated by message IEE366I. How much time can elapse before SMF data is lost depends on the number of records being recorded.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE393I

text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
SMF {LOGICAL|PHYSICAL} I/O ERROR ON dsname {FEEDBACK CODE=fc|errortext}
```

The system found an error while writing to the System Management Facilities (SMF) dsname data set.

Note: This message is issued instead of IEE364I only when an installation defines a data set name that does not use the SYS1.MAN*n* naming convention.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the SMF recording data set.

fс

The VSAM feedback code for a logical error.

errortext

The VSAM error message text for a physical error.

System action

SMF continues processing, but does not write to the erroneous data set. If another SMF data set is available, SMF writes to it and issues message IEE388I. Otherwise, SMF will begin to buffer SMF data into storage until another data set becomes available.

Operator response

Notify the System Programmer.

System programmer response

For a logical error, check the VSAM code and fix the error. The error might be the result of an improperly defined data set. Some physical errors are caused when an image has crashed and the SMF MANx dataset has not been

closed properly. Other physical errors are the result of actual hardware failures. For logical errors that cannot be attributed to actual hardware device failures, do the following:

- 1. If there is data from a previous IPL to be preserved and the installation wished to preserve the SMF data, attempt to offload the dataset via the installation's SMF offload job using program IFASMFDP. If there is no real physical hardware issue, the offload will succeed.
- 2. Delete and reallocate the SMF MANx dataset. Ensure no I/O errors occurred during the reallocate of the dataset.
- 3. Add the dataset back via the SET SMF or SETSMF command.
- 4. If an I/O still occurs, then notify hardware support. Supply the EREP data for the device in error.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822, IEEMB829

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

1

IEE394I

SMF DATA SET CANNOT BE text, DSN=dsnameRETURN CODE=return-code. ERROR CODE=error-code. [INFO CODE=ic]

Explanation

System management facilities (SMF) processing was unable to allocate, open, or close SMF recording data set dsname.

Note: This message is issued instead of IEE950I only when an installation defines a data set name that does not use the SYS1.MAN*n* naming convention.

In the message text:

text

The requested operation. ALLOCATED, OPENED, or CLOSED.

ALLOCATED

If allocation failed, the message includes the return code, error code, and information code from dynamic allocation.

OPENED

If open processing failed, the message includes the return code and error code from VSAM open processing. Message IEC161I precedes this message.

CLOSED

If close processing failed, the message includes the return code and error code from VSAM close processing. Message IEC251I precedes this message.

dsname

The name of the SMF recording data set.

return-code

The dynamic allocation VSAM return code.

error-code

The dynamic allocation VSAM error code.

The dynamic allocation VSAM information code.

System action

SMF processing continues but ignores the *dsname* data set. If other SMF recording data sets are available, SMF continues recording and issues message IEE388I. Otherwise, SMF will begin to buffer SMF data into storage until another data set becomes available. If a data set does not become available, SMF data will be lost.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See the codes from dynamic allocation or VSAM. See the accompanying messages.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822, IEEMB829

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE395I

DSORG OF SMF DATA SET IS NOT VSAM AND CANNOT BE USED, DSN=dsname or DSORG OF SMF DATA SET IS NOT VSAM AND CANNOT BE USED, DSN=dsname

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) found that the *dsname* recording data set specified in the DSNAME parameter in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member or in the reply to message IEE357A is not a VSAM data set. All SMF recording data sets must be VSAM data sets.

Note: This message is issued instead of IEE951I only when an installation defines a data set name that does not use the SYS1.MAN*n* naming convention.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the SMF recording data set.

System action

SMF initialization or SET SMF command processing continues. If at least one valid SMF recording data set is available, SMF continues recording and issues message IEE388I. Otherwise, SMF will begin to buffer SMF data into storage until another data set becomes available. If a data set does not become available, SMF data will be lost.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Respond with one of the following:

- Recreate the dsname data set.
- Modify the DSNAME parameter in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member to include only VSAM data sets.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE396I

INVALID CONTROL INTERVAL SIZE IN DATA SET dsname

Explanation

SMF initialization or SET SMF command processing found that the control interval size for SMF data set *dsname* is not the control interval size of the data sets that are already in use by the system.

Note: This message is issued instead of IEE953I only when an installation defines a data set name that does not use the SYS1.MAN*n* naming convention.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the SMF recording data set.

System action

SMF initialization or SET SMF command processing continues but ignores the *dsname* data set. If at least one valid SMF recording data set is available, recording continues. Otherwise, SMF will begin to buffer SMF data into storage until another data set becomes available. If a data set does not become available, SMF data will be lost.

System programmer response

Recreate the *dsname* data set using the access method services DEFINE utility and specify CONTROLINTERVALSIZE(xxxx), where xxxx is the control interval size for data sets that are already in use by the system. See z/OS MVS System Management Facilities (SMF) for information about creating SMF data sets.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE397I

form 1 or form 2

Explanation

form 1 is:

SMF DATA SET IS TOO SMALL AND WILL NOT BE USED, DSN=dsname

form 2 is:

```
SMF DATA SET IS TOO SMALL AND WILL NOT BE USED, DSN= dsname
```

The *dsname* recording data set is too small to hold the largest possible SMF record (32 kilobytes) and the control information that is required to segment the record.

Note: This message is issued instead of IEE960I only when an installation defines a data set name that does not use the SYS1.MAN*n* naming convention.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the SMF recording data set.

System action

SMF initialization or SET SMF command processing continues but ignores the *dsname* data set. If at least one valid SMF recording data set is available, SMF continues recording and issues message IEE388I. Otherwise, SMF will begin to buffer SMF data into storage until another data set becomes available.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Recreate the *dsname* data set using the access method services DEFINE utility and specifying a larger size. Use the access method services LISTCAT utility to check the size of all SMF recording data sets. A data set is large enough if the LISTCAT output shows a HI-ALLOC-RBA value of at least 36863 for the data set. Recreate any data set that is too small.

Note: This message can be issued when the system tries to use an SMF data set that was created with extents. SMF data sets cannot have extents.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE398I

text

Explanation

Where *text* is one of the following:

```
SMF DATA SET IS BEING FORMATTED, DSN=dsname
-- or --
SMF DATA SET IS BEING FORMATTED, DSN=
dsname
```

The dsname recording data set not been formatted. Formatting is now taking place.

Note: This message is issued instead of IEE966I only when an installation defines a data set name that does not use the SYS1.MAN*n* naming convention.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the SMF recording data set.

System action

SMF initialization or SET SMF command processing formats the *dsname* data set. This processing might take several minutes to complete, depending on the size of the data set. Normal IPL or SET processing resumes when formatting is complete.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

To avoid reformatting the data set during IPL or SET SMF command processing, use the SMF dump program when creating new SMF recording data sets.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE399I

START mbrname FAILED, JOB STATEMENT KEYWORD keyword NOT ACCEPTED

Explanation

The START command has failed because the JOB statement in the member being started contained keywords that are not allowed for started tasks.

It is issued for keywords USER, GROUP, PASSWORD, RESTART, SECLABEL, SYSAFF, SYSTEM, and TYPRUN, and the fail of the START. You cannot specify the following job-level keywords, unless you code them with no value (to nullify the same keywords in the source JCL):

- USER
- GROUP
- PASSWORD
- RESTART
- SCHENV
- SECLABEL
- SYSAFF
- SYSTEM
- TYPRUN

In the message text:

mbrname

The member that was being started

keyword

The job statement keyword that is not accepted

System action

The START command fails.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Remove the keyword from the JOB statement

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB801

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

Chapter 7. IEE messages (IEE400I - IEE699I)

IEE400I

THESE MESSAGES CANCELED-id,id,id

Explanation

The system cancelled message IEE584I because the issuing task ended or specifically requested that the message be canceled.

id,id,id

The reply identifiers for cancelled messages.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

45

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZQ1MTC

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE401I

START mbrname, JOB STATEMENT KEYWORD keyword IGNORED

Explanation

The START command found a keyword on the JOB statement in the member being started that will not be processed.

In the message text:

mbrname

The member that was being started

keyword

The job statement keyword that is ignored

Note: The CLASS keyword is ignored in a JES2 environment. In a JES3 environment, all class-related attributes/ functions are ignored except for the following:

- · Device fencing
- · Spool partitioning
- · Track group allocation

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Remove the keyword from the JOB statement.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB801

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE403I

SMS=xx NOT PROCESSED ON THE SET COMMAND

Explanation

A SET command requested a change to storage management subsystem (SMS) parameters or the start of SMS. However, SMS is not installed in the system. The system does not process the IGDSMSxx* parmlib member.

In the message text:

SMS=xx

The SMS parameter specified on the SET command. xx is the suffix of IGDSMSxx.

System action

The system continues processing, but ignores the SMS parameter specified on the SET command and does not process the IGDSMSxx parmlib member.

Operator response

Enter DISPLAY SMS to verify that the installation has SMS installed.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB811

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

1014 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

IEE404I

START mbrname, MEMBER SPECIFIED IS NOT A JOB AND CANNOT BE STARTED

Explanation

The START command found the member specified in a library that can only contain jobs, but determined that the member was not a job. This member cannot be started without a valid JOB statement.

In the message text:

mbrname

The member that was being started

System action

The START command fails.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the member is really a procedure, move it to a procedure library. If the member is supposed to be a job, place a valid JOB statement in the first record of the member.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB801

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE405I

SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx keyword TRIPLET number NOT PERFORMED. text

Explanation

A SLIP trap requested a storage refresh, but the system has not completed the refresh.

XXXX

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

keyword

The specified timing of the data refresh: REFBEFOR for before or REFAFTER for after.

number

The number of the triplet that failed.

text

The reason that the triplet failed. One of the following.

{FIRST | SECOND} OPERAND ADDRESS SPACE WAS NOT ACTIVE.

The address space specified by the first or second operand was not active.

{FIRST | SECOND} OPERAND COULD NOT BE ACCESSED.

The address space specified by the first or second operand could not be accessed.

FIRST OPERAND WAS WRITE PROTECTED.

The address space specified by the first operand was write protected.

System action

The system does not perform the failing triplet and subsequent triplets in the SLIP command. If an operand crosses a page boundary, the system might have performed part of the triplet.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the SLIP command and issue the command again.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEAVTSL3

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

4

IEE406I

SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx NOT ACTIVATED. text

Explanation

The system did not activate a SLIP trap. In the message text:

XXXX

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

text

The reason that the trap was not activated. One of the following:

FIRST RANGE ADDRESS SPACE WAS NOT ACTIVE.

The address space qualifier for the first address of a range specified an address space that is not active.

SECOND RANGE ADDRESS SPACE WAS NOT ACTIVE.

The address space qualifier for the second address of a range specified an address space that is not active.

FIRST RANGE ADDRESS COULD NOT BE DETERMINED.

The system could not evaluate the first indirect address specified in the SLIP command for one of the following reasons:

- The address space was swapped out.
- The page where the address resides was paged out.
- The page where the address resides was not valid.

SECOND RANGE ADDRESS COULD NOT BE DETERMINED.

The system could not evaluate the second indirect address specified in the SLIP command for one of the following reasons:

- The address space was swapped out.
- The page where the address resides was paged out.
- The page where the address resides was not valid.

RANGE OF A TARGET TRAP USES THE SA QUALIFIER BUT SOURCE TRAP IS NOT SA/SK.

The SA qualifier was used in the RANGE parameter of a target trap, but the source trap was neither SA nor SK.

DYNAMIC PER ACTIVATION CHAIN IS NOT COMPLETE.

An attempt was made to enable the first trap in a dynamic PER chain. However, not all the traps in the chain were present.

RESPONSE WAS CANCEL.

The command entered was SLIP MOD, ID=XXXX, ENABLE, but the range was too large. The operator chose to cancel activation of the trap.

COULD NOT RESOLVE PVTMOD RANGE.

SLIP could not obtain the local lock of the primary address space where the PER interrupt occurred. The local lock is required to search the job pack queue.

PER RANGE(nnnnnnn_nnnnnnn1,nnnnnnnn_nnnnnnn2) WRAPS.

The SLIP command entered resulted in a range where SLIP PER processing would monitor all storage from the specified ending address to the end of storage, wrapping around to the starting address; therefore including all storage outside of the specified values. This would have resulted in SLIP PER processing consuming all CPU resources, making the system unresponsive.

COULD NOT SET PER RANGE.

The problem is caused by the timing of the command or the environment.

INSUFFICIENT AUTHORITY

The security FACILITY class entity IEASLIP.REFRESH is provided for installations to permit the use of the REFBEFOR and REFAFTER keywords on the SLIP command. When the IEASLIP.REFRESH FACILITY class profile is defined, the SLIP command issuer must have UPDATE access to that profile in order to use the REFAFTER and REFBEFOR keywords. Message IEE406I 'SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx NOT ACTIVATED. INSUFFICIENT AUTHORITY' is displayed if the command issuer does not have UPDATE access. The security product may issue additional messages that are associated with this message so you should look in the log for any additional messages.

System action

The system does not activate the SLIP trap. The system continues other processing.

Operator response

If the *text* was COULD NOT SET PER RANGE, enter the SLIP command again. For any other *text*, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the problem indicated by the text. Ask the operator to enter the SLIP command again.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEAVTSLD

Routing code

-,10

Descriptor code

4,5

IEE407D

SLIP ID=xxxx text RESPECIFY TARGETID KEYWORD OR 'CANCEL'

Explanation

The system did not activate the first SLIP trap in a dynamic PER activation chain because the TARGETID parameter of one trap was incorrect. In the message text:

XXXX

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command with the incorrect TARGETID parameter.

text

The reason the TARGETID was not correct is one of the following:

TARGETID CAUSES A CIRCULAR DYNAMIC PER ACTIVATION CHAIN.

The TARGETID of one trap in the chain references another trap that, in turn, refers back to the first trap, directly or indirectly.

TARGETID CORRESPONDS TO A nnnn TRAP.

Where *nnnn* is one of the following:

- SUBTRAP
- IGNORE
- NON-PER

These traps do not participate in dynamic PER activation chains.

System action

The system does not active the SLIP traps in the dynamic PER activation chain. The system continues with other processing.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the problem indicated by the text. Ask the operator to enter the SLIP commands again.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE408I

SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx NOT DELETED. TRAP IS PART OF AN ACTIVATION CHAIN. FIRST DISABLE TRAP.

Explanation

A SLIP command requested deletion of a SLIP trap from a dynamic PER activation chain. Deletion of a single trap from a chain is not allowed. In the message text:

XXXX

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

System action

The system did not delete the trap from the chain. The system continues other processing.

Operator response

Enter a SLIP MOD command to disable the trap, then delete the trap.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB940

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE409I

cmd KEYWORD INVALID IN LOCAL MODE.

Explanation

A command specified a keyword that has meaning only when the command is entered within a sysplex environment. The error occurred because the command was entered on a system operating in local mode. The keywords MSCOPE, AMSCOPE, DMSCOPE, and SYSTEM are not valid in local mode.

In the message text:

cmd

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command after removing the incorrect keyword.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V53, CNZK1V56

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE410I

SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx **EVALUATED RANGE=**(addr1,addr2)

Explanation

A SLIP PER trap has been enabled. The system checks the trap for indirect addresses. If no indirect addresses are found, the system issues this message with the range. In the message text:

XXXX

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

(addr1,addr2)

The range specified in the trap.

System action

The system enables the trap for the evaluated range.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEAVTSLD, IEECB905

IEE411D

SLIP ID=xxxx IS THE TARGET OF A DYNAMIC PER TRAP BUT TRAP IS nnnn. RESPECIFY ID KEYWORD OR 'CANCEL'.

Explanation

The TARGETID parameter of a SLIP command specified the identifier of a trap that is a non-PER trap or an ignore trap. In the message text:

XXXX

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

nnnn

One of the following:

- NON-PER
- IGNORE
- SUBTRAP

In any of these cases the type of trap is inappropriate to be part of a dynamic PER activation chain.

System action
The system does not set up the requested SLIP trap. The system continues other processing.
Operator response
Enter the SLIP command with a different TARGETID or cancel the trap.
Enter the SEIT command with a different TANGETID of cancer the trap.
Source
SLIP
Module
IEECB905
Routing code
Routing code
Descriptor code
5
IEE412I SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx, ddd SDUMPS NOT SCHEDULED. text
Explanation
A SLIP trap requested one or more SVC dumps, but the dumps were not generated. In the message text:
XXXX The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.
ddd
The number of SVC dumps that are not scheduled.
text
One of the following:
RETURN CODE=return-code, REASON CODE=reason-code The first dump that failed returned return code <i>return-code</i> and reason code <i>reason-code</i> . For an explanation of the return and reason codes, see the SDUMP macro in <i>z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference LLA-SDU</i> .
RETURN/REASON CODES NOT AVAILABLE The return and reason codes are not available.
System action
The system does not generate one or more SVC dumps that the SLIP trap requested. The system continues other processing.
Source
SLIP

Module IEAVTSLS

IEE413I

ROUTE COMMAND REJECTED - REQUESTED SYSTEMS ARE NOT ACTIVE

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- A ROUTE command specified the *OTHER parameter, which sends a command to all systems in a sysplex *except* the system on which the ROUTE command is entered. The system cannot process the command because either:
 - 1. The system is in cross-system coupling facility (XCF)-local mode, OR
 - 2. No other systems are active in the sysplex.
- A ROUTE command specified a list of systems or system groups to which a command is to be routed. The system cannot process the command because none of the systems specified in the list are active.

System action

The system does not process the ROUTE command. The system continues other processing.

System programmer response

Ensure that the system names or system group names specified on the ROUTE command are correct. If not, enter the correct names on the ROUTE command; then enter the ROUTE command again.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB820

IEE420I

VARY CN ONLINE KEYWORD IGNORED FOR EXTENDED MCS CONSOLE consname

Explanation

The VARY CN command was issued with ONLINE specified, and more than one console was specified. At least one of the specified consoles was an extended MCS console.

System action

The system ignores the ONLINE keyword on the VARY CN command for the extended MCS console.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZK1V56

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE421I

RO {*ALL|*OTHER|sys_list| sysgrpname},text text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
[NO RESPONSE RECEIVED FROM THE
FOLLOWING SYSTEM(S):
sysxx sysyy syszz ... ]

[THE FOLLOWING SYSTEMS WERE SPECIFIED
BUT WERE NOT ACTIVE -----
sysxx sysyy syszz ... ]

SYSNAME RESPONSES ------
sys01 response01
sys02 response02
...
sysnn responsenn
```

This message presents aggregated (collected) command responses that result from issuing the ROUTE command with *ALL or systemgroupname specified.

Note: If at least one of the command responses is a multi-line message, the output is formatted as follows:

In the message text:

text

As many characters of the routed command as will fit on the line. For ROUTE *ALL, this is 16 characters. For ROUTE system group name, this is from 12 to 19 characters.

sys01, sys02,...sysnn

The names of each of the systems in the sysplex.

response01, response02,....responsenn

The responses from each of the systems in the sysplex.

Each response can be one or more lines.

Note: The responses are sometimes too long to fit on one line. When a response is more than 71 characters long, it is split into two lines.

sysxx, sysyy, syszz,...

The names of the systems in the sysplex that have not returned responses within the timeout value in effect for the ROUTE command.

Note: The IBM-defined default timeout value is 30 seconds.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB820

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE422I

command COMMAND OUTPUT COMMAND RESPONSE FOR WORKITEMS AFFECTED BY jobname.id* jobname.identifier text jobname.identifier text . . .

Explanation

This message is issued when a STOP, MODIFY, or CANCEL command is issued with a wildcard character in the identifier.

command

is the issued command verb.

jobname.id*

is the jobname and wildcard identifier specified on the command.

jobname.identifier

is the affected jobname/identifier pair.

text

is one of the following:

- AUTHORITY INVALID, FAILED BY MVS
- AUTHORITY INVALID, FAILED BY SECURITY PRODUCT
- COMMAND ACCEPTED
- NON-CANCELABLE
- NON-CANCELABLE-ISSUE FORCE ARM
- REJECTED-TASK BUSY
- INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR COMMAND
- text of message returned by the security product

System action

If the text is COMMAND ACCEPTED then the work item is affected by the *command*. Otherwise the *command* may not have been executed against the specified work item. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Correct any error and reissue if necessary, or issue FORCE if directed to do so.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE0703D, IEE3703D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE423I

VARY CN OFFLINE KEYWORD IGNORED FOR EXTENDED MCS CONSOLE consname

Explanation

The VARY CN command was issued with OFFLINE specified, and more than one console was specified. At least one of the specified consoles was an extended MCS console.

System action

The system ignores the OFFLINE keyword on the VARY CN command for the extended MCS console.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZK1V56

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE424I

dev/consname/consid OFFLINE DUE TO CONFIGURATION MANAGER, CANNOT BE VARIED ONLINE

Explanation

A VARY command was issued to vary the device online or activate the console. However, the device or console is being kept offline by a configuration manager (such as ESCON Manager), and cannot be varied online or activated.

In the message text:

dev

The device number specified in the VARY command.

consname

The console name specified in the VARY command.

consid

The console identifier specified in the VARY CN command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

To vary the device online, either vary the device online using the configuration manager (for example, using ESCON Manager) or add the FORCE option to the VARY ONLINE or VARY CN,ONLINE command.

Source

MVS Console Services or MVS Device Allocation

Module

CNZK1V49, IEFHBONL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE451I

SLIP IDGROUP=idgroup DISABLED. SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx DISABLED ON SYSTEM sysname

Explanation

A system is processing a SLIP trap set by a SLIP command with an IDGROUP parameter. When the processing is complete, SLIP disables all the SLIP traps in the idgroup.

In the message text:

idgroup

The name of the idgroup.

XXXX

The SLIP trap identifier.

sysname

The system on which the SLIP trap occurred.

System action

The system with the trap writes this message to the console and the hardcopy log; the other systems in the *idgroup* write this message to their hardcopy logs.

The system with the trap processes the trap and disables it. The other systems disable the traps in *idgroup*. If the trap is an enabled, non-ignore PER trap, SLIP also disables PER on each system.

If the SLIP trap specifies an action of STDUMP, SVCD, SYNCSVCD, or TRDUMP, the system requests an SVC dump on the system with the trap.

Source

Recovery termination manager (RTM)

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

10

1026 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Descriptor code

4

IEE452I

UNIT STATUS NUMBER OF UNITS REQUESTED EXCEEDS NUMBER AVAILABLE

Explanation

In the DISPLAY U command, the number of devices specified exceeded the number of devices in the system with the requested attributes. This message appears as the last line of the display.

System action

The system processes the command.

Source

Device independent display operator console support (MCS)

Module

IEE23110

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

8

IEE453I

UNIT STATUS INVALID OPERAND RE-ENTER

Explanation

In the DISPLAY U command, parameters were incorrect.

System action

The system does not create a display.

Operator response

Enter the command correctly, specifying valid parameters.

Source

Device independent display operator console support (MCS)

Module

IEE20110

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

8

IEE455I

UNIT STATUS NO DEVICES WITH REQUESTED ATTRIBUTES

Explanation

In the DISPLAY U command, specified attributes were did not correspond to any devices in the system.

System action

No display was created.

Operator response

Enter the command correctly, specifying valid device descriptions.

Source

Device independent display operator console support (MCS)

Module

IEECB859 and IEE23110

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE456I

INCORRECT DEVICE TYPE. ONLY TAPE IS VALID FOR [AUTOSWITCH] UNAVAILABLE].

Explanation

The system issues this message in response to a DISPLAY AUTOSWITCH or DISPLAY UNAVAILABLE command. TAPE is the only valid device type on this command.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Reissue the command.

- For the DISPLAY AUTOSWITCH command: either issue D U,,AUTOSWITCH to take the default for device type, or issue D U,TAPE,AUTOSWITCH to specify TAPE as the device type.
- For the DISPLAY UNAVAILABLE command: either issue D U,,UNAVAILABLE to take the default for device type, or issue D U,TAPE,UNAVAILABLE to specify TAPE as the device type.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE20110, IEE22110

Routing code

Note 18

Descriptor code

5

IEE457I

hh.mm.ss UNIT STATUS [idr] text

Explanation

Where text is:

UNIT	TYPE	STATUS	VOLSER	VOLSTATE	SS	
uuuu	type	status	volser	VVVVVVVVV	n	
UNIT uuuu	TYPE type	UNIT uuuu	TYPE uuuu			

This message appears in response to a DISPLAY U command. It can appear in either of two formats, depending on whether the command is DISPLAY U or D U,,ONLINE, or DISPLAY U,,OFFLINE.

The message that displays in response to DISPLAY U has the following format:

|--|

The message that displays in response to DISPLAY U,,OFFLINE has up to seven instances of **UNIT** and **TYPE** information:

```
UNIT TYPE UNIT TYPE UNIT TYPE UNIT TYPE UNIT TYPE 00000 3277 00002 3211 00003 3211 00004 3211 00005 3211 : :
```

In the message text:

UNIT

The unit for which you are accessing information

TYPE

Refers to the following devices:

- CTC adapters
- DASD
- · Graphic devices
- Magnetic tape device
- · Communication equipment
- Unit record devices

Devices appear as specified through HCD (for TP devices, only the control unit is shown.)

The following device types might appear in the TYPE field:

tvpe

Device type, such as '3380'

3330-1

3330V

Note: Certain Device Types in the same Device Class may display as all the same Device Type. This behavior is discussed in APAR OY58396.

*xxx*S

where xxx represents the first three digits of device type (for example, '348' for a 3480 or '349' for a 3490) and 'S' means the device has a cartridge stack loader.

XXXL | XXXM

where xxx represents the first three digits of a device type (for example, '348' for a 3480 or '349' for a 3490). 'L' means the device is ATL resident, and 'M' means the device is MTL resident.

Note: If a device is both a library device and has a cartridge stack loader, the L or M designation takes precedence over the S designation.

UND

where the device is not known.

STATUS

The status of the device, which can be a combination of the following. For example, if A-BSY appears in the message, the device is both allocated and busy.

Α

Allocated

AS

Automatically switchable

BOX

Hardware error

BSY

Busy

C

Console

F

Offline. This is used when a combination of offline and some other status value needs to be displayed; for example, F-NRD.

L

The release on a device is pending and reserve may or may not have occurred.

М

A device managed by a device manager, such as JES3 or a non-IBM tape management subsystem

MTP

Mount pending

NRD

Not ready

0

Online

OFFLINE

This is used when the only status value that needs to be displayed is OFFLINE.

Р

Reserve pending

PND

Offline pending

PΩ

Offline pending, and also not ready. This status value is displayed only if NRD is also displayed on the status line.

PUL

Unload pending

R

Reserved, shared DASD or exclusively-assigned device

RAL

Restricted to allocation

RO

Device can only be accessed in read-only mode from this host system.

S

SYSRES

SPD

Channel program is temporarily suspended while the system is using it.

SYS

Allocated to system

UNAVL

The device has been marked unavailable for allocation by the VARY xxxx, UNAVAIL operator command.

Note: A MOUNT pending designation for a given device (shown as 'MTP' in the message text) does not indicate that a volume should be mounted on the device in the following cases:

- No MOUNT message has yet been issued for the device (in this case the device is also designated allocated shown as 'A' in the message text).
- One or more MOUNT messages were issued for the device but the job(s) for which the messages were issued has been cancelled.

In the first case no action is necessary because a MOUNT message may or may not be issued. In the second case no action is necessary, but issuing an UNLOAD command to the device clears the mount-pending condition.

VOLSER

The volume serial number of the device.

VOLSTATE

How the device is to be used, either for public (PUB) or private (PRIV) or storage (STRG) use and whether the device is reserved (RSERV) or removable (REMOV) or permanently resident (RSDNT).

SS

A one digit device Subchannel Set ID.

idr

An identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- Written on printer consoles
- Displayed inline (that is, not in a display area) on a display console

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE23110

Routing code

Note 18

5,8,9

IEE458I

LOGROUTE text

Explanation

The system issues this message in response to a START, STOP, or MODIFY LOGROUTE command, or after the LOGROUTE task has detected an excessive number of records being routed.

In the message text:

CURRENTLY ACTIVE

The log routing was already successfully started when the START LOGROUTE command was entered.

System Action: The system will not start the second LOGROUTE job. Change the current log routing

Operator Response Use the MODIFY LOGROUTE command to display or change the current log routing.

SET TO NODE.USERID TIME=tt CLASS x

Log routing was successfully started or modified.

System Action: Log routing is started or modified to the new NODE.USERID, TIME and CLASS value.

SET TO DEFNODE*.DEFUSER* TIME=tt CLASS x

The MROUTE option has been selected to allow routing to destinations specified by the OUTPUT JCL statements. The NODEID.USERID parameter, if specified, is ignored.

System Action: Log routing is started to the NODE.USERID specified on the output JCL statement.

INACTIVE

Log routing was successfully stopped in response to the STOP LOGROUTE command.

CANCELLED

The system encountered a programming error in a log routing module.

System Action: All log routing activity stops and the LOGROUTE procedure is cancelled. The system issues an SVC dump and writes a record in the logrec data set error record.

Operator Response: Log routing was stopped to prevent the error from recurring. At the direction of the system programmer, issue the START LOGROUTE command to start log routing.

LOGROUTE SHOULD NOT BE CANCELLED, USE STOP COMMAND

The operator entered a CANCEL command to stop log routing, but the STOP LOGROUTE command must be used instead.

Operator Response: Enter the STOP LOGROUTE command.

NODEID=VALUE nnnnnnnnn INVALID

The operator entered a START or MODIFY command specifying an incorrect value in the NODEID keyword.

Operator Response: Check the value of the NODEID keyword and re-enter the command. The NODEID keyword must be 1-8 characters long, delimited by a period, and must represent a valid node and userid.

TIME=VALUE nnnnnnnnn INVALID

The operator issued a START or MODIFY command specifying an incorrect value for the TIME keyword.

Operator Response: Check the value of the TIME keyword and re-enter the command. The TIME keyword must a value between 1 and 1440. The value represents minutes.

CLASS=VALUE *nnnnnnnnn* **INVALID**

The operator issued a START or MODIFY command specifying an incorrect value for the CLASS keyword.

Operator Response: Check the value of the CLASS keyword and re-enter the command.

parameter PARAMETER INVALID

The operator entered a START or MODIFY command with an unrecognized parameter.

Operator Response: Check the parameter and re-enter the command. Valid parameters are NODEID and TIME for a START command, and NODEID, TIME, or DISPLAY for a MODIFY command.

UNRECOGNIZED COMMAND

The operator issued a command other than START, STOP, or MODIFY LOGROUTE.

Operator Response: Check the command entered and enter the START, STOP, or MODIFY LOGROUTE command.

NODEID=KEYWORD MISSING, TIME=KEYWORD MISSING, DISPLAY=KEYWORD MISSING

The operator entered a START or MODIFY command without the required NODEID, TIME, or DISPLAY keyword.

Operator Response: Enter the START command with the indicated keyword.

TOO MANY PARAMETERS SPECIFIED

The operator entered a START or MODIFY command with more than one parameter.

Operator Response: Check the command entered, and re-enter the command with only one parameter.

MUST USE JES2 OR 3 TO START LOGROUTE

The operator entered the START command when SUB is something either than JES2 or JES3.

Operator Response: Check the SUB field and re-enter the START command.

RECORD ROUTING SUSPENDED, RECORD ACTIVITY LIMIT EXCEEDED. CHECK FOR LOOP OR HOT I/O

The LOGROUTE task monitors the number of records routed per minute. If the rate exceeds 200 per minute, routing to JES spool is temporarily suspended and records are queued in the LOGROUTE task private storage. This is to prevent possible exhaustion of JES spool. Monitoring continues and a message will be issued after 10 minutes if activity is still high, and at 10 minute intervals if activity stays high.

Operator Response: Examine the LOGROUTE data sent to the Service Director for an abnormally high number of records from one or more sources. If one source is found, examine that device, switch or channel to see if it may be defective.

MONITOR REPORT. RECORD ACTIVITY STILL ABOVE LIMIT. STOP LOGROUTE TO PREVENT INTERVAL MESSAGE

The LOGROUTE task has suspended routing records to JES spool and has been monitoring activity for at least 10 minutes. This message is to alert the operator so they may find and correct the cause of high activity. This message will repeat at 10 minute intervals until the activity is normal again or the LOGROUTE task is stopped.

Operator Response: Continue to look for the source of the high number of records routed to the service director. The operator may wish to stop LOGROUTE task to prevent attempts to route records and to prevent issuance of this message every 10 minutes.

RECORD ROUTING RESUMED, RECORD ACTIVITY NOW BELOW LIMIT

Records are no longer being queued to the LOGROUTE task at an excessive rate. Records that were queued to private storage in the LOGROUTE task will be routed to JES spool and normal routing of records ha been resumed. LOGROUTE task continues to monitor for high activity.

Operator Response: Be alert for repeat of suspended messages in case the problem reoccurs.

NOT STARTED, OUTPUT STATEMENT MISSING

The MROUTE option has been selected for the LOGROUTE task but no "OUTPUT" statements were added to the LOGROUTE PROC. MROUTE is a new option that when used allows for routing of LOGROUTE records to multiple destinations. If selected, an OUTPUT JCL statement must be added to the LOGROUTE procedure JCL for each destination. Correct the JCL and restart LOGROUTE.

Operator Response: Examine the LOGROUTE PROC JCL and make corrections to either remove the MROUTE parameter or include at least one correctly coded OUTPUT JCL statement.

IEE459I (form 1 of 3)

hh.mm.ss DEVSERV PATHS [id]

Explanation

After the above message, a heading appears:

UNIT DTYPE MD CNT VOLSER CHPID=PATH STATUS

Then one or more of the following lines appear:

sdddd uuuux mr ccc vvvvvv chpid=s [...]

sdddd uuuuxm mr ccc vvvvvv device status message

Another heading might also appear:

SSID CFW TC DFW PIN DC-STATE CCA DDC CYL CU-TYPE

Followed by one or more of:

ssss i cc. ff. p wwwwwwww xx yy zzzz tttt-tt

Then a processing message might appear:

Processing message

Followed by symbol definitions:

symbol1symbol2

symbol n-1symbol n

A cache heading might also appear:

RTYPE SSID CFW TC DFW PIN DC-STATE CCA DDC CYL CU-TYPE

Followed by one or more of:

rrrrm ssss i cc. ff. p wwwwwwww xx yy zzzzzzzzz tttt-tt

For fenced information:

Followed by:

ZZZZZZZZ ZZZZZZZZ

In response to a DEVSERV PATHS command, this message displays the following requested information:

hh.mm.ss

The time in hours, minutes, and seconds.

UNIT DTYPE M CNT VOLSER CHPID=PATH STATUS

These are the column headings for the information displayed in the message.

sdddd

The device number consists of s representing the subchannel set number and dddd representing device number. When DEVSERV PATHS is specified with a 5-digit device number, the device number dddd is physically configured to the subchannel set s. When DEVSERV PATHS is specified with a 3 or 4 digits device number, the displayed device number sdddd represents the device that is in the active subchannel set s.

иииих

uuuu is the device type indicated by the UCBTYP field. x is a modifier for a specific feature or model. This field may contain one of the following:

3480S

Indicates 3480 with automatic cartridge loader.

3480X

Indicates 3480 with the compaction feature.

If the DEVSERV command does not support this device then one of the following generic types applies:

CHRDR

Character reader.

1034 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

CTC

Channel-to-channel adapter.

FBA

Fixed Block Architecture device (3370).

GRAPH

Display device.

TP

Communication device.

UR

Unit record device.

?dcut

This is an unknown device, where dcut is the hexadecimal device class and unit type from the UCB.

m

This is the logical mode of the device, and may be one of the following:

Δ

The device is allocated. See the use count.

F

The device is logically offline to MVS.

M

The device has mount pending.

0

The device is logically online to MVS.

P

The device is pending offline to MVS.

Ν

The device is not allocatable; a system component has control.

This identifies a UCB defined with read-only access mode.

R

This volume permits read-only access on this host system.

ccc

The number of data sets allocated on the volume from the UCBDMCT field.

VVVVV

The volume serial label from the UCBVOL1 field.

chpid

The channel path id.

S

This indicates the status of the path, which may be one of the following:

The path is logically and physically available and I/O on the path was successful.

The path is physically, but not logically available. The subchannel's logical path indicator is off but I/O to the path is successful. You can use the command VARY PATH(ddd,nn),ONLINE to make channel path *nn* logically available to device *ddd*.

The path is neither logically nor physically available. The subchannel's logical and physical indicators are both off for this channel path. You can use the command CONFIG CHP(nn),ONLINE to make the channel path logically available to all devices connected to the channel.

&

The device is reserved to another path. This indicator applies to devices with the dynamic pathing selection feature. The cache status line might not be displayed.

<

The path is installed but not physically available. The start subchannel request received a condition code of 3.

В

The path is unable to communicate. The device indicates that a busy or reserve condition exists on the path.

C

A controller error occurred while accessing the device.

D

A device error occurred while accessing the device.

Ι

Intervention is required; the device is not ready.

>

The path is available and the device is reserved to this path/group. This only applies to devices with the dynamic pathing feature.

T

A time out has occurred; there is no response from the device. The cause of the time out is undetermined and this condition is transient.

U

A storage control unit or storage director error occurred while accessing the device.

X

IOSB for the request had abnormal I/O completion code (IOSCOD) value X'zz'.).

SSID CFW TC DFW PIN DC-STATE CCA DDC CYL CU-TYPE

This heading appears in the display only if a device attached to a caching subsystem is included in the DEVSERV command. The information appearing in each column is:

rrrrm

The real (true) device type of the device specified in the DEVSERV command when DTYPE represents the emulated device type.

ssss

The subsystem identifier for this storage subsystem in hexadecimal.

i

The status of cache fast write, which is one of the following:

Y

Cache fast write is active.

N

Cache fast write is inactive.

S

Cache fast write is suspended because of pinned data.

CC

The first character is one of four possible values:

Υ

Volume is eligible for track caching.

Ν

Volume is ineligible for track caching.

Ρ

Track caching is pending inactive, de-stage is in progress for this volume.

Track caching is pending inactive, de-stage has failed for this volume. The second character is one of seven possible values: Track caching is active for the subsystem. Ν Track caching is inactive for the subsystem. Α Track caching is pending active for the subsystem. Track caching is ended because of an error. М Track caching is disabled for maintenance. Track caching is pending inactive, de-stage is in progress. Track caching is pending inactive, de-stage has failed. S Subsystem is running in single cluster mode with active cache. The third character is a period. Caching does not occur unless both the first and second characters are Y. The first character is one of five possible values: Volume is eligible for DASD fast-write. Ν Volume is ineligible for DASD fast-write. Ι DASD fast-write is inhibited, de-stage is in progress for this volume. U Volume has data in failed non-volatile storage. S DASD fast-write suspended for pinned data for this volume. The second character is one of seven possible values: Υ Subsystem non-volatile storage is active. Ν Subsystem non-volatile storage is inactive. Subsystem non-volatile storage is pending inactive for the subsystem, de-stage is in progress. Subsystem non-volatile storage is pending inactive for the subsystem, de-stage has failed. U Subsystem non-volatile storage has failed. Ι Subsystem non-volatile storage battery is defective. М Subsystem non-volatile storage is disabled for maintenance.

F

ff

The third character is a period. DASD fast-write does not occur unless both the first and second characters are Y.

p

This field will contain one of three possible values:

N

Volume does not have pinned data in cache or non-volatile storage.

Υ

Volume has pinned data in cache or non-volatile storage, DASD fast-write and cache fast-write are permitted.

S

Volume has pinned data in cache or non-volatile storage, DASD fast-write and cache fast-write are suspended.

wwwwwwww

This reflects dual copy status, SPARE status or PPRC of volume; the status can be one of the following:

- SIMPLEX: the volume has no dual copy association
- PRI-PNDG: establishment of a duplex pair is in progress; this will be the primary of the pair
- SEC-PNDG: establishment of a duplex pair is in progress; this will be the secondary of the pair
- PRI-SDPL: primary of a suspended duplex pair; the control unit will make the operational device the primary, and the non-operational device, the secondary
- SEC-SDPL: secondary of a suspended duplex pair; the control unit will make the operational device the primary, and the non-operational device, the secondary
- PRI-SSEC: duplex pair is in a suspended state, device was originally the secondary and is now the primary. The operational volume of a suspended duplex pair will always be the primary, while the non-operational device will always be the secondary.
- SEC-SPRI: duplex pair is in a suspended state, device was originally the primary and is now the secondary. The operational volume of a suspended duplex pair will always be the primary, while the non-operational device will always be the secondary.
- SPARE: the device is a SPARE volume.
- SPAR-PNDG: the device is in SPARE PENDING status.
- SPAR-BRKN: the device is in SPARE BROKEN status.
- PPRIMARY: the device is a PPRC PRIMARY volume.
- PPRI-PNDG: establishment of PPRC pair is in progress; this will be the PPRC primary volume.
- PPRI-FAIL: the device is in PPRC PRIMARY FAIL status.
- · PPRI-SUSP: primary of a suspended PPRC pair.
- PSECONDRY: the device is a PPRC SECONDARY volume.
- PSEC-PNDG: establishment of PPRC pair is in progress; this will be the PPRC secondary volume.
- PSEC-FAIL: the device is in PPRC SECONDARY FAIL status.
- PSEC-SUSP: secondary of suspended PPRC pair.
 - MT-DxPySz: the volume is the primary of one or more PPRC pairs (when Multi-Target PPRC feature is supported and enabled), where:
 - x: Duplex relation(s)
 - v: Pending relation(s)
 - z: Suspended relation(s)

XX

Two hexadecimal digits that are the channel connection address.

уу

Two hexadecimal digits that are the director-to-device connection address.

ZZZZZZZZ

When this column is prefixed with "ALT", the number after "ALT" reflects the device number of the other device of an established or pending dual copy pair. For primary entry, this identifies the secondary device. For secondary entry, this identifies the primary device. For simplex volumes and control units that don't support Dual Copy, this column shows number of cylinders in this device.

tttt-tt

This provides the control unit type to which the device is attached.

device-status-message

The device status message may be one of the following:

DEVICE CLASS/TYPE NOT SUPPORTED BY DEVSERV COMMAND

The device must be a tape drive or DASD.

DEVICE UNAVAILABLE, SCP ROUTINE IN CONTROL

The control program is using the device. The system may be attempting recovery.

SUBCHANNEL ERROR, PATH STATUS UNAVAILABLE

Information from the SCHIB is not available. There may be a problem with the processor.

UCB NOT CONNECTED, PATH STATUS UNAVAILABLE

The unit control block does not contain a subchannel number. The path may need to be varied offline.

DEVICE BOXED, PATH STATUS UNAVAILABLE

IOS has forced the device offline.

The storage control subsystem has 'fenced' one or more of the four storage paths (0, 1, 2, and 3). 'Fenced' means that the indicated path to the device will not be used; alternate path(s) to the device will be used.

The degree of fencing is indicated by:

STORAGE PATH

A storage path is unavailable to all devices.

CHANNEL

A storage path is unavailable to all devices from one or more channel interfaces; some channel interfaces will continue to use the storage path.

DEVICE

A storage path is unavailable to the indicated device.

SOFT

Device is in a SOFT Fenced state. When in soft fenced state, commands that read and write data to the volume are not allowed. The soft fenced state remains across and IML until it is explicitly reset. The resetting of the soft fenced state can be done by issuing a host command or a user interface command. For more information, see *Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF) User's Guide and Reference*.

SPID

Device is in a SPID Fenced state. A device is put in this state to prevent from being unintentionally brought online by new sharing systems. For more information, see <u>Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF)</u> User's Guide and Reference.

xxxxxxxx represents the four hexadecimal bytes of storage path status for each path.

processing message

The following processing information may be contained in the message:

** NO DEVICES MEET SELECTION CRITERIA **

No devices at or higher than the address you specified met your online/offline requirements.

** NO OTHER DEVICES MEET SELECTION CRITERIA **

An insufficient number of devices at or higher than the address you specified met your online/offline requirements.

symbol1 ... symboln

The meaning of the symbols used in a given display.

XXXXXXXX

The first 16 bytes of storage path status. If an error occurs while obtaining the storage path status these bytes will be blanks.

ZZZZZZZ

The last 8 bytes returned from read subsystem status. If an error occurs while obtaining the storage path status these bytes will be blanks.

Notes:

- 1. The DISPLAY MATRIX command output may not always agree with DEVSERV's display. DEVSERV's path status is based on the results of real I/O.
- 2. Due to transient conditions in the system, repetitive issuing of the DEVSERV command may yield different results.
- 3. With JES3, a device can be online to JES3, but offline to the MVS system on which the DEVSERV command was issued.

Operator response

If the device status indicates that the storage control subsystem has fenced one or more storage paths, contact your service representative to fix the condition that caused the fencing. If the device has been fenced, refer to the <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration</u> for an explanation of the CONTROL command needed to unfence the device.

Otherwise, follow your installation's procedures for the status which is indicated in the message display. Recovery actions are contingent upon the following: hardware and software configurations, system load and job mix. However, the following are some examples of possible actions:

Path Status

Action

<

Check all path switches for correct settings.

&

Check if shared device is in use by another system.

Т

Re-enter DEVSERV, and if the condition still exists, end the program which is tying up the device.

IEE459I hh.mm.ss DEVSERV QDASD (id)

After the above message, the system displays requested DEVSERV DASD information.

```
UNIT VOLSER SCUTYPE DEVTYPE CYL SSID SCU-SERIAL DEV-SERIAL EFC
Then, one or more of the following lines appear:
sdddd vuvuvuv ccccmmm ddddmmm? nnnnnnnn* ssid mmpp-sssss mmpp-sssss fff
aaaaaaaa
bbbbbbb
**** ggg DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
**** iii DEVICE(S) FAILED EXTENDED FUNCTION CHECKING
```

If the "QHA" keyword is specified, QUERY HOST ACCESS TO VOLUME information is displayed.

Sample of QHA display:

```
12.32.11 SYSTEM1
                             DS QD,D800,QHA
12.32.11 SYSTEM1
                             IEE459I 12.32.11 DEVSERV QDASD 161
UNIT VOLSER SCUTYPE DEVTYPE CYL SSID SCU-SERIAL DEV-SERIAL EFC
|...+...1...+...2...+...3...+...4...+...5...+...6...>
0D800 IND800 2107986 2107900 3339 6800 0175-HFK71 0175-HFK71 *OK
  QUERY HOST ACCESS TO VOLUME
  PATH-GROUP-ID
                           FL STATUS SYSPLEX
                                                 SYSTEM
                                               MES1
800007E2B73906D3760B50 50 ON
                                      PLEXM1
                                                            1182006
880005E2B73906D3760BE6* 50 ON
                                                SYSTEM1
                                      LOCAL
                                                            1182006
800009E2B73906D3760F82 50 ON
                                      PLEXM1
                                                            1182006
                                                MES2
800004E2B73906D3760F86
                          50 ON
                                      PLEXFVT3 MES6
                                                            1182006
                                      PLEXM1
80000AE2B73906D376105F
                          50 ON
                                                MES3
                                                            1182006
                                      PLEXFVT3 N/A
800001E2B73906D376137A 50 ON
                                                            1182006
```

```
800002E2B73906D376141C 50 ON PLEXM1 N/A 1182006
800006E2B73906D376141E 00 OFF PLEXM1 MES9 1182006
**** 8 PATH GROUP ID(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
**** 1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
**** 0 DEVICE(S) FAILED EXTENDED FUNCTION CHECKING
```

Where,

PATH-GROUP-ID FL STATUS SYSPLEX MAX-CYLS

The path group entry.

PATH-GROUP-ID

The device is grouped or not grouped to this path group ID. The asterisk (*) that is next to the Path-Group-ID indicates the that the system the I/O request is issued from.

FL

The path status flag byte.

Bit	Description	
0-1	Grouped state:	
	 Device is not grouped to any path in the path group. Device is grouped to one or more paths in the path group. 10-11 Reserved. 	
2	If set to '1', device is reserved to this path group.	
3	If set to '0', device is in single path mode. If set to '1', device is in multi-path mode.	
4-7	Not used.	

STATUS

The path status as in path status flags byte.

ON

ONLINE

OFF

OFFLINE

ON-RSV

ONLINE and RESERVED

OFF-RSV

OFFLINE and RESERVED

SYSPLEX

The sysplex name that the path group ID is associated with.

SYSTEM

The system name that the path group ID is associated with.

MAX-CYLS

The maximum number of cylinders per volume supported by the host.

Example displays of QHA:

```
13.42.22 SYSTEM1 DS QD,902F,QHA,HEX
13.42.22 SYSTEM1 IEE459I 13.42.22 DEVSERV QDASD 991
UNIT VOLSER SCUTYPE DEVTYPE CYL SSID SCU-SERIAL DEV-SER
0902F IN902F 2107961 2107900 3339 2400 0175-BDR31 0175-BD
QUERY HOST ACCESS TO VOLUME
```

```
000100E400000000 0000000000000000 0020000750880005 B9472827CB3A
D3D6C3C1D3404040 0000000000120936 0000000000800001 B9472827CB75
D3D6C3C1D3404040 0000000000120936 000000000800002 B9472827CB79
D7D3C5E7D4F14040 0000000000120936 0000000000800007 B9472827CB75
D7D3C5E7D4F14040 0000000000120936 000000000080000A B9472827CB6E
D7D3C5E7D4F14040 0000000000120936 0000000000800006 B9472827CB6D
1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
         O DEVICE(S) FAILED EXTENDED FUNCTION CHECKING
12.32.11 SYSTEM1
                          DS QD, D800, QHA, ONLINE
 .32.11 SYSTEM1 IEE459I 12.32.11 DEVSERV QDASD 161
UNIT VOLSER SCUTYPE DEVTYPE CYL SSID SCU-SERIAL DEV-SERIAL EFC
12.32.11 SYSTEM1
0D800 IND800 2107986 2107900 3339 6800 0175-HFK71 0175-HFK71 *0K
  QUERY HOST ACCESS TO VOLUME
 PATH-GROUP-ID
                        FL STATUS SYSPLEX SYSTEM
800007E2B73906D3760B50 50 ON
                                  PLEXM1
                                          MFS1
                                                     1182006
880005E2B73906D3760BE6* 50 ON
                                          SYSTEM1
                                  LOCAL
                                                     1182006
800009E2B73906D3760F82 50 ON
                                  PLEXM1
                                           MES2
                                                     1182006
800004E2B73906D3760F86
                       50 ON
                                  PLEXFVT3 MES6
                                                     1182006
80000AE2B73906D376105F
                       50 ON
                                  PLEXM1
                                          MFS3
                                                     1182006
800001E2B73906D376137A 50 ON
                                  PLEXFVT3 N/A
                                                     1182006
         6 PATH GROUP ID(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
****
         1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
****
         O DEVICE(S) FAILED EXTENDED FUNCTION CHECKING
12.32.11 SYSTEM1
                          DS QD, D800, QHA, RSV
                          IEE459I 12.32.11 DEVSERV QDASD 161
12.32.11 SYSTEM1
 UNIT VOLSER SCUTYPE DEVTYPE CYL SSID SCU-SERIAL DEV-SERIAL EFC
0D800 IND800 2107986 2107900 3339 6800 0175-HFK71 0175-HFK71 *OK
 QUERY HOST ACCESS TO VOLUME
 PATH-GROUP-TD
                        FL STATUS SYSPLEX SYSTEM
                                                     MAX-CYLS
800007E2B73906D3760B50
                       70 ON-RSV
                                 PLEXM1
                                          MES1
                                                     1182006
880005E2B73906D3760BE6* 70 ON-RSV LOCAL
                                          SYSTEM1
                                                     1182006
         2 PATH GROUP ID(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
         1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
****
         O DEVICE(S) FAILED EXTENDED FUNCTION CHECKING
****
```

DASD device attributes are displayed for each device if the "ATTRIBUTE" keyword is specified.

QUERY HOST ACCESS TO VOLUME attributes are displayed for each device if the "QHA" keyword is specified.

Note: aaaaaaaa and bbbbbbbb are optional display as requested in the DS QDASD command. A brief explanation of the command syntax is displayed by typing DS QD,?. For a complete explanation of the command syntax, see z/OS MVS System Commands.

sdddd

The device number consists of s representing the subchannel set number and *dddd* representing device number.

The device *dddd* is in the active subchannel set:

When 3- or 4-digit device number is specified without MACH, SSID nor TYPE unit selection parameter.

 When VOL unit selection parameter is specified. For PPRC devices, this is the "primary" device, including failover scenarios.

The device *dddd* is physically configured to subchannel set s:

- When a 5-digit device number is specified for the device selection.
- When MACH, SSID or TYPE unit selection parameter is specified.

This allows DEVSERV commands to a PPRC secondary devices, including when these are configured in alternate subchannel sets.

VVVVVV

A volume serial number of '--RSV1' indicates that the volume is in reserved state and cannot be brought online. A volume serial of '--DSF1' indicates that the volume has not been fully initialized and cannot be brought online A volume serial number of '---FBA' indicates that the volume is Fixed Block Architecture (FBA). A volume serial number, if available, is displayed for offline CKD volumes when the parameter OFFLINE is specified. When the OFFLINE parameter is not specified or the volume has not been initialized, '-----' is displayed for offline volumes.

ccccmmm

control unit type and model

ddddmmm

device type and model, where a ? after *ddddmmm* indicates the defined device type is incompatible with the real device type

nnnnnnnn

number of cylinders, where an * after nnnnnnnn indicates a VM mini-disk

ssid

subsystem identifier

mmpp-sssss

control unit or device serial number

fff

Result of a status validation, where a ? after fff indicates the device failed the extended function consistency checking. fff represents:

*OK

Host view is consistent with subsystem view of control unit and device function status.

SPF

Device is in a SPID Fenced state (2107 Control Unit)

ASC

Asynchronous Commit status is inconsistent.

BYP

The EF consistency check was bypassed, no MVS storage resident status was found. Device is offline, or it is a VM mini-disk, or it does not support extended functions.

CCA

Channel Connection Address is incorrect.

CUC

Subsystem cache status is inconsistent.

DC

Dual Copy status is invalid.

DCA

Dual Copy Alternate Channel Connection address is invalid.

DDC

Director to Device Connection address is incorrect.

DFW

DASD Fast Write Status is inconsistent.

DST

Destage pending status is inconsistent.

DVC

Device Caching status is inconsistent.

FNV

Status of data in failed NVS is inconsistent.

NVS

NVS status is inconsistent.

PIN

Pinned Data status is invalid.

RDF

Feature table is inconsistent with control unit.

REB

Volume is part of a RAID Rank that is undergoing RAID rebuild.

SOF

Device is in a soft fenced state (2107 control unit).

SPA

SPARE volume status is inconsistent between the software control blocks and devices which supports SPARING.

SSI

Device has inconsistent SSID.

UCB

UCB to device relationship inconsistent.

ATTRIBUTE/FEATURE

SOLID STATE DRIVES

The device is a solid state device if q is y.

ENCRYPTION

The device is a encrypted device if q is y.

aaaaaaaa

requested dump description:

UCB AT VXXXXXXXX

UCB contents at location xxxxxxxx in storage

UCB PREFIX AT VXXXXXXX

UCB PREFIX contents at location xxxxxxxx in storage

UCB COMMON EXTENSION AT VXXXXXXXX

UCB COMMON EXTENSION contents at location xxxxxxxx in storage

SSSCB AT VXXXXXXXX

Storage subsystem status control block contents at location xxxxxxxx in storage

SSSCB DEVICE TABLE HEADER ENTRY AT VXXXXXXXX

The device header entry contents of the SSSCB at location Vxxxxxxxx in storage

SSSCB DEVICE ENTRY AT VXXXXXXXX

The device entry contents of the SSSCB at location xxxxxxxx in storage

FEATURE CODES AT VXXXXXXXX

The feature code table is at location xxxxxxxxx in storage. This display is shown when you specify the parameter NOIO and RDFEATS. With NOIO, no I/O is issued to the selected device; the display will show the storage resident information in the MVS control blocks.

READ FEATURE CODES

data returned from read feature codes ccw

DPCT AT VXXXXXXX

address of Device Performance Capabilities Table at location xxxxxxxx in storage

READ DEVICE CHARACTERISTIC

data returned from read device characteristic ccw

READ CONFIGURATION DATA

data returned from read configuration data ccw

SENSE SUBSYSTEM STATUS

data returned from sense subsystem status ccw

SFICB at Vxxxxxxxx

The most recent Preemptive Reconstruct notification as reported by the Storage Controller. Storage Facility Image control block contents at location.

Examples:

1. A Preemptive Reconstruct (Message Code '01'x) was not received since IPL.

```
00- 19.46.20 SYSTEM1
                              ds qd,f40,sficb
         19.46.20 SYSTEM1
                               IEE459I 19.46.20 DEVSERV QDASD
917
          UNIT VOLSER SCUTYPE DEVTYPE
                                     CYL SSID SCU-SERIAL
DEV-SERIAL EFC
         00F40 1P9977 2107951 2107900 1113 300B 0175-TN141
0175-TN141 *OK
           SFICB AT V027FF018
           MOST RECENT PREEMPTIVE RECONSTRUCT = N/A
         E2C6C9C3C2400100 0000006F60F5F0F0 F2F1F0F7F9F5F1C9 C2D4F7F5F0F0F0F0
         F0F0F0E3D5F1F4F1 02747020CC389663 00000000000000 000000000000000
         1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
         ****
                 O DEVICE(S) FAILED EXTENDED FUNCTION CHECKING
```

2. A Prememptive Reconstruct (Message Code '01'x) was received with valid Rank ID.

```
- 19.57.17 SYSTEM1
                                ds
qd,f40,sficb
      00 19.57.27 SYSTEM1
                               IEE459I 19.57.17 DEVSERV QDASD
928
          UNIT VOLSER SCUTYPE DEVTYPE
                                       CYL SSID SCU-SERIAL
DEV-SERIAL EFC
          00F40 1P9977 2107951 2107900 1113 300B 0175-TN141
0175-TN141 *OK
           SFICB AT V027FF018
           MOST RECENT PREEMPTIVE RECONSTRUCT = 11/05/2013 19:56:22
Rank = 1234
          E2C6C9C3C2400100 0000006F60F5F0F0 F2F1F0F7F9F5F1C9 C2D4F7F5F0F0F0F0
          F0F0F0E3D5F1F4F1 02747020CC389663 000000000001114 000000000000000
          000000000000CC38 99411234000000
                  1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
          ****
                  O DEVICE(S) FAILED EXTENDED FUNCTION CHECKING
```

bbbbbbbb

requested dump details in HEX digits

pgi

The path group ID or IDs that met the selection criteria.

ggg

The number of unit addresses encountered which meet selection criteria

iii

The number of unit addresses encountered which MVS storage resident status information was inconsistent with that of the physical device.

PATH-GROUP-ID

The path group ID. The device is grouped or un-grouped to the path group ID. An asterisk '*' next to the PATH-GROUP-ID indicates the system that the I/O request is issued from.

FL

The path status flags byte.

Bit	Description
0-1	Grouped state:
	Device is not grouped to any path in the path group. O1 Device is grouped to one or more paths in the path group. 10-11 Reserved.
2	If set to '1', device is reserved to this path group.
3	If set to '0', device is in single path mode. If set to '1', device is in multi-path mode.
4-7	Not used.

STATUS

The path status as in path status flags byte.

ON

ONLINE

OFF

OFFLINE

ON-RSV

ONLINE and RESERVED

OFF-RSV

OFFLINE and RESERVED

SYSPLEX

The sysplex name that the path group ID is associated with.

MAX-CYLS

The maximum number of cylinders per volume supported by the host.

The following text might appear within the display associated with a specific unit number:

-INFORMATION UNAVAILABLE-

The device does not support Self Description commands or there is no physical device accessible through the indicated device number

NO VALID SSSCB EXIST FOR DEVICE

The device has not been initialized by MVS.

NO DEVICE TABLE EXISTS FOR THIS SSSCB

If there isn't a device table then there won't be any entries for this device either.

NO DEVICE TABLE ENTRY EXISTS FOR THIS DEVICE

The device has a SSSCB and table information but does not have an entry in the table.

The following text might appear with the detailed unit information when a unit address is encountered for which no information is available.

**** UNLISTED DEVICE(S) AND REASON CODES:

sdddd(rc) sdddd(rc)... ...

where:

sdddd

The device number the system is displaying. 's' indicates the requested subchannel set with 's' defaulting to 0. 'dddd' is a 3 or 4 digit device number. If the a subchannel set number is not 0 and the device number is 3 digits, the 3 digits device number must be preceded by a 0, for example, 10800.

rc

reason code why no information is presented, where:

01

device not configured, UCB not found

02

UCB not connected to a physical drive

03

device unavailable - system routine in control

04

subchannel error detected

05

device boxed

06

UCB not defined as DASD device

07

I/O error accessing the device

08

UCB not connected to a DASD device

09

internal error, DSE-1 CCW build failed

0A

Features validation failed

0B

CHPID value not valid for device

The following text might appear indicating the results of the **DS QD** command execution:

**** TYPE=tttt IS AN INVALID UCB TYPE

TYPE= and DEFINED were both specified, and no DASD units of the type tttt were found.

**** hhh DEVICE(S) WITH INCONSISTENT UCB TYPE DEFINED

hhh is the number of unit addresses encountered for which the defined device type is inconsistent with the connected physical device

IEE459I hh.mm.ss DEVSERV QTAPE (id)

There are two formats for DEVSERV TAPE information. When **DEVSERV QTAPE** is issued without the **MED** option the following DEVSERV TAPE information is displayed after the above message:

First, a header appears:

UNIT DTYPE DTATUS CUTYPE DEVTYPE CU-SERIAL DEV-SERIAL ACL LIBID

Then, one or more of the following lines appear:

uuuu ddddd tttttttttt ddddmmm ddddmmm?* mmpp-sssss mmpp-sssss acl lllll aaaaaaa bbbbbbb **** ggg DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA **** iii DEVICE(S) FAILED EXTENDED FUNCTION CHECKING

Note: aaaaaaaa and bbbbbbbb are optional display as requested in the DS QTAPE command. A brief explanation of the command syntax is displayed by typing DS QT,?. For a complete explanation of the command syntax, see z/OS MVS System Commands.

where:

ииии

external device ID (unit number)

ddddd

device type, same as DTYPE in DS P command

ttttttt

device status indication, where:

ON

online

OFFLINE

offline

RDY

ready

NRY

not ready

cccmmm

control unit type and model

ddddmmm

device type and models, where:

- ? after ddddmmm indicates the defined (UCB) device is incompatible with the real device type
- * after ddddmmm indicates the emulated device type

Note: For the TS7720 disk-only Virtualization Engine, this field contains all zeroes.

mmpp-ssss

control unit or device serial number

acl

automatic cartridge loader facility status, where:

I

installed; the ACL field shows I for the 3490E models C1A and C2A even though the device does not have automatic cartridge loader installed.

Α

active

(blank)

otherwise

lllll

library attachment facility identification, for library devices only

aaaaaaaa

requested dump description:

UCB AT VXXXXXXX

UCB contents at location xxxxxxxx in storage

UCB PREFIX AT VXXXXXXX

UCB PREFIX contents at location xxxxxxxx in storage

1048 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

UCB COMMON EXTENSION AT VXXXXXXXX

UCB COMMON EXTENSION contents at location xxxxxxxx in storage

READ DEVICE CHARACTERISTIC

data returned from read device characteristic ccw

READ CONFIGURATION DATA

data returned from read configuration data ccw

bbbbbbbb

requested dump details in HEX digits

The following text might appear within the display associated with a specific unit number:

- NO DATA -

The device does not support Self Description commands so the information is not available for QTAPE to display

The following text might appear with the detailed unit information when a unit address is encountered for which no information is available:

**** UNLISTED DEVICE(S) AND REASON CODES:

uuuu(rc) uuuu(rc)

where:

ииии

unit number

rc

reason code why no information is presented, where:

01

device not configured, UCB not found

02

UCB not connected to a physical drive

03

device unavailable - system routine in control

04

subchannel error detected

05

device boxed

06

UCB does not define as tape device

07

I/O error accessing the device

08

UCB not connected to a tape device

09

QTAPE does not support the tape device since it is not capable of **SENSEID**

The following text might appear indicating the results of the **DS QT** command execution:

**** TYPE=tttt IS AN INVALID UCB TYPE

TYPE= and DEFINED were both specified, and no DASD units of the type tttt were found

**** hhh DEVICE(S) WITH INCONSISTENT UCB TYPE DEFINED

hhh is the number of unit addresses encountered for which the defined device type is inconsistent with the connected physical device

**** hhh DEVICE(S) WITH DEVICE EMULATION ACTIVE

hhh is the number of devices in emulation mode

Operator response

If the device status indicates that the storage control subsystem has fenced one or more storage paths, contact your service representative to fix the condition that caused the fencing. If the device has been fenced, refer to the <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration</u> for an explanation of the CONTROL command needed to unfence the device.

If the device is in a soft fenced state, commands that read and write data to the volume are not allowed. The soft fenced state remains across an IML until it is explicitly reset. The resetting of the soft fenced state can be done by issuing a host command or a user interface command. Use the ICKDSF CONTROL command with the CLEARFENCE parameter to clear the soft fence state. For more information, see <u>Device Support Facilities</u> (ICKDSF) User's Guide and Reference.

Otherwise, follow your installation's procedures for the status which is indicated in the message display. Recovery actions are contingent upon the following: hardware and software configurations, system load and job mix. However, the following are some examples of possible actions:

Path Status

Action

<

Check all path switches for correct settings.

&

Check if shared device is in use by another system.

T

Re-enter DEVSERV, and if the condition still exists, end the program which is tying up the device.

IEE459I hh.mm.ss DEVSERV QTAPE (id)

There are two formats for DEVSERV TAPE information. When **DEVSERV QTAPE MED** is issued the following DEVSERV TAPE information is displayed after the above message:

First, a header appears:

UNIT RDTYPE EDTYPE EXVLSR INVLSR RMEDIA EMEDIA WWID

Where:

UNIT

tape device address

RDTYPE

real device type

Note: For the TS7720 disk-only Virtualization Engine, this field contains all zeroes.

EDTYPE

emulated device type

EXVLSR

external volume serial of cartridge

INVLSR

internal volume serial of cartridge

RMEDIA

real media type of the volume mounted on the drive

EMEDIA

emulated media type of the volume mounted on the drive

WWID

worldwide unique cartridge identifier

Then, one or more lines of data appear:

unit rdtype edtype exvlsr invlsr rmedia emedia wwid

Where:

unit

The tape device address is displayed in each line.

rdtype

The real device type is displayed if information is available, otherwise it is blank.

edtype

The emulated device type is displayed if available, otherwise it is blank.

exvlsr

The external volume serial of the cartridge is displayed if available, otherwise it is blank.

invlsr

The internal volume serial of the cartridge is displayed if available, otherwise it is blank.

rmedia

The real media type of the volume mounted on the drive. The value will be one of the following:

1 CST

2

EC-CST

3

3590 STD length tape

4

3590 EXT length tape

Ę

3592 Enterprise Tape Cartridge

6-W

3592 Enterprise WORM Tape Cartridge

7

3592 Enterprise Economy Tape Cartridge

8-W

3592 Enterprise Economy WORM Tape Cartridge

(blank)

Media type is undefined or can not be determined

emedia

The emulated media type of the volume mounted on the drive. The value will be one of the following:

1

CST

2

EC-CST

3

3590 STD length tape

4

3590 EXT length tape

(blank)

Media type is undefined or can not be determined

The following text might appear with the detailed unit information when a unit address is encountered for which no information is available:

```
**** UNLISTED DEVICE(S) AND REASON CODES:
uuuu(rc) uuuu(rc) ... ... ...
```

where:

ииии

unit number

rc

reason code why no information is presented, where:

07

I/O error accessing the device

10

The device type is not supported

11

The device is not ready

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGUDST02

Routing code

#

Descriptor code

8,9

IEE459I (form 2 of 3)

hh.mm.ss DEVSERV QPAVS [id]

Explanation

Display software and hardware configuration information and to identify any configuration discrepancies.

Two objectives are to be met with the DEVSERV display of the PAV configuration:

- 1. Depict a logical subsystem configuration as defined to the host software
- 2. Highlight any inconsistencies between the host configuration definition, and the Subsystem configuration.

QPAVS will optionally display unbound alias device types (UCB parameter), or unbox the alias device if it is boxed when UNBOX is specified.

QPAVS will show the BASE UA information followed by the associated bound PAV-ALIAS devices UA information when the new VOLUME parameter is specified.

In addition to device number, devices can be selected according to specified SSID value (SSID=ssss).

DEVSERV QPAVS command will be in one of the following forms,

- DEVSERV QPAVS,sdddd,nnn
- DEVSERV QPAVS,sdddd,tttt
- DEVSERV QPAVS,SSID=ssss

where:

- QPAVS is a required (positional) keyword(s).
- sdddd is a 3 or 5 hex digits specifying a subchannel set number and a device number.
- nnn is a decimal number from 1-256 with the default as 1.
- tttt can be UNBOX, VOLume, or UCB.

• ssss is the requested SSID value.

```
--- DS QP Display Content has two formats:
--- - format (A)
       when the command is of the following forms:

DS QP,sdddd
DS QP,sdddd,nnn
DS QP,SSID=ssid,sdddd,nnn
---
- - -
                           DS QP,dddd,tttt
where tttt is VOLume,
- - -
- - -
                               or UCB.
    - format (B)
        DS QP,sdddd,nnn,UNBOX
(A)
Check the actual output display for the
exact locaction of any fields. Do not use the
following for that purpose.
   IEE459I hh:mm:ss DEVSERV QPAVS [ID]
       Host
                                          Subsystem
                                         Configuration
   Configuration
   UNIT
                                             UNIT UA
   NUM. UA TYPE
                          STATUS
                                      SSID
                                           ADDR. TYPE
                          INV-ALIAS ssss
  sdddd aa BASE
                                                   BASE
                                             uu
  sdddd aa ALIAS-bbbb
                         NOT-BASE
                                      ssss uu
                                                   ALIAS-aa
  sdddd aa
            NON-PAV
                          NOT-ALIAS
                                      SSSS
                                             uu
  sdddd aa NON-PAV
                          NON-NPAV
                                      SSSS
                                                   ALIAS-aa
                                             uu
                                      SSSS
                                             uu
                                                   ALIAS-aa
                          UNBOUND
  sdddd aa ALIAS
  sdddd aa BASE-H
                                      SSSS
                                             uu
                                                   BASE
  sdddd bb ALIAS-H
                                                   ALIAS-H
                                      SSSS
  aaaaaaa
    bbbbbbbb
In response to a DEVSERV QPAVS command, this message
displays the following requested information:
   The time in hours, minutes, and seconds.
 - under UNIT NUM (host configuration)
     sdddd : the device number
 - under UA (host configuration)
           : unit address from host configuration
   under TYPE (host configuration)
     BASE : sdddd is a BASE device
ALIAS-bbbb : sdddd is an ALIAS device, the BASE
                   is at address bbbb
     NON-PAV
                 : the unit is neither a BASE nor an
                   ALIAS
     ALIAS
                 : sdddd is an ALIAS device
                  and is not bound to a BASE
 - under STATUS
     INV-ALIAS : at host side, unit is defined as an
                  ALIAS whose BASE is different than
                  the one at sub-system side
     NOT-BASE : at host side, unit is a BASE while
                  at sub-system side it is not
     NOT-ALIAS : at host side, unit is an ALIAS while
                  at sub-system side it is not
     NOT-NPAV
               : at host side, unit is not a BASE nor an ALIAS, while at sub-system side,
                  it is an ALIAS
     UNBOUND
                : at host side, unit is an ALIAS but
                  is unbound, while at sub-system side,
                  it is assigned to this BASE(aa)

    under SSID (sub-system configuration)

                : SSID where the device dddd belongs to
        SSSS
  under UNIT ADDR (sub-system configruation)
uu : unit address from sub-system
                  configuration
 - under UA TYPE (sub-system configuration)
        BASE : unit is a BASE
                : unit is an ALIAS, the BASE is at unit
    ALIAS-bb
                  address bb
```

```
NC : unit is not a BASE, not an ALIAS
(B)
   IEE459I hh:mm:ss DEVSERV QPAVS ID
        where
         e....:
                   sdddd HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY UNBOXED.
         e.... : THE DEVSERV QPAV UNBOX COMMAND HAS
                   BEEN EXECUTED WITH RETURN CODE = yy,
                   REASON CODE = zz
         e.... : sdddd IS NOT AN UNBOUND PAV-ALIAS
                   DEVICE. THE DEVSERV QPAV UNBOX
                   COMMAND IS NOT EXECUTED.
         e....: sdddd IS NOT IN BOX STATE.
                   THE DEVSERV QPAV UNBOX COMMAND IS
                   NOT EXECUTED.
            Example Displays of DEVSERV QPAVS
1. The following command will return PAV status for the device
   at starting address D300 and the next 2 addresses:
    DS QP, D300, 3
    IEE459I 16.23.07 DEVSERV QPAVS 630
                                             Subsystem
          Host
      Configuration
                                           Configuration
      UNIT
                                                 UNIT
                                                         UA
      NUM. UA TYPE
                             STATUS
                                          SSID ADDR.
                                                         TYPE
                              -----
     0D300 05 NON-PAV
                                          2401
                                               05
                                                         BASE
     0D301 06 NON-PAV
                                          2401
                                                 06
                                                         BASE
     0D302 07 NON-PAV
                                          2401
                                                 07
                                                         BASE
                3 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
2. The following command will return PAV status for the alias
device (at address D3FF), its base and other companion alias
devices that are part of this logical volume:
    DS QP, D3FF, VOLUME
    IEE459I 16.43.07 DEVSERV QPAVS 632
          Host
                                              Subsystem
       Configuration
                                             Configuration
      UNIT
                                                UNTT
                                                         IJΑ
      NUM. UA TYPE
                             STATUS
                                          SSID ADDR.
                                                         TYPE
     0D300 05 BASE
                                          2401 05
                                                         BASE
     0D3FE FE
0D3FF FF
               ALIAS-D300
ALIAS-D300
                                                FE
FF
                                          2401
                                                         ALIAS-05
                                          2401
                                                         ALIAS-05
                3 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
3. The following command will return the PAV status for the base
   device at address D300 and its alias volumes:
    DS QP,D300,VOLUME
    IEE459I 16.43.20 DEVSERV QPAVS 633
                                              Subsystem
          Host
      Configuration
                                             Configuration
      UNIT
                                                UNTT
      NUM. UA TYPE
                             STATUS
                                          SSID ADDR.
                                                         TYPE
     0D300 05 BASE
                                          2401 05
                                                         BASE
     OD3FE FE ALIAS-D300
OD3FF FF ALIAS-D300
                                         2401
                                                 FΕ
                                                         ALIAS-05
                                                 FF
                                          2401
                                                         ALIAS-05
                3 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
4. The following command will unbox an alias address at
   address D6FF
   DS QP,D6FF,UNBOX
    IEE459I 08.20.32 DEVSERV QPAVS 591 0D6FE HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY UNBOXED.
5. The following command will return the PAV status for
   an unbound alias device types:
```

```
DS QP, D5EF, UCB
    IEE459I 08.20.32 DEVSERV OPAVS 591
         Host
                                            Subsystem
                                          Configuration
     Configuration
     UNIT
                                             UNIT
                           STATUS
     NUM. UA TYPE
                                       SSID ADDR.
                                                     TYPE
  UCB AT V01ED2AA8 0088FF04D5EF0000 0000000008E4C3C2 3010200E00ED2A81 0000000000000000
  UCB PREFIX AT V01FF4208
  000C80400000000 000000000001004E 289C1253C00080C0 14F4FFFFFFFFFF
  01480000000000001
    UCB COMMON EXTENSION AT V01ED2A80
  00000900182A0000 01FF420800000000 000000000FCD3D8 01ECA90000000000
 **** UNLISTED DEVICE(S) AND REASON CODES :
   D5EF(OA)
 **** (OA) - DEVICE IS AN UNBOUND PAV-ALIAS
6. The following command will return the PAV information for
   the devices that have the same SSID value:
    DS QP,SSID=1601
    IEE459I 16.25.04 DEVSERV QPAVS 642
         Host
                                            Subsystem
                                          Configuration
      Configuration
      UNIT
                                                       UA
      NUM. UA TYPE
                            STATUS
                                        SSID ADDR.
                                                       TYPE
     0D300 03 BASE
                                        1601
                                               03
                                                       BASE
     OD3FE 2A ALIAS-D300
OD3FF 2B ALIAS-D300
                                        1601
                                               2A
                                                       ALIAS-03
                                               2B
                                                       ALIAS-03
                                        1601
             2 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
     ****
7. The following NOT-BASE will be shown when the address D345 was
   defined in HCD as a PAV Base but was not configured in the 2105
   as a PAV Base address:
    DS QP, D345
    IEE459I 08.20.32 DEVSERV QPAVS 591
         Host
                                            Subsystem
      Configuration
                                           Configuration
                                              HINTT
      UNTT
                                                      IJA
      NUM. UA TYPE
                            STATUS
                                        SSID ADDR.
                                                       TYPE
     0D345 45 BASE
                            NOT-BASE
                                        0103
                                               45
                                                       ALIAS-00
               1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
8. The following NOT-ALIAS will be shown if the address D621 was
   defined in HCD as a PAV Alias but was not configured in the 2105
   as a PAV Alias address:
    DS QP,D621
    IEE459I 08.20.32 DEVSERV QPAVS 591
         Host
                                            Subsystem
                                           Configuration
      Configuration
      UNIT
                                              UNIT
                                                       UA
      NUM. UA TYPE
                            STATUS
                                        SSID ADDR.
                                                       TYPE
     0D621 21 ALIAS-D600 NOT-ALIAS 0106 21 B. **** 1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
                                                       BASE
9. The following INV-ALIAS will be shown if the address D6F4 was defined in HCD for a Base volume that does not match the Base
   volume the Alias is defined for in the 2105: DS QP,D6F4
    IEE459I 08.20.32 DEVSERV QPAVS 591
         Host
                                            Subsystem
                                           Configuration
      Configuration
      UNIT
                                              UNIT
      NUM. UA TYPE
                            STATUS
                                        SSID ADDR.
                                                       TYPE
                                              F4
     0D6F4 F4 ALIAS-D600 INV-ALIAS 0106
                                                       ALIAS-06
     **** 1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
```

```
10. The following NON-NPAV will be shown if the address F60 was
    defined in HCD as a NON-PAV device but was configured in the
    in the 2105 as an ALIAS device:
     DS QP,F60
     IEE459I 13.20.12 DEVSERV QPAVS 368
           Host
                                               Subsystem
       Configuration
                                              Configuration
       UNIT
                                                 UNIT
                                                          UA
       NUM. UA
                 TYPE
                               STATUS
                                           SSID
                                                 ADDR.
                                                          TYPE
      00F60 F0
                 NON-PAV
                               NON-NPAV
                                           0101
                                                  F0
                                                          ALIAS-03
                 1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
      ****
11. DS QPAV with the VOLUME parameter issued to DASD. A request is made
    using the UCBINFO PAVINFO MACRO. If this request fails, then the
    following output will be seen:
IEE459I 10.49.59 DEVSERV QPAVS 405
           Host
                                               Subsystem
       Configuration
                                              Configuration
       UNIT
                                                 UNIT
                                                          UA
       NUM. UA TYPE
                               STATUS
                                                          TYPE
                                           SSID
                                                 ADDR.
      0D716 16
                 BASE
                                           8108
                                                  16
                                                          BASE
        UCBINFO FAILS WITH RC=xx AND RSN CODE=xx
                 1 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA
12.DS QPAV, sdddd, VOL where sdddd is a base HYPERPAV device.
The VOL parameter will list all HYPERPAV aliases defined on
the control unit.
                          IEE459I 09.06.07 DEVSERV QPAVS 469
           HOST
                                               SUBSYSTEM
       CONFIGURATION
                                              CONFIGURATION
       UNIT
                                                 UNIT
                                                          UA
                                                          TYPE
       NUM. UA
                 TYPE
                               STATUS
                                           SSID
                                                 ADDR.
      0E200 00
                 BASE-H
                                           3205
                                                  00
                                                          BASE
      0E27F 7F
                ALIAS-H
13. DS QPAV,sdddd,VOL where sdddd is an alias HYPERPAV device.
       ds qpavs,e27f,volume
      IEE459I 09.07.08 DEVSERV QPAVS 472
           HOST
                                               SUBSYSTEM
       CONFIGURATION
                                              CONFIGURATION
       UNTT
                                                 UNTT
                                                          IJΑ
                                                          TYPE
       NUM. UA TYPE
                               STATUS
                                           SSID
                                                 ADDR.
      **** UNLISTED DEVICE(S) AND REASON CODES:
      0E27F(0E)
       **** (0E)
                 - DEVICE IS A HYPERPAV ALIAS
14. DS QPAV,SSID=xxxx displays all the devices with the same SSID defined to the control unit. It will list all devices where the
 IO has completed successfully.
      ds qp,ssid=00ff
       CONFIGURATION
                                              CONFIGURATION
       UNTT
                                                 UNTT
                                                          IJΑ
       NUM. UA
                 TYPE
                               STATUS
                                           SSID
                                                 ADDR.
                                                          TYPE
      0D200 00
                 BASE-H
                                           00FF
                                                  00
                                                          BASE
                 BASE-H
      0D201 01
                                           00FF
                                                  01
                                                          BASE
      0D202 02
                 BASE-H
                                           00FF
                                                          BASE
                                                  02
      0D203 03
                 BASE-H
                                           00FF
                                                  03
                                                          BASE
      0D204 04
                 BASE-H
                                           00FF
                                                   04
                                                          BASE
      0D205 05
                                           00FF
                 BASE-H
                                                  05
                                                          BASE
      0D206 06
                 BASE-H
                                           00FF
                                                  06
                                                          BASE
      0D207 07
                                                  07
                 BASE-H
                                           00FF
                                                          BASE
      0D2F9 F9
                 ALIAS-H
                                           00FF
                                                   F9
      OD2FA FA
                 ALIAS-H
                                           00FF
                                                   FΑ
      OD2FB FB
                 ALIAS-H
                                           00FF
                                                   FΒ
      0D2FC FC
                                                  FC
                 ALIAS-H
                                           00FF
      OD2FD FD
                                                  FD
                 ALIAS-H
                                           00FF
      0D2FE FE
                 ALIAS-H
                                           00FF
                14 DEVICE(S) MET THE SELECTION CRITERIA).
```

System programmer response

If DS QPAV issues a Return Code(RC) and Reason Code(RSN), then check the return and reason code in <u>z/OS</u> <u>MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference SET-WTO</u>. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdfp

Routing code

#

Descriptor code

8,9

IEE459I (form 3 of 3)

hh.mm.ss DEVSERV QLIB [id]

Explanation

After the above message, DEVSERV displays the requested tape library information. There are several types of displays, depending on the request. For requests to display library configuration information the first message display is:

The following are defined in the ccccccc configuration:

Where *ccccccc* is either ACTIVE or INACTIVE, depending on whether the ACTIVE or INACTIVE parameter was specified (ACTIVE is the default if neither is specified).

- ACTIVE indicates that the library configuration being displayed is the one currently in use by the system.
- INACTIVE indicates that the library configuration being displayed is the one that will become ACTIVE following an IODF activate.

There are two display formats, depending on whether the request was for a list of library serial numbers or a list of library devices.

When a list of library serial numbers is requested, the display lists up to 10 library serial numbers per line as follows:

```
The following are defined in the ACTIVE configuration:
*11111 22222 *33333 *44444 55555 66666 77777 88888 99999 00000
```

Note: An asterisk preceding a library serial number indicates that the library has connectivity to the system (at least one device in the library is connected)

When a list of library devices is requested, the display lists up to 8 library devices per line as follows:

The following are defined in the ACTIVE configuration:

When specifying a composite library sequence number, for example "11111", the following output is displayed:

```
LIBID PORTID DEVICES
11111 04
             0940* 0941* 0942* 0943* 0944* 0945* 0946* 0947*
             0948* 0949* 094A* 094B* 094C* 094D* 094E* 094F*
      0.3
             09A0 09A1
                        09A2
                               09A3
                                     09A4
                                           09A5
                                                 09A6
                                                       09A7
             09A8 09A9
                               09AB
                                     09AC
                                           09AD
                         09AA
                                                 09AE
      02
             09D0* 09D1* 09D2* 09D3* 09D4* 09D5* 09D6* 09D7*
             09D8* 09D9* 09DA* 09DB* 09DC* 09DD* 09DE* 09DF*
      01
             F990 F991 F992
                               F993
                                     F994
                                           F995
                                                 F996
                                                       F997
             F998
                  F999 F99A
                               F99B F99C
                                           F99D
                                                 F99E F99F
DISTRIBUTED LIBID(S)
AAAAA* BBBBB* CCCCC
```

Note:

- 1. LIBID is the five hexadecimal digit library serial number.
- 2. PORTID is the hexadecimal identifier of a 'string' of library devices.
- 3. An asterisk following a library device number indicates that the device has connectivity to the system. Devices without an asterisk are logically defined, but have not been initialized. Devices that have not been initialized were not connected to the system at IPL time **and** have never been varied ONLINE since IPL.
- 4. If the specified library is a composite library, its distributed library names are also displayed.
- 5. An asterisk following a distributed library serial number indicates that the distributed library has connectivity to the host system (at least one device in the distributed library is connected).

When specifying a distributed library sequence number, for example "AAAAA", the following output is displayed if all of the distributed libraries that the host has connectivity to are at TS7700 release 1.5 microcode level or above:

Note: Only the devices that are associated with the specified distributed library are displayed.

When specifying a distributed library sequence number that has no connectivity to the host or none of its devices has been defined to the host (even though all of the distributed libraries in the grid-configuration are at TS7700 release 1.5 or above), the following output is displayed:

```
DEVSERV QLIB,CCCCC

IEE459I 14.15.28 DEVSERV QLIB
No devices connected or configured to host
Composite LIBID
11111
```

When specifying a distributed library sequence number in a grid-configuration that has one or more of the distributed libraries at pre-release 1.5 microcode level of the TS7700, the following output is displayed:

```
DEVSERV QLIB,22222

IEE459I 14.15.28 DEVSERV QLIB
Library libid=2222 not found
```

For a request to list the queued library orders, the following is displayed:

```
DS QL,LIST,QUEUE
IEE459I 10.19.40 DEVSERV QLIB 421
LIBID DEVICE REQUEST VOLSER CATEGORY TIME ON QUEUE
                    VOLSER CALL
            MOUNT
                                     3 MINUTE(S)
11111 F018
            MOUNT
                    V0L002 000F
                                     1 MINUTE(S)
11111 F020
                                     1 MINUTE(S)
11111 F021
            MOUNT
                            0001
                    V0L003 000F
22222 F031
             EJECT
                                     8 MINUTE(S)
             DEMOUNT VOL005 0001
22222 F021
                                     3 MINUTE(S)
```

Note: The queue display lists asynchronous orders that have been accepted by the library, but have not yet completed. When asynchronous orders complete the library uses attention I/O to signal the host. At that time the order will be removed from the queue.

For a request to display the library partitioning category codes, below is an example showing the system default category code:

```
DS QL,CATS
IEE459I 09.56.42 DEVSERV QLIB 600
0001 0002 0003 0004 0005 0006 0007 0008 0009 000A 000E 000F
```

For a request to change the library partitioning category codes, the first 3 digits of the category can be modified with the last digit being fixed and representing the media type:

```
DS QL,CATS(111*)
IEE459I 09.57.01 DEVSERV QLIB 603
1111 1112 1113 1114 1115 1116 1117 1118 1119 111A 111E 111F
```

Note: If the library partitioning category codes are modified using the DQ QL,CATS command, the corresponding changes must also be reflected in the DEVSUPxx PARMLIB member. If not, an IPL reverts the category codes to what is specified in DEVSUPxx.

After the category codes have been updated, issue the DS QL,CATS command to reflect the updated categories:

```
DS QL,CATS
IEE459I 09.57.11 DEVSERV QLIB 606
1111 1112 1113 1114 1115 1116 1117 1118 1119 111A 111E 111F
```

Note: APAR OA24965 of Device Service is needed before you use the DEVSERV QLIB,CATS command. This APAR is needed to additionally recognize and support media types MEDIA9 and MEDIA10.

When a list of library devices that failed initialization during IPL is requested, the display lists up to 8 library devices per line as follows:

```
DS QL,IEA438I
IEE459I 11.58.04 DEVSERV QLIB 620
Device initialization errors detected during IPL
9AFA-09 9A1A-09 9ABA-09 9ADA-09 9A9A-09 9A5A-09 9A3A-09 9A7A-09
9A1B-09 9A3B-09 9A5B-09 9A7B-09 9A9B-09 9ABB-09 9ADB-09 9AFB-09
9A1C-09 9A3C-09 9A5C-09 9A7C-09 9A9C-09 9ABC-09 9AFC-09
9A1D-09 9A3D-09 9A7D-09 9A5D-09 9ADD-09 9ABD-09 9AFD-09
```

The number following the dash identifies the error that was detected during IPL. The failures that can be reported are:

2

The library interface is offline.

4

The device returned a library ID of all zeros (in Read Device Characteristics).

6

The device is unavailable to the library manager.

9

The HCD defined library ID and pool ID do not match the hardware ID.

12

The device type (EPI) is different from other devices in the same pool.

15

An I/O error occurred trying to read distributed library data.

For errors 2, 4 and 6, when the hardware condition is corrected, the device can be varied online.

For error 9, insure that the HCD defined library ID and pool ID (also called port ID) matche the hardware ID.

For error 12, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM hardware representative. All of the devices in a pool must be of the same type as determined by the device EPI (physical identifier). The EPI for a device can be displayed using DEVSERV QT, as follows (the EPI is 13 below):

```
DS QT,07D0,RDC
IEE459I 10.18.37 DEVSERV QTAPE 532
UNIT DTYPE DSTATUS CUTYPE DEVTYPE CU-SERIAL DEV-SERIAL ACL LIBID
07D0 3590L OFFLINE 3592C06 3592E05* 0178-C5008 0178-C5008 I CA002
READ DEVICE CHARACTERISTIC
3592063590100190 4EDC0000B4D7FD5C 69F8000000000000 3592063592140013
0CA0020300000300 4683800004000000 0400001122C00000 0000000000000000
```

For error 15, an I/O error occurred while trying to obtain data about the distributed libraries in a composite library. This might be caused by an I/O timeout. During IPL, I/O is terminated if it does not complete in 15

seconds. If the library is busy it might have taken too long to respond to the initialization I/O. If the device is defined to be varied online during IPL, that vary will fail. After IPL, the device can be varied online.

LIBID

Displays the 5 hexadecimal digit library serial number.

DEVICE

Displays the UCB device number associated with the queued request.

REQUEST

Asynchronous requests are: MOUNT, DEMOUNT, EJECT and AUDIT.

VOLSER

Displays the volume serial number associated with the request. For a scratch mount the volser will be blank.

CATEGORY

Displays the hexadecimal category code of the volume.

TIME ON QUEUE

Displays the approximate time that the request has been on the queue.

One of the following messages may be received:

• NO ccccccc configuration is defined to the system.

Where ccccccc is either ACTIVE or INACTIVE. This message indicates that no library control blocks are defined for the configuration that was specified (either ACTIVE or INACTIVE).

• State save issued to dddd.

Where dddd identifies the device that was used to perform a state save. dddd may not be the same device specified by the DS QL,dddd,SS command. Because state save is used to diagnose device errors DEVSERV QLIB attempts to issue the state save using another device in the same control unit.

- State save failed.
- An attempt to issue state save to the library identified by DS QL,dddd,SS was not successful.
- Library not found for device dddd.
- *dddd* was specified in the command DS QL,*dddd*,SS and there is no library defined to the system that contains device *dddd*.
- Reply 'YES' to delete the INACTIVE configuration for library *lllll*, any other reply to quit.

This message is issued following the command DS QL,lllll,DELETE. Reply 'YES' and devserv will delete the control blocks that define the INACTIVE library lllll. Deleting INACTIVE library definitions should only be done in order to recover from an incorrect control block definition. After the deletion, when an IODF is activated that properly defines the configuration, both the INACTIVE and ACTIVE control blocks will be rebuilt.

• STORAGE LIMIT FOR TAPE DDR SWAP IS SET TO XXXXM.

Displays the storage limit for a tape DDR SWAP. The value *xxxxM* is the number from 1 - 1000 MB of main storage that is allowed to be used in a swap. This value is saved in the data facilities area (DFA).

Source

DFSMSdfp

Module

IGUDSL01

IEE460I

UNIT dev MUST BE OFFLINE BEFORE ITS AUTOSWITCH ATTRIBUTE CAN BE MODIFIED.

Explanation

The device must be in a varied-offline state for the AUTOSWITCH attribute to be changed.

In the message text: dev The device number **System action** The system continues processing. **Operator response** Vary the device offline and reissue the VARY AUTOSWITCH command. **Source** Master scheduler Module CNZK1V57 **Routing code** Note 18 **Descriptor code** 5 IEE461I UNIT dev CANNOT BE DEFINED AS AUTOSWITCH BECAUSE IT IS A JES3-MANAGED TAPE. **Explanation** JES3-managed tapes cannot be automatically switchable. In the message text: dev The device number **System action** The system continues processing. **Operator response**

Choose a device that is not managed by JES3

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V57

Routing code

Note 18

Descriptor code

5

IEE463I

UNIT dev IS NOW DEFINED AS AUTOSWITCH CAPABLE [BY sss]

Explanation

The system issues this message in response to a VARY *dev*,AUTOSWITCH,ON command. This is an indication that the AUTOSWITCH attribute has been changed as requested. If "BY sss" appears in the message, the request to change the AUTOSWITCH attribute for the device was made by a system service *sss*. For example, *sss* might be System Automation.

In the message text:

dev

The device number

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V57

Routing code

Note 18

Descriptor code

5

IEE464I

UNIT dev IS NOW DEFINED AS A DEDICATED DEVICE [BY sss]

Explanation

The system issues this message in response to a VARY *dev*,AUTOSWITCH,OFF command. This is an indication that the AUTOSWITCH attribute has been changed as requested. If "BY sss" appears in the message, the request to change the AUTOSWITCH attribute for the device was made by a system service sss. For example, sss might be System Automation.

In the message text:

dev

The device number

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V57

Routing code

Note 18

Descriptor code

5

IEE476I

UNIT dev INFORMATION [text]

Explanation

The system brings the device online in response to a VARY device command, and warns of limitations in device usability.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

text

Warns of limitations in device usability. The text consists of a header message, accompanying messages that warn of limitations in device usability, and a trailer message.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Use the device consistently with the restrictions indicated.

Source

Master scheduler

- For console devices, MVS Console Services.
- For non-console devices, MVS device allocation.

Module

CNZK1V40, IEFHBONL

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE479W

{MASTER|COMMAND} SCHEDULER {FAILED|ABEND cde} [DUMPED,] REIPL - CODE xx

Explanation

During master scheduler initialization, the master scheduler or command processing for the communications task (COMMTASK) failed.

In the message text:

MASTER SCHEDULER

The master scheduler or a system function that depends on the master scheduler has failed.

COMMAND SCHEDULER

A task for the communications task (COMMTASK) has failed.

FAILED

The failure occurred during master scheduler or communications task initialization.

ABEND cde

The system abended the master scheduler or communications task with system completion code cde.

DUMPED

The system wrote a complete dump. If **DUMPED** does not appear in the message text, there is no usable dump.

CODE xx

Identifies the failing portion of master scheduler initialization. xx identifies where the error occurred:

2

This code is associated with abend X'0C4'. The system issues a dump. The master scheduler or communications task initialization has abended and cannot recover.

10

Base initialization.

12

Initialization for linkage to Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) input/output (I/O) service routines.

13

Subsystem interface initialization.

14

Allocation address space creation routine.

15

Attach for initiator.

16

Event notification facility (ENF).

17

Scheduler work area (SWA) manager initialization.

18

Scheduler work area (SWA) manager initialization.

19

A service processor initialization routine.

1E

Scheduler services address space creation routine.

1Z

Initiator returned control to base initialization.

20

Region initialization.

21

Recovery ending manager initialization.

22

Mass storage system (MSS) initialization.

23

Subsystem initialization.

24

Display allocation scavenge routine.

25

Input/output supervisor (IOS) dynamic pathing initialization.

26

BCPii initialization.

27

External Security Manager (either Resource Access Control Facility (RACF) or an OEM) initialization.

28

Time Sharing Options/Extensions (TSO/E) initialization.

29

ATTACH of Master scheduler wait processor.

2A

System log (SYSLOG) task.

2B

APPC resource initialization.

2C

Reconfiguration master scheduler initialization routine.

2E

Region initialization could not establish an ESTAE-like recovery environment.

2F

System logger initialization.

2G

Master scheduler initialization dynamic exit.

2H

System REXX initialization.

21

Common Event Adapter initialization.

2J

SAF initialization.

2K

Alternate security product initialization.

2L

HIS timer task

2M

z/OS Client Web Enablement Toolkit initialization.

30

Wait initialization.

System action

The system puts the failing task into an enabled wait state. The system does not complete initialization.

Operator response

Do the following:

1. After all messages have been printed, restart the system with the MSTRJCL=(,L) system parameter. The L form of MSTRJCL causes the list of messages associated with the Master JCL to be routed to the console. Give the output to the system programmer.

2. If **DUMPED** does not appear in the message and the system programmer requests a stand-alone dump, obtain one.

An ABEND cde of 0A0 with CODE xx of 1Z generally indicates that a data set in the Master JCL (MSTRJCL) is not properly cataloged in the <u>Master</u> Catalog. Ensure that all data sets in the MSTRJCL are either cataloged in the <u>Master</u> Catalog or are directly pointed to by their MSTRJCL DD statement via the specification of both a UNIT and a VOL=SER parameter.

- If a data set is in the Master Catalog, ensure that its device type in that catalog is correct.
- If a DD statement in the MSTRJCL has a UNIT parameter specified (regardless of whether or not it also has a VOL=SER parameter specified), ensure that the UNIT parameter is correct.

System programmer response

Ensure that the MSTRJCL parameter of the IEASYSxx parmlib member is specified with the L option. This option allows JCL messages associated with processing the MSTJCLxx data set to be sent to the console rather than only to SYSLOG. These messages might be needed for debugging. If the message contains an abend code, see the system programmer response for the abend code. If an ABEND code of 0A0 with CODE xx of 1Z is seen along with this message, IEFA102I will contain additional information about the error.

If the problem persists, obtain the dump for the message. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the dump, if available. If no dump was produced with the message, ask the operator to obtain a stand-alone dump.

Source

Master scheduler or communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEEMB860, IEEVIPL, IEEVWAIT

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

1

IEE480I

jjj {ABEND cde-rrrrrrr, | FAILED, } [DUMPED,] TERMINATED

Explanation

A task abnormally ended or processing for a command failed.

In the message text:

iii

One of the following:

name

The name of the abnormally ending task.

cm COMMAND

cm is the failed command.

SVC 34

Command processing abnormally ended.

ABEND *cde-rrrrrrr*

cde is the system completion code.

rrrrrrr is the ABEND reason code, or N/A if no reason code was specified when the ABEND was issued.

FAILED

The task failed during initialization.

DUMPED

The system has written a complete dump. If **DUMPED** does not appear in the message text, there is no usable dump.

System action

The system:

- · Ends the task or command processing immediately
- · Writes messages about the problem
- · Writes a logrec data set error record
- · Tries to write a dump

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. If **ABEND** *cde* appears in the message text, see the system programmer response for abend code *cde*.
- 2. If **ABEND** *cde* does not appear in the message, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler or system management facilities (SMF)

Module

IEE5103D, IEECB860, IEECB883, IEECB890, IEECB920, IEEPRWI2

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE481I

{{{MASTER|COMMAND} SCHEDULER}} ABEND cde-rrrrrrr, [DUMPED,] {[REIPL - CODE yy] | RESTARTING }

Explanation

The master scheduler or command processing for the communications task (COMMTASK). The system is trying to restart the function except if **REIPL** was specified.

In the message text:

cde-rrrrrrr

cde is the system completion code.

rrrrrrr is the ABEND reason code, or N/A if no reason code was specified when the ABEND was issued.

DUMPED

The system has written a complete dump. If **DUMPED** does not appear in the message text, there is no usable dump.

CODE yy

Identifies the failing portion of master scheduler initialization. yy identifies where the error occurred:

30

Wait initialization.

DUMPED

The system has written a complete dump. If **DUMPED** does not appear in the message text, there is no usable dump.

RESTARTING

The system automatically restarts the failing function.

System action

The system automatically restarts the failing function. IEE482E is issued only when the restart of the master scheduler fails. IEA365E is issued when the restart of the command scheduler fails. The system will need to be reipled in the **REIPL** case.

System programmer response

See the system programmer response for abend code *cde*. If **DUMPED** appears in the message text, obtain the dump.

Source

Master scheduler, Communications Task

Module

IEEVWAIT

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE482E

MASTER SCHEDULER RESTART FAILED, ABEND RECURSION, REIPL

Explanation

The system tried to restart the master scheduler, but failed. The system issues message IEE481I before issuing this message. Message IEE481I contains the completion code of the original failure.

System action

The system continues processing without the master scheduler.

Operator response

After current system processing has stopped, restart the system to restart the master scheduler.

System programmer respon	se
See the system programmer respon	nse for message IEE481I.
Source	
Master scheduler	
Module	
IEEVWAIT	
Routing code	
2,10	
Descriptor code	
11	
IEE485I	START FAILED, SUBSYSTEM id HAD AN I/O ERROR
Explanation	
	nand was passed to the named subsystem, the subsystem was not able to ight have internal processing errors or a restriction on the JCL that is being
In the message text:	
id The subsystem identifier	
System action	
The START command fails	
User response	
Check for messages issued by the	subsystem or contact support personnel for that subsystem.
Source	
Master scheduler	
Module	
IEFJSWT	
Routing code	

Descriptor code

5

IEE491I

PATH(dev,xx) NOT VARIED, FUNCTION CANCELED BY OPERATOR

Explanation

The operator replied CANCEL to message IEE717D.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

XX

The channel path identifier.

System action

The system ends processing for all paths referenced by the VARY PATH OFFLINE command. However, path xx for the device is back online, and the system continues processing.

Operator response

If there is I/O active on the device, wait for it to complete or end the I/O. Enter the VARY PATH command again.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPTHR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE494W

RECONFIGURATION INITIALIZATION FAILED

Explanation

During initialization of the reconfiguration component, the system could not perform one of the following functions:

- · Establish a recovery environment
- · Attach a module
- · Load a module
- · Call a module

System action

System initialization stops. The system loads non-restartable wait state X'A71'.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response
See the system programmer response for wait state X'A71'.
Source
Reconfiguration
Routing code
Note 12
Descriptor code
-
IEE495I RESTART TEXT MAY NOT BE INITIALIZED ON CPU (xx)
Explanation
The reconfiguration component failed to initialize the restart text for the specified central processor.
In the message text:
The central processor identifier.
System action
The system continues processing.
Operator response
Check the restart text for the specified central processor on the system console. If the restart text is displayed use the text at that console.
If the restart text is not displayed, notify the system programmer.
System programmer response
Take the central processor offline and bring it back online. If the problem persists, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.
Source
Reconfiguration
Routing code
5
Descriptor code

IEE496I

{CPU(xx)|IFA(xx)|SUP(xx)} RECONFIGURED {ONLINE |OFFLINE} TO MATCH THE INITIAL NUMBER OF {CPUS|IFAS|SUPS} SET FOR THE LOGICAL PARTITION

Explanation

The specified standard CP (CPU), IFA (zAAP), SUP (zIIP), CPU or core was reconfigured either online or offline to match the initial number of configured logical standard CPs (CPUs), IFAs (zAAPs), SUP (zIIPs), CPUs or cores set for the logical partition. The initial numbers are set on the Processor Page of the Customize Activation Profiles task on the Hardware Master Console or Support Element for your machine.

The initial numbers are checked during z/OS initialization.

- If the initial number is not zero, the system uses it to determine how many logical CPs (CPUs), IFAs (zAAPs), SUP (zIIPs), CPUs or cores should be online.
- If the initial number is larger than the number of logical CPs (CPUs), IFAs (zAAPs), SUP (zIIPs), CPUs or cores that are currently configured, the system will reconfigure online enough logical CPs (CPUs), IFAs (zAAPs), SUP (zIIPs), CPUs or cores to make up the difference. The system does the reconfiguration by processing logical CPs (CPUs), IFAs (zAAPs), SUP (zIIPs), CPU or cores that are currently in standby state, from low address to high address.
- If the initial number is smaller than the number of logical CPs (CPUs), IFAs (zAAPs), SUP (zIIPs), CPUs or cores that are currently configured, the system will reconfigure offline enough logical CPs (CPUs), IFAs (zAAPs), SUP (zIIPs), CPUs or cores to make up the difference. The system does the reconfiguration from high address to low, taking into consideration feature requirements of the logical CPs (CPUs), IFAs (zAAPs), SUP (zIIPs), CPUs or cores and skipping the required ones.

In the message text: The processor type can be one of the following:

- CPU standard CP CPU
- IFA zAAP CPU
- SUP zIIP CPU
- CP Core standard CP core
- zAAP Core
- zIIP Core

XX

The processor identifier.

Whether the core has changed to ONLINE or OFFLINE status. This can be one of the following:

- ONLINE
- OFFLINE

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If the standard CP (CPU), IFA (zAAP), SUP (zIIP), CPU or core was reconfigured offline and if it is needed online, issue the CONFIG CPU(xx),ONLINE command to bring it online. If the standard CP (CPU), IFA (zAAP), SUP (zIIP), CPU or core CPU was reconfigured online and you want it to be offline, issue the CONFIG CPU(xx),OFFLINE command to take it offline.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCPUT

Descriptor code

5

IEE497I

{HALT|SWITCH} COMPLETED WITH ERRORS.

Explanation

The HALT EOD or SWITCH command completed but one or more errors occurred during the processing of a macro function.

System action

The command processing completes.

System programmer response

Determine the error in the processing of the macro function and correct the error. Enter the command again.

Source

System management facilities (SMF)

Module

IEE70110

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE498I

{HALT|SWITCH} mac ERROR. RETURN CODE = return-code [REASON CODE = reason-code] [DEVICE NUMBER = dev msgtxt]

Explanation

A macro error occurred during the processing of a HALT EOD or SWITCH command.

In the message text:

mac

The specified macro, which could be one of the following:

- DESTAGE (SVC 109)
- LSPACE (SVC 78)
- SMFWTM (SVC 83)
- LOGREC (SVC 76)

return-code

The return code.

reason-code

The reason code.

dev

The device number of the device that was in error during the LSPACE SVC.

msgtxt

A variable length message returned by the macro.

System action

The command processing continues.

System programmer response

Determine the error in the processing of the macro function and correct the error. Enter the command again.

Note: The diagnostic codes for LSPACE can be found in *z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis*.

Source

System management facilities (SMF)

Module

IEE70110

Routing code

2.10

Descriptor code

5

IEE499I

SMFPRMxx TOO LARGE -- SMF DEFAULT VALUES WILL BE USED

Explanation

The system management facilities (SMF) parmlib data set member is too large for SMF to process. SMF can only handle SMF parmlib data set members that have up to 897 lines of text. The SMF default values will be used instead.

System action

SMF processing will use the SMF default values.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Reduce the number of lines in the SMF parmlib data set member to the maximum allowable lines of text (897) or less.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Routing code

*,2,10,5

1074 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Descriptor code

IEE500I

ERROR DETECTED IN SMF INTERVAL SYNC PROCESSING. SYNC PROCESSING DISABLED.

Explanation

An internal error was detected during SMF interval synchronization processing.

System action

The SMF interval synchronization scheduling function is disabled until the next IPL or SET SMF command. SMF continues to generate recording intervals, but SMF interval synchronization processing is disabled.

System programmer response

Contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB821, IEEMB842

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE502I

CHP(xx),ONLINE

Explanation

In response to a reconfiguration request, a channel path is placed online or already is online.

In the message text:

XX

The channel path identifier. If xx is **ALL**, all channel paths are placed online, or are already online.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEECB927

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE503I

CHP(xx),OFFLINE

Explanation

In response to a reconfiguration request, a channel path is marked offline or already is offline.

In the message text:

XX

The channel path identifier. If xx is **ALL**, all channel paths are placed offline, or are already offline.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEECB927

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE504I

{CPU(x)|CORE(x)|CRYPTO(x)|PFID(x)} ONLINE

Explanation

The system brought a CPU, core, or the Integrated Cryptographic Feature (ICRF) or the PCI function (PFID) online in response to a reconfiguration request.

In the message text:

CPU(x),ONLINE

The system placed CPU x online in response to the following command:

CONFIG CPU(x), ONLINE

CORE(x),ONLINE

The system placed core x online in response to the following command:

CONFIG CORE(x), ONLINE

CRYPTO(x),ONLINE

The ICRF attached to processor x was placed online by the system or in response to the following command:

CONFIG CPU(x), ONLINE

If the system brought the ICRF online, additional messages accompany this message.

1076 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

PFID(x),ONLINE

The system placed the PCIe function (PFID) x online in response to the following command:

CONFIG PFID(x), ONLINE

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPFID, IEEVCPR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE505I

$\{CPU(x)|CORE(x)|CRYPTO(x)|PFID(x)\}\ OFFLINE$

Explanation

The system brought a CPU, core, the Integrated Cryptographic Feature (ICRF), or the PCI function (PFID) offline in response to a reconfiguration request

In the message text:

CPU(x), OFFLINE

The system placed CPU x offline in response to the following command:

CONFIG CPU(x), OFFLINE

CORE(x),ONLINE

The system placed core *x* offline in response to the following command:

CONFIG CORE(x), OFFLINE

CRYPTO(x), OFFLINE

The ICRF attached to processor x was placed offline by the system or in response to the following command:

CONFIG CPU(x), OFFLINE

If the system placed the ICRF offline, additional messages accompany this message.

PFID(x),OFFLINE

The system placed the PCIe function (PFID) x offline in response to the following command:

CONFIG PFID(x), OFFLINE

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPFID, IEEVCPR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE506I

CORE(x) IN POSSIBLE MIXED STATE

Explanation

The system encountered an internal error when reconfiguring a core in response to a reconfiguration request. The core has an unexpected thread status given the MT mode for that core type.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCPR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE507D

SHOULD ACTIVE DEVICES HAVE I/O TERMINATED? REPLY NO OR YES

Explanation

The operator replied CONTINUE in response to messages IEE100E and IEE131D. That reply told the system that a CONFIG CHP(xx),OFFLINE command with the FORCE option should continue, even though the channel being removed is the last path to one or more devices.

This message asks the operator whether or not those devices should be boxed, which means:

- I/O on the device is ended.
- Any new I/O requests result in permanent I/O errors.
- No new allocations are done for the device.
- If the device was online, it is marked pending offline. A pending offline device goes offline when these conditions occur, in this order:
 - 1. The device is no longer allocated to any job.
 - 2. Allocation can get the necessary resources to process the request.

If the device was offline, it remains offline.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reply NO to allow the current I/O to complete and to keep allocated devices, teleprocessing devices, and devices the system is using online.
 - Generally, reply NO if you want to discontinue the request to configure a channel path offline.
- Reply YES to mark the devices pending offline and purge all I/O.
 - Generally, reply YES if you must prevent I/O from being enqueued to the devices, or you must prevent the device from being allocated.
 - Reply YES only when you must get a channel offline regardless of what happens to ongoing I/O over the channel. This reply can cause data to be damaged or lost.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

2

IEE508E

NO ALTERNATE PATHS TO RESERVED DEVICES dev.dev

Explanation

This message is one of a series that can appear during reconfiguration processing (such as processing for a CONFIG CHP,OFFLINE,FORCE command). The messages warn the operator about negative effects from CONFIG processing and ask if CONFIG processing should continue.

The channel being forced offline has one or more reserved devices. If CONFIG processing continues, one or more of the devices will be released from the reserve and become available to any systems sharing them. I/O operations on these devices may not have completed normally; when the devices are released, they may contain damaged or incomplete data. Any sharing systems must be prevented from using any volumes that contain damaged or incomplete information.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of a reserved device for which there is no alternate path.

System action

The system issues message IEE131D and waits for the operator to reply.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

11

IEE510I

{text} ddu TO ddu OFFLINE

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- STORAGE LOCATIONS
- REAL STORAGE LOCATIONS
- EXTENDED STORAGE LOCATIONS
- n OF EVERY m FRAMES IN STORAGE LOCATIONS
- n OF EVERY m FRAMES IN REAL STORAGE LOCATIONS

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure storage. The system displays this message in response to that request.

In the message text:

STORAGE LOCATIONS

REAL STORAGE LOCATIONS

A CONFIG STOR OFFLINE command requested that central (real) storage be varied offline.

Note: If all storage in a range affected by the CONFIG command has been varied offline, the first format of this message appears for that range.

EXTENDED STORAGE LOCATIONS

A CONFIG ESTOR(E=id),OFFLINE command requested that expanded storage be varied offline.

n OF EVERY *m* FRAMES IN STORAGE LOCATIONS

n OF EVERY *m* FRAMES IN REAL STORAGE LOCATIONS

A CONFIG STOR OFFLINE requested that a range of central storage be varied offline.

In the message text:

n

The number of frames that have been taken offline within each unit of *m* frames.

m

The number of units.

For example, if n is 1 and m is 2, one of every two frames within the specified range has been taken offline.

ddu TO ddu OFFLINE

The beginning and ending addresses of the storage that the system has varied offline in decimal. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes). If text is n OF EVERY m FRAMES IN [REAL] STORAGE LOCATIONS, the ending address is the first byte of the frame that follows the last frame taken offline.

System action	
The system continues processing.	
Source	
Reconfiguration	
-	
Module	
IEEVSTEL	
Routing code	
-	
Descriptor code	
5	
IEE512I de	ev BUSY
Explanation	
	e system mark a console offline. The system waits 3 minutes for I/O e. If all associated I/O has not completed, the system issues this operator of busy devices.
In the message text:	
dev The device number.	
System action	
If the 3-minute waiting time expires and IEE717D.	d all associated I/O is not complete, the system issues message
Source	
Reconfiguration	
Module	
IEEVCHPR	
IEEVCHPR Routing code	

Descriptor code

5

IEE513I

COMMAND PROCESSING LIMITED

Explanation

The master scheduler or command processing for the communications task (COMMTASK) failed. The system attempted to restart the failed function, but the function is still unavailable. The system issues message IEE480I or IEE481I before issuing this message. Those messages contain information about the original failure.

System action

The system rejects the following commands:

- CANCEL
- DISPLAY
- MODIFY
- STOP

If the operator tries to use these commands, the system may issue error messages.

System programmer response

See the system programmer response for message IEE481I or IEE480I.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEVWAIT, IEE5103D, IEEMB843, IEEMB845 IEEVRSCN, IEEDMSID

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE521I

hh.mm.ss CONFIG DISPLAY [idr] REQUEST TYPE: reqtyp [RESOURCE: {resource} IS CURRENTLY IN USE - STATUS MAY BE CHANGING] text

Explanation

Where text is:

ITEM SIDE 0
[SIDE: 0]
[STATUS: status]
CPU: cpuids
[CRYPTO: cfids]
CHP: chpids
PFID: pfids
{[STOR(E=x): list]}

{[ESTOR(E=x): list]}
{[TOTAL STORAGE: xxxxxM]}

{[UNASSIGNED: yyyyM]} {STORAGE: xxxxM} {TOTAL STOR[AGE]: xxxxM [UNASSIGNED: yyyyM]} [STOR(E=x): list]

WHICH ITEMS DO YOU WANT

{BROUGHT ONLINE|TAKEN OFFLINE}}

resource is one of the following:

SYSZVARY,CPU SYSZVARY,PATH SYSZVARY,PFID SYSZVARY,STORAGE

IEE521I

hh.mm.ss CONFIG DISPLAY [idr] REQUEST TYPE: reqtyp

[RESOURCE: {resource} IS CURRENTLY IN USE

- STATUS MAY BE CHANGING]

STATUS NOT OBTAINED:

{SERVICE PROCESSOR CALL FAILED| SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE}

resource is one of the following:

- SYSZVARY,CPU
- SYSZVARY,PATH
- SYSZVARY,PFID
- SYSZVARY,STORAGE

A reconfiguration request asked that the system perform storage reconfiguration.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time, in hours (00-23), minutes (00-59), and seconds (00-59).

idr

A decimal identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays that are either:

- · Written on typewriter or display consoles
- Displayed in-line (not in display area) on operator consoles

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

REQUEST TYPE: reatyp

The type of request specified on the command. reqtyp is either **ONLINE** or **OFFLINE**.

RESOURCE: {resource} IS CURRENTLY IN USE - STATUS MAY BE CHANGING

The system completed normal processing of a CONFIG ONLINE or CONFIG OFFLINE command. This message displays two sets of elements or items:

- One set for the existing configuration.
- One set for the elements and items that are currently offline, that is, not in use by the operating system, but that can be brought online. Offline elements and items are identified by an asterisk after the identifier (id).

In the message text:

resource

The resource in use.

status

The status of the side, which is one of the following:

- ONLINE
- OFFLINE
- UNAVAILABLE

If the central processor is physically partitioned and all resources are being used by one side, then they will be marked as **UNAVAILABLE** to the other side.

cpuids

The central processor identifiers. The message lists the central processors (1) that are in the current configuration and (2) that are offline but can be brought into the configuration.

cfids

The Integrated Cryptographic Feature (ICRF) identifiers. The message lists the processors that have ICRFs associated with them and indicates the online/offline status of each feature.

chpids

The channel path identifiers. The message lists the CHPs that are (1) online or (2) offline, but can be brought online. They are given as a single CHP, a range of CHPs (*chpid-chpid*), or a combination of the two.

pfids

The PCIE function identifiers. The message lists the PFIDs that are (1) online or (2) offline, but can be brought online. They are given as a single *pfid*, a range of PFIDs (*pfid-pfid*), or a combination of the two.

list

A list of hexadecimal identifiers and/or ranges.

TOTAL STORAGE: xxxxM

The amount of central storage available for each side. The total central storage online equals xxxxM-yyyyM.

UNASSIGNED: yyyyM

The amount of central storage online or unassigned.

STORAGE: xxxxM

The part of the storage that is in online central storage elements. This storage can be brought online with a CONFIG STOR(xxxxM),ONLINE command.

STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SERVICE PROCESSOR CALL FAILED STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE

The system cannot display the reconfigurable resources installed in the system in response to a CONFIG ONLINE or OFFLINE command due to an error.

System action

Depending on the message text, the system does the following:

STATUS NOT OBTAINED:

If this phrase appears in the message, the system:

- Does not perform the requested reconfiguration
- Issues abend code X'0B7'
- · Writes a logrec data set error record
- · Writes a dump

If the phrase does *not* appear in the message text, the system prompts the operator for a reply to the question at the end of the message text. The system issues message IEE522D to request a reply to the question.

Operator response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

WHICH ITEMS DO YOU WANT BROUGHT ONLINE?

Reply to message IEE522D to respond to this question.

WHICH ITEMS DO YOU WANT TAKEN OFFLINE?

Reply to message IEE522D to respond to this question.

STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SERVICE PROCESSOR CALL FAILED

Enter the CONFIG command again. If you receive the same version of message IEE521I, contact the system programmer.

STATUS NOT OBTAINED: SERVICE PROCESSOR FAILURE

Contact hardware support. Provide the logrec data set error record.

System programmer response

See the system programmer response for abend X'0B7'.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVRSCN, IEEDMSID

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

4,8,9

IEE522D

REPLY NONE, OR REFRESH(TO GET NEW DISPLAY), OR SPECIFY {ELEMENTS|ITEMS}

Explanation

The system issues this message to request a response to the question at the end of message IEE521I. Message IEE521I precedes this message.

System action

The system issues this message to the console on which the CONFIG command was entered.

Operator response

One of the following:

- Reply NONE to prevent the system from performing the requested reconfiguration.
- Reply REFRESH to see message IEE521I again.
- Reply R *n*,STOR(*n*M-*n*M) to choose reconfiguration. Choose the elements from the display in message IEE521I. An example of a reply is:

REPLY 01,STOR(8M-12M)

This reply brings online the storage range from 8 to 12 megabytes.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVRSCN

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

-

IEE524I

text ddu TO ddu ONLINE

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- REAL STORAGE LOCATIONS
- STORAGE LOCATIONS
- n OF EVERY m FRAMES IN REAL STORAGE LOCATIONS
- n OF EVERY m FRAMES IN STORAGE LOCATIONS
- EXTENDED STORAGE LOCATIONS

This message appears in response to a reconfiguration request.

In the message text:

REAL STORAGE LOCATIONS

STORAGE LOCATIONS

A CONFIG STOR ONLINE command requested the reconfiguration of central (real) storage online. All the storage in a range has been varied online.

n OF EVERY m FRAMES IN REAL STORAGE LOCATIONS

n OF EVERY *m* FRAMES IN STORAGE LOCATIONS

A CONFIG ESTOR(E=id), ONLINE command requested the reconfiguration of expanded storage online.

In the message text:

n

n frames are online in each unit of m frames. n is a 1-digit decimal number.

m

n frames are online in each unit of m frames. m is a 1-digit decimal number.

For example, if $n ext{ is } 1$ and $m ext{ is } 2$, one of every two frames within the specified range has been varied online.

EXTENDED STORAGE LOCATIONS

A CONFIG STOR(E=x) requested that the system vary storage element x online. Storage element x contains selected frames in regular patterns across one or more ranges of storage. This message is issued for each range of storage affected by the CONFIG command.

ddu TO ddu

The beginning and ending addresses of a range of storage, in decimal. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Reconfiguration

1086 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Module

IEEVSTEL

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE525I

CHP(xx) FORCE STATUS UNKNOWN, ERROR OCCURRED DURING FORCE

Explanation

The system tried to force a channel path offline, but an error occurred.

In the message text:

XX

The channel path identifier.

System action

The specified channel path is in an unknown state. The system writes a logrec data set error record. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Enter DISPLAY M To determine if the system took the channel path offline.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE526I

{EXTENDED|REAL} STORAGE ELEMENT (x) {ONLINE[, yM UNASSIGNED]|OFFLINE}

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a central (real) or expanded storage element online or offline. The system issues this message to display the state of the storage element.

In the message text:

EXTENDED

A CONFIG ESTOR(E=id) command requested the reconfiguration of an expanded storage element online or offline.

REAL

A CONFIG STOR(E=x) command requested reconfiguration of a central (real) storage element online or offline.

X

The storage element identifier.

yM UNASSIGNED

A CONFIG ONLINE command requested that the system place the storage element online, but *y* megabytes of storage in that element are not assigned to any configuration.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSTEL

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE527I

CHP(xx) NOT RECONFIGURED, WOULD REMOVE ACCESS TO CONSOLE/ HARDCOPY

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a channel path offline. If the system satisfies the request, the system would lose access to the console with master authority or a hard-copy device. Consequently, the system ignores the request.

In the message text:

XX

The CHP identifier for which the request was entered.

System action

Depending on the request entered, one of the following:

- If a CONFIG CHP(xx),OFFLINE command was entered, the system ends reconfiguration processing for channel path xx.
- If a CONFIG CHP(xx),OFFLINE command specified a range of channels, the system continues reconfiguration processing for the next requested channel.

Operator response

Provide an alternate path to the console or hard-copy device. Enter the CONFIG command for the desired channel path again.

Source		
Reconfiguration		
Module		
IEEVCHPR		
Pouting code		
Routing code		
Descriptor code		
5		
IEE529I VARY devn REJECTED. DEVICE OFFLINE DUE TO C.U.I.R.		
Explanation		
The operator has entered a VARY devn, ONLINE command. The device specified is presently being serviced and is offline or pending offline due to the Control Unit Initiated Reconfiguration (C.U.I.R.) service.		
In the message text:		
devn The specified device.		
System action		
The system does not vary the device online.		
Operator response		
Determine if the device is currently undergoing service. If service has completed and the device is still in use by C.U.I.R., enter the VARY devn ONLINE, RESET command to bring the device online.		
Source		
MVS Console Services or MVS Device Allocation		
Module		
CNZK1V38, CNZK1V49, IEFHBONL		
Routing code		
Descriptor code		

CLASS=class

IEE531I

LOG DATA SET UNALLOCATION FAILED-TENTATIVE DATA LOSS-

Explanation

The system tried to unallocate a log data set for an output class. The unallocation failed. Because the failure occurred before or after the system log data set was queued to an output class, the status of the data set is unknown.

In the message text:

CLASS=class

class is the valid output class for which the unallocation was attempted.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Determine why the data set could not be unallocated.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB803

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

1

IEE532I

SYSTEM LOG DEFINED AS HARDCOPY-WRITELOG CLOSE COMMAND REJECTED

Explanation

A WRITELOG CLOSE command requested that the system log (SYSLOG) be closed and the log function be discontinued. The system could not process the command because the SYSLOG is defined as the hardcopy device.

System action

The system continues processing with the current log active.

Operator response

To close the SYSLOG:

- 1. Enter a VARY nnnn, HARDCOPY command to direct hardcopy to another device.
- 2. Enter WRITELOG CLOSE to close the SYSLOG.

Source Master scheduler Module IEE1603D **Routing code Descriptor code** IEE533E SYSTEM LOG INITIALIZATION HAS FAILED **Explanation** The system could not initialize the system log (SYSLOG) during system initialization or during WRITELOG START command processing. **System action** The system continues processing without the SYSLOG function. The system issues message IEE037D. **Operator response** See the operator response for message IEE037D. Source Master scheduler Module IEEMB803 **Routing code** 2

Descriptor code

1

IEE534I

LOG DATA SET SWITCH FAILED-CURRENT LOG DATA SET RECORDING

Explanation

A WRITELOG command requested that the system open or allocate an alternate data set for the system log (SYSLOG). A failure occurred during the processing of this data set.

System action

The SYSLOG continues processing messages from WTL macros to the current data set.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- No response is necessary, if it is not critical that the current SYSLOG data set be written.
- Enter WRITELOG CLOSE to write the current SYSLOG data set. If the system issues this message again, do the following:
 - 1. Enter WRITELOG CLOSE to close the SYSLOG.
 - 2. Enter WRITELOG START to reinitialize the SYSLOG function.

Source

Master scheduler or system management facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB803, IEECB925, IEECB866, IEEDISPD, IEEMB815

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE535I

cm INVALID PARAMETER

Explanation

A parameter on a command is not valid.

cm

The command.

System action

The system does not process the command.

Operator response

Reenter the command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE0603D, IEE0703D, IEE1403D, IEE3703D, IEECB800, IEECB806, IEECB807, IEECB813, CNZK1V53, CNZK1V54 and IEECB869

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE536I

member VALUE xx NOW IN EFFECT

Explanation

The system is now using the parameters contained in the parmlib member specified on the SET command.

In the message text:

member

The parmlib member specified on the SET command. See <u>SET command</u> in <u>z/OS MVS System Commands</u> for more information.

XX

The identifier for the parmlib member specified on the SET command.

Note: The IEE536I message will be issued in the single member case, but not when multiple members are specified.

System action

The system continues processing, using the parameters specified in the SET command.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZMTREX, IEEMB811, IEECB805, IEECB816

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE537I

prm IN memberxx INVALID

Explanation

A SET command requested that the system use parameters specified in a parmlib member. While processing the parmlib member, the system detected incorrect parameters in the parmlib member.

In the message text:

prm

The incorrect parameter.

memberxx

The parmlib member in which incorrect parameters were found.

System action

The system continues processing, using the existing parmlib parameters. The system may issue the following messages, which contain detailed information about the error, to the system log:

• Message IRA300I

- Message IRA301I
- Message IRA302I
- Message IRA303I
- Message IRA304I
- Message IRA305I

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. See the explanation for any messages issued to the system log.
- 2. Check and correct the syntax of the parameters in the parmlib member. Use the messages in the system log to help diagnose the error.
- 3. If the problem cannot be resolved, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB805, IEEMB811

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE538I

member MEMBER NOT FOUND IN {dsname | PARMLIB}

Explanation

The system cannot find the specified parmlib member.

In the message text:

member

The name of the member not found in the specified parmlib data set.

dsname

The name of the specified parmlib dataset.

PARMLIB

The member was not found in any of the parmlib statements specified in the parmlib concatenation.

System action

The system continues processing

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. You can try using a different parmlib member.

System programmer response

Ensure that the specified parmlib member is located in a parmlib data set.

Source

Master Scheduler

Module

IEEMB811, IEEMB878

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE539I

[I/O] ERROR DURING PROCESSING OF MEMBER memname OF SYS1.PARMLIB

Explanation

The operator entered a SET command to request that the system use parameters specified in a parmlib member. While attempting to access the parmlib member, the system encountered an error.

In the message text:

[I/O]

An input/output (I/O) error occurred.

memname

The parmlib member name.

System action

The system does not process the command.

Operator response

If an I/O error occurred, contact hardware support. Otherwise, if desired, enter the command again, specifying a different parmlib member. If the problem occurs again, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZMTREX, IEECB805, IEECB816, IEEMB811, IEEMB856, IEEMB878

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE540I

OPEN FAILED - SYS1.PARMLIB IN PROCESSING MEMBER memname

Explanation

While processing a SET command, the system could not open a parmlib member.

In the message text:

memname

The parmlib member name.

System action

The system does not process the command.

Operator response

If the volume containing the parmlib member is not mounted, mount it. Otherwise, contact hardware support.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZMTREX, IEECB805, IEECB816, IEEMB856, IEEMB811

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE541I

CHP(xx) NOT RECONFIGURED, WOULD REMOVE LAST PATH TO DEVICE(S): dev, dev ...

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a channel path offline, but this channel path represents the last channel path to one or more devices. If a CONFIG command specified the UNCOND parameter, any devices listed in the message text are allocated or assigned to JES3.

In the message text:

XX

The channel path for which the request was entered.

dev

The device number or numbers associated with the specified channel path.

System action

Depending on the command entered, one of the following:

- If a CONFIG CHP(xx),OFFLINE command was entered, the system ends reconfiguration processing for channel path xx.
- If a CONFIG CHP OFFLINE command specified a range of channel paths, the system continues reconfiguration processing for the next requested channel path.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- If the CONFIG command did not specify the UNCOND parameter, enter the CONFIG command again, specifying UNCOND, to reconfigure the channel path or processor offline.
- If the CONFIG command specified the UNCOND parameter, do one of the following:
 - Provide an alternate path to the devices listed in the message, or wait until the devices are unallocated or unassigned. Then enter the command for the desired channel path again.
 - Enter the command for the desired channel path again using the FORCE option to force the channel path
 offline.

Note: Do not use the FORCE option for a device displayed in this message if the device is critical to the operation of the system: You might have to reIPL the system.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE559I

syselem NOT RECONFIGURED [PHYSICALLY OFFLINE], [COMMAND PROCESSOR ERROR | CONFIG REAL STORAGE COMMAND PROCESSOR ERROR | CONFIG COMMAND PROCESSOR ERROR]SCM

Explanation

In response to a reconfiguration request, the system tried to reconfigure a system element or storage-class memory (SCM). The system encountered an internal error and tried to recover, but the recovery was not complete. In the case of a system element request, the system element identified in the message could not be varied.

In the message text:

syselem

The system element for which the CONFIG or VARY command requested reconfiguration. syselem is one of the following:

- CHP(xx)
- CORE(z)

- CPU(z)
- EXTENDED STORAGE ELEMENT (x)
- SIDE(x) REAL STORAGE [ELEMENT (x)]

COMMAND PROCESSOR ERROR

A problem in the CONFIG command processor.

CONFIG REAL STORAGE COMMAND PROCESSOR ERROR

A problem in the CONFIG command for central (real) storage.

CONFIG SCM COMMAND PROCESSOR ERROR

A problem in the CONFIG SCM command processor.

System action

In most cases, the system abnormally ends the current task with abend code X'0B7'.

Depending on the message text, the system does the following:

CHP(xx)

The system did not reconfigure channel path xx. If the CONFIG command requested reconfiguration of a range of channel paths, the system continues reconfiguration for the next requested channel path. The system writes a logrec data set error record and an SVC dump.

CORE(z) CPU(z)

REAL STORAGE

REAL STORAGE ELEMENT

SCM

The system ends reconfiguration processing. The system writes a logrec data set error record and an SVC dump.

Operator response

Enter the DISPLAY M command to determine the status of system elements and SCM in the system.

Enter a CONFIG command naming only the element specified in the message text. If the CONFIG command succeeds and your original CONFIG command included additional elements, enter the original command again. If the original command fails again, contact hardware support.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR, IEEVSTEE, IEEVSTPE, IEEVIOSR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE564I

MESSAGE(S) LOST DURING RECONFIGURATION PROCESSING

Explanation

In response to a reconfiguration request to reconfigure a storage element, the system requested storage for a message buffer, but the storage was not available. One or more messages have been lost.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Enter a DISPLAY M command to see whether or not the CONFIG command run successfully. Notify the system programmer that messages may have been lost due to a shortage of system storage.

System programmer response

Determine whether there is a shortage of system storage. Follow your usual procedures to increase the system storage available.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVMESS

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE574I

NO STORAGE TO {GO OFFLINE|COME ONLINE} IN {REAL|EXTENDED} STORAGE ELEMENT x

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure storage in a storage element. The specified storage element had no storage that could be reconfigured, so the system did not perform the requested reconfiguration.

In the message text:

X

The storage element identifier specified in the CONFIG command.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If you receive this message after entering a CONFIG STOR(E=x),ONLINE command for a storage element whose range is physically offline, enter a CONFIG STOR(xxM),ONLINE command to bring this storage range online.

Enter a DISPLAY MATRIX command to display the status of the storage.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSTEL

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE575A

CONFIG {STORAGE|ESTOR} WAITING TO COMPLETE - REPLY C TO CANCEL

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure storage offline. The system tried to vary the storage offline, but it could not complete the requested reconfiguration; all of the storage has not gone offline.

This message may appear more than once if the request specified either:

- · A central or expanded storage element
- · An amount or range of central storage greater than the size of one reconfigurable storage unit

System action

The system continues to try to reconfigure the requested storage offline until you reply to this message.

Operator response

Before replying to the message, you can enter DISPLAY M=STOR to help identify tasks that are preventing the completion of the CONFIG STOR command. Based on the information displayed, you can cancel tasks or wait for tasks to complete.

The possible responses to this message are:

- To cancel the reconfiguration request, reply C. Any storage already taken offline remains offline, but the system does not try to take any additional storage offline.
- To cause the system to continue to try to complete the reconfiguration request, make no response to this message.

If you enter anything by C, the system issues this message again.

If the request does not complete successfully, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Work with the operator to determine what, if any, storage has gone offline and what to do to complete the request.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSTGL

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

7

IEE576I

REAL STORAGE {LOCATIONS ddu TO ddu} NOT RECONFIGURED-text

Explanation

One of the following reconfiguration requests was entered to reconfigure storage:

- CONFIG STOR(xu)
- CONFIG STOR(xu-yu)
 - An internal request

The system did not reconfigure any of the storage as requested.

In the message text:

REAL STORAGE LOCATIONS ddu TO ddu NOT RECONFIGURED-text

text is one of the following:

- OPERATOR CANCELLED
- PERMANENTLY RESIDENT DATA
- V=R CANDIDATE STORAGE
- COMMAND PROCESSOR ERROR
- SOME STORAGE IN OFFLINE STORAGE ELEMENT
- OFFLINE PRIOR TO REQUEST
- STATE UNCERTAIN
- UNABLE TO SWAP DATA
- UNABLE TO SWAP CRITICAL PAGES
- INVALID RANGE
- RANGE END TOO HIGH
- INVALID AMOUNT
- AMOUNT TOO HIGH
- NO MORE AVAILABLE
- OPTION NOT INSTALLED

REAL STORAGE NOT RECONFIGURED-text

NO {REAL} STORAGE CONFIGURED-NO MORE AVAILABLE

The system did not perform the requested reconfiguration. In the message text:

ddu

A decimal number identifying a storage address. The variable u is a one-character abbreviation of the unit (for example, G would represent gigabytes).

OPERATOR CANCELLED

The operator replied CANCEL to message IEE575A to cancel a CONFIG STOR command.

PERMANENTLY RESIDENT DATA

The system cannot reconfigure the storage because the storage contains a hardware system area (HSA) or permanently resident data. The nucleus code is an example of permanently resident data.

V=R CANDIDATE STORAGE

The storage contains some or all of the V=R (virtual equals real) storage area. When the system issued message IEE577D, the operator replied NONE, indicating that none of the V=R area was to be reconfigured offline.

COMMAND PROCESSOR ERROR

One of the following occurred:

- The ESTAE macro failed, so that a recovery environment could not be established for configuring the storage.
- A system ABEND occurred while the storage was being configured offline.

SOME STORAGE IN OFFLINE STORAGE ELEMENT

A CONFIG STOR(xM-yM),OFFLINE command was entered. The range of storage identified in the message is partially or entirely within an offline storage element.

OFFLINE PRIOR TO REQUEST

The range of storage identified in the message was offline when a CONFIG STOR command was entered.

STATE UNCERTAIN

A CONFIG STOR(xM),ONLINE command or CONFIG STOR(xM-yM),ONLINE command was entered. The range of storage identified in the message is physically online, but the command processor failed while bringing the storage logically online. Some or all of the range identified might be online. Use the DISPLAY M=STOR command to find out how much, if any, storage is online.

UNABLE TO SWAP DATA

A CONFIG STOR(E=x),OFFLINE command was entered. The system tried to swap storage containing fixed data with storage containing non-fixed data, but the command processor either could not find or could not configure offline enough storage containing non-fixed data.

UNABLE TO SWAP CRITICAL PAGES

A CONFIG STOR offline command was entered. Critical paging was enabled on the system: XCF COUPLExx FUNCTIONS ENABLE(CRITICALPAGING). The system did not have enough storage-class memory (SCM) or available frames to preserve critical paging.

INVALID RANGE

The CONFIG STOR(xM-yM) command entered contained this error:

• One of the addresses was not a multiple of the smallest amount of storage that can be physically reconfigured in the system.

RANGE END TOO HIGH

A CONFIG STOR(xM-yM) command was entered. The ending address, yM, was higher than the highest central (real) storage address in the system.

INVALID AMOUNT

A CONFIG STOR(xM) command was entered. The amount of storage specified, xM, was either $\mathbf{0}$ or was not a multiple of the smallest amount of storage that can be reconfigured in the system.

AMOUNT TOO HIGH

A CONFIG STOR(xM) command was entered. The amount of storage specified, xM, was greater than the total amount of storage in the system.

NO MORE AVAILABLE

A CONFIG STOR ONLINE command was entered. Either all of the storage in the system was already online, or there was no more storage physically available to be reconfigured online.

OPTION NOT INSTALLED

A CONFIG command was entered, but the option specified is not installed in the system.

STORAGE RECONFIGURATION DISABLED

Storage could not be brought online because storage reconfiguration is disabled. See message IEE196I for reasons and actions.

NO MORE {REAL} STORAGE CONFIGURED-NO MORE AVAILABLE

The system reconfigured part of the storage specified in the command but could not reconfigure all of it.

System action

If a reconfiguration error caused an abnormal ending, the system writes an SVC dump and a logrec data set error record.

In all other cases, the system continues processing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- If it is not necessary to configure the storage, no response is required.
- Enter the CONFIG STOR command again, if you want to configure the storage and the message text is one of the following:
 - OPERATOR CANCELED
 - COMMAND PROCESSOR ERROR
 - STATE UNCERTAIN

If the command fails again, contact the system programmer.

 If the message text is UNABLE TO SWAP CRITICAL PAGES and you want to configure the storage offline, disable CRITICALPAGING SYSPLEX function and enter the CONFIG STOR command again. See <u>z/OS MVS</u> <u>System Commands</u> for the SETXCF command description and z/OS Setting Up a SYSPLEX FUNCTIONS statement for additional information on CRITICALPAGING function.

System programmer response

Examine the dump to verify that the RSU parameter is correct for your installation. If the problem persists, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SVC dump and the logrec data set error record.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSTEL

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

7

IEE577D

MAY V=R STORAGE BE CONFIGURED OFFLINE? REPLY Y OR N

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure storage offline. However, to process the request, the system must vary offline some of the V=R (virtual equals real) storage. This message asks the operator if V=R storage can be varied offline.

System action

The system takes offline the storage that is not V=R storage and waits for the operator to reply. The system continues other system processing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reply YES to have the system take the V=R storage offline.
- Reply NO to leave the V=R storage online.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSTGP

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE578I

xK OF BAD {REAL|EXTENDED} STORAGE LEFT OFFLINE

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure storage online. In response, the system varied one or more ranges of storage online. However, the system left offline some frames that contained storage errors.

In the message text:

χK

The total amount of storage, in kilobytes, that is left offline.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter DISPLAY M=STOR to find the defective central frames. Contact hardware support.
- Enter DISPLAYM=ESTOR (ddddM-ddddM) to determine where the expanded storage frames are located. Contact hardware support.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSTGP

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE580I

hh.mm.ss LOADXX
MACHMIG[NO MACHMIG STATEMENTS WERE PROVIDED]machmig_stm
tmachmig_stmt

Explanation

This message is in response to a DISPLAY IPLINFO, LOADXX, MACHMIG command and displays all relevant MACHMIG statements from the LOADxx parmlib member, or indicates that there were none.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The current time. The time format is in hours (00-23), minutes (00-59) and seconds (00-59).

machmig_stmt

Columns 10-72 of a MACHMIG statement from the LOADxx parmlib member.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB985

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE583I

hh,mm.ss DISPLAY M

Explanation

■ When vendor port identifiers are not included in the display, the message has the following format:

```
Device sxxxx
                               Status: status
   direction routing information follows:
   Switch Domain=dd, Type=switch-type
                            Group
    Port Type From
                            Agg Dyn Speed Misc
                           ag dy xxxG Dynamic
ı
    aa Entry Chan
                     Chan
        Exit CU
                                          Static Alt=nn
                     CU
              ddaa
                     ddaa
              Agg-nn Agg-nn
                    Dyn-nn
```

The message text that is displayed when using the HEALTH keyword is shown below. The device/CHPID information will not be displayed.

```
Health information follows:
Fabric Health=fabric-health-info
```

```
Switch Domain=dd, Health=switch-health-info

#Util #Delay Error Count Opt Signal

Port Health Trn/Rcv Trn/Rcv Trn/Recv Trn/Recv

aa port-health-info uuu/uuu ddd/ddd eeeee/eeeee ±0000/±0000
```

■ When vendor port identifiers are included in the display, the message has the following format:

```
Device sxxxx
                         Status: status
direction routing information follows:
Switch Domain=dd, Type=switch-type
            Entry
                                   Group
From----- Port----- To-----
                                   Ag Dy Speed Misc
                                   ag dy xxxG Stat/nn
Chan
            ddaa vpi
                        ddaa vpi
                        Agg-nn
                                              Dyn
CU
ddaa vpi
                        Dyn-nn
            Exit
                                   Group
From----- Port-----
                       To----- Ag Dy Speed Misc
ddaa vpi ddaa vpi
                        Chan ag .. xxxG Actv
Agg-nn
                        CU
Mult
                        ddaa vpi
```

The message text that is displayed when using the HEALTH keyword is shown below. The device/CHPID information will not be displayed.

```
Health information follows:

Fabric Health=fabric-health-info

Switch Domain=dd, Health=switch-health-info

"Util "Delay Error Count Opt Signal
Port Health Trn/Rcv Trn/Rcv Trn/Recv Trn/Recv
ddaa upi hsumm uuu/uuu ddd/ddd eeeee/eeeee ±0000/±0000
port-health-info
```

status

One of the following:

ONLINE
OFFLINE
NOT IN SYSTEM
SUBCHANNEL STATUS NOT AVAILABLE
SUBCHANNEL IN PERMANENT ERROR
DEVICE NOT AVAILABLE
DEVICE IS BOXED
ALIAS OF BASE bdev
UNBOUND ALIAS
HYPERPAV ALIAS
HYPERPAV ALIAS OF BASE bdev
ALIAS IS BOXED: RESIDUAL DATA FOLLOWS
UNUSABLE HYPERPAV ALIAS
CHANNEL PATH NOT INSTALLED
SPECIAL

direction

One of the following:

Source to destination Destination to source

dd

Domain ID of the switch.

switch-type

One of the following:

Only Director Source Director Intermediate Director Destination Director

aa

Port address.

Chan

The entry or exit port is connected to a channel.

CU

The entry or exit port is connected to a control unit port.

ddaa

Domain number and port address.

vpi

Information from the vendor port identifier that describes the physical port such as its hardware components and transport technology.

Agg-nn

For entry ports, traffic is routed from this entry port to one or more exit ports on the current switch that are in the specified aggregate group. The ports that are in the aggregate group are identified under the **Group/Agg** or **Group/Ag** column for the exit ports on the current switch.

For exit ports, traffic is routed to this exit port from one or more entry ports on the current switch that are in the specified aggregate group. The ports that are in the aggregate group are identified under the **Group/Agg** or **Group/Ag** column for the entry ports on the current switch.

Dyn-nn

For entry ports, traffic is routed from this entry port to any of the ports in the specified dynamic group. The ports in the dynamic group are identified under the **Group/Dyn** or **Group/Dy** column.

Mult

Traffic is routed into this exit port from multiple entry ports on this switch. The entry ports are either individual ports, a mix of individual ports and aggregate groups, or multiple aggregate groups.

ag

The aggregate group number (**Group/Agg** or **Group/Ag** column) assigned to this port. If ".." appears, the port is not a part of an aggregate group.

dy

The dynamic group number (**Group/Dyn** or **Group/Dy** column) assigned to this port when dynamic routing is used. If ".." appears, the port is not part of a dynamic group.

xxxG

The operating speed of the port (gigabits per second).

Dynamic or Dyn

Indicates that dynamic routing is used to route traffic from this entry port to one or more exit ports.

Static Alt=nn or Stat/nn

Indicates that static routing is used to route traffic from this entry port to one or more exit ports, and that the number of alternate paths is nn.

Actv

Indicates that this exit port is the active port/link in an aggregate group. That is, traffic routed to this aggregate group flows through this port, and the other ports in the aggregate group are alternates in case the active port/link fails.

uuu/uuu

Percent utilization of the total transmit or receive bandwidth transmit available at the port.

ddd/ddd

Percent of transmit or receive delay. Transmit delay is the percentage of time that frame transmission was delayed because no buffer credits were available on the port. Receive delay is the percentage of time the port was unable to receive frames because all receive frames were utilized.

eeeee/eeeee

Number of errors detected on the port affecting the transmission or receipt of frames on the port. This is a sum of the errors counted over the fabric diagnostic level, which is set to 30 seconds by z/OS.

±0000/±0000

Optical signal strength of the fibre optic signal being transmitted/received by this port in dBm units.

fabric-health-info

A summary of the overall health of the switch fabric. If the fabric is healthy, "No health issues" is displayed. If health information is not provided, "No information is provided" is displayed.

switch-health-info

A summary of the overall health of the switch. If the switch is healthy, No health issues is displayed. If health information is not provided, No information is provided is displayed.

hsum

A summary of the health of the port. This can be one of the following:

- Good The port health is good.
- None Port health information was not provided.
- Excep A port health exception exists.

port-health-info

If the display does not include the vendor port identifier, the detailed health information for the port. If the port is healthy, No health issues is displayed.

If the display includes the vendor port identifier, the detailed health information if there is a health exception (Excep) reported for the port in the health summary. Otherwise, this line is omitted.

If the ROUTE or HEALTH data cannot be obtained, the following message will be displayed in place of the previous data:

ROUTE INFORMATION FOR DEVICE sxxxx CANNOT BE DISPLAYED: reason

Where *reason* can be one of the following:

CHANNEL NOT CONNECTED TO A SWITCH OR SWITCH DEVICE NOT ONLINE

The channel path is not switch connected or the switch device is not online.

SWITCH xxxx DOES NOT SUPPORT ROUTE INFORMATION

The switch does not support the routing information.

SWITCH xxxx BUSY WITH ANOTHER REQUEST

The switch is busy processing a previous request.

SWITCH xxxx ATTACHED TO CHPID chp IS TEMPORARILY NOT AVAILABLE

No device defined to the specified channel device is boxed.

DEVICE IS NOT CONFIGURED WITH A 2 BYTE LINK ADDRESS

The device is not defined with a two-byte link address in the IODF.

SWITCH FABRIC IS IN TRANSIENT STATE

A change is being made to the fabric topology. This is a temporary condition and reissuing the command after a short period of time (for example, 30 seconds) should display the information.

ROUTE FUNCTION IS DISABLED FOR SWITCH sdddd

The ability to retrieve routing and health information has been disabled for switch **sdddd**

UNSUPPORTED FABRIC CONFIGURATION

The switch does not support the fabric topology in effect. For example, mixed routing protocols are being used.

I/O ERROR FOR SWITCH sdddd - CC=xx-yy, SS=ss, DS=ds

SENSE=xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx

XXXX XXXX XXXX

The switch *sdddd* has encountered an I/O error.

CC=xx-yy

IOS completion code and reason code

SS=ss

Subchannel status

DS=ds

Device status

SENSE=XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX

Sense bytes 0-15

XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX

Sense bytes 16-31

UNKNOWN ERROR

The error cannot be determined.

Note: When ROUTE=BOTH is requested, it is possible that only one direction may contain valid data. This data will be displayed, and "no port information provided" will be displayed for the other direction.

Module

IEEDMDEV, IOSVSWFM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

4

IEE584I

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M
DEVICE devno STATUS status
[CHPID is offline, residual data will be displayed]
Link Information: linkinfotype
text

Explanation

In the message, *text* has the following format:

Description Identifier	Channel pchid (cc)	Entry Port linkaddr	Exit Port linkaddr	Cntl Unit intid
Date Retrieved	dateret	dateret	dateret	dateret
Time Retrieved	timeret	timeret	timeret	timeret
Tx Power (dBm)	txpower	txpower	txpower	txpower
Rx Power (dBm)	rxpower	rxpower	rxpower	rxpower
Tx Bias (mA)	txbias	txbias	txbias	txbias
Temperature (C)	temp	temp	temp	temp
Voltage (V)	voltage	voltage	voltage	voltage
Capable Speed	capspeed	capspeed	capspeed	capspeed
Operating Speed	opspeed	opspeed	opspeed	opspeed
Buffer Credits	buffcred	buffcred	buffcred	buffcred
Link Failures	linkfail	linkfail	linkfail	linkfail
Loss of Sync	losssync	losssync	losssync	losssync
Loss of Signal	losssgnl	losssgnl	losssgnl	losssgnl
Primitive Seq Err	primseq	primseq	primseq	primseq
Invalid Trans Word	invtranw	invtranw	invtranw	invtranw

```
Invalid CRC invere invere invere invere fee Uncorrected feeuncorr feeuncorr
```

Or, if the link diagnostic information cannot be displayed, the following message is displayed in place of the previous data:

Link information for device *devno* cannot be displayed: rsntext

This message is in response to a D M=DEV(devno,(chpid)),LINKINFO=xxxxx command and displays the link diagnostic information for a channel path for a device. If this is a switched point-to-point configuration, information is displayed for the channel, the entry switch port connected to the channel, the exit switch port connected to the control unit, and the control unit port. If this is a point-to-point configuration, the information is displayed for the channel and control unit port.

If a particular port does not support providing link diagnostic information, then Not Supt appears in each of the fields for the port except for the Identifier, Date Retrieved, and Time Retrieved fields. In this case, the date and time retrieved represents the last time that the system attempted to retrieve the information.

If the link diagnostic information is not available for a particular port, then Not Avail appears in each of the fields for the port except for the Identifier, Date Retrieved, and Time Retrieved fields. In this case, the date and time retrieved represents the last time that the system attempted to retrieve the information.

If a particular type of link diagnostic information is not available for a port, then Not Avail appears in the rows that correspond to that type of information. This may occur if the port does not support returning the particular type of information (for instance, the information is not supported at the current microcode level), or if the information is supported but conditions prevent the port from retrieving the information. For example, if port speed information is not provided for a particular port, Not Avail appears in the Capable Speed and Operating Speed rows for that port.

In the message text:

linkinfotype

Indicates the type of link diagnostic information being displayed:

First

The first set of link diagnostic information that was retrieved by the system is being displayed.

Last

The last set of link diagnostic information that was retrieved by the system is being displayed.

Last (Refresh)

A LINKINFO=REFRESH request was issued and the link diagnostic information that was retrieved as a result of that request is being displayed. This new information replaces the prior information, and a subsequent LINKINFO=LAST request will display this information.

pchid

The physical channel ID (PCHID) of the channel port.

CC

The channel path identifier (CHPID) of the channel port.

linkaddr

The link address for the switch port. The link address is one or two bytes (two or four hexadecimal digits), depending on what is defined in the I/O configuration. If a two-byte link address is displayed, the first byte is the switch address (domain) and the second byte is the port address (area). If a one-byte link address is displayed, the byte is the port address (area).

intid

The interface ID of the control unit port.

dateret

The date in mm/dd/yyyy format that the system retrieved the link diagnostic information for the port. Note that this may differ from the date that the port obtained its own information.

timeret

The local time in hh:mm:ss format that the system retrieved the link diagnostic information for the port. Note that this may differ from the time that the port obtained its own information.

txpower

The measured transmitted optical power in decibel-milliwatts (dBm). This is the amount of laser light being emitted by the transmitter. This value is used to gauge the health of the transmitter.

rxpower

The measured received optical power in decibel-milliwatts (dBm). This is the amount of laser light being received from the fiber optic cable.

txbias

The measured transmitter laser bias current in milliamps (mA). This is the amount of electrical current to the laser diode transmitter. This value is used to gauge the health of the transmitter (that is, how the laser component is aging).

temp

The measured temperature of the optical transceiver in degrees Celsius (C).

voltage

The measured transceiver supply voltage in volts (V).

capspeed

The highest speed at which the control unit port is capable of operating in gigabits per second (Gbps). If the port is unable to determine the capable speed, Unkn is displayed. If the capable speed has been provided by the port, but the speed is not recognized by the system, Nrec is displayed. If the control unit does not support read diagnostic parameters function or the channel has not obtained this information yet, '.....' is displayed.

opspeed

The current operating speed of the link connected to the control unit port in gigabits per second (Gbps). If the port is unable to determine the operating speed, Unkn is displayed. If the operating speed has not been established for the port, None is displayed for that port. If the operating speed has been provided but is not recognized by the system, Nrec is displayed. If the control unit does not support read diagnostic parameters function or the channel has not obtained this information yet, '.....' is displayed.

buffcred

The number of buffer credits that are configured for this port.

linkfail

The cumulative number of link failures. This is the count of miscellaneous fibre channel link errors.

losssync

The cumulative number of errors that have occurred due to loss of synchronization. This is the number of loss of synchronization errors where there is a confirmed and persistent synchronization loss on the fibre channel link.

losssgnl

The cumulative number of errors that have occurred due to loss of signal.

primseq

The cumulative number of primitive sequence errors that have occurred.

invtranw

The cumulative number of errors that have occurred as a result of an invalid transmission word being detected (bit errors).

invcrc

The cumulative number of errors that have occurred as a result of an invalid cyclical redundancy check (CRC) word being detected on a received frame.

fecuncorr

If forward error correction (FEC) is enabled for this port, the cumulative number of FEC uncorrected errors.

If the CHPID is offline and LINKINFO=LAST was specified on the D M=DEV command, the following line appears before the link diagnostic information to indicate that the information displayed might not be the most current set of information:

CHPID is offline, residual data will be displayed

If the system attempts to retrieve the latest link diagnostic information, but the channel subsystem was unsuccessful the last time it attempted to retrieve the information, and prior information exists, the following message is displayed:

Residual information is shown for the following:
component1
...
componentn

The *component* can be one of the following components:

Channel port SFP

The small form-factor pluggable or SFP (optical transceiver) link diagnostic information for the channel port. This includes the Tx power, Rx power, Tx bias, temperature and voltage.

Channel port non-SFP

The non-SFP link diagnostic information for the channel port. This includes all of the other information.

Channel port

The link diagnostic information for the channel port.

Entry switch port

The link diagnostic information for the entry switch port.

Exit switch port

The link diagnostic information for the exit switch port.

Control unit port

The link diagnostic information for the control unit port.

If the link diagnostic information cannot be displayed, the following message is displayed in place of the previous data:

Link information for device *devno* cannot be displayed: rsntext

The *rsntext* can be one of the following reasons:

Link diagnostics is not supported by the processor

The processor does not support the link diagnostics facility. This facility is only available for IBM z13® and later processors.

Link diagnostic initialization is not complete

The system is in the process of initializing the link diagnostics function and cannot process the request at this time.

Channel is busy with another link request

A LINKINFO=REFRESH request was issued and the channel specified in the command is already processing the maximum number of concurrent requests. These requests could be from this system or from other systems on the same CPC. The maximum number of concurrent requests allowed for a channel is model-dependent.

Request timed out

A LINKINFO=REFRESH request was issued and the request took longer than the amount of time allowed by the system.

Channel path is not configured online

A LINKINFO=REFRESH request was issued for a channel path that is offline. A REFRESH request causes the system to send a request to the channel; therefore, it must be online in order to process the request.

Link diagnostic information is not available for the path

There is no link diagnostic information available for this channel path and destination link address. Note that this error occurs if you issue a link diagnostics request for a device with non-FICON channels.

Link diagnostics not available - permanent error

An unrecoverable error occurred and the system is no longer able to process link diagnostics requests.

Request failed, diag information = diaginfo

An unexpected error occurred while processing the link diagnostics request.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

- If the command was successful, no additional actions are necessary.
- If the command was rejected because the link diagnostic facility is not supported by the processor, reissue the command on a z13° or later processor.
- If the command was rejected because link diagnostic initialization is not complete, the channel is busy with another request, or the request timed out, wait a short period of time and reissue the command. If the command is still rejected after a number of attempts, contact IBM support.
- If the command was rejected because the channel path is not configured online, issue a D M=CHP command to make sure that the CHPID is online to z/OS, and check the support element (SE) to make sure that the CHPID is operating and online to the logical partition. If the CHPID is online, contact IBM Support. Otherwise, configure the CHPID online or reissue the command with LINKINFO=LAST to get the last information obtained by the system.
- If the command was rejected because link diagnostic information is not available for the path, then either correct the command to specify a device with online, FICON CHPIDs, or contact IBM Support if the device has online FICON CHPIDs.
- · Otherwise, contact IBM Support.

Module

IOSVLKFM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

4

IEE586I hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M

DEVICE devno STATUS status Link Information: linkinfotype

Channel Information: CHPID=cc, PCHID=pchid, WWPN=wwpn

text

Explanation

In the message, text has the following format:

Description	First	Last	
Date Retrieved	dateret	dateret	
Time Retrieved	timeret	timeret	
Tx Power (dBm)	txpower	txpower	
Rx Power (dBm)	rxpower	rxpower	
Tx Bias (mA)	txbias	txbias	
Temperature (C)	temp	temp	
Voltage (V)	voltage	voltage	
Capable Speed	capspeed	capspeed	
Operating Speed	opspeed	opspeed	
Buffer Credits	buffcred	buffcred	
Link Failures	linkfail	linkfail	
Loss of Sync	losssync	losssync	
Loss of Signal	losssgnl	losssgnl	
Primitive Seq Err	primseq	primseq	
Invalid Trans Word	invtranw	invtranw	
Invalid CRC	invcrc	invcrc	
FEC Uncorrected	fecuncorr	fecuncorr	

```
Switch Entry Port Information: Link=linkaddr, WWPN=wwpn (...Repeat same lines as shown under Channel Information...)

Switch Exit Port Information: Link=linkaddr, WWPN=wwpn (...Repeat same lines as shown under Channel Information...)

Control Unit Information: Intid=intid, WWPN=wwpn (...Repeat same lines as shown under Channel Information...)
```

Or, if the link diagnostic information cannot be displayed, the following message is displayed in place of the previous data:

```
Link Information for device devno cannot be displayed: rsntext
```

This message is in response to a D M=DEV(devno,(chpid)),LINKINFO=COMPARE command, which displays a comparison of the first and last set of link diagnostic information for each port. If this is a switched point-to-point configuration, information is displayed for the channel, the entry switch port connected to the channel, the exit switch port connected to the control unit, and the control unit port. If this is a point-to-point configuration, the information is displayed for the channel and control unit port.

If there is only a single version of the link diagnostic information for a port, then No Change appears in each of the rows under the Last column. This occurs, for example, if the path was recently initialized and not enough time has elapsed since the first version was obtained.

If the system cannot retrieve the link diagnostic information for a port, then Not Supt and/or Not Avail appears in each of the rows under both the First and Last columns, except for the Date Retrieved and Time Retrieved rows. If the port responds to the request sent by the system indicating that link diagnostics is not supported, Not Supt is displayed. If the port does not respond to the system or rejects the request for any other reason, Not Avail is displayed.

If the system successfully retrieves the first set of link diagnostic information for a port, but subsequent requests are unsuccessful, then Not Suptor Not Avail appears in each of the rows under the Last column, except for the Date Retrieved and Time Retrieved rows, which show the last time the system attempted to retrieve the link diagnostic information.

If a particular type of link diagnostic information is not available for a port, then Not Avail appears in the row that corresponds to that type of information. For example, if port speed information is not provided for a particular port, Not Avail appears in the Capable Speed and Operating Speed rows for that port.

In the message text:

linkinfotype

Indicates the type of link diagnostic information being displayed:

Compare

The first and last set of link diagnostic information that was retrieved by the system is being displayed side by side.

CC

The channel path identifier (CHPID) of the channel port.

pchid

The physical channel ID (PCHID) of the channel port.

wwpn

The world wide port name (WWPN) for that port or 'Not Avail'.

linkaddr

The link address for the switch port. The link address is one or two bytes (two or four hexadecimal digits), depending on what is defined in the I/O configuration. If a two-byte link address is displayed, the first byte is the switch address (domain) and the second byte is the port address (area). If a one-byte link address is displayed, the byte is the port address (area).

intid

The interface ID of the control unit port.

The remaining fields are as described in message "IEE584I" on page 1109.

If the link diagnostic information cannot be displayed, the following message is displayed in place of the previous data:

Link Information for device devno cannot be displayed: rsntext

For an explanation of the reason text (rsntext), see "IEE584I" on page 1109.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

- If the command was successful, no additional actions are necessary.
- If the command was rejected because the link diagnostic facility is not supported by the processor, reissue the command on a z13 or later processor.
- If the command was rejected because link diagnostic initialization is not complete, the channel is busy with another request, or the request timed out, wait a short period of time and reissue the command. If the command is still rejected after a number of attempts, contact IBM support.
- If the command was rejected because link diagnostic information is not available for the path, then either correct the command to specify a device with online FICON CHPIDs, or contact IBM Support if the device has online FICON CHPIDs.
- Otherwise, contact IBM Support.

Module

IOSVLKFM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

4

IEE587I

hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M 618
DEVICE devno STATUS=status
text

Explanation

A D M=DEV(devno), ZHYPERLINK command was issued to display the zHyperLink capability of the device. The display shows the number of zHyperLink PFIDs available, and whether the device enabled for zHyperLink read operations, write operations, or both read and write operations. If zHyperLink capability is completely disabled for the device or disabled for only read or write operations, the reasons why are displayed.

If there are zHyperLink PCI functions (PFIDs) available for performing zHyperLink requests, the number of PFIDs is displayed. Only PFIDs which are online and usable are displayed.

ZHYPERLINKS AVAILABLE = zz

If the device is enabled for zHyperLink read and write operations, the following is displayed:

DEVICE IS ENABLED FOR ZHYPERLINK READ AND WRITE OPERATIONS ARE ENABLED

If the device is enabled for zHyperLink read operations but not write operations, the following is displayed:

DEVICE IS ENABLED FOR ZHYPERLINK
READ OPERATIONS ARE ENABLED
WRITE OPERATIONS ARE DISABLED FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS:
reasontext

If the device is enabled for zHyperLink write operations but not read operations, the following is displayed:

```
DEVICE IS ENABLED FOR ZHYPERLINK
WRITE OPERATIONS ARE ENABLED
READ OPERATIONS ARE DISABLED FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS:
reasontext
```

If the device is disabled for both zHyperLink read and write operations, the reasons why are displayed in the following order:

- Conditions that cause zHyperLink capability to be disabled for both reads and writes. For example, zHyperLink reads and writes are disabled in IECIOSxx or the processor or control unit does not support the zHyperLink function.
- Conditions that cause zHyperLink capability to be disabled only for read operations. For example, zHyperLink reads are disabled but writes are enabled in IECIOSxx, or the control unit does not support zHyperLink reads but supports zHyperLink writes.
- Conditions that cause zHyperLink capability to be disabled only for write operations. For example, zHyperLink writes are disabled but reads are enabled in IECIOSxx, or the control unit does not support zHyperLink writes but supports zHyperLink reads.

```
[DEVICE IS DISABLED FOR ZHYPERLINK FOR THE FOLLOWING REASON(S): reasontext]
[READ OPERATIONS ARE DISABLED FOR THE FOLLOWING REASON(S): reasontext]
[WRITE OPERATIONS ARE DISABLED FOR THE FOLLOWING REASON(S): reasontext]
```

If the device is disabled for both zHyperLink read and write operations because the system does not have enough information to determine, for example, whether zHyperLink capability is supported by the control unit (for example: the device was never varied online), the following is displayed:

DEVICE IS DISABLED FOR ZHYPERLINK

In the message text:

PPRC VOLUME PAIR IS NOT IN DUPLEX STATE

The peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC) volume state for one or more secondary devices is not duplex. When synchronous replication is used for the primary device, the data on the PPRC primary and secondary volumes must be in synch in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

DEVICE IS ENABLED FOR ZHYPERLINK

The device is enabled for zHyperLink I/O operations. The message lines that follow describe whether the device is enabled for read operations, write operations, or both read and write I/O operations.

READ AND WRITE OPERATIONS ARE ENABLED

The device is enabled for both zHyperLink read and write operations.

READ OPERATIONS ARE ENABLED

The device is only enabled for zHyperLink read operations. The message lines that follow describe why the device is not enabled for write operations.

WRITE OPERATIONS ARE ENABLED

The device is only enabled for zHyperLink write operations. The message lines that follow describe why the device is not enabled for read operations.

READ OPERATIONS ARE DISABLED FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS:

The device is disabled for zHyperLink read operations. The list of reasons follows this message line.

WRITE OPERATIONS ARE DISABLED FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS:

The device is disabled for zHyperLink write operations. The list of reasons follows this message line.

DEVICE IS DISABLED FOR ZHYPERLINK FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS:

The device is disabled for zHyperLink read and write operations. The list of reasons that cause zHyperLink to be disabled for both read and write operations follows this message line.

DEVICE IS DISABLED FOR ZHYPERLINK:

The device is disabled for zHyperLink read and write operations. The system does not have enough information to determine, for example, whether the control unit supports the zHyperLink function (F\for example, the device was never varied online).

reasontext

The reasons why the device is disabled for zHyperLink read and/or write operations. This can be one or more of the following:

PROCESSOR DOES NOT SUPPORT ZHYPERLINK

The processor does not support the zHyperLink function or MACHMIG TX was specified in LOADxx to disable the transactional execution facility. zHyperLink is supported on z14 and higher processors. The transactional execution facility must be enabled in order to use zHyperLinks. When this reason is displayed, no other reasons are displayed.

ZHYPERLINK IS DISABLED FOR THE SYSTEM

ZHYPERLINK,OPER=NONE was specified in the IECIOSxx parmlib member or the SETIOS command to disable zHyperLink read and write operations for the system. Note that zHyperLink will also be disabled by default if the ZHYPERLINK parameter is omitted from the IECIOSxx parmlib member.

ZHYPERLINK READS ARE DISABLED FOR THE SYSTEM

ZHYPERLINK,OPER=WRITE was specified in the IECIOSxx parmlib member or the SETIOS command to disable zHyperLink read operations for the system.

ZHYPERLINK WRITES ARE DISABLED FOR THE SYSTEM

ZHYPERLINK,OPER=READ was specified in the IECIOSxx parmlib member or the SETIOS command to disable zHyperLink write operations for the system

CONTROL UNIT DOES NOT SUPPORT ZHYPERLINK

The control unit for the specified device does not support the zHyperLink function or supports the function but the function is not enabled.

CONTROL UNIT DOES NOT SUPPORT ZHYPERLINK {READS | WRITES}

The control unit for the specified device does not support zHyperLink read or write operations, or supports those operations but those operations are not enabled.

CONTROL UNIT WWNN COULD NOT BE RETRIEVED

The world wide node name (WWNN) could not be retrieved from the control unit during device initialization for the specified device. The WWNN is used by the system to associate zHyperLink PFIDs with the control unit. This affects both zHyperLink read and write operations.

THERE ARE NO ZHYPERLINKS AVAILABLE

There are no zHyperLink PCI functions (PFIDs) available for this device, or there are zHyperLink PFIDs available but they are not in a usable state. This affects both zHyperLink read and write operations.

HYPERWRITE IS DISABLED FOR THE SYSTEM

HYPERWRITE=NO was specified in the IECIOSxx parmlib member or the SETIOS command to disable zHyperwrite for the system. When synchronous replication is used for the device, zHyperwrite must be enabled in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

CONTROL UNIT DOES NOT SUPPORT HYPERWRITE

The primary control unit does not support the zHyperwrite function or the function is supported but is not currently enabled. When synchronous replication is used for the primary device, zHyperwrite must be supported by the primary and secondary control units in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed.

PPRC PRIMARY DEVICE IS NOT HYPERSWAP MANAGED

The device is in a synchronous mirroring relationship and the device is not included in a hyperswap configuration. A primary device must be hyperswap managed in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

PPRC SECONDARY DEVICE MISSING FROM THE HYPERSWAP CONFIGURATION

The device is in a synchronous mirroring relationship and one or more secondary devices are not included in a hyperswap configuration. All secondary devices that are in a synchronous mirroring relationship with the primary device must be included in a hyperswap configuration in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

PPRC STATE NOT DUPLEX OR UNSUPPORTED COPY RELATIONSHIP

The device is a peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC) primary device and one or more of the following conditions exist:

- The device is in a synchronous mirroring (metro-mirror) relationship and the PPRC volume state is not duplex. When synchronous replication is used for the primary device, the data on the PPRC primary and secondary volumes must be in synch in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed. zHyperLink read
- The device is in an asynchronous mirroring (global copy, global mirror, metro-global mirror) relationship and the control unit does not support asynchronous replication with zHyperLink writes. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

UNABLE TO DETERMINE PPRC STATE

The device is a peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC) primary device and the system is unable to determine the PPRC state of the device. zHyperLink writes are disabled. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

THERE ARE NO ZHYPERLINKS AVAILABLE FOR SECONDARY devno

There are no zHyperLink PFIDs available for the specified secondary device, or there are zHyperLink PFIDs available but they are not in a usable state. When synchronous replication is used for the primary device, zHyperLinks must be available for both the primary and secondary devices in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

CONTROL UNIT WWNN COULD NOT BE RETRIEVED FOR SECONDARY devno

The world wide node name (WWNN) could not be retrieved from the control unit during device initialization for the specified secondary device. The WWNN is used by the system to associate the zHyperLink PFIDs with the control unit. When synchronous replication is used for the primary device, zHyperLinks must be available for both the primary and secondary devices in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

CONTROL UNIT DOES NOT SUPPORT ZHYPERLINK WRITES FOR SECONDARY devno

The control unit for the specified secondary device does not support the zHyperLink function, or it supports the zHyperLink function but not for write operations, or it supports zHyperLink write operations but is not currently enabled for those operations. When synchronous replication is used for the primary device, zHyperLink write operations must be supported by both the primary and secondary control units in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

CONTROL UNIT DOES NOT SUPPORT HYPERWRITE FOR SECONDARY devno

The control unit for the specified secondary device does not support the zHyperwrite function or the function is supported but is not currently enabled. When synchronous replication is used for the primary device, zHyperwrite must be supported by the primary and secondary control units in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

PPRC VOLUME PAIR IS NOT IN DUPLEX STATE FOR SECONDARY SDDDD

The peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC) volume state for the specified secondary device is not duplex. When synchronous replication is used for the primary device, the data on the PPRC primary and secondary volumes must be in synch in order for zHyperLink writes to be performed. zHyperLink reads are not affected.

System action

None.

Operator response

If zHyperLink is disabled for any reason and this is not expected, contact your system programmer.

System programmer response

If the reason text indicates that zHyperLink is disabled for the system or disabled for read or write operations, either issue a SETIOS ZHYPERLINK,OPER=*oper* command or issue a SET IOS=*xx* command, where *xx* points to an IECIOS*xx* member in parmlib that contains ZHYPERLINK OPER=*oper*.

If the reason text indicates that there are no zHyperLinks available either for the device specified on the D M=DEV command or one of the secondary devices, issue a D M=CU(cunumber) command to determine the state of the zHyperLink PFIDs for the control unit. If PFIDs are displayed, check the software state and port state to determine why the PFIDs are not available. If the port state is None, check whether the link between the zHyperLink port and the storage controller is connected. If the port state is NotOper (not operational), issue a

D PCIE,PFID=*pfid* command to determine why the port state is not operational. See the System Programmer Response of message IQP024I for more information.

If no PFIDs are displayed, issue the D PCIE command to determine if there are any zHyperLink PFIDs accessible from this system that are offline. If so, configure them online. Otherwise, define zHyperLink PFIDs in your I/O configuration for this system and perform a dynamic activate, or if the PFIDs are online to another system, configure them offline to the other system and configure them online to this system.

If the reason text indicates that zHyperwrite is not enabled for the system, either issue a SETIOS HYPERWRITE=YES command or issue a SET IOS=xx command, where xx points to an IECIOSxx member in parmlib that contains HYPERWRITE=YES.

If the reason text indicates that the control unit does not support zHyperLink or zHyperwrite, contact your storage controller OEM for information about which storage controllers support these functions, and which microcode level is required.

If any other reason text is displayed, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Reconfiguration

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

4

IEE588I hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M

CHPID cc: TYPE= tt DESC= desc, status Path Information for Channel Path cc Connection Security Capability: chpcsec

Explanation

In the message,

Dest			Link-S	peed		
Link	Intf	Node Descriptor	Curr	Cap	Conn	Sec
la	intid	ttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssss	lcurr	lcap	csec	
la	intid	ttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssss	lcurr	lcap	csec	

In the message text:

hhh.mm.ss

Indicates the current time. The time format is in hours (00-23), minutes (00-59) and seconds (00-59).

СC

Indicates the channel path identifier (CHPID) of the channel port.

tt

Indicates the channel path type.

desc

Displays the full description of the channel path type *tt*. For a complete list of channel path types, see message IEE174I Channel Path Type Status.

status

Indicates the status of the channel path. See <u>"IEE174I (form 18 of 37)" on page 849</u> for a list of possible status values.

chpcsec

Displays the Fibre Channel Endpoint Security (connection security) capability of the channel path.

chpcsec can be one of the following values:

Authentication

The channel path is using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security Authentication.

Encryption

The channel path is using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security Encryption.

None

The channel path is not using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security.

la

If the channel is connected to the control unit through a switch (switched point-to-point configuration), this field contains the destination link address of the switch port. The destination link address is one or two bytes (two or four hexadecimal digits), depending on what is defined in the I/O configuration. If a two-byte destination link address is displayed, the first byte is the switch address (domain) and the second byte is the port address (area). If a one-byte destination link address is displayed, the byte is the port address (area).

If the channel is directly connected to the control unit (point-to-point configuration), a one-byte Fibre Channel assigned link address is displayed.

intid

Indicates the interface ID that identifies the physical interface on the control unit that is connected to this channel path.

ttttt.mmm.nnn.pp.ssssssssss

The node descriptor for the storage system or channel attached by the specified link, made up of the following:

tttttt

Type number of the device.

mmm

Model number of the device.

nnn

Manufacturer identification code.

pp

Plant of manufacture number.

sssssssss

Sequence number, unique device number.

lcurr

The current operating speed of the link connected to the control unit in gigabits per second (Gbps). If the port is unable to determine the capable speed, Unkn is displayed. If the operating speed has not been established for the port, None is displayed for the port. If the operating speed has been provided but is not recognized by the system, Nrec is displayed. If the control unit does not support read diagnostic parameters function or the channel has not obtained this information yet, '.....' is displayed.

lcap

The highest speed at which the control unit port is capable of operating in gigabits per second (Gbps). If the port is unable to determine the capable speed, Unkn is displayed. If the capable speed has been provided by the port, but the speed is not recognized by the system, Nrec is displayed. If the control unit does not support read diagnostic parameters function or the channel has not obtained this information yet, '.....' is displayed.

csec

Displays the Fibre Channel Endpoint Security (connection security) status for the channel path. csec can be one of the following values:

Auth

The channel path is using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security Authentication.

Encr

The channel path is using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security Encryption.

None

The channel path is not using Fibre Channel Endpoint Security.

System action

The system continues processing.

IEE589I hh.mm.ss DISPLAY M
DEVICE devno STATUS= status

text

Explanation

A D M=DEV(devno), READSEC command was issued to display the consistent read from secondary capability of the device. The display shows whether the device is enabled or disabled for consistent read from secondary. If the device is disabled, the reasons why are displayed.

If the device is enabled for consistent read from secondary and is a metro mirror primary device, the following is displayed:

DEVICE IS ENABLED FOR CONSISTENT READ FROM SECONDARY CONSISTENT READ MANAGEMENT ACTIVE - SECONDARY CU cccc

If the device is enabled for consistent read from secondary and is a metro mirror secondary device, the following is displayed:

DEVICE IS ENABLED FOR CONSISTENT READ FROM SECONDARY CONSISTENT READ MANAGEMENT ACTIVE - PRIMARY CU cccc

Before consistent read from secondary can be enabled for the device, the system must successfully start a consistent read management session between the primary and secondary control units. The above messages show the primary or secondary control unit that is in a consistent read management session with the current device's control unit.

In the message text:

hhh.mm.ss

Indicates the current time. The time format is in hours (00-23), minutes (00-59) and seconds (00-59).

CCCC

The primary or secondary control unit number

If the device is disabled for consistent read from secondary because the system does not have enough information to determine, for example, whether the function is supported by the control unit (for example: the device was never varied online), the following is displayed:

DEVICE IS DISABLED FOR CONSISTENT READ FROM SECONDARY

If device is disabled for consistent read from secondary and the reasons why can be determined, the following is displayed:

DEVICE IS DISABLED FOR CONSISTENT READ FROM SECONDARY FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS

reasontext

reasontext can be one or more of the following:

FUNCTION IS DISABLED FOR THE SYSTEM

ZHPFOPTS,READSEC=NO was specified in the IECIOSxx parmlib member or the SETIOS command was issued to disable consistent read from secondary for the system. Note that the function will also be disabled by default if the READSEC parameter is omitted from the IECIOSxx parmlib member at IPL time.

ZHPF IS DISABLED FOR THE DEVICE

The IBM Z High Performance FICON (zHPF) facility is disabled for the specified device.

CONTROL UNIT DOES NOT SUPPORT THE FUNCTION

The control unit for the specified device does not support the consistent read from secondary function.

DEVICE IS NOT IN A PPRC RELATIONSHIP

The specified device is not in a synchronous peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC) (metro mirror) relationship. That is, the device is not a PPRC primary or secondary device.

PPRC PRIMARY DEVICE IS NOT HYPERSWAP MANAGED

The device is a primary device in a synchronous mirroring relationship, but is not included in a HyperSwap configuration.

PPRC SECONDARY DEVICE IS NOT HYPERSWAP MANAGED

The device is a secondary device in a synchronous mirroring relationship, but is not included in a HyperSwap configuration.

UNABLE TO DETERMINE PPRC STATE

The device is a peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC) primary device and the system is unable to determine the PPRC state of the device.

PRIMARY HAS ONLINE ZHYPERLINK CONNECTION

The primary device has an online zHyperLink connection. This implies that the primary is close to the processor, so it is not eligible for consistent read from secondary.

DISTANCE ANALYSIS WAS UNSUCCESSFUL FOR PRIMARY

The system was unable to determine the relative distance from the processor to the primary control unit, so it could not determine if the primary or secondary control unit is closer to the processor.

CONSISTENT READ MANAGEMENT IS NOT ACTIVE

A consistent read management (CRM) session is not active for this device's control unit. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a secondary device.

UNABLE TO START CONSISTENT READ MANAGEMENT

The system was unable to start a consistent read management session between the primary and secondary control unit. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a secondary device.

DISTANCE ANALYSIS WAS UNSUCCESSFUL

The system was unable to determine the relative distance from the processor to the secondary control unit, so it could not determine if the primary or secondary control unit is closer to the processor. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a secondary control unit.

SECONDARY IS NOT SIGNIFICANTLY CLOSER TO THE PROCESSOR

The system determined that the secondary control unit was not significantly closer to the processor than the primary. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a secondary control unit.

ZHPF IS DISABLED FOR SECONDARY devno

The IBM Z High Performance FICON (zHPF) function is disabled for the specified secondary device. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a primary device.

CONTROL UNIT DOES NOT SUPPORT THE FUNCTION FOR SECONDARY devno

The control unit for the specified secondary device does not support the consistent read from secondary function. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a primary device.

PPRC VOLUME STATE IS NOT DUPLEX FOR SECONDARY devno

The peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC) volume state for the specified secondary device is not duplex. When synchronous replication is used for the primary device, the data on the PPRC primary and secondary volumes must be in synch in order for consistent read from secondary to be enabled. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a primary device.

CONSISTENT READ MANAGEMENT IS NOT ACTIVE FOR SECONDARY CU cu

A consistent read management (CRM) session is not active between the primary control unit and the specified secondary control unit. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a primary device.

UNABLE TO START CONSISTENT READ MANAGEMENT FOR SECONDARY CU cu

The system was unable to start a consistent read management session between the primary control unit and the specified secondary control unit. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a primary control unit.

DISTANCE ANALYSIS WAS UNSUCCESSFUL FOR SECONDARY CU cu

The system was unable to determine the relative distance from the processor to the specified secondary control unit, so it could not determine if the primary or secondary device is closer to the processor. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a primary device.

SECONDARY CU cu IS NOT SIGNIFICANTLY CLOSER TO THE PROCESSOR

The system determined that the specified secondary control unit was not significantly closer to the processor than the primary control unit. This reason is displayed only when the display command is issued for a primary control unit.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If consistent read from secondary is disabled for any reason and this is not expected, contact your system programmer.

System programmer response

If the reason text indicates that consistent read from secondary is disabled for the system or disabled for read or write operations, either issue a SETIOS ZHPFOPTS, READSEC=YES command or issue a SET IOS=xx command, where xx points to an IECIOSxx member in parmlib that contains ZHPFOPTS READSEC=YES.

If the reason text indicates that the control unit does not support the function, contact your storage controller OEM for information about which storage controllers support these functions, and which microcode level is required.

If the reason indicates the device is not a PPRC device or is not in a HyperSwap configuration, set up a PPRC relationship and include the device in a HyperSwap configuration.

If the reason indicates the zHPF is not enabled for the device, determine why zHPF is disabled. If it is because zHPF is disabled for the system, either issue a SETIOS ZHPF=YES command or issue a SET IOS=xx command, where xx points to an IECIOSxx member in parmlib that contains ZHPF=YES. Otherwise, contact the IBM Support Center.

If the reason indicates that distance analysis failed, most likely the cause is that I/O errors occurred while the system was performing distance analysis. Issuing the SETIOS ZHPFOPTS, READSEC=YES command will cause the system to perform distance analysis and may resolve the problem. If not, contact the IBM Support Center.

If any other reason text is displayed, contact the IBM Support Center.

Descriptor code

Δ

IEE590I

CHP(xx) NOT RECONFIGURED, SYSTEM STATUS CHANGED

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a channel path offline. Another channel path failed, making channel path xx the only path to one or more devices.

In the message text:

XX

The channel path identifier.

System action

The system ends reconfiguration processing for channel path xx. The system processes any other channel paths that were to be reconfigured. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Enter DISPLAY M to determine that status of the channel paths. If appropriate, enter the CONFIG command again.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE591I

OPEN PROCESSING FAILED FOR MEMBER memberxx IN dsname

Explanation

To process a command, the system tried to open a data set to access a parmlib member specified on the command. The system could not open the data set.

In the message text:

memberxx

The parmlib member specified on the command.

dsname

The data set specified on the command that could not be accessed.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Make sure the pack on which the specified data set resides is mounted.

If it was mounted, then this error is probably a hardware error on the initial read. Contact hardware support.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB878

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE592I

INCORRECT DDNAME ddnamexx - UNABLE TO DETERMINE DATASET NAME FOR MEMBER memberxx

Explanation

To process a command, the system tried to use a DDNAME specified on the command. The system could not access the member of the data set defined on the DD statement specified by the DDNAME. One of the following occurred:

- The DDNAME may be in error.
- The specified member might not be in the data set for DDNAME.

In the message text:

ddnamexx

The DDNAME specified on the command.

memberxx

The member.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Determine which data set contains the requested member. Enter the command again with the correct DDNAME.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB878

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE593I

CHANNEL PATH chp HAS NO OWNERS

Explanation

The command processing exit that had been designated for the channel path type represented by this channel path disclaimed ownership of the channel path type or of the channel path itself. For example, the system issues this message when running under LPAR (PR/SM), if CHPID xx is not configured online to the partition on which the DISPLAY M=CHP(xx) command was entered. Note that an owner is an exit invoked by the reconfiguration component.

In the message text:

chp

The channel path that the exit did not process.

System action

The channel path identified in the message is not processed. The system continues processing the other channel paths specified on the command, if any.

System programmer response

If the channel path displayed in the message is a Coupling Facility channel path, ensure that all CF channel paths are configured correctly and that they are online. If the problem still exists, configure the channel path displayed in the message offline and then online, by issuing CF CHP(*chp*),OFFLINE,FORCE followed by CF CHP(*chp*),ONLINE. If this doesn't resolve the problem, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHTR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE594I

INFORMATION UNAVAILABLE FOR CHANNEL PATH chp

Explanation

The system cannot return information about a channel path for one of the following reasons:

- The channel path service was unable to provide information for channel path *chp*.
- There are no command processing exits designated for the channel path type represented by channel path *chp*.

In the message text:

chp

The channel path for which information is not available.

System action

The channel path identified in the message is not processed. The system continues processing the other channel paths specified on the command, if any.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source	
Reconfiguration	
Module	
IEEVCHTR	
Routing code	
-	
Descriptor code	
5	
IEE595I	FAILURE IN RECONFIGURATION PROCESSING
Explanation	
An internal error occurred in reconfi	guration processing during processing of the ??? command.
System action	
The system does not process the co	mmand.
Operator response	
Enter the command again. If the co	mmand fails again, notify the system programmer.
System programmer respons	se
Search problem reporting data base	es for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.
Source	
Reconfiguration	
Module	
IEEVCHTR	
Routing code	
-	
Descriptor code	
5	
IEE599A	CONFIG SCM WAITING TO COMPLETE - REPLY C TO CANCEL
Explanation	

A reconfiguration request was submitted to take a specified amount of storage-class memory (SCM) offline. The system could not complete the requested reconfiguration; none of the SCM has gone offline.

System action

The system continues to attempt to complete the request until you reply to this message.

Operator response

Before replying to an SCM message, you can enter the DISPLAY M=SCM(DETAIL) command to identify which increments are still in use. To reply to the message, consider the following choices:

- To cancel the reconfiguration request, reply C; the system will not attempt to take any SCM offline.
- To continue the reconfiguration request, do not enter a response to this message; the system will continue
 to attempt to take SCM offline. Note that by default AUTOREPLY cancels the reconfiguration if this WTOR is
 outstanding for 30 seconds.
- If you enter anything other than C, the system will reissue this message.
- If your response does not complete successfully, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Work with the operator to determine what, if any, storage has gone offline and what to do to complete the request.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVSCM

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

7

IEE600I

REPLY TO id IS; text

Explanation

This message notifies all consoles that received a message that the system accepted a reply to the message.

id

The reply identifier for the message.

text

The first 43 characters of the accepted reply. SUPPRESSED appears if the ROUTCDE parameter of the write to operator with reply (WTOR) message was 9 (security).

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB811

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE601E

PROCESSOR (y) IS IN AN EXCESSIVE DISABLED SPIN LOOP WAITING FOR event HELD BY PROCESSOR (x). ACR IS ALREADY ACTIVE. SPIN WILL CONTINUE.

Explanation

event is one of the following:

- CPU IN STOPPED STATE
- OPERATOR INTERVENING STATE
- RISGNL RESPONSE
- LOCK RELEASE
- RESTART RESOURCE
- ADDRESS SPACE TO QUIESCE
- INTERSECT RELEASE
- SUCCESSFUL BIND BREAK RELEASE

The system is in a spin-loop on one central processor, waiting for an event on another central processor. The spin loop exceeded the time normally needed for the event to occur.

The system on the waiting processor tried to initiate alternate CPU recovery (ACR) for the other processor. However, ACR was already in progress for another malfunctioning processor.

In the message text:

У

The waiting processor.

X

The processor on which an event is to occur.

event

The event that should occur on processor *x*.

System action

The spin-loop continues. The ACR processing should complete shortly.

Operator response

If the system issues message IEE331A again, specify a different spin loop recovery action in your reply to message IEE331A.

Source

Loadwait/Restart

Routing code

Note 12

Descriptor code

_

IEE602I

REQUESTED CONFIG OPERAND 'xxxx' IS NOT SUPPORTED

Explanation

A CONFIG command specified a parameter that the system does not support.

In the message text:

XXXX

A hardware facility, specified on the CONFIG command, which is not included in the installation.

System action

The system ignores the xxxx parameter on the CONFIG command.

Operator response

Correct the parameter and enter the CONFIG command again.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCONF

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE603I

hh.mm.ss OPDATA DISPLAY idr

Explanation

Additional lines that display are:

```
PREFIX OWNERSYSTEMSCOPE REMOVEFAILDISP[prefix namesysnamescope YES|NOfaildisp]
```

[NO COMMAND PREFIXES ARE DEFINED]

In response to the DISPLAY OPDATA, PREFIX command, this message displays the command prefix table.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The hour (00-23), minute (00-59), and second (00-59) that the system issued the message.

idr

An identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

1130 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

- · Written on typewriter or printer consoles
- Displayed inline (that is, not in a display area) on a display console

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

The line beginning with uuu appears one or more times for each allocated unit specified on the command.

PREFIX

prefix

A 1-8 character prefix used to route commands to a system or subsystem.

OWNER

name

The name of the user that issued the Command Prefix request.

SYSTEM

sysname

The name of the system to which this prefix is defined.

SCOPE

scope

One of the following:

SYSTEM

The prefix has a system scope, meaning that the prefix applies to commands issued on the system defined as the prefix destination system.

SYSPLEX

The prefix has a sysplex scope, meaning that the prefix applies to commands issued from anywhere within the sysplex.

REMOVE

One of the following:

Υ

When the command is entered on the receiving system, the prefix should be removed.

Ν

When the command is entered on the receiving system, the prefix should *not* be removed.

FAILDISP

One of the following:

PURGE

Communications task (COMMTASK) will automatically delete the prefix when the receiving system or subsystem fails.

RETAIN

The prefix will remain intact despite system or subsystem failures.

SYSPURGE

Communications task will automatically delete the prefix when the sysplex fails.

NO COMMAND PREFIXES ARE DEFINED

No command prefixes are defined for this system.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE604D

SLIP ID=xxxx WILL MATCH ON ADDRESS AND DATA SPACES. SPECIFY ASIDSA KEYWORD, DSSA KEYWORD, 'OK', OR 'CANCEL'

Explanation

A SLIP SET SA command was issued, but the ASIDSA and DSSA parameters were omitted. The omission of these parameters will cause the trap to potentially match in both address and data spaces. IEE604D provides an opportunity to correct the trap.

In the message text:

XXXX

The ID of the trap being set.

System action

SLIP command processor waits for a response.

Operator response

Specify the ASIDSA or DSSA keywords; reply 'OK' to set the trap as is or reply 'CANCEL' to avoid setting the trap.

Source

Recovery termination manager (RTM)

Module

IEECB909

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE605I

{consname|dev} ALREADY ACTIVE ON sysname.

Explanation

In response to a VARY CONSOLE command, the system found that the specified console is already active on another system.

In the message text:

consname

The console name specified in VARY CONSOLE command.

dev

The device number specified in VARY CONSOLE command.

sysname

The name of the system on which the console is active.

System action

The system does not process the command.

1132 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Operator response

To activate the console, vary it offline from the system on which it is currently active. Then reenter the VARY CONSOLE command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V50, CNZK1V56

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE606I

{consname|dev} NOT DEFINED AS A CONSOLE ON THIS SYSTEM.

Explanation

In response to a VARY CONSOLE command, the system found that the console or device is not defined as a console on this system.

In the message text:

consname

The console name specified in VARY CONSOLE command.

dev

The device number specified in the VARY CONSOLE command.

System action

The system does not process the command.

Operator response

Use the ROUTE command to direct the command to the system to which the console was defined.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V42, CNZK1V47, CNZK1V49

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE610I

Explanation

A SET MPF command requested that the system load a command installation exit routine. While processing the request, the system found a duplicate command installation exit name in a command statement. The system ignores the command installation exit routine specified on the SET MPF command.

In the message text:

ccccccc

The name of the command installation exit routine specified on the command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer. Enter the SET MPF command, as requested by the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the MPF exit entry. Ask the operator to enter the SET MPF command again.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB805

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE611I

ONE OR MORE COMMAND USER EXITS COULD NOT BE LOADED

Explanation

In response to a SET MPF command, the system could not load one or more command installation exit routines.

System action

Processing continues without the exit routine(s). The system issues message CSV003I or CSV016I to identify the routines that were not loaded.

System programmer response

Check to see if one or more of the following occurred:

- The load module library was specified incorrectly.
- The load module library does not contain the requested installation exit routine.

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB805

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE612I

text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
CN=ccccccc {DEVNUM=dddd | LU=11111111 | TYPE=HMCS}
SYS=sssssss CMDSYS=xxxxxxxxx [USER=uuuuuuuu]
```

This message is displayed as the normal instruction line on a multiple console support (MCS) or SNA multiple console support (SMCS) console.

In the message text:

ccccccc

The console name.

dddd

The device number for MCS consoles.

IIIIIIII

The logical unit name for SMCS consoles.

TYPE=HMCS

Displayed for HMCS consoles.

SSSSSSS

The name of the system to which the console is defined.

XXXXXXXX

The name of the system in which the console is active.

ииииииии

The user name.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Device independent display console support (DIDOCS)

Module

IEECVETU, IEECVETV, IEECVETZ

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

IEE617I

cm NOT ROUTABLE [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

A command was entered. Due to the nature of the command, the system cannot route the command to another system.

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the originally issued command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE2003D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE618I

cm COMMAND REJECTED, sysname INVALID SYSTEM NAME

Explanation

In a command, the specified target system was not a member of the sysplex, or the specified target system name was too long.

If the specified system name is correct and the JES3 release installed is prior to JES3 5.2.1, the error might have been caused by the presence of JES3 modules and an absence of the NOJES3 parameter in the IEASYSxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

сm

The command.

sysname

The incorrect target system name.

System action

The system does not process the command.

Operator response

Reenter the command, using the correct target system name.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB820

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE619I

cm COMMAND REJECTED. PREFIX prefix NOT ACCEPTED.

Explanation

The system cannot run a command because the subsystem or application that owns a prefix could not accept the command. The cause of the problem is one of the following:

- The subsystem or application that owned the prefix ended.
- The system on which the prefix was defined has been removed from the sysplex.

In the message text:

cm

The command.

prefix

The prefix name.

System action

The system does not process the command.

Operator response

Reenter the command. If the problem recurs, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE5403D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE620I

COMMAND EXIT exit-name ABENDED - EXIT DEACTIVATED

Explanation

The command installation exit routine abnormally ended. The system marked the installation exit routine as non-executable.

In the message text:

exit-name

The name of the exit routine.

System action

The system writes an SVC dump. Processing continues without the command installation exit routine.

System programmer response

Enter a SET MPF=NO command to stop the system using the current MPFLSTxx parmlib member. Then enter a SET MPF command that specifies a different MPFLSTxx member.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECV6CX

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE623I

CN=conspec NOT IN PD MODE

Explanation

The system console is not in problem determination mode.

In the message text:

conspec

The name of the system console.

System action

For the system console that is not in problem determination mode, the system rejects any command except VARY CN, ACTIVATE.

Operator response

If you want to activate problem determination mode for the system console, issue VARY CN(*), ACTIVATE.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZK1V54

IEE624I

SYSTEM CONSOLE INPUT REJECTED, ISSUE VARY CN(*),ACTIVATE COMMAND TO ENABLE SYSTEM CONSOLE COMMUNICATIONS.

Explanation

The system console is not in problem determination mode. The command is rejected.

System action

The system ignores commands for a system console unless it is in problem determination mode or ALLOWCMD(Y) was specified in the system console's CONSOLE definition in CONSOLxx.

Operator response

To enter authorized commands from the system console, issue the VARY CN,ACTIVATE command to place the console in problem determination mode. Use the DISPLAY CONSOLES command to see whether the system console is in problem determination mode and which attributes are in effect for the system console.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEAVC600, IEAVC602

IEE625I

VARY CN COMMAND REJECTED, PD MODE CHANGE IN PROGRESS

Explanation

A previous command to change the problem determination mode of the console has already been entered.

System action

VARY,CN ACTIVATE places the system console in problem determination mode and might be pending; the system ignores other VARY,CN ACTIVATE commands until the system console is deactivated. VARY CN,DEACTIVATE removes the console from problem determination mode and might be pending; the system ignores other VARY,CN DEACTIVATE commands until the system console is activated.

Operator response

Use the DISPLAY CONSOLES command to see whether the system console is in problem determination mode and which attributes are in effect for the system console.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

CNZK1V54

IEE627D

SLIP {ID=xxxx|COMMAND} REMOTE/kkkkkkkk - yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy, COL xxx. ENTER 1 KEYWORD, NULL LINE, OR 'CANCEL'

Explanation

The operator entered one of the following commands with an incorrect REMOTE parameter:

- SLIP
- REPLY in response to message IEE726D

In the message text:

ID=xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

COMMAND

No SLIP trap identifier was specified on the SLIP command. The word **COMMAND** is substituted.

REMOTE/kkkkkkkk

The incorrect REMOTE keyword specified.

УУУУУУУУУУУУУУУУУУУУ

A description of the error.

COL xxx.

The column number of the error.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Enter REPLY id, keywd to specify the correct SLIP keyword. Include all options for the keyword.

Enter REPLY id, EOB to ignore the incorrect parameter.

Enter REPLY id, CANCEL to cancel the original command.

id is the identifier preceding the message number.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB947

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

IEE628I

PVTMOD ASSUMED TO BE IN GLOBAL STORAGE FOR SLIP {ID=xxxx| COMMAND}

Explanation

A SLIP SET command was entered incorrectly. The command:

- Specified more than one address space identifier (ASID)
- Omitted the ASID parameter, to imply all address spaces

Consequently, SLIP processing assumes that the private module, specified in the PVTMOD or PVTEP parameter, is in global storage.

In the message text:

ID=xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

COMMAND

The SLIP command did not specify a SLIP trap identifier.

System action

The system does not process the command.

Operator response

If the system programmer requests a new SLIP trap, delete or disable the old SLIP trap and enter a SLIP command for the new trap.

System programmer response

If the private module is in local storage, ask the operator to delete or disable this SLIP trap and enter a new SLIP trap with only one ASID.

Source

SLIP

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE630I

VARY SWITCH (XXXX) FAILED WITH AN UNEXPECTED ERROR

Explanation

The command failed while running in the IOS address space.

In the message text:

XXXX

refers to the device number of the switch being processed.

System action

No system changes were made.

Operator response

Verify that the IOS address space is running. If the address space has restarted or the address space problem has been corrected, try the command again.

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IOSVVSWP, IEEVCNF1, IEEVCONF

IEE630I

VARY SWITCH (xxxx,pp) FAILED WITH AN UNEXPECTED ERROR

Explanation

The port was in an unexpected state, preventing the request for this port from being completed.

In the message text:

XXXX

refers to the device number of the switch being processed.

pp

refers to the switch port address being processed.

System action

No system changes were made related to this port.

Operator response

Verify the current port state using the D M=SWITCH(ssss,pp) command.

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IOSVVSWR

IEE631I

SWITCH XXXX IS NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

The switch device number, xxxx, entered on the VARY SWITCH command is not defined to the z/OS image from which the command was issued.

System action

No system changes were made.

Operator response

Verify that the switch device number was entered correctly and retry the command. You can check the device number with the D M=DEV(xxxx) command.

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IOSVVSWP, IEEVCNF1, IEEVCONF

IEE633I SWITCH xxxx, PORT yy,

DCM STATUS=*newstatus*

ATTACHED NODE = node.descriptor

THE FOLLOWING DEVICE PATHS ARE oldstatus THROUGH THIS PORT:

(dddd-eeee,cc), (dddd,cc),...

Explanation

A VARY SWITCH command requested that a port be varied online or offline.

In the message text:

XXXX

refers to the requested SWITCH DEVICE NUMBER.

уу

refers to the requested PORT ADDRESS.

newstatus

is the current dynamic channel path management status of the port as a result of the command entered.

node descriptor

is the node descriptor of the element attached to the port yy.

oldstatus

is the current status of the non-managed device paths that are not varied as a result of this command request.

CC

is a channel path connected to the following device(s).

dddd

is the device number of a device connected to the channel path or the lower limit of a device number range connected to the channel path.

eeee

is the upper limit of device number range.

System action

The SWITCH DEVICE PORT status availability has been updated. The result of an ONLINE request is that if managed channel resources are needed and available, dynamic channel path management may attach additional channel paths to the devices.

The result of an OFFLINE request is that the port becomes unavailable for attaching additional channel paths from dynamic channel path management. Existing managed channel paths were removed.

Operator response

This message is the result of a VARY ONLINE or OFFLINE port request to dynamic channel path management. Managed paths to one or more devices are varied ONLINE or OFFLINE. The operator must take action to VARY ONLINE or OFFLINE any non-managed paths.

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IOSVVSWR

IEE634I SWITCH xxxx, PORT yy, IS A CHPID PORT

, IS NOT IMPLEMENTED

, IS NOT INSTALLED

, IS NOT ATTACHED

, IS PORT STATE OFFLINE

, IS SYSTEM STATE INELIGIBLE

, IS INELIGIBLE FOR DCM

, FAILS VERIFICATION

Explanation

A VARY SWITCH command requested that a port or ports be varied ONLINE or OFFLINE to dynamic channel path management. The request could not be carried out because of the reason given.

Rejection explanations:

IS A CHPID PORT

This port is connected to a channel path. Only ports connected to subsystems may be varied ONLINE or OFFLINE to dynamic channel path management.

IS NOT IMPLEMENTED

This port is outside the range of switch ports for this model.

IS NOT INSTALLED

The port is within the range of implemented ports for the model but it is not physically present at your installation.

IS NOT ATTACHED

This port is installed but is not presently connected to any element.

IS PORT STATE OFFLINE

This port is offline to dynamic channel path management due to its state (for example, it is blocked dedicated, or offline)

IS SYSTEM STATE INELIGIBLE

This port is offline because the system has determined that it is unavailable for dynamic channel path management.

IS INELIGIBLE FOR DCM

This port cannot be varied because it is not attached to a DASD subsystem.

FAILS VERIFICATION

This port cannot be varied because the specified switch device number is not a switch or cannot be determined.

System action

If a range of ports was specified, action may have been taken only on the valid ports.

Operator response

If this message is unexpected for a particular port, then correct the original condition. Once the failing condition is corrected, dynamic channel path management will begin managing the port as requested.

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IOSVVSWR, IOSVVSWP, IEEVCONF

IEE635I

SWITCH DEVICE *dddd* **IS OFFLINE | NOT AVAILABLE**

Explanation

The Switch device listed in the configuration member is not defined to the OS390 image from which the command was issued.

System action

No system changes were made.

Operator response

Verify that the switch device number was entered correctly and rerun the command. You can check the device number with the D M=DEV(xxxx) command.

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IEEVCONF

IEE636I VARY SWITCH COMMAND SYNTAX ERROR:

<xxx> WAS EXPECTED, <xxx> WAS FOUND.

<ONLINE> OR <OFFLINE> WAS EXPECTED.

<xxx> WAS FOUND,

<SWITCH DEVICE NUMBER> WAS EXPECTED,

<xxxx> WAS FOUND.

<PORT ADDRESS> WAS EXPECTED,

<xxxx> WAS FOUND.

<UNCOND> IS NOT VALID WITH DCM=ONLINE

Explanation

The operand indicated in the message was rejected. The command entered is correct up to the indicated operand. A delimiter may be missing or incorrect.

System action

No system changes were made.

Operator response

Verify that the operand entered was spelled correctly or that it was entered with the required delimiters.

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IOSVVSWP

IEE637I

VARY SWITCH (xxxx) FAILED

- , IOS ADDRESS SPACE UNAVAILABLE
- , REJECTED BY ADDRESS SPACE
- , IOS ADDRESS SPACE SERVICE ERROR

Explanation

IOS ADDRESS SPACE UNAVAILABLE

An unexpected error was found.

REJECTED BY ADDRESS SPACE

An unexpected error was found.

IOS ADDRESS SPACE ERROR

The IOS address space service was unable to accept this request.

System action

No system changes were made.

Operator response

Verify that the IO address space is running. If the address space has restarted or the address space problem has been corrected, try the command again.

If an unexpected error was found, contact your service representative.

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IOSVVSWP, IOSVASIM

IEE638I

VARY SWITCH CONFIGURATION FAILURE ON ssss pa chp cu

Explanation

A channel path through a requested switch port could not be configured off the control unit.

In the message text:

SSSS

refers to the switch device number specified on the command.

ра

refers to the switch port address specified on the command.

chp

refers to the channel path ID connected to the requested switch.

си

refers to the control unit number of the device connected to the switch port.

System action

The configuration remains unchanged, and the channel path remains offline.

Operator response

Verify the current configuration with the D M=SWITCH(ssss,chp) or with D M=CHP(chp) command. Reenter the original command.

1146 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IOSVVSWR

IEE639I

VARY SWITCH FAILED, SYSTEM ERROR, ENTERING CONFIGURATION MODE

Explanation

SYSTEM ERROR

Dynamic I/O returned an unexpected error condition.

ENTERING CONFIGURATION MODE

Another dynamic I/O is in process.

System action

The configuration remains unchanged, and the channel path remains offline.

Operator response

Reenter the command.

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IOSVVSWR

IEE676I

memname MEMBER IGNORED

Explanation

The system did not process a parmlib member because the parmlib member name is also a reserved keyword on the SET *memname* command.

System action

The system does not process the parmlib member. Other processing continues.

For example, if the operator entered a SET CNGRP=(AA,NO,BB) command, the system processes the CNGRPAA and CNGRPBB parmlib members, but does not process the CNGRPNO parmlib member because NO is a reserved keyword on the SET CNGRP command.

Operator response

After the system programmer renames the parmlib member, enter the command again, specifying the new parmlib member name.

System programmer response

Rename the parmlib member, using a character string that is not a reserved keyword.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEEMB856

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE677I

text [field-text] [command-text]

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- MESSAGE SUPPRESSION AND USER EXITS INACTIVE NOT INITIALIZED
- MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE HARDCOPY LOG NOT ESTABLISHED
- MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE HARDCOPY SUSPENDED

```
MSGID -MPF SUPPRESS RETAIN AUTO TOKEN EXIT
msg-id -sfx YES/N0 YES/N0 YES/N0 token [nfd-]exit
msg-id -sfx YES/N0 YES/N0 YES/N0 token [nfd-]exit
```

- GENERAL WTO USER EXIT (IEAVMXIT) {ACTIVE|INACTIVE|ABENDED, NOT ACTIVE}
- SUBSYSTEMS RECEIVING FOREIGN MESSAGES AND DOMS: {*ALL|*NONE|subsystem-list}
- MSG OPTIONS: {NONE|VERBOSE}

field-text is the following:

```
FIELD -MPF COLOR HLIGHT INTEN FIELD -MPF COLOR HLIGHT INTEN msgarea -sfx color hlight int msgarea -sfx color hlight int msgarea -sfx color hlight int
```

command-text is one of the following:

```
COMMAND-EXIT -MPF COMMAND-EXIT -MPF COMMAND-EXIT -MPF [nfd-] userexit -sfx [nfd-] userexit -sfx [nfd-] userexit -sfx [nfd-] userexit -sfx
```

- Or -

```
COMMAND USER EXITS NOT FOUND
```

The operator entered a DISPLAY MPF command. The message output can be divided into the following sections:

• Message table information

The first section of this message shows message automation, suppression, and user exit information. If the message processing facility (MPF) is not active, only one line appears. The text of the line can be one of the following:

MESSAGE SUPPRESSION AND USER EXITS INACTIVE - NOT INITIALIZED

The operator has not requested MPF processing.

MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE - HARDCOPY LOG NOT ESTABLISHED

The operator requested MPF processing but no hardcopy log has been established. Write-to-operator (WTO) user exit routines receive control, but messages are not suppressed.

MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE - HARDCOPY SUSPENDED

The operator requested MPF processing, and a hardcopy log has been established, but no device is available to print the hardcopy log. WTO user exit routines receive control, but messages are not suppressed.

If the operator requested MPF processing, the message displays the label line once and the data lines as often as needed to identify each message in the MPF table. The fields in the data line are as follows:

MESSAGE-ID column

msg-id indicates the message identifier for this row.

MPF column

sfx indicates the MPFLSTxx member from which this message identifier definition was derived.

SUPPRESS column

YES indicates that the message is to be suppressed if it is eligible. NO indicates that the message is not to be suppressed.

RETAIN column

YES indicates that the message is to be retained by the action message retention facility if it is eligible. NO indicates that the message is not to be retained.

AUTO column

YES indicates that the message is to be automated. NO indicates that the message is not to be automated.

TOKEN column

token indicates the token to be associated with the message, only if the message is to be automated.

EXIT column

exit indicates the user-specified WTO exit routine for this message. The field is blank if no routine is specified. The nfd value preceding the exit routine name can be one of the following:

ERR

Indicates a failure in the exit routine.

NFD

Indicates that the exit routine could not be loaded.

- GENERAL WTO USER EXIT (IEAVMXIT): Indicates whether the exit routine is active, inactive, or not active because the exit routine was abnormally ended.
- Attributes for handling foreign messages and DOMs, as follows:

*ALL

Indicates that all subsystems are to receive foreign messages and DOMs.

*NONE

Indicates that no subsystems are to receive foreign messages and DOMs.

subsystem-list

Indicates one or more subsystems that are to receive foreign messages and DOMs. Subsystems not in this list do not receive foreign messages and DOMs.

- MSG OPTIONS: Indicates whether verbose messages are produced or not.
- Message color/highlighting information:

The second section of the message text describes the way different messages are colored and high-lighted. A label line is displayed once and the data lines as often as needed to identify the color attribute for each message type. The fields in the data line are as follows:

FIELD column

Describes the message type or area being defined. msg-area can be one of the following values:

msg-area

Explanation

URGATTN

Messages requiring urgent attention.

IMEDACTN

Messages requiring immediate action.

EVETACTN

Messages requiring eventual action.

GENMSG

General system messages.

PPMSG

Message issued by problem programs and requiring no action.

SELPEN

Fields that can detect a selector (light) pen.

INSTRERR

Error messages that appear in the instruction line.

ENTRYARA

Entry area.

WARNLGEN

General messages in the left half of the warning line.

WARNRGEN

General messages in the right half of the warning line.

WARNRURG

Messages requiring urgent attention and appearing in the right half of the warning line.

OOLCNTL

Control lines in an out-of-line status display.

OOLLABEL

Label lines in an out-of-line status display.

OOLDATA

Data lines in an out-of-line status display.

AUTOR

WTOR messages that are being monitored by auto-reply processing.

MPF column

The *sfx* can be one of two types of values:

- The sfx can indicate the MPFLSTxx member from which this message type or area definition was derived.
- The sfx value may be DFL, indicating that system defaults are being applied for this message type or area.

COLOR column

The *color* definition for this message type or area, as follows:

- BLUE
- TURQU (turquoise)
- GREEN
- WHITE
- PINK
- YELLOW
- RED

HLIGHT column

hlight indicates the highlighting attribute for this message type or area, as follows:

NONE

No highlighting occurs.

BLINK

The message or field background blinks.

RE-VID

Reverse video; that is, black characters on a colored background.

UNDSCR

The message or field is underscored.

INTEN column

int indicates the intensity at which the message is displayed, as follows:

NORM

Normal intensity.

HIGH

High intensity.

· Command user exit information

The last section of the message shows the command user exits activated through MPF. If no command user exits were activated, the following message appears:

- COMMAND USER EXITS NOT FOUND

No command installation exits were specified by the installation.

If no command user exits were activated, then a label line is displayed once and the data lines as often as needed to identify each command user exit. The fields in the data lines are as follows:

COMMAND USEREXIT column

userexit indicates the name of the user exit. The *nfd* value preceding the exit routine name can be one of the following:

ERR

Indicates a failure in the exit routine.

NFD

Indicates that the exit routine could not be loaded.

MPF column

sfx indicates the MPFLSTxx member from which this command user exit definition was derived.

System action

If either MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE - HARDCOPY LOG NOT ESTABLISHED or MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE - HARDCOPY SUSPENDED appears, the display lists the messages in the MPF table, but the system does not suppress messages until a hardcopy log is established. However, the WTO user exits and RETAIN are in effect.

Operator response

If message suppression is desired, but MESSAGE SUPPRESSION INACTIVE or MESSAGE SUPPRESSION AND USER EXITS INACTIVE appears, do one of the following:

- If **NOT INITIALIZED** appears, enter the SET MPF command to request MPF processing.
- If **HARDCOPY LOG NOT ESTABLISHED** appears, establish a hardcopy log.
- If **HARDCOPY SUSPENDED** appears, make the SYSLOG or OPERLOG or both available to print the hardcopy log.

Source

Communications Task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB807

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE678I

{CNGRPxx LINE aaaaa: | DISPLAY CNGRP:} INCORRECT keyvalue VALUE, keyword IGNORED.

Explanation

The system found an incorrect keyword value while processing one of the following:

- A CNGRPxx parmlib member
- · A DISPLAY CNGRP command

In the message text:

aaaaa

The line number where the error occurred, if the system was processing the CNGRPxx member.

CNGRPxx

The error occurred in the parmlib member, with suffix xx.

DISPLAY CNGRP:

The error occurred in a DISPLAY CNGRP command.

keyvalue

The incorrect keyword value.

keyword

The keyword that contains the incorrect value.

System action

The system does not process the incorrect keyword. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter a DISPLAY CNGRP command again, specifying a correct keyword value.
- Enter the SET CNGRP command to specify a different CNGRPxx parmlib member.

System programmer response

If the error occurred in the CNGRPxx parmlib member, enter a correct keyword value in CNGRPxx.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB830, IEEMB850

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE679I

hh.mm.ss CNGRP DISPLAY [NO CONSOLE GROUPS DEFINED] [CONSOLE GROUP grpname NOT FOUND]

Explanation

```
[Console Groups Activated from Systemsysname
----GROUP--- ----MEMBERS-------
grpname xx memname memname memname
grpname xx memname memname]
```

&tab;[CONSOLE GROUPS ACTIVATED FROM SYSTEM sysname&tab;&tab; &tab;----GROUP--&tab;----GROUP--&tab;----GROUP--&tab;grpname xx&tab;grpname xx&tab;grpname xx&tab;grpname xx&tab;grpname xx

This message appears when the operator enters a DISPLAY CNGRP command to display the console group.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The hour, minute, and second. **00.00.00** appears in this field if the time-of-day (TOD) clock is not working.

NO CONSOLE GROUPS DEFINED

No console groups are defined in the CNGRPxx parmlib member(s).

CONSOLE GROUP grpname NOT FOUND

The system could not find the console group name specified in the DISPLAY CNGRP command.

sysname

The name of the system on which the specified console groups are active.

grpname

The console group name.

XX

The parmlib suffix that identifies the CNGRP member.

memname

The name of a console that is a member of the specified console group.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB828, IEECB830

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE680I

{CNGRPxx LINE aaaaa: | DISPLAY CNGRP:} DUPLICATE keyword1 VALUE, keyword2 IGNORED.

Explanation

The system found a duplicate keyword while processing one of the following:

- A CNGRPxx parmlib member
- · A DISPLAY CNGRP command

In the message text:

CNGRP*xx*

The error occurred in the parmlib member, with suffix xx.

aaaaa

The line number where the error occurred, if the system was processing the CNGRPxx member.

DISPLAY CNGRP:

The error occurred in a DISPLAY CNGRP command.

keyword1

The first occurrence of the duplicate keyword.

keyword2

The duplicate keyword.

System action

The system does not process the duplicate keyword. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter a DISPLAY CNGRP command again, removing the duplicate keyword.
- Enter the SET CNGRP command to specify a different CNGRPxx parmlib member.

System programmer response

If the error occurred in the CNGRPxx parmlib member, remove the duplicate keyword in CNGRPxx.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEEMB850

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE681I

{parmmem LINE aaaaa: | cmd:} keyword1 EXPECTED BEFORE keyword2

Explanation

The system found that an expected keyword did not precede another keyword.

In the message text:

parmmem LINE aaaaa

The line number where the error occurred, if the system was processing the parmmem parmlib member.

cmd

The error occurred in a cmd command.

keyword1

The keyword that was expected before keyword2.

keyword2

The keyword that must follow keyword1, if the system was processing the parmmem parmlib member.

System action

The system does not process keyword2. The system continues other processing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter the cmd command again, specifying keyword1 before keyword2.
- Select a different parmmem parmlib member.

System programmer response

If the error occurred in the *parmmem* parmlib member, ensure that *keyword1* precedes *keyword2* in the *parmmen* parmlib member.

Source

Console

Module

IEEMB854

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE682I

{parmmem LINE aaaaa: | cmd:} UNEXPECTED keyword IGNORED.

Explanation

The system found an incorrect keyword.

In the message text:

parmmem LINE aaaaa:

The system was processing Parmlib member parmmem and detected the error in line ααααα.

cmd

The error occurred in a cmd command.

keyword

The incorrect keyword.

System action

The system does not process the incorrect keyword. The system continues processing the parmlib member or command.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reenter the command again, specifying a correct keyword.
- Select a different parmmem parmlib member.

System programmer response

If the error occurred in the parmmem parmlib member, enter a correct keyword in the parmlib member.

Source

Console

Module

IEECB888, IEEMB854

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE683I

{parmmem LINE aaaaa: | cmd:} INPUT SKIPPED UP TO NEXT keyword

Explanation

The system found an error when processing a parmlib member or command.

In the message text:

parmmem LINE aaaaa:

The system was processing parmlib member parmmem and detected the error in line ααααα.

cmd

The error occurred in a *cmd* command.

kevword

The incorrect keyword.

System action

The system continues processing up to the next point that keyword appears.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reenter the command again, specifying a correct keyword.
- Select a different parmem parmlib member.

System programmer response

If the error occurred in the parmlib member, enter a correct keyword in the parmlib member.

Source

Console

Module

IEEMB854

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE684I

{parmmem LINE aaaaa: | cmd:} keyword SHOULD BE DELETED.

Explanation

The system found an error in the specified keyword.

In the message text:

parmmem LINE aaaaa:

The system was processing parmlib member parmmem and detected the error in line aaaaa.

cmd

The error occurred in a *cmd* command.

kevword

The incorrect keyword.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reenter the command again, deleting the keyword in error.
- Select a different parmmem parmlib member.

System programmer response

If the error occurred in the parmlib member, delete the keyword in error in the parmlib member.

Source

Console

Module

IEEMB854

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE685I

{parmmem LINE aaaaa: | cmd:} keyword IS INSERTED BEFORE THE ERROR POINT.

Explanation

The system found an error while processing a parmlib member or command.

In the message text:

parmmem LINE aaaaa

The system was processing parmlib member parmmem and detected the error in line aaaaa.

cmd

The error occurred in a cmd command.

keyword

The keyword inserted before the error point.

System action

The system inserts the specified keyword at the error point. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reenter the command again, adding the missing keyword.
- Select a different parmmem parmlib member.

System programmer response

If the error occurred in the parmlib member, insert the missing keyword in the parmlib member.

Source

Console

Module

IEEMB854

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE686I

RESET COMMAND REJECTED, consname text.

Explanation

The system found an error when trying to process a RESET command. In the message text:

consname

The name of the console that the system tried to reset.

text

Text is one of the following:

IS SUBSYSTEM CONSOLE

The console is a subsystem console. Subsystem consoles cannot be reset.

IS NOT AN MCS CONSOLE

The RESET command cannot be used on a console when:

- the console device is allocated to another component other than MVS Console Services.
- the console is an Extended MCS console (EMCS).

System action

The system does not process the RESET command.

Operator response

Reenter the command.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB824, IEAVG716

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE699I

REPLY id IGNORED; NON-DECIMAL ID

Explanation

A command specified a non-decimal identifier. The reply identifier must be with or without leading zeroes, and from 0-9999.

id

The reply identifier for the command.

System action

The system ignores the reply. The system continues other processing.

Operator response

Reenter the command.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB811

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

Chapter 8. IEE messages (IEE700I - IEE892I)

IEE700I

REPLY id IGNORED; REPLY TOO LONG FOR REQUESTOR

Explanation

A REPLY command contained reply text that is too long.

In the message text:

id

The reply identifier for the command.

System action

The system ignores the reply. The system continues other processing.

Operator response

Reenter the command.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB811

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE701I

REPLY id IGNORED; NO REPLIES OUTSTANDING

Explanation

The operator entered a REPLY command when a reply was not requested.

In the message text:

id

The reply identifier for the command.

System action

The system ignores the reply. The system continues other processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB811

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE702I

REPLY id IGNORED; IMPROPER USE OF DELIMITERS

Explanation

A REPLY command was not valid for one of the following reasons:

- A closing apostrophe did not follow the text, but the text was preceded by an apostrophe.
- A character other than a comma or a space followed the identifier.

In the message text:

id

The reply identifier for the command.

System action

The system ignores the reply. The system continues other processing.

Operator response

Reenter the command.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB811

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE703I

{REPLY id|MESSAGE [yyyyy]} NOT REQUESTED FROM THIS CONSOLE COMMAND ISSUED IS command

Explanation

In a multisystem environment, one of the following occurred:

- The console receiving this message is not physically attached to the system that issued the message.
- A command was entered from a secondary console in response to a message that the console did not receive.

In the message text:

1162 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

REPLY id

The command was a REPLY command; xx is the reply identifier of a write-to-operator with reply (WTOR) message.

MESSAGE [yyyyy]

The command was a CONTROL C,I, CONTROL C,E, or CONTROL C,A command, where *yyyyy* is the identifier of the message to be deleted. The identifier appears only on printer-keyboard consoles. On a display console, the cursor is positioned under the identifier in error.

command

The text of the originally issued command.

System action

One of the following:

- If a REPLY command was entered, the system ignores the command. The system continues processing.
- If a CONTROL command was entered, the system deletes any messages preceding the message in error.
- If the command was entered from a display console, the system displays the command again and positions the cursor under the message identifier in error. The identifiers of any messages that were deleted are not included in the display.

Operator response

Enter the command again from a console with master authority or from a console that received the message.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB811

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE704I

REPLY id NOT OUTSTANDING[.] [ON THIS SYSTEM]

Explanation

The operator entered a REPLY command. There is no outstanding reply request with the identifier in the reply. Either the message request has already been answered or the message reply identifier is incorrect.

If the reply identifier was correct and **ON THIS SYSTEM** appears in the message, the request originated on another system in the sysplex.

In the message text:

id

The reply identifier for the command.

System action

The system ignores the REPLY command. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Reenter the command.

If you are on a system with a JES3 release prior to JES3 5.2.1 and **ON THIS SYSTEM** appears in the message display, enter the *SEND command to direct the REPLY command to the appropriate system.

System programmer response

To change the console so it can reply to messages issued from consoles that are defined to other systems in the sysplex, do one of the following:

- Include the other system's name on the MSCOPE parameter of the CONSOLE statement in the CONSOLxx parmlib member for this system
- Change the console's authority to master, so that it can reply to messages issued on any console from any system in the sysplex.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB811

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE705I

SMF parm PARAMETER IS IGNORED, NO LONGER SUPPORTED

Explanation

A parameter was detected that is no longer supported by SMF.

In the message text:

parm

The SMF parameter that is no longer supported.

System action

The system ignores the parameter and continues processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

No action is required. However, if the message was issued as a result of an IPL or a SET SMF system command, the system programmer can choose to remove the parameter from the SMFPRMxx parmlib member.

Source

System management facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB832

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE706I

{SWITCH|HALT} NOT SUCCESSFUL

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- The operator entered the SWITCH SMF command in a system not supporting system management facilities (SMF).
- The operator entered the SWITCH SMF or the HALT EOD command while the SMF recording data sets were being switched or while no SMF data set was present.

System action

The system did not run the command.

Operator response

In a system supporting SMF, reenter the command as soon as the data set switch has completed.

In a system not supporting SMF, do not enter SMF commands.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEE70110

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE707I

cm yyy NOT EXECUTED

Explanation

Before processing command *cm yyy*, MVS presented the command to all subsystems that monitor commands. Based on the response returned, MVS did not process the command for one of the following reasons:

- 1. One or more subsystems intentionally failed the command with a return code of 8.
- 2. One or more subsystems issued a return code that was not valid.
- 3. The command installation exit issued a return code of 8.

In the message text:

cm

The command entered.

ууу

The parameter field of the command.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Determine why the subsystem or the installation exit routine rejected the command. The return code could be a valid, non-error return code.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE0403D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE708I

keyword KEYWORD, VALUE INVALID

Explanation

The value of a keyword specified on a command or in response to a message is incorrect. For example, the performance group number specified on the PERFORM keyword is not defined to the system.

In the message text:

keyword

The keyword for which a value was specified.

If *keyword* is **ASID**, and it was entered in response to message IEE094D, the specified address space identifier (ASID) is greater than the limit specified for the MAXUSER keyword in response to message IEA101A.

If *keyword* is **SYMDEF**, and it was entered on a DUMP command, verify that the length of the symbol is at least as long as the length of the value that is being assigned to it. For example, &abc can only accommodate values 4 characters or less in length.

System action

The system continues processing, but does not perform the action specified by the keyword.

Operator response

Enter the command again with the correct keyword value.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE0703D, IEE3703D, IEECB866

Routing code

*,5

Descriptor code

.

IEE709I

XXX REQUIRED - NO HARDCOPY DEVICE AVAILABLE

Explanation

This message warns that the system is in *hardcopy is mandatory* mode, but there is no system log (SYSLOG) or OPERLOG. The operator has added a new console to the system configuration, but it does not resolve the original problem.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Take one of the following actions:

- 1. Make a system log available.
- 2. Enter VARY SYSLOG, HARDCPY to send the hardcopy log to the SYSLOG device.
- 3. Enter VARY OPERLOG, HARDCPY to send the hardcopy log to the OPERLOG.

Note: There is no need to use the VARY HARDCPY command unless you want to change the hardcopy authority and routing codes.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V52

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE710I

SYSLOG NOW RECEIVING HARDCOPY

Explanation

In response to a VARY SYSLOG, HARDCPY command, the system has made the system log to receive the hardcopy log.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

None.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V52

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE711I

SYSTEM DUMP NOT TAKEN.reason

Explanation

SVC dump processing could not write an SVC dump requested through the MVS operator DUMP command.

In the message text:

reason

The reason for the failure may be any one of the reasons documented for return code 8 from the SDUMPX macro. (See <u>z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference LLA-SDU</u>.) The following reasons are more oriented to operator interaction:

- ANOTHER DUMP WAS IN PROGRESS
- DUMP=NO WAS SET AT IPL OR INDICATED BY CHNGDUMP
- NO SYS1.DUMP DATA SET WAS AVAILABLE
- AN I/O ERROR OCCURRED
- MAXSPACE LIMIT REACHED
- A CRITICAL AUXILIARY STORAGE SHORTAGE EXISTS
- DUMP SPECIFICATION NOT VALID

DUMPSRV PROCESSING IS UNAVAILABLE

System action

The system does not write the requested dump. The system continues processing.

Operator response

For conditions that do not have an immediate corrective action or that are not listed here, reissue the DUMP command after a couple of minutes has elapsed. If the command continues to fail, call the System Programmer.

SYSTEM UNABLE TO DUMP

If a dump is in progress, reenter the DUMP command when the previous dump finishes; otherwise, notify the system programmer.

ANOTHER DUMP WAS IN PROGRESS

Reenter the DUMP command when the previous dump finishes; otherwise, notify the system programmer.

DUMP=NO WAS SET AT IPL OR INDICATED BY CHNGDUMP

Enter a CHNGDUMP command with DUMP=YES. Then enter the DUMP command again.

NO SYS1.DUMP DATA SET WAS AVAILABLE

Add or clear a SYS1.DUMPnn data set, or enable automatic dump data set allocation (as discussed in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids. Then enter the DUMP command again.

AN I/O ERROR OCCURRED

Contact hardware support.

MAXSPACE LIMIT REACHED

SVC dump will not allow other dumps to be captured until the amount of available space is greater than the threshold value. The threshold value is the lower of two values: 35 megabytes or ten percent of the MAXSPACE value. To view the amount of available space, use the DISPLAY DUMP command.

A CRITICAL AUXILIARY STORAGE SHORTAGE EXISTS

SVC dump will not allow another dump to be captured until the shortage of auxiliary storage is relieved.

DUMP SPECIFICATION NOT VALID

There was a syntax or semantic error within the dump specification. Identify and correct the error.

See <u>z/OS MVS System Commands</u> for more information for more information on the MVS DUMP command. See <u>z/OS MVS Initialization</u> and Tuning Reference for more information on the MVS DUMP parmlib member.

DUMPSRV PROCESSING IS UNAVAILABLE

DUMPSRV might have processed a CANCEL request and will restart shortly. Otherwise, DUMPSRV has either terminated or the primary task is unavailable. Notify the system programmer. SDUMP issuing applications will receive RC=08 RSN=0C.

System programmer response

If the *reason* field shows MAXSPACE LIMIT REACHED, take one of the following actions and then issue the DUMP command again:

- Add more dump data sets. Use the DUMPDS command or another utility to make more dump data sets available. The system writes captured dumps to available dump data sets, freeing storage for the next dump.
- Delete existing captured dumps. If any dump is captured but they are not required by the installation, reply D to message IEA793A to delete the dumps.
- Increase the MAXSPACE value. Enter the CHNGDUMP command to increase the value of MAXSPACE, after ensuring that the available auxiliary storage (paging slots) is at least three times the MAXSPACE space.

If the *reason* field shows A CRITICAL AUXILIARY STORAGE SHORTAGE EXISTS, first you need to ensure that enough paging resources are available for captured dumps to be written out. Then, consider adding additional paging resources, because SVC dumps will not be allowed while critical storage shortage exists. See the system programmer response for message IRA201E for additional information about auxiliary storage utilization concerns.

You can use the AUXMGMT and MAXSPACE parameters of the CHNGDUMP SET command to manage the use of virtual and auxiliary storage by SVC dump processing. See <u>z/OS MVS System Commands</u> for more details about the CHNGDUMP command.

For other error conditions, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists or DUMPSRV is unavailable, contact the SVC Dump (SCDMP) component group at the IBM Support Center.

Source

SVC dump

Module

IEECB866

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

7

IEE712I

cm PROCESSING COMPLETE

Explanation

The system completed processing a command.

In the message text:

cm

The command that the system processed, as follows:

CONFIG

The system either:

- · Successfully ran the command
- · Rejected the command because of an error

CHNGDUMP

One of the following occurred:

- The dump options for an ABEND or SVC dump are changed.
- The dump options specified by a previous CHNGDUMP command have been eliminated.

SETGRS CNS

The system accepted the command for processing.

any-other-command

Any other command was successfully processed by the system.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1RCN, CNZKSETC, IEAVC702, IEECB805, CNZK1V51, CNZK1V54, IEECB890, IEEMB811, IEEMB819, IEEMB856

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE713I

command COMMAND PROCESSOR FAILED [-ISSUE K E,D,L=name-a TO DELETE]

Explanation

command is one of the following ones:

- CONFIG CPU
- VARY PATH
- cm

While processing a command, the system encountered an unrecoverable internal error.

In the message text:

CONFIG CPU

A CONFIG command requested reconfiguration of a central processor online or offline.

VARY PATH

A VARY PATH command requested that online or offline status of a channel path be changed.

cm

The command that the system was processing when the error occurred.

System action

The system does not process the command. The system tries to write a logrec data set error record and to write a dump. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Enter the command again.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPTHR, IEEVPTH

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

A VARY PATH command requested that an I/O path be reconfigured online or offline. The system issues this message for one of the following reasons:

- For an online request, one of the following occurred:
 - The path specified on the VARY command is not functioning or the device associated with the path has a permanent error.
 - The volume serial of the device does not match the volume serial for the device specified in the VARY PATH
 command. The system checks the volume serial to ensure that the path being brought online is properly
 configured.
- For an offline request, one of the following occurred:
 - The VARY command timed out and the system issued message IEE717D. The operator replied CANCEL to message IEE717D. However, the system could not bring the specified device back online.
 - The path specified on a VARY command is associated with a device that has a permanent error. The system
 does not take the specified path offline.

In the message text:

dev

The device number associated with the path.

XX

The path that was specified on the VARY command.

name

The message identifier of the message returned from path verification explaining a "no paths" condition.

code

A code returned from path verification.

text

The message text of the message returned from path verification explaining a "no paths" condition.

System action

The system ends processing for path(dev,xx). The status of the path remains unchanged.

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Ensure that:

- Path(dev,xx) is operational
- Power is up on the device
- · All switches are enabled

Enter the command again. If the command fails again, do one of the following:

- Contact service personnel to determine if the path was configured incorrectly, or if the path or device is in error.
- Notify the system programmer.

If the system programmer requests, obtain a stand-alone dump.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. Use OLTEP to diagnose the problem in the device. For a device error, contact hardware support.
- 2. If the device does not have an error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVPTHR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE715I

cm COMMAND REJECTED, INVALID SYNTAX

Explanation

While processing a command, the system found one of the following syntax errors in a parameter field:

- · An incorrect or missing delimiter
- · A misspelled keyword

In the message text:

cm

The command in which the system detected an error.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command correctly.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE40110, IEECB923, IEECB927, IEEVPTH

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE716I

cm COMMAND REJECTED, CANNOT SPECIFY MORE THAN 256 PFIDS

While processing a command, the system indicated that more than 256 PFIDs were specified.

In the message text:

cm

The command in which the system detected an error.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Reissue the command, specifying less than 256 PFID per command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE40110 and IEECB927

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE717D

cmd NOT PROCESSED, dev STILL BUSY- REPLY EXTEND OR CANCEL

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a path to a device offline. The system waited 2.5 minutes for completion of I/O through the path. The I/O has not completed.

In the message text:

cmd

CONFIG or VARY.

dev

The device number of the device for which the CONFIG or VARY command requested reconfiguration, but on which I/O is still running.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply. Meanwhile, the system continues processing.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter EXTEND: To ask the system to wait an additional 2.5 minutes for I/O to complete. If I/O is not complete at the end of 2.5 minutes, the system issues this message again.
- Enter CANCEL: To cancel the CONFIG or VARY for the path. The system continues to process other paths specified on the command, if any.

Source

IOS

Module

IEEVPTHR and IOSCFCHP

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

7

IEE718I

CPU(x) NOT RECONFIGURED, nnn JOBS SCHEDULED WITH AFFINITY. JOBNAMES ARE: cccccccc, cccccccc, ...

Explanation

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a CPU offline. The system could not bring a CPU offline because one or more jobs with affinity to the CPU were scheduled.

In the message text:

CPU(x)

The CPU that could not be taken offline. x is the CPU identifier.

nnn

The total number of jobs scheduled with affinity.

ccccccc

The name of each job with affinity to CPU x. The message lists only the names of the first ten jobs found. If cccccccc is ***UNKNOWN**, the system did not find a valid job name.

System action

The system does not process the CONFIG CPU OFFLINE command, so the specified central processor is not taken offline. The system continues other processing. The system issues message IEE244D.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCPLF

Routing code

#

Descriptor code

5

IEE719I

CHP(x) NOT CONFIGURED, OUTSTANDING RESERVE TO DEVICE dev

A reconfiguration request asked that the system reconfigure a channel path offline, but there is currently an outstanding reserve on the channel path to a shared direct access device. If the channel path is removed, a release would never be issued. The system waited 10 seconds to see if the outstanding reserve would be removed, but it was not.

In the message text:

CHP(x)

The channel path specified on the request.

dev

The device number of the shared direct access device associated with the channel path.

System action

One of the following:

- If a CONFIG CHP(xx),OFFLINE command was entered, the system ends processing for the channel path.
- If a CONFIG CHP(xx),OFFLINE command specified a range of channels, the system continues processing for the next requested channel path.

Operator response

Enter the CONFIG OFFLINE command again after the device is released.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE720I

NO PFK ALLOCATION [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

A CONTROL command with a PFK parameter requested the display, deletion, or change of the program function keys (PFK). The console does not support PFKs, due to an error during console initialization.

In the message text:

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system rejects the command. The system issues either message IEE233I or IEE234I.

System programmer response

See the explanation of message IEE233I or IEE234I for information about why PFK support was unavailable.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECVFTB, IEE8C03D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE721I

PFK nnn NOT SUPPORTED

Explanation

The operator pressed a program function key (PFK) that is not supported. The operator either:

- · Pressed the PFK
- Selected the number from the PFK display line with the light pen

In the message text:

nnn

The PFK identifier.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Ensure that the PFK specification is correct and retry the command. If the problem recurs, enter the DISPLAY PFK command.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVFTA

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

-

IEE722I

The operator pressed a PFK key or positioned the light pen a program function key (PFK). One of the following occurred:

- The selected key had no commands defined for it
- A zero length command was contained within the key definition

In the message text:

nnn

The PFK identifier.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Enter the CONTROL N,PFK command to define commands for the undefined key. If the key is already defined, check the command syntax.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVFTA

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

_

IEE723I

PFK IN PROCESS. LAST INTERRUPT IGNORED

Explanation

The operator pressed a nonconversational program function key (PFK) or selected a nonconversational PFK number with the light pen. Then the operator pressed a second PFK or selected a second PFK number before the system completed processing the first request.

System action

The system ignores the second request. The system displays this message in the instruction line until processing of the first request is complete; then the system removes this message.

Operator response

Wait until the system removes the message from the instruction line, then reenter the second request.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVFTA

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

_

IEE725I

SLIP PARAMETERS ARE- prm prm

Explanation

A SLIP SET command was entered without an END parameter. This message lists the parameters that are either specified or supplied by default. In the message text:

prm

The parameters specified in the command or supplied by default.

System action

The system issues message IEE726D to prompt the operator for a reply.

Operator response

See the operator response for message IEE726D.

Source

Recovery termination manager (RTM)

Module

IEECB909

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE726D

ENTER ADDITIONAL SLIP PARAMETERS, [,'END',] OR 'CANCEL'

Explanation

A SLIP SET command was specified without an END parameter. Message IEE725I, which lists the SLIP parameters, preceded this message. Reply to this message to do one of the following:

- · Add new SLIP parameters
- · Change existing SLIP parameters
- · Accept the parameters already specified
- · Cancel the SLIP command

In the message text:

'END'

A SLIP command, other than SLIP MOD or SLIP DEL, was entered.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

• Reply REPLY id, prm, prm,..., [END] to add parameters or to change the parameters indicated in message IEE725I.

To complete the SLIP SET command, specify END as the last parameter. If END is not specified, the system will issue message IEE725I again to display the updated list of parameters.

The reply can add or change any parameter in any order, except the following positional parameters. These parameters must be added immediately after the SET parameter:

- IF
- SA
- SB

New parameters replace original parameters in their entirety.

If an incomplete SLIP parameter was specified (for example, if the closing parenthesis was omitted on the last parameter), continue the parameter and complete it in the beginning of the reply.

- Reply REPLY id, CANCEL to cancel the original SLIP command.
- Reply REPLY id, END to accept the parameters in message IEE725I.

id is the identifier preceding the message number.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB909

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE727I

SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx [ALREADY] {type} [text]

Explanation

A SLIP command requested that the system set, enable, disable, or delete a SLIP trap. In the message text:

ID=xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

ALREADY

The SLIP command was to enable or disable a SLIP trap, but the SLIP trap was already disabled or enabled. If **ALREADY** does not appear, a SLIP command successfully set, disabled, enabled, or deleted the SLIP trap.

type is one of the following:

SET

A SLIP SET command to define a new trap was entered.

ENABLED

A SLIP MOD command to enable a trap was entered.

DISABLED

A SLIP MOD command to disable a trap was entered.

DELETED

A SLIP DEL command to delete an existing trap was entered.

text is one of the following:

BUT GTF IS NOT ACTIVE

The SLIP command specified a SLIP trap to collect generalized trace facility (GTF) records, but GTF is not active.

BY TSO-userid

The SLIP trap was set, enabled, disabled, or deleted by a Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) user other than the user who originally set the trap. This text appears the second time the system issues message IEE727I. The second message IEE727I contains the new status of the trap and the TSO/E userid responsible for the change.

BY CONS consname

The SLIP trap was set, enabled, disabled, or deleted from a console other than the console from which the original trap was set. This text appears the second time the system issues message IEE727I. The second message IEE727I contains the new status of the trap and the name, *consname*, of the console from which the SLIP command was entered.

System action

One of the following:

- If ALREADY does not appear in the message, the system has successfully changed the status of the SLIP trap.
- If ALREADY appears in the message, the system ignores the SLIP command.
- If BUT GTF IS NOT ACTIVE appears in the message, the requested trace records might not be produced.

Operator response

If **BUT GTF IS NOT ACTIVE** appears in the message text, enter a START GTF command, specifying the SLIP option.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

4,5

IEE728I

No trap matching the criteria exists.

For DISPLAY SLIP, no trap exists.

For DISPLAY SLIP, PER there are no PER traps.

For DISPLAY SLIP, ENIPT, there is no enabled non-ignore PER trap.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

n/a

System programmer response

n/a

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE729D

SLIP ID=xxxx ALREADY EXISTS. REENTER ID KEYWORD OR 'CANCEL'

Explanation

A SLIP SET COMMAND specified a SLIP trap identifier, but another SLIP trap already has that identifier. In the message text:

ID=xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reply REPLY id, ID=xxxx to specify a new SLIP trap identifier, where xxxx is the identifier.
- Reply REPLY id, CANCEL to cancel the original SLIP command.

id is the identifier preceding the message number.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE730I

DUPLICATE XXXX SUBSYSTEM NOT INITIALIZED

Explanation

Subsystem name *xxxx*, identified in an IEFSSNxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB, is a duplicate of an existing subsystem name.

System action

The system does not build a subsystem communication vector table (SSVCT) for the duplicate subsystem name.

If the system found the duplicate name in SYS1.PARMLIB, the system ignores the initialization routine specified with the duplicate subsystem name.

Operator response

Report this message to the system programmer.

System programmer response

Determine why subsystem xxxx was named more than once.

If subsystem xxxx is not properly initialized, and is essential for system processing, correct the error and reIPL.

Obtain the JCL for the job.

If you use SMP/E to make all changes to the system, obtain a full list of the current maintenance from the SMP/E control data set (CDS).

If the problem recurs and if the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

JES2

Module

IEFJSBLD

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE731I

SLIP ID=xxxx DOES NOT EXIST, REQUEST IGNORED

Explanation

One of the following SLIP or DISPLAY commands was entered:

- SLIP DEL,ID=xxxx
- SLIP MOD,DISABLE,ID=xxxx
- SLIP MOD, ENABLE, ID=xxxx
- DISPLAY SLIP=xxxx

The command specified a SLIP trap identifier that does not exist.

In the message text:

ID=xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

System action

The system ignores the SLIP or DISPLAY command.

Operator response

Do the following:

- Enter a DISPLAY SLIP command to get a summary of existing SLIP trap identifiers.
- Enter a DISPLAY or SLIP command again, specifying a correct identifier.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE732D

SLIP FUNCTION IN USE. ENTER 'RETRY' OR 'CANCEL'

Explanation

A SLIP or DISPLAY SLIP command requested the update or display of SLIP data. However, SLIP cannot update or display the data because another SLIP command is using the data.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reply REPLY id, RETRY to attempt the command again.
- Reply REPLY id, CANCEL to cancel the original command.

id is the identifier preceding the message number.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE733I

NO SLIP TRAPS IN EFFECT

Explanation

One of the following SLIP or DISPLAY commands was entered:

- SLIP DEL,ID=xxxx
- SLIP MOD, DISABLE, ID=xxxx
- SLIP MOD, ENABLE, ID=xxxx
- DISPLAY SLIP=xxxx

SLIP processing could not delete, modify, or display the specified trap because it was never set.

System action

The system ignores the SLIP command.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

ᄃ

IEE734I

dev NOW UNLOADED [- DEVICE IS BOXED]

In response to an UNLOAD command, the system unloaded a volume from a device. In the message text:

dev

The device number of the device.

DEVICE IS BOXED

The device was boxed because of:

- A hardware I/O error
- VARY dev,OFFLINE,FORCE command processing
- VARY CH(x),OFFLINE,FORCE command processing

When a device is boxed, these events occur:

- I/O on the device ends.
- Any new I/O requests result in permanent I/O errors.
- The system does no new allocations for the device.
- If the device was online, it is marked pending offline. A pending offline device goes offline when these conditions occur, in this order:
 - 1. The system no longer allocates the device to any job.
 - 2. Allocation can get the necessary resources to process the request.

If the device was offline, it remains offline.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB813

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE735I

hh.mm.ss. SLIP DISPLAY idr text

Explanation

Where text is:

```
ID STATE ID STATE ID STATE
xxxx state xxxx state xxxx state xxxx state
ID=xxxx [,IDGROUP=opt], type, state, [DEBUG]
ACTION=opt, SET BY id-orig
[,RBLEVEL=opt]
[COMP=opt]
[JOBNAME=opt]
[JSPGM=opt]
[JSPGM=opt]
[JSPGM=opt]
[JVTMOD=opt|PVTEP=opt|LPAMOD=opt|NVCMOD=opt|NVCMOD=opt|NVCEP=opt|ADDRESS=opt]
```

```
[RANGE=opt]
[EVALUATED RANGE=opt]
[PRCNTLIM=opt,p]
[,MATCHLIM=opt,m]
[REASON=opt]
[ASID=opt]
[ERRTYP=opt]
[MODE=opt]
[SDATA=opt]
                    \begin{tabular}{l} $ [DSPNAME=opt] $ [DATA=\{u | (u,tx)\},opt] $ \\ [LIST=opt] $ \end{tabular} 
[ASIDLST=opt]
[SUMLIST=opt]
[TRDATA=opt] [ASIDSA=opt] [DSSA=opt]
[PSWASC=opt] [REMOTE=opt] [STRLIST=opt]
[TARGETID=opt] [REFBEFOR=opt] [REFAFTER=opt]
[TXIGD=opt]
[DESC=opt]
[CMD=opt]
```

A DISPLAY SLIP command requested the display of SLIP trap information. The system issues this message in response to that command. For DISPLAY SLIP, DISPLAY SLIP=xxxx (where xxxx has a wildcard character *), DISPLAY SLIP,PER and DISPLAY SLIP,ENIPT only the ID/STATE column header and values are displayed. For DISPLAY SLIP=xxxx (where xxxx has no wildcard character *), all lines except the ID/STATE column header and values may be displayed.

In the first line of the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time, in hours (00 through 23), in minutes (00 through 59), and in seconds (00 through 59). If hh.mm.ss is 00.00.00, then the TOD clock was not working when SLIP displayed the information.

idr

A 3-digit decimal identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays either:

- Written on typewriter or printer consoles
- Displayed in-line (not in a display area) on display (CRT) consoles

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

The second and third lines of the message appear when a DISPLAY SLIP command is entered without a SLIP trap identifier.

In the second and third lines of the message text:

ID

XXXX

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

STATE

state

The state of the SLIP trap: **ENABLED**, **ENAB/I**, **DISABLED**.

For DISPLAY SLIP, the possible STATE values are ENABLED and DISABLED.

For DIPLAY SLIP, PER, the STATE value will be one of:

- ENABLED The trap is ENABLED and is not ACTION=IGNORE.
- ENAB/I The trap is ENABLED and is ACTION=IGNORE.
- DISABLED The trap is DISABLED.

For DISPLAY SLIP, ENIPT the STATE will be ENABLED.

The remaining lines appear when a DISPLAY SLIP=xxxx command is entered. The type of SLIP trap and the options chosen when the trap was defined determine which fields appear, as follows:

ID = xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier entered in the DISPLAY command.

type

The type of SLIP trap:

NONPER

Not a program event recording (PER) trap.

PER-IF

PER instruction fetch trap.

PER-SA

PER storage alteration trap.

PER-SB

PER successful branch trap.

PER-SB1

PER 1 successful branch trap.

PER-SBT

PER 1 successful branch into (SBT) trap.

PER-SAS

PER storage alteration by STORA (SAS) trap.

PER-ZAD

PER zero address detection trap.

state

The state of the SLIP trap:

ENABLED(ACTIVE)

The system found the private module specified in the PVTMOD or PVTEP parameter, as by a LOAD, and has activated the enabled trap.

ENABLED(INACTIVE)

One of the following:

- The system did not find the private module specified in the PVTMOD or PVTEP parameter.
- The system deactivated the enabled trap, as by a DELETE.

ENABLED

The system enabled the trap.

DISABLED

The system disabled the trap.

ACTION=opt

The option specified in the ACTION parameter.

SET BY id-orig

id-orig identifies the originator of this SLIP trap, which is one of the following:

TSO userid

The Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) user, if the SLIP trap was defined through a TSO/E terminal.

CONS consname

The console name, if the SLIP trap was defined through a console.

opt

The option or options specified directly or by default in the SLIP command that defined this SLIP trap.

PRCNTLIM=opt,p

p is the actual percentage of system processing time used to process PER interruptions, beginning with the first PER interruption processed for this SLIP trap. If the percentage cannot be calculated, p is one of the following:

NA

The calculation is not applicable. Either the trap is disabled or PRCNTLIM=99 was specified for the trap definition.

LT

Less than 33 seconds has elapsed since SLIP processed the first PER interruption for this trap.

CK

The time-of-day clock is in error.

BC

The system contains an incorrect value for the number of in-line processors.

MATCHLIM=opt,m

m is the number of times that the conditions for this SLIP trap were met since the last time the trap was enabled.

DATA= $\{u | (u,tx)\}, opt$

u is the number of times that the SLIP processor could not access the data in a target location because the data was unavailable. This failure can occur if either the data itself or an indirect pointer to the data was paged out when SLIP processing attempted to access the data.

tx is the number of times that the DATA keyword did not match when the event occurred in transactional execution mode. The maximum value is 255. If the value is 255, there could have been more than 255 mismatches.

TXIGD=opt

opt is whether or not TXIGD has been requested on the SLIP command.

PER

The STATE will be one of the following:

ENABLED

The trap is ENABLED and is not ACTION=IGNORE.

ENAB/I

The trap is ENABLED and is ACTION=IGNORE.

DISABLED

The trap is DISABLED.

ENIPT

The STATE will be ENABLED (the trap being shown is not ACTION=IGNORE and is not DISABLED).

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Recovery termination manager (RTM)

Module

IEECB907

Routing code

#

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE736D

SLIP {ID=xxxx|COMMAND},mod IS NOT IN THE {LPA|NUCLEUS}. ENTER KEYWORD, NULL LINE OR 'CANCEL'.

Explanation

A SLIP command was entered with a parameter specifying a module. The system could not find the specified module.

In the message text:

ID=xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

COMMAND

No SLIP trap identifier was specified on the SLIP command. The word **COMMAND** is substituted.

mod

The name of the module that the system could not find.

LPA

The system should have found the module in the link pack area (LPA).

NUCLEUS

The system should have found the module in the nucleus.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reply REPLY id,keywd=mod to respecify the module name, if incorrect, or to specify the correct parameter. *keywd* is one of the following:
 - LPAEP
 - LPAMOD
 - NUCEP
 - NUCMOD
 - PVTEP
 - PVTMOD

mod is the module name.

• Reply REPLY id, EOB to tell the system to ignore the module.

id is the identifier preceding the message number.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB909

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE738D

SPECIFY text FOR SLIP {xxxxxxx|COMMAND} OR 'CANCEL' {ID = xxxx|COMMAND}

Explanation

A SLIP command was entered with an incorrect or missing parameter.

1190 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

In the message text:

text

An indication of the incorrect or missing parameter:

ADDRESS RANGE

The command incorrectly specified, or did not specify, the address range. An address range is required for the type of trap being defined. Address ranges are defined on the following parameters:

- RANGE
- LPAMOD
- LPAEP
- PVTMOD
- PVTEP
- NUCMOD
- NUCEP

RANGE KEYWORD

The command incorrectly specified, or did not specify, the RANGE parameter. This parameter is required for the type of trap being processed.

TARGETID

The command contained ACTION=TARGETID, but did not specify a target identifier.

{xxxxxxx|COMMAND}

The type of SLIP command that was specified. If **COMMAND** appears, the system could not determine the type of SLIP command.

ID=xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

COMMAND

No SLIP trap identifier was specified on the SLIP command. The word **COMMAND** is substituted.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reply REPLY id, prm to specify the missing or incorrect parameter, where *prm* is the required parameter. If the message contains TARGETID, the parameter is the target identifier of the target trap.
- Reply REPLY id, CANCEL to cancel the original SLIP command.

id is the identifier preceding the message number.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB909

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE739I

XXXXXXXX PARAMETER IGNORED FOR SLIP {ID=XXXX|COMMAND}

Explanation

A SLIP command was entered. The command specified a parameter that is not allowed with the type of action requested in the ACTION parameter.

In the message text:

XXXXXXX

The incorrect parameter specified on the SLIP command.

ID=xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

COMMAND

No SLIP trap identifier was specified on the SLIP command. The word **COMMAND** is substituted.

System action

The system processes the SLIP command, ignoring the incorrect parameter.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB909

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE740I

SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx SET BUT DISABLED DUE TO TRAP ID=yyyy

Explanation

A valid SLIP SET command requested that the system set a non-ignore program event recording (PER) trap. However, another non-ignore PER SLIP trap is already enabled. The system enables only one non-ignore PER trap at any particular time.

In the message text:

ID-xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

ID-yyyy

The SLIP trap identifier of the trap currently enabled.

System action

SLIP command processing disables the new SLIP trap before setting it.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. Enter the SLIP commands specified by the system programmer.

System programmer response

If SLIP trap ID=xxxx should be enabled, ask the operator to issue two SLIP MOD commands, as follows:

- 1. One command to disable trap ID=yyyy
- 2. A second command to enable trap ID=xxxx

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

*,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE741I

SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx NOT ENABLED DUE TO TRAP ID=yyyy

Explanation

A SLIP MOD command requested that the system enable a non-ignore program event recording (PER) trap. However, another non-ignore PER SLIP trap is already enabled. The system enables only one non-ignore PER trap at any particular time.

In the message text:

ID-xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

ID-VVV

The SLIP trap identifier of the trap currently enabled.

System action

The system ignores the SLIP MOD command.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. Enter the SLIP commands specified by the system programmer.

System programmer response

If SLIP trap ID=xxxx should be enabled, ask the operator to enter two SLIP MOD commands, as follows:

- 1. One command to disable trap ID=yyyy
- 2. A second command to enable trap ID=xxxx

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE742I

SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx ACTIVATION DELAYED DUE TO LACK OF SQA

Explanation

A SLIP command requested that the system enable a program event recording (PER) trap. The system was unable to obtain the system queue area (SQA) storage required to activate the PER trap.

In the message text:

ID-xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

System action

The system tries to activate the PER trap at half-second intervals until SQA storage is obtained, or until the trap is disabled or deleted.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. Enter the SLIP MOD command requested by the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- If PER cannot be activated for an extended period of time, ask the operator to enter a SLIP MOD command to disable or delete the trap.
- If SQA storage is available at a later time, ask the operator to enter a SLIP MOD command to enable the trap at that time.
- If shortage of SQA is a persistent problem, evaluate and possibly change the way SQA storage is used in the system.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEAVTGLB

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE743I

SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx ABENDED DURING PROCESSING. DUMP SCHEDULED AND TRAP DISABLED

Explanation

A SLIP command requested that the system enable a program event recording (PER) trap. SLIP processing encountered an error while processing the command.

In the message text:

ID-xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

System action

SLIP processing:

- · Disables the trap
- · Attempts to deactivate PER in the system
- Writes an SVC dump
- · Writes a logrec data set error record
- · Issues messages about the problem

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, report the problem to the IBM Support Center. Provide the logrec data set error record and the SVC dump.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEAVTGLB

Routing code

*,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE744I

SLIP COMMAND REJECTED. *Text*

Explanation

The SLIP command was entered with an incorrect parameter.

In the message text:

Text

The reason that the command was rejected:

RANGE IS BEYOND THE DATASPACE BOUND.

The SLIP SET command failed because the range in the RANGE parameter for the dataspace is beyond the 2GB bound, which is not permitted. For example, you enter RANGE=(1_00000000,1_0000000A), DSSA=(...), but SLIP only accepts dataspace addresses up to 7FFFFFFF.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the SLIP command. Ask the operator to enter the correct command.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB909

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE745I

THE facility FACILITY IS NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

The named facility is not available.

In the message text:

facility

ZAD, which indicates that the zero-address-detection facility, as requested by the SLIP SET, ZAD command, is not installed on the machine.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Avoid using a facility not installed on the machine.

Source

SLIP

1196 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Module

IEECB909

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE748E

SLIP COMMUNICATION RTN FAILED

Explanation

SLIP processing attempted to issue a message, but could not issue it.

System action

The system:

- · Ends SLIP processing
- · Holds all messages issued by SLIP processing until SLIP message processing is restarted
- Writes an SVC dump
- · Writes a logrec data set error record

Operator response

To correct the problem, enter any valid SLIP SET or SLIP MOD command. You can also use a SLIP MOD command that enables or disables a non-existent trap to restart SLIP message processing. If it cannot be restarted, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, report the problem to the IBM Support Center. Provide the SVC dump and the logrec data set error record.

Source

Recovery termination manager (RTM)

Module

IEECB906

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

3

IEE754I

NOT ALL {DEVICES | PATHS} BROUGHT ONLINE WITH CHP(xx)

In response to a reconfiguration request, the system has brought a channel path online. However, not all the devices or paths attached to this channel path were brought online.

In the message text:

DEVICES

Not all the devices were brought online.

PATHS

Not all the paths were brought online.

CHP(xx)

The channel path brought online in response to the request.

System action

The system continues processing normally. The system brings the channel path online, but not all attached devices are online.

Operator response

Use the DISPLAY MATRIX command for CHP(xx) to determine which paths are not online. Enter a VARY U/I path command to bring that I/O path and device online.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE755I

CONFIG COMMAND SMF RECORD ERROR

Explanation

The system was processing a reconfiguration request to obtain information for system management facility (SMF) records about central processors, channel paths, and devices brought online or taken offline. The system encountered an error. The system issues this message to inform the operator that the SMF data is in error for this configuration change.

System action

The system performs the requested reconfiguration. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Tell the system programmer the time and place of the error in SMF data.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCHPR

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE756I

text COMMAND CANCELED BY OPERATOR

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- VARY
- CHP(xx) NOT RECONFIGURED, FUNCTION
- D SLIP
- SLIP

One of the following commands was entered:

- VARY
- CONFIG
- DISPLAY SLIP
- SLIP

The operator canceled the command by replying CANCEL or NO to a message.

In the message text:

VARY

The operator replied NO in response to message IEE800D.

CHP(xx) NOT RECONFIGURED, FUNCTION

The operator replied CANCEL to either:

- Message IEE131D for a CONFIG CHP FORCE request
- Message IEE717D when I/O could not be quiesced for a CONFIG CHP OFFLINE request

D SLIP

The operator replied CANCEL in response to message IEE732D.

SLIP

The operator replied CANCEL in response to message IEE726D, IEE729D, IEE732D, or IEE736D.

System action

The system does the following, depending on the message text:

VARY

The system does not process the VARY FORCE command.

CHP(xx) NOT RECONFIGURED, FUNCTION

The system does not reconfigure channel path xx. The same CONFIG command continues processing other channel paths, if any. The system continues processing.

D SLIP COMMAND

SLIP

The system does not process the SLIP or DISPLAY SLIP command.

Source

Master scheduler, IOS

Module

IEEVCHPR, IEECB909, CNZK1V33, CNZK1V51, IEEVVCU

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE759I

CHP xx NOT BROUGHT ONLINE - OFFLINE FOR: reason

Explanation

The specified CHPID could not be configured online because it was configured offline by a system service and not by the operator.

In the message text:

XX

The channel path specified on the request.

reason

One of the following:

- SWITCH INITIATED RECONFIGURATION FOR CHANNEL PORT
- HMC REPAIR AND VERIFY

System action

One of the following:

- If a CONFIG CHP(xx),ONLINE command was entered specifying one channel path, the system ends processing for the channel path.
- If a CONFIG CHP(xx),ONLINE command specified a range of channels, the system continues processing for the next requested channel path.

Operator response

Determine which service has configured the channel path offline using the D M=CHP command and wait for that service to configure the channel path online. If the service is not going to configure the channel path back online, use the FORCE keyword on the CONFIG CHP ONLINE command to configure the channel path online.

Source

Reconfiguration

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE763I

NAME=mod_name CODE=msg_code

Explanation

This message appears as a placeholder for each group of related messages within certain multi-linewrite to operator (MLWTO) messages that describe a problem condition. Message IEE763I denotes the start of eachgroup, and message IEE764I denotes the end of the entire multi-line write to operator message. For example:

```
original message
IEE763I...
msg
msg
IEE763I...
msg
msg
msg
msg
msg
msg
sg
sg
IEE763I...
msg
sg
sg
sg
sg
IEE763I...
msg
...
msg
```

In the message text:

mod name

The name of the module that generated the messages.

msg code

A diagnostic aid indicating the condition that caused the message to be generated.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEEMB914

Routing code

Note 21

Descriptor code

IEE764I

END OF msg_id RELATED MESSAGES

The system issues this message after issuing all messages that are part of certain multi-line write to operator (MLWTO) messages. See the explanation of message IEE763I for an example.

In the message text:

msg_id

The identifier for the header message that the system issues as part of a containing WTO message.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEEMB914

Routing code

Note 21

Descriptor code

IEE765E

PERMANENT SYSTEM LOG TASK FAILURE - REIPL TO ACTIVATE SYSTEM LOG OR ISSUE V OPERLOG, HARDCPY COMMAND

Explanation

The system log task (SYSLOG) has failed and cannot be restarted.

System action

When SYSLOG failed, the system either switched hardcopy to an alternate hardcopy device or suspended hardcopy. The system continues to run without a SYSLOG.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

If hardcopy was suspended, vary a printer device online and make it the hardcopy device. To re-activate SYSLOG processing, re-IPL the system.

Source

Master Scheduler

Module

IEEMB860

Routing code

2.10

Descriptor code

2

IEE766E

BUFFER SHORTAGE FOR SYSTEM LOG - 60% FULL

Explanation

The system found that the system log task (SYSLOG) may be active and that 60% of its buffers are full.

System action

Write-to-log (WTL) processing continues to allocate WTL queue elements when needed.

Operator response

Increase the number of WTL buffers available to the system by entering the CONTROL M,LOGLIM=xxxxxx command.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization, increase the value of LOGLIM in the CONSOLxx member of parmlib. This will allow for a higher number of outstanding WTL buffers.

If your system is a JES3 system, you will need a higher default for the LOGLIM parameter. See the <u>z/OS MVS</u> Initialization and Tuning Reference for more information.

Source

Master Scheduler

Module

IEEMB804

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

11

IEE767A

SEVERE BUFFER SHORTAGE FOR SYSTEM LOG - 100% FULL

Explanation

The system found that the system log task (SYSLOG) may be active and that 100% of its buffers are full.

System action

Write-to-log (WTL) processing ceases to allocate WTL queue elements. Subsequent WTL requests result in a return code of 4 to the user.

Operator response

Increase the number of WTL buffers available to the system by entering the CONTROL M,LOGLIM=xxxxxx command.

System programmer response

Before the next system initialization, increase the value of LOGLIM in the CONSOLxx member of parmlib. This will allow for a higher number of outstanding WTL buffers.

If your system is a JES3 system, you will need a higher default for the LOGLIM parameter. See the <u>z/OS MVS</u> Initialization and Tuning Reference for more information.

Source

Master Scheduler

Module

IEEMB804

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

2

IEE768I

BUFFER SHORTAGE FOR SYSTEM LOG - RELIEVED

Explanation

The shortage of buffers for write-to-log (WTL) requests has been relieved.

System action

The system deletes message IEE766E and, if outstanding, message IEE767A.

Operator response

None.

Source

Master Scheduler

Module

IEAVC702, IEEMB803

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE769E

During system log initialization, one of the following occurred:

- A recursive abend occurred in system log processing.
- An abend occurred while system log recovery was processing.

System action

The system:

- · Sets the system log inactive
- Performs clean-up
- Places log processing in a wait state
- · Issues messages about the problem

Operator response

If the system log is required for the IPL, try to reactivate it by entering a WRITELOG START command. Then, use the VARY {OPERLOG|SYSLOG}, HARDCPY command to restart the hardcopy log. Either the OPERLOG or SYSLOG can be used as the hardcopy log.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB803

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE772I

CPU(x) UNAVAILABLE FOR AFFINITY SCHEDULING

Explanation

In response to a reconfiguration request, the system tried to reconfigure a CPU offline and found programs with affinity to the target CPU. The operator requested that the CPU be marked unavailable for starting any new steps with affinity to the CPU.

In the message text:

CPU(x)

The CPU identifier.

System action

The system completes any programs currently running with or without affinity to the CPU. The system does not initiate jobs whose first job steps request affinity to the CPU until the CPU is marked available. The system fails any job whose job step, other than the first job step, requests affinity to the CPU.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter CONFIG CPU(x),OFFLINE to reconfigure the CPU offline.
- Enter CONFIG CPU(x), ONLINE to make the CPU available for affinity scheduling.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCPLF

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE775E

STORAGE UNAVAILABLE FOR SYSTEM LOG BUFFER - LOG CLOSE IN PROCESS

Explanation

The system attempted to obtain storage in the common storage area (CSA) for the system log (SYSLOG) buffer. The attempt failed, possibly because of a loop in a program issuing the WTL macro.

System action

The system closes the system log to free log buffers. The system continues processing. The system issues messages IEE043I and IEE037D.

Operator response

Do the following:

- Enter VARY HARDCPY,OFFLINE, if the SYSLOG was the hardcopy device, to stop the hardcopy output directed to the console with master authority.
- Enter WRITELOG START to activate the SYSLOG after the system issues message IEE037D.
- Enter VARY HARDCPY to assign hardcopy to the SYSLOG.
- Cancel the job, if the system repeatedly issues message IEE147I with the same text and a problem program is issuing the WTL. Contact the application programmer for the problem program.

Programmer response

Check the job log for diagnostic information that may help you determine whether there is a loop in a routine that issues the WTL macro.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB803

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE776I

cmd HAS EXCEEDED THE REQUEST LIMIT OF limit

Explanation

A command was issued that has exceeded the allowable limit.

In the message text:

cmd

The command issued

limit

The maximum value which the command supports

The cmd/limit pairs supported by this message are:

cmd	limit	Explanation
D M=DEV	4096	A D M=DEV command was issued that specified more than 4096 devices.
VARY PATH	4096	A VARY PATH command was issued that specified more than 4096 devices.

System action

The system rejects the command

Operator response

Reissue the command specifying a range that will not exceed the allowable maximum limit value.

Source

Reconfiguration, Input/Output Supervisor

IEEVSCAN

IEEVPTH

IEE777I

cm INVALID FROM SUBSYSTEM CONSOLE

Explanation

A command was entered from a subsystem console, but the subsystem console cannot support this command.

In the message text:

сm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

To obtain the command's function, enter the equivalent subsystem command on the subsystem console or enter the needed command on the console with master authority.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE40110I, IEE5503D, IEE6703D, EE7103D, IEE7503D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE778I

VARY PATH REJECTED, CHPID XX DEFINED AS MANAGED

Explanation

A VARY PATH command specified a CHPID which is defined as managed.

In the message text:

XX

The channel path ID which was found configured as managed by VARY PATH processing.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

A managed channel cannot have its device paths varied. If the rejected CHPID was not the one you intended, reenter the command with the desired CHPID. If the CHPID was entered as part of a range of CHPIDs, reenter the command as a series of ranges, omitting the rejected CHPID. If the CHPID is correct, then you will need to use the VARY SWITCH command to VARY the CHPID. To determine the SWITCH PORT where this CHPID is configured, use the D M=DEV(yyyy) command, specifying the device entered with the rejected CHPID to display the DEST LINK ADDRESS, pp. Then use the D M=CHP(xx) to display the SWITCH DEVICE NUMBER, ssss, of the switch device attached to the CHPID. Now by issuing the VARY SWITCH(ssss,pp), DCM=ONLINE|OFFLINE you can change the path to the desired status.

Source

Input/Output Supervisor (IOS)

Module

IEEVPTH

IEE779I

cm xxx-yyy RANGE INVALID

Explanation

A command specified a range of device numbers or routing codes incorrectly.

1208 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

XXX

The first number in the range.

ууу

The second number in the range.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again with a valid range.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB813, IEECB815, CNZK1V32, CNZK1V55, ILROPS00

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE781I

PAGEADD COMMAND-UNABLE TO PROCESS DUE TO ERROR AT IPL

Explanation

During system initialization, the system could not build lists of active page and swap data sets. Without the lists, the system cannot determine for a PAGEADD command if the data set names in the command stream are unique.

System action

The system issues message ILR004I or ILR021I. The system ends PAGEADD command processing for the remainder of the current IPL.

Operator response

Do not issue the PAGEADD command during this IPL.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGEXP

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE782I

PAGEADD COMMAND- dsname {PAGE|SWAP} DATA SET text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- · ALREADY IN USE BY SYSTEM
- NOT CATALOGED
- INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO PROCESS THIS DATA SET
- VOLUME NOT MOUNTED-DATA SET WILL NOT BE PROCESSED
- HAS AN INVALID DEVICE TYPE
- I/O ERROR DETECTED DATA SET UNUSEABLE
- NOT ALLOCATED ERROR CODE xxxx INFORMATION CODE yyyy
- ALREADY IN USE BY PAGEDEL REPLACE COMMAND
- SWAP DATA SETS NO LONGER SUPPORTED
- COULD NOT BE SERIALIZED

The system is unable to process the PAGEADD command as requested.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the data set.

Explanation

The PAGEADD command requested that the data set be added to the system page/swap data sets. However, the system is already using the data set as a page/swap data set.

Explanation

Processing for the PAGEADD command could not add the data set to the system because

- The data set was not cataloged in the master catalog.
- The cataloged data set does not have the expected and necessary attributes of a page or swap data set.

Explanation

While attempting to add the page/swap data set, the PAGEADD command could not obtain enough system queue area (SQA) to build the control blocks needed for the data set.

Explanation

Processing for the PAGEADD command could not open the page/swap data set because the volume containing the data set was not mounted.

Explanation

During PAGEADD processing, the system determined that the data set resides on a device type not supported for page/swap data sets.

Explanation

Processing for the PAGEADD command could not add the data set to the system because of an I/O error on the cached auxiliary storage subsystem.

Explanation

Processing for the PAGEADD command could not add the data set to the system due to an allocation error.

XXXX

The error code.

уууу

The information code

Explanation

The PAGEADD command requested that the data set be added; however it is already in use as the replacement data set in a PAGEDEL REPLACE command.

Explanation

The PAGEADD command requested that a swap data set be added; however, swap data sets are no longer supported.

Explanation

The system was unable to obtain an ENQ of SYSZILRD dsname.volser for page data sets during a PAGEADD command. The page data set may be in use by another system.

System action

The system continues processing the PAGEADD command.

System action

The system continues processing the PAGEADD command.

System action

The system continues processing the PAGEADD command.

System action

The system continues processing the PAGEADD command.

System action

The system continues processing the PAGEADD command.

System action

The system continues processing the PAGEADD command.

System action

The system continues processing the PAGEADD command.

System action

The system continues processing the PAGEADD command.

System action

The data set is not processed.

System action

The data set is not processed.

Operator response

If the data set name was entered incorrectly, reenter the command specifying the correct data set name.

NOT CATALOGED

Operator response

To add the data set as a page or swap data set, do one of the following:

- For an uncataloged data set, run the AMS DEFINE utility to create a page/swap data set. Catalog that new data set in the master catalog. Then reenter the PAGEADD command.
- For a data set with incorrect attributes, use the AMS utility to delete the data set, and then to recreate it with
 the correct attributes for a page or swap data set. Catalog the new data set in the master catalog. Then reenter
 the PAGEADD command.

INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO PROCESS THIS DATA SET

Operator response

Reenter the PAGEADD command. If the problem persists, increase the size of the SQA at the next IPL.

VOLUME NOT MOUNTED - DATA SET WILL NOT BE PROCESSED

Operator response

Mount the requested volume. Reenter the command.

HAS AN INVALID DEVICE TYPE

Operator response

Inform the system programmer that a problem occurred in the ASM control blocks or code.

Operator response

Inform the system programmer that a problem occurred when you tried to use the cached auxiliary storage subsystem. Also, ensure that the following are true for the control unit involved:

- The control unit was assigned a unique subsystem storage director identification; and
- The control unit does not have the same identification as any other subsystem storage director that is used for paging or swapping.

NOT ALLOCATED - ERROR CODE xxxx INFORMATION CODE yyyy

Operator response

Inform the system programmer that a problem occurred during data set allocation, and pass along the error and information codes.

Operator response

If the data set name was entered incorrectly, Reenter the command specifying the correct data set name. SWAP DATA SETS NO LONGER SUPPORTED

Operator response

None.

COULD NOT BE SERIALIZED

System programmer response

This situation indicates a problem in ASM control blocks or code. Verify that the catalog entries for the page and swap data sets have not been altered erroneously. If they have not been altered erroneously, try to recatalog them.

I/O ERROR DETECTED - DATA SET UNUSABLE

System programmer response

Look up the SVC 99 error and information codes in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*. ALREADY IN USE BY PAGEDEL REPLACE COMMAND

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGEXP

IEE783I

PAGEADD COMMAND- dsname {PAGE|SWAP} DATA SET NOW AVAILABLE FOR SYSTEM USE

Explanation

The PAGEADD command processing for the page/swap data set completed.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the data set.

System action

System processing continues.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGEXP

Routing code

*

5

IEE784I

PAGEADD COMMAND- dsname {PAGE|SWAP} DATA SET LENGTH OF DATA SET NAME GREATER THAN 44 OR NULL

Explanation

In the PAGEADD command, the length of the page/swap data set name is zero or greater than 44 characters.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the data set.

System action

The system continues processing the PAGEADD command.

Operator response

Reenter the PAGEADD command, specifying the correct data set name. Multiple names should be separated by single commas.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGEXP

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE785I

PAGEADD COMMAND- MAXIMUM NUMBER OF {PAGE|SWAP} DATA SETS FOR THIS IPL IN USE REMAINDER OF COMMAND WILL NOT BE PROCESSED

Explanation

In the PAGEADD command, the maximum number of page/swap data sets that can be added during one IPL have been added. The number is determined by the PAGTOTL system parameter, which was specified at IPL.

If this message occurred for page data sets, it may still be possible to add swap data sets. If this message occurred for swap data sets, it may still be possible to add page data sets.

System action

The system ends processing of the PAGEADD command.

System programmer response

If more page/swap space is needed, it may be acquired at the next IPL by either of the following:

- Specify more page/swap data sets on the PAGE and SWAP system parameters.
- Increase the number of page/swap data sets that can be used by the system on the PAGTOTL system parameter.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGEXP

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE786I

PAGEADD COMMAND- {READ|WRITE|GETMAIN} ERROR FOR QUICK/WARM START DATA CONTINUE PAGEADD OR KEEP QUICK/WARM START CAPABILITY

Explanation

The PAGEADD command encountered an error while attempting to read, write, or obtain storage for quick/warm start data. The status of the quick/warm start data is unknown at this time, but it may still be possible to quick/warm start.

In the message text:

READ

GETMAIN

It may be possible to reenter the command with no errors.

WRITE

The quick/warm start data is probably unusable. If a quick/warm start is attempted in spite of a WRITE error, do not attempt to use the PAGEADD command again for a page data set, because the system will make no further attempts to update the quick/warm start data.

System action

The system issues message IEE787A.

Operator response

See the operator response for message IEE787A.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGEXP

Routing code

*

5

IEE787A

PAGEADD COMMAND-REPLY U OR END

Explanation

This message follows message IEE786I.

System action

The PAGEADD continues after REPLY id,U, and ends after REPLY id,END.

Operator response

Enter REPLY id,U to continue, or REPLY id,END to end the PAGEADD command.

- To keep quick/warm start capability:
 - 1. For READ or GETMAIN in message IEE786I, enter REPLY id,END, and enter the command again. If the command still fails, do not enter REPLY xx,U.
 - 2. For WRITE in IEE786I, enter REPLY id, END. Do not enter the PAGEADD command again.
- To continue PAGEADD processing, enter REPLY id,U. This reply will destroy all quick/warm start capability.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGEXP

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

2,5

IEE788A

PAGEADD COMMAND-INVALID REPLY-REPLY U OR END

Explanation

The reply entered in response to message IEE787A was incorrect. The only acceptable replies are U and END.

System action

The PAGEADD continues after REPLY id,U, and fails after REPLY id,END.

Operator response

Enter REPLY id,U to continue, or REPLY id,END to fail the PAGEADD command.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGEXP

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

2.5

IEE789I

PAGEADD COMMAND- {READ|WRITE} ERROR FOR QUICK/WARM START DATA QUICK/WARM STARTS FROM THIS IPL WILL HAVE UNPREDICTABLE RESULTS

Explanation

An error occurred while the auxiliary storage manager (ASM) was accessing page data set information needed for a quick/warm start.

In the message text:

READ

The error may have been temporary. It may still be possible to quick/warm start, and the PAGEADD command may be reentered without further destroying quick/warm start capability.

WRITE

The status of the data set is unknown. It may still be possible to quick/warm start. However, further use of the PAGEADD command for page data sets will definitely destroy quick/warm start capability.

System action

The PAGEADD command abnormally ends.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer before issuing any more PAGEADD commands.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the abnormal condition, whether the PAGEADD command should be allowed this IPL, and whether a guick or warm start should be attempted next IPL.

Source

Auxiliary storage manager (ASM)

Module

ILRPGEXP

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE791I

Explanation

reason is one of the following:

- ASSIGNED TO ANOTHER SYSTEM
- ASSIGN CONFLICTS WITH CURRENT DEVICE STATUS
- ASSIGN FAILED, RC =rc
- DYNAMIC PATHING NOT OPERATIONAL ON DEVICE

A VARY ONLINE command requested dynamic pathing for a device. The command failed.

In the message text:

dev

The device number for which the VARY command requested dynamic pathing.

ASSIGNED TO ANOTHER SYSTEM

VARY ONLINE was entered, but the device is assigned to another system. This system cannot have exclusive access to the device. If the device is shared by another system, it is possible for this system to get shared access.

ASSIGN CONFLICTS WITH CURRENT DEVICE STATUS

Either:

- 1. A VARY ONLINE command specified a device that is already assigned to this system. The requested assign status conflicts with the current device status. A single-system assign request cannot be honored if the device is already assigned with shared status.
- 2. A VARY ONLINE, SHR command specified a device that is autoswitched. The command is rejected because SHR is incompatible with automatic tape switching.

ASSIGN FAILED, RC =rc

A VARY ONLINE command failed. rc is one of the following:

16

A time out occurred while the system was performing I/O to assign the device.

20

A permanent I/O error occurred while the system was performing I/O to assign the device, or the device is currently forced offline (boxed).

28

A SENSE operation failed while the system was performing I/O to assign the device.

DYNAMIC PATHING NOT OPERATIONAL ON DEVICE

A VARY ONLINE command attempted to establish dynamic pathing for a device. The path group was not established.

System action

The system ends VARY ONLINE processing for the specified device. The system does not change the device status.

Operator response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

ASSIGNED TO ANOTHER SYSTEM

If a single-system request was made, choose another device to vary online. If the device is required, vary the device offline to the other system, then vary it online to this system. If a shared request was made, but some other system has the device exclusively, choose another device to vary online with the SHR option. If the device is required, vary the device offline, or online shared, to the other system, then vary it online with SHR to this system.

Note: The VARY command must be entered from a console attached to the system it is meant to affect.

ASSIGN CONFLICTS WITH CURRENT DEVICE STATUS

Either:

- 1. A VARY ONLINE command specified a device that is already assigned to this system. The requested assign status conflicts with the current device status. A single-system assign request cannot be honored if the device is already assigned with shared status.
 - VARY the device offline, then back online.
- 2. A VARY ONLINE, SHR command specified a device that is autoswitched. The command is rejected because SHR is incompatible with automatic tape switching.
 - VARY the device to be not autoswitchable, then issue the VARY ONLINE, SHR command.

ASSIGN FAILED, RC=rc

Enter the VARY command for the device again. If the command fails again, the device or control unit could be malfunctioning, which would prevent the device-end or control unit end from being received. Contact hardware support.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. If dynamic pathing is not operational on the device and if the logrec data set contains hardware error records for the device, contact hardware support.
- 2. If the logrec data set OBR-DPA record contains incorrect path group ID information, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Consoles or MVS Device Allocation

Module

CNZK1V38, CNZK1V39, IEFHBONL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

ㄷ

IEE792I

text INVALID REPLY

Explanation

The operator entered an incorrect reply for a system message. The system issues message IEE792I to display the incorrect reply.

In the message text:

text

The incorrect reply to the system message.

System action

The system reissues the original message requesting a reply. The system continues processing.

Operator response

Enter a valid reply to the original message.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1MIG, CNZK1V33

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE793I

{dev|nnnnnnnn}[PENDING] OFFLINE AND BOXED

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

1. The operator entered the VARY dev,OFFLINE,FORCE command.

If the device with device number *dev* was online, it is now marked pending offline. It will go offline when two conditions are met, in this order:

- a. The device is no longer allocated to any job.
- b. Allocation can get the necessary resources to process the request.

If device dev was offline, it remains offline.

2. The operator forced the device offline and boxed the device. The operator then tried to vary the device back online. The VARY command is rejected for that device.

In either case, the device has been boxed, which means:

- I/O for the device has been ended.
- Any new I/O request for the device will result in a permanent I/O error.
- · No new allocations are done for the device.

In the message text:

dev

A VARY dev,OFFLINE,FORCE was entered to force offline the device with device number dev.

nnnnnnn

A VARY nnnnnnn,OFFLINE,FORCE command was entered to force offline a console named nnnnnnnn.

PENDING

Device number *dev* or a console named *nnnnnnn* was online. The system marked the device or console pending offline. The device or console will go offline when two conditions are met, in this order:

- 1. The device is no longer allocated to any job.
- 2. Allocation can get the necessary resources to process the request.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- For case number 1: No action is required. However, if the device is pending offline and not allocated, use the D GRS,C=(SYSIEFSD,VARYDEV*) command to ensure no contention exists for SYSIEFSD.VARYDEV* resources. If all of the above conditions are met and no contention exists, notify the system programmer.
- For case number 2: To bring the device back online, enter a VARY dev,ONLINE,UNCOND command.

System programmer response

Use the D GRS,RES=(SYSIEFSD,VARYDEV*) command to determine if the SYSIEFSD.VARYDEV resource is being used elsewhere. If it is, monitor the resource to ensure processes using it are releasing it as expected. If the resource is held by a process that is hanging, attempt to cancel the job. If cancel is not possible, contact IBM.

Source

Consoles or MVS Device Allocation

Module

CNZK1V38, CNZK1V42, CNZK147, CNZK148, CNZK149, IEFHBONL

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE795I

SYSTEM LOG - DATA LOSS, TEMPORARILY INACTIVE, IN RECOVERY

Explanation

While writing to the system log, the system detected an internal error in the log buffer.

System action

The system continues processing. The system cannot log commands temporarily. Message responses to the system log commands will be conflicting. The system writes a dump, but the dump may be incomplete.

If the system successfully recovers from the error, the system issues message IEE041I.

If the system does not recover from the error, the system issues message IEE037D.

Operator response

Enter system log commands after the system issues message IEE041I or IEE037D.

- If the system issues message IEE041I, the log is active and no response is needed.
- If the system issues message IEE037D, the log function is not active. Reactivate the log with the WRITELOG START command. If the log was a hardcopy log, enter a VARY command to make the log hardcopy.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEMB803

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

IEE797I

DMN nnn NOT DEFINED IN DOMAIN TABLE

Explanation

The requested domain does not have an entry in the domain descriptor table under which the system is currently running.

In the message text:

nnn

The requested domain.

System action

The system does not process the command that requested the domain.

Operator response

Reenter the command, specifying a valid domain.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE8603D

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE798I

MIN VALUE EXCEEDS MAX VALUE IN DOMAIN TABLE

Explanation

In a SETDMN command entered to change the minimum or maximum multiprogramming level value for a domain, the operator specified a minimum value greater than the maximum value.

System action

The system does not process the command. The domain table remains unchanged.

Operator response

Reenter the command, specifying correct minimum and maximum values.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE8603D

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE799D

VARY CONSOLE DELAYED - REPLY RETRY OR CANCEL

Explanation

A VARY CONSOLE command requested that a console be placed online or offline. The system could not process the command due to other processing in the system such as:

- Another VARY CONSOLE command
- · Device allocation in progress

System action

The system suspends processing of the VARY CONSOLE command until the operator enters a reply to this message.

After the system receives a reply, the system does the following, depending on the reply:

- For **REPLY** *id*,**RETRY**, the system tries to process the VARY command 5 more times at 5 second intervals. If the system cannot process the command after these 5 tries, the system issues message IEE799D again.
- For REPLY id,CANCEL, the system rejects the VARY CONSOLE command. The system issues message IEE756I.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter REPLY id, RETRY to have the system try the VARY command 5 more times at 5 second intervals.
- Enter REPLY id, CANCEL to cancel the VARY command.

If the command continues to fail, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V51

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE800D

CONFIRM VARY FORCE FOR {nnnnnnnn|cunumber|dev[,(dev,...)]} - REPLY NO OR YES

Explanation

A VARY OFFLINE, FORCE command requested that a device, a console, all devices attached to a control unit, or a specific path of all devices attached to a control unit be forced offline. The system issues this message in response. This message asks the operator to confirm the FORCE request.

In the message text:

nnnnnnn

A VARY nnnnnnn,OFFLINE,FORCE command requested that a console be forced offline. *nnnnnnn* is the console name.

cunumber

A VARY CU(cunumber[,chpid],OFFLINE,FORCE command requested that devices to a control unit or a specific path of all devices attached to a control unit be forced offline.

dev

A VARY dev,OFFLINE,FORCE command requested that a device be forced offline. dev is the device number.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reply **REPLY** *id*,**NO** to cancel the VARY OFFLINE,FORCE command.
- Reply REPLY id, YES to allow VARY OFFLINE, FORCE command processing to continue.

If you reply something other than NO or YES, the system issues messages:

- · IEE792I to identify the incorrect reply
- IEE800D

Source

Master scheduler, IOS

Module

CNZK1V33, IEEVVCU

Routing code

*

5	
IEE801A	Please enter a Console Name.
Explanation	
This message prompts	the operator to specify a console name to be used to establish an SMCS console session.
System action	
SMCS waits for input fro	om the operator.
Operator response	
Provide a console name	e and press the enter key.
Source	
DIDOCS	
Module	
IEECVSLR	
IEE802A	The Console Name is already active. Please respecify or log off.
Explanation	
The console name spec sysplex.	rified on the SMCS Console Selection Screen is currently active on this system or in the
System action	
SMCS will wait for the o	perator to provide a valid console name.
Operator response	
Select a different consc	le name or log off.
Source	
DIDOCS	
Module	
IEECVSLR	
Routing code	
Note 34	

IEE803A

The Console Name has not been defined as an SMCS console in this sysplex. Please respecify or log off.

Explanation

The console name specified on the SMCS Console Selection Screen has not been defined in the CONSOLxx member of Parmlib as a SMCS console.

System action

SMCS will wait for the operator to provide a valid console name.

Operator response

Select a different console name or log off.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSLR

Routing code

Note 34

Descriptor code

_

IEE804A

This Console Name can not be used. It is reserved for a particular LU. Please respecify or log off.

Explanation

The console name provided by the operator can not be used. The name has been specified as a SMCS console but has been defined to be used only by a certain Logical Unit (LU).

System action

SMCS will wait for the operator to provide a valid console name.

Operator response

Select a different console name or log off.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSLR

Routing code

Note 34

-

IEE805A

The above Console Name must be used with this LU. Press enter to accept or log off.

Explanation

While the SMCS Console Selection Screen was displayed, another operator issued the VARY CN(),LU=command to define this device's LU to a console name. Therefore, this LU must only use that console name.

System action

SMCS replaces the name entered by the user with the console name that must be used for this LU.

Operator response

Press enter to accept the use of this console name of log off.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSLR

Routing code

Note 34

Descriptor code

_

IEE806A

COMMANDS EXCEED LIMIT IN COMMAND CLASS cc

Explanation

The number of commands of class *cc*, has exceeded the system limit of 50 commands executing at one time. The excess commands are held in the "waiting for execution" status and will be executed as current commands are finished.

In the message text:

CC

is the class where:

- Class M1 commands run in the *MASTER* address space and may be essential to clearing the backlog of other commands.
- Class M2 commands are ordinary attached commands which run in the *MASTER* address space.
- Class M3 is only for SEND commands executed in the *MASTER* address space.
- Class C1 commands run in the CONSOLE address space and may be essential to clearing a backlog of other commands.
- Class C2 commands are ordinary attached commands which run in the CONSOLE address space.
- Class C3 is only for ROUTE commands executed in the CONSOLE address space.

System action

The warning message IEE822E has already been issued, and the system deletes it now. Processing continues. Additional commands are held in "waiting for execution" status, and will be executed as current commands finish.

The system will delete this message when the number of executing commands goes below 60% of the limit.

Operator response

Enter the CMDS DISPLAY command, and attempt to diagnose the reason for the excessive number of commands.

Use the CMDS SHOW and CMDS REMOVE commands to delete unwanted commands before execution.

If necessary, cancel the job which is issuing the excessive number of commands.

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Diagnose the reasons for the excessive number of commands. Possibilities include:

- A job or automation program got into a loop issuing commands.
- The commands which are executing have become hung, due to a resource deadlock or a required action.
- The commands are legitimate; for example, a program has issued VARY commands for a large number of devices.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEVWAIT

Routing code

1,2,10

Descriptor code

2

IEE807A

Maximum number of consoles is active on this system. Please log off and select a different system.

Explanation

This system has reached the maximum number of active consoles.

System action

This SMCS console will not become active.

Operator response

Log off and specify a different SMCS application id for a system that has not already reached the maximum number of active consoles. If a VTAM Generic Resource name is used, you might have to specify a specific SMCS application id.

System programmer response
None.
Source DIDOCS
Module IEECVSLR
Routing code Note 34
Descriptor code
IEE808A Error during activation processing. Please retry or log off.
Explanation
The system could not process your request because of an internal error.
System action
The logon request is rejected.
Operator response Retry the action. If the failure continues, notify the system programmer.
System programmer response
Search problem reporting databases for a fix for this problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.
Source
DIDOCS
Module IEECVSLR
Routing code
Note 34
Descriptor code
-
IEE816I CHNGDUMP {SET DEL} SYSFAIL REQUEST UNSUCCESSFUL. ISSUE DISPLAY DUMP,OPTIONS COMMAND

Explanation

This message indicates that the CHNGDUMP {SET|DEL}, SDUMP, SYSFAIL, STL=.. command did not complete successfully.

System action

The system did not complete the requested operations.

Operator response

Issue DISPLAY DUMP,OPTIONS command to determine what requested operations were completed and reissue the command for the operations that did not complete.

Source

SVC dump

Module

IEEMB815

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE819E

SMCS IS WAITING FOR APPLID XXXXXXXX TO BE ACTIVATED BY VTAM

Explanation

SMCS tried to define itself to VTAM but was unable to because the APPLID (specified in the CONSOLxx member of Parmlib) was not activated by VTAM.

System action

SMCS waits for the APPLID to be activated by VTAM. Once it is, SMCS will continue initialization.

Operator response

Activate the APPLID through the VARY NET,ACT,ID=*xxxxxxxxx* command. If the APPLID has not been defined to VTAM, notify your system programmer.

System programmer response

Define the SMCS APPLID to VTAM and have the operator activate it through the VARY NET,ACT,ID=xxxxxxxx command.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSMA

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

11

IEE820E

SMCS GENERIC VALUE HAS BEEN CHANGED - SMCS MUST BE RECYCLED ON SOME SYSTEMS

Explanation

An operator has changed the SMCS GENERIC using the *K M,GENERIC* = command. For the new GENERIC to take effect, SMCS must be recycled on every system in the sysplex (using the *VARY NET,INACT,ID=smcsapplid* then *VARY NET,ACT,ID=smcsapplid* commands.) There are systems in the sysplex that have not been recycled yet, and are still using the previous SMCS GENERIC.

System action

SMCS continues to use the previous GENERIC on every system that has not yet been recycled.

Operator response

SMCS should be recycled on every system that is not using the current GENERIC value. The DISPLAY CONSOLES, SMCS command may be issued to determine which systems need to be recycled.

Source

Communications Task

Module

IEAVC702

Routing code

*,2,10

Descriptor code

3

IEE821E

SMCS APPLID VALUE HAS BEEN CHANGED ON sysname - SMCS MUST BE RECYCLED

Explanation

An operator has changed the SMCS APPLID on a system in the sysplex using the K M, APPLID= command. For the new APPLID to take effect, SMCS must be recycled on that system (using the VARY NET, INACT, ID=smcsapplid and the VARY NET, ACT, ID=smcsapplid commands).

System action

SMCS continues to use the previous APPLID on the system that is indicated in the message.

Operator response

SMCS should be recycled on the system indicated in the message.

Source

Communications Task

Module

IEAVC702

Routing code

*,2,10

Descriptor code

3

IEE822E

COMMANDS ARE AT 80% OF LIMIT IN COMMAND CLASS cc

Explanation

The number of commands of class cc has reached 80% (40) of the system limit of 50 commands executing in an address space at one time.

Message IEE806A will be issued if the number reaches 100%.

In the message text:

CC

is the class, where:

- Class M1 commands run in the *MASTER* address space and may be essential to clearing the backlog of other commands.
- Class M2 commands are ordinary attached commands which run in the *MASTER* address space.
- Class M3 is only for SEND commands executed in the *MASTER* address space.
- Class C1 commands run in the CONSOLE address space and may be essential to clearing a backlog of other commands.
- Class C2 commands are ordinary attached commands which run in the CONSOLE address space.
- Class C3 is only for ROUTE commands executed in the CONSOLE address space.

For detailed information on these commands, see the section on command flooding in z/OS MVS System Commands.

System action

The system issues a CMDS DISPLAY command automatically. Processing continues.

The system will delete this message and issue IEE061I when the number of executing commands goes below 60% of the limit.

The system will delete this message and issue IEE806A when the number of executing commands goes to 100% of the limit.

Operator response

Attempt to diagnose the reason for the excessive number of commands.

Use the CMDS SHOW and CMDS REMOVE commands to delete unwanted commands before execution.

If necessary, CANCEL the job which is issuing the excessive commands.

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Diagnose the reasons for the excessive number of commands. Possibilities include:

- A job or automation program got into a loop issuing commands.
- The commands which are executing have become hung, due to a resource deadlock or a required action.
- The commands are legitimate; for example, a program has issued VARY commands for a large number of devices.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEEVWAIT

Routing code

1,2,10

Descriptor code

3

IEE823E

HUNG CONSOLE DETECTION SUBTASK FAILURE. SMCS SHOULD BE RECYCLED.

Explanation

The SMCS hung console detection subtask has failed, most likely due to an ABEND in that subtask.

System action

The system continues processing, and SMCS remains active; however, it will not be possible for the system to detect if I/O to SMCS consoles are not completing in a reasonable amount of time.

Operator response

Notify your system programmer.

System programmer response

This message usually indicates an ABEND occurred in module IEECVSHT. If the reason for the ABEND can be determined and corrected, then correct the problem and deactivate and activate SMCS using the following commands:

V NET,INACT,ID-smcsappl ,l or ,F V NET,ACT,ID=smcsappl

If the reason for the ABEND cannot be determined or the problem cannot be corrected, contact the IBM support center.

Programmer response

None.

Source
DIDOCS
Module
IEECVSMA
Routing code
2,10
Descriptor code
11
IEE824E cde COMMUNICATION TASK ABEND, xxx DUMP TAKEN
Explanation
Communications task processing for the system ended. In the message text:
cde The abend code.
NO if the system does not write a dump; blank if the system writes a dump.
System action
The system discards all pending messages and outstanding WTORs. Any WTO, WTOR, and DOM macros may not be processed. All time sharing option extended (TSO) application programs in real storage abnormally end if they have unanswered WTORs. Some system storage might be unusable. If DUMP TAKEN appears in the message text, the system writes an SVC dump.
Operator response
If an IPL is required, quiesce the system before doing the IPL.
Source
Communications task (COMMTASK)
Module
IEAVSTAA
Routing code
2,10

11

IEE824I

{STARTED TASK|TASKNAME ttt|command} FAILED, TERMINATED[, DUMPED] [STARTED TASK]

Explanation

A START, MOUNT, or LOGON command requested that the system create or initialize an address space. In response, the system created a started task. A started task is one which must be started and does not run automatically. The started task failed because of an abend.

In the message text:

ttt

The name of the started task, if available. *ttt* is blank if the system cannot get the name of the task. If **STARTED TASK** appears, the system cannot get the name of the task.

command

The name of the command that failed.

DUMPED

The system wrote a dump. If **DUMPED** does not appear in the message text, the system tried to write a dump but could not.

System action

The system

- · Ends the started task.
- Writes a logrec data set error record.
- Tries to write a dump.

Operator response

Enter the START or MOUNT command again, if one of these commands were attempted and failed. If the command fails again, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. Look at the messages in the job log.
- 2. Examine the cataloged procedure in SYS1.PROCLIB.
- 3. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide either:
 - · The command entered
 - · The JCL for the started task

Programmer response

Enter LOGON again, if you entered that command before the system issued this message. If LOGON fails again, contact the system programmer.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB665, IEESB670

Routing code

2

4,6

IEE825I

SUBSYSTEM subsystem-name DOES NOT SUPPORT THE SUB PARAMETER

Explanation

A START SUB command specified that a subsystem invoke a cataloged procedure. The subsystem specified on the START command, however, does not support job selection.

In the message text:

subsystem-name

The subsystem name.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Make sure that the subsystem specified on the START command is active and supports job selection. If the command fails again, contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do the following:

- 1. Consult the subsystem documentation to determine if the subsystem supports job selection.
- 2. If so, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB605

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE826I

SUBSYSTEM subsystem-name DOES NOT EXIST

Explanation

A START SUB command specified that a subsystem invoke a cataloged procedure. The subsystem is not defined to the system.

In the message text:

subsystem-name

The subsystem name.

1236 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Verify the spelling of the subsystem name with the system programmer.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB605

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE827I

SUBSYSTEM subsystem-name IS NOT ACTIVE

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- A START SUB command specified that a subsystem invoke a cataloged procedure. The subsystem is defined to the system, but has not been initialized or has not become operational. Either the subsystem had an initialization error, or it has not been started.
- A START or MOUNT command was entered while JES was in the process of ending.

In the message text:

subsystem-name

The subsystem name.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Ensure that the subsystem is operational. Enter the START command again.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEESB605

Routing code

*

5

IEE828E

SOME MESSAGES NOW SENT TO HARDCOPY ONLY --or-- SAME MESSAGES ISSUED FROM THE FOLLOWING

Explanation

The system successfully processed a VARY or CONTROL V command. The system now issues the following messages only to hardcopy:

- · Broadcast messages
- · Informational messages with certain routing codes
- Informational messages with certain message levels

The system does not display these messages on any console.

The system may issue this message if a console fails or if a system leaves the sysplex.

The command entered was one of the following:

- VARY CONSOLE
- VARY ONLINE
- VARY OFFLINE
- CONTROL V,LEVEL

System action

The system continues processing. The system issues message CNZ4100I to the console on which the operator entered the command. Message CNZ4100I provides information about the message loss.

Operator response

Do the following, if you want messages displayed on consoles:

- 1. Enter one or more VARY CONSOLE commands to receive missing informational messages, to receive messages with the routing codes for which you previously were not receiving messages.
- 2. Enter DISPLAY C, HCONLY to see what types of messages are being lost.
- 3. For any active console, enter VARY CN(xxx),ROUT=ALL,MSCOPE=*ALL and **CONTROL V,LEVEL=ALL** to resolve the problem.
- 4. If running in local mode, enter the VARY CN(xxx), ROUT=ALL command to resolve the problem.
- 5. If this message was issued because a system left the sysplex, bring that system, or another system, into the sysplex. This may relieve the condition.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB818

Routing code

1,10

3

IEE829E

SMCS APPLID xxxxxxxx IS NOT A VALID APPLID service FAILURE. RC: aaaaaaaa RSN: bbbbbbbb SMCS WILL WAIT FOR APPLID TO BE ACTIVATED BY VTAM

Explanation

SMCS tried to define itself to VTAM but could not because the APPLID (specified in the CONSOLxx member of Parmlib) was not a valid APPLID. The system will issue this message when the service, OPEN, fails.

If the RC (aaaaaaaa) is X'08' and the RSN (bbbbbbbb) is X'56', this means the system found a match for the SMCS application program's symbolic name, but it is for a VTAM resource that is not an APPL.

System action

SMCS waits for VTAM to transition the APPLID to a usable state, or for the operator to change the APPLID for the SMCS to a different APPLID. When VTAM activates the APPLID, SMCS will continue initialization.

Operator response

If the RC = X'08' and the RSN = X'56', verify that VTAM knows the APPLID name used by SMCS as an application and not some other type of VTAM Resource. Use command, D NET,ID=xxxxxxxx, SCOPE=ALL to display the resource. If the name is displayed as an APPLID and VTAM does not activate the APPLID, attempt to activate the APPLID through the VARY NET,ACT,ID=xxxxxxxxx command. If the APPLID is still not activated, issue command K M,APPLID=yyyyyyyyy to use a different APPLID if possible. If the APPLID is still not activated, notify your system programmer.

Source

DIDOCS

Module

IEECVSMA

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

11

IEE830I

LAST SLIP COMMAND IN IEASLPxx IGNORED. NO END KEYWORD.

Explanation

A SET SLIP command specified a IEASLPxx parmlib member containing a SLIP command. When processing the IEASLPxx parmlib member, the system reached the end of file before it finished processing the SLIP command. The system did not find the END parameter for the SLIP command.

In the message text:

IEASLP*xx*

Identifies the IEASLPxx member that contains the commands SLIP processing is to use.

System action

The system ignores the SLIP command in IEASLPxx.

System programmer response

Correct IEASLPxx to contain an END parameter.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE831D

PER RANGE EXCEEDS 1M FOR SLIP {ID=id|COMMAND} SPECIFY 'RANGE' KEYWORD, 'OK', OR 'CANCEL' --or-- SLIP TRAP ID=xxxx PER RANGE (addr1,addr2) EXCEEDS 1M. SPECIFY 'OK' OR 'CANCEL'.

Explanation

A SLIP SET or SLIP MOD,ID=xxxx,ENABLE command specified a non-ignore PER trap. The evaluated range exceeds 1MB. The RANGE parameter might be incorrect. Please refer to <u>Performance considerations for</u> designing a SLIP trap in z/OS MVS System Commands for the implications. In the message text:

XXXX

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

addr1,addr2

The first and last range addresses specified on the SLIP command.

System action

The system continues other processing.

Note: When this message is issued for a SLIP MOD,ID=xxxx,ENABLE command, failure of the operator to reply to the message will keep all other SLIP commands from being processed.

Operator response

If the range is as desired, enter OK. The system will activate the trap.

If the range is incorrect, enter CANCEL:

- For a SLIP SET trap, CANCEL deletes the trap.
- For a SLIP MOD trap, CANCEL deletes only this trap. Other traps may be activated if the SLIP MOD command used a wildcard character in the ID parameter or specified ALL.

Module

IEECB905

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE832I

SLIP SBT OPTION IS NOT AVAILABLE, SB1 IS SUBSTITUTED.

Explanation

A SLIP command requested that the system set a successful branch into (SBT) program event recording 2 (PER 2) trap. PER 2 hardware, however, is not available on all configured processors; therefore, this option cannot be used.

System action

The system sets the SLIP trap using the PER 1 successful branch (SB) option. The trap will match both on branches within the specified range and on the first instruction fetched within that range.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. Enter the SLIP commands specified by the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the trap would change unacceptably due to using the PER 1 SB option, ask the operator to enter the SLIP MOD command to disable or delete the trap, and then specify a trap with the correct option.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB909

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE836D

SLIP {ID=xxxx|COMMAND} ERROR - keywd - err , COL nnn. ENTER 1 KEYWORD, NULL LINE, OR 'CANCEL'.

Explanation

One of the following commands was entered with an incorrect parameter:

- SLIP
- REPLY in response to message IEE726D

In the message text:

ID=xxxx

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

COMMAND

No SLIP trap identifier was specified on the SLIP command. The word **COMMAND** is substituted.

keywd

The SLIP parameter that was incorrectly specified.

err

A description of the error.

Is one of the following:

```
INVALID DELIMITER
INVALID KEYWORD
INVALID KEYWORD LENGTH
INVALID OPERAND
INVALID OPERAND LENGTH
MISSING KEYWORD
MISSING OPERAND
MISSING PARENTHESIS
INVALID PARENTHESIS
ASID TOO LARGE
OPERANDS MUTUALLY EXCL
ADDRESSES OUT OF ORDER
INVALID WITH IF OR SB
SA/SK/ZAD REQUIRED
INVALID REGISTER NUMBER
REGISTER WITHOUT %
REGISTER NOT FIRST
DISPLACEMENT TOO LARGE
BIT VALUE TOO LONG
MISSING ADDRESS
INVALID VALUE
ANY AND EVERY SPECIFIED
INVALID ON PER TRAP
INVALID CHARACTER
ADDRESS QUALIFIER DIFFERS
ASID INVÄLID ON REGISTER
TOO MANY ASIDS
PER REQUIRED
ANSWER TEXT MISSING
INVALID OPERATOR
PER SA/ZAD REQUIRED
PER SA/SK/ZAD REQUIRED
COND/UNCOND IS NOT FIRST
TOO MANY JOBLIST ENTRIES
TOO MANY SYSLIST ENTRIES
TOO MANY DSPNAME ENTRIES
SYNTAX NOT VALID
TOO MANY RANGE ENTRIES
MISSING END QUOTE
TOO MANY GTFID ENTRIES
TOO LONG ADDRESS
KEYWORDS MUTUALLY EXCL
INVALID WITH ZAD
TOO MANY COMMANDS
```

COL nnn

The column number of the error, with origin being the first parameter on the input line.

System action

The system waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

One of the following:

- Reply REPLY id, keywd to specify the correct SLIP parameter. Your response should include all options for the parameter.
- Reply REPLY id, EOB to tell the system to ignore the parameter that is not valid.
- Reply REPLY id, CANCEL to cancel the original SLIP command.

id is the identifier preceding the message number.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEECB909

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE838I

jobname CANCELABLE - ISSUE CANCEL BEFORE FORCE --or-- jobname NON-CANCELABLE - ISSUE FORCE ARM

Explanation

A FORCE command requested that a job be removed from the system. The system issues this message for one of these reasons:

- The job can be canceled. Use the CANCEL command.
- The job or procedure cannot be canceled. Use the FORCE nnn,ARM command.

In the message text:

jobname

One of the following:

- The name of the job removed in response to the command.
- The job name of a task created by the START or MOUNT command (includes the identifier, if it was specified on the START or MOUNT command that created the task).
- The name of an advanced program-to-program communications (APPC) transaction program (TP).
- **STARTING**, if initiation of a started job, task, or ATX is complete.

CANCELABLE - ISSUE CANCEL BEFORE FORCE

The job can be canceled.

NON-CANCELABLE - ISSUE FORCE ARM

The job or procedure cannot be canceled.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Reply according to the message text by entering a CANCEL or FORCE ARM command for the job.

If the system does not end the job after a reasonable time, enter the CANCEL or FORCE ARM command again; multiple CANCEL or FORCE ARM commands may be required to remove the job.

If the job is not removed, enter the FORCE command without the ARM parameter.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE3703D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE839I

{ST=(ON,nnnnM,{mmmmM|mmmG})}{ST=(ON,nG,mmmG)}{ST=OFF} AS={ON|OFF} BR={ON|OFF} MODE={ON|OFF} EX={ON| OFF}MT={(ON,pppK)|OFF} ISSUE DISPLAY TRACE CMD FOR SYSTEM AND COMPONENT TRACE STATUS

Explanation

A TRACE or TRACE STATUS command requested that system or master tracing be started or that the status of tracing be displayed. The system issues this message in response to that command.

In the message text:

ST=(ON,nnnnM,{mmmmM|mmmG})ST=(ON,nG,mmmG) ST=OFF

The status of system trace.

nnnnM|nG

The number of megabytes or gigabytes of storage allocated for the system trace table on each active processor.

mmmmM|mmmG

The number of megabytes or gigabytes of storage allocated for the system trace table buffers.

Note: When the trace storage exceeds *nnnn*M or *mmmmm*M, it is rounded to the nearest gigabyte and displayed.

AS=ON

AS=OFF

The status of address space tracing.

BR=ON

BR=OFF

The status of branch tracing.

MODE=ON

MODE=OFF

The status of mode tracing.

EX=ON

EX=OFF

The status of explicit software tracing.

MT=ON,pppK

MT=OFF

The status of master tracing.

Baga

The size of the master trace table.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB806

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE840I

XX TRACE TABLE INITIALIZATION FAILURE

Explanation

During master scheduler initialization, or during TRACE command processing, an error occurred in initialization of the master trace table.

For an error in TRACE command processing, one of the following occurred:

- The size of the master trace table specified in the MT=nnnK parameter of the TRACE command exceeded the amount of storage available. In this case, the system issues message IEE839I.
- · Master tracing failed.

System action

The system ends master trace table initialization.

Depending on when the error occurred, the system does the following:

- If the error occurred during TRACE command processing, the system issues message IEE839I following this message.
- If the error occurred during master scheduler initialization, the system issues message IEE480I or IEE481I before this message. and the system may issue message IEE839I following this message.

Master trace might not be active.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Enter TRACE ON to activate master tracing, if the error occurred during master scheduler initialization and the master tracing facility is not active. Specify the required storage size.
- Enter TRACE ON to activate master tracing, if the system also issued message IEE839I. Specify a smaller table size on the command.
- Enter TRACE, if master tracing ended during TRACE command processing. Specify the required storage size to restart the facility.
- Enter TRACE STATUS to display the status of master tracing, if the system does not issue message IEE839I.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB806, IEEVIPL

Routing code

*/2,10

Descriptor code

5/4

IEE841I

jobname {NON-CANCELABLE | NON-FORCIBLE | TCB NON-FORCIBLE }

Explanation

A CANCEL or FORCE command requested that a job be removed from the system or a task be terminated. The job or task specified on the command either cannot be canceled or cannot be forced.

In the message text:

jobname

One of the following:

- The name of the job specified on the CANCEL or FORCE command.
- The job name of a task created by the START or MOUNT command (includes the identifier, if it was specified on the START or MOUNT command that created the task).
- The name of an advanced program-to-program communications (APPC) transaction program (TP).
- **STARTING**, if initiation of a started job, task, or ATX is complete.

NON-CANCELABLE

A CANCEL command specified a job that is running but that is defined as non-cancelable.

NON-FORCIBLE

A FORCE command specified a job that is running, but the system cannot end the address space associated with the job.

TCB NON-FORCIBLE

A FORCE TCB command specified a task in a job that does not allow it's tasks to be terminated in this manner.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Verify that the job name was specified correctly in the FORCE or CANCEL command. If so, the job cannot be removed by a CANCEL or FORCE command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE3703D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE842I

jobname DUPLICATE NAME FOUND - REENTER COMMAND WITH 'A=' KEYWORD

Explanation

A CANCEL or FORCE command requested that a job be removed from the system. There was more than one active job with the specified name.

In the message text:

jobname

One of the following:

- The name of the job specified on the CANCEL or FORCE command.
- The procedure name of a task created by the START or MOUNT command.
- The name of an advanced program-to-program communications (APPC) transaction program (TP).
- **STARTING**, if initiation of a started job, task, or ATX is complete.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Do the following:

- 1. Enter DISPLAY JOBS, jobname or DISPLAY JOBS, ALL to get the address space identifier (ASID) of the address space associated with the job.
- 2. Enter CANCEL or FORCE specifying the A parameter for the address space found in step "1" on page 1247.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE3703D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE843I

hh.mm.ss TRACE DISPLAY SYSTEM STATUS INFORMATION
ST={(ON,nnnnM,mmmmmmM)|OFF} AS={ON|OFF} BR={ON|OFF} EX={ON|
OFF} MO={ON|OFF} MT={(ON,pppK)|OFF} COMPONENT MODE
{COMPONENT MODE|BUFFER HEAD SUBS} ccccc mode

Explanation

A DISPLAY TRACE or TRACE command requested the status of system, master, or component tracing. The system issues this message in response to the command.

In the message text:

hh:mm:ss

The time when the message was issued, in hours (00 through 23), minutes (00 through 59), and seconds (00 through 59).

ST=ON,nnnnM,mmmmmM

ST=OFF

The status of the system trace.

nnnnM

The number of megabytes of storage allocated for the system trace table on each active processor.

mmmmmM

The number of megabytes of storage allocated for the system trace table buffers.

AS=ON

AS=OFF

The status of address space tracing.

BR=ON

BR=OFF

The status of branch tracing.

FY-ON

EX=OFF

The status of explicit software tracing.

MO=ON

MO=OFF

The status of mode tracing.

MT=ON,pppK

MT=OFF

The status of master tracing.

pppK

The size of the master trace table.

COMPONENT

ccccc

The name of the component being traced. This field is repeated for each component being traced.

MODE

mode

The mode of tracing. This field is repeated for each component being traced.

ON

The tracing function is active.

OFF

The tracing function is inactive.

SUB

The tracing function is inactive. Along with its regular component tracing, this component does indeed have SUBLEVEL tracing which might or might not be on. To determine which SUBLEVEL tracing is in effect, use the SUBLEVEL option for the DISPLAY TRACE,COMP= command.

Note: Along with its regular component tracing, this component does have SUBLEVEL tracing which might or might not be on. To determine which SUBLEVEL tracing is in effect, use the SUBLEVEL option for the DISPLAY TRACE, COMP = Command.

MIN

One of the following:

- Tracing is set ON with options identified by the component as the minimum level.
- Tracing is set OFF but the component still provides tracing at a minimum level.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

See *z/OS MVS System Commands* for more information about the DISPLAY TRACE and TRACE commands.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB806

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE844W

SLIP TRAP xxxx MATCHED. ACTION=WAIT TYPE=yy [REMOTE ACTION{S} NOT PERFORMED] text RESTART THE SYSTEM TO CONTINUE

Explanation

text is:

```
aaaaa:
        bbbbbbbb
[BEAR: zzzzzzzzzzzzzz]
[DESC: description ]
        ccccccc ccccccc ccccccc ccccccc
CR 3-4:
        dddddddd
                 eeeeeee
aaaaaaaa/gggggggg_ggggggg
     2-3: aaaaaaaa/ggggggggggggggggg
                                  aaaaaaa/gggggggg_gggggg
     4-5: aaaaaaaa/gggggggggggggggg
                                  aaaaaaa/gggggggg_ggggggg
     6-7: aaaaaaaa/gggggggggggggggg
                                  aaaaaaa/gggggggg_ggggggg
     8-9: aaaaaaaa/ggggggggggggggg
                                  aaaaaaaa/gggggggg_ggggggg
     A-B: aaaaaaaa/gggggggggggggggggg
                                  aaaaaaaa/gggggggg_ggggggg
     aaaaaaa/gggggggg_ggggggg
     E-F: aaaaaaaa/gggggggggggggggggg
                                  aaaaaaaa/gggggggg_ggggggg
```

A SLIP command requested that the system set a SLIP trap with an action of wait. The system found a match for this trap. The match is:

- A program event recording (PER) event in which the unit of work is not an enabled, unlocked task. Because the unit of work cannot be stopped safely, the system performs the WAIT action immediately, but not the remote actions specified.
- · An error event.

In the message text:

XXXX

The SLIP trap identifier specified on the SLIP command.

ACTION=WAIT

Indicates that when a match is found for the trap, the system is to stop and display trap data in message IEE844W.

TYPE=yy

The system mode.

REMOTE ACTION(S) NOT PERFORMED

The SLIP command also specified the COND option of the REMOTE keyword.

aaaaa bbbbbbbb

Additional information based on the system mode indicated in TYPE=yy.

System Mode (yy)	aaaaa:	bbbbbbbb
RTM1	SDWA ADDR:	The address of the system diagnostic work area (SDWA) associated with the error.
RTM2	RTM2WA ADDR:	The address of the recovery termination manager (RTM) 2 work area (RTM2WA) associated with the error.
System Mode (yy)	aaaaa:	bbbbbbb
MEMTERM	ASCB ADDR:	The address of the address space control block (ASCB) being abnormally ended.
PER	PER INFO:	The PERcode PER-address.
		code is the type of PER event. address is the 8-byte address where the PER event occurred.

If the breaking event address is available, it will be shown here.

DESC description

Description will show the provided DESC parameter to describe this wait state from when the SLIP trap was set.

PSW: ccccccc ccccccc ccccccc

The 16-byte program status word (PSW) of the event. If the SDWA indicates that the register and PSW information is not valid, the message reads: **PSW: NOT AVAILABLE**.

CR 3-4: dddddddd eeeeeee

The content of control registers 3 and 4. These registers contain cross memory information. If the SDWA indicates that the register and PSW information is not valid, the message reads: **CR 3-4: NOT AVAILABLE**.

GR n-n: ffffffff...ffffffff

The content of the general registers. If the SDWA indicates that the register and PSW information is not valid, the message reads: **GR 0-F: NOT AVAILABLE**.

AR *n-n*: *ffffffff...fffffff*

The content of the access registers at the time of the PER interrupt or the error. The content of these registers is provided only if the processor was in AR mode.

System action

The system issues this message to display trap data and enters a restartable wait state, as requested in the trap.

Operator response

Perform the actions requested by the system programmer for this trap. Restart the system.

If the system programmer requests, obtain a stand-alone dump. ReIPL the system.

System programmer response

Examine the message for information about the event. To capture diagnostic data, the SLIP trap can request an SVC dump, or, if necessary, ask the operator to obtain a stand-alone dump. The system cannot be restarted if a stand-alone dump is written; ask the operator to reIPL the system.

Source

SLIP

Module

IEAVTSL2

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

1

IEE845I

(dev/nnnnnnnn) OFFLINE AND PENDING BOXED

Explanation

The operator entered the VARY dev,OFFLINE,FORCE command. If the device was offline, it remains offline. The system is already in the process of boxing the device. The device is pending boxed.

In the message text:

dev

The device number specified in the command.

nnnnnnn

The name of the console specified in the command.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If the device is pending boxed and not allocated, use the D GRS,C=(SYSIEFSD,VARYDEV*) command to ensure no contention exists for SYSIEFSD.VARYDEV* resources. If all of the above conditions are met and no contention exists, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the D GRS,RES=(SYSIEFSD,VARYDEV*) command to determine if the SYSIEFSD.VARYDEV resource is being used elsewhere. If it is, monitor the resource to ensure processes using it are releasing it as expected. If the resource is held by a process that seems hung, attempt to cancel the job. If cancel is not possible, contact IBM.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V42, CNZK1V48

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5

IEE846I

{dev|nnnnnnn} PENDING OFFLINE AND PENDING BOXED

Explanation

The operator entered the VARY dev,OFFLINE,FORCE command. The specified device or the specified console is pending offline, and will be offline when the following two conditions are met, in order:

- 1. The device is no longer allocated to a job.
- 2. Allocation can get the necessary resources to process the request.

The system is already in the process of boxing the device. The device is pending boxed.

In the message text:

dev

The device number specified in the command.

nnnnnnn

The name of the console specified in the command.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If the device is pending offline and pending boxed and not allocated, use the D GRS,C=(SYSIEFSD,VARYDEV*) command to ensure no contention exists for SYSIEFSD.VARYDEV* resources. If all of the above conditions are met and no contention exists, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify that the SYSIEFSD.VARYDEV resource is not being used elsewhere through D GRS,RES=(SYSIEFSD,VARYDEV*). If it is, monitor the resource to ensure processes using it are releasing it as expected. If the resource is held by a process that seems hung, attempt to cancel the job. If cancel is not possible, contact IBM.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZK1V42, CNZK1V48

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE847I

cm NOT VALID FOR EXTENDED MCS CONSOLE [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

A command was entered for a console class other than that of multiple console support (MCS), but the target extended MCS console cannot support the command.

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

To obtain the command's function, enter the equivalent subsystem command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE0403D, IEE2003D, IEE40110, IEE5603D, IEE6703D, IEE6903D, IEE7703D, IEE8A03D, CNZK1V42, CNZK1V47, CNZK1V49, CNZK1V56

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5

IEE852I

hh.mm.ss SYS1.DUMP STATUS [idr] text

Explanation

Where text is:

A DISPLAY DUMP command requested that the system display SYS1.DUMPnn data set information. In addition, it displays conditions that affect SVC dump availability, if any. The system issues this message in response to that command.

This message will continue to be issued until the next complete dump is taken.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time when the message was issued, in hours (00 through 23), in minutes (00 through 59), and in seconds (00 through 59).

idr

A 3-digit decimal identifier. This identifier is used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- That are written on typewriter or display consoles
- That are displayed in-line (not in display area) on display (CRT) consoles

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

AVAILABLE=nnn

The number, in decimal, of available dump data sets.

FULL=mmm

The number, in decimal, of full dump data sets.

CAPTURED DUMPS=cccc

The number of dumps captured by SVC Dump. The dumps either are waiting for a dump data set to become available so they can be written to DASD, or are in the process of being written to DASD.

SPACE USED=uuuuuuuuM

The number of megabytes of virtual storage used by SVC dump to hold the data obtained for captured dumps. If you are using this value to estimate the amount of DASD space that a dump can occupy, note that this value does not include storage for common data areas that are not subject to change and that will be written with the dump data to DASD.

The maximum virtual storage that can be used by SVC dump is controlled by the AUXMGMT and MAXSPACE parameters of the CHNGDUMP SET command.

SPACE FREE=fffffffM

The number of megabytes available for use by SVC dump to capture dump data. When this value is small, then either make dump data sets available so that captured dumps can be written to DASD or increase the MAXSPACE value using the CHNGDUMP command. Otherwise, the system can take only a partial dump and will lose any subsequent dumps.

AUTOMATIC ALLOCATION IS: {*ACTIVE*|*INACTIVE*}

The status of automatic allocation independent of the availability of automatic allocation resources.

SMStext

Describes SMS-managed resources available for automatic dump data set allocation. One of the following:

NO SMS CLASSES DEFINED

No SMS classes are currently defined as available for dump data set allocation.

AVAILABLE SMS CLASSES: list

The SMS classes itemized in *list* are defined as available for dump data set allocation.

DASDtext

Describes non-SMS-managed resources available for automatic dump data set allocation. One of the following:

NO DASD VOLUMES DEFINED

No non-SMS-managed DASD volumes are currently defined as available for automatic allocation of dump data sets.

AVAILABLE DASD VOLUMES: list

The non-SMS-managed DASD volumes itemized in *list* are currently defined as available for automatic allocation of dump data sets.

NAME=name-pattern

The name-pattern currently in effect for automatic allocation of dump data sets. If the system default name-pattern is in effect, the following is displayed:

NAME=SYS1.DUMP.D&DATE..T&TIME..&SYSNAME..S&SEQ.

EXAMPLE=*example*

A sample name generated by the current name-pattern using the current system, job, time and date information. Sequence number is always zero in this message.

SVC DUMP UNAVAILABLE

The system determined that the current requests for an SVC dump will be rejected because of a detected condition.

AUXMGMT THRESHOLD REACHED

The limit on the amount of storage in use, during SVC dump capture, has been reached. New dumps are allowed again only after the storage shortage has been relieved. For more information, see <u>SVC dump</u> in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aidsz/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids.

MAXSPACE LIMIT EXCEEDED

The limit that an installation placed on the amount of storage available for SVC dump processing to hold captured dumps was reached. See message IEA043I for more information.

ANOTHER SVC DUMP IS IN PROGRESS

System is currently capturing another SVC dump. Only one SVC dump is allowed at a time.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

SVC dump

Module

IEECB910

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE853I

hh.mm.ss SYS1.DUMP TITLES [idr] SYS1.DUMP DATA SETStext

Explanation

Where text is:

{AVAILABLE n AND FULL m | AVAILABLE=nnn AND FULL=mmm}

CAPTURED DUMPS=dmps, SPACE USED=uuuuuuuuM, SPACE FREE=ffffffffM
{DUMPnn|DUMPID=dumpid | dsname} &cont;

TITLE=dump-title|data set status
DUMP TAKEN TIME=hd.md.sd

DATE=mm/dd/yyyy

error-text

A DISPLAY DUMP,TITLE command requested that the system display the dump title, the dump identifier, and the time of dump for each requested SYS1.DUMPnn data set on a direct access storage device (DASD). When DUMPID is specified, the system displays the dump title, the dump identifier, and the time of the dump for each dump requested. DSN=ALL or AUTODSN=nnn is specified, the system displays the dump title, data set name, and the time of the dump for the most recently automatically allocated dump data set(s).

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time when the the system issued the message, in hours (00 through 23), in minutes (00 through 59), and in seconds (00 through 59).

idr

A 3-digit decimal identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- That are written on typewriter or display consoles
- That are displayed in-line (not in display area) on display (CRT) consoles

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

AVAILABLE n

The number, in decimal, of available dump data sets.

FIIII m

The number, in decimal, of full dump data sets.

AVAILABLE=nnn

The number, in decimal, of available dump data sets.

FULL=mmm

The number, in decimal, of full dump data sets.

CAPTURED DUMPS=dmps

The number of dumps captured.

SPACE USED=uuuuuuuuM

The number of megabytes of virtual storage used by SVC dump to hold the data obtained for captured dumps. If you are using this value to estimate the amount of DASD space which a dump can occupy, note that this value does not include storage for common data areas that are not subject to change and that will be written with the dump data to DASD.

The maximum amount of space that can be used by SVC dump is limited by the MAXSPACE value, which can be changed using the CHNGDUMP command.

SPACE FREE=fffffffM

The number of megabytes available for use by SVC dump to capture dump data. When this value is small, then either make dump data sets available so that captured dumps can be written to DASD or increase the MAXSPACE value using the CHNGDUMP command. Otherwise, the system can take only a partial dump and will lose any subsequent dumps.

DUMPnn

The suffix of the SYS1.DUMPnn name for a data set on a direct access storage device (DASD).

DUMPID=dumpid

The dump identifier specified on the DISPLAY DUMP command and displayed by system message IEA793A.

dsname

The name of an automatically allocated dump data set.

TITLE=dump-title

The dump title from the dump header or a message that indicates why the system could not read the title.

hd.md.sd

The time when the system wrote the dump, in hours (00 through 23), in minutes (00 through 59), and in seconds (00 through 59).

mm/dd/yyyy

The date that the system wrote the dump, in months (00 through 12), in days of the months (00 through 31), and in years (using the 4-digit year number, such as 1996 or 2150).

error-text

One of the following:

NO DUMP DATA AVAILABLE FOR THE FOLLOWING SYS1.DUMP DATA SETS WHICH ARE UNDEFINED TO SDUMP: xx,...,xx-xx,...

TITLE was requested for a data set that is not defined to the system as a SYS1.DUMP*nn* data set. To make the data set a SYS1.DUMP*nn* data set, it must be available at IPL or the operator must add it with the DUMPDS command.

In the message text:

nn

The suffix of the SYS1.DUMPnn data set.

XX-XX

A range of SYS1.DUMPnn data sets.

NO DUMP DATA AVAILABLE FOR THE FOLLOWING DUMPIDS: dumpid,...,dumpid

Lists the dump identifiers that have no dump data available. Issued in response to the DUMPID parameter.

NO DUMP DATA AVAILABLE FOR aaa AUTOMATICALLY ALLOCATED DUMP DATA SETS

TITLE was requested for more automatically allocated dump data sets than are available on the system. TITLE information for aaa dump data sets will not be displayed. For example, if the system has automatically allocated 12 dumps and you specified the following command, data would not be displayed for 88 dumps.

D D,T,AUTODSN=100

--*-ERROR. OPEN ERROR ON {SYS1.DUMPnn|dsname}

The system tried to open the dump data set to read the header record. An error occurred.

--*-ERROR. READ ERROR ON {SYS1.DUMPnn|dsname}

The system tried to read the dump data set header record. An error occurred.

--*-ERROR. INVALID HEADER RECORD ON {SYS1.DUMPnn|dsname}

The system ends the request for the dump data set.

--*-ERROR. ALLOCATION ERROR ON {SYS1.DUMPnn|dsname}-RC rc ERROR RSN CODE=errc INFO RSN CODE=info

The system tried to allocate the dump data set to read the header record. An allocation error occurred. *rc* is the allocation return code. *errc* is the error reason code, and *info* is the information reason code. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* for information about the SVC 99 return codes and the error reason code and information reason code.

--*-ERROR. LOCATE FAILED ON dsname

dsname not found in catalog.

DATA UNAVAILABLE FOR MIGRATED DATA SET

ERRDATA was requested for automatically allocated dump data sets and this one was migrated. ERRDATA information for this dump data set will not be displayed since SDUMP will not recall it to read the data.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If dumpid appears in the message, use this information to respond to system message IEA793A.

Source

SVC dump

Module

IEECB910

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE854I

hh.mm.ssSYS1.DUMP ERRDATA [idr]SYS1.DUMP DATA SETS

Explanation

```
{AVAILABLE n AND FULL m|
AVAILABLE=nnn AND FULL=mmm}
CAPTURED DUMPS=dmps,
SPACE USED=uuuuuuuuM,
SPACE FREE=ffffffffM
{DUMPnn | DUMPID=dumpid
|dsname}
TITLE=dump-title | data set status
[DUMP TAKEN TIME=hd.md.sd
DATE=mm/dd/yyyy]
ERRORID=SEQuyyyy CPUzzzz ASIDaaaa
[TIME=hd.md.sd &cont;
DATE=mm/dd/yyyy]
{{SYSTEM|USER} &cont;
ABEND CODE={cde|ucde}
REASON CODE=reason-code}
ILC=ilc INT=ccc
ABENDING PROGRAM ADDR=sssssss
RECOVERY ROUTINE=dddddddd
GPR 0-3
GR 4-5 aaaaaaaa/gggggggg_gggggggg aaaaaaaa/ggggggggg_ggggggg
GR14-15 aaaaaaaa/gggggggg_ggggggg aaaaaaaa/gggggggg_ggggggg
{DUMPnn|DUMPID=dumpid|dsname}
TITLE=dump-title,
[DUMP TAKEN TIME=hd.md.sd
DATE=mm/dd/yyyy]
ERRORID=SEQyyyyy CPUzzzz ASIDaaaa
[TIME=hd.md.sd DATE=mm/dd/yyyy]
```

error-text

A DISPLAY DUMP, ERRDATA command requested that the system display error data from all requested dump data sets. When DUMPID is specified, the system displays the error data for each dump that has been captured. When DSN=ALL or AUTODSN=nnn is specified, the system displays the error data for the most recent automatically allocated dump data set(s).

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time when the message was issued, in hours (00 through 23), in minutes (00 through 59), and in seconds (00 through 59).

idr

A 3-digit decimal identifier. This identifier is used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- That are written on typewriter or display consoles
- That are displayed in-line (not in display area) on display (CRT) consoles

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

AVAILABLE n

The number, in decimal, of available dump data sets.

FULL m

The number, in decimal, of full dump data sets.

AVAILABLE=nnn

The number, in decimal, of available dump data sets.

FULL=mmm

The number, in decimal, of full dump data sets.

CAPTURED DUMPS=dmps

The number of dumps captured.

SPACE USED=uuuuuuuuM

The number of megabytes of virtual storage used by SVC dump to hold the data obtained for captured dumps. If you are using this value to estimate the amount of DASD space which a dump can occupy, note that this value does not include storage for common data areas that are not subject to change and that will be written with the dump data to DASD. The maximum amount of space that can be used by SVC dump is limited by the MAXSPACE value, which can be changed using the CHNGDUMP command.

SPACE FREE=fffffffM

The number of megabytes available for use by SVC dump to capture dump data. When this value is small, then either make dump data sets available so that captured dumps can be written to DASD or increase the MAXSPACE value using the CHNGDUMP command. Otherwise, the system can take only a partial dump and will lose any subsequent dumps.

DUMPnn

The suffix of the SYS1.DUMPnn name for a data set on a direct access storage device (DASD).

DUMPID=dumpid

The dump identifier displayed by system message IEA793A.

dsname

The name of an automatically allocated dump data set.

TITLE=dump-title

The title from the dump header or a message that indicates why the system could not be read the title.

DUMP TAKEN TIME=hd.md.sd

The time the dump was written, in hours (00 through 23), in minutes (00 through 59), and in seconds (00 through 59).

DATE=mm/dd/yyvv

The date when the dump was written, in months (00 through 12), in days (00 through 31) and in years (using the 4-digit year number, such as 1996 or 2150).

SEQ*yyyyy*

The unique sequence number assigned to the error.

CPUzzzz

The processor identifier of the processor on which the error occurred.

ASIDaaaa

The address space identifier (ASID) of the address space where the error occurred.

TIME=hd.md.sd

The time associated with the ERRORID, in hours (00 through 23), in minutes (00 through 59), and in seconds (00 through 59).

DATE=mm/dd/yyyy

The date associated with the ERRORID, in months (00 through 12), in days (00 through 31) and in years (using the 4-digit year number, such as 1996 or 2150).

SYSTEM ABEND CODE=cde

System completion code from the system diagnostic work area (SDWA).

USER ABEND CODE=ucde

User system completion code from the SDWA.

REASON CODE=reason-code

The reason code from the SDWA.

MODULE=mmmmmmmm

The name of the failing load module from the SDWA.

CSECT=ccccccc

The failing control section (CSECT) name supplied by the recovery routine from the SDWA.

PSW AT TIME OF ERROR = pppppppp pppppppp pppppppp pppppppp

The 16-byte program status word (PSW) at the time of error from the SDWA.

ILC=ilc

The interrupt length code from the SDWA.

INT=ccc

The interrupt code from the SDWA.

The 8-byte translation exception address from the SDWA.

ABENDING PROGRAM ADDR=ssssssss

The address of the abending program from the SDWA.

RECOVERY ROUTINE=dddddddd

The recovery routine name from the SDWA.

GPR *n-n rrrrrrr*

The content of the general registers at the time of the error from the SDWA. When information about the access registers is available, all the access registers are 0. When information about the 64-bit general registers is available, bits 0-31 of all general registers are 0.

error-text

One of the following:

NO DUMP DATA AVAILABLE FOR THE FOLLOWING EMPTY SYS1.DUMP DATA SETS: xx,...,xx-xx,...

ERRDATA was requested for an empty dump data set. The message lists all empty dump data sets. In the message text:

nn

The suffix of the SYS1.DUMPnn data set.

XX-XX

A range of SYS1.DUMPnn data sets.

NO DUMP DATA AVAILABLE FOR THE FOLLOWING SYS1.DUMP DATA SETS WHICH ARE UNDEFINED TO SDUMP: xx,...,xx-xx,...

ERRDATA was requested for a data set that is not defined to the system as a SYS1.DUMP*nn* data set. To make the data set a SYS1.DUMP*nn* data set, it must be available at IPL or the operator must add it with the DUMPDS command. In the message text:

nn

The suffix of the SYS1.DUMPnn data set.

XX-XX

A range of SYS1.DUMPnn data sets.

NO DUMP DATA AVAILABLE FOR THE FOLLOWING DUMPIDS: &cont; dumpid,...,dumpid

Lists the dump identifiers that have no dump data available. This is issued in response to the DUMPID parameter.

NO DUMP DATA AVAILABLE FOR aaa AUTOMATICALLY ALLOCATED DUMP DATA SETS

ERRDATA was requested for more automatically allocated dump data sets than are available on the system. ERRDATA information for aaa will not be displayed. For example, if 12 dumps have been automatically allocated and the following command was specified, data would not be displayed for 88 dumps:

D D,E,AUTODSN=100

--*-ERROR. OPEN ERROR ON {SYS1.DUMPnn|dsname}

The system tried to open the dump data set to read the header record. An error occurred.

--*-ERROR. READ ERROR ON {SYS1.DUMPnn|dsname}

The system tried to read the dump data set header record. An error occurred.

--*-ERROR. INVALID HEADER RECORD ON {SYS1.DUMPnn|dsname}

The system ends the request for the dump data set.

--*-ERROR. ALLOCATION ERROR ON $\{SYS1.DUMPnn|dsname\}$ -RC rc ERROR RSN CODE=errc INFO RSN CODE=info

The system tried to allocate the dump data set to read the header record. An allocation error occurred. *rc* is the allocation return code. *errc* is the error reason code, and *info* is the information reason code. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* for information about the SVC 99 return codes and the error reason code and information reason code.

--*-ERROR. LOCATE FAILED ON dsname

dsname not found in catalog.

DATA UNAVAILABLE FOR MIGRATED DATA SET

ERRDATA was requested for automatically allocated dump data sets and this one was migrated. ERRDATA information for this dump data set will not be displayed since SDUMP will not recall it to read the data.

NO DUMP DATA AVAILABLE for aaa MIGRATED AUTOMATIC DUMP DATA SETS

ERRDATA was requested for automatically allocated dump data set, and <aaa> of them have been migrated. ERRDATA information for these dump data sets will not be displayed, since SDUMP will not recall them to read the data.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If dumpid appears in the message, use this information to respond to system message IEA793A.

Source

SVC dump

Module

IEECB910

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE855I

DUMPDS COMMAND RESPONSE
DUMPDS COMMAND SYS1.DUMP DATA SET STATUS
{NAME PATTERN [NOT] ACCEPTED: pattern}
reason-text1
{AUTOMATIC ALLOCATION IS: state}
reason-text2
{SYS1.DUMP DASD DATA SETS [NOT]}
{ADDED:|DELETED:| CLEARED:}
xx,xx,xx-xx,...
{resource-type [NOT]}
{ADDED:|DELETED:} resources
reason-text3
{{DASD VOLUMES | SMS CLASSES}
NOT ADDED: AUTOMATIC ALLOCATION FAILED USING: resource, resource, ...}

Explanation

A DUMPDS command requested that the system display the status of SYS1.DUMPnn data sets or automatic allocation resources.

- The first part of the message displays the dump data sets that were successfully processed.
- The second part of the message describes the dump data sets that could not be processed and gives the reasons for each failure.

In the message text:

NAME PATTERN [NOT] ACCEPTED:

The system accepted or did not accept the name pattern you specified on the NAME= command.

pattern

If the name pattern you specify on the NAME = command is accepted, it is displayed.

reason-text1

If the name pattern you specify on the *NAME*= command is not accepted, the system displays one of the following reasons:

MISSING SYMBOLS: pattern

You must specify the &SEQ. symbol as part of pattern.

DSNAME TOO LONG: dsname

dsname is a sample resolution of the data set name pattern that you specified on the NAME= command. Resolution of the name pattern resulted in a data set name longer than 44 characters.

INVALID DSNAME: dsname

One or more of the qualifiers in dsname is not specified correctly. Possible errors are:

- Leading numeric character
- · More than 8 characters
- · Incorrect characters.

state

In response to the ALLOC= command, the system displays one of the following:

ACTIVE

The system will allocate dump data sets automatically.

INACTIVE

The system will not allocate dump data sets automatically.

NOT ACTIVE

If the system name begins with a numeric character, the *ALLOC*= command will not allow automatic allocation if the &SYSNAME. symbol is used incorrectly in the name pattern.

reason-text2

If you use &SYSNAME. incorrectly in the name pattern, the system does not allow automatic allocation and displays the reason:

SYSNAME BEGINS WITH NUMERIC. RESPECIFY NAME PATTERN. RETRY DUMPDS

The &SYSNAME. symbol is defined with a leading numeric character. You must change the name pattern or the system name.

XX

The suffix of the SYS1.DUMPnn name for a dump data set.

resource-type

Specifies SMS CLASSES or DASD VOLUMES that you are adding or deleting from the systems list of resources available for automatic allocation of dump data sets.

resources

The names of the automatic allocation resources, either SMS classes or DASD volumes.

reason-text3

If the system cannot complete an ADD, DELETE, or CLEAR request, it displays one of the following reasons:

ALREADY DEFINED TO SDUMP: xx,xx,xx-xx, ... or resource

An attempt to add dump data sets or automatic allocation resources failed because the data sets are already defined to receive SVC dumps.

NOT DEFINED TO SDUMP: xx,xx,xx-xx,... or resource

An attempt to delete or clear dump data sets or automatic allocation resources failed because the dump data sets are not defined to receive SVC dumps.

LOCATE FAILED: (xx,rc),(xx,rc),...

An attempt to add dump data sets on a direct access storage device (DASD) failed when the locate function returned a bad return code. *rc* is the return code.

NOT A DASD DATA SET: xx,xx,xx-xx,...

An attempt to add DASD dump data sets failed because the device type is not DASD.

TRACKSIZE TOO SMALL: xx,xx,xx-xx,...

An attempt to add DASD dump data sets failed because the track size of the device is too small to hold a 4104-byte record.

DYNAMIC ALLOCATION FAILED: (xx,rc,err,rsn),(xx,rc,err,rsn)

A DYNALLOC macro to add DASD dump data sets failed because the dynamic allocation failed. See <u>z/OS</u> <u>MVS Programming</u>: <u>Authorized Assembler Services Guide</u> for a description of DYNALLOC return codes, error codes, and reason codes. In the message text:

XX

The suffix of the SYS1.DUMPnn name for a data set.

rc

The return code.

eri

The error code for dynamic allocation.

rsn

The reason code for dynamic allocation.

OPEN FAILED: xx,xx,xx-xx,...

An attempt to add or clear DASD dump data sets failed because the data sets failed to open.

READ FAILED: xx,xx,xx-xx,...

An attempt to add DASD dump data sets failed because the system could not read the data set using BSAM READ.

MULTIPLE VOLUME DATA SET NOT ALLOWED: xx,xx,xx-xx,...

An attempt to add DASD dump data sets failed because they were multivolume data sets, which are not allowed.

EXCEEDS 100 DUMP DATA SET LIMIT: xx,xx,xx-xx,...

An attempt to add dump data sets failed because the limit of 100 data sets has been reached.

IN USE BY SDUMP: xx,xx,xx-xx,...

An attempt to delete or clear dump data sets failed because SVC dump was using the data sets.

INVALID PRIMARY EXTENT SPACE: xx,xx,xx-xx,...

An attempt to add DASD dump data sets failed because the data set was allocated with zero primary extent space.

UNEXPECTED ERROR: xx,xx,xx-xx,...

An attempt to add, delete, or clear a dump data set caused a program check or abnormal end. The system writes an SVC dump for this problem.

{ DASD VOLUMES | SMS CLASSES } NOT ADDED:

AUTOMATIC ALLOCATION FAILED USING: resource, resource, ...

Automatic allocation failed for a *resource*, which is specified as a DASD volume serial number or an SMS storage class in a DUMPDS ADD command. The volume or class cannot be used.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

SVC dump

Module

IEECB923, IEECB926

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE857I

hh.mm.ss DUMP OPTIONS [idr] dt mode opt

Explanation

The system issues this message in response to a DISPLAY DUMP,OPTIONS command. It is useful after you enter a CHNGDUMP command, to show the current system dump options and how they will be used.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time when the dump was written, in hours (00 through 23), in minutes (00 through 59), and in seconds (00 through 59).

idr

A 3-digit decimal identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays either:

- Written on typewriter or printer consoles
- Displayed in-line (not in a display area) on display (CRT) consoles

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

dt

The dump type, which is one of the following:

SYSABEND-

SYSMDUMP-

SYSUDUMP-

SDUMP-

ABDUMP-

The message lists each dump type on a separate line with its corresponding options.

mode

The dump mode, which describes how the system options are applied to each dump request of this dump type:

ADD OPTIONS

Add options.

ADD PARMLIB OPTIONS

The same as ADD OPTIONS except that it also indicates that the option list is the same as at initial program load (IPL).

OVERRIDE WITH

Override with.

ADD NO OPTIONS

There are no system dump options to be added to the dump request.

IGNORE DUMP REQUESTS

The NODUMP keyword was specified on a previous CHNGDUMP command. No options are listed following the last two modes.

opt

I

List of the current dump options, which the system will add to, or use to override the options on each dump request for the dump type.

Here is an example of a response to the **DISPLAY DUMP, OPTIONS** command. Note that the dump type **SDUMP-** now includes the recovery process boost minimum SVC dump size information in **RBPMINSZ**:

```
IEE857I hh.mm.ss DUMP OPTION

SYSABEND- ADD PARMLIB OPTIONS SDATA=(LSQA,TRT,CB,ENQ,DM,IO,ERR,SUM),

PDATA=(SA,REGS,LPA,JPA,PSW,SPLS)

SYSUDUMP- ADD PARMLIB OPTIONS SDATA=(SUM), NO PDATA OPTIONS

SYSMDUMP- ADD PARMLIB OPTIONS (NUC,SQA,LSQA,SWA,TRT,RGN,SUM)

SDUMP- ADD OPTIONS (LSQA,TRT,XESDATA),TYPE=(XMEMT),

BUFFERS=00000000K,MAXSPACE=00002000M,

MSGTIME=99999 MINUTES,MAXSPACE=0000,

AUXMGMT=ON ,DEFERTND=NO ,OPTIMIZE=NO ,

RPBMINSZ=NA|nnnnnG,MAXTNDSP=(,,) SECONDS

SYSFAIL NO STRLIST OPTIONS

ABDUMP- TIMEENQ=0240 SECONDS
```

In the sample output, the **SDUMP** - options are:

SDUMP, BUFFERS=nnnnK or nnnM

Provides a **target value** of real storage frames to be reserved for the exclusive use of SVC dump processing. The value can be expressed in kilobytes (OK to 9999K) or in megabytes (OM to 999M). The default is OK. Depending on real storage utilization, the target value might be different from the actual number of frames

available by the time an SVC dump occurs. The value is limited to 25% of the real storage frames available on the system. Check the value established using the DISPLAY DUMP, OPTIONS operator command.

A large BUFFERS value can improve the performance of collecting SVC dump data; however, it tends to negatively impact the general system performance, because it might reduce the number of real storage frames available to other applications.

SDUMP, MSGTIME=yyyyy

Specifies how long message IEA793A appears on the console, where *yyyyy* is a number of minutes from 0 — 99999. The default is 99999. When the system deletes the message, it also deletes the captured dump.

You cannot delete this option with CHNGDUMP DEL. To change the value of MSGTIME, issue the CHNGDUMP command in the SET mode with a new value. If you change the MSGTIME value after the message IEA793A appears, the new value will be in affect immediately. If you set the MSGTIME value to 0, the system will not issue the message and it deletes the captured dump.

SDUMP, AUXMGMT=ON or OFF

Specifies when SDUMP data captures should stop.

ON

No new dumps are allowed when auxiliary storage usage reaches 50%. New dumps are allowed again only after the auxiliary storage usage drops below 35%. Current SDUMP data capture stops when auxiliary storage usage exceeds 68%, generating a partial dump.

For systems where large SVC dumps are typically generated, it is suggested to set MAXSPACE as 8000 megabytes.

OFF

SVC dump virtual storage management is under control of the MAXSPACE limitations. Dumps in progress are stopped when MAXSPACE is exceeded, or when auxiliary storage utilization exceeds 85%. See the "Obtaining SVC dumps" topic in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids* for more discussion about using the AUXMGMT and MAXSPACE keywords.

Notes:

- 1. The system always IPLs with the default of AUXMGMT=ON. This increases the availability prospects of a system. To change this default, the installation must use the CHNGDUMP SET, SDUMP, AUXMGMT=OFF command after the system IPLs (for example, using a COMMNDxx parmlib member).
- Once SVC dump processing has detected a shortage, the auxiliary storage utilization must drop below 35% before new SVC dump requests will be honored. The condition cannot be removed by simply changing the setting of AUXMGMT from ON to OFF.

SDUMP, RPBMINSZ=nnnnn | nnnnnG | NA

The **RPBMINSZ=nnnnn | nnnnnG | NA** option allows installations to set a minimum dump size to trigger a recovery process boost request for SVC dumps.

nnnnn | nnnnnG are gigabyte values from 1 to 99999 (the "G" suffix is optional). No request will be made for dumps with an estimated size smaller than that value. A value of 0 (zero) results in the recovery process boost request being made for all SVC dump sizes. **NA** (the default) means that no request will be made.

Note: RPBMINSZ is not supported on CHNGDUMP RESET or CHNGDUMP DELETE.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Compare the options displayed with those desired. Use the CHNGDUMP command to make any changes needed.

Source

Recovery termination manager (RTM)

1266 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Module

IEECB912

Routing code

#

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE860I

XX SIZE MUST BE BETWEEN 16K AND 999K

Explanation

A TRACE MT command requested that the system turn master tracing on or off or change the size of the master trace table. The TRACE command specified an incorrect size for the MT parameter.

System action

The system rejects the command. The system does not change the status of master trace or the size of the existing master trace table.

Operator response

Enter the TRACE command again, either:

- Omitting the *nnn*K portion of the MT parameter to allow the master trace table size to default to the value specified during initial program load (IPL).
- Specifying a valid table size in K bytes. The minimum allowable size is 16K bytes; the maximum size is 999K bytes.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEECB806

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE861I

DUMPDS COMMAND RESPONSE NO DUMPDS PROCESSING REQUIRED

Explanation

A DUMPDS command requested that either:

- All full SYS1.DUMPnn data sets be cleared
- Cataloged dump data sets be added to, or removed from the system's list of SYS1.DUMPnn data sets

The command specified data sets that do not require DUMPDS processing:

- A DUMPDS ADD,DSN=ALL command requested that all the cataloged dump data sets, SYS1.DUMP00 through SYS1.DUMP99, be added to the system's list of SYS1.DUMP*nn* data sets. However, all the cataloged dump data sets are already in this list.
- A DUMPDS DEL,DSN=ALL command requested that all data sets on direct access storage devices (DASD) be removed from the system's list of SYS1.DUMPnn data sets. However, there are no DASD data sets on this list.
- A DUMPDS CLEAR, DSN=ALL command requested that all full DASD data sets be cleared. However, there are no full DASD data sets.

System action

The system successfully processes the command, but the specified dump data sets are not cleared, or removed from or added to the system's list of SYS1.DUMP*nn* data sets.

Operator response

No response is necessary. Enter DISPLAY DUMP to get the status of SYS1.DUMPnn data sets.

Source

Recovery termination manager (RTM)

Module

IEECB923

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE862I

DUMPDS COMMAND RESPONSE SYSTEM NOT ACCEPTING DUMPDS COMMANDS - FC = xx

Explanation

A DUMPDS command requested that SYS1.DUMP*nn* data sets be changed or cleared. The system cannot process dump data sets now. In the message text:

FC - xx

The function code describing the problem, which is one of the following:

01

The dumping services address space (DUMPSRV) does not exist. DUMPSRV is required for processing to continue.

02

The dumping services address space (DUMPSRV) has failed and cannot currently be dispatched.

03

The dumping services address space (DUMPSRV) is in the process of ending abnormally.

04

An internal system error has caused the DUMPDS command to fail.

05

Dump data set processing is recovering from an error or has not completed initialization of the dump data sets.

System action

The system successfully processes the command without modifying any of the dump data sets.

Operator response

Enter the DUMPDS command again. If the message recurs, contact the system programmer. Enter DISPLAY DUMP to determine the status of the SYS1.DUMP*nn* data sets.

System programmer response

Look for messages to determine why dumping services are unavailable. Search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Recovery termination manager (RTM)

Module

IEECB923

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE863I

hh.mm.ss DUMP INFO [idr]

Explanation

```
IEE863I hh.mm.ss DUMP INFO [idr]
DMP# DATE TIME EST.SZ(G)CAP.SZ(G)DURATION #A/S
nnn mm/dd/ccyy hh:mm:ss ggggg.gg ggggg.gg hh.mm.ss nn [type]
nnn mm/dd/ccyy hh:mm:ss ggggg.gg ggggg.gg hh.mm.ss nn [type]
...,
[THE LONGEST DUMP IS ALSO THE LARGEST]
```

This message is issued in response to a DISPLAY DUMP,INFO command (D D,I command). The message lists information about the most recent 254 SVC dumps taken on the system since IPL. Two additional entries may be included: one for the captured dump with the longest Duration (with a "LONGEST" tag), and for written dumps, an entry for the dump with the largest CAP.SZ value (with a "LARGEST" tag). These "LARGEST" and" LONGEST" dumps apply to the entire duration of the IPL, not just the most-recent 254 dumps. A special notation is made if the same dump is both longest and largest: "THE LONGEST DUMP IS ALSO THE LARGEST."

When there are no SVC dumps taken on the system since IPL, the following single line is issued with the message id:

```
NO SVC DUMPS HAVE BEEN CAPTURED ON THIS SYSTEM SINCE IPL
```

In the message output:

idr

A 3-digit decimal identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- That are written on typewriter or display consoles
- That are displayed in-line (not in display area) on display (CRT) consoles

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

DMP#

The three digit dump identifier. There is also a partial dump indicator, -P, that can accompany this.

DATE

The date that the system wrote the captured dump, in months (01 through 12), in days of the months (01 through 31), and in years (using the 4-digit year number, such as 1996 or 2001). It is displayed in the format mm/dd/yyyy.

TIME

The local time when the system wrote the captured dump, in hours (00 through 23), minutes (00 through 59), and seconds (00 through 59). It is displayed in the format *hh:mm:ss*.

EST.SZ(G)

Estimated dump size in GB, a rough calculation of the number of GB to be captured for the dump. It sums all areas within the requested address spaces, including data-space storage. It does not account for specified dump parameters (like LSQA versus RGN).

CAP.SZ(G)

Approximate size in GB of the virtual storage which SDUMP used for the dump's capture phase. It will differ from the dump size calculated in the write phase, the size displayed after the dump is written and from any dump sizes seen in IPCS.

Note: For both EST.SZ and CAP.SZ, when the value is less than 10MB, the display will show "< 10MB". Similarly, if the size is larger than 99000 GB, the display will show "> 99TB". If there is no data for the field then the display will show "N/A", to indicate non-availability.

DURATION

Approximate time taken to capture the CAP.SZ value data into virtual storage, displayed in the format *hh.mm.ss*. When *hh, mm* and *ss* are all zero, the display will indicate "< 1 SEC" If the duration is longer than a day, the display will indicate "> 24 HRS."

A/S#

Number of address spaces dumped.

type

Additional notes on entries which might be tagged where type means:

- LONGEST One for the captured dump with the longest duration
- LARGEST One for the dump with the largest written size

"THE LONGEST DUMP IS ALSO THE LARGEST" is a special notation made if the same dump is both longest and largest.

Here is an example

```
DMP# DATE
                TIME
                        EST.SZ(G) CAP.SZ(G) DURATION #A/S
002 09/07/2021 09.34.29
                                            00:00:08 02 LONGEST
                            1.17
                                      1.27
002 09/07/2021 09.34.29
                            1.17
                                      1.27
                                            00:00:08 02 LARGEST
001 09/07/2021 09.30.00
                            0.28
                                      0.37
                                             < 1 SEC 01
002 09/07/2021 09.34.29
                                             00:00:08 02
```

In this output, dump with DumpID 002 was taken at local time 9.34.29 on 09/07/2021. The initial estimated size was 1.17GB and the dump size at the end of Capture phase was 1.27GB. The dump took 8 seconds to capture and included two address spaces. It was both the largest and the longest dump taken so far. Dump with DumpID 001 was taken at 9.30.00 local time on 09/07/2021. It took less than a second to capture, had an initial estimated size of 0.28GB, a Capture-time size of 0.37GB and dumped only one address space.

Note: The "LARGEST" line is only associated with written SVC dumps. Also, the "LONGEST" and "LARGEST" entries will **not** be displayed when there is information on only one dump.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

SVC dump

Module

IEECB910

Routing code

_

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE871I

CN=nnnnnnn NOT ACTIVE [insert]

Explanation

A command specified the name of an inactive console. In the message text:

nnnnnnn

The console name specified on the command.

insert=CANNOT CHANGE CONSOLE ATTRIBUTES

If the system issues this message, the system attempted a VARY command to change the attributes for an inactive console. You cannot change the attributes for inactive consoles (except for the LU and LOGON keywords for SMCS consoles).

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Verify that the console name specified is active. Consider activating the console, if inactive. If the name was incorrect on the command, enter the command correctly.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE40110, IEECB804, CNZK1V42, CNZK1V47, CNZK1V49, CNZK1V54, CNZK1V56

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE891I

hh.mm.ss CONSOLE DISPLAY [idr]

[MSG: CURR=xxxx LIM=yyyy RPLY: CURR=xxxx LIM=yyyy]

Explanation

[KEY	KEY	KEY	KEY	KEY	KEY	KEY]
[keyname	keyname	keyname	keyname	keyname	keyname	keyname]

[NO EXTENDED OPERATORS ARE CURRENTLY ACTIVE]

In response to the DISPLAY CONSOLES command, this message provides a display of all extended multiple console support (MCS) console classes that are currently active.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The hour (00-23), minute (00-59), and second (00-59) that the message was issued.

idr

An identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays:

- · Written on typewriter or printer consoles
- Displayed inline (that is, not in a display area) on a display console

This identifier does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

MSG:

CURR-*xxxx*

The number of write to operator with reply (WTOR) message buffers the system is currently using.

LIM-vvvv

The limit of the outstanding write to operator (WTO) buffers allowed by the system.

RPLY:

CURR-xxxx

The number of write to operator with reply (WTOR) message buffers the system is currently using.

LIM-yyyy

The limit of the outstanding WTOR buffers allowed by the system.

KEY

keyname

The name of an active extended multiple console support (MCS) console class. This field only appears when extended operators are active.

NO EXTENDED OPERATORS ARE CURRENTLY ACTIVE

No console keys are currently active on the system.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB821

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE892I

hh.mm.ss CONSOLE DISPLAY [idr]
[MSG: CURR=xxxx LIM=yyyy RPLY: CURR=xxxx LIM=yyyy KEY=keyname]

Explanation

Additional lines that display are:

[NAME	NAME	NAME	NAME	NAME	NAME	NAME]
[opername	opername	opername	opername	opername	opername	opername]

[NO OPERATORS ARE CURRENTLY ACTIVE WITH THIS KEY]

In response to a DISPLAY CONSOLES command, this message displays the system console configuration.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The hour (00-23), minute (00-59), and second (00-59) that the system issued the message.

id

An identifier to be used with a CONTROL C,D command to cancel the status display.

MSG:

CURR=xxxx

The number of write to operator with reply (WTOR) message buffers the system is currently using. If the number exceeds 9999 buffers, asterisks appear in this field.

LIM=yyyy

The limit of the outstanding write to operator (WTO) buffers allowed by the system.

RPLY:

CURR-xxxx

The number of write to operator with reply (WTOR) message buffers the system is currently using.

LIM-vvvv

The limit of the outstanding WTOR buffers allowed by the system.

KEY=keyname

The name of the active extended multiple console support (MCS) console class.

NO OPERATORS ARE CURRENTLY ACTIVE WITH THIS KEY

No operators are currently active with the specified console key.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECB821

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

Chapter 9. IEE messages (IEE902I - IEE994E)

IEE902I VARY CU cmdtext : resulttext

Explanation

The VARY CU command indicated in the message was accepted or rejected.

In the message text:

cmdtext

cmdtext is the command that was issued.

result

result is the result of the command: ACCEPTED | REJECTED.

text

If the command is accepted, text is a list of devices upon which the accepted command will operate:

DEVICE LIST: list

If the command is rejected, text is one of the following:

- · CHPID IS NOT DEFINED FOR THIS CONTROL UNIT
- INVALID CONTROL UNIT NUMBER
- THERE ARE NO ELIGIBLE DEVICES ATTACHED TO THE CONTROL UNIT
- THERE ARE NO ELIGIBLE DEVICES ATTACHED TO THE CONTROL UNIT THROUGH THE CHPID
- ERROR RETRIEVING CONTROL UNIT SUBCHANNEL DATA, REASON CODE IS rsn
- ERROR RETRIEVING SUBCHANNEL CONTROL UNIT DATA, REASON CODE IS rsn
- ERROR RETRIEVING CONTROL UNIT CONFIGURATION DATA, reason
- ERROR RETRIEVING CHANNEL PATH CONFIGURATION DATA, reason
- A SPECIAL DEVICE IS ATTACHED TO THIS CU
- CHPID chpid IS DEFINED AS MANAGED

System action

The command processing stops when the command is rejected. Command processing continues when the command is accepted. If accepted, the VARY CU command continues processing by performing VARY DEVICE or VARY PATH operations on devices or on a path to devices attached to the control unit. If not successful, the processing issues one of the previously mentioned error messages and stops.

Operator response

If the command was rejected, correct and reissue the command. Confirm the VARY operation results by checking individual messages generated. For explanation of these messages, see the appropriate MVS System Messages publications.

Source

IOS

Module

IEEVVCU

Descriptor code

5

IEE907I

ABEND-{SEND|D} CMD ABORTED

Explanation

A SEND or DISPLAY command was aborted resulting in an abend.

System action

The system aborts the command.

Operator response

Contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE908I

cm CMD LENGTH EXCEEDS MAX

Explanation

On a command, a parameter specified is longer than the maximum number of characters allowed.

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again with a shorter value for the parameter.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE3203D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE919I

K V[,USE = xx],LEVEL = aa[,bb,...][,CMDSYS=name],L=name

Explanation

A CONTROL V,REF command requested that the system display the message levels currently defined for a console. The system issues this message in response to that command.

In the message text:

USE = xx

The specified console is a display console. xx is the mode of console operation:

SD

Status-display mode, used for output only.

FC

Full-capability mode, used for both input and output.

MS

Message-stream mode, used for output messages other than status messages.

aa[,bb...]

The message level currently defined for the specified console. Up to six values may appear. aa, bb, and so forth, can be any of these values:

R

Write-to-operator with reply (WTOR) messages are to be displayed.

Ι

Immediate action messages (descriptor codes 1 and 2) are to be displayed.

CE

Critical eventual action messages (descriptor code 11) are to be displayed.

Ε

Eventual action messages (descriptor code 3) are to be displayed.

IN

Informational messages are to be displayed.

NB

Broadcast messages are *not* to be displayed.

CMDSYS=name

This text appears if the system is running in a sysplex environment.

L=name

The console name. The issuing console is not target.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

If desired, enter a CONTROL V,USE=xx,LEVEL=(aa,bb,...) command to change the console operating mode or message level.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE6903D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE921I

cm REJECTED[-]text [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

The operator entered a CONTROL Q, CONTROL S, CONTROL V, or CONTROL N command. An error occurred. In the message text:

cm

The command.

text

One of the following:

DISPLAY AREA BUSY

A DISPLAY command specified an area (L=name-a) in which a display already existed.

NEEDS DISPLAY AREA

A DISPLAY command was issued to a console in STATUS DISPLAY mode without any areas defined.

DEVICE NOT SUPPORTED

One of the following occurred:

- A CONTROL V,USE=FC command was entered in a system that has no printer consoles online.
- A CONTROL V command was entered.

NO HARDCOPY

One of the following occurred:

- A CONTROL Q command was issued to reroute messages to the hardcopy device, but the system does not have a hardcopy device.
- A CONTROL Q command was issued to requeue messages to SYSLOG, but SYSLOG is not yet active.

FOR CRT ONLY

Only MFORM or REF is valid when the target console is a printer console.

dev OUTPUT ONLY

The operator cannot enter commands from the console. The console is only used to display messages.

dev

Console name or ID

console_name CONSOLE BUSY

The system cannot process the command because the target console is busy.

One possible reason is that the targeted console is attached through an OSA-ICC Control Emulator that is in a Deferred Host Disconnect (DHD=0) state.

console_name

The target console name.

NOT VALID IN LOCAL MODE

A CONTROL V, CMDSYS command was entered and the system is in XCF-local mode. The CMDSYS keyword is valid only for a system that is in a multisystem sysplex.

MESSAGE LOSS DETECTED

Do one of the following:

- Issue a CONTROL command from another console to cause the message to go to that console instead, and then reissue the failed command.
- Issue the command with the UNCOND operand to force the command to be executed, even though some messages may go only to hardcopy.

CANNOT CHANGE USE OF SMCS CONSOLE

The operator tried to issue the command K V,USE=MS or K V, USE=SD against a SMCS console.

CONSOLE NOT ONLINE

A CONTROL N or CONTROL S command was issued specifying a console that was not online.

CANNOT CHANGE USE OF HMCS CONSOLE

HMCS consoles can only be FC (full capability) consoles. If an MS or SD mode console is needed, issue the command against an MCS console instead.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

NEEDS DISPLAY AREA

First enter a CONTROL A, II, Il command to define areas; then enter a CONTROL V command to change the console mode to message stream.

DEVICE NOT SUPPORTED

Vary a printer console online, then enter a CONTROL V,USE=FC command.

NO HARDCOPY

Do either of the following:

- Enter a VARY command to assign the hardcopy function to the SYSLOG or OPERLOG or both. Then re-enter the CONTROL Q command.
- Reenter the CONTROL Q command to requeue messages to SYSLOG when SYSLOG becomes active.

FOR CRT ONLY

Enter the command again, without the erroneous operand.

dev OUTPUT ONLY

Issue a CONTROL command from an active console with sufficient authority if you want to change the characteristics of this console.

console name CONSOLE BUSY

Enter the command at a later time.

NOT VALID IN LOCAL MODE

Enter the command again, without the erroneous operand.

MESSAGE LOSS DETECTED

Do one of the following:

- Issue a CONTROL command from another console to cause the message to go to that console instead, and then reissue the failed command.
- Issue the command with the UNCOND operand to force the command to be executed, even though some messages may go only to hardcopy.

CANNOT CHANGE USE OF SMCS CONSOLE

SMCS consoles can only be FC (full capability) consoles. If an MS or SD mode console is needed, issue the command against an MCS console instead.

CONSOLE NOT ONLINE

Bring the console online, or issue the CONTROL N command with L=name, where name is the name of a console that is online.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEE5603D, IEE6703D, IEE7503D, IEE7703D, IEE8303D, IEE8A03D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE923I

K S,DEL = $\{Y|R|RD|N|W\}$, SEG = nn,CON = $\{Y|N\}$,RTME = nn,RNUM = nn, MFORM = $\{J|M|S|T|X\}$,[L = name]

Explanation

A CONTROL S command requested that the system display or change console specifications. The system issues this message in response to that command.

In the message text:

DEL=mode

Specifies the message deletion mode of the console.

mode is one of the following:

Υ

Indicates automatic mode of message deletion. All messages marked for deletion are deleted whenever the screen becomes full.

R

Indicates roll mode. The system deletes a specified number of messages from the screen when a time interval elapses. Deletion occurs only if the screen is full and messages are waiting to be displayed.

RD

Indicates roll mode with the following exception: messages awaiting action will not roll off, rather they are gathered at the top of the screen.

N

Indicates that manual message deletion is required.

W

Wrap mode. The system overlays the newest message over the oldest message on the screen.

SEG=nn

Specifies the number of lines in the message area that can be deleted with a CONTROL E,SEG command. This is a decimal value from 1 to the number of lines in the message area.

Note: If an asterisk (*) appears as the SEG value, the console is not fully initialized. The actual SEG value cannot be determined until the console is fully initialized.

CON

Indicates the conversational message mode, as follows:

Y

Conversational message deletion is in effect.

Ν

Non-conversational message deletion is in effect.

CON is valid for a full-capability display console only.

RTME=nnn

Specifies the number of seconds between message rolls. This is a decimal value from 1 to 999, or a value of 1/4 or 1/2.

Note: If an asterisk (*) appears as the RTME value, the console is not fully initialized. The actual RTME value cannot be determined until the console is fully initialized.

RNUM=nn

Specifies the maximum number of messages lines included in one message roll mode. This is a decimal value from 1 to the number of lines in the message area.

Note: If an asterisk (*) appears as the RNUM value, the console is not fully initialized. The actual RNUM value cannot be determined until the console is fully initialized.

MFORM=mform

Specifies the format in which messages are displayed. One or more values may appear. **M** will appear if only the text of the message is being displayed at the console.

mform is one of the following:

J

The system will display each message with the job id/name.

М

The system will display only the text of each message (without a time stamp, job id/name, and system name).

S

The system will display each message with the name of the system on which the message originated.

Т

The system will display each message with a time stamp.

Χ

Whenever possible, the system will attempt to suppress the job name and system name, if they would not be meaningful.

L=name

name is the name of the console whose specifications are displayed. This field appears if another console was specified in the routing parameter of the CONTROL command.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Change the indicated console specifications, if desired

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE8A03D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE924I

INVALID AREA DEFINITION error [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

error is one of the following:

- SCREEN SIZE EXCEEDED
- DISPLAY IN OR ABOVE AREA
- AREA TOO SMALL
- TOO MANY AREAS DEFINED

A CONTROL A command requested that the system define or redefine screen areas.

In the message text:

SCREEN SIZE EXCEEDED

The sum of the lengths of the areas defined exceeded the size of the message area on the console for which the definition was requested.

DISPLAY IN OR ABOVE AREA

The error was one of the following:

- The requested redefinition affects an area with a display in or above it. Any area definition requested while a display is on the screen may differ from the previous definition only in regard to display areas above the area in use.
- The operator tried to clear the screen of all area definitions with a CONTROL A, NONE, but one of the areas contained a display.

AREA TOO SMALL

An attempt was made to define a display area of less than four lines.

TOO MANY AREAS DEFINED

An attempt was made to define more than 11 display areas on a console; 11 is the maximum number.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

If the error occurred for a CONTROL A, NONE command, erase the display(s). Enter the command again.

If the error occurred for a CONTROL A command other than CONTROL A, NONE, correct the command. Enter it again, if desired.

If the CONTROL command fails again, save the hard-copy log and contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the hard-copy log.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE2003D, IEE6803D, IEE6903D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE925I

cm OPERAND op FOR [NON] CRT ONLY

Explanation

A CONTROL command specified a parameter that applies only to consoles. The command must be entered from a full capability console.

In the message text:

cm

The command, or a portion of the command, entered.

op

The parameter specified on the command.

NON

Applies to devices such as a printer.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Correct the command. Enter the command again, if desired. Enter DISPLAY C,K for a list of CONTROL command functions.

The only way to direct a CONTROL command from one CRT device to another is to use the L=name parameter on the CONTROL command.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE6703D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE926I

L={name|name,a} OPERAND INVALID-text [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

A CONTROL or DISPLAY command specified an L=name-a parameter incorrectly.

In the message text:

L={name|name,a}

The parameter.

text

One of the following lines:

name-a NOT AN AREA

The area specified by the name-a parameter:

- · Was not valid
- · Does not exist
- Was other than Z for a non-cathode ray tube (CRT) console
- Was Z for a status display console.

name NOT A CONSOLE

The console named name does not exist or is not active.

name FULL CAPABILITY

The console named *name* is not one of the following:

- The requester's own console
- A message stream (MS) console
- A status display (SD) console

The console must have master authority or RACF approval to route something to an FC console.

ON THIS COMMAND

The name parameter was specified, but should not have been, on one of the following commands:

```
CONTROL S CONTROL D
CONTROL E,N CONTROL D,N
CONTROL E CONTROL D,N,HOLD
CONTROL E,SEG CONTROL D,PFK
CONTROL E,PFK CONTROL N,PFK
CONTROL C,E
CONTROL C,I
CONTROL C,A
```

name OUTPUT ONLY

One of the following occurred:

- An attempt was made to make a console full capability using the CONTROL V,USE = FC command. The
 console was an output only device.
- An attempt was made to define areas using the CONTROL A,nn command on a console that is in message stream mode.

name SUBSYSTEM CONSOLE

An attempt was made to route messages to a console under the control of another subsystem.

name STATUS DISPLAY

An attempt was made to reroute messages to a status display console named name using the L=name-a parameter.

name SYSTEM CONSOLE

An attempt was made to issue a CONTROL S command on the system console.

name NOT IN PD MODE

An attempt was made to issue a CONTROL S command on the system console that was not in Problem Determination (PD) mode.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

name NOT AN AREA

Change the area specification. Enter the command again.

name NOT A CONSOLE

Change the console name and reenter the command.

name FULL CAPABILITY

Reenter the command by omitting the L=name-a parameter to have the response come to your own console, if desired.

ON THIS COMMAND

Enter the command again without the name parameter.

name OUTPUT ONLY

The console may be altered to status display mode by using the CONTROL V,USE=SD command. Then enter the CONTROL A,nn command again.

name SUBSYSTEM CONSOLE

name STATUS DISPLAY

Change the console name specification. Enter the command again.

name SYSTEM CONSOLE

Change the console name specification and enter the command again.

name NOT IN PD MODE

Change the system console to get into Problem Determination (PD) mode and enter the command again.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE6703D, IEE6803D, IEE6903D, IEE7503D, IEE7703D, IEE8A03D, IEE8B03D, IEE2003D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

cm REQUEST AMBIGUOUS-text [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

The system cannot process a CONTROL command as entered. Supply more information or correct the command.

In the message text:

cm

The command verb.

text

One of the following lines:

SPECIFY DISPLAY ID

A CONTROL C,D command was entered without an ID parameter.

SPECIFY L OPERAND

A CONTROL command for an out-of-line display, such as a frame or erase command, was issued without the routing location parameter, L=cca, and more than one display exists on the screen.

SPECIFY MESSAGE ID

A CONTROL C,A or CONTROL C,E or CONTROL C,CE or CONTROL C,I command was entered without an ID parameter.

DUPLICATE OPERAND

A keyword was specified more than once on a CONTROL V command.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

If cm is the following, do the following:

CONTROL C,D

To cancel a display with this command, specify the ID of the display to be ended: CONTROL C,D,ID. The ID is at the extreme right side of the control line of the display.

CONTROL command for an out-of-line display, such as a FRAME or ERASE command

The display area ID of must be specified in an L parameter.

CONTROL command with additional parameters or data

Specify the additional parameters or data.

CONTROL V with duplicate keywords

Respecify the command without duplicate keywords.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE2003D, IEE7703D, IEE7803D, IEE8103D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE928I

DISPLAY AREA ID'S FOR CONSOLE name ARE {NONE|id, [,id,...]}

Explanation

The system issues this message in response to one of the following commands:

- A CONTROL A,xx[,xx] command to define areas to a console
- A CONTROL A, NONE to delete the screen areas on a console
- A CONTROL A or CONTROL A, REF to display the areas presently defined to a console

In the message text:

name

The console name.

NONE

No display areas are defined to the console.

id

The display area identifiers listed in the order in which the areas were defined, from the bottom of the screen to the top.

System action

None.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE6803D, IEE6903D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE929I

$K A,{NONE|xx[,xx...]}[L=name]$

Explanation

A CONTROL A,REF command requested that the system display the display area specifications. The system issues this message in response to that command.

In the message text:

name

The console name specified on the command.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Enter a CONTROL A command to change the display area definition, if desired.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

IEE6903D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE931I

cm [op] INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR COMMAND [COMMAND ISSUED IS command]

Explanation

To process a command, the system requested virtual storage. The requested storage was unavailable.

In the message text:

cm

The command being processed.

op

If parameters were specified on the command, op appears in the message text, displaying those parameters.

COMMAND ISSUED IS command

command is the text of the command that was originally entered.

System action

MVS cannot process the command.

Operator response

Enter the command again at a later time, if necessary. If the command issued was SET CNGRP=XX, reduce the number of lines in each CNGRPxx member, including comment lines, to 226 lines per member or less.

Source

Master scheduler

Module

CNZKSETC, CNZK1DCM, CNZK1MOD, IEAVG616, IEE22110, IEE24110, IEE2903D, IEE40110, IEE4703D, IEE5703D, IEE6703D, IEE6803D, IEE6803D, IEE6803D, IEE6803D, IEECB803D, IEECB806, IEECB806, IEECB807, IEECB813, IEECB819, IEECB820, IEECB821, IEECB859, IEECB883, IEECB890, IEECB920, IEECB925, IEECB927, IEECB984, IEECB985, IEE0703D, IEECB828, IEEMB856, IEEVRSCN, IEE5603D

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE932I

nnn

Explanation

A multiple line WTO macro was issued with descriptor code 9. No control line text was supplied.

In the message text:

nnn

The display identification number used with the CONTROL (K) command to cancel the display.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEAVG715

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5,8,9

IEE935I

CONSOLE consname UNUSABLE, text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- DEVICE TYPE xx NOT SUPPORTED
- SCREEN SIZE NOT SUPPORTED:[rrrXccc|rrr] MODE:yy

During system initialization or in response to a command, multiple console support (MCS) cannot make a console active because of an error.

In the message text:

consname

The console name.

DEVICE TYPE 'xx' NOT SUPPORTED

The specified device type is not supported. This is probably a software error.

In the message text:

XX

The internal device-type code.

SCREEN SIZE NOT SUPPORTED:rrrXccc MODE:yy

The system does not support the screen size for the specified device.

rrr

The number of rows on the screen.

CCC

The number of columns

УУ

The device mode, as follows:

٧V

Meaning

01

The device supports the 3270 extended data stream.

02

The device does not support the 3270 extended data stream.

System action

The system marks this console as unusable.

Operator response

If the device is a 3290 Information Panel that has had its logical screen size modified, change the logical screen size to one of the values supported for operator consoles. You can find the <u>Maximum and default specifications</u> for AREA and SEG in *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVFTV, IEECVFTU

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE936I

CONSOLE consname INITIALIZATION ERROR - RC: rc - text

Explanation

During system initialization or in response to a command, multiple console support (MCS) cannot activate a console because MCS cannot determine the device type or the definition is not correct. The system will make the indicated changes to the console.

In the message text:

consname

The console name.

text

one of the following:.

RC: rc - 3279-2 IS ASSUMED RC: rc - 3277-2 IS ASSUMED

where rc is one of the following:

- 01 An I/O error on read partition query.
- 02 An I/O error on read modified while the system was trying to obtain the response to the read partition query.
- 03 The result of the read partition query contained a bad attention identifier (AID).
- 04 The system could not find the usable-area structure field in response to the read partition query.

RNUM(xx) APPLIED

where xx is the default roll number applied by the system.

SEG(yy) APPLIED

where yy is the default SEG value applied by the system.

AREA(mm,nn,...)

where *mm,nn...* are the default out-of-line area sizes applied by the system.

System action

The system applies the default indicated in the message.

Operator response

If the applied default RNUM, SEG, or AREA value is not acceptable, enter a CONTROL S or CONTROL A command to change them.

System programmer response

Check the specification for RNUM, SEG or AREA in the CONSOLxx parmlib member for incorrect values.

Source

Communications task (COMMTASK)

Module

IEECVFTV, IEECVSLG, IEECVSLR

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE944I

SYNTAX ERROR IN OR FOLLOWING THE TEXT BEGINNING 'text' IN input INPUT

Explanation

The input to system management facilities (SMF) contains a syntax error in one of the parameters.

In the message text:

text

The text in which, or immediately after which, the error appears.

input

One of the following:

PARMLIB

The SMFPRMxx parmlib member specified for this IPL or in a SET SMF command.

DEFAULT

The SMF-supplied default values for the SMF parameters.

REPLY

The text of the reply to message IEE357A.

SYSIN

Input parameters for the SMF dump program.

System action

SMF ignores the parameter in error and continues processing. If required parameters are missing after SMF checks all the available parameters, the system uses the default values for the remainder of this IPL or for this execution of the SMF dump program. For all input except SYSIN, the system issues message IEE357A, which allows the operator to change the parameters.

Operator response

If SMF issues message IEE357A, respond to the message.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB831

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE945I

UNRECOGNIZABLE {OPTION|SUBOPTION} 'text' IN input INPUT

Explanation

The input to the system management facilities (SMF) contains an unrecognizable parameter or subparameter. In the message text:

text

The text in which, or immediately after which, the error appears.

input

One of the following:

INVALID

An invalid parameter.

PARMLIB

The SMFPRMxx parmlib member specified for this IPL or in a SET SMF command.

DEFAULT

The SMF-supplied default values for the SMF parameters.

REPLY

The text of the reply to message IEE357A.

SYSIN

Input parameters for the SMF dump program.

System action

SMF ignores the parameter and continues processing. If required parameters are missing after SMF checks all the available parameters, the system uses the default values for the remainder of this IPL or for this execution of the SMF dump program. For all input except SYSIN, the system issues message IEE357A, which allows the operator to change the parameters.

Operator response

If message IEE357A is issued, respond as required to the message.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB831

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE946I

UNEXPECTED END OF TEXT IN input INPUT

Explanation

The input to the system management facilities (SMF) ended unexpectedly.

In the message text:

input

One of the following:

INVALID

An invalid parameter.

PARMLIB

The SMFPRMxx parmlib member specified for this IPL or in a SET SMF command.

DEFAULT

The SMF-supplied default values for the SMF parameters.

REPLY

The text of the reply to message IEE357A.

SYSIN

Input parameters for the SMF dump program.

System action

SMF processing continues. If required parameters are missing after SMF checks all the available parameters, the system uses the default values for the remainder of this IPL or for this execution of the SMF dump program.

For all input except SYSIN, the system issues message IEE357A, which allows the operator to change the parameters.

Operator response

If SMF issues message IEE357A, respond to the message.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB832

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE947I

'text' SKIPPED DUE TO PREVIOUS ERROR

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) did not check the input text shown in the message because of an error described in a previous message.

In the message text:

text

The input text.

System action

SMF parameter checking continues. If required parameters are missing after SMF checks all the available parameters, the system uses the default values for the remainder of this IPL or for this execution of the SMF dump program. For all input except SYSIN, the system issues message IEE357A, which allows the parameters to be changed.

Operator response

If SMF issues message IEE357A, respond to the message.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB832

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE948E

INVALID keywd VALUE 'val' IN input INPUT

Explanation

During system management facilities (SMF) initialization, SMF detected an incorrect value in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

keywd

The keyword.

val

The incorrect value.

input

The input to the SMF parameter.

System action

SMF ignores the erroneous value and continues processing. If the parameter is required and is missing after SMF checks all available parameters, SMF uses a default value for it for the remainder of this IPL.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the default parameter value is acceptable, no action is necessary. Otherwise, ask the operator to change it with a SET SMF or SETSMF command.

Before the next system initialization, correct the parameter in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member.

Note: If the parameter is SID, SMF uses the default value. This default can be changed only by reIPL.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB832

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

11

IEE948I

INVALID keywd VALUE 'val' IN input INPUT

Explanation

During processing of system management facilities (SMF) parameters, SMF detected an incorrect value for a keyword.

In the message text:

keywd

The keyword

val

The incorrect value.

input

One of the following:

INVALID

An invalid parameter.

PARMLIB

The SMFPRMxx parmlib member specified for this IPL or in a SET SMF command.

DEFAULT

The SMF-supplied default value for the parameter.

REPLY

The reply to message IEE357A.

SYSIN

Input parameters for the SMF dump program.

System action

SMF ignores the erroneous value and continues processing. If the parameter is required and is missing after SMF checks all available parameters, SMF uses a default value for it for the remainder of this IPL or while the SMF dump program runs.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the default parameter value is acceptable, no action is necessary. Otherwise, ask the operator to change it with a SET SMF or SETSMF command.

Before the next system initialization, correct the parameter in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member.

Note: If the parameter is SID, SMF uses the default value. This default can be changed only by reIPL.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB832

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE949I

hh.mm.ss SMF DATA SETS [idn]

Explanation

This message contains the status of all data sets being used to record system management facilities (SMF) data.

It is displayed during IPL, if requested in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member or in response to a SET SMF or a DISPLAY SMF command.

Note: The system does not issue this message when there are no SMF data sets available. The system issues message IEE366I.

The header line contains the following information:

hh.mm.ss

The time given as the hours (00-23), the minutes (00-59), and the seconds (00-59). The value is 00.00.00 if the TOD clock is not working when the information is gathered for the display.

idn

An identifier used in conjunction with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays written on typewriter or printer consoles or displayed in-line (not in a display area) on display (CRT) consoles. This identification number does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

The message text contains the following information for each SMF data set:

P-name

S-name

The name of the SMF recording data set. If the name is preceded by P, the data set is the primary SMF data set. If the name is preceded by S, the data set is a secondary SMF data set.

volser

The volume serial number of the volume containing the SMF data set.

size

The size of the data set, in the number of control intervals. The control interval length is determined by the installation.

full

The percentage of the data set that is full.

status

The data set status as follows:

ACTIVE

The data set is now being used to record SMF data.

ALTERNATE

The data set is available for use to record SMF data.

DUMP REQUIRED

The data set must be dumped before it can be used to record additional SMF data.

CLOSE PENDING

The data set has been switched from and is waiting to be closed by SMF before it can be dumped.

*** ERROR ***

The status of the data set could not be determined or is not valid.

System action

SMF processing continues.

Operator response

If the data set status is *** ERROR ***, notify the system programmer. Otherwise, no action is needed.

System programmer response

Obtain a console dump of the SMF address space. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

#/2

Descriptor code

4,5,8,9

IEE950I

SMF SYS1.MANn DATASET CANNOT BE {ALLOCATED|OPENED| CLOSED} RETURN CODE=return-code. ERROR CODE=error-code[. INFO CODE=info-code]

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) processing was unable to allocate, open, or close SMF recording data set SYS1.MANn.

In the message text:

SYS1.MANn

The data set, with a suffix of *n*.

ALLOCATED

The return code, error code, and information code from dynamic allocation are included in the message.

OPENED

If open processing failed, the return code and error code from VSAM open processing are included in the message. Message IEC161I precedes this message.

CLOSED

If close processing failed, the return code and error code from VSAM close processing are included in the message. Message IEC251I precedes this message.

return-code

The VSAM return code.

error-code

The VSAM error code.

info-code

The VSAM information code.

System action

SMF processing continues but ignores the SYS1.MANn data set. If other SMF recording data sets are available, SMF continues recording and issues message IEE360I. Otherwise, SMF does no more recording.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See the codes from dynamic allocation or VSAM. See the accompanying messages.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE951I

DSORG OF SYS1.MAN*n* DATA SET IS NOT VSAM. DATA SET CANNOT BE USED.

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) found that the SYS1.MAN*n* recording data set specified in the DSNAME parameter in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member or in the reply to message IEE357A is not a VSAM data set. All SMF recording data sets must be VSAM data sets.

In the message text:

SYS1.MANn

The data set, with a suffix of n.

System action

SMF initialization or SET SMF command processing continues. If at lease one valid SMF recording data set is available, SMF continues recording and issues message IEE360I. Otherwise, SMF does no recording.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Respond with one of the following:

- Recreate the SYS1.MANn data set.
- Modify the DSNAME parameter in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member to include only VSAM data sets.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE952I

ERROR DETECTED IN USER EXIT exitname, EXIT BYPASSED.

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) could not locate an installation exit routine.

In the message text:

exitname

The installation exit routine.

System action

SMF processing continues but bypasses the installation exit.

System programmer response

Determine if the routine is properly link edited into SYS1.LPALIB. If the routine has been replaced since the system was installed, check the linkage editor output for the most recent change. If the correct version of the routine is in SYS1.LPALIB, restart the system with a cold start (CLPA) to make the routine available.

If the routine has not been replaced since the system was installed, check the output from the install process to be sure the routine was correctly installed.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB821

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE953I

INVALID CONTROL INTERVAL SIZE IN DATA SET SYS1.MANX

Explanation

SMF initialization or SET SMF command processing found that the control interval size for SMF data set SYS1.MANx is not the control interval size of the data sets that are already in use by the system.

System action

Processing continues using the other data sets that have been defined. If no data sets are defined, then SMF continues processing in data buffering mode. If no SMF data sets have yet been written to, SMF chooses a CI size of 4K (4096), which then becomes the CI size which would be used for the duration of that IPL.

System programmer response

Recreate the SYS1.MANx data set using the access method services DEFINE utility and specify CONTROLINTERVALSIZE(xxxx), where xxxx is the control interval size for data sets that are already in use by the system. See z/OS MVS System Management Facilities (SMF) for information about creating SMF data sets.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE955I

SPECIFY IPL REASON

Explanation

During system initialization, the system issues this message to ask the operator for system management facilities (SMF) information.

System action

IPL continues. The system issues message IEE956A.

Operator response

Reply to message IEE956A.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB823

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE956A

REPLY - FTIME=hh.mm.ss,NAME=OPERATOR, REASON=(IPL REASON)
OR U

Explanation

The system issues this message during IPL to allow the operator to supply the following information about the current IPL:

- The time the system became inactive
- The operator's name

· The reason for the IPL

Message IEE955I or IEE957I precedes this message.

System action

The SMF prompt routine waits for the operator to reply. When the reply is received, SMF generates a record (type 90) containing the information in the reply and continues with the IPL.

Operator response

Reply with one of the following two selections:

- 1. Enter all the following parameters:
 - FTIME=**hh.mm.ss**, where **hh.mm.ss** is the time the system became inactive in the format hours (00-23), minutes (00-59), and seconds (00-59)
 - NAME=name, where name is the operator's name in up to 20 characters.
 - REASON=(text), where text is the reason for the IPL in up to 65 characters.

Use the standard replies defined for your installation, if available.

2. Reply **U** to continue processing without the information.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB823

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

IEE957I

SYNTAX ERROR IN IPL REASON REPLY - RESPECIFY

Explanation

The reply to the preceding IEE956A message contained an incorrect keyword or value.

System action

SMF reissues message IEE956A and waits for the operator to reply.

Operator response

Enter the correct reply to message IEE956A.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB823

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE958I

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SUBSYSTEMS EXCEEDED. text.

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- SUBSYS name IS IGNORED.
- SET SMF TERMINATED. OLD OPTIONS REMAIN IN EFFECT

One of the following occurred:

SUBSYS name IS IGNORED.

During IPL, SMF found that more than eight subsystem name parameters were specified in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member. The system ignores the additional subsystem names. The second line of the message appears for each rejected parameter.

SET SMF TERMINATED. OLD OPTIONS REMAIN IN EFFECT

SET SMF command processing found that the total of the input subsystem name parameters and the subsystem names already in the system is greater than eight. SMF rejects the command.

If the system already contains eight subsystem names, use the SET SMF command to change the subparameters on an existing subsystem, but you cannot replace an existing subsystem name with a new one. To do this, reIPL the system.

System action

If the message was issued during IPL, SMF ignores the subsystem names appearing in the message.

If the message was issued in response to a SET SMF command, processing ends. The old SMF options remain in effect.

Operator response

If you want to replace an existing subsystem name with a new one, reIPL the system using an SMF member of SYS1.PARMLIB that contains the correct subsystem names.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB821

Routing code

2.10

Descriptor code

5

IEE959I

SYSTEM ERROR DURING SMF PROCESSING

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) failed to process a message intended for a data set.

System action

Processing continues. The message that was being processed is lost, unless it also appears on the operator console.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB824

Routing code

2,4

Descriptor code

5

IEE960I

SYS1.MANn WILL NOT BE USED, DATA SET TOO SMALL

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) found that the SYS1.MAN*n* recording data set is too small to hold the largest possible SMF record (32 kilobytes) and the control information that is required to segment the record.

In the message text:

SYS1.MANn

The data set, with a suffix of n.

System action

SMF initialization or SET SMF command processing continues but ignores the SYS1.MANn data set. If at least one valid SMF recording data set is available, SMF continues recording and issues message IEE360I. Otherwise, SMF does no recording.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

1304 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

System programmer response

Recreate the SYS1.MANn data set using the access method services DEFINE utility and specifying a larger size. Use the access method services LISTCAT utility to check the size of all SMF recording data sets. A data set is large enough if the LISTCAT output shows a HI-ALLOC-RBA value of at least 36863 for the data set. Recreate any data set that is too small.

Note: This message can be issued when the system tries to use an SMF data set that was created with extents. SMF data sets cannot have extents.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE961I

SMF INITIALIZATION FAILED.

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) initialization encountered an error.

System action

SMF requests an SVC dump. Then SMF processing ends. IPL processing continues without SMF recording.

Operator response

If SMF recording is essential, reIPL the system.

System programmer response

Examine the SVC dump. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB827

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE962E

SMF TERMINATED.

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) processing ended abnormally after encountering an error. Either a retry was not possible or was unsuccessful. The error is described in the preceding messages.

System action

SMF requests an SVC dump. Then SMF processing ends. System processing continues without SMF recording.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. If SMF recording is essential, enter a SET SMF command to restart SMF. Otherwise, delete this message from the console screen.

System programmer response

Examine the dump and the preceding error messages. If needed, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB825

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

11

IEE962I

SMF TERMINATED.

Explanation

The operator entered a SET SMF or DISPLAY SMF command. System Management Facilities (SMF) processing had previously ended because of an error.

System action

Command processing ends.

Operator response

See the preceding SMF messages and the SVC dump for the cause of the error.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

1306 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Module

IEECB913

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE963I

SMF RECOVERY ATTEMPTING RETRY.

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) processing encountered an error and is attempting to continue processing.

System action

SMF requests an SVC dump. SMF attempts to continue processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Examine the SVC dump. If needed, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB825

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

IEE964I

SET SMF COMMAND ABENDED text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- OLD OPTIONS REMAIN IN EFFECT
- NEW OPTIONS IN EFFECT
- OPTIONS IN EFFECT UNDETERMINABLE

SET SMF command processing ended abnormally.

In the message text:

OLD OPTIONS REMAIN IN EFFECT

Processing of the SET SMF command ended because of a problem. The old options remain in effect for this system initialization.

NEW OPTIONS IN EFFECT

Processing of the SET SMF command added the new options. The new options in the SET command are in effect for this system initialization.

OPTIONS IN EFFECT UNDETERMINABLE

Processing of the SET SMF command may or may nor have added new options. The options in effect for this system initialization cannot be determined.

Note: The DISPLAY command cannot be used to determine which options are in effect.

System action

SET SMF command processing ends. SMF processing continues, using whatever options are in effect when SET command processing ended. SMF requests an SVC dump.

Operator response

If the options in effect cannot be determined and it is important that the options in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member are implemented before further system processing takes place, reIPL the system.

System programmer response

Examine the SVC dump and take the appropriate action. If necessary, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB835

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE965I

SET SMF COMMAND INOPERATIVE FOR REMAINDER OF IPL --or--SETSMF COMMAND INOPERATIVE FOR REMAINDER OF IPL

Explanation

SET SMF command processing has abnormally ended twice during this IPL and is now inoperative.

System action

SET SMF command processing is inoperative for the remainder of this system initialization.

Locate the preceding SET SMF error message. Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If it is necessary to use the SET SMF command, be sure the problem described in the preceding error message is resolved. If needed, ask the operator to reIPL the system.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEECB913

IFATSMF

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE966I

SYS1.MANn IS BEING FORMATTED

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) found that the SYS1.MAN*n* recording data set not been formatted or the previous format of the data set was not completed. Formatting is now taking place.

In the message text:

SYS1.MANn

The data set, with a suffix of n.

System action

SMF initialization or SET SMF command processing formats the SYS1.MANn data set. This processing might take several minutes to complete, depending on the size of the data set. Normal IPL or SET processing resumes when formatting is complete.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

To avoid reformatting the data set during IPL or SET SMF command processing, use the SMF dump program when creating new SMF recording data sets.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

IEE967I

hh.mm.ss SMF PARAMETERS [idn] MEMBER = SMFPRMxx keywd[(val)] -- orig

Explanation

This message is issued

- In response to a DISPLAY SMF command.
- During system management facilities (SMF) initialization processing.
- During SET SMF command processing.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time in the hours (00-23), the minutes (00-59), and the seconds (00-59). The value is 00.00.00 if the time of day (TOD) clock is not working when the information is gathered for the display.

idn

An identifier used in conjunction with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays written on typewriter or printer consoles or displayed in-line (not in a display area) on display (CRT) consoles. This identification number does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

SMFPRM*xx*

The SMF parmlib member, with a suffix of xx.

keywd [val]

The SMF keyword parameter and, if applicable, its value.

orig

The origin of the keyword parameter, which is one of the following:

CHANGED

Due to conflicting options, SMF changed what was requested.

DEFAULT

The parameter value is the default value.

Note: For the SMF keyword parameter, SID, an origin type of DEFAULT implies that the SID value displayed was the value specified at IPL.

PARMLIB

The parameter value was specified in the active SMFPRMxx parmlib member.

REPLY

The parameter value was specified via a SETSMF command, or as a reply to a console inquiry.

SYSIN

The parameter value came as a SYSIN parameter option to an SMF dump utility.

SMF OVERRIDE

SMF could not satisfy the requested parameter value so an overriding value was used.

NOT IN USE

The parameter value is not in use in the current SMF configuration.

SYS

The parameter value was taken from a system identifier.

System action

SMF issues message IEE357A to allow the operator to change the parameters.

Operator response

Reply to message IEE357A.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB833

Routing code

#/2

Descriptor code

4,5,8,9

IEE968I

NOTIFICATION OF SUBSYS XXXX FAILED - text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- SUBSYSTEM DOES NOT SUPPORT THIS FUNCTION
- SUBSYSTEM IS NOT OPERATIONAL
- SUBSYSTEM DOES NOT EXIST
- SYSTEM ERROR

The system could not notify a subsystem of a change in system management facilities (SMF) parameters.

In the message text:

XXXX

The subsystem.

SUBSYSTEM DOES NOT SUPPORT THIS FUNCTION

The subsystem is not designed to process one or more of the function codes passed to it.

If SUBSYSTEM IS NOT OPERATIONAL

The subsystem has been defined, but it has not been initialized.

SUBSYSTEM DOES NOT EXIST

The subsystem is not defined.

SYSTEM ERROR

A system error prevented notification of the subsystem.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Check the spelling of the subsystem name in the list of SMF parameters. If you entered the SETSMF command, check the spelling of the subsystem name in the command.

Note: The "SUBSYSTEM DOES NOT SUPPORT THIS FUNCTION" format of this message is expected and can be ignored if the name of the JES2 subsystem is not "JES2" or the name of the JES3 subsystem is not "JES3" or the name of the APPC scheduler is not "ASCH".

System programmer response

If SUBSYSTEM IS NOT OPERATIONAL or SUBSYSTEM DOES NOT EXIST appears and the subsystem is necessary for system operations, correct the error. ReIPL the system.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IFASSMF

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE969I

SETSMF COMMAND TERMINATED text

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- OLD OPTIONS REMAIN IN EFFECT
- NEW OPTIONS IN EFFECT
- OPTIONS IN EFFECT UNDETERMINABLE

System Management Facilities ended processing for a SETSMF command.

In the message text:

OLD OPTIONS REMAIN IN EFFECT

Processing of the SET SMF command ended because of a problem. The old options remain in effect for this system initialization.

NEW OPTIONS IN EFFECT

Processing of the SET SMF command added the new options. The new options in the SET command are in effect for this system initialization.

OPTIONS IN EFFECT UNDETERMINABLE

Processing of the SET SMF command may or may nor have added new options. The options in effect for this system initialization cannot be determined.

System action

SMF processing continues, using the options in effect at the time the system ended SETSMF command processing. The system schedules an SVC dump.

Operator response

If OPTIONS IN EFFECT UNDETERMINABLE appears, and you want to be sure that certain SMF parameters are in effect, reIPL the system.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEECB913

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE970I

SETSMF COMMAND NOT AUTHORIZED

Explanation

The operator entered a SETSMF command, but the SETSMF command is not authorized. The SETSMF command is not authorized when either:

- The NOAUTHSETSMF SMFPRMxx parmlib option is specified.
- The PROMPT(IPLR) or NOPROMPT SMFPRMxx parmlib options are specified and the AUTHSETSMF parmlib option is not specified.

System action

The system ignores the SETSMF command. Other processing continues.

System programmer response

To allow the operator to use the SETSMF command, include the PROMPT(LIST) or the PROMPT(ALL) options in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member, or specify the AUTHSETSMF option in SMFPRMxx. The AUTHSETSMF option authorizes SETSMF regardless of the specified PROMPT or NOPROMPT options.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEECB913

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE971I

XXXX IS IGNORED. SETSMF CAN CHANGE ONLY ONE SUBSYSTEM

Explanation

The SETSMF command contains both the SUBSYS keyword and the SUBPARM keyword. The keywords specified two different subsystem names. SMF ignores the second keyword. If both keywords appear on the command, they must specify the same subsystem name.

In the message text:

XXXX

The subsystem specified by the second keyword.

System action

SMF makes the change specified on the first keyword. Processing continues.

Operator response

To change SMF parameters for more than one subsystem, enter a separate SETSMF command for each subsystem.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB832

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE972I

SETSMF CANNOT BE USED TO CHANGE option

Explanation

A SETSMF command was entered to change the value of an SMFPRMxx option, but that option cannot be altered via a SETSMF command.

In the message text:

option

The specified option.

System action

The system continues processing. The specified SMFPRMxx option is not altered.

Operator response

Issue a SET SMF command to change the specified SMFPRMxx option.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE973I

DATA SET CHANGE REQUEST IGNORED

Explanation

A SETSMF command was entered to change the SMF data set that is being used by the system to a different SMF data set. The request is ignored because the specified data set is in error.

System action

The system ignores the SETSMF command. Processing continues to use the SMF data set that was being used by the system prior to the SETSMF command.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Check the codes from the access method services DEFINE utility used to create the requested SMF data set.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IFASSMF

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE974I

hh.mm.ss SMF DATA SETS [id] NAME VOLSER SIZE(BLKS) %FULL STATUS text

Explanation

Where text is:

{x-name	volser	size(blks)	%full status	
x-name:	volser	size(blks)	%full status}	

This message contains the status of all data sets being used to record SMF data. It is displayed during IPL, if requested in the SMFPRMxx parmlib member or in response to a SET SMF or a DISPLAY SMF command.

Note:

1. This message is issued instead of IEE949I only when an installation defines a data set name that does not use the SYS1.MANn naming convention.

- 2. The system does not issue this message when there are no SMF data sets available. The system issues message IEE366I.
- 3. The message text will split into two lines when the length of SMF data set name is greater than 18.

The header line contains the following information:

hh.mm.ss

The time, given as the hours (00-23), the minutes (00-59), and the seconds (00-59). The value is 00.00.00 if the TOD clock is not working when the information is gathered for the display.

[id]

An identifier used with the CONTROL C,D command to cancel status displays written on typewriter or printer consoles or displayed in-line (not in a display area) on display (CRT) consoles. This identification number does not appear when the display is presented in a display area on a display console.

The message text contains the following information for each SMF data set:

X

Either a P or S to indicate whether the data set is a primary SMF data set or a secondary SMF data set.

name

The name of the SMF recording data set.

volser

The volume serial number of the volume containing the SMF data set.

size(blks)

The size of the data set, in the number of control intervals. The control interval length is determined by the installation.

%full

The percentage of the data set that is full.

status

The data set status as follows:

ACTIVE

The data set is now being used to record SMF data.

ALTERNATE

The data set is available for use to record SMF data.

DUMP REQUIRED

The data set must be dumped before it can be used to record additional SMF data.

CLOSE PENDING

The data set has been switched from SMF and is waiting to be closed by SMF before it can be dumped.

*** ERROR ***

The status of the data set could not be determined or is not valid.

System action

SMF processing continues.

Operator response

If the data set status is *** ERROR ***, notify the system programmer. Otherwise, no action is needed.

System programmer response

Obtain a console dump of the SMF address space. Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Note: When a data set name is up to 18 characters long, the message text is on one line. When the data set name is greater than 18 characters in length, the message text is split into two lines.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

#/2

Descriptor code

4,5,8,9

IEE979W

SMF DATA LOST - NO BUFFER SPACE AVAILABLE TIME=hh.mm.ss

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) used all its available buffers and cannot obtain more because it has used all available buffer space in its address space and parmlib option NOBUFFS(MSG) is in effect. All records presented to SMF will be lost until buffers become available.

This message may be issued for the following conditions:

- 1. Before this message, SMF issued message IEE986E many times to indicate that SMF had obtained more and more buffers until 100% of the available buffers were used. In this case, all the available SMF buffers have been used and are filled.
- 2. Before this message, SMF may or may not have issued message IEE986E and it did not indicate 100% of the available buffers were used. The next SMF buffer to be used may not have been ready for use soon enough before all the previous SMF buffers filled.
- 3. During an IPL or SET (T) SMF command, SMF recording was requested but SMF buffers had not yet been made available.

In the message text:

hh.mm.ss

The time given as the hour (00-23), the minute (00-59), and the second (00-59).

System action

Processing continues. SMF records have been lost and more may be lost until SMF is able to write the buffered records to SMF data sets.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. Check on SMF data set status, SMF buffer settings, and types of SMF recording being requested.

Use the DISPLAY SMF command to check on the status of the SMF data sets. If there are no data sets active, use the SMF dump program (IFASMFDP) to clear one and make it available for use. If SMF has a valid data set on which it is actively recording when this message is issued, look for a program caught in a loop while writing SMF records and cancel it. If SMF needs a data set, provide one.

The DISPLAY SMF,O command can be used to determine the maximum amount of buffer space available for SMF to use. If the percentage of available space for SMF buffering in use is already at the 100% level, consider increasing the BUFSIZMAX value to allow for additional SMF record buffering. This action can aid in reducing SMF record data loss when there is a spike of SMF recording activity and there is a temporary inhibitor to making the SMF data sets available for use. Since the BUFSIZMAX value can also be reduced from its current setting,

if an increase is put into effect to handle a temporary constraint condition, then the BUFSIZMAX value can be lowered when the constraint clears.

Enter a SET SMF (T SMF) command to restart SMF recording.

Note: This command may not work if SMF is unable to obtain the storage necessary to fulfill the request.

System programmer response

If the message is issued due to a data loss during IPL while SMF was initializing, consider tuning the size of the SMF temporary buffer with the IEASYSxx SMFTBUFF option. See the <u>z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning</u> Reference for information on SMFTBUFF.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

1

IEE980I

SMF IS BEING RESTARTED

Explanation

The operator entered a SET SMF command when the system management facilities (SMF) is not active.

System action

The system creates a new SMF address space.

Operator response

No response is needed if SMF had previously ended, as indicated by message IEE480I and other messages associated with a failure that caused SMF to end.

Otherwise, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If this message had not been preceded by IEE480I, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Note that an SMF failure may have occurred a long time before this restart.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB835

1318 z/OS: z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE981I

SMF RESTART REJECTED, SMF IS STILL ACTIVE WITH ASID=asid

Explanation

System Management Facilities (SMF) could not restart because the system found that another SMF address space is active. The other SMF address space is still in the process of ending.

In the message text:

asid

The address space identifier (ASID) of the address space where SMF is still active.

System action

The system rejects the SMF restart. System processing continues without SMF recording.

Operator response

Issue a FORCE SMF, ARM command and ensure that the other SMF address space ends; then, restart SMF.

System programmer response

If the other SMF address space will not end, take an SVC dump of the SMF address space to determine the cause. To restore SMF recording, re-IPL the system. If needed, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB835

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE984I

SMF DATASET OPEN ERROR - CHECK CONTROL INTERVAL

Explanation

This message is displayed after IEE950I when the VSAM return code is 160 (incorrect control interval for ICI processing).

System action

SMF processing continues but ignores the SYS1.MANx data set. If other SMF recording data sets are available, recording continues and message IEE360I is issued. Otherwise, no SMF recording is done.

System programmer response

Check the definition of the control interval for the data set; it should match the physical record size for the data set. This physical size is chosen by VSAM based upon the control interval specified and the track size of the device that the data set is on. Use the LISTCAT utility to display the values for the data set and redefine the data set using a valid control interval for the device.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE985A

SMF IS PROCESSING ITS LAST AVAILABLE DATASET

Explanation

SMF has just started writing to the last available ACTIVE data set. If there are no more data sets made available, the SMF last data set processing will run, as requested by parmlib option LASTDS. When a data set becomes available, this operator message will be deleted from the display.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the DISPLAY SMF command to check on the status of the other ACTIVE data sets and start the SMF dump program (IFASMFDP) on a data set that is awaiting dump.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB822

Routing code

Route code for switch SMF processing. *,1

Descriptor code

2

IEE986E

SMF HAS USED nn% OF AVAILABLE BUFFER SPACE

Explanation

The amount of in-use buffers in the SMF address space is at or exceeds the buffer usage warning percentage value (see BUFUSEWARN, the default value is 25%) for all the available storage (see BUFSIZMAX, the default value is 128M). As each additional SMF buffer (8M) is made ready for use or becomes available this message is redisplayed with an updated percentage value. When all available storage has been allocated and the buffers are filled, the SMF no buffers processing will be initiated, as requested by parmlib option NOBUFFS. However, if more buffers are de-allocated and the percentage falls below the BUFUSEWARN value (default 25%), this operator message is deleted from the display.

System action

Processing continues. Note that the NOBUFFS option determines SMF's action when the precentage value has reached the 100% level.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the DISPLAY SMF command to check on the status of the SMF data sets. If there are no data sets active, use the SMF dump program (IFASMFDP) to clear one and make it available for use.

The DISPLAY SMF,O command can be used to determine the maximum amount of buffer space available for SMF to use. If the percentage of available space for SMF buffering in use is already at the 100% level, consider increasing the BUFSIZMAX value to allow for additional SMF record buffering. This action can aid in reducing SMF record data loss when there is a spike of SMF recording activity and there is a temporary inhibitor to making the SMF data sets available for use. Since the BUFSIZMAX value can also be reduced from its current setting, if an increase is put into effect to handle a temporary constraint condition, then the BUFSIZMAX value can be lowered when the constraint clears.

In addition, use the DISPLAY SMF,O command to check the record types that are being collected. Reducing the number of record types being collected will slow the allocation and use of the buffers.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IFASMF

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

11

IEE987E

SYSTEM WAIT STATE 'DOD-00'X - NO SMF BUFFERS

Explanation

SMF has encountered a buffer resource shortage.

System action

The system enters restartable wait state D0D, with reason code 00, as specified by the NOBUFFS(HALT) parmlib option.

Operator response

Press the restart button to restart the system and operate in the 'data lost' mode, or reIPL the system. If you do restart the system, you should take a dump of the SMF address space and use the SMFDATA IPCS subcommand to retrieve the data that was in the SMF buffers at the time of the error. See the operator response for wait state code DOD.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

Note 12

Descriptor code

-

IEE988E

SYSTEM WAIT STATE 'DOD-01'X - NO SMF DATASETS

Explanation

SMF has encountered a data set shortage.

System action

SMF is putting the system into a restartable wait state D0D, with reason code 01, as specified by the LASTDS(HALT) parmlib option.

Operator response

Press the restart button to restart the system, or reIPL the system using the SMF=xx parameter to provide empty SMF data sets for SMF recording. If you do restart the system, SMF will start buffering data until a data set becomes available. If no data sets become available, the system will eventually use up all available storage for its internal buffers and encounter the no buffers condition. As a result, wait state code DOD, reason code 00 will be generated. See the operator response for wait state DOD.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB829

Routing code

Note 12

Descriptor code

_

IEE989I

SYSTEM RESTARTED AFTER SMF WAIT STATE 'nnn-mm'X

Explanation

SMF encountered a resource shortage and put the system into a restartable wait state. The operator has requested a restart.

In the message text:

nnn

The wait state code.

mm

The reason code.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB824

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE992I

USER EXIT ERROR - TOO MANY EXITS SPECIFIED ON EXITS LIST

Explanation

The exit specified on message IEE952I cannot be added to the exits list because the list area is already full.

System action

The system ignores the user exit specification.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify that the exit being loaded is in the link pack area (LPA) prior to loading. Correct and respecify the user exit.

Module

IEEMB821

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

5

IEE994E

SMF DATA LOST - DATA CORRUPTION BY SMF RECORD EXIT

Explanation

SMF has detected that an SMF record exit has corrupted a record.

System action

SMF issues IEE994E and also writes a symptom record to the LOGREC data set. The message indicates whether the failing exit was IEFU83, IEFU84, IEFU85, or IEFU86. IEE994E is issued only once per SMF record exit. It remains outstanding until it is explicitly DOMed, or until SMF is restarted or the system is IPLed. A symptom record is issued every time an invalid record is detected. The record is ignored. No further processing is done for this record.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Review the symptom record entry in LOGREC to determine how and why the record was corrupted. Correct the exit. Once the exit is corrected and reinstalled, the IEE994E message can be deleted by restarting SMF.

Source

System Management Facilities (SMF)

Module

IEEMB830

IEE995I

INVALID CONFIG COMMAND ISSUED WITH PROCVIEW OF state

Explanation

The CONFIG command was rejected, because either PROCVIEW CORE is in effect and the CPU keyword was used, or because PROCVIEW CPU is in effect and the CORE keyword was used. For more information, see LOADxx in z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference.

In the message text:

state

Can be CORE or CPU.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Reissue the command, using the correct CPU or CORE keyword.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEVCNF1

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

IEE996I

INVALID DISPLAY M=state COMMAND ISSUED WITH PROCVIEW OF state

Explanation

The DISPLAY command was rejected, because either PROCVIEW CORE is in effect and the CPU keyword was used, or PROCVIEW CPU is in effect and the CORE keyword was used.

In the message text:

state

Can be CORE or CPU.

System action

The system rejects the command.

Operator response

Reissue the command, using the correct CPU or CORE keyword.

Source

Reconfiguration

Module

IEEMPDMM

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

Chapter 10. Messages with subchannel set identifiers

IEE1022I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE022I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1169I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE169I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1302I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE302I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1303I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE303I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1376I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE376I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1378I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE378I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1379I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE379I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1383I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE383I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1384I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE384I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1385I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE385I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1386I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE386I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1491I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE491I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1714I	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE714I for the full message explanation.			
IEE1717D	This message indicates that there is a subchannel set identifier associated with the device number. See IEE717D for the full message explanation.			

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Index

A	5			
accessibility contact IBM <u>1329</u> assistive technologies <u>1329</u>	sending to IBM reader comments <u>ix</u> shortcut keys <u>1329</u> SYS1.MSGENU <u>vi</u>			
В	_			
BCP message changes method for finding <u>vi</u>	TSO/E message changes method for finding vi			
C	U			
contact z/OS <u>1329</u>	user interface ISPF 1329 TSO/E 1329			
descriptor codes <u>13</u> descriptor codes, meaning <u>14</u>	Z z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-			
F feedback <u>ix</u>	IEE) messages <u>xi</u> , <u>xii</u> , <u>xv</u> messages, changed <u>xi</u> , <u>xiii</u> , <u>xvi</u> messages, new xi, xii			
K	messages, no longer issued <u>xii, xiv, xvii</u>			
keyboard navigation 1329 PF keys 1329 shortcut keys 1329				
M				
message skeletons vi message changes finding vi messages z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE) xi, xii, xv messages,new xv				
N				
navigation keyboard <u>1329</u>				
R				
routing codes 9 routing codes, meaning 10 routing codes, specifying 9				

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Product Number: 5650-ZOS

SA38-0674-50

