

z/OS
2.5

*Language Environment
Runtime Messages*



Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in [“Notices” on page 801.](#)

This edition applies to Version 2 Release 5 of z/OS® (5650-ZOS) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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About this document

This document contains reference information that is intended to help you understand runtime messages, codes, and errno2 values that produced by the IBM® z/OS Language Environment® runtime, and to take appropriate action. This information also explains message formats, conventions, and where to find additional information.

Who should read this document

This document is intended for anyone using z/OS Language Environment who wants descriptive explanations, system actions, and suggested responses to issued run-time messages, codes, and errno2 values. A general knowledge of the z/OS Language Environment is useful for implementing recommended responses.

z/OS information

This information explains how z/OS references information in other documents and on the web.

When possible, this information uses cross document links that go directly to the topic in reference using shortened versions of the document title. For complete titles and order numbers of the documents for all products that are part of z/OS, see *z/OS Information Roadmap*.

To find the complete z/OS library, go to [IBM Documentation \(www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos\)](http://www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos).

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- Go to the [IBM Support Portal](http://support.ibm.com) (support.ibm.com).
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Summary of changes

This information includes terminology, maintenance, and editorial changes. Technical changes or additions to the text and illustrations for the current edition are indicated by a vertical line to the left of the change.

Note: IBM z/OS policy for the integration of service information into the z/OS product documentation library is documented on the z/OS Internet Library under [IBM z/OS Product Documentation Update Policy \(www-01.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/ibm-zos-doc-update-policy?OpenDocument\)](http://www-01.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/ibm-zos-doc-update-policy?OpenDocument).

Summary of message changes for Language Environment in z/OS Version 2 Release 5 (V2R5) and its updates

The following messages are new, changed, or no longer issued for Language Environment in z/OS V2R5 and its updates.

New messages

The following messages are new.

CEE3935I
CEE5239S (APAR PH41950 for V2.5 only)
IBM0343S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0344S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0422S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0490S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0491S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0492S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0493S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0494S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0495S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0496S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0497S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0498S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IBM0499S (APAR PH42584, which also applies to V2.4)
IGZ0377S (APARs PH40684 and PH40348, which also apply to V2.4)
IGZ0378S (APARs PH40684 and PH40348, which also apply to V2.4)
IGZ0379S (APARs PH40684 and PH40348, which also apply to V2.4)
IGZ0380S (APARs PH40684 and PH40348, which also apply to V2.4)
IGZ0381S (APARs PH40684 and PH40348, which also apply to V2.4)
IGZ0382S (APAR PH43141, which also applies to V2.4)

Changed messages

The following messages are changed.

CEE3754S (APAR PH45216, which also applies to V2R4 and V2R5)
IGZ0152S
IBM0236
IBM0598

Deleted messages

Language Environment no longer issues the following messages.

None.

New abend codes

The following abend codes are new.

X'400' (1024)

X'404' (1028)

Changed abend codes

The following abend codes are changed.

U4087 (X'FF7')

U4093 (X'FFD')

New errno values

The following errno values are new.

C4030020

C4030021

C112001F

Summary of message changes for Language Environment in z/OS Version 2 Release 4 (V2R4) and its updates

The following messages are new, changed, or no longer issued for Language Environment in z/OS V2R4 and its updates.

New messages

The following messages are new.

IGZ0342W (APAR PH26783)

IGZ0350S (APAR PH15921)

IGZ0351S (APAR PH15921)

IGZ0352S (APAR PH15921)

IGZ0353S (APAR PH15921)

IGZ0354S (APAR PH15921)

IGZ0355S (APAR PH15921)

IGZ0356I (APAR PH15921)

IGZ0372S (APAR PH31133)

IGZ0373S (APAR PH31133)

IGZ0374S (APAR PH31133)

IGZ0375S (APAR PH31133)

IGZ0376S (APAR PH31133)

Changed messages

The following messages have changed.

CEE3754S

IGZ0064S

IBM0225S
IBM0236S
IGZ0153S
IGZ0339W

Deleted messages

Language Environment no longer issues the following messages.

None.

New abend codes

The following abend codes are new.

X'400' (1024) (APAR PH28966)
X'404' (1028) (APAR PH28966)

Changed abend codes

The following abend codes are changed.

U4093 (X'FFD') (APAR PH28966)

New errno values

The following errno values are new.

C4030020 (APAR PH28966)
C4030021 (APAR PH28966)
C112001F (APAR PH28966)

Summary of message changes for Language Environment in z/OS Version 2 Release 3 (V2R3) and its updates

The following messages are new, changed, or no longer issued for Language Environment in z/OS V2R3 and its updates. For more information, see [*z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages*](#).

The most recent updates are listed at the top of the section.

New messages

The following messages are new.

C03E0005
C03E0011
C0460037
C0460051
C04A001E
C04A0031
C066000A
C066000B
C066000C
C0660012
C1180046
C1180047
C1180048
C1180049

C118004A
C118004B
C118004C
C118004E
C118007D
C1180085
C1180086
C1180087
C1180088
C1180089
C118008A
C118008B
C118008C
C118008D
C118008E
C11800A8
C11800A9
C9170002
C917000B
C932000E
C9320022
C9320023
C9330071
C9340057
C9340058
C9340059
C934005A
C934005B
C935002C
C9360040
C936007D
C9360092
C9360093
C9360101
C942000B
C9420016
CEE3252E
CEE3257E
CEE3258E
CEE3259E
CEE3600S
CEE3880I
CF060003
CF06000B
IBM0430S
IBM0431S
IBM0432S
IBM0433S
IBM0434S
IBM0435S
IBM0436S

IBM0660S
IBM0710S
IBM0711S
IBM0712S
IBM0713S
IBM0714S
IBM0715S
IBM0716S
IBM0717S
IBM0718S
IBM0719S
IBM0720S
IBM0721S
IBM0723S
IBM0725S
IBM0726S
IBM0727S
IBM0728S
IBM0729S
IBM0730S
IBM0731S
IBM0732S
IBM0733S
IBM0734S
IBM0735S
IBM0736S
IBM0737S
IBM0738S
IBM0739S
IBM0740S
IGZ0277W
IGZ0278S
IGZ0279W
IGZ0304W
IGZ0305W
IGZ0306W
IGZ0307W
IGZ0308W
IGZ0309W
IGZ0310W
IGZ0311W
IGZ0312W
IGZ0313W
IGZ0314W
IGZ0315W
IGZ0316W
IGZ0317S
IGZ0318W
IGZ0319W for APAR PI83544
IGZ0320W for APAR PI83544
IGZ0321I for APAR PI83544

IGZ0322I for APAR PI83544
IGZ0323I for APAR PI83544
IGZ0324I for APAR PI83544
IGZ0325I for APAR PI83544
IGZ0326I for APAR PI83544
IGZ0327I for APAR PI83544
IGZ0328I for APAR PI83544
IGZ0329I for APAR PI83544
IGZ0330I for APAR PI83544
IGZ0335W for APAR PI83544
IGZ0336W for APAR PI83544
IGZ0337W for APAR PI83544
IGZ0338W for APAR PI83544
IGZ0339W for APAR PI83544
IGZ0340W for APAR PI83544
IGZ0341W for APAR PI83544
IGZ0345S for APAR PI97171
IGZ0346S for APAR PI97171
IGZ0347S for APAR PI97171
IGZ0348S for APAR PH02099
IGZ0349S for APAR PH02099
IGZ9900I for APAR PI97171
IGZ9901I for APAR PI97171
IGZ9910W for APAR PI97171
IGZ9911W for APAR PI97171
IGZ9920E for APAR PI97171
IGZ9921E for APAR PI97171
IGZ9930S for APAR PI97171
IGZ9931S for APAR PI97171
IGZ9940C for APAR PI97171
IGZ9941C for APAR PI97171

Changed messages

The following messages have changed.

IBM0722S
IBM0724S
IGZ0265S for APAR PI97171
IGZ0266S for APAR PI97171
IGZ0278S for APAR PI97171
IGZ0279W for APAR PI97171
IGZ0304W for APAR PI97171
IGZ0305W for APAR PI97171
IGZ0306W for APAR PI97171
IGZ0307W for APAR PI97171
IGZ0308W for APAR PI97171
IGZ0309W for APAR PI97171
IGZ0310W for APAR PI97171
IGZ0311W for APAR PI97171
IGZ0312W for APAR PI97171
IGZ0313W for APAR PI97171

IGZ0314W for APAR PI97171

The following abends have changed: U4080 (X'FF0') and U4088 (X'FF8')

Deleted messages

Language Environment no longer issues the following messages.

C9340034

C934004C

Chapter 1. Language Environment runtime messages

The messages in this topic pertain to Language Environment. Each message is followed by an explanation describing the condition that caused the message, a programmer response suggesting how you might prevent the message from occurring again, and a system action indicating how the system responds to the condition that caused the message.

The messages also contain a symbolic feedback code, which represents the first 8 bytes of a 12-byte condition token. You can think of the symbolic feedback code as the nickname for a condition. As such, the symbolic feedback code can be used in user-written condition handlers to screen for a given condition, even if it occurs at different locations in an application.

The messages in this topic contain alphabetic suffixes that have the following meaning:

I	Informational message
W	Warning message
E	Error message
S	Severe error message
C	Critical error message

CEE0000I	The service completed successfully.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The service completed successfully.

System action

None

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE000

CEE0102S	An unrecognized condition token was passed to <i>routine</i> and could not be used.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The condition token passed to *routine* contained fields that were not within the range of accepted values.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Verify that the condition token passed to *routine* does not contain invalid fields.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE036

CEE0110S	For data conversion from character form to internal floating-point form, an invalid character was specified in the input character string <i>character_string</i>.
-----------------	---

System action

The output value from the conversion routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input character string specified for conversion contains only numerical characters. Signs, decimal points, commas, exponents are not allowed in the string. If the feedback token was omitted on the

call to the conversion routine, then the condition is signaled. Otherwise, examine the feedback token upon return and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE03E

CEE0111S	For data conversion from internal floating-point form to character form, the number of fraction digits specified was either negative or greater than the value specified for the length of the character string.
-----------------	---

System action

The output value from the conversion routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input value specified for fraction digits is non-negative and less than the value specified for the length of the character string. If the feedback token was omitted on the call to the conversion routine, then the condition is signaled. Otherwise, examine the feedback token upon return and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE03F

CEE0112S	For data conversion from internal floating-point form to character form, the value specified for the length of the output character string is outside the acceptable range. The valid range for E-format conversion is 1 to 35, and for F-format conversion is 2 to 36.
-----------------	--

System action

The output value from the conversion routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input value specified for the length of the output character string is within limit. If the feedback token was omitted on the call to the conversion routine, then the condition is signaled. Otherwise, examine the feedback token upon return and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE03G

CEE0113S	For data conversion from character form to internal floating-point form, the value specified for the length of the input character string is outside the acceptable range. The valid range is 1 to 35.
-----------------	---

System action

The output value from the conversion routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input value specified for the length of the input character string is within limit. If the feedback token was omitted on the call to the conversion routine, then the condition is signaled. Otherwise, examine the feedback token upon return and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE03H

CEE0198S	The termination of a thread was signaled due to an unhandled condition.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Termination imminent due to an unhandled condition was signaled or was the target of a promote.

System action

If this condition is signaled, or is the target of a promote, and it remains unhandled at stack frame zero, the thread will terminate without re-raising this condition. If this condition was signaled with CEESGL specifying a feedback code, the feedback code is returned to the caller of CEESGL and control is returned to the next sequential instruction following the call to CEESGL.

Programmer response

Call CEEITOK from a user-written condition handler to determine what condition was unhandled. With that information, you can either recover appropriately or allow termination to continue.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE066

CEE0199W	The termination of a thread was signaled due to a STOP statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The termination of a thread was signaled.

System action

The thread is terminated in a normal manner.

Programmer response

No response is required. A thread is terminating normally.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE067

CEE0201I	An unhandled condition was returned in a feedback code.
-----------------	--

Explanation

No language run-time component event handler or CEEHDL routine handled the condition.

System action

Language Environment returns to the point at which the original condition was signaled.

Programmer response

See the original condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE069

CEE0250S	An unrecognized label variable was detected. The stack frame address could not be associated with an active stack frame.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A call to CEEGOTO was made with a bad label variable. The label variable should be a valid code point that is subject to a current save area.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

The label variable applies to a program that is no longer active, or the label variable was not initialized. Make sure that the program is active.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE07Q

CEE0252W	CEEHDLU was unable to find the requested user-written condition handler routine.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A call to CEEHDLU was made to unregister a user-written condition handler that was not registered.

System action

No user-written condition handlers are removed.

Programmer response

Ensure that the user-written condition handler you are trying to free is registered.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE07S

CEE0253W	A user-written condition handler was unregistered. Additional registration remain in the queue.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A call to CEEHDLU was made to unregister a user-written condition handler. The user-written condition handler had been registered a multiple number of times.

System action

The first occurrence of the user-written condition handler is removed from the queue. Other registrations remain on the queue.

Programmer response

No programmer action is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE07T

CEE0254W	The first parameter passed to CEEMRCCR was not 0 or 1.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The first parameter passed to CEEMRCR was neither 0 nor 1.

System action

The resume cursor is not moved.

Programmer response

Change the first parameter (type_of_move) passed to CEEMRCR to a valid value (0 or 1).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE07U

CEE0255S	The first parameter passed to CEEMRCE was an unrecognized label.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A move resume cursor must be made to a valid label pointed to by CEEMRCE.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Change the position parameter pointed to by CEEMRCE to a valid label.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE07V

CEE0256W	The user-written condition handler routine specified was already registered for this stack frame. It was registered again.
-----------------	---

Explanation

CEEHDLR provided for multiple registration of user-written condition handler routines but the registration of the same routine again for the same stack frame is considered unusual.

System action

The handler is registered.

Programmer response

No response is required. This message is just a warning.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE080

CEE0257S	The routine specified contained an invalid entry variable.
-----------------	---

Explanation

CEEHDLR could not validate the entry variable passed.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Build and pass CEEHDLR a valid entry variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE081

CEE0259S	A move to stack frame zero using CEEMRCR was attempted from a MAIN routine.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The handler for the first stack frame beyond stack frame zero attempted to do a move of the resume cursor with type_of_move = 1. The resume cursor was not moved.

System action

The resume cursor is not moved. The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Do not attempt to move the resume cursor to the caller of the main routine. If you want to end the thread, signal Termination Imminent.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE083

CEE0260S	No condition was active when a call to a condition management routine was made. The requested function was not performed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The condition manager had no record of an active condition.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

No response is required. Calls to these routines should only be made within the handler routine.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE084

CEE0264S	An invalid request to resume a condition was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A user-written condition handler attempted to resume for a condition for which resumption is not allowed unless the resume cursor is moved.

Note: CEE088 might not be handled and resumed without moving the resume cursor. If resumption is requested without moving the resume cursor, the environment is terminated with ABEND 4091-12.

System action

The resume request that triggered this condition is ignored.

Programmer response

Move the resume cursor as part of handling the condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE088

CEE0277W	CEEMRCR was called to perform an unnecessary move.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A user-written condition handler attempted to move the resume cursor with `type_of_move = 0` and with the handle and resume cursors pointing to the same stack frame. The handle and resume cursor might point to the same stack frame either because the handler is for the incurring frame or because the resume cursor has already been moved to the frame being handled.

System action

No action is taken by the Condition Manager. The resume cursor is not moved.

Programmer response

No response is necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE08L

CEE0355C	The user-written condition handler that was scheduled using CEEHDLR returned an unrecognized result code.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A user written condition handler passed an invalid result code. A user-written condition handler has either returned without setting a reason code variable to a valid response code or has moved the resume cursor that caused a return to condition management without a valid response code being set.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Supply a valid result code.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0B3

CEE0356C	An internal condition handler returned an unrecognized result code.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A language run-time component condition handler passed an invalid result code.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0BA

CEE0374C **CONDITION = *condition-id***
TOKEN = *condition-token* WHILE
RUNNING PROGRAM *program-*
name* WHICH STARTS AT *program-
***address* AT THE TIME OF**
INTERRUPT PSW *psw* GPR 0-3
gpr0 gpr1 gpr2 gpr3* GPR 4-7 *gpr4
gpr5 gpr6 gpr7* GPR 8-B *gpr8 gpr9
gprA gprB* GPR C-F *gprC gprD gprE
gprF* FLT 0-2 *flt0 flt2* FLT 4-6 *flt4
flt6

Explanation

An unrecoverable condition occurred while processing a previous condition. This message is issued with a WTO because Language Environment has encountered a critical error while handling a previous condition. The CONDITION indicates the message representing the condition being handled and the TOKEN is the three word Language Environment Condition Token. The *program-name*, *program-address* (starting address of program), *psw*, and registers are for the condition being handled when the unrecoverable condition occurred. If the CEE0374C message appears several times in sequence, the conditions appear in order of occurrence. Correcting the earliest condition may allow the application to run successfully.

System action

The thread is terminated abnormally.

Programmer response

Attempt to correct the original condition by looking up the condition-token specified in the message.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0BM

CEE0398W **Resume with new input.**

Explanation

This condition was returned from a user-written condition handler to tell Language Environment to retry the operation with new input.

System action

Language Environment attempts to retry the operation.

Programmer response

No programmer response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0CE

CEE0399W **Resume with new output.**

Explanation

This condition was returned from a user-written condition handler to tell Language Environment to retry the operation with new output.

System action

Language Environment resumes execution with new output.

Programmer response

No programmer response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0CF

CEE0400E **An invalid action code *action-code* was passed to routine *routine-name*.**

Explanation

An action code parameter passed to *routine* did not contain a valid value.

System action

No system action is performed. The output is undefined.

Programmer response

Provide a valid action code.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0CG

CEE0401S **An invalid case code *case-code* was passed to routine *routine-name*.**

Explanation

A case code parameter must be a 2-byte integer with a value of 1 or 2.

System action

No system action is performed. The output is undefined.

Programmer response

Provide a valid case code.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0CH

CEE0402S	An invalid control code <i>control-code</i> was passed to routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A control code parameter must be a 2-byte integer with a value of 0 or 1.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Provide a valid control code.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0CI

CEE0403S	An invalid severity code <i>severity-code</i> was passed to routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A severity code parameter must be a 2-byte integer with a value between 0 and 4.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Provide a valid severity code.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0CJ

CEE0404W	Facility ID <i>facility-id</i> with non-alphanumeric characters was passed to routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A facility ID parameter was passed with characters not in the range of A-Z, a-z, 0-9.

System action

No system action is performed. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Verify that the facility ID passed is the correct value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0CK

CEE0450S	The message inserts for the condition token with message number <i>message-number</i> and facility ID <i>facility-id</i> could not be located.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An insert area for the given condition token did not exist. It possibly was never allocated, or was reused by another condition.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Verify that the *message-number* and *Facility-ID* passed contain the correct values. If so, verify that the program was run with the MSGQ option specifying a large enough value to contain all the insert areas necessary for this program to run.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0E2

CEE0451S	An invalid destination code <i>destination-code</i> was passed to routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A destination code must be a 4-byte integer with a value of 2.

System action

No system action is performed. The message is not written.

Programmer response

Provide a valid destination code.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0E3

CEE0452S	An invalid facility ID <i>facility-id</i> was passed to routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A facility id parameter must be a 3-alphanumeric character field.

System action

No system action is performed. The output is undefined.

Programmer response

Provide a facility id made up of 3-alphanumeric characters that corresponds to a product recognized by Language Environment. The IBM-supplied facility ids are IBM, CEE, IGZ, and EDC.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0E4

CEE0454S	The message number <i>message-number</i> could not be found for facility ID <i>facility-id</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The message could not be located within the source message files for *facility-id*.

System action

No system action is performed. The message is not written.

Programmer response

Ensure the message number is contained within the source message file for *facility-id*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0E6

CEE0455W	The message with message number <i>message-number</i> and facility ID <i>facility-id</i> was truncated.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The message could not fit within the message buffer supplied. Msg_index contains the index into the message returned.

System action

The index into the message is returned in msg_ptr.

Programmer response

Subsequent calls to CEEMGET with the previously returned msg_index value will retrieve the remainder of the message.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0E7

CEE0457S	The message file destination <i>ddname</i> could not be located.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was detected trying to access the given message file *ddname*.

System action

No system action is performed. The message is not written.

Programmer response

Verify that the file exists and is usable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0E9

CEE0458S	The message repository <i>repository-name</i> could not be located.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The file containing the table of message file names could not be located. The name of the file was txxxMSGT, where t was either the letter "I" for an IBM-assigned facility id, or "U" for a user-assigned facility id. xxx was the facility id. MSGT was the letters "MSGT".

System action

No system action is performed. The message is not written.

Programmer response

Verify that the table exists and is appropriately named.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0EA

CEE0459S	Not enough storage was available to create a new instance specific information block.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A new ISI could not be created because not enough storage was available.

System action

No storage is allocated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the REGION size is sufficient to run the application. Verify that the storage sizes specified in the HEAP run-time option is reasonable, given the region size allocated to the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0EB

CEE0460W	Multiple instances of the condition token with message number <i>message-number</i> and facility ID <i>facility-id</i> were detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A message insert block for the given condition token already existed. A new message insert block was created. The two were differentiated by the I_S_info field in the condition token.

System action

A call to CEEMSG or CEEMGET will format the message associated with the instance of the message insert block indicated by the I_S_info field of the condition token.

Programmer response

No response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0EC

CEE0461S

The maximum number of unique message insert blocks was reached. This condition token had its I_S_info field set to 1.

Explanation

The maximum number of 2,147,483,647 unique message insert blocks was reached. The condition token passed had its I_S_info field set to 1.

System action

The I_S_info field in the condition token is set to 1.

Programmer response

No response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0ED

CEE0462S	Instance specific information for the condition token with message number <i>message-number</i> and facility ID <i>facility-id</i> could not be found.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ISI associated with the condition token was not located. It possibly was reused by another condition if the number specified in the MSGQ run-time option was exceeded.

System action

No system action is performed. The message is not written.

Programmer response

Specify a MSGQ run-time option that is sufficient to contain all the active ISIs.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0EE

CEE0463S

The maximum size for an insert data item was exceeded.

Explanation

The maximum size of 254 for the length of an insert data item was exceeded.

System action

No system action is performed. The insert is not created.

Programmer response

Make the insert 254 characters or less. If this is not possible, divide the insert into 2 or more inserts.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0EF

CEE0464S	Instance-specific information for the condition token with message number <i>message-number</i> and facility ID <i>facility-id</i> did not exist.
-----------------	--

Explanation

No ISI was associated with the condition token. It is most likely that the information was never created.

System action

No system action is performed. The message is not written.

Programmer response

If this condition was returned by a Language Environment service, contact your service representative. Otherwise, make sure that the correct I_S_info was identified.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0EG

CEE0502S	The operational descriptor for the argument list was missing in routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The high order bit of register 1 was off or the constant X'81C3C501' was missing from the storage location immediately preceding the argument list.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0FM

CEE0553S	An internal error was detected in creating the inserts for a condition.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid insert number was passed to the routine to format inserts.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0H9

CEE0554W	A value outside the range of 0 through 999,999 was supplied. However, the value was still used as the enclave return code.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Language Environment prefers the user to set the enclave return code to a value of 0 through 999,999.

System action

The value will still be used as the enclave return code.

Programmer response

If possible, change the return code to be within the range of 0 through 999,999.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0HA

CEE0802C	Heap storage control information was damaged.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Internal control information saved in header records within the heap was damaged.

System action

No storage is allocated. A severity 4 condition is signaled and the application is terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that your program does not write data to an area larger than the original allocation. For example, allocating a 100 byte area and then writing 120 bytes to this area could cause damage to a storage header.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0P2

CEE0803S	The heap identifier in a get storage request or a discard heap request was unrecognized.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The heap identifier supplied in a call to CEEGTST or CEEDSHP did not match any known heap identifier, or the heap had already been discarded by a call to CEEDSHP (discard heap) before the request.

System action

No storage is allocated. The value of the address parameter is undefined.

Programmer response

For get heap storage requests, ensure that the value in the heap identifier parameter is either 0, indicating the default heap, or an identifier returned by the CEECRHP (create heap) service. For all other requests, ensure that the heap is not discarded before the request.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0P3

CEE0804S	The initial size value supplied in a create heap (CEECRHP) request was invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The initial size value supplied to CEECRHP was a negative number.

System action

No heap is created. The value of the heap identifier is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value in the initial size parameter is either 0, indicating same as the initial heap, or a positive integer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0P4

CEE0805S	The increment size value supplied in a create heap (CEECRHP) request was invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The increment size value supplied to CEECRHP was a negative number.

System action

No heap is created. The value of the heap identifier is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value in the increment size parameter is either 0, indicating same as the initial heap, or a positive integer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0P5

CEE0806S	The options value supplied in a create heap (CEECRHP) request was unrecognized.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value of the options parameter supplied to CEECRHP was not recognized.

System action

No heap is created. The value of the heap identifier is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value in the options parameter is either 0, indicating same as the initial heap, or one of the supported options values documented in the [*z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide*](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0P6

CEE0807S	An input supplied to a create user heap request (CEEVUHCR) was not valid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value of an input parameter supplied to CEEVUHCR was not correct.

System action

No heap is created. The value of the heap token is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure that all of the input parameters have been properly specified on the call to CEEVUHCR.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0P7

CEE0808S	Storage size in a get storage request (CEEGTST) or a reallocate request (CEECZST) was not a positive number.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The size parameter supplied in a get storage request call to CEEGTST or a reallocate call to CEECZST was less than or equal to 0.

System action

No storage is allocated. The value of the address parameter is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure that the size parameter is a positive integer representing the number of bytes of storage to be obtained.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0P8

CEE0809S	The maximum number of heaps was reached.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The maximum number of heaps had already been created.

System action

No heap is created. The value of the heap identifier is undefined.

Programmer response

Modify the program to discard unneeded heaps before attempting to create a new heap or restructure the application so that it requires fewer heaps.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0P9

CEE0810S	The storage address in a free storage (CEEFRST) request was not recognized, or heap storage (CEECZST) control information was damaged.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The address parameter supplied in a call to CEEFRST or CEECZST did not contain the starting address of a currently allocated area in the heap. Either the supplied address was invalid, or the area had been freed previously.

System action

No storage is freed. The address parameter is left unchanged so that its value can be examined.

Programmer response

Ensure that the address parameter contains a value returned by a call to CEEGTST or CEECZST. Ensure that the storage area to be freed has not been freed previously.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0PA

CEE0812S	An invalid attempt to discard the initial heap was made.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The heap identifier supplied in a discard heap request was zero (indicating the initial heap) but the initial heap could not be discarded.

System action

No storage is freed. The value of the heap identifier remains unchanged.

Programmer response

Ensure that the heap identifier supplied in the discard heap call is an identifier returned by the create heap (CEECRHP) service.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0PC

CEE0813S	Insufficient storage was available to satisfy a get storage (CEEZST) request.
-----------------	--

Explanation

There was not enough free storage available to satisfy a get storage call to CEEGTST or reallocate request call to CEECZST.

System action

No storage is allocated. The value of the address parameter is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure that the REGION size is sufficient to run the application. Ensure that the size parameter in the get storage request is not an unusually large number. Verify that the storage sizes specified in the HEAP and STACK run-time options are reasonable, given the region size allocated to the application. Verify that you are using storage options that get your storage from above the line, if you can, since you can run out of storage below the line much more easily.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0PD

CEE0814S	Insufficient storage was available to extend the stack.
-----------------	--

Explanation

During prologue processing, a new stack frame could not be obtained because there was not enough free storage available.

System action

A SIGSEGV signal is raised. If the process is blocking or ignoring this signal, or is catching it but has not specified that the catcher function should run on an alternate stack, the signal will be unblocked and its action set to default (i.e., terminate the process) before the signal is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the REGION size is sufficient to run the application.

If this is an AMODE 64 application:

- Ensure that the maximum stack size sub-option of the STACK64 run-time option is large enough to meet the user stack requirements of the application. If this is a pthread, and THREADSTACK64(ON) has been specified, then ensure that the maximum stack size sub-option of the THREADSTACK64 run-time option is large enough to meet the pthread's stack requirements. See *z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference* for more information about the STACK64 run-time and THREADSTACK64 option.
- Ensure that the MEMLIMIT setting for the application is large enough to meet the overall storage requirements of the application. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Extended Addressability Guide* for more information about MEMLIMIT.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0PE

CEE0815E	The stack soft limit set by the <code>__set_stack_softlimit()</code> function has been exceeded.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During prologue processing the stack soft limit set by the `__set_stack_softlimit()` function has been exceeded.

System action

A SIGSEGV signal with a `si_code` of `_SEGV_SOFTLIMIT` is delivered to the thread where the soft limit was exceeded.

Programmer response

The soft limit can be increased or decreased by using the `__set_stack_softlimit()` function if desired.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0PF

CEE1000S	Language Environment internal abend. ABCODE = <i>abcode</i> REASON = <i>rsncode</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message was issued to the operators console in CICS® to indicate that Language Environment had abended, with the abend code and reason code as specified in the message.

System action

The transaction is terminated abnormally with the abend code stated in this message.

Programmer response

Refer to the Language Environment Abend Codes topic in this information for details on the cause of the abend.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0V8

CEE1001E	A cross program branching was attempted as a result of a CICS HANDLE command with the LABEL options. This was not supported by the language used by program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The HLL did not support transferring control to specified LABEL.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

This is a language-specific restriction. See [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#) for information on EXEC CICS.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE0V9

CEE2001E	For an exponentiation operation (R**S) where R and S are real values, R was less than zero in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain

control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UH

CEE2002E	The argument value was too close to one of the singularities (plus or minus $\pi/2$, plus or minus $3\pi/2$, for the tangent; or plus or minus π, plus or minus 2π, for the cotangent) in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UI

CEE2003E	For an exponentiation operation (I**J) where I and J are integers, I was equal to zero and J was less than or equal to zero in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UJ

CEE2004E	For an exponentiation operation (R**I) where R is real and I is an integer, R was equal to zero and I was less than or equal to zero in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UK

CEE2005E	The value of the argument was outside the valid range <i>range</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UL

CEE2006E	For an exponentiation operation (R**S) where R and S are real values, R was equal to zero and S was less than or equal to zero in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UM

CEE2007E	The exponent exceeded <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UN

CEE2008E	For an exponentiation operation (Z**P) where the complex base Z equals zero, the real part of the complex exponent P, or the integer exponent P was less than or equal to zero in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UO

CEE2009E	The value of the real part of the argument was greater than <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UP

CEE2010E	The argument was less than <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine, or a hardware square root exception occurred outside of a math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine or square root instruction is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine or the input is valid for the square root instruction. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled. For square root exceptions, the condition is always signaled.) If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UQ

CEE2011E	The argument was greater than <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UR

CEE2012E	The argument was less than or equal to <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1US

CEE2013E	The absolute value of the imaginary part of the argument was greater than <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UT

CEE2014E	Both arguments were equal to <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UU

CEE2015E	The absolute value of the imaginary part of the argument was greater than or equal to <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1UV

CEE2016E	The absolute value of the argument was greater than <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1V0

CEE2017E	The absolute value of the argument was greater than or equal to <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1V1

CEE2018E	The real and imaginary parts of the argument were equal to <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1V2

CEE2019E	The absolute value of the real part of the argument was greater than or equal to <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1V3

CEE2020E	For an exponentiation operation ($R^{**}S$) where R and S are real values, either R is equal to zero and S is negative, or R is negative and S is not an integer whose absolute value is less than or equal to <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1V4

CEE2021E	For an exponentiation operation ($X^{**}Y$), the argument combination of $Y * \log_2(X)$ generated a number greater than or equal to <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1V5

CEE2022E	The value of the argument was plus or minus <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1V6

CEE2024E	An overflow has occurred in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An overflow had occurred in calculating the results in the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1V8

CEE2025W	An underflow has occurred in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An underflow had occurred in calculating the results in the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1V9

CEE2028E	The value of the second argument was outside the valid range <i>range</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain

control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1VC

CEE2029E	The value of the argument was equal to <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid input arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1VD

CEE2030E	The value of the second argument was equal to <i>limit</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid input arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you

specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1VE

CEE2031E	The value of the argument was a non-positive whole number in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid input arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input arguments are valid to the math routine. You might want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1VF

CEE2040E	The value of the third argument was outside the valid range <i>range</i> in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid input arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input arguments are valid to the math routine. You may want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1VO

CEE2041E	The absolute value of the second argument was greater than either the value of the third argument or the number of bits in the first argument in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid input arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input arguments are valid to the math routine. You may want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1VP

CEE2042E	The sum of the second and the third arguments was greater than the number of bits in the first argument in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid input arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input arguments are valid to the math routine. You may want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine,

examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1VQ

CEE2043E	The value of the second or third argument was less than 0 in math routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid input arguments were specified to the scalar math routine.

System action

The output value from the math routine is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input arguments are valid to the math routine. You may want to register a user handler that will gain control if this condition is signaled (if the feedback token was omitted on the call to the math routine, then the condition is signaled). If you specify the feedback token on the call to the math routine, examine the feedback token upon return from the math routine and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE1VR

CEE2050S	The length of the first argument was less than 0 or greater than 32767 in routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid length of input argument was specified.

System action

The output value is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the length of input argument is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE202

CEE2051S	The length of the second argument was less than 0 or greater than 32767 in routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid length of input argument was specified.

System action

The output value is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the length of input argument is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE203

CEE2052S	The length of the result was less than 0 or greater than 32767 in routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invalid length of result was specified.

System action

The output value is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the length of result is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE204

CEE2053S	The value of the second argument was not positive in routine <i>routine-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid input argument was specified.

System action

The output value is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input argument is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE205

CEE2502S	The UTC/GMT was not available from the system.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A call to CEEUTC or CEEGMT failed because the system clock was in an invalid state. The current time could not be determined.

System action

All output values are set to 0.

Programmer response

Notify systems support personnel that the system clock is in an invalid state.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2E6

CEE2503S	The offset from UTC/GMT to local time was not available from the system.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A call to CEEGMT0 failed because either (1) the current operating system could not be determined, or (2) the time zone field in the operating system control block appears to contain invalid data.

System action

All output values are set to 0.

Programmer response

Notify systems support personnel that the local time offset stored in the operating system appears to contain invalid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2E7

CEE2505S	The input_seconds value in a call to CEEDATM or CEESECI was not within the supported range.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *input_seconds* value passed in a call to CEEDATM or CEESECI was not a floating-point number between 86,400.0 and 265,621,679,999.999. The input parameter should represent the number of seconds elapsed since 00:00:00 on 14 October 1582, with 00:00:00.000 15 October 1582 being the first supported time/date, and 23:59:59.999 31 December 9999 being the last supported time/date.

System action

For CEEDATM, the output value is set to blanks. For CEESECI, all output parameters are set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that input parameter contains a floating-point value between 86,400.0 and 265,621,679,999.999.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2E9

CEE2506S	An era (<JJJJ>, <CCCC> or <CCCCCCCC>) was used in a picture string passed to CEEDATM, but the input number-of-seconds value was not within the supported range. The era could not be determined.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In a CEEDATM call, the picture string indicated that the input value was to be converted to an era; however, the input value that was specified lies outside the range of supported eras.

System action

The output value is set to blanks.

Programmer response

Verify that the input value contains a valid number-of-seconds value within the range of supported eras.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EA

CEE2507S	Insufficient data was passed to CEEDAYS or CEESECS. The Lilian value was not calculated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The picture string passed in a CEEDAYS or CEESECS call did not contain enough information. For example, it is an error to use the picture string MM/DD (month and day only) in a call to CEEDAYS or CEESECS, because the year value is missing. The minimum information required to calculate a Lilian value is either (1) month, day and year, or (2) year and Julian day.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that the picture string specified in a call to CEEDAYS or CEESECS specifies, as a minimum, the location in the input string of either (1) the year, month, and day, or (2) the year and Julian day.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EB

CEE2508S	The date value passed to CEEDAYS or CEESECS was invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In a CEEDAYS or CEESECS call, the value in the DD or DDD field was not valid for the given year and/or month. For example, MM/DD/YY with 02/29/90, or YYYY.DDD with 1990.366 are invalid because 1990 is not a leap year. This code can also be returned for any nonexistent date value such as June 31st or January 0.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that the format of the input data matches the picture string specification and that input data contains a valid date.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EC

CEE2509S	The era passed to CEEDAYS or CEESECS was not recognized.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value in the era field passed in a call to CEEDAYS or CEESECS did not contain a supported era name.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that the format of the input data matches the picture string specification and that the spelling of the era name is correct. Note that the era name must be a proper DBCS string, that is, the '<' position must contain a shift-out character (X'0E') and the '>' position must contain a shift-in character (X'0F').

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2ED

CEE2510S	The hours value in a call to CEEISEC or CEESECS was not recognized.
-----------------	--

Explanation

(1) In a CEEISEC call, the hours parameter did not contain a number between 0 and 23, or (2) in a CEESECS call, the value in the HH (hours) field did not contain a number between 0 and 23, or the AP (a.m./p.m.) field was present and the HH field did not contain a number between 1 and 12.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

For CEEISEC, verify that the hours parameter contains an integer between 0 and 23. For CEESECS, verify that the format of the input data matches the picture string specification, and that the hours field contains a value between 0 and 23, (or 1 and 12 if the AP field is used).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EE

CEE2511S	The day parameter passed in a CEEISEC call was invalid for year and month specified.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The day parameter passed in a CEEISEC call did not contain a valid day number. The combination of year, month, and day formed an invalid date value. Examples: year=1990, month=2, day=29; or month=6, day=31; or day=0.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that the day parameter contains an integer between 1 and 31, and that the combination of year, month, and day represents a valid date.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EF

CEE2512S	The Lilian date value passed in a call to CEEDATE or CEEDYWK was not within the supported range.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Lilian day number passed in a call to CEEDATE or CEEDYWK was not a number between 1 and 3,074,324.

System action

The output value is set to blanks.

Programmer response

Verify that the input parameter contains an integer between 1 and 3,074,324.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EG

CEE2513S	The input date passed in a CEEISEC, CEEDAYS, or CEESECS call was not within the supported range.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The input date passed in a CEEISEC, CEEDAYS, or CEESECS call was earlier than 15 October 1582, or later than 31 December 9999.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

For CEEISEC, verify that the year, month, and day parameters form a date greater than or equal to 15 October 1582. For CEEDAYS and CEESECS, verify that the format of the input date matches the picture string specification, and that the input date is within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EH

CEE2514S	The year value passed in a CEEISEC call was not within the supported range.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The year parameter passed in a CEEISEC call did not contain a number between 1582 and 9999.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that the year parameter contains valid data, and that the year parameter includes the century. For example, you must specify the year as 1990, not as 90.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EI

CEE2515S	The milliseconds value in a CEEISEC call was not recognized.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In a CEEISEC call, the milliseconds parameter (*input_milliseconds*) did not contain a number between 0 and 999.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that the milliseconds parameter contains an integer between 0 and 999.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EJ

CEE2516S	The minutes value in a CEEISEC call was not recognized.
-----------------	--

Explanation

(1) In a CEEISEC call, the minutes parameter (*input_minutes*) did not contain a number between 0 and 59, or (2) in a CEESECS call, the value in the MI (minutes) field did not contain a number between 0 and 59.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

For CEEISEC, verify that the minutes parameter (*input_minutes*) contains an integer between 0 and 59. For CEESECS, verify that the format of the input data matches the picture string specification, and that the minutes field contains a number between 0 and 59.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EK

CEE2517S	The month value in a CEEISEC call was not recognized.
-----------------	--

Explanation

(1) In a CEEISEC call, the month parameter (*input_month*) did not contain a number between 1 and 12, or (2) in a CEEDAYS or CEESECS call, the value in the MM field did not contain a number between 1 and 12, or the value in the MMM, MMMM, etc. field did not contain a correctly spelled month name or month abbreviation in the currently active National Language.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

For CEEISEC, verify that the month parameter (*input_month*) contains an integer between 1 and 12. For CEEDAYS and CEESECS, verify that the format of the input data matches the picture string specification. For the MM field, verify that the input value is between 1 and 12. For spelled-out month names (MMM, MMMM, etc.), verify that the spelling or abbreviation of the month name is correct in the currently active National Language.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EL

CEE2518S	An invalid picture string was specified in a call to a date/time service.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The picture string supplied in a call to one of the date/time services was invalid. Only one era character string can be specified. The picture string contained an invalid DBCS string or contains more than one era descriptor.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that the picture string contains valid data. Only one era character string can be specified. If the picture string contains the X'0E' (shift-out) character, this indicates the presence of DBCS data. Therefore, (1)

the DBCS data must be terminated by a X'0F' (shift-in) character, (2) there must be an even number of characters between the shift-out and shift-in, and (3) these characters must all be valid DBCS characters.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EM

CEE2519S	The seconds value in a CEEISEC call was not recognized.
-----------------	--

Explanation

(1) In a CEEISEC call, the seconds parameter (*input_seconds*) did not contain a number between 0 and 59, or (2) in a CEESECS call, the value in the SS (seconds) field did not contain a number between 0 and 59.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

For CEEISEC, verify that the seconds parameter (*input_seconds*) contains an integer between 0 and 59. For CEESECS, verify that the format of the input data matches the picture string specification, and that the seconds field contains a number between 0 and 59.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EN

CEE2520S	CEEDAYS detected non-numeric data in a numeric field, or the date string did not match the picture string.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The input value passed in a CEEDAYS call did not appear to be in the format described by the picture specification. For example, non-numeric characters appear where only numeric characters are expected.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that the format of the input data matches the picture string specification and that numeric fields contain only numeric data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EO

CEE2521S	The Japanese (<JJJJ>) or Chinese (<CCCC>) year-within-Era value passed to CEEDAYS or CEESECS was zero.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In a CEEDAYS or CEESECS call, if the YY or ZYY picture token was specified, and if the picture string contained one of the era tokens such as <CCCC> or <JJJJ>, then the year value must be greater than or equal to 1. In this context, the YY or ZYY field means year within Era.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that the format of the input data matches the picture string specification and that the input data is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EP

CEE2522S	An era (<JJJJ>, <CCCC> or <CCCCCCCC>) was used in a picture string passed to CEEDATE, but the Lilian date value was not within the supported range. The era could not be determined.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In a CEEDATE call, the picture string indicated that the Lilian date was to be converted to an era, but the Lilian date lies outside the range of supported eras.

System action

The output value is set to blanks.

Programmer response

Verify that the input value contains a valid Lilian day number within the range of supported eras.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EQ

CEE2523W	The system time was not available when CEERANO was called. A seed
-----------------	--

value of 1 was used to generate a random number and a new seed value.

Explanation

A seed value of 0 was specified in a CEERANO call, indicating that the current system time should be used as a seed value. Because the system time was not available, a seed value of 1 was used to generate a new seed value.

System action

A seed value of 1 is assumed. CEERANO returns both a random number and a new seed value.

Programmer response

If seed=1 is acceptable, no action is required. Otherwise, code an appropriate non-zero seed, or refer to message CEE2502.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2ER

CEE2524S	An invalid seed value was passed to CEERANO. The random number was set to -1.
-----------------	--

Explanation

CEERANO was called with a seed value that was out of range.

System action

The random number output was set to -1, and the seed value input was not changed.

Programmer response

Code a seed value between 0 and 2147483646, inclusive, for the CEERANO call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2ES

CEE2525S	CEESECS detected non-numeric data in a numeric field, or the timestamp string did not match the picture string.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The input value passed in a CEESECS call did not appear to be in the format described by the picture

specification. For example, non-numeric characters appear where only numeric characters are expected, or the a.m./p.m. field did not contain the strings AM or PM.

System action

The output value is set to 0.

Programmer response

Verify that the format of the input data matches the picture string specification and that numeric fields contain only numeric data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2ET

CEE2526E	The date string returned by CEEDATE was truncated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In a CEEDATE call, the output string was not large enough to contain the formatted date value.

System action

The output value is truncated to the length of the output parameter.

Programmer response

Verify that the output string variable is large enough to contain the entire formatted date. Ensure that the output parameter is at least as long as the picture string parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EU

CEE2527E	The timestamp string returned by CEEDATM was truncated.
-----------------	--

Explanation

In a CEEDATM call, the output string was not large enough to contain the formatted timestamp value.

System action

The output value is truncated to the length of the output parameter.

Programmer response

Verify that the output string variable is large enough to contain the entire formatted timestamp. Ensure that the output parameter is at least as long as the picture string parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2EV

CEE2529S	A debug tool has terminated the enclave.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The debug tool terminated the enclave at the user's request. Under VM,abend code 4094, reason code X'28' is issued. Under MVS™, return code 3000 is issued.

System action

The enclave is terminated.

Programmer response

No programmer response is necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2F1

CEE2530S	A debug tool was not available.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Either the debug environment was corrupted or could not load the debug event handler.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Make sure the debug tool is installed with the loadable name CEEEVDBG.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2F2

CEE2531S	The local time was not available from the system.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A call to CEELOCT failed because the system clock was in an invalid state. The current time could not be determined.

System action

All output values are set to 0.

Programmer response

Notify systems support personnel that the system clock is in an invalid state.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2F3

CEE2533S	The value passed to CEESCEN was not between 0 and 100.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *century_start* value passed in a CEESCEN call was not between 0 and 100, inclusive.

System action

The 100-year window assumed for all 2-digit years is unchanged.

Programmer response

Ensure that the input parameter is within range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2F5

CEE2534W	Insufficient field width was specified for a month or weekday name in a call to CEEDATE or CEEDATM. Output set to blanks.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CEEDATE or CEEDATM callable services issued this message whenever: (1) the picture string contained MMM, MMMMMZ, WWW, Wwwww, etc., requesting a spelled out month name or weekday name, (2) the national language currently in effect was a DBCS (Double Byte Character Set) language such as NATLANG(JPN), and (3) the month name currently being formatted contained more characters than can fit in the indicated field.

System action

The month name and weekday name fields that are of insufficient width are set to blanks. The rest of the output string is unaffected. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Increase the field width to contain the longest month or weekday name being formatted, including two bytes for the SO/SI characters. For Japanese, eight characters are sufficient (3 DBCS + SO/SI), so one should specify MMMMMMMM or MMMMMMMMZ, WWWWWWWW or WWWWWWWWZ in the picture string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2F6

CEE2535S	Profiler loaded, Debug Tool unavailable.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Profiler and Debug Tool cannot run concurrently.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

To dynamically invoke Debug Tool, set PROFILE run-time option OFF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2F7

CEE2600I	Success with zero result.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

The floating-point input value was a true zero, and the caller is to provide the appropriate formatting.

System action

Program continues.

Programmer response

No programmer response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2H8

CEE2601I Success with positive result.

Explanation

The conversion has been completed successfully, and the result is strictly greater than zero.

System action

Program continues.

Programmer response

No programmer response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2H9

CEE2602I Success with negative result.

Explanation

The conversion has been completed successfully, and the result is strictly less than zero.

System action

Program continues.

Programmer response

No programmer response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2HA

CEE2603I Success with plus-rounded-to-zero result.

Explanation

The conversion has been completed successfully, and the result contains a zero result that was created by a strictly positive input value that rounded to zero.

System action

Program continues.

Programmer response

No programmer response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2HB

CEE2604I Success with minus-rounded-to-zero result.

Explanation

The conversion has been completed successfully, and the result contains a zero result that was created by a strictly negative input value that rounded to zero.

System action

Program continues.

Programmer response

No programmer response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2HC

CEE2606E Result overflows output field.

Explanation

The floating-point input value is too large or the output character string is too small to contain the fixed-point representation of the input argument.

System action

The result value is undefined.

Programmer response

Ensure the input floating-point value is properly specified and the length of the output character string is big enough to contain the fixed-point representation of the input argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2HE

CEE2607E Result has underflowed.

Explanation

The conversion would have resulted in a number smaller than the underflow threshold for the floating point representation.

System action

A true floating point zero result has been returned.

Programmer response

Ensure the input character value to be converted is specified correctly. If the feedback token was omitted on the call to the conversion routine, then the condition is signaled. Otherwise, examine the feedback token upon return and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2HF

CEE2608E **Result has overflowed.**

Explanation

The conversion would have resulted in a number larger than the overflow threshold for the floating point representation.

System action

The maximum positive floating point magnitude has been returned.

Programmer response

Ensure the input character value to be converted is specified correctly. If the feedback token was omitted on the call to the conversion routine, then the condition is signaled. Otherwise, examine the feedback token upon return and take appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2HG

CEE2701S **An invalid category parameter was passed to a locale function.**

Explanation

An invalid category parameter was passed to a locale function. Valid categories are: LC_ALL, LC_COLLATE, LC_CTYPE, LC_MESSAGES, LC_MONETARY, LC_NUMERIC, and LC_TIME.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Supply a valid category to the function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2KD

CEE2702S **An invalid locale name parameter was passed to a locale function.**

Explanation

An invalid locale name parameter was passed to a locale function. Locale name must be one provided with the product or constructed using the LOCALEDEF utility.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Supply a valid locale name to the function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2KE

CEE2999C **An internal logic error was detected in a date/time routine.**

Explanation

An internal logic error was detected in one of the date/time services. Internal date/time control blocks might have been damaged.

System action

The requested action is not completed. The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Verify that the program doesn't inadvertently overlay areas of storage reserved for library use.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE2TN

CEE3098S **The user routine traceback could not be completed.**

Explanation

The user routine traceback could not be completed due to an error detected in tracing back through the DSA chain.

System action

The user routine traceback is not completed.

Programmer response

Attempt to perform problem determination through the use of a dump.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE30Q

CEE3100E	The title or option string passed was longer than 120 bytes.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The maximum character string length for a dump is larger than allowed.

System action

The title string is truncated to 120 bytes.

Programmer response

Specify a string with 120 characters or less.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE30S

CEE3101E	The title or option string passed to CEE3DMP is longer than 132 bytes.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The maximum character string length for a dump title is 132 bytes.

System action

The title string is truncated to 132 bytes.

Programmer response

Specify a dump title string with 132 characters or less.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE30T

CEE3102E	Invalid CEE3DMP options or suboptions were found and ignored.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Invalid options or suboptions were found in the options parameter to CEE3DMP.

System action

The invalid options or suboptions are ignored, valid options and suboptions are processed, and a dump is performed.

Programmer response

Check the options string passed to CEE3DMP. Make sure it has correct syntax and values for options and suboptions as specified in the *z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference*. Also, make sure the options string is 255 characters long.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE30U

CEE3103S	An error occurred in writing messages to the dump file.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred in trying to write information to the dump file, whose file name was specified with the FNAME option to CEE3DMP. The default file name was CEEDUMP, or CESE transient data queue under CICS.

System action

Dump processing is terminated at the point where the file error is detected.

Programmer response

Make sure the file name is correct as specified in the options to CEE3DMP. Also, make sure there is enough room in the file to contain the dump.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE30V

CEE3104S	Information could not be successfully extracted for this DSA.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Some information associated with the DSA or save area passed to CEETRCB could not be determined.

System action

All information that could be extracted is returned by CEETRCB. Any information that could not be extracted is zero or blank (depending on parameter type).

Programmer response

If no information could be extracted by CEETRCB, it is likely that the DSAPTR parameter does not point to an actual DSA or save area.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE310

CEE3105S	The language dump exit was unsuccessful.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A language component of Language Environment returned this condition to the common component of Language Environment when an error had occurred in the language component's dump event handler that was not covered in the conditions returned by the dump CWI services.

System action

The common component of Language Environment ignores this condition and continues dump processing.

Programmer response

Not applicable. This is an internal condition within Language Environment, and is never seen by the application programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE311

CEE3106S	An invalid parameter value was specified in a call to the CEEVDMP CWI service.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEEVDMP CWI service was called with an invalid value for one of the parameters.

System action

The CEEVDMP service returns to the caller without adding any information to the dump.

Programmer response

Check to make sure the parameters on the call to CEEVDMP are correct. In particular, check the lengths of the strings passed as parameters.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE312

CEE3107E	The CEEHDMP or CEEBDMP CWI service encountered inaccessible storage during dump processing.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CEEHDMP CWI service encountered inaccessible storage while dumping a storage area, or the CEEBDMP CWI service encountered inaccessible storage while dumping a control block.

System action

The message `Inaccessible storage` is printed in the dump at the point of the encounter. The storage or control block dumping terminates, and CEEHDMP or CEEBDMP returns to the calling routine.

Programmer response

Make sure the address and length of the storage area are correct for CEEHDMP. Make sure the address and offset are correct for CEEBDMP, and that CEEBDMP is dumping the control block with a correct mapping for the control block.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE313

CEE3108E	An invalid option, suboption, or delimiter was found in the dump option string.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid option, suboption, or delimiter was found in the dump option string.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

Correct the error location as indicated in the position parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE314

CEE3110E	The cmd parameter is not a valid command for __le_traceback().
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *cmd* parameter was not a valid command for `__le_traceback()`. No processing was performed.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Provide a valid *cmd* parameter. Refer to the description of `__le_traceback()` in *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for a list of valid commands.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE316

CEE3111I	CEEDUMP was defined as a dummy data set. No Language Environment dump processing was performed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued when a Language Environment dump report DD name is defined to DUMMY in a job step and CEE3DMP is called with a NULL feedback token code (fc).

System action

No Language Environment dump processing is performed.

Programmer response

Verify if a CEEDUMP DD card should be defined to another data set.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE317

CEE3186E	A field type parameter of the CEEBDMP CWI service contained an invalid value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *field_ids*, *field_length*, or *field_types* parameter of the CEEBDMP CWI service contained an invalid value.

System action

CEEBDMP returns to its caller. Information might have been written to the dump.

Programmer response

Check to make sure the mapping of the control block specified to CEEBDMP through these three parameters is correct.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE33I

CEE3191E	An attempt was made to initialize an AMODE24 application without using the ALL31(OFF) and STACK(,BELOW) run-time options.
-----------------	--

Explanation

During initialization it was detected that a program began in AMODE 24, yet the options required for completely safe execution in AMODE 24 were not fully specified.

System action

Program initialization continues.

Programmer response

Specify run-time options ALL31(OFF) and STACK(,BELOW) for AMODE 24 operation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE33N

CEE3192C	The Language Environment anchor support was not installed or was not supported on the operating system.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Language Environment anchor was the address of the Language Environment main control block, the CAA. The underlying operating system must provide the Language Environment anchor support for Language Environment to get its main control block, the CAA. Because the anchor was not installed, the application was not able to run properly.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Report the error to your systems programmer. Check whether Language Environment anchor support is installed properly on the underlying operating system.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE330

CEE3193I	The invocation command parameter string contained an unmatched quote character.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The invocation command parameter string contained a beginning quote (either single quote or double quote) but a matching end quote was not found.

System action

The entire string is treated as user parameters.

Programmer response

Correct the string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE33P

CEE3194E	An attempt was made to initialize an AMODE24 program when the XPLINK(ON) run-time option was in effect. AMODE24 programs are not supported in an XPLINK environment.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During initialization it was detected that a program began in AMODE 24 and the XPLINK(ON) run-time option was in effect. The XPLINK(ON) run-time option may be in effect because it was specified or because XPLINK-compiled routines were found in the initial program of the application.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

If the application does not invoke any XPLINK-compiled routines, specify run-time options XPLINK(OFF), ALL31(OFF) and STACK(,BELOW) for AMODE 24 operation. Otherwise, the application must be modified to eliminate either the AMODE24 routines or the XPLINK routines.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE33Q

CEE3195W	The SNAP dump file could not be opened.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SNAP dump file could not be opened.

System action

No SNAP dump was taken.

Programmer response

If a SNAP dump was desired, determine the reason the file could not be opened and correct the problem.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE33R

CEE3196W	The id number was not in the allowed range.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The id number was not in the required range of 0 to 255.

System action

The id number MOD 256 was used.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE33S

CEE3197W	An invalid value for reserved was passed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid value for the reserved parameter was passed to the SNAP dump service.

System action

The invalid value is ignored.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE33T

CEE3198S	A SNAP dump was requested on an unsupported system.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SNAP dump service was called to produce a SNAP dump on an unsupported system.

System action

The SNAP dump was not produced.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE33U

CEE3199S	An error was returned from the SNAP system function.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SNAP dump service was called. It invoked the SNAP system service that failed.

System action

The SNAP dump was not produced.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE33V

CEE3200S

The system detected a program interruption.

Explanation

The Language Environment routine that processes program interruptions received a program interruption code.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Obtain a CEEDUMP. The interruption code will be displayed in the Condition Information for Active Routines section of the CEEDUMP. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of interruption codes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE340

CEE3201S	The system detected an operation exception (System Completion Code=0C1).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program attempted to execute an instruction with an invalid operation code. The operation code may be unassigned or the instruction with that operation code cannot be installed on this platform. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of operation exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Examine the contents of registers 14 and 15. If register 15 has a value of 0, then the cause was probably a routine didn't exist and a branch was made to location 0. This would indicate a link-edit failure. Examine the contents of register 14 to determine the point at which the branch was made. Also examine the linkage editor map for any unresolved references reported by the linkage editor.

Another possible cause is a routine branched to some unintended location, such as a conflict in addressing mode between the calling and the called routine, or any other program error that branched to the wrong location.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE341

CEE3202S	The system detected a privileged-operation exception (System Completion Code=0C2).
-----------------	---

Explanation

Attempted to execute a privileged operation code while the machine was in a problem state. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of privileged-operation exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Examine the contents of registers 14 and 15. If register 15 has a value of 0, then the probable cause is that a routine doesn't exist and a branch was made to location 0. This would indicate a link-edit failure. Examine the contents of register 14 to determine the point at which the branch was made. Also examine the linkage editor map for any unresolved references reported by the linkage editor.

Another possible cause is a routine branched to some unintended location, such as a conflict in addressing mode between the calling and the called routine, or any other program error that branched to the wrong location.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE342

CEE3203S	The system detected an execute exception (System Completion Code=0C3).
-----------------	---

Explanation

Your program attempted to execute an EXECUTE instruction where the target of the first EXECUTE instruction was another EXECUTE instruction. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of execute exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check your application for errors in the EXECUTE instructions. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of execute exceptions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE343

CEE3204S	The system detected a protection exception (System Completion Code=0C4).
-----------------	---

Explanation

Your program attempted to access a storage location to which it was not authorized.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check your application for these common errors:

- Using the wrong AMODE to reference storage
- Trying to use a pointer that has not been set
- Trying to store data into storage reserved for the system
- Using an invalid index to an array

See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of protection exceptions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE344

CEE3205S	The system detected an addressing exception (System Completion Code=0C5).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Your program attempted to reference a main-storage location that was not available in the configuration. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of addressing exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check your application for these common errors:

- Using the wrong AMODE to reference storage

- Trying to use a pointer that has not been set
- Trying to store data into storage reserved for the system
- Using an invalid index to an array

See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of addressing exceptions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE345

CEE3206S	The system detected a specification exception (System Completion Code=0C6).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Your program attempted an invalid operation such as incorrect use of registers. The register used for an operation was invalid. Examples include using an odd register number when an even register number was required, using a bad number for floating point registers, or having data that was not correctly aligned.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

If the program is being produced by a compiler, then you might be able to specify a different optimization level to by-pass the problem. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of specification exceptions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE346

CEE3207S	The system detected a data exception (System Completion Code=0C7).
-----------------	---

Explanation

Your program attempted to use a decimal instruction incorrectly. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of data exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check the variables associated with the failing statement to make sure that they have been initialized correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE347

CEE3208S	The system detected a fixed-point overflow exception (System Completion Code=0C8).
-----------------	---

Explanation

Your program attempted to use signed binary arithmetic or signed left-shift operations and an overflow occurred. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of fixed-point overflow exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE348

CEE3209S	The system detected a fixed-point divide exception (System Completion Code=0C9).
-----------------	---

Explanation

Your program attempted to perform a signed binary division and the divisor is zero. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of fixed-point divide exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE349

CEE3210S **The system detected a decimal-overflow exception (System Completion Code=OCA).**

Explanation

Your program attempted to perform a mathematical operation and one or more nonzero digits were lost because the destination field in a decimal operation was too short to contain the results. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of decimal-overflow exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34A

CEE3211S **The system detected a decimal-divide exception (System Completion Code=OCB).**

Explanation

Your program attempted to perform a mathematical operation where, in decimal division, the divisor is zero or the quotient exceeds the specified data-field size. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of decimal-divide exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34B

CEE3212S **The system detected an exponent-overflow exception (System Completion Code=OCC).**

Explanation

Your program attempted a floating-point operation and the result characteristic exceeded 127 and the result

fraction was not zero. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of exponent-overflow exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34C

CEE3213S **The system detected an exponent-underflow exception (System Completion Code=OCD).**

Explanation

Your program attempted a floating-point operation and the result characteristic is less than zero and the result fraction was not zero. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of exponent-underflow exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34D

CEE3214S **The system detected a significance exception (System Completion Code=OCE).**

Explanation

Your program attempted a floating-point addition or subtraction and the resulting fraction was zero. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of significance exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34E

CEE3215S	The system detected a floating-point divide exception (System Completion Code=OCF).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Your program attempted to do a floating-point divide and the divisor had a zero fraction. See a Principles of Operation manual for a full list of floating-point divide exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34F

CEE3216S	The system detected an IEEE inexact exception. The result was truncated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IEEE-inexact condition is recognized when the rounded result of an operation differs in value from the intermediate result computed as if exponent range and precision were unbounded.

System action

The thread or the process is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34G

CEE3217S	The system detected an IEEE inexact exception. The result was incremented.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IEEE-inexact condition is recognized when the rounded result of an operation differs in value from the intermediate result computed as if exponent range and precision were unbounded.

System action

The thread or the process is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34H

CEE3218S	The system detected an IEEE exponent-underflow exception.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An IEEE-underflow condition is recognized when the exponent of the exact result of an operation would be less than the minimum exponent of the target format.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34I

CEE3219S	The system detected an IEEE exponent-underflow exception. The result was inexact and truncated.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An IEEE-underflow condition is recognized when the exponent of the exact result of an operation would be less than the minimum exponent of the target format.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34J

CEE3220S	The system detected an IEEE exponent-underflow exception. The result was inexact and incremented.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An IEEE-underflow condition is recognized when the exponent of the exact result of an operation would be less than the minimum exponent of the target format.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34K

CEE3221S	The system detected an IEEE exponent-overflow exception.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IEEE-overflow condition is recognized when the exponent of the rounded result of an operation would be greater than the maximum exponent of the target format if the exponent range were unbounded.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34L

CEE3222S	The system detected an IEEE exponent-overflow exception. The result was inexact and truncated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IEEE-overflow condition is recognized when the exponent of the rounded result of an operation would be greater than the maximum exponent of the target format if the exponent range were unbounded.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34M

CEE3223S	The system detected an IEEE exponent-overflow exception. The result was inexact and incremented.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IEEE-overflow condition is recognized when the exponent of the rounded result of an operation would be greater than the maximum exponent of the target format if the exponent range were unbounded.

System action

The process is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34N

CEE3224S	The system detected an IEEE division—by—zero exception.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An IEEE-division—by—zero condition is recognized when in BFP division the divisor is zero and the dividend is a finite nonzero number.

System action

The process is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34O

CEE3225S	The system detected an IEEE invalid operation exception.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An IEEE-invalid-operation condition is recognized when any of the following occur:

1. An SNaN is encountered in any arithmetic or comparison operation.
2. A QNaN is encountered in a comparison by COMPARE AND SIGNAL.
3. A difference is undefined (addition of infinities of opposite sign, or subtraction of infinities of like sign).
4. A product is undefined (zero times infinity).
5. A quotient is undefined (DIVIDE instruction with both operands zero or both operands infinity).
6. A remainder is undefined (DIVIDE TO INTEGER with a dividend of infinity or a divisor of zero).
7. A square root is undefined (negative nonzero operand).

System action

The process is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to correct the data values and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34P

CEE3226S	An IEEE inexact exception was reported.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IEEE interruption simulation (IIS) event instructions were used to report an IEEE inexact exception. Floating point software might detect that a rounded result of an operation differed in value from the result that could have been computed if precision and exponent range were unbounded.

System action

The thread/process is terminated.

Programmer response

You can use a condition handling routine to recover from the error and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34Q

CEE3227S	An IEEE underflow exception was reported.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IEEE interruption simulation (IIS) event instructions were used to report an IEEE underflow exception. Floating point software might detect that the exact result of an operation was nonzero and less in magnitude than the smallest normal number in the target format, but the result could still be represented exactly.

System action

The thread/process is terminated.

Programmer response

Use a condition handling routine to recover the error and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34R

CEE3228S	An IEEE underflow and inexact exception was reported.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IEEE interruption simulation (IIS) event instructions were used to report an IEEE underflow and inexact exception. Floating point software might detect that the exact result of an operation was nonzero and less in magnitude than the smallest normal number in the target format, and the result could not be represented exactly.

System action

The thread/process is terminated.

Programmer response

Use a condition handling routine to recover the error and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34S

CEE3229S	An IEEE overflow exception was reported.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IEEE interruption simulation (IIS) event instructions were used to report an IEEE overflow exception. Floating point software might detect that the rounded result of an operation was larger in magnitude than the largest finite number in the target format, but the scaled result could still be represented exactly.

System action

The thread/process is terminated.

Programmer response

Use a condition handling routine to recover the error and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34T

CEE3230E	Vector unnormalized operand exception occurred.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The parameters to the vector instruction were floating-point numbers that are unnormalized.

System action

The user program is terminated unless the condition is handled.

Programmer response

The data to be processed by the vector instructions must be normalized before it is to be handled in a vector instruction. Normalize the input value by adding floating-point zero (0.0) to the qdata item.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34U

CEE3231S	An IEEE overflow and inexact exception was reported.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IEEE interruption simulation (IIS) event instructions were used to report an IEEE overflow and inexact exception. Floating point software might detect that the rounded result of an operation was larger in magnitude than the largest finite number in the target format, and the scaled result could not be represented exactly.

System action

The thread/process is terminated.

Programmer response

Use a condition handling routine to recover the error and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE34V

CEE3232S	An IEEE division-by-zero exception was reported.
-----------------	---

Explanation

IEEE interruption simulation (IIS) event instructions were used to report an IEEE division-by-zero exception. Floating point software might detect that a finite non-zero floating point number was divided by zero.

System action

The thread/process is terminated.

Programmer response

Use a condition handling routine to recover the error and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE350

CEE3233S	An IEEE invalid-operation exception was reported.
-----------------	--

Explanation

IEEE interruption simulation (IIS) event instructions were used to report an IEEE invalid-operation exception. Floating point software might detect one of the following situations:

- A NaN was encountered.

- The result of an arithmetic operation was undefined (zero divided by zero, for example).
- The result of a QUANTIZE, REROUND, conversion, or other operations was undefined.

System action

The thread/process is terminated.

Programmer response

Use a condition handling routine to recover the error and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE351

CEE3234S	The system detected a Compare and Trap data exception.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A Compare and Trap instruction (such as CRT, CGRT, CGFRT, CIT, CGIT, CLRT, CLGRT, CLGFRT, CLFIT, CLGIT) in your program generated a data exception.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Use a condition handling routine to correct the problem and resume the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE352

CEE3235S	The system detected a vector-processing exception (System Completion Code=0E0).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Your application attempted to use a vector instruction incorrectly. See a principles of operations manual for a full list of vector-processing exceptions.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check and correct the usage of vector type data in the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE353

CEE3236S	The system detected a vector-processing exception of IEEE invalid operation.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A vector-processing condition of IEEE-invalid-operation is recognized when any of the following occur:

- An SNaN is encountered in any arithmetic or comparison operation.
- A QNaN is encountered in a comparison by VECTOR FP COMPARE AND SIGNAL SCALAR.
- A difference is undefined (addition of infinities of opposite sign, or subtraction of infinities of like sign).
- A product is undefined (zero times infinity).
- A quotient is undefined (VECTOR FP DIVIDE instruction with both operands zero or both operands infinity).
- A square root is undefined (negative nonzero operand).

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check and correct the usage of vector type data in the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE354

CEE3237S	The system detected a vector-processing exception of IEEE division-by-zero.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A vector-processing condition of IEEE-division-by-zero is recognized when in BFP division the divisor is zero and the dividend is a finite nonzero number.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check and correct the usage of vector type data in the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE355

CEE3238S	The system detected a vector-processing exception of IEEE exponent-overflow.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A vector-processing condition of IEEE-overflow is recognized when the exponent of the rounded result of an operation would be greater than the maximum exponent of the target format, if the exponent range were unbounded.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check and correct the usage of vector type data in the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE356

CEE3239S	The system detected a vector-processing exception of IEEE exponent-overflow.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A vector-processing condition of IEEE-underflow is recognized when the exponent of the exact result of an operation would be less than the minimum exponent of the target format.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check and correct the usage of vector type data in the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE357

CEE3240S	The system detected a vector-processing exception of IEEE inexact.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A vector-processing condition of IEEE-inexact is recognized when the rounded result of an operation differed in value from the result that could have been computed if precision and exponent range were unbounded.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check and correct the usage of vector type data in the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE358

CEE3250C	The system or userabend <i>abend-code</i> was issued.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A system or userabend has occurred.

System action

The program is terminated abnormally.

Programmer response

Look in the messages and codes or system codes manual for the particular platform to resolve the system-described problem.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE35I

CEE3251I	An ATTENTION condition occurred.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An ATTENTION condition was signaled after polling code was invoked.

System action

The program is resumed after the point where the condition was signaled.

Programmer response

Do whatever is appropriate for the user to do, after the user hits the "attention" key.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE35J

CEE3252E	An attempt to call __CEEYSORT was made from within a DFSORT exit routine.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only one sort can be active at a time. A program called during the execution of SORT must have attempted to invoke sort again.

System action

The request was unsuccessful. A feedback is returned. If no feedback is requested and the raised condition is unhandled, the enclave terminates.

Programmer response

Do not attempt a sort from within a sort exit.

Problem determination

CEE35K

CEE3253C	A critical condition occurred during the sort operation.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An unrecoverable error prevented SORT from completing.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action defined by the SORT messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE35L

CEE3254C	An incorrect DFSORT Plist was passed to CEE3SRT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The parameter list for CEE3SRT must be the 31 bit list specified by DFSORT.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter list for CEE3SRT.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE35M

CEE3255C	An attempt to call CEE3SRT was made from within a DFSORT exit routine.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Only one sort can be active at a time. A program called during the execution of SORT must have attempted to invoke sort again.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Do not attempt a sort from within a sort exit.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE35N

CEE3257E	The version field does not contain a supported value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The __CEEYSORT service was called with a sort_plist that did not contain a supported value in the __sort_version field. Currently the only valid value for the __sort_version field is 1.

System action

The request was unsuccessful. A feedback is returned. If no feedback is requested and the raised condition is unhandled, the enclave terminates.

Programmer response

Make sure that the version field contains a supported value.

Problem determination

CEE35P

CEE3258E	The DFSORT E15 and E32 user exits are mutually exclusive.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The __CEEYSORT service was called with a sort_plist that contained a non-zero value for both the __sort_e15 and __sort_e32 fields. One of these fields must be zero.

System action

The request was unsuccessful. A feedback is returned. If no feedback is requested and the raised condition is unhandled, the enclave terminates.

Programmer response

Make sure that one of the fields is zero.

Problem determination

CEE35Q

CEE3259E	Invoking DFSORT is not supported when the POSIX(ON) runtime option is in effect.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The __CEEYSORT service was called when the POSIX(ON) runtime option was in effect.

System action

The request was unsuccessful. A feedback is returned. If no feedback is requested and the raised condition is unhandled, the enclave terminates.

Programmer response

Specify the POSIX(OFF) runtime option.

Problem determination

CEE35R

CEE3260W	No condition was active when a call to a condition management routine was made.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The condition manager had no record of an active condition.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

No response is required. Calls to condition management routines should only be made within the handler routine.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE35S

CEE3261W	service-name is not supported.
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

The service was no longer supported. It was provided for migration and compatibility with previous releases of Language Environment.

System action

The service did not take any action.

Programmer response

Migrate an application to a supported function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE35T

CEE3262W	An invalid condition token was passed. The condition token did not represent an active condition.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The condition token passed to CEE3CIB did not represent a condition that is currently active.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

No programmer response required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE35U

CEE3263C	The condition handler's condition information block was damaged. The requested function was not performed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The condition manager did not have a valid CIB chain.

System action

The requested function is not performed.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE35V

CEE3264S	No machine state block found in association with the current stack frame.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Your program has not established a valid machine state block (via CEE3SRP) associated with the current stack frame.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure CEE3SRP is issued before calling CEE3GMB.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE360

CEE3292W	The language run-time component id was already registered. No action was taken.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CEE3DHDL CWI was invoked previously with the same language run-time component id.

System action

If this condition is not handled, execution continues at the instruction after the CEE3DHDL invocation.

Programmer response

No programmer response required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE36S

CEE3293C	The Language Environment was corrupted. The save area chain was broken.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The save area chain was not intact.

System action

The function was not completed, and did not schedule the routine.

Programmer response

Language Environment always expects the save area to be valid, and usually abends when it is not. Ensure that the save chain is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE36T

CEE3294E	The cancel request could not be performed, since the routine was not previously scheduled.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A request was made to cancel a routine, but that routine could not be found on the active chain. The routine that was requested to cancel either was never scheduled or was previously deleted.

System action

No routine is released.

Programmer response

Ensure that routines are scheduled via CEEHDLR before an attempt is made to delete them.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE36U

CEE3295E	The condition string from CEE3SPM did not contain all of the settings, because the returned string was truncated.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The QUERY option of the CEE3SPM service needed a larger character string to represent the conditions.

System action

Some items might have been filled in.

Programmer response

Try increasing the character string length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE36V

CEE3296E	Some of the data in the condition string from CEE3SPM could not be recognized.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The data encountered in the string could not be interpreted.

System action

Only conditions that could be recognized were set.

Programmer response

Correct the character representation for the condition(s) and ensure that the string is padded with blanks.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE370

CEE3297E	The service completed successfully for recognized condition(s), unsuccessfully for unrecognized (invalid) condition(s).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The data encountered in the string could not be interpreted.

System action

Only conditions that could be recognized were set.

Programmer response

Correct the character representation for the conditions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE371

CEE3298E	CEE3SPM attempted to PUSH settings onto a full stack.
-----------------	--

Explanation

There was not enough storage for the CEE3SPM PUSH service to save all of the conditions.

System action

No settings were changed.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the storage.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE372

CEE3299E	CEE3SPM attempted to POP settings off an empty stack.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A call to CEE3SPM was made to POP the stack. There were no elements on the stack to POP.

System action

No settings are changed.

Programmer response

Ensure that something is on the stack before you attempt to POP it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE373

CEE3300E	The action parameter in CEE3SPM was not one of the digits 1 to 5.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A call to CEE3SPM was made with an invalid action.

System action

No settings were changed.

Programmer response

Use an action value parameter between 1 and 5 when invoking CEE3SPM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE374

CEE3301E	The first parameter was not one of the digits expected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A call was made to a condition management subroutine that did not have a valid parameter for the action parameter.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

This is an internal error. The internal routine was called with an improper parameter. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE375

CEE3303E	The callable service was passed reserved arguments that were not set to zero.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The reserved arguments passed to the callable service routine must be set to zero.

System action

The request was unsuccessful and a symbolic feedback code was returned. If a symbolic feedback code was not requested and the raised condition was not handled, the enclave terminates.

Programmer response

Verify the reserved arguments passed to the callable service routine are set to zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE377

CEE3350S	Unable to find the event handler.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An internal error occurred when Language Environment attempted to load a required language run-time component module.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE38M

CEE3351S	Unable to properly initialize the event handler.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An internal error occurred when Language Environment attempted to initialize a required language run-time component module.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE38N

CEE3352E	The enclave terminated with a non-zero return code.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An internal error occurred while attempting to terminate an enclave.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE38O

CEE3353S	The parameter manipulation service was called, but not during the create enclave event, or not by a language run-time component corresponding to the MAIN program.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The parameter manipulation service was used during enclave initialization by the language in which the main program was written. It was used in an illegal manner.

System action

The requested parameter manipulation is not performed and the main parameter list might not be correct.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE38P

CEE3354S	The parameter list manipulation service was called in a CICS environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The parameter manipulation service was used during enclave initialization by the language in which the main program was written. It cannot be used in a CICS environment.

System action

The requested parameter manipulation is not performed and the main parameter list might not be correct.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE38Q

CEE3355S	A language run-time component initialization has failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An internal error occurred while attempting to establish a minimum environment for a language run-time component.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE38R

CEE3356S	The rc_modifier must be in the range of 1 through 4. The return code modifier was not changed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The rc_modifier was not in the range of 1 through 4. The return code modifier that was first established by the enclave termination services or by the condition handling was kept.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Provide a valid rc_modifier.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE38S

CEE3357S	The service was invoked outside of the language run-time component enclave termination. No action was taken.
-----------------	---

Explanation

CEESRCM was to be called during the language run-time component enclave termination. It was invoked outside of the language run-time component enclave termination.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Ensure that the routine is called during the enclave termination.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE38T

CEE3358E	The service was invoked outside of the member enclave initialization. No action was taken.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This CWI service can only be invoked from within member language enclave initialization.

System action

The service returns, without performing the function of the service.

Programmer response

Move the use of this service to within enclave initialization event handling, or, determine the proper event to be using at the point where you are trying to invoke this event.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE38U

CEE3359E	The module or language list is not supported in this environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The module or language list is not supported in this environment.

System action

The function is not performed.

Programmer response

Use a supported module or language list for this service when running on this version of the operating system.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE38V

CEE3360S	The stack frame was not found on the call chain.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The stack frame parameter passed to the CEE3SMS CWI did not point to a valid stack frame on the call chain.

System action

The CEE3SMS CWI returns without allocating a machine state control block.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE390

CEE3361W	A nested enclave completed with an unhandled condition of severity two or greater.
-----------------	---

Explanation

If a nested enclave is created due to an SVC-assisted linkage (LINK on VM or MVS, CMSCALL on VM), and it subsequently abends or program checks, or it software-signals a condition of severity two or greater, then condition token CEE391 was signaled in the creator of the nested enclave.

System action

If the signal of the CEE391 condition is not handled, execution continues at the instruction after the LINK or CMSCALL.

Programmer response

Check condition token CEE391.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE391

CEE3362S	No main or fetchable procedure or function was present within the load module.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The load module contained neither a main procedure/function nor a fetchable procedure/function.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the load module.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE392

CEE3363S	A second main procedure or function was entered without crossing a nested enclave boundary.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A direct call was made to a main procedure. The program should have been loaded and/or called using a defined language construct like `fetch()` or `system()`.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the load module.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE393

CEE3364W	The enclave name was truncated by the enclave naming service during initialization.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The enclave naming service was used by the language in which the main program was written during enclave initialization. It was passed a name longer than 32 characters.

System action

The truncated name is used as the enclave name.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE394

CEE3365S	The enclave naming service was called, but not during enclave initialization, or not by a language run-time component corresponding to the MAIN program.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The enclave naming service was used by the language in which the main program was written during enclave initialization. It was used in an illegal manner.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE395

CEE3367E	An attempt was made to create a nested enclave for a 31-bit program <i>module_name</i> found in AMODE 64 environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only AMODE 64 programs are supported in nested enclaves under the AMODE 64 environment.

System action

None.

Programmer response

Do not attempt to create a nested enclave for an AMODE 31 program under the AMODE 64 environment. Instead, recompile the target program of the nested enclave for the 64-bit environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE397

CEE3370W	The program invocation name could not be found, and the returned name was blank.
-----------------	---

Explanation

CEEBGIN could not determine the name under which the program was invoked.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

No response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE39A

CEE3380W	The target load module was not recognized by Language Environment.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The language list could not be returned because the target load module was not recognized. A value of zero was returned.

System action

Processing continues. No system action is performed.

Programmer response

No response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE39K

CEE3400W	The condition name was not recognized and the value of the condition token was undefined.
-----------------	--

Explanation

CEEQFBC was passed a condition name that could not be translated into a corresponding Language Environment condition token.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

No programmer action is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3A8

CEE3401W	The condition token was not recognized and the value of the condition name was undefined.
-----------------	--

Explanation

CEEBFBC was passed a condition token that could not be translated into a corresponding condition name.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

No programmer action is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3A9

CEE3402E	The condition token passed was invalid and the value of the condition name was undefined.
-----------------	--

Explanation

CEEBFBC was passed a condition token that was determined to be invalid and could not be translated into a corresponding condition name.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

No programmer action is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3AA

CEE3403E	The input parameter <i>func_code</i> is incorrect.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The input for the parameter *func_code* was not recognized.

System action

The requested function was not performed.

Programmer response

Use a valid function code in the parameter list.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3AB

CEE3404I	The service routine with specified work area has already been enabled.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The requested service routine with a specified work area was already successfully enabled.

System action

The requested function was not performed.

Programmer response

None. The service routine with the specified work area was already enabled.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3AC

CEE3405I	The service routine with specified work area does not exist or has already been disabled.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The requested service routine with a specified work area was already disabled or was never enabled.

System action

The requested function was not performed.

Programmer response

If a service routine with a specific work area was already disabled or was never enabled, do not disable it. Instead, do not take any action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3AD

CEE3406S	The service failed to allocate storage.
-----------------	--

Explanation

CEERCB_ZGETST or CEEVGTST failed when allocating storage.

System action

The requested function was not performed.

Programmer response

If necessary, increase the region size and retry the request. If you need more information, contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3AE

CEE3407S	The service failed to free storage.
-----------------	--

Explanation

CEERCB_ZFREEST or CEEVFRST failed when freeing storage.

System action

The requested function was not performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3AF

CEE3408E	The maximum number of unique pairs of service routines with specified work areas has been reached.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The maximum number of supported unique pairs of service routines with specified work areas is 20 over a region lifetime, including both enabled and disabled routines.

System action

The requested function was not performed.

Programmer response

Try to reduce the number of service routines with specified work areas.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3AG

CEE3424S	CEE3SMO was called from outside a user-written condition handler.
-----------------	--

Explanation

CEE3SMO can only be called from within a user-written condition handler.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Only code calls to CEE3SMO from within user-written condition handlers.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3B0

CEE3425S	Severity 0 or 1 condition was signaled with CEESGLN.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The caller of CEESGLN signaled a severity 0 or 1 condition; however, resumption is never allowed for a condition signaled from CEESGLN.

System action

The condition is changed to CEE3B1 and, if unhandled, the enclave is terminated.

Programmer response

Do not signal severity 0 and 1 conditions from CEESGLN. Use CEESGL when signaling a severity 0 and 1 conditions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3B1

CEE3426S	There was an invalid request to fix-up and resume a condition.
-----------------	---

Explanation

There was a request to fix-up and resume from a user-written condition handler and either (1) the resume cursor was moved, or (2) the condition was signaled from CEESGLN or from CEESGL without a feedback code. The resume cursor can not be moved by a user-written condition handler if fix-up and resume behavior is desired. Conditions signaled from CEESGLN or from CEESGL without a feedback code can not be resumed without moving the resume cursor. The original condition is indicated in the next message in the message file.

System action

The condition is promoted to CEE3B2 and, if unhandled, the enclave is terminated.

Programmer response

A user-written condition handler must move the resume cursor and return a result code of 10 (Resume)

in order to resume a condition signaled by CEESGLN or by CEESGL without a feedback code.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3B2

CEE3427S	A user-written condition handler promoted a condition signaled by CEESGLN to severity 0 or 1.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The condition handling mechanism allows condition handlers to promote their current condition and then handle new ones. If a severity 2 or above condition signaled by CEESGLN was promoted to a 0 or 1 condition, the purpose of CEESGLN would be violated - programs can never resume following a call to CEESGLN. (Language Environment allows severity 0 or 1 conditions to resume.) Note that the original condition is indicated in the next message in the message file.

System action

The condition is promoted to CEE3B3 and if unhandled the enclave is terminated.

Programmer response

User-written condition handlers must not promote conditions that are not allowed to resume to severity 0 or 1.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3B3

CEE3428S	Condition signaled by CEESGLN is not enabled by a language run-time component.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Some conditions are disabled by a language run-time component. For example Fixed Point Overflow conditions in COBOL are ignored and the application is resumed. Such a condition must not be signaled by CEESGLN. Note that the original condition is indicated in the next message in the message file.

System action

The condition is promoted to CEE3B4 and if unhandled the enclave is terminated.

Programmer response

Do not use CEESGLN to signal a condition from a language that does not enable the condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3B4

CEE3429S	Move resume cursor relative is not permitted in a user-written condition handler registered with the USRHDLR run-time option.
-----------------	--

Explanation

You can register a user-written condition handler at stack frame 0 with the USRHDLR run-time option. The move resume cursor relative (CEEMRCR) service was not permitted at stack frame 0.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Remove all references to CEEMRCR in user-written condition handlers registered with the USRHDLR run-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3B5

CEE3449S	An internal message services error occurred during termination.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A message service was called to perform a service during termination, but the service could not be completed because certain resources were no longer available.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3BP

CEE3450E

Only one language was on the stack when a POP request was made to CEE3LNG. The current language was returned in the desired language parameter.

Explanation

CEE3LNG cannot POP since the resulting stack was empty.

System action

The current language is returned in the *desired_language* parameter and the stack remains unchanged.

Programmer response

No programmer action is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3BQ

CEE3451S	The desired language <i>desired-language</i> for the PUSH or SET function for CEE3LNG was invalid. No operation was performed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *desired_language* parameter was not a valid 3-character national language id.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Provide a valid *desired_language* parameter. A list of the valid national languages is provided in [z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3BR

CEE3452S	The function <i>function</i> specified for CEE3LNG was not recognized. No operation was performed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The function parameter must be a fullword binary 1, 2, 3, or 4.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Provide a fullword binary 1, 2, 3, or 4 in the function parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3BS

CEE3454S	The <i>function</i> requested in CEE3LNG failed because at least one of the high-level languages did not accept the change from the <i>function</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An internal error prevented the requested change from being made.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3BU

CEE3455E	Only one country code was on the stack when a POP request was made to CEE3CTY. The current country code was returned in the country code parameter.
-----------------	--

Explanation

CEE3CTY cannot POP the stack since the resulting stack was empty.

System action

The current country code is returned in the *country_code* parameter and the stack remains unchanged.

Programmer response

No programmer action is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3BV

CEE3456S	The country code <i>country_code</i> for the PUSH or SET function for CEE3CTY was invalid. No operation was performed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *country_code* parameter was not a valid 2-character country code.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Provide a valid *country_code* parameter. A list of the valid country codes is provided in [z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3C0

CEE3457S	The function <i>function</i> specified for CEE3CTY was not recognized. No operation was performed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *function* parameter must be a fullword binary 1, 2, 3, or 4.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Provide a fullword binary 1, 2, 3, or 4 in the *function* parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3C1

CEE3458E	The country code <i>country_code</i> was invalid for CEE3MC2. The default currency symbol <i>currency_symbol</i> was returned. No international currency symbol was returned.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *country_code* parameter was not a valid 2-character country code. The default currency symbol was returned. No international currency symbol was returned.

System action

The default currency symbol is returned. No international currency symbol is returned.

Programmer response

Provide a valid *country_code* parameter. A list of the valid country codes is provided in the [z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3C2

CEE3459S	The <i>function</i> requested in CEE3CTY failed because at least one of the high-level languages did not accept the change from the <i>function</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The function requested failed because one of the high-level languages did not accept the change.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

An internal error prevented the requested change from being made. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3C3

CEE3460E	The decimal separator '<i>decimal_separator</i>' was truncated and was not defined in CEE3MDS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *decimal_separator* parameter must be a 2-character field. The resulting decimal separator might not be valid. The decimal separator was left-justified and padded on the right with a blank if necessary.

System action

The decimal separator is truncated and placed into the given parameter.

Programmer response

Provide a 2-character *decimal_separator* parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3C4

CEE3461E	The country code <i>country_code</i> was invalid for CEE3MDS. The default decimal separator '<i>decimal_separator</i>' was returned.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *country_code* parameter was not a valid 2-character country code. The default decimal separator was returned.

System action

The default decimal separator is returned.

Programmer response

Provide a valid *country_code* parameter. A list of the valid country codes is provided in [z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3C5

CEE3462E	The currency symbol '<i>currency_symbol</i>' was truncated and was not defined in CEE3MCS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *currency_symbol* parameter must be a 2-character field. The resulting currency symbol might not be valid. The currency symbol was left-justified and padded on the right with a blank if necessary.

System action

The currency symbol is truncated and placed into the given parameter.

Programmer response

Provide a 2-character *currency_symbol* parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3C6

CEE3463E	The country code <i>country_code</i> was invalid for CEE3MCS. The default currency symbol '<i>currency_symbol</i>' was returned.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *country_code* parameter was not a valid 2-character country code. The default currency symbol was returned.

System action

The default currency symbol is returned.

Programmer response

Provide a valid *country_code* parameter. A list of the valid country codes is provided in [z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3C7

CEE3464E	The thousands separator '<i>thousands_separator</i>' was truncated and was not defined in CEE3MTS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *thousands_separator* parameter must be a 2-character field. The resulting thousands separator might not be valid. The thousands separator was left-justified and padded on the right with a blank if necessary.

System action

The thousands separator is truncated and placed into the given parameter.

Programmer response

Provide a 2-character *thousands_separator* parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3C8

CEE3465E	The country code <i>country_code</i> was invalid for CEE3MTS. The default thousands
-----------------	--

separator '*thousands_separator*' was returned.

Explanation

The *country_code* parameter was not a valid 2-character country code. The default thousands separator was returned.

System action

The default thousands separator is returned.

Programmer response

Provide a valid *country_code* parameter. A list of the valid country codes is provided in [z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3C9

CEE3466E	The date picture string <i>date_pic_string</i> was truncated and was not defined in CEEFMDA.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *date_pic_string* parameter must be an 80-character field. The resulting *date_pic_string* might not be valid. The *date_pic_string* was left-justified and padded on the right with a blank if necessary.

System action

The *date_pic_string* is truncated and placed into the given parameter.

Programmer response

Provide an 80-character *date_pic_string* parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CA

CEE3467E	The country code <i>country_code</i> was invalid for CEEFMDA. The default date picture string <i>date_pic_string</i> was returned.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *country_code* parameter was not a valid 2-character country code. The default date picture string was returned.

System action

The default date picture string is returned.

Programmer response

Provide a valid *country_code* parameter. A list of the valid country codes is provided in [z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CB

CEE3468E	The time picture string <i>time_pic_string</i> was truncated and was not defined in CEEFMTM.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *time_pic_string* parameter must be an 80-character field. The resulting *time_pic_string* might not be valid. The *time_pic_string* was left-justified and padded on the right with a blank if necessary.

System action

The *time_pic_string* is truncated and placed into the given parameter.

Programmer response

Provide an 80-character *time_pic_string* parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CC

CEE3469E	The country code <i>country_code</i> was invalid for CEEFMTM. The default time picture string <i>time_pic_string</i> was returned.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *country_code* parameter was not a valid 2-character country code. The default time picture string was returned.

System action

The default time picture string is returned.

Programmer response

Provide a valid *country_code* parameter. A list of the valid country codes is provided in [z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CD

CEE3470E	The date and time string <i>datetime_str</i> was truncated and was not defined in CEEFMDT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *datetime_str* parameter must be an 80-character field. The resulting *datetime_str* might not be valid. The *datetime_str* was left-justified and padded on the right with a blank if necessary.

System action

The *datetime_str* is truncated and placed into the given parameter.

Programmer response

Provide an 80-character *datetime_str* parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CE

CEE3471E	The country code <i>country_code</i> was invalid for CEEFMDT. The default date and time picture string <i>datetime_str</i> was returned.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *country_code* parameter was not a valid 2-character country code. The default date and time string was returned.

System action

The default date and time string is returned.

Programmer response

Provide a valid *country_code* parameter. A list of the valid country codes is provided in [z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CF

CEE3472S	An internal message services error occurred while getting storage for the message inserts.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Insufficient heap storage was available to complete message services.

System action

No message insert area is created.

Programmer response

If possible, free unneeded heap storage or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CG

CEE3473S	An internal message services error occurred while processing the inserts for this message.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Corrupted storage was encountered when attempting to initialize a message insert block.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CH

CEE3475S	An internal message services error occurred while freeing the insert area.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Corrupted storage was encountered when attempting to free a message insert block.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CJ

CEE3476S	An internal message services error occurred while freeing storage for the message inserts.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Message services detected a heap storage freeing failure.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CK

CEE3480S	An internal message services error occurred while processing the inserts for a message.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Message services detected an insert error while formatting a message.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CO

CEE3481S	An internal message services error occurred while processing the inserts for a message.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Corrupted storage was encountered when attempting to process a message insert block.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CP

CEE3482S	An internal message services error occurred while processing the inserts for a message.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid insert was encountered when attempting to process a message insert block.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CQ

CEE3484E	A message could not be written to <i>ddname</i> because the message length of <i>message_length</i> exceeded the allowable maximum of <i>max-message-length</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The message could not be written to *ddname* data set because message services will not process a message whose length is greater than *max-message-length*.

System action

The message is not written.

Programmer response

Reduce the size of the message or divide it into sections of acceptable length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CS

CEE3485S

An internal message services error occurred while locating the message number within a message file.

Explanation

The message library for the given message number was located and loaded, but the message number could not be found within the library.

System action

The given message library is loaded, but no other action is performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CT

CEE3486S	An internal message services error occurred while formatting a message.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Corrupted storage was encountered when attempting to process a message insert block.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CU

CEE3487S	An internal message services error occurred while locating a message number within the ranges specified in the repository.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The message number could not be found within the ranges in the *message_library_table*.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3CV

CEE3488S	An internal message services error occurred while formatting a message.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid internal message buffer length was detected while formatting a message.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3D0

CEE3489S	An internal message services error occurred while getting storage necessary to format a message.
-----------------	---

Explanation

No heap storage was available to get storage needed to complete the formatting of a message.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

If possible, free unneeded heap storage or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3D1

CEE3490S	An internal message services error occurred while attempting to write a message.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The given ddname or destination was not valid or was not available.

System action

The message is not written.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3D2

CEE3491S	An internal message services error occurred while getting storage.
-----------------	---

Explanation

No heap storage was available to get storage needed to write out a message.

System action

The message is not written.

Programmer response

If possible, free unneeded heap storage or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3D3

CEE3492S	An internal message services error occurred while attempting to write a message.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was detected while trying to OPEN, WRITE, or CLOSE a given ddname or destination.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3D4

CEE3493W	An internal message services error occurred while attempting to close the message file.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Language Environment could not close the specified ddname, because Language Environment either did not own it, or the file was not currently open.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3D5

CEE3494S	An internal message services error occurred while attempting to close the message file.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error was detected while trying to CLOSE the given ddname.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3D6

CEE3495S	An internal message services error occurred while formatting a message.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error preventing the completion of message formatting was detected.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3D7

CEE3496I	An internal message services error occurred while formatting a message.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An internal error was detected while locating the inserts for a message.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3D8

CEE3497E	The message file was discovered to have an insufficient LRECL of <i>too-small</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The message file cannot have an LRECL less than 14. This was to allow for the message number and 4 characters of text per line.

System action

The message file LRECL is forced to the default LRECL value.

Programmer response

Specify an LRECL of 14 or greater.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3D9

CEE3498I	The message file was already open.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A request to open the message file via CEEOPMF could not be completed because it was already open.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

No programmer response is necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DA

CEE3499E	The message file was unable to be opened.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A request to open the message file via CEEOPMF could not be completed.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

Ensure that the ddname to used for the message file is a valid name, and the data set is usable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DB

CEE3500S	Not enough storage was available to load <i>module-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Not enough storage was available to load the requested module into virtual memory.

System action

Module is not loaded. The application might abend.

If this was a C dllload() or dlopen() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlopen() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

If this was a DLL load or open request, a CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the region size is sufficient to run the application. If necessary, delete the modules that the application does not need or delete free unused storage, and retry the load request. The module name specified in the message might be truncated for display purposes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DC

CEE3501S	The module <i>module-name</i> was not found.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The system could not find the load module whose name was specified on the parameter list to the Language Environment load service, in the indicated library (job library or link library).

System action

Module is not loaded. The application might abend.

If this was a C dllload() or dlopen() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlopen() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

If this was a DLL load or open request, a CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure the requesting program name was not incorrectly modified. Make sure that the indicated library is correct in the job step. Correct the error, and execute the job step again. The module name specified in the message might be truncated for display purposes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DD

CEE3502S	The module name <i>module-name</i> was too long.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The module name length was greater than the name length supported by the underlying operating system.

System action

Name length is truncated to the name length supported by the underlying operating system. The requested module might or might not be loaded.

If this was a C dllload() or dlopen() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlopen() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

If this was a DLL load or open request, a CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Correct the module name length and execute the job step again. The module name specified in the message was truncated for display purposes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DE

CEE3503S	The load request for module <i>module-name</i> was unsuccessful.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The system could not load the load module.

System action

Module was not loaded. The application might abend.

If this was a C dllload() or dlopen() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition,

and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlopen() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

If this was a DLL load or open request, a CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Check the original abend from the operating system and refer to the underlying operating system message manual for explanation and programmer's response. The module name specified in the message might be truncated for display purposes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DF

CEE3504S	The delete request for module <i>module-name</i> was unsuccessful.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The load module might already have been deleted or was never loaded.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Make sure the requesting module name is not incorrectly modified.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DG

CEE3505S	The library vector table (LIBVEC) descriptor module <i>module-name</i> could not be loaded.
-----------------	--

Explanation

During LIBVEC initialization the library vector table descriptor module could not be found.

System action

LIBVEC initialization is not performed.

Programmer response

Make sure you passed the name of the library vector table (LIBVEC) descriptor rather than the entry address. Make sure the name was not incorrectly modified and the indicated library (job library or link library) is correct.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DH

CEE3506S	The library packaged subroutine module <i>module-name</i> could not be loaded.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The system could not find the load module whose name was specified in the library vector table (LIBVEC) descriptor module in the indicated library (job library or link library).

System action

Module is not loaded and LIBVEC initialization is not performed.

Programmer response

Make sure the requesting program name was not incorrectly modified. Make sure that the indicated library is correct in the job step. Correct the error, and execute the job step again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DI

CEE3507S	Not enough storage was available for the library vector table (LIBVEC) <i>table-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Insufficient storage was available to build the LIBVEC.

System action

No storage is allocated for the LIBVEC. LIBVEC initialization did not complete.

Programmer response

If necessary, free available storage and retry LIBVEC initialization.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DJ

CEE3508S	The number of library packaged subroutines specified in the descriptor module <i>module-name</i> exceeded the maximum of 256 library packages. No library packages were loaded.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The maximum number of library packages supported is 256.

System action

LIBVEC initialization did not complete.

Programmer response

Repackage the library routines so that the number of library packages does not exceed the maximum supported.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DK

CEE3509S	The number of library vector slots specified in the descriptor module <i>module-name</i> either exceeded 1024 or was less than 1.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A minimum of 1 library routine entry name was required to build the library vector table. A maximum of 1024 library routines entry names is allowed in a LIBVEC.

System action

LIBVEC initialization did not complete.

Programmer response

If library vector slots exceed the maximum, you might have to build more than one LIBVEC.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DL

CEE3510S	The module <i>module-name</i> is a member of the library packaged subroutine <i>module-name</i> and could not be deleted.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Library package subroutines are not allowed to be deleted.

System action

Module not deleted.

Programmer response

Correct your program so that it does not request a library package subroutine be deleted.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DM

CEE3511S	The function code <i>function-code</i> was invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Valid functions codes for the verify library vector subroutine are delete and load.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Make sure the function code passed to the verify library vector subroutine is delete/load. Correct the program and execute job step again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DN

CEE3512S	An z/OS UNIX file system load of module <i>module-name</i> failed. The system return code was <i>return-code</i>; the reason code was <i>reason-code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The callable service BPX1LOD failed while attempting to load module *module-name* from the z/OS UNIX file system. The system return and reason codes were returned.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If this was a C dllload() or dlopen() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlopen() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

If this was a DLL load or open request, a CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary. The module name specified in the message may have been truncated for display purposes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DO

CEE3513S	The library vector table (LIBVEC) <i>table-name</i> could not be terminated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

LIBVEC termination failed due to an inability to delete library subroutines or free the storage obtained for the LIBVEC.

System action

LIBVEC termination did not complete.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DP

CEE3514C	An internal error, Unknown Operating System, was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The underlying operating system was unsupported in Language Environment.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Language Environment runs under the control of, or in conjunction with, the following operating systems/subsystems: MVS/ESA, CICS/ESA, IMS/ESA®, Db2®, SQL/DS, DFSORT, ISPF, and TSO/E.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DQ

CEE3515I No modules were loaded.

Explanation

No application load modules have been loaded via Language Environment load service in the current application.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

No programmer response is necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DR

CEE3517S The dynamic allocation of the msgfile was not successful. The reason code was *reason-code*.

Explanation

Language Environment attempted to dynamically allocate a ddname for the msgfile. However, the allocation was not successful.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Use the error reason code to determine why the dynalloc service did not complete successfully.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DT

CEE3518S

The module *module-name* was not found in an authorized library

Explanation

An authorized program requested the load of a module that could not be found in an authorized library or concatenation of libraries.

System action

Module is not loaded. The application might abend.

If this was a C dllload() or dlopen() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and the turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlopen() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

If this was a DLL load or open request, a CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

If the requested module can not be found, make sure the module exists in a system or user-defined authorized library. Correct the error, and run the job step again. The module name specified in the message might be truncated for display purposes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DU

CEE3519S

The version specified in the CEEFTCH control block passed to the CEEFETCH macro is not supported.

Explanation

The version specified in the CEEFTCH control block passed to the CEEFETCH macro is not supported.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See the CEEFTCH section in the *z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide* for supported versions of the CEEFTCH control block.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3DV

CEE3530S	The service was invoked for a load module.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEEPPPOS service was invoked for a load module. Only program objects are supported. No action was taken.

System action

Unless the condition is handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EA

CEE3531S	The entry point was not recognized by Language Environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CEEPPPOS service was invoked and Language Environment was not able to recognize the entry point style. Only Language Environment enabled entry point styles are supported for program objects. No action was taken.

System action

Unless the condition is handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EB

CEE3532S	The requested class does not exist in the program object.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CEEPPPOS service was invoked. If this is an OBTAIN for class C_WSA then this indicates that the program object does not have writable static. If this is a LOCATE for class C_@@DLLI, C_@@STINIT or C_@@PPA2 then this indicates that the program object does not contain the class. No action was taken.

System action

Unless the condition is handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EC

CEE3533S	The service invoked a system function which was unsuccessful. The system return code was <i>return_code</i> and the system reason code was <i>reason_code</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEEPPPOS service invoked program management system service for a program object. The system return code and reason code were returned.

System action

Unless the condition is handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3ED

CEE3534S	The requested function is not supported.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEEPPPOS service was invoked with a function that is not recognized. No action was taken.

System action

Unless the condition is handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EE

CEE3535S	The requested class_name is not supported, or a required input value for the specified class_name was not correctly specified.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEEPPPOS service was invoked with class_name that is not recognized, or the required input for the function with class_name CEE_ALL is incorrect. No action was taken.

System action

Unless the condition is handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

If your application is involving CEEPPPOS, then check that the class_name specified is correct for the function being used. If you are using a function that accepts the class_name CEE_ALL, make sure you specify the class_address and class_size correctly. Otherwise, contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EF

CEE3536S	Not enough storage was available for the WSA.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CEEPPPOS service was invoked to OBTAIN the WSA and storage was not available to load the WSA into virtual memory. No action was taken.

System action

Unless the condition is handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EG

CEE3537S

The request to release the WSA was unsuccessful.

Explanation

The CEEPPPOS service was invoked to RELEASE the WSA and the system could not release the WSA because the class_address was not valid.

System action

Unless the condition is handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EH

CEE3538S	The request to refresh the WSA was unsuccessful.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEEPPPOS service was invoked to REFRESH the WSA and the system could not refresh the WSA because the class_address was not valid.

System action

Unless the condition is handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EI

CEE3539S	The load request for program object <i>module-name</i> was unsuccessful for the current level of CICS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The load request for module, *module-name* resulted in loading a program object. The load service does not support loading a program object for the current level of CICS.

System action

The module is not loaded. Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Rebuild the module using the Language Environment Prelinker Utility and reexecute.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EJ

CEE3540S	The load request for program object <i>module-name</i> was unsuccessful.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The load request for module, *module-name* resulted in loading a program object. The load service does not support loading a program object.

System action

The module is not loaded. Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Rebuild the module using the Language Environment Prelinker Utility and reexecute.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EK

CEE3541S	A Writeable Static Area (WSA) associated with the entry point was not found.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEEPFWSA service was invoked and Language Environment was not able to find an executable module containing the specified entry point. A search is made of the executable module containing main (if present), any fetched, dynamically-called, PIPI-loaded modules, CEEFETCHed modules and any loaded DLLs.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Verify that the entry point passed to CEEPFWSA is a valid C/370 or Language Environment style entry point contained within a currently loaded executable module. Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EL

CEE3542S	Unable to find a valid Entry Point or PPA1 or PPA2 for this DSA.
-----------------	---

Explanation

DSA pointer, DSA format and Entry Point address are the required parameters for the CEEYEPAF callable service. They have to be passed to the CEEYEPAF CWI. PPA1 and PPA2 pointers are optional parameters. But if the PPA2 pointer is passed to the CEEYEPAF CWI, then the PPA1 pointer has to be passed to the CEEYEPAF CWI as well.

System action

The request was unsuccessful. The address of the Entry Point or PPA1 or PPA2 is not established.

Programmer response

Pass the correct parameters to the CEEYEPAF callable service. PPA1 pointer has to be passed to the CEEYEPAF CWI, if PPA2 pointer is passed to it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EM

CEE3543E	Requested optional field not found in the passed PPA1.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The optional field parameter passed to the CEEYPPAF callable service doesn't exist in the passed PPA1 structure.

System action

The request was unsuccessful. The address of the optional field is evaluated to 0.

Programmer response

Pass the correct optional name parameter to the CEEYPPAF CWI.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EN

CEE3544E	Optional field requested is not valid (1 - 9).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The valid value for the optional field parameter passed to the CEEYPPAF callable service is from number 1 to number 9.

System action

The request was unsuccessful. The address of the optional field is evaluated to 0.

Programmer response

Pass the valid number as the optional field parameter to the CEEYPPAF callable service.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EO

CEE3545E	Unable to verify the passed PPA1 as valid for XPLINK.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PPA1 parameter passed to the CEEYPPAF callable service is not a valid XPLINK PPA1.

System action

The request was unsuccessful. The address of the optional field is not established.

Programmer response

Pass the XPLINK PPA1 parameter to the CEEYPPAF callable service.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EP

CEE3546E	An error occurred while attempting to find the previous DSA.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A program check occurred in the unwind process.

System action

The request was unsuccessful. A feedback is returned. If no feedback is requested and the raised condition is unhandled, the enclave terminates.

Programmer response

Make sure the input DSA is valid. Verify the DSA format is correct.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EQ

CEE3547E	The DSA physical callee was requested and the physical callee format was not.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Callable service CEEYDSAF requires the physical callee format when the physical callee parameter is passed.

System action

The request was unsuccessful. A feedback is returned. If no feedback is requested and the raised condition is unhandled, the enclave terminates.

Programmer response

Make sure the physical callee format is passed if physical callee is requested.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3ER

CEE3548E	The callable service was passed a DSA format of -1 and was unable to determine the format of the passed DSA.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Unable to determine whether the DSA is up or down format.

System action

The callable service will return feedback. If feedback is not requested, a severity 1 condition will be raised. If the condition remains unhandled, processing continues.

Programmer response

Verify the DSA is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3ES

CEE3549S	The service was invoked for a program object that contains some combination XPLINK and NOXPLINK-compiled parts.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A Language Environment service found a program object that contains a combination of AMODE 64, XPLINK, and NOXPLINK-compiled parts. You cannot mix any combination of AMODE 64, XPLINK and NOXPLINK-compiled parts in the same program object.

System action

If the Language Environment service that detected the condition was passed a feedback code parameter, then the feedback code representing this message is returned. Otherwise the enclave is terminated.

Programmer response

Rebind the program object after recompiling the parts so that they are all compiled either AMODE 64, XPLINK or NOXPLINK. Alternatively, you can split the program object into separate DLLs, one containing AMODE 64 compiled parts, one containing XPLINK-compiled parts and the other containing NOXPLINK compiled parts. Then each of these DLLs would be bound with the DLL side deck of the other. Refer to [z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide](#) for more details on DLLs.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3ET

CEE3550S	DLL <i>dll-name</i> does not contain a CEESTART CSECT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The application is attempting to load DLL *dll-name* implicitly or explicitly, but the CEESTART CSECT cannot be located within it.

System action

If this was an implicit DLL reference, the condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If this was an explicit DLL Load (CEEPLDE) or DLL Open (CEEPOPDL) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was a C `dllload()` or `dlopen()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlopen()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure that when you generate the DLL, it contains a CEESTART CSECT.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EU

CEE3551S	DLL <i>dll-name</i> does not contain any C functions.
-----------------	--

Explanation

DLL *dll-name* does not contain any C functions.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to QUIET, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure that you are loading the correct module, and that the DLL is built correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3EV

CEE3552S	DLL <i>dll-name</i> does not export any variables or functions.
-----------------	--

Explanation

DLL *dll-name* does not export any variables or functions. Either the definition side-deck supplied to your application is incorrect, or the DLL is generated incorrectly.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to `QUIET`, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL was built properly.

1. Specify `#pragma export` in your source or compile with `EXPORTALL` compiler option.
2. Compile with `DLL`, `RENT`, and `LONGNAME` compiler options.
3. Ensure that the DLL was built properly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3F0

CEE3553S	DLL <i>dll-name</i> is part of a circular list.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A deadlock condition was discovered while processing a DLL load request for DLL *dll-name*. The deadlock condition exists because the DLLs that are being loaded depend on each other. The following situation illustrates a deadlock condition. DLL A has static constructors that require objects from DLL B. DLL B has static constructors that require objects from DLL A. When DLL A is loaded, its static constructors require objects from DLL B. This forces DLL B to be loaded, requiring objects from DLL A. Since the loading of DLL A has not completed, a deadlock condition exists.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Remove the circular list dependency from the DLLs.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3F1

CEE3554S	There is not enough storage to load DLL <i>dll-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

There is insufficient storage to satisfy the DLL Load or DLL Open request for DLL *dll-name*.

System action

If this was an implicit DLL reference, the condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If this was an explicit DLL Load (CEEPLDE) or DLL Open (CEEPOPDL) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was a C `dllload()` or `dlopen()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to `QUIET`, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlopen()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Increase the region size.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3F2

CEE3555S	A call was made from a NOXPLINK-compiled application to an XPLINK-compiled exported function in DLL <i>dll-name</i> and the XPLINK(ON) runtime option was not specified.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During Language Environment initialization, XPLINK resources need to be allocated if any XPLINK-

compiled functions are going to be called during the execution of the application. Language Environment tries to detect this by inspecting the attributes of the initial program. If the initial program consists of NOXPLINK-compiled functions that may at some point call an XPLINK-compiled function, then the XPLINK(ON) runtime option must be used to indicate to Language Environment initialization that XPLINK resources should be allocated.

System action

If this was an implicit DLL reference, the condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If this was an explicit DLL Load (CEEPLDE) or DLL Open (CEEOPDL) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was a C dllload() or dlopen() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlopen() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dLError() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Specify the XPLINK(ON) runtime option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3F3

CEE3556S	An internal error was detected, no WSA could be found associated with entry point <i>entry-pt</i> .
----------	---

Explanation

This is an internal error. Language Environment could not find the WSA associated with the caller of a DLL function (the entry point in the message is the address of the caller).

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3F4

CEE3557S	An internal error was detected by Language Environment during DLL load.
----------	---

Explanation

This is an internal error. Language Environment could not complete DLL load processing because an unexpected condition was encountered in the format of either the DLL or the DLL application.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3F5

CEE3558S	DLL <i>dll-name</i> does not export any variables.
----------	--

Explanation

The application made an implicit reference to DLL *dll-name*. During the load of the DLL, it was determined that the application references external variables from the DLL. However, the DLL that was loaded does not contain any exported variables.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3F6

CEE3559S **External variable *variable-name* was not found in DLL *dll-name*.**

Explanation

The application is attempting to refer to external variable, *variable-name*. However, this variable is not defined in DLL, *dll-name*.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3F7

CEE3560S **DLL *dll-name* does not export any functions.**

Explanation

The application made an implicit reference to DLL, *dll-name*. During the load of the DLL it was determined that the application references functions from the DLL. However, the DLL that was loaded does not contain any exported functions.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3F8

CEE3561S **External function *function-name* was not found in DLL *dll-name*.**

Explanation

The application is attempting to refer to an external function, *function-name* that is not defined in the DLL, *dll-name*.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3F9

CEE3562S **There is not enough storage to obtain a function pointer for external function *function-name* in DLL *dll-name*.**

Explanation

There is insufficient heap storage to satisfy a Query DLL Function request for function *function-name* in DLL *dll-name*.

System action

If this was an explicit DLL Query Function (CEEPQDF) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was a C `dllqueryfn()` or `dlsym()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to `QUIET`, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlsym()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Increase the region size.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FA

CEE3563S	Attempted to load DLL <i>dll-name</i> while running C++ destructors.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The application is attempting to load DLL *dll-name* while running C++ destructors.

System action

If this was an implicit DLL reference, the condition is signaled. If the condition was not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If this was an explicit DLL Load (CEEPLDE) or DLL Open (CEEOPDL) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was a C `dllload()` or `dlopen()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to `QUIET`, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and the turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlopen()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure that you are not referring to DLL variables or functions from your C++ destructors.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FB

CEE3564S	DLL constructors or destructors did not complete, so DLL <i>dll-name</i> cannot be used.
-----------------	---

Explanation

DLL *dll-name*, which was being loaded or deleted, was in the process of running static constructors or destructors. However, the process did not complete (probably because the thread was abnormally terminated). The DLL is left in an indeterminate state. This error was detected by a thread that was attempting to load or delete the same DLL, and was waiting for the constructors or destructors to complete.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If this was a C `dllload()`, `dlopen()`, `dllqueryfn()`, `dllqueryvar()`, `dlsym()`, `dllfree()`, or `dlclose()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to `QUIET`, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlopen()`, `dlsym()`, or `dlclose()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the incomplete constructor or destructor process. Ensure that the constructors or destructors are not the cause of the thread termination that lead to this condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FC

CEE3565I The input dll-token was NULL.

Explanation

The dll-token supplied to the DLL Free request is not valid.

System action

The request is ignored.

If this was a C dllfree() or dlclose() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlclose() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

You must request a DLL Load or call the C dlopen() function to initialize a dll-token properly before attempting to delete a DLL.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FD

CEE3566I There are no DLLs to delete.

Explanation

An attempt was made to delete a DLL, but no DLLs are loaded, or the dll-token passed is inactive.

System action

The request is ignored.

If this was a C dllfree() or dlclose() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlclose() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

.Ensure that the DLL Free or C dlclose() request is invoked after the DLL Load or C dlopen() request, respectively, has completed successfully, and that you have no extra DLL Free or C dlclose() requests using this dll-token in your application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FE

CEE3567I A logical delete was performed for DLL *dll-name* , but the DLL was not physically deleted.

Explanation

The DLL Free or C dlclose() request completed successfully. DLL *dll-name* is not physically deleted because either there was an implicit DLL Load performed against this DLL by the application, or multiple DLL Load or C dlopen() requests were made for the DLL.

System action

Execution continues.

If this was a C dllfree() or dlclose() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlclose() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

If the DLL was loaded implicitly by referring to an external variable or an external function, it will be physically deleted by Language Environment at enclave termination. Otherwise, to free or close the DLL, issue a DLL Free or C dlclose() request using the proper dll-token.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FF

CEE3568I	No DLL could be found which matched the input dll-token.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The dll-token supplied to the DLL Free or C dlclose() request could not be matched to a DLL loaded by this application.

System action

The request is ignored.

If this was a C dllfree() or dlclose() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlclose() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the dll-token supplied to the DLL Free or C dlclose() request is the same as the one returned from the DLL Load or C dlopen() request, respectively, and that it has not been overwritten.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FG

CEE3569E	The DLL function was not allowed because destructors are running for the DLL.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A DLL Free, Query Variable, Query Function, C dlclose(), or C dlsym() request was made for a DLL that is currently running destructors. Since destructors are running, the DLL is about to be freed. Further function requests using this DLL are not allowed.

System action

If this was an explicit DLL Free (CEEPFDE), Query Variable (CEEPQDV), Query Function (CEEPQDF), Close

(CEEPCLDL), or Symbol (CEEPSYDL) request, the feedback code was returned to the caller.

If this was a C dllqueryfn(), dllqueryvar(), dlsym(), dllfree(), or dlclose() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlclose() or dlsym() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Do not issue DLL function requests from one thread while the DLL is being freed from another thread.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FH

CEE3570S	DLL name <i>dll-name</i> was not valid.
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Explanation

Either the DLL name provided as input was null, or the length of the DLL name was negative.

System action

If this was an implicit DLL reference, the condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave. If this was an explicit DLL Load (CEEPLDE) or DLL Open (CEEPOPDL) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was a C dllload() or dlopen() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlopen() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

If this was an implicit DLL reference, make sure that the DLL was built correctly. If this was an explicit DLL Load or C dlopen() request, verify that the DLL name was specified correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FI

CEE3571S **Storage for writeable static was not available for DLL *dll-name*.**

Explanation

Not enough storage was available for allocation of writeable static for DLL *dll-name*.

System action

The request is ignored. The load module is deleted from storage.

If this was a C dllload() or dlopen() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlopen() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the REGION size is sufficient to run the application. Verify that the storage sizes specified in the HEAP and STACK run-time options are reasonable, given the region size allocated to the application. Verify that you are using storage options that get your storage from above the line, if you can, since you can run out of storage below the line much more easily.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FJ

CEE3572I **The input dll-token was not available for use.**

Explanation

The dll-token supplied to a DLL Query Function, DLL Query Variable, or C dlsym() request could not be used because one of the following was true:

- the dll-token was null
- the dll-token was not valid
- the dll-token had been marked inactive as a result of an explicit DLL Free or C dlclose() request.

System action

The request is ignored.

If this was a C dllqueryfn(), dllqueryvar(), or dlsym() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlsym() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the proper dll-token is supplied to the DLL request, and that the subject DLL is not freed prematurely.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FK

CEE3573I **Dll *dll-name* does not export any functions.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to query an external function, but DLL *dll-name* does not contain any exported functions.

System action

The request is ignored.

If this was a C dllqueryfn() or dlsym() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were

available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit `C dlsym()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the `C dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FL

CEE3574I **External function *function-name* was not found in DLL *dll-name*.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to query an external function, but function *function-name* was not found in the export section of the DLL *dll-name*.

System action

The request is ignored.

If this was a `C dllqueryfn()` or `dlsym()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit `C dlsym()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the `C dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the function name specified on the DLL Query Function request is correct, that the DLL indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FM

CEE3575I **DLL *dll-name* does not export any variables.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to query an external variable, but DLL *dll-name* does not contain any exported variables.

System action

The request is ignored.

If this was a `C dllqueryvar()` or `dlsym()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit `C dlsym()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the `C dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FN

CEE3576I **External variable *variable-name* was not found in DLL *dll-name*.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to query an external variable, but *variable-name* was not found in the export section of DLL *dll-name*.

System action

The request is ignored.

If this was a `C dllqueryvar()` or `dlsym()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlsym()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the variable name specified on the DLL Query Variable request is correct, that the DLL indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FO

CEE3577I	The external function was not found in DLL <i>dll-name</i>.
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Explanation

An attempt was made to query an external function in DLL *dll-name*, but either the function name was null, or the length of the function name was negative.

System action

The request is ignored.

If this was a C `dllqueryfn()` or `dlsym()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlsym()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the function name and length are specified correctly on the DLL Query Function request.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FP

CEE3578I	The external variable was not found in DLL <i>dll-name</i>.
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Explanation

An attempt was made to query an external variable in DLL *dll-name*, but either the variable name was null, or the length of the variable name was negative.

System action

The request is ignored.

If this was a C `dllqueryvar()` or `dlsym()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlsym()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the variable name and length are specified correctly on the DLL Query Variable request.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FQ

CEE3579S	Attempted to delete DLL <i>dll-name</i> while running C++ destructors.
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Explanation

The application is attempting to delete DLL *dll-name* while running C++ destructors.

System action

The feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was an explicit DLL Free (CEEPFDE) or DLL Close (CEEPCLDL) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was a C `dllfree()` or `dlclose()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit `C dlclose()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the `C dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure that you are not deleting this DLL from your C++ destructors.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FR

CEE3580S	External variable <i>variable-name</i> was not found in DLL <i>dll-name</i>.
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Explanation

An attempt was made to reference an external variable, but *variable-name* is not supported as an exported variable from DLL *dll-name*.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to QUIET, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Verify that the side deck representing the DLL is correct. Since the DLL does not export this variable, it should not be present in the side deck. Contact the supplier of the DLL.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FS

CEE3581S	An internal error was detected by Language Environment during the load of DLL <i>dll-name</i>.
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Explanation

This is an internal error. Language Environment could not complete DLL load processing because an

unexpected condition was encountered in the format of either the DLL or the DLL application.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If this was a `C dllload()` or `dlopen()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit `C dlopen()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the `C dlerror()` function.

If this was an implicit DLL load, or an explicit DLL Load or Open, a CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FT

CEE3582S	An attempt was made to load a new module containing XPLINK-compiled functions and the XPLINK(ON) runtime option was not specified.
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Explanation

During Language Environment initialization, XPLINK resources need to be allocated if any XPLINK-compiled functions are going to be called during the execution of the application. Language Environment tries to detect this by inspecting the attributes of the initial program. If the initial program consists of NOXPLINK-compiled functions that may at some point call an XPLINK-compiled function, then the XPLINK(ON) runtime option must be used to indicate to Language Environment initialization that XPLINK resources should be allocated.

System action

If no feedback code was provided, the condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If a feedback code was provided, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

Programmer response

Specify the XPLINK(ON) runtime option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FU

CEE3583S	The transition from standard Language Environment linkage conventions to XPLINK linkage conventions could not be performed. The transition routine CEEVROND could not locate the information required to perform the transition or the information was not valid.
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Explanation

CEEVROND gains control before the routine actually being called. It uses information from the PPA1 of the called routine to perform parameter list and return value mapping between the two linkage conventions. On input, it expects register 0 to be the address of a function descriptor for a routine with an Language Environment conforming XPLINK entry point.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option, a CEEDUMP may be available for additional diagnosis. Use the traceback information in the CEEDUMP to determine the two routines involved.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3FV

CEE3584E	The transition from standard Language Environment linkage conventions to XPLINK linkage conventions could not be performed. The transition routine CEEVROND could not determine the length of the parameter list being passed to the called routine.
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Explanation

CEEVROND gains control before the routine actually being called. It uses information from the PPA1 of the called routine to perform parameter list and return value mapping between the two linkage conventions. The PPA1 indicated that the called routine expects a variable length parameter list. The parameter list was not located within a stack frame where its length could not be approximated.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option, a CEEDUMP may be available for additional diagnosis. Use the traceback information in the CEEDUMP to determine the two routines involved.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3G0

CEE3585E	The transition from XPLINK linkage conventions to Language Environment standard linkage conventions could not be performed. The transition routine CEEVRONU could not locate the information required to perform the transition or the information was not valid.
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Explanation

CEEVRONU gains control before the routine actually being called. It uses information from the PPA1 of the called routine and from the return address of the calling routine to perform parameter list and return value mapping between the two linkage conventions. On input, it expects register 5 to be the address of a function descriptor for or the entry point of a NOXPLINK-compiled routine. This routine must have an Language Environment conforming entry point.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option, a CEEDUMP may be available for additional diagnosis.

Use the traceback information in the CEEDUMP to determine the two routines involved.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3G1

CEE3586S	An attempt was made to resolve DLL references from a NORENT compiled program that was loaded into read only storage.
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Explanation

When a program makes an implicit reference to a DLL, that reference is resolved at run-time by Language Environment. When the program is non-reentrant or naturally-reentrant (i.e. NORENT compiled), it doesn't have a writeable static area (WSA) so the reference resides within the executable program itself. This requires that the program be loaded into read-write storage, which is normally the case. However, if the program resides in LPA, or was link-edited with the RENT option, then it may get loaded into read-only storage.

Note that NOXPLINK compiled programs that call C RTL functions have those calls resolved statically via stubs in the SCEELKED data set, and therefore programs that call just C RTL (and other non-DLL) functions and are compiled NOXPLINK would never see this message.

XPLINK compiled programs have their C RTL references resolved dynamically through the C RTL side deck (CELHS003 in SCEELIB), and as such XPLINK compiled programs call the C RTL using DLL call mechanisms.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to QUIET, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

The traceback in the CEEDUMP will show the load of a program in process. Ensure that this program resides in read-write storage. This can be done by link-

editing the program NORENT, or STEPLIBing to it in an unauthorized data set. Do not put the program into LPA.

Optionally, the program can be compiled and link-edited with the RENT option to provide constructed reentrancy, and all writeable references will reside in WSA.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3G2

CEE3587S	A call was made to a function in the AMODE 31 DLL <i>dll-name</i> from an AMODE 64 caller.
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Explanation

There is no support for mixing 31-bit Addressing Mode (AMODE 31) and 64-bit Addressing Mode (AMODE 64) applications across DLL calls.

System action

If this was an implicit DLL reference, the condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If this was an explicit DLL Load (CEEPLDE) or DLL Open (CEEPOPDL) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was a C `dllload()` or `dlopen()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlopen()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure that the AMODE of the calling function matches the AMODE of the DLL. You may need to verify with the DLL provider that they support running in the AMODE you are calling from, and that you are using the correct DLL.

If the DLL provider does not provide this DLL built AMODE 64, then you will not be able to use it unless you rebuild your application as AMODE 31.

If the DLL provider does support this DLL in both AMODE 31 and AMODE 64, they would ship two copies of the same DLL which are built with different AMODEs. They would ship them using one of the following techniques:

- Ship two DLLs with different names. In this case you will need to make sure your application references the correct DLL name for the AMODE in which you're running, either explicitly on the `dllload()` or `dlopen()` call, or implicitly by choosing the correct side deck at linkedit time.
- Ship two DLLs with the same name but installed in different paths or data sets. In this case you will need to specify the correct DLL location at run-time using either the `LIBPATH` environment variable or `STEPLIB`, respectively.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3G3

CEE3588S **A call was made to a function in the AMODE 64 DLL *dll-name* from an AMODE 31 caller.**

Explanation

There is no support for mixing 31-bit Addressing Mode (AMODE 31) and 64-bit Addressing Mode (AMODE 64) applications across DLL calls.

System action

If this was an implicit DLL reference, the condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If this was an explicit DLL Load (CEEPLDE) or DLL Open (CEEPOPDL) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was a C `dllload()` or `dlopen()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable was not set to `QUIET`, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, were available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlopen()` request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

A CEE DLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure that the AMODE of the calling function matches the AMODE of the DLL. You may need to verify with the DLL provider that they support running in the AMODE you are calling from, and that you are using the correct DLL.

If the DLL provider does not provide this DLL built AMODE 31, then you will not be able to use it unless you rebuild your application as AMODE 64.

If the DLL provider does support this DLL in both AMODE 31 and AMODE 64, they would ship two copies of the same DLL which are built with different AMODEs. They would ship them using one of the following techniques:

- Ship two DLLs with different names. In this case you will need to make sure your application references the correct DLL name for the AMODE in which you're running, either explicitly on the `dllload()` or `dlopen()` call, or implicitly by choosing the correct side deck at linkedit time.
- Ship two DLLs with the same name but installed in different paths or data sets. In this case you will need to specify the correct DLL location at run-time using either the `LIBPATH` environment variable or `STEPLIB`, respectively.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3G4

CEE3589S **The service was invoked for a program object that contains WSA located above the 2GB bar and below the bar.**

Explanation

A Language Environment service found a program object that contains a WSA located above and below the 2GB bar. You cannot mix any WSA above and below the bar parts in the same program object.

System action

If the Language Environment service that detected the condition was passed a feedback code parameter, then the feedback code representing this message is returned. Otherwise the enclave is terminated.

Programmer response

Rebind the program object after recompiling the parts so that they are all compiled either above the bar or below the bar.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3G5

CEE3590I **Input dll-token not permitted for this DLL function.**

Explanation

The DLL handle supplied to this DLL function call could not be matched to a DLL handle returned from a previous C dlopen() request.

System action

If this was a C dlclose() or dlsym() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was a C dlclose() or dlsym() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent C dlerror() request.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL handle supplied to a C dlclose() or dlsym() request is the same as one returned from a dlopen() request. You cannot share a DLL handle between the older explicit DLL services (dllload, dllqueryvar, dllqueryfn, dllfree) and the newer services (dlopen, dlsym, dlclose).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3G6

CEE3591I **DLL *dll-name* does not export any symbols.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to locate an external DLL symbol, but DLL *dll-name* does not contain any exported symbols.

System action

If this was a C dlsym() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition,

and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was a C dlsym() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

The request is ignored. Ensure that the DLL indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external symbol.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3G7

CEE3592I **The external symbol was not found in DLL *dll-name*.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to locate an external symbol in DLL *dll-name*, but either the symbol name was null, or the length of the symbol name was negative.

System action

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

This error can also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

The request is ignored. Ensure that the symbol name and length are specified correctly on the C dlsym() request.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3G8

CEE3593I **External symbol *symbol-name* was not found in DLL *dll-name***

Explanation

An attempt was made to locate an external symbol, but *symbol-name* was not found in the export section of DLL *dll-name*, or any of its dependent DLLs that were also loaded at the time of the C dlopen() request.

System action

If this was a C dlsym() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was a C dlsym() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

The request is ignored. Ensure that the symbol name specified on the C dlsym() request is correct, that the DLL indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external variable. If the symbol is expected to be found in one of the dependent DLLs, then you may need to make the C dlopen() request with the RTLD_NOW flag to ensure all dependent DLLs are preloaded and available for subsequent C dlsym() requests.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3G9

CEE3594I	External symbol <i>symbol-name</i> was not found as a result of a search of the global symbol object.
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Explanation

An attempt was made to locate an external symbol in the global symbol object, but *symbol-name* was not found in the export section of any of the "non-LOCAL" DLLs currently loaded.

System action

If this was a C dlsym() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition,

and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was a C dlsym() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block was populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

The request is ignored. Ensure that the symbol name specified on the C dlsym() request is correct, and that the DLL that is expected to contain the symbol was opened at least once with the RTLD_GLOBAL flag.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GA

CEE3595S	DLL <i>dll-name</i> does not contain a CELQSTRT CSECT.
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Explanation

The application is attempting to load DLL *dll-name* implicitly or explicitly, but the CELQSTRT CSECT cannot be located within it.

System action

If this was an implicit DLL reference, the condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

If this was an explicit DLL Load (dllload()) or DLL Open (dlopen()) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller.

If this was a C dllload() or dlopen() request and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable was not set to QUIET, the error message was sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, were available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this was an explicit C dlopen() request, this error could also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C dlerror() function.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure that when you generate the DLL, it contains a CELQSTRT CSECT.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GB

CEE3596S	An MVS load of module <i>module-name</i> failed. The system abend code was <i>abend-code</i> the reason code was <i>reason-code</i>.
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Explanation

An attempt to load module *module-name* from MVS failed. The system abend and reason codes were returned.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave. If this was a C `dllload()` or `dlopen()` request and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to QUIET, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and the ability to turn off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this was an explicit C `dlopen()` request, this error can also be returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the C `dlerror()` function.

If this was a DLL load or open request, a CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

See *z/OS MVS System Codes* for the appropriate action to take for this abend code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

CEE3600S	A function or variable reference to <i>member-language</i> runtime library DLL can not be resolved.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Language Environment can not resolve an application routine's reference to a runtime library's DLL. The runtime library may not be initialized.

System action

The enclave is terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the referencing routine is written in a supported *member language*, and that referenced

member language's runtime library DLLs are in your program search order.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GG

CEE3601I	The string '<i>string</i>' was found where a delimiter was expected following a quoted suboption for the run-time option <i>option</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A quoted suboption must be followed by either a comma, right parenthesis, or space.

System action

The characters following *suboption* up to the next comma, space, or parenthesis are ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GH

CEE3602I	An end quote delimiter did not occur before the end of the run-time option string.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Quotes, either single or double, must be in pairs.

System action

The end quote is assumed.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GI

CEE3603I	The character '<i>character</i>' is not a valid run-time option delimiter.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Options must be separated by either a space or a comma.

System action

character is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GJ

CEE3604I	The character '<i>character</i>' is not a valid suboption delimiter for run-time options.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Suboptions must be separated by a comma.

System action

The separator is assumed to be a comma.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GK

CEE3605I	The string '<i>string</i>' was found where a delimiter was expected following the suboptions for the run-time option <i>option</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Suboptions that are enclosed within parentheses must be followed by either a space or a comma.

System action

The characters following the right parenthesis up to the next comma or space are ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GL

CEE3606I	The string '<i>string</i>' was too long and was ignored.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The maximum string length for an option or suboption was exceeded.

System action

string is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GM

CEE3607I	The end of the suboption string did not contain a right parenthesis.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A left parenthesis did not have a matching right parenthesis.

System action

The right parenthesis is assumed.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GN

CEE3608I	The following messages pertain to the invocation command run-time options.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The messages after this one up to the next message of this type with a different source, pertain to the invocation command.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

No programmer response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GO

CEE3609I **The run-time option *option* is not supported.**

Explanation

option was an option from a previous release that was not supported or mapped by Language Environment.

System action

option is ignored.

Programmer response

Consult the appropriate migration guide for a list of options supported for the language. Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GP

CEE3610I **The run-time option *old-option* was mapped to the run-time option *le-option*.**

Explanation

old-option was an option from a previous release that was supported by Language Environment for compatibility.

System action

old-option is mapped to *le-option*.

Programmer response

Consult the appropriate migration guide for a list of options supported for the language. Change the run-time options string to use the *le-option* instead.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GQ

CEE3611I **The run-time option *option* was an invalid run-time option or is not supported in this release of Language Environment.**

Explanation

option was not a valid option. Either the option is not valid for this release of Language Environment, or was recognized by Language Environment for previous release language compatibility.

System action

The option *option* is ignored.

Programmer response

Consult *z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference* or the appropriate migration guide for a list of options supported on the release of Language Environment being used. Change the run-time options string, or execute this application on a level of Language Environment that supports this option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GR

CEE3612I **Too many suboptions were specified for the run-time option *option*.**

Explanation

The number of suboptions specified for *option* exceeded that defined for the option.

System action

The extra suboptions are ignored.

Programmer response

A list of valid run-time options is provided in *z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference*. Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GS

CEE3613I **The run-time option *old-option* appeared in the options string.**

Explanation

old-option (SPIE, NOSPIE, STAE, or NOSTAE) was an option from a previous release that was supported by Language Environment for compatibility, but ignored if TRAP was specified. See *z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference* for the interactions between TRAP and SPIE, NOSPIE, STAE, or NOSTAE.

System action

old-option is ignored if TRAP is specified, otherwise it is mapped to TRAP.

Programmer response

Change the run-time options string to use the TRAP option instead of SPIE, NOSPIE, STAE, or NOSTAE.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GT

CEE3614I	An invalid character occurred in the numeric string '<i>string</i>' of the run-time option <i>option</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

string did not contain all decimal numeric characters.

System action

The *string* is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string to contain all numeric characters.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3GU

CEE3616I	The string '<i>string</i>' was not a valid or supported suboption of the run-time option <i>option</i> in this release.
-----------------	--

Explanation

string was not in the set of recognized values or not supported in this release of Language Environment.

System action

The suboption is ignored.

Programmer response

Consult *z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference* or the appropriate migration guide for a list of suboptions for option *option* supported on the release of Language Environment being used. Change the invalid suboption *string* for the run-time option *option* or execute this application on a level of Language Environment that supports this suboption. Remove the invalid suboption *string* from the run-time.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3H0

CEE3617I	The number <i>number</i> of the run-time option <i>option</i> exceeded
-----------------	---

the range of -2147483648 to 2147483647.

Explanation

number exceeded the range of -2147483648 to 2147483647.

System action

The *number* is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string to be within the acceptable range of -2147483647 to 2147483647.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3H1

CEE3618I	The run-time option <i>option</i> was not valid from the invocation command.
-----------------	---

Explanation

option was not valid from the invocation command.

System action

option is ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the *option* run-time option from the invocation command.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3H2

CEE3619I	The value <i>value</i> was not a valid MSGQ number.
-----------------	--

Explanation

value must be greater than zero.

System action

value is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the value in the run-time options string to be greater than zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3H3

CEE3620I	The following messages pertain to the assembler user exit run-time options.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The messages after this one up to the next message of this type with a different source pertain to the assembler user exit.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

No response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3H4

CEE3621I	The run-time option <i>option</i> was not valid from the assembler user exit.
-----------------	--

Explanation

option was not valid from the assembler user exit.

System action

option is ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the *option* from the run-time options specified in the assembler user exit.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3H5

CEE3622I	The STORAGE option quoted suboption string '<i>string</i>' was not one character long.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The only acceptable length for STORAGE suboptions within quotes is one.

System action

The suboption is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the STORAGE run-time option quoted suboption string to be one character long.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3H6

CEE3623I	The UPSI option suboption string '<i>string</i>' was not eight characters long.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The only acceptable length for the UPSI suboption is eight.

System action

The suboption is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the UPSI run-time option suboption string to be eight characters long.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3H7

CEE3624I	One or more error messages pertaining to the run-time options included in the invocation command were lost.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The run-time options error table (ROET) overflowed.

System action

The errors that are detected after the table overflowed are discarded.

Programmer response

Correct the reported errors so the discarded errors fit into the error table.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3H8

CEE3625I	One or more error messages pertaining to the run-time options returned by the assembler user exit were lost.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The run-time options error table (ROET) overflowed.

System action

The errors that are detected after the table overflowed are discarded.

Programmer response

Correct the reported errors so the discarded errors fit into the error table.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3H9

CEE3626I	One or more error messages pertaining to the run-time options contained within the programmer defaults were lost.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The run-time options error table (ROET) overflowed.

System action

The errors that are detected after the table overflowed are discarded.

Programmer response

Correct the reported errors so the discarded errors fit into the error table.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HA

CEE3627I	The following messages pertain to the programmer default run-time options.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The messages after this one up to the next message of this type with a different source, pertain to the programmer default options.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

No response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HB

CEE3628I	The run-time option <i>option</i> was not valid from the programmer defaults.
-----------------	--

Explanation

option was not valid from the programmer defaults.

System action

The option is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string by removing the *option* run-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HC

CEE3629I	The run-time option <i>old-option</i> was partially mapped to the run-time option <i>le-option</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

old-option was an old language option that was being supported by Language Environment for compatibility. The user should use the Language Environment option *le-option* instead.

System action

old-option is partially mapped to its Language Environment equivalent.

Programmer response

Change the run-time options string to use the Language Environment option instead.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HD

CEE3630I	One or more settings of the run-time options STAE or SPIE were ignored.
-----------------	--

Explanation

STAE, SPIE, NOSTAE, and NOSPIE (options from a previous release) were ignored when the TRAP option was specified. See [z/OS Language Environment](#)

Programming Reference for the interactions between TRAP and SPIE, NOSPIE, STAE, or NOSTAE.

System action

STAE, SPIE, NOSTAE, or NOSPIE are ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the STAE, SPIE, NOSTAE, or NOSPIE run-time options if the TRAP run-time option is specified.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HE

CEE3631I	One or more settings of the run-time options STAE or SPIE were mapped to TRAP.
-----------------	---

Explanation

STAE, SPIE, NOSTAE, and NOSPIE are options from a previous release that are supported by Language Environment for compatibility. See *z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference* for the interactions between TRAP and SPIE, NOSPIE, STAE, or NOSTAE.

System action

STAE, SPIE, NOSTAE, or NOSPIE are mapped to TRAP.

Programmer response

Change the run-time options string to use the TRAP option instead of SPIE, STAE, NOSPIE, or NOSTAE.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HF

CEE3632I	POSIX(ON) run-time option specified and the UNIX System Services feature is not available on the underlying operating system.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The POSIX(ON) option was specified but the UNIX System Services feature was not available on the underlying operating system.

System action

POSIX(ON) is ignored.

Programmer response

Check with your system programmer to ensure that UNIX System Services feature is available. Remove the POSIX(ON) run-time option if the UNIX System Services feature is not available.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HG

CEE3633W	The total length of the combined ENVAR strings exceeded 250 characters.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The total length of the combined ENVAR strings exceeded the maximum limit of 250 characters.

System action

The ENVAR string is ignored.

Programmer response

Reduce the total length of the ENVAR strings to less than the 250 character maximum.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HH

CEE3634I	The number <i>number</i> of the run-time option <i>option</i> exceeded the range of -32768 to 32767.
-----------------	---

Explanation

number exceeded the range of -32768 to 32767.

System action

The *number* is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string to be within the range of -32768 to 32767.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HI

CEE3635I	The string <i>string</i> was not a valid RECFM suboption specification for run-time option MSGFILE.
-----------------	--

Explanation

string for RECFM suboption must be one of the following: F, FA, FB, FBA, FBS, FBSA, U, UA, V, VA, VB, or VBA.

System action

string is ignored.

Programmer response

Specify a valid RECFM suboption string of F, FA, FB, FBA, FBS, FBSA, U, UA, V, VA, VB, or VBA.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HJ

CEE3636I	The value <i>value</i> exceeded the maximum allowable LRECL or BLKSIZE of 32760 bytes.
-----------------	---

Explanation

value cannot be greater than 32760.

System action

value is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the LRECL or BLKSIZE suboption value to be less than or equal to 32760 bytes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HK

CEE3637I	The number <i>number</i> specified in the <i>suboption</i> suboption of the run-time option <i>option</i> is not a valid hexadecimal number in the range 0 to FFFFFFFF.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid hexadecimal numeral was specified or the range of the *number* exceeds 0 to FFFFFFFF.

System action

The *number* is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string to be a valid hexadecimal number in the range of 0 to FFFFFFFF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HL

CEE3638I	The table size of <i>size</i>, specified in the TRACE run-time option, exceeds the maximum allowed value of 16777215.
-----------------	--

Explanation

size exceeded the maximum allowed value of 16777215.

System action

The *size* is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the TRACE run-time options to not exceed the maximum of 16777215.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HM

CEE3639I	The ID suboption <i>suboption</i> of the TRACE run-time option must consist of the keyword 'ID' followed by a one or two digit number in the range 0 to <i>number</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The format of the ID suboption of the TRACE run-time option is *IDxx=nnnnnnnn* where *xx* is a one or two digit decimal number with no blanks between it and either the ID or the equal-sign.

System action

The *suboption* is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the ID suboption of the TRACE run-time option to be the correct format where *xx* is a one or two digit decimal number with no blanks between it and either the ID or the equal-sign.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HN

CEE3640W	Multithreading function is being used in your application but the UNIX System Services feature is
-----------------	--

not available on the underlying operating system.

Explanation

Multithreading function is being used in your application and that function is not supported. The underlying operating system must have the UNIX System Services feature installed and active when you run this application.

System action

Execution continues.

Programmer response

If your application uses multithreading ensure that the underlying operating system has the UNIX System Services option installed and that it is active when your application is running.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HO

CEE3641I	The <i>number</i> of the run-time option <i>option</i> exceeded the range of 0 to 2147483647.
-----------------	--

Explanation

number exceeded the range of 0 to 2147483647.

System action

The *number* is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time option string to be within the range of 0 to 2147483647.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HP

CEE3642I	The cell pool size <i>number</i> of the run-time option <i>option</i> is not valid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

number is either not a multiple of 8 or not in the range from 8 to 2048.

System action

The *number* is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string so that the *number* is in the range from 8 to 2048.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HQ

CEE3643I	The cell pool percentage <i>number</i> of the run-time option <i>option</i> exceeded the range of 1 to 90.
-----------------	---

Explanation

number exceeded the range of 1 to 90.

System action

The *number* is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string so that the *number* is in the range from 1 to 90.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HR

CEE3644I	TEST option negates PROFILE option setting.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The TEST and PROFILE run-time options cannot be active at the same time. If TEST and PROFILE ON are specified together, Language Environment will not load the profiler tool.

System action

The PROFILE option is ignored.

Programmer response

To specify a PROFILE option, ensure the NOTEST run-time option is specified for your application or as your system default. The NOTEST option should be first when specifying NOTEST and PROFILE together via a compiler #pragma runopts directive or on application invocation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HS

CEE3645I	Profiler not loaded; module <i>profiler-name</i> not accessible.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PROFILE ON run-time option has been specified but Language Environment has not loaded the profiler tool.

System action

The PROFILE option is ignored.

Programmer response

Ensure that the profile module CEEVPRF exists and is accessible to Language Environment. When calling the profiler application, Language Environment must be able to locate and access the CEEVPRF module.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HT

CEE3646I	The following messages pertain to the region default run-time options.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The messages after this one, and up to the next message of this type with a different source, pertain to the region default options.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

No response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HU

CEE3647I	The region default for the run-time option <i>option</i> could not be overridden.
-----------------	--

Explanation

option was defined as non-overrideable at region initialization time.

System action

The option is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options to not specify this *option*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3HV

CEE3648S	POSIX(ON) run-time option in a nested enclave <i>enclave-name</i> is not supported.
-----------------	--

Explanation

In Language Environment, a process can have only one enclave that is running with POSIX(ON), and that enclave must be the first enclave. All nested enclaves must be running with POSIX(OFF).

System action

The application will be terminated.

Programmer response

Specify the POSIX(ON) run-time option for only the first enclave. Make sure all nested enclaves specify POSIX(OFF).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3IO

CEE3649W	The parameter string returned from CEE3PRM exceeded the maximum length of 80 bytes and was truncated.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The user parameters exceed 80 characters. The first 80 bytes are returned and the remainder of the user parameters are truncated.

System action

The user parameter string is truncated to 80 bytes. The truncated value is returned to the caller in the character string parameter.

Programmer response

Reduce the user parameter string to less than 80 bytes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3I1

CEE3700I	The storage and options report heading replaced a previous heading.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The specified report heading has replaced a heading set by an earlier call to CEERPTH.

System action

The report heading is replaced by the new heading.

Programmer response

None required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JK

CEE3701W	Heap damage found by HEAPCHK run-time option.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This is a title message for the heap check section of the message file.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

View the messages following this one to see where damage was found.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JL

CEE3702S	Program terminating due to heap damage.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This is the last message in the heap check section of the message file.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

The message file will contain the address, expected and actual data for each damaged area found.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JM

CEE3703I	In <i>controlblock</i> Control Block, the <i>fieldname</i> is damaged.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A Language Environment control block *controlblock* has damage in the *fieldname* area.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

The message following this one in the message file will identify the address of the damage and the expected data. If you did not use the HEAPCHK run-time option, re-run the application with HEAPCHK(ON) to help locate the cause of the problem. If you used the HEAPCHK run-time option and are unable to locate the cause of the problem, contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JN

CEE3704I	Expected data at address <i>address</i>:<i>data</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Provides the address *address* and expected data *data* when heap damage is found.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

The data area following this message provides the actual data found at the damaged location.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JO

CEE3705I	Pointer at <i>address</i> should point to a valid <i>controlblock</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The pointer at location *address* should point to a Language Environment control block with a *controlblock* eye catcher.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

The data area following this message provides the actual data found at the damaged location.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JP

CEE3706I	The contents of the free tree node at <i>address1</i> in the heap segment beginning at <i>address2</i> do not match the STORAGE run-time option <i>heap_free_value</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The contents of storage at *address1* should match the *heap_free_value* specified with the STORAGE run-time option. The first 16 bytes at *address1* provide header information and are not expected to match the *heap_free_value*.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

The data area following this message provides the actual data found at the damaged location.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JQ

CEE3707I	<i>branch</i> pointer is bad in the free tree at <i>address1</i> in the heap segment beginning at <i>address2</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The pointer to the *branch* branch of the free tree node at address *address1* does not point to another free tree node.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

The data area following this message provides the actual data found at the damaged location.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JR

CEE3708I	<i>branch</i> length is bad in the free tree at <i>address1</i> in the heap segment beginning at <i>address2</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The length of the *branch* branch of the free tree node at address *address1* is damaged.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

The data area following this message provides the actual data found at the damaged location.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JS

CEE3709I	Either the <i>branch</i> pointer or length is damaged in the free tree at <i>address1</i> in the heap segment beginning at <i>address2</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The pointer to the *branch* branch of the free tree node at address *address1* plus its length does not match a heap storage element.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

The data area following this message provides the actual data found at the damaged location.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JT

CEE3710I	Heap element at <i>address</i> is damaged; expected data is <i>word1:word2</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The header of the heap storage element at *address* does not match the expected data *word1* and *word2*.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

The data area following this message provides the actual data found at the damaged location.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JU

CEE3711I	Processing of the HEAPCHK run-time option has been terminated due to a previous error. Heaps are no longer being checked for damage.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A message preceding this one in the message file will provide the actual error which caused the HEAPCHK processing to be terminated.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Locate the message that describes the actual error and take appropriate action to correct the problem. If you are unable to locate the cause of the problem, contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3JV

CEE3712I	The number <i>number</i> of the run-time option <i>option</i> must end with an M to indicate the number of Megs of storage.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The number number of the run-time option option does not end in M.

System action

The number is ignored

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string so that the value ends with M.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3K0

CEE3713I	The cell pool count <i>number</i> of the run-time option <i>option</i> must be at least 4.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The cell pool count *number* of the run-time option *option* was less than 4.

System action

The number is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string so that the number is more than 4.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3K1

CEE3714I	The heap pool contains a cell to be freed at <i>address</i> but it has already been freed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The cell at *address* is being freed twice by the application.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Review the heap pool trace data for the heap pool to learn the application offset that is freeing this cell.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3K2

CEE3715W	The parameter string returned from CEE3PR2 was truncated due to insufficient storage space for the string provided by the caller.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The user parameters exceeded the space provided by the caller and the remainder of the user parameters are truncated.

System action

The user parameter string is truncated to the length of the space provided by the caller.

Programmer response

Increase the storage space to the length returned by the service.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3K3

CEE3716I	The heap check zone following the storage at address <i>stg-address</i> for length <i>stg-length</i> has been overlaid at address <i>overlay-address</i>. Each byte in the zone from <i>zone-low-address</i> to <i>zone-high-address</i> should contain the value X'<i>zone-value</i>'.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The HEAPZONES runtime option detected an overlay at *overlay-address*. Each byte from *zone-low-address* to, but not including, *zone-high-address* should contain *zone-value*.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

The data area following this message provides the actual data found at the damaged location. In addition to the storage around *overlay-address*, the start and end of both the allocated storage and the heap check zone are shown.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3K4

CEE3717I	Control information in a heap check zone has been damaged. The value at address <i>overlay-address</i> should be greater than <i>low-address</i> and less than or equal to <i>high-address</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The HEAPZONES runtime option detected an overlay at *overlay-address*. The allocated heap storage starts at *low-address*. The requested size was less than or equal to *high-address* minus *low-address*.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

The data area following this message provides the actual data found at the damaged location.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3K5

CEE3728S	The use of a function, which is not supported by this release of Language Environment was detected
-----------------	---

Explanation

The application has exploited a new function not available on this release of Language Environment.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Remove the usage of the unsupported function from the application or execute this application on a release of Language Environment that supports this function. Depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option, a CEEDUMP may be available for additional diagnosis. One can use the traceback information in the CEEDUMP to locate the specific Language Environment function used, that caused this message.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KG

CEE3730I	One or more error messages pertaining to the system run-time options were lost.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The run-time options error table (ROET) overflowed.

System action

The errors that are detected after the table overflowed are discarded.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KI

CEE3731I The following messages pertain to the system default run-time options in the *groupname* in *origin*.

Explanation

The messages after this one up to the next message of this type with a different source, pertain to the system default options. These defaults are found in options group *groupname* in *origin*, where *origin* can be a SETCEE command, a Parmlib member used at IPL or with a SET CEE command, or a Parmlib member used with an invocation of the Language Environment Parmlib checker.

System action

None

Programmer response

Correct the options in the Parmlib member or SETCEE command.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KJ

CEE3732I An end of comment delimiter is missing on line *line* of parmli member *membername*.

Explanation

Line number *line* in the parmli member *membername* is missing an ending delimiter for a comment. All comments must end on the same line on which they begin.

System action

None.

Programmer response

Correct the options in the Parmlib member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KK

CEE3733I The eof for parmli member *membername* was reached before finding a closing option group

delimiter for the options group *groupname*.

Explanation

The delimiter that ends option group *groupname* is missing. Each group must begin and end with a parenthesis.

System action

None

Programmer response

Correct the Parmlib member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KL

CEE3734I The EOF for parmli member *membername* was reached before finding a closing quote delimiter for the options group *groupname*.

Explanation

Each quoted string must end with a quote character that matches the one used to start the string.

System action

None

Programmer response

Correct the Parmlib member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KM

CEE3735I Text on line *line* starting at column *column* is outside of an options group in parmli member *membername*.

Explanation

All text must be in a comment or an options group.

System action

None

Programmer response

Correct the options in the Parmlib member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KN

CEE3736I **Error code *code* on line
number *line* of parmlib member
membername.**

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while reading the parmlib member.

System action

None.

Programmer response

Correct the Parmlib member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KO

CEE3737I **Contents of parmlib member
membername.**

Explanation

This is the heading of the listing of the contents of a parmlib member specified by CEE= at IPL. One or more lines may follow with the contents of the parmlib member.

System action

None

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KP

CEE3738I **A CEE= parmlib member was not
found or is in error.**

Explanation

z/OS CEE parmlib parsing has encountered a syntax error in one of the specified parmlib members or the specified parmlib member does not exist. Once the system has completed its IPL, check the hardcopy log for the errors.

System action

The system prompts for a new CEE= parmlib specification.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KQ

CEE3739I **Language Environment
initialization complete.**

Explanation

Language Environment has completed the reading and processing of parmlib members.

System action

The processing of parmlib members has completed.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KR

CEE3740I **The following messages pertain
to the system default run-time
options.**

Explanation

The messages after this one up to the next message of this type with a different source, pertain to the system default options.

System action

The processing of parmlib members has completed.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KS

CEE3741I **The run-time option *option* was
not valid from the system default
options.**

Explanation

option was not valid from the System Default options.

System action

option is ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the *option* run-time option from the Parmlib member or from the SET CEE command.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KT

CEE3742I	The SET CEE command has completed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SET CEE command has completed processing the parmlib members. Errors might have been reported while parsing the run-time options in the members.

System action

The run-time options in the Parmlib member specified with the SET CEE command have been saved.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KU

CEE3743I	The SETCEE command has completed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SETCEE command has completed processing the run-time options. Errors might have been reported while parsing the run-time options specified with the SETCEE command.

System action

The run-time options specified with the SETCEE command have been saved.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3KV

CEE3744I	<i>hh.mm.ss</i> DISPLAYCEE=(<i>members</i>) or NO MEMBERS SPECIFIED
-----------------	--

Explanation

The following material is part of the message text:

hh.mm.ss
The time in hours (00--23), minutes (00--59), and seconds (00--59) for the DISPLAY CEE command.

CEE=(*members*)
The parmlib member name list specified on the SET CEE command or in the IEASYS member used at IPL.

NO MEMBERS SPECIFIED
Displayed when there have been no CEEPRM members.

System action

None

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LO

CEE3745I	<i>hh.mm.ss</i> DISPLAY<i>groupname</i> CEE=(<i>members</i>) or NO MEMBERS SPECIFIED<i>text</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The following material is part of the message text:

hh.mm.ss
The time in hours (00 - 23), minutes (00 - 59), and seconds (00 - 59) for the DISPLAY CEE command.

groupname
Either the name of the group (CEEEOPT, CEEDOPT, or CELQDOPT) for the options listed in the text portion of this message or the name of the keyword (CEEROPT or CELQROPT) whose values are listed in the text portion of this message.

CEE=(*members*)
The parmlib member name list specified on the SET CEE command or in the IEASYS member used at IPL.

NO MEMBERS SPECIFIED
Displayed when there have been no CEEPRM members.

text

If *groupname* is CEECOPT, CEEDOPT or CELQDOPT, then a list of the run-time options specified using the CEEPRMxx or the SETCEE command will be displayed. One or more of these formats will be displayed:

PARMLIB(CEEPRMxx)	option(value)
CEEPRMxx Non-overrideable	option(value)
SETCEE COMMAND	option(value)
SETCEE Non-overrideable	option(value)

System action

None

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3L1

CEE3746I No option group *groupname* exists.

Explanation

The group name *groupname* requested on the DISPLAY CEE or SETCEE command is invalid.

System action

None

Programmer response

Reissue the command with a valid group name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3L2

CEE3748I The keyword *keyword* found in *source* is not valid.

Explanation

The keyword is either not valid or is not supported in this release of Language Environment.

System action

None

Programmer response

Reissue the command with a valid keyword.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3L4

CEE3749I The value specified for keyword *keyword* found in *source* is not valid.

Explanation

The value specified is either not valid or is not supported in this release of Language Environment.

System action

None

Programmer response

: Reissue the command with a valid value in keyword.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3L5

CEE3751I The alternative heap manager does not support XPLINK.

Explanation

The user or application attempted to use an alternative heap manager for an XPLINK application, but alternative heap manager indicated that it does not support the XPLINK environment.

System action

The alternative heap manager is ignored. Processing continues with the normal heap manager.

Programmer response

Select an alternative heap manager that supports XPLINK, or do not use one. Contact the owner of the alternative heap manager if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3L7

CEE3752I The alternative heap manager did not supply all of the replacement routine addresses.

Explanation

A NULL or incorrect value for one of the replacement routines was set by the alternative heap manager.

System action

The alternative heap manager is ignored. Processing continues with the normal heap manager.

Programmer response

Contact the owner of the alternative heap manager.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3L8

CEE3753I	The input symbol can not be found in the current job step.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The JCL symbol that was requested can not be found in the current job step.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Check the JCL to ensure that an EXPORT was done for the requested symbol and that the symbol was SET after being exported. And make sure that the JCL symbol name follows the JCL symbol naming conventions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3L9

CEE3754S	Incorrect parameters detected.
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

If this message was returned by CEEGTJS or `__le_ceegtjs()`, one or more of the following may be true:

- The function_code is not valid.
- A wild card character ('*' or '?') was found in the input symbol_name.
- The output parameter symbol_value or value_length is not valid. An addressing exception occurred while storing the symbol value or value length into these fields. Make sure the symbol_value is a valid 255-byte fixed-length string.

If the message was returned by CEERCDM or `__le_record_dump()`, one or more of the following may be true:

- The function_code is not valid.

- The function_code is 1, and the length of the character string in the input information is either not positive or is greater than 44.

If the message was returned by CEESECS, one of the following may be true:

- An input date outside the specified Era was used in the call.

If this message was returned by CEEUSGD or `__le_ceedsgd()`, one or more of the following may be true:

- The function_code is not valid.
- Prtoken (or prttoken64) and product_owner cannot be specified simultaneously when request is deregister, functionbegin, functiondata or functionend.

If this message was returned by CEEMICT or `__le_ceemict()`, one or more of the following may be true:

- The function_code is not valid.
- The MICT_ptr is not valid.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LA

CEE3755I	Suboption <i>position-number</i> of the HEAPCHK runtime option is not valid. Pool <i>pool-number</i> is not active.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The pool number is bigger than the number of active heap pools.

System action

The heap pool tracing is not activated.

Programmer response

Check the HEAPCHK, HEAPPOOLS, HEAPPOOLS64 runtime options.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LB

CEE3760E	The Language Environment Parmlib checker could not process the specified member <i>membername</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specified CEEPRMxx member did not exist or the *membername* did not contain valid characters.

System action

Parmlib checker ends.

Programmer response

Make sure the suffix of CEEPRMxx member is alphanumeric. See *z/OS Language Environment Customization* for further details for creating the member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LG

CEE3761I	The following messages pertain to the call to the Language Environment Parmlib checker.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Language Environment Parmlib checker was called to syntax check the one or more members. The messages after this one report one or more errors found in the members.

System action

None

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LH

CEE3762I	The Language Environment Parmlib checker has completed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Language Environment Parmlib checker has completed processing one or more members. Errors may have been reported while parsing the run-time options in one or more members.

System action

None

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LI

CEE3765I	The delimiter <i>delimiter</i> is not allowed from the current source.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The delimiter found is only valid when processing a CEEPRMxx parmli member or a SETCEE command. The delimiter found can be one of the following:

- When specifying an OVR or NONOVR attribute:

```
=(( oI ((
```

- When specifying an OVR or NONOVR attribute with the NOAUTOTASK run-time option:

```
=( oI (
```

System action

The option is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LL

CEE3766I	A required delimiter <i>delimiter</i> was not found.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A required delimiter was not found. One of the following occurred:

- An equal sign (=) was specified after a run-time option without two opening parenthesis. Blanks are not allowed within an = ((delimiter.
- A comma was missing after the closing parenthesis of the suboptions.
- A closing parenthesis was missing after the OVR or NONOVR attribute.
- A SETCEE command did not include the required delimiter.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string or the SETCEE command syntax.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LM

CEE3767I	The required OVR or NONOVR attribute was not found.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An "=" (" or "(" (" delimiter was found, but the required OVR or NONOVR attribute was not found.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LN

CEE3768I	The system default for the run-time option <i>option</i> could not be overridden.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The specified run-time option, *option*, was defined as nonoverrideable in the system default run-time options. This was either with a CEEPRMxx member or the SETCEE command.

System action

The option is ignored.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options to not specify this *option*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LO

CEE3769I	The run-time option ENVAR cannot be marked as nonoverrideable.
-----------------	---

Explanation

ENVAR was specified with the NONOVR attribute in a CEEPRMxx member or on a SETCEE command. ENVAR cannot be marked as nonoverrideable.

System action

NONOVR has been forced to be OVR.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LP

CEE3770I	A required sub-option was not specified.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An "=" (" or "(" (" delimiter was found but a required suboption was not specified. The run-time options AIXBLD, DEBUG, FILEHIST, INQPCOPN, OCSTATUS, PC, RTEREUS, and SIMVRD require an ON or OFF suboption to be specified when using the "=" (" or "(" (" delimiter. For more information, see [z/OS Language Environment Customization](#).

System action

The option is ignored and the system continues processing.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LQ

CEE3771I	The value of the suboption <i>suboption</i> of the HEAPZONES runtime option was not in the valid range.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value of the suboption *suboption* was not in the valid range. See [z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference](#) for information about a valid range value.

System action

The value is ignored. The default value is used.

Programmer response

Change the value of the suboption *suboption* to be in the valid range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LR

CEE3772I **HEAP location set to BELOW forces
HEAPPOOLS to be set OFF.**

Explanation

The HEAP runtime option must be set to ANYWHERE for HEAPPOOLS to be active.

System action

HEAPPOOLS is set to OFF.

Programmer response

Change HEAP to ANYWHERE before setting HEAPPOOLS to ON or ALIGN.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LS

CEE3775W **A conflict was detected between
the TERMTHDACT suboption
CICSDDS and level. The
TERMTHDACT level setting has
been set to TRACE.**

Explanation

The thread termination dump output level setting conflicts with the destination setting of CICSDDS. A level of TRACE or less must be used with CICSDDS.

System action

The level setting was reset to TRACE.

Programmer response

Change the value of the detail level to TRACE or less.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3LV

CEE3781I **The value of the reg_stor_amount
sub-option of the TERMTHDACT
option was not in the valid range
0-256.**

Explanation

The value of the reg_stor_amount sub-option was not a member in the range of 0 - 256.

System action

The value is ignored. The default value of 96 is used.

Programmer response

Change the value of the reg_stor_amount suboption to be in the valid range 0 - 256.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3M5

CEE3782E **The value of the REGSTOR option
of CEE3DMP was not in the valid
range 0-256.**

Explanation

The value of the REGSTOR option of CEE3DMP was not a number in the range of 0-256.

System action

The value is ignored. The default value of 96 is used.

Programmer response

Change the value of the REGSTOR option to be in the valid range 0-256.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3M6

CEE3783I **The page_len suboption of the
CEEDUMP run-time option is not
valid.**

Explanation

The page_len suboption supplied for the CEEDUMP run-time option is not valid. Page_len must adhere to the following rules:

- It must be a 1 to 9 digit decimal whole number.
- The value must be either 0 or greater than 9.

System action

The suboption value is ignored. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Verify that page_len complies with the previous rules.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3M7

CEE3784I **The input string *string* is not a valid SYSOUT class.**

Explanation

An invalid sysout class was encountered during CEEDUMP run-time options parsing.

The sysout class provided must adhere to the following rules:

- It must be one character long.
- The class can equal "A" through "Z", "0" through "9" or "*" as JCL rules allowed.
- The class can not be specified in quotation marks.

System action

The suboption value is ignored. Option processing stops.

Programmer response

Verify that the sysout class complies with the previous rules.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3M8

CEE3785I **The dynamical allocation of a CEEDUMP DD statement using the specified sysout class has failed.**

Explanation

The CEEDUMP run-time option specified the use of a sysout class for defining a CEEDUMP DD card. However, the dynamic allocation of the CEEDUMP data set failed during the use of the given sysout class <class>. A new CEEDUMP data set was allocated to SYSOUT=* instead.

System action

A CEEDUMP data set is allocated to SYSOUT=*.

Programmer response

Verify that the sysout class specified in the CEEDUMP run-time option is a valid class in your installation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3M9

CEE3786I **The input string *string* is not a valid sysout form-name.**

Explanation

An invalid form-name was encountered during CEEDUMP run-time options parsing. The form-name provided must consist of one through four alphanumeric or national (#,@,\$) characters according to JCL rules.

System action

The suboption value is ignored. Option processing stops.

Programmer response

Verify that the form-name specified is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MA

CEE3787I **The *option* run-time option did not contain a required left parenthesis.**

Explanation

A required left parenthesis was not found while processing a suboption of the above mentioned run-time option.

System action

The run-time option string processed is ignored. Option processing stops.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time option string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MB

CEE3788I **The cell-size suboption of the *rto-name* run-time option was specified as a sublist. The sublist contained a pool-count value but it did not contain a cell-size value.**

Explanation

When the cell-size suboption is specified as a sublist, both the cell-size value and pool-count value must be specified.

System action

The suboption value is ignored. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time option string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MC

CEE3789I	The cell-size suboption of the <i>rto-name</i> run-time option was specified as a sublist. The sublist contained a cell-size value but it did not contain a pool-count value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When the cell-size suboption is specified as a sublist, both the cell-size value and pool-count value must be specified.

System action

The suboption value is ignored. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time option string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MD

CEE3790I	The CEEOPTS data set specifies an unsupported data set type.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Language Environment was unable to read the data set specified as the DD:CEEOPTS run-time options file due to it being in an unsupported format.

System action

The invalid DD:CEEOPTS dataset is ignored, the options specified within it are not read in, and execution continues as normal.

Programmer response

Make sure that the dataset specified is in a supported format. Refer to the [*z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide*](#) for details on supported dataset types.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3ME

CEE3791I	An I/O error occurred accessing the CEEOPTS data set.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Language Environment was unable to read the data set specified as the DD:CEEOPTS run-time options file due to a open/read error.

System action

The invalid DD:CEEOPTS dataset is ignored, the options specified within it are not read in, and execution continues as normal.

Programmer response

Make sure that the data set specified exists and the program has appropriate permissions to access it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MF

CEE3792I	The following messages pertain to the CEEOPTS data set run-time options.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The messages after this one up to the next message of this type with a different source, pertain to the CEEOPTS data set.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

No programmer response is required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MG

CEE3793I	One or more error messages pertaining to the DD:CEEOPTS run-time options were lost.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The run-time options error table (ROET) overflowed.

System action

The errors that are detected after the table overflowed are discarded.

Programmer response

Correct the reported errors so the discarded errors fit into the error table.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MH

CEE3794I	The run-time option <i>option</i> was not valid from the DD:CEEOPTS dataset.
-----------------	---

Explanation

option was not valid from the DD:CEEOPTS dataset.

System action

option is ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the *option* run-time option from the DD:CEEOPTS dataset.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MI

CEE3795I	The dataset specified by DD:CEEOPTS contained more data than is allowed. The data was truncated starting on line <i>line</i> at column <i>column</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The dataset specified by DD:CEEOPTS contained greater than 3072 bytes of data. Language Environment limits the amount of data within this dataset to 3072 bytes. Data beyond this limit indicated by line and column was truncated.

System action

The excess data is truncated. The first 3072 bytes of the DD:CEEOPTS dataset are processed, and execution continues as normal.

Programmer response

Make sure that the dataset specified does not contain more than 3072 bytes of data (including blanks). Shorten the dataset and re-run application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MJ

CEE3796I	An attempt to dynamically take a dump was not successful. The error return code was <i>return</i> and the reason code was <i>reason</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Language Environment invoked IEATDUMP to dynamically allocate a dump data set. However, the allocation was not successful. *Return* and *reason* are returned by the IEATDUMP system service or by RACF®. IEATDUMP or RACF might issue other messages to the console or SYSLOG. See message CEE3798I for the name of the data set.

System action

No data set is allocated, no dump is created.

Programmer response

See *z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference IAR-XCT* for information about IEATDUMP return and reason codes.

CEE3797I	Language Environment has dynamically created a dump.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Language Environment was able to obtain a dump. See message CEE3798I for the name of the data set.

System action

None.

Programmer response

View the dump by using IPCS to determine the cause of the ABEND.

CEE3798I	Attempting to take a dump for ABEND <i>abend_code</i> to data set: <i>dumpname</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

Language Environment has determined that a dump for ABEND code *abend_code* needs to be created. A data set *dumpname* will be allocated.

System action

None

Programmer response

This message should be followed by either CEE3797I or CEE3796I.

CEE3799I	The cell pool pool-count <i>number</i> of the run-time option <i>option</i> is not valid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *number* value is not in the range from 1 to 255.

System action

Both the cell-size and pool-count values for the cell-size suboption are ignored. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the run-time options string so that the number is in the range from 1 to 255.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MN

CEE3800S	The address passed to the stack segment routine was not within any Language Environment stack segment.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The address passed to the stack segment routine was not within any currently allocated Language Environment stack segment.

System action

The bounds, segment type, and chain are undefined.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative. This is an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3MO

CEE3817E	The member event handler did not return a useable function pointer.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The member language which compiled the input load module either does not support the CEEPGFD CWI, or encountered an unrecoverable error.

System action

CEEPGFD returns an unusable function pointer.

Programmer response

Ensure that the input load module is compiled from a language which supports the CEEPGFD CWI.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3N9

CEE3818E	The member event handler encountered an error.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The member language which compiled the input load module either does not support the CEEPRFD CWI, or encountered an unrecoverable error.

System action

No function pointer is released.

Programmer response

Ensure that the input load module is compiled from a language which supports the CEEPRFD CWI, and that the function pointer is a valid pointer obtained from the CEEPGFD CWI.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3NA

CEE3819I	An invalid string <i>string</i> was found in the run-time option ENVAR.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The string does not contain an equal sign. The input beginning at the string will be ignored.

System action

The invalid ENVAR string is ignored.

Programmer response

ENVAR strings must be in the form of 'name=value'. The string may be missing or have misplaced quotation marks. You can specify multiple environment variables, separating the name=value pairs with commas. Quotation marks are required when specifying multiple variables.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3NB

CEE3821I	The run-time option <i>old-option</i> appeared in the options string and is ignored when the THREADSTACK option is specified.
-----------------	--

Explanation

old-option (NONIPTSTACK or NONONIPSTACK) is an option from a previous release that is supported by Language Environment for compatibility, but ignored if THREADSTACK is specified.

System action

old-option is ignored if THREADSTACK is specified.

Programmer response

Change the run-time options string to use the new option THREADSTACK instead of NONIPTSTACK or NONONIPTSTACK.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3ND

CEE3825I	The run-time option NONONIPTSTACK or NONIPTSTACK appeared in the options string. NONONIPTSTACK or NONIPTSTACK were mapped to THREADSTACK.
-----------------	--

Explanation

NONIPTSTACK and NONONIPSTACK are options from a previous release that are supported by Language Environment for compatibility.

System action

NONONIPTSTACK or NONIPTSTACK is mapped to THREADSTACK.

Programmer response

Change the run-time options string to use the THREADSTACK option instead of NONONIPTSTACK or NONIPTSTACK.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3NH

CEE3836I	A statement number is not available for this DSA. DWARF data in the load module is corrupted.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This is an internal error. Language Environment could not determine a statement number from the load module associated to this DSA. The required Compile Debug Architecture information found in this load module is corrupted. This error can take place when the respective load module was originally produced as a UNIX file name but was then incorrectly copied to a data set (some contents of the load module have an ASCII format). If this is the case, recompile the source associated to the load module and use the c89 utility -o option to generate a load module in a data set, or compile the source directly in a MVS environment.

System action

The statement number for this DSA is not displayed in the CEEDUMP. Processing continues.

Programmer response

If the problem persists contact your system representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3NS

CEE3837I	Statement numbers are not available. The explicit DLL load of DLL CDAEQED failed with feedback code <i>fc</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This is an internal error. Language Environment could not load to storage a CDA DLL required for obtaining statement numbers. Refer to the CEEPLDE feedback

code documentation for further information about the cause of this failure. Verify SCEERUN2 member CDAEQED is found in the system's search order.

System action

Statement numbers are not displayed in the CEEDUMP. Processing continues.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3NT

CEE3838I	Statement numbers are not available. The explicit DLL load of DLL CDAEQDPI failed with feedback code <i>fc</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This is an internal error. Language Environment could not load to storage a CDA DLL required for obtaining statement numbers. Refer to the CEEPLDE feedback code documentation for further information about the cause of this failure. Verify SCEERUN2 member CDAEQDPI is found in the system's search order.

System action

Statement numbers are not displayed in the CEEDUMP. Processing continues.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3NU

CEE3839I	Statement numbers are not available. The explicit DLL load of DLL CELQDSNF failed with feedback code <i>fc</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This is an internal error. Language Environment could not load to storage a DLL required for obtaining statement numbers. Refer to the CEEPLDE feedback code documentation for further information about the cause of this failure. Verify SCEERUN2 member CELQDSNF is found in the system's search order.

System action

Statement numbers are not displayed in the CEEDUMP. Processing continues.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3NV

CEE3840I	Statement numbers are not available. dllqueryfn() failed for a function in the DLL CELQDSNF.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This is an internal error. Language Environment could not locate the function that determines the statement number.

System action

Statement numbers are not displayed in the CEEDUMP. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE300

CEE3841I	A statement number is not available for this DSA. An internal routine failed with return code <i>rc</i> and reason code <i>rs</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This is an internal error. Language Environment could not determine a statement number for this DSA.

System action

A statement number is not displayed in the CEEDUMP. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE301

CEE3842I **Additional Fully Qualified Name information is suppressed.**

Explanation

Additional lines corresponding to other DSA entries are not shown in the traceback report. Excluding information about the main entry for C/C++ programs, up to 51 lines can be dumped in the Fully Qualified Names section of the traceback. Only complete entries will be output.

System action

Some entries are not displayed in the traceback's Fully Qualified Names section. CEEDUMP processing continues.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE302

CEE3843I **The program unit name is too long to be displayed. See the Fully Qualified Names section for the complete name.**

Explanation

A program unit name longer than 60 characters cannot be displayed in the Condition Information section of the CEEDUMP. However, it is listed in the Fully Qualified Names section of the traceback for the entry name shown above this message.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE303

CEE3845I **CEEDUMP processing started.**

Explanation

This is a message that will be issued in the dump report after the header in page 1. If the Language Environment dump report successfully completes then

message CEE3846I will be issued at the end of the report.

System action

Language Environment dump processing continues.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE305

CEE3846I **CEEDUMP processing completed.**

Explanation

Processing for the Language Environment dump report has completed.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE306

CEE3854I **Additional Fully Qualified Name information is suppressed.**

Explanation

Additional lines corresponding to other DSA entries are not shown in the Fully Qualified Names section of the traceback. Only up to 72 lines can be displayed in this section. Only complete entries in the Fully Qualified Names section are shown.

System action

Some entries are not displayed in the traceback's Fully Qualified Names section. Language Environment dump processing continues.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE30E

CEE3858I**Possible Bad Branch: Statement:
statement num Offset: offset**

Explanation

This message is issued by a signaled condition or CEE3DMP to help determine the error location when an exception occurs due to an invalid branch. If this message is issued by a signaled condition, then this message will be displayed along with the rest of the condition message. If it is displayed as part of a CEEDUMP report, it will appear in the condition information section for the active routine. If the statement number is not available, then only the offset will be listed in this message. The message number is not displayed along with the message text.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Check the statement number or offset or both provided in this message for an invalid branch in your routine. For further information on how to use a statement number, entry address or entry offset to locate a problem in a routine, see [z/OS Language Environment Debugging Guide](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3OI

CEE3880I**dump type has been suppressed -
reason**

Explanation

An attempt was made to take a Language Environment dump, but the dump was suppressed.

dump type is one of the following:

- CEEDUMP
- TRANSACTION DUMP

reason is one of the following:

- USER IS NOT AUTHORIZED
- PROGRAM IS RUNNING IN AN AUTHORIZED KEY
- PROGRAM IS RUNNING WITH JSCBPASS ON

System action

The dump is not taken. If dump processing occurred on behalf of an unhandled condition of severity 2 or greater, the application is terminated. Otherwise, processing continues.

Programmer response

Refer to the *reason* in the message to determine the proper action:

- **USER IS NOT AUTHORIZED:** A user is running a Language Environment application as a RACF-controlled program on a system where the IEAABD.DMPAUTH resource in the FACILITY class has been defined, but the user has not been permitted access to this resource.

If this user must be able to obtain Language Environment dumps, ensure that the user has been permitted to the IEAABD.DMPAUTH resource in the FACILITY class.

- **PROGRAM IS RUNNING IN AN AUTHORIZED KEY:** A user is running an authorized key Language Environment application in a non-started task address space but the user has not been permitted access to the IEAABD.DMPAKEY resource in the FACILITY class.

If this user must be able to obtain Language Environment dumps, ensure that the user has been permitted to the IEAABD.DMPAKEY resource in the FACILITY class.

- **PROGRAM IS RUNNING WITH JSCBPASS ON:** A user is running a Language Environment application in a non-started task address space that has the JSCBPASS indicator on, including applications whose PPT entry specifies bypassing security protection.

For these applications, if a dump is needed immediately and one is not produced, a SLIP trap can be set to get an SVC dump. Ideally, the application should have its own strategy to provide diagnostic data in cases of abnormal behavior. For instance, the application may use Language Environment condition handlers to produce an SVC dump or IEATDUMP for diagnostic purposes.

For more information on permitting users to the IEAABD.DMPAUTH and IEAABD.DMPAKEY resources in the FACILITY class, refer to the [z/OS Security Server RACF Security Administrator's Guide](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3P8

CEE3900S**The function code passed to
CEE3USR was not 1 or 2.**

Explanation

The *function_code* specified in a CEE3USR call was invalid

System action

Neither SET nor QUERY is performed.

Programmer response

Invoke CEE3USR with *function_code* 1 (for SET) or 2 (for QUERY).

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3PS

CEE3901S	The field number passed to CEE3USR was not 1 or 2.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The field number specified in a CEE3USR call was invalid.

System action

Neither SET nor QUERY is performed.

Programmer response

Invoke CEE3USR with *field_number* 1 or 2.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3PT

CEE3910S	The CEECENQ function was invoked in a non CICS environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CEECENQ function is only available when running in a CICS environment. The issuing application must be running under the CICS subsystem in order to use this function.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative. This is an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3Q6

CEE3911S	The CEECENQ function is not supported at this level of CICS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEECENQ function is only available when running in a CICS environment. The issuing application must be running under a CICS level that supports this function.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Upgrade to a supported CICS level. This is an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3Q7

CEE3912S	The CEECENQ function has failed during an EXEC CICS ADDRESS EIB command.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEECENQ function has failed while trying to obtain a CICS EIB address via an EXEC CICS ADDRESS EIB command.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative. This is an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3Q8

CEE3913S	The CEECENQ function has failed during an EXEC CICS ENQ command.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEECENQ function has failed while issuing an EXEC CICS ENQ command.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative. This is an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3Q9

CEE3914I	The CEECENQ function is unable to enqueue on the specified resource.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEECENQ function has received a response from an EXEC CICS ENQ command indicating that the resource is unavailable.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

The resource is not available at this time.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3QA

CEE3915S	The CEECDEQ function is not supported at this level of CICS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEECDEQ function is only available when running in a CICS environment. The issuing application must be running under a CICS level that supports this function.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Upgrade to a supported CICS level. This is an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3QB

CEE3916S	The CEECDEQ function has failed during an EXEC CICS ADDRESS EIB command.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEECDEQ function has failed while trying to obtain a CICS EIB address via an EXEC CICS ADDRESS EIB command.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative. This is an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3QC

CEE3917S	The CEECDEQ function has failed during an EXEC CICS DEQ command.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEECDEQ function has failed while issuing an EXEC CICS DEQ command.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative. This is an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3QD

CEE3918I	The CEECDEQ function is unable to dequeue using the specified duration value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CEECDEQ function has been invoked with a duration period that does not match the duration period that was specified on the corresponding enqueue for the named resource.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative. This is an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3QE

CEE3919S	The CEECDEQ function was invoked in a non CICS environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CEECDEQ function is only available when running in a CICS environment. The issuing application must be running under the CICS subsystem in order to use this function.

System action

The function has not been performed.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative. This is an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3QF

CEE3930W	The input value <i>input_value</i> in a call to the callable service <i>callable_service_name</i> was not within the valid range.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The input value specified lies outside the valid range.

System action

The request is ignored. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Check the documentation to determine the range of values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3QQ

CEE3931W	CEEDLYM was invoked in a CICS environment.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CEEDLYM callable service cannot be used in a CICS environment.

System action

The request is ignored. Processing continues.

Programmer response

No programmer response required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3QR

CEE3932W	The system service <i>system_service</i> failed with return code <i>return_code</i> and reason code <i>reason_code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The call to the system service failed. The return code and reason code (if the service provided a reason code) were returned.

System action

The request is ignored. Processing continues.

Programmer response

Check the documentation for the system service to determine the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3QS

CEE3935I	The STDENV data set specifies an unsupported data set type.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Language Environment was unable to read the data set specified as the DD:STDENV due to it being in an unsupported format.

System action

The invalid DD:STDENV dataset is ignored, the environment variables specified within it are not read in, and execution continues as normal.

Programmer response

Make sure that the specified dataset is in a supported format.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3QV

CEE4001S	General Failure: Service could not be completed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was encountered attempting to complete a C/370 locale function.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3T1

CEE4015S	Input Error: The number of characters to be transformed must be greater than zero.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was encountered attempting to complete a C/370 locale function. The CEESTXF callable service was called with a number parameter that was non-positive.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure the parameter is positive.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3TF

CEE4086S	Input Error: The number of characters to be formatted must be greater than zero.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was encountered attempting to complete a C/370 locale function. The CEEFMON or CEEFTDS

callable service was called with a maxsize parameter that was non-positive.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure the parameter is positive.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3VM

CEE4087S	Input Error: The version_info control block contains a number that is not valid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was encountered attempting to complete a C/370 locale function. The CEELCNV or CEEQDTC callable service was called with a parameter that pointed to an invalid version number.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure the parameter points to a version_info control block that contains a correct version number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE3VN

CEE5001S	POSIX function was not available. POSIX(ON) run-time option must be in effect and UNIX System Services started.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The requested POSIX service failed because the POSIX(ON) run-time option was not in effect and/or UNIX System Services were not started.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Specify the POSIX(ON) run-time option and/or contact your system programmer to start the UNIX System Services.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE4S9

CEE5002S	POSIX function was not available. UNIX System Services were not started.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The requested POSIX service failed because the UNIX System Services were not started.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Contact your system programmer to start the UNIX System Services.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE4SA

CEE5101C	During initialization, the callable service BPX1MSS failed. The system return code was <i>return_code</i>; the reason code was <i>reason_code</i>. The application will be terminated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The callable service BPX1MSS failed with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your z/OS UNIX System Services (z/OS UNIX) support personnel if necessary. One possibility is the application was not authorized to use z/OS UNIX. If this is true, contact your system

administrator to have the ID registered with z/OS UNIX to use these services.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE4VD

CEE5102E	A request to dump process and enclave information could not be guaranteed to be consistent due to system constraints.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A call to dump services was made in a multithread environment, but the *QUIESCE_FREEZE* feature of the callable service BPX1PTQ was not available on the release that was running.

System action

A dump is taken with unpredictable results.

Programmer response

Check that the level of UNIX System Services you are running supports the *QUIESCE_FREEZE* feature of the UNIX System Services callable service BPX1PTQ. *QUIESCE_FREEZE* is an UNIX System Services Release 2 feature.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE4VE

CEE5103W	The dump service was busy.
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

A call to dump services was made in a multithread environment while another thread had requested that all threads be frozen.

System action

No dump is taken. The thread is not terminated.

Programmer response

To dump your active thread, put the call to the dump service in a loop that iterates until the dump is successful. However, dump information for your thread might already be in the dump report due to another thread requesting a dump of all threads in the process.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE4VF

CEE5104S **The callable service BPX1PTQ failed. The system return code was *return_code*, the reason code was *reason_code*.**

Explanation

The callable service, BPX1PTQ, is called by Language Environment to freeze and unfreeze threads. If this service fails, Language Environment will return the *return_code* and *reason_code*.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Look up the return code and reason code in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and take the appropriate action. It is possible that the service failed due to the fact that another thread had already given a freeze request. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE4VG

CEE5105S **A call was made to *callable_service_name* without the thread being frozen.**

Explanation

A call was made to the CWI *callable_service_name* with a caaptr parameter which pointed to a CAA pointer of a thread that was not frozen.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Consult with your system support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE4VH

CEE5106S **A call was made to *callable_service_name* with an invalid caaptr parameter.**

Explanation

A call was made to the CWI *callable_service_name* with a caaptr parameter which didn't point to a valid CAA.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Consult with your system support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE4VI

CEE5151S **The POSIX *fork()* function could not operate on the Language Environment member ID number *member_id*.**

Explanation

The Language Environment member cannot be the object of a *fork()* or *vfork()* function. This message is issued from within a single-thread environment. In a multithread environment, message CEE5154S is issued.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Make sure that the member can be the object of a *fork()* or *vfork()* function before issuing the function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE50V

CEE5152S **The callable service BPX1FRK for the *fork* function was unsuccessful. The system return code was *return_code*, the reason code was *reason_code*.**

Explanation

The callable service BPX1FRK for the *fork()* or *vfork()* function failed. The system return code and reason code were returned. The *return_code* and *reason_code* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE510

CEE5154S	The requested <i>fork()</i> service failed because it was invoked from a multithread environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *vfork()* and *exec()* services can be invoked only from within a single-thread environment. The *fork()* service is not permitted from within a multithread environment where the application contains a high level language other than C/C++. A multithread *fork()* is not allowed in a Language Environment preinitialization (CEEPIPI) environment.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Try the requested service in a single-thread environment, use supported high level languages, and/or avoid using *fork()* in a multithread CEEPIPI environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE512

CEE5155S	The callable service BPX1SPN for the <i>spawn()</i> or <i>spawnp()</i> function was unsuccessful. The system return code was <i>return_code</i>, the reason code was <i>reason_code</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The callable service BPX1SPN for the *spawn()* or *spawnp()* function failed. The system return code and reason code were returned. The *return_code* and *reason_code* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE513

CEE5161S	The callable service BPX1EXC for the <i>exec()</i> family function was unsuccessful. The system return code was <i>return_code</i>, the reason code was <i>reason_code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The callable service BPX1EXC for the *exec()* family function failed. The system return code and reason code were returned.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE519

CEE5162S	The environment variable, <i>_CEE_RUNOPTS</i>, was too long.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During *exec()* processing, Language Environment propagated run-time options from the program issuing the *exec()* by concatenating all run-time options that were specified on invocation of this program with those specified in the environment variable *_CEE_RUNOPTS*. The size of the work area used to perform this concatenation was insufficient.

System action

`exec()` family function failed.

Programmer response

Verify that the value of the `_CEE_RUNOPTS` environment variable does not contain superfluous blanks or invalid run-time options.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE51A

CEE5176S	There was insufficient storage to process an environment variable.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The environment variable processing service was called, however, there was insufficient system storage available to process the request.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Additional system storage is required before more environment variables can be processed. Either free some heap storage or rerun the application with a larger region size.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE51O

CEE5177S	A bad input character was detected for the environment variable name.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The environment variable processing service was called, however, the name specified contained an invalid "=" character.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Correct the environment variable name and retry.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE51P

CEE5178S	The environment variable anchor or array contained an invalid address.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The environment variable processing service was called, however, an invalid anchor or array address was encountered.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

For C/C++ programmers: If `**environ` is used to set or clear an environment variable, make sure that the address is correct.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE51Q

CEE5179S	A parameter to the environment variable processing routine contained an invalid value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The environment variable processing service was called, however, one of the parameters specified contained an invalid value. For instance, the name length or value length was negative, or the function code was invalid.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter and retry.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE51R

CEE5180I	The specified environment variable name already exists.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to set an environment variable whose name already exists, but overwrite was not specified.

System action

The original variable is not modified.

Programmer response

If you want to modify the variable, specify function code 5.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE51S

CEE5201S The signal SIGFPE was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating an erroneous arithmetic operation was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the POSIX process and produce a traceback or dump, depending on how the TERMTHDACT run-time option is set. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 8.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52H

CEE5202S The signal SIGILL was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating an invalid hardware instruction was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the POSIX process and produce a traceback or dump, depending on how the TERMTHDACT run-time option is set. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 4.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52I

CEE5203S The signal SIGSEGV was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating an invalid memory reference was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the POSIX process and produce a traceback or dump, depending on how the TERMTHDACT run-time option is set. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 11.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52J

CEE5204S The signal SIGABND was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating a user or system initiated abend was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the POSIX process and produce a traceback or dump, depending on how the TERMTHDACT run-time option is set. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 18.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52K

CEE5205S The signal SIGTERM was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating a termination signal was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the POSIX process and produce a traceback or dump, depending on how the TERMTHDACT run-time option is set. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 15.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52L

CEE5206S The signal SIGINT was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating an interruptive attention signal was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the POSIX process and produce a traceback or dump, depending on how the TERMTHDACT run-time option is set. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 2.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52M

CEE5207E The signal SIGABRT was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating an abnormal termination signal was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the enclave with a return code of 2000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 3.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52N

CEE5208S The signal SIGUSR1 was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating an application-defined signal 1 was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the enclave with a return code of 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 16.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52O

CEE5209S The signal SIGUSR2 was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating an application-defined signal 2 was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the POSIX process and produce a traceback or dump, depending on how the TERMTHDACT run-time option is set. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 17.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52P

CEE5210S The signal SIGHUP was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating a hangup on the controlling terminal or the termination of the controlling process was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the POSIX process and produce a traceback or dump, depending on how the TERMTHDACT run-time option is set. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 1.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52Q

CEE5211S The signal SIGSTOP was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating a 'STOP' was raised. This signal cannot be caught or ignored.

System action

The process is stopped.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52R

CEE5212C The signal SIGKILL was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating a termination signal was raised. This signal cannot be caught or ignored.

System action

The system abnormally terminates the process.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52S

CEE5213S The signal SIGPIPE was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating a write to a pipe with no readers was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the POSIX process and produce a traceback or dump, depending on how the TERMTHDACT run-time option is set. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 13.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52T

CEE5214S The signal SIGALRM was received.

Explanation

A signal was raised, indicating a timeout condition such as initiated by the *alarm()* function.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the POSIX process and produce a traceback or dump, depending on how the TERMTHDACT run-time option is set. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 14.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52U

CEE5215W The signal SIGCONT was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating a 'continue if stopped' signal was raised.

System action

If the default action is SIG_DFL, all stopped threads in the process are continued.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE52V

CEE5216W The signal SIGCHLD was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating a terminated child process or stopped condition was raised.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE530

CEE5217S The signal SIGTTIN was received.

Explanation

A signal was raised, indicating a read from a control terminal attempted by a language run-time component of a background process group condition.

System action

If the default action is SIG_DFL, all threads in the process are stopped.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE531

CEE5218S The signal SIGTTOU was received.

Explanation

A signal was raised, indicating a write to a control terminal attempted by a language run-time component of a background process group condition.

System action

If the default action is SIG_DFL, all threads in the process are stopped.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE532

CEE5219W The signal SIGIO was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating the completion of an input or output operation was raised.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE533

CEE5220S The signal SIGQUIT was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating an interruptive terminal signal requesting the process termination was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the enclave with a return code of 3000 and the signal number for the process termination set to 24.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE534

CEE5221S The signal SIGTSTP was received.

Explanation

A signal was raised, indicating an interruptive stop signal by a language run-time component of a background process group condition.

System action

If the default action is SIG_DFL, all threads in the process are stopped.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE535

CEE5222S The signal SIGTRAP was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating a trap condition was raised.

System action

If the signal is unhandled, the default action is to terminate the enclave with a return code of 3000 and the signal number for the process termination set to 26.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE536

CEE5223W The signal SIGIOERR was received.

Explanation

A signal indicating an I/O error was raised.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

See [z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide](#) for information on SIGIOERR and how to respond to this error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE537

CEE5224W The signal SIGDCE was received.

Explanation

DCE has been removed, as of z/OS V1R13. In previous z/OS releases, the SIGDCE signal was generated as a result of a MODIFY DCEKERN,DEBUG pid= command. This command communicates to a DCE-enabled process that DCE runtime debug messages should be enabled. If the target process is not a DCE process, the target process does not know how to handle SIGDCE.

System action

No system action taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE538

CEE5225S The signal SIGPOLL was received.

Explanation

This signal indicates that a pollable event has occurred. If the signal is unhandled, the following default action will be applied: The program (enclave) is terminated and a traceback or dump is issued depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 5.

System action

No system action taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE539

CEE5226W The signal SIGURG was received.

Explanation

This signal indicates that high bandwidth data is available at a socket.

System action

No system action taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53A

CEE5227S The signal SIGBUS was received.

Explanation

This signal indicates that a bus error has occurred. If the signal is unhandled, the following default action will be applied: The program (enclave) is terminated and a traceback or dump is issued depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 10.

System action

No system action taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53B

CEE5228S The signal SIGSYS was received.

Explanation

This signal indicates that a bad system call was detected. If the signal is unhandled, the following default action will be applied: The program (enclave) is terminated and a traceback or dump is issued depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 12.

System action

No system action taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53C

CEE5229W The signal SIGWINCH was received.

Explanation

This signal indicates that the window size has changed.

System action

No system action taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53D

CEE5230S The signal SIGXCPU was received.

Explanation

This signal indicates that the CPU time limit has been exceeded. If the signal is unhandled, the following default action will be applied: The program (enclave) is terminated and a traceback or dump is issued depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 29.

System action

No system action taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53E

CEE5231S The signal SIGXFSZ was received.

Explanation

This signal indicates that the file size limit has been exceeded. If the signal is unhandled, the following default action will be applied: The program (enclave) is terminated and a traceback or dump is issued depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 30.

System action

No system action taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53F

CEE5232S	The signal SIGVTALRM was received.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This signal indicates that a virtual timer has expired. If the signal is unhandled, the following default action will be applied: The program (enclave) is terminated and a traceback or dump is issued depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 31.

System action

No system action taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53G

CEE5233S	The signal SIGPROF was received.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This signal indicates that a profiling timer has expired. If the signal is unhandled, the following default action will be applied: The program (enclave) is terminated and a traceback or dump is issued depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 32.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53H

CEE5234I	The signal SIGDUMP was received.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A signal indicating a dump signal was raised. This signal cannot be caught or ignored.

System action

The system will obtain a user address space dump.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53I

CEE5235I	The signal SIGDANGER was received.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A signal indicating OMVS subsystem shutdown in progress was received.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53J

CEE5236I	The signal SIGTHSTOP was received.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A signal indicating that a thread should be stopped was raised. This signal cannot be caught or ignored.

System action

The specified thread will be stopped.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53K

CEE5237I	The signal SIGTHCONT was received.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A signal indicating a thread should be resumed was raised. This signal cannot be caught or ignored.

System action

The specified thread will be resumed.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53L

CEE5238I	The signal SIGTRACE was received.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A signal indicating a trace signal was raised. This signal cannot be caught or ignored.

System action

The system toggles the UNIX System Services syscall trace for the process or process group.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53M

CEE5239S	The signal SIGDSIOER was received.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A signal indicating that an I/O error was raised when accessing the Data Set File System. If the signal is unhandled, the following default action will be handled: The program (enclave) is terminated and a traceback or dump is issued depending on the TERMTHDACT runtime option. The return code is set to 3000 and the signal number for the process termination is set to 41.

System action

No system action taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE53N

CEE5301S	An invalid message number was received by the internal signal handling routine.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The message number specified in the condition token passed to CEEOKILL was invalid. Only those message numbers that correspond to valid POSIX signals (5201 through 5224) are allowed.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE55L

CEE5302S	A signal could not be raised due to a system-detected error, with return code <i>error-code</i> and reason code <i>reason-code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Language Environment library routine called the callable services BPX1KIL (for kill or raise) or BPX1PTK (all others including *pthread_kill* and CEESGL) and the call was not successful. The system return code and reason code were returned. The *error-code* is a decimal number, and the *reason-code* is hexadecimal.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE55M

CEE5401S The function code *func_code* to CEEMPSMG was invalid.

Explanation

A call to CEEMPSMG, the message handler, had an invalid function code.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Report the error to your system support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE58P

CEE5402I The callable service BPX1OPN, when invoked to open the message file, was unsuccessful. The system return code was *posix_rc*, the reason code was *posix_rsn*.

Explanation

The callable service BPX1OPN, when invoked to open the message file, failed. The system return code and reason code were returned. The *posix_rc* and *posix_rsn* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE58Q

CEE5403I The callable service BPX1WRT, when invoked to write to the message file, was unsuccessful. The system return code was *posix_rc*; the reason code was *posix_rsn*.

Explanation

The callable service BPX1WRT, when invoked to write to the message file, failed. The system return code and reason code were returned. The *posix_rc* and *posix_rsn* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE58R

CEE5404I The callable service BPX1CLO, when invoked to close the message file, was unsuccessful. The system return code was *posix_rc*; the reason code was *posix_rsn*.

Explanation

The callable service BPX1CLO, when invoked to close the message file, failed. The system return code and reason code were returned. The *posix_rc* and *posix_rsn* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE58S

CEE5405I The callable service BPX1GCW, when invoked to determine the current working directory, was unsuccessful. The system return code was *posix_rc*; the reason code was *posix_rsn*.

Explanation

The callable service BPX1GCW, when invoked to determine the current working directory, failed. The system return code and reason code were returned. The *posix_rc* and *posix_rsn* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

No Language Environment dump taken.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE58T

CEE5526S	There was not enough storage to create the new key.
-----------------	--

Explanation

There was not enough storage to create the new key. Keys are allocated in heap storage.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Increase the storage allocation available to the execution of the program by either freeing some heap storage or rerunning the application with a larger region size.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5CM

CEE5527S	The key namespace was exhausted.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The maximum number of keys allowed have been created.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Use the `sysconf()` function to determine the maximum number of keys that can be created within an enclave. Do not exceed this limit.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5CN

CEE5528S	Termination was in progress. Key creates were not allowed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Key creates (CEEOPKC) calls were not allowed during thread termination after all destructor routines have been executed.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5CO

CEE5529S	There was no storage to bind value to the key.
-----------------	---

Explanation

There was not enough storage available in the address space to acquire sufficient heap storage to satisfy the CEEOPSS call.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Either free some heap storage or rerun the application with a larger region size.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5CP

CEE5530S	The specified key ID was invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The key identifier passed on the call to internal services CEEOPSS or CEEOPGS did not refer to a valid key.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Before setting or getting the value associated with a key, the key must be created using the internal CEEOPKC service.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5CQ

CEE5531S	The key set was not allowed.
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

Key set operation (CEEOPSS) calls were not allowed during thread termination after all destructor routines had been executed.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5CR

CEE5532S	The key get was not allowed.
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

Key gets (CEEOPGS) calls were not allowed during thread termination after all destructor routines had been executed.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5CS

CEE5533S	An invalid key pointer was passed in key create operation.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The pointer to the storage location for which the newly created key was to be placed was invalid.

System action

The key create is not performed.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5CT

CEE5551S	The array entry described by the slot parameter was already set.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Conditional invocation of CEEOSET internal service failed because the array entry described by the slot parameter was already set. The *slot* parameter described an array entry that was already in use. The entry can be set by using UNCONDITIONAL form of this CWI.

System action

The entry is not set.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5DF

CEE5552S	The array entry described by the slot parameter was invalid or was reserved.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Invocation of the CEESETE internal service failed because the array entry described by the slot parameter was invalid or was reserved. The *slot* parameter described an array entry that was unavailable for use. The value of *slot* was invalid.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Choose a value for *slot* that is not reserved.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5DG

CEE553S	The callable service BPX1IPT (run a program on the IPT task) was unsuccessful. The system return code was <i>return_code</i>; the reason code was <i>reason_code</i>.
----------------	--

Explanation

The callable service BPX1IPT (run a program on the IPT task) failed. The system return code and reason code were returned. The *return_code* and *reason_code* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5DH

CEE5601S	The attributes object parameter did not contain a valid initialized attributes object (POSIX PTAT).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Each routine for which the thread attributes object was a parameter checks certain fields in that object to verify that they contain valid values. If any of the fields that were checked by the routine contained an invalid value, this condition was raised.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Modify the calling program to pass a valid parameter object.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5F1

CEE5602S	The detachstate parameter did not contain a valid value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *detachstate* parameter must be a fullword containing binary 0 for undetached or 1 for detached.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Modify the calling program to pass a valid parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5F2

CEE5603S	The threadweight parameter did not contain a valid value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The *threadweight* parameter must be a fullword containing binary 0 for heavy-weight, or 1 for medium-weight.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Modify the calling program to pass a valid parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5F3

CEE5604S	A new thread could not be created due to a system-detected error, with error code <i>error-code</i> and reason code <i>reason-code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Language Environment library routine called UNIX System Services and failed. The error code and reason code were returned. The *error-code* and *reason-code* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* or *z/VM: OpenExtensions Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this error code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5F4

CEE5605S	A new thread could not be created due to an insufficient storage condition.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Storage resource was insufficient for a new thread to be created.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Use a larger region size or release some heap storage, and retry the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5F5

CEE5606S	The callable service BPX1PTJ failed due to an invalid thread ID on a join request. The system return code was <i>return_code</i>; the reason code was <i>reason_code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The callable service BPX1PTJ was called by the Language Environment internal join service CEEOPJ to wait for a thread to terminate. However, BPX1PTJ

returned without waiting because the ID of the target thread specified on the join request was invalid. The *return_code* and *reason_code* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* or *z/VM: OpenExtensions Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5F6

CEE5607S	The callable service BPX1PTJ failed due to an invalid thread ID on a join request. The system return code was <i>return_code</i>; the reason code was <i>reason_code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The callable service BPX1PTJ was called by the Language Environment internal join service CEEOPJ to wait for a thread to terminate. However, BPX1PTJ returned without waiting because the ID of the target thread specified on the join request was the same as the ID of the calling thread that would result in a deadlock condition. The *return_code* and *reason_code* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* or *z/VM: OpenExtensions Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5F7

CEE5608S **The callable service BPX1PTJ failed during a thread join request. The system return code was *return_code*; the reason code was *reason_code*.**

Explanation

The callable service BPX1PTJ was called by the Language Environment internal join service CEEOPJ to wait for a thread to terminate. However, BPX1PTJ returned without waiting. The *return_code* and *reason_code* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* or *z/VM: OpenExtensions Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5F8

CEE5609S **The callable service BPX1PTJ failed during a thread join request. The system return code was *return_code*; the reason code was *reason_code*.**

Explanation

The callable service BPX1PTJ was called by the Language Environment internal join service CEEOPJ to wait for a thread to terminate. However, BPX1PTJ returned without waiting indicating the target thread was not in an undetached state and could not be joined. The *return_code* and *reason_code* fields are decimal numbers.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* or *z/VM: OpenExtensions Callable Services Reference* for the

appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5F9

CEE5612S **The stacksize parameter did not contain a valid value.**

Explanation

The *stacksize* parameter must be a fullword containing a binary number that is greater than or equal to zero. If positive, it specifies the number of bytes to be used for the stack. If 0, it specifies that 1/2 of all available storage should be used for the stack.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Modify the calling program to pass a valid parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5FC

CEE5613S **The synctype parameter did not contain a valid value.**

Explanation

The *synctype* parameter must be a fullword containing binary 0 for synchronous.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Modify the calling program to pass a valid parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5FD

CEE5626S **There was insufficient storage for cleanup push operation.**

Explanation

The internal service CEEOPCPU failed while trying to acquire heap storage for the cleanup routine registration.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Either free some heap storage or rerun the application with a larger region size.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5FQ

CEE5627S	Cleanup push was not allowed during thread termination.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Cleanup routine push operations (CEEOPCPU) were not allowed during thread termination after all cleanup routines have been executed.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5FR

CEE5628S	The cleanup pop was not allowed during thread termination.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Cleanup routine pop operations (CEEOPCPO) were not allowed during thread termination after all cleanup routines have been executed.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5FS

CEE5629S	The cleanup stack was empty.
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

The internal service CEEOPCPO failed because there were no cleanup routines available. The cleanup stack was empty.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5FT

CEE5651S	The oncecontrol parameter did not contain a valid value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The *oncecontrol* parameter must be a fullword containing binary 0 for initial value, or one of the other defined but not externalized values set by the *pthread_once* routine.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Modify the calling program to pass a valid parameter value. *oncecontrol* should be initialized by the caller to *PTHREAD_ONCE_INIT(0)*. After initialization, it should not be modified directly but only by calling the *pthread_once* routine. It should not be tested directly by the caller, but only implicitly by calling the *pthread_once* routine.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5GJ

CEE5701S	The mutex object was not initialized.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The mutex-related service that was invoked requires the mutex object specified as a parameter be initialized.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Use the internal service CEEOPMI to initialize the mutex object before invoking the service that failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5I5

CEE5702S	The mutex was already owned.
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

A thread invoked the mutex lock internal service CEEOPML specifying a nonrecursive mutex that had already been locked by the thread. Only a mutex that had been given the attribute RECURSIVE can be locked multiple times by the same thread.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5I6

CEE5703S	An addressing exception occurred referencing a mutex object or mutex attribute object.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The address of a mutex object or mutex attribute object passed as an parameter on a mutex related service call was invalid. An addressing exception program interrupt occurred when the called service referenced this address.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Specify the correct mutex object or mutex attribute object when passing parameters to the mutex-related service call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5I7

CEE5704C	An addressing exception occurred referencing system storage allocated for mutexes.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An addressing exception program interrupt occurred when a mutex-related service referenced system storage allocated for mutexes.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure that the application has not written over system storage before issuing the service call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5I8

CEE5705S	A mutex object has been changed since it was initialized.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The mutex destroy internal service CEEOPMD detected that a mutex object (specified as a parameter) had changed since it was initialized by the mutex initialization internal service CEEOPMI. The mutex was destroyed, but internal service CEEOPMD did not alter the storage associated with the mutex object. However, if internal service CEEOPMI was invoked, the storage was altered.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Make sure the application is not incorrectly reusing storage associated with the mutex object after initializing it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5I9

CEE5706S The mutex was not owned by thread.

Explanation

A thread called the mutex unlock internal service CEEOPMU to unlock the mutex but the mutex was not owned by the thread. A thread acquired a mutex with the mutex lock internal service CEEOPML or mutex trylock internal service CEEOPMT and was said to own the lock.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Structure the application so that the thread that locks the mutex also unlocks the mutex.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IA

CEE5707I The mutex was busy.

Explanation

The mutex trylock internal service CEEOPMT was invoked to lock a nonrecursive mutex that was already locked.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IB

CEE5708S The mutex object was already initialized.

Explanation

The mutex initialization internal service CEEOPMI was called to initialize a mutex object that had already been initialized.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Call the mutex destroy internal service CEEOPMD to destroy an initialized mutex object before initializing it again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IC

CEE5709S The mutex attribute object was not initialized.

Explanation

The mutex attribute-related services required that the mutex attribute object specified as an parameter be initialized.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Use internal service CEEOPXI to initialize the mutex attribute object before invoking the service that failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5ID

CEE5710S There was insufficient storage to initialize a mutex object.

Explanation

The mutex initialization internal service CEEOPMI was called to initialize a mutex object. However, there was insufficient system storage available.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Get additional system storage before initializing more mutex objects.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IE

CEE5711S **A mutex attribute object has been changed since it was initialized.**

Explanation

The mutex attribute destroy internal service CEEOPXD detected that a mutex attribute object specified as a parameter was changed since it was initialized by the mutex attribute initialization internal service CEEOPXI. The mutex attribute object was destroyed, but internal service CEEOPXD did not alter the storage associated with the mutex attribute object. However, if internal service CEEOPXI was invoked, the storage was altered.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Make sure the application is not incorrectly reusing storage associated with the mutex attribute object after initializing it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IF

CEE5712S **The mutex attribute object was already initialized.**

Explanation

The mutex attribute initialization internal service CEEOPXI was called to initialize a mutex attribute object that had already been initialized.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Call the mutex attribute destroy internal service CEEOPXD to destroy an initialized mutex attribute object before initializing it again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IG

CEE5713S **There was insufficient storage to initialize a mutex attribute object.**

Explanation

The mutex attribute initialization internal service CEEOPXI was called to initialize a mutex attribute object. However, there was insufficient system storage available.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Acquire additional system storage before initializing more mutex attribute objects.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IH

CEE5714S **The mutex was busy.**

Explanation

The mutex destroy internal service CEEOPMD was invoked to destroy a mutex that was in use. A mutex that was locked or associated with a condition wait or timed wait cannot be destroyed.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Verify that your applications owns the mutex before calling CEEOPMD to destroy the mutex.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5II

CEE5715S **An addressing exception occurred while referencing attribute kind storage.**

Explanation

The address where to return attribute kind that was passed as an parameter on a *getkind_np* service request, was invalid. An addressing exception occurred when the *getkind_np* service CEEOPX attempted to store the attribute kind value at this address.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Specify the correct attribute kind address parameter on the *getkind_np* service call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IJ

CEE5716C	System mutex storage could not be freed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The destroy mutex internal service CEEOPMD was unable to free storage allocated for a mutex by the mutex initialization service CEEOPMI.

System action

Thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check if the application might have written over system storage. Report this problem to the storage administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IK

CEE5717C	System mutex attribute storage could not be freed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The destroy mutex attribute internal service CEEOPXD was unable to free storage allocated for a mutex attribute by the mutex attribute initialization service CEEOPXI.

System action

Thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check if the application might have written over system storage. Report this problem to the system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IL

CEE5718C	There was invalid mutex attribute storage.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The mutex attribute *getkind_np* internal service CEEOPXG found an invalid value in system storage for mutex attributes.

System action

Thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check if the application might have written over system storage. Report this problem to the system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IM

CEE5719S	There was an invalid attribute value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The attribute kind parameter in a call to internal service CEEOPXS specified an invalid attribute kind value. Valid values for *setkind_np* are NONRECURSIVE (0), RECURSIVE (1), NONRECURSIVE + NODEBUG (2), and RECURSIVE + NODEBUG (3).

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Specify a correct attribute kind value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IN

CEE5720C	A thread waiting for a mutex was forced to terminate.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An event, such as the initial thread terminating, forced all threads to terminate including threads waiting for a mutex.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check that all threads exit correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IO

CEE5721C	There was insufficient resource to initialize another mutex.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The mutex init internal service, CEEOPMI, was invoked to initialize a mutex, but not enough resource was available to initialize another mutex.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IP

CEE5722I	There was insufficient privilege to initialize the mutex.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The mutex init internal service, CEEOPMI, was invoked to initialize a mutex, but not enough resource was available to initialize another mutex.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IP

CEE5724I	There was insufficient resource to obtain the mutex.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The mutex lock or trylock internal services CEEOPML or CEEOPMT was invoked to lock a recursive mutex, but not enough resource was available to obtain this recursive mutex another time.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IS

CEE5726S	The condition object was not initialized.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The condition-related service required that the condition object (specified as an parameter) be initialized.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Use internal service CEEOPCI to initialize the condition object before invoking the service that failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IU

CEE5727S	The condition signal service (CEEOPCS) failed due to a system detected error with error code <i>return-code</i> and reason code <i>reason-code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following:

- The condition signal internal service CEEOPCS called the callable service BPX1CPO to signal another thread waiting on the condition. BPX1CPO returned an unexpected error code and reason code.
- The condition signal internal service (CEEOPCS) or the condition broadcast internal service (CEEOPCB) called the IEAVRLS service to signal another thread waiting on the condition. IEAVRLS returned an unexpected return code. In the message, the reason code field is always zero when IEAVRLS is used.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Report this failure to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5IV

CEE5728C	An addressing exception occurred referencing system storage related to conditions variables.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An addressing exception program interrupt occurred when a condition variable related service referenced system storage allocated for a condition variable.

System action

The thread on which the addressing exception occurred is terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure that the application has not written over system storage before issuing the service call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5J0

CEE5729S	The mutex specified on a condition wait or timed wait request was a recursive mutex. The request was rejected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The condition wait internal service CEEOPCW and condition timed wait internal service CEEOPCT did not accept a request since the mutex associated with the request was recursive.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Do not specify a mutex with the recursive attribute on a condition wait or timed wait request.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5J1

CEE5730S	The mutex specified on a condition wait or timed wait request was a different mutex than the one already associated with the condition variable. The request was rejected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Different threads called the condition wait internal service CEEOPCW or condition timed wait internal service CEEOPCT and specified the same condition object but different mutexes on the requests.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Make sure that all threads waiting on a particular condition variable specify the same mutex in their condition wait or timed wait requests.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5J2

CEE5731S	The condition wait service or timed wait service failed due to a system detected error with error code <i>return-code</i> and reason code <i>reason-code</i>.
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Explanation

The condition wait internal service CEEOPCW or timed wait internal service CEEOPCT called the callable service BPX1CSE to set up for a condition wait. BPX1CSE returned an unexpected error code and reason code.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Report this failure to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5J3

CEE5732S **The condition wait service failed due to a system detected error with error code *return-code* and reason code *reason-code*.**

Explanation

The condition wait internal service CEEOPCW called the callable service BPX1CWA to block a thread. BPX1CWA returned an unexpected error code and reason code.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Report this failure to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5J4

CEE5733S **The value specified for number of seconds to wait was invalid. The condition wait request was rejected.**

Explanation

The value for number of seconds to wait that was passed to the condition timed wait internal service CEEOPCT must be a non-negative number of seconds since midnight, January 1, 1970. This value cannot exceed 2,147,483,647 seconds.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Time to wait should be specified as current calendar in seconds since midnight, January 1, 1970. Be sure the service you are using to get current calendar time returns seconds since midnight, January 1, 1970, or that your program is correctly converting the value obtained.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5J5

CEE5734S **The value specified for number of nanoseconds to wait was invalid.**

The condition wait request was rejected.

Explanation

The value for number of nanoseconds to wait that was passed to the condition timed wait internal service CEEOPCT must be a non-negative number that does not exceed 1,000,000,000 (1,000 million).

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Be sure to initialize the nanosecond parameter to a value in the range 0 to 1,000,000,000 before invoking the condition wait service.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5J6

CEE5735S **The value for current calendar time was invalid. The condition wait request was rejected.**

Explanation

The system time of day (TOD) clock was not properly initialized or had overflowed. The value for current calendar time returned to the condition timed wait internal service CEEOPCT by the store clock (STCK) instruction was invalid.

System action

The condition wait is rejected.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5J7

CEE5736I **The time to wait specified on a condition timed wait request has elapsed.**

Explanation

Current® calendar time in seconds since midnight, January 1, 1970, was equal to or greater than the time to wait. The time to wait was specified to the condition timed wait internal service CEEOPCT in seconds plus

nanoseconds. Internal service CEEOPCT returned to allow the thread to continue processing.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

Be sure you are specifying seconds to wait as current calendar time in seconds since midnight, January 1, 1970, plus some additional number of seconds.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5J8

CEE5737S	The condition timed wait service failed due to a system error with error code <i>return-code</i> and reason code <i>reason-code</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The condition timed wait internal service CEEOPCT called the callable service CPX1CTW to block a thread. CPX1CTW returned an unexpected error code and reason code.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Report this failure to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5J9

CEE5738S	The condition attribute object was already initialized.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The condition attribute initialization internal service CEEOPDI was called to initialize a condition attribute object that had already been initialized.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Call the condition attribute destroy internal service CEEOPDD to destroy an initialized condition attribute

object before calling internal service CEEOPDI to initializing it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JA

CEE5739S	There was insufficient storage to initialize a condition attribute object.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The condition attribute initialization internal service CEEOPDI was called to initialize a condition attribute object. However, there was insufficient system storage available to do so.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Additional system storage is required before attempting to initialize more condition attribute objects.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JB

CEE5740S	An addressing exception occurred referencing condition object or condition attribute object.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The address of a condition object or condition attribute object passed as an parameter on a condition variable related service call was invalid. An addressing exception program interrupt occurred when the called service referenced this address.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure the application correctly specifies the condition object or condition attribute object parameter in the service call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JC

CEE5741C **The system condition attribute storage could not be freed.**

Explanation

The destroy condition attribute internal service CEEOPDD was unable to free storage allocated for a condition attribute by the condition attribute initialization internal service CEEOPDI.

System action

Thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check if the application might have written over system storage. Report this problem to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JD

CEE5742S **The condition object was already initialized.**

Explanation

The condition initialization internal service CEEOPCI was called to initialize a condition object that had already been initialized.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Call the condition destroy internal service CEEOPCD to destroy an initialized condition object before initializing it again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JE

CEE5743S **The condition attribute object was not initialized.**

Explanation

An uninitialized condition attribute object was specified as an parameter on a call to the condition initialization internal service CEEOPCI.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Call internal service CEEOPDI to initialize the condition attribute object before invoking internal service CEEOPCI.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JF

CEE5744S **There was insufficient storage to initialize a condition object.**

Explanation

The condition initialization internal service CEEOPCI was called to initialize a condition object. However, there was insufficient system storage available to do so.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Get additional system storage before initializing more condition objects.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JG

CEE5745C **The system condition variable storage could not be freed.**

Explanation

The destroy condition internal service CEEOPCD was unable to free storage allocated for a condition variable by the condition initialization internal service CEEOPCI.

System action

Thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check if the application might have written over system storage. Report this problem to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JH

CEE5746S **A condition attribute object had been changed since it was initialized.**

Explanation

The condition attribute destroy internal service CEEOPDD detected that a condition attribute object (specified as a parameter) had changed since it was initialized by the condition attribute initialization internal service CEEOPDI. The condition attribute object was destroyed, but internal service CEEOPDD did not alter the storage associated with the condition attribute object. However, if internal service CEEOPDI was invoked, the storage was altered.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Check that the application is correctly reusing storage associated with the condition attribute object after initializing it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JI

CEE5747S **The condition variable was busy.**

Explanation

The condition destroy internal service CEEOPDD was invoked to destroy a condition variable that was in use. A condition variable that was in use by one or more threads for a condition wait or timed wait cannot be destroyed.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Retry the request or determine why the condition variable is in use.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JJ

CEE5748S **A condition object had been changed since it was initialized.**

Explanation

The condition destroy service CEEOPCD detected that a condition object (specified as a parameter) was changed since it was initialized by the condition initialization internal service CEEOPCI. The condition variable was destroyed, but internal service CEEOPDD did not alter the storage associated with the condition object. However, if internal service CEEOPCI was invoked, the storage was altered.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Check that the application is correctly reusing storage associated with the condition object after initializing it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JK

CEE5749S **An invalid attribute kind value was passed.**

Explanation

The attribute kind parameter *setkind_np* that was passed to internal service CEEOPDS specified an invalid value. Valid values for *setkind_np* are NODEBUG (2).

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Specify a valid attribute kind value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JL

CEE5750S **An addressing exception occurred referencing attribute kind storage.**

Explanation

The address where to return attribute kind that was passed as a parameter on a *getkind_np* service request, was invalid. An addressing exception occurred when the internal service CEEOPDG attempted to store the attribute kind value at this address.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Check that the application is correctly specifying the attribute kind address parameter on the *getkind_np* service call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JM

CEE5751C	Invalid condition attribute storage detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Internal service CEEOPDG found an invalid value in system storage for condition attribute *getkind_np*.

System action

Thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check if the application might have written over system storage. Report this problem to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5JN

CEE5761C	Latch services were not available. The application will be terminated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A Language Environment function invoked internal Language Environment latch services when these services were not available. Latch services are initialized only when the POSIX(ON) run-time option was in effect.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Report problem to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5K1

CEE5762C

The latch was already owned. The application will be terminated.

Explanation

A Language Environment function invoked internal Language Environment latch services to request a latch. The thread from which the request was made already holds the latch.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Report problem to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5K2

CEE5763C	The latch was not owned. The application will be terminated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A Language Environment function invoked internal Language Environment latch services to release a latch. The thread from which the request was made did not hold the latch.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Report problem to your system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5K3

CEE5764S	The lock object was not initialized.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The mutex or read-write lock related service that was invoked requires the lock object specified as a parameter be initialized.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Use the internal service CEEOPMI to initialize the mutex or read-write lock object before invoking the service that failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5K4

CEE5765S	The read-write lock was already held for writing.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A thread invoked the read-write rdlock internal service CEEOPRL specifying a read-write lock that had already been locked by the thread for writing. A read-write lock can only be locked for reading multiple times by the same thread.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5K5

CEE5766S	An addressing exception occurred referencing a lock object or lock attribute object.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The address of a mutex or read-write lock object, or mutex or read-write lock attribute object passed as a parameter on a lock related service call was invalid. An addressing exception program interrupt occurred when the called service referenced this address.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Specify the correct lock object or lock attribute object when passing parameters to the lock related service call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5K6

CEE5767S	An addressing exception occurred referencing system storage allocated for locks.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An addressing exception program interrupt occurred when a mutex or read-write lock-related service referenced system storage allocated for locks.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure that the application has not written over system storage before issuing the service call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5K7

CEE5768S	A lock object has been changed since it was initialized.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The mutex or read-write lock destroy internal service CEEOPMD detected that a lock object (specified as a parameter) had changed since it was initialized by the lock initialization internal service CEEOPMI. The lock was destroyed, but internal service CEEOPMD did not alter the storage associated with the read-write lock object. However, if internal service CEEOPMI was invoked, the storage was altered.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Make sure the application is not incorrectly reusing storage associated with the read-write lock object after initializing it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5K8

CEE5769S	The read-write lock was not held by thread.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A thread called the read-write lock unlock internal service CEEOPRU to unlock the read-write lock but the

read-write lock was not held by the thread. A thread acquired a read-write lock with one of the following read-write lock internal services:

- rdlock internal service CEEOPRL
- tryrdlock internal service CEEOPRT
- wrlock internal service CEEOPWL
- trywrlock internal service CEEOPWT

and was said to have held the lock.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Structure the application so that the thread that locks the read lock also unlocks the read lock.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5K9

CEE5770S	The read-write lock was already held.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A thread invoked the read-write wrlock internal service CEEOPWL specifying a read-write lock that had already been locked by the thread. A read-write lock can only be locked for reading multiple times by the same thread.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Structure the application so that the thread that locks the read-write lock also unlocks the read-write lock.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KA

CEE5771S	The read-write lock was already initialized.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The read-write lock initialization internal service CEEOPMI was called to initialize a read-write lock object that had already been initialized.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Call the read-write lock destroy internal service CEEOPMD to destroy an initialized read-write lock object before initializing it again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KC

CEE5772S	The lock attribute object was not initialized.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The mutex or read-write lock attribute related services required that the lock attribute object specified as a parameter be initialized.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

Use internal service CEEOPXI to initialize the mutex or read-write lock attribute object before invoking the service that failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KC

CEE5773S	There was insufficient storage to initialize a read-write lock object.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The read-write lock initialization internal service CEEOPMI was called to initialize a read-write lock object. However, there was insufficient system storage available.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Get additional system storage before initializing more read-write lock objects.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KD

CEE5774S **A read-write lock attribute object has been changed since it was initialized.**

Explanation

The read-write lock attribute destroy internal service, CEEOPXD, detected that a read-write lock attribute object specified as a parameter was changed since it was initialized by the read-write lock attribute initialization internal service, CEEOPXI. The read-write lock attribute object was destroyed, but internal service, CEEOPXD, did not alter the storage associated with the read-write lock attribute object. However, if internal service, CEEOPXI, was invoked, the storage was altered.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Make sure the application is not incorrectly reusing storage associated with the read-write lock attribute object after initializing it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KE

CEE5775S **The read-write lock attribute object was already initialized.**

Explanation

The read-write lock attribute initialization internal service, CEEOPXI, was called to initialize a read-write lock attribute object that had already been initialized.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Call the read-write lock attribute destroy internal service, CEEOPXD, to destroy an initialized read-write lock attribute object before initializing it again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KF

CEE5776S **There was insufficient storage to initialize a read-write lock attribute object.**

Explanation

The read-write lock attribute initialization internal service, CEEOPXI, was called to initialize a read-write lock attribute object, however, there was insufficient system storage available.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Acquire additional system storage before initializing more read-write lock attribute objects.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KG

CEE5777S **The lock was busy.**

Explanation

The mutex or read-write lock destroy internal service CEEOPMD was invoked to destroy a lock that was in use. A mutex or read-write lock that is locked, or a mutex that is associated with a condition wait or timed wait, cannot be destroyed.

System action

The request is rejected.

Programmer response

Verify that no other thread holds the lock before calling CEEOPMD to destroy the lock.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KH

CEE5778S **An addressing exception occurred while referencing attribute return storage.**

Explanation

The address where to return attribute information that was passed as a parameter on a call to the mutex and read-write lock attribute internal service, CEEOPXG, was invalid. An addressing exception occurred when the CEEOPXG internal service attempted to store the attribute value at this return address.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Specify the correct attribute return address parameter on the CEEOPXG internal service call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KI

CEE5779S	System lock storage could not be freed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The destroy mutex and read-write lock internal service, CEEOPMD, was unable to free storage allocated for a mutex or read-write lock by the lock initialization service, CEEOPMI.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check if the application might have written over system storage. Report this problem to the storage administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KJ

CEE5780S	System lock attribute storage could not be freed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The destroy lock attribute internal service, CEEOPXD, was unable to free storage allocated for a mutex or read-write lock attribute by the lock attribute initialization service, CEEOPXI.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check if the application might have written over system storage. Report this problem to the system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KK

CEE5781S	There was invalid lock attribute storage.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The mutex and read-write lock attribute internal service, CEEOPXG, found an invalid value in system storage for lock attributes of the specified type.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check if the application might have written over system storage. Report this problem to the system administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KL

CEE5782S	There was an invalid lock attribute value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The attribute parameter in a call to internal service, CEEOPXS, specified an invalid attribute value for lock attributes of the specified type. Valid values for type *setkind_np* or *settype* are:

- NONRECURSIVE + DEBUG + ERRORCHECK (0)
- RECURSIVE + DEBUG + ERRORCHECK (1)
- NONRECURSIVE + NODEBUG + ERRORCHECK (2)
- RECURSIVE + NODEBUG + ERRORCHECK (3)
- NONRECURSIVE + DEBUG + NOERRORCHECK (4)
- RECURSIVE + DEBUG + NOERRORCHECK (5)
- NONRECURSIVE + NODEBUG + NOERRORCHECK (6)
- RECURSIVE + NODEBUG + NOERRORCHECK (7)

Valid values for type *setpshared* are:

- PRIVATE (0)
- SHARED (8)

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Specify a correct attribute value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KM

CEE5783C	A thread waiting for a read-write lock was forced to terminate.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An event, such as the initial thread terminating, forced all threads to terminate including threads waiting for a read-write lock.

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check that all threads exit correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KN

CEE5784I	There was insufficient resource to initialize another read-write lock.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The read-write lock init internal service, CEEOPMI, was invoked to initialize a read-write lock, but not enough resource was available to initialize another read-write lock.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KO

CEE5785I	There as insufficient privilege to initialize the read-write lock.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The read-write lock init internal service, CEEOPMI, was invoked to initialize a read-write lock, but not enough privilege was available to initialize the read-write lock.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KP

CEE5786S	The z/OS UNIX callable service, BPX1SLK, failed during shared lock processing. The system return code was <i>return_code</i>, the reason code was <i>reason_code</i>. X'00'
-----------------	--

Explanation

The z/OS UNIX callable service, BPX1SLK, was called by a Language Environment internal service for shared mutex or read-write lock processing. BPX1SLK returned without performing the specified shared lock processing (initialize, lock, unlock, or destroy).

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your z/OS UNIX system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KQ

CEE5787I	There as insufficient resource to obtain the read-write lock.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The read-write lock rdlock or tryrdlock internal services, CEEOPRL, or CEEOPRT was invoked to lock a read-write lock, but not enough resource was available to obtain this read-write lock another time for read.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KR

CEE5788I The read-write lock was busy.

Explanation

The read-write lock tryrdlock internal service, CEEOPRT, was invoked to lock a read-write lock for read that was already locked for write or had an outstanding write lock request.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KS

CEE5789I The read-write lock was busy.

Explanation

The read-write lock trywrlock internal service, CEEOPWT, was invoked to lock a read-write lock for write that was already locked for read or write.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KT

CEE5790S There was insufficient storage to lock a read-write lock object.

Explanation

A thread attempted to lock a read-write lock by calling one of the following read-write lock internal services:

- rdlock internal service, CEEOPRL
- tryrdlock internal service, CEEOPRT

- wrlock internal service, CEEOPWL
- trywrlock internal service, CEEOPWT

However, there was insufficient system storage available.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Acquire additional system storage before attempting to lock more read-write lock objects.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KU

CEE5791C System read-write lock storage could not be freed.

Explanation

The read-write lock unlock internal service, CEEOPRU was unable to free storage allocated for a read-write lock by one of the following read-write lock internal services:

- rdlock internal service, CEEOPRL
- tryrdlock internal service, CEEOPRT
- wrlock internal service, CEEOPWL
- trywrlock internal service, CEEOPWT

System action

The thread is terminated.

Programmer response

Check if the application might have written over system storage. Report this problem to the storage administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5KV

CEE5792I There was insufficient resource to initialize another condition object.

Explanation

The condition object init internal service CEEOPCI was invoked to initialize a condition object, but not enough resource was available to initialize another condition object.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5L0

CEE5793I	There was insufficient privilege to initialize the condition object.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The condition object init internal service CEEOPCI was invoked to initialize a condition object, but not enough privilege was available to initialize the condition object.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5L1

CEE5794S	The condition attribute object was not initialized.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The condition wait related services required that the condition attribute object specified as a parameter be initialized.

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Use internal service CEEOPDI to initialize the condition attribute object before invoking the service that failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5L2

CEE5795S	The callable service BPX1SMC failed during shared condition variable processing. The system
-----------------	--

return code was *return_code* the reason code was *reason_code*.

Explanation

The callable service BPX1SMC was called by a Language Environment internal service for shared condition variable processing. BPX1SMC returned without performing the specified shared condition variable processing (initialize, wait, signal, or destroy).

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

See [*z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*](#) or [*z/VM: OpenExtensions Callable Services Reference*](#) for the appropriate action to take for this return code and reason code. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5L3

CEE5796S	The callable service BPX1SMC failed during shared lock processing. The system return code was <i>return_code</i> the reason code was <i>reason_code</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The callable service BPX1SMC was called by a Language Environment internal service for shared mutex lock processing. BPX1SMC returned without performing the specified shared lock processing (initialize, lock, unlock, or destroy).

System action

Unless the condition is handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave.

Programmer response

Use internal service CEEOPDI to initialize the condition attribute object before invoking the service that failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

CEE5L4

CEEH001I	Language Environment control blocks are unavailable.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The check could not execute.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM Support Center.

Symbolic Feedback Code

N/A

CEEH002I	Health check received an unknown entry code of <i>hex</i> from IBM Health Checker for z/OS.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This is an internal error.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM Support Center.

Symbolic Feedback Code

N/A

CEEH010I	Language Environment Parmlib is in use. The check ran successfully and found no exceptions.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Language Environment Parmlib support is in use.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

N/A

Symbolic Feedback Code

N/A

CEEH011I	The following Options Groups are in use: <i><comma separated list of Options Groups></i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

All enabled Language Environment Parmlib Options Groups are listed.

System action

The system continues processing.

Programmer response

N/A

Symbolic Feedback Code

N/A

Chapter 2. C prelinker and C object library utility messages

This topic provides message information for the prelinker and object library utilities.
A return code is generated to indicate the degree of prelinking success. The return codes are as follows:

- 0** No error detected; processing completed; successful execution anticipated.
- 4** Possible error (warning) detected; processing completed; successful execution probable.
- 8** Error detected; processing might have been completed; successful execution impossible.
- 12** Severe error detected; processing terminated abnormally; successful execution impossible.

The messages issued by the prelinker and object library utility have the following format:

EDCnnnnns text <&s>

- nnnn** Error message number
- s** Error severity
 - I** Informational message
 - W** Warning message
 - E** Error message
 - S** Severe error message
- &s** Substitution variable, such as &1

Note: For C messages less than 4000, see [z/OS XL C/C++ Compiler and Runtime Migration Guide for the Application Programmer](#).

EDC4000S	Unable to open &1.	EDC4001S	Unable to read &1.
Explanation		Explanation	
An error was encountered during a file open.		An error was encountered during a file read.	
System action		System action	
Processing terminates.		Processing terminates.	
Programmer response		Programmer response	
Make sure that the named file has the proper DCB requirements (for example, RECFM, BLKSIZE, LRECL).		Make sure that the named file has the proper DCB requirements (for example, RECFM, BLKSIZE, LRECL).	

If the file has been corrupted recreate it, then recompile and run the new file.

EDC4002S Unable to write to &1.

Explanation

An error was encountered during a file write.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Make sure that the named file has the proper DCB requirements (for example, RECFM, BLKSIZE, LRECL). Also make sure that sufficient write space is available.

Programmer response

Ensure that sufficient disk space is available.

EDC4004W Invalid options: &1.

Explanation

The listed prelinker options were invalid.

System action

The invalid prelinker options are ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

Enter the list of valid options.

EDC4005E No input decks were specified.

Explanation

No input decks were specified for the prelink.

System action

The prelinker will process nothing.

Programmer response

Input at least one deck.

EDC4006S Object deck was missing TXT cards.

Explanation

A corrupted input deck was encountered during the prelink.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Recompile the source routine and run it again. If the problem persists, call your IBM service representative.

EDC4007S Object deck had multiple initialized CSECTs.

Explanation

A corrupted input deck was encountered during the prelink.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Recompile the source routine and run it again. If the problem persists, call your IBM service representative.

EDC4008S Invalid initialization deck (RLDs span cards).

Explanation

A corrupted input deck was encountered during the prelink.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Recompile the source routine and run it again. If the problem persists, call your IBM service representative.

EDC4009S Invalid initialization deck (RLDs and TXTs not in sync).

Explanation

A corrupted input deck was encountered during the prelink.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Recompile the source routine and run it again. If the problem persists, call your IBM service representative.

EDC4010W **A zero length static object was found in assembler deck.****Explanation**

A zero length static object was encountered in an assembler deck.

System action

Incorrect or undefined execution could result.

Programmer response

Redefine the object with the appropriate size.

EDC4011E **Unresolved writable static references were detected.****Explanation**

Undefined writable static objects were encountered at prelink termination.

System action

Prelinker produces object module with unresolved writable static references. Use of this object module could result in incorrect or undefined execution.

Programmer response

Prelink with the MAP option to find the objects in question and include these objects with the prelink step.

EDC4012E **No input decks were found.****Explanation**

Input decks were not found for the prelink.

System action

The prelinker will process nothing.

EDC4013I **No map displayed as no writable static was found.****Explanation**

No writable static objects were found during the prelink.

System action

If MAP option is specified, no static map is produced because no writable static objects were found.

EDC4014E **Undefined writable static objects were detected:****Explanation**

The listed writable static objects were undefined at prelink termination.

System action

Incorrect or undefined execution could result.

Programmer response

Include these objects during the prelink.

EDC4015W **Unresolved references were detected:****Explanation**

The listed objects were unresolved at prelink termination. Unresolved C library objects are not required for the prelink step, but should be resolved during the link-edit step. Unresolved writable static objects or unresolved objects referring to writable static objects are required for prelink.

System action

Prelinker only resolves writable static objects or unresolved objects referring to writable static objects.

Programmer response

To correct the latter, include these objects during the prelink.

EDC4016W **Duplicate objects were detected.****Explanation**

The listed objects were defined multiple times.

System action

Incorrect execution could occur unless the objects are defined consistently.

Programmer response

Define the objects consistently.

EDC4017W **Duplicate object &1 was defined with different sizes.**

Explanation

An object had been defined multiple times with different sizes. The larger of the different sizes was taken. Incorrect execution could occur unless the object is defined consistently.

System action

The largest size is used.

Programmer response

Define the object consistently.

EDC4018E	No member name specified and NAME card not found.
-----------------	--

Explanation

For the ADD function, you must specify a member name, or a NAME card indicating the member name must be present in the object module.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Repeat the step specifying an appropriate member name.

EDC4019S	Invalid or missing XSD cards.
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Explanation

A corrupted input deck was encountered during processing.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Recompile your source routine and repeat the step. If the problem persists, call your IBM service representative.

EDC4020W	Continuation card missing for &1 control card.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A control card of type &1 was encountered with the continuation column set, but there was no next card or the next card was not a valid continuation card.

System action

The card is ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

Add the appropriate continuation card or set continuation column 72 to blank if no continuation card is required.

EDC4021W	Invalid syntax specified on &1 control card.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A control card with invalid syntax was encountered during processing.

System action

If the card was an INCLUDE card, the card is processed up to the syntax error and the remainder of the card is ignored. If the card was not an INCLUDE card, the card is ignored. In either case, processing continues.

Programmer response

If the card is required, correct the syntax errors and repeat the step. If the card is not required, the warning message can be removed by deleting the invalid card.

EDC4022W	More than one &1 card found in &2.
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than one control card of type &1 was encountered during the processing of &2.

System action

If the card is a NAME card and this was encountered during the prelink step, the last NAME card is used and processing continues.

If the card is a NAME card and this was encountered during the C370LIB ADD or GEN steps, all NAME cards for &2 are ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

No recovery is necessary unless the incorrect card was chosen or incorrect processing was performed. In this case, remove the offending card and repeat the step.

EDC4023W	Continuation cards not allowed for &1 card. Card ignored.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A control card of type &1 was found to be expecting a continuation card. Information for a card of this type must be specified on one card.

System action

The card is ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the card if necessary, set continuation column 72 to blank, and repeat the step.

EDC4024W	RENAME card cannot be used for short name &1.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A RENAME card was encountered that attempted to rename a short name to another name. RENAME cards are valid only for long names for which there is no corresponding short name.

System action

The card is ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

The warning message can be removed by deleting the invalid RENAME card.

EDC4025W	Multiple RENAME cards found for &1. First valid one taken.
-----------------	---

Explanation

More than one RENAME card was encountered for the name &1.

System action

The first RENAME card with a valid output name is chosen.

Programmer response

The prelinker map shows which output name was chosen. If this was not the intended name, remove the duplicate RENAME card(s) and repeat the step.

EDC4026W	May not RENAME long name &1 to another long name &2.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A RENAME card had been encountered that attempted to rename a long name to another long name.

System action

The card is ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

The prelinker map shows which output name was chosen. If this was not the intended name, replace the invalid RENAME card with a valid output name and repeat the step. To remove the warning message, delete the invalid RENAME card.

EDC4027W	May not RENAME defined long name &1 to defined name &2.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A RENAME card had been encountered that attempted to rename the defined long name &1 to another defined name &2.

System action

The card is ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

The prelinker map shows which output name was chosen. If this was not the intended name, replace the invalid RENAME card with a valid output name and repeat the step. To remove the warning message, delete the invalid RENAME card.

EDC4028W	RENAME card of &1 to &2 ignored since &2 is target of another RENAME.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Multiple RENAME cards had been encountered attempting to rename two different names the same name &2.

System action

The first valid RENAME card for &2 is chosen.

Programmer response

The prelinker map shows which name was renamed to &2. If the output name for &2 was not the intended name, change the name and repeat the step. To remove the warning message, delete the extra RENAME card(s).

EDC4029W	&1 and &2 mapped to same name (&3) due to UPCASE option.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A name (&1) that was made uppercase because of the UPCASE option collided with the output name (&3) of another name (&2).

System action

Both names (&1 and &2) are mapped to &3.

Programmer response

If both names (&1 and &2) correspond to the same object the warning can be ignored. If the names do not correspond to the same object or if the warning is to be removed, do one of the following:

- Use a RENAME card to rename one of the names to something other than &3.
- Change one of the names in the source routine.
- Use #pragma map in the source routine on one of the names.
- Do not run the step with the UPCASE option.

EDC4030E **Missing command operands.**

Explanation

One or more operands were missing on the invocation of object library utility command.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Add the proper operands and repeat the step.

EDC4031W **File &1 not found.**

Explanation

The specified file could not be located to perform the command.

System action

If possible, processing continues ignoring the particular file.

Programmer response

Try the command again, specifying the appropriate file.

EDC4032E **Error with &1 command. Return code=&2.**

Explanation

In order to perform the library command, the system command &1 was issued and resulted in a return code of &2.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Diagnose the problem using the return code and any messages generated.

EDC4033E **Invalid C370LIB-directory encountered in library &1.**

Explanation

An invalid or corrupted C370LIB-directory had been encountered.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Use the C370LIB DIR command to recreate the C370LIB-directory and repeat the step.

EDC4034E **Library &1 did not contain a C370LIB-directory.**

Explanation

The library &1 did not contain a C370LIB-directory necessary to perform the command.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

The library was not created with the C370LIB command. Use the C370LIB DIR command to create the C370LIB-directory and repeat the step.

EDC4035W **Member &1 not found in library &2.**

Explanation

The specified member &1 was not found in the library.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

Use the C370LIB MAP command to display the names of library members.

EDC4036E Invalid command operands: &1.

Explanation

Invalid operands were specified on the invocation of this command.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Specify the correct operands and repeat the step.

EDC4037E File &1 had invalid format.

Explanation

The specified file, &1, did not have the proper format. The file should be fixed-format with a record length of 80.

System action

The file is ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

Correct the file or file specification and repeat the step.

EDC4038E Library &1 not found.

Explanation

The library, &1, could not be found to perform the command.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Try the command again, specifying the correct library.

EDC4039E Library &1 had invalid format.

Explanation

The specified library, &1, did not have the proper format. The library must contain object modules as members and be fixed-format with a record length of 80.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the library or library specification and repeat the step.

EDC4042S Virtual storage exceeded.

Explanation

The utility ran out of memory. This sometimes happens with large files or routines with large functions. Very large routines limit the optimization that can be done.

System action

Processing terminates.

Programmer response

Divide the file into several smaller sections or shorten the function.

EDC4043E Invalid symbol table encountered in archive library &1.

Explanation

The archive library from the MVS system had invalid information in its symbol table.

System action

The invalid archive library is ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

Rebuild the archive library.

EDC4044E Archive library &1 did not contain a symbol table.

Explanation

The symbol table for the archive library from the MVS system could not be found.

System action

The invalid archive library is ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

Rebuild the archive library.

EDC4045E **Archive library &1 not found.****Explanation**

The archive library could not be found.

System action

The invalid archive library is ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

Try the command again specifying the appropriate file.

EDC4046E **Archive library &1 had invalid format.****Explanation**

The file was found but did not have the correct information to be recognized as an archive library.

System action

The invalid archive library is ignored and processing continues.

Programmer response

Rebuild the archive library.

EDC4048W **Card &1 of &2 is invalid.****Explanation**

The card shown is not valid.

Programmer response

Prelink the DLL and generate a new, uncorrupted definition side-deck.

EDC4049E **Unresolved references could not be imported.****Explanation**

The same symbol was referenced in both DLL and non-DLL code. The DLL reference could have been satisfied by an IMPORT control statement which was processed, but the non-DLL reference could not.

Programmer response

You must either supply a definition for the referenced symbol during the prelink step or recompile the code containing the non-DLL reference with the DLL compiler option so that it becomes a DLL reference.

EDC4050W **Card &1 of &2 is not the continuation of an IMPORT control statement.****Explanation**

The object deck of IMPORT control statements is corrupted.

Programmer response

Prelink the exporting DLL again to generate a new object deck of control statements or get a new copy from the DLL provider.

EDC4051W **Duplicate IMPORT definitions are detected.****Explanation**

A name referenced in DLL code was not defined within the application but more than one IMPORT control statement was seen with that symbol name. The first one seen by the prelinker was used.

Programmer response

Check the Import Symbol Map section of the Prelinker Map to see if you are importing the symbol from the correct DLL. If not, change the input order of the IMPORT control statements.

EDC4052W **Module name &1 chosen for generated IMPORT control statements.****Explanation**

The prelinker has assigned the default name TEMPNAME to the module in the Definition Side-Deck.

Programmer response

Include a NAME control statement in the prelinker input or specify the output object module of the prelinker to be a PDS member so that the prelinker will use that as the module name in generated IMPORT control statements.

EDC4057E **Truncated duplicate #pragma mapped objects are detected.****Explanation**

The prelinker has detected duplicate names which were longer than 8 characters in length but have been #pragma mapped and truncated; therefore, cannot be renamed by the prelinker. The duplicate names could

have also been mapped for other reasons such as a CSECT compiler option or a #pragma csect statement.

Programmer response

Modify the duplicate names listed in the message to avoid the conflict.

EDC4058E	Truncated duplicate #pragma mapped objects are detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The prelinker has detected duplicate names which were longer than 8 characters in length but have been

#pragma mapped and truncated; therefore, cannot be renamed by the prelinker. The duplicate names could have also been mapped for other reasons such as a CSECT compiler option or a #pragma csect statement.

Programmer response

Ensure the MAP option is in effect. The truncated #pragma mapped duplicates will be listed in the prelinker MAP if the MAP option is in effect. Once the truncated #pragma mapped duplicates are identified, modify the duplicate names to avoid the conflict.

Severe error messages

The following error messages are produced by the prelinker or the Object Library Utility if the message file is itself invalid.

EDC0090	Unable to open message file &1.
EDC0091	Invalid offset table in message file &1.
EDC0092	Message component &1 is not found.

EDC0093	Message file &1 corrupted.
EDC0094	Integrity check failure on msg &1.
EDC0095	Bad substitution number in message &1.
EDC0096	Virtual storage exceeded.

Chapter 3. C Utility messages

This topic provides message and code information for the `localedef` utility, the `iconv` utility, and the `genxlt` utility. See [z/OS XL C/C++ Messages](#) for messages for the DSECT and CXXFILT utilities.

localedef messages

This topic contains the `localedef` return codes and messages. The `localedef` utility returns the following return codes:

- 0**
No errors were detected and the locales were generated successfully.
- 4**
Warning messages were issued and the locales were generated successfully, or error messages were issued but the `BLDERR` option was specified.
- 4**
Warning or errors were detected and the locale was not generated.

The messages issued by the `localedef` utility have the following format.

`EDCnnnn ss text <%n$x>`

nnnn

Error message number

ss

Error severity

10

Warning message

30

Error message

40

Severe error

%n\$x

Substitution variable

%

The start of the substitution variable

n

The number that represents the line position of the variable

\$

A delimiter

x

The kind of variable (d=decimal, c=character, s=string)

Warning messages will be issued when the `FLAG(E)` option is not specified. The default `FLAG(W)`, will produce warnings. When warning messages (severity of 10) are issued, the minimum return code from the `localedef` utility is 4.

When error messages (severity of 30) are issued, the locale is built only if the `BLDERR` option is specified. The default is `NOBLDERR`. If `BLDERR` is specified, the return code would be set to a minimum of 4. If error messages are issued and `NOBLDERR` was specified (or by default), the return code will be set to a minimum of 8.

When severe error messages (severity of 40) are issued, the locale is not built and the return code from the localedef utility is 12.

EDC4100 40 The symbol '%1\$s' is not the correct type.

Explanation

This message is issued while processing a locale definition file containing a reference to a symbol that does not have expected type. This error occurs commonly when the LC_CTYPE keywords are used as character references in any locale definition file category.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Use a symbolic name instead of a character reference.

EDC4101 40 Could not open '%1\$s' for read.

Explanation

This message is issued if the open for read failed for any file required by the localedef utility.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Verify the file name is correct and the file/data set exists.

EDC4102 40 Internal error in file %1\$s on line %2\$d.

Explanation

An internal error had occurred in the localedef utility.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Examine the locale definition and charmap files for possible errors. Report error to IBM.

EDC4103 40 Syntax Error: expected %1\$d arguments and received %2\$d arguments.

Explanation

This message is issued in the locale definition file when a keyword was expecting a fixed number of arguments and not enough arguments were supplied.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Add the missing arguments to the keyword in the locale definition file.

EDC4104 40 Illegal limit in range specification.

Explanation

An error had occurred in a range in the LC_CTYPE category of the locale definition file. The locale was not created.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Examine the locale definition file for possible errors.

EDC4105 40 Memory allocation failure on line %1\$d in module %2\$s.

Explanation

The localedef utility was unable to allocate memory.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Under MVS and TSO, increase region size and rerun the localedef utility. Under CMS, increase the virtual machine size and rerun the localedef utility.

EDC4106 40 Could not open file '%1\$s' for write.

Explanation

This message is issued if the open for write failed when the localedef utility attempted to generate the C program. The file name passed to fopen() is included in the message.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Under CMS, verify the A-Disk exists and is in WRITE mode.

EDC4107 40 **The '%1\$s' character is longer than <mb_cur_max>.**

Explanation

The length of value assigned to the specified symbol in the charmap file must not be bigger than the value assigned to *mb_cur_max*. *mb_cur_max* defaults to 1 and can only have the values 1 or 4 for EBCDIC locales and 1, 2 or 3 for ASCII locales. If multibyte characters are required then the value of *mb_cur_max* must also include the *shift_in* and *shift_out* characters even though the *shift_in* and *shift_out* characters are not entered into the charmap file as part of a character definition.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Increase the size of *mb_cur_max* or remove the extra byte in multibyte sequence assigned to the symbol specified.

EDC4108 10 **The '%1\$s' symbolic name was undefined and has been ignored.**

Explanation

The specified symbolic name used in the locale definition file was not defined in the charmap file. When a symbolic name that is not defined is used in the LC_CTYPE or LC_COLLATE categories, the warning is issued.

System action

The character has been ignored and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Define the specified symbol name in the charmap file.

EDC4109 40 **The '%1\$s' symbolic name was undefined.**

Explanation

The specified symbolic name used in the locale definition file was not defined in the charmap file. When a symbolic name that is not defined is used in categories other than LC_CTYPE or LC_COLLATE, an error message is issued.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Define the specified symbol name in the charmap file.

EDC4110 40 **The start of the range, '%1\$s', must be numerically less than the end of the range, '%2\$s'.**

Explanation

In the collation section of the locale definition file, the start range codepoint specified must be less than the end range codepoint specified. These codepoints were assigned values in the charmap file where the codepoints can be assigned in any order.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Change the collation range codepoints in the locale definition file so that the start of the range is less than the end of the range.

EDC4111 40 **The symbol range containing %1\$s and %2\$s was incorrectly formatted.**

Explanation

The symbolic names used in range definition in the charmap file should consist of zero or more nonnumeric characters, followed by an integer formed by one or more decimal digits. The characters preceding the integer should be identical in the two symbolic names, and the integer formed by the digits in the second name should be equal to or greater than the integer formed by the digits in the first name. This is interpreted as a series of symbolic names formed from the common part and each of the integers between the first and second integer, inclusive.

In the following example, the first line is valid as both names have the same prefix, followed by four digits,

whereas the second example has a different prefix for the first and second name, and is invalid.

```
<ab0101>...<ab0120> \x42\xc1
<abc0101>...<ab0120> \x42\xc1
```

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Check the specified symbolic names to ensure compliance to the above rules.

EDC4112 40 Illegal character reference or escape sequence in '%1\$s'.

Explanation

A character reference or escape sequence had been defined that was not legal.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Make the character reference or escape sequence legal.

EDC4113 30 The symbolic name '%1\$s', had already been specified.

Explanation

The specified symbolic name in the charmap file had already been specified. A symbolic name should only be defined once.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Remove the duplicate symbolic name from the charmap file.

EDC4114 10 There are characters in the codeset which were unspecified in the collation order.

Explanation

There were characters defined in the charmap file that were not used in the collation category of the locale definition file. The locale was still created. The

characters were added at the end of the collation sequence.

System action

The locale has been created and the characters were added at the end of the collation sequence.

Programmer response

If required, add the missing characters from the charmap file to the collation category of the locale definition file.

EDC4115 30 Illegal decimal constant '%1\$s'.

Explanation

The decimal constant of type '\dnnn' specified in the charmap file was greater than decimal 255.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Change the decimal constant in the charmap file to a value less than or equal to 255.

EDC4116 30 Illegal octal constant '%1\$s'.

Explanation

The octal constant of type '\nnn' specified in the charmap file was greater than octal 377.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Change the octal constant in the charmap file to a value less than or equal to octal 377.

EDC4117 30 Illegal hexadecimal constant '%1\$s'.

Explanation

The hexadecimal constant of type '\xnn' specified in the charmap file was greater than hexadecimal FF.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Change the hexadecimal constant in the charmap file to a value less than or equal to hexadecimal FF.

EDC4118 30 **Missing closing quote in string '%1\$s'.**

Explanation

The string specified had a opening double quote but no closing double quote. The closing quote will be added.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the characters between the opening double quote and the end of line character will be used.

Programmer response

Add the closing double quote after the string.

EDC4119 30 **Illegal character, '%1\$c', in input file.**

Explanation

An illegal character had been found in the charmap or locale definition file.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the character is ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the character.

EDC4120 30 **The character for '%1\$s' statement is missing. Statement is ignored.**

Explanation

When defining the escape character or comment character in the charmap or locale definition file, a character was not supplied.

System action

The statement was ignored and the escape character or comment character was not changed. The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the default comment or escape character is used.

Programmer response

Insert a character to be defined as the escape character or comment character in the charmap or locale definition file.

EDC4121 30 **'%1\$c' is not a POSIX Portable Character. Character is ignored.**

Explanation

When defining escape_char or comment_char in the charmap or locale definition file, the character was less than space.

System action

The statement was ignored and the escape character or comment character was not changed. The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the default comment or escape character is used.

Programmer response

Define the escape_char or comment_char in the charmap or locale definition file with a character greater than space.

EDC4122 30 **The character symbol '%1\$s' is missing the closing '>'. The '>' is added.**

Explanation

The character symbol specified had a less than sign at the beginning of the symbol but no closing greater than sign. The symbol was accepted.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the characters between the open '<' and the end of line character is used.

Programmer response

Add the greater than sign after the symbol.

EDC4123 30 **Unrecognized keyword, '%1\$s', statement is ignored.**

Explanation

When a dot is not used in a string or as part as of an ellipses (...), the keyword is unrecognized, the statement is ignored.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Remove the dot that is part of the unrecognized keyword or add the missing dots to make up ellipses (...).

EDC4124 40	The encoding specified for the '%1\$s' character is unsupported.
-------------------	---

Explanation

The multibyte character was not valid, contains a shift out without a corresponding shift in or a shift in character without a corresponding shift out. The locale was not created.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

If the string contains unmatched shift in or shift out characters, remove them.

EDC4125 30	The character, '%1\$s', has already been assigned a weight. Specification is ignored.
-------------------	--

Explanation

The specified character or symbolic name in the collation category of the locale definition file, had already been defined.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the second definition is ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the duplicate character or symbolic name for the collation category.

EDC4126 30	A character in range '%1\$s...%2\$s' already had a collation weight. Range is ignored.
-------------------	---

Explanation

A character or symbolic name in the specified range in the collation category of the locale definition file, had already been defined in the collation category.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the second definition is ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the duplicate character or adjust the range so as not to cover duplicate characters.

EDC4127 10	No toupper section defined for this locale source file.
-------------------	--

Explanation

The toupper keyword in the LC_CTYPE category in the locale definition file was not specified. The lowercase character 'a' to 'z' are mapped to the characters 'A' to 'Z'.

System action

The locale has been created.

Programmer response

Add the lowercase characters 'a' to 'z' and 'A' to 'Z' to the toupper section of the LC_CTYPE category in the locale definition file.

EDC4128 10	The use of the '...' keyword assumed that the codeset was contiguous between the two range endpoints specified.
-------------------	--

Explanation

This warning is always produced when ellipses (...) are used in defining collation sequences in the locale definition file because the locale may not be portable whenever ellipses are used.

System action

The locale is still created.

Programmer response

Instead of using ellipses, insert all the symbol names between the two range endpoints.

EDC4129 30	The symbolic name, '%1\$s', referenced had not yet been specified in the collation order.
-------------------	--

Explanation

Collation weights in the locale definition file must use symbolic names that have already been specified in the collation order.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the unspecified reference to the symbolic name is ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the reference to the symbolic name from the collation weights that have not yet been specified in the collation order.

EDC4130 30	Error in file %1\$s, on line %2\$d, at character %3\$d.
-------------------	--

Explanation

An error had occurred in the charmap or locale definition file on the line number supplied and at the character position supplied. The line number and character position in the message indicates the position within the file when the error was detected. This may be after the line containing the error.

Programmer response

See the message EDC4131 10 for more information.

EDC4131 10	Warning in file %1\$s, on line %2\$d, at character %3\$d.
-------------------	--

Explanation

A warning message had been produced for the line number supplied, at the character position supplied in the charmap or locale definition file name supplied. The line number and character position in the message indicates the position within the file when the error was detected. This may be after the line containing the error.

Programmer response

See the message EDC4132 30 for more information.

EDC4132 30	Syntax error in file %1\$s, on line %2\$d, at character %3\$d.
-------------------	---

Explanation

A syntax error had been found in the charmap or local definition file name supplied, on the line number supplied and at the character position supplied. The

line number and character position in the message indicates the position within the file when the error was detected. This may be after the line containing the error.

Programmer response

Change the line in the charmap or locale definition file to conform to the POSIX standard format.

EDC4133 40	Specific collation weight assignment was not valid when no sort keywords have been specified.
-------------------	--

Explanation

The number of sort rules, such as forward, backward, no-substitute or position, specified after the order_start keyword must be greater than or equal to the number of weights assigned to any one character in the collation category of the locale definition file. When no sort rules are specified, one forward sort rule is assumed.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Add additional sort rules to the order_start keyword.

EDC4134 10	The <mb_cur_min> keyword must be defined as 1, you have defined it as %1\$d. Value is ignored.
-------------------	---

Explanation

The <mb_cur_min> keyword in the charmap file can only be set to 1.

System action

The Value was ignored and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Change the value of the <mb_cur_min> keyword in the charmap file to 1.

EDC4135 30	The <code_set_name> must contain only characters from the POSIX portable character set, '%1\$s' is not valid.
-------------------	--

Explanation

The <code_set_name> in the charmap file must only use graph characters. It must contain only characters from the portable character set. The character %1\$s is not valid.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the <code_set_name> is used anyway.

Programmer response

Remove the character from the <code_set_name> in the charmap file that is not in the portable character set.

EDC4136 30	The collation directives forward and backward are mutually exclusive.
-------------------	--

Explanation

Each sort rules of the order_start keyword of the collation category in the locale definition file can consist of one or more sort rules separated by commas. The sort rules forward and backward, cannot be used at the same time.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Specify only forward or backward but not both.

EDC4137 30	Received too many arguments, expected %1\$d.
-------------------	---

Explanation

This message is issued in the locale definition file when a keyword is expecting a fixed number of arguments and too many arguments are supplied.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the extra arguments are ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the unnecessary argument in the locale definition file.

EDC4138 30	The %1\$s category had already been defined.
-------------------	---

Explanation

The specified category in the locale definition file should only be defined once.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the second definition of the duplicate category is ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the specified duplicate category.

EDC4139 10	The %1\$s category was empty.
-------------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

The specified category in the locale definition file did not contain any keywords.

System action

The locale has been created.

Programmer response

Remove the empty category or add keywords to the specified category.

EDC4140 30	Unrecognized category %1\$s was not processed by localedef.
-------------------	--

Explanation

User defined categories in the locale definition file were not supported. That is, categories that are not LC_CTYPE, LC_COLLATE, LC_MONETARY, LC_NUMERIC, LC_TIME, LC_MESSAGES, LC_SYNTAX or LC_TOD were not processed by the localedef utility.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the unsupported categories are ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the unrecognized category from the locale definition file.

EDC4141 10	The POSIX defined categories must appear before any unrecognized categories.
-------------------	---

Explanation

User defined categories in the locale definition file must appear after the POSIX defined

categories LC_CTYPE, LC_COLLATE, LC_MONETARY, LC_NUMERIC, LC_TIME, LC_MESSAGES, LC_SYNTAX and LC_TOD.

System action

The locale has been created.

Programmer response

Move the unrecognized category to the end of locale definition file.

EDC4142 30	The file code for the digit %1\$s was not one greater than the file code for %2\$s.
-------------------	--

Explanation

The values assigned to the digit symbolic names <zero> to <nine> in the charmap file must be in sequence and be contiguous.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Change the value assigned to the specified digit symbolic name in the charmap file so that it is one greater than the value assigned to the preceding digit symbolic name.

EDC4143 30	The process code for the digit %1\$s is not one greater than the process code for %2\$s.
-------------------	---

Explanation

The wide character values assigned to the digit symbolic names <zero> to <nine> in the charmap file must be in sequence and be contiguous.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the values are forced to be used.

Programmer response

Change the wide character value assigned to the specified digit symbolic name in the charmap file so that it is one greater than the wide character value assigned to the preceding digit symbolic name.

EDC4144 30	The symbol %1\$s has already been defined. Ignoring definition as a collating-symbol.
-------------------	--

Explanation

The collation symbol must be a symbolic name, enclosed between angle brackets (< and >), and should not duplicate any symbolic name in the charmap file or any other name defined in the collation definition.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the definition as a collating-symbol is ignored.

Programmer response

Use another symbolic name for the collating symbol.

EDC4145 10	Locale did not conform to POSIX specifications for the LC_CTYPE '%1\$s' keyword.
-------------------	---

Explanation

The specified keyword in the LC_CTYPE category in the locale definition contained characters that conflict with the POSIX definition of the category. This may be caused by the following:

- The upper keyword contained characters from the cntrl, digit, punct or space keywords.
- The lower keyword contained characters from the cntrl, digit, punct or space keywords.
- The alpha keyword contained characters from the cntrl, digit, punct or space keywords.
- The space keyword contained characters from the digit, upper, lower, alpha or xdigit keywords.
- The cntrl keyword contained characters from the digit, upper, lower, alpha, graph, punct, print or xdigit keywords.
- The punct keyword contained characters from the digit, upper, lower, alpha, cntrl, space or xdigit keywords.
- The graph keyword contained characters from the cntrl keyword.
- The print keyword contained characters from the cntrl keyword.

System action

The locale has been created.

Programmer response

Remove the character from the specified keyword that conflicts with characters from one of the other keywords.

EDC4146 10 **Locale did not specify the minimum required for the LC_CTYPE '%1\$s' keyword. Setting to POSIX defined defaults.**

Explanation

The specified keyword in the LC_CTYPE category in the locale definition file did not contain the minimum characters required by the keyword. The minimum requirements for the keywords are as follows:

- The upper keyword does not contain the required characters 'A' to 'Z'.
- The lower keyword does not contain the required characters 'a' to 'z'.
- The digit keyword does not contain the required digits 0 through 9.
- The xdigit keyword does not contain the required digits 0 through 9, the uppercase letters 'A' through 'F' and the lowercase letters 'a' through 'f'.
- The space keyword does not contain the required characters space, form feed, newline, carriage return, horizontal tab and vertical tab.
- The blank keyword does not contain the required characters space and tab.

System action

The locale has been created.

Programmer response

Specify the minimum requirements for the specified keyword.

EDC4147 10 **Locale did not specify only '0', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', and '9' for LC_CTYPE digit keyword.**

Explanation

The digit keyword in the LC_CTYPE category in the locale definition file can only contain the characters required, '0' to '9'.

System action

The locale will still be created.

Programmer response

Remove the character outside the '0' to '9' range in the digit keyword.

EDC4148 10 **Locale did not specify only '0', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', 'a'**

through 'f', and 'A' through 'F' for LC_CTYPE xdigit keyword.

Explanation

The xdigit keyword in the LC_CTYPE category in the locale definition file can only contain the characters required, '0' to '9' and 'A' to 'F' or 'a' to 'f'. The locale will still be created.

System action

The locale will still be created.

Programmer response

Remove the character outside the range '0' to '9' and 'A' to 'F' or 'a' to 'f' to the xdigit keyword.

EDC4149 30 **The number of operands to LC_COLLATE order exceeded COLL_WEIGHTS_MAX.**

Explanation

The number of sort rules, such as forward, backward, no-substitute or position, specified after the order_start keyword must not exceed COLL_WEIGHTS_MAX in the collation category of the locale definition file.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the extra operands are ignored.

Programmer response

Reduce the number of sort rules to the order_start keyword.

EDC4150 30 **Both '%1\$s' and '%2\$s' symbols must be characters and not collation symbols or elements.**

Explanation

When defining ranges using ellipses (...) in the collation category of the locale definition file, the endpoints of the range must be characters or symbolic names defined in the charmap file. They should not be collating-symbol operands or collating-element operands.

System action

The locale has not been created. If the BLDERR option is specified, the defined ranges will not be used.

Programmer response

Use different characters for the range endpoints.

EDC4151 10 Option %1\$s is not valid and was ignored.

Explanation

The option specified in the message is not a valid localedef utility option or a valid option has been specified with an invalid value.

System action

The specified option was ignored and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Rerun the localedef utility with the correct option.

EDC4152 10 No matching right parenthesis for %1\$s option.

Explanation

The option specified had a sub option beginning with a left parenthesis but no right parenthesis was present. The option and suboption were accepted and the locale was still produced.

System action

The option and sub option has been accepted and the locale was still produced.

Programmer response

Add the right parenthesis after the sub option.

EDC4153 10 Required symbolic name %1\$s not defined in the charmap file.

Explanation

The symbolic name specified is not defined in the charmap file and must be specified.

System action

The locale has been produced.

Programmer response

Define the missing symbol name in the charmap file.

EDC4154 30 Keyword 'copy' cannot be nested.

Explanation

A locale category specifies the copy keyword, and the locale from which the category is being copied from also includes copy keyword for the same category.

System action

The locale has not been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the default is used for the category.

Programmer response

Change the name of the existing locale to be copied to the name specified in existing locale copy keyword.

EDC4155 30 'copy' keyword category '%1\$s' not found.

Explanation

The specified category cannot be found in the locale definition file that was included using the copy keyword. The category is not copied.

System action

The category is not copied and the locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Change the name of the existing locale to be copied or add the specified category to the locale definition file.

EDC4156 30 LC_SYNTAX '%1\$s' character can only be a punctuation character.

Explanation

The specified character defined in the LC_SYNTAX category of the locale definition file, must be a punctuation character. The character was ignored.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Only use punctuation characters as LC_SYNTAX characters.

EDC4157 10 LC_SYNTAX '%1\$s' character can only have a length of 1. Ignoring additional characters.

Explanation

The specified character defined in the LC_SYNTAX category of the locale definition file contained more than one character, or specified a multibyte character. The LC_SYNTAX characters must only be single-byte characters.

System action

The locale is created ignoring additional characters.

Programmer response

Only use single-byte characters as LC_SYNTAX characters.

EDC4158 10	LC_SYNTAX '%1\$s' character could not be found in the charmap file. Assigned code page %2\$s symbol is '%3\$s'.
-------------------	--

Explanation

The LC_SYNTAX category was omitted, or the character was omitted from the LC_SYNTAX category, and the localedef utility attempted to assign the default value. The specified symbolic name was not found in the charmap file, and the character has been assigned the code point value from the IBM-1047 code page.

System action

The local is still created.

Programmer response

Specify the character in the LC_SYNTAX category that exists in charmap file, or change the charmap file to include the specified symbolic name.

EDC4159 30	Duplicate characters for '%1\$s' and '%2\$s' found in LC_SYNTAX.
-------------------	---

Explanation

The specified characters from the LC_SYNTAX category have the same code points assigned.

System action

The locale has not been build.

Programmer response

Change the characters to specify different code points for each of the LC_SYNTAX characters.

EDC4160 10	The '%1\$s' keyword is not supported and was ignored.
-------------------	--

Explanation

The specified keyword is not defined in the POSIX standard.

System action

The undefined keyword is ignored and locale has been created.

Programmer response

Remove the specified keyword.

EDC4161 10	The <mb_cur_max> keyword must be defined as 1 or 4, you have defined it as %1\$d. Value is ignored.
-------------------	--

Explanation

The <mb_cur_max> keyword can have the value of 1 for single-byte characters only, or 4 to support DBCS characters. Values of other than 1 or 4 are ignored.

System action

The value is ignored and locale has been created. If BLDERR option is specified, the value of 1 is used.

Programmer response

Specify <mb_cur_max> as either 1 or 4.

EDC4162 30	Both <shift_in> and <shift_out> must be specified or neither specified.
-------------------	--

Explanation

Either the <shift_in> keyword or the <shift_out> keyword have been specified, but not both.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Specify either both or neither <shift_in> and <shift_out>.

EDC4163 30	You have exceeded the maximum number of alternate strings for alt_digits.
-------------------	--

Explanation

Up to 100 alternate strings can be specified for the `alt_digits` keyword for the values from zero to 99.

System action

The locale has not been created. If `BLDERR` option is specified, the extra strings are ignored.

Programmer response

Remove the extra alternate strings.

EDC4164 30 The grouping string '%1\$s' is invalid.

Explanation

The string specified for the `LC_NUMERIC` grouping keyword or `LC_MONETARY` `mon_grouping` keyword is not in the correct format. The string should consist of numbers in the range -1 and 254 separated by semicolons.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Correct the grouping or `mon_grouping` string to be in the correct format.

EDC4165 10 The grouping string '%1\$s' is invalid and had been truncated to '%2\$s'.

Explanation

The string specified for the `LC_NUMERIC` grouping keyword or `LC_MONETARY` `mon_grouping` keyword is not in the correct format. The string should consist of numbers in the range -1 and 254 separated by semicolons, with no other numbers or semicolons following the -1.

System action

The characters following the -1 were ignored and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Remove the characters from the grouping or `mon_grouping` string following the -1.

EDC4166 30 The value '%1\$d' for '%2\$s' is invalid.

Explanation

The value `%1$d` specified is not a value for the specified keyword. For example, the day is not valid for the specified month, or the month is not in the range from 1 to 12.

System action

The locale has not been created. If `BLDERR` option is specified, `localdef` assign 0 to value `'%1$d'`.

Programmer response

Correct the value for the specified keyword to be within the correct range for that keyword.

EDC4167 30 '%1\$s' specified with no '%2\$s'.

Explanation

The keyword specified can only be specified if the other keyword is also specified. Either both or neither should be specified.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Either remove the first keyword specified, or add the other required keyword.

EDC4168 10 'daylight_name' must be specified if Daylight Saving Time information is to be used by the `mktime` and `localtime` functions.

Explanation

Keywords had been specified in the `LC_TOD` category, but the `'daylight_time'` keyword had not been specified. The other keywords will be ignored.

System action

The locale has been build.

Programmer response

Remove the other keywords from the `LC_TOD` category, or add the `'daylight_time'` keyword.

EDC4169 30 One-to-many mappings cannot be specified against a collating-symbol, collating-element or the `UNDEFINED` symbol.

Explanation

A one-to-many mapping has been specified in the LC_COLLATE category against a collating-symbol, collating-element or the UNDEFINED symbol. For example, all of the following would cause this error message:

```
collating-symbol  <HIGH>
collating-element <ch> from "<c><h>"
<HIGH>           "<A>"
<ch>             "<B>"
UNDEFINED        "<C>"
```

System action

The locale has not been build.

Programmer response

Remove the one-to-many mapping from the collating-symbol, collating-element or the UNDEFINED symbol.

EDC4170 40 **Write failed while writing to file %1\$s.**

Explanation

The write failed to the specified file.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Look for a basic problem, such as insufficient disk space or lack of access to the file. If you are still unable to determine the cause of the write failure, contact your system programmer.

EDC4171 30 **The process code of the first character of the collating-element was greater than the maximum process code.**

Explanation

The wchar_t value for the first character in a collating-element was greater than the largest character specified in the charmap file. This may occur if the charmap file specifies <mb_cur_max> of 4, but did not specify the DBCS characters, and the collating-element begins with a DBCS character.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Either use a charmap file that specifies <mb_cur_max> of 1, or change the collating-element to not start with a DBCS character.

EDC4172 30 **Consecutive ellipses collating elements are not allowed.**

Explanation

Consecutive ellipses cannot occur in a range specification.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Remove one of the ellipses.

EDC4173 30 **The grouping integer %1\$s is invalid.**

Explanation

The grouping integer must be >= -1 and <255.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Correct the grouping integer value.

EDC4174 10 **The grouping integer list is invalid and has been truncated after -1.**

Explanation

No grouping integers can follow -1.

System action

The grouping integers following -1 were ignored and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Correct the grouping integer list.

EDC4175 40 **Missing output locale name.**

Explanation

The name of the file in which localedef creates the locale object was not specified when localedef was invoked.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Specify the name of the file in which the locale object is to be created.

EDC4176 40 **Could not create a temporary file.**

Explanation

The temporary file for locale generation could not be created.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Ensure that there are sufficient system resources to generate the temporary file and contact your system programmer.

EDC4177 40 **You have specified different names for the same character '%1\$d'.**

Explanation

This message is produced when the option -w is specified and more than one symbolic name was assigned to the same character.

System action

The value was accepted and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

If multiple symbolic names for the same character are intended, then no action is required; otherwise, an unintended duplicate exists and should be corrected.

EDC4178 30 **Character for escape_char statement missing. Statement ignored.**

Explanation

The escape_char statement must be followed by a graphic character that is not a space.

System action

The statement has been ignored and the escape character set to default. The locale has been created.

Programmer response

Add a character after the escape_char statement.

EDC4179 30 **Character for comment_char statement missing. Statement ignored.**

Explanation

The comment_char statement must be followed by a graphic character that is not a space.

System action

The statement has been ignored and comment character set to default. The locale has been created.

Programmer response

Add a character after the comment_char statement.

EDC4200 40 **usage: localedef [-c][-w][-A][-X][-f charmap][-i locsrc][-L binder opts] [-m methfile] locname**

Explanation

Follow the usage information on how to correctly invoke localedef.

System action

The locale has not been generated.

Programmer response

Correct the invocation syntax.

EDC4201 40 **The compile was unsuccessful. Required header files localedef.h and lc_core.h may be the wrong version or may be missing.**

Explanation

The compile or link of the temporary method file was unsuccessful.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Ensure that the C compiler and the binder are correctly installed and functional.

EDC4202 40 **The methods for mbtowc, mbstowcs, wctomb, wcstombs,**

mblen, wcmwidth, wcswidth must be specified in the <methodfile>.

Explanation

The listed methods are mandatory and must be specified in the method file.

System action

The locale has not been generated.

Programmer response

Add missing methods and rebuild the locale.

EDC4203 40 Locale can not mix private method table methods and global method table methods.

Explanation

Use either private method table methods or global method table methods.

System action

The locale has not been generated.

Programmer response

Change the method file to contain only methods from the method table of the same type.

EDC4204 40 Unable to exec /bin/sh to process intermediate files.

Explanation

This is a system problem.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Contact your system programmer.

EDC4206 40 Missing end of symbol in string '%1\$s'.

Explanation

The symbol is missing end of symbol character '>'.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Correct the symbol specification and rebuild the locale.

EDC4207 30 The symbolic name '%1\$s' is not defined in the character map.

Explanation

The reported symbol name was not defined in the character map.

System action

The locale generation will continue.

Programmer response

Ensure that the proper character map is used.

EDC4208 40 Unable to load locale '%1\$s' for copy directive.

Explanation

The locale named in the copy directive of the locale source could not be loaded.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Ensure that the locale name is correct and represents a full or relative path name.

EDC4209 40 Locale name longer than PATH_MAX (%1\$d).

Explanation

The locale name that appears in a copy directive is longer than the maximum path length indicated.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Rename the locale or put it in a directory structure with a smaller depth.

EDC4210 30 '%1\$s' was not declared in a charclass statement.

Explanation

The character class listed in the message was found in the locale specification but was not declared in a charclass statement.

System action

The value was added to the character class table, and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Ensure that the character class is spelled correctly and rebuild the locale. If the character class was correctly spelled, add it to the charclass statement.

EDC4211 30	Collating symbols such as %1\$s can not have explicit weights. Specification ignored.
-------------------	--

Explanation

Collating symbols cannot be assigned explicit weights. Their weights are derived from the relative position they occupy in the locale specification.

System action

The value assigned to the collating symbol was ignored, and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Remove the weight assignment from the affected collating symbol.

EDC4212 30	Ellipsis on the right hand side may only be used with ellipsis or UNDEFINED symbols on the left hand side.
-------------------	---

Explanation

An ellipsis was used to assign a collation weight to a character but this is not allowed.

System action

The value was ignored, and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Use the correct weight assignment syntax.

EDC4213 30	Ellipsis may not be used as one of the characters in a one-to-many mapping.
-------------------	--

Explanation

Ellipsis was used in a one to many mapping but this is not allowed.

System action

The value was ignored, and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Use the correct one to many mapping syntax.

EDC4214 40	Stack overflow error.
-------------------	------------------------------

Explanation

The stack used for symbols and semantic elements was exhausted.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM representative.

EDC4215 40	Required symbol name %1\$s not defined in character map file.
-------------------	--

Explanation

The listed name was used in the locale specification but was not defined in the character map file.

System action

The locale has not been created.

Programmer response

Ensure that the correct character map file is used.

EDC4216 30	The symbol %1\$s is too long. It will be truncated to %2\$d bytes.
-------------------	---

Explanation

The symbol name is longer than the maximum name length supported.

System action

The name was truncated, and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Use a shorter symbol name.

EDC4217 30 **The symbol '%1\$s' character is undefined. This character along with any range statements it may be in will be ignored.**

Explanation

The symbolic name for a character was not defined in the character map file.

System action

The value was ignored, and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Ensure that the correct character map file is used.

EDC4218 30 **More weights were defined for character %1\$s than were specified with the order_start keyword.**

Explanation

The character listed in the message was assigned more weights than the order_start keyword indicates.

System action

The extra weights were ignored and the locale has been created.

Programmer response

Use the correct number of weights in line with what was specified in the order_start keyword.

iconv utility messages

This topic contains the iconv return codes and messages. The iconv utility returns the following return codes:

- 0**
No errors were detected and the file was successfully converted from the input codeset to the output codeset.
- 4**
The specified conversions are not supported, the given input file cannot be read, or there is a usage-syntax error.
- 8**
An unusable character was encountered in the input file.
- >8**
A severe error occurred.

The messages issued by the iconv utility have the following format:

```
EDCnnnn s text <%n$x>
```

- nnnn**
Error message number
- s**
Error severity
- 10**
Warning message
- 30**
Error message
- %n\$x**
Substitution variable
- %**
The start of the substitution variable

<i>n</i>	The number that represents the line position of the variable
<i>\$</i>	A delimiter
<i>x</i>	The kind of variable (d=decimal, c=character, s=string)

EDC4151 10 Option %1\$s is not valid and was ignored.

Explanation

The option specified in the message is not a valid `iconv` utility message, or a valid option had been specified with an invalid value.

System action

The specified option has been ignored.

Programmer response

Rerun the `iconv` utility, specifying the correct option.

EDC4152 10 No matching right parenthesis for %1\$s option.

Explanation

The option specified had a suboption beginning with a left parenthesis, but no right parenthesis was present.

System action

The option has been accepted as entered.

Programmer response

Add the right parenthesis.

EDC4180 30 FROMCODE option had not been specified.

Explanation

The `FROMCODE` option is required, but had not been specified.

System action

The file has not been converted.

Programmer response

Rerun the `iconv` utility, specifying the `FROMCODE` option.

EDC4181 30 TOCODE option has not been specified.

Explanation

The `TOCODE` option is required, but has not been specified.

System action

The file has not been converted.

Programmer response

Rerun the `iconv` utility, specifying the `TOCODE` option.

EDC4182 30 Cannot open converter from %1\$s to %2\$s.

Explanation

The `iconv` utility could not locate the conversion from %1\$s to %2\$s.

System action

The file has not been converted.

Programmer response

Check the %1\$s and %2\$s specified to ensure they are correct.

EDC4183 30 Cannot open input file.

Explanation

The `iconv` utility could not open the input file.

System action

The file has not been converted.

Programmer response

Verify that the correct file name has been specified and rerun the `iconv` utility.

EDC4184 30 Cannot open output file.

Explanation

The `iconv` utility could not open the output file.

System action

The file has not been converted.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of the error and rerun the `iconv` utility.

EDC4185 30 Invalid character found.

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in the input file and could not be converted.

System action

The file is converted up to the record in error.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid character in the input file, or specify a different FROMCODE and TOCODE.

EDC4186 30 Truncated character found.

Explanation

The end of the file has been reached, and a truncated multibyte character was detected.

System action

The last character has not been converted.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid character in the input file, or specify a different FROMCODE and TOCODE.

EDC4187 30 Unable to allocate enough memory.

Explanation

The `iconv` utility could not allocate buffers for use when converting the file.

System action

The file has not been converted.

Programmer response

Rerun the `iconv` utility with more memory.

EDC4188 30 I/O error on file *filename*.

Explanation

An input or output error was detected with the *filename*.

This message is issued if the record format of the output file was fixed and the output records did not have the same length as the output file, or if the record format of the output file was variable and the output records were longer than the maximum record length.

System action

The file is converted up to the record in error.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of the input/output error and rerun the `iconv` utility.

EDC4189 30 Unable to fetch messages file EDCIMSGE.

Explanation

The `iconv` utility could not fetch the message file EDCIMSGE.

System action

The file has not been converted.

Programmer response

Ensure that the `iconv` utility has sufficient storage to run. Under CMS, ensure that the GLOBAL LOADLIB command has been issued. Under MVS and TSO, ensure that the correct libraries are specified on the STEPLIB DD statement.

EDC4199 30 Output record size %d too small.

Explanation

The output record length of %d supplied for the `iconv` utility is too small to hold a converted input line.

System action

The file is converted up to the record in error.

Programmer response

Check the output record length to be sure that it is large enough to hold the longest input record converted.

genxlt utility messages

The messages issued by the genxlt utility have the following format:

EDCxxxx nn text <%n\$x>

- xxxx**
Error message number.
- nn**
Error severity.
- 10**
Warning message.
- 30**
Error message.
- %n\$x**
Substitution variable .
- %**
The start of the substitution variable.
- n**
The number that represents the line position of the variable.
- \$**
A delimiter
- x**
The kind of variable (d=decimal, s=string).

EDC4151 10 Option %1\$s is not valid and was ignored.

Explanation

The option specified in the message is not a valid genxlt utility message, or a valid option had been specified with an invalid value.

System action

The specified option is ignored.

Programmer response

Rerun the genxlt utility, specifying the correct option.

EDC4190 30 Unable to open data file.

Explanation

The genxlt utility could not open the input file.

System action

The conversion table has not been built.

Programmer response

Check that the correct file name has been specified and rerun the genxlt utility.

EDC4191 30 Unable to open target file.

Explanation

The genxlt utility could not open the output file.

System action

The conversion table has not been built.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of the error, and rerun the genxlt utility.

EDC4192 30 There was no assignment for index %1\$d.

Explanation

The character %1\$d had not been assigned a character to which it must be converted.

System action

The conversion table has not been built.

Programmer response

Update the input file to specify a conversion value for the character specified.

EDC4193 30 Unable to write for target file.

Explanation

An output error was detected with the output file.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of the output error and rerun the genx1t utility.

EDC4194 30 Invalid format at line %1\$d.

Explanation

The line %1\$d is not valid. The conversion table has not been built.

System action

The conversion table has not been built.

Programmer response

Correct the line in error and rerun the genx1t utility.

**EDC4195 30 Unable to fetch messages file
EDCGMSGF.**

Explanation

The genx1t utility could not fetch the message file EDCGMSGF.

System action

The file has not been converted.

Programmer response

Ensure that the genx1t utility has sufficient storage to run. Under CMS, ensure that the GLOBAL LOADLIB command has been issued. Under MVS and TSO, ensure that the correct libraries are specified on the STEPLIB DD statement.

Chapter 4. XL C/C++ runtime messages

The following runtime messages pertain to C/C++ that have an EDC prefix. For information on the messages from the C/C++ legacy class libraries, which have a prefix of CLB, refer to [z/OS XL C/C++ Messages](#). Each message is followed by an explanation describing the condition that caused the message, a programmer response suggesting how you might prevent the message from occurring again, and a system action indicating how the system responds to the condition that caused the message.

The messages contain a symbolic feedback code, which represents the first 8 bytes of a 12-byte condition token. You can think of the symbolic feedback code as the nickname for a condition. As such, the symbolic feedback code can be used in user-written condition handlers to screen for a given condition, even if it occurs at different locations in an application. The messages in this topic also contain alphabetic suffixes that have the following meaning:

- I** Informational message
- W** Warning message
- E** Error message
- S** Severe error message
- C** Critical error message

EDC5000I **No error occurred.**

Explanation

The value of errno is zero.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4S8

EDC5001I **A domain error occurred.**

Explanation

An input argument to one of the math functions was outside the domain over which the mathematical function is defined.

System action

The math function fails.

Programmer response

Refer to [z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference](#) for the math functions that produced this error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4S9

EDC5002I **A range error occurred.**

Explanation

The result of the math function could not be represented as a double value, or a buffer provided by the user was not large enough to contain a function's output.

System action

The function fails or returns partial results.

Programmer response

Refer to [z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference](#) for the function that produced this error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SA

EDC5003I	Truncation of a record occurred during an I/O operation.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Truncation occurred because: 1) the specified record length on the write operation was larger than the record buffer size; 2) an attempt to extend the record buffer for a CMS variable length file failed which caused record truncation; or 3) the record read in was larger than the record buffer size.

System action

The return value depends on the operation attempted. In all cases, the buffer will be read or written up to the point where truncation occurred.

Programmer response

For a text stream, place the newline character earlier in the record to shorten the record size. For a file opened for record I/O, specify a smaller number of bytes for `fread()`, `fwrite()`, or `fupdate()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SB

EDC5004I	The size of the specified record was too small.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The record length was too small because the specified record size for an `fwrite()` or `fupdate()` function was smaller than the minimum record length allowed for the file.

System action

In all cases, the write or update operation fails.

Programmer response

Increase the size or count parameter on the `fwrite()` or `fupdate()` function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SC

EDC5005I	A write operation may not immediately follow a read operation.
-----------------	---

Explanation

If the last operation on a non-VSAM file opened for record I/O was a read, a write operation may not directly follow.

System action

The write operation fails.

Programmer response

Invoke `fflush()`, `rewind()`, `fseek()`, or `fsetpos()` between the read and write operations on the file stream.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SD

EDC5006I	A read operation may not immediately follow a write operation.
-----------------	---

Explanation

If the last operation on a file was a write, a read operation may not directly follow.

System action

The read operation fails.

Programmer response

Invoke `fflush()`, `rewind()`, `fseek()`, or `fsetpos()` between the write and read operations on the file stream.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SE

EDC5007I	The I/O buffer could not be allocated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Memory was not available for the allocation of various buffers when invoking any of the I/O functions.

System action

The I/O function returns NULL or EOF.

Programmer response

Run the program in a larger region.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SF

EDC5008I	The LRECL or BLKSIZE exceeded the maximum allowable value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

On CMS, the resultant CMS LRECL was greater than 65535. On MVS, the specified LRECL or BLKSIZE was greater than 32760.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function returns NULL.

Programmer response

Change the open attributes specified to be within the valid limits.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SG

EDC5009I	An I/O operation was attempted using an invalid FILE pointer.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The FILE pointer that was input to the I/O function was not an active FILE pointer created by `fopen()/freopen()`.

System action

The specified I/O operation fails.

Programmer response

Ensure that the FILE pointer was created by `fopen()/freopen()`, and that no I/O operation is attempted after `fclose()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SH

EDC5010I	A read operation was attempted on a file that was not opened for reading.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When a read operation (for example, `fgetc()`, `fread()`) is invoked, the file specified must be opened in a mode that supports reading.

System action

The read operation fails.

Programmer response

Open the file with a mode that supports reading. The following modes do NOT support reading: 'w', 'wb', 'a', or 'ab'.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SI

EDC5011I	The number of <code>ungetc()</code> push-back characters has exceeded the maximum allowed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An `ungetc()` was attempted but could not be honored because there were already pushed-back characters waiting to be read, and the number of pushed-back characters already equaled the maximum allowed.

System action

The `ungetc()` function returns EOF.

Programmer response

Either read a pushed-back character, or reposition the file before attempting to push back another character.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SJ

EDC5012I	File positioning is not allowed for this data set.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to either acquire the file position or reposition the file using an I/O function that is not supported by the file.

System action

The function fails.

Programmer response

For non-VSAM files, do not open the file with the NOSEEK option. For VSAM PATH data sets, position the FILE pointer to the beginning of the data set, or do not issue the `ftell()` or `fseek()` functions. If the data set resides on a device that does not support

repositioning, either move the data set or do not use the positioning functions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SK

EDC5013I	No hiperspace blocks are available for expansion.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A hiperspace has been filled to its maximum allowed size. An attempt has been made to add more data to the hiperspace.

System action

The write operation fails.

Programmer response

Check with your system programmer to see if there is currently a shortage of resources for hiperspaces.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SL

EDC5014I	An attempt was made to acquire a position that is before the start of the file.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The `ftell()` and `fgetpos()` functions cannot return a file position when characters are pushed back using `ungetc()` at the start of the file. This is because the resultant position ends up being before the start of the file, and this is not a valid position.

System action

Function `ftell()` or `fgetpos()` fails.

Programmer response

Do not call `ftell()` or `fgetpos()` if you push back characters before the start of the file, unless you either read them or discard them using a reposition first.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SM

EDC5015I	The file position value was beyond the limits that <code>ftell()</code> can represent in a long integer value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The current position lies outside the bounds that can be represented by the `ftell()` encoding scheme. For fixed format binary streams, this is a file position beyond relative byte number 2147483647. For other files, the limit is based on the relative block or record number. For CMS files with LRECL between 32KB and 64KB, this limit is 65536 records. For all other files, the maximum depends on the block size. Smaller block sizes allow more records to be encoded. The maximum is at least 131072 records.

System action

The `ftell()` function fails (return -1 (EOF)).

Programmer response

The `fgetpos()` function can be used to report file positions that `ftell()` cannot. The `fsetpos()` function must then be used to perform the repositioning at a later time.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SN

EDC5016I	Byte I/O was attempted on a file that was opened for record I/O.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the byte I/O functions was invoked with a file that was opened using 'type=record'.

System action

The requested function fails.

Programmer response

Only the `fread()`, `fwrite()`, and `fupdate()` functions may be used to read, write, or update a file opened for record I/O.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SO

EDC5017I	A write operation was attempted on a file that was not opened for writing.
-----------------	---

Explanation

When a write operation (for example, `fputc()`, `fwrite()`) is invoked, the file specified must have been opened for writing.

System action

The write operation fails.

Programmer response

Open the file with a mode that supports writing. The following modes do not support writing: 'r', 'rb'.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SP

EDC5018I	An ungetc() function call cannot immediately follow a write operation.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A reposition function or flush must occur between a write operation and `ungetc()`.

System action

The `ungetc()` function returns EOF.

Programmer response

Invoke either `fflush()`, `rewind()`, `fseek()`, or `fsetpos()` before calling `ungetc()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SQ

EDC5019I	An unrecoverable error has permanently marked the file in error.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A previous I/O operation has failed such that the current file pointer is no longer valid. Only the `fclose()` and `freopen()` functions are permitted.

System action

The operation fails.

Programmer response

Check the return codes of previous I/O operations, or set up a SIGIOERR handler to determine the source of the error. When you have determined which C function has generated the error, issue `perror()` to get the original error message.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SR

EDC5020I	An attempt to allocate memory in the Language Environment has failed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The attempt of Language Environment attempt to obtain memory in order to satisfy the current library request has failed.

System action

The requested function fails.

Programmer response

Run the program in a larger region, or use the HEAP(„FREE) run-time option instead of the HEAP(„KEEP) option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SS

EDC5021I	The file attributes for open create an invalid combination.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid combination was caused by merging the characteristics specified on the `fopen()/freopen()` call, the `ddname` declaration, or the existing file attributes.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function returns NULL.

Programmer response

Adjust the LRECL and BLKSIZE parameters on the `fopen()/freopen()` call, or adjust the attributes specified with the `ddname` so a valid combination will be created. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for details on attribute merging and valid combinations.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4ST

EDC5022I	An error occurred while generating a temporary name.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `tmpnam()` function was called to generate a temporary file name. However, a name, which did not already exist, could not be generated within the maximum number of attempts.

System action

The `tmpnam()` function fails and returns NULL.

Programmer response

Verify that the `time()` and `clock()` functions are working correctly on your system. If so, try erasing all unused files that were created by the `tmpnam()` function, and retry the function. Contact your IBM Support Center if error still occurs.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SU

EDC5023I	An attempt to back up position has failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One or more `ungetc()` calls are outstanding when an `fgetpos()` or `ftell()` is called such that the file position is really in the previous physical block. An attempt by the Language Environment to back up the file to acquire the position has failed.

System action

The `ftell()/fgetpos()` function fails.

Programmer response

Check the `__amrc` structure for more information. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for more information on the `__amrc` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4SV

EDC5024I	An attempt was made to close a file that had been opened on another thread.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A file that was opened on one thread was closed on another.

System action

The close operation fails.

Programmer response

All files must be closed on the same thread on which they were opened.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4T0

EDC5025I	An I/O function was invoked when a read was pending for a file that had been intercepted.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A file that was intercepted under the debugging tool was expecting input when an I/O function for that file was invoked from the debugging session.

System action

The I/O function fails.

Programmer response

Do not recursively invoke library I/O functions when a read is pending. Supply the expected data and then invoke the I/O function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4T1

EDC5026I	An error occurred when expanding hiperspace.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred trying to expand a hiperspace to more than its current size, but less than equal to its maximum allowable size.

System action

The write operation fails.

Programmer response

Check the `__amrc` structure for the return code from HSPSERV. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for more information on the `__amrc` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4T2

EDC5027I **The position specified to fseek() was invalid.**

Explanation

One of the following occurred: 1) a whence value other than SEEK_SET, SEEK_CUR, or SEEK_END was specified; 2) the specified position was before the start of the stream; or 3) the specified position was beyond the end of the stream and the stream was not a binary file.

System action

The `fseek()` function fails.

Programmer response

Correct the offset/whence parameters on the `fseek()` function to be a valid position, or open the file in binary mode if the user wants file positions beyond EOF to result in null extension to the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4T3

EDC5028I **A previous I/O error has marked the stream invalid for further I/O processing.**

Explanation

A serious error has occurred in a previous I/O operation such that further I/O cannot be continued. The routine that caused the original error had set `errno` previously, but it will have changed because of this `errno` value. The `clearerr()` function will not clear this type of error.

System action

The current I/O operation fails.

Programmer response

Check the return code values of previous I/O operations to detect which operation originated the system I/O failure and get the `errno` value. Use this list to find a prescribed action, or attempt a `rewind()` or `fsetpos()` to clear the internal error marker and reestablish the file position.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4T4

EDC5029I **An unrecognized signal value was passed to the signal() or raise() function.**

Explanation

The signal value passed into the `signal()` or `raise()` function was not one of the valid signals as defined in `signal.h`.

System action

The `signal()` or `raise()` function returns `SIG_ERR`.

Programmer response

Pass either `SIGIOERR`, `SIGFPE`, `SIGSEGV`, `SIGILL`, `SIGABRT`, `SIGTERM`, `SIGINT`, `SIGTERM`, `SIGUSR1`, `SIGUSR2`, or `SIGABND` to the `signal()` or `raise()` function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4T5

EDC5030I **An invalid argument was passed.**

Explanation

The `setenv()` function has been called with a '=' sign in the environment variable name. This is an invalid argument.

System action

The `setenv()` function fails.

Programmer response

Remove the '=' sign from the environment variable name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4T6

EDC5031I **An attempt was made to close a stream not belonging to the current main program.**

Explanation

The user has passed a file pointer across a system call boundary and has attempted to close or reopen the file in the child program.

System action

The `fclose()/freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

The program is invalid and must be changed. The suggested change is to close the file in the parent program before the `system()` call. The file can then be reopened in the child program, if required. Upon returning to the parent program, the file can again be reopened.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4T7

EDC5032I	An error was detected in the input string passed to the <code>system()</code> function.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When the `system()` function was invoked and 'PGM=' was specified for an MVS-style parameter list, either the 'PARM=' string was not specified or invalid characters were found on the 'PARM=' string.

System action

The `system()` function fails.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter string passed to the `system()` function, or use a VM-style parameter list.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4T8

EDC5033I	An attempt was made to extend a non-extendable file.
-----------------	---

Explanation

While updating a partitioned data set member or a concatenated dataset, an attempt was made to extend the file.

System action

The I/O write operation fails.

Programmer response

If extension is required to a member, open the old member in read mode and copy the contents to a new member that is opened for write. Because the new member is opened in write mode, it can be extended. Close both the old and new members, and then delete the old member with the `remove()` function. Rename the new member using the `rename()` function so that

it appears to be the old member, now extended. You cannot extend the concatenation for a concatenated data set.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4T9

EDC5034I	An unsupported buffering mode was specified for the <code>setvbuf()</code> function.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The buffer type specified as a parameter for the `setvbuf()` function was unsupported, or a buffer mode other than line buffered (`_IOLBF`) was specified for a terminal device type.

System action

The `setvbuf()` function fails.

Programmer response

Specify one of the following supported buffer types: `_IOFBF` (full buffering) or `_IOLBF` (line buffering).

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TA

EDC5035I	An attempt was made to change the buffering mode after an operation on a file.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A call was made to the `setvbuf()` function after the file had been read or written.

System action

The `setvbuf()` function returns EOF.

Programmer response

Use the `setvbuf()` function to set the buffering mode before any read or write I/O operations are done.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TB

EDC5036I	The specification of a member is invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

On a `remove()` or `rename()` function call, a member has been specified for a file that does not have members, or a member has been specified for one name of a `rename()` function call, but not for the second name.

System action

The `remove()/rename()` function fails.

Programmer response

If the file does not have members, remove the member specification. If this is a `rename()` call and only one name specifies a member, either remove the member specification or add a member specification to the second name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TC

EDC5037I	The specified ddname was not found.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A ddname was specified for a file name parameter, but the ddname was not defined. The functions that support ddnames as file names are `fopen()`, `freopen()`, and `remove()`.

System action

The function fails.

Programmer response

See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for details on how to define a ddname in the environments supported. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the math functions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TD

EDC5038I	An error occurred when the system flushed terminal output before retrieving terminal input.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When a terminal read cannot get any data from the buffer and must perform a system terminal read, all terminal output data not yet flushed to the system

must be output. While writing the unflushed terminal output data, an error occurred.

System action

The terminal input operation fails.

Programmer response

Change the code so all terminal output is completed and flushed to the terminal before the terminal input operation. Check all return codes to find out if any output operation gets an error; then check the `errno` value for further information regarding any errors encountered.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TE

EDC5039I	A writable CMS minidisk could not be found to hold the output file specified.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt has been made to open a CMS minidisk file for 'write' or 'append', but there is no CMS minidisk accessed 'r/w' to write the output file.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Access a CMS minidisk in 'r/w' mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TF

EDC5040I	An attempt was made to open a flat file as a PDS.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When a memory file is created without members, its name cannot be used with a member specified.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Either specify a memory file that already has members, or remove the flat memory file before

specifying the open with the member specified and open the file for 'write'.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TG

EDC5041I	An error was detected at the system level when opening a file.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A system level error was detected.

System action

The `fopen()`/`freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Look in the `__amrc` structure for further details regarding the error. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for more information on the `__amrc` structure. Or check the MVS job log for an error message.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TH

EDC5042I	A special internally-generated memory file name was specified for opening, but a memory file with this name does not exist.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A name was specified of the form: '((x))', where 'x' is a decimal number, but the name did not match an existing memory file. A name of this format may not be used to create a memory file. The name is generated internally by C/MVS when a user opens a memory file with a name of '*' for output. C/MVS generates the name so that the user can acquire it using the `fldata()` function and then can read, update, append, or remove the memory file.

System action

The `fopen()`/`freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

If using memory files created with a name of '*', issue `fldata()` to acquire the correct name. If the name was properly acquired using `fldata()`, make sure it has not been closed and removed before opening the generated name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TI

EDC5043I	An attempt was made to open a non-memory file as a memory file.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An open for read has specified 'type=memory', but the file is not a memory file.

System action

The `fopen()`/`freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Remove the 'type=memory' specification on the `fopen()`/`freopen()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TJ

EDC5044I	An error occurred when attempting to erase a CMS file.
-----------------	---

Explanation

When the `remove()` function was invoked, either the CMS file was not found to be erased, or an error occurred when the system attempted to erase the file.

System action

The `remove()` function fails.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file name specified to the `remove()` function exists and is on a disk accessed for write.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TK

EDC5045I	The operation attempted could not be performed because the file was open.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to remove or rename a file that was still open, or an attempt was made to open a file for output or append that was already open.

System action

The `remove()`, `rename()`, `fopen()`, or `freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

The `remove()` function can only be invoked with files that have been closed. The `fopen()` function cannot open a memory or disk file for write/update/append if the file is already opened. A memory file opened with a member specified will prevent the name from being used without a member, and vice-versa. For example, it is not possible to have memory files: 'a.b' and 'a.b(c)' opened at the same time. In either case, the original open file must be closed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TL

EDC5046I	The file could not be deleted.
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

The `remove()` function could not remove the file specified on MVS.

System action

The `remove()` function fails.

Programmer response

Verify that the file name specified to the `remove()` function is erasable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TM

EDC5047I	An invalid file name was specified as a function parameter.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The name specified to the `remove()`, `rename()`, `fopen()`, or `freopen()` functions was invalid. The name is either not valid for the system (MVS, CMS), is not a valid memory file name, or is a '*' or GDG data set name specified to the `rename()` function.

System action

The invoked function fails.

Programmer response

Specify a valid file name according to the system, or to the memory file name rules to the `remove()`, `rename()`, `fopen()`, and `freopen()` functions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TN

EDC5048I	A Language Environment internal routine has failed unexpectedly.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An internal call to a Language Environment internal routine has failed, but the failure is not anticipated, and recovery is not possible.

System action

Current library function using an internal routine fails.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM Support Center.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TO

EDC5049I	The specified file name could not be located.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When the `rename()` function was invoked, the old file name could not be found or the new file name could not be allocated or, when the `fopen()/freopen()` function was invoked, the specified file name opened for read could not be found.

System action

The `fopen()`, `freopen()`, or `rename()` function fails.

Programmer response

Verify that the specified file exists.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TP

EDC5051I	An error occurred when renaming a file.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A rename error has occurred.

System action

The `rename()` function fails.

Programmer response

For disk files, ensure that the old file name exists. For memory files, ensure that different names are specified to the `rename()` function and that PDS-style naming conventions are used consistently for old and new names. For MVS, check the `__amrc` for further details.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TR

EDC5052S	The application is running with AMODE=24 while the run-time library was installed above the line.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The application which is accessing the run-time library is running with AMODE=24. But the run-time library was installed above the 16MB line, which the application cannot address.

System action

Application is terminated with 3000 abend.

Programmer response

Ensure the AMODE of the application matches that of the run-time library. Language Environment no longer supports C applications in AMODE=24. Relink the application to have AMODE=31.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TS

EDC5053S	The Language Environment run-time library load module EDCZ24 could not be loaded.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error has occurred when Language Environment tried to load the run-time library load module EDCZ24.

System action

The program ends and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. A return code of 3000 is returned.

Programmer response

Check the data sets in the go steplib for the job to ensure that EDCZ24 is available. (For example, check SCEERUN.)

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TT

EDC5054I	An attempt to override the disposition was ignored. The file may still be removed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `remove()` function attempted to delete the data set by using a disposition of DELETE. The data set would not allow an override of the disposition.

System action

The `remove()` function fails, but the data set may have been removed if the original allocation specified DELETE as the normal disposition.

Programmer response

Change the disposition on the original allocation, or remove the data set outside of your C program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TU

EDC5055I	An error occurred trying to remove the file before its expiration date.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When the `remove()` function attempted to erase the file, an error was returned indicating that the expiration date had not yet occurred.

System action

The `remove()` function fails.

Programmer response

Change the expiration date of the data set.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4TV

EDC5057I The open mode string was invalid.

Explanation

The mode string passed to the `fopen()`/`freopen()` function was found to have invalid keywords, combinations, or characters. For example, if you are opening a ddname, be sure the `DISP=` specified on the DD statement is compatible with the open mode you specified.

System action

The `fopen()`/`freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Correct the mode string and reissue the `fopen()`/`freopen()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4U1

EDC5059I An attempt to reposition a VSAM file failed.

Explanation

When the `flocate()` function was invoked, the reposition was not successful, or `rewind()` could not position to the beginning of the file.

System action

The `flocate()` function fails. The `rewind()` function does not reposition to the start of the data set.

Programmer response

For `flocate()`, verify that the attributes of the VSAM file match the type of repositioning being attempted. For a `rewind()` error, check the `__amrc` structure. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for more information on the `__amrc` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4U3

EDC5060I An invalid file position was passed to the `fsetpos()` function.

Explanation

When `fsetpos()` was invoked, the `fpos_t` structure passed did not represent a valid position in the current file.

System action

The `fsetpos()` function fails.

Programmer response

Verify that the `fpos_t` structure set by `fgetpos()` is a valid file position before calling `fsetpos()`. Also verify that the file has not changed between the time of the `fgetpos()` and `fsetpos()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4U4

EDC5061I An error occurred when attempting to define a file to the system.

Explanation

The `fopen()`/`freopen()` function or the `remove()` function could not successfully allocate or FILEDEF the specified file.

System action

The `fopen()`, `freopen()`, or `remove()` function fails.

Programmer response

Check the `__amrc` structure for more information. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for more information on the `__amrc` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4U5

EDC5063I An error was detected in an internal control block.

Explanation

One of the internal I/O control blocks was corrupted and is causing unexpected behavior.

System action

The I/O operation fails and the stream is marked as invalid for further I/O.

Programmer response

Ensure that the application program is not overwriting storage. If the error cannot be located, contact the IBM Support Center.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4U7

EDC5065I	A write system error was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A system level write error has occurred.

System action

The write operation fails.

Programmer response

Check the `__amrc` structure for more information. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for more information on the `__amrc` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4U9

EDC5066I	A read system error was detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A system level read error has occurred.

System action

The read operation fails.

Programmer response

Check the `__amrc` structure for more information. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for more information on the `__amrc` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UA

EDC5067I	An attempt was made to open a nonexistent file for read.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `fopen()/freopen()` function was invoked for read, but the file specified did not exist, or the data set name '*' was attempted to be opened for read in MVS batch.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file to be opened for read exists, or that the interactive terminal is not being opened for read in MVS batch.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UB

EDC5072I	An attempt was made to open a KSDS or Path VSAM data set without specifying record I/O.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Key Sequenced VSAM data sets and Path VSAM data sets may not be opened as streams for writing. Only Entry Sequenced VSAM data sets and Relative Record VSAM data sets may be opened this way.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function returns NULL.

Programmer response

Change the type string parameter on the `fopen()` function to include 'type=record'.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UG

EDC5073I	The maximum number of attempts to obtain temporary names was exceeded.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `tmpnam()` function was invoked more than the maximum number of times allowed.

System action

The `tmpnam()` function returns NULL and does not generate any more unique names.

Programmer response

The programmer should alter the application to minimize the number of calls to `tmpnam()`. The system can only ensure that TMP_MAX calls will work.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UH

EDC5074I	The open parameters were missing the 'type=record' specifier.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The open type keyword parameter 'acc=' is not valid unless 'type=record' is also specified.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function returns NULL.

Programmer response

Specify 'type=record' on the `fopen()/freopen()` statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UI

EDC5076I	An <code>fread()</code> was not performed before calling the <code>fdelrec()</code> or <code>fupdate()</code> functions.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `fdelrec()` and `fupdate()` functions may not be invoked without first calling the `fread()` function.

System action

The `fdelrec()` and `fupdate()` functions fail.

Programmer response

Invoke the `fread()` function directly before these functions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UK

EDC5077I	An error occurred trying to erase a VSAM record.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `fdelrec()` function could not successfully erase the last record read from the specified VSAM file.

System action

The `fdelrec()` function fails.

Programmer response

Examine the values of `__amrc__code__feedback__rc` and `__amrc__code__feedback__fdbk` immediately after receiving this errno. Look up the `__rc` and `__fdbk` values in a VSAM Macro Reference manual, such as *MVS/ESA VSAM Administration: Macro Instruction Reference*. `__rc` corresponds to the register 15 value, `__fdbk` corresponds to the Reason Code. See [z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide](#) for more information on the `__amrc` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UL

EDC5078I	The requested operation is valid only for VSAM data sets.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The `fdelrec()`, `flocate()` and `fupdate()` functions may only be invoked with VSAM data sets.

System action

The `fdelrec()`, `flocate()` and `fupdate()` functions fail.

Programmer response

Use the `fseek()/ftell()` or `fgetpos()/fsetpos()` functions for positioning within a non-VSAM file. To update, use `fread()/fwrite()` or the byte I/O functions instead of `fupdate()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UM

EDC5079I	The file was not opened with a 'type=record' specification.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The `fdelrec()` and `fupdate()` functions are not valid for VSAM data sets opened as streams.

System action

The `fdelrec()` and `fupdate()` functions failed.

Programmer response

Change the `fopen()` type parameter string to include 'type=record'.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UN

EDC5080I	An invalid option was passed to the <code>flocate()</code> function.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the supplied parameters, options or key to the `flocate()` function contained an invalid value.

System action

The `flocate()` function fails.

Programmer response

Use one of the following as the options parameter: `__KEY_FIRST`, `__KEY_LAST`, `__KEY_EQ`, `__KEY_EQ_BWD`, `__KEY_GE`, `__RBA_EQ` or `__RBA_EQ_BWD`, as defined in `stdio.h`.

If using either `__RBA_EQ` or `__RBA_EQ_BWD`, ensure that the key parameter is a multiple of the `LRECL`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UO

EDC5083I	An error occurred attempting to load a module into storage.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The library has attempted to dynamically load a module and a failure resulted. This is usually as a result of a `system()` call.

System action

The called library function fails.

Programmer response

Verify that the specified program/command has been made accessible for loading. You may also need to adjust your region size. For MVS batch, check the job log for messages which will help to pinpoint the name of the module.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UR

EDC5084I	The program was not run because of redirection errors on the command line.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was detected when the input string to `main()` was being parsed. One of the following may have occurred: 1) the file name specified with the redirection symbols could not be opened (for read, write, or append); 2) the file name specified with the write redirection symbol was already opened; or 3) the same redirection symbol was specified more than once in the command string.

System action

This `errno` is used internally to generate the redirection error message. The program is terminated or the `system()` call returns the failure and does not invoke the second program.

Programmer response

Correct the input string passed to `main` and if the `system()` call is being used to invoke another C `main()` program, the files that are still open in the first program will be considered open when the redirection statements are being verified.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4US

EDC5086I	An unsupported open mode was specified for a PDS member.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `fopen()/freopen()` function was incorrectly invoked specifying write-update, append, or append-update for a PDS member.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Open a PDS member with open modes: read, read-update, or write.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UU

EDC5087I	The specified file characteristics did not match those of the existing file.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `fopen()/freopen()` was attempting to perform an open that used an existing data set, but found that the specified attributes did not match the existing file attributes; specifically, LRECL, BLKSIZE, or record format.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Verify that the attributes of the physical file are as expected by the application program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4UV

EDC5088I	An invalid open mode was specified for the current device.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The following open modes and device types are invalid combinations: 1) opening the interactive terminal for update; 2) reading a display or printer; 2) writing to a character reader; 3) updating a magnetic tape device; 4) opening SYSIN or SYSOUT for 'append' or 'update'; 5) opening SYSIN for anything except 'read'; or 6) opening SYSOUT 'read'.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Correct the open mode on the `fopen()/freopen()` call and/or verify that the current device type is what is expected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4V0

EDC5089I	Open mode is invalid for a SYSIN or SYSOUT data set.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following was attempted: 1) opening a JCL instream data set for 'update', 'write', or 'append'; 2) opening a SYSOUT data set for 'read' or 'update'.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Correct the open mode on the `fopen()/freopen()` call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4V1

EDC5091I	The requested function could not be performed because a system utility failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A system level utility used by the library unexpectedly returned a failure code.

System action

The requested function fails.

Programmer response

Check the `__amrc` structure and [z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide](#) for further details.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4V3

EDC5092I	An I/O abend was trapped.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Explanation

An I/O abend has occurred during an I/O operation (open, read, write, position, or close) and has been trapped. Recovery was attempted.

System action

The I/O operation fails. The stream is marked in error and all further I/O operations on this stream fail.

Programmer response

Check the `__amrc` structure defined in [z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide](#) for an explanation of the fields.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4V4

EDC5093I	An unsupported I/O operation has been attempted.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The following unsupported I/O operation has been attempted by the application program:

- An attempt was made to open a large format sequential data set for read with repositioning (seek), while the data set was already opened for write without repositioning (noseek). This action is prevented because the writer can extend the data set beyond the point where the reader is allowed to read (65535 tracks). A possible solution is to open for read without repositioning (noseek).

System action

The function call fails.

Programmer response

Change the application program to avoid using the unsupported I/O operation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4V5

EDC5094I	An attempt was made to push back the EOF character using <code>ungetc()</code>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The `ungetc()` function may not be invoked with the EOF character.

System action

The `ungetc()` function fails.

Programmer response

Do not call `ungetc()` with EOF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4V6

EDC5095I	The requested CMS minidisk was not accessed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `fopen()/freopen()` function could not open the CMS file specified because the specified minidisk was not accessed.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Access the correct disk when attempting to open a file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4V7

EDC5098I	An invalid RECFM was specified when opening a PDS member.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The resultant record format for the open function is invalid. Under CMS, record formats containing ASA characters or machine characters are invalid for PDS members, as well as files with the spanned attribute. Under MVS, spanned record formats are not valid.

System action

The `fopen()/freopen()` function fails.

Programmer response

Issue the `fopen()/freopen()` function with valid attributes, or verify the attributes specified when the ddname is defined.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VA

EDC5099I	The function specified is not supported under CICS.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The function specified is not supported under CICS.

System action

The specified function fails.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for more information on running with C/MVS under CICS.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VB

EDC5100I	An attempt was made to perform disk file I/O under CICS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `fopen()`, `freopen()`, `rename()` and `remove()` functions only support memory files. The standard

streams must be memory files or use the specified queues.

System action

The `fopen()`, `freopen()`, `rename()`, and `remove()` functions fail, and all writes to `stdout`/`stderr` fail.

Programmer response

Only invoke `fopen()`, `freopen()`, `rename()` or `remove()` with memory files when running under CICS.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VC

EDC5101I	The transient data queue was not enabled for the standard streams.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to write to `stdout` or `stderr`, when running under CICS, when the requested transient data queue was not enabled.

System action

The write I/O operation fails.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DFHDCT macro has been assembled and defined correctly in the start-up CICS JCL. The systems programmer will know the name, type of queue, and associated ddnames at your installation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VD

EDC5102I	The transient data queue was not opened for the standard streams.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When the first I/O operation was requested for `stdout` or `stderr` when running under CICS, the Transient Data Queue inquiry indicated that the requested TD queue was not opened.

System action

The write I/O operation fails.

Programmer response

Verify that the start-up CICS JCL opened the specified TD queues correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VE

EDC5103I	An attempt was made to map remote queues to the standard streams under CICS.
-----------------	---

Explanation

When the first I/O operation was requested for `stdout` or `stderr` when running under CICS, the Transient Data Queue inquiry indicated that the requested queue was a REMOTE queue.

System action

The write I/O operation fails.

Programmer response

Correct the start-up JCL to specify (using the DFHDCT macro) the standard stream queues to be EXTRAPARTITION, INTRAPARTITION, or INDIRECT.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VF

EDC5106I	An error occurred creating a hiperspace memory file.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error has occurred while trying to create a hiperspace for a 'type=memory(hiperspace)' file. The error may result from a shortage of resources.

System action

The `fopen()`/`freopen()` or other I/O operation fails.

Programmer response

Check with your system programmer if hiperspace facilities are available at your installation, and if available, if there is currently a shortage of resources for hiperspaces.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VI

EDC5107I	An error occurred writing to a hiperspace memory file.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred when writing to a hiperspace memory file. The return code from the HSPSERV macro was greater than 4.

System action

The write I/O operation fails.

Programmer response

Check the `__amrc` structure for the return code from HSPSERV. Refer to *z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP* for more information regarding the return code. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for more information on the `__amrc` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VJ

EDC5108I	An error occurred reading from a hiperspace memory file.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred when reading from a hiperspace memory file. The return code from the HSPSERV macro was greater than 4.

System action

The read I/O operation fails.

Programmer response

Check the `__amrc` structure for the return code from HSPSERV. Refer to *z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP* for more information regarding the return code. See *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for more information on the `__amrc` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VK

EDC5111I	Permission denied.
-----------------	---------------------------

Explanation

An attempt was made to access a file in a way that violates its file access permissions. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 `EACCES` errno.

System action

The access request is denied. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

The specific reason for the access denial depends on the function being attempted. Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VN

EDC5112I	Resource temporarily unavailable.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A (temporary) condition has occurred which makes the resource unavailable. Later calls may complete normally. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 `EAGAIN` errno.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

The reason for the resource being unavailable depends on the function being attempted. Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VO

EDC5113I	Bad file descriptor.
-----------------	-----------------------------

Explanation

The file descriptor used referred to a file which was not open or was out of range, or a read request was made to a file that was only open for writing, or a write request was made to a file that was open only for reading. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 `EBADF` errno.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VP

EDC5114I Resource busy.

Explanation

An attempt was made to use a system resource that was not available because it was being used by another process or thread in a manner that would have conflicted with the request being made by this process/thread. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EBUSY errno.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VQ

EDC5115I No child processes.

Explanation

A `wait()` or `waitpid()` function was executed by a process that had no existing or unwaited-for child processes. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ECHILD errno.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Ensure that a child process exists.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VR

EDC5116I Resource deadlock avoided.

Explanation

An attempt was made to lock a system resource that would have resulted in a deadlock situation. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EDEADLK errno.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Programming Guide* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VS

EDC5117I File exists.

Explanation

An inappropriate action was requested for an existing file. For instance, a `mkdir()` is attempted for a file that already exists. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EEXIST errno.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VT

EDC5118I Incorrect address.

Explanation

The system detected an invalid address when using an argument of a call. Note that not all functions detect this error. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EFAULT errno.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure. This failure is usually caused by an invalid argument address.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VU

EDC5119I **File too large.**

Explanation

The size of a file would exceed the maximum allowed. The maximum file size allowed for z/OS UNIX file system files is 2 gigabytes. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EFBIG errno.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Ensure that enough space is available in the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC4VV

EDC5120I **Interrupted function call.**

Explanation

An asynchronous signal was caught by the (POSIX) process during the execution of an interruptible function, and the signal handler (or default action) resulted in a normal return. This resulted in the interrupted function returning this error condition. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EINTR errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for possible side effects from the function being interrupted.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC500

EDC5121I **Invalid argument.**

Explanation

An argument supplied was invalid. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EINVAL errno.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC501

EDC5122I **Input/output error.**

Explanation

An input or output error occurred. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EIO errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC502

EDC5123I **Is a directory.**

Explanation

The program attempted to write to a file descriptor that is a directory. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EISDIR errno.

System action

The request has failed. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file being written to is not a directory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC503

EDC5124I **Too many open files.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to open more than the maximum number of file descriptors allowed for this (POSIX) process. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EMFILE errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

The maximum number of files allowed per (POSIX) process is controlled by the OPEN_MAX run-time invariant, which can be determined during program execution using the `sysconf()` function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC504

EDC5125I **Too many links.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to have the link count of a file exceed the maximum value allowed. For instance, this can occur while using the `link()` or `rename()` functions. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EMLINK errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

The maximum number of links for a file is established by the LINK_MAX pathname variable value, and which can be determined at execution time using the `pathconf()` function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC505

EDC5126I **Filename too long.**

Explanation

The size of a pathname string exceeded the maximum allowed, or a pathname component was longer than the maximum allowed and no truncation is in

effect. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENAMETOOLONG errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

If this is a DLL failure, and the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3597I message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

If this is a DLL failure, a CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

The maximum allowable pathname is controlled by the PATH_MAX pathname variable value, which can be determined at execution time using the `pathconf()` function. The maximum allowable file name is controlled by the NAME_MAX pathname variable value, which can be determined at execution time using the `pathconf()` function. Truncation of the pathname component is not allowed if the `_POSIX_NO_TRUNC` execution time symbolic is set. This can be determined by using the `pathconf()` function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC506

EDC5127I **Too many open files in system.**

Explanation

The system reached its predefined limit for files open at one time. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENFILE errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

The request may succeed later if fewer files are in use.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC507

EDC5128I **No such device.**

Explanation

The function being attempted is not allowed by the specified device. For instance, the program attempted to read from a printer. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENODEV errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC508

EDC5129I **No such file or directory.**

Explanation

A name in the pathname does not exist, or the pathname is an empty string. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENOENT errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Ensure the pathname for the object being accessed is correct. Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted, for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC509

EDC5130I **Exec format error.**

Explanation

A request was made to execute a file that was not in a format that may be executed (however, the file does have the appropriate permissions). This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENOEXEC errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50A

EDC5131I **No locks available.**

Explanation

No file and/or record locks are available. The system limit has been reached. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENOLCK errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50B

EDC5132I **Not enough memory.**

Explanation

There is not enough memory space available to create the new object. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENOMEM errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50C

EDC5133I **No space left on device.**

Explanation

During a `write()` function to a file, there was no free space left in the z/OS UNIX file system. This error may

also occur when extending a directory. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENOSPC errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Allocate additional space for the file system. Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50D

EDC5134I Function not implemented.

Explanation

The function to be executed has not been implemented. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENOSYS errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

The function may not be used by the application program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50E

EDC5135I Not a directory.

Explanation

A component in a pathname or directory specified an object that was not a directory. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENOTDIR errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50F

EDC5136I Directory not empty.

Explanation

A directory that was expected to be empty was not. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENOTEMPTY errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50G

EDC5137I Inappropriate I/O control operation.

Explanation

A control function was attempted for a file or a special file for which the operation was inappropriate. For instance, the file is not a terminal. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENOTTY errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50H

EDC5138I No such device or address.

Explanation

Input or output on a special file referred to a device that did not exist, or made a request beyond the limits of the device. For instance, I/O was sent to a tape drive that is not online. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ENXIO errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50I

EDC5139I **Operation not permitted.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to perform an operation limited to processes with appropriate privileges, or to the owner of a file or other resource. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EPERM errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50J

EDC5140I **Broken pipe.**

Explanation

A write was attempted on a pipe or FIFO for which there was no process to read the data. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EPIPE errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50K

EDC5141I **Read-only file system.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to modify a file or directory on a file system that was read-only. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EROFS errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50L

EDC5142I **Invalid seek.**

Explanation

A seek function was issued on a pipe or FIFO. It is invalid to do a positioning operation on a pipe or FIFO. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ESPIPE errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Do not attempt a seek function on a device that cannot seek.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50M

EDC5143I **No such process.**

Explanation

The process ID does not correspond to an existing process. The UID or userid is not defined, or the OMVS segment is not setup correctly. This error may also apply to the process group ID. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ESRCH errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50N

EDC5144I **Improper link.**

Explanation

A link to a file on another file system was attempted. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 EXDEV errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Files may be linked only within the same file system. Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC500

EDC5145I **Arg list too long.**

Explanation

The sum of the number of bytes for the new process image's argument list and the environment list was greater than the system limit.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

The system limit is defined by the ARG_MAX run-time invariant value, and can be determined at execution time using the `sysconf()` function. Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50P

EDC5146I **Too many levels of symbolic links.**

Explanation

Only POSIX_SYMLOOP symlinks are allowed during pathname resolution. This message is equivalent to the POSIX.1 ELOOP errno. POSIX_SYMLOOP is an invariant variable.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Verify that the specified pathname can be resolved, and that no loop exists (of a symbolic link referring to itself). Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50Q

EDC5147I **Illegal byte sequence.**

Explanation

The string contains an illegal sequence of bytes. For example, an unmatched shift out / shift in condition exists. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno, EILSEQ.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50R

EDC5149I **Value Overflow Error.**

Explanation

A value is too large to be stored in the data type.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Rework the program to reissue the request using a larger data type. For example, if working with large files, rework the program using the `_LARGE_FILES` feature. This message is equivalent to the errno, EOVERFLOW.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50T

EDC5150I	UNIX System Services is not active.
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Explanation

The function being requested cannot be performed because the UNIX System Services kernel is not active. This message is equivalent to the EMVSNOTUP errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Have the operator start UNIX System Services (START OMVS).

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50U

EDC5151I	Dynamic allocation error.
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Explanation

A z/OS UNIX file system or a VM/ESA Byte File System (BFS) could not be mounted during dynamic allocation. The dynamic allocation reason code returned in errno2 is documented in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* or *VM/ESA Application Development Guide: Authorized Assembler Language Programs*. This message is equivalent to the errno, EMVSDYNALC.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Have the system programmer correct the allocation of the z/OS UNIX file system data set or VM/ESA BFS.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC50V

EDC5152I	Common VTOC access facility (CVAF) error.
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Explanation

The mount of a z/OS UNIX file system failed. The CVAF reason code is returned in errno2. See *z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis* for an explanation. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno, EMVSCVAF.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Have the system programmer correct the allocation of the z/OS UNIX file system.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC510

EDC5153I	Catalog obtain error.
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Explanation

The mount of a z/OS UNIX file system failed. The catalog return code and reason code are returned in errno2. The third byte of errno2 is the catalog return code. The fourth (last) byte of errno2 is the catalog reason code. See message IDC3009I in *z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)* for an explanation. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno, EMVSCATLG.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Have the system programmer correct the allocation of the z/OS UNIX file system.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC511

EDC5156I	Process initialization error.
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Explanation

A process initialization error has occurred. A further explanation can be found in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* or *z/VM: OpenExtensions Callable Services Reference*.

System action

Process does not start.

Programmer response

Use the function `errno2()` to retrieve the value of the UNIX System Services kernel reason code to determine further information from [z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference](#) or [z/VM: OpenExtensions Callable Services Reference](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC514

EDC5157I An internal error has occurred.

Explanation

This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services `errno`, `EMVSERR` or `ECMSERR`.

System action

A system dump is taken of the error and MVS or VM attempts to continue.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC515

EDC5158I Bad parameters were passed to the service.

Explanation

An incorrect parameter was passed to z/OS UNIX. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services `errno`, `EMVSPARMERR`.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to [z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference](#) for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC516

EDC5159I

The Physical File System encountered a permanent file error.

Explanation

This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services `errno`, `EMVSPFSFILERR` or `ECMSPFSFILE`.

System action

A system dump is taken of the error and MVS or VM attempts to continue.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC517

EDC5160I Bad character in environment variable name.

Explanation

An invalid character was found in the 'name' or 'value' string specified on a `getenv()` or `setenv()` function. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services `errno`, `EMVSBADCHAR`.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to [z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference](#) for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC518

EDC5162I The Physical File System encountered a system error.

Explanation

This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services `errno`, `EMVSPFSPERMERR` or `ECMSPFSPERM`.

System action

A system dump is taken of the error and MVS or VM attempts to continue.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51A

EDC5163I SAF/RACF extract error.

Explanation

An authorization failure occurred when attempting the service. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno, EMVSSAFEXTRERR.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51B

EDC5164I SAF/RACF error.

Explanation

An internal SAF/RACF error occurred. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno, EMVSSAF2ERR.

System action

A system dump is taken of the error and MVS or VM attempts to continue.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51C

EDC5165I System TOD clock not set.

Explanation

The system time of day (TOD) clock is in error, stopped, or in a non-operational state. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno, EMVSTODNOTSET.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51D

EDC5166I Access mode argument on function call conflicts with PATHOPTS parameter on JCL DD statement.

Explanation

An open or reopen was issued to a DD which specified PATHOPTS. The PATHOPTS specified on the DD conflict with those specified in the function call. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno, EMVSPATHOPTS.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Correct either the open/reopen call or the PATHOPTS specified on the DD being opened.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51E

EDC5167I Access to the UNIX System Services version of the C RTL is denied.

Explanation

An attempt was made to issue an Open C library function that has a dependency on UNIX System Services and the subsystem was not available or at the incorrect release level. This message is equivalent to the errno, EMVSNORTL.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

You need to either install the correct level of the subsystem or modify your program to not issue the function or conditionally issue the function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51F

EDC5168I Password has expired.

Explanation

The verification request has failed because the password or password phrase has expired. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno, EMVSEXPIRE.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Change the password or the password phrase.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51G

EDC5169I Password is invalid.

Explanation

The verification or change password or password phrase request has failed because the supplied password or password phrase is invalid. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno, EMVSPASSWORD.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Correct the supplied password or password phrase, and retry the request.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51H

EDC5170I An error was encountered with WLM.

Explanation

A WLM error was detected.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the WLM function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51I

EDC5171I An error was encountered with CPL.

Explanation

A CPL error was detected.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the CPL function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51J

EDC5172I An error was encountered with Application Response Measurement (ARM) component.

Explanation

An Application Response Measurement (ARM) error was detected.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

The return value of the failed service contains the detailed error code. Try again, when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC51I

EDC5200I The application contains a Language Environment member language that cannot tolerate a fork().

Explanation

An application that uses the `fork()` or `vfork()` functions cannot use other Language Environment member languages that do not support `fork()` or `vfork()`.

System action

The `fork()` function is not performed.

Programmer response

Restructure your application so that it contains only high level languages that support `fork()` or `vfork()`. C/C++, COBOL, and PL/I tolerate `fork()` and `vfork()`, but FORTRAN does not. This message can only be issued from within a single-thread environment. In a multithread environment, message EDC5232I is issued.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52G

EDC5201I	The Language Environment message file was not found in the hierarchical file system.
-----------------	---

Explanation

For Language Environment messaging to work correctly in a child process, the Language Environment message file must reside in the hierarchical file system.

System action

The `fork()` function is not performed.

Programmer response

Define your message file as a hierarchical file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52H

EDC5202E	DLL facilities are not supported under SPC environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An SPC application is attempting to use DLL callable services, or the SPC application is compiled with DLL compiler options.

System action

The request is not completed.

Programmer response

Make sure that `dllload()`, `dllqueryvar()`, `dllqueryfn()`, and `dllfree()` functions are not invoked from your application, or your application is not compiled with the DLL compile-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52I

EDC5203E	DLL facilities are not supported under POSIX environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A POSIX application is attempting to use DLL callable services, or the POSIX application is compiled with the DLL compiler option.

System action

The request is not completed.

Programmer response

Make sure that `dllload()`, `dllqueryvar()`, `dllqueryfn()`, and `dllfree()` functions are not invoked from your application, or your application is not compiled with the DLL compiler-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52J

EDC5204E	Not enough storage to load DLL module.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Not enough storage was available to load the requested DLL load module into virtual storage. If this was an implicit load request, this message is preceded by message EDC6063I that identifies the DLL load module name.

System action

The DLL module is not loaded. If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to `QUIET`, a corresponding CEE3500S or CEE3554S message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off

_EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the REGION size is large enough to run the application. If necessary, delete modules not currently needed by the application, or free unused storage, and retry the load request.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52K

EDC5205S	DLL module not found.
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Explanation

The system could not find the DLL load module name specified on the parameter list to Language Environment load service, in either the job library or link library. If this was an implicit load request, this message is preceded by message EDC6063I that identifies the DLL load module name.

System action

DLL module is not loaded.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET (and not set to MSG for CEE3501S), a corresponding CEE3501S or CEE3570S message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the requested DLL name was correctly modified. Make sure that the job step indicates the correct library. Correct the error and run the job step again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52L

EDC5206S	DLL module name too long.
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Explanation

The module name length is greater than the name length supported by the underlying operating system. If this was an implicit load request, this message is preceded by message EDC6063I that identifies the DLL load module name.

System action

The name length is truncated to the name length supported by the underlying operating system. The requested module may or may not be loaded.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3502S message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Correct the module name length and run the job again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52M

EDC5207S	Load request for DLL load module unsuccessful.
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Explanation

The system cannot load the DLL load module. If this was an implicit load request, this message is preceded by message EDC6063I that identifies the DLL load module name.

System action

The DLL module is not loaded. The application may abend.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Check the original abend from the operating system, and refer to the underlying operating system message manual for explanation and programmer's action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52N

EDC5208I	dllHandle supplied to the dllqueryvar() function is not available for use.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The dllHandle supplied to the dllqueryvar() call is inactive, because the DLL is logically freed by a successful call to dllfree().

System action

The request is ignored.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3572I message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

Programmer response

Ensure that the proper dllHandle is supplied to the dllqueryvar() service, or that the subject DLL is not freed prematurely.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52O

EDC5209I	No variables exported from this dllHandle.
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Explanation

Attempting to query an external variable, but the DLL does not contain any imported variables.

System action

The request is ignored.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, an error corresponding message is also issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off

_EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL load module indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52P

EDC5210I	Requested variable not found in this DLL.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Attempting to query an external variable, but the variable name is not found in the export section of the DLL.

System action

The request is ignored.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3576I or CEE3578I message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the variable name specified on the dllqueryvar() function call is correct, or that the DLL load module indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52Q

EDC5211I	DLL load module does not contain a writeable static area.
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Explanation

DLL load module that you loaded does not contain any writeable static.

System action

The request is ignored. Load module is deleted from storage.

Programmer response

Ensure that the load module name specified is correct, or that the DLL load module indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version. Also check that the DLL load module was built properly.

1. Specify `#pragma export` in your source, or compile with `EXPORTALL` compiler option.
2. Compile with `DLL`, `RENT`, and `LONGNAME` compiler options.
3. Prelink.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52R

EDC5212I	dllHandle supplied to <code>dllqueryfn()</code> function is not available for use.
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Explanation

The `dllHandle` supplied to `dllqueryfn()` call is inactive because the DLL is logically freed as a result of a successful call to the `dllfree()` function.

System action

The request is ignored.

If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to `QUIET`, an error message is also issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and the turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

Programmer response

Ensure that the proper `dllHandle` is supplied to the `dllqueryfn()` function, or that the subject DLL is not freed prematurely.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52S

EDC5213I	No functions exported from this <code>dllHandle</code>.
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Explanation

Attempting to query an external function, but the DLL does not contain any imported functions.

System action

The request is ignored.

If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to `QUIET`, a corresponding CEE3573I message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL load module indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52T

EDC5214I	Requested function not found in this DLL.
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Explanation

Attempting to query an external function, but the function name is not found in the export section of the DLL.

System action

The request is ignored.

If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to `QUIET`, a corresponding CEE3574I or CEE3577I message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and the turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the function name specified on `dllqueryfn()` is correct, or that the DLL load module indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52U

EDC5215I	Not enough storage available for writeable static.
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Explanation

Not enough heap storage was available for allocation of writeable static for the DLL load module.

System action

The request is ignored. Load module is deleted from storage.

Programmer response

Increase heap size or free unused heap storage.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC52V

EDC5216I	dllHandle supplied is NULL.
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

The dllHandle supplied to the dllfree call is invalid.

System action

The request is ignored.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a message is also issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

Programmer response

You must call the dllload service to initialize a dllHandle properly before attempting to free a DLL.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC530

EDC5217I	No DLLs to be freed.
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Explanation

Attempting to free a DLL, but all DLLs are freed already, or the dllHandle passed is inactive.

System action

The request is ignored.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3566I message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that dllfree() is invoked after the call to dllload() is completed successfully, or that you have no extra calls to dllfree() with this dllHandle in your application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC531

EDC5218I	Logical delete performed, but the DLL is not physically deleted.
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Explanation

The dllfree() function completed successfully. The DLL is not physically deleted because either there is an implicit dllload performed against this DLL by the application, or multiple calls were made to the dllload() service.

System action

Execution continues.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3567I message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

If the DLL was loaded implicitly by referring to an external variable or an external function, it will be physically deleted by the run-time library at enclave termination. Otherwise, to free the DLL, invoke dllfree() with the proper dllHandle.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC532

EDC5220I Invalid dllHandle.

Explanation

The dllHandle supplied to the dllfree call could not be matched to a DLL loaded by this application.

System action

The request is ignored.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3568I message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the dllHandle supplied to dllfree() is the same as the one returned from dllload() accidentally, and that it has not been overwritten.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC534

EDC5221S Load request for DLL not supported while running C++ destructors.

Explanation

The application is attempting to load a DLL explicitly while running C++ destructors.

System action

The request is ignored. Execution continues but results are unpredictable.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3563S message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure that you are not invoking dllload() from your C++ destructors.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC535

EDC5222S IOStreams do not support Record Mode I/O.

Explanation

The application is attempting to initialize an IOStreams object to perform Record Mode I/O. Record Mode I/O is not supported in IOStreams objects.

System action

The attempt to initialize the object fails. Execution continues.

Programmer response

Remove the "type=record" specification from the constructor or open() function call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC536

EDC5223S Too many characters.

Explanation

The application called the form() function with a format specifier string that caused form() to write past the end of the format buffer. form() is provided in stream.h for compatibility.

System action

Execution ends.

Programmer response

Split the call to form() into two or more calls.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC537

EDC5224S Singularity: log((0,0))

Explanation

The application is attempting to take the log of (0.0, 0.0).

System action

Execution ends.

Programmer response

Correct the value passed to `log()` and resubmit.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC538

EDC5225E	DLL function is not allowed because destructors are running for the DLL.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A `dllfree()`, `dllqueryvar()`, or `dllqueryfn()` function was invoked for a DLL that is currently running destructors. Since destructors are running the DLL is about to be freed. Further function requests using this DLL are not allowed.

System action

The request failed. Application execution continues. The `dllfree()` function returns a value of 7. The `dllqueryvar()` and `dllqueryfn()` functions return a null pointer.

If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to `QUIET`, a corresponding CEE3569E message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Do not issue DLL function requests from one thread while the DLL is being freed from another thread.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC539

EDC5226S	A load of DLL from the z/OS UNIX file system failed.
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Explanation

A load attempt for a DLL in the z/OS UNIX file system failed. If this was an implicit load request, this message is preceded by message EDC6063I that identifies the DLL load module name.

System action

If the DLL was explicitly loaded using the `dllload()` function, the request fails and the DLL is not loaded. If the DLL was implicitly loaded by reference to a variable or function contained in it, the application is ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Verify that the DLL is available in the z/OS UNIX file system and that the application has access to the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC53A

EDC5227I	Buffer is not long enough to contain a path definition.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The request for a path definition for the specified ddname cannot be satisfied because the path name length of the path associated with this ddname is greater than the specified buffer length.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Specify a larger buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC53B

EDC5228I	The file referred to is an external link.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An I/O operation cannot be satisfied because the file referred to is an external link.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS UNIX System Services User's Guide* for information on how to perform I/O operations on external links.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC53C

EDC5229I	No path definition for ddname in effect.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The request to obtain the path definition for the specified ddname cannot be satisfied because no OPENVM PATHDEF CREATE command was issued to associate a BFS path definition with this ddname.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Issue OPENVM PATHDEF CREATE command to associate this ddname with a path name definition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC53D

EDC5230I	ESM error.
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Explanation

An internal External Security Manager (ESM) error occurred. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno ECMSESMERR.

System action

Messages are displayed on the file pool server operator console indicating the error and VM processing continues.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC53E

EDC5231I	CP or the external security manager had an error.
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Explanation

An error occurred in CP or the external security manager. This message is equivalent to the z/OS UNIX System Services errno ECPERR.

System action

None.

Programmer response

Try the command again. If the problem persists, report it to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC53F

EDC5232I	The function failed because it was invoked from a multithread environment.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An application may not use the `exec()` or `vfork()` functions from within a multithread environment. The `fork()` function is not permitted within a multithread environment where the application contains a high level language other than C/C++. COBOL and PL/I tolerate `fork()` in a single-thread environment, but not in a multithread environment. A multithread `fork()` is not allowed in a Language Environment preinitialization (CEEPIPI) environment.

System action

The function is not performed.

Programmer response

Restructure your application so that it is not multithreaded, remove the call to the function, use supported high level languages, and/or avoid using the function in a multithread CEEPIPI environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC53G

EDC5233S	The linkage of the specified locale doesn't match the current run-time environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The application attempted to change the current locale but the linkage attributes for the requested locale do not match the linkage attributes of the run-time environment.

This can happen when an application compiled with the NOXPLINK option runs with the XPLINK(OFF) run-time option but supplies the fully qualified locale path name for an XPLINK locale. XPLINK locales stored in

the z/OS UNIX file system have a ".xplink" suffix. They are usable only when the XPLINK(ON) run-time option is in effect. This can also happen when an application compiled with the XPLINK option supplies the fully qualified locale path name for a non-XPLINK locale.

System action

This can happen when an application compiled with the NOXPLINK option runs with the XPLINK(OFF) run-time option but supplies the fully qualified locale path name for an XPLINK locale. XPLINK locales stored in the z/OS UNIX file system have a ".xplink" suffix. They are usable only when the XPLINK(ON) run-time option is in effect. This can also happen when an application compiled with the XPLINK option supplies the fully qualified locale path name for a non-XPLINK locale.

Programmer response

This can happen when an application compiled with the NOXPLINK option runs with the XPLINK(OFF) run-time option but supplies the fully qualified locale path name for an XPLINK locale. XPLINK locales stored in the z/OS UNIX file system have a ".xplink" suffix. They are usable only when the XPLINK(ON) run-time option is in effect. This can also happen when an application compiled with the XPLINK option supplies the fully qualified locale path name for a non-XPLINK locale.

EDC5234S	The DLL cannot be loaded because it does not contain a CEESTART CSECT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An AMODE 31 application is attempting an explicit load of a DLL that does not contain a CEESTART CSECT. If this is an AMODE 64 application, the DLL must contain a CELQSTRT CSECT.

System action

The function is not performed. If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3550S or CEE3595S message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable. A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is also populated with more DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure that when you generate the DLL for which the d11load() service is failing, it contains the appropriate CEESTART or CELQSTRT CSECT.

EDC5235S	The fetched executable does not contain a fetchable entry point.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Specifically, one or more of the following errors might have occurred:

- The application is attempting to fetch() an executable that has been compiled with the XPLINK option but does not have a fetchable entry point.
- The application is attempting to fetch() a non-XPLINK executable that has CEESTART as the entry point, but does not contain a fetchable entry point.

System action

The function is not performed.

Programmer response

Fetches XPLINK executables, as well as non-XPLINK executables that have CEESTART as the entry point, must have a fetchable entry point specified using the #pragma linkage(..., fetchable) directive.

EDC5236S	The fetched executable was compiled XPLINK but the XPLINK environment is not active.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The application is attempting to fetch() an executable that has been compiled with the XPLINK option but the current run-time environment does not support XPLINK executables.

System action

The function is not performed.

Programmer response

XPLINK executables that are to be fetched must have the XPLINK C run-time environment active. This can be achieved by specifying the XPLINK(ON) run-time option. Another alternative is to compile your main program with the XPLINK compiler option. If main() is compiled XPLINK then the XPLINK C run-time environment will be active by default, and you may also have the added benefit of enhanced performance. For more information on XPLINK, refer to [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#)

EDC5237S	The DLL was not found in an authorized library.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The application is authorized and is attempting to explicitly load a DLL, but that DLL could not be found in an authorized library or concatenation of libraries.

System action

The function is not performed. If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to `QUIET`, a corresponding CEE3518S message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable. A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is also populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Make sure the module exists in a system or user-defined authorized library. Correct the error, and run the application again.

EDC5238E	Not enough storage to fetch module.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Not enough storage was available to fetch the requested load module into virtual storage.

System action

The module is not fetched.

Programmer response

Ensure that the `REGION` size is large enough to run the application. If necessary, delete modules not currently needed by the application, or free unused storage, and retry the fetch function.

EDC5239S	Fetch module not found.
-----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

The system could not find the load module name specified to the fetch function in either the job library or link library.

System action

The module is not fetched.

Programmer response

Ensure that the requested fetch name was correctly specified. Make sure that the job step indicates the correct library. Correct the error and run the job step again.

EDC5240S	Fetch module name too long.
-----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

The length of the name specified on the `fetch()` function is greater than the name length supported by the underlying operating system.

System action

The name length is truncated to the name length supported by the underlying operating system. The requested module may or may not be loaded.

Programmer response

Correct the module name length and run the job again.

EDC5241S	Load request for fetch load module unsuccessful.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The system cannot load the load module specified on the `fetch()` function.

System action

The fetched module is not loaded. The application may abend.

Programmer response

Check the original abend from the operating system, and refer to the underlying operating system message manual for explanation and programmer's action.

EDC5242S	The fetched module was not found in an authorized library.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The application is authorized and is attempting to fetch a module, but that module could not be found in an authorized library or concatenation of libraries.

System action

The function is not performed.

Programmer response

Make sure the module exists in a system or user-defined authorized library. Correct the error, and run the application again.

EDC5244I	The program, module or DLL is not supported in this environment.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program, module or DLL specified on the function call contains one or more languages that are not supported on this version of the operating system.

System action

The function is not performed.

If this is a C dllload() request, and the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, an error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

If this is a C dllload() request, a CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Use a supported program, module or DLL for this function when running on this version of the operating system.

EDC5245I	Data is not valid.
-----------------	---------------------------

Explanation

The parameter is not the correct size or contains an incorrect value. For the Enterprise Identity Mapping services, the EIM return code structure does not meet the minimum size requirement. See EIM_RC_MIN_SIZE in <eim.h> for the minimum size.

System action

The invoked function fails.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter and try the service again.

EDC5246I	Unknown system state.
-----------------	------------------------------

Explanation

A program exception occurred or an unexpected error was detected by an underlying service. EIM applications may receive this errno when an LDAP service returns an unexpected error or a problem was detected in the value of an EIM attribute.

System action

The invoked function fails.

Programmer response

Correct the problem and try the service again. Applications using Enterprise Identity Mapping will receive an informative error string to aid with diagnosing the problem.

EDC5247I	Operation not supported.
-----------------	---------------------------------

Explanation

The requested operation is not supported on z/OS.

System action

The invoked function fails.

Programmer response

Replace the operation with support that is available on z/OS.

EDC5248I	The object name specified is not correct
-----------------	---

Explanation

The name specified is not valid. EIM applications receive this errno when the domain, registry, or identifier name is not valid or the caller does not have enough permissions to perform the requested functions.

System action

The invoked function fails.

Programmer response

Verify the name exists in the EIM domain and that the caller has the necessary permissions to access the specified LDAP data.

EDC5249I	The function is not allowed.
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

The requested function could not be performed because the data has not been properly removed. An EIM application receives this errno when it attempts to remove a system registry when it has an application registry or when it attempts to remove a domain when the domain is not empty.

System action

The invoked function fails.

Programmer response

Identify the functions that must be performed before retrying the service again. EIM applications must remove the application registry before attempting to remove a system registry and empty the domain of identifiers and associations before attempting to delete a domain.

EDC5250I	The utmpx database format cannot be read.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The requested function was not able to determine the record format in use by the UTMPX database. UTMPX interfaces depend on the version indicator in the first record of the UTMPX file.

System action

The invoked function fails.

Programmer response

The version member of the first record in the UTMPX file contains invalid data. Check for other applications that write to the UTMPX database but that do not use `pututxline()` to manage the `write()`.

EDC5251I	Input dllHandle not permitted for this DLL function.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `dllHandle` supplied to this DLL function call could not be matched to a `dllHandle` returned from `dllload()`.

System action

The request is ignored.

If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to `QUIET`, an error is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition,

and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the `dllHandle` supplied to `dllfree()`, `dllqueryfn()`, or `dllqueryvar()` is the same as the one returned from `dllload()`. Make sure that the `dllHandle` was not returned from `dlopen()`.

EDC5252S	A call was made from a NOXPLINK-compiled application to an XPLINK-compiled exported function in DLL and the XPLINK(ON) runtime option was not specified.
-----------------	---

Explanation

During Language Environment initialization, XPLINK resources need to be allocated if any XPLINK-compiled functions are going to be called during the execution of the application. Language Environment tries to detect this by inspecting the attributes of the initial program. If the initial program consists of NOXPLINK-compiled functions that may at some point call an XPLINK-compiled function, then the XPLINK(ON) runtime option must be used to indicate to Language Environment initialization that XPLINK resources should be allocated.

System action

If this was an implicit DLL reference, the condition is signaled. If the condition is not handled, the default action is to terminate the enclave. If this was an explicit DLL Load (CEEPLDE) or DLL Open (CEEOPDL) request, the feedback code is returned to the caller. If this was an explicit `C dlopen()` request, this error is returned to the caller through a subsequent call to the `C dlderror()` function.

If the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable is not set to `QUIET`, a corresponding CEE3555S message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing `ctrace()`, signaling a condition, and turning off `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` diagnostics, are available through the `_EDC_DLL_DIAG` environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Specify the XPLINK(ON) runtime option.

EDC5253S **An AMODE64 application is attempting to load an AMODE31 DLL load module.**

Explanation

An application with AMODE=64 is attempting to load a DLL load module link-edited as an AMODE=31 load module.

System action

DLL module is not loaded. The invoked function fails.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3587S message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the AMODE of the application and the AMODE of the DLL load module are the same. Re-link your DLL load module to have AMODE=64.

EDC5254S **An AMODE31 application is attempting to load an AMODE64 DLL load module.**

Explanation

An application with AMODE=31 is attempting to load a DLL load module link-edited as an AMODE=64 load module.

System action

DLL module is not loaded. The invoked function fails.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding CEE3588S message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Ensure that the AMODE of the application and the AMODE of the DLL load module are the same. Re-link your DLL load module to have AMODE=31.

EDC5255S **An AMODE31 application is attempting to fetch() an AMODE64 executable.**

Explanation

An application with AMODE=31 is attempting to fetch an executable link-edited as an AMODE=64 program object.

System action

Fetches executable is not loaded. The fetch() function fails.

Programmer response

Only applications that have been linked AMODE=64 can fetch an executable that is AMODE=64. Re-link either your application or your fetched executable to have the correct matching AMODE.

EDC5256S **An AMODE64 application is attempting to fetch() an AMODE31 executable.**

Explanation

An application with AMODE=64 is attempting to fetch an executable link-edited as an AMODE=31 program object.

System action

Fetches executable is not loaded. The fetch() function fails.

Programmer response

Only applications that have been linked AMODE=31 can fetch an executable that is AMODE=31. Re-link either your application or your fetched executable to have the correct matching AMODE.

EDC5257I **Function cannot be called in the child process of a fork() from a multithreaded process until exec() is called.**

Explanation

Only async-safe functions are supported in this environment.

System action

The function is not performed.

Programmer response

Restructure your application so that it is not multithreaded at the time of the *fork()*, or only use async-safe functions in the child process up until *exec()* is called. Refer to the [z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference](#) for the list of async-safe functions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC549

EDC5258I	A CUN_RS_NO_UNI_ENV error was issued by Unicode Services.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An *iconv()* function received a CUN_RS_NO_UNI_ENV error from z/OS Unicode Services.

Programmer response

Refer to Support for z/OS Unicode: z/OS Unicode Services documentation for user action.

EDC5259I	A CUN_RS_NO_CONVERSION error was issued by Unicode Services.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An *iconv()* function received a CUN_RS_NO_CONVERSION error from z/OS Unicode Services.

Programmer response

Refer to Support for z/OS Unicode: z/OS Unicode Services documentation for user action.

EDC5260I	A CUN_RS_TABLE_NOT_ALIGNED error was issued by Unicode Services.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An *iconv()* function received a CUN_RS_TABLE_NOT_ALIGNED error from z/OS Unicode Services.

Programmer response

Refer to Support for z/OS Unicode: z/OS Unicode Services documentation for user action.

EDC5261S	There is not enough storage to obtain a DLL function or variable pointer.
-----------------	--

Explanation

There is insufficient heap storage to satisfy a *dlsym()*, *dllqueryfn()*, or *dllqueryvar()* request.

System action

The function is not performed.

If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, a corresponding message is issued to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing *ctrace()*, signaling a condition, and turning off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics.

Programmer response

Increase the region size.

EDC5262I	An iconv() function encountered an unexpected error while using z/OS Unicode Services.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An *iconv()* function encountered an unexpected error while using z/OS Unicode Services.

Programmer response

Refer to message EDC6258 for additional information.

EDC5263I	Byte I/O was attempted on a file that was opened for blocked I/O.
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the byte I/O functions was invoked with a file that was opened using 'type=blocked'.

System action

The requested function fails.

Programmer response

Only the *fread()* and *fwrite()* functions may be used to read or write a file opened for blocked I/O.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC54F

EDC5264I	Truncation of a block occurred during an I/O operation.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Truncation occurred because the specified block length on the write operation was larger than the block buffer size.

System action

The return value depends on the operation attempted. In all cases, the buffer will be written up to the point where truncation occurred.

Programmer response

For a file opened for blocked I/O, specify a smaller number of bytes for `fwrite()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC54G

EDC6000E	The <code>raise()</code> function was issued for the signal <code>SIGFPE</code>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program has invoked the `raise()` function with the `SIGFPE` signal specified and the default action specified.

System action

The program is terminated and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the `TERMTHDACT` run-time option. A return code of 3000(MVS) or 3000000(VM) is returned.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RG

EDC6001E	The <code>raise()</code> function was issued for the signal <code>SIGILL</code>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program has invoked the `raise()` function with the `SIGILL` signal specified and the default action specified.

System action

The program is terminated and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the `TERMTHDACT` run-time option. A return code of 3000(MVS) or 3000000(VM) is returned.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RH

EDC6002E	The <code>raise()</code> function was issued for the signal <code>SIGSEGV</code>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program has invoked the `raise()` function with the `SIGSEGV` signal specified and the default action specified.

System action

The program will be terminated and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the `TERMTHDACT` run-time option. A return code of 3000(MVS) or 3000000(VM) is returned.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RI

EDC6003E	The <code>raise()</code> function was issued for the signal <code>SIGABND</code>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program has invoked the `raise()` function with the `SIGABND` signal specified and the default action specified.

System action

The program will be terminated and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the `TERMTHDACT` run-time option. A return code of 3000(MVS) or 3000000(VM) is returned.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RJ

EDC6004E	The raise() function was issued for the signal SIGTERM.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program has invoked the `raise()` function with the SIGTERM signal specified and the default action specified.

System action

The program will be terminated and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. A return code of 3000(MVS) or 3000000(VM) is returned.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RK

EDC6005E	The raise() function was issued for the signal SIGINT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program has invoked the `raise()` function with the SIGINT signal specified and the default action specified.

System action

The program will be terminated and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. A return code of 3000(MVS) or 3000000(VM) is returned.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RL

EDC6006E	The raise() function was issued for the signal SIGABRT.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program has invoked the `raise()` function with the SIGABRT signal specified and the default action specified.

System action

The program will be terminated and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. A return code of 2000(MVS) or 2000000(VM) is returned.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RM

EDC6007E	The raise() function was issued for the signal SIGUSR1.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program has invoked the `raise()` function with the SIGUSR1 signal specified and the default action specified.

System action

The program will be terminated and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. A return code of 3000(MVS) or 3000000(VM) is returned.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RN

EDC6008E	The raise() function was issued for the signal SIGUSR2.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program has invoked the `raise()` function with the SIGUSR2 signal specified and the default action specified.

System action

The program will be terminated and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. A return code of 3000(MVS) or 3000000(VM) is returned.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RO

EDC6009E	The raise() function was issued for the signal SIGIOERR.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program has invoked the `raise()` function with the SIGIOERR signal specified and the default action specified.

System action

The program will be terminated and a traceback or dump is issued, depending on the TERMTHDACT run-time option. A return code of 3000(MVS) or 3000000(VM) is returned.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RP

EDC6010E	An object was thrown which was not caught by any catch clauses.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An object was thrown for which no catch clauses exist to catch it.

System action

The program ends abnormally.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5RQ

EDC6052S	An AMODE 24 application is attempting to load an AMODE 31 DLL load module.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An application with AMODE=24 is attempting to load a DLL load module link-edited as an AMODE=31 load module.

System action

The application ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Ensure that the AMODE of the application matches that of the run-time library. Language Environment no longer supports C applications in AMODE=24. Relink the application to have AMODE=31.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5T4

EDC6053S	An AMODE 31 application is attempting to load an AMODE 24 DLL load module.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An application with AMODE=31 is attempting to load a DLL load module link-edited as a load module with AMODE=24.

System action

Application is terminated with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Ensure that the AMODE of the application and the AMODE of the DLL load module are the same. Re-link your DLL load module to have AMODE=31.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5T5

EDC6054S	External variable is not found in DLL load module.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The application is attempting to refer to an external variable that is not defined in the DLL load module.

System action

The application ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL load module indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5T6

EDC6055S	External function is not found in DLL load module.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The application is attempting to refer to an external function that is not defined in the DLL load module.

System action

The application ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL load module indicated in the job library or link library is the correct version, and that it contains the external function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5T7

EDC6056S	Attempting to load a DLL while running C++ destructors.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The application is attempting to load a DLL implicitly while running C++ destructors.

System action

The application ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Make sure that you are not referring to variables or functions implicitly from your C++ destructors.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5T8

EDC6057S	A DLL load module that you are attempting to load does not contain a CEESTART csect.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The application is attempting to load a DLL load module implicitly or explicitly, but the CEESTART csect cannot be located within it.

System action

The application ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Make sure that when you generate the DLL load module, it contains a CEESTART csect.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5T9

EDC6058S	There is not enough heap storage to load DLL.
-----------------	--

Explanation

There is insufficient heap storage to satisfy DLL load request.

System action

The application ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Increase the allocation of your application heap storage by using the heap run-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5TA

EDC6059S	The DLL that you have loaded does not export any variables or functions.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A DLL was loaded successfully, but the DLL does not export any variables or functions. Either the definition side-deck supplied to your application is incorrect, or the DLL load module is generated incorrectly.

System action

The application ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DLL load module was built properly.

1. Specify #pragma export in your source or compile with EXPORTALL compiler option.
2. Compile with DLL, RENT, and LONGNAME compiler options.
3. Prelink.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5TB

EDC6060S **The DLL that you are attempting to load does not contain any C functions.**

Explanation

A DLL was loaded successfully, but the load module does not contain any C functions.

System action

The application ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Make sure that you are loading the correct load module, and that the DLL load module is built correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5TC

EDC6061S **You are attempting to load DLLs that are in a circular list.**

Explanation

The run-time library discovered a deadlock condition while processing a DLL load request. The deadlock condition exists because the DLLs that are being loaded depend on each other. The following situation illustrates a deadlock condition. DLL A has static constructors that require objects from DLL B. DLL B has static constructors that require objects from DLL A. When DLL A is loaded, its static constructors require objects from DLL B. This forces DLL B to be loaded, requiring objects from DLL A. Since the loading of DLL A has not completed, a deadlock condition exists.

System action

The application ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Remove the circular list dependency from the DLLs.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5TD

EDC6062S **DLL constructors or destructors did not complete, so DLL cannot be used.**

Explanation

A DLL being loaded or freed was in the process of running static constructors or destructors but the process did not complete (probably because the thread was abnormally terminated). The DLL is left in an indeterminate state. Another thread that was waiting for the constructors or destructors to complete while attempting a load or free of the same DLL detected this error.

System action

The application ends with return code 3000.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the incomplete constructor or destructor process. Ensure that the constructors or destructors are not the cause of the thread termination that lead to this condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5TE

EDC6063I **DLL name is *dll_name*.**

Explanation

This message accompanies other DLL load error messages (for example EDC5205S). It identifies the name of the DLL for which the load failed.

System action

None.

Programmer response

Refer to the accompanying DLL error message.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC5TF

EDC6064I **Not enough storage was available to use MEMCHECK vendor heap manager.**

Explanation

The MEMCHECK vendor heap manager was loaded but there is insufficient storage to manage this trace and diagnostic tool.

System action

None.

Programmer response

If possible, free unneeded heap storage or Increase the size of the storage.

EDC6200E	An invalid argument list was specified.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The parameter list specified to DLLRNAME is invalid. See [z/OS XL C/C++ User's Guide](#) for proper syntax.

System action

DLLRNAME: fails with return code 8.

Programmer response

Ensure that:

1. At least 1 input module or DLL is specified.
2. The syntax of the parameters matches listed syntax for environment.
3. Valid options are specified correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC610

EDC6201S	A failure occurred accessing @1.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An unexpected error occurred when DLLRNAME accessed an input file.

System action

DLLRNAME prints out a perror() message then terminates with rc=16.

Programmer response

Look up subsequent error message and perform Programmer Response if possible (for example, file not found error might mean to fix input file name). Otherwise, report the problem to your IBM Support Center.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61P

EDC6202S	A DLL named " @1 " is already imported.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A DLLRNAME operation has found that an old DLL name to be renamed is being renamed to a new name that is already imported in the current module being processed.

System action

DLLRNAME fails with rc=12.

Programmer response

User has specified DLL to rename, but the new name chosen matches a DLL in the import list.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61Q

EDC6203E	A DLL name was specified more than once for a rename.
-----------------	--

Explanation

On a DLLRNAME, user has specified a DLL name twice in the "oldname=newname" list. Examples are: (A=B,A=C or A=C,B=C or A=B,B=C or A=B,C=A or A=A).

System action

DLLRNAME fails with rc=8.

Programmer response

Fix the argument list. A DLL cannot appear twice in the argument list.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61R

EDC6204E	No argument list was provided.
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

User did not provide any argument list.

System action

DLLRNAME fails with rc=8.

Programmer response

An argument list must be provided (for example, through SYSIN or standard streams redirection).

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61S

EDC6251C	The library function <code>setjmp()</code>, <code>_setjmp()</code>, <code>sigsetjmp()</code>, <code>getcontext()</code>, or <code>swapcontext()</code> failed when it tried to use the passed in <code>jmp_buf</code>, <code>sigjmp_buf</code> or <code>ucontext_t</code> area.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The library function failed when it tried to initialize the passed-in buffer. A program check occurred, perhaps because the address of the passed-in buffer was not correct.

System action

The application ends.

Programmer response

Make sure that the address of the buffer passed into `setjmp()`, `_setjmp()`, `sigsetjmp()`, `getcontext()`, or `swapcontext()` is correct.

EDC6252C	The library function <code>longjmp()</code>, <code>_longjmp()</code>, <code>siglongjmp()</code>, <code>setcontext()</code>, or <code>swapcontext()</code> failed when it tried to use the passed in <code>jmp_buf</code>, <code>sigjmp_buf</code> or <code>ucontext_t</code> area.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The library function failed when it tried to use the the passed-in buffer. Either the data in the buffer was incorrect, or a program check occurred because the address of the passed-in buffer was not correct.

Programmer response

Make sure that the address of the buffer passed into `setjmp()`, `_setjmp()`, `sigsetjmp()`, `setcontext()`, or `swapcontext()` is correct. Make sure that the buffer has been initialized by `setjmp()`, `_setjmp()`, `sigsetjmp()`, or `getcontext()` before it is passed to `longjmp()`, `_longjmp()`, `siglongjmp()`, or `setcontext()`, or `swapcontext()`.

EDC6253S	An error occurred attempting to retrieve the C++ state variables table from the PPA1.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid C++ PPA1 state variables locator was detected.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM Support Center.

EDC6254S	ASCII applications require a POSIX(ON) environment. Change environment to POSIX(ON).
-----------------	---

Explanation

ASCII C-RTL support does not support a POSIX(OFF) environment.

Programmer response

Change environment to POSIX(ON).

EDC6255S	ASCII/EBCDIC mode change failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

ASCII/EBCDIC mode change failed. An internal error occurred.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM Support Center.

EDC6256S	ASCII initialization failed.
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Explanation

Insufficient memory available.

Programmer response

Increase the amount of storage available to the application.

EDC6257C	There is a socket problem, syslogd may need to be restarted. Until the condition is resolved, all messages will be lost.
-----------------	---

Explanation

`syslog()` has not been able to send a message for at least seven minutes. There is a problem with the socket, `syslogd()` likely needs to be restarted.

Programmer response

Restart `syslogd()`.

EDC6258I	An iconv() function encountered an unexpected error while using Unicode Conversion Services. A return code of <return code> and reason code of <reason code> were returned from Unicode Services.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An iconv() function encountered an unexpected error while using Unicode Services.

Programmer response

Refer to Support for Unicode: Unicode Services for user action.

EDC6259S	This function is not supported running on hardware that does not have the Decimal Floating Point Facility installed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The invoked Decimal Floating Point function cannot be used unless the hardware has the Decimal Floating Point Facility installed.

System action

If unhandled, the enclave is terminated.

Programmer response

Before using this function, make sure that the hardware has the Decimal Floating Point Facility installed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC63J

EDC7000C	Signal delivery has failed because the service BPX1SIA failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The callable service, BPX1SIA (sigaction()), unexpectedly returned a failure code. This service was invoked by the library during delivery of a signal to a user catcher function.

System action

The application ends.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM Support Center.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6QO

EDC7001C	Signal delivery has failed because the service BPX1SPM failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The callable service BPX1SPM (sigprocmask()) unexpectedly returned a failure code. This service was invoked by the library during delivery of a signal to a user catcher function.

System action

The application ends.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM Support Center.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6QP

EDC7002C	Signal delivery has failed because the MVS service CSRL16J failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The MVS callable service CSRL16J unexpectedly returned a failure code. This service was invoked by the library following the return from a user signal catcher function.

System action

The application ends.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM Support Center.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6QQ

EDC7003C	Invalid signal received from the z/OS UNIX System Services kernel.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The library has been interrupted by the z/OS UNIX System Services kernel to perform default signal

processing. However, the signal was not one of the supported types (SIGHUP, SIGINT, SIGABRT, SIGILL, SIGFPE, SIGSEGV, SIGPIPE, SIGALRM, SIGTERM, SIGUSR1, SIGUSR2, SIGABND, SIGQUIT, or SIGTRAP).

System action

The application ends.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM Support Center.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6QR

EDC7004C	The library function <code>sigsetjmp()</code> or <code>siglongjmp()</code> failed because the service <code>BPX1SPM</code> failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The callable service BPX1SPM (`sigprocmask()`) unexpectedly returned a failure code. The library was attempting to save or restore the signal mask as part of the `sigsetjmp()` or `siglongjmp()` functions.

System action

The application ends.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM Support Center.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6QS

EDC7005E	The <code>getopt()</code> function detected an invalid option character <i>option_char</i> when it was invoked from program <i>program_name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `getopt()` function detected that an option character that was parsed was not one of the recognized set of specified option characters.

System action

The `getopt()` function returns the character in error. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Respecify a recognized option character.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6QT

EDC7006E	The <code>getopt()</code> function detected an option character <i>option_char</i> that is missing an argument when it was invoked from program <i>program_name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `getopt()` function encountered an option character that required an option-argument, but the option-argument was not found.

System action

The `getopt()` function returns the character in error. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Respecify the option character with an option-argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6QU

EDC7007C	No memory available for the <code>random()</code> function family internal structure.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The initialization routine for the `random()` function family was unable to allocate memory for the internal structure used by the functions.

System action

The application ends.

Programmer response

Reduce memory use and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6QV

EDC7008E	No previous regular expression.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The `re_comp()` function was invoked with either a null pointer argument or a null regular expression, and a compiled regular expression does not currently exist.

System action

The `re_comp()` function returns with a pointer to this error message. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Invoke the `re_comp()` with a valid regular expression.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6R0

EDC7009E **Regular expression too long.**

Explanation

The input regular expression for the `re_comp()` function is too long. The compiled regular expression cannot fit in the internal work buffer, which is of limited size.

System action

The `re_comp()` function returns with a pointer to this error message. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Invoke the `re_comp()` with a shorter regular expression.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6R1

EDC7010E ***paren_pair* imbalance.**

Explanation

The `re_comp()` function detected an error in the input regular expression. The character sequences `\(` (left parenthesis) were found without a matching `\)` (right parenthesis), or vice versa.

System action

The `re_comp()` function returns with a pointer to this error message. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Correct the regular expression pattern and retry the `re_comp()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6R2

EDC7011E ***brace_pair* imbalance.**

Explanation

The `re_comp()` function detected an error in the input regular expression. The character sequences `\{` (left brace) were found without a matching `\}` (right brace), or vice versa.

System action

The `re_comp()` function returns with a pointer to this error message. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Correct the regular expression pattern and retry the `re_comp()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6R3

EDC7012E ***square_bracket* imbalance.**

Explanation

The `re_comp()` function detected an error in the input regular expression. The left square bracket `[` was found without a matching right square bracket `]`.

System action

The `re_comp()` function returns with a pointer to this error message. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Correct the regular expression pattern and retry the `re_comp()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6R4

EDC7013E ***Too many paren_pair* pairs.**

Explanation

The `re_comp()` function detected an error in the input regular expression. Too many `\(\)` sub-expression pairs were specified. Up to nine such `\(\)` pairs are allowed.

System action

The `re_comp()` function returns with a pointer to this error message. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Correct the regular expression pattern and retry the `re_comp()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6R5

EDC7014E	Incorrect range values in <i>brace_pair</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `re_comp()` function detected an error in the input regular expression. The repetition interval specified within the `\{m,n\}` is incorrect. Specifically, one or more of the following errors may have occurred:

- One or more numbers within the `\{\}` are too large. They must be less than 256.
- Bad numbers (for example, non-numeric values) are used as range values.
- More than two numbers are given within the `\{\}`.
- First number exceeds the second number within the `\{\}`.

System action

The `re_comp()` function returns with a pointer to this error message. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Correct the regular expression pattern and retry the `re_comp()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6R6

EDC7015E	Back-reference number in <i>backslash digit</i> incorrect.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The `re_comp()` function detected an error in the input regular expression. The back-reference number, *digit*, in `\digit` is incorrect. This value must be between 1 and 9 (inclusive), and must correspond to one of the earlier bracketed sub-expressions (that is, sub-expressions enclosed in `(\)`). The expression is invalid if less than *digit* sub-expressions precede the `\digit`. For example, if five bracketed sub-expressions are defined in the regular expression, then it is valid to refer to them by specifying from `\1` to `\5`. However, it is incorrect to specify `\6`, `\7`, `\8`, or `\9`.

System action

The `re_comp()` function returns with a pointer to this error message. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Correct the regular expression pattern and retry the `re_comp()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6R7

EDC7016E	Incorrect endpoint in range expression.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The `re_comp()` function detected an error in the input regular expression. The ending range point in a *range expression* must collate equal to or higher than the starting range point. For example, it is an error to specify `[d-a]`.

System action

The `re_comp()` function returns with a pointer to this error message. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Correct the regular expression pattern and retry the `re_comp()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6R8

EDC7022I	USERID:
-----------------	----------------

Explanation

A userid was not specified, while executing the REXEC command. If a userid was specified, it was not found to be valid at the host, when searching the `$HOME/.netrc` file. A userid must be input at the invocation of this message.

System action

System waits for user input of userid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6RE

EDC7023I	PASSWORD:
-----------------	------------------

Explanation

A password was not specified, while executing the REXEC command. If a password was specified, it was not found to be valid at the host, when searching the \$HOME/.netrc file. A password must be input at the invocation of this message.

System action

System waits for user input.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6RF

EDC7024I	\$HOME/.netrc file cannot be opened.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The open of the \$HOME/.netrc file failed for a reason other than ENOENT.

System action

The system continues, asking the user to enter the user ID and password.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6RG

EDC7025I	fstat() failed on \$HOME/.netrc file.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An fstat() was performed on the \$HOME/.netrc file, and had an unsuccessful return code.

System action

The system stops trying to find the user ID and password through the \$HOME/.netrc file. The user must enter them instead.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6RH

EDC7026I	\$HOME/.netrc file is not in the correct mode.
-----------------	---

Explanation

If the \$HOME/.netrc file contains a login password, the file's permissions must be set to 600 (read and write by owner only). The system detected that the \$HOME/.netrc file was not set to 600.

System action

The system asks the user to enter the user ID and password.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6RI

EDC7027I	Remove password or correct \$HOME/.netrc mode.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message follows EDC7026 and advises the user how to correct the problem with the \$HOME/.netrc file.

System action

The system asks the user to enter a user ID and password.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6RJ

EDC7028I	Unknown \$HOME/.netrc option.
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

The system has successfully examined the \$HOME/.netrc file for the user ID. However, the rest of the \$HOME/.netrc file is in a syntax that the system cannot understand.

System action

The system stops trying to find the password in the \$HOME/.netrc file. The user must then enter it instead.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC6RK

EDC7100E	errval : error unknown
-----------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

An unrecognized XTI error value was passed to t_error or t_strerror.

System action

Pass a valid XTI error value to the function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61O

EDC7101I	incorrect addr format
-----------------	------------------------------

Explanation

A transport address was passed to an XTI function which had an invalid format.

System action

The function fails. A correct address should be passed to the function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61P

EDC7102I **incorrect option format**

Explanation

An option buffer was passed to an XTI function which had inconsistent length indication or contained an invalid option value.

System action

The function fails. An option buffer with valid format should be passed to the function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61Q

EDC7103I **incorrect permissions**

Explanation

An XTI caller tried to change a transport option for which they lacked privilege.

System action

The function fails. The caller should not attempt to change the option while operating without adequate privilege.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61R

EDC7104I **illegal transport fd**

Explanation

The descriptor did not refer to a valid XTI transport endpoint.

System action

The function fails. Pass a descriptor referring to a valid transport endpoint.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61S

EDC7105I **couldn't allocate addr**

Explanation

The XTI transport provider couldn't allocate a transport address.

System action

The function fails. Reattempt when addresses are available.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61T

EDC7106I **out of state**

Explanation

A transport endpoint was not in a valid state for the function to be performed.

System action

The function fails. Manipulate the endpoint to bring it into the correct state before reattempting.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61U

EDC7107I **bad call sequence number**

Explanation

An invalid sequence number was specified in a t_accept call.

System action

The function fails. Specify a valid sequence number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC61V

EDC7108I **system error**

Explanation

A system error occurred during the execution of an XTI function.

System action

The function fails. Correct the underlying problem.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC620

EDC7109I **event requires attention**

Explanation

An event on an XTI endpoint requires attention.

System action

The function fails. Call `t_look` to process the event.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC621

EDC7110I **illegal amount of data**

Explanation

An invalid amount of user data was passed to an XTI function.

System action

The function fails. Correct the amount of data passed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC622

EDC7111I **buffer not large enough**

Explanation

The buffer provided to return a value from an XTI function was not large enough.

System action

The function fails. Pass a larger return buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC623

EDC7112I **flow control**

Explanation

`O_NONBLOCK` was set in a call to an XTI function to send data, but the transport flow control mechanism prevented the transport provider from accepting any data at this time.

System action

The function fails. Call the function again when the flow control condition no longer exists.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC624

EDC7113I **no data**

Explanation

An XTI function to accept a connection or receive data was called with `O_NONBLOCK` set on the endpoint, and no connection/data was pending.

System action

The function fails. Retry.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC625

EDC7114I **discon_ind not found on queue**

Explanation

No disconnect indication was found on the specified XTI endpoint.

System action

The function fails. Retry.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC626

EDC7115I **unitdata error not found**

Explanation

No unitdata error was found on the specified XTI endpoint.

System action

The function fails. Retry.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC627

EDC7116I **bad flags**

Explanation

An invalid flags value was passed to `t_optmgmt`.

System action

The function fails. Retry with a valid flags value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC628

EDC7117I no ord rel found on queue

Explanation

No orderly release indication was found on the specified XTI endpoint.

System action

The function fails. Retry.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC629

EDC7118I primitive/action not supported

Explanation

An operation unsupported by the underlying transport provider was requested.

System action

The function fails.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62A

EDC7119I state is in process of changing

Explanation

An operation was requested on an XTI endpoint whose state was in the process of changing.

System action

The function fails. Retry.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62B

EDC7120I unsupported struct-type requested

Explanation

Allocation of an unsupported XTI structure type was requested from t_alloc.

System action

The function fails. Pass a correct structure type.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62C

EDC7121I invalid transport provider name

Explanation

An invalid transport provider name was specified when attempting to open an XTI endpoint.

System action

The function fails. Specify a valid transport provider.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62D

EDC7122I qlen is zero

Explanation

An attempt was made to listen on an XTI endpoint whose connection queue length is zero.

System action

The function fails. Specify an endpoint with a non-zero queue length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62E

EDC7123I address in use

Explanation

An attempt was made to bind to a transport address which is already in use.

System action

The function fails. Specify an address which is available.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62F

EDC7124I outstanding connection indications

Explanation

The XTI endpoint specified for both fd and resfd in a call to t_accept has outstanding connect requests.

System action

The function fails. Specify an endpoint with no outstanding connect requests.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62G

EDC7125I **transport provider mismatch**

Explanation

The listening and responding endpoints in a t_accept call do not refer to the same transport provider.

System action

The function fails. Specify two endpoints which both refer to the same transport provider.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62H

EDC7126I **resfd specified to accept w/qlen >0**

Explanation

The XTI endpoint specified as resfd to t_accept is a passive endpoint.

System action

The function fails. Specify an endpoint with zero queue length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62I

EDC7127I **resfd not bound to same addr as fd**

Explanation

The responding endpoint in a call to t_accept is not bound to the same address as the listening endpoint.

System action

The function fails. Specify two endpoints both bound to the same address.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62J

EDC7128I **incoming connection queue full**

Explanation

The connection queue of the endpoint specified in a call to t_listen is full.

System action

The function fails. Accept pending connections on the endpoint and retry.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62K

EDC7129I **XTI protocol error**

Explanation

A communication problem has been detected between XTI and the transport provider to which an endpoint refers.

System action

The function fails. Refer to diagnostic procedures for the transport provider.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC62L

EDC8000I **A bad socket-call constant was found in the IUCV header.**

Explanation

A problem has occurred between MVS or VM and TCP/IP.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7Q0

EDC8001I	An error was found in the IUCV header.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error was found in the IUCV header, such as a bad length.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7Q1

EDC8002I	A socket descriptor is out of range.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A socket number assigned by client interface code (for `socket()` and `accept()`) is out of range.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7Q2

EDC8003I	A socket descriptor is in use.
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

A socket number assigned by client interface code is already in use.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7Q3

EDC8004I	Request failed because of an IUCV error.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The request failed because of IUCV error. This error is generated by the client stub code.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7Q4

EDC8005I	Offload box error.
-----------------	---------------------------

Explanation

A problem has occurred between MVS and TCP/IP.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7Q5

EDC8006I	Offload box restarted.
-----------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

A problem has occurred between MVS and TCP/IP.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7Q6

EDC8007I **Offload box down.**

Explanation

A problem has occurred between MVS and TCP/IP.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7Q7

EDC8008I **Already a conflicting call outstanding on socket.**

Explanation

A problem has occurred between MVS and TCP/IP.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7Q8

EDC8009I **Request cancelled using a SOCKcallCANCEL request.**

Explanation

A problem has occurred between MVS and TCP/IP.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7Q9

EDC8011I **A name of a PFS was specified that either is not configured or is not a Sockets PFS.**

Explanation

A problem has occurred between MVS and TCP/IP.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Record this error and report the failure using your local procedure to report failures to the IBM Service support contact.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7QB

EDC8100I **Block device required.**

Explanation

A non-block file was specified when a block device is required.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7T4

EDC8101I **Text file busy.**

Explanation

An attempt is made to run a pure-procedure program that is currently open for writing or reading. It also occurs when an attempt is made to open for writing, or to remove, a pure-procedure program or shared library while that program or library is being run.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources; then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7T5

EDC8102I Operation would block.

Explanation

An operation on a socket marked as non-blocking has encountered a situation, such as no data available, that otherwise would have caused the function to suspend execution.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7T6

EDC8103I Operation now in progress.

Explanation

The socket was marked O_NDELAY or O_NONBLOCK using `fcntl()`, and the connection cannot be immediately established.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7T7

EDC8104I Connection already in progress.

Explanation

A connection or disconnection request is already in progress for the specified socket.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7T8

EDC8105I Socket operation on non-socket.

Explanation

The file descriptor does not refer to a socket.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7T9

EDC8106I Destination address required.

Explanation

The socket operation failed because a destination address was not provided. No bind address was established.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TA

EDC8107I Message too long.

Explanation

The socket data transfer failed because the message exceeded the size limits. A message sent on a transport provider was longer than an internal message buffer or some other network limit.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TB

EDC8108I Protocol wrong type for socket.

Explanation

Either the two sockets to be connected are not of the same type, or the protocol used does not support this type of socket.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TC

EDC8109I Protocol not available.

Explanation

The protocol option specified to `setsockopt()` is not supported by this implementation.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TD

EDC8110I Protocol not supported.

Explanation

This protocol is not supported by the address family, or the protocol is not supported by this implementation.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TE

EDC8111I Socket type not supported.

Explanation

The type of socket specified is not supported. Do not use this type of socket in your program.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TF

EDC8112I	Operation not supported on socket.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This socket, with its particular type, domain, and protocol, does not allow the requested operation.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TG

EDC8113I	Protocol family not supported.
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Explanation

The socket protocol specified is not supported. Do not use this protocol in your program.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TH

EDC8114I	Address family not supported.
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

This implementation does not support the specified address family, or the specified address is not valid for the address family of the specified socket.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TI

EDC8115I	Address already in use.
-----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

A bind or connect operation was attempted using a socket name that is already in use.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TJ

EDC8116I	Address not available.
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Explanation

The requested socket address is not available to this machine. Either an incorrect socket address was used, or there is a problem at the remote node where the socket address should be.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TK

EDC8117I	Network is down.
-----------------	-------------------------

Explanation

A socket operation failed because the network is not available. The local interface to use or reach the destination is not available.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TL

EDC8118I Network is unreachable.

Explanation

A socket operation failed because the destination is at a remote node that cannot be reached over the network. No route to the network exists.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TM

EDC8119I Network dropped connection on reset.

Explanation

The host to which the socket was connected went down. The connection can be reestablished after the remote node is restarted.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TN

EDC8120I Connection ended abnormally.

Explanation

The connection between a socket and a remote node was terminated at the local node, the remote node, or the network level.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TO

EDC8121I Connection reset.

Explanation

The connection was forcibly closed by the peer. This errno can be set because of an error, or because of a connection that was closed.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TP

EDC8122I No buffer space available.

Explanation

Not enough buffer space is available in the system to perform the requested socket operation.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TQ

EDC8123I Socket already connected.

Explanation

A connect operation was attempted on a socket that is already connected.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TR

EDC8124I Socket not connected.

Explanation

A socket operation, other than a connect, was attempted on a socket that is not currently connected, or a send operation that does not require a connection was attempted without a destination address.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TS

EDC8125I Can't send after socket shutdown.

Explanation

An attempt was made to send data after a socket was shut down.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TT

EDC8126I Too many references; can't splice.

Explanation

Too many references have been specified.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TU

EDC8127I Connection timed out.

Explanation

A remote socket did not respond within the timeout period set by the protocol of the socket on this node. If the connection timed out during execution of the function that reported this error (as opposed to timing out before the function being called), results are unpredictable.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7TV

EDC8128I **Connection refused.**

Explanation

A remote node refused to allow the attempted connect operation. The attempt to connect to a socket was refused because there was no process listening, or because the queue of connection requests was full and the underlying protocol does not support retransmissions.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7U0

EDC8129I **Host is not available.**

Explanation

A socket operation failed because the remote node specified is not available.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7U1

EDC8130I **Host cannot be reached.**

Explanation

A socket operation failed because no route to the remote node was available because of an incorrect address, an incorrect routing table, or network hardware problems.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7U2

EDC8131I **Too many processes.**

Explanation

The system process limit has been exceeded.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7U3

EDC8132I **Too many users.**

Explanation

The maximum number of users has been reached.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7U4

EDC8133I **Disk quota exceeded.**

Explanation

A write to an ordinary file, the creation of a directory or symbolic link, or the creation of a directory entry failed because the user's quota of disk blocks is exhausted.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7U5

EDC8134I **Stale file handle.**

Explanation

The current directory, the root directory, or a file descriptor to a file refers to a file that is no longer accessible. This error may be caused by the local or remote file system being unmounted, or by a remote file server disabling currently open file handles for implementation-defined reasons.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7U6

EDC8136I **File is not a STREAM.**

Explanation

A STREAM operation was attempted on a file descriptor which was not associated with a STREAM.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7U8

EDC8137I **STREAMS ioctl() timeout.**

Explanation

The timer set for a STREAMS `ioctl()` call has expired. The cause of this error is device-specific and indicates either a hardware or software failure, or a timeout value that is too short for the specific operation. The status of the `ioctl()` operation is unpredictable.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7U9

EDC8138I **No STREAMS resources.**

Explanation

Insufficient STREAMS memory resources are available to perform a STREAMS-related function. This is a temporary condition; recovery is possible if other processes release resources.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7UA

EDC8139I **The message identified by set_id and msg_id is not in the message catalog.**

Explanation

This message is equivalent to the ENOMSG errno.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Refer to *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7UB

EDC8140I **Bad message.**

Explanation

During a `read()`, `getmsg()`, or `ioctl()` `I_RECVFD` request to a STREAMS device, a message arrived at the head of the STREAMS that is inappropriate for the function receiving the message:

- `read()` — The message waiting to be read on a STREAMS is not a data message.
- `getmsg()` — A file descriptor was received instead of a control message.
- `ioctl()` — Control or data information was received instead of a file descriptor when `I_RECVFD` was specified.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7UC

EDC8141I **Identifier removed.**

Explanation

Returned during interprocess communication if an identifier has been removed from the system.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7UD

EDC8144I **The link has been severed.**

Explanation

This error may be reported by a function that refers to a remote file, when the communications link to the server for that resource has been lost, any file descriptor associated with this remote file should not be used for future I/O.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7UG

EDC8148I **Protocol error.**

Explanation

A protocol error occurred. This error is device-specific, but is usually not caused by a hardware failure.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Proceed with cleanup of the application resources, and then close the socket. When the socket has been freed, the application may begin the process again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7UK

EDC8149I **Multihop not allowed.**

Explanation

For a function that has a pathname as one of its arguments, resolution of that pathname requires multihop access to a remote resource, and multihop access is not supported by the underlying implementation.

System action

The request fails. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

Report the failure to your local administrator for the TCP/IP function. Try the application again when the problem has been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7UL

EDC8152I	The asynchronous I/O request has been canceled.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An asynchronous operation was in blocking state and has been canceled with `aiocancel()`.

System action

The asynchronous I/O request fails with ECANCELED.

Programmer response

Avoid using `aiocancel()` to allow operations to wait or complete.

EDC8159I	Function call was interrupted before any data was received.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An asynchronous signal was caught by the (POSIX) process during the execution of an interruptible function, and the signal handler (or default action) resulted in a normal return. This caused the interrupted function to return this `errno`. The signal arrived after the socket connection was established but before any data was received over the connection.

System action

The request fails and no data is returned. The socket connection is established. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

See [z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference](#) for information about possible side effects of interrupting the function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7UV

EDC8160I	Socket reuse is not supported.
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Explanation

An attempt was made to reuse the specified socket for this function. Reuse of this socket by this function is not allowed.

System action

The socket is not reused. Refer to the [z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference](#) for more information on how each function reacts to this error. The application continues to run.

Programmer response

See [z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference](#) for the function being attempted for the specific reason for failure, and for any side effects from the function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

EDC7V0

EDC8161I	The file system cannot currently be moved.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The function call is attempting to move a file system which currently cannot be moved. This occurs in a USS sysplex environment. One reason is that an application has issued byte range locks for one or more files in the file system. The move cannot succeed until the files are closed and/or the byte range locks are released.

System action

The file system is not moved.

Programmer response

Ensure the program has no byte range locks outstanding. It may also be necessary to close any open files which had byte range locks. If that does not help, ask the system programmer to use the `F BPXOINIT,FILESYS...` console command to determine the state of the file system and to perform file system

diagnosis. All applications which hold byte range locks may also need to be determined.

EDC9500I An unknown error occurred.

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` failed. The reason is unknown.

System action

The `gai_strerror()` function returns this message when it is given an error code that is not one of the documented return values from either the `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` function.

Programmer response

Report the problem to your system administrator.

EDC9501I The name does not resolve for the supplied parameters.

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` failed. For `getnameinfo()`, flag `NI_NAMEREQD` is set and the host's name cannot be located, or both node and service names were null. For `getaddrinfo()`, both nodename and servname were null.

System action

The `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_NONAME` is returned.

Programmer response

For `getaddrinfo()`, correct the function call to supply either or both the nodename and servname parameters. For `getnameinfo()`, either the node or service name supplied cannot be located and should be verified for a correct name.

EDC9502I The name or address could not be resolved at this time. Future attempts may succeed.

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` failed. The host address specified for `getnameinfo()` or the host name specified for `getaddrinfo()` could not be resolved in the configured time interval or the system resolver address space has not been started.

System action

The `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_AGAIN` is returned.

Programmer response

Retry your request at a later time.

EDC9503I A non-recoverable error occurred when attempting to resolve the name or address.

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` failed. The host address specified for `getnameinfo()` or the host name specified for `getaddrinfo()` could not be resolved.

System action

The `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_FAIL` is returned.

Programmer response

Report the problem to your system administrator.

EDC9504I An argument buffer overflowed.

Explanation

Function `getnameinfo()` failed. The buffer pointed to by the node or service argument for `getnameinfo()` was too small.

System action

The `getnameinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_OVERFLOW` is returned.

Programmer response

Correct the size of the argument buffer.

EDC9505I The address family was not recognized or the address length was invalid for the specified family.

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` failed. The address family information was incorrect.

System action

The `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_FAMILY` is returned.

Programmer response

Consult the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the valid address families allowed and correct the application to use a supported address family and its correct length.

EDC9506I	There was a memory allocation failure.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` failed. The service was unable to obtain the memory necessary to build the return information.

System action

The `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_MEMORY` is returned.

Programmer response

Report the problem to your system administrator.

EDC9507I	The flags parameter had an invalid value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` failed. For the `getaddrinfo()` function, the *ai_flags* member of the hints structure specified an invalid combination of flags. For the `getnameinfo()` function, the *flags* parameter specified an invalid combination of flags.

System action

The `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_BADFLAGS` is returned.

Programmer response

Consult the *z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference* for the valid flags allowed and correct the application to use a proper combination of flags.

EDC9508I	The service passed was not recognized for the specified socket type.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` failed. The *servname* parameter specified on `getaddrinfo()` does not support *ai_socktype* member specified in the hints parameter.

System action

The `getaddrinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_SERVICE` is returned.

Programmer response

Correct the *servname* parameter or the *ai_socktype* value. If these are correct, then contact your system administrator.

EDC9509I	The intended socket type was not recognized.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` fails. The `getaddrinfo()` function does not support the socket type specified in the *ai_socktype* member of the hints parameter.

System action

The `getaddrinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_SOCKTYPE` is returned.

Programmer response

Correct the *ai_socktype* value. If it is correct, then contact your system administrator.

EDC9510I	A system error occurred. The error code can be found in <code>errno</code>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` failed. The request failed because of a system error.

System action

The `getaddrinfo()` or `getnameinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_SYSTEM` is returned.

Programmer response

Retrieve the `errno` value and use the information it supplies to correct the problem.

EDC9511I	The extended flags parameter had an invalid value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Function `getaddrinfo()` failed. The *ai_eflags* member of the hints structure specified a combination of flags that is not valid.

System action

The `getaddrinfo()` function fails. The value `EAI_BADEXTFLAGS` is returned.

Programmer response

Refer to [z/OS XL C/C++ Runtime Library Reference](#) for the valid flags allowed and correct the application to use a proper combination of flags.

Chapter 5. Fortran runtime messages

This topic shows the ranges of Fortran message numbers by message type, and explains qualifying data, permissible resume actions, and locator-text in the Fortran messages. Finally, the list of the Fortran messages is given.

Fortran runtime message number ranges

Component or Language Element	Range of Message Numbers
(Reserved)	0000–0099
Service Subroutines	0100–0299
Common Blocks	0300–0339
Operator Messages	0340–0344
(Reserved)	0345–0400
Run-time Environment	0401–0499
Implicit Routines	0500–0599
Intrinsic Functions	0600–0699
(Reserved)	0700–0999
I/O	1000–1999
Input Conversion	1000–1019
Sequential I/O	1020–1069
Direct I/O	1070–1099
Keyed I/O	1100–1179
Formatted I/O	1180–1199
Unformatted I/O	1200–1209
List Directed I/O	1210–1219
Namelist I/O	1220–1249
Striped I/O	1250–1269
Asynchronous I/O	1270–1329
VSAM I/O	1330–1339
INQUIRE	1340–1359
CLOSE semantics	1360–1379
OPEN / DEFINE FILE semantics	1380–1449
(Reserved)	1450–1499
System-detected errors	1500–1549
Command / Macro / Service failure	1550–1599
File Disconnection	1900–1909
End of Data	1910–1914
Invalid unit	1915–1919
Miscellaneous	1920–1999
Multitasking Facility (MTF)	2000–2099
AUTOTASK	2000–2029
AUTOTASK DD Statement	2030–2039
Function invalid	2040–2049

Component or Language Element	Range of Message Numbers
Miscellaneous	2050–2099
Vector	2100–2119
Run-Time Options	2120–2129
Miscellaneous	2130–2199
Separation Tool	2200–2249
Static Debug	2250–2279
Miscellaneous	2280–2999
(Reserved)	3000–9999

Qualifying data

Many of the messages listed have a section called Qualifying Data, which describes qualifying data (q_data) associated with the condition. Qualifying data (or q_data) consists of variables that contain information about the occurrence of a particular condition, such as the input values to the service that detected the condition. This information is useful for a condition handler to determine what corrective actions to take.

Many of the conditions have q_data descriptors (indicated by data type Q_DATA_DESC) as part of their qualifying data. A q_data descriptor indicates the data type and length of the immediately following element of qualifying data.

The first qualifying data for any condition is *parm-count*, the total number of elements of qualifying data including *parm-count* itself, associated with that condition token.

For I/O errors, the first four qualifying data are defined as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#).

Table 1. Basic Set of Qualifying Data for I/O Conditions

No.	Name	Input/ Output	Type	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	The total number of elements of qualifying data including this one. If there is no additional qualifying data beyond the basic set shown here, then this value is 4. Otherwise, it includes the first four shown here plus whatever additional qualifying data is applicable to the condition.
2	<i>statement</i>	Input	CHARACTER*12	The name of the I/O statement being processed.
3	<i>unit</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	-1, if the I/O statement is directed to an internal file. Otherwise, the unit number specified on the I/O statement.
4	<i>file</i>	Input	CHARACTER*62	Blank, if the I/O statement refers to an internal file or if the name of the file is not provided as part of the message text for this condition. Otherwise, a structure that gives the name of the external file to which the I/O statement refers (see Table 2 on page 272).

When the *file* qualifying data is not blank, it gives the file name of the file involved in the I/O statement, and has the following format:

Table 2. Structure of file qualifying data that is not blank

Position	Length	Contents
1	8	The ddname for the file.
9	1	A code that indicates if the file is identified in the Fortran program by its ddname or by its data set name. A value of blank indicates that the file is referred to through its ddname. Any non-blank character indicates that it is referred to by its data set name (see Table 3 on page 273).

For z/OS, position 9 of the *file* qualifying data has the following structure when it does not contain blanks.

Table 3. Structure of the code that references files by ddname

Position	Length	Contents
9	44	Data set name
53	8	PDS member name (or blank if not a PDS)
61	2	Not used

For more information on qualifying data, see [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#).

Permissible resume actions

Many of the messages listed have a section called Permissible Resume Actions describing which resume actions a user condition handler can request when the resume cursor has not been moved.

Table 4 on page 273 shows the names (that is, the two-character codes) of the resume actions. It also contains a description of the values that the user condition handler must set for the indicated parameters to request that resume action. (*result_code* and *new_condition* are defined in [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#).)

Table 4. Names of resume actions

Name	Corresponding Resume Action	<i>result_code</i> Parameter	<i>new_condition</i> Parameter
RN	Resume without moving the resume cursor	10	—
RI	Resume with new input value	60	CEE0CE
RO	Resume with new output value	60	CEE0CF

If a user condition handler requests a resume action that is not listed as one of the permissible resume actions for the condition being processed, either the condition CEE088 (invalid request for the resume action) or the condition CEE087 (invalid request for the fix-up and resume action) is signaled. If a user condition handler attempts to resume without moving the resume cursor for the condition CEE088 or CEE087, the condition is percolated to the next condition handler to avoid a program loop.

Regardless of what is listed for a message under Permissible Resume Actions, you can always move the resume cursor by invoking the callable service CEEMRCE and then requesting the resume action. In this case, the only actions that are taken are those described under System Action; none of those listed under Permissible Resume Actions is taken.

Name	Resume Action	<i>result_code</i> Parameter	<i>new_condition</i> Parameter
—	Resume after moving the resume cursor	10	—

locator-text in the runtime message texts

In many message texts for conditions involving I/O statements, *locator-text* is shown as part of the message text. This *locator-text* identifies the Fortran statement for which the error was detected and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.
- The *statement* statement for an internal file failed.
- An error occurred during enclave termination.
- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

List of runtime messages

The messages listed pertain to Fortran. Messages are followed by an explanation describing the condition that caused the message (except for those messages for which the message text is self-explanatory), a programmer response suggesting how you might prevent the message from occurring again, and a system action indicating how the system responds to the condition that caused the message.

The messages also contain a symbolic feedback code, which represents the first 8 bytes of a 12-byte condition token. You can think of the symbolic feedback code as the nickname for a condition. As such, the symbolic feedback code can be used in user-written condition handlers to screen for a given condition, even if it occurs at different locations in an application.

Some messages also contain qualifying data and permissible resume actions, as discussed in “Qualifying data” on page 272, and “Permissible resume actions” on page 273, respectively. The VS FORTRAN Version 2 error number is shown for those messages that existed in VS FORTRAN Version 2.

These messages also contain alphabetic suffixes that have the following meaning:

- I**
Informational message
- W**
Warning message
- E**
Error message
- S**
Severe error message
- C**
Critical error message

FOR0096W The symbol table in storage was corrupted and couldn't be used to produce a dump.

Explanation

During the printing of a dump, a Language Environment routine detected an inconsistency in a symbol table, which contains information about the type and location of the variables in a Fortran program unit. Most likely the symbol table in virtual storage was overlaid by some routine (but not necessarily by the routine with the overlaid symbol table).

System action

The dump or the remainder of the dump for this program unit is not created.

Programmer response

Determine and correct the cause of the overlaid symbol table. In Fortran program units, this is often caused by:

- Using subscripts that reference virtual storage outside the declared bounds of an array.
- Referring to variables that are in EQUIVALENCE statements when the variables are declared to overlay too much storage.

- Referring to storage that's addressed through a pointer whose value isn't properly established.
- In a CALL statement or function reference, providing actual arguments that are not consistent with the dummy arguments declared in the subprogram. The actual arguments could be of the wrong type, rank, or have the wrong array bounds. There could be an incorrect number of actual arguments.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0096

FOR0100S The DIV callable service *service-name* for the dynamic common block *common-name* failed. A *macro-name* macro instruction had a system completion (abend) code of *abend-code*, and a reason code of *reason-code*. Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error 2 Number: AFB143I-1

Explanation

The DIV callable service *service-name* failed because the macro instruction *macro-name*, which was used internally by Language Environment, failed. The

system completion (abend) codes and reason codes are described in *z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP*.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is not completed, a return code of 128 is set, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Refer to the one of the publications listed under “Explanation” for the cause of the error. You might require the assistance of your Language Environment support personnel to resolve many of these errors.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0100

FOR0101S	The DIV callable service <i>service-name</i> failed for the dynamic common block <i>common-name</i>. A <i>macro-name</i> macro instruction had a return code of <i>return-code</i>, and a reason code of <i>reason-code</i>. Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB143I-2
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Explanation

The DIV callable service *service-name* failed because the macro instruction *macro-name*, which was used internally by Language Environment, failed. The return codes and reason codes are described in *z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP*.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is not completed, a return code of 128 is set, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Refer to the one of the publications listed under “Explanation” for the cause of the error. You might require the assistance of your Language Environment support personnel to resolve many of these errors.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0101

FOR0102S	The DIV callable service <i>service-name</i> failed. The return code was <i>return-code</i>. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB144I-1, AFB144I-2
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Explanation

The DIV callable service *service-name* failed because of one of the errors in the table, which is identified by the return code *return-code*. The arguments mentioned in the explanations are those described for the DIV callable services in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference*.

Return Code	Explanation
8	The value of the <i>dyncom</i> argument wasn't the name of a dynamic common block.
12	The value of the <i>type</i> argument was neither DDNAME, DSN, nor DSN.
16	If the value of the <i>type</i> argument was DSN, the value of the <i>access</i> argument was neither READ nor READWRITE. If the value of the <i>type</i> argument was DDNAME, the value of the <i>access</i> argument was neither READ, READWRITE, nor blank.
20	The value of the <i>access</i> argument was READ, but the data object was empty.
24	The object specified by the <i>divobj</i> argument was already associated with a dynamic common block or an object ID through a different ddname.
28	The ddname or data set name given as the <i>divobj</i> argument did not refer to a VSAM linear data set.
32	The value supplied for <i>divobj</i> argument was not a valid ddname or data set name (as determined by the value of the <i>type</i> argument).
36	The value of the <i>divobj</i> argument conflicted with the value of the <i>type</i> argument. For example, this return code could indicate that the <i>type</i> argument had a value of DDNAME, and the <i>divobj</i> had a value that could only be a data set name rather than a ddname.
40	The data set that had the name given as the value of the <i>divobj</i> argument and that should have been a VSAM linear data set could not be dynamically allocated, possibly because it didn't exist.

Return Code	Explanation
44	The dynamic common block whose name was given as the value of the <i>dyncom</i> argument was already associated with another data object through the use of the DIVINF or DIVVVV callable service.
48	<p>The argument list passed to the DIV callable service was invalid for one or more of these reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 or the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler with the the LONGLVL(66) compiler option. Call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 compiler at a level before Release 3. Call was made from a program compiled by the FORTRAN IV H Extended or the FORTRAN IV G1 compiler. Incorrect number of arguments was provided. One or more of the arguments wasn't of the type required by the callable service. Call was made from an assembler language program, and the arguments were not provided in the form required when there are character arguments.
52	The value of the <i>mapnum</i> argument implied a range in the data object that overlaps a range that was already mapped.
56	The value of the <i>obj-id</i> argument did not have an association with any data object.
60	The value of the <i>offset</i> argument was negative.
64	The dynamic common block whose name was given as the value of the <i>dyncom</i> argument was not associated with any data object.
68	The DIVSAV callable service was invoked, but the data object associated with the dynamic common whose name was given as the value of the <i>dyncom</i> argument was not accessed using a value of READWRITE for the <i>access</i> argument.
72	The value of the <i>mapnum</i> argument was zero or negative.
76	The DIV callable service was called from within an MTF parallel subroutine.

System action

The service is not completed, and the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	3
2	<i>subroutine-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	Name of the DIV subroutine

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
3	<i>return-code</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Return code from the Fortran DIV subroutine.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is not completed, a return code of <i>return code</i> is set, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Based on the return code identified by *return-code*, take the action indicated. The arguments mentioned are those described for the DIV callable services in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference*.

Return Code	Explanation
8	Specify the name of the common block as one of the suboptions of the DC compiler option.
12	Change the value of the <i>type</i> argument to DDNAME, DSNNAME, or DSN depending on whether a ddname or a data set name is given as the value of the <i>divobj</i> argument. (Lowercase characters are allowed.)
16	Change the value of the <i>access</i> argument to READ or READWRITE. (Lowercase characters are allowed.)
20	Ensure that name given as the <i>divobj</i> argument refers to the data object (VSAM linear data set) that was intended, or change the value of the <i>access</i> argument to READWRITE.
24	Remove this call to the DIVINF or DIVINV callable service if an existing association can be used. Alternatively, terminate the existing association using the DIVTRF or DIVTRV callable service before calling DIVINF or DIVINV.
28	Ensure that the ddname or the data set name given as the <i>divobj</i> argument refers to a VSAM linear data set.
32	Ensure that the value of the <i>divobj</i> argument is a valid ddname or a data set name that refers to a VSAM linear data set. Also ensure that it is correctly specified as either a ddname or a data set name in the <i>type</i> argument.
36	If the <i>type</i> argument has a value of DDNAME, then ensure that a ddname referring to a VSAM linear data set is given as the value of the <i>divobj</i> argument. If the <i>type</i> has a value of DSNNAME or DSN, then ensure that a data set name of a VSAM linear data set is given as the value of the <i>divobj</i> argument. Change either or both of these arguments to make them consistent.
40	Ensure that the data set name refers to a VSAM linear data set, which can be created using Access Method Services.

Return Code	Explanation
44	Make one or more of these changes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove the call to the DIVINF or DIVVVV if an existing association can be used. Use a different dynamic common block name. First terminate the existing association using the DIVTRF or DIVTRV callable service.
48	If the calling program is written in Fortran, compile it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler, and do not specify the LANGVL(66) compiler option. If it is written in assembler language, use the Fortran conventions for argument lists with character arguments. These conventions are described in the topic “Passing Character Arguments Using the Standard Linkage Convention” in Appendix B of <i>VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS</i> .
52	Use a different value for the <i>mapnum</i> argument to avoid overlapping an existing mapping of the data object. Use the DIVCML callable service if necessary to determine the length of the dynamic common blocks so that overlapping mappings can be avoided.
56	Ensure that the value of the <i>obj-id</i> argument is the same as what was returned by a previous call to the DIVINV callable service. Also ensure that the previous call to the DIVINV callable service completely successfully. If it's possible that a user-written condition handler requested that execution resume in the event of an error, then provide logic to handle the nonzero return code.
60	Provide a value for the <i>offset</i> argument that is not less than 0.
64	Ensure that the name given as the value of the <i>dyncom</i> argument has been associated with a data object using the DIVINF callable service. Also ensure that the previous call to the DIVINF callable service completely successfully by checking the return code if it's possible that a user-written condition handler requested that resumption of execution occur.
68	If the changes made in the dynamic common block are to be saved in the data object, then ensure that the value of the <i>access</i> argument in the call to the DIVINF or DIVINV callable service is READWRITE. If the changes are not to be saved, then remove the call to the DIVSAV callable service.
72	Provide a positive value for the <i>mapnum</i> argument. Also see the actions for return code 52.
76	Restructure the application so that there are no calls to the data-in-virtual callable service in MTF parallel subroutines. However, these services can be used in the main task program, and the SHRCOM callable service can be used to allow sharing of the dynamic common blocks among the main task program and the parallel subroutines.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0102

FOR0103W **The DIV callable service *service-name* completed successfully, but the dynamic common block**

***common-name* had a length of *length*, which was not a multiple of 4096.**

System action

The service is completed and execution resumes.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is not completed, a return code of 4 is set, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

If dynamic common block *common-name* will be modified and the changes saved in the data object or if you want to avoid the signaling of this condition, change the declarations of the variables in *common-name* such that the length of this common block becomes an exact multiple of 4096 (4096, 8192, 12288, and so on). Otherwise, you can ignore this condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0103

FOR0104S **The DIV callable service *service-name* failed. It was called with no argument list. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB154I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is not completed, a return code of 48 is set, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Provide the arguments that are required for the *service-name* callable service. The data-in-virtual callable services are described in detail in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0104

FOR0105S **The DIV callable service *service-name* failed. It was called with an incorrect number of arguments. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB154I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, a return code of 48 is set, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Provide the arguments that are required for the *service-name* callable service. The data-in-virtual callable services are described in detail in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0105

FOR0106S **The DIV callable service *service-name* failed. It was called with an argument list in an incorrect format. This probably occurred because a required character argument was not provided. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB154I**

Explanation

The argument list provided to the *service-name* callable service wasn't in the internally-generated form produced by the Fortran compiler when there are character arguments. This could have occurred for one or more of these reasons:

- The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 or the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler with the the LANTLRVL(66) compiler option.
- The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 compiler at a level before Release 3.
- The call was made from a program compiled by the FORTRAN IV H Extended or the FORTRAN IV G1 compiler.
- An incorrect number of arguments was provided.

- One or more of the arguments wasn't of the type required by the callable service.
- The call was made from an assembler language program, and the arguments were not provided in the form required when there are character arguments.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, a return code of 48 is set, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Provide the arguments that are required for the *service-name* callable service. The data-in-virtual callable services are described in detail in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference*.

If the program is written in Fortran, compile it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler, and do not specify the LANTLRVL(66) compiler option. If it is written in assembler language, use the Fortran conventions for argument lists with character arguments. These conventions are described in the topic "Passing Character Arguments Using the Standard Linkage Convention" in Appendix B of *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0106

FOR0120S **The FILEINF callable service failed. It was called with an argument list in an incorrect format. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB096I-1**

Explanation

The argument list provided in the call to the FILEINF callable service was incorrect in one of these ways:

- There was no argument list.
- The argument list had an even number of arguments.
- The argument list wasn't in the internally-generated form produced by the Fortran compiler when there are character arguments. This could have occurred for one or more of these reasons:

- One or more of the keyword arguments (CYL, RECFM, and so on) weren't provided as character expressions.
- The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 or the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler with the the LONGLVL(66) compiler option.
- The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 compiler at a level before Release 3.
- The call was made from a program compiled by the FORTRAN IV H Extended or the FORTRAN IV G1 compiler.
- The call was made from an assembler language program, and the arguments were not provided in the form required when there are character arguments.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated. However, if the **RN** action listed under “Permissible Resume Actions” is taken to resume execution following the call, then the file information provided is ignored, and error FOR1926 is detected during execution of a subsequent OPEN or INQUIRE statement. Detection of error FOR1926 can be suppressed if, following the failing call to the FILEINF callable service, another call is made either with no arguments or with arguments that don't cause another error to be detected.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes. Refer to “System Action” regarding the detection of error FOR1926 following this resumption.

Programmer response

Be sure that the argument list contains an odd number of arguments and that the even-numbered arguments are character expressions whose values are the permissible keyword arguments.

If the program is written in Fortran, compile it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler, and do not specify the LONGLVL(66) compiler option. If it is written in assembler language, use the Fortran conventions for argument lists with character arguments. These conventions are described in the topic “Passing Character Arguments Using the Standard Linkage Convention” in Appendix B of *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS*.

Refer to “System Action” regarding the detection of error FOR1926 on a subsequent OPEN or CLOSE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0120

FOR0121S	The FILEINF callable service failed. The argument in position <i>position</i> of the argument list was not one of the character values that the FILEINF callable service understands as an argument. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB096I-2
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Explanation

Position *position* of the argument list for the FILEINF callable service was not a character expression whose value was one of the permissible keyword arguments. These permissible keyword arguments are values such as RECFM, CYL, and so on.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated. However, if the **RN** action listed under “Permissible Resume Actions” is taken to resume execution following the call, then the file information provided is ignored, and error FOR1926 is detected during execution of a subsequent OPEN or INQUIRE statement. Detection of error FOR1926 can be suppressed if, following the failing call to the FILEINF callable service, another call is made either with no arguments or with arguments that don't cause another error to be detected.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes. Refer to “System Action” regarding the detection of error FOR1926 following this resumption.

Programmer response

Correct the argument list by coding the first argument as an integer variable and the remaining pairs of arguments as one of the permissible keyword arguments followed by its value. The keyword arguments are listed in the description of the FILEINF callable service in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference*.

Be sure that each keyword argument is coded as a character expression. Remember that if a character

constant is used, the keyword argument, such as RECFM, must be enclosed in quotes or apostrophes.

Refer to “System Action” regarding the detection of error FOR1926 on a subsequent OPEN or CLOSE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0121

FOR0122S	The FILEINF callable service failed. An incorrect value was provided for the actual argument immediately following the actual argument with the value of keyword. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB096I-3
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System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated. However, if the **RN** action listed under “Permissible Resume Actions” is taken to resume execution following the call, then the file information provided is ignored, and error FOR1926 is detected during execution of a subsequent OPEN or INQUIRE statement. Detection of error FOR1926 can be suppressed if, following the failing call to the FILEINF callable service, another call is made either with no arguments or with arguments that don't cause another error to be detected.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes. Refer to “System Action” regarding the detection of error FOR1926 following this resumption.

Programmer response

Change the argument list by providing a value that's allowed to follow and correspond to the keyword argument *keyword*. The permissible values are shown in the description of the FILEINF callable service in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference*.

If the value is of character type, such as FB, and it is coded as a character constant, be sure to enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

Refer to “System Action” regarding the detection of error FOR1926 on a subsequent OPEN or CLOSE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0122

FOR0123S	The FILEINF callable service failed. VSAM record level sharing (RLS) was specified, but execution was on a system without both MVS/ESA SP Version 5 Release 2 or later and DFSMS/MVS Version 1 Release 3 or later.
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System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated. However, if the **RN** action listed under “Permissible Resume Actions” is taken to resume execution following the call, then the file information provided is ignored, and error FOR1926 is detected during execution of a subsequent OPEN or INQUIRE statement. Detection of error FOR1926 can be suppressed if, following the failing call to the FILEINF callable service, another call is made either with no arguments or with arguments that don't cause another error to be detected.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes. Refer to “System Action” regarding the detection of error FOR1926 following this resumption.

Programmer response

Ensure that the Fortran application that connects a VSAM file using RLS mode is run on MVS/SP Version 5 Release 2 or later and DFSMS/MVS Version 1 Release 3 or later. If these levels aren't available, then you can't use RLS mode. In this case, remove the RLS keyword argument and its corresponding value from the argument list for the FILEINF callable service.

Refer to “System Action” regarding the detection of error FOR1926 on a subsequent OPEN or CLOSE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0123

FOR0130S	The ARGSTR callable service failed. It was called with an argument list in an incorrect format.
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Explanation

The argument list provided in the call to the ARGSTR callable service was incorrect in one of these ways:

- There was no argument list.

- The argument list had other than two arguments.
- The argument list wasn't in the internally-generated form produced by the Fortran compiler when there are character arguments. This could have occurred because:
 - The first argument was not of character type.
 - The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 or the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler with the the LONGLVL(66) compiler option.
 - The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 compiler at a level before Release 3.
 - The call was made from a program compiled by the FORTRAN IV H Extended or the FORTRAN IV G1 compiler.
 - The call was made from an assembler language program, and the arguments were not provided in the form required when there are character arguments.

System action

The service is ignored, and the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Be sure that the argument list contains two arguments, the first of which is a character variable and the second of which is an integer variable of length 4.

If the program is written in Fortran, compile it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler, and do not specify the LONGLVL(66) compiler option. If it is written in assembler language, use the Fortran conventions for argument lists with character arguments. These conventions are described in the topic "Passing Character Arguments Using the Standard Linkage Convention" in Appendix B of *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0130

FOR0300S	One program unit specified common block <i>common-name</i> in a DC compiler option, but another
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program unit did not specify it in a DC compiler option. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB158I-2

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>common name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	Name of common block

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	<i>common-name</i> is not made available to one or more program units and execution continues. The results of execution are unpredictable if data in the dynamic common block is subsequently referenced.

Programmer response

If you want *common-name* to be a dynamic common block, compile all program units that refer to it using a DC compiler option that has as a suboption either *common-name* or an asterisk. If you want *common-name* to be a static common block, do not compile any program units that refer to it using a DC compiler option that has as a suboption either *common-name* or an asterisk unless *common-name* is used as a suboption of the SC compiler option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0300

FOR0301S	The common block <i>common-name</i> of length <i>length</i> could not be created because there was insufficient virtual storage. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB156I
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System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

N o.	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	3
2	<i>common-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	Name of common block.
3	<i>length</i>	Input/ Output	INTEGER*4	Length of common block.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is not completed, a return code of <i>return code</i> is set, and execution resumes.
RI	An attempt is made to acquire virtual storage for the common block. <i>common-name</i> using the length provided in <i>length</i> . If this is successful, execution continues but the results of execution are unpredictable if data in the dynamic common block beyond the length provided as <i>length</i> is referenced.

Programmer response

Run your application in a larger region. You can change the region size with the REGION parameter on the EXEC statement in your JCL.

If the application allows it, you could also recompile all program units that refer to common block *common-name* with declarations that result in a smaller length for this or for other common blocks.

If there are allocatable arrays that are allocated but not currently in use, then deallocate them to make more storage available.

If one of your routines is running in 24-bit addressing mode, remember that dynamic common blocks acquired for it are created in virtual storage below 16 Mb, where storage is limited. However, when the routine is running in 31-bit addressing mode, dynamic common blocks acquired for it are created in virtual storage above 16 Mb, where there is normally much more storage available. Therefore, if your application is running in 24-bit addressing mode and if it could run in 31-bit addressing mode instead, then making this change could alleviate this storage constraint. But before link editing the application with the AMODE=31 option, you should be sure that there aren't any program units, such as those compiled with the FORTRAN IV H Extended compiler, that aren't capable of running in 31-bit addressing mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0301

FOR0302S	Common block <i>common-name</i> was defined with a length of <i>length1</i>, but it was defined with a length
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of *length2* in a program unit that was invoked earlier. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB158I-1

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

N o.	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	4
2	<i>common-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	Name of common block
3	<i>length-1</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Length of common block, as defined in program unit 1.
4	<i>length-2</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Length of common block, as defined in program unit 2.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	<i>common-name</i> is not made available to one or more program units and execution continues. The results of execution are unpredictable if data in the dynamic common block is subsequently referenced.

Programmer response

In all program units that refer to the common block *common-name* ensure that the declarations of the common block are such that the length of the common block is the same.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0302

FOR0303S	The common block callable service <i>service-name</i> failed. It was called with an argument list in an incorrect format. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB920I-2, AFB157I-3
-----------------	--

Explanation

The argument list provided in the call to the *service-name* callable service was incorrect in one of these ways:

- There was no argument list.

- The argument list had the wrong number of arguments.
- The argument list wasn't in the internally-generated form produced by the Fortran compiler when there are character arguments. This could have occurred for one or more of these reasons:
 - The common block name wasn't provided as a character expression.
 - The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 or the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler with the the LANTLRVL(66) compiler option.
 - The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 compiler at a level before Release 3.
 - The call was made from a program compiled by the FORTRAN IV H Extended or the FORTRAN IV G1 compiler.
 - The call was made from an assembler language program, and the arguments were not provided in the form required when there are character arguments.

System action

The service is ignored, and the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No .	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>service-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	Name of common block callable service that was called.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Be sure that the argument list contains the number of arguments required by *service-name* and that they are of the correct type. In particular, if the common block name is coded as a character constant, be sure to enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

If the program is written in Fortran, compile it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler, and do not specify the LANTLRVL(66) compiler option. If it is written in assembler language, use the Fortran conventions

for argument lists with character arguments. These conventions are described in the topic “Passing Character Arguments Using the Standard Linkage Convention” in Appendix B of *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0303

FOR0304S	The common block callable service <i>service-name</i> failed. The common block name had an incorrect format. The invalid name was '<i>common-name</i>'. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB157I-2
-----------------	---

Explanation

The name of the dynamic common block provided to the *service-name* was not a valid name because it either:

- Began with a blank or was all blank,
- Was longer than 31 characters, or
- Contained an imbedded blank

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No .	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	3
2	<i>service-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	Name of common block callable service that was called.
3	<i>common-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	Common block name (or the first 31 characters of the name) that was provided for <i>service-name</i> .

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Be sure the character expression for the dynamic common block name passed to *service-name* is a valid Fortran name. In particular, it must:

- Be left-adjusted with trailing blanks,
- Begin with a letter, underscore (_), or dollar sign (\$),
- Contain only alphameric characters, that is, letters, digits, underscores (_), or dollar signs (\$),
- Contain at least 1 but no more than 31 nonblank characters, and
- Have no imbedded blanks.

If the common block name is coded as a character constant, be sure to enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

If the program is written in Fortran, compile it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler, and do not specify the LONGLVL(66) compiler option. If it is written in assembler language, use the Fortran conventions for argument lists with character arguments. These conventions are described in the section “Passing Character Arguments Using the Standard Linkage Convention” in Appendix B of *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0304

FOR0310S	The ALLOCATE statement could not be completed. The object <i>object_name</i> of length <i>object_length</i> could not be created because there was insufficient virtual storage.
-----------------	---

System action

If the STAT specifier is not present on the ALLOCATE statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	3
2	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*250	Name of object specified in ALLOCATE statement.
3	<i>object-length</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Length of object specified in ALLOCATE statement.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The current operation is ignored. The remainder of the allocation is processed and execution continues.

Programmer response

Run your application in a larger region. You can change the region size with the REGION parameter on the EXEC statement in your JCL.

If the application allows it, you could also reduce the size of the allocatable array so that it doesn't require as much storage.

If there are other allocatable arrays that are allocated but not currently in use, then deallocate them to make more storage available.

If there are common blocks or other large storage areas that could be reduced in size, then doing so could make more storage available.

If a routine is running in 24-bit addressing mode, remember that allocatable arrays acquired for it are created in virtual storage below 16 Mb, where storage is limited. However, when the routine is running in 31-bit addressing mode, allocatable arrays acquired for it are created in virtual storage above 16 Mb, where there is normally much more storage available. Therefore, if your application is running in 24-bit addressing mode and if it could run in 31-bit addressing mode instead, then making this change could alleviate this storage constraint. But before link editing the application with the AMODE=31 option, you should be sure that there aren't any program units, such as those compiled with the FORTRAN IV H Extended compiler, that aren't capable of running in 31-bit addressing mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0310

FOR0311S	The ALLOCATE statement could not be completed. The object <i>object_name</i> was already allocated.
-----------------	--

System action

If the STAT specifier is not present on the ALLOCATE statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*250	Name of object specified in ALLOCATE subroutine.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The current operation is ignored. The remainder of the allocation list is processed and execution continues.

Programmer response

Correct the logic of your program so that the same allocatable array isn't allocated again until its first occurrence is deallocated.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0311

FOR0312S **The DEALLOCATE statement could not be completed. The object *object_name* was not allocated.**

System action

If the STAT specifier is not present on the DEALLOCATE statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*250	Name of object specified in DEALLOCATE statement.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The current operation is ignored. The remainder of the deallocation list is processed and execution continues.

Programmer response

Correct the logic of your program so that you don't deallocate an array isn't allocated.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0312

FOR0340A **PAUSE *message* VS FORTRAN**
Version Error 2 Number: AFB001I

Explanation

A PAUSE statement has been executed from a Fortran routine. The message text *message* is whatever information was provided by the programmer with the PAUSE statement.

System action

Execution of the program waits for a response, which can be any character. After the response is entered, execution of the program continues with the statement following the PAUSE statement.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Follow the instructions given by *message* or by the person who submitted the job for execution. These instructions should indicate the action to be taken.

To resume execution, provide any single character as a response to the outstanding console message after taking the actions requested.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0340

FOR0341I **STOP *message* VS FORTRAN**
Version Error 2 Number: AFB002I

Explanation

A STOP statement has been executed from a Fortran routine. The message text *message* is whatever information was provided by the programmer with the STOP statement.

System action

The termination imminent condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0341

FOR0400S **A Fortran main program was executed from within an enclave that had already started executing. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB905I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

If you intended to call a Fortran subroutine rather than a main program, then code a SUBROUTINE statement as the first statement of that called routine.

If you want to call a main program, which will be in a new enclave, do this in one of these two ways:

- Invoke an assembler language program that uses a LINK macro instruction to pass control to the main program and implicitly create a new enclave.
- Invoke the callable service CEE3CRE, which creates a new enclave and passes control to the main program.

In both cases, the main program that is specified must be in a separate load module.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0400

FOR0401S **The execution of program unit *program-unit* failed at ISN *statement-number* because an error was detected by the compiler at that statement. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB230I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Refer to the printed output of the compilation of program unit *program-unit* to determine the error that occurred at ISN *statement-number*. Correct the error, then compile, link edit, and execute the job again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0401

FOR0402S ***program-name2*, which has one or more dummy arguments of character type with an assumed length, was called by *program-name1* with an argument list that didn't provide the lengths of the character arguments. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB153I**

Explanation

The subprogram *program-name2* had a dummy argument of character type with an assumed length, that is, for which the current length needs to be provided by the calling routine. However, the argument list provided by program unit *program-name1* wasn't in the internally-generated form produced by the Fortran compiler when there are character arguments. This could have occurred because:

- A dummy argument in *program-name2* was inadvertently coded as a character dummy argument with an assumed length, as in this example:

```
CHARACTER*(*) INPUT_ARG
```

- *program-name1* did not provide one or more of the character arguments that were required by *program-name2*.
- *program-name1* was compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 or the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler with the the LONGLVL(66) compiler option.
- *program-name1* was compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 compiler at a level before Release 3.
- *program-name1* was compiled by the FORTRAN IV H Extended or the FORTRAN IV G1 compiler.
- *program-name1* was an assembler language program, and the arguments were not provided in the form required when there are character arguments.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Be sure that the argument list provided by *program-name1* contains the number of arguments required by *program-name2* and that they are of the correct type.

If a character argument is coded as a character constant, be sure to enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

If *program-name1* is written in Fortran, compile it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler, and do not specify the LANGLVL(66) compiler option.

If *program-name1* is written in assembler language, use the Fortran conventions for argument lists with character arguments. These conventions are described in the topic “Passing Character Arguments Using the Standard Linkage Convention” in Appendix B of *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS*.

If *program-name1* is neither a Fortran nor an assembler language program, the required argument list cannot be generated. In this case, change *program-name2* so the character data in the dummy argument list is of fixed, rather than of assumed, length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0402

FOR0404C	The LIBPACK (composite module) <i>module-name1</i> was at release level <i>module-level1</i>, but the LIBPACK <i>module-name2</i> was at release level <i>module-level2</i>. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB142I
-----------------	--

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

If your JCL specifies the correct Language Environment library for execution, then this is likely to be a problem either with the installation of Language Environment or with the availability of the library. Refer the problem to your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0404

FOR0405C	<i>module-name</i> was not a valid LIBPACK (composite module). VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB145I
-----------------	--

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

If your JCL specifies the correct Language Environment library for execution, then this is likely to be a problem either with the installation of Language Environment or with the availability of the library. Refer the problem to your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0405

FOR0406C	The shareable load module <i>module-name</i> was loaded at an address above 16 Mb by the nonshareable part of program unit <i>program-unit</i>, which was running in 24-bit addressing mode. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB146I
-----------------	--

Explanation

Program unit *program-unit* was compiled with the RENT compiler option and was separated into its nonshareable and shareable parts. The nonshareable part was entered in 24-bit addressing mode but was unable to pass control to its shareable part because the shareable part was loaded above 16 Mb.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Either:

- Run the program in 31-bit addressing mode by link editing the nonshareable parts with AMODE=31 as a linkage editor parameter. This can be done only if the load module has no routines, such as those compiled with the FORTRAN IV H Extended compiler, that are not capable of executing in 31-bit addressing mode.
- Link edit the shareable load module using AMODE=24 as a linkage editor parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0406

FOR0407C **The shareable load module *module-name* that was loaded by the nonshareable part of program unit *program-unit* had an incorrect format. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB147I**

Explanation

Program unit *program-unit* was compiled with the RENT compiler option and was separated into its nonshareable and shareable parts. During execution, the program's nonshareable part loaded a load module that was supposed to contain the program's shareable part. However, the load module was not in the expected format.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Use the Fortran reentrant program separation tool to separate the shareable and nonshareable parts of the program that was compiled with the RENT compiler option. (This tool is invoked by the use of the cataloged procedures AFHWRL and AFHWRLG.) Then ensure that during the execution of the program, the load module containing the shareable part is available either in a library referenced by a STEPLIB DD statement or in a link pack area.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0407

FOR0409C **The shareable load module *module-name* that was loaded by the nonshareable part of program unit *nonshareable-part-name* had a timestamp of *timestamp1* in the shareable part of program unit *shareable-part-name*. This timestamp differed from the timestamp of *timestamp2* in the nonshareable part of program unit *nonshareable-part-name*. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB149I**

Explanation

Program unit *program-unit* was compiled with the RENT compiler option and was separated into its nonshareable and shareable parts. During execution, the program's nonshareable part loaded a load module that was supposed to contain the program's shareable part. However, the load module contained a copy of the code that was compiled at a different time than the nonshareable part. The parts are assumed to be incompatible.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Use the Fortran reentrant program separation tool to separate the shareable and nonshareable parts of the program that was compiled with the RENT compiler option. (This tool is invoked by the use of the cataloged procedures AFHWRL and AFHWRLG.) Then ensure that during the execution of the program, the load module containing the shareable part is available either in a library referenced by a STEPLIB DD statement or in a link pack area. Also ensure that some previous copy isn't accessible so that only the corresponding copy of the shareable part load module is available to the executing program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0409

FOR0410C **A Fortran subprogram was called before the Fortran run-time environment was initialized. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB932I**

Explanation

Language Environment did not become aware of the existence of a Fortran subprogram in the application before the invocation of that subprogram. Usually, the presence of a Fortran routine in the application is detected either at the time a main program is started or at the time a subsequent load module is dynamically loaded using various languages' dynamic call facilities. However, because Fortran compiled code doesn't conform to the current Language Environment linkage conventions, sometimes a Fortran subprogram

isn't detected, especially if it doesn't require the use of an run-time library services such as Input/Output.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that there is a main program (not necessarily written in Fortran) in the application and that it is executed before any Fortran subprograms. If this was already the case, then provide the following linkage editor control statement in the input that link edits the main program:

```
INCLUDE SYSLIB(CEESG007)
```

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0410

FOR0411C	VS FORTRAN Version 2 error <i>error-number</i> was detected by Language Environment.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The obsolete VS FORTRAN Version 2 error condition with error number *error-number* was detected. This is an internal error in the Fortran portion of Language Environment.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Contact the people who provide system support at your installation for Language Environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0411

FOR0414C	The shareable load module <i>module-name</i>, which was loaded by the nonshareable part of program unit <i>program-unit</i>, did not contain the shareable
-----------------	---

part *shareable-part-name*. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB148I

Explanation

Program unit *program-unit* was compiled with the RENT compiler option and was separated into its nonshareable and shareable parts. During execution, the program's nonshareable part loaded a load module that was supposed to contain the program's shareable part. However, the load module did not contain the expected shareable part.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Use the Fortran reentrant program separation tool to separate the shareable and nonshareable parts of the program that was compiled with the RENT compiler option. (This tool is invoked by the use of the cataloged procedures AFHWRL and AFHWRLG.) Then ensure that during the execution of the program, the load module containing the shareable part is available either in a library referenced by a STEPLIB DD statement or in a link pack area. Also ensure that some previous copy isn't accessible.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0414

FOR0415C	The shareable load module <i>module-name</i> that was loaded by the nonshareable part of program unit <i>program-unit</i> did not contain the shareable part <i>shareable-part-name</i> at a storage location accessible to the program. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB148I
-----------------	--

Explanation

Program unit *program-unit* was compiled with the RENT compiler option and was separated into its nonshareable and shareable parts. During execution, the program's nonshareable part loaded a load module that was supposed to contain the program's shareable part. However, not all of that load module was loaded so that it could be used.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Use the Fortran reentrant program separation tool to separate the shareable and nonshareable parts of the program that was compiled with the RENT compiler option. (This tool is invoked by the use of the cataloged procedures AFHWRL and AFHWRLG.) Then ensure that during the execution of the program, the load module containing the shareable part is available either in a library referenced by a STEPLIB DD statement or in a link pack area.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0415

FOR0416S **The program unit *program-unit* called the subprogram *routine-name* with the array *array-name* (*array-bounds*) having a dimension with the lower bound greater than the upper bound. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB257I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution continues, but invalid results are probable if a reference is made to the array whose dimensions are wrong.

Programmer response

Ensure that the declarations of the array and of the dimension arguments are consistent in *program-unit* and in *routine-name*. Also ensure that the values of the bounds that are provided as actual arguments for the call do not make the lower bound greater than the upper bound for any dimension of the array.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0416

FOR0417S

The program unit *program-unit* called the subprogram *routine-name* with the array located at address *array-address*, offset *array-offset*, and array bounds *array-bounds*. The array bounds had a dimension with the lower bound greater than the upper bound. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB257I

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution continues, but invalid results are probable if a reference is made to the array whose dimensions are wrong.

Programmer response

Ensure that the declarations of the array and of the dimension arguments are consistent in *program-unit* and in *routine-name*. Also ensure that the values of the bounds that are provided as actual arguments for the call do not make the lower bound greater than the upper bound for any dimension of the array.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0417

FOR0500S **A relational expression using character values with the relational operator *relational-operator* could not be evaluated. Character value *operand-number* had a length of *operand-length*, which was not between 1 and 32767, inclusive. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB193I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

N o.	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2

N o.	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
2	<i>operator-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*2	Name of the relational operator

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The comparison is not performed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the length of the character value is neither less than 1 nor greater than 32767. Examine any variables that define a character substring to be sure that they don't have values that result in an invalid length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0500

FOR0501S	The assignment of the character value could not be performed. The storage area that was being copied overlapped with the storage area to which that data was to be copied. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB195I
-----------------	--

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The character assignment is not performed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Examine any variables that define a character substring to be sure that they don't have values that result in an excessive character length or overlapping substrings. Also look at EQUIVALENCE statements to ensure that the character variables in question don't overlap.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0501

FOR0502S	The assignment of the character value could not be performed.
-----------------	--

The length of the storage area to which the data was to be copied was not between 1 and 32767, inclusive. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB196I

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The character assignment is not performed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the length of the character value is neither less than 1 nor greater than 32767. Examine any variables that define a character substring to be sure that they don't have values that result in an invalid length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0502

FOR0503S	The assignment of the character value could not be performed. The length of the storage area from which the data was to be copied was not between 1 and 32767, inclusive. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB197I
-----------------	---

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The character assignment is not performed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the length of the character value is neither less than 1 nor greater than 32767. Examine any variables that define a character substring to be sure that they don't have values that result in an invalid length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0503

FOR0504S **The concatenation of character values could not be performed. The length of one of the values was not between 1 and 32767, inclusive. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB199I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The character concatenation is not performed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the lengths of the character values are not less than 1 and not greater than 32767. Examine any variables that define a character substring to be sure that they do not have values that result in an invalid length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0504

FOR0601S **The *funcname* function could not be evaluated. The value of the argument was not between 0 and *limit*, inclusive. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB258I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>function</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	funcname

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The CHAR or ACHAR function is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the argument to the ACHAR function is not less than 0 nor greater than 127 or that the argument to the CHAR function is not less than 0 nor greater than 255. The values of 127 and 255 are the greatest values in the ASCII and EBCDIC collating sequences, respectively.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0601

FOR0602S **The INDEX function could not be evaluated. Argument number *argument-number* had a length of *argument-length*, which was not between 1 and 32767, inclusive. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB259I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>function</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	INDEX

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The INDEX function is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the length of the character value in argument *argument-number* is neither less than 1 nor greater than 32767. Examine any variables that define a character substring to be sure that they don't have values that result in an invalid length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0602

FOR0603S **The lexical relational function could not be evaluated. Argument number *argument-number* had a length of *argument-length*, which was not between 1 and 32767, inclusive. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB191I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The lexical compare is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the length of the character value in argument *argument-number* for the the LGE, LGT, LLE, or LLT function is neither less than 1 nor greater than 32767. Examine any variables that define a character substring to be sure that they don't have values that result in an invalid length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0603

FOR0610S	The value of argument number <i>argno</i> for the the MVBITS subroutine was not between 0 and <i>limit</i>, inclusive. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB159I
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System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The lexical compare is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

For argument *argno* provide a value that is between 0 and *limit*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0610

FOR0611S	The sum of the values of argument numbers <i>argno1</i> and <i>argno2</i> for the MVBITS subroutine was greater than the number of bits in the first argument. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB176I
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System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>function</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	MVBITS

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The MVBITS subroutine is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Adjust the values of arguments *argno1* and *argno2* so that the specified string of bits doesn't extend beyond the end of the integer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0611

FOR0612S	The <i>funcname</i> function could not be evaluated. The value of argument number <i>argno</i> was not between <i>lowlimit</i> and <i>hilimit</i>, inclusive. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB159I
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System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>function</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	<i>funcname</i>

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The bit manipulation function is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

For the function *funcname*, ensure that the value provided for argument *argno* is in the range of *lowlimit* through *hilimit*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0612

FOR0613S **The IBITS function could not be evaluated. The sum of the second and the third arguments was greater than the number of bits in the first argument. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB159I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>function</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	IBITS

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The IBITS function is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

For the IBITS function, adjust the values of arguments 2 and 3 so that the specified string of bits doesn't extend beyond the end of the integer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0613

FOR0614S **The IBITS function could not be evaluated. The value of the second or third argument was less than 0. VS FORTRAN Version Error 2 Number: AFB159I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>function</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	IBITS

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The IBITS function is ignored, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

For the IBITS function, adjust the values of arguments 2 and 3 so that they are nonnegative integer values that indicate the starting bit number (relative to 0) and the number of bits to be extracted.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0614

FOR0650S **The callable service *service-name* failed. Qualifying datum number *index* was specified as the second argument, but that qualifying datum was not available for the condition.**

Explanation

Either QDFETCH or QDSTORE was called to obtain or update an element of qualifying data, but *index*, which specifies the ordinal number of the qualifying datum to be referenced, was either less than 1 or greater than the total number of elements of qualifying data associated with this instance of the condition.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Ensure that the second argument is a positive integer whose value is the ordinal number of an element of qualifying data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0650

FOR0651S **The callable service *service-name* failed. The first argument, the condition token, was not a character variable or array element of length 12.**

Explanation

Either the first argument was not a character variable or character array element of length 12 or the argument list wasn't in the internally-generated form produced by the Fortran compiler when there are character arguments. The latter could have occurred because:

- The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 or the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler with the the LANTLR(66) compiler option.
- The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 compiler at a level before Release 3.
- The call was made from a program compiled by the FORTRAN IV H Extended or the FORTRAN IV G1 compiler.
- The call was made from an assembler language program, and the arguments were not provided in the form required when there are character arguments.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Be sure that the argument list contains the number of arguments required by *service-name* and that they are of the correct type. In particular, ensure that the first argument is a condition token whose declaration is a character variable or character array element of length 12.

If the program is written in Fortran, compile it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler, and do not specify the LANTLR(66) compiler option. If it is written in assembler language, use the Fortran conventions for argument lists with character arguments. These

conventions are described in the topic "Passing Character Arguments Using the Standard Linkage Convention" in Appendix B of *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR0651

FOR1000S ***locator-text* The formatted input data *input-field* had a value that was outside the range of values that could be contained within the integer item in the input item list. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB206I**

Explanation

input-field is a character string that was interpreted as an integer value; an integer variable or array element that was given in the input item list of a READ statement was supposed to become defined with this value. However, the value of *input-field* was outside the acceptable range. These are the ranges of integer values corresponding to integer data items of different lengths:

Data Type	Max. Positive Value	Max. Negative Value
INTEGER* 1	127 ($2^7 - 1$)	-128 (-2^7)
INTEGER* 2	32767 ($2^{15} - 1$)	-32768 (-2^{15})
INTEGER* 4	2147483647 ($2^{31} - 1$)	-2147483648 (-2^{31})
INTEGER* 8	9223372036854775807 ($2^{63} - 1$)	-9223372036854775808 (-2^{63})

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number* which was connected to *file-name* failed.

System action

The input item being processed and the remainder of the items in the input item list become undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

N o.	Name	Input / Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>input-field-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>input-field</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>input-field</i> .
6	<i>subroutine-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input data; that is, the character string that is being interpreted as an integer value. Length <i>n</i> is part of <i>input-field-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
7	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
8	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the character string being interpreted as an integer value. Length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
9	<i>result-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>result</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>result</i> .
10	<i>result</i>	output	INTEGER*n	New output value, where <i>n</i> , the length, is part of <i>result-desc</i> and could be 1, 2, 4, or 8.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RO	The input item receives the value placed in <i>result</i> , execution continues, and the remainder of the input item list is processed.

Programmer response

Ensure that the following are true:

- The edit descriptor specifies the correct field width.

- The value specified by *input-field* is within the required range for the integer variable size.
- *input-field* doesn't have any imbedded or trailing blanks that are incorrectly treated as zeros, thus changing the intended magnitude of the number. Blanks are treated as zeros in these cases:
 - The BLANK specifier is given on the OPEN statement with value of ZERO.
 - The BZ edit descriptor is included in the format specification.
 - There is no OPEN statement, and there is no BN edit descriptor in the format specification.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR100

FOR1001E	<i>locator-text</i> The length of the record to be written exceeded the maximum data length, <i>data-length</i>, allowed for records in the file. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB164I, AFB201I (format 1), AFB201I (format 2), AFB204I, AFB212I, AFB213I
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Explanation

Based on the type of formatting described by the FMT specifier (or by its absence) on the WRITE or REWRITE statement, one of the following exceeded *data-length*, which is the smaller of either the maximum length of the data that can fit in a record in the file or the value given in the RECL specifier, if any, on the OPEN statement:

- For output using a format specification:
 - The length of the record described by the output item list and the format specification.
- For list-directed output or namelist output:
 - For an output item of neither character type nor complex type, the formatted length of the item.
 - For an output item of complex type, the formatted length of the real or the imaginary part.

The formatted lengths of the output from list-directed formatting for the various data types is listed in “WRITE Statement — List-Directed I/O to External Devices” in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference*. For namelist formatting, the lengths of the data are the same.

- For unformatted output:
 - The total length of all the items in the output item list.

The maximum length of a record that can be written on a particular file depends on the values of certain specifiers given on the OPEN statement and on various file characteristics managed by the underlying operating system's access methods. Length is taken from one or more of the following:

- Files connected for sequential access:
 - Non-VSAM files
 - From the LRECL value given in the DD statement or ALLOCATE command (when dynamic file allocation is not involved).
 - From the LRECL value given in the invocation of the FILEINF callable service (when dynamic file allocation is involved).
 - For a DASD or labeled tape file for which the data set existed previously, from the LRECL value given when the file was either allocated or created.
 - From the default LRECL value specified for the unit in the Unit Attribute Table either as shipped by IBM or as customized for the installation.
 - From the LRECL value derived from the RECFM and BLKSIZE values when there is a conflict among these three parameters. Refer to “Considerations for Specifying RECFM, LRECL, and BLKSIZE” in Chapter 12, or in *VS Fortran Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS*.

When the record format is one of the variable-length formats: (variable (V), variable blocked (VB), variable spanned (VS), or variable blocked spanned (VBS), the maximum length of the data that can be written is four bytes less than the LRECL value.

- VSAM files
 - From the maximum record length given as the second sub-parameter of the RECORDSIZE parameter of the Access Method Services DEFINE command that was used to define the cluster.
- Files connected for direct access:
 - From the value given by the RECL specifier on the OPEN statement.

In certain cases, this value must be consistent with the record length specified previously:

- VSAM files (RRDSs):

With the maximum record length given as the second sub-parameter of the RECORDSIZE parameter of the Access Method Services DEFINE command that was used to define the cluster.

- Non-VSAM files that existed previously and are not being reformatted:

With the record length given in the RECL specifier on the OPEN statement that was used to create the file.

An existing file connected for direct access is not reformatted unless one or more of the following is true:

- WRITE is given as the value of the ACTION specifier on the OPEN statement.
- NEW is given as the value of the STATUS specifier on the OPEN statement.
- No records have been written into the file previously.
- Files connected for keyed access:

From the maximum record length given as the second sub-parameter of the RECORDSIZE parameter of the Access Method Services DEFINE command that was used to define the cluster.

- Internal files:

From the length of the record or records that comprise the internal file. This is the length of the character variable, of the character substring, or of the character array element that comprises the internal file. For an internal file that is a character array, this is the length of the corresponding character array element.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The WRITE statement for an internal file failed.
- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

If either the ERR or the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, then before control returns to the program, the record described for the action **RN** is written.

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition either is unhandled or is handled by moving the resume cursor and resuming, then the record described for the action **RN** is written. If the condition is unhandled, the enclave stops executing after the record has been written.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 10. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>access</i>	Input	CHARACTER*10	For an external file, the value SEQUENTIAL, DIRECT, or KEYED, depending on if the file is connected for sequential, direct, or keyed access, respectively. For an internal file, this qualifying datum contains the value SEQUENTIAL.
6	<i>fmt-type</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	One of the following values to indicate the type of formatting indicated by the FMT specifier (or its absence) on the WRITE or REWRITE statement: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> blanks: Unformatted FORMAT: Format specification *: List-directed formatting NAMelist: Namelist formatting
7	<i>data_len</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Maximum length of the data that can be written into the records in the file during this connection. If this length is controlled by a RECL specifier on the OPEN statement, this qualifying datum has that value given by that RECL specifier. Otherwise, this is the maximum amount of data that can be written in the records in the file. When the record format is one of the variable-length formats, that is, variable (V), variable blocked (VB), variable spanned (VS), or variable blocked spanned (VBS), the length given here is the LRECL value less 4 (unless the RECL specifier had a smaller value).

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	<p>A record is written, but its length does not exceed the maximum length allowed for the file, and no additional record is written. Formatted and unformatted output are handled slightly differently:</p> <p>Formatted output:</p> <p>For a data item of other than character type that doesn't fit in the record, that data item is ignored, that is, none of it is placed in the record. (If the records are of fixed-length format, blanks fill the rest</p>

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
	<p>of the record. Otherwise, no additional characters are added to the record.) The rest of the output item list and the rest of the format specification, if any, are ignored.</p> <p>For a data item of character type, including a character constant in the format specification, that doesn't fit in the record, as much of the item as can fit is placed in the record. The rest of this item, the rest of the output item list, and the rest of the format specification, if any, are ignored.</p> <p>Unformatted output:</p> <p>As much of the data from the output item list as can fit is placed in the record. This includes the data item that would overflow the record; as much of it as can fit is placed in the record. The rest of this item and the rest of the output item list are ignored.</p> <p>In either case, execution then continues.</p>
RF	<p>This action depends on several factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The type of formatting, if any, specified in the WRITE or REWRITE statement, if the file is connected for sequential, direct, or keyed access The record format. <p>For output using a format specification:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Files connected for sequential access: For a formatted data item of other than character type that doesn't fit in the record, none of it is placed in the record from which it would overflow. (If the records are of fixed-length format, blanks fill the rest of the record. Otherwise, no additional characters are added to the record.) The entire formatted data item is placed into the next record beginning at character position 1. Should the maximum length record be too short to hold this data item, as much of the data as can fit is placed in this next record, and the rest of the data is lost. No error is detected for this loss of data. <p>For a data item of character type (including a character constant in the format specification) that doesn't fit in the record, as much of the item as can fit is placed in this record, and the remainder continues into the next record or records for as many records as it takes to hold the entire item.</p> <p>After the formatted data item is placed in the next record, normal processing of the rest of the format specification and the output item list continues. This same condition could be detected again for the same WRITE or REWRITE statement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Files connected for direct access: The action is the same as for sequential access. When applied to direct access, the term <i>next record</i> refers to the record with the next higher record number. Files connected for keyed access: This action is the same as RN.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RF (cont.)	<p>For list-directed and namelist output:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For the formatted data item (or the real or imaginary part of an item of complex type) that's longer than the record, none of the data is placed in the record. (If the records are of fixed-length format, blanks fill the rest of the record. Otherwise, no additional characters are added to the record.) The rest of the output item list is ignored. <p>For data of character type, this error is not detected. Such data is automatically spanned across records without this being considered an error.</p> <p>For unformatted output:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Files connected for sequential access: For non-VSAM files that have a record format of variable spanned (VS) or variable blocked spanned (VBS), a record of the size required by the output item list is written. This is just as though the LRECL value specified an unlimited record length. Such records generally cannot be read using languages other than Fortran because the lengths of records in the file exceed the LRECL value associated with the file. For other files connected for sequential access, this action is the same as RN. Files connected for direct access: As much of the data from the output item list as can fit is placed in the record. This includes the data item that would overflow the record; as much of it as can fit is placed in the record. The rest of this item plus the remaining data items in the output item list are written into as many records as necessary to hold the data. Each successive record is written as the record with the next higher record number. Files connected for keyed access: This action is the same as RN.

Programmer response

Ensure that the length of the record described or implied by the output item list and the format identifier, if any, is no longer than the maximum length record that can be written to the file. Either the length of the record to be written or the maximum record length allowed for the file must be changed to correct the condition or conditions described in "Explanation." If the length of the record being written isn't what you intended, then you might have to change:

- The type of formatting indicated by FMT specifier (or its absence) in the I/O statement. For example, perhaps you intended to write the file using a format specification rather than using list-directed formatting.
- The format specification. This can include errors in the edit descriptors, field widths, repetition factors, nesting levels, Hollerith constants (H edit descriptor), and character constants.
- The output item list. There could be errors in the number of items in the list, in the data types and

lengths of individual items, and in the specification of implied DOs in the output item list.

If the length of the record is what you intended, then the maximum record length allowed for the file must be increased. If you are creating a new file, you might have to change:

- The record length given in the RECL specifier of the OPEN statement
- The LRECL parameter on a DD statement or a TSO ALLOCATE command (when dynamic file allocation is not involved) or the LRECL parameter for the FILEINF callable service (when dynamic allocation is involved)

For record formats of variable spanned or variable blocked spanned, you can make the record length larger than the block size. You can also define the record to be of unlimited length in one of these ways:

- When dynamic file allocation is not involved, provide a value of X for the LRECL parameter of a DD statement or a TSO ALLOCATE command.
- When dynamic file allocation is involved, provide a value of -1 for LRECL in the arguments for the FILEINF callable service.

For any of the variable-length record formats, that is, for variable (V), variable blocked (VB), variable spanned (VS), or variable blocked spanned (VBS), the length given as LRECL includes a 4-byte record descriptor word. Therefore, the LRECL value must be four bytes larger than the largest amount of data that you want to write in a single record.

- The RECFM and BLKSIZE parameters on a DD statement or a TSO ALLOCATE command when dynamic file allocation is not involved or as parameters for the FILEINF callable service when dynamic file allocation is involved. Note that when not all of the RECFM, LRECL, and BLKSIZE parameters have been specified for a particular program, the defaults in the Unit Attribute Table are applied for the omitted ones. Sometimes this causes inconsistencies among the parameters; this is resolved as described in "Considerations for Specifying RECFM, LRECL, and BLKSIZE" in Chapter 12, or in *VS Fortran Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS*.
- The use of a particular device or file itself if the device or file isn't capable of accepting a large enough record
- The maximum record length given as the second sub-parameter of the RECORDSIZE parameter on the DEFINE command that defined a VSAM cluster

If you are writing on an existing file whose previous contents you want to retain, then you generally cannot increase the record length without recreating the file.

The person at your installation who gives system support for Language Environment can change your installation's default values for record format, record length, and block size for various units. This is done by customizing the the Unit Attribute Table. As part of this process, the SFLRECL or SULRECL parameters on the AFHODCBM macro instructions can specify larger default values for formatted or unformatted I/O. Each unit (other than the error message unit) can be given different default values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1001

FOR1002E *locator-text* **An input item required data from beyond the end of the data that was available in a record. The length of the available data was *data-length*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB164I, AFB201I (format 1), AFB201I (format 2), AFB204I, AFB212I, AFB213I**

Explanation

In a READ statement, one or more of the input items in the input item list required that data be transferred from beyond position *data-length* of the record. *data-length* is the smaller of either the value given in the RECL specifier, if any, on the OPEN statement **or** the length of the record available from the underlying system access methods. This latter length is limited by the value of the LRECL parameter, if any, in the file definition if this LRECL value is less than the actual length of the previously written record. The specific error that is detected differs based on these factors:

- The type of formatting described by the FMT specifier (or by its absence) on the READ statement
- The record format (the RECFM value) for the file
- The value given in the PAD specifier, if any, on the OPEN statement
- The value of the RECPAD run-time option

These are the specific errors that this condition represents:

- For input using a format specification:
 - Both of the items (1 and 2) were true:
 1. Either of these two conditions occurred:
 - An input item referred to a field that started beyond position *data-length* in the record.
 - An input item with a corresponding edit descriptor of A referred to a field that

extended beyond position *data-length* in the record.

Note that because the T edit descriptor could have been used to specify the position at which data transfer was to begin, this condition does not necessarily imply that just the input items along with their corresponding repeatable edit descriptors represented more data than the record contained.

2. Either of these two conditions applied:

- The OPEN statement had a PAD specifier whose value was NO.
- There was no PAD specifier on the OPEN statement (or there was no OPEN statement because the file is a preconnected file or an internal file). In addition, one of these cases applied:
 - The RECPAD(NONE) run-time option was in effect.
 - The RECPAD(VAR) run-time option was in effect and the file was an external file that was a non-VSAM file with a record format (that is, the RECFM value that was applied to the file) of either fixed (F) or fixed blocked (FB).
 - The RECPAD(VAR) run-time option was in effect and the file was an external file that was a VSAM relative record data set (RRDS).

- For unformatted input:
 - All three of the items were true:
 1. The total length of the items in the input item list exceeded the number of bytes of data (*data-length*) available from the record.
 2. The NUM specifier was not given in the READ statement.
 3. If the unit was connected for direct access, the OPEN statement rather than the DEFINE FILE statement from the FORTRAN 66 language standard was used to connect the file.
- For list-directed input:
 - Both of the items were true:
 1. There were no characters other than blanks in the record that corresponded to one or more input items.
 2. The record format (that is, the RECFM value that was applied to the file) was either variable spanned (VS) or variable blocked spanned (VBS).

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number* which was connected to *file-name* failed.

System action

If either the ERR or the IOSTAT specifier is present on the READ statement, then before control returns to the program, the **RN** action described at "Permissible Resume Actions" is taken.

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the READ statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition either is unhandled or is handled by moving the resume cursor and resuming, then the **RN** action described at "Permissible Resume Actions" is taken. If the condition is unhandled, execution of the enclave terminates.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within the basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 7. In addition, there are these qualifying sets:

N o.	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>access</i>	Input	CHARACTER*10	For an external file, the value SEQUENTIAL, DIRECT, or KEYED depending on if the file is connected for sequential, direct, or keyed access, respectively. For an internal file, this qualifying datum contains the value SEQUENTIAL.
6	<i>fmt-type</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	One of the following values to indicate the type of formatting indicated by the FMT specifier (or its absence) on the READ statement: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • blanks: Unformatted • FORMAT: Format specification • *: List-directed formatting
7	<i>data-length</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Maximum length of data available

N o.	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
				to be read. If the OPEN statement had a RECL specifier, then <i>data-length</i> could be less than what is reflected in <i>record-desc</i> .
8	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
9	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	For a formatted READ statement or for an unformatted READ statement directed to a file with other than spanned records (VS or VBS), the whole input record. For an unformatted READ statement that read from a record that spans more than one block, only the single record segment that includes position <i>data-length</i> of the record. Length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Formatted and unformatted input are handled slightly differently:

Formatted input:

- The input item that required data from beyond the end of the record as well as any remaining input items, if any, are not modified. The remainder of the format specification, if any, is ignored.

Unformatted input:

- All of the data from the record is transferred to the items in the input item list. This includes the item for which there was not enough data in the record; as much of it as is available is transferred to the item.

The rest of this item and the remaining input items, if any, are not modified.

In both cases, the file is positioned to the end of the record that was read (that is, to the end of the record that was too short).

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RF	If the READ statement is for unformatted I/O and it refers to a unit that is connected for direct access, then data from as many of the succeeding records as necessary is transferred to the input items, and the file is positioned to the end of the last record from which data was transferred. (This action is similar to the semantics of the FORTRAN 66 standard except that there is no associated variable.) For other READ statements, this action is the same as RN .

Programmer response

If you want to read an existing record, change one or more of the following:

- The type of formatting indicated by FMT specifier (or its absence) in the I/O statement. For example, you might have to read the record with list-directed formatting rather than with a format specification in order to be consistent with the structure of the existing record.
- The format specification. This could include errors in the edit descriptors field widths, repetition factors, and nesting levels.
- The input item list. There could be errors in the number of items in the list, in the data types and lengths of individual items, and in the specification of implied DOs in the input item list.
- The value given for the RECL specifier on the the OPEN statement. If this value is limiting the available amount of data to less than what the record actually contains, you should increase it to allow additional data to be read.
- The NUM specifier for an unformatted READ statement. When there is a NUM specifier on an unformatted READ statement, encountering a record that is shorter than the total length of all of the input items does not cause this error to be detected. In this case:
 1. All of the data from the record is transferred to the input items. This includes the data item for which there was not enough data in the record; as much of it as is available is transferred to the item.
 2. The rest of this input item and the remaining input items, if any, are not modified.
 3. The variable or array element *num* given in the NUM=*num* specifier becomes defined with the

number of bytes of data that were transferred to the input items.

- The position of the file. Perhaps previous I/O statements (READ, WRITE, BACKSPACE, REWIND, and so on) caused the file to be positioned to a record other than the one you intended to read.
- Blank padding, which can be used when your READ statement has a format specification. When it is used, records are treated as though they were extended with a sufficient number of blanks to supply data for all of the input items. Blank padding is in effect either when the OPEN statement has a PAD specifier that has a value of YES or when there is no PAD specifier when certain sub-options of the RECPAD run-time option are in effect.

The following RECPAD run-time option values cause blank padding to be in effect:

RECPAD(VAR)

Any of the following:

- An external file that is a non-VSAM file with a record format (the RECFM value) of **other than** fixed (F) or fixed blocked (FB)
- An external file that is a VSAM entry-sequenced data set (ESDS) or key-sequenced data set (KSDS)
- An internal file

Note that for an external file connected for direct access, a non-VSAM file must have a record format of fixed, and a VSAM file must be an RRDS; therefore, the run-time option RECPAD(VAR) won't alleviate the problem for a file connected for direct access.

RECPAD(ALL)

Any file (internal or external; VSAM of any type; non-VSAM with any record format)

When blank padding is used to treat a record as though it were extended with blanks, the values that would be provided for the input items that would otherwise have caused this error to be detected are as follows:

- For a field that corresponded to an edit descriptor of A and that would have extended beyond the number of characters available from the record, the portion of the field in the record would be extended with blanks and transferred to the input item.
- For a field that corresponded to an edit descriptor of A and that would have started beyond the number of characters available from the record, the input item becomes defined with a value of blanks.

- For a field that corresponded to an edit descriptor of L and that would have started beyond the number of characters available from the record, the input item becomes defined with a value of false.
- For a field that corresponded to one of the numeric edit descriptors and that would have started beyond the number of characters available from the record, the input item becomes defined with a value of zero.

Note that because a run-time option controls this extension of records with blanks, the appropriate action is taken for all records and files to which it applies.

If the existing record of the file doesn't have the length or structure that you intended, you might have to recreate the file after correcting either the program that originally wrote the file or the file definitions that were in effect when the file was created. There is more detailed information on this subject in the "Programmer Response" topic for condition FOR1001.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1002

FOR1003S *locator-text* **A character that wasn't numeric was found in the formatted input data where a numeric character was expected. The input field was 'input-field'. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB215I**

Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a character string that was interpreted as an integer, real or complex value either because the input item in the input item list was an integer, real or complex data type, or because the format specification had an I, E, F, Q or D edit descriptor. *input-field* contained characters other than 0 through 9 where only these characters were allowed.

When the input is interpreted as a complex value, the expected format of *input-field* depends on if a format specification is used. If a format specification is used, two Fortran real numbers are used to describe a complex number: one describing the real part of the complex number, the other describing the imaginary part of the complex number. For list-directed or namelist, *input-field* should have the form of a complex constant. Note, however, that for list-directed or namelist input, condition FOR1006 could be detected in some cases for complex input.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number* which was connected to *file-name* failed.

System action

The input item being processed, and the remainder of the items in the input item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm-count* has a value of 8. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>input-field-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>input-field</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>input-field</i> .
6	<i>input-field</i>	Input/Output	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input data; that is, the character string that is being interpreted as either an integer, real, or complex value. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>input-field-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>index</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Index in <i>input-field</i> of the character in error.
8	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
9	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the character string being interpreted as a numeric value. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
10	<i>result-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>result</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>result</i> .
11	<i>result</i>	Output	See <i>result_desc</i> .	Result value that is used when the <i>release_option</i> action is requested by the user condition handler. The data type can be an integer with a length of 1, 2, 4, or 8, or it can be real with a length of 4, 8, or 16. When a format specification is used, the real or imaginary part of a number is supplied as qualifying data as a real number of half the length.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RI	Character string that is in <i>input-field</i> (whose length is part of <i>input-field-desc</i>) is converted to a value that has the data type specified by <i>result-desc</i> and the data type specified by <i>result-desc</i> , and the input item becomes defined with this value. Execution continues, and the remainder of the input item list is processed.
<i>release-option</i>	Input item, or the real or imaginary part of a complex input item, becomes defined with the value <i>result</i> .

Programmer response

Ensure that:

- *input-field* contains formatted data that can be converted to the expected data type (refer to *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference* for the form that integer, real and complex constants can have),
- The edit descriptor does not indicate numeric input where other input should be indicated,
- The edit descriptor specifies the correct field width.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1003

FOR1004S

locator-text A character that wasn't a hexadecimal character was found in the formatted input data where a hexadecimal character was expected. The input field was '*input-field*'. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB225I

Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a character string that was interpreted as hexadecimal data because there was a Z edit descriptor in the format specification. Hexadecimal data consists of the characters 0 through 9 and A through F, but *input-field* contained other characters.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number* which was connected to *file-name* failed.

System action

The input item being processed, and the remainder of the items in the input item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 11. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>input-field-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>input-field</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>input-field</i> .
6	<i>input-field</i>	Input/ Output	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input data, that is, the character string that is being interpreted as a hexadecimal value. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>input-field-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>index</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Index in <i>input_</i> field of the character in error.

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
8	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
9	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the character string being interpreted as a numeric value. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
10	<i>result-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
11	<i>result</i>	Output	Q_DATA_DESC	Result value that is used when the release_option action is requested by the user condition handler.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RI	The character string that is in <i>input-field</i> whose length is part of <i>input-field-desc</i> is converted to a hexadecimal value, and the input item becomes defined with this value. Execution continues, and the remainder of the input list is processed.
<i>release-option</i>	The input item becomes defined with the value <i>result</i> .

Programmer response

Ensure that:

- *input-field* contains formatted data that can be converted to hexadecimal data,
- The edit descriptor does not indicate hexadecimal input where other input should be indicated.
- The edit descriptor specifies the correct field width.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1004

FOR1005S *locator-text* The formatted input data *input-field* was outside the range of values that could be contained within the real or

Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a character string that was interpreted either as the value of a real number or as the value of the real or the imaginary part of a complex number. This value exceeded the permissible range for a floating-point number. The largest magnitude is approximately 7.2E+75, and the smallest magnitude is approximately 5.4E-79.

The *locator-text* gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The input item being processed, and the remainder of the items in the input item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 10. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output t	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>input-field-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>input-field</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>input-field</i> .
6	<i>input-field</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input data, that is, the character string that is being interpreted as a real value or as the real or imaginary part of a complex value. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>input-field-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
7	<i>return-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> ; contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
9	<i>record_desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>result</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>result</i> .
9	<i>result</i>	output	REAL*n	New output value, where <i>n</i> , the length is part of <i>result-desc</i> and could be 4, 8, or 16.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
<i>release-option</i>	Input item becomes defined with the value in <i>result</i> . Execution continues, and the remainder of the input item list is processed.

Programmer response

Ensure that:

- The formatted data in *input-field* is within the required range for a real number,
- *input-field* does not contain trailing blanks if either the BLANK specifier is given on the OPEN statement with value of ZERO or the BZ edit descriptor is included on the format specification.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1005

FOR1006S *locator-text* For list-directed input, the variable was of complex type, but the formatted input data was not in the correct format for a complex constant. The formatted input data was *input-field*. VS
FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number:
AFB238I

Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a portion of the character string that was interpreted as a complex constant for list-directed input, and can be either the real part, the imaginary part, or both. *input-field* either contained embedded blanks in the real part or the

imaginary part of the complex number, did not contain a comma as a separator between the real part and the imaginary part, or was not enclosed in parentheses. Or, the end of the record occurred other than between the real part and the comma or between the comma and the imaginary part.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number* which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The input item being processed, and the remainder of the items in the input item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 8. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>input-field-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>input-field</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>input-field</i> .
5	<i>input-field</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input data, that is, a part of the character string that is being interpreted as a complex number. It can be either the real part, the imaginary part, or both. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>input-field-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>return-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
8	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the character string being interpreted as a complex number. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Current operation is ignored. The remainder of the deallocation list is processed and execution continues.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution continues, and the remainder of the input item list is ignored.

Programmer response

Ensure that *input-field* contains no embedded blanks in the real part or the imaginary part of the complex number, contains a comma as a separator, is enclosed by a left and a right parenthesis, and, if the the complex number does not fit into one record, that the end of the record occurs between the real part and the comma or between the comma and the imaginary part.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1006

FOR1007S *locator-text* The input item was of type character, but the formatted input data did not begin with an apostrophe or with a quote. The input field was *input-field*. VS
FORTTRAN Version 2 Error Number:
AFB238I

Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a character string that was interpreted as a character constant for list-directed input. *input-field* did not begin with an apostrophe or with a quote.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The input item being processed and the remainder of the input items in the input item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 8. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>input-field-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>input-field</i> ; contains the data type and the length of <i>input-field</i> .
6	<i>input-field</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input data; that is, the character string that is being interpreted as a character value. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>input-field-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
8	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the character string being interpreted as a character value. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input items in the input item list are ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that *input-field* is delimited by apostrophes or quotes, and that the beginning and ending delimiters are the same.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1008

FOR1009S *locator-text* The list-directed input data did not have a value separator following the ending delimiter. The input data ended with *input-field*. VS FORTRAN
Version 2 Error Number: AFB238I

Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a character string that was interpreted as a character constant (delimited by apostrophes or quotes) or a complex constant (delimited by parentheses) for list-directed input. *input-field* was not followed by a value separator, where a value separator can be either a comma (,), a blank, or a slash (/).

The *locator-text* gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The input item being processed and the remainder of the items in the input item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 8. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No .	Name	Input/Output t	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>input-field- desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>input-field</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>input-field</i> .
6	<i>input-field</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input data; that is, the character string that is being interpreted either as a character value or as a complex number. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>input-</i>

No .	Name	Input/Output t	Data Type and Length	Value
				<i>field-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
8	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the character constant with no delimiter. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Ensure that *input-field* is followed by a value separator.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1009

FOR1010S *locator-text* A character that wasn't a binary character was found in the formatted input data where a binary character was expected. The input field was '*input-field*'.

Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a character string that was interpreted as binary data because there was a B edit descriptor in the format specification. Binary data consists of the characters 0 and 1, but *input-field* contained other characters.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The input item being processed and the remainder of the items in the input item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 11. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>input-field-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>input-field</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>input-field</i> .
6	<i>input-field</i>	Input/ Output	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input data; that is, the character string that is being interpreted as a binary value. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>input-field-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>index</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	The index in <i>input_</i> field of the character in error.
8	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
9	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the character string being interpreted as a binary value. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
10	<i>result-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>result</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>result</i> .

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
11	<i>result</i>	output	See <i>result-desc</i>	Result value that is used when the <i>release_option</i> action is requested by the user condition handler.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RI	Character string that is in <i>input-field</i> (whose length is part of <i>input-field-desc</i>) is converted to a binary value, and the input item becomes defined with this value. Execution continues, and the remainder of the input item list is processed.
<i>release-option</i>	Input item becomes defined with the value <i>result</i> .

Programmer response

Ensure that:

- *input-field* contains formatted data that can be converted to binary data,
- The edit descriptor does not indicate binary input where other input should be indicated,
- The edit descriptor specifies the correct field width.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1010

FOR1011S	<i>locator-text</i> A character that wasn't an octal character was found in the formatted input data where an octal character was expected. The input field was 'input-field'.
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Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a character string that was interpreted as octal data because there was an O edit descriptor in the format specification. Octal data consists of the characters 0 through 7, but *input-field* contained other characters.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The input item being processed and the remainder of the items in the input item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 11. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>input-field-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>input-field</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>input-field</i> .
6	<i>input-field</i>	Input/ Output	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input data, that is, the character string that is being interpreted as an octal value. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>input-field-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>index</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Index in <i>input-field</i> of the character in error.
8	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
9	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the character string being interpreted as an octal value. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
10	<i>result-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>result</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>result</i> .
11	<i>result</i>	Output	See <i>result-desc</i>	Result value that is used when the

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
				release_option action is requested by the user condition handler.
Name		Action Taken after Resumption		
	RI	Character string that is in <i>input-field</i> (whose length is part of <i>input-field-desc</i>) is converted to a binary value, and the input item becomes defined with this value. Execution continues, and the remainder of the input item list is processed.		
	<i>release-option</i>	Input item becomes defined with the value <i>result</i> .		

Programmer response

Ensure that:

- *input-field* contains formatted data that can be converted to octal data,
- The edit descriptor does not indicate octal input where other input should be indicated.
- The edit descriptor specifies the correct field width.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1011

FOR1020S	The <i>statement</i> statement for sequential access for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The file had been connected for access access. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB163I, AFB231I (format 1)
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System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that you use only the I/O statements that are consistent with the access mode in use for the file connection. For example, if you intend to use direct access, then don't use the file positioning statements

(BACKSPACE, ENDFILE, REWIND). Instead, use only READ or WRITE statements with a REC specifier; the value given for the REC specifier is the number of the record that you want to read or write.

If you want to read the file sequentially, then you must connect the file for sequential access by executing an OPEN statement in which the access specifier has a value of SEQUENTIAL (or in which the access specifier is omitted). If the file was already connected for direct access and you want to process it with sequential access, then you must execute a CLOSE statement before the OPEN statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1020

FOR1022S	The <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The file was already positioned after the endfile record. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB101I, AFB218I (format 8)
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Explanation

The file was positioned after the endfile record either because the end-of-file condition was just detected for a READ statement or because you just executed an ENDFILE statement. Your *statement* statement implied the use of a subsequent subfile, but your file did not have multiple subfiles because it was a dynamically allocated scratch file, a named file, or a striped file.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Do not try to read or write records beyond the endfile record for the files that don't support multiple subfiles. The only files that can have multiple subfiles are unnamed files that are neither striped files nor dynamically allocated.

Check the logic of your program to ensure that you haven't inadvertently executed a READ or WRITE

statement either after reaching the end of the file or after executing an ENDFILE statement. Use the END specifier, if necessary, to detect the end of the file.

If you want to extend an existing file after reading through the data records and detecting the end of the file, you can do so by executing a BACKSPACE statement (which positions the file just beyond the last data record and just before the endfile record) followed by WRITE statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1022

FOR1023S	The <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The file definition statement referred to a file on a device or with a file organization for which the <i>statement</i> statement is not supported. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB095I (format 1), AFB166
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Explanation

Your program executed a *statement* statement, but the file to which the unit is connected doesn't support this statement. For example, the following statements are inconsistent with the types of files indicated:

BACKSPACE

Printer

BACKSPACE

Striped file

ENDFILE

PDS member

REWIND

Language Environment message file

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Either

- Change the logic of your program to avoid the use of the prohibited I/O statements for the file that you're using, or
- Change the file definition (DD statement, ALLOCATE command) to refer to a different type of file, and maintain the data in that other type of file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1023

FOR1024S **The BACKSPACE statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The file definition statement refers to a PDS member and the previous statement was a WRITE statement. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB095I (format 2)**

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of BACKSPACE, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Because the sequence of a WRITE statement followed by a BACKSPACE statement isn't allowed for a file that is a PDS member, make or both of these changes:

- Modify the program so it doesn't use this sequence of statements.
- Change the file definition (DD statement, ALLOCATE command) to refer to a different type of file, and maintain the data in that other type of file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1024

FOR1025S **The BACKSPACE statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The file definition statement referred to a PDS member, and BUFNO had a value greater than 1. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB095I (format 2)**

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of BACKSPACE, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Because the BACKSPACE statement isn't allowed with a file that is a PDS member and that is processed with more than one buffer, make one or more of these changes:

- Modify the program so it does not use a BACKSPACE statement.
- Change the file definition (DD statement, ALLOCATE command) to refer to a different type of file, and maintain the data in that other type of file.
- Change the file definition statement either by removing the BUFNO parameter that has a value greater than 1 or by providing a BUFNO=1 parameter.
- For a dynamically allocated file that has an associated call to the FILEINF callable service, either remove the BUFNO parameter that has a value greater than 1 or provide a BUFNO parameter with an associated value of 1.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1025

FOR1026S **The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The file definition statement referred to a PDS member, and *statement* statement nor a REWIND statement. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB123I (format 6), AFB123I (format 7)**

Explanation

The sequence of I/O statements that was executed for a file that was a PDS member caused a change either from input to output processing or from output to input processing without an intervening REWIND statement.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Change the logic of the program to avoid switching between input and output processing.

If you must do both input and output processing on the file, either

- Insert an intervening REWIND statement (or a CLOSE followed by an OPEN statement) between the two types of processing if the logic of the program and the desired file positioning allows it, or
- Change the file definition (DD statement, ALLOCATE command) to refer to a different type of file, and maintain the data in that other type of file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1026

FOR1027S	The READ statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The file definition statement referred to a system output (sysout) data set. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB218I (format 3)
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System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If the file is supposed to be a system output data set (SYSOUT parameter on the DD statement), then change the logic of your program so that you don't execute a READ statement for a unit that's connected to this file.

If the file should be another type, then change the file definition (DD statement, ALLOCATE command) to refer to the file that you intend to use.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1027

FOR1028S	The <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, failed. The file was already positioned after the endfile record of the 999th subfile, which is the last subfile allowed.
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Explanation

Your program has already processed 999 subfiles and is trying to position itself into the next one; however, 999 is the maximum number of subfiles that can be handled. Note that each subsequent subfile is referenced when you execute a READ, WRITE, or ENDFILE statement either after the end-of-file condition was just detected for a READ statement or after you just executed an ENDFILE statement.

System action

The file is closed. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that your program doesn't inadvertently execute a READ, WRITE, or ENDFILE statement for the same unit either after reaching the end of the file or after executing an ENDFILE statement. Use the END specifier, if necessary, on the READ statement to detect the end of the file.

If you want to extend an existing file after reading through the data records and detecting the end of

the file, you can do so by executing a BACKSPACE statement (which positions the file just beyond the last data record and just before the endfile record) followed by WRITE statements

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1028

FOR1070S The direct access *statement* for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The REC specifier had a value of *record-number*, which either was not positive or exceeded *num-records*, the number of records in the file. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB232I

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 6. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>record-number</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Invalid record number that was given in the REC specifier.
6	<i>num-records</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Number of records for which there is space within the file.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the REC specifier on the direct access READ or WRITE statement has a value that is neither less than 1 or greater than the number of records in the file.

If you're sure that the file contains the correct number of records, then just correct the logic of your program to provide the correct value for the REC specifier.

If you expect the file to contain more records than it does, then you'll have to delete the existing file and

create it again to give it additional space. In this case, the term *delete* means that the data set's disk space must be released and the data set allocated again. Note that unless the file is dynamically allocated, neither of the following release the data set's existing space on the disk volume:

- A CLOSE statement with a STATUS specifier value of DELETE or
- An OPEN statement with a STATUS specifier value of REPLACE.

However, if the file is dynamically allocated, you can use these forms of the OPEN and CLOSE statements to release the space from within your Fortran program.

For a non-VSAM file, you should indicate the amount of space in the file by one of the following:

- In MVS JCL: the SPACE parameter on the DD statement
- In the TSO ALLOCATE command: the SPACE operand along with the BLOCK, TRACKS, or CYLINDERS operand
- In the FILEINF argument list for a dynamically allocated file: the CYL, TRK, or MAXREC keyword argument

For a VSAM relative record data set (RRDS), you should indicate the amount of space on the Access Method Services DEFINE CLUSTER command with the CYLINDERS, RECORDS, or TRACKS parameter.

When the new file is first connected with a Fortran OPEN statement whose ACCESS specifier has a value of DIRECT, it is automatically formatted with as many records as will fit in the space allocated to the data set. (However, when the DEFINE FILE statement from the FORTRAN 66 language standard is used, only the number of records specified in that statement is formatted.)

Alternatively, you can format a newly created file by using sequential access rather than direct access. In this case, simply write as many records as the file is supposed to hold, then close the file, and reconnect it for direct access. Remember that a file connected for direct access must have a record format that indicates fixed-length unblocked records and a record length that is the same as the value of the RECL specifier on the OPEN statement that's used to connect the file for direct access. Therefore, if you're using sequential access to format the file, ensure that the record format and record length are correctly specified in the DD statement, in the TSO ALLOCATE command, or in the arguments for the FILEINF callable service.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1070

FOR1071S **The direct access *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The file had been connected for *access* access. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB235I**

Explanation

Your program executed a *statement* statement with a REC specifier, which indicates direct access, but the file was connected for *access* rather than direct access.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that you use only the I/O statements that are consistent with the access mode in use for the file connection. For example, if you intend to use sequential access, then don't use READ or WRITE statements with a REC specifier because these apply only to direct access.

If you want to read the file using direct access, then connect the file by executing an OPEN statement in which the access specifier has a value of DIRECT. (In a program that uses the FORTRAN 66 language standard, the DEFINE FILE statement has a function similar to the OPEN statement.)

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1071

FOR1072S **The direct access READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The file was empty. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB236I (format 1)**

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that whatever program created the file actually wrote records into the file. The three most common ways of writing these records are:

- Using the OPEN statement with a value of DIRECT for the ACCESS specifier when the file doesn't yet exist. If the OPEN statement does **not** have either:
 - A STATUS specifier with a value of OLD, or
 - An ACTION specifier with a value of READ.

then during execution of the OPEN statement the file should be formatted automatically with as many records as it can hold.

- Using sequential access to write the records. In this case, simply write as many records as the file is supposed to hold, then close the file, and reconnect it for direct access. Remember that a file connected for direct access must have a record format that indicates fixed-length unblocked records and a record length that is the same as the value of the RECL specifier on the OPEN statement that's used to connect the file for direct access. Therefore, if you're using sequential access to format the file, ensure that the record format and record length are correctly specified in the DD statement, in the TSO ALLOCATE command, or in the arguments for the FILEINF callable service.
- Using a utility program or a program written in some other language. If the file is to be used with direct access by a Fortran, it must have a record format that indicates fixed-length unblocked records and a record length that is the same as the value of the RECL specifier on the Fortran OPEN statement that will be used to connect the file for direct access.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1072

FOR1100S **The REWRITE statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected**

to *file-name*, failed. The key of reference had a value of *new-rec-key* (X'*new-rec-key-hex*'), which was different from *orig-rec-key* (X'*orig-rec-key-hex*'), the value of that key in the record that was read. The key of reference had a KEYID value of *keyid*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB139I

Explanation

You read a record and, in trying to rewrite it, provided a record in your output item with a key of reference whose value differed from that in the original record. You cannot use the REWRITE statement to replace a record if you change the value of the key of reference.

The term *key of reference* means the key (that is, certain positions within the record) that was used for the sequential or direct retrieval of the record that was read. The term *keyid* means the relative position of the start-end pair for this key within the start-end pairs listed in the KEYS specifier on the OPEN statement.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of REWRITE, and *parm_count* has a value of 6. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No	Name	Input / Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
6	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The record. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name	Action Taken after Resumption			
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.			

Programmer response

If you intended to replace an existing record rather than to write one with a modified key value, ensure that:

- The value of the key in the output item list is the same as what was just read and that it is in the correct position in the record,
- The output item list contains all the fields of the record to be rewritten, and
- Any changes in the order or length of various fields in the record have not caused the value of the key of reference within the record to be shifted from its original position.

If you want to replace the record with one having a different key value, use the DELETE statement to delete the record that was read, and then

- If there isn't already a record in the file with the different key value, then use the WRITE statement, rather than the REWRITE statement, to add the record with a new key value.
- If there is already a record in the file with the different key value, then use the READ statement to read that record, and then use the REWRITE statement to replace that record.

If you want to add a new record with a key value that doesn't already exist in the file, then use the WRITE statement to add it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1100

FOR1102S

The WRITE statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. Records were being loaded into the file, and the primary key had a value of *new-key* (X'*new-key-hex*'), which was not greater than *prev-key* (X'*prev-key-hex*'), the value of the primary key in the previous record. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB140I

Explanation

Because the OPEN statement for this file connection had a value of WRITE for the ACTION specifier, the file was connected for use in loading records in order of ascending primary key value. You attempted to load a record in which the value of the primary key was not greater than the value of the primary key in the previous record. The term *primary key* refers to the main key for the VSAM key-sequenced data set as it was declared in the Access Method Services DEFINE CLUSTER command.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of WRITE, and *parm_count* has a value of 6. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
6	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The record. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that your output item list has the primary key at its proper position within the record being written. If you're not sure where this key is located in the record, use the Access Method Services LISTCAT command to find out. Then change your output item list (and the KEYS specifier, if present, on the OPEN statement) so that it is consistent with the primary key position known to VSAM. On the other hand, if the output of the LISTCAT command shows the key in a different position than you intended, then delete and redefine the file with the Access Method Services DELETE and DEFINE CLUSTER commands.

Change the logic of your program or the order of the records being loaded so that the records are presented in increasing sequence of their primary key values.

If you cannot present the records in increasing key sequence, then on the OPEN statement change the value of the ACTION specifier to READWRITE. This allows records to be added to the file without regard for the order of their keys.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1102

FOR1103S **The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The previous**

I/O statement for this unit resulted in a condition that caused the loss of position in the file. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB123I (format 1), AFB123I (format 2), AFB123I (format 3), AFB123I (format 4), AFB123I (format 5)

Explanation

The *statement* statement was not allowed for either or both of these reasons:

- It depended on a previous statement to establish or retain a position (or record pointer) within the file.
- The execution of a previous statement caused the loss of position in the file. This file position could have been lost because of any of a number of conditions:
 - Record-not-found condition
 - Duplicate-key condition
 - End-of-file condition
 - Any error condition

You can neither read records sequentially nor use a BACKSPACE statement until you have reestablished file position. In addition, you cannot use a DELETE, or REWRITE statement except immediately after successfully reading a record.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that a BACKSPACE statement or a sequential retrieval READ statement isn't executed until a position has been established within the file. This position can be established by a successfully executed OPEN, REWIND, or direct retrieval READ statement.

Ensure that a DELETE or REWRITE statement isn't executed unless a record has just been read.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1103

FOR1104S The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The KEYID specifier had a value of *keyid*, which conflicted with *num-keys*, the number of keys specified in the KEYS specifier on the OPEN statement. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB124I

Explanation

The value of the KEYID specifier on the OPEN statement is either less than 1 or greater than the number of start-end pairs in the KEYS specifier. Therefore, no pair (and hence no key) can be associated with the value of the KEYID specifier.

This conflict can arise even if no KEYS specifier is coded: a default of one key is assumed, so if *keyid* has a value greater than 1, an error is detected.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If the KEYS specifier on the OPEN statement accurately indicates the keys that you want to use, then change the value of the KEYID specifier so that it is a positive integer that is no larger than the number of start-end pairs in the KEYS specifier. Its value should be the ordinal number of the start-end pair for the key that you want to use.

If you intended to have additional keys available for use, then specify their starting and ending record positions as start-end pairs in the KEYS specifier on the OPEN statement. In addition, provide the file definitions (DD statements or TSO ALLOCATE commands) to refer VSAM paths for the additional keys.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1104

FOR1106S The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The argument to be used in searching for a key had a length of *arg-length*, which was greater than *key-length*, the length of the key on which the search is being made. The KEYID value was *keyid*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB125I

Explanation

The argument to be used in searching for a key was given in the KEY, KEYGE, or KEYGT specifier of a READ statement. However, the length of this argument is greater than the length of the key of reference.

The term *key of reference* means the key (that is, certain positions within the record) that was used for the direct retrieval of the record that was to be read. The key of reference is indicated by the *keyid*, which is the relative position of the start-end pair for this key within the start-end pairs listed in the KEYS specifier on the OPEN statement. The key of reference can be established through the KEYID specifier on a direct retrieval READ statement and remains in effect until it is changed in another direct retrieval READ statement. The *keyid* value is 1 if it has not been specified since the file was connected.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 7. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>key-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>key</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>key</i> .

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
6	<i>key</i>	Input	See <i>key-desc</i>	Value of the key argument. The data type can be integer of length 1, 2, 4, or 8, or it can be character with any positive length not exceeding 255.
7	<i>keyid</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Value of the KEYID specifier.
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN	The current operation is ignored. The remainder of the deallocation list is processed and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Provide a search argument in the KEY, KEYGE, or KEYGT specifier whose length does not exceed that of the key of reference. If you want to search with a different key of reference, then for the KEYID specifier specify the ordinal number of the desired key's start-end pair in the KEYS specifier on the OPEN statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1106

FOR1107S No record with the specified key could be found for the keyed access READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*. The key specifier had a value of *value* (X'*hex-value*'). The KEYID value was *keyid* (start:end). VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB126I

Explanation

For the key of reference there was no record in the file meeting the search criterion indicated by the search argument in the KEY, KEYGE, or KEYGT specifier on the READ statement. This is the *record not found condition* and might not be an error.

The term *key of reference* means the key (that is, certain positions within the record) that was used for the direct retrieval of the record that was to be read. The key of reference is indicated by the *keyid*, which is the relative position of the start-end pair for this key within the start-end pairs listed in the KEYS specifier on the OPEN statement. The key of reference can be established through the KEYID specifier on a direct retrieval READ statement and remains in effect until it is changed in another direct retrieval READ statement.

The KEYID value is 1 if it has not been specified since the file was connected.

System action

If the IOSTAT=*ios* specifier is present on the READ statement, *ios* becomes defined either with the value 1107 if *ios* is an integer variable or with the condition token for FOR1107 if *ios* is a character variable of length 12.

If the NOTFOUND=*nfd* specifier is present on the READ statement, control passes to the label *nfd*. If the NOTFOUND specifier is not present on the READ statement but the ERR=*err* specifier is present, control passes to the label *err*.

If neither the ERR, the NOTFOUND, nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the READ statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 7. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>key-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for key. It contains the data type and the length of key.
6	<i>key</i>	Input	See <i>key-desc</i>	Value of the key argument. The data type can be integer of length 1, 2, 4, or 8, or it can be character with any positive length not exceeding 255.
7	<i>keyid</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Value of the KEYID specifier.
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Ensure that the KEYID value on this or an a previously executed READ statement represents the desired key of reference.

Check the value of the KEY, KEYGE, or KEYGT specifier to ensure that it provides the desired search argument.

Check the program and the data that was used to create the file to ensure that the expected records are actually in the file.

If you want your program to get control in the event of a record not found condition, then on the READ statement add a NOTFOUND specifier with the label of the statement to be given control should the record not found condition occur.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1107

FOR1112S **The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The record being written had a length of *length*, which was too short to contain all the keys. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB129I (format 1), AFB129I (format 2)**

Explanation

The record described by the output item list on the *statement* statement wasn't long enough to contain all of the keys that were defined for the file through Access Method Services. The record being written must be long enough to contain all of these keys even if one or more of the keys wasn't listed as a start-end pair in the KEYS specifier of the OPEN statement.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 6. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
6	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The record. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>record_desc</i> .

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the output item list defines a record long enough to contain all of the keys made known to VSAM through the DEFINE CLUSTER, DEFINE ALTERNATE INDEX, and DEFINE PATH commands for Access Method Services. Use the LISTCAT command if necessary to determine the position of these keys.

Remember that with a REWRITE statement the output item list must provide output items that describe the whole record rather than just the portions that are to be rewritten.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1112

FOR1113S **The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The file had been connected for *access* access, and the *statement* statement was of a form that applies to keyed access. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB127I, AFB128I**

Explanation

One of the following specifiers was given on the *statement* statement:

- KEY
- KEYGE
- KEYGT
- NOTFOUND
- DUPKEY
- KEYID

These specifiers are applicable only to files connected for keyed access, but the file connection was for *access* access.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If your file is a VSAM key-sequenced data set (KSDS), then provide a value of KEYED for the ACCESS specifier on the OPEN statement. This will allow you to use I/O statements that apply to keyed access.

If your file is not a VSAM KSDS, then you cannot use keyed access nor can you use I/O statements that apply only to keyed access. In this case, you have two choices:

- Change the logic of your program to use only the statements that apply to sequential or direct access.
- Define or redefine the file using Access Method Services to make it a VSAM KSDS. Then you can connect the file for keyed access and use any of the I/O statements that apply to keyed access.

Do not confuse sequential or direct access with sequential or direct retrieval statements. Sequential and direct access are indicated by the ACCESS specifier on the OPEN statement. Sequential and direct retrieval statements are forms of the READ statement that can be used when the file is connected for keyed access, that is, when the ACCESS specifier on the OPEN statement has a value of KEYED.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1113

FOR1114S **The WRITE statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. A key value within the record to be written was a duplicate of a key in a record already in the file. The key of reference had a position of *start : end* in the record, a hexadecimal value of *value*, and a KEYID of *keyid*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB135I**

Explanation

A WRITE statement that was used with a file that was connected for keyed access provided in its output item list a record with a key whose value was the same as one that was already in the file. The duplicate key value was either for the primary key, which never allows duplicate key values, or for an alternate-index key that does not allow duplicate values because it was defined to be unique through the Access Method Services DEFINE ALTERNATEINDEX command. The key whose value is duplicated is not necessarily the key of reference, which is indicated in the message text, and it isn't even necessarily among the keys listed in the KEYS specifier of the OPEN statement for the

file. However, the key is one that was defined using the Access Method Services DEFINE CLUSTER or DEFINE ALTERNATE INDEX command.

This is the *duplicate key condition* and might not be an error.

(The term *key of reference* means the key (that is, certain positions within the record) that is currently in use for reading and writing records. The key of reference is indicated by the *keyid*, which is the relative position of the start-end pair for this key within the start-end pairs listed in the KEYS specifier on the OPEN statement. The key of reference can be established through the KEYID specifier on a direct retrieval READ statement and remains in effect until it is changed in another direct retrieval READ statement. The *keyid* value is 1 if it has not been specified since the file was connected.)

System action

If the IOSTAT=*ios* specifier is present on the I/O statement, *ios* becomes defined either with the value 1114 if *ios* is an integer variable or with the condition token for FOR1114 if *ios* is a character variable of length 12.

If the DUPKEY=*dkey* specifier is present on the I/O statement, control passes to the label *dkey*. If the DUPKEY specifier is not present on the I/O statement but the ERR=*err* specifier is present, control passes to the label *err*.

If neither ERR, the DUPKEY, nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of WRITE, and *parm_count* has a value of 6. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
6	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The record. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name		Action Taken after Resumption		
RN		The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.		

Programmer response

Ensure that the output item list defines a record such that no key positions have values that are the same as values that are already in the file. This applies both to the primary key and to all alternate index keys whose values are supposed to be unique. Carefully check the record to be sure that it is in the intended format.

Remember that the key whose value has been duplicated in your record might not be one that your program uses. You'll have to check all of the keys made known to VSAM through the DEFINE CLUSTER, DEFINE ALTERNATE INDEX, and DEFINE PATH commands for Access Method Services. Use the LISTCAT command if necessary to determine the position of these keys.

If you want your program to get control in the event of a duplicate key condition, then on the WRITE or REWRITE statement add a DUPKEY specifier with the label of the statement to be given control should the duplicate key condition occur.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1114

FOR1180S **The formatted *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The file was connected for unformatted I/O. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB174I**

Explanation

A formatted *statement* statement was executed for a unit that was connected for unformatted Input/Output operations.

A formatted I/O statement is a PRINT statement, or it is identified by the presence of an FMT specifier in the I/O statement's control list as follows:

- The presence of a FMT specifier with the FMT keyword. For example:

```
READ (FMT=*, UNIT=8) A
READ (8, FMT=10) A
```

- The absence of the UNIT keyword in the unit specifier and the presence of an immediately following specifier that has no keyword. For example:

```
READ (8, NL1) A
READ (8, *) A
```

The file was connected for unformatted Input/Output operations because either:

- A value of UNFORMATTED was given for the FORM specifier on the OPEN statement,
- The FORM specifier was omitted from the OPEN statement for a file that was connected for direct or keyed access, or
- The first I/O statement that was executed for a preconnected file was an unformatted I/O statement, that is, an I/O statement with no FMT specifier.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 7.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The remainder of the input item list is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Determine if you want to perform formatted or unformatted Input/Output operations on the file. If you want to use unformatted I/O statements, remove or change the formatted I/O statements.

If you want to use formatted I/O statements, then:

- For an OPEN statement that connects a file for sequential access, either omit the FORM specifier or provide one with a value of FORMATTED.
- For an OPEN statement that connects a file for direct or keyed access, provide a FORM specifier with a value of FORMATTED.
- Do not execute an unformatted I/O statement for the unit.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1180

FOR1181S ***locator-text* A format specification contained an invalid edit descriptor of *code*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB211I**

Explanation

A format specification referenced by the I/O statement contained an edit descriptor (sometimes called a *format code*) that was

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for an internal file failed.
- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The input or output item being processed and the remainder of the items in the Input/Output item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The invalid edit descriptor is treated as the end of the format specification, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If the FMT specifier on the I/O statement referred to the format specification in a variable (rather than as a constant or as a label of a FORMAT statement), ensure that the format specification was constructed according to the same rules that apply for a FORMAT statement. In particular, it must start with a left parenthesis, end with a right parenthesis, have no imbedded blanks except within a pair of quotes or apostrophes, and use only the edit descriptors that are allowed by the Fortran language.

Ensure that the logic of your program didn't inadvertently overlay storage such as by referring to array elements outside the declared bounds of the array.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1181

FOR1182S	<i>locator-text</i> A format specification contained more than 51 nested parenthesis groups. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB160I
-----------------	--

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The parenthesis group is ignored, and execution continues. The results are unpredictable.

Programmer response

In your format specification, do not use more than 51 levels of nesting for parenthesis groups.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1182

FOR1183S	<i>locator-text</i> The format specifier on the I/O statement did not refer to a FORMAT statement. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB211I
-----------------	--

System action

The input or output item being processed and the remainder of the items in the Input/Output item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The format field is treated as an end of format, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the format specifier refers to a correctly structured format specification. Either provide the label of a FORMAT statement or character expression whose value is a format specification.

Ensure that the logic of your program didn't inadvertently overlay storage such as by referring to array elements outside the declared bounds of the array.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1184

FOR1200S	The unformatted <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The file was connected for formatted I/O. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB173I
-----------------	--

Explanation

An unformatted *statement* statement was executed for a unit that was connected for formatted Input/ Output operations.

An unformatted I/O statement is recognized by the absence of an FMT specifier. For example, these are unformatted I/O statements:

```
WRITE (10) A, B
READ (7, END=88) A, B
```

These are formatted I/O statements:

```
WRITE (FMT=*, UNIT=8) A
WRITE (8, FMT=*) A
READ (8, NL1) A
READ (8, *, END=77) A
PRINT 10, A, B, C
```

The file was connected for formatted Input/ Output operations because either:

- A value of FORMATTED was given for the FORM specifier on the OPEN statement,
- The FORM specifier was omitted from the OPEN statement for a file that was connected for sequential access, or
- The first I/O statement that was executed for a preconnected file was a formatted I/O statement, that is, an I/O statement with an FMT specifier.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Determine if you want to perform formatted or unformatted Input/ Output operations on the file. If you want to use formatted I/O statements, remove or change the unformatted I/O statements.

If you want to use unformatted I/O statements, then:

- For an OPEN statement that connects a file for sequential access, provide a FORM specifier with a value of UNFORMATTED.
- For an OPEN statement that connects a file for direct or keyed access, either omit the FORM specifier or provide one with a value of UNFORMATTED.

- Do not execute a formatted I/O statement for the unit.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1200

FOR1201S	The unformatted READ statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The file definition statement referred to an ASCII tape. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB214I
-----------------	---

Explanation

An unformatted READ statement referred to a unit that was connected to a file whose DCB information indicated variable-length ASCII tape records. These ASCII tape records are indicated by a RECFM value of D.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you have an ASCII tape to be read, then change your program to use formatted rather than unformatted READ statements.

If your input file is not an ASCII tape, then ensure that you provide DCB information that does not include a value of D for the RECFM parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1201

FOR1210S	<i>locator-text</i> There was an invalid repeat specification in a record being read with list-directed formatting. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB227I
-----------------	---

Explanation

An input field in a record that was read with a list-directed READ statement had the form $n*value$, where n , which is the repeat specification, should be an integer constant and $value$ should be the value to be assigned to n successive variables or array elements in the input item list. However, there was an error in the format of $n*value$. Possible errors might include an incorrect integer value for the repeat specification, a second asterisk, or an invalid value following the asterisk.

The *locator-text* gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for an internal file failed.
- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The input item being processed and the remainder of the items in the input item list are undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 6. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> ; contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
6	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the invalid repeat specification. The length n , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	3
2	<i>subroutine-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	Name of DIV subroutine

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
3	<i>return-code</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Return code from Fortran DIV subroutine

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The current operation is ignored. The remainder of the deallocation list is processed and execution continues.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

In the record to be read, ensure that the repeat specification and the constant following the asterisk are coded in the correct format.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1210

FOR1220S *locator-text* In the namelist group *group-name* in a namelist input file, a variable name or array name exceeded 31 characters in length. The first 31 characters were *object-name*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB221I

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 9. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	The namelist group name in the namelist input file.
6	<i>object-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data_descriptor for <i>object-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>object-name</i> .

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
7	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Variable name or array name that was too long in <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>object-name-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
8	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The <i>q_data</i> descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
9	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the name that was too long. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN	The current operation is ignored. The remainder of the deallocation list is processed and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Ensure that the variable names in the namelist group in the namelist input file are all listed in the corresponding NAMELIST statement in the program and that the delimiters, such commas, equal signs, and quotes, are used as required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1220

FOR1221S	<i>locator-text</i> In the namelist group <i>group-name</i> in a namelist input file, the variable name or array name <i>object-name</i> was not in the namelist group in the NAMELIST statement. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB222I
-----------------	---

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 8. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	The namelist group name in the namelist input file.
6	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	Variable name or array name that was not in <i>group-name</i> in the NAMELIST statement.
7	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The <i>q_data</i> descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
8	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the name that was not in the namelist group. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name Action Taken After Resumption				
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Ensure that the variable names in the namelist group in the namelist input file are all listed in the corresponding NAMELIST statement in the program and that the delimiters, such commas, equal signs, and quotes, are used as required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1221

FOR1222S	<i>locator-text</i> In the namelist group <i>group-name</i> in a namelist input file, there was a syntax error involving the name <i>object-name</i> or its value. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB223I
-----------------	--

System action

The variable being processed and the remainder of the variables given in the namelist input file become undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 10. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>group-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .
6	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The namelist group name in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>group-name-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 250.
7	<i>object-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>object-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>object-name</i> .
8	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Variable name or array name that had an incorrect value or syntax in <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>object-name-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 250.
9	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
10	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the name that had an incorrect value or syntax. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
				record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN				The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the variable names in the namelist group in the namelist input file are all listed in the corresponding NAMELIST statement in the program and that the delimiters, such commas, equal signs, and quotes, are used as required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1222

FOR1223S *locator-text* In the namelist group *group-name* in a namelist input file, a subscript for array *object-name* had the value *subsc-val*, which was not within the bounds for that array. VS FORTRAN
Version 2 Error Number: AFB224I

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 8. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	The namelist group name in the namelist input file.
6	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	Name of the array that had an incorrect subscript value in <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file.
7	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
8	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the name of the array that had an incorrect subscript value. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Ensure that the subscript has a value that lies within the bounds of the array *object-name*. Either correct the subscript or change the declaration of the array in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1223

FOR1224S *locator-text* In the namelist group *group-name* in a namelist input file, *object-name* had a subscript but was not an array. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB224I

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 8. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	The namelist group name in the namelist input file.
6	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	Name of the variable that had a subscript in <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file.
7	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
				the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
8	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the name of the variable that had a subscript. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Correct the inconsistency between the use of *object-name* with a subscript in the namelist input file and the declaration of *object-name* in the Fortran program as a scalar variable. Either remove the subscript in the namelist input file or correct the declaration in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1224

FOR1225W *locator-text* In a namelist input file, a namelist group name or variable name exceeded *max-length* characters in length. The first *max-length* characters were *name*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB221I

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, execution continues, and the name *name* is ignored.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 8. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>group_name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .
6	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The namelist group name that was too long in <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>group-name-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
8	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the name that was too long. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Ensure that the namelist input file is coded in the correct format with the information beginning in column 2 or later in the records. Check for an ampersand preceding the namelist group name with no intervening spaces, and check for missing delimiters, such as commas, quotes, or apostrophes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1225

FOR1226S *locator-text* There was an error in the specification of a name in a name-value pair within the namelist group *group-name* in the namelist input file. (*Description of the error that was detected.*) VS
FORTTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB222I

Explanation

The namelist group *group-name* in the namelist input file had an error involving one of the variable names given in what should be a name-value pair. The detailed description of the error is in the message text.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for an internal file failed.
- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The variable being processed and the remainder of the variables given in the namelist input file become undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 8. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data_descriptor for <i>group-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .
6	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The namelist group name that contained the variable that was coded in error. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>group-name-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
8	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the name that was too long. The length <i>n</i> which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record_desc</i> .
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Correct the incorrectly coded variable name in the namelist input file or provide any missing delimiters.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1226

FOR1227S *locator-text* Within the namelist group *group-name* in the namelist input file the variable *var-name* was not followed by an equal sign. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB222I

Explanation

The namelist group *group-name* in the namelist input file contained the variable name *var-name*. However, this name was not immediately followed by the equal sign (=), which should separate the name and a value.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for an internal file failed.
- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The variable being processed and the remainder of the variables given in the namelist input file become undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ,

and *parm_count* has a value of 10. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>group-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .
6	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The namelist group name that contained the variable that wasn't followed by an equal sign. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>group-name-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>var-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>var-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>var-name</i> .
8	<i>var-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Name of the variable that wasn't followed by an equal sign. The length <i>n</i> , which is part of <i>var-name-desc</i> , has a maximum possible value of 255 even if the variable name is actually longer.
9	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
10	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the name that wasn't followed by an equal sign. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Code the name-value pair in the form of the variable name followed by an equal sign followed by a value or values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1227

FOR1228S *locator-text* Within the namelist group *group-name* in the namelist input file there were too many values given for the variable *var-name*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB222I

Explanation

The namelist group *group-name* in the namelist input file contained the variable name *var-name* followed by an the equal sign (=), which separates the name and the values. However, following that equal sign there were more values than there were intrinsic data items comprising the variable. There were either:

- more values than there were elements in an array variable,
- more values than there were intrinsic data items within a variable of derived type, or
- more than one value for a scalar variable of an intrinsic data type.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for an internal file failed.
- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The variable being processed and the remainder of the variables given in the namelist input file become undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 10. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>group-name</i> . It

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
.	.	.	.	contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .
6	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The namelist group name that contained the variable that had too many values. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>group-name-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>var-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>var-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>var-name</i> .
8	<i>var-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Name of the variable that had too many values. The length <i>n</i> , which is part of <i>var-name-desc</i> , has a maximum possible value of 255 even if the variable name is actually longer.
9	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
10	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the value that exceeded the number of allowable ones. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .
Name Action Taken after Resumption				
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.			

Programmer response

Code the name-value pair in the form of the variable name followed by an equal sign followed by no more values than comprise the variable. For example, a scalar variable of an intrinsic data type cannot have more than one value. If an assumed-shape or deferred-shape array is involved, ensure that the number of values doesn't exceed the number of elements represented by the current shape of the

array. If a variable of derived type is involved, ensure that there aren't more values than there are intrinsic data items within the derived type, and ensure that the values are of the proper type to correspond with the intrinsic data items.

If you intended for the extraneous value to be interpreted as the next variable name rather than as a value, then code this variable name followed by an equal sign followed by this variable's value or values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1228

FOR1229S	locator-text Within the namelist group <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file the character <i>not-name-char</i> was found instead of the beginning of a variable name.
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Explanation

In the namelist group *group-name* in the namelist input file, there wasn't a variable name at a place where a variable name should have been. Instead, there was the character *not-name-char*, which cannot begin a variable name. This could have occurred at the beginning of the namelist group. Alternatively, following some other variable and its values there could have been some string of characters that wasn't recognized either as a value or as another variable name.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for an internal file failed.
- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The variable being processed and the remainder of the variables given in the namelist input file become undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 8. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No .	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>group-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .
6	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The namelist group name that was too long in <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>group-name-desc</i> and has a maximum possible value of 255.
7	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
8	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the string of characters that was expected to be a variable name but wasn't in the correct format for a name. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Code the name-value pairs in the form of the variable name followed by an equal sign followed by no more values than comprise the variable. Be sure that each variable name is the name of a variable given for the namelist group in the NAMELIST statement in the Fortran program. Also be sure that the value or values are coded as literal constants rather than as named constants.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1229

FOR1230S	locator-text In the namelist group <i>group-name</i> in a namelist input file, the value for the variable <i>object-name</i> was not in the form
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of a complex constant even though the variable was of complex type. The formatted input data was *input-field*.

Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a portion of the character string that is being interpreted as a complex constant for namelist input, and can be either the real part, the imaginary part, or both. *input-field* either contained embedded blanks in the real part or the imaginary part of the complex number, did not contain a comma as a separator between the real part and the imaginary part, or was not enclosed in parentheses.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The variable being processed and the remainder of the variables given in the namelist input file become undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 10. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No .	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>group_name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .
6	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The namelist group name in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>group-name-desc</i> .
7	<i>object-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>object_name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .

No .	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
8	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Name of the complex variable that has an incorrect value in <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>object-name-desc</i> .
9	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
10	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the name of the array that had an incorrect subscript value. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution continues, and the remainder of the input item list is ignored.

Programmer response

Ensure that *input-field* contains no embedded blanks in the real part or the imaginary part of the complex number, contains a comma as a separator, is enclosed by a left and a right parenthesis, and, if the complex number does not fit into one record, that the end of the record occurs between the real part and the comma or between the comma and the imaginary part.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1230

FOR1231S	<i>locator-text</i> In the namelist group <i>group-name</i> in a namelist input file, the value for the variable <i>object-name</i> was not a delimited character constant even though the variable was of character type. The formatted input data was <i>input-field</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a portion of the character string that is being interpreted as a character

constant for namelist input. It was not delimited by apostrophes (') or by quotes (") as required for namelist input.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The variable being processed and the remainder of the variables given in the namelist input file become undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 10. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

N o.	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>group-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .
6	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The namelist group name in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>group-name-desc</i> .
7	<i>object-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>object-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>object-name</i> .
8	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Name of the character variable that has a value that was not properly delimited in <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>object-name-desc</i> .
9	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type

N o.	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
				and the length of <i>record</i> .
10	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the value that was not properly delimited. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution continues, and the remainder of the input item list is ignored.

Programmer response

Ensure that the character constant used as the value for the variable is delimited either by apostrophes (') or by quotes (").

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1231

FOR1232S *locator-text* In the namelist group *group-name* in a namelist input file, the variable *object-name* was a delimited character constant for which there was no ending delimiter. The character constant contained or began with the characters *input-field*.

Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a portion of the character string that is being interpreted as a character constant for namelist input. It had a starting delimiter of either an apostrophe or a quote, but there was corresponding ending delimiter before the end of the file.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The variable being processed becomes undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present

on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 10. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>group-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .
6	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The namelist group name in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>group-name-desc</i> .
7	<i>object-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>object-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>object-name</i> .
8	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The name of the character variable that has a value that did not have an ending delimiter in <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>object-name-desc</i> .
9	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
10	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the value that did not have an ending delimiter. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution continues, and the remainder of the input item list is ignored.

Programmer response

Ensure that the character constant used as the value for the variable is delimited either by apostrophes (') or by quotes ("). Both the starting and ending delimiter must both be apostrophes or both be quotes.

Check for a doubled occurrence of the delimiter that started the character constant. Such a doubled delimiter is not interpreted as the ending delimiter but rather as one occurrence of that delimiter as a character within the character constant. In this case, a single occurrence of the delimiter must follow to indicate the end of the character constant.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1232

FOR1233S	<i>locator-text</i> In the namelist group <i>group-name</i> in a namelist input file, the variable <i>object-name</i> was a delimited character constant whose length, <i>length</i> , exceeded <i>max-char-length</i> , the maximum length allowed for a character constant. The character constant began with the characters <i>input-field</i> .
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Explanation

For a READ statement, *input-field* is a portion of the character string that is being interpreted as a character constant for namelist input. This length of this constant, not counting the starting and ending delimiters, was *length*, but this was longer than *max-char-length*, the product-imposed maximum length of a character constant that can be interpreted as namelist input.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

System action

The variable being processed and the remainder of the variables given in the namelist input file become undefined. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ,

and *parm_count* has a value of 10. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

N o.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>group-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>group-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>group-name</i> .
6	<i>group-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The namelist group name in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>group-name-desc</i> .
7	<i>object-name-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>object-name</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>object-name</i> .
8	<i>object-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	The name of the character variable that has a value that was too long in <i>group-name</i> in the namelist input file. The length <i>n</i> is part of <i>object-name-desc</i> .
9	<i>record-desc</i>	Input	Q_DATA_DESC	The q_data descriptor for <i>record</i> . It contains the data type and the length of <i>record</i> .
10	<i>record</i>	Input	CHARACTER*n	Formatted input record that contained the value that was too long. The length <i>n</i> , which includes only the data portion of the record, is part of <i>record-desc</i> .

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution continues, and the remainder of the input item list is ignored.

Programmer response

Ensure that the character constant used as the value for the variable is delimited either by apostrophes (') or by quotes ("). Both the starting and ending delimiter must both be apostrophes or both be quotes.

Check for a doubled occurrence of the delimiter that started the character constant. Such a doubled delimiter is not interpreted as the ending delimiter

but rather as one occurrence of that delimiter as a character within the character constant. In this case, a single occurrence of the delimiter must follow to indicate the end of the character constant.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1233

FOR1250S *locator-text* The file definitions for the stripes of *file-name* did not define consistent characteristics for all the stripes. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB092I

Explanation

A striped file, that is, one with ddnames of the form FTnnP001, FTnnP002, and so on, had different characteristics given in its file definitions (DD statements or ALLOCATE commands) or data set labels for the different stripes. One or more of the following parameters had different values among the stripes:

- RECFM
- LRECL
- BLKSIZE
- BUFOFF
- IN or OUT (fourth subparameter of the LABEL parameter)
- DISP

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The READ statement for an internal file failed.
- The READ statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to file-name, failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is not connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definitions for all of the stripes have identical values for the parameters listed in “Explanation.” If an existing data set was used, be sure that the whatever was in the existing data set label doesn't cause this conflict; override such a conflicting value if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1250

FOR1251S	<i>locator-text</i> The file definition statements for the stripes of <i>file-name</i> had inconsistent ddnames or data set names. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB093I
-----------------	--

Explanation

A striped file, that is, one with ddnames of the form FTnnP001, FTnnP002, and so on, had inconsistent ddnames and data set names in one or more of its file definitions (DD statements or ALLOCATE commands). The inconsistency could be one of the following:

- A file definition for ddname FTnnPmmm did not refer to a data set name that ends in the form xxxPyyy, where xxx is the number of stripes and yyy is a particular stripe number.
- A file definition for ddname FTnnPmmm did refer to a data set name that ends in the form xxxPyyy, and either:
 - The stripe numbers *mmm* and *yyy* did not match,
 - The portion of the data set name other than the stripe number, that is, other than the *yyy*, differed from that for other stripes, or
 - The stripe number *yyy* and the maximum stripe number *xxx* did not have the same number of digits.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is not connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#).

Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Assuming that there are xxx stripes, ensure that:

- There are xxx file definitions and that the file definitions have the ddnames FTnnP001, FTnnP002, ... FTnnPsss, where *nn* is the two-digit unit number and *sss* is the three-digit representation of the number of stripes (*xxx*),
- In the file definition with the ddname FTnnPmmm, the final characters of the end of the data set name are xxxPyyy, where *yyy* is the stripe number, that is, *yyy* has the same numeric value as *mmm*,
- The number of digits in *xxx* is the same as the number of digits in each *yyy*, and
- All the data set names are identical except for the trailing *mmm*.

Here is an example of DD statements for a striped file with six stripes:

```
//FT10P001 DD DSN=MYNAME.MYFILE.ABC6P1,DISP=OLD
//FT10P002 DD DSN=MYNAME.MYFILE.ABC6P2,DISP=OLD
//FT10P003 DD DSN=MYNAME.MYFILE.ABC6P3,DISP=OLD
//FT10P004 DD DSN=MYNAME.MYFILE.ABC6P4,DISP=OLD
//FT10P005 DD DSN=MYNAME.MYFILE.ABC6P5,DISP=OLD
//FT10P006 DD DSN=MYNAME.MYFILE.ABC6P6,DISP=OLD
```

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1251

FOR1252S	<i>locator-text</i> A file definition statement for one of the stripes of <i>file-name</i> referred to a file type or device type that cannot be used for a striped file. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB094I
-----------------	---

Explanation

A file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) for a striped file referred to a file on a device that was neither a tape nor a non-VSAM disk file other than a PDS member.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is not connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that for each of the stripes of a striped file the file definition refers either to a tape or to a non-VSAM disk file other than a PDS member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1252

FOR1270S	The WAIT statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. There was no corresponding READ or WRITE statement. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB287I
-----------------	--

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of WAIT, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The WAIT statement is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the program executes a WAIT statement only after a corresponding asynchronous READ or WRITE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1270

FOR1271S	The asynchronous <i>statement</i> for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. In the file
-----------------	--

definition statement, the BLKSIZE parameter either was omitted or had a value of 0. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB239I

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that for a new file the block size (BLKSIZE parameter in the DD statement or ALLOCATE command) has a nonzero value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1271

FOR1272S	The asynchronous <i>statement</i> for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The last array element in the input item list had a lower subscript value than the first. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB228I
-----------------	---

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the starting and ending elements in the input/output item list are specified with the lower-valued subscript first. If the subscripts involve an variable, ensure that the variables are set to their intended values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1272

FOR1273S **The asynchronous *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The previous I/O statement for this unit was neither a REWIND nor another asynchronous I/O statement. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB286I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to switch back and forth between asynchronous I/O statements and the sequential I/O statement defined by the Fortran language standard, then you must execute a REWIND statement each time you switch between the two. (Of course you can also execute a CLOSE statement followed by an OPEN statement.) While positioned within a file, you cannot switch between the two forms of I/O statements. If executing the REWIND statement doesn't provide the file positioning that your program requires, then change the program so that either asynchronous I/O statements or standard sequential I/O statements are used exclusively.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1273

FOR1274S **The *statement* statement, which was not of the asynchronous form, for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The previous asynchronous I/O statement was not followed by a REWIND statement. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB286I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to switch back and forth between asynchronous I/O statements and the sequential I/O statements defined by the Fortran language standard, then execute a REWIND statement each time you switch between the two. (Alternatively, you could execute a CLOSE statement followed by an OPEN statement.) While positioned within a file, you cannot switch between the two forms of I/O statements. If executing the REWIND statement doesn't provide the file positioning that your program requires, then change the program so that either asynchronous I/O statements or standard sequential I/O statements are used exclusively.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1274

FOR1275S **There was no corresponding WAIT statement for an asynchronous *statement* statement that was executed for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB288I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution continues with an implied WAIT.

Programmer response

Ensure that the Fortran program executes a WAIT statement after each asynchronous READ or WRITE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1275

FOR1276S **The asynchronous *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*,**

which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The file definition statement referred to a file type or device type that cannot be used for asynchronous I/O. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB090I (format 2), AFB194I (format 1)

Explanation

An asynchronous *statement* statement was executed for unit *unit*, and one of the following was true:

- The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE statement) for the ddname FTnnF001 referred to a file that was neither a tape nor an non-VSAM disk file other than a PDS member.
- There was a file definition with the ddname FTnnP001.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to use asynchronous I/O, then provide a file definition that refers to either a tape nor an non-VSAM disk file other than a PDS member. Also, do not provide a file definition with the ddname FTnnP001 because asynchronous I/O cannot be performed on striped files.

If you didn't intend to use an asynchronous I/O statement, which is identified by the ID specifier, then correct your program so that you don't use one for a unit that's connected to one of the prohibited file or device types.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1276

FOR1277S	The asynchronous <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The unit was being used as one of the Fortran standard I/O units. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB192I
-----------------	---

Explanation

The asynchronous *statement* referred to a unit that was either the standard input unit, the error message unit, the print unit (which could be the same as the error message unit), or the punch unit. These unit numbers are specified by the RDRUNIT, ERRUNIT, PRTUNIT, and PUNUNIT run-time options, respectively.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to use asynchronous I/O, do one of the following:

- Change the unit number in your asynchronous I/O statements to refer to some unit other than one of the prohibited units listed under "Explanation."
- Change the value of one or more of the RDRUNIT, ERRUNIT, PRTUNIT, or PUNUNIT run-time options so that one of them refers to the unit that you want to use for asynchronous I/O, ensuring, of course, that you don't create a conflict with some other unit that's used by your program.

If you didn't intend to use asynchronous I/O, then change the form of the I/O statement by removing the ID specifier and making whatever other changes are needed. Note that unformatted I/O statements are similar in function to asynchronous I/O statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1277

FOR1278S	The asynchronous <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The program was executed on other than an MVS system. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB161I
-----------------	---

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you didn't intend to use asynchronous I/O, then change the form of the I/O statement by removing the ID specifier and making whatever other changes are needed. Note that unformatted I/O statements are similar in function to asynchronous I/O statements.

If the performance requirements of your program are such that asynchronous I/O is needed, then you'll have to run the program on MVS.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1278

FOR1279S	The asynchronous statement statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The I/O subtask terminated abnormally with the system completion code <i>completion-code</i>. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB205I
-----------------	--

Explanation

Much of the processing for an asynchronous I/O statement is done in an MVS subtask so that its processing can overlap that of your program. The asynchronous I/O subtask terminated abnormally with a system completion (abend) code of *completion-code*.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not complete, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) for the file you are using is coded correctly.

Ensure that your program uses the correct sequence of asynchronous READ, WRITE, and WAIT statements with no intervening I/O statements of the standard sequential form unless a REWIND statement is used to separate the uses of the two forms.

For the meaning of *completion-code*, and for possible corrective actions, refer to [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

FOR1280S	The asynchronous statement statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The record format was other than variable spanned. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB214I (format 2)
-----------------	--

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The READ statement is ignored, and execution continues.
RF	For an input operation, the READ statement is not completed and execution continues. For an output operation, VS is assumed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) for the file indicates a RECFM value of VS.

If you're reading an existing file that has some a record format of other than variable spanned, then you can't use asynchronous I/O statements to read it. In this case, either change your program to use the standard sequential I/O statements, or recreate the file so that it has variable spanned records. If you choose to recreate the file using a Fortran program, you can produce variable spanned records with either asynchronous I/O statements or with standard unformatted I/O statements. Ensure that when you recreate the file, the file definition has a RECFM value of VS.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1280

FOR1281S	The asynchronous statement statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>,
-----------------	---

failed. The program resides in authorized library. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB952I (format 8)

Explanation

Your program was link edited with an AC option that provided an authorization code of other than 0, and your program was in an authorized library. In addition, your program used an asynchronous I/O statement, but this is inconsistent with executing in an authorized state because of the internal implementation of asynchronous I/O.

Language Environment does not support execution of Fortran programs running in an authorized state. Running such programs, while not diagnosed in all cases, causes a system integrity exposure.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The READ statement is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Link edit your program without the AC option so that it does not run in an authorized state.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1281

FOR1330S	The <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit-number</i> failed. The file definition statement for <i>file-name</i> referred to a VSAM file, but the file had not been connected to the unit with an OPEN statement. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB168I
-----------------	--

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The READ statement is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you intend to process a VSAM file, ensure that your program executes an OPEN statement before any other I/O statements.

If you don't intend to process a VSAM file, change the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) to refer to some other file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1330

FOR1331S	The WRITE statement for sequential access for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The file was a VSAM RRDS that already contained records. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB162I
-----------------	--

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that you don't use the sequential access form of the WRITE statement for a VSAM relative record data set (RRDS) if the data set already contains records.

If you want to replace individual records, use a value of DIRECT for the ACCESS specifier on the OPEN statement, and use the direct access form of the WRITE statement, that is, with a REC specifier whose value indicates the specific record to be written.

If you want to extend the file at the end or rewrite the file sequentially from somewhere other than the end, the file can't be a VSAM RRDS, so change the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) to refer to a non-VSAM file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1331

FOR1340S **The INQUIRE statement failed. The FILE specifier had a value of blanks, but the UNIT specifier was not given. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB106I**

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	4
2	<i>statement</i>	Input	CHARACTER*12	INQUIRE
3	<i>unit</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Undefined
4	<i>file</i>	Input	CHARACTER*62	Undefined

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Correct your program to use of the four acceptable forms of the INQUIRE statement:

INQUIRE by file

No UNIT specifier; FILE specifier with a value that is either a data set name preceded by a slash (/) or a ddname other than one of the default ddnames such as FTnnF001

INQUIRE by unit

UNIT specifier; no FILE specifier

INQUIRE by unnamed file, format 1

UNIT specifier; FILE specifier with a value of blanks

INQUIRE by unnamed file, format 2

No UNIT specifier; FILE specifier with a value that is one of the defaults ddnames such as FTnnF001

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1340

FOR1341S **The INQUIRE statement failed. The FILE specifier had a value of *file-name*, which, because it was other than all blanks, conflicted**

with the presence of the UNIT specifier. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB109I

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1](#) on [page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of INQUIRE, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Correct your program to use of the four acceptable forms of the INQUIRE statement:

INQUIRE by file

No UNIT specifier; FILE specifier with a value that is either a data set name preceded by a slash (/) or a ddname other than one of the default ddnames such as FTnnF001

INQUIRE by unit

UNIT specifier; no FILE specifier

INQUIRE by unnamed file, format 1

UNIT specifier; FILE specifier with a value of blanks

INQUIRE by unnamed file, format 2

No UNIT specifier; FILE specifier with a value that is one of the defaults ddnames such as FTnnF001

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1341

FOR1342S **The INQUIRE statement failed. The FILE specifier had a value of *file-name*, which was not in the correct format for a file name. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB180I (format 1)**

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No .	Name	Input/ Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	4
2	<i>statement</i>	Input	CHARACTER*12	INQUIRE
3	<i>unit</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Undefined
4	<i>file</i>	Input	CHARACTER*62	Name of file to which the INQUIRE statement was directed.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is ignored, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Correct your program to use of the four acceptable forms of the INQUIRE statement:

INQUIRE by file

No UNIT specifier; FILE specifier with a value that is either a data set name preceded by a slash (/) or a ddname other than one of the default ddnames such as FTnnF001

INQUIRE by unit

UNIT specifier; no FILE specifier

INQUIRE by unnamed file, format 1

UNIT specifier; FILE specifier with a value of blanks

INQUIRE by unnamed file, format 2

No UNIT specifier; FILE specifier with a value that is one of the defaults ddnames such as FTnnF001

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1342

FOR1360E	On the CLOSE statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, the STATUS specifier had a value of KEEP, but the STATUS specifier on the OPEN statement had a value of SCRATCH. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB171I
-----------------	---

System action

The file is closed as though STATUS='DELETE' had been specified. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of CLOSE, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution continues.

Programmer response

Either change the OPEN statement so that its STATUS specifier has a value of other than SCRATCH, or change the CLOSE statement so that its STATUS specifier is either omitted or has a value of DELETE. In the latter case, the scratch file will be deleted.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1360

FOR1361E	On the CLOSE statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, the STATUS specifier had a value of <i>status</i>, which was other than KEEP or DELETE. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB186I
-----------------	---

System action

The file is closed as though STATUS='KEEP' had been specified. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: The basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of CLOSE, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution continues.

Programmer response

Correct the value of the STATUS specifier on the CLOSE statement so that it has a value of either KEEP or DELETE. You can also omit the STATUS specifier in which case the default value is:

- DELETE if the OPEN statement had a STATUS specifier with a value of SCRATCH, or
- KEEP if the OPEN statement either had no STATUS specifier or a STATUS specifier with a value of other than SCRATCH.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1361

FOR1380S **The OPEN statement could not connect unit *unit-number* to file-name. The STATUS specifier had a value of *status*, which was other than NEW, OLD, REPLACE, SCRATCH, or UNKNOWN. VS Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB251I**

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Based on whether the file you're connecting exists or not, change the value of the STATUS specifier on the OPEN statement to NEW, OLD, REPLACE, SCRATCH, or UNKNOWN. If you code the value as a character constant, enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

For the error message unit, either omit the STATUS specifier, or provide a value of UNKNOWN.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1380

FOR1381S **The OPEN statement for unit *unit-number* failed. The FILE specifier had a value of *ddname*, which is a ddname reserved for unnamed files. VS Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB107I**

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement,

the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to connect the unit to an unnamed file, that is, to a file with a ddname of FTnnFmmm, FTnnKmm, FTERRsss, or FTPRTsss, then omit the FILE specifier from the OPEN statement. A file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) for that ddname would still be required, however.

If you want to refer to a named file, then for the FILE specifier provide a value than isn't one of the ddnames that are used for unnamed files.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1381

FOR1382S **The OPEN statement could not connect unit *unit-number* to file-name. The ACTION specifier had a value of *action*, which was other than READ, WRITE, or READWRITE. VS Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB136I**

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Depending on whether you intend to use only input statements, only output statements, or both, change the value of the ACTION specifier on the OPEN statement to READ, WRITE, or READWRITE. If you code the value as a character constant, enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1382

FOR1383S	The OPEN statement for unit <i>unit-number</i> failed. The FILE specifier had a value of <i>file-name</i>, which was not in the correct format for a file name.
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Explanation

VS Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB180I (format 2)

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Correct the value of the FILE specifier. If you're providing a ddname, ensure that it consists of no more than eight characters, all of which must be alphanumeric, and that its first character is alphabetic.

If you're providing a data set name, code the value of the FILE specifier as a slash (/) followed by the data set name. The data set name, which can be followed by a member name surrounded by parentheses, must be in the format required by the DSNNAME parameter of a DD statement as described in [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1383

FOR1384S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to <i>file-name</i>. The ACCESS specifier had a value of <i>access</i>, which was other than SEQUENTIAL, DIRECT, or KEYED.
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Explanation

VS Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB182I

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Depending on the type of I/O statements that you want to use for the file that you're connecting, change the value of the ACCESS specifier on the OPEN statement to SEQUENTIAL, DIRECT, or KEYED. If you code the value as a character constant, enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1384

FOR1385S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to <i>file-name</i>. The BLANK specifier had a value of <i>blank</i>, which was other than ZERO or NULL.
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Explanation

VS Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB183I

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Depending on whether you want blanks in input fields that are read with formatted READ statements to be interpreted as zeros or nulls, change the value of the BLANK specifier on the OPEN statement to ZERO or NULL, respectively. If you code the value as a character constant, enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

If you omit the FILE specifier from the OPEN statement, a value of NULL is assumed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1385

FOR1386S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to <i>file-name</i>. The FORM specifier had a value of <i>format</i>, which was other than FORMATTED or UNFORMATTED.
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Explanation

VS Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB184I

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Depending on whether you intend to use formatted or unformatted input/output statements for the file, change the value of the FORM specifier on the OPEN statement to FORMATTED or UNFORMATTED, respectively. If you code the value as a character constant, enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1386

FOR1387S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to <i>file-name</i>. The CHAR specifier had a value of <i>char</i>, which was other than DBCS or NODBCS. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB104I
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System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Depending on whether your input file contains double-byte characters that are to be read with a formatted READ statement, change the value of the CHAR specifier on the OPEN statement to DBCS or NODBCS. If you code the value as a character constant, enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1387

FOR1389S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to <i>file-name</i>. The RECL specifier had a
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value of *recl*, which was not within the range 1 to 32760, inclusive.
Fortran Version 2 Error Number:
AFB233I

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 5.

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>record-length</i>	Input/Output	INTEGER*4	Value of the RECL specifier on the OPEN statement.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues. The remainder of the deallocation list is processed and execution continues.
RI	The value placed in <i>record_length</i> is used as the new value for the RECL specifier, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value of the RECL specifier on the OPEN statement is an integer that is neither less than 1 nor greater than 32760. In addition, ensure that this value is the same as the value that's associated with the file through one or more of the following, as applicable:

- The label of an existing data set
- The LRECL parameter of the DD statement or ALLOCATE command
- The LRECL value given in an invocation of the FILEINF callable service
- The record length given in the RECORDSIZE parameter of the Access Method Services DEFINE command that was used to define the VSAM cluster.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1389

FOR1390S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to <i>file-name</i>. The SMSVSAM server was not available.
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Explanation

VSAM record level sharing was requested for the file either because of the RLS parameter on the DD statement or ALLOCATE command or because of the RLS argument in the call to the FILEINF callable service. Record level sharing could not be provided because the SMSVSAM server was not available.

System action

The unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If VSAM record level sharing isn't required, then don't request it in the DD statement, in the ALLOCATE command, or in the call to the FILEINF callable service. Otherwise, correct the situation that caused the SMSVSAM server not to be available.

If you cannot resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1390

FOR1393S	<i>locator-text</i> The VSAM <i>macro-name</i> macro instruction executed for <i>file-name</i> had a return code of <i>return-code</i> and an error code of X' <i>hex-code</i> ' (<i>decimal-code</i>). The SMSVSAM server was not available.
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Explanation

In support of the Fortran I/O statement indicated by the message text, Language Environment executed a VSAM *macro-name* macro instruction. DFSMS/MVS detected the error indicated by the return code *return-code* and the error code with a hexadecimal value of *hex-code* (decimal value of *decimal-code*). This error code indicates that VSAM record level sharing couldn't be provided because the SMSVSAM server was not

available. (VSAM record level sharing was requested for the file either because of the RLS parameter on the DD statement or ALLOCATE command or because of the RLS argument in the call to the FILEINF callable service.)

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

For the meaning of return code *return-code* and error code *hex-code* (or *decimal-code*), refer to [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

If VSAM record level sharing isn't required, then don't request it in the DD statement, in the ALLOCATE command, or in the call to the FILEINF callable service. Otherwise, correct the situation that caused the SMSVSAM server not to be available.

If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1393

FOR1394S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> , the error message unit, to <i>file-name</i> . The FILE specifier had a value that started with a slash (/).
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Explanation

On the OPEN statement the UNIT specifier had a value that was the error message unit number, and the FILE specifier had a value with a leading slash (/). The leading slash indicated dynamic file allocation, that is, that a data set name rather than a ddname was given.

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Dynamic allocation cannot be done from a Fortran program for a file that's being connected to the error message unit. Therefore, take one of these actions:

- Provide a file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) for the file, and use its ddname without a slash as the value of the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement.
- Connect that file to a unit other than the error message unit by changing the unit identifier.
- Remove the slash from the value of the FILE specifier if an intended ddname followed the slash.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1394

FOR1395S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to <i>file-name</i> . The ACCESS specifier had a value of KEYED, and the FILE specifier had a value that started with a slash (/). Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB102I
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Explanation

The OPEN statement had a value for the ACCESS specifier that indicated keyed access and a value for the FILE specifier with a leading slash (/). The leading slash indicated dynamic file allocation, that is, that a data set name rather than a ddname was given.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Dynamic allocation cannot be done from a Fortran program for a file that's being connected for keyed access. If you intend to use keyed access because the file is a VSAM key-sequenced data set, take on of these actions:

- Provide a file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) for the file, and use its ddname without a slash as the value of the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement.
- Remove the slash from the value of the FILE specifier if an intended ddname followed the slash.

If the file isn't a VSAM key-sequenced data set, then change the value of the ACCESS specifier to either SEQUENTIAL or DIRECT.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1395

FOR1396S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-name. The STATUS specifier had a value of NEW, but the file already existed. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB108I (format 1)
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Explanation

The OCSTATUS run-time option was in effect, and the STATUS specifier on the OPEN statement had a value of NEW, but the file already existed according to the Fortran definitions of file existence. These definitions are explained in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS* in the chapter "What Determines File Existence" and generally reflect the operating system view of file existence; however, there are a few differences. For example, using a DD statement or ALLOCATE command to allocate space for a file on a disk volume does not mean that the file exists from the Fortran point of view. Such a file doesn't exist until an OPEN or WRITE statement for it has been used in a Fortran program or until it has had records written into it by some non-Fortran program or utility.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

The changes that you must make depend on how you intend to processed the file in your program.

If you want to read an existing file, then change the value of the STATUS specifier to OLD.

If you want to read or update an existing file being connected for direct or keyed access, then change the value of the STATUS specifier to OLD.

If you want to extend an existing file being connected for sequential access, then change the value of the STATUS specifier to OLD, and take one of these actions:

- Provide the DISP=MOD parameter on the DD statement, the MOD parameter in the ALLOCATE command, or a value of MOD for the DISP argument in the invocation of the FILEINF callable service.
- Provide a value of APPEND for the POSITION specifier.

If you want to replace all of the records in an existing file being connected for sequential access, then make one of these changes:

- Provide a value of OLD for the STATUS specifier and do not provide either the DISP=MOD parameter on the DD statement, the MOD parameter on the ALLOCATE command, nor a value of MOD for the DISP argument in the invocation of the FILEINF callable service, or
- Provide a value of REPLACE for the STATUS specifier. In this case, if the disk file is dynamically allocated, the original space, if any, is released, and new space is allocated.

If you want to replace all of the records in an existing file, being connected for direct or keyed access, then provide a value of REPLACE for the STATUS specifier. In this case, if the disk file is dynamically allocated,

the original space, if any, is released, and new space is allocated.

If you want to create and write to a new file in your program, then the STATUS specifier value of NEW is correct. Ensure that all of the following are true:

- The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement refers to the file that you intended.
- No other unit is connected to the same file and has updated it before this OPEN statement was executed.
- The file does not exist according to the Fortran rules of file existence. (For example, under certain circumstances, a file that is present on a disk volume but contains no data can still exist according to this definition.)

If the file does exist according to the Fortran definition of file existence, but you still want the STATUS specifier value to be NEW, then use the NOOCSSTATUS run-time option. However, consider the following:

- Because file existence is not checked, the STATUS specifier value of NEW takes precedence, meaning that any records already in the file could be overwritten.
- This run-time option causes file existence checking to be bypassed for all OPEN statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1396

FOR1397S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-<i>name</i>. The STATUS specifier had a value of NEW, but the file definition referred to a file or device that was restricted to input only. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB108I (format 2)
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Explanation

The STATUS specifier had a value of NEW, which implied that a file was to be created. However, the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement referred to a file or device that doesn't allow output operations. Examples of such files include:

- An in-stream data set (DD *)
- A data set whose DD statement specifies LABEL=(,IN)

- A file for which the system's access control facility (such as RACF) prevents you from updating the data set.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to read from a file or a device that doesn't permit output, either omit the STATUS specifier or provide a value of OLD or UNKNOWN for the STATUS specifier. Ensure that the file really exists and that you can read from it.

If you want to create a new file and write records on it, then the STATUS specifier value of NEW is correct. In this case, change either of the following, as applicable, to refer to a file or device on which you can write records:

- The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command)
- For a dynamically allocated data, the data set name that follows the slash (/) in the FILE specifier.

Do not refer to a data set such as an in-stream data set (DD *), a data set for which you do not have RACF authority to update, or a data set whose DD statement has a LABEL=(,IN) parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1397

FOR1398S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-<i>name</i>. The STATUS specifier had a value of OLD, but the file did not exist. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB108I (format 3)
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Explanation

The OCSTATUS run-time option was in effect, and the STATUS specifier on the OPEN statement had a value of OLD, but the file didn't exist according to the Fortran definitions of file existence. These definitions are explained in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS* in the chapter “What Determines File Existence” and generally reflect the operating system view of file existence; however, there are a few differences. For example, using a DD statement or ALLOCATE command to allocate space for a file on a disk volume does not mean that the file exists from the Fortran point of view. Such a file doesn't exist until an OPEN or WRITE statement for it has been used in a Fortran program or until it has had records written into it by a non-Fortran program or utility.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to create a new file and write records on it, then change the value of the STATUS specifier to NEW, REPLACE, or UNKNOWN.

If you want to read from or write to an existing file, then the STATUS specifier value of OLD is correct. Ensure that all of the following are true:

- The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement refers to the file that you intended.
- No other unit has been connected to the same file and has caused the file to be deleted before this OPEN statement was executed.
- The file exists according to the Fortran rules of file existence. (For example, under certain circumstances, a file that is present on a disk volume

but contains no data doesn't exist according to this definition.)

If the file doesn't exist according to the Fortran definition of file existence, but you still want the STATUS specifier value to be OLD, then use the NOOCSTATUS run-time option. However, consider the following:

- Because file existence is not checked, the STATUS specifier value of OLD will take precedence, meaning that there must be records in the file if you want to read them.
- This run-time option causes file existence checking to be bypassed for all OPEN statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1398

FOR1399S

The OPEN statement could not connect unit *unit-number* to file-name. The ACTION specifier had a value of READ, but the file did not exist. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB108I (format 4)

Explanation

The ACTION specifier on the OPEN statement had a value of READ, but the file didn't exist according to the Fortran definitions of file existence. These definitions are explained in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS* in the chapter “What Determines File Existence” and generally reflect the operating system view of file existence; however, there are a few differences. For example, using a DD statement or ALLOCATE command to allocate space for a file on a disk volume does not mean that the file exists from the Fortran point of view. Such a file doesn't exist until an OPEN or WRITE statement for it has been used in a Fortran program or until it has had records written into it by some non-Fortran program or utility.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to write records on the file, then either omit the ACTION specifier, or change the value of the ACTION specifier to WRITE or READWRITE.

If you want to just read from an existing file, then the ACTION specifier value of READ is correct. Ensure that all of the following are true:

- The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement refers to the file that you intended.
- No other unit has been connected to the same file and has caused the file to be deleted before this OPEN statement was executed.
- The file exists according to the Fortran rules of file existence. (For example, under certain circumstances, a file that is present on a disk volume but contains no data doesn't exist according to this definition.)

If the file doesn't exist according to the Fortran definition of file existence, but you still want to read from the file, then omit the ACTION specifier to avoid detecting this error. In this case, ensure that the file has records that can be read.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1399

FOR1400S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-<i>name</i>. The ACTION specifier had a value of READ, but the file definition referred to a file or device that was restricted to output only. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB108I (format 5)
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Explanation

The ACTION specifier had a value of READ, which implied that only input processing would be performed on the file. However, the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement referred to a file or device that allows only output operations. Examples of such files include:

- A system output data set (SYSOUT parameter on the DD statement)

- A data set whose DD statement specifies LABEL=(,,OUT)

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value of the ACTION specifier is consistent with the capabilities of the file or device referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or by the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement. You might have to change either the ACTION specifier, the file definition, or the data set name.

If you want to write on a file or device that allows only output, either omit the ACTION specifier or provide a value of WRITE for the action specifier.

If you want to read from a file, then change the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement to refer to a file or device from which you can read records. Ensure that the file exists or that are records to be read.

If you want to read to and write from the file, then ensure that the file or device allows you to perform both input and output. In this case, either omit the ACTION specifier, or provide a value of READWRITE for the ACTION specifier.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1400

FOR1401S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-<i>name</i>. The ACTION specifier had a value of <i>action</i>, but the file definition referred to a file or device that was restricted to input only. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB108I (format 6)
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Explanation

The ACTION specifier had a value of *action*, which implied that output statements, such WRITE or ENDFILE, would be executed. However, the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement referred to a file or device that doesn't allow output operations. Examples of such files include:

- An in-stream data set (DD *)
- A data set whose DD statement specifies LABEL=(,,IN)
- A file for which the system's access control facility (such as RACF) prevents you from updating the data set.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value of the ACTION specifier is consistent with the capabilities of the file or device referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or by the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement. You might have to change either the ACTION specifier, the file definition, or the data set name.

If you want to read from a file or a device that doesn't permit output, either omit the ACTION specifier or provide a value of READ for the STATUS specifier. Ensure that the file really exists and that you can read from it.

If you want to create a new file and write records on it, then provide a value of WRITE for the ACTION specifier. In this case, ensure that either of the following, as applicable, refers to a file or device on which you can write records:

- The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command)
- For a dynamically allocated data, the data set name that follows the slash (/) in the FILE specifier

If you want to read to and write from the file, then ensure that the file or device allows you to perform both input and output. In this case, either omit the ACTION specifier, or provide a value of READWRITE for the ACTION specifier.

If you provide a value of WRITE or READWRITE for the ACTION specifier, don't refer to a data set such as an in-stream data set (DD *), a data set for which you don't have RACF authority to update, or a data set whose DD statement has a LABEL=(,,IN) parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1401

FOR1402S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-<i>name</i>. The ACTION specifier, which had a value of READ, conflicted with the STATUS specifier, which had a value of <i>status</i>. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB108I (format 8)
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Explanation

The ACTION specifier on the OPEN statement had a value of READ, which implied that you would read from but not write to a file which should already exist. However, the value of *status* for the STATUS implied that a new file was to be created. This was inconsistent because you can't read from a newly created file until records have been written on it.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to read from an existing file without writing on it, then the value of READ for the ACTION specifier is correct. Either omit the STATUS specifier, or provide a value of OLD or UNKNOWN for the STATUS specifier. Ensure that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement refers to a file that exists so that you can read from it.

If you want to write records on the file, change the value of the ACTION specifier to WRITE, or, if you want to both write to and read from the file, either change the value of the ACTION specifier to READWRITE or omit the ACTION specifier. For the STATUS specifier, use a value of NEW if you want to create a file that doesn't already exist, a value of REPLACE if you want to create a new file replacing the existing one if it already exists, or a value of OLD if you want to use an existing file even if you want to rewrite it. Omitting the STATUS specifier or providing value of UNKNOWN is the equivalent of NEW if the file doesn't exist or of OLD if it does exist.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1402

FOR1403S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-<i>name</i>. The file did not exist, and the file definition referred to a file or device that was restricted to input only. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB108I (format 9)
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Explanation

The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement referred to a file or device that doesn't allow output operations. Examples of such files include:

- A data set whose DD statement specifies LABEL=(,,IN)
- A file for which the system's access control facility (such as RACF) prevents you from updating the data set.

However, the file didn't exist according to the Fortran definitions of file existence; this precludes any meaningful access to the file.

The Fortran definitions of file existence are explained in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS* in the chapter "What Determines File Existence" and generally reflect the operating system view of file existence; however, there are a few

differences. For example, using a DD statement or ALLOCATE command to allocate space for a file on a disk volume does not mean that the file exists from the Fortran point of view. Such a file doesn't exist until an OPEN or WRITE statement for it has been used in a Fortran program or until it has had records written into it by some non-Fortran program or utility.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to create a new file, ensure that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement refers to a file or device that allows you to perform output operations.

If you want to read from an existing file, ensure that all of the following are true:

- The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement refers to the file that you intended.
- No other unit has been connected to the same file and has caused the file to be deleted before this OPEN statement was executed.
- The file exists according to the Fortran rules of file existence. (For example, under certain circumstances, a file that is present on a disk volume but contains no data doesn't exist according to this definition.)

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1403

FOR1404S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-<i>name</i>. The ACCESS specifier had a value of DIRECT, and the file
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already existed, but the file was empty. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB108I (format 10)

Explanation

The file that was to be connected for direct access existed before the execution of the OPEN statement. However, there were no records in the file, and such a file can't be used for direct access. The fact that the file seemed to exist is based on one of the following:

- The file was previously connected for sequential access within the same executable program and was closed without any records having been written. Unless the STATUS specifier on that CLOSE statement had a value of DELETE, such a file is seen as an existing file according to the Fortran definitions of file existence, which are explained in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS* in the chapter "What Determines File Existence."
- The file was dynamically allocated, that is, the FILE specifier had a data set name preceded by a slash (/), and before execution of the OPEN statement the data set existed on the disk volume but contained no records.
- The NOOCSTATUS run-time option was in effect, the file didn't contain any records, and the file had not been used previously within the same executable program.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to connect an existing file for direct access, ensure that all of the following are true:

- The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement refers to the file that you intended.

- The file contains at least one record.
- The program that created the file successfully closed it.
- The file contains unblocked fixed-length records, that is, the RECFM value is F.

If you want to create a new file, then change the value of the STATUS specifier to NEW or SCRATCH.

If the file might have existed before the execution of the OPEN statement and if you want to replace whatever might have been in that file, then take one of these actions, as applicable:

- If the file is a named file, provide a value of REPLACE for the STATUS specifier.
- If the file was used earlier in a Fortran program, provide a value of DELETE for the STATUS specifier on the CLOSE statement for that previous use of the file.

FOR1405S

The OPEN statement could not connect unit *unit-number* to *file-name*. The ACTION specifier, which had a value of WRITE, conflicted with the KEYS specifier, which listed more than one key. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB121I

Explanation

A value of WRITE was provided for the ACTION specifier on an an OPEN statement that specified keyed access; this implied that records were to be loaded into the file using the file's primary key. However, the KEYS specifier listed more than one start-end pair, and this is not permitted when loading records into the file.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to load records into the file with records that are presented in increasing sequence of the primary key, then either remove the KEYS specifier or specify only the start-end pair that represents the primary key for the file. Ensure that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) refers to the base cluster of the VSAM key-sequenced data set rather than to a path that corresponds to one of the alternate index keys.

If you want to process a file that is not empty, change the value of the ACTION specifier to READ or READWRITE.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1405

FOR1406S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-name. The KEYS specifier was given, but the ACCESS specifier did not have a value of KEYED. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB137I
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System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you were connecting a VSAM key-sequenced data set (KSDS), then change the value of the ACCESS specifier to KEYED. Otherwise, remove the KEYS specifier from the OPEN statement, and ensure that the ACCESS specifier has a value of either SEQUENTIAL or DIRECT, as appropriate to your use of the file. If you code the value of the ACCESS specifier as a character constant, enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1406

FOR1407S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-name. The ACCESS specifier had a value of KEYED, and the ACTION specifier had a value of READ, but the file was empty. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB138I
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System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the VSAM key-sequenced data set (KSDS) that you want to process is referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command).

If you want to read from a file that has records, then:

- If the file referenced by the file definition is a base cluster, that is, the file with the primary key, then ensure that it was successfully loaded with records, either in a Fortran program or by a program written in some other language.
- If the file referenced by the file definition is a path for an alternate index, then ensure that the Access Method Services BLDINDEX command successfully built the alternate index after the base cluster was loaded.

If you want to start with an empty file and add records to it in other than ascending sequence of the primary key, then change the value of the ACCESS specifier to READWRITE. In this case the OPEN statement processing simulates the loading of the file and deletes all loaded records; then VSAM no longer considers the file to be empty.

If you want to load records into an empty file in the fastest way, follow these steps:

1. On the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command), provide the data set name of the file's base cluster, that is, of the file with the primary key.
2. Execute an OPEN statement with a value of WRITE for the ACTION specifier and a value of KEYED for the ACCESS specifier; either omit the KEYS specifier or provide a KEYS specifier with a single start-end pair that represents the position in the record of the file's primary key.
3. Execute at least one WRITE statement to write the records; ensure that you write the records in ascending sequence of the primary key.
4. Execute a CLOSE statement.

After these steps, the file is available to be connected using an ACTION specifier of either READ or READWRITE.

If you omit the DELIM specifier, then for list-directed formatting the character values are written without delimiters, and for namelist formatting the character values are surrounded by apostrophes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1431

FOR1432S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-name. The DELIM specifier was given, but the file was to be connected for unformatted input/output.
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System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Make one of these changes in the OPEN statement:

- If you want to use formatted input/output statements, then:

- For sequential access either omit the FORM specifier, or change the value of the FORM specifier to FORMATTED.
- For direct or keyed access, provide a value FORMATTED of the FORM specifier.
- If you want to use unformatted input/output statements, then remove the DELIM specifier.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1432

FOR1433S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-name. The POSITION specifier had a value of APPEND, but the file definition referred to a file or a device for which positioning to the end is not allowed.
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Explanation

The POSITION specifier had a value of APPEND on an OPEN statement for a file that resides on a device that does not honor positioning commands in a way that would permit positioning the file to its terminal point. Most tape and disk files support positioning commands, whereas the following do not:

- In-stream data sets (DD *)
- System output data sets (SYSOUT parameter on the DD statement)
- Terminals
- Card readers
- Printers
- Card punches

System action

The unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement refers to the file that you intended.

If the logic of your program requires that the file be positioned at its terminal point when it is connected, change the file definition or the data set name given in the FILE specifier to refer to a file or a device that supports this type of positioning. If the positioning to the terminal point is not required, either remove the POSITION specifier on the OPEN statement or change its value to ASIS or REWIND.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1433

FOR1434S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-<i>name</i>. The file definition referred to a member of a partitioned data set (PDS), the POSITION specifier had a value of APPEND, and the ACTION specifier didn't have a value of READ.
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Explanation

The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement referred to a member of a partitioned data set (PDS). The OPEN statement had a POSITION specifier with a value of APPEND, which indicates that the file should be positioned to its endfile record. However, because the ACTION specifier was either omitted or was coded with a value of other than READ, writing of records onto the file is implied. It is not possible to write records onto the end of an existing member of a PDS.

System action

The unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition or FILE specifier on the OPEN statement refers to the file that you intended.

If you want to write a new or replacement member of a PDS, then remove the POSITION specifier and provide a value of WRITE for the ACTION specifier.

If you want to read an existing member of a PDS from the beginning, provide a value of READ for the ACTION specifier and either remove the POSITION specifier or provide a value of REWIND for it.

If you want to read an existing member of a PDS after first positioning the file to the end (so that you can execute BACKSPACE statements, for example), then the value of APPEND for the POSITION specifier is correct. In this case, provide a value of READ for the ACTION specifier.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1434

FOR1435S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-<i>name</i>. The file definition referred to a concatenation of data sets, and the POSITION specifier had a value of APPEND.
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Explanation

The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) referred to a concatenation of data sets, that is, to a sequence data sets that was to be processed as though it consisted of a continuous sequence of records in a single file. The POSITION specifier on the OPEN statement had a value of APPEND, which implied that this file was to be positioned at its terminal point. Such positioning cannot be done for a file that is a concatenation of data sets.

System action

The unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition refers to the file that you intended.

If the file that you want to process is a concatenation of data sets, either remove the POSITION specifier on the OPEN statement or change its value to REWIND or ASIS. You won't be able to position this file to its terminal point.

If the logic of your program requires that the file be positioned at its terminal point when it is connected, change the file definition to refer to a file or a device that supports this type of positioning.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1435

FOR1436S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to <i>file-name</i>. The file definition referred to a concatenation of data sets, and the STATUS specifier had a value of REPLACE.
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Explanation

The file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) referred to a concatenation of data sets, that is, to a sequence data sets that was to be processed as though it consisted of a continuous sequence of records in a single file. The STATUS specifier on the OPEN statement had a value of REPLACE, which implied that this file was to be deleted and recreated. This deletion and recreation cannot be done for a file that is a concatenation of data sets.

System action

The unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition refers to the file that you intended.

If the file that you want to process is a concatenation of data sets, either remove the STATUS specifier on the OPEN statement or change its value to OLD or UNKNOWN. You won't be able to delete the existing file.

If the logic of your program requires that the file be deleted and recreated, change the file definition to refer to a file or a device that supports file deletion.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1436

FOR1437S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to <i>file-name</i>. The file definitions referred to a striped file, and the POSITION specifier had a value of APPEND.
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Explanation

The file definitions (DD statements or ALLOCATE commands) referred to a striped file, that is, to a file with ddnames of the form FTnnPmmm, where *nn* is the unit number and *mmm* is the stripe number. The POSITION specifier on the OPEN statement had a value of APPEND, which implied that this file was to be positioned at its terminal point. Such positioning cannot be done for a striped file.

System action

The unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition refers to the file that you intended.

If the file that you want to process is a striped file, either remove the POSITION specifier on the OPEN statement or change its value to REWIND or ASIS. You won't be able to position this file to its terminal point.

If the logic of your program requires that the file be positioned at its terminal point when it is connected, change the ddname on the file definition to the form FTnnF001. Ensure that the file or a device referenced by the file definition is one that supports this type of positioning.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1437

FOR1438S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to <i>file-name</i>. The RECL specifier had a value of <i>recl-val</i>, which is smaller than the minimum length, <i>high-key-pos</i>, needed to contain all of the file's keys.
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System action

The unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of OPEN, and *parm_count* has a value of 6.

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>recl-val</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Value from the RECL specifier in the OPEN statement.
6	<i>high-key-pos</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Minimum record size needed to include all the keys specified in the KEYS specifier.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Either remove the RECL specifier from the OPEN statement or increase its value so that it is large

enough to contain all record positions of each of the keys listed as start-end pairs in the KEYS specifier on the OPEN statement.

If you don't need to refer to certain of the keys, then don't list the unneeded ones as start-end pairs in the KEYS specifier.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1438

FOR1439S	The OPEN statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was already connected to file <i>file-name</i>, failed. The POSITION specifier had a value of <i>position</i>, which was other than ASIS.
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Explanation

The OPEN statement referred to a unit that was already connected to a file. Because the FILE specifier was either omitted or had a value that was same as the name of the file to which the unit was already connected, the OPEN statement did not cause the file to be disconnected and opened again; instead, the OPEN statement applied to the already existing connection. In addition, the POSITION specifier on the OPEN statement had a value of either REWIND or APPEND. This is not allowed because only the BLANK, CHAR, DELIM, and PAD specifiers can change the properties of the connection when the OPEN statement refers to an existing connection between a unit and a file.

System action

If the unit is other than the error message unit, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that both the OPEN statement and any previously executed I/O statements refer to the unit number that you intend.

If you want to retain the existing connection between the unit and the file, then either remove the POSITION specifier from the OPEN statement or change the value of the POSITION specifier to ASIS.

If you want to use the OPEN statement to establish a new connection between the unit and the file, then take one of the following actions to disconnect the unit from the file to which it's already connected and to connect the unit to a different file:

- Execute a CLOSE statement followed by another OPEN statement.
- For a named file only, execute an OPEN statement with a FILE specifier whose value is different from the name of the file to which the unit is already connected. This has the effect of executing a CLOSE statement with no STATUS specifier followed by the OPEN statement.

For either of these two cases, all specifiers coded on the OPEN statement and the default values for all omitted specifiers provide the properties of the new connection between the unit and the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1439

FOR1440S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file- <i>name</i> . The STATUS specifier had a value of SCRATCH, but the file definition referred to a file or device that is restricted to input only.
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Explanation

The STATUS specifier had a value of SCRATCH, which implied that a temporary file was to be created and that output statements, such WRITE or ENDFILE, would be executed. However, the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement referred to a file or device that doesn't allow output operations. Examples of such files include:

- An in-stream data set (DD *)
- A data set whose DD statement specifies LABEL=(,,IN)
- A file for which the system's access control facility (such as RACF) prevents you from updating the data set

System action

The unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O

statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value of the STATUS specifier is consistent with the capabilities of the file or device referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or by the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement. You might have to change either the STATUS specifier, the file definition, or the data set name.

If you want to read from a file or a device that doesn't permit output, either remove the STATUS specifier or change its value to OLD. Ensure that the file really exists and that you can read from it.

If you want to create a temporary file and write records on it, then the value of SCRATCH for the STATUS specifier is correct. In this case, ensure that the file definition refers to a file or device on which you can write records. Note that when the STATUS specifier has a value of SCRATCH, you must omit the FILE specifier.

If you want to create a new file that is other than a temporary file, either remove the STATUS specifier or change its value to NEW or REPLACE. The value of REPLACE allows you to create a new file if it doesn't already exist or to delete an existing one and create a new one.

If you want to overwrite the records in an existing file, either remove the STATUS specifier or change its value to OLD. Unless you specify either a value of APPEND for the POSITION specifier, the DISP=MOD parameter in the DD statement, or the MOD specifier in the ALLOCATE command, the file will be positioned to the beginning and the first WRITE statement will overwrite any existing records.

In any of the cases for which a file is to be created or records are to be written, ensure that the file definition refers to a file or device on which you can write records. For example, don't refer to a data set such as an in-stream data set (DD *), a data set for which you don't have RACF authority to update, or a data set whose DD statement has a LABEL=(,,IN) parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1440

FOR1441S	The OPEN statement could not connect unit <i>unit-number</i> to file-<i>name</i>. The STATUS specifier had a value of SCRATCH, but the ACTION specifier had a value of READ
-----------------	--

Explanation

The STATUS specifier had a value of SCRATCH, which implied that a temporary file was to be created and that output statements, such WRITE or ENDFILE, would be executed. However, the ACTION specifier had a value of READ, which implied that that no output statements would be executed.

System action

The unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The OPEN statement is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value of the STATUS specifier is consistent with the value of the ACTION specifier and with the capabilities of the file or device referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or by the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement. You might have to change either the STATUS specifier, the ACTION specifier, the file definition, or the data set name.

If you just want to read from a file, then the value of READ for the ACTION specifier is correct. In this case, either remove the STATUS specifier or change its value to OLD. Ensure that the file really exists and that you can read from it.

If you want to create a temporary file and write records on it, then the value of SCRATCH for the STATUS specifier is correct. In this case, either remove the ACTION specifier or change its value to READWRITE. Also ensure that the file definition refers to a file or device on which you can write records.

Note that when the STATUS specifier has a value of SCRATCH, you must omit the FILE specifier.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1441

FOR1500S	<i>locator-text</i> System-message Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB225I (format 1), AFB225I (format 2)
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Explanation

An I/O error was detected by one of the underlying operating system's access methods; the error is described by *System-message*. Examples of causes include these situations:

- A permanent I/O error was encountered.
- The length of the data to be read or written was inconsistent with the block size specified in the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or in the call to the FILEINF callable service for a dynamically allocated file.
- The length of the data to be read or written was inconsistent with the capabilities of the I/O device.
- The physical end of a tape was encountered while reading or writing a record.
- A storage medium error occurred on either tape or disk.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.
- An error occurred during enclave termination.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Examine the description of the error described by *System-message*, and try to determine and fix the cause of the error. Check the possibilities listed under “Explanation.” If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1501

FOR1502S	<i>locator-text</i> The volume <i>volser</i> did not have enough space available to create the new data set <i>data-set-name</i> . Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB103I (format 1)
-----------------	--

Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be created using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred either because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement or because a value of SCRATCH was given in the STATUS specifier and there was no corresponding file definition, that is, no DD statement or ALLOCATE command.) The volume serial number *volser* was given as a value for the VOLSER or VOLSERS argument on the immediately preceding call to the FILEINF callable service, and this disk volume didn't have the amount of space either indicated by the CYL, TRK, MAXBLK, or MAXREC argument on the FILEINF call.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following, where *statement* is the OPEN statement:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Take one or more of these actions:

- If amount of space indicated by the CYL, TRK, MAXBLK, or MAXREC argument on the call to the FILEINF callable service is larger than you need, reduce the value.
- Use a volume other than *volser* if you know of one that might have more space.
- Remove the VOLSER or VOLSERS argument on the call to the FILEINF callable service so that space can be found on any available disk volume.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1502

FOR1503S	<i>locator-text</i> The data set <i>data-set-name</i> had been allocated to another job and was not available. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB103I (format 2), AFB103I (format 3)
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Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be connected using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred either because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement or because a value of SCRATCH was given in the STATUS specifier and there was no corresponding file definition, that is, no DD statement or ALLOCATE command.) However, your use of the data set was denied because one or both of these conditions existed:

- Another job had exclusive use of *data-set-name*.
- Another job was using *data-set-name* but your job wanted exclusive use of it.

The job, either your job or the other job, that requested exclusive use of the data set did so in one or more of these ways:

- In the immediately preceding call to the FILEINF callable service, the DISP argument had a value of NEW, OLD, or MOD.
- On the DD statement the DISP parameter had a value of NEW, OLD, or MOD.
- The ALLOCATE command had a NEW, OLD, or MOD parameter. For a non-VSAM data set or for a VSAM data set when VSAM record level sharing was not used (that is, there was no RLS parameter on the DD statement, on the ALLOCATE command, or on the call to FILEINF), either of the following implied exclusive use of the data set:

- On the OPEN statement the STATUS specifier had a value of NEW.
- On the OPEN statement the ACTION specifier was either omitted or had a value of READWRITE or WRITE.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you can run the conflicting jobs, or at least the portions of them that use the data set *data-set-name*, at different times, then schedule the jobs accordingly.

If you must run the conflicting jobs at the same time and if both need the data set at the same time, then change either or both jobs so that they request shared use of the data set. To do this, take one or more of the following actions, as applicable, in both jobs:

- Change the value of the DISP argument for the FILEINF callable service to SHR.
- Change the value of the DISP parameter on the DD statement to SHR.
- Remove the NEW, OLD, or MOD parameter on the ALLOCATE command and replace it with SHR. For a non-VSAM data set or for a VSAM data set when VSAM record level sharing is not used:
- Change the value of the STATUS specifier on the OPEN statement to OLD.
- Change the value of the ACTION specifier on the OPEN statement to READ.

Note that except when VSAM record level sharing is used, the changes listed don't allow a file to be created nor do they allow either job to update the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1503

FOR1504S *locator-text* The volume *volser*, which should have contained the data set *data-set-name*, could not be found. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB103I (format 4)

Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be connected using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred either because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement.) The volume serial number *volser* was given as a value for the VOLSER or VOLSERS argument on the immediately preceding call to the FILEINF callable service, but this disk volume wasn't available.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that volume serial number given as the value of the VOLSER or VOLSERS argument on the call to the FILEINF callable service is one that resides on the device given by the DEVICE argument.

If the data set is cataloged, you don't need to specify the volume serial number, so remove the VOLSER or VOLSERS argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1504

FOR1505S ***locator-text*** An incorrect device name, *dev-name*, was specified for the data set *data-set-name*.
Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB103I (format 5)

Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be connected using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred either because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement or because a value of SCRATCH was given in the STATUS specifier and there was no corresponding file definition, that is, no DD statement or ALLOCATE command.) The device name *dev-name* was given either as the value for the DEVICE argument on the immediately preceding call to the FILEINF callable service or as the default value that was established during the installation of Language Environment. However, this device name wasn't known on your system.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value given for the DEVICE argument in the call to the FILEINF callable service is a valid device on your system. If you didn't provide the DEVICE argument, then *dev-name* was the default value assigned during the installation of Language Environment. In this latter case or if you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel to determine the device names that can be used at your site.

You can code the device name in the same three ways that you can code this same information in the UNIT parameter on the DD statement:

- A three-character hexadecimal number of the device. For example, 130.
- The generic name of the device that identifies a device by machine type and model. For example, 3380.
- A group name, which identifies a group of devices by a symbolic name. For example, SYSDA.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1505

FOR1506S ***locator-text*** The volume did not have enough space for the directory for the data set *data-set-name*.
Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB103I (format 6)

Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be created using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement.) The data set was to be a partitioned data set (PDS) and the number of directory blocks was given as the value of the DIR argument on the immediately preceding call to the FILEINF callable service. However, the number of directory blocks was so large that there wasn't enough space for the whole directory on the volume given by the VOLSER or VOLSERS argument, if any, on the FILEINF call.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Take one or more of these actions:

- If the number of directory blocks indicated by the DIR argument on the call to the FILEINF callable service is larger than you need, reduce the value.
- On the VOLSER or VOLSERS argument on the call to FILEINF, specify a volume that might have more space.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1506

FOR1507S	<i>locator-text</i> The space requested for the directory was greater than the amount of primary space requested for the data set <i>data-set-name</i>. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB103I (format 7)
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Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be created using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement.) The data set was to be a partitioned data set (PDS) and the number of 256-byte directory blocks was given as the value of the DIR argument on the immediately preceding call to the FILEINF callable service. However, the number of directory blocks was so large that it wouldn't fit into the amount of disk space indicated by the CYL, TRK, MAXBLK, or MAXREC argument on the call to FILEINF.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

where *statement* is the OPEN statement.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Take one or more of these actions:

- If the number of directory blocks indicated by the DIR argument on the call to the FILEINF callable service is larger than you need, reduce the value.
- Increase the amount of disk space indicated by the CYL, TRK, MAXBLK, or MAXREC argument on the call to FILEINF. Ensure that you have available to you a disk volume with enough space to allocate a data set of this size.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1507

FOR1508S	<i>locator-text</i> A required catalog was not available for the data set <i>data-set-name</i>. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB103I (format 8)
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Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be referenced using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement.) However, a catalog in which the data set was supposed to be cataloged wasn't available.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If the data set was created using Access Method Services and if the CATALOG parameter was used on the DEFINE command, then supply a JOBCAT

or STEPCAT DD statement that refers to that same catalog.

In this doesn't resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1508

FOR1509S *locator-text* The catalog did not have enough space to add an entry for the data set *data-set-name*.
Fortran Version 2 Error Number:
AFB103I (format 9)

Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be created using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement.) However, there wasn't enough space available in a catalog for the new data set to be cataloged.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

where *statement* is the OPEN statement.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1509

FOR1510S *locator-text* The data set *data-set-name* could not be dynamically allocated because the limit had been reached for the number of dynamically allocated files that could be in use at the same time.
Fortran Version 2 Error Number:
AFB169I (format 2)

Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be referenced using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred either because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement or because a value of SCRATCH was given in the STATUS specifier and there was no corresponding file definition, that is, no DD statement or ALLOCATE command.) All possible ddnames that can be used for dynamic allocated files were in use, so no more files could be dynamically allocated.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Reduce the number of dynamically allocated files.

If you've happened to use ddnames of either of these forms:

- *sDFnnnnn*
- *DFsnnnnn*

where *s* is @, #, or \$, and *nnnnn* is in the range from 00000 to 99999, then don't use these as ddnames of your own because they are what Language

Environment uses internally for dynamically allocated files.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1510

FOR1511S *locator-text* **A permanent I/O error was detected while searching the partitioned data set (PDS) directory for *file-name*. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB219I (format 11)**

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the following are true:

- The data set was a PDS.
- The data set name wasn't used without a member name for input/output operations. Violating this restriction might have caused the directory to be overwritten.
- There weren't two different members in the data set being used for output operations at the same time.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1512

FOR1550S *locator-text* **The SVC 99 function executed for the data set *data-set-name* had a return code of *return-code* and an error reason code of *reason-code*. *System-message* Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB103I (format 10)**

Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be referenced using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred either because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement or because a value of SCRATCH was given in the STATUS specifier and there was no corresponding file definition, that is, no DD statement or ALLOCATE command.) The internally executed SVC 99 service, which performs the dynamic allocation, detected the error reflected by return code *return-code* and error reason code *reason-code*. It also provided *System-message* to explain the error.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

For the meaning of return code *return-code* and error reason code *reason-code*, refer to [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1550

FOR1551W *locator-text* **The SVC 99 function executed for the data set *data-set-name* was successful, but an unusual condition occurred. The information reason code was *information-code*. *System-message***

Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB103I (format 10)

Explanation

The data set *data-set-name* was to be referenced using dynamic file allocation. (Dynamic allocation occurred either because *data-set-name* was given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement or because a value of SCRATCH was given in the STATUS specifier and there was no corresponding file definition, that is, no DD statement or ALLOCATE command.) The internally executed SVC 99 service, which performs the dynamic allocation, detected an exceptional situation (not necessarily an error) reflected by information code *information-code*. It also provided *System-message* to explain the situation.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.

System action

The file is allocated or deallocated, and execution continues.

Qualifying Data: None

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	Execution resumes.

Programmer response

For the meaning of information code *information-code*, refer to [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1551

FOR1552C	The SVC 99 function executed for the file <i>file-name</i> during enclave initialization had a return code of <i>return-code</i> and an error reason code of <i>reason-code</i>. <i>System-message</i> Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB936I (format 2)
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Explanation

Dynamic allocation occurred for the print unit, file name *file-name*, because there was no corresponding file definition, that is, no DD statement or ALLOCATE command. The internally executed SVC 99 service, which performs the dynamic allocation, detected the error reflected by return code *return-code* and error reason code *reason-code*. It also provided *System-message* to explain the error.

System action

The condition is signaled, and execution of the enclave terminates.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

For the meaning of return code *return-code* and error reason code *reason-code*, refer to [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1552

FOR1553C	The SVC 99 function executed for the file <i>file-name</i> during enclave termination had a return code of <i>return-code</i> and an error reason code of <i>reason-code</i>. <i>System-message</i> Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB936I (format 3)
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Explanation

Dynamic allocation had occurred earlier for the print unit, file name *file-name*, because there was no corresponding file definition, that is, no DD statement or ALLOCATE command. Then during termination, the deallocation of this file occurred. The internally executed SVC 99 service, which performs the dynamic allocation, detected the error reflected by return code *return-code* and error reason code *reason-code*. It also provided *System-message* to explain the error.

System action

The condition is signaled, and execution of the enclave terminates.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

For the meaning of return code *return-code* and error reason code *reason-code*, refer to [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1553

FOR1554S	<i>locator-text</i> The <i>macro-name</i> macro instruction executed for <i>file-name</i> had a return code of <i>return-code</i> and a reason code of <i>reason-code</i> . Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB091I, AFB225I (format 5), AFB219I (format 9)
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Explanation

In support of the Fortran I/O statement indicated by the message text, Language Environment executed a non-VSAM *macro-name* macro instruction. DFSMS/MVS detected the error indicated by return code *return-code* and reason code *reason-code*.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.
- An error occurred during enclave termination.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

For the meaning of return code *return-code* and reason code *reason-code*, refer to [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#). If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1556

FOR1557S	<i>locator-text</i> The VSAM <i>macro-name</i> macro instruction executed for <i>file-name</i> had a return code of <i>return-code</i> . Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB111I (format 4), AFB130I, AFB167I
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Explanation

In support of the Fortran I/O statement indicated by the message text, Language Environment executed a VSAM *macro-name* macro instruction. DFSMS/MVS detected the error indicated by return code *return-code*.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.
- An error occurred during enclave termination.

System action

If the error occurred during enclave termination or from a CLOSE statement, the file is disconnected, but not deleted (as though the STATUS specifier had been coded with a value of KEEP). If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file.

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

For the meaning of return code *return-code* refer to *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1557

FOR1558S	<i>locator-text</i> The VSAM <i>macro-name</i> macro instruction executed for <i>file-name</i> had a return code of <i>return-code</i> and an error code of <i>X'hex-code'</i> (<i>decimal-code</i>). Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB111I (format 4), AFB130I, AFB167I
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Explanation

In support of the Fortran I/O statement indicated by the message text, Language Environment executed a VSAM *macro-name* macro instruction. DFSMS/MVS detected the error indicated by the return code *return-code* and the error code with a hexadecimal value of *hex-code* (decimal value of *decimal-code*).

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.
- An error occurred during enclave termination.

System action

If the error occurred during enclave termination or from a CLOSE statement, the file is disconnected, but not deleted (as though the STATUS specifier had been coded with a value of KEEP). If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file.

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

For the meaning of return code *return-code* and error code *hex-code* (or *decimal-code*), refer to *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*. If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1558

FOR1559S	<i>locator-text</i> There was a system completion code of <i>completion-code</i> involving file <i>file-name</i> . Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB111I (format 1), AFB225I (format 4)
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Explanation

In support of the Fortran I/O statement indicated by the message text, Language Environment executed a data management macro instruction such as OPEN, READ, WRITE, or CHECK. Either MVS or DFSMS/MVS detected the error indicated by the system completion (abend) code *completion-code*.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.
- An error occurred during enclave termination.

System action

If the error occurred during enclave termination or from a CLOSE statement, the file is disconnected, but not deleted (as though the STATUS specifier had been coded with a value of KEEP). If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file.

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) for the file you are using is coded correctly. If the the program uses dynamic allocation for the file, ensure that both the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement and the arguments on call to the FILEINF callable service are coded correctly.

For the meaning of *completion-code* and for possible corrective actions, refer to [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1559

FOR1560S	<i>locator-text</i> There was a system completion code of <i>completion-code</i> and a reason code of <i>reason-code</i> involving file <i>file-name</i>. Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB111I (format 1), AFB225I (format 4), AFB219I (format 10)
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Explanation

In support of the Fortran I/O statement indicated by the message text, Language Environment executed a data management macro instruction such as OPEN, READ, WRITE, or CHECK. Either MVS or DFSMS/MVS detected the error indicated by system completion (abend) code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.
- An error occurred during enclave termination.

System action

If the error occurred during enclave termination or from a CLOSE statement, the file is disconnected, but not deleted (as though the STATUS specifier had been coded with a value of KEEP). If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file.

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) for the file you are using is coded correctly. If the the program uses dynamic allocation for the file, ensure that both the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement and the arguments on call to the FILEINF callable service are coded correctly.

For the meaning of system completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*, and for possible corrective actions, refer to [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1561

FOR1563S	The <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. A block that was read had an unexpected length. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB091I
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Explanation

In a record of the file being read, there were one more of the following inconsistencies:

- The record format was either V, VS, D, VB, VBS, or DB, and the block descriptor did not match the actual block size.
- The record format was either V, VS, D, VB, VBS, or DB, and the record descriptor implied that the record extended past the end of the block.
- The record format was VBS, and a record descriptor value was too small; that is, it implied no data but it was not a valid VBS null segment.
- The record format was D, and the actual block size did not exceed the specified block size.
- The record format was FB with a block preface, and the actual block size did not exceed the specified block preface size.

- The record format was FB, and the last record extended beyond the end of the block.

(The *record format* refers to the RECFM value that is provided either in the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or in the label of an existing file.)

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) for the file you are using is coded correctly in the following ways:

- The file definition refers to the data set that you want to process.
- The RECFM value, if any, indicates the same record format that was specified when the file was created.
- The LRECL value, if any, indicates the same record length that was specified when the file was created.
- The BLKSIZE value, if any, indicates the same block length that was specified when the file was created.

Ensure that the file was closed successfully when it was created. If it wasn't, then the file must be created again because the last block might not have been written correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1565

FOR1570S	<i>locator-text</i> The file definition with the ddname <i>ddname</i> was missing. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB219I (format 1), AFB219I (format 7)
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Explanation

There was no file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname implied by the I/O statement.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.
- An error occurred during enclave termination.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Determine the ddname implied by the I/O statement, and provide a DD statement or ALLOCATE command with this ddname.

If the file is an unnamed file, then the ddname takes the form FTnnF001 for sequential and direct access files and the form FTnnKmm for keyed access files, where *nn* is the unit number. A file is an *unnamed file* in either of these cases:

- The OPEN statement that connects the unit and the file has no FILE specifier.
- The unit is seen as preconnected to a file because a sequential I/O statement is executed for the unit before an OPEN statement.

If the file is a named file, then the ddname has the value given for the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement.

If you want to refer to the file through dynamic allocation, then ensure that there is an OPEN statement with a FILE specifier whose value consists of a slash (/) followed by the data set name. In this case, no file definition is needed.

If the OPEN statement has no FILE specifier and you want that OPEN statement to refer to an existing connection between the unit and a file, then ensure that the unit is already connected to a file before the OPEN statement is executed. (Failure to observe this restriction could cause the OPEN statement to be interpreted as referring to an unnamed file.)

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1570

FOR1571S	<i>locator-text</i> The OPEN macro instruction executed for <i>file-name</i> had a system completion code of <i>completion-code</i> and a reason code of <i>reason-code</i> . Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB219I (format 1)
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Explanation

In support of the Fortran I/O statement indicated by the message text, Language Environment executed an OPEN macro instruction. Either MVS or DFSMS/MVS detected the error indicated by system completion (abend) code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.
- The INQUIRE statement failed.
- An error occurred during enclave termination.

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) for the file you are using is coded correctly. If the the program uses dynamic allocation for the file, ensure that both the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement and the arguments on call to the FILEINF callable service are coded correctly.

For the meaning of system completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*, and for

possible corrective actions, refer to [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1571

FOR1900E	<i>locator-text</i> The file <i>file-name</i> was to be deleted, but the file definition referred to a file or device for which file deletion was not possible. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB105I, AFB111I (format 2)
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Explanation

One of the following implied that the file deletion was to occur:

- The CLOSE statement had a STATUS specifier with a value of DELETE.
- The CLOSE statement referred to a unit for which the corresponding OPEN statement had a STATUS specifier with a value of SCRATCH.
- During enclave termination, a unit was still connected to a file for which the corresponding OPEN statement had a STATUS specifier with a value of SCRATCH.

In addition, the OCSTATUS run-time option was in effect, and the file had a characteristic, such as one of the following, that precluded file deletion:

- VSAM data set that is not empty and that is not reusable
- Unlabeled tape data set
- In-stream (DD *) data set
- Sysout data set
- Terminal
- Unit record input data set
- Unit record output data set
- Subsystem file
- Concatenation of multiple data sets
- Keyed file with an alternate index
- LABEL=(,,IN) parameter on the DD statement
- IN parameter on the ALLOCATE command
- Multiple sub-files
- Connected with an OPEN statement that had an ACTION specifier with a value of READ

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed.

- The INQUIRE statement failed.
- An error occurred during enclave termination.

System action

The file is disconnected, but not deleted (as though the STATUS specifier on the CLOSE statement had been coded with a value of KEEP). If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The file is closed but not deleted, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If file deletion is required so that further use of the file isn't possible, then change one or more of the following to avoid referring to a file with any of the characteristics listed under "Explanation":

- The value of the ACTION specifier on the OPEN statement to either WRITE or READWRITE
- The value of the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement to refer to some other ddname
- The value of the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement to refer to some other data set name
- The value of the UNIT specifier on the OPEN statement to refer to some other Fortran unit number
- The DD statement parameters such as the reference to a particular device or data set
- The ALLOCATE command parameters such as the reference to a particular device or data set
- The reusability attribute of a VSAM data set in the Access Method Services DEFINE CLUSTER command
- The combination of DD statements or ALLOCATE command parameters that concatenate multiple data sets under a single ddname

If file deletion isn't required, then either use the NOOCSTATUS run-time option, or modify the program in one or more of the following ways so that file deletion won't occur:

- On the OPEN statement, either omit the STATUS specifier or provide a value other than SCRATCH.
- On the CLOSE statement, either omit the STATUS specifier or provide a value other than DELETE.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1900

FOR1910S *locator-text* The end of the file was reached. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB200I, AFB217I

Explanation

The execution of the READ statement requested that a record be read even though the file was already positioned beyond the last data record in the file.

This is the *end-of-file condition* and might not be an error.

For a READ statement that specified namelist formatting, this also could have occurred for the following reason: For the namelist group name given in the FMT specifier on the READ statement, there was no corresponding namelist group in the input file at a point beyond where the file was already positioned. Some syntax error within the input file, such as a missing &END delimiter or a missing quote or apostrophe delimiter, might have caused the namelist group to be treated as part of some other construct and thus appear as though it wasn't in the input file.

locator-text gives more information about the location of the error, and can be one of the following:

- The *statement* statement for an internal file failed.
- The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed.

where *statement* is READ.

System action

If the IOSTAT=*ios* specifier is present on the READ statement, *ios* becomes defined either with the value -1 if *ios* is an integer variable or with the condition token for FOR1910 if *ios* is a character variable of length 12. If the END=*stl* specifier is present on the READ statement, control passes to the label *stl*. If neither the END nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the READ statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *statement* has a value of READ, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RF	If the error occurred on a READ statement for sequential access to an unnamed file that is neither VSAM nor striped, the data set sequence number is increased by 1 and the next subfile is read; otherwise, execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the READ statement refers to the unit that you intended, that the unit is connected to the file that you intended, and that the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement refers to the file that you intended. Also ensure that the file was created successfully, either in a program or by some manual process such as an editor.

If the file is the one you want to read, modify the program to detect the end of the file in one of these ways:

- Use the END specifier on the READ statement so that your program can gain control at some specific label when the end-of-file condition occurs.
- Use the IOSTAT specifier on the READ statement so that upon completion of the READ statement your program can determine whether the end-of-file condition occurred. A value of -1 in the variable given in the IOSTAT specifier indicates that the end-of-file condition occurred.
- If you know the number of records in the file before reading them, maintain a count of the number of records read so that your program doesn't attempt to read beyond the last data record.

If your program uses statements that position the file, ensure that the logic of the program and the contents of the file don't cause the file to be inadvertently positioned to the wrong place. The following statements affect the position within the file:

- ENDFILE
- BACKSPACE
- REWIND
- OPEN with a POSITION specifier that has a value of APPEND
- READ statement, even with no input item list
- READ statement with a format specification that has a slash (/) edit descriptor
- WRITE, which for sequential access causes the record that's written to become the last record in the file

In addition, if the DD statement has the DISP=MOD parameter or the ALLOCATE command has the MOD

parameter, the file is positioned beyond the last data record when it's first connected.

If namelist formatting is requested on the READ statement because the FMT specifier refers to the a namelist group name declared in a NAMELIST statement, ensure that the namelist group indicated by the FMT specifier is actually in the file at some point beyond the current position. (There's no attempt to read through the entire file to find the namelist group; the search is only from the current file position.) In the file, identify the namelist group with an ampersand () followed by the namelist group name with no intervening blanks. Ensure that the ampersand begins in position 2 or later, and that all positions preceding the ampersand in the record are blank.

In a namelist input file, ensure that all namelist groups, especially any that precede the one referenced by the failing READ statement, are coded in the correct format. Remember that all information must start no earlier than position 2 of the records. Pay attention to all delimiters, such as commas, equal signs, quotes, and apostrophes, to ensure that they are used as required. Also ensure that each namelist group is ended by the characters &END.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1910

FOR1915S	The OPEN statement for unit <i>unit-number</i> failed. The FILE specifier was not given, and the unit number was greater than 99, the maximum unit number allowed for unnamed files. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB175I
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System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated. The statement is ignored, and processing continues.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *file* has a value of blanks, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to connect an unnamed file, ensure that the value given for the unit number does not exceed the smaller of either 99 or the highest unit number allowed at your site.

If you want to connect a named file, add a FILE specifier to the OPEN statement and provide either a ddname or a data set name, the latter preceded by a slash (/).

If you want the OPEN statement to refer to an existing connection between a unit and a file (so that you can use one or more of the BLANK, CHAR, DELIM, and PAD specifiers to change the properties of the connection), then ensure that the unit is connected to a file before executing the OPEN statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1915

FOR1916S **The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed. The unit number was either less than 0 or greater than *max-unit-num*, the highest unit number allowed at your installation. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB220I**

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated. The statement is ignored, and execution continues.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *file* has a set of blanks, and *parm_count* has a value of 5. In addition, there are these qualifying data:

No	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
5	<i>max-unit-name</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Highest unit number allowed at your installation.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the unit number given on the *statement* statement is a positive number that doesn't exceed

max-unit-num, which was established during the installation or customization of Language Environment as the highest unit number available at your site.

The defaults provided by IBM have 99 as the highest unit number. However, this can be changed by updating the UNTABLE parameter of the AFHOUTCM macro instruction in the module AFHOUTAG. For more information, refer to [z/OS Language Environment Customization](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1916

FOR1917S **The *statement* statement could not be executed for unit *unit-number*. The unit was not connected to a file. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB110I**

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *file* has a value of blanks, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the *statement* statement refers to the unit that you intended.

Check the logic of your program to ensure that the unit *unit-number* is connected to a file before executing the *statement* statement. Here are some items to examine or correct:

- Determine whether some error occurred. An error detected for an OPEN statement, for example, usually causes the unit to be disconnected from the file. If such an error occurred, correct the problem.
- Ensure that a CLOSE statement did not disconnect the unit from the file. If it did, then either execute an OPEN statement to reconnect the unit to a file or don't execute the CLOSE statement.
- If you want to use a preconnected file, that is, one that can be read or written without first executing an OPEN statement, then ensure that there's a file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command)

with a ddname FTnnF001, where *nn* is the two-digit unit number.

- If you want to use a unit number greater than 99, then use an OPEN statement to connect a named file to the unit. To connect a named file, provide the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement.

It's possible for the *statement* statement used for sequential access to automatically reconnect a unit to an unnamed file. To do this, ensure that these conditions are met:

- The unit number doesn't exceed 99.
- There's a file definition with the ddname FTnnF001, where *nn* is the two-digit unit number. This is the file to which the unit will be reconnected.
- The NOOCSTATUS run-time option is in effect.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1917

FOR1920S	The <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The file definition referred to a file or device that was restricted to input only. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB108I (format 7)
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Explanation

The *statement* is an output statement, but the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement referred to a file or device that doesn't allow output operations. Examples of such files include:

- An in-stream data set (DD *)
- A data set whose DD statement specifies LABEL=(,,IN)
- A file for which the system's access control facility (such as RACF) prevents you from updating the data set

System action

If the error occurred during the execution of an OPEN statement, the unit is no longer connected to a file. If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that I/O statement to be executed is consistent with the capabilities of the file or device referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) or by the data set name given in the FILE specifier on the OPEN statement. You might have to change either the file definition, the data set name, or the I/O statements used to process the file.

If you want to perform output operations on a file, don't refer to an input-only data set such as an in-stream data set (DD *), a data set for which you don't have RACF authority to update, or a data set whose DD statement has a LABEL=(,,IN) parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1920

FOR1921S	The <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. Execution of this statement was inconsistent with the ACTION specifier on the OPEN statement, which had a value of <i>action</i>. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB122I
-----------------	---

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Either change the value of the ACTION specifier on the OPEN statement that connected the unit to the file, or change the logic of your program so that you don't execute a statement that isn't allowed by the value that you provide for the ACTION specifier. Also ensure that the ACCESS specifier has a value that indicates the type of file access that you want to use. Here are

the permissible statements based on the values of the ACTION specifier and of the ACCESS specifier:

ACTION Specifier	ACCESS Specifier	Permissible Input/Output Statements
READ	SEQUENTIAL KEYED	READ, BACKSPACE, REWIND, CLOSE with STATUS='KEEP'
READ	DIRECT	READ, CLOSE with STATUS='KEEP'
READWRITE	SEQUENTIAL	READ, BACKSPACE, REWIND, WRITE, ENDFILE, CLOSE with STATUS='KEEP'
READWRITE	DIRECT	READ, WRITE, CLOSE with any STATUS value
READWRITE	KEYED	READ, BACKSPACE, REWIND, WRITE, REWRITE, DELETE, CLOSE with any STATUS value
WRITE	SEQUENTIAL	WRITE, ENDFILE, CLOSE with any STATUS value
WRITE	DIRECT	WRITE, CLOSE with any STATUS value
WRITE	KEYED	WRITE, CLOSE with STATUS='KEEP'

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1921

FOR1922S The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The file was not usable because a permanent I/O error was detected Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB152I

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the error on some previous I/O statement that was executed for this unit, and correct the problem.

To continue using a file connected for sequential access after an error has occurred, execute a REWIND statement.

To use the same unit or file through a newly established file connection, execute a CLOSE statement followed by an OPEN statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1922

FOR1923S The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. An implied DO in the input or output item list inconsistently specified the initial, terminal, and increment values. The initial value was *initial-value*; the terminal value was *terminal-value*, and the increment value was *increment-value*. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB203I

Explanation

In the input or output item list of a READ or WRITE statement there was an implied DO, such as the following:

```
( A(I), I = initial-value, terminal-value, increment-value)
```

For one of the levels of nesting in the implied DO, the combination of *initial-value*, *terminal-value*, and *increment-value* was incorrect in one of these ways:

- *increment-value* = 0
- *terminal-value* < *initial-value* and *increment-value* > 0
- *terminal-value* > *initial-value* and *increment-value* < 0

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Ensure that the combination of the initial value, terminal value, and increment value in the implied DO

doesn't have any of the inconsistencies listed under "Explanation" for any level of nesting.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1923

FOR1924S **The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number* failed. The statement was executed from within an MTF parallel subroutine and referred to an unnamed file. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB923I**

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled either in the parallel subroutine or in the main task program, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *file* has a value of blanks, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Change the MTF parallel subroutine so that the I/O statements refer only to named rather than to unnamed files. A file is an *unnamed file* in either of these cases:

- The OPEN statement that connects the unit and the file has no FILE specifier.
- The unit is seen as preconnected to a file because a sequential I/O statement is executed for the unit before an OPEN statement. (Except for the standard input unit, the error message unit, and the print unit, preconnected files don't exist in an MTF parallel subroutine.)

A file is a *named file* if the OPEN statement that connects the unit and the file has a FILE specifier. Therefore, in the parallel subroutine include the FILE specifier on each OPEN statement that's used to connect a unit to a file.

If the OPEN statement has no FILE specifier and you want that OPEN statement to refer to an existing connection between the unit and a file, then ensure that the unit is already connected to a file before the OPEN statement is executed. (Failure to observe

this restriction could cause the OPEN statement to be interpreted as referring to an unnamed file.)

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1924

FOR1925S **The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was the error message unit, failed. The statement or the form of the statement that was used is not permitted for the error message unit. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB234I**

Explanation

The *statement* statement referred to the error message unit and therefore to the Language Environment message file, but was other than one of the following statements that is allowed to refer explicitly to the error message unit:

- OPEN statement
 - INQUIRE statement
 - CLOSE statement
 - WRITE statement for sequential access and formatted I/O
- The following statements refer to the print unit. They are allowed to refer implicitly to the error message unit when the error message unit and the print unit are the same unit:
- PRINT statement
 - WRITE statement that has * as the unit identifier

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *file* has a value of blanks, and *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Change the program so that if you refer to the error message unit you use only the statements or forms

of statements listed under “Explanation.” For example, do not use these statements:

- WRITE statement for direct access (REC specifier)
- WRITE statement for keyed access (KEY specifier)
- WRITE statement for asynchronous I/O (ID specifier)
- WRITE statement for unformatted I/O (no format specifier)
- ENDFILE statement
- REWIND statement
- BACKSPACE statement
- DELETE statement
- REWRITE statement

If you need to use any of the prohibited statements or forms of statements, change the unit specifier to refer to some unit other than the error message unit. If you need only the BACKSPACE, REWIND, or ENDFILE statements in conjunction with output that's directed to the print unit (rather than explicitly to the error message unit), then take both of the following actions:

- Use the ERRUNIT and PRTUNIT run-time options to define the error message unit and the print unit as different units.
- On the BACKSPACE, REWIND, or ENDFILE statement, provide a unit number that is the same as what you've used as the value of the PRTUNIT run-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1925

FOR1926S	<i>locator-text</i> The file name was <i>file-name</i>. The immediately previous invocation of the FILEINF callable service failed. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB219I (format 9)
-----------------	---

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the error that caused the previous call to the FILEINF callable service to fail; then correct the problem.

If the call to the FILEINF callable service doesn't need to be used for the OPEN or INQUIRE statement, then remove the call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1926

FOR1927S	An I/O statement was executed, but some other I/O statement had not yet completed. Fortran Version 2 Error Number: AFB904I
-----------------	---

Explanation

There was a recursive call to the Fortran input/output library routines that are part of Language Environment. Here are some situations that could have caused the recursive call:

- Within the input item list on a READ statement there was a reference to a user-written function that performs some other I/O operation. To illustrate this situation, here is an example of a READ statement with a function reference:

```
READ (8) I, A(INXFUNC(I))
```

This is an example of the referenced function subprogram with a PRINT statement whose execution causes error FOR1927 to be detected:

```
FUNCTION INXFUNC ( X )  
  INTEGER*4 INXFUNC  
  INTEGER*4 X  
  IF ( X .GT. 4 ) THEN  
    PRINT *, 'INCORRECT SUBSCRIPT VALUE. ASSUMING 1.'  
    INXFUNC = 1  
  ELSE  
    INXFUNC = X  
  ENDIF  
END
```

- As a result of some error that was detected during the execution of a Fortran I/O statement, the following occurred:

1. The condition representing the error was signaled.
2. Assuming that a user-written condition handler had been registered before the I/O statement was executed, the condition handler was entered. This condition handler included a Fortran subprogram.
3. The Fortran subprogram executed a PRINT statement to report the error.

The condition handling was considered to be a subordinate part of the original failing I/O statement.

Therefore, execution of the PRINT statement in the condition handler caused the prohibited recursive entry into the input/output library and thus caused error FOR1927 to be detected.

System action

The ERR and IOSTAT specifiers are not honored. The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

N o.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	4
2	<i>statement</i>	Input	CHARACTER*12	Name of the I/O statement being processed
3	<i>unit</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	Undefined
4	<i>file</i>	Input	CHARACTER*62	Undefined

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Restructure the program to avoid the recursive entry into the Fortran input/output library.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1927

FOR1928S	During execution of an I/O statement that had an IOSTAT specifier, a condition occurred from the internal use of some Language Environment callable service.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Some unusual condition occurred during the execution of an I/O statement that had an IOSTAT=*ios* specifier, where *ios* was an INTEGER*4 variable. This condition wasn't one that was detected by the Fortran library portion of Language Environment but rather by one of the internally used routines that are part of Language Environment. Because the IOSTAT specifier was present, this condition was not signaled. Instead, a value of 1928 was returned in *ios*.

(If *ios* had been a character variable of length 12, the condition token reflecting the condition that was detected would have been returned. If the IOSTAT specifier had not been present, that condition would have been signaled.)

System action

If the IOSTAT=*ios* specifier is present on the I/O statement, and if *ios* is an integer variable, the value 1928 is returned in *ios*. If *ios* is a character variable of length 12, the condition token that reflects the error that was detected by the internally executed callable service is returned in *ios*.

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition detected by the internally executed callable service is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

If there isn't some obvious problem involving either the I/O statement, the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command), or the virtual storage available to the application, remove (at least temporarily) the IOSTAT specifier. Then the condition reflecting the problem that was detected will be signaled.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1928

FOR1929S	The <i>statement</i> statement for unit <i>unit-number</i>, which was connected to <i>file-name</i>, failed. The ADVANCE specifier had a value of <i>advance</i>, which was other than YES or NO.
-----------------	--

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in Table 1 on page 272. Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

Based on whether you want to use advancing or nonadvancing input/output, change the value of the ADVANCE specifier on the *statement* statement to YES or NO. If you code the value as a character constant, enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1929

FOR1930S **The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The EOR specifier was provided on a formatted READ statement that did not have an ADVANCE specifier with the value NO.**

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to use the advancing READ statement, that is, the conventional form of the READ statement, remove the EOR specifier from the READ statement. Also remove the SIZE specifier if it is present.

If you want to use nonadvancing input/output, then on the READ statement provide an ADVANCE specifier with a value of NO. If you code the value as a character constant, enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1930

FOR1931S **The *statement* statement for unit *unit-number*, which was connected to *file-name*, failed. The SIZE specifier was provided on a formatted READ statement that did not have an ADVANCE specifier with the value NO.**

System action

If neither the ERR nor the IOSTAT specifier is present on the I/O statement, the condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: Only the basic set of four qualifying data for I/O conditions as shown in [Table 1 on page 272](#). Within this basic set, *parm_count* has a value of 4.

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The I/O operation is not completed, and execution continues.

Programmer response

If you want to use the advancing READ statement, that is, the conventional form of the READ statement, remove the SIZE specifier from the READ statement. Also remove the EOR specifier if it is present.

If you want to use nonadvancing input/output, then on the READ statement provide an ADVANCE specifier with a value of NO. If you code the value as a character constant, enclose the value in quotes or apostrophes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR1931

FOR2000C **The MTF parallel subroutine load module *module-name*, the name of which was specified in the AUTOTASK run-time option, did not exist in the load library specified by the AUTOTASK file definition statement. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB919I-1**

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that your multitasking facility (MTF) parallel subroutine load module was link-edited as a member of the partitioned data set referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname of AUTOTASK. Use the name of this member in the AUTOTASK run-time option, which must be in the following format:

```
AUTOTASK(loadmod,numtasks)
```

loadmod

Name of the parallel subroutine load module; that is, the name of the member in the data set referenced by the file definition with the ddname AUTOTASK.

numtasks

Number of tasks to be created by MTF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2000

FOR2001C	The PDS member <i>member-name</i>, the name of which was specified in the AUTOTASK run-time option as the name of the MTF parallel subroutine load module, was not a valid load module. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB919I-2
-----------------	---

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that your multitasking facility (MTF) parallel subroutine load module was link-edited as a member of the partitioned data set referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname of AUTOTASK. Use the name of this member in the AUTOTASK run-time option, which must be in the following format:

```
AUTOTASK(loadmod,numtasks)
```

loadmod

Name of the parallel subroutine load module; that is, the name of the member in the data set referenced by the file definition with the ddname AUTOTASK.

numtasks

Number of tasks to be created by MTF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2001

FOR2003C	The MTF parallel subroutine load module <i>module-name</i>, the name of which was specified in the AUTOTASK run-time option, had the not-editable linkage editor attribute. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB919I-3
-----------------	---

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that your multitasking facility (MTF) parallel subroutine load module was link-edited as a member of the partitioned data set referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname of AUTOTASK. Also ensure that there were no failures during the link-editing process.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2003

FOR2004C	The MTF parallel subroutine load module <i>module-name</i>, the name of which was specified in the AUTOTASK run-time option, did not contain the entry point VFEIS#. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB919I-4
-----------------	--

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that your multitasking facility (MTF) parallel subroutine load module was link-edited as a member of the partitioned data set referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname of AUTOTASK. Also ensure that the module VFEIS# was included during the link-edit process. As an example of how to link-edit your parallel subroutine load module, assume that:

- You've compiled your parallel subroutine, and it's in the temporary data set &&LOADSET.
- You want the load module to be given the member name SUB001, and you want it placed in the load load with the data set name MY.SUB.LOAD.

Then, you would code the following job step to link-edit your parallel subroutine load module:

```
//LINKPS EXEC CEEWCL,PGMLIB='MY.SUB.LOAD',GOPGM=SUB001
//SYSLIN DD DSN=&&LOADSET,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
// DD *
INCLUDE SYSLIB(VFEIS#)
ENTRY VFEIS#
/*
```

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2004

FOR2005C **The MTF parallel subroutine load module *module-name*, the name of which was specified in the AUTOTASK run-time option, contained VFEIS#, but VFEIS# was not the entry point of the load module. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB919I-5**

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that your multitasking facility (MTF) parallel subroutine load module was link-edited as a member of the partitioned data set referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname of AUTOTASK. Also ensure that the your parallel subroutine is a subroutine subprogram, or possibly more than one subroutine subprogram, and that there is no main program.

As an example of how to link-edit your parallel subroutine load module, assume that:

- You've compiled your parallel subroutine, and it's in the temporary data set &&LOADSET.
- You want the load module to be given the member name SUB001, and you want it placed in the load load with the data set name MY.SUB.LOAD.

Then you would code the following job step to link-edit your parallel subroutine load module:

```
//LINKPS EXEC CEEWCL,PGMLIB='MY.SUB.LOAD',GOPGM=SUB001
//SYSLIN DD DSN=&&LOADSET,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
// DD *
// INCLUDE SYSLIB(VFEIS#)
// ENTRY VFEIS#
/*
```

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2005

FOR2030C **The AUTOTASK file definition statement was missing. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB925I-1**

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that your multitasking facility (MTF) parallel subroutine load module was link-edited as a member of a partitioned data set. Do not use a partitioned data set extended (PDSE). Provide a file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname of AUTOTASK; in this file definition, refer to the data set into which you link-edited your parallel subroutine load module.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2030

FOR2031C **The AUTOTASK file definition statement did not specify a load library. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB925I-2**

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that your multitasking facility (MTF) parallel subroutine load module was link-edited as a member of a partitioned data set. Do not use a partitioned data set extended (PDSE). In the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname of AUTOTASK, refer to the data set into which you link-edited your parallel subroutine load module.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2031

FOR2032C **The OPEN macro instruction executed for the load library that was specified by the AUTOTASK file definition statement and that should contain the MTF parallel subroutine load module had a system completion code of *completion-code* and a reason code of *reason-code*. Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB925I-1**

Explanation

During the initialization of the Fortran multitasking facility (MTF), Language Environment executed an OPEN macro instruction that referred to the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with a ddname of AUTOTASK. (This is the file definition that is supposed to refer to the partitioned data set (PDS) into which was link-edited the parallel subroutine load module with the name given in the AUTOTASK run-time option.) Either MVS or DFSMS/MVS detected the error indicated by system completion (abend) code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*.

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that the file definition with the ddname AUTOTASK is coded correctly and that it refers to the PDS (not PDSE) into which was link-edited the parallel subroutine load module with the name given in the AUTOTASK run-time option.

For the meaning of system completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*, and for possible corrective actions, refer to [z/OS MVS System Codes](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2032

FOR2040S	The MTF callable service <i>service-name</i> failed. The service was called from an MTF parallel subroutine. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB920I-1, AFB157I-1
-----------------	---

Explanation

The multitasking facility (MTF) callable service *service-name* was called from a parallel subroutine. However, this service is restricted to use in the main task program.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>service-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*6	Name of the MTF callable service

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Remove the call to *service-name* from the parallel subroutine, and, if necessary, place the call in the main task program instead.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2040

FOR2041S	The MTF callable service <i>service-name</i> failed. The service was called with an argument list in an incorrect format. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB920I-2, AFB157I-3
-----------------	--

Explanation

The argument list provided in the call to the *service-name* callable service was incorrect in one of these ways:

- There was no argument list when one was required.
- The argument list had an incorrect number of arguments.
- For either the DSPTCH or SHRCOM callable service, the argument list wasn't in the internally-generated form produced by the Fortran compiler when there are character arguments. This could have occurred because:
 - The first argument was not of character type.
 - The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 or the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler with the the LONGLVL(66) compiler option.
 - The call was made from a program compiled by the VS FORTRAN Version 1 compiler at a level before Release 3.
 - The call was made from a program compiled by the FORTRAN IV H Extended or the FORTRAN IV G1 compiler.

- The call was made from an assembler language program, and the arguments were not provided in the form required when there are character arguments.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No .	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>service-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*6	Name of the MTF callable service

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Ensure that the argument list contains the required number of arguments and that the arguments are of the required type. For further information, refer to the chapter “Multitasking Facility (MTF) Subroutines” in *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference*.

For either the DSPTCH or SHRCOM callable service, follow these rules: If the program is written in Fortran, compile it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler, and do not specify the LONGLVL(66) compiler option. If it is written in assembler language, use the Fortran conventions for argument lists with character arguments. These conventions are described in the section “Passing Character Arguments Using the Standard Linkage Convention” in Appendix B of *VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2041

FOR2042S	The MTF callable service <i>service-name</i> failed. The multitasking facility was not active. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB920I-3
-----------------	--

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No .	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	2
2	<i>service-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*6	Name of the MTF callable service

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

If you intend to use the Fortran multitasking facility (MTF), then do the following to make MTF active for the application:

1. Link-edit your parallel subroutine load module as a member of a partitioned data set.
2. Provide a file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname of AUTOTASK. Refer this file definition to the data set into which you link-edited your parallel subroutine load module.
3. Provide the AUTOTASK run-time option in the following format:

```
AUTOTASK(loadmod, numtasks)
```

loadmod

Nname of the parallel subroutine load module; that is, the name of the member in the data set referenced by the file definition with the ddname AUTOTASK.

numtasks

Number of tasks to be created by MTF.

If you didn't intend to use MTF, then make one of these changes:

- If the call to *service-name* was meant to refer to one of your own routines rather than to the MTF callable service, then during the link-editing of your application, ensure that your own routine is included in the load module. Do this either by using the linkage editor INCLUDE statement or by concatenating the library containing your routine ahead of the Language Environment product library in the SYSLIB DD statement.
- If the call to *service-name* was coded to use the MTF callable service, then remove the call because you can't use this callable service unless MTF is active for the application (as discussed earlier).

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2043

FOR2044S	The MTF callable service SHRCOM failed. The dynamic common block
-----------------	---

common-name was not declared in any program unit that was invoked in the main task program. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB099I

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No .	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	3
2	<i>service-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*6	SHRCOM
3	<i>common-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*31	Name of dynamic common block

Permissible Resume Actions:

Permissible Resume Actions:

Name	Action Taken after Resumption
RN	The service is ignored, and execution resumes.

Programmer response

Ensure that common block name, *common-name*, given as the argument for the SHRCOM callable service is the name that you intended. If you code the name as a character constant, enclose the name in quotes or apostrophes.

Also ensure that at least one program unit that was entered before the SHRCOM callable service was invoked has a declaration of the common block as a dynamic common block. (Declaring it in the program unit that invokes the SHRCOM callable service meets this requirement.) Specify the common block as a dynamic common block by supplying its name as a suboption of the DC compile-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2044

FOR2056S	MTF subtask <i>subtask-number</i> abnormally terminated during execution of parallel subroutine <i>subroutine-name</i>. The system completion code was <i>system-completion-code</i>, and the reason code was <i>reason-code</i>. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB922I-2
-----------------	---

Explanation

At the time that a call was made to one of multitasking facility (MTF) callable services SYNCRO, DSPTCH, or SHRCOM, Language Environment detected that the parallel subroutine *subroutine-name* in MTF subtask *subtask-number* had ended unexpectedly because of the abnormal termination indicated by the system completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*. The message describing this abnormal termination is in the message file for the subtask. This message file is the one referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname FTERRsss, where sss is the three-digit representation of *subtask-number*.

System action

The condition FOR2056 is signaled in the main task program. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

For the meaning of system completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*, and for possible corrective actions, refer to [z/OS MVS System Codes](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2056

FOR2057S	MTF subtask <i>subtask-number</i> abnormally terminated during execution of parallel subroutine <i>subroutine-name</i>. The user completion code was <i>user-completion-code</i>, and the reason code was <i>reason-code</i>. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB922I-2
-----------------	---

Explanation

At the time that a call was made to one of multitasking facility (MTF) callable services SYNCRO, DSPTCH, or SHRCOM, Language Environment detected that the parallel subroutine *subroutine-name* in MTF subtask *subtask-number* had ended unexpectedly because of the abnormal termination indicated by the user completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*. If the parallel subroutine wrote any output on the message file before terminating, that output is in the message file for the subtask. This

message file is the one referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname FTERRsss, where sss is the three-digit representation of *subtask-number*.

The abnormal termination was requested by executing an assembler language ABEND macro instruction or by calling one of the CEE3ABD, SYSABN, or SYSABD callable services, among others. The exact meaning of the user completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code* depends on the application that requested the abnormal termination. Some form of information about the meaning of these codes should be available to users of that application.

System action

The condition FOR2057 is signaled in the main task program. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Correct the problem indicated by the user completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2057

FOR2058S	MTF subtask <i>subtask-number</i> terminated during execution of MTF parallel subroutine <i>subroutine-name</i> because of an unhandled condition of severity <i>severity</i>. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB922I-2
-----------------	--

Explanation

At the time that a call was made to one of multitasking facility (MTF) callable services SYNCRO, DSPTCH, or SHRCOM, Language Environment detected that the parallel subroutine *subroutine-name* in MTF subtask *subtask-number* had ended unexpectedly because of an unhandled condition of severity *severity*. The message describing this condition is in the message file for the subtask. This message file is the one referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname FTERRsss, where sss is the three-digit representation of *subtask-number*.

System action

The condition FOR2058 is signaled in the main task program. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Correct the problem indicated by the unhandled condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2058

FOR2059S	A CSECT with the name CEEUOPT was present in the MTF parallel subroutine load module.
-----------------	--

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Link-edit the parallel subroutine load module without the CSECT with the name CEEUOPT.

If you want to provide run-time options that are link-edited with the application, then link-edit the CSECT with the name CEEUOPT into the main task load module. The run-time options that you specify in this manner or in any other manner will apply in the main task program and in all parallel subroutines.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2059

FOR2060S	The MTF callable service DSPTCH could not be completed. The first argument to the DSPTCH callable service specified that <i>subroutine-name</i> was to be invoked as a parallel subroutine, but the parallel subroutine load module did not contain a subroutine with the specified name. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB921I
-----------------	---

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	3
2	<i>service-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*6	DSPTCH
3	<i>subroutine-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	Name of MTF parallel subroutine

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that the parallel subroutine name, *subroutine-name*, given as the first argument for the DSPTCH callable service is the name that you intended. If you code the name as a character constant, enclose the name in quotes or apostrophes. Do not provide a name that exceeds eight characters in length.

Ensure that the parallel subroutine *subroutine-name* is link-edited into your multitasking facility (MTF) parallel subroutine load module. Also ensure that this load module is link-edited as a member of the partitioned data set referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname of AUTOTASK. Use the name of this member in the AUTOTASK run-time option, which must be in the following format:

```
AUTOTASK(loadmod,numtasks)
```

loadmod

Name of the parallel subroutine load module; that is, the name of the member in the data set referenced by the file definition with the ddname AUTOTASK.

numtasks

Number of tasks to be created by MTF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2060

FOR2062C During MTF initialization, the *macro-name* macro instruction had a return code of *return-code*. Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB924I

Explanation

During the initialization of the Fortran multitasking facility (MTF), Language Environment executed a *macro-name* macro instruction. Either MVS or DFSMS/MVS detected the error indicated by return code *return-code*.

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

For the meaning of return code *return-code*, and for possible corrective actions, refer to one of the following:

- [z/OS MVS System Codes](#)
- [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#)

If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2062

FOR2063C During MTF initialization, the *macro-name* macro instruction had a return code of *return-code* and a reason code of *reason-code*. Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB925I

Explanation

During the initialization of the Fortran multitasking facility (MTF), Language Environment executed a *macro-name* macro instruction. Either MVS or DFSMS/MVS detected the error indicated by return code *return-code* and reason code *reason-code*.

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

For the meaning of return code *return-code* and reason code *reason-code*, and for possible corrective actions, refer to one of the following:

- [z/OS MVS System Codes](#)
- [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#)

If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2063

FOR2064S **The MTF callable service DSPTCH could not be completed. The MTF main task program was operating in 31-bit addressing mode, but the parallel subroutine load module had the linkage editor attribute that indicated 24-bit addressing mode. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB927I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data:

No.	Name	Input/Output	Data Type and Length	Value
1	<i>parm-count</i>	Input	INTEGER*4	3
2	<i>service-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*6	DSPTCH
3	<i>subroutine-name</i>	Input	CHARACTER*8	Name of MTF parallel subroutine

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Determine whether any routine in the parallel subroutine load module must execute in 24-bit addressing mode or why the linkage editor gave it the attribute indicating that it must. For example, code compiled by the FORTRAN IV H Extended compiler must run in 24-bit addressing mode; therefore, if the parallel subroutine load module contains such code, then this attribute is correct.

If a routine in the parallel subroutine load module must execute in 24-bit addressing mode, then ensure that the main task program is running in 24-bit

addressing mode at the time that it calls the DSPTCH callable service. Do this in one of these ways:

- When you link-edit the main task program, provide the AMODE=24 and RMODE=24 linkage editor options. This causes the main task program to be invoked in 24-bit addressing mode and to reside below 16 Mb.
- If a portion of the main task program must run in 31-bit addressing mode, then use an assembler language routine to switch into 24-bit addressing mode at some point before calling the DSPTCH callable service. (Also switch back into 31-bit addressing mode as necessary.) Remember that in order to switch successfully into 24-bit addressing mode, the load module must reside below 16 Mb. To ensure that the load module is loaded below 16 Mb, provide the RMODE=24 linkage editor option.

If you are sure that no routine in the parallel subroutine load module must be invoked in 24-bit addressing mode, then when you link-edit this load module, provide the AMODE=31 linkage editor option.

In addition, if the parallel subroutine load module can reside above 16 Mb, then also provide the RMODE=ANY linkage editor option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2064

FOR2065C **The MTF main task program load module was created with Language Environment, but the MTF parallel subroutine load module was created with VS FORTRAN. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB928I**

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Link-edit parallel subroutine load module using Language Environment. This is required because your main task program was link-edited using Language Environment.

If, when you link-edit your parallel subroutine load module, you want to use your executable load module (rather than the original object modules) as input to the linkage editor, then remember to replace the VS FORTRAN library modules that are in that load

module. For information on how to do this, refer to *z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference*.

**FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number:
AFB922I-1**

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2065

FOR2067S **The MTF main task program terminated while subtask *subtask-number* was still executing parallel subroutine *subroutine-name*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB930I**

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Ensure that before the main task program ends it invokes the SYNCRO callable service to wait for the completion of the parallel subroutines.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2067

FOR2068C **MTF internal error *error-number* was detected. Seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB931I**

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Because this error is not likely to be caused by your application, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2068

FOR2069C **MTF subtask *subtask-number* failed during initialization. VS**

Explanation

During the initialization of the Fortran multitasking facility (MTF) by Language Environment, subtask *subtask-number* couldn't be started successfully. The message describing this situation is in the message file for the subtask. This message file is the one referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname FTERRsss, where sss is the three-digit representation of *subtask-number*.

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Correct the problem indicated in the message file for subtask *subtask-number*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2069

FOR2070I **MTF subtask *subtask-number* abnormally terminated during execution of parallel subroutine *subroutine-name*. The system completion code was *system-completion-code*, and the reason code was *reason-code*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB922I-2**

Explanation

The parallel subroutine *subroutine-name* in MTF subtask *subtask-number* ended unexpectedly because of the abnormal termination indicated by the system completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*. The message describing this abnormal termination is in the message file for the subtask. This message file is the one referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname FTERRsss, where sss is the three-digit representation of *subtask-number*.

System action

The condition FOR2070 is signaled in the main task program during termination of the application.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

For the meaning of system completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*, and for possible corrective actions, refer to [z/OS MVS System Codes](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2070

FOR2071I	MTF subtask <i>subtask-number</i> ended during execution of MTF parallel subroutine <i>subroutine-name</i> because a statement that requested an immediate termination was executed. The subtask return code was <i>return-code</i>. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB922I-3
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Explanation

The parallel subroutine *subroutine-name* in MTF subtask *subtask-number* ended because of a request to explicitly terminate the application with return code *return-code*. Examples of such requests include the execution either of a STOP statement or of a call to the EXIT or SYSRCX callable service.

System action

The condition FOR2071 is signaled in the main task program during termination of the application.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Correct the problem indicated either by return code *return-code* or by any other messages the parallel subroutine wrote.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2071

FOR2072I	MTF subtask <i>subtask-number</i> terminated during execution of MTF parallel subroutine
-----------------	---

***subroutine-name* because of an unhandled condition of severity *severity*. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB922I-2**

Explanation

The parallel subroutine *subroutine-name* in MTF subtask *subtask-number* ended unexpectedly because of an unhandled condition of severity *severity*. The message describing this condition is in the message file for the subtask. This message file is the one referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname FTERRsss, where sss is the three-digit representation of *subtask-number*.

System action

The condition FOR2072 is signaled in the main task program during termination of the application.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Correct the problem indicated by the unhandled condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2072

FOR2073I	MTF subtask <i>subtask-number</i> abnormally terminated during execution of parallel subroutine <i>subroutine-name</i>. The user completion code was <i>user-completion-code</i>, and the reason code was <i>reason-code</i>. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB922I-2
-----------------	---

Explanation

The parallel subroutine *subroutine-name* in MTF subtask *subtask-number* ended unexpectedly because of the abnormal termination indicated by the user completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*. If the parallel subroutine wrote any output on the message file before terminating, that output is in the message file for the subtask. This message file is the one referenced by the file definition (DD statement or ALLOCATE command) with the ddname FTERRsss, where sss is the three-digit representation of *subtask-number*.

The abnormal termination was requested by executing an assembler language ABEND macro instruction or by calling one of the CEE3ABD, SYSABN, or SYSABD callable services, among others. The exact meaning of the user completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code* depends on the application that requested the abnormal termination. Some form of information about the meaning of these codes should be available to users of that application.

System action

The condition FOR2073 is signaled in the main task program during termination of the application.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Correct the problem indicated by the user completion code *completion-code* and reason code *reason-code*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2073

FOR2101S	Based on the value given for the SIZE suboption of the VECTOR compile-time option, the program unit was compiled so that it could run only on a machine with a section size of <i>comp-section-size</i>. However, execution was on a machine with a section size of <i>mach-section-size</i>. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB934I
-----------------	---

Explanation

When the program unit was compiled, the VECTOR compile-time option had one of these forms:

VECTOR(... SIZE(LOCAL) ...)

In this case, the machine on which the program unit was compiled had a section size of *comp-section-size*, and the compiler produced code that could be run only on a machine with this same section size.

VECTOR(... SIZE(*comp-section-size*) ...)

In this case, the compiler was directed to produce code that could be run only on a machine with a section size of *comp-section-size*.

In either case, because the compiled code was capable of running only on a machine with a section size of *comp-section-size*, it couldn't be run on the machine that had a section size of *mach-section-size*.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

If you want the compiled code to be able to run on machines with various section sizes, then compile the program with the following VECTOR compile-time option, which has the IBM-supplied default for the SIZE suboption:

```
VECTOR( ... SIZE(ANY) ... )
```

When the SIZE(ANY) suboption is used, the code sequences are not as efficient as they would be if the code were targeted only for machines with a specific section size.

If you can ensure that the compiled code will be run only on a machine with the a section size of *mach-section-size*, and if you want the code to be optimized for machines with that section size, then compile the program with the following VECTOR compile-time option:

```
VECTOR ( ... SIZE(mach-section-size) ... )
```

If you can ensure that the compiled code will be run only on a machine with the same section size as that on which it is compiled, and if you want the code to be optimized for machines with that section size, then compile the program with the following VECTOR compile-time option:

```
VECTOR( ... SIZE(LOCAL) ... )
```

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2101

FOR2102S	An internal table used to control the allocation of vector spill areas was corrupted and couldn't be used. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB935I
-----------------	--

Explanation

At entry to a program unit that was compiled with the VECTOR compile-time option, a Language Environment routine detected an inconsistency in a table that was supposed to control allocation of storage for vector spill areas, which are areas used to store the contents of vector registers. Most likely the table in virtual storage was overlaid by some routine (but not

necessarily by the routine containing the table that was destroyed).

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Determine and correct the cause of the overlaid table. In Fortran program units, this is often caused by:

- Using subscripts that reference virtual storage outside the declared bounds of an array
- Referring to variables that are in EQUIVALENCE statements when the variables are declared to overlay too much storage
- Referring to storage that's addressed through a pointer whose value isn't properly established
- In a CALL statement or function reference, providing actual arguments that are not consistent with the dummy arguments declared in the subprogram. The actual arguments could be of the wrong type, rank, or have the wrong array bounds. There could be an incorrect number of actual arguments

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2102

FOR2121C **A suboption of the AUTOTASK run-time option was missing. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB917I-1**

System action

The condition is signaled, and the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

If you want to use the Fortran multitasking facility (MTF), provide the AUTOTASK run-time option in the following format:

```
AUTOTASK(loadmod,numtasks)
```

loadmod

Name of the parallel subroutine load module; that is, the name of the member in the data set

referenced by the file definition with the ddname AUTOTASK.

numtasks

Number of tasks to be created by MTF.

If you did not intend to use MTF, then either remove the AUTOTASK run-time option or specify the NOAUTOTASK run-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2121

FOR2130C **A construct of the parallel feature of VS FORTRAN Version 2 could not be completed. Parallel programs cannot be executed using Language Environment.**

Explanation

The program was compiled with VS FORTRAN Version 2 Release 5 or 6 and was considered to be a parallel program for one or more of these reasons:

- The program contained parallel language constructs.
- The program invoked one of the parallel callable services (PEORIG, PEPOST, PEWAIT, PETERM, PLCOND, PLFREE, PLLOCK, PLORIG, or PLTERM).
- The program was compiled with the PARALLEL compile-time option.

You cannot run a parallel program if it has been link-edited with Language Environment.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

If you want to link-edit and run the program with Language Environment, then compile it without the PARALLEL compile-time option, and remove the parallel language constructs and any calls to the parallel callable services.

If you want to continue to run the program as a parallel program, then link-edit it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 Release 6 library. In this case, don't code anything in the program (including in any related subprograms) that makes use of any of the Language Environment features that aren't in VS FORTRAN Version 2 Release 6. You can then run the program

either with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 Release 6 library or with Language Environment.

routine. VS FORTRAN Version 2
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Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2130

FOR2131S	The program <i>program-name</i> was compiled by VS FORTRAN Version 2 compiler with the EC option, which is not supported by Language Environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program was compiled with VS FORTRAN Version 2 Release 5 or 6 with the EC compile-time option. This option specified that certain common blocks were be treated as extended common blocks and that their virtual storage was to be allocated in data spaces. You cannot run such a program if it has been link-edited with Language Environment.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

If you want to link-edit and run the program with Language Environment, then compile it without the EC compile-time option. Specify the common blocks as dynamic common blocks by giving their names as suboptions of the DC compile-time option. However, unless you can reduce the size of the extended common blocks, this approach won't work if the program and the common blocks won't fit in the primary address space.

If you want to continue to run the program with extended common blocks, then link-edit it with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 Release 6 library. In this case, don't code anything in the program (including in any related subprograms) that makes use of any of the Language Environment features that aren't in VS FORTRAN Version 2 Release 6. You can then run the program either with the VS FORTRAN Version 2 Release 6 library or with Language Environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2131

FOR2132S	An invalid argument was provided to an INTEGER*8 simulation
-----------------	--

Explanation

An INTEGER*8 simulation routine was implicitly referenced by the compiled code because of the use of an integer variable of length 8. One of the arguments to this routine had an unexpected value. Most likely the argument or argument list in virtual storage was overlaid by some routine (but not necessarily by the routine containing the argument that was destroyed).

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Determine and correct the cause of the overlaid argument. In Fortran program units, this is often caused by:

- Using subscripts that reference virtual storage outside the declared bounds of an array
- Referring to variables that are in EQUIVALENCE statements when the variables are declared to overlay too much storage
- Referring to storage that's addressed through a pointer whose value is not properly established
- In a CALL statement or function reference, providing actual arguments that are not consistent with the dummy arguments declared in the subprogram. The actual arguments could be of the wrong type, rank, or have the wrong array bounds. There could be an incorrect number of actual arguments

If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2132

FOR2133S	A program interruption occurred during the simulation of an INTEGER*8 instruction. VS FORTRAN Version 2 Error Number: AFB178I
-----------------	--

Explanation

An INTEGER*8 simulation routine in the Fortran library portion of Language Environment was implicitly referenced by the compiled code because of the use of an integer variable of length 8. During the execution of this simulation routine, a program interruption occurred.

System action

The condition is signaled. If the condition is unhandled, the application is terminated.

Qualifying Data: None

Permissible Resume Actions: None

Programmer response

Examine the operands involved in any use of integer variables of length 8, and correct any errors that you find. Here are some errors that might have caused the program interruption:

- Using subscripts that reference virtual storage outside the declared bounds of an array
- Referring to variables that are in EQUIVALENCE statements when the variables are declared to overlay too much storage
- Referring to storage that's addressed through a pointer whose value isn't properly established
- In a CALL statement or function reference, providing actual arguments that are not consistent with the dummy arguments declared in the subprogram. The actual arguments could be of the wrong type, rank, or have the wrong array bounds. There could be an incorrect number of actual arguments

If you are unable to resolve the problem, seek assistance from your Language Environment support personnel.

Symbolic Feedback Code

FOR2133

Chapter 6. PL/I runtime messages

The messages in this topic pertain to PL/I. Each message is followed by an explanation describing the condition that caused the message, a programmer response suggesting how you might prevent the message from occurring again, and a system action indicating how the system responds to the condition that caused the message.

The messages also contain a symbolic feedback code, which represents the first 8 bytes of a 12-byte condition token. You can think of the symbolic feedback code as the nickname for a condition. As such, the symbolic feedback code can be used in user-written condition handlers to screen for a given condition, even if it occurs at different locations in an application.

The messages in this topic contain alphabetic suffixes that have the following meaning:

- I**
Informational message
- W**
Warning message
- E**
Error message
- S**
Severe error message
- C**
Critical error message

IBM0004S **The program terminated with user code= *user-code***

Explanation

The program terminated with a user code.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Check your program documentation or the program source to determine the reason the code was issued.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM004

IBM0005S **The number of files, CONTROLLED variables, or fetched procedures exceeded the limit.**

Explanation

The total length of the pseudoregister vector for the program was more than 4096 bytes. Four bytes are used for each file constant, controlled variable, and fetched procedure.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so the pseudoregister vector does not exceed 4096 bytes by reducing the number of files or controlled variables used or by restructuring the program into several external procedures.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM005

IBM0006S **The program could not be executed because it did not have a main procedure.**

Explanation

There are two possible causes for this error:

- An attempt was made to run a program which contained one or more external PL/I procedures. None of the procedures had the MAIN or FETCHABLE option in the PROCEDURE statement.
- An attempt was made to FETCH a load module with entry PLISTART or CEESTART which contained one or more external PL/I procedures. None of the

procedures had the MAIN or FETCHABLE option in the PROCEDURE statement.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the first external PL/I procedure to be invoked has the MAIN or FETCHABLE option in the PROCEDURE statement. When fetching a load module, follow the instructions on "Link-Editing Fetchable Load Modules" in [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM006

IBM0010W	An invalid length or address was found in the PLICALLB argument list for ISA, HEAP, or TASKHEAP storage. The length or address was ignored.
-----------------	--

Explanation

If the length or address of ISA, HEAP, or TASKHEAP storage is provided, it must be valid and for the length it must be a multiple of 8 bytes and for the address it must be on a double-word boundary.

System action

Execution continues.

Programmer response

Check the provided length and/or address to make sure it is valid and follows the rules.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00A

IBM0011W	The ISA or HEAP storage provided in the PLICALLB argument list was above the 16M line but the BELOW suboption of the STACK or HEAP run-time option was in effect. The provided storage was ignored.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The location of the user-provided ISA or HEAP storage conflicts with the location in effect in the STACK or HEAP run-time option. The provided storage is ignored but the provided length is still used.

System action

Execution continues.

Programmer response

Make sure the location of the provided ISA or HEAP storage agrees with the location in the STACK or HEAP run-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00B

IBM0020S	ONCODE=600. The CONVERSION condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the CONVERSION condition for which there was no associated ON-unit.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the CONVERSION condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00K

IBM0021S	ONCODE=601. The CONVERSION condition was raised because of unknown source attributes on input.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CONVERSION condition was raised within a GET LIST or GET DATA statement with the FILE option. The attributes of the source data could not be determined.

Consider the following example, where the input stream contained 'PIG'C, 'DOG'.

```
DCL (A,B) CHAR(14);  
GET LIST(A,B);
```

The condition will be raised when the first item is encountered. The value for ONSOURCE would be: "'PIG'C", and value of ONCHAR would be: "C". The ONCODE associated with this message is 601.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Include a suitable ON-unit in the program to monitor errors in the input data revealed by the CONVERSION condition. Use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to assign a valid value so the program can continue processing. Also, check the input data for correctness before rerunning the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00L

IBM0022S	ONCODE=602. The CONVERSION condition was raised because of unknown source attributes on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CONVERSION condition was raised after an error caused the TRANSMIT condition to be raised. For an example of the conversion error, refer to the explanation given for message IBM0021. The ONCODE associated with this message is 602.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmit error. If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmit error, refer to the steps for conversion errors in message IBM0021.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00M

IBM0023S	ONCODE=oncode-value The CONVERSION condition was raised because of unknown source attributes.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CONVERSION condition was raised within a GET LIST STRING or GET DATA STRING statement. For an example of the conversion error, refer to the explanation for message IBM0021.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Follow the steps given for conversion errors in message IBM0021.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00N

IBM0024S	ONCODE=oncode-value The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred using F-format on input.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in an F-format input field. The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 603 - GET STRING statement
- 604 - GET FILE statement

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Include a suitable ON-unit in the program to monitor errors in the input data that are revealed by the CONVERSION condition. Use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to assign a valid numeric value so the program can continue processing. Also, ensure all input is in the correct format before running the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00O

IBM0025S	ONCODE=605. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred using F-format on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in an F-format input field. A transmission error also occurred and may be the cause of the conversion error. The ONCODE associated with this message is 605.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmit error. If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmit error, refer to the steps given for message IBM0024.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00P

IBM0027S	ONCODE=oncode-value The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred using E-format on input.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in an E-format input field. The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 606 - GET STRING statement
- 607 - GET FILE statement

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Refer to the steps for conversion errors in message IBM0024. Use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error, and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to assign a valid value so the program can continue processing.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00R

IBM0028S	ONCODE=608. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred using E-format on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in an E-format input field. A transmission error also occurred and may be the cause of the conversion error. The ONCODE associated with this message is 608.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmission error. If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmission error, refer to the steps for message IBM0024.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00S

IBM0029S	ONCODE=oncode-value The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred using B-format on input.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in a B-format input field. The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 609 - GET STRING statement
- 610 - GET FILE statement

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Include a suitable ON-unit in the program to monitor errors in the input data that are revealed by the CONVERSION condition. Use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to assign a valid bit character so the program can continue processing. Also, ensure all input is in the correct format before running the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00T

IBM0031S	ONCODE=611. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred using B-format on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in a B-format input field. A transmission error also occurred and may be the cause of the conversion error. The ONCODE associated with this message is 611.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmission error. If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmission error, refer to the steps for message IBM0029.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM00V

IBM0032S	ONCODE=612. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting a character string to an arithmetic value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in a character string that was being converted to an arithmetic data type. The ONCODE associated with this message is 612.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the error is in the conversion of a PL/I source program constant or in the conversion of a character string created while the program is running, correct the source program. Recompile and rerun the program. Use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error, and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to assign a valid value so the program can continue processing.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM010

IBM0033S	ONCODE=613. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting character to arithmetic on input or output.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A character which is invalid for conversion to an arithmetic form was detected in one of the following:

- An arithmetic constant in a list-directed or data-directed item.

- A character constant being converted to an arithmetic form in a list-directed or data-directed item.
- An A-format input field being converted to an arithmetic form.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 613.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Refer to the steps for message IBM0024.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM011

IBM0034S	ONCODE=614. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting from character on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A character is invalid for conversion to an arithmetic form was detected in one of the following:

- An arithmetic constant in a list-directed or data-directed input item.
- A character constant being converted to an arithmetic form in a list-directed or data directed input item.
- An A-format input field being converted to an arithmetic form.

A transmission error also occurred and may be the cause of the conversion error. The ONCODE associated with this message is 614.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmission error. If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmission error, refer to the steps for message IBM0024.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM012

IBM0035S	ONCODE=615. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting from character to bit.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in a character string that was being converted to a bit string. The ONCODE associated with this message is 615.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the error is in the conversion of a program constant or in the conversion of a character string created while the program is running, correct the source program. Recompile and rerun the program. Use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error, and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to assign a valid value so the program can continue processing.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM013

IBM0036S	ONCODE=616. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting character to bit on input or output.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A character other than 0 or 1 appeared in one of the following:

- A bit constant in a list-directed or data-directed item
- A character constant being converted to bit form in a list-directed or data-directed item
- An A-format input field being converted to bit form
- A B-format input field (excluding any leading or trailing blanks)

The ONCODE associated with this message is 616.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Refer to the steps for message IBM0035.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM014

IBM0037S	ONCODE=617. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting character to bit on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A character other than 0 or 1 appeared in one of the following:

- A bit constant in a list-directed or data-directed input item
- A character constant being converted to bit form in a list-directed or data-directed input item
- An A-format input field being converted to bit form
- A B-format input field (excluding any leading or trailing blanks)

A transmission error also occurred and may have caused the conversion error. The ONCODE associated with this message is 617.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmission error. If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmission error, refer to the steps for message IBM0024.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM015

IBM0038S	ONCODE=618. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting to a PICTURE character string.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A character that did not match the picture specification was detected in a conversion to a PICTURE character string. The ONCODE associated with this message is 618.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the character string to be converted to a PICTURE character string matches the picture string specification. If necessary, use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to replace an erroneous character with a valid conversion character.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM016

IBM0039S	ONCODE=619. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting to a PICTURE character string on input or output.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A character that did not match the picture specification was detected in a STREAM-oriented item that required conversion to a PICTURE character string. The ONCODE associated with this message is 619.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either ensure all input data to the program is in the correct format or refer to the steps for message IBM0038. These steps ensure the program has adequate error recovery facilities to process any invalid data found in its input and continue processing.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM017

IBM0040S	ONCODE=620. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting to a PICTURE character string on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A character that did not match the picture specification was detected in a STREAM-oriented input item that required conversion to a PICTURE character string. A transmission error also occurred and may

be the source of the conversion error. The ONCODE associated with this message is 620.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmission error. If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmission error, refer to the steps for message IBM0039.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM018

IBM0042S	ONCODE=<i>oncode-value</i> The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting from PICTURE format on input.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An edit-directed PICTURE format input item contained a character that did not match the picture specification. The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 621 - GET STRING statement
- 622 - GET FILE statement

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either ensure all input data to the program is in the correct format before running the program or use the program to check the data. If necessary, use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to replace an erroneous character with a character valid for conversion.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01A

IBM0043S	ONCODE=623. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting from a PICTURE format on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in a PICTURE format input field. A transmission error also occurred and may be the cause of conversion error. The ONCODE associated with this message is 623.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmission error.

Programmer response

If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmission error, refer to the steps for message IBM0042.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01B

IBM0045S	ONCODE=625. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting from PICTURE format on input.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in a PICTURE format input item. The ONCODE associated with this message is 625.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either ensure all input data to the program is in the correct format before running the program or use the program to check the data. If necessary, use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to replace an erroneous character with a valid conversion character.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01D

IBM0046S	ONCODE=626. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion error occurred when converting from PICTURE format
-----------------	--

on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in a PICTURE format input item. A transmission error also occurred and may be the cause of the conversion error. The ONCODE associated with this message is 626.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmission error. If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmission error, refer to the steps for message IBM0045.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01E

IBM0047S	ONCODE=627. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a graphic or mixed character string was encountered in a non-graphic environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A graphic ('G') or mixed ('M') string was used as a data value in the expression for the STRING option of a GET statement. The ONCODE associated with this message is 627.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the graphic or mixed string from the expression.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01F

IBM0048S	ONCODE=628. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a graphic or mixed character string was encountered in a non-graphic environment on input.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A graphic ('G') or mixed ('M') string was detected in an input file that was not declared with the GRAPHIC option in the ENVIRONMENT attribute. The ONCODE associated with this message is 628.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Specify the GRAPHIC option for a file that contains graphic or mixed character strings.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01G

IBM0049S	ONCODE=629. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a graphic or mixed character string was encountered in a non-graphic environment on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CONVERSION condition was raised after an error caused the TRANSMIT condition to be raised. For an example of the conversion error, refer to the explanation for message IBM0048. The ONCODE associated with this message is 629.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmission error. If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmission error, refer to the steps for message IBM0048.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01H

IBM0053S	ONCODE=633 The CONVERSION condition was raised because an invalid character was detected in an X, BX, or GX string constant.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A character other than a hexadecimal character was detected. Only hexadecimal characters (0-9,a-f,A-F)

are allowed in X, BX, and GX string constants. The ONCODE associated with this message is 633.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Include a suitable ON-unit in the program to monitor errors in the input data that are revealed by the CONVERSION condition. Use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to assign a valid hexadecimal character so the program can continue processing. Also ensure all input is in the correct format before executing the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01L

IBM0054S	ONCODE=634 The CONVERSION condition was raised because an invalid character was detected in an X, BX, or GX string constant on input.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A character other than a hexadecimal character was detected. Only hexadecimal characters (0-9,a-f,A-F) are allowed in X, BX, and GX string constants. The ONCODE associated with this message is 634.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Include a suitable ON-unit in the program to monitor errors in the input data that are revealed by the CONVERSION condition. Use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to assign a valid hexadecimal character so the program can continue processing. Also, ensure all input is in the correct format before executing the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01M

IBM0055S	ONCODE=635 The CONVERSION condition was raised because an invalid character was detected in an X, BX, or GX string constant
-----------------	--

on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.

Explanation

A character other than a hexadecimal character was detected. Only hexadecimal characters (0-9,a-f,A-F) are allowed in X, BX, and GX string constants. A transmission error also occurred and may be the source of the conversion error.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmission error. If the conversion error recurs after correcting the transmission error, refer to the steps for message IBM0054.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01N

IBM0056S	ONCODE=636 The CONVERSION condition was raised because a graphic string contained an invalid character.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This condition was raised by the GRAPHIC built-in function. The source was a graphic (DBCS) string and a shift character was detected in it.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the shift characters from the graphic (DBCS) string. ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables cannot be used to assign a new value to the string. ERROR is raised if retry is attempted.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01O

IBM0059S	ONCODE=639 The CONVERSION condition was raised because a mixed character string contained an invalid character.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This condition was raised by the GRAPHIC built-in function. One of the following rules for mixed constants was broken:

- SBCS portions of the constant cannot contain a shift-in.
- Neither byte of a DBCS character can contain a shift code.

Note: In mixed character strings, a shift-in following a DBCS character or following a shift-out causes a transition to single-byte mode. It is impossible for the first byte of a DBCS character in a mixed character string to contain a shift-in.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure mixed character strings contain balanced, unnested shift-out/shift-in pairs. The MPSTR built-in function can be used to check shift-out/shift-in pairs. ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables cannot be used to assign a new value to the string. ERROR is raised if retry is attempted.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01R

IBM0060S	ONCODE=667. The CONVERSION condition was raised because there was no SBCS equivalent in the GRAPHIC conversion to character.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This condition is raised during an attempt to convert a GRAPHIC string, containing ASCII DBCS characters, that represents a character value. The string contained a DBCS character for which there is no equivalent SBCS character. The ONCODE associated with this message is 667.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify your program to ensure such strings contain only valid ASCII DBCS characters. Use the ONSOURCE pseudovariable to assign a valid GRAPHIC string to the

ONSOURCE built-in function to allow the conversion to be retried.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01S

IBM0061S	ONCODE=668. The CONVERSION condition was raised because there was no SBCS equivalent in the GRAPHIC conversion to character on input.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This condition is raised during an attempt to convert a GRAPHIC string in an input file, containing ASCII DBCS character, that represents a character value. The string contained a DBCS character for which there is no equivalent SBCS character. The ONCODE associated with this message is 668.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify your program to ensure such strings contain only valid ASCII DBCS characters. Use the ONSOURCE pseudovisible to assign a valid GRAPHIC string to the ONSOURCE built-in function to allow the conversion to be retried.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01T

IBM0062S	ONCODE=669. The CONVERSION condition was raised because there was no SBCS equivalent in the GRAPHIC conversion to character on input after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CONVERSION condition was raised after an error caused the TRANSMIT condition to be raised. For an example of the conversion error, see the explanation given for message IBM0061. The ONCODE associated with this message is 669.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the conversion error recurs after eliminating the transmission error, take the steps given for message IBM0061.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM01U

IBM0092I	PL/I PLIDUMP was called with Traceback (T) option.
-----------------	---

Explanation

PLIDUMP was called with the T option.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

No programmer response is necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM02S

IBM0100W	ONCODE=oncode-value The NAME condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the NAME condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 10.

System action

Execution continues with the next sequential statement.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the NAME condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM034

IBM0101W	ONCODE=oncode-value The NAME condition was raised because an invalid element-variable in a STREAM item was encountered
-----------------	---

during a GET FILE DATA statement
(*FILE=* or *ONFILE= file-name*).

Explanation

One of the following conditions was detected:

- An identifier in the input stream had no counterpart in the data list of the GET statement, or the GET statement had no data list and an unknown identifier was encountered in the stream.
- Invalid blank characters were found within an identifier in the input stream.
- The name field or part of a qualified name was omitted.
- There were more than 256 characters in a fully-qualified name.
- Blanks were found within an array subscript other than between the optional sign and the decimal digits.
- An array subscript was missing or indicated too many dimensions.
- A value in a subscript was not a decimal digit.
- The subscript was beyond the declared range of subscripts for a particular array.
- The left-parenthesis was missing after the name of an array.
- A character other than "=" or a blank was found after a right-parenthesis that delimits an array subscript in the input stream.
- The end-of-file or a nonblank delimiter was found before "=" in an item in the input stream.

System action

The incorrect data field is ignored and execution of the GET statement continues.

Programmer response

Use the DATAFIELD built-in function in a NAME ON-unit to obtain the invalid data item.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM035

IBM0120S	ONCODE=oncode-value The RECORD condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement. (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the RECORD condition for which there was no associated ON-unit.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Supply an ON-unit for the RECORD condition or remove the SIGNAL statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM030

IBM0121S	ONCODE=oncode-value The RECORD condition was raised because the length of the record variable was less than the record length (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message was produced for records that were longer than the associated PL/I variable.

1. For a READ statement, the record was truncated to the length of the variable in the INTO option.
2. For a LOCATE statement (F-format records only), a buffer was not allocated.
3. For a WRITE statement (F-format records only), the record was transmitted with the appropriate number of padding bytes added to equal the length of the record on the data set. The contents of the padding bytes were undefined.
4. For a REWRITE statement, the record was replaced by the shorter record with the appropriate number of padding bytes added to equal the length of the record on the data set. The contents of the padding bytes were undefined.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either supply an ON-unit for the RECORD condition so the program can continue running, or modify the program to make the length of the record variable the same as the length of the records on the data set. Refer to the language reference manual for this

compiler for details of how such records are handled when the RECORD condition is raised.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM03P

IBM0122S	ONCODE=oncode-value The RECORD condition was raised because the length of the record variable was greater than the record length (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

This message was produced for records that were shorter than the associated PL/I variable.

1. For the READ statement using F-format records and a fixed-length variable in the INTO option, the excess bytes in the variable were undefined.
2. For a LOCATE statement, where the maximum length of the records was less than the length of the PL/I variable, the buffer was not allocated.
3. For a WRITE statement, the variable in the FROM option was longer than the maximum length of the records, and was truncated to the maximum record length.
4. For a REWRITE statement, the variable in the FROM option was longer than the record it was to replace, and was truncated to the length of this record.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either supply an ON-unit for the RECORD condition so the program can continue running, or modify the program to make the length of the record variable the same as the length of the records on the data set. Refer to the language reference manual for this compiler for details of how such records are handled when the RECORD condition is raised.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM03Q

IBM0123S	ONCODE=oncode-value The RECORD condition was raised because the WRITE or LOCATE variable had a zero length (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

A WRITE or REWRITE statement attempted to transmit a record variable of zero length, or a LOCATE statement attempted to obtain buffer space for a zero length record variable.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the varying-length string used as a record variable is not a null string when the WRITE, REWRITE or LOCATE statement is run.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM03R

IBM0124S	ONCODE=24 The RECORD condition was raised because a zero length record was read from a Regional data set (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

A record of zero length was read from a REGIONAL data set associated with a DIRECT file. A zero-length record on a direct-access device indicates the end of the data set. However, this message is generated only if the data set was created incorrectly. The ONCODE associated with this message is 24.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the data set is created correctly as a regional data set. If necessary, recreate the data set and ensure the record is accessed with a valid key.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM03S

IBM0125S	ONCODE=oncode-value The RECORD condition was raised because a WRITE or LOCATE area was too short to contain the embedded string (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

A record variable was too short to contain the data set embedded key. Either a WRITE or REWRITE statement attempted to transmit the record variable or a LOCATE statement attempted to allocate buffer space for the record variable. For a WRITE or REWRITE statement, no transmission takes place. For a LOCATE statement, a buffer is not allocated.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the record variable is long enough to contain the data set embedded key and the key is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM03T

IBM0140S	ONCODE=40. The TRANSMIT condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the TRANSMIT condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 40.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the TRANSMIT condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM04C

IBM0141S	ONCODE=oncode-value The TRANSMIT condition was raised because of an uncorrectable error in output (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Data management routines detected an uncorrectable error while transmitting output data between main storage and an external storage device. The condition

was raised on the completion of a WRITE, REWRITE or LOCATE statement. For BUFFERED files, this condition can be raised only after executing several I/O statements following the processing of an OUTPUT file. The outfile can not be associated with a unit record device. Processing of an UPDATE file can continue. For INDEXED data sets, the condition can occur while searching through the indexes or tracing an overflow record. The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 41 output data set
- 42 input data set

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the error recurs, obtain a dump of the input/output buffer areas by using PLIDUMP in a TRANSMIT ON-unit. Refer to *z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide* for details of PLIDUMP. The resultant output, together with all relevant listings and data sets, should be preserved for later study by IBM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM04D

IBM0142S	ONCODE=42. The TRANSMIT condition was raised because of an uncorrectable error in input (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Data management routines detected an uncorrectable error while transmitting input data between main storage and an external storage device. If the block contains VS-format records, the error is raised once only for the block. Otherwise, the condition is raised on the completion of a READ or REWRITE statement for each record in the block that contains the error and for every item transmitted by GET statements from a block that contains the error. The contents of the record or data item are undefined. However, processing of subsequent records in the input file can be continued. For INDEXED data sets, the condition can be raised while searching the indexes or tracing an overflow record. The ONCODE associated with this message is 42.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the error recurs, obtain a dump of the input/output buffers by using PLIDUMP in a TRANSMIT ON-unit. Refer to *z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide* for details of PLIDUMP. Save the PLIDUMP output and all relevant listings and data sets for later study by IBM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM04E

IBM0143S	ONCODE=oncode-value The TRANSMIT condition was raised because of unreadable OMR data (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

One or more OMR columns contained a marginal mark, weak mark or poor erasure that could not be read. The condition is raised on completion of the READ operation for the information. An X'3F' character is substituted for unreadable characters, and also put in the last byte of the record. The ONCODE associated with this message is 42.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Replace the information that caused the TRANSMIT condition to be raised. Ensure the data on the information is readable by the OMR.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM04F

IBM0144S	ONCODE=oncode-value The TRANSMIT condition was raised because of a write error in the index set (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

Data management detected a physical error while attempting to write on the index set of a VSAM KSDS. The condition is raised on the completion of a WRITE, REWRITE, LOCATE or DELETE statement. No further processing of an OUTPUT file can occur. Processing of an UPDATE file can continue. The ONCODE associated with this message is 43.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Check the DASD on which the data set is being written for errors.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM04G

IBM0145S	ONCODE=oncode-value The TRANSMIT condition was raised because of a read error in the index set (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Data management detected a physical error while attempting to read from the index set of a VSAM KSDS. The condition is raised on the completion of a READ, WRITE, REWRITE, LOCATE or DELETE statement. No further processing of an OUTPUT file can occur. Processing of an UPDATE file can continue. If the error occurs on a READ statement, no data is transferred to the record variable. For sequential access, data set positioning can be lost, causing a subsequent READ without KEY to raise ERROR. Refer to message IBM0831 for information on sequential access errors. The ONCODE associated with this message is 44.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Check the DASD on which the data set resides for errors. If more research is required, consult with the system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM04H

IBM0146S	ONCODE=oncode-value The TRANSMIT condition was raised because of a write error in the sequence set (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Data management detected a physical error while attempting to write on the sequence set of a VSAM KSDS. The condition is raised on the completion of

a WRITE, REWRITE, LOCATE or DELETE statement. No further processing of an OUTPUT file can occur. Processing of an UPDATE file can continue. The ONCODE associated with this message is 45.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Check the DASD on which the data set is being written for error. Also, consult with the system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM04I

IBM0147S	ONCODE=oncode-value The TRANSMIT condition was raised because of a read error in the sequence set (FILE= or ONFILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Data management detected a physical error while attempting to read from the sequence set of a VSAM KSDS. The condition is raised on the completion of a READ, WRITE, REWRITE, LOCATE or DELETE statement. No further processing of an OUTPUT file can occur. Processing of an UPDATE file can continue. If the error occurs on a READ statement, no data is transferred to the record variable. For sequential access, data set positioning can be lost, causing a subsequent READ without KEY to raise ERROR. Refer to message IBM0831 for sequential access errors. The ONCODE associated with this message is 46.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Check the DASD on which the data set resides for errors. Also, consult with the system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM04J

IBM0160S	ONCODE=oncode-value The KEY condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement (FILE= or ONFILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the KEY condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 50.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the KEY condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM050

IBM0161S	ONCODE=oncode-value The KEY condition was raised because the specified key could not be found (FILE= or ONFILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

A READ, REWRITE or DELETE statement specified a recorded key which could not be found on the data set. In the case of an INDEXED data set, the key in error was either higher than the highest level index or the record was not in the prime area or the overflow areas of the data set. In the case of a DIRECT file associated with a data set with REGIONAL organization, the key in error was not in the specified region or within the search limit defined by the LIMCT subparameter of the DCB parameter. The ONCODE associated with this message is 51.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Determine why the key was incorrect and modify the program or the data set to correct the error. Use of the ONKEY built-in function in a KEY ON-unit will aid in determining the value of the erroneous key.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM051

IBM0162S	ONCODE=oncode-value The KEY condition was raised because the specified key was already in use in data set (FILE= or ONFILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

In the case of data set with INDEXED organization, an attempt was made to transmit a keyed record to a data set that already held a record with the same key. In the case of a data set with REGIONAL(1) or REGIONAL(2) organization that was being created sequentially, an attempt was made to transmit a record to a region that already contains a record. The ONCODE associated with this message is 52.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either check the validity of the data that is being processed before running the program or use the program to check the data. Use of the ONKEY built-in function in a KEY ON-unit can aid in identifying an erroneous key, correcting it, and allowing processing to continue normally.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM052

IBM0163S	ONCODE=oncode-value The KEY condition was raised because the specified key was less than the value of the previous key (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

A key with a value that was less than the value of the preceding key was detected during the creation or extension of an INDEXED or REGIONAL SEQUENTIAL data set. The ONCODE associated with this message is 53.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the records written onto an INDEXED or REGIONAL data set that is being created or extended are in the correct ascending key sequence order. Also, use a KEY ON-unit to comment on the error and, where possible, allow processing to continue normally.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM053

IBM0164S

ONCODE=oncode-value The KEY condition was raised because the specified key could not be converted to valid data (*FILE=* or *ONFILE= file-name*).

Explanation

A WRITE, READ, REWRITE, DELETE or LOCATE statement for a REGIONAL data set specified a key with an invalid character-string value. Invalid values consist entirely of blanks, contain characters other than 0-9, or have blank as part of the region number. The ONCODE associated with this message is 54.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the key is in the correct format. If necessary, use the ONKEY built-in function in a KEY ON-unit to identify the erroneous key. The ON-unit can be used to report any such errors and allow processing to continue. Records associated with the erroneous keys can be transmitted in a subsequent run if the keys have been corrected.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM054

IBM0165S	ONCODE=oncode-value The KEY condition was raised because the specified key was invalid (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

For an INDEXED data set, either the KEY or the KEYFROM expression was a null string or an attempt was made to rewrite a record with the embedded key of the replacement record not equal to the record to be overwritten. For a REGIONAL data set, the key specified was a null string or a string commencing with '11111111'B. The ONCODE associated with this message is 55.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Refer to the steps for message IBM0165.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM055

IBM0166S	ONCODE=oncode-value The KEY condition was raised because the key specifies a position outside the Regional data set (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

A WRITE, READ, REWRITE or DELETE statement specified a key whose relative record or track value exceeded the number of records or tracks respectively for the REGIONAL data set. The ONCODE associated with this message is 56.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Refer to the steps for message IBM0164.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM056

IBM0167S	ONCODE=oncode-value The KEY condition was raised because space was not available to add a keyed record (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

For a SEQUENTIAL file associated with an INDEXED data set, an attempt was made to write or locate a record during the creation or extension of such a data set when the space allocated to the data set was full. For a DIRECT file associated with an INDEXED data set, space in overflow areas was unable to accept the overflow record. This was caused by the insertion of a new record by a WRITE statement. For a DIRECT file associated with a REGIONAL data set, space was unavailable to add the record in the specified limit of search as specified in the LIMCT subparameter of the DCB parameter. Note that the data set is not necessarily full. The ONCODE associated with this message is 57.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the ONKEY built-in function to identify the key value that caused the error. If the key is in error, correct it and continue the job from the point reached when the error occurred. If the key is correct, organize the data set so the rejected record can be accessed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM057

IBM0168S	ONCODE=oncode-value The KEY condition was raised because the KEYFROM value was outside the KEYRANGE(s) defined for the data set (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

A WRITE or LOCATE statement specified a key with a value outside the key ranges defined for the data set (VSAM KSDS). The ONCODE associated with this message is 58.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the ONKEY built-in function to identify the key value that caused the error and correct the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM058

IBM0180S	ONCODE=oncode-value The ENDFILE condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the ENDFILE condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 70.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the ENDFILE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM05K

IBM0181S	ONCODE=oncode-value The ENDFILE condition was raised (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The end of an input file was detected. The ONCODE associated with this message is 70.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Include an ON-unit for the ENDFILE condition for each input file in the program to handle the end-of-file processing.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM05L

IBM0182S	ONCODE=oncode-value The ENDFILE condition was raised because an end-of-file was previously encountered in STREAM input (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ENDFILE condition was raised when the file mark was encountered but an attempt was made to read beyond the end of the file. Either an ENDFILE ON-unit was run and an attempt was made to read the file or the end-of-file mark was encountered between items in the data list of the current GET statement. The ONCODE associated with this message is 70.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the program contains an ENDFILE ON-unit, ensure the program does not attempt to read the file after the ENDFILE condition is raised. If the error occurred while a GET statement with two or more items in the data list is running, ensure the GET statement can complete by providing sufficient data items before the end-of-file mark is encountered.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM05M

IBM0190W	The ENDPAGE condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the ENDPAGE condition. The message for this condition is never issued by PL/I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM05U

IBM0191W	The ENDPAGE condition was raised.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A PUT statement resulted in an attempt to start a new line beyond the limit specified for the current page. The message for this condition is never issued by PL/I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM05V

IBM0195W	The PENDING condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the PENDING condition. The message for this condition is never issued by PL/I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM063

IBM0196W	The PENDING condition was raised.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to read a record for a TRANSIENT INPUT file that was temporarily unavailable. The message for this condition is never issued by PL/I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM064

IBM0200S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the UNDEFINEDFILE condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 80.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the UNDEFINEDFILE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM068

IBM0201S	ONCODE=81 The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because of conflicting DECLARE and OPEN
-----------------	---

attributes (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).

Explanation

An attribute in an OPEN statement conflicted with an attribute in a DECLARE statement. The attributes may have been written explicitly or implied by other attributes. For example, DIRECT implies KEYED. Also, some RECORD input/output statements imply file attributes in an implicit OPEN statement. For example, LOCATE implies RECORD OUTPUT BUFFERED SEQUENTIAL. Conflicting attributes are:

BACKWARDS

STREAM, OUTPUT/UPDATE, DIRECT, KEYED, EXCLUSIVE, PRINT, TRANSIENT

BUFFERED

STREAM, UNBUFFERED, PRINT

DIRECT

STREAM, SEQUENTIAL, BACKWARDS, PRINT, TRANSIENT

EXCLUSIVE

STREAM, INPUT/OUTPUT, SEQUENTIAL, BACKWARDS, PRINT, TRANSIENT

INPUT

OUTPUT/UPDATE, EXCLUSIVE, PRINT

KEYED

STREAM, BACKWARDS, PRINT

OUTPUT

INPUT/UPDATE, EXCLUSIVE, BACKWARDS

PRINT

RECORD, INPUT/UPDATE, DIRECT/SEQUENTIAL, BUFFERED/UNBUFFERED, KEYED, EXCLUSIVE, BACKWARDS, TRANSIENT

RECORD

STREAM, PRINT

SEQUENTIAL

STREAM, DIRECT, EXCLUSIVE, PRINT, TRANSIENT

STREAM

RECORD, UPDATE, DIRECT/SEQUENTIAL, BUFFERED/UNBUFFERED, KEYED, EXCLUSIVE, BACKWARDS, TRANSIENT

TRANSIENT

STREAM, UPDATE, DIRECT/SEQUENTIAL, EXCLUSIVE, BACKWARDS, PRINT

UNBUFFERED

STREAM, BUFFERED, PRINT

UPDATE

STREAM, INPUT/OUTPUT, BACKWARDS, PRINT, TRANSIENT

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the attributes specified on the DECLARE statement are compatible with the attributes specified on the OPEN statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM069

IBM0202S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the device type conflicted with file attributes (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

A conflict between the device type and the file attributes was detected. For example, a file with the UPDATE attribute cannot be associated with a paper tape reader, a printer, or a magnetic-tape device. The ONCODE associated with this message is 82.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the device type and the file attributes are compatible.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06A

IBM0203S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the BLOCKSIZE was not specified (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The blocksize for an output file was not specified. For an output file, the blocksize must be specified in either the ENVIRONMENT attribute or in the DCB parameter of the DD statement or CMS FILEDEF. The ONCODE associated with this message is 83.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

For output files, ensure the block size is specified. For input files, ensure the block size is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06B

IBM0204S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because a DD statement or CMS FILEDEF was not used in (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The job stream for a file did not contain either a DD statement or a CMS FILEDEF. The job stream must contain a DD statement or a CMS FILEDEF with a ddname that is either the name of the file (if the TITLE option is not specified) or the name provided by the TITLE option. The ONCODE associated with this message is 84.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Specify a DD statement or CMS FILEDEF to associate the file with a physical data set.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06C

IBM0205S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because of an I/O error - the Regional data set could not be formatted (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

An I/O error prevented the data set from being formatted correctly. When a REGIONAL data set is opened for direct output, data management routines format the data set into specified regions by writing dummy or control records into the data set.

```
TF: PROC;  
OPEN FILE(F) DIRECT OUTPUT;  
END;
```

The ONCODE associated with this message is 85.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the problem recurs, have the direct access device or storage medium checked by a customer engineer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06D

IBM0206S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because a LINESIZE or PAGESIZE argument was outside the defined limits (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The implementation-defined maximum or minimum for the LINESIZE option of the ENVIRONMENT attribute was exceeded. For F-format and U-format records, the maximum is 32,759. For V-format records, the maximum is 32,751. When using MSGFILE(SYSPRINT), the maximum is 255. The minimum for V- and F-format records is 1. The minimum for V-format PRINT files is 9. The minimum for V-format non-PRINT files is 10. The ONCODE associated with this message is 86.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the argument to the LINESIZE option is within the prescribed limits. If the argument is a variable, verify it is a FIXED BINARY (31,0) STATIC variable that was correctly initialized before the file was opened.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06E

IBM0207S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the key length was not specified (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

A key length was not specified in either the ENVIRONMENT attribute or the DCB parameter of the associated DD statement.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Specify the key length and rerun the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06F

IBM0208S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the wrong BLOCKSIZE or record length was specified (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions was detected:

1. Block size was less than record length.
2. For FB-format records, block size was not a multiple of record length.
3. For VS-format and VBS-format consecutive files:
 - LRECL=X was specified but RECSIZE was not specified or was invalid in the ENVIRONMENT attribute.
 - The file was opened for update with a specified logical record size exceeding 32,756.
4. For VS-format REGIONAL(3) files, logical record size was greater than block size minus four.
5. FUNC=EO was specified with a record length not equal to 80 or FUNC=CO was specified with a record size not equal to 160.
6. Column binary was specified with a record length not equal to 160 on an output file.
7. FUNC=I (punch interpret) was specified with a record length not equal to 80 (or 81 if control characters are in use).

The ONCODE associated with this message is 87.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

The numbered responses below apply to the correspondingly numbered explanations above:

1. Check the block size and record length specified in the BLKSIZE and RECSIZE options of

the ENVIRONMENT attribute. If LINESIZE was specified, ensure it is compatible with BLKSIZE.

2. If the argument of either option is a variable, ensure it is FIXED BINARY(31,0) STATIC and has been initialized.
3. To correct this error:
 - a. Specify a record size in the ENVIRONMENT attribute or correct its value.
 - b. Specify a record size less than 32,757.
4. Specify a record size less than or equal to the block size minus four.
5. If FUNC=EO is specified, ensure the record length is 80. If FUNC=CO is specified, ensure the record length is 160.
6. Ensure the record length is 160 when column binary is specified.
7. If FUNC=I is specified, ensure the record length is 80.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06G

IBM0209S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because of conflicting attributes and file organization specifications (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The file organization conflicted with one or more explicit or implicit file attributes. Refer to the table below for a list of possible conflicts.

Table 5. File Organization and Conflicting Attributes

Organization	Conflicting Attributes
CONSECUTIVE	DIRECT, EXCLUSIVE, KEYED, TRANSIENT
INDEXED	STREAM, TRANSIENT, DIRECT OUTPUT, OUTPUT without KEYED
REGIONAL	STREAM, TRANSIENT, OUTPUT without KEYED
TP	Non-TRANSIENT
VSAM	STREAM, TRANSIENT, BACKWARDS, DIRECT OUTPUT, OUTPUT without KEYED(KSDS), KEYED(ESDS), DIRECT(ESDS), REUSE for other than OUTPUT file, DIRECT with NON-UNIQUE INDEXES
None	KEYED, TRANSIENT

The ONCODE associated with this message is 82.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the file attributes are compatible with the file organization.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06H

IBM0210S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the record format was invalid for this file organization (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The following combinations of file organization and record format are valid:

Organization

Record Format

CONSECUTIVE BUFFERED

All

CONSECUTIVE UNBUFFERED

F, FS, V, D, U

HFS

F, FB with FILEDATA=TEXT or FILEDATA=BINARY
V, VB with FILEDATA=TEXT

INDEXED

F, FB, V, VB

REGIONAL(1)

F

REGIONAL(2)

F

REGIONAL(3)

F, V, VS, U

TP(M), TP(R)

None

The ONCODE associated with this message is 87.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Change the file declaration so the record format is compatible with the file organization.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06I

IBM0211S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the record format was not specified (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The record format was not specified. A record format must be supplied for a file with the RECORD attribute in either the ENVIRONMENT attribute or in the data set label. The ONCODE associated with this message is 83.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to include the record format for the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06J

IBM0212S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the KEYLENGTH was negative or greater than 255 (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The KEYLENGTH option of the ENVIRONMENT attribute for this file had an invalid key length greater than 255 or less than zero.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Check the argument of the KEYLENGTH option to ensure it is either a constant or a variable with the attributes FIXED BINARY (31,0) STATIC and value between zero and 255 when the file is opened. If the argument is a variable, ensure it is correctly initialized.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06K

IBM0213S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because an invalid KEYLOC value was detected (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions was detected:

1. The offset of the key within a record was invalid. The sum of the KEYLOC value and the key length was greater than the record length.
2. For blocked ISAM files, either KEYLOC was not specified or KEYLOC(0) was specified. Both are invalid.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

The two numbered responses below apply to the numbered explanations above.

1. Check the value of the argument to the KEYLOC option. If the argument is a variable, check that it is FIXED BINARY (31,0) STATIC and that it has been correctly initialized.
2. Specify a KEYLOC value that is greater than zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06L

IBM0214S	ONCODE=oncode-value. The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because of conflicting or invalid environment options <i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

There were conflicting environment options.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure all environment options for the file are compatible. If there are invalid environment options specified, remove or correct them.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06M

IBM0215S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because an invalid BUFOFF value was detected (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name). ASCII input data set are in the range 0 thru 99.
-----------------	---

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the value specified in the BUFOFF option is within the range of valid values. If the argument is a variable, also ensure it is correctly initialized.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06N

IBM0219S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the MODE or FUNC option conflicts with the file attribute (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The MODE or FUNC DCB subparameter conflicted with a file attribute. Refer to [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#) for details of possible conflicts.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the conflicting file attribute, or replace it with one that is compatible with the MODE or FUNC option values. For more information on the MODE and FUNC subparameters of the DCB parameter, refer to [z/OS MVS JCL User's Guide](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06R

IBM0220S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the MODE or FUNC option conflicted with the record format (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

OMR or RCE files, IBM 3525 print files, and IBM 3525 associated files can be F-format only. The ONCODE associated with this message is 88.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the MODE or FUNC option value is compatible with the record format of the file. For more information on the MODE and FUNC subparameters of the DCB parameter, refer to the [z/OS MVS JCL User's Guide](#)

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06S

IBM0221S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the device type conflicted with the MODE option (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

OMR can be used only on an IBM 3505 and RCE on an IBM 3525 device. The ONCODE associated with this message is 88.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the device type and the MODE option value is compatible.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06T

IBM0222S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the TOTAL option is invalid with an OMR or associated file (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Either the OMR (MODE=EO or MODE=CO) was specified on a file with the TOTAL option, or a device association was specified on a file with the TOTAL option. The ONCODE associated with this message is 88.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the TOTAL option or modify the MODE option so it is compatible with a file with the TOTAL option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06U

IBM0223S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because of a conflict between the MODE and FUNC options (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Refer to *z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide* for details of possible conflicts. The ONCODE associated with this message is 88.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the values specified for the MODE and FUNC options are compatible. For more information, refer to *z/OS MVS JCL User's Guide*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM06V

IBM0225S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the value of the ENV option conflicted with the actual data set value (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

For VSAM data sets, the values of KEYLOC, KEYLENGTH and RECSIZE are specified when the data set is defined. If values are specified on any file declarations, they must match the defined values.

For non-VSAM data sets, the attributes specified in the environment option (such as RECSIZE and BLOCKSIZE) must match those of the actual physical data set.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 91.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

For VSAM data sets, ensure the values of KEYLOC, KEYLENGTH and RECSIZE specified in the program match the defined values. For non-VSAM data sets, ensure the specified values in the environment option match those of the actual physical data set.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM071

IBM0226S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the NCP or STRNO value was not 1 (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

Either an NCP value greater than one was specified in the ENV attribute or a STRNO value greater than one was specified in the AMP parameter in the DD statement. For VSAM files, only one outstanding operation is allowed. An operation with the EVENT option must be processed before another operation is started.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the NCP or STRNO value for a VSAM file is one if the EVENT option is involved, or modify the program to use operations without the EVENT option to allow concurrent operations on the data set.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM072

IBM0227S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the TOTAL option is invalid for ESDS (<i>FILE=</i> or <i>ONFILE=</i> file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specification of TOTAL can cause the compiler to generate in-line code for I/O statements for

CONSECUTIVE files. If the data set to be accessed is a VSAM Entry Sequenced Data set (ESDS) this code is invalid. The ONCODE associated with this message is 91.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the TOTAL option from the file declaration.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM073

IBM0228S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the password was invalid or was not specified (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

For VSAM data sets defined with a password, ENV (PASSWORD) and the password must be specified in the file declaration. If the password is incorrect or is not specified, a number of attempts will be given to specify the correct password. The number of retries allowed is specified when the data set is defined. If these attempts fail, UNDEFINEDFILE is raised.

Note: If the Authorized Program Facility (APF) is being used, the load module must be authorized.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 89.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to include the ENV (PASSWORD) option and the correct password in the file declaration.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM074

IBM0229S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because an entry was not in the VSAM catalog for data set (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ENV(VSAM) was specified for a file, but the data set was not converted from ISAM to VSAM. Before using a VSAM data set, a catalog entry must be created and space allocated for the data set using the access method services DEFINE command. The catalog containing the data set must be specified in a JOBCAT or STEPCAT DD statement (unless it is the master catalog). The ONCODE associated with this message is 92.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the data set is catalogued and the right catalog is accessed. Also, ensure the data set is a valid VSAM data set.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM075

IBM0230S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because of an I/O error reading the catalog or the volume label (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

An I/O error prevented the reading of a VSAM catalog or a volume label. The ONCODE associated with this message is 92.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Consult with the system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM076

IBM0231S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because a timestamp mismatch was detected (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

For VSAM data sets, the index and data can be updated separately and the time of the latest update of each is recorded. If these times do not match, the integrity of the data is uncertain and an OPEN error will occur. Similarly, the timestamp in the data set catalog record might not match the timestamp on the volume containing the data set. This indicates the extent information in the catalog record might not agree with the extents indicated in the VTOC for the volume. Message IEC161 is displayed on the operator's console and will provide more detail. The ONCODE associated with this message is 92.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job. If the error recurs after resubmitting the job, use PLIDUMP to obtain a storage dump and save all the relevant information for study by IBM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM077

IBM0232S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the requested data set was not available (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The data set to be accessed either does not exist or was already being used by another program and could not be shared. Refer to [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#) for further information.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Refer to [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#) for more information on sharing data sets.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM078

IBM0233S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the data set was
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not properly closed (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).

Explanation

The last time the data set was opened the close operation failed, leaving the data set in an unusable state. The ONCODE associated with this message is 92.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the access method services VERIFY command to restore the data set to a usable state. Refer to the MVS/DFP Access Method Services manual for details.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM079

IBM0234S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the data set was never loaded (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

A file can not be opened for INPUT or UPDATE to access a VSAM data set until one or more records have been loaded into the data set using a SEQUENTIAL OUTPUT file. Once records are loaded into the data set, records can be added using a DIRECT UPDATE file even after all records have been deleted from the data set. The ONCODE associated with this message is 82.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Load the empty data set first. Then proceed with further update/input/delete activity.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07A

IBM0235S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because of an unidentified error during VSAM open (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name). Subcode1=sc1 Subcode2=sc2
-----------------	---

Explanation

The VSAM routines detected an error during the open process which PL/I did not recognize. Subcode1 and Subcode2 provide detailed VSAM diagnostic information. See message IBM0811S for an explanation of these fields. VSAM message IEC161 will also be displayed on the operator's console and will provide more detail.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the VSAM diagnostic messages to correct the cause of the error and resubmit the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07B

IBM0236S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the operating system was unable to OPEN the file Subcode1= sc1 Subcode2=sc2 (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The operating system or access method encountered an error during the open process. Subcode1 indicates why the file could not be opened. Subcode2, if not zero, indicates the return code (in hexadecimal) given by the operating system or access method. Subcode2 information is mainly used by IBM support when diagnosing problems. The meaning of the Subcode1 values are as follows:

- 50 - A non-existent ISAM file is being opened for input.
- 51 - An unexpected error occurred when opening an ISAM file. Subcode2 gives the return code from ISAM.
- 52, 53 - An unexpected error occurred when opening a native or REGIONAL(1) file.
- 54 - A non-existent BTRIEVE file is being opened for input.
- 55 - An unexpected error occurred when opening a BTRIEVE file. Subcode2 gives the return code from BTRIEVE.
- 56 - An unexpected error occurred when opening a DDM file.

- 57,58 - An unexpected error occurred when opening a DDM sequential, DDM relative or DDM indexed file. Subcode2 gives the return code from DDM.
- 59 - An attempt was made to open a file that was already open.
- 60 - A file of invalid type is being opened. An example of this is opening a VSAM file under UNIX System Services. VSAM files are not supported under UNIX System Services.
- 66 - Open of a VSAM file failed. Subcode2 gives the feedback code.
- 125 - A parsing error occurred during processing of the DD(ddname(membername)) TITLE option.
- 126 - The DD(ddname(membername)) TITLE option is only supported in 64-bit mode.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 93.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

For Subcodes 50 and 54, ensure the input file exists. For Subcode 60, ensure the file being opened has a file type that is supported by the operating system under which the program is being run. For Subcode 125, check the syntax of the DD(ddname(membername)) TITLE option. For all the other subcodes, call IBM Support for assistance.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07C

IBM0241S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the REUSE option was specified for a non-reusable data set (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The ENVIRONMENT option REUSE can only be specified with VSAM data sets which have been defined as reusable during their creation by access method services. The ONCODE associated with this message is 94.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the REUSE option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07H

IBM0242S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the alternate index path was empty (<i>FILE= or ONFILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

An alternate index can be emptied by having all of its pointers deleted. An empty alternate index cannot be opened. The ONCODE associated with this message is 95.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the index is defined before it is built and the right alternate index is used.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07I

IBM0243S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because an attempt to position the file at the last record failed (<i>FILE= or ONFILE= file-name</i>). Subcode1= <i>sc1</i> Subcode2= <i>sc2</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

When the ENVIRONMENT option BKWD is specified for a file open, the file must be positioned at the last record. If an attempt to position at the last record fails, the file is closed and the UNDEFINEDFILE condition is raised with this message. Subcode1 and Subcode2 provide detailed VSAM diagnostic information. See message IBM0811S for an explanation of these fields. This message is also issued if the data set only consists of deleted records. For this case, the subcodes are zero.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the VSAM diagnostic information to correct the cause of the error and resubmit the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07J

IBM0250S	ONCODE= oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the data set or path was not found (<i>FILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specified data set or path name could not be found during dynamic allocation processing for the file. The ONCODE associated with this message is 110.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the name of the data set or path.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07Q

IBM0251S	ONCODE= oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because an invalid keyword <i>keyword</i> was found at position <i>position</i> in environment variable <i>environment-variable</i> (<i>FILE= file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid keyword was encountered in the environment variable string during dynamic allocation processing for the file. The ONCODE associated with this message is 111.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove or correct the invalid keyword from the environment variable. Ensure that the DSN or PATH keyword is specified first in the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07R

IBM0252S	ONCODE= <i>oncode-value</i> The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because keyword <i>keyword1</i> was found at position <i>position</i> in environment variable <i>environment-variable</i> and is mutually exclusive with keyword <i>keyword2</i> (FILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

Conflicting keywords were detected during dynamic allocation processing for the file. The ONCODE associated with this message is 112.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove one of the conflicting keywords from the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07S

IBM0253S	ONCODE= <i>oncode-value</i> The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because an invalid delimiter was found at position <i>position</i> in environment variable <i>environment-variable</i> (FILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	---

Explanation

A bad delimiter was detected during dynamic allocation processing for the file. The ONCODE associated with this message is 113.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the identified delimiter in the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07T

IBM0255S

ONCODE= <i>oncode-value</i> The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because temporary data set names cannot be used for dynamic allocation in environment variable <i>environment-variable</i> (FILE= <i>file-name</i>).

Explanation

The DSN parameter of the environment variable specified a temporary data set name, which is not supported for dynamic allocation. The ONCODE associated with this message is 115.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Change the DSN parameter in the specified environment variable to specify a permanent data set name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM07V

IBM0256S	ONCODE= <i>oncode-value</i> The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because an absolute path name was not specified in environment variable <i>environment-variable</i> (FILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PATH parameter of the environment variable did not specify an absolute path name. Only absolute path names are supported. The ONCODE associated with this message is 116.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Change the PATH parameter in the specified environment variable to specify an absolute path name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM080

IBM0257S	ONCODE= <i>oncode-value</i> The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was
-----------------	--

raised because the environment variable *environment-variable* contains an invalid data set name (**FILE=** *file-name*).

Explanation

The data set name specified in the DSN keyword of the environment variable was invalid. The ONCODE associated with this message is 117.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the data set name in the DSN keyword of the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM081

IBM0258S	ONCODE= <i>oncode-value</i> The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the environment variable <i>environment-variable</i> contains an invalid member name (FILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The member name specified in the DSN keyword of the environment variable was invalid. The ONCODE associated with this message is 118.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the member name in the DSN keyword of the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM082

IBM0259S	ONCODE= <i>oncode-value</i> The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the environment variable <i>environment-variable</i> contains an invalid path name (FILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The path name specified in the PATH keyword of the environment variable was invalid. The ONCODE associated with this message is 119.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the path name in the PATH keyword of the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM083

IBM0260S	ONCODE= <i>oncode-value</i> The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because of an incorrect environment variable (FILE= or ONFILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Either the DD environment variable defining the characteristics of the data set or the name in the TITLE option of the OPEN statement was entered incorrectly, contained an invalid option, or was too long. The ONCODE associated with this message is 96.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the SET DD command (OS/2 and Windows), the export DD command (AIX® and UNIX System Services), or the filespec in the TITLE option of the OPEN statement and then rerun your program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM084

IBM0265S	ONCODE= <i>oncode-value</i> . The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the file could not be opened Subcode1= <i>sc1</i> Subcode2= <i>sc2</i> (FILE= or ONFILE= <i>file-name</i>).
-----------------	--

Explanation

The file could not be opened. Subcode1 indicates why the file could not be opened and Subcode2, if not zero,

indicates the return code (in hexadecimal) given by the operating system or DDM. Subcode2 information is mainly used by IBM support when diagnosing problems. The meaning of the Subcode1 values are as follows:

Subcode 1 value	Meaning
1, 2	No RECCOUNT or RECSIZE values were given via the ENVIRONMENT option or the set DD or export DD environment variable.
3	A positioning error occurred for a sequential output file.
4	TYPE(FIXED) was specified for a native file, but the file size was not a multiple of RECSIZE.
5, 13	A positioning error occurred for a regional(1) file.
6 - 12	A positioning error occurred for an output file.
21 - 23	AMTHD(DDM) was specified on the DD environment variable but the DDM loadable component (DUBRUN and DUBLDM on OS/2, or PLI_DDM on AIX) could not be found or could not be accessed on the system.
24	Incorrect extended attribute existed on a DDM file.
25	The ORGANIZATION option of the ENVIRONMENT attribute conflicted with the type of data set (DDM or native).
26	Conflicts exist with the way the file is being used.
27	A composite key was detected with a keyed-opening. Composite keys are acceptable only for non-keyed openings.
28 - 30	A new DDM file could not be created.
31	A positioning error occurred for a DDM file.
35	AMTHD(BTRIEVE) was specified on the DD environment variable but the BTRIEVE loadable component (BTRCALLS) could not be found or could not be accessed on the system.
36	Unexpected error occurred when opening a BTRIEVE file.
37	A new BTRIEVE file could not be created.

Subcode 1 value	Meaning
38	A positioning error occurred for a BTRIEVE file.
40	AMTHD(ISAM) was specified on the DD environment variable but the ISAM non-multithreading loadable components(IBMOS20F and IBMOS20G on OS/2, or IBMWS20F and IBMWS20G on Windows) or the ISAM multithreading loadable components(IBMOM20F and IBMOM20G on OS/2, or IBMWM20F and IBMWM20G on Windows) could not be found or could not be accessed on the system.
41	Unexpected error occurred when opening an ISAM file.
42	A new ISAM file could not be created.
43	A positioning error occurred for an ISAM file.
62	Query for file information failed for a VSAM file under MVS batch.
63	A non-VSAM file is being opened as a VSAM file under MVS batch.
64	A VSAM file is being opened with an invalid type (that is, the file is not a KSDS, ESDS, or RRDS file).
65	A VSAM file is being opened in a non-MVS batch environment. VSAM files are only supported under MVS batch.
67	A VSAM file is being opened as a non-VSAM file under MVS batch.
68	An invalid VSAM file is opened.
69	Query for file information failed for a native file under MVS batch.
70	Positioning for a VSAM file failed.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 99.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Re-issue the DD environment variable and use the information to correct the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM089

IBM0269S	ONCODE=oncode-value. The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the file function conflicted with the DDM data set definition (FILE= or ONFILE= file_name).
-----------------	--

Explanation

A conflict existed between the I/O functions intended for the file and the functions allowed on the data set. One of the following was detected when attempting to open a file to be accessed by the DDM access method:

- The file was being opened for INPUT but the data set was not **get capable**
- The file was being opened for UPDATE, but the data set was not **insert capable, get capable, modify capable, or delete capable**
- The file was being opened for OUTPUT, but the data set was not **insert capable**

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the correct data set is being referenced and the data set is re-created with an appropriate set of capabilities.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM08D

IBM0270S	ONCODE= oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the dynamic allocation failed for ddname ddname Error code = error-code Reason code = reason-code Error info = error-info Return code = dynalloc-rc (FILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred during the dynamic allocation phase for the file associated with the ddname. The ONCODE associated with this message is 120.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

See the JOBLLOG output for any additional messages from data management explaining the error. For additional information about the error codes, see the topic about interpreting DYNALLOC return codes in [z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM08E

IBM0271S	ONCODE= oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the dynamic deallocation failed for ddname ddname Error code = error-code Reason code = reason-code Error info = error-info Return code = dynalloc-rc (FILE= file-name).
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to dynamically deallocate the file associated with the ddname. The ONCODE associated with this message is 121.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

See the JOBLLOG output for any additional messages from data management explaining the error. For additional information about the error codes, see the topic about interpreting DYNALLOC return codes in [z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM08F

IBM0280S	The ERROR condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the ERROR condition.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the ERROR condition in the program that transfers control out of the ON-unit with a GO TO statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM080

IBM0281S	A prior condition was promoted to the ERROR condition.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This condition was raised by PL/I because the implicit action occurred for a PL/I condition that includes raising the ERROR condition as part of its implicit action.

The message for this condition is never issued, but it can appear in a dump. Note that the message for the prior condition was issued.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Investigate the prior condition that led to the ERROR condition. Remove the cause of that condition, or include an ON-unit for that condition or an ON-unit for the ERROR condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM08P

IBM0290S	ONCODE=oncode-value. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion from PICTURE format contained an invalid character.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid character was detected in a picture string that was being converted to an arithmetic data type.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the error is in the conversion of a PL/I source program constant or in the conversion of a picture character string while the program is running, correct

the source program, recompile it, and rerun the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM092

IBM0291S	ONCODE=oncode-value. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion from PICTURE format contained an invalid character on input or output.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A picture character which was invalid for conversion to an arithmetic form was detected in one of the following:

- An arithmetic constant in a list-directed or data-directed item
- A picture character constant being converted to an arithmetic form in a list-directed or data-directed item
- A PICTURE format input field being converted to an arithmetic form

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Include a suitable ON-unit in the program to monitor errors in the input data that are revealed by the CONVERSION condition. Use the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR built-in functions to identify the error, and the ONSOURCE and ONCHAR pseudovariables to assign a valid numeric value so the program can continue running normally. Otherwise, ensure all input is in the correct format before running the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM093

IBM0292S	ONCODE=oncode-value. The CONVERSION condition was raised because a conversion from PICTURE format contained an invalid character on input or output after the TRANSMIT condition was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A picture character which was invalid for conversion to an arithmetic form was detected in one of the following:

- An arithmetic constant in a list-directed or data-directed item
- A picture character constant being converted to an arithmetic form in a list-directed or data-directed item
- A PICTURE format input field being converted to an arithmetic form

A transmission error also occurred and may have caused the conversion error.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the transmission error. If the conversion error recurs after the transmission error is corrected, refer to the steps for message IBM0291.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM094

IBM0300S	ONCODE=320 The ZERODIVIDE condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the ZERODIVIDE condition for which there was no associated ON-unit.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the ZERODIVIDE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM09C

IBM0301S	ONCODE=oncode-value The ZERODIVIDE condition was raised.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program attempted to execute a statement in which a value of zero was used as the divisor in a division operation. Alternatively, an overflow occurred during a convert to binary operation.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either check the data that could produce a zero divisor (or overflow, if doing a convert to binary operation) before running the program or include an ON-unit for the ZERODIVIDE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM09D

IBM0320W	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDERFLOW condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the UNDERFLOW condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 330.

System action

Execution continues with the next sequential statement.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the UNDERFLOW condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0A0

IBM0321W	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDERFLOW condition was raised.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The magnitude of a floating-point number was smaller than the allowed minimum.

System action

Execution continues from the point at which the condition was raised.

Programmer response

Either modify the program so that the magnitude of the floating-point number is higher than the minimum allowed, or include an ON-unit for the UNDERFLOW condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0A1

IBM0330W	The ATTENTION condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the ATTENTION condition. The message for this condition is never issued by PL/I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0AA

IBM0340S	ONCODE=oncode-value The SIZE condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the SIZE condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 340.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the SIZE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0AK

IBM0341S	ONCODE=oncode-value The SIZE condition was raised in an I/O statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The high-order (leftmost) significant binary or decimal digits were lost in an input/output operation where the size of the value being transmitted exceeded the declared (or default) size of the data item. The ONCODE associated with this message is 341.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either modify the program so that the data item is large enough for the value being transmitted or include an ON-unit for the SIZE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0AL

IBM0342S	ONCODE=oncode-value The SIZE condition was raised.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The high-order (leftmost) significant binary or decimal digits were lost in an assignment to a variable or temporary variable where the size of the value being assigned exceeded the declared (or default) size of the data item. The ONCODE associated with this message is 341.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either modify the program so that the data item is large enough for the value being assigned to it or include an ON-unit for the SIZE condition to allow processing to continue when the SIZE condition is raised.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0AM

IBM0343S	ONCODE=oncode-value The SIZE condition was raised because the <i>source-attributes</i> source value <i>source-value</i> was too large to be assigned to the <i>target-attributes</i> target.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The attempt to assign the specified value to the target would cause significant digits to be lost. The ONCODE associated with this message is 342.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either modify the program so that the data item is large enough for the value being assigned to it or include an ON-unit for the SIZE condition to allow processing to continue when the SIZE condition is raised.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0AN

IBM0344S	ONCODE=oncode-value The SIZE condition was raised because the source in an assignment to an UNSIGNED FIXED BIN was negative.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The source in an assignment to an UNSIGNED FIXED BIN should be greater than or equal to zero. The ONCODE associated with this message is 343.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either modify the program so that the data item is large enough for the value being assigned to it or include an ON-unit for the SIZE condition to allow processing to continue when the SIZE condition is raised.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0AO

IBM0360W	ONCODE=oncode-value The STRINGRANGE condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the STRINGRANGE condition for which there was no

associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 350.

System action

Execution continues with the next sequential statement.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the STRINGRANGE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0B8

IBM0361W	ONCODE=oncode-value The STRINGRANGE condition was raised.
-----------------	--

Explanation

In the expression SUBSTR(S,I,J), the substring represented by starting position I for a length of J does not lie wholly within the string S.

System action

Execution continues with a revised SUBSTR reference. Refer to the Language Reference Manual for details regarding the value of the revised SUBSTR reference.

Programmer response

Ensure that the values used for I and J are neither less than nor greater than the length of S.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0B9

IBM0365W	The FINISH condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the FINISH condition. The message for this condition is never issued by PL/I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0BD

IBM0366S	The FINISH condition was raised during a STOP statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a STOP statement which caused the FINISH condition to be raised. The message for this condition is never issued by PL/I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0BE

IBM0367S	The FINISH condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise during an EXIT statement which caused the FINISH condition to be raised. The message for this condition is never issued by PL/I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0BF

IBM0368W	The FINISH condition was raised due to a RETURN or END statement in the main procedure.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program completed normally, and as a result the FINISH condition was raised. The message for this condition is never issued by PL/I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0BG

IBM0369S	The FINISH condition was raised after the ERROR condition.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The FINISH condition was raised as the normal return action or implicit action for the ERROR condition. The message for this condition is never issued by PL/I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0BH

IBM0380S	ONCODE=oncode-value The AREA condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the AREA condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 362.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the AREA condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0BS

IBM0381S	ONCODE=oncode-value The AREA condition was raised because the target area was too small for the AREA assignment.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In an assignment of an area variable, the current extent of the area on the right-hand side of the assignment statement was greater than the size of the area to which it was to be assigned. The ONCODE associated with this message is 361.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to ensure that the target area is large enough to contain the source area.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0BT

IBM0382S	ONCODE=oncode-value The AREA condition was raised because of insufficient contiguous space in the area for allocation.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Insufficient space was available in the specified area for the allocation. The ONCODE associated with this message is 360.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Provide an ON-unit to allow the allocation to be tried again. If necessary, change the value of the pointer qualifying the reference to the inadequate area so that it points to another area in which the allocation can be tried again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0BU

IBM0400W	ONCODE=oncode-value The CONDITION condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement and the condition <i>condition-name</i> was signaled.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the CONDITION condition for which there was no

associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 500.

System action

Execution continues with the next sequential statement.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the CONDITION condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0CG

IBM0420S	ONCODE=oncode-value The SUBSCRIPTRANGE condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the SUBSCRIPTRANGE condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 520.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the SUBSCRIPTRANGE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0D4

IBM0421S	ONCODE=oncode-value. The SUBSCRIPTRANGE condition was raised.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An array subscript exceeded the declared bound for the array.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

In order to ensure that the program can continue processing after encountering a subscript range error,

include an ON-unit for this condition which runs a GOTO statement to the appropriate place in the program. Also, recompile the program. Normal return from a SUBSCRIPTRANGE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the error condition. Note that array handling operations are made slower when SUBSCRIPTRANGE is enabled.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOD5

IBM0422S	ONCODE=oncode-value. The SUBSCRIPTRANGE condition was raised because the subscript value <i>subscript</i> was outside the bounds <i>lbound,hbound</i> for array <i>array_name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The indicated array subscript was outside the listed bounds for an array. The ONCODE associated with this message is 521.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

In order to ensure that the program can continue processing after encountering a subscriptrange error, include an ON-unit for this condition which runs a GOTO statement to the appropriate place in the program. Also, recompile the program. Normal return from a SUBSCRIPTRANGE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the error condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOD6

IBM0430S	ONCODE=oncode-value. The ASSERTION condition was raised by a SIGNAL statment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the ASSERTION condition for which there was no associated ON-unit.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 430.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify your program to use the built-in function correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMODE

IBM0431S	ONCODE=oncode-value. An ASSERT statement failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An ASSERT TRUE or ASSERT FALSE statement failed.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 431.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to ensure that the condition does not recur or provide an ON-unit to handle the condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMODF

IBM0432S	ONCODE=oncode-value. An ASSERT statement failed with text <i>text-insert</i> .
-----------------	---

Explanation

An ASSERT TRUE or ASSERT FALSE statement failed.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 432.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to ensure that the condition does not recur or provide an ON-unit to handle the condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMODG

IBM0433S	ONCODE=oncode-value. An ASSERT UNREACHABLE statement failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An ASSERT UNREACHABLE statement failed.
The ONCODE associated with this message is 433.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to ensure that the condition does not recur or provide an ON-unit to handle the condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMODH

IBM0434S	ONCODE=oncode-value. An ASSERT UNREACHABLE statement failed with text <i>text-insert</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An ASSERT UNREACHABLE statement failed.
The ONCODE associated with this message is 434.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to ensure that the condition does not recur or provide an ON-unit to handle the condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMODI

IBM0435S	ONCODE=oncode-value. An ASSERT COMPARE statement failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An ASSERT COMPARE statement failed.
The ONCODE associated with this message is 435.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to ensure that the condition does not recur or provide an ON-unit to handle the condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMODJ

IBM0436S	ONCODE=oncode-value. An ASSERT COMPARE statement failed with text <i>text-insert</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An ASSERT COMPARE statement failed.
The ONCODE associated with this message is 436.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to ensure that the condition does not recur or provide an ON-unit to handle the condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMODK

IBM0440W	ONCODE=oncode-value The STRINGSIZE condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the STRINGSIZE condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 150.

System action

Execution continues with the next sequential statement.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the STRINGSIZE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMODO

IBM0441W	ONCODE=oncode-value The STRINGSIZE condition was raised.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A string was assigned to a shorter string, causing right-hand characters or bits in the source string to be truncated.

System action

Execution continues from the point at which the condition was raised.

Programmer response

Determine whether or not truncation of the right-hand characters or bits in the source string is correct. Use an ON-unit to record the relevant data or modify the program as required. Note that string-handling operations are made slower when STRINGSIZE is enabled.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMODP

IBM0442W	ONCODE=151 The STRINGSIZE condition was raised. The condition was detected during a mixed character string assignment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This condition was raised by one of the CHAR, GRAPHIC, or MPSTR built-in functions. The target was not long enough to contain the result. This target can be the actual target or a temporary target that is created by the program. This condition may have occurred also due to a mixed character assignment with STRINGSIZE enabled and CHARGRAPHIC in effect for the procedure or block. An MPSTR call is generated in this case.

System action

Execution continues from the point at which the condition was raised.

Programmer response

Determine whether or not truncation of right-hand characters in the result is correct. Use an ON-unit to record the relevant data or modify the program as required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMODQ

IBM0450S	ONCODE=oncode-value The STORAGE condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the STORAGE condition for which there was no associated ON-unit.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the STORAGE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0E2

IBM0451S	ONCODE=oncode-value The STORAGE condition was raised.
-----------------	---

Explanation

There was insufficient storage available to satisfy a request for additional storage. For a storage allocation for a BASED variable, the variable was not allocated and its associated pointer will be undefined. For a storage allocation for a CONTROLLED variable, the controlled variable's generation was not allocated. A reference to the controlled variable will result in the access of a previous generation of the controlled variable (if any).

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Attempt to free the allocated storage through a FREE statement or within an ON-unit, or provide necessary steps in the ON-unit to terminate the program without losing pertinent information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0E3

IBM0460S **ONCODE=oncode-value. The OVERFLOW was raised by a SIGNAL statement.**

Explanation

The OVERFLOW condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement. :xpl.The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the OVERFLOW condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 300.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the OVERFLOW condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0EC

IBM0461S **ONCODE=oncode-value The OVERFLOW condition was raised.**

Explanation

The magnitude of a floating-point number exceeded the allowed maximum.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to ensure that the condition does not recur or provide an ON-unit to handle the condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0ED

IBM0470S **ONCODE=oncode-value The INVALIDOP condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.**

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the INVALIDOP condition for which there was no associated ON-unit.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the INVALIDOP condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0EM

IBM0472S **ONCODE=oncode-value. The INVALIDOP condition was raised.**

Explanation

One of the following types of floating point processor exceptions occurred:

- Invalid floating point operation exceptions, including the following:
 - Subtraction of two infinities
 - Multiplication of infinity by 0
 - Division of two infinities
 - Division of zero by zero
- Floating point processor stack overflow exception
- Floating point processor stack underflow exception
- Denormalized operand exception
- Precision exception
- Other nonspecific floating point processor exceptions

Continuing execution after an INVALIDOP condition, with or without an INVALIDOP ON-unit, can result in further conditions being raised and termination of the program. Generally, the program should be fixed to prevent INVALIDOP conditions from occurring because the occurrence of the INVALIDOP condition indicates the program has fatal or near-fatal errors.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either check the data or sequence of floating point instructions which could cause the INVALIDOP condition before running the program or insert an INVALIDOP ON-unit to handle the condition whenever it arises.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0EO

IBM0480S	ONCODE=oncode-value The FIXEDOVERFLOW condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the FIXEDOVERFLOW condition for which there was no associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 310.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the FIXEDOVERFLOW condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FO

IBM0482S	ONCODE=oncode-value The FIXEDOVERFLOW condition was raised.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The length of the result of a fixed-point arithmetic operation exceeded the allowed maximum.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program to ensure that the condition does not recur or provide an ON-unit to handle the condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0F2

IBM0490S	ONCODE=oncode-value The CONFORMANCE condition was raised by a SIGNAL statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contained a SIGNAL statement to raise the CONFORMANCE condition for which there was no

associated ON-unit. The ONCODE associated with this message is 550.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the SIGNAL statement or include an ON-unit for the CONFORMANCE condition in the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FA

IBM0491S	ONCODE=oncode-value The CONFORMANCE condition was raised because the offset of the last element of the parameter name should be <i>expected</i> , but the offset of the last element of the argument passed was <i>actual</i> .
-----------------	---

Explanation

There is a mismatch between the callee and caller. The offset of the last element that the callee expects for the indicated parameter does not match the offset passed by the caller. This problem often occurs because the callee has been updated but some of its callers have not been updated as well.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 551.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Fix the caller (or the callee) as necessary, and then recompile and relink the incorrect code. Normal return from a CONFORMANCE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the ERROR condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FB

IBM0492S	ONCODE=oncode-value The CONFORMANCE condition was raised because the element size of the parameter <i>name</i> should be <i>expected</i> , but the element size of the argument passed was <i>actual</i> .
-----------------	--

Explanation

There is a mismatch between the callee and caller.

The size that the callee expects for the indicated parameter does not match the size passed by the caller. This problem often occurs because the callee has been updated but some of its callers have not been updated as well.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 552.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Fix the caller (or the callee) as necessary, and then recompile and relink the incorrect code. Normal return from a CONFORMANCE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the ERROR condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FC

IBM0493S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The **CONFORMANCE** condition was raised because the lbound of the parameter *name* should be *expected*, but the lbound of the argument passed was *actual*.

Explanation

There is a mismatch between the callee and caller.

The lbound that the callee expects for the indicated parameter does not match the lbound passed by the caller. This problem often occurs because the callee has been updated but some of its callers have not been updated as well.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 553.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Fix the caller (or the callee) as necessary, and then recompile and relink the incorrect code. Normal return from a CONFORMANCE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the ERROR condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FD

IBM0494S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The **CONFORMANCE** condition was raised because the hbound of the parameter *name* should be *expected*, but the hbound of the argument passed was *actual*.

Explanation

There is a mismatch between the callee and caller.

The hbound that the callee expects for the indicated parameter does not match the hbound passed by the caller. This problem often occurs because the callee has been updated but some of its callers have not been updated as well.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 554.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Fix the caller (or the callee) as necessary, and then recompile and relink the incorrect code. Normal return from a CONFORMANCE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the ERROR condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FE

IBM0495S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The **CONFORMANCE** condition was raised because the MAXLENGTH of the parameter *name* should be *expected*, but the MAXLENGTH of the argument passed was *actual*.

Explanation

There is a mismatch between the callee and caller.

The MAXLENGTH value that the callee expects for the indicated parameter does not match the MAXLENGTH value passed by the caller. This problem often occurs because the callee has been updated but some of its callers have not been updated as well.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 555.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Fix the caller (or the callee) as necessary, and then recompile and relink the incorrect code. Normal return from a CONFORMANCE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the ERROR condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FF

IBM0496S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The CONFORMANCE condition was raised because the string type of the parameter *name* does not match the string type of the argument passed.

Explanation

There is a mismatch between the callee and caller.

The string type (NONVARYING, VARYING, VARYINGZ, etc) that the callee expects for the indicated parameter does not match the type passed by the caller. This problem often occurs because the callee has been updated but some of its callers have not been updated as well.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 556.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Fix the caller (or the callee) as necessary, and then recompile and relink the incorrect code. Normal return from a CONFORMANCE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the ERROR condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FG

IBM0497S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The CONFORMANCE condition was raised because the MAXLENGTH in the RETURNS attribute in *name* is expected, but the MAXLENGTH in the RETURNS attribute in the ENTRY declare in the caller was *actual*.

Explanation

There is a mismatch between the callee and caller.

The value that the callee expects for the RETURNS parameter does not match the value passed by the caller. This problem often occurs because the callee has been updated but some of its callers have not been updated as well.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 557.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Fix the caller (or the callee) as necessary, and then recompile and relink the incorrect code. Normal return from a CONFORMANCE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the ERROR condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FH

IBM0498S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The CONFORMANCE condition was raised because the string type in the RETURNS attribute in *name* does not match the string type in the RETURNS attribute in the ENTRY declare in the caller.

Explanation

There is a mismatch between the callee and caller.

The string type (NONVARYING, VARYING, VARYINGZ, etc) that the callee expects for the RETURNS parameter does not match the type passed by the caller. This problem often occurs because the callee has been updated but some of its callers have not been updated as well.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 558.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Fix the caller (or the callee) as necessary, and then recompile and relink the incorrect code. Normal return from a CONFORMANCE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the ERROR condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FI

IBM0499S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The CONFORMANCE condition was raised because a variable with ORDINAL type *name* was used when it had the invalid value *value*.

Explanation

The specified hex value is not valid for the ORDINAL type.

This problem often occurs because the ORDINAL variable either was not initialized or was overwritten.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 559.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Fix the caller (or the callee) as necessary, and then recompile and relink the incorrect code. Normal return from a CONFORMANCE ON-unit will produce this message and raise the ERROR condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FJ

IBM0501S **ONCODE=oncode-value.**
Greenwich Mean Time was not available for the RANDOM built-in function.

Explanation

Greenwich Mean Time was not set on the system. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2101.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Greenwich Mean Time needs to be set on the system. Use the OS/2 API DosSetDateTime service to set the time. Refer to the OS/2 Control Programming Reference for details.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FL

IBM0502S **ONCODE=oncode-value.** An invalid seed value was detected in the RANDOM built-in function.

Explanation

The input seed value was not within the valid range of 0 to 2,147,483,646. The random number was set to -1. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2102.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the seed value to be within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FM

IBM0503S **ONCODE=oncode-value.** Local time was unavailable.

Explanation

The system clock was not set. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2103.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Set the system clock using the appropriate OS/2 commands or use a program that uses the OS/2 API DosSetDateTime service. Refer to the OS/2 Control Programming Reference for details.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FN

IBM0504S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The value of Y in SECSTODATE(X,Y), DAYS(X,Y), DAYSTODATE(X,Y), or DATETIME(Y) contained an invalid PICTURE.

Explanation

The character string representing the desired format for the output datetime stamp contained an invalid picture string. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2104.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the format.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FO

IBM0505S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in DAYS(X,(Y)) contained an invalid day value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The supplied value for the day parameter was not within the valid range of 15 October 1582 to 31 December 9999. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2105.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the value for the day parameter to be within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FP

IBM0506S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in DAYS(X,(Y)) contained an invalid month value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The supplied value for the month parameter was not within the valid range of October 1582 to December 9999. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2106.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the value for the month parameter to be within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FQ

IBM0507S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in DAYS(X,(Y)) contained an invalid year value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The supplied value for the year parameter was not within the valid range of 1582 to 9999. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2107.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the value for the year parameter to be within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FR

IBM0508S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in DAYSTODATE(X,(Y)) was outside the supported range.
-----------------	--

Explanation

X represents the number of days since 15 October 1582. The valid range is from 1 to 3,074,324. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2108.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the value for X to be within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FS

IBM0509S	ONCODE=oncode-value. X in SECSTODATE(X,(Y)) was outside the supported range.
-----------------	---

Explanation

X represents the number of seconds elapsed since 00:00:00 on 14 October 1582, with 00:00:00.000 15 October 1582 being the first supported date/time, and 23:59:59.999 31 December 9999 being the last supported date/time. The valid range is from 86,400 to 265,621,679,999.999. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2109.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the value for X to be within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FT

IBM0510S	ONCODE=oncode-value. X in DAYSTODATE(X,Y) could not be converted to a valid Era.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An Era was used in the picture string X specified in the DAYSTODATE reference, but X was outside the supported range of Eras. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2110.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X contains a valid Lilian day number within the range of supported Eras.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FU

IBM0511S	ONCODE=oncode-value. The offset from Greenwich Mean Time was unavailable.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The difference between the current local time and the Greenwich Mean Time was not available from the system. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2111.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that both the Greenwich Mean Time and the local time are set on the system. Use the OS/2 API DosSetDateTime service to set the time. Refer to the OS/2 Control Programming Reference for details.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0FV

IBM0512S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in SECS(X,Y) or DAYS(X,Y) was outside the supported range.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The input date supplied was earlier than 15 October 1582 or later than 31 December 9999. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2112.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the input date to be within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0G0

IBM0513S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in SECS(X,Y) contained an invalid seconds value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The supplied value for the seconds parameter was not within the valid range of 0 to 59. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2113.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the value for the seconds parameter to be within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0G1

IBM0514S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in SECS(X,Y) contained an invalid minutes value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The supplied value for the minutes parameter was not within the valid range of 0 to 59. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2114.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the value for the minutes parameter to be within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOG2

IBM0515S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in SECS(X,Y) contained an invalid hour value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The valid range for the hour parameter is 0 to 23. If the "AP" field is present, the valid range is 0 to 12. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2115.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the value for the hour parameter to be within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOG3

IBM0516S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in DAYS(X,Y) did not match the picture specification.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value of X did not match the format described by the picture specification. For example, non-numeric characters appear where only numeric characters are expected. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2116.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Verify the format of the input data matches the picture string specification.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOG4

IBM0517S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in SECS(X,Y) did not match the picture specification.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value of X did not match the format described by the picture specification. For example, non-numeric characters appear where only numeric characters are expected. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2117.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Verify the format of the input data matches the picture string specification.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOG5

IBM0518S	ONCODE=oncode-value The date string returned by DAYSTODATE(X,Y) was truncated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The output string was not large enough to contain the formatted date value. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2118.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the output string is large enough to contain the entire formatted date.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOG6

IBM0519S	ONCODE=oncode-value The timestamp string returned by DATETIME(X) or SECSTODATE(X,Y) was truncated.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The output string was not large enough to contain the formatted data value. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2119.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the output string is large enough to contain the entire formatted date.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOG7

IBM0520S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in SECSTODATE(X,Y) or DATETIME(X) contained an invalid number-of-seconds value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An Era was used in the picture string X specified in the SECSTODATE reference, but X was outside the supported range of Eras. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2120.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X contains a valid number-of-seconds value within the range of supported Eras.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOG8

IBM0521S	ONCODE=oncode-value Insufficient data was passed to the DAYS or SECS built-in function.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The picture string passed to the DAYS or SECS built-in function did not contain enough information. The minimum information required is either month, day, and year, or year and Julian day. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2121.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the input data contains, as a minimum, the year, month, and day, or the year and Julian day.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOG9

IBM0522S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in SECS(X,Y) or DAYS(X,Y) contained an invalid Era name.
-----------------	---

Explanation

X did not contain a supported Japanese or Republic of China Era name. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2122.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is a valid DBCS string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOGA

IBM0523S	ONCODE=oncode-value System Error getting local time for the TIMESTAMP built-in function
-----------------	--

Explanation

Error getting local time from the system clock. The ONCODE associated with this message is 2123.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Verify that the TOD clock is initialized correctly and retry the request. Refer to the [*z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference IAR-XCT*](#) for the return code of the TIME macro. Check with your system programmer if the problem persists.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOGB

IBM0531S	ONCODE=oncode-value Operation exception.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A programmer-related hardware error was detected. The ONCODE associated with this message is 8091.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

It is possible that an error in the program has caused part of the instructions that can be run to be overwritten by data. Other possible causes of an operation exception might be an attempt to invoke an external procedure or other routine that was not incorporated into the running program by the linkage editor, or running a branch instruction that is incorrect because a control block had previously been overwritten. Consequently, it is advisable to check the linkage editor diagnostics to ensure that all requested external procedures and subroutines have in fact been incorporated into the running program, and that any overlay phases do not overwrite any phases that are still active.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0GJ

IBM0532S	ONCODE=<i>oncode-value</i> Privileged operation exception
-----------------	--

Explanation

A programmer-related hardware error was detected. The ONCODE associated with this message is 8092.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the error is not in a non-PL/I routine included in the running program, the PL/I program should be checked for an error that could cause the instructions that run to be overwritten by data that matches a privileged operation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0GK

IBM0533S	ONCODE=<i>oncode-value</i> EXECUTE exception
-----------------	---

Explanation

A programmer-related hardware error was detected. The ONCODE associated with this message is 8093.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the error is not in a non-PL/I routine included in the running program, the PL/I program should be checked for an error that could cause the running instruction to be overwritten by data that matches the operation code for the EXECUTE instruction on.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0GL

IBM0534S	ONCODE=<i>oncode-value</i> Protection exception
-----------------	--

Explanation

A programmer-related hardware error was detected. The ONCODE associated with this message is 8094.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the error is not in a non-PL/I routine included in the running program, the PL/I program should be checked for an error that could cause the address used by the store instruction to be corrupted.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0GM

IBM0535S	ONCODE=<i>oncode-value</i> Addressing exception
-----------------	--

Explanation

A programmer-related hardware error was detected. The ONCODE associated with this message is 8095.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the error is not in a non-PL/I routine included in the running program, the PL/I program should be checked for an error that could cause the address to be corrupted.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0GN

IBM0536S	ONCODE=<i>oncode-value</i> Specification exception
-----------------	---

Explanation

A programmer-related hardware error was detected. The ONCODE associated with this message is 8096.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the error is not in a non-PL/I routine included in the running program, the PL/I program should be checked for an error that could cause the operand to be corrupted by overwriting control blocks or sections of running code.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0GO

IBM0537S	ONCODE=oncode-value Data exception
-----------------	---

Explanation

A programmer-related hardware error was detected. The ONCODE associated with this message is 8097.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

The PL/I program should be checked for an error such as an operation on a FIXED DECIMAL data item before it has been initialized, or an error which could cause the data item to be overwritten.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0GP

IBM0541S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in ASIN(X) or ACOS(X) was invalid
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions was detected:

- ABS(X) was greater than one.

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:

1518

Argument greater than one

- For real long floating-point arguments:

1519

Argument greater than one

- For real extended floating-point arguments:

1520

Argument greater than one

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is a real expression where ABS(X) is less than or equal to one.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0GT

IBM0542S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in ATAN(X) or ATAND(X) was invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions was detected:

- The real and imaginary parts of X were equal to (0, +1i) or (0, -1i).

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For complex short floating-point arguments:

1558

Argument equal to (0,+1i) or (0,-1i)

- For complex long floating-point arguments:

1559

Argument equal to (0,+1i) or (0,-1i)

- For complex extended floating-point arguments:

1564

Argument equal to (0,+1i) or (0,-1i)

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If X is complex, ensure X is not equal to +1i or -1i.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0GU

IBM0543S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in ATANH(X) was invalid
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred::

- $\text{ABS}(X)$ was greater than one.

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:

1514

Argument greater than one

- For real long floating-point arguments:

1515

Argument greater than one

- For real extended floating-point arguments:

1516

Argument greater than one

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If X is real, ensure $\text{ABS}(X)$ is less than one. If X is complex, ensure X is not equal to $+1i$ or $-1i$.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0GV

IBM0544S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in SIN(X), COS(X), SIND(X) or COSD(X) was invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- $\text{ABS}(X)$ was greater than or equal to K , where $K=2^{**63}$ for short and long floating-point values, and $K=2^{**64}$ for extended floating-point values.
- The absolute value of the real part of X was greater than or equal to K , where $K=2^{**63}$ for complex short and long floating-point values, and $K=2^{**64}$ for complex extended floating-point values.
- An overflow occurred because the absolute value of the imaginary part of X was greater than K , where K is as follows:
 - 89.76 for complex short floating-point arguments
 - 710.82 for complex long floating-point arguments
 - 11357.56 for complex extended floating-point arguments
- An overflow occurred because the absolute value of the imaginary part of X was greater than I but less

than J , and the absolute value of the real part was out of range. The values for I and J are as follows:

- $I = 89.41$ and $J = 89.76$ for complex short floating-point arguments
- $I = 710.47$ and $J = 710.82$ for complex long floating-point arguments
- $I = 11357.21$ and $J = 11357.56$ for complex extended floating-point arguments

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:

1506

Argument greater than or equal to limit

2425

Argument equal to plus or minus limit

- For complex short floating-point arguments:

1529

Absolute value of the real part of argument greater than or equal to limit

- For real long floating-point arguments:

1507

Argument greater than or equal to limit

2426

Argument equal to plus or minus limit

- For complex long floating-point arguments:

1530

Absolute value of the real part of argument greater than or equal to limit

- For real extended floating-point arguments:

1517

Argument greater than or equal to limit

- For complex extended floating-point arguments:

1531

Absolute value of the real part of argument greater than or equal to limit

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0H0

IBM0545S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in SINH(X) or COSH(X) was invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- The absolute value of the imaginary part of X was greater than or equal to K, where $K=2^{63}$ for complex short and long floating-point values, and $K=2^{64}$ for complex extended floating-point values.
- $ABS(X)$ was greater than 89.41 for X represented as a short floating-point value.
- $ABS(X)$ was greater than or equal to K, where $K=710.47$ for long floating-point values and $K=11357.22$ for extended floating-point values.
- An overflow occurred because the absolute value of the real part of X was greater than K, where K is as follows:
 - 89.76 for complex short floating-point arguments
 - 710.82 for complex long floating-point arguments
 - 11357.56 for complex extended floating-point arguments
- An overflow occurred because the absolute value of the real part of X was greater than I but less than J, and the absolute value of the imaginary part was out of range. The values for I and J are as follows:
 - $I = 89.41$ and $J = 89.76$ for complex short floating-point arguments
 - $I = 710.47$ and $J = 710.82$ for complex long floating-point arguments
 - $I = 11357.21$ and $J = 11357.56$ for complex extended floating-point arguments

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:
1523
Absolute value of argument greater than limit
- For complex short floating-point arguments:
1914
Absolute value of the imaginary part of argument greater than or equal to limit
- For real long floating-point arguments:
1524
Absolute value of argument greater than or equal to limit
- For complex long floating-point arguments:
1915
Absolute value of the imaginary part of argument greater than or equal to limit
- For real extended floating-point arguments:
1525
Absolute value of argument greater than or equal to limit

- For complex extended floating-point arguments:

1916

Absolute value of the imaginary part of argument greater than or equal to limit

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0H1

IBM0547S **ONCODE=oncode-value X in TAN(X) or TAND(X) was invalid.**

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- $ABS(X)$ was greater than or equal to K, where $K=2^{63}$ for short and long floating-point values, and $K=2^{64}$ for extended floating-point values.
- The absolute value of the real part of X was greater than or equal to K, where $K=2^{63}$ for complex short and long floating-point values, and $K=2^{64}$ for complex extended floating-point values.

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:
1508
Absolute value of argument greater than or equal to limit
- For complex short floating-point arguments:
1853
Absolute value of the real part of argument greater than or equal to limit
- For real long floating-point arguments:
1509
Absolute value of argument greater than or equal to limit
- For complex long floating-point arguments:
1854
Absolute value of the real part of argument greater than or equal to limit
- For real extended floating-point arguments:
1522
Absolute value of argument greater than or equal to limit
- For complex extended floating-point arguments:

1855

Absolute value of the real part of argument greater than or equal to limit

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0H3

IBM0548S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in TANH(X) was invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- The absolute value of the imaginary part of X was greater than or equal to K, where $K=2^{63}$ for complex short and long floating-point values, and $K=2^{64}$ for complex extended floating-point values.
- An overflow occurred because the absolute value of the real part of X was greater than 11357.56.
- An overflow occurred because the absolute value of the real part of X was greater than 11357.21 but less than 11357.56, and the absolute value of the imaginary part was out of range.

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For complex short floating-point arguments:

1574

Absolute value of the imaginary part of argument greater than or equal to limit

- For complex long floating-point arguments:

1575

Absolute value of the imaginary part of argument greater than or equal to limit

- For complex extended floating-point arguments:

1576

Absolute value of the imaginary part of argument greater than or equal to limit

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0H4

IBM0549S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in ERF(X) was invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

X was not a valid number.

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

2177

Real short floating-point arguments

2178

Real long floating-point arguments

2179

Real extended floating-point arguments

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0H5

IBM0550S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in EXP(X) was invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- X was less than K, where K is as follows:
 - -87.33 for short floating-point arguments
 - -708.39 for long floating-point arguments
 - -11355.13 for extended floating-point arguments
- The absolute value of the imaginary part of X was greater than or equal to K, where $K=2^{63}$ for complex short and long floating-point values, and $K=2^{64}$ for complex extended floating-point values. :li.An overflow occurred because the real part of X was greater than K, where K is as follows:
 - 89.06 for complex short floating-point arguments
 - 710.12 for complex long floating-point arguments
 - 11356.87 for complex extended floating-point arguments
- An overflow occurred because the real part of X was greater than I but less than J, and the imaginary part was out of range. The values for I and J are as follows:

- I = 88.73 and J = 89.06 for complex short floating-point arguments
- I = 709.79 and J = 710.12 for complex long floating-point arguments
- I = 11357.53 and J = 11356.87 for complex extended floating-point arguments
- X was greater than or equal to K, where K is as follows:
 - 88.73 for short floating-point arguments
 - 709.79 for long floating-point arguments
 - 11356.53 for extended floating-point arguments

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:
 - 1565**
Argument less than limit
 - 1611**
Argument greater than or equal to limit
- For complex short floating-point arguments:
 - 1568**
Absolute value of the imaginary part of argument greater than or equal to limit
- For real long floating-point arguments:
 - 1566**
Argument less than limit
 - 1612**
Argument greater than or equal to limit
- For complex long floating-point arguments:
 - 1569**
Absolute value of the imaginary part of argument greater than or equal to limit
- For real extended floating-point arguments:
 - 1567**
Argument less than limit
 - 1613**
Argument greater than or equal to limit
- For complex extended floating-point arguments:
 - 1570**
Absolute value of the imaginary part of argument greater than or equal to limit

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0H6

IBM0551S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in GAMMA(X) or LOGGAMMA(X) was invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- X was less than K, where K is as follows:
 - for the built-in function GAMMA:
 - 35.04 for short floating-point arguments
 - 171.62 for long floating-point arguments
 - 1755.54 for extended floating-point arguments
 - for the built-in function LOGGAMMA:
 - 4.085E+36 for short floating-point arguments
 - 2.559E+305 for long floating-point arguments
 - 1.048E+4928 for extended floating-point arguments
- For GAMMA(X), X was less than or equal to zero.
- For LOGGAMMA(X), X was less than zero.
- For GAMMA(X), the calculated result was greater in magnitude than the largest finite number representable in the result data type.

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:
 - 1571**
Argument greater than limit
 - 2165**
Argument less than or equal to zero
- For real long floating-point arguments:
 - 1572**
Argument greater than limit
 - 2166**
Argument less than or equal to zero
- For real extended floating-point arguments:
 - 1573**
Argument greater than limit
 - 2164**
Argument less than zero
 - 2167**
Argument equal to zero
 - 2403**
Argument less than or equal to minus zero
 - 2404**
Argument equal to zero

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If X is numeric, ensure X is greater than zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0H7

IBM0552S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in LOG(X), LOG10(X) or LOG2(X) was invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- X was less than or equal to zero.
- A floating point division by zero occurred because X was equal to (0,0i).

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:

1504

Argument less than zero

1577

Argument equal to plur or minus zero

- For complex short floating-point arguments:

2413

X equal to (0,0i)

- For real long floating-point arguments:

1505

Argument less than zero

1578

Argument equal to plus or minus zero

- For complex long floating-point arguments:

2414

X equal to (0,0i)

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If X is real, ensure X is greater than zero. If X is complex, ensure X is not equal to 0 + 0i.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0H8

IBM0553S	ONCODE=oncode-value The ERFC(X) was invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- X was greater than K, where K is as follows:
 - 9.19 for short floating-point arguments
 - 26.54 for long floating-point arguments
 - 106.53 for extended floating-point arguments

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:

2171

Argument greater than limit

- For real long floating-point arguments:

2172

Argument greater than limit

- For real extended floating-point arguments:

2173

Argument greater than limit

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is greater than zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0H9

IBM0554S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in SQRT(X) was invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- X was less than zero
- X was equal to minus zero.

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:

1500

Argument less than zero

1960

Argument equal to limit

- For real long floating-point arguments:

1501

Argument less than zero

1962

Argument equal to limit

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is greater than zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0HA

IBM0555S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in ABS(X) was invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The calculated result was greater in magnitude than the largest finite number representable in the result data type.

The ONCODEs associated with this message are 2504, 2505, 2506.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0HB

IBM0560S	ONCODE=oncode-value The EVENT variable, as argument to the COMPLETION pseudovalue, was already in use with file file-name.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The event variable used in this statement was already active and associated with an input/output operation on the named file. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3904.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the COMPLETION pseudovalue refers to the event variable when it is inactive.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0HG

IBM0561S	ONCODE=oncode-value The TASK variable was already in use with entry entry-name.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The task variable specified in a CALL statement is already associated with an active task. The named entry denotes the entry point of the task with which the variable is associated. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3901.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the task variable is uniquely associated with each task in the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0HH

IBM0562S	ONCODE=oncode-value The EVENT variable, as argument to the COMPLETION pseudovalue, was already in use with a DISPLAY statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The event variable used in this statement was already active and associated with a DISPLAY statement.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3904.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the COMPLETION pseudovalue refers to the event variable when it is inactive.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOHI

IBM0563S	ONCODE=oncode-value The EVENT variable was already in use with file <i>file-name</i> .
-----------------	---

Explanation

The event variable used in this statement was already active and associated with another input/output operation on the named file. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3907.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the input/output operation refers to another event variable, or include a WAIT statement to prevent the statement from running until the active event is complete.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOHJ

IBM0564S	ONCODE=oncode-value The EVENT variable being assigned was already in use with file <i>file-name</i> .
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to assign a value to an event variable while it was still associated with an input/output operation.

```
DCL X FILE RECORD INPUT UNBUFFERED
ENV(BLKSIZE(80) RECSIZE(80) F);
DCL Y CHAR(80);
DCL (Z,Z1) EVENT;
READ FILE(X) INTO(Y) EVENT(Z);
Z = Z1;
```

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3906.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the event variable used as the target in the assignment, or as the argument of the COMPLETION pseudovalue, is not the same event variable associated with an input/output operation. Alternatively, include a WAIT statement to prevent

this statement from running until the active event is complete.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOHK

IBM0566S	ONCODE=oncode-value The task was not created because the total number of active tasks would exceed the allowable limit.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The request to create a task was not honored because otherwise the total number of concurrently active tasks would exceed the limit set either by the PLITASKCOUNT run-time option or the underlying UNIX System Services installation default for the maximum number of threads.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3910.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Increase the number of tasks allowed to be active concurrently or modify the program so that the existing number of tasks is not exceeded.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOHM

IBM0567S	ONCODE=oncode-value A WAIT occurred in the ON-unit for the I/O event required for the current task.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A WAIT statement specified an event variable. The completion of the event caused entry to an ON-unit for an I/O condition which contained another WAIT statement for the same event variable as in the original WAIT statement.

```
DCL F FILE
RECORD OUTPUT UNBUFFERED
ENV(BLKSIZE(80) RECSIZE(80) F);
ON RECORD(F) BEGIN;
WAIT(E);
END;
WRITE FILE(F) FROM (X) EVENT(E);
WAIT(E); (this statement raises the
record condition)
```

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3911.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the WAIT statement from the ON-unit for the input/output condition.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOHN

IBM0568S	ONCODE=oncode-value The assigned EVENT variable was already in use with a DISPLAY statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The event variable specified as the argument of the COMPLETION built-in function, or used as the target in an assignment, was still associated with a DISPLAY statement.

```
DCL A CHAR,  
COMPLETION BUILTIN;  
DISPLAY('MESSAGE TO OPERATOR')  
REPLY(A) EVENT(E);  
COMPLETION(E)='1'B;
```

ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 3904—event variable as argument to the COMPLETION built-in function
- 3907—event variable is active

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the event variable used as the target in the assignment or as the argument of the COMPLETION pseudovalue is not the same event variable associated with the DISPLAY statement. Or include a WAIT statement to prevent this statement from running until the active event is complete.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOHO

IBM0569S	ONCODE=oncode-value The assigned EVENT variable was already active and was used with entry <i>entry-name</i> .
-----------------	--

Explanation

An active event variable was specified as the target of an event variable assignment.

```
DCL (E,E1) EVENT;  
CALL P EVENT(E);  
E=E1;  
P: PROC;  
END;
```

ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 3906 - event assignment
- 3907 - event variable is active

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either use another inactive event variable, or include a WAIT statement to ensure that this statement is not run until the active event is complete.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOHP

IBM0570S	ONCODE=oncode-value The EVENT variable was active and was used with entry <i>entry-name</i> .
-----------------	---

Explanation

An active event variable was specified in the EVENT option of an input/output statement.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3907.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either insert a WAIT statement to ensure the event in question is inactive when this statement is run, or if the statement can be run correctly before the currently active event is complete, use another inactive event variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOHQ

IBM0571S	ONCODE=oncode-value The EVENT variable was already used with a DISPLAY statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The event variable specified in the statement was already associated with a DISPLAY statement. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3907.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either use a different event variable or insert a WAIT statement so that the DISPLAY statement is complete before this statement is run.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0HR

IBM0572S	ONCODE=oncode-value A CALL statement with the TASK, EVENT, or PRIORITY option was found in a PUT FILE (SYSPRINT) statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A tasking CALL statement is not allowed from a PUT FILE (SYSPRINT) statement because no programs in the attempted new task via the tasking CALL statement can produce output on SYSPRINT while a PUT statement is running, and task interlock is likely to occur.

```
DCL X FIXED BIN(15);
PUT LIST(F(X));
F:  PROC(X);
CALL E TASK;
X=5;
RETURN (X);
END F;
E:  PROC;
END E;
```

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3912.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the tasking CALL statement from the PUT FILE (SYSPRINT) statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0HS

IBM0573S	ONCODE=oncode-value The EVENT variable, as argument to the COMPLETION pseudovalue, was
-----------------	---

already used with entry entry-name.

Explanation

An active event variable was used as the argument to the COMPLETION pseudovalue. Event variables used as arguments to the COMPLETION pseudovalue must be inactive.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3904.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either use a different event variable for the COMPLETION pseudovalue, or modify the program so that the COMPLETION pseudovalue refers to the event variable when it is inactive.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0HT

IBM0575S	ONCODE=oncode-value An attempt was made to invoke a Fortran or COBOL program while another active task had invoked a program of the same language.
-----------------	---

Explanation

If a Fortran or COBOL program has been invoked in a task, a program of the same language can not execute in any other task until the task used to invoke the Fortran or COBOL program terminates. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3914.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Make sure all Fortran or COBOL programs are invoked in one task or control the invocation sequence in such a way that the second Fortran or COBOL program invoked from a task waits until another task which has already invoked a program of the same language terminates.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0HV

IBM0576S **ONCODE=oncode-value** An attempt to use a CALL statement with the TASK, EVENT, or PRIORITY option was found in a non-tasking environment.

Explanation

An attempt was made to create a task when the application was not linked with the multitasking library. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3915.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the tasking option from the CALL statement, or if this is a multitasking application, relink it with the multitasking library.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM010

IBM0577I **A PL/I multitasking application was found under CICS, IMS, Db2, CMS, pre-initialized environment, or a nested enclave.**

Explanation

PL/I Multitasking Facility is not supported under CICS, IMS, Db2, CMS, pre-initialized environment (both Language Environment-defined and PL/I-defined pre-initialized environment), and a nested enclave.

System action

The application is terminated with the 4093-12 Abend.

Programmer response

Do not use the PL/I Multitasking Facility in the above environment, or run the multitasking application under z/OS.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM011

IBM0579I **ONCODE=oncode-value** The callable service BPX1SYC for the installation default of the maximum number of threads was unsuccessful. The system return

code was return_code; the reason code was reason_code.

Explanation

The callable service BPX1SYC used to query the installation default of the maximum number of threads failed. The system return code and reason code were returned.

System action

The application is abnormally terminated with 4093-152 Abend.

Programmer response

Look up the return code and reason code in [*z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*](#), and take the appropriate action. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM013

IBM0580S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because an attempt was made to OPEN the MSGFILE(SYSPRINT) file after a subtask had been created.

Explanation

When the MSGFILE(SYSPRINT) run-time option is specified, you must ensure that the standard SYSPRINT file is opened in the major PL/I task before any subtask is ever created.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 96.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the above rule has not been violated. One method is to add an OPEN statement for the SYSPRINT file at the start of the major PL/I task before any subtasks are created.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM014

IBM0581I **The POSIX(ON) run-time option was in effect for a PL/I multitasking application.**

Explanation

The POSIX(ON) run-time option is not supported for a PL/I multitasking application.

System action

The application is terminated with the 4093-52 Abend.

Programmer response

Specify the POSIX(OFF) run-time option for a PL/I multitasking environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0I5

IBM0583S **ONCODE=oncode-value The callable service BPX1MPI (mvspauseinit) was unsuccessful. The return code was *return_code* and the reason code was *reason_code*.**

Explanation

The callable service BPX1MPI (mvspauseinit) was called to initialize a wait for a PL/I WAIT or DISPLAY statement for a PL/I multi-tasking program. This service failed with the return code and reason code shown in the message text.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3951.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Look up the return code and reason code in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*, and take the appropriate action. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0I7

IBM0584S **ONCODE=oncode-value The callable service BPX1MP (mvspause) was unsuccessful. The**

return code was *return_code* and the reason code was *reason_code*.

Explanation

The callable service BPX1MP (mvspause) was called to perform a wait for a PL/I WAIT or DISPLAY statement for a PL/I multi-tasking program. This service failed with the return code and reason code shown in the message text.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3952.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Look up the return code and reason code in the *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* and take the appropriate action. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0I8

IBM0585S **ONCODE=oncode-value The callable service BPX1PTB for cancelling a PL/I subtask was unsuccessful. The system return code was *return_code*, the reason code was *reason_code*.**

Explanation

The callable service BPX1PTB used to cancel a PL/I subtask during abnormal termination failed. The system return code and reason code were returned.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3953.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Look up the return code and reason code in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*, and take the appropriate action. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0I9

IBM0586S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The callable service BPX1ENV for supporting PL/I EXCLUSIVE files was unsuccessful. The system return code was *return_code*, the reason code was *reason_code*.

Explanation

The callable service BPX1ENV used to support the PL/I EXCLUSIVE files failed. The system return code and reason code were returned.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3954.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Look up the return code and reason code in *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference*, and take the appropriate action. Consult with your system support personnel if necessary.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IA

IBM0590S **ONCODE=oncode-value** The fetchable procedure with entry *entry-name* could not be found.

Explanation

The libraries available when the program was run did not contain a member with a name or alias matching that used in the FETCH statement. The ONCODE associated with this message is 9250.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the load module that is to be fetched is accessible at run-time, and that it is stored with the same name or alias as that used in the FETCH statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IE

IBM0591S **ONCODE=oncode-value** There was a permanent I/O error while

fetching procedure with entry *entry-name*.

Explanation

A permanent I/O error occurred while trying to load the module named in the FETCH statement. The ONCODE associated with this message is 9251.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the required load module has been incorporated into the appropriate library with proper data set/file attributes, and then rerun the job. If the problem recurs, inform your installation system programmer, who will take the appropriate action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IF

IBM0592S **ONCODE=oncode-value** FETCH/RELEASE is not supported in CMS.

Explanation

An attempt was made to FETCH or RELEASE another program from a PL/I module that was linked with PL/I Version 2 Release 3 or earlier. The FETCH/RELEASE facility under CMS is only available with Language Environment PL/I. The ERROR condition has been raised. The ONCODE associated with this message is 9252.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the FETCH or RELEASE statement from the application and use the CALL statement instead. Or relink the program with Language Environment PL/I.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IG

IBM0593W **ONCODE=oncode-value** The CALL PLITEST statement failed because the NOTEST compiler option was in effect.

Explanation

An attempt was made to execute a CALL PLITEST statement in a program that was compiled with the NOTEST option. The debugger can not be invoked when the NOTEST compiler option is in effect.

System action

Processing continues with the next sequential statement. The debugger is not invoked.

Programmer response

Re-compile the program with the TEST option, or remove the CALL PLITEST statement(s) from the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IH

IBM0594S	ONCODE=oncode-value Under CICS, an attempt was made to FETCH a main procedure from a PL/I routine.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Under CICS, using FETCH to dynamically load a PL/I main procedure from a PL/I routine is not supported. The ONCODE associated with this message is 9254.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the FETCH statement and use the EXEC CICS LINK command to create a nested enclave.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0II

IBM0595S	ONCODE=9255 An attempt was made to release a load module containing non-PL/I high level language programs.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A load module containing non-PL/I high level language programs, such as C, COBOL, or FORTRAN, could not be released by a PL/I RELEASE statement. The load module will be released automatically during the enclave termination. A load module containing PL/I

programs and/or Assembler programs only can be released by a PL/I RELEASE statement.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9255.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the RELEASE statement from the program as the load module will be released automatically during the enclave termination.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IJ

IBM0596S	ONCODE=9256 The fetchable procedure could not be released.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Either the routine was not previously fetched, or the fetched part containing the routine was no longer in use but could not be released. The ONCODE associated with this message is 9256.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the name used in the RELEASE statement is correct, and that the routine has been previously fetched. Also, ensure the fetched part containing the routine to be released is accessible at run-time.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IK

IBM0597S	ONCODE=oncode-value A subroutine load module using the PLICALLA entry point was fetched.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PLICALLA entry point can only be used for a load module with a PL/I main routine. The ONCODE associated with this message is 9257.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either Specify OPTIONS(MAIN) and recompile or don't use the PLICALLA entry point.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IL

IBM0598S	ONCODE=oncode-value The FETCH statement did not conform to RENT/NORENT guidelines.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The use of FETCH entails certain rules that need to be followed. Specifically, there are guidelines pertaining to combining RENT and NORENT routines, or PL/I and non-PL/I routines, or both. Refer to the "Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide" at IBM Enterprise PL/I for z/OS library (www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27036735) for details pertaining to guidelines related to the above combinations.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9258.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the fetching and fetched routines satisfy the guidelines as documented in the manual.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IM

IBM0600S	ONCODE=oncode-value An E-format specification contained incorrect values in fields W, D, and S.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An edit-directed input/output operation for an E-format item was specified incorrectly. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3000.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the E-format item according to the language rules.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IO

IBM0601S	ONCODE=oncode-value The value of a W field in an F-format specification was too small.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An edit-directed input/output operation for an F-format item was specified with a W-specification that was too small to allow room for the decimal-point when the number of fractional digits was specified as zero. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3001.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the F-format item according to the language rules.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IP

IBM0602I	ONCODE=ONCODE-VALUE Data conversion from <i>source-ccsid</i> to <i>target-ccsid</i> was unsuccessful. The return code from the conversion service was <i>return-code</i> and the reason code was <i>reason-code</i> .
-----------------	--

Explanation

For z/OS, the data conversion for the CCSID pair failed as indicated by the return code and the reason code from the Unicode Conversion Service CUNLCNV.

The return code and the reason code values for conversion services are described in [z/OS Unicode Services User's Guide and Reference](#).

For AIX, the data conversion for the CCSID pair failed as indicated by the return code. The return code values are the error numbers described in the `errno.h` include file, which can be found under `/usr/include` of your AIX installation. The reason code is PL/I for AIX-specific, and it assists IBM Service in determining the source of the message.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3002.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

For z/OS, follow the programmer responses indicated for specific return and reason codes in [z/OS Unicode Services User's Guide and Reference](#).

For AIX, correct the error based on the return code message text. More information about the return codes can be found in the AIX manuals.

IBM0603S	ONCODE=ONCODE-VALUE There was not enough room for the shift-in character after the call to Unicode Conversion Services
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Unicode Conversion Services was called to convert characters from a Unicode CCSID to an EBCDIC MBCS CCSID. After the conversion was complete there was no room left in the target buffer for the closing shift-in character.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3003.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Retry the conversion after increasing the target buffer to accommodate the closing shift-in character.

IBM0604S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid assignment was made to a pictured character string.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to assign an invalid data item to a pictured string. A data item which is not a character string cannot be assigned to a pictured character string because it does not match the declared characteristics of the pictured target variable. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3006.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Alter the characteristics either of the source variable or of the target variable so the data item assignment is possible.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0IS

IBM0611S	ONCODE=oncode-value The F-factor in the PICTURE specification was outside the range of -128 to 127.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The picture character F specifies a picture scaling factor for fixed-point decimal numbers. The number of digits following the V picture character minus the integer specified with F was required to be between -128 and 127.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1301.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the integer specified with the picture scaling factor F.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0J3

IBM0612S	ONCODE=oncode-value The PICTURE specification contained an invalid character.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PICTURE specification can contain only A X 9 for character data and only 9 V Z *, . / B S + - \$ CR DB Y K E F < > for numeric data. The characters between the insertion characters < > are not affected by this rule.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1302.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the PICTURE specification contains valid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0J4

IBM0613S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid character(s) appeared in the F scaling factor.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The picture character F specifies a picture scaling factor for fixed-point decimal numbers. The format is F(#) where # can be any signed integer between -128 and 127 inclusively.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1303.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the value specified for the scaling factor is a valid fixed-point decimal number that is within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0J5

IBM0614S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid character PICTURE specification was used.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The PICTURE specification can contain only A X 9 for character data. Other characters are not permitted.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1304.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the PICTURE specification contains valid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0J6

IBM0615S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid precision value was specified. The length was corrected automatically.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The number of digits for the precision field within a numeric data PICTURE specification must be between one and fifteen digits. The invalid precision specification is corrected automatically.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1305.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the value specified for the precision is within the supported range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0J7

IBM0616S	ONCODE=oncode-value The characters T, I or R appeared too often in the PICTURE specification.
-----------------	--

Explanation

T, I, R are the overpunch characters in a PICTURE specification. Only one overpunch character can appear in the specification for a fixed point number. A floating-point specification can contain two overpunch characters, one in the mantissa field and one in the exponent field.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1306.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the above restrictions are followed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0J8

IBM0617S	ONCODE=oncode-value The precision in the numeric PICTURE specification was less than 1.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The number of digits for the precision field within a numeric data PICTURE specification must be between one and fifteen digits.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1307.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Check the precision and modify the program accordingly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0J9

IBM0618S	ONCODE=oncode-value The precision in the fixed decimal PICTURE specification exceeded the limit.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The precision in the fixed decimal PICTURE specification must not exceed the specified value in the LIMITS compiler option. The default maximum is 15.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1308.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the LIMITS compiler option to specify a maximum value of 29 or 31.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JA

IBM0619S	ONCODE=oncode-value The value specified for the precision in the float decimal PICTURE specification exceeded the limit.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The precision in the float decimal PICTURE specification is limited by the hardware to 18 digits.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1309.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Check and correct the precision.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JB

IBM0620S

ONCODE=oncode-value The PICTURE specification did not contain picture characters for character or numeric data.
--

Explanation

The PICTURE specification must contain picture characters for either character or numeric data.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1310.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Check the PICTURE specification string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JC

IBM0621S	ONCODE=oncode-value The exponent in the float PICTURE specification exceeded the 4-digit limit.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The number of digits in the exponent of the float decimal PICTURE specification is limited to 4 digits.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1311.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the exponent does not exceed 4 digits.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JD

IBM0622S	ONCODE=oncode-value The exponent in the float PICTURE specification was missing.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The exponent in the float decimal PICTURE specification was missing. A value must be entered, even if it is zero.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1312.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Enter the missing exponent value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JE

IBM0623S	ONCODE=oncode-value The exponent in the PICTURE specification contained a V character.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The character V was specified in the PICTURE specification. The character V specifies an implicit decimal point and is not permitted in the exponent field.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1313.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the character V from the exponent field.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JF

IBM0624S	ONCODE=oncode-value The float PICTURE specification contained invalid characters CR, DB or F.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The float PICTURE specification contained invalid characters CR, DB or F. Credit (CR), Debit (DB), and Scale Factor (F) are only allowed in the fixed PICTURE specification.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1314.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the invalid characters from the float PICTURE specification.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JG

IBM0625S	ONCODE=oncode-value The PICTURE specification exceeded the limit. Excessive characters were truncated on the right.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The compiler restricts the length of the PICTURE specification to:

- Fixed Decimal: 254
- Float Decimal: 253
- Character Data: 511

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1315.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the PICTURE specification length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JH

IBM0626S	ONCODE=oncode-value The PICTURE specification contained an invalid delimiter.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The floating insertion string is delimited by < > characters. The string can contain any character with the exception of the delimiters themselves. To include the characters < and > in the floating insertion string, angle brackets must be used in an "escaped" format. << denotes character < in the floating insertion string. <> denotes character > in the floating insertion string. The leading < and ending > characters are delimiters.

```
<aaa<<bbb<>ccc>
denotes the FIS  aaa<bbb>ccc
```

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1316.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the floating insertion string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JI

IBM0630S	ONCODE=3009 A mixed character string ended incorrectly.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A mixed character string contained a shift-out character but did not contain a matching shift-in character.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that mixed character strings contain unnested pairs of shift-out/shift-in characters.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JM

IBM0631S	ONCODE=3010 A mixed character string contained an invalid character.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following rules for mixed constants was broken:

- SBCS portions of the constant cannot contain a shift-in
- DBCS portions of the constant cannot contain a shift-out (Either byte of a DBCS character cannot contain a shift-out.)
- The second byte of a DBCS character cannot contain a shift-in

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the mixed character string contains balanced, unnested pairs of shift-out/shift-in characters.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JN

IBM0632S	ONCODE=3011 An invalid function string was specified for the MPSTR built-in function.
-----------------	--

Explanation

For the MPSTR built-in function, a function string is invalid if it is null, contains only blanks, or contains characters other than 'V', 'v', 'S', 's', or a blank.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the function string is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JO

IBM0633S	ONCODE=3012 A retry was attempted after a graphic conversion error.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The use of the ONSOURCE or ONCHAR pseudovisible to attempt a conversion retry for a graphic (DBCS) conversion error is not allowed.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the retry attempt from your program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JP

IBM0634S	ONCODE=3013 An invalid graphic variable assignment was attempted.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A graphic (DBCS) target of length greater than 16,383 was encountered. This target could have been an actual target or a temporary target created by the program. This condition was raised by the GRAPHIC built-in function. The maximum length of a graphic (DBCS) string is 16,383 characters (32,766 bytes).

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that graphic (DBCS) strings are less than the maximum allowed length of 16,383.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JQ

IBM0635S	ONCODE=3014 An invalid use of a shift code occurred.
-----------------	---

Explanation

There are two possible errors:

- The STREAM input record could not be scanned due to an unmatched or nested shift code.
- A graphic (DBCS) constant in STREAM input contained a shift code or used shift codes improperly.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Verify that shift code pairs are matched and unnested, continuation rules are followed, and graphic (DBCS) constants are in one of the allowable forms.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JR

IBM0636S	ONCODE=3015 An invalid number of digits was used in a X or GX constant.
-----------------	--

Explanation

X constants must be specified in pairs. GX constants must be specified in groups of four.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Change the STREAM input data so that all X constants are specified in pairs and all GX constants are specified in groups of four.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JS

IBM0637S	ONCODE=3016 A double-byte character was used incorrectly.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A non-EBCDIC double-byte character was used incorrectly. These characters are only valid in DBCS names, graphic (DBCS) constants, and mixed character constants.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Verify that a bit, character or hexadecimal constant does not contain a non-EBCDIC double-byte character, or that such a character is not present outside a constant unless it is part of a name for a GET DATA statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JT

IBM0638S	ONCODE=<i>oncode-value</i> A STREAM output record could not be written correctly.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A record could not be written out because there was not enough room for a valid DBCS continuation sequence. As a consequence, the record cannot be read correctly as STREAM input. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3017.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Define the STREAM I/O data set to contain V- or U-type record formats.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0JU

IBM0640S	ONCODE=<i>oncode-value</i> Invalid UTF-8 data was detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to scan a UTF-8 string, but a byte was found that is not part of any UTF-8 character.

The first byte in a UTF-8 character must be either less than '80'x or else greater than 'c1'x but less than 'f5'x.
The ONCODE associated with this message is 3018.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0K0

IBM0641S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid byte 2 in a UTF-8 character detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to scan a UTF-8 string, but the second byte in a UTF-8 character was invalid. In UTF-8 characters that span 2 bytes, the second byte must not be less then '80'x nor greater than 'bf'x. In UTF-8 characters that span 3 bytes or 4 bytes, the second byte range is determined by the first byte. See [z/OS XL C/C++ Language Reference](#) for more details.
The ONCODE associated with this message is 3019.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0K1

IBM0642S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid byte 3 in a UTF-8 character was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to scan a UTF-8 string, but the third byte in a UTF-8 character was invalid. In UTF-8 characters that span 3 bytes or 4 bytes, the third byte must not be less then '80'x nor greater than 'bf'x.
The ONCODE associated with this message is 3020.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0K2

IBM0643S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid byte 4 in a UTF-8 character was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to scan a UTF-8 string, but the fourth byte in a UTF-8 character was invalid. In UTF-8 characters that span 4 bytes, the fourth byte must not be less then '80'x nor greater than 'bf'x.
The ONCODE associated with this message is 3021.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0K3

IBM0644S	ONCODE=oncode-value An incomplete UTF-8 character was detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to scan a UTF-8 string, but the string ended with an incomplete UTF-8 character.
The ONCODE associated with this message is 3022.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0K4

IBM0645S	ONCODE=oncode-value Invalid UTF-16 data was detected.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to scan a UTF-16 string, but a widechar was found that indicated it was part of a surrogate pair. The second widechar in that pair was invalid since it did not have a value of at least 'dc00'wx.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3023.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0K5

IBM0646S	ONCODE=oncode-value An incomplete UTF-16 character was detected.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to scan a UTF-16 string, but the string ended with an incomplete UTF-16 character.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3024.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0K6

IBM0647S	ONCODE=oncode-value USUBSTR reference is invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

In a USUBSTR(*x*, *i*, *j*) reference, *i* must be positive, *j* must be nonnegative and the sum of *i* + *j* - 1 must be less than or equal to ULENGTH(*x*).

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3025.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0K7

IBM0650S	ONCODE=3799 The source was not modified in the CONVERSION ON-unit. Retry was not attempted.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CONVERSION condition was raised by the presence of an invalid character in the string to be converted. The character was not corrected in an ON-unit using the ONCHAR or ONSOURCE pseudovvariable.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use either the ONCHAR or the ONSOURCE pseudovvariable in the CONVERSION ON-unit to assign a valid character to replace the invalid character in the source string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0KA

IBM0660S	ONCODE=oncode-value The value of Y in GETSYSWORD(Y) is invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The argument passed to the GETSYSWORD built-in function is incorrect. Refer to the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Language Reference* for details of the argument.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 2004.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify your program to use the built-in function correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0KK

IBM0670S **ONCODE=oncode-value X was less than 0 in SQRT(X).**

Explanation

The built-in function SQRT was invoked with an argument that is less than zero. ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 1500 Short floating-point argument
- 1501 Long floating-point argument
- 1502 Extended floating-point argument

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the argument of the SQRT built-in function is never less than zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0KU

IBM0671S **ONCODE=oncode-value X was less than or equal to 0 in LOG(X), LOG2(X) or LOG10(X).**

Explanation

One of the built-in functions LOG, LOG2, or LOG10 was invoked with an argument less than or equal to zero. The invocation may have been direct or as part of the evaluation of an exponentiation calculation. ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 1503 Extended floating-point argument
- 1504 Short floating-point argument
- 1505 Long floating-point argument

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the invocation is direct, modify the program so that the argument of the LOG, LOG2, or LOG10 built-in function is greater than zero. If the invocation is part of an exponentiation calculation, ensure that the argument is greater than zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0KV

IBM0672S **ONCODE=oncode-value ABS(X) was too large in SIN(X), COS(X), SIND(X), COSD(X), TAN(X) or TAND(X).**

Explanation

The error occurred during one of the following:

- The evaluation of SIN, SIND, COS, COSD, TAN, or TAND when invoked implicitly
- The evaluation of TAN, when invoked during the evaluation of TAN or TANH with a complex argument
- The evaluation of SIN or COS, when invoked during the evaluation of EXP, SIN, SINH, COS, COSH, TAN, or TANH with a complex argument
- The evaluation of a general exponentiation function with complex arguments

The argument passed to TAN, TAND, SIN, SIND, COS, or COSD exceeded the limit specified below.

<i>Floating-Point Precision</i>	<i>Limit</i>
Binary p = 21	$x < (2^{**18}) * K$
Decimal p = 6	where K = pi for x in radians (SIN, COS, or TAN)
Binary 21 < p = 53	$x < (2^{**50}) * K$
Decimal 6 < p = 16	where K = 180 for x in degrees (SIND, COSD, TAND)
Binary 53 < p = 109	$x < (2^{**100}) * K / \pi$
Decimal 6 < p = 33	

ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 1506 Short floating-point argument involving SIN, COS, SIND or COSD
- 1507 Long floating-point argument involving SIN, COS, SIND or COSD
- 1508 Short floating-point argument involving TAN or TAND
- 1509 Long floating-point argument involving TAN or TAND
- 1517 Extended floating-point argument involving SIN, COS, SIND or COSD
- 1522 Extended floating-point argument involving TAN or TAND

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that X does not violate the limits as described above. If X is an expression, simplify X for easier problem diagnosis.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0LO

IBM0674S	ONCODE=oncode-value Both X and Y were 0 in ATAN(Y,X) or ATAND(Y,X).
-----------------	--

Explanation

Two arguments, both of value zero, were given for the ATAN or ATAND built-in function. ATAN or ATAND was invoked either directly with a real argument or indirectly in the evaluation of the LOG built-in function with a complex argument. ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 1510 Short floating-point arguments
- 1511 Long floating-point arguments
- 1521 Extended floating-point arguments

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Change the arguments of ATAN or ATAND to nonzero values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0L2

IBM0675S	ONCODE=oncode-value ABS(X) was greater than or equal to 1 in ATANH(X).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ATANH built-in function had a floating-point argument with an absolute value that equaled or exceeded 1. ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 1514 Short floating-point argument
- 1515 Long floating-point argument
- 1516 Extended floating-point argument

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the ATANH built-in function so that the absolute value of a floating-point assignment does not equal or exceed 1.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0L3

IBM0676S	ONCODE=oncode-value ABS(X) was greater than 1 in ASIN(X) or ACOS(X).
-----------------	---

Explanation

The absolute value of the floating-point argument of the ASIN or ACOS built-in function exceeded 1. ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- 1518 Short floating-point argument
- 1519 Long floating-point argument
- 1520 Extended floating-point argument

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the ASIN or ACOS built-in function is never invoked with a floating-point argument whose absolute value exceeds 1.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0L4

IBM0682S	ONCODE=oncode-value X in EXPONENT(X) was invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- For $X^{**}Y$ where X and Y are integers, X was equal to zero and Y was less than or equal to zero.
- For $X^{**}Y$ where X is a real value and Y is an integer, X was equal to zero and Y was less than or equal to zero.
- For $X^{**}Y$ where X and Y are integers, X was not equal to plus or minus one and Y was less than zero.
- For $X^{**}Y$ where X and Y are complex values, X was (0,0i) and Y was less than or equal to zero.
- For $X^{**}Y$ where X and Y are complex values, X exceeded the limit K, where $K=2^{**}63$ for complex short and long arguments, and $K=2^{**}55$ for complex extended arguments.

- For $X^{**}Y$ where X and Y are complex values, X was equal to (0,0i).
- For $X^{**}Y$ where X and Y are real values, X was equal to zero and Y was not an integer-float greater than zero.
- For $X^{**}Y$ where X and Y are real values, X was less than zero and Y was not an integer-float.

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For integer base and integer exponent
 - 1673**
X equal to zero and Y less than or equal to zero
 - 1674**
X not equal to plus or minus one and less than zero
- For real short floating-point base with integer exponent
 - 1550**
X equal to zero and Y less than or equal to zero
- For real long floating-point base with integer exponent
 - 1551**
X equal to zero and Y less than or equal to zero
- For real extended floating-point base with integer exponent
 - 1560**
X equal to zero and Y less than or equal to zero
- For complex short floating-point base with integer exponent
 - 1554**
X equal to (0,0i) and Y less than or equal to zero
- For complex long floating-point base with integer exponent
 - 1555**
X equal to (0,0i) and Y less than or equal to zero
- For complex extended floating-point base with integer exponent
 - 1562**
X equal to (0,0i) and Y less than or equal to zero
- For real short floating-point base with real short floating-point exponent
 - 1552**
X equal to zero and Y not a positive integer-float, or X less than zero and Y not an integer-float
- For real long floating-point base with real long floating-point exponent
 - 1729**
X equal to (0,0i) and Y less than or equal to zero

- 1553**
X equal to zero and Y not a positive integer-float, or X less than zero and Y not an integer-float
- 1730**
X equal to (0,0i) and Y less than or equal to zero
- For real extended floating-point base with real extended floating-point exponent
 - 1561**
X equal to zero and Y not a positive integer-float, or X less than zero and Y not an integer-float
- For complex short floating-point base with complex short floating-point exponent
 - 1556**
Argument equal to (0,0i)
 - 1754**
Argument exceeded limit
- For complex long floating-point base with complex long floating-point exponent
 - 1557**
Argument equal to (0,0i)
 - 1755**
Argument exceeded limit
- For complex extended floating-point base with complex extended floating-point exponent
 - 1563**
Argument equal to (0,0i)
 - 1756**
Argument exceeded limit

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X is a valid floating-point number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0LA

IBM0683S	ONCODE=oncode-value X or Y in ATAN(X,Y) or ATAND(X,Y) was invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- X and Y were invalid.

The ONCODEs associated with this message are:

- For real short floating-point arguments:

1510

Both arguments were invalid

- For real long floating-point arguments:

1511

Both arguments were invalid

- For real extended floating-point arguments:

1521

Both arguments were invalid

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure X and Y are both real values and that Y is not equal to zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0LB

IBM0700S	ONCODE=oncode-value An attempt to assign data to an unallocated CONTROLLED variable occurred during GET DATA for file <i>file-name</i> .
-----------------	---

Explanation

A CONTROLLED variable in the stream was accessed by a GET FILE DATA statement, but there was no current allocation for the variable.

```
DCL X CONTROLLED FIXED BIN;
GET DATA(X);

(Input stream contains
X=5,.....)
```

The ONCODE associated with this message is 4001.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the data item from the input stream or insert an ALLOCATE statement for the variable before the GET FILE DATA statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0LS

IBM0701S	ONCODE=oncode-value An attempt to assign data to an unallocated CONTROLLED variable occurred on a GET DATA statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A CONTROLLED variable in the stream was accessed by a GET FILE DATA statement, but there was no current allocation for the variable.

```
DCL STR CHAR(4) INIT('X=5'),
X CONTROLLED FIXED BIN;
GET STRING(STR) DATA(X);
```

The ONCODE associated with this message is 4001.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the data item from the string or insert an ALLOCATE statement for the variable before the GET STRING DATA statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0LT

IBM0702S	ONCODE=oncode-value An attempt to to output an unallocated CONTROLLED variable occurred on a PUT DATA statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A CONTROLLED variable was being output to a file by a PUT FILE DATA statement, but there was no current allocation for the variable. The ONCODE associated with this message is 4002.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Insert an ALLOCATE statement for the variable before the PUT FILE DATA statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0LU

IBM0703S	ONCODE=oncode-value An attempt to assign from an unallocated CONTROLLED variable occurred on a PUT DATA statement with the STRING option.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A CONTROLLED variable was being accessed by a PUT STRING DATA statement, but there was no current allocation for the variable. The ONCODE associated with this message is 4003.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the CONTROLLED variable is allocated and initialized before the PUT DATA statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0LV

IBM0710S	ONCODE=oncode-value Too many digits specified in JSON floating-point number.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Floating-point numbers in JSON text are limited to 34 digits excluding those in the exponent field. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5050.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the floating-point numbers in the JSON text do not exceed 34 digits.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0M6

IBM0711S	ONCODE=oncode-value Too many digits specified in JSON fixed-point number.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Fixed-point numbers in JSON text are limited to 31 digits. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5051.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the fixed-point numbers in the JSON text do not exceed 31 digits.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0M7

IBM0712S	ONCODE=oncode-value Invalid value type in JSON text.
-----------------	---

Explanation

When performing an assignment while parsing JSON text, the source value must start with one of the characters forming the start of a JSON string, a JSON number, or one of the JSON keywords null, true, or false. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5052.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text starts with a valid value type.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0M8

IBM0713S	ONCODE=oncode-value Conversion from UTF-8 to character failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

When performing an assignment while parsing JSON text, if the source value is a JSON string and the target is not WIDECHAR, then every UTF-8 character in the source string must have a match in the target codepage (as defined by the CODEPAGE when it was compiled). The ONCODE associated with this message is 5053.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text being assigned to a non-WIDECHAR target contains UTF-8 characters that have a match in the target codepage.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0M9

IBM0714S	ONCODE=oncode-value Source in JSON assignment to BIT is invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

When performing an assignment while parsing JSON text, if the source value is a JSON string and the target is BIT, the source string must consist entirely of 0's and 1's. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5054.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text being assigned to a BIT target consists entirely of 0's and 1's.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MA

IBM0715S	ONCODE=oncode-value Conversion from UTF-8 to UTF-16 failed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When performing an assignment while parsing JSON text, if the source value is a JSON string and the target is WIDECHAR, the source string must consist of no more than 16383 UTF-8 characters. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5055.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text being assigned to a WIDECHAR target does not exceed 16383 UTF-8 characters.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MB

IBM0716S	ONCODE=oncode-value String in JSON text is too long.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The number of bytes in a JSON string must be no greater than 3*32767. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5056.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the length of the JSON string does not exceed 3*32767.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MC

IBM0717S	ONCODE=oncode-value Characters after \u are not valid hexadecimal digits.
-----------------	--

Explanation

In JSON text, the 4 characters after \u must be valid hexadecimal digits. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5057.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the 4 characters after \u are valid hexadecimal digits.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MD

IBM0718S	ONCODE=oncode-value Hexadecimal characters specify an invalid UTF surrogate pair.
-----------------	--

Explanation

In a JSON text, hexadecimal characters must specify valid UTF-8 data. This means that if \uxxxx specifies a value between d800 and dbff, then it must be immediately followed by \uyyyy where yyyy specifies a value between dc00 and dfff. Conversely, if \uxxxx specifies a value between dc00 and dfff, it must have been immediately preceded by \uyyyy where yyyy specifies a value between d800 and dbff. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5058.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the hexadecimal characters in the JSON text specify valid UTF-8 data.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOME

IBM0719S	ONCODE=oncode-value Invalid escape character in JSON text.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In JSON text, the only valid characters after the escape symbol (\) are the characters double quotation mark ("), backslash (\), forward slash (/), u, b, f, n, r, and t, and the first 4 of these are valid only inside strings. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5059.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text contains valid characters after the escape symbol.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOMF

IBM0720S	ONCODE=oncode-value Only valid value starting with t in JSON text is true.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In JSON text, the only time a value starting with the letter t can appear is when it is the start of the word true. Any other string starting with the letter t must be enclosed in quotes. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5060.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the t in the JSON text is the start of the word true. Otherwise, enclose the string in quotes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOMG

IBM0721S

ONCODE=oncode-value Only valid value starting with f in JSON text is false.

Explanation

In JSON text, the only time a value starting with the letter f can appear is when it is the start of the word false. Any other string starting with the letter f must be enclosed in quotes. The ONCODE associated with this message is 5061.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the f in the JSON text is the start of the word false. Otherwise, enclose the string in quotes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOMH

IBM0722S	ONCODE=oncode-value Only valid value starting with n in JSON text is null.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In JSON text, the only time a value starting with the letter n can appear is when it is the start of the word null. Any other string starting with the letter n must be enclosed in quotes.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5062.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the n in the JSON text is the start of the word null.

Otherwise, enclose the string in quotation marks.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOMI

IBM0723S	ONCODE=oncode-value JSON text ends prematurely.
-----------------	--

Explanation

All JSON text must have enough characters to be complete. This means, for example, if the text has a

double quotation mark (") to open a string, then it must have a closing double quotation mark (") or, for example, that if the text contains 3.14E, then it must have at least one more character (that specifies the exponent).

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5063.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text is complete and that there are matching delimiters if these are used.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MJ

IBM0724S	ONCODE=oncode-value Number does not conform to the rules of JSON syntax.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Any number specified in JSON text must conform to the rules of JSON syntax. This means, for example, that it cannot start with a plus-sign and that if its first digit is a 0, then any other digits must come after a decimal point.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5064.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the number specified in the JSON text conforms to the JSON syntax rules.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MK

IBM0725S	ONCODE=oncode-value Name in JSON source does not match that in the target.
-----------------	---

Explanation

While parsing JSON text for an assignment, the name in any name-value pair must match the name in the corresponding target reference.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5065.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the names specified in the JSON source and target match.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0ML

IBM0726S	ONCODE=oncode-value The JSON values true and false may be assigned only to NONVARYING BIT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

When performing an assignment while parsing JSON text, if the source value is the keyword true or false, then the target must have the attributes NONVARYING BIT.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5066.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the target for the JSON values true and false is a nonvarying bit string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MM

IBM0727S	ONCODE=oncode-value JSON text contains invalid UTF-8 characters.
-----------------	---

Explanation

All JSON text must consist of valid UTF-8 characters.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5067.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text contains valid UTF-8 characters.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MN

IBM0728S	ONCODE=oncode-value Objects and arrays in the JSON text are nested too deeply.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Objects and arrays must be nested no more than 100-fold.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5068.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the nesting level for objects and arrays in the JSON text does not exceed 100.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MO

IBM0729S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be an opening bracket, hex 5B (in UTF-8).
-----------------	---

Explanation

While parsing JSON text to assign to an array, the corresponding JSON text must start with an opening bracket, [.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5069.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text that is to be assigned to an array starts with an opening bracket, [.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MP

IBM0730S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be a closing bracket, hex 5D (in UTF-8).
-----------------	--

Explanation

While parsing JSON text to assign to an array, the corresponding JSON text must end with a closing bracket,].

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5070.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text that is to be assigned to an array has a closing bracket,].

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MQ

IBM0731S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be an opening brace, hex 7B (in UTF-8).
-----------------	---

Explanation

While parsing JSON text to assign to a structure, the corresponding JSON text must start with an opening brace, {.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5071.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text that is to be assigned to a structure has an opening brace, {.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MR

IBM0732S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be a closing brace, hex 7D (in UTF-8).
-----------------	--

Explanation

While parsing JSON text to assign to a structure, the corresponding JSON text must end with a closing brace, }.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5072.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text that is to be assigned to a structure has a closing brace, }.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MS

IBM0733S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be a comma (,).
-----------------	---

Explanation

While parsing JSON text to assign to a subsequent element of a structure or array, the corresponding JSON text must have a comma (,).

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5073.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text that is to be assigned to a subsequent element of a structure or array is delimited by a comma (,).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MT

IBM0734S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be a double quotation mark (").
-----------------	---

Explanation

While parsing JSON text for an object member, the start of the member must be a name enclosed in double quotation marks (").

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5074.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text for the name of an object member is enclosed in double quotation marks (").

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MU

IBM0735S

ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be a colon (:).

Explanation

After a name in a name-value pair in an object, the next significant character must be a colon (:).

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5075.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the name in a name-value pair in an object is followed by a colon (:).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0MV

IBM0736S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be the start of a JSON value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A JSON value must start with an opening brace, {, opening bracket, [, or the start of a JSON string, a JSON number, or one of the JSON keywords null, true, or false.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5076.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the JSON text starts with a valid JSON value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0NO

IBM0737S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be a closing bracket, hex 5D (in UTF-8), or the start of a JSON value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

After an opening bracket, [, to open an array, the next significant character must be either the start of a JSON value or a closing bracket,], to close the array.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5077.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the next significant character following an opening bracket, [, to an array is either the start of a JSON value or a closing bracket,].

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0N1

IBM0738S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be a double quotation mark (") or a closing brace, hex 7D (in UTF-8).
-----------------	---

Explanation

After an opening brace, {, to open an object, the next significant character must be either a double quotation mark (") to start a name-value pair or a closing brace, }, to close the object.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5078.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the next significant character following an opening brace, {, is either a starting double quotation mark (") for a name-value pair or a closing brace, }.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0N2

IBM0739S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be a comma (,) or a closing bracket, hex 5D (in UTF-8).
-----------------	---

Explanation

After an array element, the next significant character must be either a comma (,) to continue the array or a closing bracket,], to close it.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5079.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the next significant character following an array element is either a continuing comma (,) for the array or a closing bracket,].

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0N3

IBM0740S	ONCODE=oncode-value Next significant character in the JSON text should be a comma (,) or a closing brace, hex 7D (in UTF-8).
-----------------	---

Explanation

After an object member, the next significant character must be either a comma (,) to continue the object or a closing brace, }, to close it.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 5080.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the next significant character following an object member is either a continuing comma (,) for the object or a closing brace, }.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0N4

IBM0750S	ONCODE=oncode-value A GOTO to an invalid block was attempted.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A GOTO statement that transfers control to a label variable was invalid. The possible causes are:

- The generation of the block that was active when the label variable was assigned was no longer active when the GOTO statement was run.

- The label variable was uninitialized.
- The element of the label array, to which control is to be transferred, does not exist in the program.
- An attempt has been made to transfer control to a block that is not within the scope of this task.

```
DCL L LABEL;
BEGIN;
A: L = A;
END;
GOTO L;
```

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9002.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the GOTO statement transfers control to a label in an active block.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMONE

IBM0751S	ONCODE=oncode-value A GOTO was attempted to an element of a label constant array, but the subscripts for the element were not those of any label in that array.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The subscripts of an element in a GOTO statement must match the label in the specified array. This error occurs in the following code if n is 1, 3, 5 or 7:

```
dcl n fixed
bin;

.
.
.

goto x(n);

.
.
.

x(0):

.
.
.

x(2):

.
.
.

x(4):

.
```

```
.
.
x(6):

.
.
.

x(8):
```

Note: This error will not occur if n is less than the lower bound for x or greater than the upper bound.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9003.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct your program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0NF

IBM0752S	ONCODE=oncode-value A RETURN without an expression was attempted from a procedure that had been entered at an ENTRY that specified the RETURNS attribute.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A procedure can contain ENTRYs some of which have the RETURNS attribute and some of which do not, but if it is entered at an ENTRY that has the RETURNS attribute, it must be exited with a RETURN statement that specifies a return value.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9004.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct your program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0NG

IBM0753S	ONCODE=oncode-value A RETURN without an expression was attempted from a procedure that had been entered at an ENTRY that does not specify the RETURNS attribute.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A procedure can contain ENTRYs some of which have the RETURNS attribute and some of which do not, but if it is entered at an ENTRY that has the RETURNS attribute, it must be exited with a RETURN statement that does not specify a return value.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9005.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct your program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0NH

IBM0780S	ONCODE=oncode-value No WHEN clauses were satisfied and no OTHERWISE clause was available.
-----------------	--

Explanation

No WHEN clauses of a SELECT statement were selected and no OTHERWISE clause was present. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Add an OTHERWISE clause to the SELECT group.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0OC

IBM0802S	ONCODE=oncode-value The GET/PUT STRING exceeded the source string size.
-----------------	--

Explanation

For input, a GET statement attempted to access data that exceeded the length of the source string. For output, a PUT statement attempted to assign data that exceeded the target string. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1002.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

For input, either extend the length attribute of the source string, or correct the data so that the length does not exceed the declared length of the source string. For output, either extend the length attribute of the target string, or correct the data so that the length does not exceed the declared length of the target string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0P2

IBM0803S	ONCODE=oncode-value A prior condition on file <i>file-name</i> prevented further output.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A PL/I WRITE, LOCATE, or PUT statement was issued for a file to which a previous attempt to transmit a record caused the TRANSMIT condition to be raised immediately. If the EVENT option was specified to be stacked until the event was waited on, the data set was not a unit-record device and no further processing of the file was possible. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1003.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the error that caused the TRANSMIT condition to be raised and rerun the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0P3

IBM0804S	ONCODE=oncode-value The PRINT option/format item was used with non-PRINT file <i>file-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to use one of the options PAGE or LINE for a file that was not a print file. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1004.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either remove the PRINT option/format item from the non-print file, or specify the PRINT option for the print file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0P4

IBM0805S	ONCODE=oncode-value A DISPLAY with REPLY option had a zero-length string.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The current length of the character string to be displayed, or the maximum length of the character string to which the reply was assigned, was zero. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1005.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Change length of the character string to be displayed, or to which the reply is to be assigned, to greater than zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0P5

IBM0807S	ONCODE=oncode-value The REWRITE or DELETE on file <i>file-name</i> occurred without a preceding READ SET or READ INTO statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A REWRITE or DELETE statement without the KEY option was run. The last input/output operation on the file was not a READ statement with the SET or INTO option or was a READ statement with the IGNORE option. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1007.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the REWRITE or DELETE statement is either preceded by a READ statement or, in the case of a REWRITE statement, replaced by a

WRITE statement, according to the requirements of the program. A preceding READ statement with the IGNORE option will also cause the message to be issued.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0P7

IBM0808S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid element was present in the string for a GET STRING DATA statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The identifier in the string named in the STRING option of a GET STRING DATA statement did not match the identifier in the data specification. Note that the DATAFIELD built-in function does not return a value in this case. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1008.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the string contains the identifier in the data specification.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0P8

IBM0809S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid file operation was attempted on file <i>file-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to perform an invalid operation on a file. For example, it is not possible to run a REWRITE statement on a STREAM file, read an output file, or write an input file. Refer to the table below for a list of operations and conflicting file organizations.

Table 6. Operations and Conflicting File Organizations

Statement/Option	File Organization
Any record I/O statement	STREAM
Any stream I/O statement	RECORD
READ	OUTPUT
READ SET	UNBUFFERED
READ EVENT	UNBUFFERED

Table 6. Operations and Conflicting File Organizations
(continued)

Statement/Option	File Organization
READ KEY	REGIONAL SEQUENTIAL or CONSECUTIVE
READ IGNORE	DIRECT
READ NOLOCK	SEQUENTIAL or INPUT
WRITE	INPUT SEQUENTIAL UPDATE, INDEXED DIRECT NOWRITE, REGIONAL (not KEYED)
WRITE EVENT	BUFFERED
REWRITE	INPUT or OUTPUT
REWRITE (without FROM)	UNBUFFERED or DIRECT
REWRITE KEY	SEQUENTIAL
REWRITE EVENT	BUFFERED
LOCATE	INPUT or UPDATE, UNBUFFERED, DIRECT
LOCATE KEYFROM	INDEXED or REGIONAL (without KEYED)
DELETE	INPUT or OUTPUT, CONSECUTIVE, REGIONAL SEQUENTIAL, RKP=0 (blocked records), OPTCD=L not specified
DELETE KEY	SEQUENTIAL
UNLOCK	INPUT or OUTPUT, SEQUENTIAL
GET	OUTPUT
PUT	INPUT

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1009.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the file declaration and the input/output statements for the named file are compatible.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0P9

IBM0810S	ONCODE=oncode-value A built-in function or pseudovvariable referenced an unopened file or referenced a file with a contradicting attribute.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An I/O built-in function or pseudovvariable referenced a file that was not opened or referenced a file with an attribute that contradicted the function or pseudovvariable. The functions/pseudovvariables are :

- PAGENO - file not open or does not have the PRINT attribute
- SAMEKEY - file does not have the RECORD attribute
- ENDFILE - file not open
- FILEREAD - file not open or is not a TYPE(U) file
- FILEWRITE - file not open or is not a TYPE(U) file
- FILESEEK - file not open or is not a TYPE(U) file
- FILETELL - file not open or is not a TYPE(U) file
- FILEDDTEST - file not open or:
 - AMTHD - file not a native file
 - BKWD - file not a record file
 - DESCENDKEY - file not a record file
 - GENKEY - file not a record file
 - PRINT - file not a stream output file
- FILEDDINT - file not open or:
 - BUFSIZE - file not a native file
 - DELAY - file not a DDM, BTRIEVE or ISAM file
 - RETRY - file not a DDM, BTRIEVE or ISAM file
 - FILESIZE - file not a native file
 - KEYLEN - file not an indexed or a relative keyed file
 - KEYLOC - file not an indexed or a relative keyed file
- FILEDDWORD - file not open or:
 - TYPEF - file not a native file

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1010.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct your program to use the built-in function or pseudovvariable correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PA

IBM0811S	ONCODE=oncode-value An I/O error occurred. Subcode1= sc1 Subcode2= sc2
-----------------	--

Explanation

The data management routines detected an error during an input/output operation, which PL/I did not recognize. Subcode1 and Subcode2 provide VSAM diagnostic information; otherwise, they contain zeros. See the VSAM Macro Instruction manual for a description of the errors. Subcode1 indicates the I/O function involved:

- 0 - I/O function not identified
- 1 - GET
- 2 - PUT
- 3 - CHECK
- 4 - POINT
- 5 - ENDREQ
- 6 - ERASE
- 64 - OPEN
- 130 - GENCB of ACB
- 131 - GENCB of RPL
- 138 - SHOWCB of ACB
- 142 - TESTCB of ACB
- 146 - SHOWCB of block lengths

Subcode2 consists of 8 hexadecimal digits (xxxxyyyy). The meaning of Subcode2 varies depending on the PL/I product used.

For MVS and VM, the value of subcode1 determines the type of VSAM return code information provided.

- Subcode1 0: VSAM return code information is not provided.
- Subcode1 1-63: VSAM Request Parameter List Feedback Word (RPLFDBWD) = xxxxyyyy.
- Subcode1 64: Open register 15 = xxxx. Open reason code = yyyy.
- Subcode1 128-192: Register 15 = xxxx. Register 0 = yyyy.

For Enterprise PL/I for z/OS, Subcode2 gives the following information:

- Register 15 = xxxx. Reason code = yyyy.

Note that PL/I terminology translates to VSAM terms as follows:

- PL/I UPDATE OPEN is equivalent to VSAM IN and OUT OPEN.
- PL/I OUTPUT OPEN is equivalent to VSAM OUT OPEN, but only inserts or additions are allowed.
- PL/I READ results in VSAM POINT to key, if specified, followed by VSAM GET.

- PL/I WRITE or LOCATE results in VSAM PUT NUP. For PL/I LOCATE, the associated VSAM PUT NUP occurs on the next PL/I I/O request.
- PL/I REWRITE results in implied read, if needed, followed by VSAM PUT UPD.
- PL/I DELETE results in implied read, if needed, followed by VSAM ERASE.
- PL/I WAIT EVENT I/O results in VSAM CHECK.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1011.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the VSAM diagnostic information to correct the cause of the error and resubmit the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PB

IBM0812S	ONCODE=oncode-value A READ SET or READ INTO statement did not precede a REWRITE request.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A REWRITE statement with the INTO or SET option ran without a preceding READ statement. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1012.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the REWRITE statement is either preceded by a READ statement or replaced by a WRITE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PC

IBM0813S	ONCODE=oncode-value The last READ statement before the last REWRITE or DELETE was incomplete.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to run a REWRITE or DELETE statement before a preceding READ statement (with

the EVENT option) for a file that had completed. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1013.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Insert a WAIT statement for the given event variable into the flow of control between the REWRITE or DELETE and READ statements. The REWRITE or DELETE statement should run after completion of the READ statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PD

IBM0814S	ONCODE=oncode-value Excessive incomplete I/O operations occurred for file <i>file-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to initiate an input/output operation beyond the limit imposed by the NCP (number of channel programs) subparameter of the DCB parameter or option of the ENVIRONMENT attribute. For a file with the attributes SEQUENTIAL and UNBUFFERED, the default for NCP is one. The limit, for VSAM files, is specified either by the NCP option of the ENVIRONMENT attribute or by the STRNC sub-parameter of the AMP parameter in the DD statement. The limit is one for both SEQUENTIAL and DIRECT UNBUFFERED files except when using the ISAM compatibility interface. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1014.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the input/output operation is not initiated until an incomplete input/output operation completes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PE

IBM0816S	ONCODE=oncode-value The implicit OPEN was unsuccessful for file <i>file-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred during the implicit opening of a file. The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised and a normal return was made from the associated ON-unit, but the file was still unopened. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1016.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the file has been completely and correctly declared, and that the input/output statement that implicitly opens the file is not in conflict with the file declaration.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PG

IBM0818S	ONCODE=oncode-value An unexpected end of file/string was detected in the STREAM input.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The end of the file was detected before the completion of a GET FILE statement. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1018.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

For edit-directed input, ensure that the last item of data in the stream has the same number of characters as specified in the associated format item. If the error occurs while an X-format is running, ensure that the same number of characters to be skipped are present before the last data item in the stream. For list-directed and data-directed input, ensure the last item of data in the data set that precedes the end-of-file character is terminated by a quote character for a string or a 'B' character for a bit-string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PI

IBM0819S	ONCODE=oncode-value An attempt was made to close a file in the wrong task.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A file can only be closed by the task that opened it.
The ONCODE associated with this message is 1019.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Change your program to insure the close is issued in the same task that opened the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PJ

IBM0820S	ONCODE=oncode-value An attempt was made to access a locked record.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In an exclusive environment, an attempt was made to read, rewrite, or delete a record when either the record or the data set was locked by another file in this task. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1021.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that all files accessing the data set have the EXCLUSIVE attribute. If a READ statement is involved, specify the NOLOCK option to suppress the locking mechanism.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PK

IBM0821S	ONCODE=oncode-value An I/O statement occurred before a WAIT statement completed a previous READ.
-----------------	---

Explanation

While an indexed sequential file was open for direct updating, an input/output statement was attempted before the completion of a previous READ statement with the EVENT option. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1020.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Include a WAIT statement so that the erroneous input/output statement cannot be run until the completion of the previous READ statement with the EVENT option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PL

IBM0822S	ONCODE=oncode-value Insufficient space was available for a record in the sequential output data set.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The space allocated for the sequential output data set was full. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1040.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the data set, or check the logic of the application for possible looping.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PM

IBM0823S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid control format item was detected during a GET/PUT STRING.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An invalid control format item (PAGE, LINE, SKIP, or COL) was detected in a remote format list for a GET or PUT STRING statement.

```
DCL(A,B) CHAR(10),  
C CHAR(80);  
F:  FORMAT(A(10), SKIP,A(10));  
A='FRED'; B='HARRY';  
PUT STRING(C) EDIT(A,B) (R(F));
```

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1004.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the source program so that GET or PUT STRING statements do not use the control format items PAGE, LINE, SKIP or COL.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PN

IBM0824S	ONCODE=oncode-value Records were still locked in a subtask while attempting to close EXCLUSIVE file <i>file-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When an EXCLUSIVE file is closed by a task, no records should be locked by any subtasks.

ONCODE associated with this message is 1023.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Change your program to insure that the subtasks free any record locks before the file is closed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PO

IBM0825S	ONCODE=oncode-value The EVENT variable was already used.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An input/output statement with an EVENT option was attempted while a previous input/output statement with an EVENT option that used the same event variable was still incomplete. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1015.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either change the event variable used in the second EVENT option or insert a WAIT statement for the event variable between the two input/output statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PP

IBM0826S	ONCODE=oncode-value The EVENT variable was already used with a DISPLAY statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An input/output statement with an EVENT option was attempted while a previous DISPLAY statement with an EVENT option that used the same event variable was still incomplete.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1001.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either change the event variable used in the second EVENT option or insert a WAIT statement for the event variable between the DISPLAY statement and the input/output statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PQ

IBM0827S	ONCODE=oncode-value The EVENT variable was already active and was used with entry <i>entry-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An event variable that was already used in the EVENT option in a CALL statement was still active when used again in the EVENT option of an input/output statement.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1002.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Either use a different event variable or insert a WAIT statement so that the input/output statement is not run until the event variable becomes inactive.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PR

IBM0828S	ONCODE=oncode-value An incorrect sequence of I/O operations was performed on an associated file.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Operations on a set of associated files were not carried out in the correct sequence, as follows:

1. Appropriate I/O operations were not carried out in the sequence Read-Punch-Print. Only the Print operation can be omitted or repeated.
2. An attempt was made to print more than the maximum number of lines on a card, using a print file that was associated with a read or punch file.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1024.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the above rules have not been violated.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PS

IBM0829S	ONCODE=oncode-value Insufficient virtual storage was available to VSAM.
-----------------	--

Explanation

During an OPEN/CLOSE or any other operation on a VSAM data set, insufficient storage was available for workspace and control blocks. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1025.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Increase the REGION size for the VSAM application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PT

IBM0830S	ONCODE=oncode-value An I/O error occurred during a CLOSE operation.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while a VSAM close routine was either reading or writing a catalog record, or completing an outstanding I/O request.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1011.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If the problem is related to an insufficient amount of virtual storage available to VSAM, try running the job with a larger REGION size. The access method services VERIFY command can be used to obtain more information pertaining to the error. Refer to the MVS/DFP Access Method Services manual for details.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PU

IBM0831S	ONCODE=oncode-value A position was not established for a sequential READ statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A READ statement without the KEY option was attempted on a VSAM data set. This occurred after sequential positioning was lost as the result of a previous error during sequential processing (for example, read error on index set or failure to position to next highest key after a "key not found" condition). The ONCODE associated with this message is 1026.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the KEYTO option of the READ statement to obtain the keys of records read. Use this information to reposition a file for subsequent retrieval when positioning is lost.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0PV

IBM0832S	ONCODE=oncode-value Insufficient space was available for VSAM file file-name.
-----------------	--

Explanation

VSAM was unable to allocate additional DASD space for the data set (ESDS or KSDS). This condition was raised during an attempt to write or locate a record during the sequential creation or extension of a data set and the space allocated to the data set was full. For a KSDS, the condition may have occurred when the associated PL/I file was opened for update and an

attempt was made to write new records to the file or to increase the size of existing records using the WRITE and REWRITE statements respectively. An attempt to increase the size of a data set while processing with SHROPT=4 and DISP=SHR may also have raised this condition. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1022.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the access method services ALTER command to extend a data set provided secondary allocation was specified during data set definition. Refer to the MVS/DFP Access Method Services manual for details.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q0

IBM0833S	ONCODE=oncode-value A requested record was held in exclusive control.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The VSAM data set control interval containing the requested record was in the process of being updated by another file which used the same DD statement. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1027.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Retry the update after completion of the other file's data transmission, or avoid having two files associated with the same data set at one time.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q1

IBM0834S	ONCODE=oncode-value The requested record was stored on a non-mounted volume.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The requested record was stored on a non-mounted volume of a VSAM data set spanning several volumes. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1028.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that all volumes on which a VSAM data set resides are accessible at the time the application is run.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q2

IBM0835S	ONCODE=oncode-value An attempt to position the file for a sequential READ failed. Subcode1= sc1 Subcode2= sc2
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt to reposition to the next highest key for subsequent sequential retrieval, after the 'key not found' condition, failed. If file processing is continued, the next I/O statement should specify the KEY option to effect positioning. Otherwise message IBM0831 may result. Subcode1 and Subcode2 provide detailed VSAM diagnostic information. See message IBM0811S for an explanation of these fields.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1029.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the VSAM diagnostic information to correct the cause of the error and resubmit the program. Alternatively, use the KEYTO option of the READ statement to obtain the keys of the records read, so that you can reposition the file yourself for sequential retrieval.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q3

IBM0836S	ONCODE=oncode-value The number of concurrent operations on a data set exceeded STRNO.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Several files accessed a VSAM data set by means of the same DD statement (that is, using the same title). The STRNO subparameter of the DD statement that specified the total number of operations on all files

that can be active at the same time was less than the number of concurrent operations. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1014.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the concurrent operations are valid. Or, modify the STRNO parameter to reflect the correct number of allowed concurrent operations. A read-rewrite pair of operations on a sequential file counts as one operation. For example, if three sequential files are to update the same data set at the same time, 'STRNO=3' should be specified in the DD statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q4

IBM0837S	ONCODE=oncode-value An error occurred during an index upgrade. Subcode1= sc1 Subcode2= sc2
-----------------	---

Explanation

A change to a base cluster could not be reflected in one of the indexes of the cluster's upgrade set. Subcode1 and Subcode2 provide detailed VSAM diagnostic information. See message IBM0811S for an explanation of these fields.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1030.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Run the job with a larger REGION size. The problem might be related to an insufficient amount of virtual storage available to VSAM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q5

IBM0838S	Incorrect record length or record length not sufficient contain new alternate index key pointer.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The record length specified was 0 or larger than the maximum or not equal to the slot size for a fixed-length RRDS. This message will also be issued when

the RECORDSIZE specified for a VSAM alternate index defined with NONUNIQUEKEY is not large enough to hold all the base cluster key pointers for a given non-unique alternate key. This message can also be issued if the number of alternate index pointers exceeded 32767, the maximum number allowed in an alternate index for any given key.

AThe ONCODE associated with this message is 1030.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Make sure the RECLEN specified is not 0 or not larger than the maximum allowed. For fixed-length RRDS, RECLEN must be equal to the slot size. For non-unique alternate indices, each alternate index record contains pointers to all the records that have the associated alternate index key. As a result, the index record can be quite large. Make sure the RECORDSIZE specified during the creation of the alternate index is large enough. If the number of alternate index pointers exceed the allowed maximum of 32767, then a different alternate key would need to be used. Refer to the appropriate VSAM manual for more information regarding the use of alternate index paths.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q6

IBM0839S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid alternate index pointer was used.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A pointer in the alternate index was invalid. This may have been caused by incorrect use of the alternate index as a Key Sequenced Data Set (KSDS).

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1030.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Refer to [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#) regarding a general description on the use of alternate index. For more information, refer to [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q7

IBM0840S	ONCODE=oncode-value An invalid sequential WRITE was attempted.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A WRITE statement on a file associated with a Relative Record Data Set (RRDS) did not specify a relative record number. This resulted in an attempt to write in a slot already containing a record. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1031.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the WRITE statement to include a relative record number (or key) by specifying the KEYFROM option. If a relative record number is used, ensure the record number is valid. For error diagnosis, the KEYTO option can be used to obtain the number of the key for each record written if previous sequential WRITE statements did not have the KEYFROM option specified.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q8

IBM0841S	ONCODE=oncode-value A data set, open for output, used all available space.
-----------------	---

Explanation

No more space on the disk.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1041.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the data set or check the logic of the program for possible looping.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q9

IBM0842S	ONCODE=oncode-value An attempt was made to write a record containing record delimiter.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to write a record containing a record delimiter (line feed character or carriage control and line feed character combination) to a native data set with the type(lf) or type(crlf) option applied.

System action

The record is not transmitted to the data set.

Programmer response

Either change your program to let PL/I write the delimiter or use the type(fixed) option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QA

IBM0843S	ONCODE=oncode-value A record in the data set was not properly delimited.
-----------------	---

Explanation

While reading a native data set with TYPE(CRLF) applied, a record delimiter (carriage control and line feed character combination) was not found before the number of bytes specified by RECSIZE were read.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1042.

System action

The record is not assigned to the record variable.

Programmer response

Increase the value of RECSIZE appropriately and re-run your program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QB

IBM0850S	ONCODE=oncode-value The aggregate length exceeded the limit of 2**24 bytes.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The length of the structure or array to be mapped was greater than 2²⁴, thus exceeding the limits of addressability. The program was compiled with CMPAT(V1). The ONCODE associated with this message is 3800.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Reduce the size of the array or structure to a size that can be accommodated within the main storage available. If a variable is used to specify the dimension or length, check that it has been correctly initialized before the storage is allocated to the aggregate. Or, compile the program with the CMPAT(V2) option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QI

IBM0851S	ONCODE=oncode-value The array structure element could not be mapped.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program was compiled with CMPAT(V1). Either the program contained a structure with:

- An adjustable element and an array element with extents that cause the relative virtual origin to exceed 2³;2²;-1.
- A structure with an adjustable element and an array with a lower bound greater than the upper bound.

```
DCL 1 A CTL,  
2 B CHAR(N),  
2 C (15000:15001, 15000:15001,  
15000:15001) CHAR(32700);  
N=2;  
ALLOCATE A;
```

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3801.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

If possible, compile the program with the CMPAT(V2) option. If recompiling is not possible:

- Ensure aggregates with array elements remain within the limit of addressability (2³;2²;-1), or
- Ensure the lower bound is not greater than the upper bound.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QJ

IBM0852S

ONCODE=oncode-value The mapping of an aggregate to a COBOL form failed.

Explanation

An attempt was made to pass to or obtain from a COBOL program a structure with more than three dimensions. The ONCODE associated with this message is 3808.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure PL/I aggregates that are passed to or from COBOL programs are within the limits described above.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QK

IBM0854S	ONCODE=oncode-value The maximum depth of iteration exceeded the limits during an array initialization.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The depth of iteration within the initial attribute on an AUTOMATIC array exceeded 12.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3804.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Change the depth of iteration to less than 12.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QM

IBM0855S	ONCODE=3809 The length of a data aggregate exceeded the maximum limit.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The length of the structure to be mapped was greater than the allowable limit. Structures that do not contain any unaligned bit elements have a maximum size of

2**31-1 bytes. Structures with one or more unaligned bit elements have a maximum size of 2**28-1 bytes.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Reduce the size of the structure to less than the maximum allowed. If a variable is used to specify the dimension or length of an element, ensure the variable is correctly initialized before the storage is allocated to the aggregate.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QN

IBM0856S	ONCODE=3810 An extent of an array exceeded the maximum limit.
----------	---

Explanation

During structure mapping, an array with an extent greater than the allowed maximum was encountered. The largest allowable extent (upper bound minus lower bound) of any dimension in an array is 2**31-1.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Reduce the extent of the array to less than the maximum allowed. If a variable is used to specify a bound, ensure the variable is correctly initialized.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QO

IBM0860S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because the VSAM server was not available to perform the OPEN (FILE= or ONFILE= file-name).
----------	--

Explanation

VSAM Record Level Sharing (RLS) is supported by a VSAM server address space and data space. The VSAM server has failed and is unavailable for PL/I to complete the open function.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 97.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

When the VSAM server becomes available, resubmit the program. See the VSAM publications for additional information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QS

IBM0861S	ONCODE=oncode-value The UNDEFINEDFILE condition was raised because an attempt to position the file at the first record failed FILE= or ONFILE= file-name). Subcode1=sc1 Subcode2=sc2
----------	--

Explanation

For SEQUENTIAL INPUT or UPDATE, the file must be positioned at the first record. If an attempt to position at the first record fails, the file is closed and the UNDEFINEDFILE condition is raised with this message. Subcode1 and Subcode2 provide detailed VSAM diagnostic information. See message IBM0811S for an explanation of these fields.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 98.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Use the VSAM diagnostic information to correct the cause of the error and resubmit the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QT

IBM0862S	ONCODE=oncode-value The VSAM server was not available to execute a VSAM I/O request
----------	---

Explanation

VSAM Record Level Sharing (RLS) is supported by a VSAM server address space and data space. The VSAM server has failed and is unavailable to perform VSAM I/O requests. The failing file must be CLOSED, if an attempt is made to reopen the file and continue processing.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1068.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

When the VSAM server becomes available, resubmit the program. See [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#) for additional information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QU

IBM0863S	ONCODE=oncode-value A deadlock was detected while attempting to lock a record.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program has attempted to lock a record using VSAM Record Level Sharing (RLS). However, VSAM RLS processing has detected that a deadlock condition exists within its sysplex-wide set of lock owners and lock waiters. This program has been selected to receive the deadlock error so that the deadlock can be broken.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1069.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

This program was found to be in deadlock with other programs. The system programmer will have SMSVSAM diagnostic tools and diagnostic information is available from CICS to determine what programs encountered the deadlock. The action for this error is to avoid running the same mix of programs. The program may also attempt to retry the PL/I request which encountered the deadlock error some number of times. However, depending of the mix of programs, this may or may not be successful.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0QV

IBM0865S	ONCODE=oncode-value A retained lock reject has occurred while attempting to lock a record.
-----------------	---

Explanation

This program has attempted to lock a record using VSAM Record Level Sharing (RLS). However, VSAM RLS

has rejected this request for the lock because of its retained lock status. That is, the lock is held by a failed CICS and until that CICS restarts and completes its backout of the record, the record is not available.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1071.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

This error can occur on a READ statement for a file opened for INPUT when RLS=CR is used, but not if RLS=NRI is used. For sequential read, the program may wish to proceed to read the next available record. Or, the program can be resubmitted when the CICS restart is complete. See [z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide](#) for additional information about this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0Q1

IBM0870S	ONCODE=oncode-value The OS/VS COBOL program is not supported for interlanguage communication in Language Environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The OS/VS COBOL program is not supported for interlanguage communication in Language Environment.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3500.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Compile the OS/VS COBOL program with IBM SAA AD/Cycle COBOL/370 or do not run the application with Language Environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0R6

IBM0880S	ONCODE=oncode-value A program check occurred in the SORT/MERGE program.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred while the SORT/MERGE program was running after it was invoked from a PL/I program by use of the PL/I SORT interface facilities. As a result, the SORT program was unable to continue and control was passed to the PL/I error-handler. The ONCODE associated with this message is 9200.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Because the problem occurred while the SORT/MERGE program was running, refer to the appropriate SORT/MERGE program manual for an explanation of any SORT program messages and any other information that might be necessary to correct the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMORG

IBM0882S	ONCODE=oncode-value The string RECORD TYPE was missing in the second argument of the call PLISRTx statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The RECORD TYPE string must be given in the RECORD statement for calls to PLISRTx. It is used to specify the type of records in the file.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9202.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the RECORD TYPE is coded correctly in the RECORD statement and rerun the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMORI

IBM0883S	ONCODE=oncode-value Incorrect record type was specified in the second argument of the call PLISRTx statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The RECORD TYPE in the RECORD statement of PLISRTx takes F for fixed length and V for varying

length EBCDIC. Characters other than F and V are invalid.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9203.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Code the correct record type in the RECORD statement and rerun the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0RJ

IBM0884S	ONCODE=oncode-value The LENGTH= was not specified in the second argument of the call PLISRTx statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The LENGTH specifier must be given for calls to PLISRTB, and PLISRTD. Use this specifier to indicate the length of the record to be sorted.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9204.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the LENGTH specifier is coded in the RECORD statement and rerun the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMORK

IBM0885S	ONCODE=oncode-value The length specified in the LENGTH= parameter in the second argument of the call PLISRTx statement was not numeric.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The length coded for LENGTH= in the RECORD statement of the PLISRTx call must be numerical.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9205.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure numerical data is coded for LENGTH= in the RECORD statement and rerun the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0RL

IBM0886S	ONCODE=oncode-value Incorrect return code <i>rc</i> received from user's E15 or E35 handling routine.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The allowed return code from the E15 input handling routine are 8, 12, and 16. The allowed return code from the E35 output handling routine are 4 and 16.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9206.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the return code returned by the PLIRETC built-in function is correct and rerun the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMORM

IBM0887S	ONCODE=oncode-value dfsort failed with a return code of <i>rc</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The sort program returns an unsuccessful return code. For the explanation of the return code, refer to the message in the JES log.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9207.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Correct the program based on the information from the return code and the message and rerun the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMORN

IBM0888S	ONCODE=oncode-value PLISRTx not supported in environments other than ADMVS.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The PL/I program calling the PLISRTx function must have the ADMVS running.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9208.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Take out the PLISRTx call and rerun the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMORO

IBM0889S	ONCODE=oncode-value Fetch of SMARTSort failed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Fetch of the SMARTSort library failed.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9209.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Take out the PLISRTx call and rerun the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMORO

IBM0890S	ONCODE=oncode-value DD for sort input data set is missing or invalid.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The DD statement for the SORT input data set is missing.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9210.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

IBM0891S	ONCODE=oncode-value DD for sort output data set is missing or invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DD statement for the SORT output data set is missing.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9211.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

IBM0892S	ONCODE=oncode-value DD for sort data set must specify a LENGTH or LRECL.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The DD statement for the SORT data set is missing a LENGTH or LRECL specification.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9212.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

IBM0893S	ONCODE=oncode-value DD for sort data set must specify a TYPE.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Fetch of the SMARTSort library failed.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9213.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

IBM0894S	ONCODE=oncode-value The string SORT FIELDS was missing in the first argument of the call PLISRTx statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SORT FIELDS string must be given in the SORT statement for calls to PLISRTx. It is used to specify what fields determine the sort.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9214.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the SORT FIELDS is coded correctly in the SORT statement and rerun the application.

IBM0895S	ONCODE=oncode-value SORT FIELDS specifies too many sort fields.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9215.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

IBM0896S	ONCODE=oncode-value SORT FIELDS contains invalid start and/or length fields.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9209.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

IBM0897S	ONCODE=oncode-value The SORT FIELDS specifies an invalid form.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9217.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

IBM0898S	ONCODE=oncode-value The SORT FIELDS specifies an invalid sequence.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9218.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

IBM0900S	ONCODE=oncode-value The WAIT statement would cause a permanent wait. The program has been terminated.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A WAIT statement that could never have been completed was encountered.

```
COMPLETION (E1) = '0'B;  
WAIT(E1);
```

The event E1 is inactive and incomplete.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 2050.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Modify the program so that the WAIT statement can never wait for an inactive or incomplete event.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0S4

IBM0913S	ONCODE=oncode-value An error occurred on a FREE statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

PL/I storage management detected an error during the processing of either a FREE statement or the PLIFREE built-in function.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1102.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure the variable specified on the FREE statement is a controlled variable that has been allocated. Another suggestion is to acquire a storage report to check on the program's use of storage. A PLIDUMP should be obtained for later study by IBM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0SH

IBM0914S	ONCODE=oncode-value An abnormal termination has occurred in a linked PL/I program while running a CICS transaction.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A PL/I program called through EXEC LINK or EXEC XCTL terminated abnormally.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9050.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Examine the linked PL/I program unit and correct the error that caused error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0SI

IBM0915S	ONCODE=oncode-value An internal error occurred in PL/I library.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred within the PL/I library. The ONCODE associated with this message is 1104.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

A PLIDUMP should be obtained for later study by IBM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0SJ

IBM0916S	ONCODE=oncode-value An object window was unable to be created.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The Presentation Manager returned an error when an attempt was made to create an object window during the execution of a DISPLAY statement or I/O to a Presentation Manager Terminal (PMT).

The ONCODE associated with this message is 1105.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

The problem may be that too many windows have been created. Reduce the number of windows and re-run your program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0SK

IBM0917S	ONCODE=oncode-value An internal error occurred in PL/I storage management.
-----------------	---

Explanation

There was either a problem freeing storage, or insufficient space available to satisfy a storage allocation request within PL/I storage management. The ONCODE associated with the storage allocation request is 1106. The ONCODE associated with the storage free processing is 1107.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Acquire a storage report to check on the program's use of storage. A PLIDUMP should be obtained for later study by IBM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0SL

IBM0924W	Closing a file in the ON-unit caused errors in this statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An ON-unit for an I/O condition was entered and the file associated with the ON-unit was closed in the ON-unit. A GOTO statement should have been used to exit from the ON-unit. The result of a normal return from an ON-unit is undefined.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

Use a GOTO statement to exit from the ON-unit, or close the file outside of the ON-unit.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0SS

IBM0925W	The PLIRETC value was reduced to 999.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value passed to the PLIRETC built-in procedure was greater than 999. 999 is the maximum allowed user value.

System action

Processing continues with the next sequential statement.

Programmer response

Ensure all PLIRETC values are below 999.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0ST

IBM0926S	The CHECKPOINT/RESTART facility is not supported in a CMS environment.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to call the CHECKPOINT/RESTART facility from PL/I. CHECKPOINT/RESTART is not supported under CMS. The ERROR condition was raised.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the call to the CHECKPOINT/RESTART facility. If this facility needs to be used, run the application under OS/390®.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0SU

IBM0930S	ONCODE=<i>oncode-value</i> An attempt was made to call a Checkout-compiled program in Language Environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Checkout-compiled programs are not supported in Language Environment.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 9051.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Remove the call to the Checkout-compiled program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0T2

IBM0950S	ONCODE=oncode-value A system error occurred in PL/I multithreading support for the WAIT statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An uninitialized task variable may have been specified in the THREAD option. Another reason why an error may have occurred in WAIT is that the operating system may have run out of resources to satisfy the request or may have timed out.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3500.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the tasking variable has been initialized to a valid value. The ATTACH statement with the THREAD option must be used to give a tasking variable a starting value. Ensure that there are enough resources for the operating system to acquire.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0TM

IBM0951S	ONCODE=oncode-value A system error occurred in PL/I multithreading support for the DETACH statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An uninitialized task variable may have been specified in the THREAD option.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3501.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the tasking variable has been initialized to a valid value. The ATTACH statement with the THREAD option must be used to give a tasking variable a starting value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0TN

IBM0952S	ONCODE=oncode-value A system error occurred in PL/I multithreading support for the ATTACH statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The operating system may have run out of resources (not enough memory, too many handles) to satisfy the request.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3502.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that there are enough resources for the operating system to acquire.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0TO

IBM0953S	ONCODE=oncode-value A system error occurred in PL/I multithreading support for the STOP statement.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An uninitialized task variable may have been specified in the THREAD option.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3503.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the tasking variable has been initialized to a valid value. The ATTACH statement with the THREAD option must be used to give a tasking variable a starting value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0TP

IBM0954S	Nested condition limit has been exceeded.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Too many conditions have been raised while processing other conditions.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

The most common cause of this message is when the ERROR condition is raised from within an ERROR on-unit and the ERROR on-unit does not use ON ERROR SYSTEM to specify implicit action to be taken for nested ERROR conditions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0TQ

IBM0955S	ONCODE= <i>oncode-value</i> A system error occurred in PL/I. Multithreading support for the ATTACH statement was issued under the POSIX(OFF) environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to ATTACH a thread under the POSIX(OFF) environment.

The ONCODE associated with this message is 3504.

System action

The ERROR condition is raised.

Programmer response

Ensure that the POSIX(ON) run-time option is specified for the Multithreading application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0TR

IBM0960S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because an error return code of RETURN-CODE was received from the PLISAX FUNCTION- SUFFIX built-in function. The error occurred at element ELEMENT- NAME with the character content CONTENT-CONTEXT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

XML to language structure conversion makes use of the PL/I PLISAXx built-in function. The return code provided is from the PL/I PLISAXx built-in function as described in the Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Use the return code to determine the error and correct the input XML message.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0U0

IBM0961S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because the valid range of a repeating group or repeating data item was exceeded. The error occurred at element ELEMENT- NAME
-----------------	--

Explanation

XML to language structure conversion encounters errors that are distinct from PLISAXA/B errors.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the input XML message. Check that the input XML document has the correct number of occurrences of all entries that repeat.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0U1

IBM0962S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete
-----------------	--

in procedure **PROCEDURE-NAME**
because no element names in the
XML document were recognized by
the converter.

Explanation

XML to language structure conversion encounters errors that are distinct from PLISAXA/B errors.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Supply the correct XML message corresponding to this converter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0U2

IBM0963S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because the character content for element ELEMENT-NAME was longer than the element's maximum of LIMIT characters.
-----------------	---

Explanation

XML to language structure conversion encounters errors that are distinct from PLISAXA/B errors.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the input XML message.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0U3

IBM0964S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME
-----------------	---

because conversion of the
character content of an element
that is mapped as numeric
failed. The error occurred at
element **ELEMENT-NAME** with the
character content **CHARACTER-
CONTENT**.

Explanation

XML to language structure conversion encounters errors that are distinct from PLISAXA/B errors.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the input XML message and try again. Check that the character content represents a numeric quantity that is both valid and compatible with the target language structure member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0U4

IBM0965S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because the size of the input XML message was INPUT-LEN characters, which exceeds the maximum of MAXIMUM characters for this converter.
-----------------	---

Explanation

XML to language structure conversion supports parsing XML messages whose length falls within certain compiler limits.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the input XML message or define an auxiliary language structure or structures to process the XML in segments.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0U5

IBM0966S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because the character content for element ELEMENT-NAME had a length equal to or greater than INPUT-LENGTH characters which was too long for the converter to process.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The XML converter maintains a buffer for character content whose size is equal to that of the largest character member in the language structure or 128, whichever is larger.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the input XML message. Check for any excessive whitespace in the element content.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0U6

IBM0967S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because the maximum output message size of SIZE characters was exceeded while creating the outbound XML document.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Language structure to XML conversion supports generation of XML messages whose length falls within certain compiler limits. Whitespace suppression and entity reference expansion is performed during creation of the XML document. Entity reference

expansion increases the size of a message in relation to the number of special characters in the source language structure that need to be represented as one of the five predefined entity references in XML.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Avoid the use of the five predefined entities in XML when populating the language structure or define an auxiliary language structure or structures to generate the output XML in segments.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0U7

IBM0968S	The XML Conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because a non-zero return code was received from the Unicode Conversion Service CUNLCNV while converting from CCSID SOURCE-CCSID to CCSID TARGET-CCSID.
-----------------	--

Explanation

XML Conversion uses PL/I built-in support for UNICODE when the input XML or output XML is encoded in either UTF-16 or UTF-8.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Check that z/OS Support for UNICODE is properly installed and that the conversion attempted by XML Conversion is supported by the current conversion image.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0U8

IBM0969S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because the content of non-numeric member MEMBER-NAME of language structure STRUCTURE-NAME contained characters that are not legal in an XML document.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Certain language structure members permit storage of characters that are not legal in an XML document. The permitted characters are defined by the XML specification at [W3C \(www.w3.org\)](http://www.w3.org).

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that the language structure member is properly initialized and does not contain any characters that are illegal in XML before attempting conversion.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0U9

IBM0970S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because the content of numeric member MEMBER-NAME of language structure STRUCTURE-NAME is invalid.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Language structure to XML conversion has determined that the contents of the storage occupied by a numeric data structure member is invalid for the type.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that the numeric data structure member is properly initialized following the semantics of the language.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0UA

IBM0971S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because the maximum XML element nesting depth was exceeded. The error occurred at element ELEMENT-NAME with character content CHARACTER-CONTENT.
-----------------	---

Explanation

XML to language structure conversion maintains an internal stack which represents the full qualification of the current element being processed in the XML document. If extraneous XML elements not described in the XML schema to which the converter is bound are present in the XML document, they may exceed the maximum supported element depth.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Either supply XML documents to the converter that validate against the bound XML schema or remove the extraneous element that causes the failure from the input XML document.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBM0UB

IBM0972S	XML conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because an attempt to register an exception handler failed with Language Environment error LE-ERROR.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The converter uses Language Environment callable services to handle errors that may occur during conversion. An attempt by the converter to register a Language Environment condition handler failed.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that Language Environment is configured properly and that no conditions exist in the chain of execution leading up to the converter that would prevent proper operation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOUC

IBM0973S	XML conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because an attempt to unregister an exception handler failed with Language Environment error LE-ERROR.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The converter uses Language Environment callable services to handle errors that may occur during conversion. An attempt by the converter to register a Language Environment condition handler failed.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that Language Environment is configured properly and that no conditions exist in the chain of execution leading up to the converter that would prevent proper operation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOUD

IBM0974S

XML conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because the address of one or more parameters was not valid.

Explanation

The converter detected that one or more of the parameters that were passed to its main entry point do not have valid storage addresses to which the converter could refer and obtain the value.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that each parameter passed to the converter has a valid storage address unless a particular parameter can be null as defined by the converter call interface. For example, a null message address passed to the outbound converter will be interpreted as a request for the maximum outbound message size to be returned instead of performing a conversion.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOUE

IBM0975S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because a response code of RESPONSE-CODE with reason code REASON-CODE was received from the bidirectional data conversion module MODULE-NAME while processing element ELEMENT-NAME.
-----------------	--

Explanation

XML to language structure conversion makes use of an external module to handle bidirectional data conversions.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token

representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Refer to the bidirectional data conversion module documentation for explanations of return codes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOUF

IBM0976S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because a response code of RESPONSE-CODE with reason code REASON-CODE was received from the bidirectional data conversion MODULE-NAME while processing member MEMBER-NAME of language structure STRUCTURE-NAME.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Language structure to XML conversion makes use of an external module to handle bidirectional data conversions.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Refer to the bidirectional data conversion module documentation for explanations of return codes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOUG

IBM0977S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in procedure PROCEDURE-NAME because the length prefix in the language structure STRUCTURE-NAME specified a length of SPECIFIED-LENGTH bytes, which is less than the structure's minimum length of MINIMUM-LENGTH bytes.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Language Structure to XML conversion detected that the length prefix of a language structure specified a length that is less than the minimum length of the structure. The minimum length of a language structure is computed as the sum of the bytes consumed by all subordinate fields.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correctly set the two-byte length prefix of each language structure in the language structure buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IBMOUH

Chapter 7. COBOL runtime messages

Each COBOL runtime message is followed by an explanation that describes the condition causing the messages. A programmer response suggests how you might prevent the message from occurring again and a system action indicates how the system responds to the condition that caused the message are included.

The messages also contain a symbolic feedback code that represents the first 8 bytes of a 12-byte condition token. You can think of the symbolic feedback code as the nickname for a condition. As such, the symbolic feedback code can be used in user-written condition handlers to screen for a given condition, even if it occurs at different locations in an application.

The messages contain alphabetic suffixes that have the following meaning:

- I**
Informational message.
- W**
Warning message.
- E**
Error message.
- S**
Severe error message.
- C**
Critical error message.

IGZ0002S *debugging-information*

Explanation

A SYNAD error has occurred on a QSAM file. The text was supplied by the system SYNADAF routine. Since the debugging information supplied in this message is system specific, the message format differs between CMS and MVS environments. The message issued under MVS consists of the following:

```
IGZ0002S job name, step name, unit address,
device
          type, ddname, operation attempted,
error
          description, actual track address and
          block number, access method.
```

The message issued under CMS is as follows:

```
IGZ0002S 120S operation type ERROR nnn ON
ddname,
```

Definitions requiring further explanation for the above message formats are:

120S

is the CMS message number for SYNAD errors

operation type

INPUT or OUTPUT

device type

UR for unit record device

TA

Magnetic tape device

DA

Direct access device

nnn

is the associated error code

ddname

is the DDNAME of the related file

operation attempted

actual operation

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

For more information regarding the CMS message number 120S and related error codes, see *z/VM CMS and REXX/VM Messages and Codes* or *z/VM CP Messages and Codes*. For information on the MVS text of this SYNADAF message, see *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets*, and *z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets*.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ002

IGZ0003W **A logic error occurred for file *file-name* in program *program-name* at relative location *relative-location*.**

Explanation

This error is usually caused by an I/O operation request that is not valid for the file—for example, a WRITE into a file opened for INPUT, or a START to a VSAM ESDS.

A file status clause was specified or an error declarative statement was active for the file.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Check the operation request and modify the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ003

IGZ0005S **OS/VS COBOL programs in the application were found in multiple enclaves.**

Explanation

OS/VS COBOL programs are restricted to one enclave within an application.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Modify the application so that the OS/VS COBOL programs appear in one enclave only.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ005

IGZ0006S **The reference to table *table-name* by verb number *verb-number* on line *line-number* addressed an area outside the region of the table.**

Explanation

When the SSRANGE option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a fixed-length table has been subscripted in a way that exceeds the defined size of

the table, or, for variable-length tables, the maximum size of the table.

The range check was performed on the composite of the subscripts and resulted in an address outside the region of the table. For variable-length tables, the address is outside the region of the table defined when all OCCURS DEPENDING ON objects are at their maximum values; the ODO object's current value is not considered. The check was not performed on individual subscripts.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value of literal subscripts and/or the value of variable subscripts as evaluated at run-time do not exceed the subscripted dimensions for subscripted data in the failing statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ006

IGZ0007S **The size of variable length group *group-name* exceeded the maximum defined length of the group at the time of reference by verb number *verb-number* on line *line-number*.**

Explanation

When the SSRANGE option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a variable-length group generated by OCCURS DEPENDING ON has a length that is less than zero, or is greater than the limits defined in the OCCURS DEPENDING ON clauses. The range check was performed on the composite length of the group, and not on the individual OCCURS DEPENDING ON objects.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that OCCURS DEPENDING ON objects as evaluated at run-time do not exceed the maximum number of occurrences of the dimension for tables within the referenced group item.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ007

IGZ0009C **A delete of module *module-name* was unsuccessful.**

Explanation

An attempt to delete a module failed.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

See your IBM service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ009

IGZ0011C ***module-name* was not a proper module for this system environment.**

Explanation

A library subroutine that is system sensitive is inappropriate for the current system environment. For example, an OS environment specific module has been loaded under CICS. The likely causes are:

- Improper concatenation sequence of partitioned data sets that contain the subroutine library, either during run-time or during link-edit of the COBPAC.
- An attempt to use a function unsupported on the current system (for example, ACCEPT on CICS).

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check for the conditions stated above, and modify the environment or the application as needed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00B

IGZ0012S **There was an invalid attempt to end a sort or merge.**

Explanation

A sort or merge initiated by a COBOL program was in progress and one of the following was attempted:

1. A STOP RUN was issued.

2. A GOBACK or an EXIT PROGRAM was issued within the input procedure or the output procedure of the COBOL program that initiated the sort or merge. Note that the GOBACK and EXIT PROGRAM statements are allowed in a program called by an input procedure or an output procedure.
3. A user handler associated with the program that initiated the sort or merge moved the condition handler resume cursor and resumed the application.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Change the application so that it does not use one of the above methods to end the sort or merge.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00C

IGZ0013S **An error return code *return-code* came from a CICS command *CICS-command* issued by library subroutine *library-subroutine*.**

Explanation

An error was encountered when a run-time routine issued a CICS command. The error return code is from the field EIBRESP in the CICS EIB. For more information about the values for the field EIBRESP, see the *CICS/ESA Application Programmer's Reference*, SC33-0676.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Modify your application as required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00D

IGZ0014W ***module-name* is no longer supported. Its content was ignored.**

Explanation

This message is issued when the run-time detects that IGZETUN or IGZEOPT is linked with the application.

IGZETUN and IGZEOPT are ignored when running with Language Environment. CEEUOPT may be used in place of IGZETUN and IGZEOPT.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Remove the explicit INCLUDE of IGZEOPT or IGZETUN during the link-edit step.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00E

IGZ0015S	A recursive call was attempted to a program that was already active. The program name is <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An illegal recursive entry to an active program is detected. For example, Program A has CALLED Program B, and Program B is CALLing Program A.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Remove the recursive call to *program-name* or specify the IS RECURSIVE phrase on the PROGRAM-ID statement for the recursively CALLED program. Additionally, if the recursive program is called dynamically, link-edit it with REUS.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00F

IGZ0016W	Program <i>program-name</i> could not be deactivated by non-return exit of a routine. Subsequent reentry is not supported.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A COBOL program cannot normally be recursively entered. When non-return style procedure collapse processing is being performed for a COBOL program, an attempt is made to reset the program to a state where it can be recursively entered. This is not supported for certain combinations of function used within the program. After this message is issued, any

attempt to reenter the program will result in message IGZ0015S and termination of the enclave.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Do not reenter the program or modify the program to allow it to be successfully reset.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00G

IGZ0017S	The open of DISPLAY or ACCEPT file with environment name <i>environment-name</i> was unsuccessful.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error occurred while opening the DISPLAY/ACCEPT file.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check to make sure a ddname has been defined for the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00H

IGZ0018S	On CICS, an attempt was made to run a COBOL program which is not reentrant. The program name is <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

COBOL programs running on CICS must be reentrant.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

In order to make a COBOL program reentrant, compile the COBOL program with the RENT compile-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00I

IGZ0019W	A FUNCTION result used as a DELIMITED BY operand is larger than the UNSTRING object in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>. The DELIMITED BY phrase is ignored.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A FUNCTION used as a DELIMITED BY operand was larger than the UNSTRING object.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Check the FUNCTION arguments to ensure that they are not larger than the UNSTRING object.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00J

IGZ0020S	A logic error occurred. Neither FILE STATUS nor a declarative was specified for file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at relative location <i>relative-location</i>. The status code was <i>status-code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This error is an I/O error, usually caused by an operation request that is not valid for the file, for example, a WRITE into a file opened for INPUT, or a START to a VSAM ESDS. No file status clause was specified, and no error declarative was in effect.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check operation request for the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00K

IGZ0021C	<i>macro-name</i> was unsuccessful for file <i>file-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The execution of an ENDREQ, GENCB, MODCB, SHOWCB, or TESTCB macro failed. This is the result of system or VSAM problems.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

See your IBM service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00L

IGZ0022W	File <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> will return the maximum record length when read.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A VSAM RRDS with a varying record length has been opened for input. The maximum record length will be returned.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00M

IGZ0023S	The dynamic allocation of file <i>file-name</i> was unsuccessful. The return code was <i>return-code</i>. The reason code was <i>reason-code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt to dynamically allocate a file using DYNALLOC failed, resulting in the indicated return and reason codes.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Review the job stream or filedef to see if any DDNAMES are missing or misspelled. If you can

not find any errors, resubmit the job with the CBLQDA(OFF) run-time option and check for any access method messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00N

IGZ0024S	An invalid separate sign character was detected in <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An operation was attempted on data defined with a separate sign. The value in the sign position was not a plus (+) or a minus (-).

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

This error might have occurred because of a REDEFINES clause involving the sign position or a group move involving the sign position, or the position was never initialized. Check for these cases. The compiler formatting option TEST(), or equivalent, along with the ABTERMENC() run-time option, can be used to generate a formatted dump of the user data. This dump can then be used to identify the unacceptable data item contents.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00O

IGZ0026W	The SORT-RETURN special register was never referenced, but the current content indicated the sort or merge operation in program <i>program-name</i> on line number <i>line-number</i> was unsuccessful.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The COBOL source does not contain any references to the sort-return register. The compiler generates a test after each sort or merge verb. A nonzero return code has been passed back to the program by Sort/Merge.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Determine why the Sort/Merge was unsuccessful and fix the problem. Possible reasons why the Sort/Merge was unsuccessful include:

- There was an error detected by DFSORT. See the DFSORT messages for the reason for the error.
- The SORT-RETURN special register was set to a non-zero value by the application program while in an input procedure or an output procedure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00Q

IGZ0027W	The sort control file could not be opened.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt to open the sort control file has failed. Possible reasons for the open failure include:

- A ddname for the sort control file was not provided.
- The IGZSRTCD ddname was provided, but the file associated with the ddname could not be found.

When the sort control file cannot be opened, user-supplied sort control cards will not be passed to Sort/Merge.

The sort control file is optional. On MVS, if you did not provide a ddname for the sort control file (the sort control file name is IGZSRTCD unless it is overridden by changing the value of the SORT-CONTROL special register) you will also get this message: IEC130I 'IGZSRTCD DD STATEMENT MISSING'. This message is informational only.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

If you want to pass in sort control cards from the sort control file, verify that the ddname is specified and the file is available.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00R

IGZ0028S	An I/O error occurred in sort control file <i>file-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An I/O error was encountered while trying to read the sort control file. Some or all of the user-supplied sort control cards will not be passed to Sort/Merge.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

For more information, look at the previous system message you received relating to this I/O error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00S

IGZ0029S	Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was less than zero.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An illegal value for argument-1 was used.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that argument-1 is greater than or equal to zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00T

IGZ0030S	Argument-2 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was not a positive integer.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An illegal value for argument-2 was used.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that argument-2 is a positive integer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00U

IGZ0031S	A restart was not possible since the checkpoint record <i>record-name</i> was taken while a sort or merge was in progress.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt was made to use the restart facility of checkpoint/restart to resume execution of a job from a checkpoint taken by a COBOL program because of a rerun clause during a Sort/Merge operation. Only checkpoints taken by the sort product can be used to restart from a point within the Sort/Merge operation. The checkpoint record cannot be used for restart.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Use a different checkpoint record. If no other checkpoint records exist, the job cannot be restarted.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ00V

IGZ0032S	A CANCEL was attempted on active program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to cancel an active program. For example, program A called program B; program B is trying to cancel program A.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Remove the failing CANCEL statement. In order to locate the failing CANCEL statement, rerun the application with TERMTHDACT(TRACE) or (ABEND). Review the traceback information to identify the program that issued the CANCEL.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ010

IGZ0033S	An attempt was made to pass a parameter address above 16
-----------------	---

megabytes to AMODE(24) program
program-name.

Explanation

An attempt was made to pass a parameter located above the 16-megabyte storage line to a program in AMODE(24). The called program will not be able to address the parameter.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

If the calling program is compiled with the RENT option, the DATA(24) option may be used in the calling program to make sure that its data is located in storage accessible to an AMODE(24) program. If the calling program is compiled with the NORENT option, the RMODE(24) option may be used in the calling program to make sure that its data is located in storage accessible to an AMODE(24) program. Verify that no linkedit, binder or genmod overrides are responsible for this error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ011

IGZ0034W	The file with system-name <i>system-name</i> could not be extended. Secondary extents were not specified or were not available. The last WRITE was at offset <i>offset</i> in program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

There is insufficient space available for an output file. There is no invalid key clause, file status, or user error declarative. This corresponds to the MVS X37 ABEND.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Check the file attributes and if necessary, reallocate the file. Also check data set allocations.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ012

IGZ0035S	There was an unsuccessful OPEN or CLOSE of file <i>file-name</i> in
-----------------	--

program *program-name* at relative location *location*. Neither FILE STATUS nor an ERROR declarative were specified. The status code was *status-code*.

Explanation

An error has occurred while opening or closing the named file. No file status or user error declarative was specified.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check to make sure there is a ddname defined for the indicated file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ013

IGZ0036W	Truncation of high order digit positions occurred in program <i>program-name</i> on line number <i>line-number</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The generated code has truncated an intermediate result (that is, temporary storage used during an arithmetic calculation) to 30 digits; some of the truncated digits were not 0.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

See *COBOL for OS/390 & VM Programming Guide* or *COBOL for MVS & VM Programming Guide* for a description of intermediate results.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ014

IGZ0037S	The flow of control in program <i>program-name</i> proceeded beyond the last line of the program.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program did not have a terminator (STOP, GOBACK, or EXIT), and control fell through the last instruction.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the logic of the program. Sometimes this error occurs because of one of the following logic errors:

- The last paragraph in the program was only supposed to receive control as the result of a PERFORM statement, but due to a logic error it was branched to by a GO TO statement.
- The last paragraph in the program was executed as the result of a "fall-through" path, and there was no statement at the end of the paragraph to end the program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ015

IGZ0038S	A reference modification length value of <i>reference-modification-value</i> on line <i>line-number</i> which was not equal to 1 was found in a reference to data item <i>data-item</i> which was passed by value.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The length value in a reference modification specification was not equal to 1. The length value must be equal to 1.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the indicated line number in the program to ensure that any reference modified length values are (or will resolve to) 1.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ016

IGZ0039S	An invalid overpunched sign was detected in program <i>program-name</i> on line <i>line-number</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An operation was attempted on data defined with an overpunched sign. The value in the sign was not valid.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

This error might have occurred because of a REDEFINES clause involving the sign position or a group move involving the sign position, or the position was never initialized. Check for the above cases.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ017

IGZ0040S	An invalid separate sign was detected in program <i>program-name</i> on line <i>line-number</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An operation was attempted on data defined with a separate sign. The value in the sign position was not a plus (+) or a minus (-).

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

This error might have occurred because of a REDEFINES clause involving the sign position or a group move involving the sign position, or the position was never initialized. Check for the above cases.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ018

IGZ0041W	The warning message limit was exceeded. Further warning messages were suppressed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The limit on warning messages is 256. This constraint on the number of warning messages prevents a looping program from flooding the system buffers.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Correct the situations causing the warning messages or correct the looping problem.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ019

IGZ0042C	There was an attempt to use the IGZBRDGE macro, but the calling program was not COBOL.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A non-COBOL program attempted to call a COBOL program using the IGZBRDGE interface. COBOL/370 could not find a COBOL environment.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Do not call an entry point specified via the IGZBRDGE macro from a non-COBOL program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01A

IGZ0044S	There was an attempt to call the COBOL main program <i>program-name</i> that was not in initial state.
-----------------	---

Explanation

You will receive this message if you attempt to enter a NONREENTRANT COBOL/370, VS COBOL II, COBOL for MVS & VM, or COBOL for OS/390 & VM main program more than once. This is a nonstandard entry attempt.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Modify the application so that the non-reentrant COBOL main program won't be called more than once.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01C

IGZ0045S	Unable to invoke method <i>method-name</i> on line number <i>line number</i> in COBOL program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specific method is not supported for the class of the current object reference.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the indicated line number in the program to ensure that the class of the current object reference supports the method being invoked.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01D

IGZ0046W	The value specified in the program for the <i>special-register</i> special register was overridden by the corresponding value in the sort control file.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A nondefault value for the SORT special register specified in the message was used in a program, but a value in the SORT control file which corresponds to that SORT special register was found. The value in the SORT control file was used, and the value in the SORT special register was ignored.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

See *COBOL for OS/390 & VM Programming Guide* or *COBOL for MVS & VM Programming Guide* for a description of SORT special registers and the SORT control file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01E

IGZ0047S	Unable to invoke method <i>method-name</i> on line number <i>line number</i> in COBOL class <i>class-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specific method is not supported for the class of the current object reference.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the indicated line number in the class to ensure that the class of the current object reference supports the method being invoked.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01F

IGZ0048W	A negative base was raised to a fractional power in an exponentiation expression in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>. The absolute value of the base was used.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A negative number raised to a fractional power occurred in a library routine. The value of a negative number raised to a fractional power is undefined in COBOL. If a SIZE ERROR clause had appeared on the statement in question, the SIZE ERROR imperative would have been used. However, no SIZE ERROR clause was present, so the absolute value of the base was used in the exponentiation.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Ensure that the program variables in the failing statement have been set correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01G

IGZ0049W	A zero base was raised to a zero power in an exponentiation expression in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>. The result was set to one.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The value of zero raised to the power zero occurred in a library routine. The value of zero raised to the power zero is undefined in COBOL. If a SIZE ERROR clause had appeared on the statement in question, the SIZE

ERROR imperative would have been used. However, no SIZE ERROR clause was present, so the value returned was one.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Ensure that the program variables in the failing statement have been set correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01H

IGZ0050S	A zero base was raised to a negative power in an exponentiation expression in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value of zero raised to a negative power occurred in a library routine. The value of zero raised to a negative number is not defined. If a SIZE ERROR clause had appeared on the statement in question, the SIZE ERROR imperative would have been used. However, no SIZE ERROR clause was present.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the program variables in the failing statement have been set correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01I

IGZ0051S	An invalid EBCDIC digit string was detected on conversion to floating point in <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The input to the conversion routine contained invalid EBCDIC data.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the program variables in the failing statement have been set correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01J

IGZ0052C	An internal error or invalid parameters were detected in the floating point conversion routine called from <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

None

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

See your IBM service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01K

IGZ0053S	An overflow occurred on conversion to floating point in <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A number was generated in the program that is too large to be represented in floating point.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

You need to modify the program appropriately to avoid an overflow.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01L

IGZ0054W	An overflow occurred on conversion from floating point to fixed point in <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>. The result was truncated.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The result of a conversion to fixed point from floating point contains more digits than will fit in the fixed point receiver. The high order digits were truncated.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

No action is necessary, although you may want to modify the program to avoid an overflow.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01M

IGZ0055W	An underflow occurred on conversion to floating point in <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>. The result was set to zero.
-----------------	--

Explanation

On conversion to floating point, the negative exponent exceeded the limit of the hardware. The floating point value was set to zero.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

No action is necessary, although you may want to modify the program to avoid an underflow.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01N

IGZ0056W	One or more files were not closed by program <i>program-name</i> before program termination.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specified program has finished but has not closed all of the files it opened. COBOL attempts to clean up storage and closes any open files.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Check that all files are closed before the program terminates.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01O

IGZ0057S	There was an attempt to initialize a reusable environment through ILBOSTP0, but either the enclave was not the first enclave or COBOL was not the main program of the already established enclave.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A request to establish a reusable environment through ILBOSTP0 can only occur at the beginning of the application. Examples when this error can occur:

- PL/I program calls ASSEMBLE program which calls ILBOSTP0.
- Language Environment enabled ASSEMBLER program calls ILBOSTP0.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Only invoke ILBOSTP0 before calling any program within the application that brings up Language Environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01P

IGZ0058S	Exponent overflow occurred in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Floating point exponent overflow occurred in a library routine.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the program variables in the failing statement have been set correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01Q

IGZ0059W	An exponent with more than nine digits was truncated in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Exponents in fixed point exponentiations may not contain more than nine digits. The exponent was truncated back to nine digits; some of the truncated digits were not 0.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

No action is necessary, although you may want to adjust the exponent in the failing statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01R

IGZ0060W	Truncation of high order digit positions occurred in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Code in a library routine has truncated an intermediate result (that is, temporary storage used during an arithmetic calculation) back to 30 digits; some of the truncated digits were not 0.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

See *COBOL for OS/390 & VM Programming Guide* or *COBOL for MVS & VM Programming Guide* for a description of intermediate results.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01S

IGZ0061S	Division by zero occurred in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Division by zero occurred in a library routine. Division by zero is not defined. If a SIZE ERROR clause had appeared on the statement in question, the SIZE ERROR imperative would have been used. However, no SIZE ERROR clause was present.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the program variables in the failing statement have been set correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01T

IGZ0063S	An invalid sign was detected in a numeric edited sending field in <i>program-name</i> on line number <i>line-number</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt has been made to move a signed numeric edited field to a signed numeric or numeric edited receiving field in a MOVE statement. However, the sign position in the sending field contained a character that was not a valid sign character for the corresponding PICTURE.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the program variables in the failing statement have been set correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ01V

IGZ0064S	A recursive call to active program <i>program-name</i> in compilation unit <i>compilation-unit</i> was attempted.
-----------------	--

Explanation

COBOL does not allow reinvocation of an internal program which has begun execution, but has not yet terminated. For example, if internal programs A and B are siblings of a containing program, and A calls B and B calls A, this message will be issued.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Examine your program to eliminate calls to active internal programs or specify the IS RECURSIVE phrase on the PROGRAM-ID statement for the recursively CALLED program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ020

IGZ0065S	A CANCEL of active program <i>program-name</i> in compilation unit <i>compilation-unit</i> was attempted.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt was made to cancel an active internal program. For example, if internal programs A and B are siblings in a containing program and A calls B and B cancels A, this message will be issued.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Examine your program to eliminate cancellation of active internal programs.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ021

IGZ0066S	The length of external data record <i>data-record</i> in program <i>program-name</i> did not match the existing length of the record.
-----------------	--

Explanation

While processing External data records during program initialization, it was determined that an External data record was previously defined in another program in the run-unit, and the length of the record as specified in the current program was not the same as the previously defined length.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Examine the current file and ensure the External data records are specified correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ022

IGZ0067S	The NOEQUALS keyword in the sort control file <i>file-name</i> conflicted with the specifications of the DUPLICATES phrase on the SORT statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A sort control file with an OPTION card specifying the NOEQUALS keyword was used for a SORT which had the DUPLICATES IN ORDER phrase specified. The NOEQUALS keyword and the DUPLICATES phrase conflict.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Either remove the NOEQUALS keyword from the sort control file or remove the DUPLICATES IN ORDER phrase from the SORT statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ023

IGZ0068W	Duplicate characters were ignored in an INSPECT CONVERTING statement in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The same character appeared more than once in the identifier that contained the characters to be converted in an INSPECT CONVERTING statement. The first occurrence of the character, and the corresponding character in the replacement field, are used, and subsequent occurrences are not used.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Duplicate characters in the indicated INSPECT statement may be deleted; programmer action is not required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ024

IGZ0069S	On VM, file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> attempted to use VSAM in XA or ESA mode. Using VSAM while in XA or ESA mode is not supported under the installed level of VM. The program was terminated.
-----------------	--

Explanation

VSAM can only operate in S/370 mode virtual machines on VM/SP XA and VM/ESA Release 1 ESA feature. The job was cancelled. Only on VM/ESA Release 1.1 (CMS8), and higher releases, can VSAM and VS COBOL II be used in XA-mode and XC-mode virtual machines.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

See your systems programmer for assistance.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ025

IGZ0070S	The FILEDEF command "FILEDEF <i>ddname</i> DISK FILE <i>ddname</i> A4" was unsuccessful.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An attempt at dynamic allocation for CMS file *ddname* using the FILEDEF command has failed.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

See your systems programmer for assistance.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ026

IGZ0071S	ALL subscripted table reference to table <i>table-name</i> by verb number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> had an ALL subscript specified for an OCCURS DEPENDING ON dimension, and the object was less than or equal to 0.
-----------------	---

Explanation

When the SSRANGE option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that there are 0 occurrences of dimension subscripted by ALL.

The check is performed against the current value of the OCCURS DEPENDING ON OBJECT.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that ODO object(s) of ALL-subscripted dimensions of any subscripted items in the indicated statement are positive.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ027

IGZ0072S	A reference modification start position value of <i>reference-modification-value</i> on line <i>line-number</i> referenced an area outside the region of data item <i>data-item</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value of the starting position in a reference modification specification was less than 1, or was greater than the current length of the data item that was being reference modified. The starting position value must be a positive integer less than or equal to the number of characters in the reference modified data item.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the value of the starting position in the reference modification specification.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ028

IGZ0073S	A non-positive reference modification length value of <i>reference-modification-value</i> on line <i>line-number</i> was found in a reference to data item <i>data-item</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The length value in a reference modification specification was less than or equal to 0. The length value must be a positive integer.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the indicated line number in the program to ensure that any reference modified length values are (or will resolve to) positive integers.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ029

IGZ0074S	A reference modification start position value of <i>reference-modification-value</i> and length value of <i>length</i> on line <i>line-number</i> caused reference to be made beyond the rightmost character of data item <i>data-item</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The starting position and length value in a reference modification specification combine to address an area beyond the end of the reference modified data item. The sum of the starting position and length value minus one must be less than or equal to the number of characters in the reference modified data item.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the indicated line number in the program to ensure that any reference modified start and length values are set such that a reference is not made beyond the rightmost character of the data item.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ02A

IGZ0075S Inconsistencies were found in **EXTERNAL** file *file-name* in program *program-name*. The following file attributes did not match those of the established external file: *attribute-1 attribute-2 attribute-3 attribute-4 attribute-5 attribute-6 attribute-7*

Explanation

One or more attributes of an external file did not match between two programs that defined it.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the external file. For a summary of file attributes which must match between definitions of the same external file, see *IBM COBOL Language Reference*

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ02B

IGZ0076W The number of characters in the **INSPECT REPLACING CHARACTERS BY** *data-name* in program *program-name* at displacement *displacement* was not equal to one. The first character was used.

Explanation

A data item which appears in a CHARACTERS phrase within a REPLACING phrase in an INSPECT statement must be defined as being one character in length. Because of a reference modification specification for this data item, the resultant length value was not equal to one. The length value is assumed to be one.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

You may correct the reference modification specifications in the failing INSPECT statement to ensure that the reference modification length is (or will resolve to) 1; programmer action is not required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ02C

IGZ0077W The lengths of the *data-item* items in program *program-name* at displacement *displacement* were not equal. The shorter length was used.

Explanation

The two data items which appear in a REPLACING or CONVERTING phrase in an INSPECT statement must have equal lengths, except when the second such item is a figurative constant. Because of the reference modification for one or both of these data items, the resultant length values were not equal. The shorter length value is applied to both items, and execution proceeds.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

You may adjust the operands of unequal length in the failing INSPECT statement; programmer action is not required.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ02D

IGZ0078S ALL subscripted table reference to table *table-name* by verb number *verb-number* on line *line-number* will exceed the upper bound of the table.

Explanation

When the SSRANGE option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a multi-dimension table with ALL specified as one or more of the subscripts will result in a reference beyond the upper limit of the table.

The range check was performed on the composite of the subscripts and the maximum occurrences for the ALL subscripted dimensions. For variable-length tables the address is outside the region of the table defined when all OCCURS DEPENDING ON objects are at their maximum values; the ODO object's current value is not considered. The check was not performed on individual subscripts.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that OCCURS DEPENDING ON objects as evaluated at run-time do not exceed the maximum number of occurrences of the dimension for table items referenced in the failing statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ02E

IGZ0079S	On CICS, <i>program-lang</i> program <i>program-name</i> attempted to call OS/VS COBOL program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

On CICS, a COBOL/370, VS COBOL II, COBOL for MVS & VM, or COBOL for OS/390 & VM program attempted to call an OS/VS COBOL program with the CALL statement. Using the CALL statement to perform calls between the following are not supported on CICS:

- COBOL for OS/390 & VM programs and OS/VS COBOL programs
- COBOL for MVS & VM programs and OS/VS COBOL programs
- COBOL/370 programs and OS/VS COBOL programs
- VS COBOL II programs and OS/VS COBOL programs

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

If you need to invoke an OS/VS COBOL program from a COBOL/370, VS COBOL II, COBOL for MVS & VM, or COBOL for OS/390 & VM program use EXEC CICS LINK.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ02F

IGZ0080S	A dynamic call to <i>module-name</i> failed because the program entry name <i>program-name</i> does not match.
-----------------	---

Explanation

If a program compiled with the PGMNAME(LONGUPPER) or the PGMNAME(LONGMIXED) option is dynamically called, the program name must be identical to the name of the module that contains it. If an alternate entry name is called, the entry name must be identical to the ALIAS name representing that entry point. Note that the program entry name can not exceed 8 bytes and must be entirely upper-case.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

The name of the program failing the dynamic call must be modified to comply with the rules stated above. Otherwise, only static calls to the program are permitted.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ02G

IGZ0096C	A load of module <i>module-name</i> was unsuccessful.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An attempt to load a module failed. The module was not available or a system load failure occurred.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

See your systems programmer for assistance.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ030

IGZ0097S	Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i> contained no digits.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Argument-1 for the indicated function must contain at least 1 digit.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Adjust the number of digits in Argument-1 in the failing statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ031

IGZ0098C	The message text for message <i>message-number</i> was inaccessible to IGZCWTO.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The message text module used by IGZCWTO did not contain message text for the indicated message number.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

See your IBM service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ032

IGZ0099C	Internal error <i>error-code</i> was detected in module <i>module-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An unrecoverable error was detected in run-time module *module-name*.

When the module name in the message is IGZCXCC, the error-code indicates the error as described below:

Error-code Description

- 1**
The COBOL environment is not initialized. The COBOL environment must be initialized before calling IGZCXCC.
- 2**
An invalid function code was passed to IGZCXCC.
- 3**
An invalid name length was passed to IGZCXCC.
- 4**
IGZCXCC detected that a nested enclave should be created.

5

IGZCXCC cannot be called when running on CICS.

When the module name in the message is IGZCLNC, IGZCLNK, or IGZCFCC, the error-code indicates the error as described below:

Error-code Description

9

IGZCXCC is being used and an invalid cancel was attempted.

When the module name in the message is IGZEINI, the error-code indicates the error as described below:

Error-code Description

101

There was an attempt to initialize a VS COBOL II or OS/VS COBOL program as a subprogram before the main program has run.

102

An OS/VS COBOL program is being initialized but the TGT address was not passed.

When the module name in the message is IGZCII1, the error-code indicates the error as described below:

Error-code Description

NOTMAIN1

Subprogram initialization occurred when main program initialization was expected.

MAINCLAS

COBOL class initialization occurred when main program initialization was expected.

INVSTRC1

Invalid threading status.

INVST001

Invalid program initialization state.

INVST002

Invalid program initialization state.

INVST003

Invalid program initialization state.

PGMIIP01

Program initialization occurred when another program was in the process of being initialized.

When the module name in the message is IGZCII2, the error-code indicates the error as described below :

Error-code Description

INVSIG01

During class initialization, the initialization in-progress count is negative.

INVSIG02

During program initialization, the initialization in-progress count is not one.

INVSIG03

During program initialization, the initialization in-progress count is not zero.

INVT001

Invalid program initialization state.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

See your IBM service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ033

IGZ0100S	Argument-1 for function <i>function</i> in program <i>program</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i> was less than or equal to -1.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An illegal value was used for Argument-1.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that argument-1 is greater than -1.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ034

IGZ0108S	The cancel of program <i>program-name</i> failed because the module load point address was not provided when the program was loaded.
-----------------	---

Explanation

In a Language Environment/370 preinitialized environment users may specify their own load service routine. If this routine fails to provide the module load point address as an output parameter when loading a COBOL program, that program can not be cancelled using COBOL'S CANCEL statement.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Modify the user load service to provide the module load point address.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ03C

IGZ0151S	Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i> contained more than 18 digits.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The total number of digits in argument-1 of the indicated function exceeded 18 digits.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Adjust the number of digits in argument-1 in the failing statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ04N

IGZ0152S	Invalid character <i>character</i> was found in column <i>column-number</i> in argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>program-displacement</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An unexpected character was found as input to the specified function.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Refer to *Enterprise COBOL for z/OS Language Reference* for the input requirements of the specified function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ04O

IGZ0153S Program *program-name* was compiled with a level of the compiler that requires service to be installed on z/OS or on the COBOL runtime component of Language Environment, or both. Contact COBOL support for further assistance.

Explanation

An attempt was made to run a program that was compiled with a release or service level of the compiler that requires maintenance to be installed on z/OS or on the COBOL runtime component of Language Environment, or both, but that maintenance has not been installed.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Contact your system programmer to ensure that the corresponding COBOL runtime component of Language Environment maintenance and z/OS maintenance was installed as was indicated in the recent COBOL compiler version or maintenance that was installed. Contact COBOL support for further assistance.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ04P

IGZ0154S A procedure pointer was set to nested program *nested-program-name* in program *program-name* at displacement *displacement*.

Explanation

Procedure pointers can not be set to a nested program.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure that the procedure program is set to an external program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ04Q

IGZ0155S Invalid character *character* was found in column *column-number* in argument-2 for function *function-name* in program *program-name* at displacement *program-displacement*.

Explanation

Illegal character was found in argument-2 for NUMVAL-C function.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check that the function argument does follow the syntax rules.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ04R

IGZ0156S Argument-1 for function *function-name* in program *program-name* at line *line-number* was less than zero or greater than 28.

Explanation

Input argument to function FACTORIAL is greater than 28 or less than 0.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check that the function argument is only one byte long.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ04S

IGZ0157S The length of Argument-1 for function *function-name* in program *program-name* at line *line-number* was not equal to 1.

Explanation

The length of input argument to ORD function is not 1.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check that the function argument is only one byte long.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ04T

IGZ0158S	The length of Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i> was zero.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The length of the argument of the REVERSE, the UPPER-CASE or the LOWER-CASE function is zero.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure that the length of the argument is greater than zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ04U

IGZ0159S	Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was less than 1 or greater than 3067671.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The input argument to DATE-OF-INTEGER or DAY-OF-INTEGER function is less than 1 or greater than 3067671.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check that the function argument is in the valid range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ04V

IGZ0160S

Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was less than 16010101 or greater than 99991231.
--

Explanation

The input argument to function INTEGER-OF-DATE is less than 16010101 or greater than 99991231.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check that the function argument is in the valid range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ050

IGZ0161S	Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was less than 1601001 or greater than 9999365.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The input argument to function INTEGER-OF-DAY is less than 1601001 or greater than 9999365.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check that the function argument is in the valid range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ051

IGZ0162S	Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was less than 1 or greater than the number of positions in the program collating sequence.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The input argument to function CHAR is less than 1 or greater than the highest ordinal position in the program collating sequence.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check that the function argument is in the valid range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ052

IGZ0163S	Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was less than zero.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The input argument to function RANDOM is less than 0.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the argument for function RANDOM in the failing statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ053

IGZ0164C	<i>module-name</i> was unable to get HEAP storage.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The request made to obtain heap storage failed.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

See your IBM service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ054

IGZ0165S	A reference modification start position value of <i>start-position-value</i> on line <i>line</i> referenced an area outside the region of the function result of <i>function-result</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The value of the starting position in a reference modification specification was less than 1, or was greater than the current length of the function result that was being reference modified. The starting position value must be a positive integer less than or equal to the number of characters in the reference modified function result.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the value of the starting position in the reference modification specification and the length of the actual function result.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ055

IGZ0166S	A non-positive reference modification length value of <i>length</i> on line <i>line-number</i> was found in a reference to the function result of <i>function-result</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The length value in a reference modification specification for a function result was less than or equal to 0. The length value must be a positive integer.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the length value and make appropriate correction.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ056

IGZ0167S	A reference modification start position value of <i>start-position</i> and length value of <i>length</i> on line <i>line-number</i> caused reference to be made beyond the rightmost character of the function result of <i>function-result</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The starting position and length value in a reference modification specification combine to address an area beyond the end of the reference modified function result. The sum of the starting position and length value minus one must be less than or equal to the number of characters in the reference modified function result.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the length of the reference modification specification against the actual length of the function result and make appropriate corrections.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ057

IGZ0168S	The creation of a second enclave within a reusable environment was attempted. The first program of the second enclave was <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Reusable environment support is limited to a single enclave. The enclave must be the first enclave.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Modify the application so that it can run within a single enclave with the COBOL reusable environment. If the program name printed is "???????" then the first program of the second enclave is not COBOL.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ058

IGZ0169W	External data <i>data-record</i> was allocated within the 31-bit address range. The called program <i>program-name</i> contained a definition for this external data, and it was compiled with the DATA(24) option.
-----------------	--

Explanation

External data was allocated ANYWHERE within the 31-bit addressing range by a program. But a subsequently called program containing a definition for that same external data was compiled with the DATA(24) option. This was discovered while processing external data records during program initialization.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Re-compile program with the DATA(31) option if appropriate. If the external data needs to be allocated below 16M, then the FIRST program in the rununit that contains a definition of the external data must be compiled with the DATA(24) option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ059

IGZ0170S	One or more files were not closed by NORENT program <i>program-name</i> and the program cannot be found in storage.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The specified NORENT program has not closed all of the files it opened and the program cannot be found in storage. COBOL is unable to close the files because the required control blocks which reside in the program are no longer available. Unpredictable results will occur when the system attempts to close the files. This error can occur if the application has an assembler program that loads and deletes the specified NORENT program.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that all files are closed by the NORENT program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05A

IGZ0171S	An attempt was made by program <i>program-name</i> to open VSAM variable-length relative record file <i>file-name</i> but the file
-----------------	---

was not defined to VSAM as RRDS. The COBOL variable-length relative record data set simulation provided by SIMVRD is no longer supported.

Explanation

The SIMVRD run-time option can no longer be used to provide simulation of VSAM variable-length RRDS in programs compiled with Enterprise COBOL V4R1 and later.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Change the file to a VSAM variable-length RRDS file and use native VSAM support for variable-length RRDS data sets.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05B

IGZ0172W	RTEREUS was specified, but ignored. A reusable run-time environment was not established because the first program in the application was not COBOL.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A reusable environment can be established only when the main program of the first enclave is COBOL.

System action

No system action is taken.

Programmer response

Ensure that RTEREUS is off. The performance benefits of using RTEREUS are available without the run-time option when the application is running under Language Environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05C

IGZ0173S	There was an invalid attempt to start a sort or merge.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A sort or merge initiated by a COBOL program was already in progress when another sort or merge was attempted by another COBOL program. Only one sort or merge can be active at a time.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Change the application so that it does not initiate another sort or merge from within the COBOL sort exists.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05D

IGZ0174S	A dynamic call to <i>module-name</i> failed because the load module is a DLL.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A COBOL dynamic call cannot be made to a load module that is a DLL. A load module that is a DLL contains one or more of the following:

- A COBOL for OS/390 & VM program compiled with the DLL option and the EXPORTALL option.
- A C routine compiled with the DLL option that exports functions or variables.
- A C++ routine that exports functions or variables.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Change the dynamically called load module so that it does not contain routines that export functions or variables. If the load module contains COBOL for OS/390 & VM programs compiled with the DLL and the EXPORTALL options, recompile the programs with NOEXPORTALL.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05E

IGZ0175S	A dynamic call to <i>module-name</i> failed because the entry point is a COBOL program compiled with the DLL compiler option.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A COBOL dynamic call cannot be made to a COBOL for OS/390 & VM program that is compiled with the DLL compiler option.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Compile the COBOL for OS/390 & VM program with the NODLL compiler option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05F

IGZ0176S	A call from a COBOL program compiled with the DLL compiler option failed because the program <i>program-name</i> was previously dynamically called by a COBOL program compiled without the DLL compiler option.
-----------------	--

Explanation

When dynamically calling a COBOL program, insure that the DLL compiler option is consistent between calling and called programs.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Compile both the calling and called COBOL for OS/390 & VM programs with either the DLL or the NODLL compiler option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05G

IGZ0177S	A CANCEL of DLL <i>program-name</i> is not allowed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program was called with a CALL identifier statement from a COBOL program compiled with the DLL option. This caused the called program to be identified as a DLL. A DLL cannot be cancelled.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Do not request that a DLL be cancelled.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05H

IGZ0178S	An attempt to find program <i>program-name</i> in DLL <i>module-name</i> was unsuccessful.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An error during the load of a DLL or during a query DLL function request prevented an entry point address from being returned.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

See the corresponding CEEnnnnI message for additional information and the details of the problem. If the CEEnnnn message is not found in the MSGFILE insure that the runtime option INFOMSGFILTER is OFF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05I

IGZ0179S	A dynamic call to <i>module-name</i> failed because the load module contains one or more routines with XPLINK linkage.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A COBOL dynamic call cannot be made to a load module that contains routines with XPLINK linkage.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Change the dynamically called load module so that it does not contain routines that use XPLINK linkage.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05J

IGZ0180S **An attempt was made to run a VS COBOL II or OS/VS COBOL program in a OS/390 UNIX process. The program name is *program-name*.**

Explanation

VS COBOL II and OS/VS COBOL programs cannot be run in a z/OS UNIX process.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Compile the program with COBOL for MVS & VM or COBOL for OS/390 & VM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05K

IGZ0181S **An attempt was made to run a COBOL program that is not reentrant in a OS/390 UNIX process. The program name is *program-name*.**

Explanation

COBOL programs running in a z/OS UNIX process must be reentrant.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

In order to make a COBOL program reentrant, compile the COBOL program with the RENT compile-time option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05L

IGZ0182W **A fork() is not allowed when a COBOL reusable environment is active.**

Explanation

A COBOL reusable environment is active and the fork() function was called. A COBOL reusable environment is established by doing one of the following:

- Using the RTEREUS run-time option
- Calling ILBOSTPO
- Calling IGZERRE

System action

The fork() function is not performed.

Programmer response

Change the application so that a COBOL reusable environment is not used.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05M

IGZ0183W **A fork() is not allowed when an OS/VS COBOL program or a VS COBOL II program is in the environment.**

Explanation

At least one OS/VS COBOL program or VS COBOL II program is in the environment and the fork() function was called.

System action

The fork() function is not performed.

Programmer response

Compile all OS/VS COBOL programs and the VS COBOL II programs with COBOL for MVS & VM or COBOL for OS/390 & VM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05N

IGZ0184W **A fork() is not allowed when a sort or merge is in progress.**

Explanation

A SORT or MERGE statement is in progress and the fork() function was called.

System action

The fork() function is not performed.

Programmer response

Change the application to call fork() when sort or merge is not active.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05O

IGZ0185W	A fork() is not allowed when a declarative in a COBOL program is active.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A declarative in a COBOL program is active and the fork() function was called.

System action

The fork() function is not performed.

Programmer response

Change the application to call fork() when a declarative is not active.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05P

IGZ0186S	An attempt was made to run a VS COBOL II program with the run-time option XPLINK(ON). The program name is <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

Run-time option XPLINK(OFF) must be specified to run VS COBOL II programs.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Set the XPLINK run-time option to OFF and remove any load modules from the application that use XPLINK linkage, or compile the COBOL program with COBOL for MVS & VM or COBOL for OS/390 & VM.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05Q

IGZ0187S	There was an attempt to establish a COBOL reusable environment with the run-time option XPLINK(ON).
-----------------	--

Explanation

A COBOL reusable environment cannot be established when the XPLINK(ON) run-time option is specified. A

COBOL reusable environment is established by doing one of the following:

- Using the RTEREUS run-time option
- Calling ILBOSTPO
- Calling IGZERRE

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Set the XPLINK run-time option to OFF and remove any load modules from the application that use XPLINK linkage, or do not use a COBOL reusable environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05R

IGZ0188S	Value <i>string</i> is invalid for environment variable <i>_IGZ_SYSOUT</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Allowable values for environment variable *_IGZ_SYSOUT* are "stdout" or "stderr". Value can be any combination of upper and lower case and must not contain leading or trailing spaces.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Change value to be either "stdout" or "stderr".

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05S

IGZ0189S	Program <i>program-name</i> cannot be run in this operating system environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program contains features that are not supported in this operating system environment. For example, when running on CMS, the following features are not supported:

- programs compiled with the DLL compiler option
- programs compiled with the ARITH(EXTEND) compiler option

- programs compiled with Enterprise COBOL for z/OS and OS/390 V3R1 and later

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Modify the program to use supported features for the environment or run the program in the appropriate environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05T

IGZ0190S	There was an attempt to parse an XML document with an ENCODING phrase that specified an invalid CCSID.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The CCSID value must be a positive integer between 1 and 65,535 inclusive.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the ENCODING phrase of the XML PARSE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05U

IGZ0191S	There was an attempt to parse an XML document in a national data item but with an ENCODING phrase that specified a CCSID other than 1200.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CCSID value for parsing a national document must be 1200.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the ENCODING phrase of the XML PARSE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ05V

IGZ0192S	There was an attempt to parse an XML document in an alphanumeric data item but with an ENCODING phrase that specified CCSID 1200.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CCSID value for parsing an alphanumeric document must be 1208 (Unicode UTF-8), one of the supported EBCDIC CCSIDs, or, if the RETURNING NATIONAL phrase was specified, any CCSID that can be converted to CCSID 1200 (national).

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the ENCODING phrase of the XML PARSE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ060

IGZ0193W	Search argument <i>argument-number</i> in the WHEN phrase of the SEARCH ALL statement in program <i>program-name</i> on line number <i>line-number</i> was a signed item with a negative value. The corresponding table key was an unsigned item, and so the argument could never match the key in any of the table entries.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The SEARCH ALL statement specified a search argument that was a signed item with a negative sign. The table key was an unsigned numeric item, and so the comparison of the argument and the keys would always be unequal. Hence the SEARCH ALL statement could never succeed in locating a matching table entry.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Ensure that the search argument is correctly initialized before issuing the SEARCH ALL statement. For an unsigned table key, a numeric argument must either

be unsigned or have a positive sign for the search statement to have a possibility of successfully finding a matching table entry.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ061

IGZ0194W	Search argument <i>argument-number</i> in the WHEN phrase of the SEARCH ALL statement in program <i>program-name</i> on line number <i>line-number</i> was longer than the corresponding key. The excess digit or character positions of the argument were not zeros or spaces respectively, and so the argument could never match the key in any of the table entries.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SEARCH ALL statement specified a search argument that was longer than the table key, and since the excess digits or characters were not zeros or spaces respectively, the comparison of the argument and the keys would always be unequal. Hence the SEARCH ALL statement could never succeed in locating a matching table entry.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Initialize the excess argument positions to zeros or blanks as appropriate before issuing the SEARCH ALL statement. Alternatively, use a MOVE statement to move the argument to a shorter temporary variable to truncate the excess argument positions, then use that temporary variable as the SEARCH ALL argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ062

IGZ0195S	A SORT or MERGE statement was attempted when running in an OS/390 UNIX process.
-----------------	--

Explanation

SORT and MERGE statements are not supported when running in a z/OS UNIX process.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Remove the SORT or MERGE statements from the application or run the program in a z/OS environment.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ063

IGZ0196S	Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i> contained more than 31 digits.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The total number of digits in argument-1 of the indicated function exceeded 31 digits.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Adjust the number of digits in argument-1 in the failing statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ064

IGZ0197S	There was an unsuccessful READ or WRITE of file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at relative location <i>location</i>. Neither FILE STATUS nor an ERROR declarative were specified. The file status code was <i>status-code</i>. The BPX return code was <i>return-code</i>. The BPX reason code was <i>reason-code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error has occurred while reading or writing the named file. No file status or user error declarative was specified.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

For additional information on the return-code and reason-code, see [z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference](#), SC23-3020, topics for read (BPX1RED) and write (BPX1WRT).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ065

IGZ0198W	File <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> had a block size of <i>block-size</i> which exceeds the maximum supported block size.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The program file description specified a block size that exceeds the maximum supported block size. The OPEN statement failed.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the block size specified in the BLOCK CONTAINS clause is supported for the file, for the device that the dataset resides on and for the operating system level being used.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ066

IGZ0199S	An attempt was made to run a COBOL program that was compiled with the SEPARATE suboption of the TEST compiler option. This is not supported with this level of Language Environment or this level of Debug Tool. The program name is <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

COBOL programs running with TEST(,SEPARATE) must run on levels of Language Environment and Debug Tool that support it. This error can occur with any of the following:

- running with a level of Language Environment that does not support the SEPARATE suboption
- running with a level of Language Environment that could support the SEPARATE suboption but does not have current maintenance applied
- running with a level of Debug Tool that could support the SEPARATE suboption but does not have current maintenance applied

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Run the program under levels of Language Environment and Debug Tool that support programs compiled with TEST(,SEPARATE) or recompile the COBOL program without the SEPARATE suboption of the TEST compiler option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ067

IGZ0200W	A file attribute mismatch was detected. File <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> was defined as a physical sequential file and the file specified in the ASSIGN clause was a VSAM data set.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program file description specified that the file was a physical sequential file and the data set associated with the ASSIGN clause was found to be a VSAM file. The OPEN statement failed.

System action

If a file status was specified, no system action is performed. If a file status field was not specified, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Check that the file description and the DD parameter associated with the ASSIGN clause are for the correct data set.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ068

IGZ0201W	A file attribute mismatch was detected. File <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> had a record length of <i>record-length-1</i> and the file specified in the ASSIGN clause had a record length of <i>record-length-2</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program file description specified a record length that did not match the record length of the data set associated with the ASSIGN clause. The OPEN statement failed.

System action

If a file status was specified, no system action is performed. If a file status field was not specified, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

For Format-V and Format-S files the maximum record length specified in your program must be exactly 4 bytes smaller than the length attribute of the data set. For Format-F files, the record length specified in your program must exactly match the length attribute of the data set. For Format-U files, the maximum record length specified in your program must exactly match the length attribute of the data set. If your file is a printer file, the compiler may add one byte to the file description for carriage control character, depending on the ADV compiler option and the COBOL statements used in your program. In which case, the added byte must be included in the data set length attribute. For VSAM files, the record length must not be greater than the maximum length attribute of the data set. For VSAM simulated RRDS (SIMVRD run-time option) the record length specified in the ASSIGN clause is incremented by 4 bytes before comparison with the length attribute of the data set.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ069

IGZ0202W	A file attribute mismatch was detected. File <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> specified ASCII data and the file specified in the ASSIGN clause did not contain the ASCII data attribute.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The CODE-SET clause was specified in the program file description and the data set associated with the ASSIGN clause did not contain ASCII data. The OPEN statement failed.

System action

If a file status was specified, no system action is performed. If a file status field was not specified,

the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Check that the data set associated with the ASSIGN clause is the correct one, and if it is, check the data set for the ASCII attribute.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06A

IGZ0203W	A file attribute mismatch was detected. File <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> specified non-ASCII data and the file specified in the ASSIGN clause contained the ASCII data attribute.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The data set associated with the ASSIGN clause contained ASCII type data and the file description in the program did not contain ASCII data. The OPEN statement failed.

System action

If a file status was specified, no system action is performed. If a file status field was not specified, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Check that the data set associated with the ASSIGN clause is the correct one, and if it is, check the data set for the ASCII attribute.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06B

IGZ0204W	A file attribute mismatch was detected. File <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> was defined as RECORDING MODE <i>recording-mode</i> and the file specified in the ASSIGN clause did not contain the same attribute.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The RECORDING MODE specified in the program file description did not match the data control block fields of the data set associated with the ASSIGN clause. The OPEN statement failed.

System action

If a file status was specified, no system action is performed. If a file status field was not specified, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Check the data control block fields of the actual data set to verify that the RECORDING MODE matches. The most common cause of this error is conflicting fixed and variable record length data set attributes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06C

IGZ0205W	An OPEN failure occurred for file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> because the SMSVSAM server was not available. The file was closed.
-----------------	---

Explanation

COBOL encountered a SMSVSAM server not available error return while performing OPEN, I/O, or control block testing of a VSAM data set in RLS mode. For this error condition VSAM requires that the file be closed, opened, and positioned before resubmitting requests. Look for possible VSAM error messages in the job log.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

COBOL only performs a close of the file. Resolve the SMSVSAM server not available condition and resubmit the run or remove the RLS keyword specification from the DD statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06D

IGZ0206W	The AIXBLD run-time option was invalid for file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> because the file was opened in RLS mode. The file was closed.
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Explanation

The AIXBLD option is only supported for VSAM data sets opened without RLS mode. VSAM data sets opened in RLS mode can be empty, but upgrades

to empty paths are not supported. The alternate index path must be built before using RLS mode. The alternate index was not built and the file was closed.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

If AIXBLD option is required, remove the RLS keyword specification from the DD statement for this file and resubmit the run.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06E

IGZ0207W	The SIMVRD run-time option was invalid for file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> because the file was opened in RLS mode. The file was closed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The SIMVRD option is not supported for VSAM data sets in RLS mode. The file was closed.

System action

No system action is performed.

Programmer response

If SIMVRD option is required, remove the RLS keyword specification from the DD statement for this file and resubmit the run.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06F

IGZ0210S	There was an attempt to run an OS/VS COBOL program <i>program-name</i> in a non-initial thread.
-----------------	--

Explanation

OS/VS COBOL programs can only run in the initial thread. For example, OS/VS COBOL programs can not run in a subtask created by a PL/I CALL statement with the TASK, EVENT, or PRIORITY option.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Compile the COBOL program with the COBOL for MVS & VM or COBOL for OS/390 & VM compiler.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06I

IGZ0215S	Argument —1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was less than 0 or greater than 99.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An illegal value was used for Argument-1.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that argument-1 is greater than, or equal to 0, and less than 100.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06N

IGZ0216S	Argument —1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was less than 0 or greater than 99366.
-----------------	---

Explanation

An illegal value was used for Argument-1.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that argument-1 is greater than, or equal to 0, and less than 99367.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06O

IGZ0217S	Argument —1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was less than 0 or greater than 991231.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An illegal value was used for Argument-1.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that argument-1 is greater than, or equal to 0, and less than 991231.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06P

IGZ0218S	The sum of the year at the time of execution and the value of argument —2 was less than 1700 or greater than 10000 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An illegal value was used for Argument-2.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the sum of the year at the time of execution and the value of argument-2 is less than 1700 or greater than 10000.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06Q

IGZ0219S	The base year for program <i>program-name</i> was outside the valid range of current year minus 99 through 1999. The sliding window value <i>window-value</i> resulted in a base year of <i>base-year</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The current year was outside the 100-year fixed window specified by the YEARWINDOW compiler option value.

For example, if a COBOL program is compiled with YEARWINDOW(1920), the 100-year window for the program is 1920 and 2019. When the program is run

in the year 2020, this error message would occur since the current year is not within the 100-year window.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Examine the application design to determine if it will support a change to the YEARWINDOW option value. If the application can run with a change to the YEARWINDOW option value, then compile the program with an appropriate YEARWINDOW option value. If the application cannot run with a change to the YEARWINDOW option value, then convert all date fields to expanded dates and compile the program with NODATEPROC.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06R

IGZ0220S	The current year was outside the 100-year window, year-start through year-end for program program.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The current year was outside the 100-year fixed window specified by the YEARWINDOW compiler option value.

For example, if a COBOL program is compiled with YEARWINDOW(1920), the 100-year window for the program is 1920 through 2019. When the program is run in the year 2020, this error message would occur since the current year is not within the 100 year window.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Examine the application design to determine if it will support a change to the YEARWINDOW option value. If the application can run with a change to the YEARWINDOW option value, then compile the program with an appropriate YEARWINDOW option value. If the application cannot run with a change to the YEARWINDOW option value, then convert all date fields to expanded dates and compile the program with NODATEPROC.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06S

IGZ0221W	The Y2PAST= <i>y2past-value</i> SORT option (from the YEARWINDOW compiler option) was overridden by the Y2PAST value in the sort control file.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A windowed date field was specified as a KEY in a SORT or MERGE, which resulted in the YEARWINDOW compiler option being converted into a SORT option Y2PAST value, but Y2PAST was also specified in the sort control file.

The value in the sort control file was used, and the Y2PAST value from the program was ignored.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

See Enterprise COBOL for z/OS library (www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27036733) for a description of using windowed date fields with SORT and MERGE.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06T

IGZ0222S	No significant digits remain in a fixed-point exponentiation operation in program <i>program</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i> due to excessive decimal positions specified in the operands or receivers.
-----------------	--

Explanation

A fixed-point exponentiation operation that specifies a negative exponent could not be completed because all significant digits were lost after the operands were scaled. This condition is caused by excessive decimal positions being specified in the operands or receivers of the expression.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Simplify the arithmetic expression, specifying less decimal positions in the operands.

Do not use exponentiation of a base having 31 decimal positions, using a negative integral exponent. Rather, use an exponentiation specifying a positive exponent followed by an explicit division operation.

Alternatively, use a floating-point expression. To do this, specify at least one floating-point operand or receiver.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06U

IGZ0223S	Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at line <i>line-number</i> was less than zero or greater than 29.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Input argument to function FACTORIAL is greater than 29 or less than 0.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check that the function argument is in the valid range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ06V

IGZ0224S	There was an attempt to run COBOL programs in more than one thread and all of the COBOL programs were not enabled for multithreading. The error was detected when attempting to run COBOL program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

There was an attempt to run COBOL programs that are not enabled for multithreading in more than one thread. In order to run COBOL programs in more than one thread, all of the COBOL programs in the application must be compiled with the Enterprise COBOL compiler using the THREAD compiler option.

COBOL programs compiled with the following compilers can only run in one thread at a time:

- Enterprise COBOL with the NOTHREAD compiler option
- COBOL for OS/390 & VM
- COBOL for MVS & VM
- COBOL/370
- VS COBOL II
- OS/VS COBOL

This condition can occur when PL/I multitasking is used or when POSIX(ON) is in effect.

If PL/I multitasking is used, here are examples that can cause this condition:

- If an Enterprise COBOL program compiled without the THREAD compiler option or a COBOL for OS/390 & VM program has been invoked in the main task, then any attempts to invoke a COBOL program in a subtask created by a PL/I statement with the TASK, EVENT or the PRIORITY option will cause this condition to be signaled.
- If an Enterprise COBOL program compiled without the THREAD compiler option or a COBOL for OS/390 & VM program has been invoked in a subtask, then any attempts to invoke a COBOL program in any other task will cause this condition to be signaled until the subtask is terminated.

If POSIX(ON) is in effect, here are examples that can cause this condition:

- If an Enterprise COBOL program compiled without the THREAD compiler option or a COBOL for OS/390 & VM program has been invoked in the initial thread, then any attempts to invoke a COBOL program in a non-initial thread will cause this condition to be signaled.
- If an Enterprise COBOL program compiled without the THREAD compiler option or a COBOL for OS/390 & VM program has been invoked in a non-initial thread, then any attempts to invoke a COBOL program in another thread will cause this condition to be signaled until the non-initial thread in which a COBOL program was invoked is terminated.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Compile all the COBOL programs with the Enterprise COBOL using the THREAD compiler option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ070

IGZ0225S	There was an attempt to run the thread enabled COBOL program <i>program-name</i> in a COBOL reusable environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Enterprise COBOL programs compiled with the THREAD compiler option cannot run in a COBOL reusable environment.

A COBOL reusable environment is established by doing one of the following:

- Using the RTEREUS run-time option
- Calling ILBOSTPO
- Calling IGZERRE

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

If you want to continue to run with the COBOL reusable environment, compile the COBOL program with the NOTHREAD compiler option. If you want to run COBOL programs compiled with the THREAD option in a preinitialized environment, use the Language Environment preinitialization support provided by CEEPIPI.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ071

IGZ0226S	On CICS, an attempt was made to run a COBOL program that contains object-oriented syntax. The program name is <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

COBOL programs running on CICS cannot contain any object-oriented syntax.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Change the COBOL program so that it does not contain object-oriented class definitions, INVOKE statements, or references to the JNIEnvPtr special register.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ072

IGZ0227S	There was an invalid attempt to end an XML PARSE statement.
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Explanation

An XML PARSE statement initiated by a COBOL program was in progress and one of the following was attempted:

1. A GOBACK or an EXIT PROGRAM was issued within the COBOL program that initiated the XML PARSE.
2. A user handler associated with the program that initiated the XML PARSE moved the condition handler resume cursor and resumed the application.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Change the application so that it does not use one of the above methods to end the XML PARSE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ073

IGZ0228S	There was an invalid attempt to start an XML PARSE statement.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An XML PARSE statement initiated by a COBOL program was already in progress when another XML PARSE statement was attempted by the same COBOL program. Only one XML PARSE statement can be active in a given invocation of a COBOL program.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Change the application so that it does not initiate another XML PARSE statement from within the same COBOL program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ074

IGZ0229S	Argument-2 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at
-----------------	---

line *line-number* was less than 1 or greater than 65535.

Explanation

Argument-2, the CODEPAGE, for the indicated function was not within the range of 1 thru 65535.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure the argument-2 for the indicated function is within the valid range of 1 thru 65535.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGC075

IGZ0230S	The processing procedure for an XML PARSE statement set XML-CODE to an unsupported value of <i>xml-code-value</i> for XML event <i>xml-event</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The XMLPARSE(XMLSS) compiler option was in effect. For the END-OF-INPUT XML event, XML-CODE can be set to a value of -1, zero or 1. For all other XML events, only -1 and zero are supported.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the statements that set the value of the XML-CODE special register.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ076

IGZ0251W	An invalid keyword <i>keyword</i> was found at position <i>position</i> in environment variable <i>env-var</i> while processing file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

While processing the allocation of the file, the specified keyword was encountered at the indicated position. The keyword was not allowed in the

environment variable. The OPEN statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Remove the identified keyword from the environment variable. Also, make sure that all keywords are in uppercase. Additionally, for QSAM and VSAM files, make sure that the DSN or PATH keyword is specified first in the environment variable. For line sequential files, make sure that the PATH keyword is the only keyword specified in the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ07R

IGZ0252W	An invalid delimiter was found at position <i>position</i> in environment variable <i>env-var</i> while processing file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

While processing the allocation of the file, the delimiter at the indicated position was invalid in the context used in the environment variable. The OPEN statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Correct the identified delimiter in the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ07S

IGZ0253W	Keyword <i>keyword1</i> was found at position <i>position</i> in environment variable <i>env-var</i> while processing file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	--

name and is mutually exclusive with keyword *keyword2*.

Explanation

While processing the allocation of the file, *keyword1* was found at the indicated position in the environment variable but cannot be specified with *keyword2* which was found earlier. The OPEN statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Remove either *keyword1* or *keyword2* from the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ07T

IGZ0254W	Environment variable <i>env-var</i> is null or only contains blanks for file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The contents of the environment variable that was used for the allocation of the file were null or only contained blanks. The file cannot be allocated. The OPEN statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

For QSAM and VSAM files, make sure that the ddname is properly defined for the file by specifying a ddname for the file setting an environment variable with the same name as the ddname to identify the file. For line sequential files, make sure that the file is properly defined by setting an environment variable with the same name as the file name to identify the file using an absolute pathname.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ07U

IGZ0255W	Dynamic allocation failed for ddname <i>ddname</i> while processing file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i>. The return code from the dynamic allocation was <i>return-code</i>, error code <i>error-code</i>, reason code <i>reason-code</i>, and information code <i>information-code</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

An error occurred issuing the dynamic allocation for the ddname. The OPEN statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

See the JOBLLOG output for any additional messages from data management explaining the error. For additional information about the error codes, see the topic about interpreting DYNALLOC return codes in [z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ07V

IGZ0256W	Dynamic deallocation failed for ddname <i>ddname</i> while processing file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i>. The return code from the dynamic deallocation was <i>return-code</i>, error code <i>error-code</i>, reason code <i>reason-code</i>, and information code <i>information-code</i>.
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Explanation

An error occurred issuing the dynamic deallocation for the ddname. The CLOSE statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file

status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

See the JOBLLOG output for any additional messages from data management explaining the error. For additional information about the error codes, see the topic about interpreting DYNALLOC return codes in [*z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ080

IGZ0257W	The environment variable <i>env-var</i> for file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> contains an invalid dataset name value.
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Explanation

While processing the allocation of the file, the dataset name specified in the DSN keyword of the environment variable was invalid. The OPEN statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Correct the dataset name in the DSN keyword of the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ081

IGZ0258W	The environment variable <i>env-var</i> for file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> contains an invalid member name value.
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Explanation

While processing the allocation of the file, the member name specified in the DSN keyword of the environment variable was invalid. The OPEN statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Correct the member name in the DSN keyword of the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ082

IGZ0259W	The environment variable <i>env-var</i> for file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> contains an invalid path name value.
-----------------	--

Explanation

While processing the allocation of the file, the path name specified in the PATH keyword of the environment variable was invalid. The OPEN statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Correct the path name in the PATH keyword of the environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ083

IGZ0260W	Temporary dataset names cannot be used for dynamic allocation in environment variable <i>env-var</i> for file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i>.
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Explanation

The contents of the environment variable that was used for the allocation of the file specified a temporary dataset name in the DSN parameter. Temporary dataset names are not supported for

dynamic allocation. The OPEN statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Change the DSN parameter in the specified environment variable to specify a permanent dataset name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ084

IGZ0261W	An absolute pathname was not specified in environment variable <i>env-var</i> for file <i>file-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i>.
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Explanation

The contents of the environment variable that was used for the allocation of the file did not specify an absolute pathname in the PATH parameter. Only absolute pathnames are supported. The OPEN statement failed with file status 98.

System action

If a file status or error declarative was specified for the file, no system action is performed. If neither a file status nor an error declarative was specified for the file, the program is terminated and message IGZ0035S is generated.

Programmer response

Change the PATH parameter in the specified environment variable to specify an absolute pathname.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ085

IGZ0262S	<i>C-Runtime-message</i>
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Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to retrieve the optimized schema. The message provides details.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the indicated error. For more information regarding the message, see [z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ086

IGZ0263I	The previous condition has also occurred in program <i>program-name</i> on line(s): <i>line-numbers</i>.
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Explanation

See the explanation for the previous message for details.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

See the user response for the previous message for details.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ087

IGZ0264S	There was an attempt to run both OS/VS COBOL and Enterprise COBOL V5 programs in the same enclave.
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Explanation

OS/VS COBOL programs can not be run in the same enclave where Enterprise COBOL V5 programs are also running.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Compile the OS/VS COBOL program with an Enterprise COBOL compiler.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ088

IGZ0265S **Argument-1 for function *function-name* in program *program-name* at displacement *displacement* was not a valid UTF-8 string.**

Explanation

Argument-1 is not a valid UTF-8 string.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that argument-1 is a valid UTF-8 string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ089

IGZ0266S **Argument-2 and argument-3 for function USUBSTR in program *program-name* at displacement *displacement* was not a valid combination for substring of a UTF-8 string.**

Explanation

The values for argument-2 and argument-3 for function USUBSTR were invalid.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that argument-2 and argument-3 are valid for UTF-8 substring. Argument-2 must be an integer greater than zero. Argument-3 must be an integer greater than or equal to zero. (Argument-2 + argument-3 - 1) must be less than or equal to ULENGTH(argument-1).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08A

IGZ0268W **An invocation was made of OS/VS COBOL program *program-name*.**

Explanation

An invocation of an OS/VS COBOL program was made. OS/VS COBOL programs cannot interoperate with Enterprise COBOL V5 programs. In addition, IBM may remove support for OS/VS COBOL programs from

Language Environment in the future. Therefore, users need to know if they are using OS/VS COBOL programs and what the program names are.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Recompile the OS/VS COBOL program with a newer compiler.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08C

IGZ0269W ***program-lang* version *program-version* program *program-name* made a call to OS/VS COBOL program *program-name*.**

Explanation

A COBOL program made a call to an OS/VS COBOL program with the CALL statement. Using the CALL statement to perform calls between Enterprise COBOL V5 programs and OS/VS COBOL programs is not supported. In addition, IBM may remove support for OS/VS COBOL programs from Language Environment in the future, so users need to know if they are using OS/VS COBOL programs and what the program names are.

An OS/VS COBOL program can also be called by an ASSEMBLER program using the IGZCXCC routine. In this case, the actual name of the ASSEMBLER program, as well as the program version information, will not be available as part of the message.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Recompile the OS/VS COBOL program with a newer compiler.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08D

IGZ0270S **In a multithreaded environment, COBOL program *program-name* was called during condition handling and the program cannot be initialized.**

Explanation

In a multithreaded environment, COBOL programs cannot be called as a condition handler for conditions raised while performing COBOL program initialization.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Use a condition handler written in assembler or C to handle conditions raised during COBOL program initialization.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08E

IGZ0271S	There was an attempt to initialize COBOL in a nested enclave when the initial enclave is multithreaded or multitasking. The first program of the nested enclave was <i>program-name</i>.
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Explanation

A COBOL program cannot run in a nested enclave when the initial enclave is multithreaded or multitasking.

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Change the application so that the COBOL program is not running in a nested enclave or do not use multithreading or multitasking when using COBOL programs in nested enclaves. If the program name printed is "????????", then the first program of the nested enclave is not COBOL.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08F

IGZ0272S	Data conversion from CCSID <i>CCSID1</i> to <i>CCSID2</i> was unsuccessful. The return code from the Unicode Conversion Service CUNLCNV was <i>return-code</i> and the reason code was <i>reason-code</i>.
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Explanation

The data conversion for the CCSID pair failed as indicated by the return code and the reason code. The return code and the reason code values for conversion services are described in [*z/OS Unicode Services User's Guide and Reference*](#).

System action

The application is terminated.

Programmer response

Follow the programmer responses indicated for specific return and reason codes in [*z/OS Unicode Services User's Guide and Reference*](#).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08G

IGZ0273S	A GOBACK, EXIT PROGRAM, or STOP RUN was attempted while an EXCEPTION/ERROR declarative was in control for a QSAM ABEND. The declarative in control is in program <i>program-name</i> for file <i>file-name</i>.
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Explanation

A GOBACK, EXIT PROGRAM, or STOP RUN statement cannot be used while an EXCEPTION/ERROR declarative is in control due to a QSAM ABEND for a READ, REWRITE, or WRITE statement. When a QSAM abend occurs during a READ, WRITE, or REWRITE, the file status code can be file status 34 or file status 90.

System action

The application is terminated with ABEND 4043.

Programmer response

Change the program to not use a GOBACK, EXIT PROGRAM, or STOP RUN statement when the EXCEPTION/ERROR declarative is in control.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08H

IGZ0274S	A GOBACK, EXIT PROGRAM, or STOP RUN was attempted while a LABEL declarative was in control. The declarative in control is in program <i>program-name</i> for file <i>file-name</i>.
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Explanation

A GOBACK, EXIT PROGRAM, or STOP RUN statement cannot be used while a LABEL declarative is in control.

System action

The application is terminated with ABEND 4043.

Programmer response

Change the program to not use a GOBACK, EXIT PROGRAM, or STOP RUN statement when the LABEL declarative is active.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08I

IGZ0275S	The contents of data item <i>data-name</i> at the time of reference by verb number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> failed the NUMERIC class test generated by the ZONECHECK compiler option.
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Explanation

When the ZONECHECK(ABD) compiler option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a zoned decimal (numeric USAGE DISPLAY) data item had invalid contents at runtime.

The compiler generated a NUMERIC class test, and this data item tested as not numeric.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the source of the data for this data item is correct, and that the data has not been corrupted by other statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08J

IGZ0276W	The contents of data item <i>data-name</i> at the time of reference by verb number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> failed the NUMERIC class test generated by the ZONECHECK compiler option.
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Explanation

When the ZONECHECK(MSG) compiler option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a zoned decimal (numeric USAGE DISPLAY) data item had invalid contents at runtime.

The compiler generated a NUMERIC class test, and this data item tested as not numeric.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Ensure that the source of the data for this data item is correct, and that the data has not been corrupted by other statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08K

IGZ0277W	The value <i>data-item-value</i> of data item <i>data-name</i> at the time of reference by verb number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> failed the NUMERIC class test generated by the ZONECHECK compiler option.
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Explanation

When the ZONECHECK(MSG) compiler option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a zoned decimal (numeric USAGE DISPLAY) data item had invalid contents at runtime.

The compiler generated a NUMERIC class test, and this data item tested as not numeric.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Ensure that the source of the data for this data item is correct, and that the data has not been corrupted by other statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08L

IGZ0278S	The contents of data item <i>data-name</i> at the time of reference by statement number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> failed the
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NUMERIC class test or contained a value larger than the PICTURE clause as detected by the NUMCHECK compiler option.

Explanation

When the NUMCHECK(ZON,ABD) compiler option is in effect, or the NUMCHECK(PAC,ABD) compiler option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a zoned decimal (numeric USAGE DISPLAY) or PACKED-DECIMAL data item had invalid contents at runtime.

The compiler generated a NUMERIC class test, and this data item tested as not numeric. For PACKED-DECIMAL data items that have an even number of digits, the unused bits were also checked for zeros.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the source of the data for this data item is correct, and that the data has not been corrupted by other statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08M

IGZ0279W	The value <i>data-item-value</i> of data item <i>data-name</i> at the time of reference by statement number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> failed the NUMERIC class test or contained a value larger than the PICTURE clause as detected by the NUMCHECK compiler option.
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Explanation

When the NUMCHECK(ZON,MSG) compiler option is in effect, or the NUMCHECK(PAC,MSG) compiler option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a zoned decimal (numeric USAGE DISPLAY) or PACKED-DECIMAL data item had invalid contents at runtime.

The compiler generated a NUMERIC class test, and this data item tested as not numeric. For PACKED-DECIMAL data items that have an even number of digits, the unused bits were also checked for zeros.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Ensure that the source of the data for this data item is correct, and that the data has not been corrupted by other statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08N

IGZ0280S	XML to data structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because an error return code of <i>RETURN-CODE</i> was received from the XML PARSE statement. The error occurred at element <i>ELEMENT-NAME</i> with the character content <i>CHARACTER-CONTENT</i>.
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Explanation

XML to language structure conversion uses the COBOL XML PARSE statement. When the XMLPARSE(COMPAT) compiler option is in effect, the return code is provided from the XML PARSE statement and is described in the Enterprise COBOL Programming Guide. When the XMLPARSE(XMLSS) compiler option is in effect, the return code is provided from the z/OS XML System Services Parser and is described in the XML System Services User's Guide and Reference.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Use the return code to determine the error and correct the input XML message.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08O

IGZ0281S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the valid range of a repeating group or repeating data item was exceeded. The error occurred at element <i>ELEMENT-NAME</i>.
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Explanation

XML to language structure conversion encounters errors while transforming an XML message to a language structure. These errors are distinct from XML PARSE errors.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the input XML message. Ensure that the message is valid according to the XML Schema upon which the XML to language structure converter is based.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08P

IGZ0282S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because none of the elements in the input XML document matched a mapped element in the XML Schema upon which the XML converter is based.
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Explanation

XML to language structure conversion encounters errors while transforming an XML message to a language structure. These errors are distinct from XML PARSE errors.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the input XML message. Ensure that the message is valid according to the XML Schema upon which the XML to language structure converter is based.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08Q

IGZ0283S

XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program *PROGRAM-NAME* because the character content for element *ELEMENT-NAME* was longer than the element's maximum of *LIMIT* characters.

Explanation

XML to language structure conversion encounters errors while transforming an XML message to a language structure. These errors are distinct from XML PARSE errors.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the input XML message. Ensure that the message is valid according to the XML Schema upon which the XML to language structure converter is based.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08R

IGZ0284S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because conversion of the character content of an element that is mapped as numeric failed. The error occurred at element <i>ELEMENT-NAME</i> with the character content <i>CHARACTER-CONTENT</i>.
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Explanation

XML to language structure conversion encounters errors while transforming an XML message to a language structure. These errors are distinct from XML PARSE errors.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the input XML message. Ensure that the message is valid according to the XML Schema upon which the XML to language structure converter is based.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08S

IGZ0285S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the length of the input XML document is INPUTLEN characters, which exceeds the maximum of MAXIMUM characters for this converter.
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Explanation

XML to language structure conversion imposes a limit on the length of XML documents that can be converted into language structures. The maximum length in bytes of the input XML document is 16MB when version 3 of Enterprise COBOL for z/OS is used and 32MB when version 4 of Enterprise COBOL for z/OS is used.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Check that the input XML message conforms to the XML Schema upon which it is based. Check any whitespace outside of element content has been trimmed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08T

IGZ0286S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the content for element <i>ELEMENT-NAME</i> had a length greater than or equal to INPUTLEN characters which was too long for the converter to process.
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Explanation

XML to language structure conversion maintains a buffer for character content that has a maximum size equal to 10 times the size of the largest item in the target language structure. The content of an element was longer than expected.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the input XML message. Ensure that the message is valid according to the XML Schema upon which the XML to language structure converter is based.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08U

IGZ0287S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the maximum output message length of LENGTH characters was exceeded while generating the XML document.
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Explanation

Language structure to XML conversion performs whitespace suppression and entity reference expansion while generating the XML document. Entity reference expansion increases the length of data which is included as element content causing it to grow up to 6 times the original length of the data (the longest predefined entity is 6 characters long).

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that the language structure has not changed since the Language structure to XML converter has been generated. Regenerate the XML converter if changes have been made to the language structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ08V

IGZ0288S	XML conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because a non-zero return code was received from the Unicode Conversion Service <i>CUNLCNV</i> while converting from CCSID SOURCE-CCSID to CCSID TARGET-CCSID.
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Explanation

XML Conversion converts XML and language data to and from Unicode during parsing and generation of XML, if XML is expected to be exchanged in Unicode.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Check that conversion services is properly installed, and ensure that the conversion attempted by the XML Converter is supported by the systems installation of conversion services.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ090

IGZ0289S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the content of non-numeric member <i>MEMBER-NAME</i> of language structure <i>STRUCTURE-NAME</i> contained characters that are not legal in an XML document.
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Explanation

Certain data structure members permit storage of characters that are not legal in an XML document. The permitted characters are defined by the XML specification at [W3C \(www.w3.org\)](http://www.w3.org).

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token

representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that the language structure member is properly initialized and does not contain any characters that are illegal in XML before attempting conversion.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ091

IGZ0290S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the content of numeric member <i>MEMBER-NAME</i> of language structure <i>STRUCTURE-NAME</i> is invalid.
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Explanation

Language structure to XML conversion has determined that the contents of the storage occupied by a numeric language structure member are invalid for the type.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that the numeric language structure member is properly initialized according to COBOL semantics.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ092

IGZ0291S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the maximum XML element nesting depth was exceeded. The error occurred at element <i>ELEMENT-NAME</i> with character content <i>CHARACTER-CONTENT</i>.
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Explanation

The language structure to XML converter maintains an internal stack which represents the full qualification of the current element being processed in the XML document. If extraneous XML elements that are not

described in the XML schema to which the converter is bound are present in the XML document, they will exceed the maximum supported element depth.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Either supply XML documents to the converter that validate against the bound XML schema or remove the extraneous element that causes the failure from the input XML document.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ093

IGZ0292S	XML conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because an attempt to register an exception handler failed with Language Environment error <i>LE-ERROR</i>.
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Explanation

XML conversion uses Language Environment callable services to register a user-written handler to handle errors that occur during conversion. An attempt to register such a handler failed.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that Language Environment is configured properly and that no conditions exist in the chain of execution leading up to the converter that would prevent proper operation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ094

IGZ0293S	XML conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because an attempt to
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unregister an exception handler failed with Language Environment error *LE-ERROR*.

Explanation

XML conversion uses Language Environment callable services to register a user-written handler to handle errors that occur during conversion. An attempt to unregister such a handler failed.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that Language Environment is configured properly and that no conditions exist in the chain of execution leading up to the converter that would prevent proper operation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ095

IGZ0294S	XML conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the address of one or more required parameters to the main entry point did not have valid addresses.
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Explanation

Ensure that each parameter passed to the XML converter has a valid non-null storage address unless a particular parameter can be null as defined by the converter call interface. For example, passing a null address for the XML buffer address to the language structure to XML converter will cause the required size of the XML buffer to be returned instead of performing XML conversion.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Ensure that each parameter passed to the converter has a valid storage address unless a particular parameter can be null as defined by the converter call interface. For example, a null message address passed to the outbound converter will be interpreted as a request for the maximum outbound message size to be returned instead of performing a conversion.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ096

IGZ0295S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because a response code of <i>RESPONSE-CODE</i> with reason code <i>REASON-CODE</i> was received from the bidirectional data conversion module <i>MODULE-NAME</i> while processing the XML element <i>ELEMENT-NAME</i>.
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Explanation

XML to language structure conversion uses an external module to handle bidirectional data conversions.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Refer to the bidirectional data conversion module documentation for explanations of return codes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ097

IGZ0296S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because a return code of <i>RETURN-CODE</i> with reason code <i>REASON-CODE</i> was received from the bidirectional data conversion module <i>MODULE-NAME</i> while processing member <i>MEMBER-NAME</i> of language structure <i>STRUCTURE-NAME</i>.
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Explanation

Language structure to XML conversion uses an external module to handle bidirectional data conversions.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Refer to the bidirectional data conversion module documentation for explanations of return codes.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ098

IGZ0297S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the content for attribute <i>ATTRIBUTE-NAME</i> had a length greater than or equal to <i>INPUTLEN</i> characters, which was too long for the converter to process.
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Explanation

XML to language structure conversion maintains a buffer for accumulating the contents of XML attributes. The maximum size of the buffer is based on attribute and namespace declarations in the XML Schema.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the XML instance document such that it conforms to the inbound XML Schema.

IGZ0298S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the target namespace of element <i>ELEMENT-NAME</i> was <i>NAMESPACE-ACTUAL</i> which is inconsistent with
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the expected target namespace of
NAMESPACE-EXPECTED.

Explanation

XML to language structure conversion can optionally validate the namespace name of XML elements.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the XML instance document such that the XML elements have namespace names consistent with those specified in the XML Schema.

IGZ0299S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the minimum count of language structure <i>STRUCT-NAME</i> was not met.
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Explanation

XML to language structure conversion detected that the count of a language structure does not meet the minimum count that was specified when the converter was generated.

System action

The converter will signal a Language Environment condition. But if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the XML document or replace the converter with one having a different minimum count for the language structure.

IGZ0300S	XML to language structure conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the maximum count of language structure <i>STRUCT-NAME</i> was exceeded.
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Explanation

XML to language structure conversion detected that the count of a language structure exceeds the maximum that was specified when the XML converter was generated.

System action

The converter will signal a Language Environment condition. But if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the XML document or replace the XML converter with one having a higher maximum.

IGZ0301S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in program <i>PROGRAM-NAME</i> because the total count of language structure instances received was <i>ACTUAL-COUNT</i> which is less than the minimum of <i>MINIMUM-COUNT</i> instances required by the message layout.
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Explanation

Language structure to XML conversion detected that the language structure buffer it received contained fewer language structure instances in total than is required by the message layout.

System action

The converter will signal a Language Environment condition. But if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the language structure buffer so that each language structure occurs at least as many times as is required per the message layout.

IGZ0302S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in program <i>program-name</i> because the length prefix of language structure <i>struct-name</i> specified a length of <i>specified-length</i> bytes, which is less than the structure's minimum length of <i>minimum-length</i> bytes.
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Explanation

Language structure to XML conversion detected that the length prefix of a language structure specified a length that is less than the minimum length of the structure. The minimum length of a language structure is computed as the sum of the bytes consumed by all subordinate fields. In the case of fields that specify OCCURS DEPENDING ON, the minimum number of occurrences is assumed.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correctly set the two-byte length prefix of each language structure in the language structure buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09E

IGZ0303S	Language structure to XML conversion could not complete in program <i>program-name</i> because the total count of language structure instances received was <i>actual-count</i> which is greater than the maximum of <i>maximum-count</i> instances allowed by the message layout.
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Explanation

Language structure to XML conversion detected that the language structure buffer it received contained more language structure instances in total than is allowed by the message layout.

System action

The converter will either signal a Language Environment condition or, if the optional feedback code argument is provided, a condition token representing the condition will be placed in the argument.

Programmer response

Correct the language structure buffer so that it contains no more than the maximum number of instances of each language structure in the message layout.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09F

IGZ0304W	The reference to table <i>table-name</i> by verb number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> addressed an area outside the region of the table.
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Explanation

When the SSRANGE option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a fixed-length table has been subscripted in a way that exceeds the defined size of the table, or, for variable-length tables, the maximum size of the table.

The range check was performed on the composite of the subscripts and resulted in an address outside the region of the table. For variable-length tables, the address is outside the region of the table defined when all OCCURS DEPENDING ON objects are at their maximum values; the ODO object's current value is not considered. The check was not performed on individual subscripts.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the value of literal subscripts or the value of variable subscripts, or both, as evaluated at run-time do not exceed the subscripted dimensions for subscripted data in the failing statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09G

IGZ0305W	The size of variable length group <i>group-name</i> exceeded the maximum defined length of the group at the time of reference by verb number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

When the SSRANGE option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a variable-length group generated by OCCURS DEPENDING ON has a length that is less than zero, or is greater than the limits defined in the OCCURS DEPENDING ON clauses.

The range check was performed on the composite length of the group, and not on the individual OCCURS DEPENDING ON objects.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that OCCURS DEPENDING ON objects as evaluated at run-time do not exceed the maximum number of occurrences of the dimension for tables within the referenced group item.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09H

IGZ0306W	A reference modification length value of <i>reference-modification-value</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> which was not equal to 1 was found in a reference to data item <i>data-item</i> which was passed by value.
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Explanation

The length value in a reference modification specification was not equal to 1. The length value must be equal to 1.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the indicated line number in the program to ensure that any reference modified length values are (or will resolve to) 1.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09I

IGZ0307W	ALL subscripted table reference to table <i>table-name</i> by verb number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> had an ALL subscript specified for an OCCURS DEPENDING ON dimension, and the object was less than or equal to 0.
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Explanation

When the SSRANGE option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that there are 0 occurrences of dimension subscripted by ALL.

The check is performed against the current value of the OCCURS DEPENDING ON OBJECT.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that ODO object(s) of ALL-subscripted dimensions of any subscripted items in the indicated statement are positive.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09J

IGZ0308W	A reference modification start position value of <i>reference-modification-value</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> referenced an area outside the region of data item <i>data-item</i>.
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Explanation

The value of the starting position in a reference modification specification was less than 1, or was greater than the current length of the data item that was being reference modified. The starting position value must be a positive integer less than or equal to the number of characters in the reference modified data item.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the value of the starting position in the reference modification specification.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09K

IGZ0309W	A non-positive reference modification length value of <i>reference-modification-value</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> was found in a reference to data item <i>data-item</i>.
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Explanation

The length value in a reference modification specification was less than or equal to 0. The length value must be a positive integer.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the indicated line number in the program to ensure that any reference modified length values are (or will resolve to) positive integers.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09L

IGZ0310W	A reference modification start position value of <i>reference-modification-value</i> and length value of <i>length</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> caused reference to be made beyond the rightmost character of data item <i>data-item</i>.
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Explanation

The starting position and length value in a reference modification specification combine to address an area beyond the end of the reference modified data item. The sum of the starting position and length value minus one must be less than or equal to the number of characters in the reference modified data item.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the indicated line number in the program to ensure that any reference modified start and length values are set such that a reference is not made beyond the rightmost character of the data item.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09M

IGZ0311W	ALL subscripted table reference to table <i>table-name</i> by verb number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> will exceed the upper bound of the table.
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Explanation

When the SSRANGE option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a multidimension table with ALL specified as one or more of the subscripts will result in a reference beyond the upper limit of the table.

The range check was performed on the composite of the subscripts and the maximum occurrences for the ALL subscripted dimensions. For variable-length tables, the address is outside the region of the table defined when all OCCURS DEPENDING ON objects are at their maximum values; the ODO object's current value is not considered. The check was not performed on individual subscripts.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that OCCURS DEPENDING ON objects as evaluated at run-time do not exceed the maximum number of occurrences of the dimension for table items referenced in the failing statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09N

IGZ0312W	A reference modification start position value of <i>start-position-value</i> on line <i>line</i> in program <i>program-name</i> referenced an area outside the region of the function result of <i>function-result</i>.
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Explanation

The value of the starting position in a reference modification specification was less than 1, or was greater than the current length of the function result that was being reference modified. The starting position value must be a positive integer less than or equal to the number of characters in the reference modified function result.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the value of the starting position in the reference modification specification and the length of the actual function result.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09O

IGZ0313W	A non-positive reference modification length value of <i>length</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> was found in a reference to the function result of <i>function-result</i>.
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Explanation

The length value in a reference modification specification for a function result was less than or equal to 0. The length value must be a positive integer.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the length value and make appropriate correction.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09P

IGZ0314W	A reference modification start position value of <i>start-position</i> and length value of <i>length</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> caused reference to be made beyond the rightmost character of the function result of <i>function-result</i>.
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Explanation

The starting position and length value in a reference modification specification combine to address an area beyond the end of the reference modified function result. The sum of the starting position and length value minus one must be less than or equal to the number of characters in the reference modified function result.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Check the length of the reference modification specification against the actual length of the function result and make appropriate corrections.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09Q

IGZ0315S	The contents of data item <i>data-name</i> at the time of reference by statement number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> was invalid. The value exceeded the number of digits in the data definition, and failed the SIZE ERROR test generated by the NUMCHECK(BIN) compiler option.
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Explanation

When the NUMCHECK(BIN,ABD) compiler option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a binary data item had invalid data contents at runtime.

The compiler generated a SIZE ERROR test, and this data item contained a value that exceeded the size of the data item according to the PICTURE clause in its data definition.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that the source of the data for this data item is correct, and that the data item has not been corrupted by other statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09R

IGZ0316W	The value <i>data-item-value</i> of data item <i>data-name</i> at the time of reference by statement number <i>verb-number</i> on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> was invalid. The value exceeded the number of digits in the data definition, and failed the SIZE ERROR test generated by the NUMCHECK(BIN) compiler option.
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Explanation

When the NUMCHECK(BIN,MSG)) compiler option is in effect, this message is issued to indicate that a binary data item had invalid data contents at runtime.

The compiler generated a SIZE ERROR test, and this data item contained a value that exceeded the size of the data item according to the PICTURE clause in its data definition.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Ensure that the source of the data for this data item is correct, and that the data item has not been corrupted by other statements.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09S

IGZ0317S	The CALL statement on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> caused corruption of data beyond the end of the <i>section-name</i> SECTION.
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Explanation

A subprogram modified data beyond the end of the section that contained the argument passed to that subprogram.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Change the definition of the arguments in the calling program, or the definition of the parameters in the called subprogram, so that they match, per the rules in the COBOL Language Reference Manual, as follows: The description of the data items in the called program must describe the same number of character positions as the description of the corresponding data items in the calling program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09T

IGZ0318W	The CALL statement on line <i>line-number</i> in program <i>program-name</i> caused corruption of data beyond the end of the <i>section-name</i> SECTION.
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Explanation

A subprogram modified data beyond the end of the section that contained the argument passed to that subprogram.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Change the definition of the arguments in the calling program, or the definition of the parameters in the called subprogram, so that they match, per the rules in the COBOL Language Reference Manual, as follows: The description of the data items in the called program must describe the same number of character positions as the description of the corresponding data items in the calling program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09U

IGZ0319W	The COBOL runtime option <i>option-name</i> specified in IGZUOPT is in conflict with option <i>option-name</i>; option <i>option-name</i> is ignored.
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Explanation

The COBOL runtime options specified in IGZUOPT are in conflict.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Correct the conflicting options.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ09V

IGZ0320W	The COBOL runtime option <i>option-name</i> specified in IGZUOPT is invalid. It is ignored.
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Explanation

The COBOL runtime option specified in IGZUOPT is invalid.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Correct the option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0A0

IGZ0321I	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, no JSON name/value pair matched data item <i>data-name</i>, which was thus not modified.
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Explanation

After processing any NAME phrase literals, the given COBOL data item had no matching JSON name/value pair. A match occurs when the JSON name (Unicode) and COBOL data name (EBCDIC) have an equivalent meaning at the same level ("qualification") between the JSON text and COBOL structure.

- The JSON parser continued and set the special register JSON-STATUS to 1, a non-exception condition.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

If the referenced *data-name* should be modified by the JSON PARSE statement, modify the JSON text or COBOL data name or structure. If the referenced *data-name* does not need to be modified, then the message can be ignored.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0A1

IGZ0322I	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, no data item matched JSON name <i>JSON-name</i> at offset <i>offset</i>.
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Explanation

After processing any NAME phrase literals, the given JSON name had no matching COBOL data item. A match occurs when the JSON name (Unicode) and COBOL data name (EBCDIC) have an equivalent meaning at the same level ("qualification") between the JSON text and COBOL structure.

- The JSON parser continued and set the special register JSON-STATUS to 2, a non-exception

condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON name from the beginning of the JSON text.

- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

If the data associated with the named JSON value/pair is not important, then the message can be ignored or you could remove the JSON name/value pair from the JSON text. If the data associated with named JSON value/pair is important, use the NAME phrase to match the data-name to the JSON name, or create a new COBOL data item whose name is the same as the JSON name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0A2

IGZ0323I	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, a duplicate JSON name/value pair at <i>offset</i> matched data item <i>data-name</i>. The duplicate value was accepted.
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Explanation

More than one JSON name/value pair matched the given COBOL data item. The JSON values were identical, therefore the first assigned value was retained.

- The JSON parser continued and set the special register JSON-STATUS to 4, a non-exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON name from the beginning of the JSON text.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Ignore the message if the data in the COBOL group is OK, or remove the duplicate JSON name/value pairs from the JSON text.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0A3

IGZ0324I	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, JSON array with name <i>JSON-name</i> at offset <i>offset</i> had fewer elements than the matching table item <i>data-name</i>. The additional table elements were not modified.
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Explanation

The given JSON array had fewer values than the matching COBOL table item, therefore the additional elements in the COBOL table item were not modified.

- The JSON parser continued and set the special register JSON-STATUS to 8, a non-exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON name from the beginning of the JSON text.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

If it is OK that all elements of the COBOL table are not modified, then ignore the message. If it is not OK, then modify the number of values in the JSON array, or the number of occurrences of the matching COBOL table item.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0A4

IGZ0325I	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, JSON array with name <i>JSON-name</i> at offset <i>offset</i> had more values than the matching table item <i>data-name</i>. The additional values were ignored.
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Explanation

The given JSON array had more elements than the matching COBOL table item, therefore the additional values in the JSON array were ignored.

- The JSON parser continued and set the special register JSON-STATUS to 16, a non-exception

condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON name from the beginning of the JSON text.

- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

If the data that was not stored in the COBOL group was not important, you could ignore the message or modify the number of values in the JSON array. If the data that was not stored was important, then modify the number of occurrences in the matching COBOL table item.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0A5

IGZ0326I	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, data item <i>data-name</i> was not changed because the value of the JSON name/value pair at offset <i>offset</i> was the special value null.
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Explanation

The value of the COBOL data item was not changed because the JSON value null was interpreted as an instruction to skip the assignment.

- The JSON parser continued and set the special register JSON-STATUS to 32, a non-exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON value from the beginning of the JSON text.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

If the COBOL data item was to be modified, then change the null value of the pair from the JSON text. If it is OK that the COBOL data item was not modified, then ignore the message or remove the name/value pair with the null value from the JSON text.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0A6

IGZ0327I **During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line *line-number* of program *program-name*, JSON array with name *JSON-name* at offset *offset* included one or more null values. Corresponding elements in the matching table item *data-name* were not changed.**

Explanation

The given JSON array had one or more null values. The corresponding elements in its matching COBOL table item were not changed because the JSON value null was interpreted as an instruction to skip the assignment.

- The JSON parser continued and set the special register JSON-STATUS to 64, a non-exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON name from the beginning of the JSON text.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

If all occurrences of the table were to be modified, then change the JSON text to not have null values. If it is OK that not all occurrences were modified, then ignore the message or modify the number of values in the JSON array and the maximum occurrence of its matching COBOL table item.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0A7

IGZ0328I **During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line *line-number* of program *program-name*, assignment of the value of the JSON name/value pair at offset *offset* to data item *data-name* resulted in loss of significance ("SIZE ERROR").**

Explanation

The given JSON value was either string consisting of only decimal digits or number, and did not fit in its matching COBOL data item. The JSON value was truncated during the assignment.

- The JSON parser continued and set the special register JSON-STATUS to 128, a non-exception

condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON value from the beginning of the JSON text.

- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Modify the JSON value or COBOL data item to ensure that they fit.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0A8

IGZ0329I **During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line *line-number* of program *program-name*, assignment of the value of the JSON name/value pair at offset *offset* to data item *data-name* resulted in a loss of information.**

Explanation

The given JSON value was a string consisting of at least one non-decimal digit and did not fit in its matching COBOL data item. The JSON value was truncated during the assignment.

- The JSON parser continued and set the special register JSON-STATUS to 256, a non-exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON value from the beginning of the JSON text.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Modify the JSON value or COBOL data item to ensure that they fit.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0A9

IGZ0330I **During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line *line-number* of program *program-name*, the value of JSON name/value pair with name *JSON-name* at offset *offset* resulted in one**

or more substitution characters when translated from Unicode to the CCSID specified by the CODEPAGE compiler option. The translated value was assigned to data-item *data-name*.

Explanation

The given JSON value was translated from Unicode to the CCSID before assigning it to its matching COBOL data item. During the translation, one or more of substitution character (X'3F') was substituted for the untranslatable characters.

- The JSON parser continued and set the special register JSON-STATUS to 512, a non-exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON value from the beginning of the JSON text.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Modify the value of the JSON name/pair to ensure it contains only characters translatable to the CCSID specified by the CODEPAGE compiler option.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AA

IGZ0335W	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, the JSON text in <i>data-name</i> was found to be invalid. At offset <i>offset</i> , <i>JSON-token</i> was found, but one of <i>JSON-tokens</i> was expected.
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Explanation

The JSON-token from the JSON text was invalid and was expected to be one or more of the following JSON-tokens:

JSON-token Description

LEFT CURLY BRACKET or RIGHT CURLY BRACKET

The character at the offset was expected to be a left or right curly bracket ({ or }).

LEFT QUOTATION MARK or RIGHT QUOTATION MARK

The character at the offset was expected to be a left or right quotation mark (").

JSON VALUE

The JSON text at the offset was expected to be a beginning of one of JSON values (string, number, object, array, true, false, or null).

COMMA

The character at the offset was expected to be a comma (,).

RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET

The character at the offset was expected to be a right square bracket (]).

COLON

The character at the offset JSON text was expected to be a colon (:).

LOWERCASE U or CONTROL CHARACTER

The character at the offset was preceded by a backslash (\) and was expected to be a lowercase character u (u) or one of control characters (" , \ , / , b , f , n , r , t , or x).

NON-CONTROL CHARACTERS (Unicode U+0000 - U+001F)

The character at the offset was one of control characters (Unicode U+0000 - U+001F) and was expected to be escaped.

HEXADECIMAL DIGIT

The character at the offset was preceded by a backslash and a character u (\u), and was expected to be one of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F).

DECIMAL DIGIT

The character at the offset was part of JSON number, therefore was expected to be one of decimal digits (0-9).

VALID UTF SEQUENCES

The character at the offset JSON text was expected to be part of well-formed UTF byte sequences. See the byte validity for UTF data in the COBOL Language Reference Manual.

NON-LOW SURROGATE

The character at the offset was expected to be a non-low surrogate because no high surrogate was proceeded.

LOW SURROGATE

The character at the offset was expected to be a low surrogate because a high surrogate was proceeded.

- The JSON parser stopped and set the special register JSON-CODE to 100, an exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON-token from the beginning of the JSON text.

- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Modify the contents of the JSON text appropriately.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AF

IGZ0336W	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, the JSON text in <i>data-name</i> was found to be invalid. The JSON text was zero-length, or consisted only of whitespace.
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Explanation

The JSON text being parsed was empty or had contents consisting of only white spaces. An acceptable JSON white space is one of space (Unicode U+0020), horizontal tab (Unicode U+0009), line feed/new line (Unicode U+000A), or carriage return (Unicode U+000D).

- The JSON parser stopped and set the special register JSON-CODE to 101, an exception condition.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Modify the JSON stream to contain only valid non-whitespace JSON text.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AG

IGZ0337W	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, the JSON text in <i>data-name</i> was found to be invalid. Superfluous characters <i>text</i> were found following the closing brace of the outermost JSON object.
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Explanation

The JSON text was valid and complete. The outermost closing brace (}) was followed by one or more non-white space characters. An acceptable JSON white space is one of space (Unicode U+0020), horizontal tab (Unicode U+0009), line feed/new line (Unicode U+000A), or carriage return (Unicode U+000D).

- The JSON parser stopped and set the special register JSON-CODE to 102, an exception condition.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Remove the non-space characters following the outermost closing brace (}) from the JSON text.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AH

IGZ0338W	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, JSON name/value pair at offset <i>offset</i> was a duplicate match to data item <i>data-name</i>, but with a value different from the first (leftmost) matching name/value pair. The value from the first matching JSON name/value pair was retained.
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Explanation

More than one JSON name/value pair matched the given COBOL data item. The JSON values were not identical, therefore the first assigned value was retained.

- The JSON parser stopped and set the special register JSON-CODE to 103, an exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON name from the beginning of the JSON text.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Retain only the one desired matching JSON name/value pair in the JSON text.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AI

IGZ0339W	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, the value of JSON name/value pair with name <i>JSON-name</i> at offset <i>offset</i> was found to be incompatible with the matching data item.
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Explanation

The given JSON name found its matching COBOL data item and its value was one of the following:

1. The JSON value was one of string, number, true, or false, but its matching COBOL data item was a group.
 2. The JSON value was an array, but its matching COBOL data item was not a table.
 3. The JSON value and its matching COBOL data item resulted in an invalid move, per the JSON PARSE rules in the COBOL Language Reference Manual.
 4. The JSON value was neither true nor false, but its matching COBOL data item was specified on a 'CONVERTING BOOLEAN' phrase of the JSON PARSE statement.
- The JSON parser stopped and set the special register JSON-CODE to 104, an exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON value from the beginning of the JSON text.
 - This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Modify the JSON text or COBOL data item or structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AJ

IGZ0340W	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, the value of JSON name/value pair
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with name *JSON-name* at offset *offset* was found to be one of the special values true or false.

Explanation

The given JSON value was true or false. The special values true and false are not supported.

- The JSON parser stopped and set the special register JSON-CODE to 105, an exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON value from the beginning of the JSON text.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Remove the JSON name/value pairs that have the special values true or false.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AK

IGZ0341W	During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line <i>line-number</i> of program <i>program-name</i>, no JSON name/value pair matched any data item in the receiver. The receiver <i>data-name</i> was not modified.
-----------------	---

Explanation

There was no match between the JSON text and COBOL data item. A match occurs when the JSON name (Unicode) and COBOL data name (EBCDIC) have an equivalent meaning at the same level ("qualification") between the JSON text and COBOL structure.

- The JSON parser stopped and set the special register JSON-CODE to 106, an exception condition.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Modify the JSON text, COBOL data name or structure, or use the NAME phrase, to ensure that the names match.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZOAL

IGZ0342W During execution of the JSON PARSE statement on line *line-number* of program *program-name*, the value of JSON name/value pair with name *JSON-name* at offset *offset* was found to be one of the special values true or false. But, the matching COBOL data item *data-name* is not specified on a 'CONVERTING BOOLEAN' phrase of the JSON PARSE statement.

Explanation

The given JSON value was true or false. The value was not assigned to the COBOL data item *data-name* because the data item was not specified on a 'CONVERTING BOOLEAN' phrase of the JSON PARSE statement.

- The JSON parser stopped and set the special register JSON-CODE to 107, an exception condition. The offset refers to the byte offset of the JSON value from the beginning of the JSON text.
- This runtime message is issued only when the WITH DETAIL phrase is specified.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Specify the data item on a 'CONVERTING BOOLEAN' phrase in the JSON PARSE statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZOAM

IGZ0345S Argument-1 for function *function-name* in program *program-name* at displacement *displacement* was not a valid UTF-16 string.

Explanation

Argument-1 is not a valid UTF-16 string.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that argument-1 is a valid UTF-16 string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZOAP

IGZ0346S Argument-2 and argument-3 for function USUBSTR in program *program-name* at displacement *displacement* was not a valid combination for substring of a UTF-16 string.

Explanation

The values for argument-2 and argument-3 for function USUBSTR were invalid.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure that argument-2 and argument-3 are valid for UTF-16 substring. Argument-2 must be an integer greater than zero. Argument-3 must be an integer greater than or equal to zero. (Argument-2 + argument-3 - 1) must be less than or equal to ULENGTH(argument-1).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AQ

IGZ0347S The stack frame at address *stack-address* of program *program-name* in the call chain was invalid.

Explanation

The stack frame of a COBOL program has been found to be corrupted. If the program name can be determined, it is shown in the message. If the corruption is extensive and the program name cannot be determined, it is shown as "???????".

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Corruption was likely to happen at some point before the current execution location. Identify and correct the corruption.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AR

IGZ0348S	Argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>program-displacement</i> had a length that was not a multiple of <i>multiple-size</i> bytes.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Input argument to the specified function was expected to have a length that is a multiple of the specified number of bytes.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Identify the data with the incorrect length and correct it.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AS

IGZ0349S	The mantissa in argument-1 for function <i>function-name</i> in program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>program-displacement</i> contained more than 16 digits.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The total number of digits in the mantissa of the floating point number in argument-1 of the indicated function exceeded 16 digits.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Adjust the number of digits in the mantissa in argument-1 in the failing statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AT

IGZ0350S	Program <i>program-name</i> at displacement <i>displacement</i> was unable to get <i>storage-length</i> bytes of <i>storage-type</i> storage from Language Environment.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The request made to obtain heap storage for COBOL WORKING-STORAGE failed from program *program-name*.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Increase your region size for running this program or contact your system programmer to ensure that the size of the required storage does not exceed the maximum limit set on the system.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AU

IGZ0351S	An attempt was made to run a COBOL program with Language Environment that requires a higher level of z/OS Version <i>minimum-version</i> Release <i>minimum-release</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

A COBOL program was executed on a level of Language Environment that was too low. The COBOL program must run with Language Environment which requires z/OS Version *minimum-version* Release *minimum-release* or greater.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Run the program with the supported Language Environment Version and Release.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0AV

IGZ0352S **A dynamic call to *program-object-name* failed because the called subprogram is not an AMODE 64 program.**

Explanation

A dynamic call was made from an AMODE 64 COBOL program to an AMODE 24 or AMODE 31 program. Only dynamic calls from AMODE 64 COBOL programs to Language Environment-conforming AMODE 64 programs are allowed.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Change the called subprogram to a Language Environment-conforming AMODE 64 program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0B0

IGZ0353S **A dynamic call to *program-object-name* failed because the called subprogram is not a Language Environment-conforming AMODE 64 program.**

Explanation

A dynamic call was made from an AMODE 64 COBOL program to an AMODE 64 program that was not Language Environment-conforming. The main entry point for a Language Environment-conforming AMODE 64 program must be CELQSTRT.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Change the called program object to a Language Environment- conforming AMODE 64 program. If the COBOL program was bound with assembler programs, the ENTRY binder control statement CELQSTRT may be needed to identify it as the primary entry point. This error may also occur if some assembler CSECT has been mistakenly identified as the primary entry point.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0B1

IGZ0354S **A dynamic call to *program-object-name* failed because the called subprogram is not fetchable.**

Explanation

A dynamic call was made from an AMODE 64 COBOL program to an AMODE 64 C/C++, PL/I or assembler program that was not fetchable. Either use the #pragma linkage directive (C/C++) or the FETCHABLE option (PL/I), or bind with the CELQFMAN LE CSECT (assembler) when building the subprogram. This error may also occur if an AMODE 64 program is incorrectly bound with other AMODE 31 or non-Language Environment assembler programs.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Change the called program object to be a Language Environment- conforming fetchable program.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0B2

IGZ0355S **Program *program-name* was optimized with a level of the Automatic Binary Optimizer that requires service to be installed on Language Environment.**

Explanation

An attempt was made to run a program that was optimized with a release or service level of the Automatic Binary Optimizer that requires maintenance to be installed on Language Environment, but that maintenance has not been installed.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Contact your system programmer to ensure that the corresponding Language Environment maintenance was installed as was indicated in the recent Automatic Binary Optimizer version or maintenance that was installed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0B3

IGZ0356I **The run-time option *option-name* was an invalid COBOL run-time option. The option was ignored.**

Explanation

option-name was not a valid COBOL run-time option, or was not supported with the combination of compilation options that were in effect. The latter may occur if LP(64) is used, for example.

System action

The option *option-name* is ignored.

Programmer response

Check and correct the run-time option string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0B4

IGZ0372S **Argument *argument-number* for function *function-name* in program *program-name* on line number *line-number* was less than 1 or greater than 3067671.**

Explanation

The integer date specified must be greater than or equal to 1 which represents a starting date of January 1, 1601 and less than or equal to 3,067,671 which represents an end date of December 31, 9999.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the integer date value in the indicated statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BK

IGZ0373S **Argument *argument-number* for function *function-name* in program *program-name* on line number *line-number* was less than 0 or greater than or equal to 86400.**

Explanation

The standard numeric time specified must be greater than or equal to 0 which represents 0 seconds past

midnight at 00:00:00 and less than 86400 which represents the end of day at 23:59:59.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the standard numeric time value in the indicated statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BL

IGZ0374S **Argument *argument-number* for function *function-name* in program *program-name* on line number *line-number* was less than -1439 or greater than 1439.**

Explanation

The magnitude of the offset from UTC (expressed in minutes) specified must be greater than or equal to 0 which represents no offset from UTC time and less than or equal to 1439 which represents 23 hours and 59 minutes offset from UTC time.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the magnitude of the offset from UTC (expressed in minutes) in the indicated statement.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BM

IGZ0375S **The contents of the time or the combined date and time in argument *content-argument-number* for function *function-name* in program *program-name* was not valid according to the specified time format or combined date and time format found in argument *format-argument-number*.**

Explanation

If a time format is specified, the contents of the following argument shall be a time in that format. If a combined date and time format is specified, the

contents of the following argument shall be a time in that format.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the contents of the time or the combined date and time.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BN

IGZ0376S The contents of the date or the combined date and time in argument *content-argument-number* for function *function-name* in program *program-name* was not valid according to the specified date format or combined date and time format found in argument *format-argument-number*.

Explanation

If a date format is specified, the contents of the following argument shall be a date in that format. If a combined date and time format is specified, the contents of the following argument shall be a time in that format.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the contents of the date or the combined date and time.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BO

IGZ0377S Library module *module-name* could not be found. Check the STEPLIB DD in the JCL or the environment variable LIBPATH to make sure the module is available.

Explanation

The library module could not be found.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure the module is available in the STEPLIB DD (if the program is running using JCL) or in the LIBPATH environment variable (if it is a DLL).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BP

IGZ0378S An error was encountered when calling library module *module-name*. The module may be built or installed incorrectly.

Explanation

The module was found and loaded, but caused an error when it was used. This could happen if the module was installed incorrectly.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure the module is installed correctly, and is available in the STEPLIB DD (if the program is running using JCL) or in the LIBPATH environment variable (if it is a DLL).

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BQ

IGZ0379S An error was encountered when initializing the COBOL special register JNIENVPTR.

Explanation

The JVM could not be initialized or located.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Make sure the Java environment is set up properly. This includes the values of the LIBPATH and CLASSLIB environment, and any JVM options specified to initialize the JVM. If the Java environment is already

initialized when the COBOL program is run, make sure there is only one JVM running in the system.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BR

IGZ0380S **An excessive number of JVM initialization options were specified.**

Explanation

More than 255 options were specified in the environment variable cobjvminitoptions.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Reduce the number of JVM initialization options.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BS

IGZ0381S **An attempt was made to switch between AMODE 31/64 during dynamic call.**

Explanation

Support was not available in the current runtime environment for AMODE 31/64 switching in dynamic call.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

If the runtime environment supports mixed AMODE dynamic call, make sure the COBOL runtime option *AMODE3164* is specified. This runtime option can be specified using the IGZOPTS DD. Alternatively, make sure the caller and the subprogram are in the same AMODE.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BT

IGZ0382S **The record length specified for the SYSPUNCH dataset was invalid.**

Explanation

The record length specified for the SYSPUNCH dataset was either less than 80 or greater than 255.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the record length specified for the SYSPUNCH dataset so that it is greater than or equal to 80 and less than or equal to 255.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ0BU

IGZ9900I **Message message-number is missing.**

Explanation

The currently installed COBOL runtime library doesn't have this message. When the PTF containing this message is installed, it will display normally.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Look up the message number in the documentation to understand the reason of the original message.

Updates to the book *z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages* might be delayed. Search for webpage 'COBOL Message 2005368' at ibm.com. This is an online documentation with title 'New Run-Time Messages for Enterprise COBOL V5 and Above', containing updated COBOL Runtime messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ9LC

IGZ9901I **Message message-number is missing. The following are the inserts: insert-1, insert-2, insert-3, insert-4, insert-5, insert-6, insert-7, insert-8.**

Explanation

The currently installed COBOL runtime library doesn't have this message. When the PTF containing this message is installed, it will display normally.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Look up the message number in the documentation and use the provided inserts to understand the reason of the original message.

Updates to the book *z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages* might be delayed. Search for webpage 'COBOL Message 2005368' at ibm.com. This is an online documentation with title 'New Run-Time Messages for Enterprise COBOL V5 and Above', containing updated COBOL Runtime messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ9LD

IGZ9910W	Message message-number is missing.
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Explanation

The currently installed COBOL runtime library doesn't have this message. When the PTF containing this message is installed, it will display normally.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Look up the message number in the documentation to understand the reason of the original message.

Updates to the book *z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages* might be delayed. Search for webpage 'COBOL Message 2005368' at ibm.com. This is an online documentation with title 'New Run-Time Messages for Enterprise COBOL V5 and Above', containing updated COBOL Runtime messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ9LM

IGZ9911W	Message message-number is missing. The following are the inserts: insert-1, insert-2, insert-3, insert-4, insert-5, insert-6, insert-7, insert-8.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The currently installed COBOL runtime library doesn't have this message. When the PTF containing this message is installed, it will display normally.

System action

No system action was taken.

Programmer response

Look up the message number in the documentation and use the provided inserts to understand the reason of the original message.

Updates to the book *z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages* might be delayed. Search for webpage 'COBOL Message 2005368' at ibm.com. This is an online documentation with title 'New Run-Time Messages for Enterprise COBOL V5 and Above', containing updated COBOL Runtime messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ9LN

IGZ9920E	Message message-number is missing.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The currently installed COBOL runtime library doesn't have this message. When the PTF containing this message is installed, it will display normally.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Look up the message number in the documentation to understand the reason of the original message.

Updates to the book *z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages* might be delayed. Search for webpage 'COBOL Message 2005368' at ibm.com. This is an online documentation with title 'New Run-Time Messages for Enterprise COBOL V5 and Above', containing updated COBOL Runtime messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ9M0

IGZ9921E	Message message-number is missing. The following are the inserts: insert-1, insert-2, insert-3,
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insert-4, insert-5, insert-6, insert-7, insert-8.

Explanation

The currently installed COBOL runtime library doesn't have this message. When the PTF containing this message is installed, it will display normally.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Look up the message number in the documentation and use the provided inserts to understand the reason of the original message.

Updates to the book *z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages* might be delayed. Search for webpage 'COBOL Message 2005368' at ibm.com. This is an online documentation with title 'New Run-Time Messages for Enterprise COBOL V5 and Above', containing updated COBOL Runtime messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ9M1

IGZ9930S	Message message-number is missing.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The currently installed COBOL runtime library doesn't have this message. When the PTF containing this message is installed, it will display normally.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Look up the message number in the documentation to understand the reason of the original message.

Updates to the book *z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages* might be delayed. Search for webpage 'COBOL Message 2005368' at ibm.com. This is an online documentation with title 'New Run-Time Messages for Enterprise COBOL V5 and Above', containing updated COBOL Runtime messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ9MA

IGZ9931S	Message message-number is missing. The following are the inserts: insert-1, insert-2, insert-3, insert-4, insert-5, insert-6, insert-7, insert-8.
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Explanation

The currently installed COBOL runtime library doesn't have this message. When the PTF containing this message is installed, it will display normally.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Look up the message number in the documentation and use the provided inserts to understand the reason of the original message.

Updates to the book *z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages* might be delayed. Search for webpage 'COBOL Message 2005368' at ibm.com. This is an online documentation with title 'New Run-Time Messages for Enterprise COBOL V5 and Above', containing updated COBOL Runtime messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ9MB

IGZ9940C	Message message-number is missing.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The currently installed COBOL runtime library doesn't have this message. When the PTF containing this message is installed, it will display normally.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Look up the message number in the documentation to understand the reason of the original message.

Updates to the book *z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages* might be delayed. Search for webpage 'COBOL Message 2005368' at ibm.com. This is an online documentation with title 'New Run-Time Messages for Enterprise COBOL V5 and Above', containing updated COBOL Runtime messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ9MK

IGZ9941C **Message *message-number* is missing. The following are the inserts: *insert-1*, *insert-2*, *insert-3*, *insert-4*, *insert-5*, *insert-6*, *insert-7*, *insert-8*.**

Explanation

The currently installed COBOL runtime library doesn't have this message. When the PTF containing this message is installed, it will display normally.

System action

The application was terminated.

Programmer response

Look up the message number in the documentation and use the provided inserts to understand the reason of the original message.

Updates to the book *z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages* might be delayed. Search for webpage 'COBOL Message 2005368' at ibm.com. This is an online documentation with title 'New Run-Time Messages for Enterprise COBOL V5 and Above', containing updated COBOL Runtime messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

IGZ9ML

Chapter 8. Language Environmentabend codes

This topic lists the Language Environmentabend codes with descriptions and programmer responses. The hexadecimal equivalent of theabend code is shown in parentheses. Reason codes are shown in hexadecimal with the decimal equivalent in parentheses.

UXXXX (≤ 4000)

Explanation

The assembler user exit could have forced anabend for an unhandled condition. These are user-specifiedabend codes.

System action

Task terminated.

Programmer response

Check the Language Environment message file for message output. This will tell you what the originalabend was.

U4012 (X'FAC') **Not enough main storage available.**

Explanation

Insufficient storage was available. Possible reason codes are:

Reason code
Explanation

X'7009' (28681)

A call to malloc() failed. Storage for environment variables could not be obtained.

X'7014' (28692)

A call to malloc() failed.

X'7015' (28693)

A call to malloc() within __Throw() failed.

X'7016' (28694)

Storage could not be allocated for I/O trace table.

X'7017' (28695)

Storage could not be allocated for I/O trace file name.

X'70C1' (28865)

Insufficient storage was available to allocate the writeable static area (WSA) and parameter list.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Run the program in a larger region.

U4034 (X'FC2')

Explanation

Language Environment condition handling was bypassed. This could result from an error condition being raised while Language Environment was dormant.

System action

Task terminated.

Programmer response

Follow appropriate problem determination procedures.

U4036 (X'FC4')

Explanation

A program check occurred and Language Environment determined that it could not turn the program check into a condition.

Reason code
Explanation

X'01' (1)

A program check was detected when Language Environment condition handling was disabled. One cause for thisabend is a program check during an Information Management System (IMS) call such as CEETDLI. The address of the EPIE is loaded into register 2 before theabend is issued. Another cause for thisabend is a program check during a SORT or MERGE that has been initiated by a SORT or MERGE statement in an OS/VS COBOL program.

X'02' (2)

A program check was detected and Language Environment could not determine if the program check occurred in the current enclave. The address of the EPIE is loaded into register 2 before theabend is issued.

X'03' (3)

A program check was detected and the Language Environment runtime option for the enclave is TRAP(OFF). The address of the EPIE is loaded into register 2 before the abend is issued.

X'04' (4)

A program check was detected and the Language Environment runtime option for the enclave is TRAP(OFF) or TRAP(ON,NOSPIE). Language Environment expected to recover from this program check but was unable to do so. The address of the ESPIE is not loaded into register 2 for this case.

X'05' (5)

A program check occurred due to a branch into unbacked storage, when the current XPLINK stack segment was almost full, and the TRAP(ON,SPIE) option was in effect. If the XPLINK stack were not almost full or TRAP(ON,NOSPIE) were in effect, normal CEE3204 condition handling would have occurred for this program check.

X'06' (6)

The Language Environment ESPIE exit routine for AMODE 24 or 31 applications received control for a program check that occurred while the addressing mode was 64-bit. The address of the EPIE is loaded into register 2 before the abend is issued.

X'07' (7)

The Language Environment ESPIE routine was entered to handle a program interrupt when Language Environment expected the ESTAE routine to be entered to handle it instead. The address of the EPIE is loaded into register 2 prior to the abend being issued.

System action

Task terminated.

Programmer response

For reason codes 1–3:

- Use the contents of register 2 at the abend to find the EPIE. The EPIE is a system control block that has the value of the registers and the PSW at the time of the program check. The values in the EPIE can be used to start the problem determination process.

For reason code 4:

- This may be a secondary error. Check any messages or CEEDUMPs to diagnose the original error. If this program check is the only error then run the program with the runtime option TRAP(ON) (or TRAP(ON,SPIE)) to diagnose the original program check.

The SPIE has many formats:

Offset**Content****0**

Eyecatcher: EPIE

8

Value of register 0

C

Value of register 1

10

Value of register 2

14

Value of register 3

18

Value of register 4

1C

Value of register 5

20

Value of register 6

24

Value of register 7

28

Value of register 8

2C

Value of register 9

30

Value of register 10

34

Value of register 11

38

Value of register 12

3C

Value of register 13

40

Value of register 14

44

Value of register 15

48

PSW bits 0–31

4C

PSW bits 32–63

50

Program interruption information:

- ILC (Instruction Length Code)
- Interruption code

54

Translation exception address if interruption code is a page fault interrupt code

U4038 (X'FC6')

Explanation

Language Environment has encountered a software-raised or user-raised unhandled condition of severity 2 or greater and will terminate. If the TERMTHDACT runtime option is set appropriately, a Language Environment dump (CEEDUMP) will be generated, however, no system dump will be generated for this abend.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

Examine the resulting Language Environment dump (CEEDUMP), if available, or the Language Environment message file to help determine the cause of the unhandled condition. See *z/OS Language Environment Debugging Guide* for information on collecting and using Language Environment dumps. See *z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference* for details on the TERMTHDACT runtime option.

U4039 (X'FC7')

Explanation

The U4039 has been issued because the user has set the TERMTHDACT runtime option to request a system dump be generated when an unhandled condition of severity 2 or greater has been encountered, and Language Environment will terminate. Note that for a system dump to be collected you must either use the DYNDUMP runtime option or allocate the appropriate dump DD. See *z/OS Language Environment Debugging Guide* for information on collecting system dumps.

System action

Language Environment continues with termination.

Programmer response

Examine the resulting Language Environment dump (CEEDUMP) or system dump to help determine the cause of the unhandled condition. See *z/OS Language Environment Debugging Guide* for information on collecting and using Language environment dumps and system dumps. See *z/OS Language Environment Programming Reference* for details on the DYNDUMP and TERMTHDACT runtime options.

U4041 (X'FC9')

Explanation

Language Environment message processing tried to issue a dynamic allocation for a data set. The return code used by the ABEND macro is the same return code from SVC 99. For an explanation of SVC 99, see *z/OS TSO/E Programming Services*.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

Follow appropriate problem determination procedures.

U4042 (X'FCA')

Explanation

User heap damage was found.

Reason code Explanation

X'00' (0)

The error was detected in the heap by the HEAPCHK runtime option.

X'01' (1)

The error detected is in a heap pool.

X'02' (2)

The error detected is in a heap pool.

X'03' (3)

An overlay of a heap check zone was detected by the HEAPZONES runtime option. The output requested was ABEND. The address of the overlay is loaded into register 3 before the abend is issued.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Examine the Language Environment message file, looking for messages that identify where the damage is located.

U4043 (X'FCB')

Explanation

Language Environment detected an unrecoverable error running a COBOL program. Before this abend is issued, Language Environment writes an IGZ message to the message file with the details of the error condition.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

Read the IGZ message in the Language Environment message file to determine the error.

U4080 (X'FF0')

Explanation

This completion code was issued for one of the following reasons:

1. An error occurred, but the usual error message could not be displayed. This error occurred early during initialization or late in termination, when Language Environment could not display the message. This ABEND is issued from CEEMMSG or CEEKMSG.
2. An error occurred while writing to the Language Environment message file. This could be a normal message file write, or it could be during output of the Options Report or Storage Report. This ABEND is issued from CEEMOUTM. Register 9 contains the errno2 value associated with the write failure.

The reason code associated with the completion code identifies the message that could not be displayed or identifies a write failure. Note that message inserts are not available.

Reason code

Explanation

CEEnnnnn

Corresponds to message number CEEnnnnX (X = I, W, E, S, C.)

EDCnnnnn

Corresponds to message number EDCnnnnX (X = I, W, E, S, C)

AAAnnnnn

Used for non-CEEnnnnX and non-EDCnnnnX messages. The Facility ID is not displayed in the ABEND reason code, but nnnnn is the message number. This prefix is used for messages normally issued through CEEMMSG.

BBBnnnnn

Used for non-CEEnnnnX and non-EDCnnnnX messages. The Facility ID is not displayed in the ABEND reason code, but nnnnn is the message number. This prefix is used for messages normally issued through CEEKMSG.

CEE03492

A possible cause is that the standard stream file descriptors not being made available to an exec()ed application during initialization. If the

standard stream file descriptors are not available, the C stderr stream (file descriptor 2) is effectively killed during application startup. If the application does not redirect stderr, then the first attempt to write a message or output the first line of either the Options Report or Storage Report will result in an fflush or fwrite failure.

Another possible cause is that the C stderr dataset was opened prior to a fork() being issued. Since MVS datasets cannot be propagated to the new forked process, the C stderr stream is effectively marked as invalid during fork processing. After this, the first attempt by the child to write a message or output the first line of either the Options Report or Storage Report will result in an write failure to stderr.

CCnnnnnn

Used for non-CEEnnnnX and non-EDCnnnnX messages. The Facility ID is not displayed in the ABEND rea-son code, but 'nnnnn' is the message number. This prefix is used for messages normally issued through CEEHSG.

For more information about the error condition for CEEnnnnX and EDCnnnnX messages, find the message number in one of the message topics in this document.

System action

See the indicated message for the appropriate system action.

Programmer response

Check if one of the possible causes for the reason code might be the problem, otherwise see the indicated message for the appropriate programmer response.

U4082 (X'FF2')

Explanation

A second malfunction occurred while handling a condition.

Reason code

Explanation

X'01' (1)

A second malfunction occurred while trying to initialize a second math save area.

X'02' (2)

A condition was raised before the point where a second condition could be recorded.

X'03' (3)

A condition was raised while Language Environment was processing a current condition under CICS.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

This condition can be fixed by correcting the initial condition.

U4083 (X'FF3')

Explanation

The back chain was found in error. The reason code describes the most likely cause of the abend.

Reason code

Explanation

X'01' (1)

A save area loop exists. The save area points to itself or another save area incorrectly points to a higher save area.

X'02' (2)

Traversal of the back chain resulted in a program check.

X'03' (3)

Under normal conditions, all save area chains should end with a save area pointed to by CEECAADDSA. In this case, the save area chain terminated with a back chain pointer of 0.

X'04' (4)

Under normal conditions, all save areas are presumed to be word-aligned. Either a linkage stack has been encountered with the character string of "F1SA" (X'C6F1E2C1') in a backward pointer field of the save area chain, or a misaligned (non-word) boundary save area is in the chain. Examine the save area chain to determine which is the case.

X'05' (5)

A condition was raised before the allocation of the main stack frame, or after the main routine terminated.

X'06' (6)

The dsa format was not set to up or down.

X'07' (7)

The save area chain cannot be reached or is non-existent. The pointer referencing the back chain is set to 0 (register 13).

X'08' (8)

A save area on the chain points to itself.

X'09' (9)

Under normal conditions, all XPLINK save areas are presumed to be quad-word-aligned (the starting address must end in 0). Either a linkage stack has been encountered with the character

string of FISA (X'C6F1E2C1' in a backward pointer field of the save area chain, or a misaligned (non-quad-word) boundary XPLINK save area is in the chain. Examine the save area chain to determine which is the case.

X'0F' (15)

The save area chain is not intact.

X'10' (16)

A save area loop has been detected during condition processing.

X'11' (17)

During pthread_exit() processing, Language Environment encountered a save area chain that terminated with a stack frame pointer of 0.

X'12' (18)

The General Purpose Register fix-up routine detected a save area corruption.

X'13' (19)

The module delete service has detected a save area loop.

X'14' (20)

The module load service has detected a save area loop.

X'15' (21)

The AMODE31 dynamic dump routine has detected a save area loop.

X'16' (22)

The AMODE64 dynamic dump routine has detected a save area loop.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

For applications that generate their own save areas, ensure the save areas are chained together correctly; all save areas must be addressable in AMODE(31). It may be helpful to generate a system dump of the original error by using runtime options TERMTHDACT(UAIMM) and TRAP(ON,NOSPIE).

For other types of applications, a storage overlay problem has probably occurred.

U4084 (X'FF4')

Explanation

Thread terminated abnormally.

Reason code

Explanation

X'01' (1)

A shared resource associated with a member library-held mutex might have been corrupted.

X'02' (2)

Mutex prematurely released

X'03' (3)

Infinite loop detected while handling pthread_cond_timedwait()

X'04' (4)

A pause element associated with this thread could not be deallocated. Register 3, at the time of the ABEND, contains the return code from IEAVDPE or IEA4DPE.

X'05' (5)

A PAUSE request (IEAVPSE or IEA4PSE) failed during condition variable processing (pthread_cond_wait() or pthread_cond_timedwait()). Register 3, at the time of the ABEND, contains the return code from IEAVPSE or IEA4PSE.

X'06' (6)

A call to IEAVRPI or IEA4RPI failed with an unexpected return code during condition variable processing (pthread_cond_wait() or pthread_cond_timedwait()). Register 3, at the time of the ABEND, contains the return code from IEAVRPI or IEA4RPI.

X'07' (7)

A call to IEAVRPI or IEA4RPI returned an unexpected pause element state during condition variable processing (pthread_cond_timedwait() or pthread_cond_timedwait()). Register 3, at the time of the ABEND, contains the pause element state from IEAVRPI or IEA4RPI.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

This is an internal problem. Contact your service representative.

U4085 (X'FF5')**Explanation**

The GOTO routine encountered an error.

Reason code**Explanation****X'01' (1)**

GOTO is already active.

X'02' (2)

The address of the stack frame could not be found on the save area chain, and no feedback code was provided.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

Ensure the save areas are active.

U4086 (X'FF6')**Explanation**

A library routine could not be loaded.

Reason code**Explanation****X'01' (1)**

Not enough storage to load module.

X'02' (2)

Module not found.

X'03' (3)

Module not loaded.

System action

Process terminated.

Programmer response

Correct the system installation error.

U4087 (X'FF7')**Explanation**

A recursive error was detected, which led to U4087 in below scenarios:

- It cannot be tolerated by Language Environment.
- A condition was raised, causing the number of nested conditions to exceed the limit set by the DEPTHCONDLMT option.

The reason code indicates which subcomponent or process was active when the exception was detected.

Reason code**Explanation****X'00' (0)**

Language Environment condition manager was in control at the time of the condition.

X'01'(1)

While enabling the language specific condition handlers a subsequent condition was raised.

X'02' (2)

A user handler routine (CEEHDLR) was processing a condition when a subsequent condition was raised.

X'03' (3)

A language-specific condition handler was processing a condition when a subsequent condition was raised.

X'04' (4)

During the Language Environment condition manager's processing of the stack frame that precedes the stack frame for the first routine, a subsequent condition was raised.

X'05' (5)

While a language-specific event handling was being processed, a subsequent condition was raised.

X'06' (6)

A malfunction occurred while the Debug Tool was in control.

X'07' (7)

While Language Environment was trying to output a message, a subsequent condition was raised.

X'08' (8)

While attempting to output a dump, a subsequent condition was raised.

X'0A' (10)

An abnormal termination exit was in control and Language Environment detected one of the following:

- A program check
- An ABEND
- A call to CEESGL to signal a condition
- Invalid DCT under CICS

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

In the case of CEEHDLR routine, recursion can occur when you use the DEPTHCONDLMT runtime option. It may be helpful to generate a system dump of the original error by using runtime options TERMTHDACT(UAIMM) and TRAP(ON,NOSPIE).

For reason code 10, determine the error in the abnormal termination exit.

U4088 (X'FF8')**Explanation**

A storage condition occurred during the processing of a storage condition. The reason code indicates the request type.

Reason code**Explanation****X'5B' (91)**

Stack pointer corrupted at location 1.

X'5C' (92)

Stack pointer corrupted at location 2.

X'5D' (93)

Stack pointer corrupted at location 3.

X'5E' (94)

Stack pointer corrupted at location 4.

X'5F' (95)

Stack pointer corrupted at location 5.

X'60' (96)

Stack guard field has been modified unexpectedly; stack frame may be corrupted.

X'61' (97)

DSA not found in stack

X'62' (98)

Previous NAB not in stack

X'63' (99)

Stack segment owning the next-available-byte (NAB) could not be found or a DSA backchain pointer did not contain a valid 31-bit addressable address. A storage overlay problem has probably occurred. DSA backchain pointers must contain valid addresses that can be accessed as is while in 31-bit addressing mode. For instance, a 24-bit address that was obtained by using the BAL or BALR assembler instruction will contain the ILC, CC, and Program Mask in the uppermost byte of this address, thus making it an invalid address in 31-bit mode.

X'64'–X'6C' (10x)

First free storage request terminated with return code x.

X'6E'–X'74' (110 – 116)

Debug Tool storage manager control blocks corrupted.

X'75' (117)

During a stack overflow on the Down stack, the stack pointer (register 4) was not within the current Down stack segment.

X'76' (118)

The system service IARVSERV was invoked with the CHANGEACCESS,TARGET_ VIEW=HIDDEN options to create a guard page for a Down stack segment. The service returned a nonzero return code. The reason code returned by the IARVSERV

service is loaded into register 3 before the abend is issued.

X'77' (119)

During a stack overflow on the Down stack, the entry point of the routine that caused the overflow could not be found or a program check occurred while attempting to access data from the routine's entry point or PPAs.

X'78' (120)

The Get Next Available Byte service (CEEVGTUN) was invoked when the stack direction was down.

X'79' (121)

The storage size requested on a stack overflow is invalid (for example negative or too big).

X'7A' (122)

An invalid stack segment was detected during stack increment processing.

X'7B' (123)

An invalid stack segment header was detected during stack increment processing.

X'C8'–X'D8' (20x)

Second free storage request terminated with return code x.

X'12C' (300)

A call to CEEVFSTR failed

X'190' (400)

There is not enough storage to initialize the MEMCHECK vhm tool.

X'191' (401)

There is no more storage to keep the MEMCHECK vhm tool working.

X'3E8'–X'3F8' (100x)

Get storage request for stack storage terminated with return code x. A reserve stack segment was not available or the reserve stack segment was already in use, so the out of storage condition CEE0PD (message CEE0813S) could not be signalled.

X'400' (1024)

An out-of-storage condition has occurred with no reserve stack allocated.

X'800' (2048)

An internal service was invoked to change the active stack to the alternate signal stack. The service returned a nonzero return code.

X'801' (2049)

The active stack was the alternate signal stack or a user context stack. While changing the active stack, one of the following occurred:

- The system service IARV64 was invoked with the REQUEST=CHANGEGUARD, CONVERT=FROMGUARD options to remove the guard page from the alternate signal stack or

a user context stack. The service returned a nonzero return code.

- An internal service was invoked to change the active stack. The service returned a nonzero return code.

X'802' (2050)

Automatic expansion of the user stack failed. Either *MEMLIMIT* was exceeded or storage for a work area could not be obtained.

X'803' (2051)

The reserve stack is full. Automatic expansion is not available for this stack.

X'804' (2052)

The alternate signal stack or a user context stack supplied by the application is full. Automatic expansion is not available for these stacks.

X'805' (2053)

An internal service was invoked to change the active stack to the reserve stack. The service returned a nonzero return code.

X'806' (2054)

The active stack was the reserve stack. An internal service was invoked to change the active stack. The service returned a nonzero return code.

X'807' (2055)

Automatic expansion of the user stack failed. The stack has already been expanded to its maximum size.

X'808' (2056)

The system service IARV64 was invoked with the REQUEST=CHANGEGUARD, CONVERT=TOGUARD options to create a guard page for the alternate signal stack or a user context stack. The service returned a nonzero return code.

X'809' (2057)

An application-managed stack supplied by the application is full. Automatic expansion is not available for these stacks.

X'80A' (2058)

The system service IARV64 was invoked with the REQUEST=CHANGEGUARD, CONVERT=TOGUARD options to create a guard page for a user context stack. The service returned a nonzero return code.

X'80B' (2059)

The system service IARV64 was invoked with the REQUEST=CHANGEGUARD, CONVERT=FROMGUARD options to remove the guard page from a user context stack. The service returned a nonzero return code.

X'80C' (2060)

An internal service was invoked to change the active stack. The service returned a nonzero return code.

X'BB8'–X'BC8' (300x)

Get storage request for stack storage terminated with return code x. The out of storage condition CEE0PD (message CEE0813S) has already been signalled to allow user condition handlers to free storage.

nnn

Critical condition nnn was signaled, but CEESGL returned control to the signaller. The signaller does not support a retry of the operation, so the module terminated.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

For reason codes 91–20x, probable internal malfunction or storage corruption. For reason code 96, check if the program has any stack buffer overflow issues. For code 1001 or 1004, increase the region size or check for infinite recursion. For reason code 1024, increase the region size or request a reserve stack. Use the STORAGE runtime option to get more information about the environment leading up to the out-of-storage condition or allow a user handler to get control and respond to the condition.

U4089 (X'FF9')**Explanation**

During attention processing, a request to end the task was made.

Reason code**Explanation****X'01' (1)**

A debugging tool was asked to interrupt the code sequence and process the CEE3250 condition.

System action

Process terminated.

Programmer response

Continue debugging the application using a debugging tool.

U4091 (X'FFB')**Explanation**

An unexpected condition occurred during the running of Language Environment condition management.

Reason code**Explanation****X'01' (1)**

A GOTO was made by an enablement routine.

X'02' (2)

Invalid return code from a language-specific event handler was received during enablement processing.

X'03' (3)

Language Environment condition management detected an implicit movement of the resume cursor. Either a GOTO or move resume cursor should have been used for resumption in a different stack frame.

X'04' (4)

Invalid return code from a language-specific event handler was received.

X'05' (5)

A program check was detected while Language Environment condition manager was in control.

X'06' (6)

A request to resume the application was not accepted. The Language Environment condition manager does not accept resumption requests with conditions, such as abends.

X'07' (7)

Invalid return code from a language-specific event handler was received during stack frame processing.

X'08' (8)

CEESGL callable service was attempting to signal a new condition. A control information block could not be allocated for that condition.

X'09' (9)

The CEEHDLR routine returned with an invalid feedback code.

X'0A' (10)

The Language Environment library was unable to find a free control information block for a new condition. This is a critical error.

X'0B' (11)

The error count specified in the ERRCOUNT runtime option has been exceeded.

X'0C' (12)

Language Environment signaled a condition that could not be resumed. After a resume took place, Language Environment again attempted to terminate by signaling an imminent termination. Another resume was attempted and caused an abend.

X'0D' (13)

An invalid return code from the Debug Tool was received.

X'0E' (14)

An invalid attempt to populate an ISI with qualifying data was detected.

X'0F' (15)

A condition token other than CEE000 was returned from a member event handler. The feedback token resulted from a new condition being raised.

X'10' (16)

A request to extend stack storage could not be honored. A fixed-size stack might currently be in use.

X'11' (17)

A request for library stack storage could not be completed.

X'12' (18)

Stack storage was requested when storage management services were not available.

X'13' (19)

A request to extend stack storage could not be honored.

X'14' (20)

After being informed of a new condition, the condition handler indicated an unrecoverable error.

X'15' (21)

The maximum depth of condition nesting specified in the DEPTHCONDLMT runtime option was exceeded.

X'16' (22)

The resume point was invalid.

X'17' (23)

BXITA requested ABEND.

X'18' (24)

ABEND without LIBVEC layer.

X'19' (25)

A CIBH pointer was expected in HCOM_CIBH=0, but the field contained 0.

X'1A' (26)

A PCQ pointer was expected in HCOM_PCQ=0, but the field contained 0.

X'1B' (27)

No matching PCIBH was found because there was a logic error or the Language Environment is corrupted.

X'1C' (28)

No storage was available for PCIBH.

X'1D' (29)

No storage was available for QDATA.

X'1E' (30)

No storage was available for SigRetData.

X'1F' (31)

An internal call to the MVS function BPX1SPM was not successful.

X'20' (32)

An internal call to the MVS function BPX1PTR was not successful.

X'21' (33)

An internal call to the MVS function BPX1SPB was not successful.

X'22' (34)

CSRL16J tried unsuccessfully to return to the interrupt point for the signal delivery.

X'23' (35)

There was a logic error in Sig safing or the Language Environment is corrupted.

X'24' (36)

There was an internal logic error or the Language Environment is corrupted.

X'25' (37)

The alternate signal stack supplied by the application is full. Automatic expansion is not available for alternate signal stacks.

X'26' (38)

CEERSN_EMPTYCIBH. No Language Environment condition information block (CIB) was found to be in use.

X'28' (40)

CEERSN_NOCIBH. The chain of Language Environment condition information blocks (CIB) is empty.

X'29' (41)

The BPX1SIA callable service failed when Language Environment was trying to generate a signal.

X'2A' (42)

An Internal error occurred in Language Environment condition management when the OS/390 CSRL16J service failed to resume the interrupted program. The return code from CSRL16J is loaded into register 8 at the time the ABEND is declared. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP* for a description of these return codes.

X'2B' (43)

An Internal error occurred in Language Environment condition management when the RP instruction failed to resume the interrupted program.

X'2C' (44)

The DBX user (or other user of BPX1PTR or PTRACE) tried to resume the application after a program check using an invalid value in register 4 or 13. When altering the resume registers after a program check using DBX, make sure that register 4 or 13 points to a valid stack frame for the current thread.

X'2D' (45)

An Internal error occurred in Language Environment condition management when trying to resume an application with an unknown DSA address in register 4 or 13.

X'2E' (46)

An internal error occurred in Language Environment when the ESTAE service was unable to establish the ESTAE routine required by the Quick Freeze Exit Routine. The return code from ESTAE (in register 15) is loaded into register 8 at the time the ABEND is declared, and the reason code from ESTAE (in register 10) is loaded into register 9. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP* for a description of these return codes.

X'2F' (47)

ESTAE 0 MACRO failed in CEEOPQEX

X'30' (48)

HCOM_SAVED_REG14 was 0 when CEEOSIGR got control

X'31' (49)

HCOM_SAVED_REG7 was 0 when CEEOSIGX/Y got control

X'32' (50)

HCOM_SAVED_REG7 was 0 when CEEOSIGZ got control

X'35' (53)

An internal call to the MVS function BPX1SPM was not successful. BPX1SPM failed because it was called on the wrong RB (request block) or in the wrong RB state. This error can happen if the Language Environment ESPIE routine gets control after a program check occurs on a different RB than Language Environment is using (for example, an application does a LINK SVC to another program that then takes a program check). Applications that can program check or ABEND on non-Language Environment RBs need to establish their own ESPIE/ESTAE to make sure the Language Environment ESPIE or ESTAE do not get control on an unexpected RB.

X'37' (55)

A program check occurred while accessing the field pointed to by the CEECAA_SAVSTACK_ASYNC field in the CAA (or the CEELCA_SAVSTACK_ASYNC field in the LCA for AMODE 64 applications).

X'38' (56)

A reserve stack is required.

X'39' (57)

An error occurred during the handling phase of the condition manager. Language Environment was unable to fetch the load module that runs C++ destructors. This error may occur if there is a shortage of available storage.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

If this abend was caused by a user-written condition handler, check the return codes provided to Language Environment condition manager.

Another source of this problem can be the use of CEEMRCR with a type_of_move '1' done for a condition handler that is invoked for another condition handler.

U4092 (X'FFC')**Explanation**

ESPIE or ESTAE issued this abend because control storage was overlaid. Language Environment condition manager could not proceed.

Reason code**Explanation****X'00' (0)**

SPIE/ESPIE routine was detected.

X'01' (1)

STAE/ESTAE routine was detected.

X'02' (2)

An CAA overlay was detected in a CICS interface routine.

X'03' (3)

An EICB overlay was detected in a CICS interface routine.

X'04' (4)

An EDB overlay was detected in a CICS interface routine.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

Determine why storage was overlaid.

U4093 (X'FFD')**Explanation**

Errors were detected during initialization.

Reason code**Explanation****X'04' (4)**

Storage management could not properly allocate the initial storage area.

- X'08' (8)**
Language Environment control blocks could not be set up properly.
- X'0C' (12)**
System not supported.
- X'10' (16)**
The application's parameter list could not be processed correctly. The parameter list might be invalid.
- X'14' (20)**
Hardware not supported.
- X'18' (24)**
An error occurred when attempting to process the options specified in the application.
- X'1C' (28)**
Stack management could not allocate stack and/or heap storage. Ensure that the REGION size is sufficient to run the application. Verify that the storage sizes specified in the HEAP, ANYHEAP, BELOWHEAP, STACK, LIBSTACK and STORAGE runtime options are reasonable, given the region size allocated to the application.
- X'20' (32)**
Program management could not find a module that was to be loaded.
- X'24' (36)**
During processing of the DD:CEEOPTS runtime options file, below the line storage could not be allocated. Ensure that the REGION size is sufficient to run the application.
- X'28' (40)**
Program management could not be initialized properly. Possible reasons are:
- The module CEEPLPKA could not be loaded.
 - The ALL31(OFF) runtime option is in effect and below the line storage for library vector tables could not be allocated.
- X'2C' (44)**
The Language Environment math library could not be initialized properly.
- X'30' (48)**
Condition management could not be initialized properly.
- X'34' (52)**
A language-specific event handler returned to initialization with a feedback code, causing immediate termination.
- X'38' (56)**
Vector initialization did not succeed.
- X'3C' (60)**
The initial fixed-size stack overflowed.
- X'40' (64)**
Process level ran out of storage.
- X'44' (68)**
Enclave level ran out of storage.
- X'48' (72)**
Thread level ran out of storage.
- X'4C' (76)**
CAA pointer became corrupted.
- X'50' (80)**
PCB pointer became corrupted.
- X'54' (84)**
Assembler user exit malfunctioned.
- X'58' (88)**
Get heap malfunctioned during initialization.
- X'5C' (92)**
Anchor setup malfunctioned.
- X'60' (96)**
The PLIST runtime option conflicts with the operating system type.
- X'64' (100)**
The Language Environment anchor support was unavailable.
- X'6C' (108)**
The routine was compiled with an unsupported release of a compiler.
- X'70' (112)**
A load module did not contain a main procedure/function and was invoked without Language Environment having been previously initialized.
- X'74' (116)**
The primary entry point routine of the root load module was found with Language Environment V1R2 CEESTART, but the rest of the routines in the load module were not linked with Language Environment V1R2 (or later) library.
- X'7C' (124)**
An unsupported parameter style was detected.
- X'80' (128)**
Too many files, fetched procedures, controlled variables in a PL/I routine, or assembler use of external dummy sections caused the total length of the PRV to exceed the maximum limit of 4096 bytes.
- X'84' (132)**
Library routines required for CICS support are not defined in the CICS CSD. See *z/OS Language Environment Customization* for the library routines required for CICS support. If running a PL/I application with the shared library, see *PL/I for MVS & VM Compiler and Run-Time Migration Guide* for instructions on enabling shared library support under Language Environment.

X'88' (136)

Reinitialization feature is not supported in PL/I-defined preinitialization support.

X'8C' (140)

MVS has not installed an anchor pointer; therefore, no anchor support is available.

X'90' (144)

The POSIX(ON) runtime option was specified or the application requires threading services, but Language Environment was unable to register its signal interface routine (SIR). The callable service BPX1MSS failed. The reason code from BPX1MSS is loaded into register 3 before the abend is issued.

X'94' (148)

A language-specific event handler returned to thread initialization with a return code, causing immediate termination.

X'98' (152)

A bad return code was received from the member thread initialization exit, causing immediate termination.

X'A0' (160)

Re-entry at the top of an existing Language Environment runtime environment from a non-Language Environment-conforming driver was attempted at a different link level than that in effect when the Language Environment runtime environment was first created. The link level is the count of LINK or CMSCALL SVCs active within the task. Following is an example of when this can happen:

1. An assembler program calls IGZERRE with the initialization call.
2. The assembler program calls a COBOL program using LOAD and BALR.
3. The assembler program calls a COBOL program using a LINK SVC. When the LINK SVC is performed on the COBOL program, abend U4093 is issued.

This reason code will also be issued:

- When the RTEREUS runtime option, or calls to ILBOSTP0 or IGZERRE, are used in an IMS message processing region and all of the programs that receive control from IMS are not preloaded.
- When using the NORTEREUS runtime option without removing all non-reentrant or non-reusable modules from the preload list and any STEPLIB.

X'A4' (164)

The service routine vector address was nonzero when using request modifier value 4 in the Extended Parameter List (EPL) for the INIT

function of the Pre-Init Compatibility Interface (PICI). This is not supported.

X'A8' (168)

Pre-Init Compatibility Interface (PICI) initialization was attempted while a Unix System Services medium weight process was in effect. This is not supported.

X'AC' (172)

POSIX(ON) runtime option in a nested enclave is not supported.

X'B1' (177)

An attempt was made to run an XPLINK application under LRR when an XPLINK application is not permitted. Set the XPLINK keyword of the CEELRR macro to YES when initializing the LRR environment.

X'B2' (178)

An attempt was made to run a non-XPLINK application with the XPLINK(ON) run time option specified under LRR when an XPLINK application is not permitted. Set the XPLINK keyword of the CEELRR macro to YES when initializing the LRR environment.

X'B8' (184)

An XPLINK application cannot be started while SORT is active. There is no support for SORT in an XPLINK environment.

X'BC' (188)

An XPLINK application cannot be started while PIP1 is active. There is no support for PIP1 in an XPLINK environment.

X'CO' (192)

An XPLINK application cannot be started while CICS is active. There is no support for CICS in an XPLINK environment.

X'C4' (196)

An XPLINK application cannot be started in a nested child enclave whose parent enclave is a non-XPLINK environment.

X'C8' (200)

The entry point of the XPLINK-compiled implicit caller of a DLL function could not be found. This is an internal error.

X'CC' (204)

The Writeable Static Area (WSA) of the XPLINK-compiled implicit caller of a DLL function could not be found. This is an internal error.

X'D0' (208)

There was an internal error in the format of the Import Export Table (IET) of the XPLINK-compiled implicit caller of a DLL function.

X'D4' (212)

Storage management could not properly allocate an initial below storage area after ALL31(ON) was assumed.

X'D8' (216)

Storage management could not properly allocate the dummy library stack when PL/I was added to an enclave.

X'E0' (224)

The application main routine is XPLINK or the XPLINK(ON) runtime option was specified while running on VM. XPLINK is not supported on VM.

X'E4' (228)

Language Environment detected that the Library Routine Retention (LRR) control block eye-catcher was damaged during initialization of the environment.

X'E8' (232)

Language Environment was unable to obtain storage for the heap pools trace table. This storage is obtained when the HEAPCHK(ON) runtime option in effect and suboption pool_call_level is greater than zero. The failure is most likely due to there being insufficient available storage in the address space. Ensure that the REGION (and MEMLIMIT for AMODE 64 environment) size(s) are sufficient to run the application.

X'EC' (236)

Allocation of a thread-specific data control block (enclave level) failed, causing immediate termination.

X'F0' (240)

Allocation of a thread-specific data control block (thread level) failed, causing immediate termination.

X'F4' (244)

The CEEBXITA user exit was not found.

X'F8' (248)

Language Environment has detected a mismatch of runtime modules. Check to ensure that runtime modules CEEBINIT, CEEPIPI, CEEBPICI, and CEEPLPKA are at the same release level.

X'FC' (252)

A POSIX(ON) program was called under a preinitialization environment created by CEEPIPI(init_main_dp).

X'200' (512)

Language Environment was unable to obtain the library storage (control blocks) during initialization of the AMODE 64 runtime environment. Ensure that the MEMLIMIT size is sufficient to run the application.

X'204' (516)

Language Environment detected a re-initialization request while the AMODE 64 environment was already initialized. This failure is most likely due to a request to create a nested enclave (main to main). Nested enclaves are not supported in the AMODE 64 environment.

X'208' (520)

The length of the parameter list passed to the AMODE 64 application exceeded the maximum allowable size of 64K.

X'20C' (524)

Language Environment was unable to obtain storage for the extended parameter list. When the length of the parameter list exceeds 256 bytes, a separate storage request is needed. The failure is most likely due to there being insufficient available storage in the address space. Ensure that the MEMLIMIT size is sufficient to run the application.

X'210' (528)

Language Environment was unable to obtain initial stack and heap for the AMODE 64 environment. The failure is most likely due to there being insufficient available storage in the address space. Ensure that the MEMLIMIT size is sufficient to run the application.

X'214' (532)

Language Environment failed unexpectedly. Possible problems include returning from AMODE 64 environment termination and failure to set the active CEELAA address in the PSA when preinitialized environments are used.

X'218' (536)

Language Environment initialization was requested for an AMODE 64 application that does not contain a main. Specifically, the CELQMAIN CSECT is not present in the program object or the CELQMAIN CSECT does not point to the main routine (the address of the main is zero). One possible cause is that the user attempted to invoke a DLL or fetchable routine as a main.

X'21C' (540)

Load of the AMODE 64 Language Environment library CELQLIB failed. One possible cause is that the SCEERUN2 data set was not in the program search order.

X'220' (544)

Language Environment was unable to perform initialization for a pthread.

X'224' (548)

The 64-bit virtual limit (MEMLIMIT) was 0. This setting prevents the initialization and execution of an AMODE 64 application under Language Environment since storage above 2GB cannot be allocated. SMFPRMxx parameter MEMLIMIT, JCL

JOB statement keyword MEMLIMIT, and JCL EXEC statement MEMLIMIT keyword are some of the mechanisms for setting the amount of 64-bit virtual storage that can be allocated in the address space. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Extended Addressability Guide* for more information on setting MEMLIMIT and how the system determines what value to use.

X'228' (552)

Language Environment initialization failed attempting to parse PLIST(HOST) style input arguments.

X'22C' (556)

Language Environment was unable to obtain storage for a copy of the _CEE_HEAP_MANAGER environment variable while initializing the AMODE 64 environment that is to be run with CELQMCHK, or other vendor heap manager, in control. Ensure that the MEMLIMIT size is sufficient to run the application.

X'230' (560)

Language Environment was unable to obtain storage for a copy of the storage management routine address while initializing the AMODE 64 environment that is to be run with CELQMCHK, or other vendor heap manager, in control. Ensure that the MEMLIMIT size is sufficient to run the application.

X'234' (564)

Language Environment was unable to obtain the 31-bit addressable storage needed during initialization of the AMODE 64 environment. This storage is used during initialization and later during execution for low-level I/O operations. Ensure that the REGION size is sufficient to run the application.

X'3E8'–X'4E7' (1000–1255)

Unable to load event handler for a *high-level language*. The last 3 digits of the decimal reason code indicate the facility ID of the component that did not load correctly.

The name of the event handler for which the load was attempted is constructed as follows:

- CEEEVxxx for non-XPLINK event handlers.
- CELHVxxx for XPLINK event handlers.

In both cases, xxx is the 3 digits described above.

For example, CEEEV003 is the non-XPLINK C/C++ event handle, and CELHV003 is the XPLINK C/C++ event handler. If either of these cannot be loaded, the reason code will be X'3EB' (1003).

The load may have failed because the correct data set containing the event handler was not found in the search concatenation. For example, CELHV003 is contained in the Language

Environment SCEERUN2 data set, which typically is part of your STEPLIB or LINKLST.

For CICS applications, make sure you have added the Language Environment program resource definitions for CICS using the CEECCSD member in the Language Environment SCEESAMP data set.

For more information on setting up Language Environment, see *z/OS Language Environment Customization*.

X'500' (1280)

When a 31-bit program that specified the POSIX(ON) runtime option was calling a 64-bit program, Language Environment was unable to initialize a 64-bit environment and reenale the 31-bit signal interface routine (SIR). The callable service BPX1MSS failed. The reason code from BPX1MSS is loaded into register 3 before the abend is issued.

X'7D0' (2000)

For a Fortran application, a call to CEEARLU that the Language Environment CAA does not exist.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

Correct any specific conditions described in the explanation of the reason code that was issued. Check the JOBLOG for any messages issued before the abend.

U4094 (X'FFE')

Explanation

An abend was issued during termination, when errors were detected.

Reason code

Explanation

X'04' (4)

An invalid parameter to termination services was discovered.

X'08' (8)

A language-specific event handler returned an invalid return code.

X'0C' (12)

A language-specific event handler returned to termination with a return code, causing immediate termination.

X'10' (16)

Condition management could not properly terminate.

X'14' (20)

Program management could not properly terminate.

X'18' (24)

Storage management could not properly free stack and/or heap storage. This might be due to writing beyond storage.

X'1C' (28)

Storage management could not properly free the initial storage allocation.

X'20' (32)

The user stack was unable to be collapsed using GOTO.

X'24' (36)

The fixed-size termination stack overflowed.

X'28' (40)

An unhandled condition of severity 2 or greater occurred in a created enclave with TRAP(OFF) set in the creating enclave. Under CMS, this abend is issued when a severity 2 or greater condition is unhandled in a nested enclave, or a debugging tool has terminated the enclave at the user's request.

In addition to TRAP(OFF), this abend can also result when a parent enclave save area chain cannot be located, even though two enclaves existed, thus causing an attempt to propagate the failing condition. When the parent enclave received control, the save area chain was not intact, and the ABEND was percolated.

An example of this is a COBOL program that is invoked without a LINK SVC and with a reusable runtime environment. On return from the COBOL program, the Language Environment enclave still exists, because of the reusable environment. When a second COBOL program is invoked by a LINK SVC, any Language Environment attempt to create a second enclave does not succeed. In an attempt to propagate this error condition to the parent enclave, Language Environment issues an abend. When the first enclave is not in the current save area chain, Language Environment percolates this abend. See *z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide* for information about nested enclaves.

X'2C' (44)

Termination requested during termination.

X'30' (48)

Condition management for MVS could not properly terminate.

X'34' (52)

The MVS environment could not properly terminate.

X'38' (56)

A language-specific event handler returned to thread termination with a return code, causing immediate termination.

X'3C' (60)

An internal logic error occurred during recursive termination handling.

X'40' (64)

An internal logic error occurred during forced thread termination handling.

X'44' (68)

An internal logic error occurred because termination was not expected.

X'48' (72)

During termination, library latches were being held and could not be released, causing immediate termination.

X'4C' (76)

Library latch services have received an unrecognized latch request, causing immediate termination.

X'4E' (78)

A language-specific event handler returned to thread termination with a return code, causing immediate termination.

X'54' (84)

Storage management could not properly free the dummy library stack that was added when PL/I was active in an enclave.

X'58' (88)

This error occurred when attempting to use `malloc()`, `free()`, `calloc()`, or `realloc()` after vendor heap manager (VHM) terminated for the enclave and heap manager is active. This may be an IBM problem. Contact IBM support.

X'5C' (92)

Abend when heap latch locked. A 04E ABEND code occurred while a Language Environment heap latch was held. The code that was holding the latch was unexpectedly interrupted by this asynchronous abend, and the Language Environment heap is in an unknown state. The 04E ABEND probably occurred because of problems on some other task or in some other address space. Determine the underlying problem that caused the other task or address space to send the 04E ABEND to this thread. Language Environment terminates with an abend immediately with 4094-96 to prevent other problems that would occur if recovery was started with the Language Environment heap in an unknown state.

X'60' (96)

04E abend and latch was locked. An 04E ABEND code occurred while a Language Environment

library latch was held. The code that was holding the latch was unexpectedly interrupted by this asynchronous abend, and some Language Environment resource protected by the latch is in an unknown state. The 04E ABEND probably occurred because of problems on some other task or in some other address space. Determine the underlying problem that caused the other task or address space to send the 04E abend to this thread. Language Environment terminates with an abend immediately with 4094-96 to prevent other problems that would occur if recovery was started with the Language Environment resource is in an unknown state

X'64' (100)

Access failure occurred when attempting to cleanup mutexes on behalf of the application at termination. Please make sure all mutexes are destroyed before application termination. Or make sure all mutexes are valid, and have valid storage backing at termination.

X'68' (104)

Access failure occurred when attempting to cleanup mutexes on behalf of the application at termination. Please make sure all mutexes are destroyed before application termination. Or make sure all mutexes are valid, and have valid storage backing at termination.

X'6C' (108)

The application was waiting on a mutex that appeared to be locked after all other threads had ended. This wait would hang indefinitely, so it was converted to an abend to avoid the hang. In most situations, the thread that originally held the mutex ended abruptly with a 422 abend, and the mutex was not cleaned up. This abend can be ignored since one or more other threads in the application has already been ended with a 422 abend.

X'70' (112)

The application was waiting on a Language Environment fast latch that appeared to be locked after all other threads had ended. This wait would hang indefinitely, so it was converted to an abend to avoid the hang. In most situations, the thread that originally held the fast latch ended abruptly with a 422 abend, and the fast latch was not cleaned up. This abend can be ignored since one or more other threads in the application has already ended with a 422 abend.

X'74'(116)

A library mutex was being held when an asynchronous abend or unhandled condition caused termination. The mutex was marked as released prematurely and any attempt to lock the mutex caused termination to be entered again.

After several attempts to terminate, this abend is issued to prevent an infinite loop.

X'84' (132)

During `pthread_mutex_lock()` processing, the application was waiting on a Language Environment fast latch that appeared to be locked after all other threads had ended. This wait would hang indefinitely, so it was converted to an abend to avoid the hang. In most situations, the thread that originally held the fast latch ended abruptly with a 422 abend, and the fast latch was not cleaned up. This abend can be ignored since one or more other threads in the application has already ended with a 422 abend.

X'88' (136)

A 04E abend was issued because of a problem with another task or another address space while Language Environment was holding or waiting for a library latch. Language Environment is terminated immediately with a 4094 abend, reason code X'88', to prevent additional errors that might occur if recovery is attempted with the Language Environment resource in an unknown state. To correct this error, determine the underlying problem that caused the other task or other address space to issue the 04E abend to the Language Environment thread.

X'8C' (140)

The application was waiting on a Language Environment latch that appeared to be locked after all other threads had ended. This wait would hang indefinitely, so it was converted to an abend to avoid the hang. In most situations, the thread that originally held the latch ended abruptly with a 422 abend, and the latch was not cleaned up. This abend can be ignored since one or more other threads in the application has already ended with a 422 abend. The address of the latch is loaded into register 3 before the abend is issued.

X'90' (144)

Resource Recovery Services was not able to process the request from Language Environment to backout in-flight units of recovery for threads that are being processed during quiesce term.

X'200' (512)

An error occurred while releasing storage at termination of an AMODE 64 application. Capture a system dump of the failure.

X'204' (516)

An error occurred while terminating the C runtime library of an AMODE 64 application. Capture a system dump of the failure.

X'208' (520)

An error occurred while terminating the C runtime library of an AMODE 64 application. Capture a system dump of the failure.

X'20C' (524)

An error occurred while deleting the Language Environment ESPIE, ESTAE, or both when terminating an AMODE 64 application. Capture a system dump of the failure.

X'210' (528)

An error occurred while deleting the debugger when terminating an AMODE 64 application. Capture a system dump of the failure.

X'214' (532)

An error occurred while deleting the profiler when terminating an AMODE 64 application. Capture a system dump of the failure.

X'218' (536)

An error occurred during termination of an AMODE 64 application. Capture a system dump of the failure.

X'400' (1024)

Termination due to unhandled condition occurred in secondary Language Environment in AMODE 31 and AMODE 64 interoperating programs.

X'404' (1028)

An error occurred during termination of the secondary Language Environment in AMODE 31 and AMODE 64 interoperating programs.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

See system programmer.

U4095 (X'FFF')**Explanation**

An abend was issued as a response to the fatal return code of a Language Environment-conforming language.

Reason code**Explanation****<X'12C' (< 300)**

The reason code is set to the Language Environment-conforming language ID.

X'12C' (300)

The condition was provoked from a user handler attention routine.

X'12D' (301)

The condition was provoked from a user handler routine.

System action

Enclave terminated.

Programmer response

See system programmer.

Chapter 9. Language Environment errno2 values

This section contains information about Language Environment errno2 values. You can also receive this information by using the Language Environment **edcmtext** utility, which is similar to the **bpxmtext** utility. For more information about these utilities, see [z/OS Language Environment Debugging Guide](#) and [z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference](#), respectively.

C0010001

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `fwide()` function is null and `posix` is enabled.

Programmer response

Pass a non null stream pointer to `fwide()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFwidEbadf01

Explanation

The stream passed to the `fwide()` function has either been opened as `type=record` or `type=blocked` or refers to a VSAM data set or a CICS transient data queue.

Programmer response

Pass a valid stream to `fwide()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFwidEbadf01

C0010002

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `fwide()` function is not a valid file pointer and `posix` is enabled.

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `fwide()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFwidEbadf02

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `fwide()` function is null and `posix` is not enabled.

Programmer response

Pass a non null stream pointer to `fwide()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFwidEnotopen01

C0010003

Explanation

The stream passed to the `fwide()` function does not have a valid orientation.

Programmer response

Pass a stream to `fwide()` with a valid orientation.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFwidEbadf03

C0010016

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `fwide()` function is null and `posix` is not enabled.

Programmer response

Pass a non null stream pointer to `fwide()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFwidEnotopen02

C001000C

C0010021

Explanation

The `fwide()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFwidEwrongthd01

C0010022

Explanation

The fwide_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFwidEwrongthd02

C004000E

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to fldata() is not a valid file pointer and posix is enabled.

Programmer response

Pass a valid stream pointer to fldata().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1fldEbadf01

C004000F

Explanation

The file passed to the function fldata() does not have a file category and posix is enabled.

Programmer response

Pass a file to fldata() with a file category.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1fldEbadf02

C0040018

Explanation

Could not allocate enough memory to hold the data set name in function fldata() and posix is enabled.

Programmer response

Free up more resources for fldata() to run successfully.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1fldEnomem01

C0040021

Explanation

Could not allocate enough memory to hold the data set name in function fldata() and posix is not enabled.

Programmer response

Free up more resources for fldata() to run successfully.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1fldEnomemory01

C004002A

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to fldata() is not a valid file pointer and posix is not enabled.

Programmer response

Pass a valid stream pointer to fldata().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1fldEnotopen01

C004002B

Explanation

The file passed to the function fldata() does not have a file category and posix is not enabled.

Programmer response

Pass a file to fldata() with a file category.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1fldEnotopen02

C0040031

Explanation

The `__fldata_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1fldEwrongthd01

C0040032

Explanation

The `__fldtata_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1fldEwrongthd02

C0040033

Explanation

The `fldata()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1fldEwrongthd03

C0040034

Explanation

The `fldtata_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1fldEwrongthd04

C0090030

Explanation

The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `type=blocked`, but the open file is a UNIX file which is not support with the `type=blocked` keyword.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. UNIX files do not support the `type=blocked` open mode. Remove `type=blocked` keyword.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1ohfEbadmode01

C00B0001

Explanation

The specified record format is not compatible with the existing record format. This failure occurred trying to open an existing OS file for write.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting01

C00B0002

Explanation

The existing PDS(E), `lrecl`, and `blksize` were specified, but the specified `lrecl` or `blksize` is not compatible with the existing `lrecl` or `blksize`. This failure occurred trying to open an existing PDS or PDSE for write.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. For a PDS, the `lrecl` and `blksize` must be the same. For a PDSE, the `lrecl` must be the same, but the `blksize` may be different.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting02

C00B0003

Explanation

A member of a partitioned data set is being opened for write. The lrecl or blksize specified do not match that of the existing data set. An exception would be a specified blksize of 0. This failure occurred trying to open an existing OS file for write.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. Attributes specified for a partitioned data set must match those of the existing data set, even when opening a member in write mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting03

C00B0004

Explanation

A member of a partitioned data set is being opened for write. The blksize specified does not match that of the existing data set. An exception would be a specified blksize of 0. This failure occurred trying to open an existing OS file for write.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. Attributes specified for a partitioned data set must match those of the existing data set, even when opening a member in write mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting04

C00B0005

Explanation

An existing PDS(E) directory is being opened for read. The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified a record format that does not match the existing data set. The specified record format must match either the record format in the DCB or the record format in the DSCB.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting05

C00B0006

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified a record format that does not match the existing data set. The specified record format must match the record format in the DCB.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting06

C00B0007

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is fixed and blocked. The effective blksize is not a multiple of lrecl.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting07

C00B0008

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is fixed and not blocked. The effective lrecl does not match blksize.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting08

C00B0009

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is variable and not spanned. The effective lrecl is larger than blksize - 4.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting09

C00B000A

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is variable. The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `lrecl=X`. The mode argument specified update or append. The logical record length in the DCB is not `LRECLX`.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting10

C00B000B

Explanation

An existing PDS(E) directory is being opened for read. The record format is undefined. The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a `blksize` that does not match the existing data set. The specified `blksize` must match either the `blksize` in the DCB or the `blksize` in the DSCB.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting11

C00B000C

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is undefined. The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a `blksize` that does not match the existing data set.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEexisting12

C00B0021

Explanation

The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` did not begin with `r`, `w`, or `a`.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. The first keyword of the mode argument must be the open mode. Ensure the open mode is specified first and begins with `r`, `w`, or `a`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEinval01

C00B0022

Explanation

The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` contained more information than just the open mode, but did not use a comma to separate the additional keywords.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. White-space characters are not permitted within the open mode. The `'t'` specification is not allowed for `POSIX(OFF)` applications. Separate the open mode from the remaining keywords with a comma. Note that it could be possible that the open mode itself is not correct.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEinval02

C00B0023

Explanation

The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` contained one or more syntax errors.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEinval03

C00B0051

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `'*` as the first character of the file name, indicating to open a terminal file or `sysout` data set. The program is not running in an

interactive environment, meaning not under TSO in the foreground. This implies a sysout data set is to be opened. An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a DCB.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory01

C00B0052

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified '*' as the first character of the file name, indicating to open a terminal file or sysout data set. The program is not running in an interactive environment, meaning not under TSO in the foreground. This implies a sysout data set is to be opened. An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a thread specific below-the-line I/O work area.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory02

C00B0053

Explanation

An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a file specific below-the-line control block for a terminal file.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory03

C00B0054

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The ddname does not exist on the open file chain. We have to allocate a DCB in order to read the JFCB. An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a DCB.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory04

C00B0055

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The ddname does not exist on the open file chain. We have to allocate a thread specific below-the-line I/O work area to read the JFCB. An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a thread specific below-the-line I/O work area.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory05

C00B0056

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. We have to allocate a DCB in order to read the JFCB. An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a DCB.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory06

C00B0057**Explanation**

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. We have to allocate a thread specific below-the-line I/O work area to read the JFCB. An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a thread specific below-the-line I/O work area.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory07

C00B0058**Explanation**

An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a DCB.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory08

C00B0059**Explanation**

An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a thread specific below-the-line I/O work area.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory09

C00B005A**Explanation**

Allocation of a memory file control block failed.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory10

C00B005B**Explanation**

Allocation of a memory file control block failed.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory11

C00B005C**Explanation**

Allocation of a hiperspace memory file control block failed.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory12

C00B005D**Explanation**

Allocation of a hiperspace memory file control block failed.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory13

C00B005E**Explanation**

Allocation of a hiperspace memory file control block failed.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory14

C00B005F**Explanation**

Allocation of a hiperspace memory file control block failed.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory15

C00B0061**Explanation**

Allocation of a hiperspace memory file control block failed.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory16

C00B0062**Explanation**

An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate the OS I/O control block.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory17

C00B0063**Explanation**

An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a DCBE.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory18

C00B0064**Explanation**

An out of memory error occurred.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory19

C00B0065**Explanation**

An out of memory error occurred.

Programmer response

Try to make more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory20

C00B0066**Explanation**

An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a JFCB.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory21

C00B0067

Explanation

An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate the OS I/O control block extension.

Programmer response

Try making more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory22

C00B0068

Explanation

An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a DCB.

Programmer response

Try making more below-the-line storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory23

C00B0069

Explanation

An out of memory error occurred trying to allocate a DCBE.

Programmer response

Try making more storage available to the program. If that does not work, contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnomemory24

C00B00A1

Explanation

The program called `freopen()` with an empty filename string. The mode argument specified a write or append mode. The mode argument specified `type=memory` or `type=memory(hiperspace)`. The file being reopened already exists on the open file chain, however it is not a memory file. You cannot request to reopen a file as a memory file in write or append mode if the file is not a memory file.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnotmemory01

C00B00A2

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a memory file with a member name. A file of the same name does exist, but it is not a memory file.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnotmemory02

C00B00A3

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a memory file with a member name. A file with the same base name (a parent) does exist, but it is not a memory file.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnotmemory03

C00B00A4

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a memory file. A file with the same name already exists, but it is not a memory file.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnotmemory04

C00B00A5

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to fopen() or freopen() specified a hiperspace memory file. A file with the same name already exists, but it is not a hiperspace memory file.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnotmemory05

C00B0101

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified type=record, but the open mode did not specify binary.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. Record I/O requires a binary open mode. Either remove type=record or specify a binary open mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode01

C00B0102

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified both recfm=+ and append mode. This is not a valid combination.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode02

C00B0103

Explanation

The program called freopen() with an empty filename string. The mode argument specified type=memory. The name of the file being reopened begins with '*', which is not possible for a memory file. You cannot specify type=memory when reopening a file that is not a memory file.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode03

C00B0104

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname(member) syntax that referred to a DASD data set, but the mode argument specified append or write/update. It is not valid to open a PDS or PDSE member in append or write/update mode. This failure occurred trying to open a DASD data set.

Programmer response

Correct the filename or mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode04

C00B0105

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax that referred to a tape data set, but the data set spans more than one volume and the mode argument specifies append. This failure occurred trying to open a tape data set.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode05

C00B0106

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax that referred to a

concatenation, but the mode argument did not specify read. A concatenation can only be opened in read mode.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode06

C00B0107

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dsname(member)` syntax, but the mode argument specified append or write/update, or specified a fixed standard record format.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. A PDS or PDSE data set cannot be opened in `a`, `ab`, `a+`, `a+b`, `w+`, `w+b`, or `wb+`. A standard fixed record format cannot be specified for a PDS or PDSE member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode07

C00B0108

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified an existing memory file name, but the mode argument specified `type=record`.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. Existing memory file I/O cannot be specified with `type=record`. To open an existing memory file, `type=memory` must be specified.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode08

C00B0109

Explanation

The existing PDS(E) member was specified, but the open mode specified append or write/update or the mode argument specified a standard fixed record format.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. A PDS(E) member cannot be opened in `a`, `ab`, `a+`, `a+b`, `w+`, `w+b`, or `wb+`. A standard fixed record format cannot be specified for a PDS(E) member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode09

C00B010A

Explanation

The record format is specified as fixed, but the `lrecl` was less than 1 or greater than 32760 or the `blksize` was less than 0 or greater than 32760. The failure occurred trying to open an existing OS file for write.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode10

C00B010B

Explanation

The record format indicates non-spanned variable, but the `lrecl` is greater than 32760 or equal to X. This failure occurred trying to open an existing OS file for write.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode11

C00B010C

Explanation

The record format indicates variable, but the `lrecl` or `blksize` is not valid. This failure occurred trying to open an existing OS file for write.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. The `lrecl` for a variable record format data set must be at least 4 or equal to X. The `blksize` must be at least 8 or 0 and no more than 32760. The value `lrecl=X` is sometimes used for spanned data sets.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode12

C00B010D

Explanation

The record format is undefined. The specified lrecl or blksize was larger than the maximum value of 32760.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode13

C00B010E

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is fixed. The effective lrecl or blksize are out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode14

C00B010F

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is variable. The effective lrecl or blksize are out of generic range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode15

C00B0110

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is variable and not spanned. The effective lrecl is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode16

C00B0111

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is undefined. The effective lrecl or blksize is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode17

C00B0112

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is undefined. The effective lrecl is greater than the effective blksize.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode18

C00B0113

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is fixed (not blocked). The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified an lrecl but no blksize. The specified lrecl is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode19

C00B0114

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is fixed (including blocked). The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a `blksize` but no `lrecl`. The specified `blksize` is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode20

C00B0115

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is fixed (not blocked). The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified both `lrecl` and `blksize`. The specified `lrecl` is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode21

C00B0116

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is fixed blocked. The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified an `lrecl`. The specified `lrecl` is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode22

C00B0117

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is fixed blocked. The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified both `lrecl` and `blksize`. The specified `lrecl` is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode23

C00B0118

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is variable (including blocked). The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified an `lrecl`. The specified `lrecl` is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode24

C00B0119

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is variable (including blocked). The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a `blksize`. The specified `blksize` is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode25

C00B011A

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is variable (including blocked). The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `lrecl=X` and `blksize`, but the record format does not indicate spanned.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode26

C00B011B**Explanation**

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is variable (including blocked). The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified lrecl=X and blksize. The specified blksize is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode27

C00B011C**Explanation**

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is variable (including blocked). The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified an lrecl and blksize=0. The specified lrecl is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode28

C00B011D**Explanation**

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is variable (including blocked). The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified an lrecl and blksize. The specified lrecl or blksize is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode29

C00B011E**Explanation**

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is undefined. The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified an lrecl. The specified lrecl is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode30

C00B011F**Explanation**

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is undefined. The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified a blksize. The specified blksize is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode31

C00B0120**Explanation**

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is undefined. The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified both lrecl and blksize. The specified lrecl or blksize is out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode32

C00B0121**Explanation**

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified type=blocked, but the open mode did not specify binary.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. Blocked I/O requires a binary open mode. Either remove type=blocked or specify a binary open mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode33

C00B0122

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified type=blocked and noseek, but type=blocked keyword is not supported.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. Either remove type=blocked or remove noseek. noseek.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode34

C00B0123

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified type=blocked, but the open file is a terminal I/O file which does not support type=blocked keyword.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. Terminal I/O does not support type=blocked open mode. Remove type=blocked keyword.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode35

C00B0124

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified type=blocked, but the open file is a memory files which does not support type=blocked keyword.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. Memory files do not support type=blocked open mode. Remove type=blocked keyword.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode36

C00B0125

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified type=blocked, but the open file is a VSAM data set which does not support type=blocked keyword.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. VSAM data sets do not support type=blocked open mode. Remove type=blocked keyword.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadmode37

C00B0161

Explanation

An ABEND occurred trying to OPEN an OS data set for output.

Programmer response

Failure information was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Check the JOBLOG for additional messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEabend01

C00B0162

Explanation

An ABEND occurred trying to OPEN an OS data set.

Programmer response

Failure information was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Check the JOBLOG for additional messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEabend02

C00B0163

Explanation

An ABEND occurred trying to OPEN an OS data set for extend.

Programmer response

Failure information was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Check the JOBLOG for additional messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEabend03

C00B0164

Explanation

An ABEND occurred trying to OPEN an OS data set for output.

Programmer response

Failure information was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Check the JOBLOG for additional messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEabend04

C00B0165

Explanation

An ABEND occurred trying to OPEN an OS data set.

Programmer response

Failure information was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Check the JOBLOG for additional messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEabend05

C00B01A1

Explanation

A failure occurred trying to OPEN an OS data set for output.

Programmer response

Failure information was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Check the JOBLOG for additional messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEopenfail01

C00B01A2

Explanation

A failure occurred trying to OPEN an OS data set.

Programmer response

Failure information was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Check the JOBLOG for additional messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEopenfail02

C00B01A3

Explanation

A failure occurred trying to OPEN an OS data set for extend.

Programmer response

Failure information was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Check the JOBLOG for additional messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEopenfail03

C00B01A4

Explanation

A failure occurred trying to OPEN an OS data set for output.

Programmer response

Failure information was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Check the JOBLOG for additional messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEopenfail04

C00B01A5

Explanation

A failure occurred trying to OPEN an OS data set.

Programmer response

Failure information was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Check the JOBLLOG for additional messages.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEopenfail05

C00B0201

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified a fixed record format, lrecl, and blksize, but the blksize was not a multiple of lrecl. This failure occurred trying to open a terminal file.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr01

C00B0202

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified a fixed non-blocked record format, lrecl, and blksize, but the blksize was not equal to lrecl. This failure occurred trying to open a terminal file.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr02

C00B0203

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified a variable record format and lrecl, but the lrecl was less than 4. The first 4 bytes of a variable length record contains either the RDW or SDW, and therefore requires a minimum length of 4. This failure occurred trying to open a terminal file.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr03

C00B0204

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified a variable record format, lrecl, and blksize, but the blksize was not at least 4 bytes larger than the lrecl. The first 4 bytes of a variable block contains the BDW, and therefore requires a minimum size of lrecl + 4. This failure occurred trying to open a terminal file.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr04

C00B0205

Explanation

The mode argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified a variable record format and blksize, but the blksize was less than 8. The first 8 bytes of a variable block contain the 4 byte BDW followed by a 4 byte RDW or SDW, and therefore requires a minimum size of 8. This failure occurred trying to open a terminal file.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr05

C00B0206

Explanation

The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified an undefined blocked record format. This is not a valid combination. This failure occurred trying to open a terminal file.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. Valid attributes for an undefined-format terminal file are `recfm=U`, `recfm=UA`, or `recfm=UM`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr06

C00B0207

Explanation

The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified an undefined record format, `lrecl`, and `blksize`, but the `blksize` was not larger or equal to the `lrecl`. This failure occurred trying to open a terminal file.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr07

C00B0208

Explanation

The record format is specified as fixed blocked, but the `blksize` was not 0 and was not a multiple of `lrecl`. This failure occurred trying to open an existing OS file for write.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr08

C00B0209

Explanation

The record format is specified as fixed non-blocked, but the `blksize` was not 0 and was not equal to `lrecl`. This failure occurred trying to open an existing OS file for write.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr09

C00B020A

Explanation

The record format indicates non-spanned variable, but the `lrecl` is greater than the `blksize` - 4 (and `blksize` is not 0). This failure occurred trying to open an existing OS file for write.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr10

C00B020B

Explanation

The record format is undefined. Blocked was specified, but is not permitted for undefined format data sets.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr11

C00B020C

Explanation

The record format is undefined. The specified `lrecl` is larger than the specified `blksize` (when `blksize` not specified as 0).

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr12

C00B020D

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `recfm=A`, but the attributes of the existing data set do not include `recfm=A`. The attributes must be consistent.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr13

C00B020E

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The record format is undefined. The effective record format indicates blocked which is not valid for undefined record format data sets.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr14

C00B020F

Explanation

An existing OS data set is being opened for read or append. The device type is DASD. The effective `blksize` is 0. This is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr15

C00B0210

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is fixed (not blocked). The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified both `lrecl` and `blksize`. The `blksize` is not zero and does not match `lrecl`.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr16

C00B0211

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is fixed blocked. The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified both `lrecl` and `blksize`. The `blksize` is not zero and not a multiple of `lrecl`.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr17

C00B0212

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is variable (including blocked). The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `lrecl=X`, but the record format does not indicate spanned.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr18

C00B0213

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is variable (including blocked). The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified an `lrecl` and `blksize`. The specified `lrecl + 4` is greater than `blksize` and the record format does not indicate spanned.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr19

C00B0214

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The effective record format is undefined. The mode argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified both `lrecl` and `blksize`. The specified `blksize` is not zero and less than the `lrecl`.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadattr20

C00B0281

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dd:ddname(member)` syntax where the first character of the member name indicated a relative name for a Generation Data Group (GDG), but at least one other character in the relative name is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the relative name in the filename argument. The relative name must be `+number`, `-number`, or `0`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename01

C00B0282

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dd:ddname(member)` syntax, but at least one character in the member name is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the member name in the filename argument. Characters must be alphanumeric or national. The `X'CO'` character is also allowed after the first character.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename02

C00B0283

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dd:ddname` syntax. The device type check indicated a DASD data set. The data set organization indicated a partitioned data set. The mode argument specified write, append, or update mode, but no member name was provided. You cannot open the directory for a partitioned data set in any mode, except read.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename03

C00B0284

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dd:ddname(member)` syntax, but the JFCB for the `ddname` also specifies a member name. This is a conflict, except when the JFCB refers to a relative generation of a Generation Data Group (GDG).

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename04

C00B0285

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dd:ddname(member)` syntax where the first character of the member name indicated a relative name for a Generation Data Group (GDG), but at least one other character in the relative name is not valid. This failure occurred trying to open a DASD data set.

Programmer response

Correct the relative name in the filename argument. The relative name must be `+number`, `-number`, or `0`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename05

C00B0286

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dsname` syntax, but one of the qualifiers was less than 1 or greater than 8 characters in length.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename06

C00B0287

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dsname` syntax, but there was at least one character in the data set name that is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename07

C00B0288

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dsname(member)` syntax. The first character of the member name was '+', '-', or a digit. This indicates a relative generation. However, at least one other character in the member name was not a digit, and therefore not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename08

C00B0289

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dsname(member)` syntax. The first character of the member name was not '+', '-', or a digit. This indicates a regular member name. However, at least one other character in the member name was not alphanumeric, a national character, or X'C0', and therefore not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename09

C00B028A

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dsname(member)` syntax. The first character of the member name was '+', '-', or a digit. This indicates a relative generation. However, at least one other character in the member name was not a digit, and therefore not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename10

C00B028B

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dsname(member)` syntax. The first character of the member name was not '+', '-', or a digit. This indicates a regular member name. However, at least one other character in the member name was not alphanumeric, a national character, or X'C0', and therefore not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename11

C00B028C

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a partitioned data set without a member name. The mode argument specified write, append, or update. You cannot open the directory for a partitioned data set in any mode, except read.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename12

C00B028D

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dsname syntax. Allocation of a ddname for the dsname was attempted, but SVC 99 failed.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from SVC 99 was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure. Contact IBM support if you cannot solve the problem.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename13

C00B028E

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() was not valid. This failure is specific to the first pass name parsing when it is known the filename cannot be a UNIX file.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename14

C00B028F

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified a PDS(member), but there is a sequential data set already created with the same PDS name.

Programmer response

Correct the filename. A sequential data set cannot contain a member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadfilename15

C00B0302

Explanation

An attempt was made to open a multivolume or potential multivolume data set for read when the data set is already open for write, append, or update. Simultaneous readers (files that can support sharing by a writer and one or more readers) are not supported for multivolume data sets.

Programmer response

Change the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnocando02

C00B0303

Explanation

The sequential dataset attempting to be opened has a non-zero key length, and is not supported.

Programmer response

Try to copy the dataset to a new one without a key length (can verify with an IEHLIST). Otherwise this type of dataset is not supported.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnocando03

C00B0351

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified '*' as the file name, but the mode argument specified update. This failure occurred trying to open a terminal file.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. Terminal files cannot be opened in update mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEdevmode01

C00B0352

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax that referred to a tape data set, but the mode argument specified update. This failure occurred trying to open a tape data set.

Programmer response

Correct the mode argument. A tape data set cannot be opened in update mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEdevmode02

C00B0353

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The mode argument specified write, append, or update. The device type check indicated a device that can only be opened for read.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEdevmode03

C00B0354

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The mode argument specified read or update. The device type check indicated a device that can only be opened for write or append.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEdevmode04

C00B0355

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The mode argument specified read or update. The device type check indicated a device that can only be opened for write or append.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEdevmode05

C00B0356

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The mode argument specified write, append, or update. The device type check indicated a device that can only be opened for read.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEdevmode06

C00B0357

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The mode argument specified read or update. The device type check indicated a device that can only be opened for write or append.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEdevmode07

C00B0381

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified '*' as the first character of the file name, indicating to open a terminal file or sysout data set. The program is not running in an interactive environment, meaning not under TSO in the foreground. This implies a sysout data set is to be opened. The mode argument specified update mode which is not allowed for a sysout data set.

Programmer response

Correct the application so that it does not attempt to open a sysout data set for update.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEsysinout01

C00B0382

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The JFCB indicates a SYSIN or SYSOUT data set. The mode argument specified update, but that is not allowed for these types of data sets.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEsysinout02

C00B0383

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The JFCB indicates a SYSIN or SYSOUT data set. The mode argument did not specify read as required for a SYSIN data set.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEsysinout03

C00B0384

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The JFCB indicates a SYSIN or SYSOUT data set. SVC 99 identified the ddname as a SYSIN data set. The mode argument did not specify read as required for a SYSIN data set.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEsysinout04

C00B0385

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The JFCB indicates a SYSIN or SYSOUT data set. SVC 99 identified the ddname as a SYSOUT data set. The mode argument specified read, but that is not allowed for a SYSOUT data set.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEsysinout05

C00B03B1

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified '*' as the first character of the file name, indicating to open a terminal file or sysout data set. The program is not running in an interactive environment, meaning not under TSO in the foreground. This implies a sysout data set is to be opened. The mode argument specified a read mode which is not allowed for a sysout data set.

Programmer response

Correct the application so that it does not attempt to open a sysout data set for read.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnofile01

C00B03B2

Explanation

The program called freopen() with an empty filename string. The mode argument specified a read mode. The mode argument specified type=memory or type=memory(hiperspace). The name of the file being reopened begins with DD: and already exists on the open file chain, however it is not a memory file. You cannot request to reopen a file as a memory file in read mode if the file is not a memory file.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnofile02

C00B03B3**Explanation**

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dd:ddname` syntax. The mode argument specified a read mode. The mode argument specified `type=memory` or `type=memory(hiperspace)`. The file does not exist. You cannot open a memory file for read that does not exist.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnofile03

C00B03B4**Explanation**

The program called `freopen()` with an empty filename string. The mode argument specified a read mode. The mode argument specified `type=memory` or `type=memory(hiperspace)`. The file being reopened already exists on the open file chain, however it is not a memory file. You cannot request to reopen a file as a memory file in read mode if the file is not a memory file.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnofile04

C00B03B5**Explanation**

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a memory file to be opened in read mode, but the file does not exist. This could be either a sequential memory file or a non-existent member of a partitioned memory file.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnofile05

C00B03B6**Explanation**

The specified member was not found in the partitioned data set.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnofile06

C00B0401**Explanation**

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `'*` as the first character of the file name, indicating to open a terminal file or sysout data set. The program is not running in an interactive environment, meaning not under TSO in the foreground. This implies a sysout data set is to be opened. A failure occurred trying to allocate the sysout data set.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from SVC 99 was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEfiledef01

C00B0402**Explanation**

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dsname` syntax. The mode argument specified write or append. The data set does not exist. Allocation of a new data set was attempted, but failed.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from SVC 99 was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEfiledef02

C00B0403

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dsname` syntax. Allocation of a `ddname` for the `dsname` was attempted, but failed.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from SVC 99 was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEfiledef03

C00B0441

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a memory file. The mode argument specifies write, append, or update. It was found that the memory file is already open. You cannot open a memory file for write if it is already open.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEisopen01

C00B0442

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a hiperspace memory file. The mode argument specified read update mode. A file with the same name already exists. It was found that the hiperspace memory file is already open. You cannot open a hiperspace memory file for read update if the hiperspace memory file is already open.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEisopen02

C00B0443

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a hiperspace memory file. The

mode argument specified write, append, or update mode. A file with the same name already exists. It was found that the hiperspace memory file is already open. You cannot open a hiperspace memory file for write, append, or update if the hiperspace memory file is already open.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEisopen03

C00B0444

Explanation

The application requested to open a file for write, but the file is already open.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEisopen04

C00B0445

Explanation

The application requested to open a file for write. The same base file name (a parent) is already open and is the directory of a partitioned data set or is a member of a regular partitioned data set that is opened for write. You cannot open multiple members of a regular partitioned data set for write.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEisopen05

C00B0446

Explanation

The application requested to open a file for append or update, but the same file is already open.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEisopen06

C00B0447

Explanation

The application requested to open a file for append or update. The same base file name (a parent) is already open and the base file is not a PDSE and not a member of a partitioned data set. You cannot open a file for append or update if there already exists an open file with the same base name unless it is a PDSE or member of a partitioned data set.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEisopen07

C00B0448

Explanation

A new OS data set is about to be opened. The is an existing match on the open file chain. This is not a valid situation.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEisopen08

C00B0481

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified '*' as the first character of the file name, indicating to open a terminal file or sysout data set. The program is not running in an interactive environment, meaning not under TSO in the foreground. This implies a sysout data set is to be opened. A failure occurred trying to read the JFCB associated with the sysout data set.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from RDJFCB was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEutility01

C00B0482

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. An error occurred trying to obtain device type information. The DEVTYPE macro failed with return code greater than 4.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from DEVTYPE was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEutility02

C00B0483

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. An error occurred trying to read the JFCB. The RDJFCB macro failed.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from RDJFCB was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEutility03

C00B0484

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The device type check indicated a DASD data set. The JFCB did not contain information about the data set organization. A failure occurred using the OBTAIN macro to retrieve information about the data set.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from OBTAIN was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEutility04

C00B0485

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dsname syntax. We have successfully allocated a ddname for the dsname. An error occurred trying to obtain device type information. The DEVTYPE macro failed.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from DEVTYPE was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEutility05

C00B0486

Explanation

An error occurred trying to read the JFCB. The RDJFCB macro failed.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from RDJFCB was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEutility06

C00B0487

Explanation

A failure occurred using the OBTAIN macro to retrieve information about the data set.

Programmer response

Failure information returned from OBTAIN was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEutility07

C00B04B1

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The ddname does not exist on the open file chain. The JFCB specified PATH= indicating a UNIX file. A failure occurred trying to acquire further details about the allocation.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnoent01

C00B04B2

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dd:ddname syntax. The JFCB specified PATH= indicating a UNIX file. A failure occurred trying to acquire further details about the allocation.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnoent02

C00B04B3

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() was NULL or the filename argument passed to fopen() was an empty string. This failure is specific to the POSIX(ON) environment.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnoent03

C00B0501

Explanation

Creation of the hiperspace failed.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for failure information. Contact IBM support if unable to solve the problem.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEhspcreate01

C00B0502

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a hiperspace memory file. The mode argument specified write mode. A hiperspace file with the same name already exists, so it must be deleted and recreated. Deletion of the existing hiperspace failed.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for failure information. Contact IBM support if unable to solve the problem.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEhspcreate02

C00B0503

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a hiperspace memory file. The mode argument specified write mode. A hiperspace file with the same name already exists, so it must be deleted and recreated. Recreation of the hiperspace failed.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for failure information. Contact IBM support if unable to solve the problem.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEhspcreate03

C00B0541

Explanation

The `lrecl` specified for a terminal file opened for read exceeded the maximum value of 32767.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEmaxattr01

C00B0542

Explanation

The `lrecl` specified for a terminal file opened for write exceeded the maximum value of 32766.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEmaxattr02

C00B0581

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a memory file with a member name. A file with the same base name (a parent) does exist and is a memory file, but it is not partitioned.

Programmer response

Correct the application. You cannot use the same name for both sequential and partitioned memory files.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEflatfile01

C00B0582

Explanation

The filename and mode arguments passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified a memory file without member name. A file with the same base name exists, but also has a member specified.

Programmer response

Correct the application. You cannot use the same name for both sequential and partitioned memory files.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEflatfile02

C00B05B1

Explanation

The filename argument passed to `fopen()` or `freopen()` specified `dd:ddname` syntax. An error occurred trying to obtain device type information. The `DEVTYPE` macro failed with return code 4 indicating the `ddname` does not exist.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEddname01

C00B0601

Explanation

An unexpected failure occurred checking the record format associated with an fopen() or freopen(). This failure occurred trying to open a terminal file.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEbadcb01

C00B0641

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() specified dsname syntax. The mode argument specified read. Allocation of a ddname for the dsname was attempted, but SVC 99 failed with error code 0x1708. The data set name could not be located. You cannot use read mode for a data set that does not exist.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsElocate01

C00B0681

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() specified syntax ((x)), where x is an unsigned integer, indicating a generated memory file name or perhaps a UNIX file. The application is either running POSIX(OFF) or the filename was prefixed with exactly two '/' characters, indicating that the file is not a UNIX file. The file name does not exist on the file chain, meaning that there is no such memory file. You cannot open a memory file using a generated memory file name when the memory file does not exist.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnotempmem01

C00B06B1

Explanation

The filename argument passed to fopen() or freopen() exceeded the maximum length of 1024 characters. This failure is specific to the POSIX(ON) environment.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1opsEnametoolong01

C00C0001

Explanation

An I/O abend was trapped trying to position a stream to its prior location after a reopen of the read/update DCB was needed to update the last known TTR (file position) and block number for a stream that had been simultaneously been open for read with a stream that was just closed. The READ macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if needed). The stream is prevented from further I/O.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the abend. In the SIGIOERR handler, the AMRC2 can be checked to find the stream that incurred the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEabend01

C00C0002

Explanation

An I/O abend was trapped closing the read/update DCB associated with the stream being closed. The CLOSE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if needed).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the abend.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEabend02

C00C0003

Explanation

An I/O abend was trapped closing the write DCB associated with the stream being closed. The CLOSE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if needed).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the abend.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEabend03

C00C0004

Explanation

An I/O abend was trapped closing the write DCB associated with the stream being closed. The CLOSE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if needed).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the abend.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEabend04

C00C000A

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to replace a member of a partitioned data set.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEnomemory01

C00C0013

Explanation

An error occurred trying to position a stream to its prior location after a reopen of the read/update DCB was needed to update the last known TTR (file position) and block number for a stream that had been simultaneously been open for read with a stream

that was just closed. The READ macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if needed). Further reads are prevented until a reopen and reposition.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error. In the SIGIOERR handler, the AMRC2 can be checked to find the stream that incurred the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscErderror01

C00C001C

Explanation

An error occurred replacing a member of a partitioned data set. The STOW macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if needed).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEutility01

C00C001D

Explanation

An error occurred closing the read/update DCB associated with the stream being closed. The CLOSE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if needed).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEutility02

C00C001E

Explanation

An error occurred closing the write DCB associated with the stream being closed. The CLOSE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if needed).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEutility03

C00C001F

Explanation

An error occurred trying to update the last known TTR (file position) and block number for a stream that had simultaneously been open for read with a stream that was just closed. The NOTE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if needed). Further reads are prevented until a reopen and reposition.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error. In the SIGIOERR handler, the AMRC2 can be checked to find the stream that incurred the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEutility04

C00C0020

Explanation

An error occurred closing the read/update DCB associated with the stream being closed. The CLOSE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if needed).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEutility05

C00C0029

Explanation

A request was made to close a stream associated with an MVS data set on a thread different than the one on which it was opened. TCB affinity rules require the open and close to be on the same thread.

Programmer response

Close the stream associated with an MVS data set on the same thread on which it was opened.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1oscEwrongthd01

C0120001

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function was not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the name and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEbadfilename01

C012000A

Explanation

An error occurred trying to remove an MVS data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEexpdate01

C012000B

Explanation

An error occurred trying to remove an MVS data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEexpdate02

C0120014

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function indicated a temporary memory file, but the memory file is open. An open memory file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the memory file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen01

C0120015

Explanation

The name specified to the `remove()` function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen02

C0120016

Explanation

The name specified to the `remove()` function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen03

C0120017

Explanation

The name specified to the `remove()` function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen04

C0120018

Explanation

The name specified to the `remove()` function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen05

C0120019

Explanation

The name specified to the `remove()` function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen06

C012001A

Explanation

The name specified to the `remove()` function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen07

C012001B

Explanation

The name specified to the `remove()` function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen08

C012001C

Explanation

The name specified to the `remove()` function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen09

C012001D

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen10

C012001E

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be removed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen11

C012001F

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function indicated a partitioned memory file (without a member specified). This indicates a desire to remove all of the members of the memory file. However, at least one of the members is open. You cannot delete a partitioned memory file that has one or more members currently open.

Programmer response

Correct the name or close the open member(s) and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEisopen12

C0120028

Explanation

A request was made to remove a non-memory file under CICS. This is not supported.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEkio01

C0120029

Explanation

A request was made to remove a non-memory file under CICS. This is not supported.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEkio02

C0120032

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function indicated a temporary memory file, but the name could not be found on the open file chain.

Programmer response

Correct the name and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvElocate01

C012003B

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function used the dd:ddname(member) syntax. A memory file was found that matches the dd:ddname, but there is no such member.

Programmer response

Correct the name and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEmbrinval01

C012003C

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function used the dd:ddname syntax without a member specified, but the ddname allocation that was found does include a member. This remove is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the name or allocation and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEmbrinval02

C012003D

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function used the dsn(member) syntax. A memory file was found that matches the dsn, but there is no such member.

Programmer response

Correct the name and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEmbrinval03

C012003E

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function indicated a member of a memory file, but no such member was found.

Programmer response

Correct the name and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEmbrinval04

C0120047

Explanation

The name specified to the Enhanced ASCII remove() function was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the name and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnametoolong01

C0120050

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function used the dd:ddname syntax that matched an existing ddname allocation with the PATH= specification, but an error occurred trying to acquire the path name.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnoent01

C0120051

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function used the dd:ddname syntax that matched an existing ddname allocation with the PATH= specification, but an error occurred trying to acquire the path name.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnoent02

C0120052

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function was not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the name and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnoent03

C0120053

Explanation

The name specified to the remove() function was either a NULL pointer or a pointer to a NULL string.

Programmer response

Correct the name and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnoent04

C012005C**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to remove a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnomem01

C0120065**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to remove a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnomemory01

C0120066**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to remove a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnomemory02

C0120067**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to remove a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnomemory03

C0120068**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to remove a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnomemory04

C0120069**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to remove a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnomemory05

C012006A**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to remove a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnomemory06

C012006B

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to remove a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnomemory07

C012006C**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to remove a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnomemory08

C012006D**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to remove a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEnomemory09

C0120076**Explanation**

An error occurred trying to open the DCB in order to delete the member of a partitioned data set. The OPEN macro failed.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEopenfail01

C012007F**Explanation**

An error occurred trying to remove an MVS data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEoverride01

C0120080**Explanation**

An error occurred trying to remove an MVS data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEoverride02

C0120089**Explanation**

An error occurred trying to remove an MVS data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEremove01

C012008A**Explanation**

An error occurred trying to remove an MVS data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEremove02

C012008B**Explanation**

An error occurred trying to remove an MVS data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEremove03

C012008C**Explanation**

An error occurred trying to remove an MVS data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEremove04

C012008D**Explanation**

An error occurred trying to remove an MVS data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEremove05

C012008E**Explanation**

An error occurred trying to remove an archived data set. The ARCHDEL macro failed.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEremove06

C0120097**Explanation**

An internal utility failed trying to collect information about a file being removed. The RDJFCB macro failed.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEutility01

C0120098**Explanation**

An internal utility failed trying to collect information about a file being removed. The DEVTYPE macro failed.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEutility02

C0120099**Explanation**

An error occurred allocating a ddname needed in order to remove a member of a partitioned data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEutility03

C012009A**Explanation**

An error occurred trying to delete a member of a partitioned data set. The STOW macro failed.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rmvEutility04

C0130001**Explanation**

The oldname specified to the rename() function was not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEbadfilename01

C0130002**Explanation**

The newname specified to the rename() function was not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the newname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEbadfilename02

C0130003**Explanation**

The newname specified to the rename() function was not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the newname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEbadfilename03

C0130004**Explanation**

A request was made to rename a member in one partitioned data set to a member of a different partitioned data set. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname or newname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEbadfilename04

C0130005**Explanation**

A request was made to rename to or from a ddname. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname or newname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEbadfilename05

C013000E**Explanation**

The newname specified to the rename() function indicated a temporary memory file, but one already exists with that name.

Programmer response

Correct the newname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEexist01

C013000F**Explanation**

A rename was requested for a temporary memory file, but the newname is not consistent with that of a temporary memory file. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname or newname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEexist02

C0130010**Explanation**

A request was made to rename a file to a name that already exists on the open file chain. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the newname or close the open file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEexist03

C0130019

Explanation

A rename was requested for POSIX name to a non-POSIX name or vice versa. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname or newname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEival01

C0130022

Explanation

The oldname specified to the rename() function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be renamed.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEisopen01

C0130023

Explanation

The newname specified to the rename() function indicated a file that is currently open.

Programmer response

Correct the newname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEisopen02

C0130024

Explanation

The oldname specified to the rename() function indicated a memory file. At least one child memory file exists with same name that is open. You cannot rename a memory file if it has at least one child that is open.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname or close the children and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEisopen03

C0130025

Explanation

The oldname specified to the rename() function indicated a file that is currently open. An open file cannot be renamed.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname or close the file and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEisopen04

C013002E

Explanation

A request was made to rename a non-memory file under CICS. This is not supported.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEkio01

C0130037

Explanation

The oldname specified to the rename() function indicated a temporary memory file, but no memory file with that name could be found.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmElocate01

C0130040

Explanation

A rename was requested using a member specification as part of the oldname, but no member was specified as part of the newname. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname or newname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEmbrinval01

C0130041

Explanation

The oldname specified to the rename() function indicated a member of a memory file, but no such member was found.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEmbrinval02

C013004A

Explanation

The oldname specified to the Enhanced ASCII rename() function was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the oldname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEnametoolong01

C013004B

Explanation

The newname specified to the Enhanced ASCII rename() function was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the newname and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEnametoolong02

C0130054

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to rename a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEnomemory01

C0130055

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to rename a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEnomemory02

C0130056

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to rename a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEnomemory03

C0130057

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to rename a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEnomemory04

C0130058

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to rename a file.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEnomemory05

C0130061

Explanation

An error occurred trying to open the DCB in order to rename a member of a partitioned data set. The OPEN macro failed.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEopenfail01

C013006A

Explanation

An error occurred trying to rename an MVS data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmErename01

C0130073

Explanation

An error occurred allocating a ddname needed in order to rename a member of a partitioned data set.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEutility01

C0130074

Explanation

An error occurred trying to rename a member of a partitioned data set. The STOW macro failed.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc1rnmEutility02

C01D0031

Explanation

The fdelrec() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDlrcEwrongthd01

C01D0032

Explanation

The fdelrec_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDlrcEwrongthd02

C01E0060

Explanation

Blocked I/O does not support ungetc() function.

Programmer response

Don't use ungetc() on blocked I/O or use binary I/O.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcEpegEblkio01

C01F0010

Explanation

The clearerr() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlgsEwrongthd01

C01F0011

Explanation

The clearerr_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlgsEwrongthd02

C01F0012

Explanation

The feof() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlgsEwrongthd03

C01F0013

Explanation

The feof_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlgsEwrongthd04

C01F0014

Explanation

The ferrord() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlgsEwrongthd05

C01F0015

Explanation

The ferrord_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlgsEwrongthd06

C0200010

Explanation

The fflush_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlshEwrongthd01

C0200011

Explanation

The fflush() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlshEwrongthd02

C0210020

Explanation

The fgetc() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetcEwrongthd01

C0210021

Explanation

The fgetc_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetcEwrongthd02

C0210022

Explanation

The getc() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetcEwrongthd03

C0210023

Explanation

The getc_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetcEwrongthd04

C0210024

Explanation

The getchar() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetcEwrongthd05

C0210025

Explanation

The getchar_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetcEwrongthd06

C0220030

Explanation

The __fgets_a() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetsEwrongthd01

C0220031

Explanation

The `fgets()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `pthread_t` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetsEwrongthd02

C0220032

Explanation

The `__fgets_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `pthread_t` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetsEwrongthd03

C0220033

Explanation

The `fgets_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `pthread_t` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetsEwrongthd04

C0220034

Explanation

The `__gets_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `pthread_t` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetsEwrongthd05

C0220035

Explanation

The `gets()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `pthread_t` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetsEwrongthd06

C0220036

Explanation

The `__gets_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `pthread_t` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetsEwrongthd07

C0220037

Explanation

The `gets_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `pthread_t` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGetsEwrongthd08

C023000C

Explanation

The `ftell()` function was called to get the current file position. The offset exceeds the maximum value that can be returned. The offset maximum is `LONG_MAX`.

Programmer response

Use the large files version of `ftello()` or the `fgetpos()` function to report positions beyond `LONG_MAX`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEftell01

C0230010

Explanation

The `ftell()` function was called to get the current file position. The offset exceeds the maximum value that can be returned. The offset maximum is `LONG_MAX`.

Programmer response

Use the large files version of `ftello()` or the `fgetpos()` function to report positions beyond `LONG_MAX`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEftell05

C0230011

Explanation

The `ftell()` function was called to get the current file position using encoded offsets. The offset exceeds the maximum value that can be returned.

Programmer response

Use the large files version of `ftello()` to report positions beyond the maximum.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEftell06

C023002D

Explanation

The current file position cannot be correctly represented in a long int type. The value is either greater than or equal to `4GB-1`, or greater than or equal to `2GB-1` when in the middle of a DBCS string.

Programmer response

If possible, use the large files version of the `ftello()` function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEoverflow02

C0230030

Explanation

The `ftell()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEwrongthd01

C0230031

Explanation

The `ftell_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEwrongthd02

C0230032

Explanation

The `ftello()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEwrongthd03

C0230033

Explanation

The `ftello_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEwrongthd04

C0230034

Explanation

The `ftello_o()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEwrongthd05

C0230035

Explanation

The `ftello_unlocked_o()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEwrongthd06

C0230036

Explanation

The `fgetpos()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEwrongthd07

C0230037

Explanation

The `fgetpos_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGposEwrongthd08

C0250030

Explanation

The `flocate()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLoctEwrongthd01

C0250031

Explanation

The `flocate_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLoctEwrongthd02

C0300001

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed when passing a standard stream across the ANSI system call.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcNoskEnomemory01

C030000A

Explanation

A request was made to reposition a file opened noseek that was either not a rewind() call or the file is opened for output. A file opened noseek can only be repositioned using rewind() and if it is also opened for just reading. The __last_op field in the AMRC is set to __NOSEEK_REWIND. The SIGIOERR is raised (if not set to ignore).

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcNoskEnoseek01

C030000B

Explanation

A request was made to reposition a file opened noseek that was either not a rewind() call or the file is opened for output. A file opened noseek can only be repositioned using rewind() and if it is also opened for just reading. The __last_op field in the AMRC is set to __NOSEEK_REWIND. The SIGIOERR is raised (if not set to ignore).

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcNoskEnoseek02

C0300014

Explanation

An error occurred reopening the read/update DCB during a rewind of a file opened noseek. The OPEN macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if not set to ignore). Further I/O is prevented on the stream.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error. You should close the stream.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcNoskEopenfail01

C030001D

Explanation

An error occurred closing the read/update DCB during a rewind of a file opened noseek. The CLOSE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if not set to ignore).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcNoskEutility01

C0300026

Explanation

An I/O abend was trapped closing the read/update DCB during a rewind of a file opened noseek. The CLOSE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if not set to ignore).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the abend.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcNoskEabend01

C0320001

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate the read/update DCB for a stream. Further I/O is prevented on the stream.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOpruEnomemory01

C0320002

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate the read/update DCBE for a stream. Further I/O is prevented on the stream.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOpruEnomemory02

C032000B

Explanation

An error occurred opening the read/update DCB during a reopen of the read/update DCB for a stream. The OPEN macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if not set to ignore). Further I/O is prevented on the stream.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error. You should close the stream.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOpruEopenfail01

C032000C

Explanation

An error occurred positioning to the member of a partitioned data set during a reopen of the read/update DCB for a stream. The BLDL / FIND macro sequence failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if not set to ignore). Further I/O is prevented on the stream.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error. You should close the stream.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOpruEopenfail02

C0320015

Explanation

An error occurred closing the read/update DCB during a reopen of the read/update DCB. The CLOSE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if not set to ignore).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOpruEutility01

C032001E

Explanation

An I/O abend was trapped closing the read/update DCB during a reopen of the read/update DCB. The CLOSE macro failed. The SIGIOERR is raised (if not set to ignore).

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the abend.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOpruEabend01

C0350001

Explanation

The low-level READ function ABENDED. The SIGIO is raised (if needed) and the stream is prevented from further use. This failure occurred while reading to EOF in order to get the stream position.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the ABEND.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsntEabend01

C0350005

Explanation

The low-level READ function failed. The SIGIO is raised (if needed) and the stream is prevented from further use. This failure occurred while reading to EOF in order to get the stream position.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsntErderror01

C0360001

Explanation

The low-level READ function ABENDED. The SIGIO is raised (if needed) and the stream is prevented from further use. This failure occurred while positioning to EOF in preparation for a relative reposition backwards. There had been a prior jump to EOF without actually moving the file pointer.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the ABEND.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrEbabend01

C0360002

Explanation

The low-level READ function ABENDED. The SIGIO is raised (if needed) and the stream is prevented from further use. This failure occurred reading the previous block during a relative reposition backwards.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the ABEND.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrEbabend02

C0360005

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory for a JFCB.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrEnomemory01

C0360009

Explanation

A relative reposition is being attempted, but there is an outstanding read error.

Programmer response

A direct reposition or rewind must be done to clear the previous read error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrEpreverr01

C036000D

Explanation

The low-level READ function failed. The SIGIO is raised (if needed). The stream is prevented from further READ attempts. This failure occurred while positioning to EOF in preparation for a relative reposition backwards. There had been a prior jump to EOF without actually moving the file pointer.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrErderror01

C036000E

Explanation

The low-level READ function failed. The SIGIO is raised (if needed). The stream is prevented from further READ attempts. This failure occurred while reading all blocks on the previous volume in order to find the previous block.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrErderror02

C036000F

Explanation

The low-level READ function failed. The SIGIO is raised (if needed). The stream is prevented from further READ attempts. This failure occurred reading the previous block during a relative reposition backwards.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrErderror03

C0360015

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to read the previous block during a relative reposition backwards.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrbEreadback01

C0360016

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to read the previous block during a relative reposition backwards.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrbEreadback02

C0360019

Explanation

An error occurred using a system utility.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrbEutility01

C036001A

Explanation

An error occurred using a system utility.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrbEutility02

C036001B

Explanation

An error occurred using a system utility.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrbEutility03

C036001C

Explanation

An error occurred using a system utility.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrbEutility04

C036001D

Explanation

An error occurred using a system utility.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrbEutility05

C036001E

Explanation

An error occurred using a system utility.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrbEutility06

C036001F

Explanation

An error occurred using a system utility.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrbEutility07

C0370001**Explanation**

The low-level READ function ABENDED. The SIGIO is raised (if needed) and the stream is prevented from further use. This failure occurred while reading the next block.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the ABEND.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrwEabend01

C0370005**Explanation**

A read of the next block is being attempted, but there is an outstanding read error. This failure occurred while reading the next block.

Programmer response

A direct reposition or rewind must be done to clear the previous read error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrwEpreverr01

C0370009**Explanation**

The low-level READ function failed. The SIGIO is raised (if needed). The stream is prevented from further READ attempts. This failure occurred while reading the next block.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrwErderror01

C0380001**Explanation**

The low-level READ function ABENDED. The SIGIO is raised (if needed) and the stream is prevented from further use. This failure occurred while rewinding the file.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the ABEND.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrwEabend01

C0380005**Explanation**

The low-level READ function failed. The SIGIO is raised (if needed). The stream is prevented from further READ attempts. This failure occurred while rewinding the file.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsrwErderror01

C0390001**Explanation**

The low-level READ function ABENDED. The SIGIO is raised (if needed) and the stream is prevented from further use. This failure occurred during direct or relative block seeking.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the ABEND.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsskEabend01

C0390002**Explanation**

The low-level READ function ABENDED. The SIGIO is raised (if needed) and the stream is prevented from further use. This failure occurred during byte seeking.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the ABEND.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsskEabend02

C0390005

Explanation

The low-level READ function failed. The SIGIO is raised (if needed). The stream is prevented from further READ attempts. This failure occurred during direct or relative block seeking.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsskErdderror01

C0390006

Explanation

The low-level READ function failed. The SIGIO is raised (if needed). The stream is prevented from further READ attempts. This failure occurred during byte seeking.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOsskErdderror02

C03C0006

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP030Ebadfpos06

C03C0032

Explanation

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for a fixed binary os data set. The offset exceeds the maximum value that can be returned. The offset limit is LONGLONG_MAX.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP030Eftell01

C03D0016

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP032Ebadfpos06

C03E0005

Explanation

An error occurred in QSAM TRUNC during a flush of a buffer.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP039Ewrerror05

C03E0011

Explanation

An I/O abend was trapped on QSAM TRUNC during a flush of a buffer.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the abend.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP039Eabend01

C03F0006

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP040Ebadfpos06

C03F0034

Explanation

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for an undefined binary os data set. The offset exceeds the maximum value that can be returned. The offset limit is LONGLONG_MAX.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP040Eftell01

C03F0035

Explanation

The ftell() or ftello() function was called to get the current file position for an undefined binary os data set. The block number portion of the encoded offset exceeds the maximum number of blocks that can be represented. The block limit is INT_MAX.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP040Eftell02

C0400007

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP042Ebadfpos07

C0400031

Explanation

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for a fixed non-ASA text os data set. The

number of blocks represented in the offset exceeds the limit supported by the run-time. The limit is 2 GB blocks.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP042Eftell01

C0410007

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP044Ebadfpos07

C0410031

Explanation

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for a fixed ASA text os data set. The number of blocks represented in the offset exceeds the limit supported by the run-time. The limit is 2 GB blocks.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP044Eftell01

C0420009

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP054Ebadfpos09

C0420030

Explanation

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for a variable non-ASA text os data set. The number of blocks represented in the offset exceeds the limit supported by the run-time. The limit is 2 GB blocks.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP054Eftell01

C0430012

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP056Ebadfpos09

C043003D

Explanation

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for a variable ASA text os data set. The number of blocks represented in the offset exceeds the limit supported by the run-time. The limit is 2 GB blocks.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP056Eftell01

C044002A

Explanation

An error occurred in QSAM TRUNC during a flush of a buffer.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP065Ewrrerror03

C0440033

Explanation

An I/O abend was trapped on QSAM TRUNC during a flush of a buffer.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the abend.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP065Eabend01

C0450006

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP066Ebadfpos06

C0450037

Explanation

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for an undefined non-ASA text os data set. The number of blocks represented in the offset exceeds the limit supported by the run-time. The limit is 2 GB blocks.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP066Eftell02

C0460037

Explanation

An error occurred in QSAM TRUNC during a flush of a buffer.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP067Ewrrror05

C0460051

Explanation

An I/O abend was trapped on QSAM TRUNC during a flush of a buffer.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the abend.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP067Eabend01

C0470012

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP068Ebadfpos06

C0470040

Explanation

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for an undefined ASA text or data set. The number of blocks represented in the offset exceeds the limit supported by the run-time. The limit is 2 GB blocks.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP068Eftell02

C0480006

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP074Ebadfpos06

C048002A

Explanation

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for a fixed format OS file under record I/O. The record offset exceeds the maximum value that can be returned. The record offset limit is LONGLONG_MAX.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP074Eftell01

C0490005

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP082Ebadfpos05

C04A001E

Explanation

An error occurred in QSAM TRUNC during a flush of a buffer.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP083Ewrrror02

C04A0031**Explanation**

An I/O abend was trapped on QSAM TRUNC during a flush of a buffer.

Programmer response

Check the AMRC for details of the abend.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP083Eabend01

C04B0005**Explanation**

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP084Ebadfpos05

C04B000D**Explanation**

Attempting to seek to past the EOF is not permitted.

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure the requested position is not beyond the EOF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP084Ebadseek02

C04B0014**Explanation**

The fseek() or fseeko() function was called to relatively reposition with an offset greater than 2 GB in an undefined OS data set using record I/O. Undefined record I/O treats each block as a record. The run-time supports data sets up to 2 GB blocks in size. Repositioning beyond 2 GB blocks is unsupported.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP084Ebadseek09

C04B0024**Explanation**

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for an undefined format OS file under record I/O. The record offset exceeds the maximum value that can be returned. The record offset limit is LONGLONG_MAX.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP084Eftell01

C04B0076**Explanation**

PDS(E) member opened for rb+ mode or concatenated data set cannot be extended.

Programmer response

Correct the application. For PDS(E) member, it only can be extended under wb or wb+ mode. For concatenated data set, it can't be extended.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP084Eextend01

C050008C**Explanation**

An unexpected failure occurred while calling ftell() on a VSAM KSDS data set opened for SEEK with type=record.

Programmer response

Information about the failure was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP096Evsampos08

C0510065

Explanation

An unexpected failure occurred while calling `fsetpos()` on a VSAM RRDS data set opened for SEEK with open mode binary.

Programmer response

Information about the failure was recorded in the AMRC structure. Use the information there to determine the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP098Erderror20

C0560020

Explanation

The `__fputc_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd01

C0560021

Explanation

The `fputc()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd02

C0560022

Explanation

The `__fputc_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd03

C0560023

Explanation

The `fputc_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd04

C0560024

Explanation

The `__putc_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd05

C0560025

Explanation

The `putc()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd06

C0560026

Explanation

The `putc_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd07

C0560027

Explanation

The `putc_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd08

C0560028

Explanation

The `__putchar_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd09

C0560029

Explanation

The `putchar()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd10

C056002A

Explanation

The `__putchar_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd11

C056002B

Explanation

The `putc_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutcEwrongthd12

C057002A

Explanation

The `__fputs_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutsEwrongthd01

C057002B

Explanation

The `fputs()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutsEwrongthd02

C057002C

Explanation

The `__fputs_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutsEwrongthd03

C057002D

Explanation

The `fputs_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutsEwrongthd04

C057002E

Explanation

The `__puts_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutsEwrongthd05

C057002F

Explanation

The `puts()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutsEwrongthd06

C0570030

Explanation

The `__puts_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutsEwrongthd07

C0570031

Explanation

The `puts_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPutsEwrongthd08

C0590020

Explanation

The `__fread_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcReadEwrongthd01

C0590021

Explanation

The `fread()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `__sameshread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcReadEwrongthd02

C0590022

Explanation

The `__fread_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `__sameshread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcReadEwrongthd03

C0590023

Explanation

The `fread_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `__sameshread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcReadEwrongthd04

C05B0045

Explanation

The new file position cannot be correctly represented in a long int type.

Programmer response

If possible, use the large files version of the `fseeko()` function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEoverflow01

C05B0046

Explanation

The new file position cannot be correctly represented in an `off_t` type.

Programmer response

If possible, use the large files version of the `fseeko()` function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEoverflow02

C05B0050

Explanation

The `fseek()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `__sameshread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEwrongthd02

C05B0051

Explanation

The `fseek_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `__sameshread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEwrongthd03

C05B0052

Explanation

The `fseeko()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEwrongthd04

C05B0053

Explanation

The fseeko_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEwrongthd05

C05B0054

Explanation

The fseeko_o() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEwrongthd06

C05B0055

Explanation

The fseeko_unlocked_o() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEwrongthd07

C05B0056

Explanation

The fsetpos() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEwrongthd08

C05B0057

Explanation

The fsetpos_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEwrongthd09

C05B0058

Explanation

The rewind() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEwrongthd10

C05B0059

Explanation

The rewind_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcRposEwrongthd11

C05C001E

Explanation

Blocked I/O only supports full buffering mode.

Programmer response

Change buffering mode to `_IOFBF`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcStbfEbufmode11

C060002A

Explanation

The `ungetc()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcUngtEwrongthd01

C060002B

Explanation

The `ungetc_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcUngtEwrongthd02

C0610020

Explanation

The `fupdate()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcUpdtEwrongthd01

C0610021

Explanation

The `fupdate()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcUpdtEwrongthd02

C0620020

Explanation

The `__fgetwc_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd01

C0620021

Explanation

The `__fgetwc_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd02

C0620022

Explanation

The `fgetwc()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd03

C0620023

Explanation

The `fgetwc_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd04

C0620024

Explanation

The `__getwc_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd05

C0620025

Explanation

The `getwc()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd06

C0620026

Explanation

The `__getwc_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd07

C0620027

Explanation

The `getwc_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd08

C0620028

Explanation

The `__getwchar_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd09

C0620029

Explanation

The `getwchar()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd10

C062002A

Explanation

The `__getwchar_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd11

C062002B

Explanation

The `getwchar_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd12

C062002C

Explanation

The `__fgetws_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd13

C062002D

Explanation

The `fgetws()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd14

C062002E

Explanation

The `__fgetws_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd15

C062002F

Explanation

The `fgetws_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd16

C0620030

Explanation

The `ungetwc()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd17

C0620031

Explanation

The `ungetwc_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd18

C0620032

Explanation

The `__ungetwc_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd19

C0620033

Explanation

The `__ungetwc_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWgetEwrongthd20

C0630010

Explanation

The `__fputwc_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd01

C0630011

Explanation

The `fputwc()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd02

C0630012

Explanation

The `__fputwc_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd03

C0630013

Explanation

The `fputwc_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd04

C0630014

Explanation

The `__putwc_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd05

C0630015

Explanation

The `putwc()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd06

C0630016

Explanation

The `__putwc_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd07

C0630017

Explanation

The `putwc_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd08

C0630018

Explanation

The `__putwchar_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd09

C0630019

Explanation

The `putwchar()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd10

C063001A

Explanation

The `__putwchar_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd11

C063001B

Explanation

The `putwchar_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd12

C063001C

Explanation

The `__fputws_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd13

C063001D

Explanation

The `fputws()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd14

C063001E

Explanation

The `__fputws_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd15

C063001F

Explanation

The `fputws_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWputEwrongthd16

C0640020

Explanation

The `__fwrite_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWritEwrongthd01

C0640021

Explanation

The `fwrite()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWritEwrongthd02

C0640022

Explanation

The `__fwrite_unlocked_a()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWritEwrongthd03

C0640023

Explanation

The `fwrite_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `pthread_t` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWritEwrongthd04

C066000A

Explanation

The DIR pointer argument of `__readdir2_64()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the DIR pointer argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDir_Ebadf10

C066000B

Explanation

DIR stream passed to `__readdir2_64()` is not allocated.

Programmer response

Correct the DIR pointer argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDir_Ebadf11

C066000C

Explanation

Directory stream passed to `__readdir2_64()` is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the DIR pointer argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDir_Ebadf12

C0660012

Explanation

In `__readdir2_64()`, extracted dir entry isn't valid.

Programmer response

Check the directory passed to `__readdir2_64()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDir_Eio02

C068000A

Explanation

The `fileno()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `pthread_t` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlnoEwrongthd01

C068000B

Explanation

The `fileno_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `pthread_t` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlnoEwrongthd02

C069000A

Explanation

The `flockfile()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlokEwrongthd01

C069000B

Explanation

The ftrylockfile() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlokEwrongthd02

C069000C

Explanation

The funlockfile() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFlokEwrongthd03

C0700001

Explanation

Storage could not be allocated for I/O trace table.

Programmer response

Increase the storage available to the anywhere heap.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIotrEnomemory01

C0700002

Explanation

Storage could not be allocated for I/O tracing.

Programmer response

Increase the storage available to the anywhere heap.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIotrEnomemory02

C0700003

Explanation

Storage could not be allocated for I/O tracing.

Programmer response

Increase the storage available to the anywhere heap.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIotrEnomemory03

C0700004

Explanation

Storage could not be allocated for I/O tracing.

Programmer response

Increase the storage available to the anywhere heap.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIotrEnomemory04

C0700005

Explanation

Storage could not be allocated for I/O tracing.

Programmer response

Increase the storage available to the anywhere heap.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIotrEnomemory05

C0700006

Explanation

Storage could not be allocated for I/O tracing.

Programmer response

Increase the storage available to the anywhere heap.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIotrEnomemory06

C0700007

Explanation

Storage could not be allocated for I/O tracing.

Programmer response

Increase the storage available to the anywhere heap.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIotrEnomemory07

C0700008

Explanation

Storage could not be allocated for I/O trace file name.

Programmer response

Increase the storage available to the anywhere heap.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIotrEnomemory08

C0700009

Explanation

Storage could not be allocated for I/O trace file name.

Programmer response

Increase the storage available to the anywhere heap.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIotrEnomemory09

C0700011

Explanation

I/O trace initialization attempted by invalid function.

Programmer response

Contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIotrEinval01

C0710001

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fbufsize()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__fbufsize()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf01

C0710002

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__flbf()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__flbf()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf02

C0710003

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fpending()` or `__fpending_unlocked()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__fpending()` or `__fpending_unlocked()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf03

C0710004

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__freadable()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__freadable()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf04

C0710005

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__freadahead()` or `__freadahead_unlocked()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__freadahead()` or `__freadahead_unlocked()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf05

C0710006

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__freading()` or `__freading_unlocked()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__freading()` or `__freading_unlocked()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf06

C0710007

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fwritable()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__fwritable()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf07

C0710008

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fwriting()` or `__fwriting_unlocked()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__fwriting()` or `__fwriting_unlocked()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf08

C0710009

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fpurge()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Make sure the stream pointer is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf09

C071000A

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to `__fsetlocking()` is not valid with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Pass a valid stream pointer to `__fsetlocking()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf10

C071000B

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fseterr()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(ON).

Programmer response

Make sure the stream pointer is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEbadf11

C0710011

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fbufsize()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(OFF).

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__fbufsize()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen01

C0710012

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__flbf()` function is not a valid file pointer with `POSIX(OFF)`.

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__flbf()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen02

C0710013

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fpending()` or `__fpending_unlocked()` is not a valid file pointer with `POSIX(OFF)`.

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__fpending()` or `__fpending_unlocked()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen03

C0710014

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__freadable()` function is not a valid file pointer and `posix` is not enabled.

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__freadable()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen04

C0710015

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__freadahead()` or `__freadahead_unlocked()` is not a valid file pointer with `POSIX(OFF)`.

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__freadahead()` or `__freadahead_unlocked()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen05

C0710016

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__freading()` or `__freading_unlocked()` is not a valid file pointer with `POSIX(OFF)`.

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__freading()` or `__freading_unlocked()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen06

C0710017

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fwritable()` function is not a valid file pointer with `POSIX(OFF)`.

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__fwritable()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen07

C0710018

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fwriting()` or `__fwriting_unlocked()` is not a valid file pointer with `POSIX(OFF)`.

Programmer response

Pass a valid file pointer to `__fwriting()` or `__fwriting_unlocked()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen08

C0710019

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fpurge()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(OFF).

Programmer response

Make sure the stream pointer is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen09

C071001A

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to `__fsetlocking()` is not valid with POSIX(OFF).

Programmer response

Pass a valid stream pointer to `__fsetlocking()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen10

C071001B

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fseterr()` function is not a valid file pointer with POSIX(OFF).

Programmer response

Make sure the stream pointer is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotopen11

C0710021

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__freadahead()` or `__freadahead_unlocked()` function is not currently reading.

Programmer response

A reading operation must be performed prior to calling `__freadahead()` or `__freadahead_unlocked()` or the stream must be opened for read only.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotread01

C071002A

Explanation

The stream pointer passed to the `__fpending()` or `__fpending_unlocked()` function is not currently writing.

Programmer response

A writing operation must be performed prior to calling `__fpending()` or `__fpending_unlocked()` or the stream must be opened for write or append only.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnotwrite01

C0710031

Explanation

The `__fpending()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd01

C0710032

Explanation

The `__fpending_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd02

C0710033**Explanation**

The `__freadahead()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd03

C0710034**Explanation**

The `__freadahead_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd04

C0710035**Explanation**

The `__freading()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd05

C0710036**Explanation**

The `__freading_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd06

C0710037**Explanation**

The `__fwriting()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd07

C0710038**Explanation**

The `__fwriting_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd08

C0710039**Explanation**

The `__fpurge()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd09

C071003A**Explanation**

The `__fpurge_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd10

C071003B

Explanation

The `__fsetlocking()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEwrongthd11

C0710041

Explanation

The type parameter passed to `__fsetlocking()` is not valid.

Programmer response

Pass a valid type parameter as defined in `stdio_ext.h` to `__fsetlocking()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEinval01

C0710051

Explanation

A stream was passed to the `__fpurge()` function that is not supported by the function. `__fpurge()` only allows the purging of UNIX files.

Programmer response

Correct the application so that it does not attempt to use `__fpurge()` on streams that are not UNIX files.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnocando01

C0710052

Explanation

An invalid Record Descriptor Word (RDW) was encountered while processing a variable-format data set during an `__freadahead()` call.

Programmer response

Validate record data in the data set is accurate.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEnocando02

C0710061

Explanation

The file is open with `type=record` and an attempt was made to get the number of bytes or wide characters pending to be written using `__fpending()`. Byte I/O is not allowed on files open `type=record`.

Programmer response

Remove `type=record` from the `fopen()` mode argument and use byte I/O functions to write the file if you desire the number of bytes or wide characters pending to be written.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeErecio01

C0710062

Explanation

The file is open with `type=record` and an attempt was made to get the number of bytes or wide characters left to read from the buffer using `__freadahead()`. Byte I/O is not allowed on files open `type=record`.

Programmer response

Remove `type=record` from the `fopen()` mode argument and use byte I/O functions to read the file if you desire the number of bytes or wide characters to be read.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeErecio02

C0710071

Explanation

The file is open with `type=blocked` and an attempt was made to get the number of bytes or wide characters

pending to be written using `__fpending()`. Byte I/O is not allowed on files open `type=blocked`.

Programmer response

Remove `type=blocked` from the `fopen()` mode argument and use byte I/O functions to write the file if you desire the number of bytes or wide characters pending to be written.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEblkio01

C0710072

Explanation

The file is open with `type=blocked` and an attempt was made to get the number of bytes or wide characters left to read from the buffer using `__freadahead()`. Byte I/O is not allowed on files open `type=blocked`.

Programmer response

Remove `type=blocked` from the `fopen()` mode argument and use byte I/O functions to read the file if you desire the number of bytes or wide characters to be read.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFioeEblkio02

C0720001

Explanation

The request size is not a multiple of one record length.

Programmer response

Correct the size specified, change to a size of multiple of one record length.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadarg01

C072000A

Explanation

Byte I/O is not allowed for blocked I/O files.

Programmer response

use `fread()` to read a blocked I/O file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Eblkio01

C072000B

Explanation

Byte I/O is not allowed for blocked I/O files.

Programmer response

use `fwrite()` to write a blocked I/O file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Eblkio02

C072000C

Explanation

Byte I/O is not allowed for blocked I/O files.

Programmer response

use `fread()` to read a blocked I/O file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Eblkio03

C072000D

Explanation

Byte I/O is not allowed for blocked I/O files.

Programmer response

use `fwrite()` to write a blocked I/O file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Eblkio04

C0720016

Explanation

The capacity specified to write is more than a whole block, data was truncated.

Programmer response

Correct the size specified, change to a size no more than `blksize`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Etruncblk01

C0720017

Explanation

The capacity specified to write is more than a whole block, data was truncated.

Programmer response

Correct the size specified, change to a size no more than blksize.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Etruncblk02

C0720020

Explanation

The ftello() function was called to get the current file position for an OS file under blocked I/O. The block offset exceeds the maximum value that can be returned. The block offset limit is LONGLONG_MAX.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Eftell01

C0720029

Explanation

A request was made to reposition a file while seeking not allowed. A file opened noseek can only be repositioned using rewind().

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure reposition is requested only when seeking is allowed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Enoseek01

C0720032

Explanation

The input position is not correct

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure that a valid position is specified.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadfpos01

C0720033

Explanation

The input position is format TTTR and using large block tokens, but the current file stream is not.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadfpos02

C0720034

Explanation

The input position is not correct.

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure that a valid position is specified.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadfpos03

C072003F

Explanation

The fseek() or fseeko() function was called to relatively reposition with an offset greater than LONG_MAX in an OS data set using blocked I/O. The run-time supports data sets up to LONG_MAX blocks in size. Repositioning beyond LONG_MAX blocks is unsupported.

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure the relative offset is not greater than LONG_MAX.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadseek01

C0720040

Explanation

Attempting to seek to before the first block is not permitted.

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure the requested position is not before the BOF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadseek02

C0720041

Explanation

Attempting to seek to past the EOF is not permitted.

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure the requested position is not beyond the EOF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadseek03

C0720042

Explanation

Attempting to seek to before the first block is not permitted.

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure the requested position is not before BOF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadseek04

C0720043

Explanation

Attempting to seek to past the EOF is not permitted.

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure the requested position is not beyond EOF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadseek05

C0720044

Explanation

Attempting to seek to before the first block is not permitted.

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure the requested position is not before the BOF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadseek06

C0720045

Explanation

Input Whence to fseek() is not correct.

Programmer response

Correct the application to specify a valid Whence

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadseek07

C0720046

Explanation

Attempting to seek to past the EOF is not permitted.

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure the requested position is not beyond the EOF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebadseek08

C0720050

Explanation

Attempting to seek to before the first block is not permitted.

Programmer response

Correct the application to assure the requested position is not before BOF.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Ebeforebof01

C0720059

Explanation

Current block position is not available

Programmer response

Contact IBM support.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Eutility01

C0720060

Explanation

PDS member cannot be extended if opened for update.

Programmer response

Correct the application. Only write mode is supported to extend a PDS member.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcP131Eextend01

C112000C

Explanation

The thread argument to pthread_create() was NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the thread argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPc__Einval01

C1120015

Explanation

The pthread_create() function was called in the child of a multithread fork(). This is not supported.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPc__Elemultithreadfork01

C1180045

Explanation

The mutex is not owned by the calling thread.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Einval22

C1180046

Explanation

Argument abstime is null

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Einval23

C1180047

Explanation

Argument abstime is null

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Einval24

C1180048

Explanation

Address exception while reference cond argument

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Einval25

C1180049

Explanation

Invalid mutex object

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival26

C118004A

Explanation

Argument tv_sec not invald

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival27

C118004B

Explanation

Argument tv_nsec not invalid

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival28

C118004C

Explanation

Another mutex has been associated with this cond object

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival29

C118004D

Explanation

The mutex is not owned by the calling thread.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival30

C118004E

Explanation

Mutex not initialized

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival31

C118006C

Explanation

Insufficient memory exists to associate the thread specific data with the key.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival61

C118007D

Explanation

Argument cond not initialized

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival78

C1180081

Explanation

Length of applid exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct applid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival82

C1180082

Explanation

Length of password exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct password.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival83

C1180083

Explanation

Length of userid exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct userid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival84

C1180084

Explanation

Length of applid exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct applid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival85

C1180085

Explanation

argument abstime is null

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival86

C1180086

Explanation

Argument abstime is null

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival87

C1180087

Explanation

Argument cond not initialized

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival88

C1180088

Explanation

Address exception while reference cond argument

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival89

C1180089

Explanation

Invalid Mutex Object

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival90

C118008A

Explanation

Argument tv_sec is not valid

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Eival91

C118008B

Explanation

Argument tv_nsec is not valid

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Einval92

C118008C

Explanation

Another mutex has been associated with this cond object

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Einval93

C118008D

Explanation

The mutex is not owned by the calling thread.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Einval94

C118008E

Explanation

Mutex not initialized

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Einval95

C1180099

Explanation

Unable to allocate storage for fork handler list.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Enomem10

C118009A

Explanation

Unable to allocate storage for fork handler list.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Enomem11

C11800A8

Explanation

Time out

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Etimedout01

C11800A9

Explanation

Time out

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr3Etimedout02

C20F000B

Explanation

The conversion was unable to allocate layout buffers for the Bidi shaping transformation.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWcstEnomem01

C20F000C

Explanation

The conversion was unable to allocate layout buffers for the Bidi shaping transformation.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWcstEnomem02

C20F000D

Explanation

The conversion was unable to allocate layout buffers for the Bidi shaping transformation.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWcstEnomem03

C20F000E

Explanation

The conversion was unable to allocate layout buffers for the Bidi shaping transformation.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWcstEnomem04

C20F0014

Explanation

The conversion was unable to allocate layout buffers for the Bidi shaping transformation.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWcstEnomem10

C2100001

Explanation

Locale name ending in .xplink requested. In AMODE64, applications must use AMODE64 locales.

Programmer response

Refer to the XL C/C++ Programming Guide for an explanation of locale naming conventions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcStlcHEinval01

C2100002

Explanation

Locale name ending in .lp64 requested. AMODE64 locales are only supported in AMODE64 environments.

Programmer response

Refer to the XL C/C++ Programming Guide for an explanation of locale naming conventions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcStlcHEinval02

C2100003

Explanation

Locale name ending in .xplink requested. In AMODE64, applications must use AMODE64 locales.

Programmer response

Refer to the XL C/C++ Programming Guide for an explanation of locale naming conventions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcStlcHEinval03

C2100004

Explanation

Locale name ending in .lp64 requested. AMODE64 locales are only supported in AMODE64 environments.

Programmer response

Refer to the XL C/C++ Programming Guide for an explanation of locale naming conventions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcStlcHEinval04

C2290001

Explanation

The input pointer to the number of seconds since the Epoch is either missing or points to a negative value.

Programmer response

Give `gmtime()` a valid pointer as input.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow01

C2290002

Explanation

The input number of seconds represents a date that converts to a year greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Check the input value passed to `gmtime()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow02

C2290003

Explanation

The input pointer to the number of seconds since the Epoch is either missing or points to a negative value.

Programmer response

Give `localtime()` a valid pointer as input.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow03

C2290004

Explanation

The difference between the number of seconds and the time zone offset is not representable in a `tm` structure

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed to as input to `localtime()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow04

C2290005

Explanation

The input arg to `localtime()` points to a number of seconds that converts to a year greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed to as input to `localtime()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow05

C2290006

Explanation

The input arg to `localtime()` points to a number of seconds that converts to a year greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed to as input to `localtime()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow06

C2290007

Explanation

The adjusted local time cannot be represented in a `time_t`.

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed to as input to `localtime()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow07

C2290008

Explanation

The input arg to `localtime()` points to a number of seconds that converts to a year greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed to as input to `localtime()`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow08

C2290009

Explanation

The input pointer to the number of seconds since the Epoch is either missing or points to a negative value.

Programmer response

Give localtime64() a valid pointer as input.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow09

C229000A

Explanation

The difference between the number of seconds and the time zone offset is not representable in a tm structure

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed to as input to localtime64().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow10

C229000B

Explanation

The input arg to localtime64() points to a number of seconds that converts to a year greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed to as input to localtime64().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow11

C229000C

Explanation

The input arg to localtime64() points to a number of seconds that converts to a year greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed to as input to localtime64().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow12

C229000D

Explanation

The adjusted local time cannot be represented in a time64_t.

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed to as input to localtime64().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow13

C229000E

Explanation

The input arg to localtime64() points to a number of seconds that converts to a year greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed to as input to localtime64().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow14

C229000F

Explanation

The input pointer to the number of seconds since the Epoch is either missing or points to a negative value.

Programmer response

Give gmtime64() a valid pointer as input.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow15

C2290010

Explanation

The input number of seconds represents a date that converts to a year greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Check the input value passed to gmtime64().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGmtmEoverflow16

C22C0005

Explanation

An invalid conversion descriptor was used

Programmer response

Correct the conversion descriptor and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEbadf05

C22C0006

Explanation

An invalid conversion handle was used.

Programmer response

Correct the conversion handle and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEbadf06

C22C0007

Explanation

The storage trying to be free()'ed is NULL.

Programmer response

Fix the conversion handle and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEbadf07

C22C0008

Explanation

The storage trying to be free()'ed is NULL.

Programmer response

Fix the conversion handle and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEbadf08

C22C0009

Explanation

The storage trying to be free()'ed is NULL.

Programmer response

Fix the conversion descriptor and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEbadf09

C22C001C

Explanation

The from CCSID cannot be determined.

Programmer response

The from converter name is invalid. Fix it and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEinval16

C22C001D

Explanation

The to CCSID cannot be determined.

Programmer response

The to converter name is invalid. Fix it and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEinval17

C22C001E

Explanation

Either Unicode Services does not support conversion between the specified character sets or else the Unicode Services environment is not properly configured.

Programmer response

Refer to the Unicode Services User's Guide and Reference (SA22-7649) to make sure that the conversion is supported and that the Unicode Services data sets are installed and catalogued correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEinval18

C22C001F

Explanation

An invalid outbuf pointer or pointer to outbuf was used.

Programmer response

Correct the pointer and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEinval19

C22C0030

Explanation

malloc() failed.

Programmer response

Free up system memory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEnomem04

C22C0031

Explanation

malloc() failed.

Programmer response

Free up system memory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEnomem05

C22C0032

Explanation

malloc() failed.

Programmer response

Free up system memory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntEnomem06

C22C0040

Explanation

The convert to characters will not fit in the outbuf.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the outbuf and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIcntE2big01

C2340001

Explanation

The year is less than 1969 or greater than 2037.

Programmer response

Adjust the year in the input tm structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMktmEoverflow01

C2340002

Explanation

The computed year is greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Adjust the year in the input tm structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMktmEoverflow02

C2340003

Explanation

The computed year is greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Adjust the year in the input tm structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMktmEoverflow03

C2340004

Explanation

The computed year is greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Adjust the year in the input tm structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMktmEoverflow04

C2340005

Explanation

The date computed from the broken-down time input to the mktime() function exceeds year 2037 (AMODE31) or 9999 (AMODE64).

Programmer response

Adjust the values in the input tm structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMktmEoverflow05

C2340006

Explanation

The year is less than 1969 or greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Adjust the year in the input tm structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMktmEoverflow06

C2340007

Explanation

The computed year is greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Adjust the year in the input tm structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMktmEoverflow07

C2340008

Explanation

The computed year is greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Adjust the year in the input tm structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMktmEoverflow08

C2340009

Explanation

The computed year is greater than 9999.

Programmer response

Adjust the year in the input tm structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMktmEoverflow09

C234000A

Explanation

The date computed from the broken-down time input to the mktime64() function exceeds year 9999.

Programmer response

Adjust the values in the input tm structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMktmEoverflow10

C2410001

Explanation

XPLINK locales are only supported in xplink environments.

Programmer response

Refer to the XL C/C++ Programming Guide for an explanation of locale naming conventions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcStclEinval01

C2410002

Explanation

AMODE64 locales are only supported in AMODE64 environments.

Programmer response

Refer to the XL C/C++ Programming Guide for an explanation of locale naming conventions.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcStclEinvl02

C2430001

Explanation

The system time of day (TOD) clock is in error, stoppped, or in a non-operational state. The time() function fails and processing continues.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcTimeEmvstodnotset01

C2430002

Explanation

The system time of day (TOD) clock is in error, stoppped, or in a non-operational state. The time() function fails and processing continues.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcTimeEmvstodnotset02

C2430003

Explanation

The system time of day (TOD) clock is in error, stoppped, or in a non-operational state. The time64() function fails and processing continues.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcTimeEmvstodnotset03

C2430004

Explanation

The system time of day (TOD) clock is in error, stoppped, or in a non-operational state. The time64() function fails and processing continues.

Programmer response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcTimeEmvstodnotset04

C25F0001

Explanation

A conversion was attempted using a non-supported ccsid.

Programmer response

Correct the ccsid and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgebadf01

C25F000A

Explanation

An unexpected error was encountered from Unicode Services.

Programmer response

A return and reason code will be issued.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgecunerr01

C25F0013

Explanation

Unicode Services issued a CUN_RS_NO_CONVERSION error.

Programmer response

Refer to Unicode Services pub for action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgecunnoconv01

C25F001C

Explanation

A CUN_RS_NO_UNI_ENV error was issued by Unicode Services.

Programmer response

Refer to Unicode Services pub for action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgeCunnoenv01

C25F0025**Explanation**

Unicode Services issued a CUN_RS_TABLE_NOT_ALIGNED error.

Programmer response

Refer to Unicode Services pub for action.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgeCunnotaligned01

C25F002E**Explanation**

An invalid character was encountered in the input buffer.

Programmer response

Correct the character in the input buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgeIilseq01

C25F0037**Explanation**

malloc failed.

Programmer response

Free up system memory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgeEnomemory01

C25F0038**Explanation**

malloc failed.

Programmer response

Free up system memory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgeEnomemory02

C25F0040**Explanation**

The size of the output buffer is too small.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the output buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgeE2big01

C25F0041**Explanation**

The size of the output buffer is too small.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the output buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgeE2big02

C25F0042**Explanation**

The size of the output buffer is too small.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the output buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgeE2big03

C25F0048**Explanation**

An incomplete character was encountered in input buffer.

Programmer response

Correct the character in the input buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcCdpgEival01

C2600001

Explanation

An invalid conversion descriptor was used

Programmer response

Correct the conversion descriptor and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEbadf01

C2600002

Explanation

An invalid conversion handle was used.

Programmer response

Correct the conversion handle and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEbadf02

C2600003

Explanation

The storage trying to be free()'ed is NULL.

Programmer response

Fix the conversion handle and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEbadf03

C2600004

Explanation

The storage trying to be free()'ed is NULL.

Programmer response

Fix the conversion handle and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEbadf04

C2600005

Explanation

The storage trying to be free()'ed is NULL.

Programmer response

Fix the conversion descriptor and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEbadf05

C260000E

Explanation

An invalid outbuf pointer or pointer to outbuf was used.

Programmer response

Correct the pointer and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEival01

C260000F

Explanation

The from CCSID cannot be determined.

Programmer response

The from converter name is invalid. Fix it and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEival02

C2600010

Explanation

The to CCSID cannot be determined.

Programmer response

The to converter name is invalid. Fix it and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEival03

C2600011

Explanation

Conversion to/from the character sets specified is not supported.

Programmer response

Use a supported to/from character set and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEinval04

C260001A**Explanation**

malloc() failed.

Programmer response

Free up system memory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEnomem01

C260001B**Explanation**

malloc() failed.

Programmer response

Free up system memory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEnomem02

C260001C**Explanation**

malloc() failed.

Programmer response

Free up system memory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzEnomem03

C2600025**Explanation**

The convert to characters will not fit in the outbuf.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the outbuf and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcZzzzE2big01

C3030001**Explanation**

The output value exponent caused overflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct exponent for input values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sclErang01

C3030002**Explanation**

The output values caused underflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct input values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sclErang02

C3030003**Explanation**

The output value exponent caused overflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct exponent for input values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sclErang03

C3030004**Explanation**

The output values caused underflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct input values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sclErange04

C3030005

Explanation

The output value exponent caused overflow.

Programmer response

Specify corect exponent for input values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sclErange05

C3030006

Explanation

The output values caused underflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct input values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sclErange06

C3031001

Explanation

The input value of log10() was negative, a domain error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcflg1Edom01

C303100A

Explanation

The input value of log10() was equal to 0.0, a pole error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a positive double type number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcflg1Erange01

C30A0001

Explanation

The input value of log2l() was less than 0.0, a domain error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a positive long double number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlg2Edom01

C30A000A

Explanation

The input value of log2l() was equal to 0.0, a pole error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a positive long double number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlg2Erange01

C3101001

Explanation

The result overflowed.

Programmer response

Change the value of x or n.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSsbnErange01

C3101002

Explanation

The result overflowed.

Programmer response

Change the value of x or n

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSsbnErRange02

C3110001

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was too large

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is within range for this function

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0expErRange01

C3110002

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was too small

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is within range for this function

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0expErRange02

C3110003

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was too large

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is within range for this function

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0expErRange03

C3110004

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was too large

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is within range for this function

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0expErRange04

C3110005

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was too small

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is within range for this function

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0expErRange05

C3110006

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was too large

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is within range for this function

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0expErRange06

C3110007

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was too large

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is within range for this function

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0expErRange07

C3110008

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was too small

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is within range for this function

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0expErange08

C3120001

Explanation

The Decimal Floating Point argument is not valid.

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is valid for this function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0logEdom01

C3120002

Explanation

The Decimal Floating Point argument is not valid.

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is valid for this function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0logEdom02

C3120003

Explanation

The Decimal Floating Point argument is not valid.

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is valid for this function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0logEdom03

C3131001

Explanation

The input value of log1p() function was out of reasonable input range, a domain error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a double number that greater than -1.0.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcfl1pEdom01

C313100A

Explanation

The input value of log1p() was equal to -1.0, a pole error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a double number that greater than -1.0.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcfl1pErange01

C3200001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0achEdom01

C3200002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0achEdom02

C3200003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0achEdom03

C3231001

Explanation

The first input value of `pow()` was less than 0.0, while the second one was non-integer, a domain error happened.

Programmer response

Specify reasonable input values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcfpowEdom01

C323100A

Explanation

The first argument of `pow()` was equal to 0.0, while the second one was less than 0.0, a pole error happened.

Programmer response

Specify reasonable input values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcfpowErangle01

C323100B

Explanation

The result of `pow()` causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcfpowErangle02

C323100C

Explanation

The result of `pow()` causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcfpowErangle03

C323100D

Explanation

The result of `pow()` causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcfpowErangle04

C32A0001

Explanation

The input value of `log1pl()` was less than -1.0, a domain error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a long double number that greater than -1.0.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlgpEdom01

C32A000A

Explanation

The input value of `log1pl()` was equal to -1.0, a pole error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a long double number that greater than -1.0.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlgpErangle01

C3300001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0acsEdom01

C3330002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0acsEdom02

C3330003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0acsEdom03

C3330001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sinEdom01

C3330002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sinEdom02

C3330003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sinEdom03

C3330004

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sinEdom04

C3330005

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sinEdom05

C3330006

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sinEdom06

C33A0002**Explanation**

The input value of `logl()` was less than 0.0, a domain error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a positive long double number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlogEdom02

C33A000A**Explanation**

The input value specified for `x` for the `logl()` function was zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlogErange01

C3410001**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOfmdEdom01

C3410002**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOfmdEdom02

C3410003**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOfmdEdom03

C3410004**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOfmdEdom04

C3410005**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOfmdEdom05

C3410006**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOfmdEdom06

C3430001**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0snhErang01

C3430002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0snhErang02

C3430003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0snhErang03

C3430004

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0snhErang04

C3430005

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0snhErang05

C3430006

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0snhErang06

C34A0001

Explanation

Range error in llround funct, argument is too big.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlrdErang01

C34A0002

Explanation

Range error in llroundl funct, argument is too small.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlrdErang02

C34A0003

Explanation

Range error in llroundl funct, argument is too big.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlrdErang03

C34A0004

Explanation

Range error in llroundf, argument is too big.

Programmer response**Symbolic Feedback Code**

JrEdcLlrdErang04

C3500001**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0asnEdom01

C3500002**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0asnEdom02

C3500003**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0asnEdom03

C3600001**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0at2Edom01

C3600002**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0at2Edom02

C3600003**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0at2Edom03

C3630001**Explanation**

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was negative

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is a non-negative
Decimal Floating Point number

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sqstEdom01

C3630002**Explanation**

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was negative

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is a non-negative
Decimal Floating Point number

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sqEdom02

C3630003

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was negative

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is a non-negative
Decimal Floating Point number

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0sqEdom03

C3650001

Explanation

The number passed to exp2() is greater than the
maximum allowed.

Programmer response

Pass in a number in range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExp2Erange01

C3650002

Explanation

The number passed to exp2() is less than the minimum
allowed.

Programmer response

Pass in a number in range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExp2Erange02

C3730001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0tanEdom01

C3730002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0tanEdom02

C3730003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0tanEdom03

C3750001

Explanation

The result of atan2f() causes an underflow, a range
error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange01

C3750002

Explanation

The result of coshf() causes an overflow, a range error
happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange02

C3750003**Explanation**

The result of expf() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange03

C3750004**Explanation**

The result of expf() causes an underflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange04

C3750005**Explanation**

The result of ldexpf() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange05

C3750006**Explanation**

The result of ldexpf() causes an underflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange06

C3750007**Explanation**

The result of powf() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange07

C3750008**Explanation**

The result of powf() causes an underflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange08

C3750009**Explanation**

The result of sinh() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange09

C375000A**Explanation**

The result of sinh() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange10

C375000B**Explanation**

The result of sinh() causes an underflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange11

C375000C**Explanation**

The result of tanf() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange12

C375000D**Explanation**

The result of tanf() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange13

C375000E**Explanation**

The result of tanf() causes an underflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange14

C375000F**Explanation**

The result of cotanf() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange15

C3750010**Explanation**

The result of exp2f() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange16

C3750011**Explanation**

The result of exp2f() causes an underflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange17

C3750012**Explanation**

The result of expm1f() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange18

C3750013**Explanation**

The result of hypotf() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange19

C3750014**Explanation**

The result of lgammaf() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange20

C3750015**Explanation**

The result of tgammaf() causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange21

C3750016**Explanation**

The input value specified for x for the logf() function was zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange22

C3750017**Explanation**

The input value of log10f() was equal to 0.0, a pole error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a positive float type number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange23

C3750018**Explanation**

The input value of log1pf() was equal to -1.0, a pole error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a float number that greater than -1.0.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcF2d_Erange24

C3810001**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOgmaEdom01

C3810002**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0gmaEdom02

C3810003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0gmaEdom03

C3810004

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0gmaEdom04

C3810005

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0gmaEdom05

C3810006

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0gmaEdom06

C381000F

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0gmaErang01

C3810010

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0gmaErang02

C3810011

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0gmaErang03

C3810012

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0gmaErang04

C3810013**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOgmaErangE05

C3810014**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOgmaErangE06

C3810015**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOgmaErangE07

C3810016**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOgmaErangE08

C3810017**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOgmaErangE09

C3810018**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOgmaErangE10

C3810019**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOgmaErangE11

C381001A**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOgmaErangE12

C38F0001**Explanation**

The value of x = 0.

Programmer response

Adjust the value of x.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSilbEdom01

C38F0002

Explanation

The value of x is INF or NaN.

Programmer response

Adjust the value of x.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSilbEdom02

C3910001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0hypErang01

C3910002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0hypErang02

C3910003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0hypErang03

C3910004

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0hypErang04

C3910005

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0hypErang05

C3920001

Explanation

The input value specified for x was zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0nxaErang01

C3920002

Explanation

The input values in a call to nextafterd32() caused overflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0nxaErang02

C3920003**Explanation**

The input values in a call to `nextafterd32()` caused underflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0nxaErang03

C3920004**Explanation**

The input value specified for `x` was zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0nxaErang04

C3920005**Explanation**

The input values in a call to `nextafterd64()` caused overflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0nxaErang05

C3920006**Explanation**

The input values in a call to `nextafterd64()` caused underflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0nxaErang06

C3920007**Explanation**

The input value specified for `x` was zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0nxaErang07

C3920008**Explanation**

The input values in a call to `nextafterd128()` caused overflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0nxaErang08

C3920009**Explanation**

The input values in a call to `nextafterd32()` caused underflow.

Programmer response

Specify correct input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0nxaErang09

C395000D**Explanation**

The rounding mode specified in `envp` is not valid.

Programmer response

Check the specified rounding mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFenvEintval13

C395000E

Explanation

The specified rounding mode is not valid.

Programmer response

Check the specified rounding mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFenvEinval14

C395000F

Explanation

The rounding mode specified in envp is not valid.

Programmer response

Check the specified rounding mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFenvEinval15

C3950018

Explanation

The rounding mode stored in the FPC register is not the same that the one specified by the user.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFenvEmvserr01

C3950019

Explanation

The rounding mode stored in the FPC register is not the same that the one specified by the user.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFenvEmvserr02

C3950020

Explanation

The rounding mode stored in the FPC register is not the same that the one specified by the user.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFenvEmvserr03

C39A0001

Explanation

The input value of $\log_2()/\log_2f()$ was less than 0.0, a domain error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a positive double/float number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLog2Edom01

C39A000A

Explanation

The input value of $\log_2()/\log_2f()$ was equal to 0.0, a pole error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a positive double/float number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLog2Erang01

C3A00001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcOcosEdom01

C3A00002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cosEdom02

C3A00003**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cosEdom03

C3A00004**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cosEdom04

C3A00005**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cosEdom05

C3A00006**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cosEdom06

C3A10001**Explanation**

The input value specified is not a number.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ilbEdom01

C3A10002**Explanation**

The input value specified is infinity.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ilbEdom02

C3A10003**Explanation**

The input value specified zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ilbEdom03

C3A10004**Explanation**

The input value specified is not a number.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ilbEdom04

C3A10005

Explanation

The input value specified is infinity.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ilbEdom05

C3A10006

Explanation

The input value specified zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ilbEdom06

C3A10007

Explanation

The input value specified is not a number.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ilbEdom07

C3A10008

Explanation

The input value specified is infinity.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ilbEdom08

C3A10009

Explanation

The input value specified zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ilbEdom09

C3A30001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xp2Erange01

C3A30002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xp2Erange02

C3A30003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xp2Erange03

C3A30004

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xp2Erang04

C3A30005**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xp2Erang05

C3A30006**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xp2Erang06

C3A30007**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xp2Erang07

C3A30008**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xp2Erang08

C3A30009**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xp2Erang09

C3A60001**Explanation**

The number passed to llround() is not in the valid range.

Programmer response

Pass in a number in range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcHlrdErang01

C3A60002**Explanation**

The number passed to llroundl() is less than the minimum value allowed.

Programmer response

Pass in a number in range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcHlrdErang02

C3A60003**Explanation**

The number passed to llroundl() is greater than the maximum value allowed.

Programmer response

Pass in a number in range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcHlrdErang03

C3A60004**Explanation**

The number passed to llroundl() is greater than the maximum value allowed.

Programmer response

Pass in a number in range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcHlrdErang04

C3A60005**Explanation**

The number passed to llroundf() is less than the minimum value allowed.

Programmer response

Pass in a number in range.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcHlrdErang05

C3B10001**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0l1pEdom01

C3B10002**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0l1pEdom02

C3B10003**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0l1pEdom03

C3B30001**Explanation**

Input Decimal Floating Point value was not valid

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyEdom01

C3B30002**Explanation**

Input Decimal Floating Point value was not valid

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyEdom02

C3B30003**Explanation**

Input Decimal Floating Point value was not valid

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyEdom03

C3B3000C

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point value was not valid

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyErangle01

C3B3000D

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point argument was too large

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is within range for this function

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyErangle02

C3B3000E

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point caused overflow or underflow

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyErangle03

C3B3000F

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point value was not valid

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyErangle04

C3B30010

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point caused overflow or underflow

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyErangle05

C3B30011

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point caused overflow or underflow

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyErangle06

C3B30012

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point value was not valid

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyErangle07

C3B30013

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point caused overflow or underflow

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyErang08

C3B30014

Explanation

Input Decimal Floating Point caused overflow or underflow

Programmer response

Make sure to use the proper input values

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0xpyErang09

C3B90001

Explanation

Domain error in fmodl() function: Division by 0 is undef.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLfmdEdom01

C3B90002

Explanation

Domain error in fmodl() function: Division by 0 is undef.

Programmer response

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLfmdEdom02

C3C00001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cshErang01

C3C00002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cshErang02

C3C00003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cshErang03

C3C00004

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cshErang04

C3C00005

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cshErang05

C3C00006

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0cshErang06

C3C10001**Explanation**

The Decimal Floating Point input argument was not valid.

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is valid for this function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lg1Edom01

C3C10002**Explanation**

The Decimal Floating Point input argument was not valid.

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is valid for this function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lg1Edom02

C3C10003**Explanation**

The Decimal Floating Point input argument was not valid.

Programmer response

Make sure the input argument is valid for this function.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lg1Edom03

C3C20001**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0remEdom01

C3C20002**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0remEdom02

C3C20003**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0remEdom03

C3C20004**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0remEdom04

C3C20005**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0remEdom05

C3C20006**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0remEdom06

C3CA0001**Explanation**

The first input value of `powl()` was less than 0.0, while the second one was non-integer, a domain error happened.

Programmer response

Specify reasonable input values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLpowEdom01

C3CA000A**Explanation**

The result of `powl()` causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLpowErangle01

C3CA000B**Explanation**

The result of `powl()` causes an underflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLpowErangle02

C3CA000C**Explanation**

The result of `powl()` causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLpowErangle03

C3CA000D**Explanation**

The result of `powl()` causes an underflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLpowErangle04

C3CA000E**Explanation**

The result of `powl()` causes an overflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLpowErangle05

C3CA000F**Explanation**

The result of `powl()` causes an underflow, a range error happened.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLpowErange06

C3CA0010**Explanation**

The first argument of `powl()` was equal to 0.0, while the second one was less than 0.0, a pole error happened.

Programmer response

Specify reasonable input values.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLpowErange07

C3D00001**Explanation**

The result of a call to `fdim32()` is out of the range.

Programmer response

Correct the input values in this call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0dimErange01

C3D00002**Explanation**

The result of a call to `fdim64()` is out of the range.

Programmer response

Correct the input values in this call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0dimErange02

C3D00003**Explanation**

The result of a call to `fdim128()` is out of the range.

Programmer response

Correct the input values in this call.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0dimErange03

C3D10001**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lg2Edom01

C3D10002**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lg2Edom02

C3D10003**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lg2Edom03

C3D20001**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0rmqEdom01

C3D20002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0rmqEdom02

C3D20003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0rmqEdom03

C3D20004

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0rmqEdom04

C3D20005

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0rmqEdom05

C3D20006

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0rmqEdom06

C3E00001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0em1Erang01

C3E00002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0em1Erang02

C3E00004

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0em1Erang04

C3E00006

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0em1Erang06

C3E10001**Explanation**

The input value specified zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lgbEdom01

C3E10002**Explanation**

The input value specified zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lgbEdom02

C3E10003**Explanation**

The input value specified zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lgbEdom03

C3E21001**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0qxpEdom01

C3E21002**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0qxpEdom02

C3E21003**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0qxpEdom03

C3E21004**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0qxpEdom04

C3E21005**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0qxpEdom05

C3E21006

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0qxpEdom06

C3F00001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ercErangle01

C3F00002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ercErangle02

C3F00003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ercErangle03

C3F00004

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0ercErangle04

C3F10001

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lgmErangle01

C3F10002

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lgmErangle02

C3F10003

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lgmErangle03

C3F10004

Explanation

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lgmErang04

C3F10005**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lgmErang05

C3F10006**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lgmErang06

C3F10007**Explanation**

The input parameter is out of range.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input parameter value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdc0lgmErang07

C3F21001**Explanation**

The input value specified for x for the log() function was zero.

Programmer response

Specify a correct input value.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcflogErang01

C3F90001**Explanation**

The input value of log10l() function was out of reasonable input range, a domain error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a positive long double type number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlg1Edom01

C3F9000B**Explanation**

The input value of log10l() was equal to 0.0, a pole error happened.

Programmer response

To avoid this error, specify a reasonable input value which should be a positive long double type number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLlg1Erang01

C3FF0001**Explanation**

The result overflowed.

Programmer response

Change the values of x or y.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSnxaErang01

C4030020**Explanation**

An error was detected during a call to dlopen() - a 64-bit caller tried to load a 31-bit dll.

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3G4 (message CEE3588S) for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDlopDlmode6401

C4030021

Explanation

An error was detected during a call to dlopen() - a 31-bit caller tried to load a 64-bit dll.

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3G4 (message CEE3588S) for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDlopDlmode6401

C112001F

Explanation

Multithread is not supported when 31/64 interoperability.

Programmer response

Do not use multithreading in this scenario.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPc__Eagain01

C4070001

Explanation

An error was detected during a call to fetch().

Programmer response

The errno decimal value is adjusted by +100000. Subtract 100000 to find the CEE message number that is associated with the failure. See Language Environment Run-Time Messages for more information. Contact IBM if you are not able to resolve the problem.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchE__lemap01

C407000A

Explanation

The program called release(). The fetch pointer passed as the argument was NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEinval01

C407000B

Explanation

The program called release(). The fetch pointer passed as the argument was not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the argument. Ensure that the fetch pointer is active and valid. If you cannot correct the problem, contact your service representative, as this may be an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEinval02

C407000C

Explanation

The program called release(). The fetch pointer passed as the argument was not valid. The fetch pointer refers to an internal control structure whose address was not found.

Programmer response

Correct the argument. Ensure that the fetch pointer is active and valid. If you cannot correct the problem, contact your service representative, as this may be an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEinval03

C407000D

Explanation

The program called release(). The fetch pointer passed as the argument was not valid. The fetch pointer refers to an internal control structure whose address was found, but is marked not active.

Programmer response

Correct the argument. Ensure that the fetch pointer is active and valid. If you cannot correct the problem, contact your service representative, as this may be an internal error.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEintval04

C4070020

Explanation

Storage could not be obtained during a call to fetch().

Programmer response

Ensure sufficient storage is available or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEnomem02

C4070021

Explanation

Storage could not be obtained during a call to fetch().

Programmer response

Ensure sufficient storage is available or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEnomem03

C4070022

Explanation

Storage could not be obtained during a call to fetch().

Programmer response

Ensure sufficient storage is available or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEnomem04

C4070023

Explanation

Storage could not be obtained during a call to fetch().

Programmer response

Ensure sufficient storage is available or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEnomem05

C4070024

Explanation

Storage could not be obtained during a call to release().

Programmer response

Ensure sufficient storage is available or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEnomem06

C4070025

Explanation

Storage could not be obtained during a call to fetchep().

Programmer response

Ensure sufficient storage is available or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEnomem07

C4070026

Explanation

Storage could not be obtained during a call to fetchep().

Programmer response

Ensure sufficient storage is available or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEnomem08

C4070027**Explanation**

Storage could not be obtained during a call to fetchep().

Programmer response

Ensure sufficient storage is available or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEnomem09

C4070028**Explanation**

Storage could not be obtained during a call to fetchep().

Programmer response

Ensure sufficient storage is available or contact your service representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchEnomem10

C4070031**Explanation**

The program called fetch() to load a module. The application is not running in an XPLINK environment, but attempted to fetch an XPLINK program object. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Either run under XPLINK(ON) or change the application so that it does not fetch an XPLINK program object.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFbadxplink01

C4070032**Explanation**

The program called fetch() to load a module. The application is not running in an XPLINK environment, but attempted to fetch a program object containing a

combination of XPLINK and non-XPLINK code. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the application. You cannot mix XPLINK and non-XPLINK in the same program object.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFbadxplink02

C407003B**Explanation**

The program called fetch() to load a module. The load failed.

Programmer response

Check the JOBLLOG for additional messages. Check the original abend from the operating system and refer to the underlying operating system message manual for explanation and programmer response. The module name specified in the message may have been truncated for display purposes. See messages EDC5241S and CEE3503S for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFcfailed01

C4070044**Explanation**

The program called fetch() to load a module. The module was not found.

Programmer response

Make sure the program is loading the correct module. Make sure the proper libraries are available to the program. See messages EDC5239S and CEE3501S for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFcmodnf01

C407004D**Explanation**

The program called fetch() to load a module. The module name is too long.

Programmer response

Correct the module name length. See messages EDC5240S and CEE3502S for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFcmodtl01

C4070056

Explanation

The program called fetch() to load a module. An authorized program requested the load of a module that could not be found in an authorized library or concatenation of libraries.

Programmer response

Make sure the module exists in a system or user-defined authorized library. See messages EDC5242S and CEE3518S for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFcnoauthlib01

C407005F

Explanation

The program called fetch() to load a module. Insufficient virtual memory was available.

Programmer response

Ensure that the region size is sufficient to run the application. See messages EDC5238E and CEE3500S for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFcnostg01

C4070068

Explanation

The program called fetch() to load a module. The application is running AMODE 64 but attempted to load a module that is not AMODE 64. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFetcmode3101

C4070071

Explanation

The program called fetch() to load a module. The application is running AMODE 31 but attempted to load a module that is AMODE 64. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFetcmode6401

C407007A

Explanation

The program called fetch() to load a module. The fetched executable has CEESTART as the entry point, but does not contain a fetchable entry point. It could be that a "main" is being used as the target of the fetch() function, which is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the application. Do not use a "main" as the target of the fetch(). For a C executable that is not a "main" and has CEESTART as the entry point, declare the routine as fetchable by specifying the #pragma linkage(...,fetchable) directive in the source code. For non-C languages, be sure to follow the proper rules when building an executable that will be the target of fetch().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFnoceefmain01

C407007B

Explanation

The program called fetch() to load a module. The fetched executable is XPLINK, but does not have CEESTART as the entry point. This is not allowed.

Programmer response

Correct the application. An XPLINK C executable that is to be the target of fetch() must have CEESTART as the entry point and have the fetchable

entry point defined by specifying the #pragma linkage(...,fetchable) directive in the source code.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtchFnoceefmain02

C40B000A

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed.

Programmer response

A CEEDLLF DLL failure control block is populated with further DLL error diagnostics. If the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable is not set to QUIET, the error message is sent to the Language Environment message file. Other DLL diagnostic options, such as issuing ctrace(), signaling a condition, and the ability to turn off _EDC_DLL_DIAG diagnostics, are available through the _EDC_DLL_DIAG environment variable.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlfailed01

C40B000B

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE378 (message CEE3304E).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE378 for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlfailed02

C40B000C

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3DF (message CEE3503S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3DF for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlfailed03

C40B000D

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3F0 (message CEE3552S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3F0 for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlfailed04

C40B0013

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3G3 (message CEE3587S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3G3 for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlmode3101

C40B001C

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3G4 (message CEE3588S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3G4 for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlmode6401

C40B0025

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3DD (message CEE3501S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3DD for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlmodnf01

C40B0026

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3FI (message CEE3570S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3FI for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlmodnf02

C40B002F

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3DE (message CEE3502S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3DE for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlmodtl01

C40B0038

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3DU (message CEE3518S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3DU for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlnoauthlib01

C40B0041

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3DC (message CEE3500S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3DC for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlnostg01

C40B0042

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3F2 (message CEE3554S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3F2 for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlnostg02

C40B0043

Explanation

Not enough storage was available to allocate a buffer to contain the DLL name translated from ASCII to EBCDIC.

Programmer response

Ensure that the REGION size is large enough to run the application. If necessary, delete modules not currently needed by the application, or free unused storage, and retry the load request.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlnostg03

C40B004B

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3F3 (message CEE3555S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3F3 for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDlnoxplopt01

C40B0054

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3FB (message CEE3563S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3FB for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDloadns01

C40B005D

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3EU (message CEE3550S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3EU for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDnoceestart01

C40B005E

Explanation

The Language Environment service called to load the DLL failed with feedback code CEE3GB (message CEE3595S).

Programmer response

See feedback code CEE3GB for more information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDnoceestart02

C40B0066

Explanation

DLL facilities are not supported under SPC environment.

Programmer response

Make sure that dllload(), dllqueryvar(), dllqueryfn(), and dllfree() functions are not invoked from your application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeDnotspc01

C40B0078

Explanation

The size of the DLL name string exceeded the maximum allowed.

Programmer response

Verify that the DLL name was specified correctly.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcDldeEnametoolong01

C413001A

Explanation

The execl() function failed because it was invoked from a multithread environment.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecElemultithread01

C413001B

Explanation

The execv() function failed because it was invoked from a multithread environment.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecElemultithread02

C413001C

Explanation

The `execve()` function failed because it was invoked from a multithread environment.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecElemultithread03

C4130025

Explanation

The `pathname` argument passed to `__execl()` exceeded the maximum length of 1024 characters.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnametoolong01

C4130026

Explanation

The `path` argument passed to `__execle()` exceeded the maximum length of 1024 characters.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnametoolong02

C4130027

Explanation

The `file` parameter passed to `__execlp()` is greater than the allowed maximum of 1024.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnametoolong03

C4130028

Explanation

The `path` parameter passed to `__execv()` is greater than the allowed maximum of 1024.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnametoolong04

C4130029

Explanation

The `pathname` argument passed to `__execve()` exceeded the maximum length of 1024 characters.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnametoolong05

C413002A

Explanation

The `file` parameter passed to `__execlp()` is greater than the allowed maximum of 1024.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnametoolong06

C413002B

Explanation

The `path` parameter passed to `__spawn()` is greater than the allowed maximum of 1024.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnametoolong07

C413002C

Explanation

The path parameter passed to `__spawnp()` is greater than the allowed maximum of 1024.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnametoolong08

C413002D

Explanation

The path parameter passed to `_____spawn2()` is greater than the allowed maximum of 1024.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnametoolong09

C413002E

Explanation

The path argument passed to `_____spawnp2()` exceeded the maximum length of 1024 characters.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnametoolong10

C4130037

Explanation

The file parameter passed to function `execlp()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnoent01

C4130038

Explanation

The file parameter passed to function `__execve()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnoent02

C4130039

Explanation

The file parameter passed to function `execvp()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnoent03

C413003A

Explanation

The file parameter passed to function `__execvp()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnoent04

C413003B

Explanation

The file parameter passed to function `__spawn()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnoent05

C413003C

Explanation

The file parameter passed to function `spawnp()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnoent06

C413003D

Explanation

The path parameter passed to function `__spawnp()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnoent07

C413003E

Explanation

The path parameter passed to function `____spawn2()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnoent08

C413003F

Explanation

The file parameter passed to function `__spawnp2()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnoent09

C4130040

Explanation

The path parameter passed to function `____spawn2()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecEnoent10

C4130056

Explanation

In `execle()`, the total size of the arguments and environment variables exceeds 4096 and `_SC_ARG_MAX`.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecE2big01

C4130058

Explanation

In `execv()`, the total size of the arguments and environment variables exceeds 4096 and `_SC_ARG_MAX`.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecE2big03

C4130059

Explanation

In `execve()`, the total size of the arguments and environment variables exceeds 4096 and `_SC_ARG_MAX`.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecE2big04

C413005B**Explanation**

In `spawn()`, the total size of the arguments and environment variables exceeds 4096 and `_SC_ARG_MAX`.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecE2big06

C413005D**Explanation**

In `__spawn2()`, the total size of the arguments and environment variables exceeds 4096 and `_SC_ARG_MAX`.

Programmer response

Correct the application.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcExecE2big08

C4170004**Explanation**

The `system()` function was attempted while running under CICS. This is not supported.

Programmer response

No action can be taken. The function is not supported.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSys_Ecics01

C4170006**Explanation**

The string argument passed to `system()` started with "PGM=" indicating an MVS program name. There were at least 6 more characters following the program name, but the first 6 were not ",PARM=" as required by the syntax.

Programmer response

Correct the string argument. When specifying an MVS program with parameters, the required syntax is: "PGM=program-name,PARM='program-parameters'" Note that the program-name must be a valid MVS program name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSys_Esystem01

C4170007**Explanation**

The string argument passed to `system()` started with "PGM=" indicating an MVS program name. There was at least 1 additional character, but less than 6, following the program name. This does not allow for the ",PARM=" syntax for specifying parameters.

Programmer response

Correct the string argument. When specifying an MVS program with parameters, the required syntax is: "PGM=program-name,PARM='program-parameters'" Note that the program-name must be a valid MVS program name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSys_Esystem02

C4170008**Explanation**

The string argument passed to `system()` started with "PGM=" indicating an MVS program name and contained a ",PARM=" parameter string. A syntax error was found while parsing the program parameters.

Programmer response

Correct the program parameters.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSys_Esystem03

C417000C**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory for the parameter list needed to process a `system()` call.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSys_Enomemory01

C417000D

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory for the parameter list needed to process a system() call.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSys_Enomemory02

C417000E

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory for the parameter list needed to process a system() call.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSys_Enomemory03

C417000F

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory for the parameter list needed to process a system() call.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSys_Enomemory04

C4170010

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory for the working storage and command to call _systso().

Programmer response

Increase the storage available below the bar.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSys_Enomemory05

C4170020

Explanation

During a system() call, an error occurred trying to give control to the target program. For an AMODE 64 application, a message was written to the C stderr stream, otherwise a message was written to the Language Environment Message File.

Programmer response

Refer to the message that was written for more information on the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSys_Eload01

C507000F

Explanation

An error occurred in CEEVCZST other than out of memory.

Programmer response

Determine the CEE message from errno to investigate the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcAlocE__lemap01

C5100001

Explanation

The minimum required __mopl_s size has not been provided.

Programmer response

Change the caller of __moservices() to provide storage for the __mopl_s structure that is at least the size of the structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval01

C5100002

Explanation

A __mopl_s structure has not been provided.

Programmer response

Change the caller of __moservices() to provide a __mopl_s structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval02

C5100003

Explanation

A moorigin field has not been provided.

Programmer response

Change the caller of __moservices() to provide a moorigin.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval03

C5100004

Explanation

The input dump priority was not with the valid range.

Programmer response

Make sure that the __moservices() caller is setting a dump priority within the range of 1 to 99 in the __mopldumppriority field of the __mopl_s structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval04

C5100005

Explanation

The size of the requested memory object has not been provided.

Programmer response

Make sure that the __moservices() caller is providing a memory object size within field __moplrequestsize of the __mopl_s structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval05

C5100006

Explanation

A moorigin field has not been provided.

Programmer response

Change the caller of __moservices() to provide a moorigin.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval06

C5100007

Explanation

The memory object origin address is not above the bar.

Programmer response

Make sure that the caller of __moservices() is providing a valid memory object origin.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval07

C5100008

Explanation

The memory object origin address is not a multiple of a megabyte.

Programmer response

Make sure that the caller of __moservices() is providing a valid memory object origin.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval08

C5100009

Explanation

The minimum required `__mopl_s` size has not been provided.

Programmer response

Change the caller of `__moservices()` to provide storage or the `__mopl_s` structure that is at least the size of the structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval09

C510000A

Explanation

A `__mopl_s` structure has not been provided.

Programmer response

Change the caller of `__moservices()` to provide a `_mopl_s` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval10

C510000B

Explanation

The input dump priority was not with the valid range.

Programmer response

Make sure that the `__moservices()` caller is setting a dump priority within the range of 1 to 99 in the `__mopldumppriority` field of the `__mopl_s` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval11

C510000C

Explanation

Requested memory object service not supported.

Programmer response

Make sure that the caller of `__moservices()` is providing a valid request type.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval12

C510000D

Explanation

The caller has requested more than one page frame size in the `__mopl_s` structure at the same time.

Programmer response

Make sure that only one of the page frame size flags, `__MOPL_PAGEFRAMESIZE1MEG`, `__MOPL_PAGEFRAMESIZEMAX`, `__MOPL_PAGEFRAMESIZE_PAGEABLE1MEG`, `__MOPL_PAGEFRAMESIZE_2G` has been set in the `__mopl_s` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEintval13

C5100015

Explanation

The call to the system component of Language Environment was not successful.

Programmer response

Examine the `__mopl_iarv64_rc` and `__mopl_iarv64_rsn` fields in the `__mopl_s` structure to determine if the call to IARV64 failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEmvserr01

C5100016

Explanation

The call to the system component of Language Environment was not successful.

Programmer response

Examine the `__mopl_iarv64_rc` and `__mopl_iarv64_rsn` fields in the `__mopl_s` structure to determine if the call to IARV64 failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEmvserr02

C5100017

Explanation

__MO_SHMDUMPRIORITY cannot be requested in SRB or cross-memory mode.

Programmer response

Ensure the caller of __moservices() is running in non-cross memory task mode.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEmvserr03

C5100018

Explanation

The current PSW key does not match the key of the THLI control block.

Programmer response

Make sure that the caller of __moservices() is running with a PSW key that matches that of the THLI.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEmvserr04

C5100019

Explanation

The call to the Preinit GETSTORE service routine was not successful.

Programmer response

Examine any diagnostic data the GETSTORE service routine may have provided to determine the reason it failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEmvserr05

C510001A

Explanation

The call to the Preinit FREESTORE service routine was not successful.

Programmer response

Examine any diagnostic data the FREESTORE service routine may have provided to determine the reason it failed.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVmosEmvserr06

C6030001

Explanation

The __perror_a() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPerrEwrongthd01

C6030002

Explanation

The perror() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPerrEwrongthd02

C6030003

Explanation

The __perror_unlocked_a() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPerrEwrongthd03

C6030004

Explanation

The perror_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPerrEwrngthd04

C8030001

Explanation

The vfscanf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVscnEwrngthd01

C8030002

Explanation

The vfscanf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVscnEwrngthd02

C8030003

Explanation

The vscanf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVscnEwrngthd03

C8030004

Explanation

The vscanf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVscnEwrngthd04

C8040001

Explanation

The vfwscanf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVwscEwrngthd01

C8040002

Explanation

The vfwscanf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVwscEwrngthd02

C8040003

Explanation

The vwscanf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVwscEwronghd03

C8040004

Explanation

The vwscanf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVwscEwronghd04

C8060001

Explanation

The vfscanf2() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXvscEwronghd01

C8060002

Explanation

The vfscanf2_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXvscEwronghd02

C8060003

Explanation

The vscanf2() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXvscEwronghd03

C8060004

Explanation

The vscanf2_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXvscEwronghd04

C8070001

Explanation

The vfwscanf2() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXvwsEwronghd01

C8070002

Explanation

The vfwscanf2_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXvwsEwronghd02

C8070003

Explanation

The `vwscanf2()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXvwsEwrongthd03

C8070004

Explanation

The `vwscanf2_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXvwsEwrongthd04

C80B0000

Explanation

An internal error occurred in the locale `mbtowc()` method call to `iconv()`.

Programmer response

Contact IBM support for assistance.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleJECunerr01

C80B0007

Explanation

The `mbtowc()` method tried to convert the input character but did not find a valid multibyte code for the given code set.

Programmer response

Find the code set of the current locale and determine whether the value of the character passed as input is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleJEilseq07

C80B0009

Explanation

The `mbtowc()` method tried to convert the input character but did not find a valid multibyte code for the given code set.

Programmer response

Find the code set of the current locale and determine whether the value of the character passed as input is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleJEilseq09

C80B000A

Explanation

The `mbtowc()` method tried to convert the input character but did not find a valid multibyte code for the given code set.

Programmer response

Find the code set of the current locale and determine whether the value of the character passed as input is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleJEilseq10

C80B000B

Explanation

The `mbtowc()` method tried to convert the input character but did not find a valid multibyte code for the given code set.

Programmer response

Find the code set of the current locale and determine whether the value of the character passed as input is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleJEilseq11

C80B000C

Explanation

The `mbtowc()` method tried to convert the input character but did not find a valid multibyte code for the given code set.

Programmer response

Find the code set of the current locale and determine whether the value of the character passed as input is valid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleJEilseq12

C80B001A

Explanation

The `mbtowc()` method was not able to open the UCS-2 converter for the code set of the current locale.

Programmer response

Find the current locale and make sure that the code set named in the locale is supported.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleJEinval01

C80B001B

Explanation

The `mbtowc()` method was not able to open the UCS-2 converter for the code set of the current locale.

Programmer response

Find the current locale and make sure that the code set named in the locale is supported.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleJEinval02

C80F0001

Explanation

The input argument to `wcstombs()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the program to use a pointer to a wide character string as input for the `wcstombs()` conversion.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWsmbJEinval01

C8170001

Explanation

Overflow or underflow occurred -- input number was too large or too small, or the number was non-zero, but too close to 0.0 to be represented.

Programmer response

Change the input string so that it can be converted to a representable DFP number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcAtofErangle01

C8170002

Explanation

Overflow or underflow occurred -- input number was too large or too small, or the number was non-zero, but too close to 0.0 to be represented.

Programmer response

Change the input string so that it can be converted to a representable DFP number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcAtofErangle02

C8170003

Explanation

Overflow or underflow occurred -- input number was too large or too small, or the number was non-zero, but too close to 0.0 to be represented.

Programmer response

Change the input string so that it can be converted to a representable DFP number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcAtofErangle03

C8170004

Explanation

Overflow or underflow occurred -- input number was too large or too small, or the number was non-zero, but too close to 0.0 to be represented.

Programmer response

Change the input string so that it can be converted to a representable DFP number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcAtofErange04

C8170005

Explanation

Overflow or underflow occurred -- input number was too large or too small, or the number was non-zero, but too close to 0.0 to be represented.

Programmer response

Change the input string so that it can be converted to a representable DFP number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcAtofErange05

C8210001

Explanation

The fprintf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFprtEwrongthd01

C8210002

Explanation

The fprintf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFprtEwrongthd02

C8210003

Explanation

The fprintf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFprtEwrongthd03

C8210004

Explanation

The fprintf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFprtEwrongthd04

C8220001

Explanation

The fscanf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFscnEwrongthd01

C8220002

Explanation

The fscanf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFscnEwrongthd02

C8310001**Explanation**

The number of bytes to be examined is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the program to use a valid number of bytes to be examined as input for mblen().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq01

C8310002**Explanation**

The number of bytes to be examined is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the program to use a valid number of bytes to be examined as input for mblen().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq02

C8310003**Explanation**

Encoding error: not in the initial SHIFT state.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq03

C8310004**Explanation**

Encoding error, current multibyte character was SHIFT_IN

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq04

C8310005**Explanation**

Encoding error, current multibyte character was SHIFT_OUT.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq05

C8310006**Explanation**

Encoding error, current character was not double-byte.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq06

C8310007**Explanation**

Encoding error, current multibyte string was not valid.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq07

C8310008**Explanation**

Current multibyte character was 0.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq08

C8310009

Explanation

The number of bytes to be examined is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the program to use a valid number of bytes to be examined as input for mbtowc().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq09

C831000A

Explanation

The number of bytes to be examined is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the program to use a valid number of bytes to be examined as input for mbtowc().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq10

C831000B

Explanation

Encoding error: not in the initial SHIFT state.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq11

C831000C

Explanation

Encoding error, current multibyte character was SHIFT_IN

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq12

C831000D

Explanation

Encoding error, current multibyte character was SHIFT_OUT.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq13

C831000E

Explanation

Encoding error, current character was not double-byte.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq14

C831000F

Explanation

Encoding error, current multibyte string was not valid.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq15

C8310010

Explanation

Current multibyte character was 0.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq16

C8310011**Explanation**

The number of bytes to be examined is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the program to use a valid number of bytes to be examined as input for mbstowcs().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq17

C8310012**Explanation**

An encoding error occurred.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq18

C8310013**Explanation**

An encoding error occurred.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbleEilseq19

C8330009**Explanation**

The number of bytes to be examined is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the program to use a valid number of bytes to be examined as input for mbrtoc16()/mbrtoc32().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEilseq09

C833000A**Explanation**

Encoding error, invalid source codeset.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEilseq10

C833000B**Explanation**

Encoding error, current multibyte string is not valid.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEilseq11

C833000C**Explanation**

Either c32rtomb() meets an invalid state, or c16rtomb() meets a wrong low surrogate.

Programmer response

Correct the program to use a correct state, and check the converting character.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEilseq12

C833000D**Explanation**

The c16rtomb() meets a low surrogate in initial state.

Programmer response

Check the converting character.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEilseq13

C833000E

Explanation

Encoding error, current unicode character is not valid.

Programmer response

Check the converting character.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEilseq14

C833000F**Explanation**

Encoding error, current multibyte string is not valid.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEilseq15

C8330010**Explanation**

Encoding error, current multibyte string is not valid.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEilseq16

C8330020**Explanation**

Allocation of code conversion descriptor failed.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEbadf01

C8330021**Explanation**

Invalid code conversion descriptor.

Programmer response

Initialize the state.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEbadf02

C8330022**Explanation**

Fail to initialize conversion system.

Programmer response

None

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEbadf03

C8330023**Explanation**

Conversion system has not be initialized.

Programmer response

Start conversion from the initial state.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEbadf04

C833002A**Explanation**

Storage allocation failed.

Programmer response

Free up system memory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEnomem01

C833002B**Explanation**

Storage allocation failed.

Programmer response

Free up system memory.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEnomem02

C8330030

Explanation

Invalid codeset.

Programmer response

Correct the program to set a valid locale.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEbadlocale01

C8330031

Explanation

Current locale implies an invalid codeset.

Programmer response

Correct the program to set a valid locale.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcMbwcEbadlocale02

C8410001

Explanation

The printf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPrtfEwrongthd01

C8410002

Explanation

The printf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPrtfEwrongthd02

C8410003

Explanation

The wprintf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPrtfEwrongthd03

C8410004

Explanation

The wprintf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcPrtfEwrongthd04

C8450001

Explanation

The scanf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcScnfEwrongthd01

C8450002

Explanation

The scanf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcScnfEwrongthd02

C8510001

Explanation

The fwscanf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSwscEwrongthd01

C8510002

Explanation

The fwscanf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSwscEwrongthd02

C8510003

Explanation

The wscanf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSwscEwrongthd03

C8510004

Explanation

The wscanf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcSwscEwrongthd04

C8560001

Explanation

The vfprintf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVfprEwrongthd01

C8560002

Explanation

The vfprintf_unlocked() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVfprEwrongthd02

C8560003

Explanation

The vfwprintf() function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the samethread keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVfprEwrothd03

C8560004

Explanation

The `vfwprintf_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVfprEwrothd04

C8570001

Explanation

The `vprintf()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVprtEwrothd01

C8570002

Explanation

The `vprintf_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVprtEwrothd02

C8570003

Explanation

The `vwprintf()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVprtEwrothd03

C8570004

Explanation

The `vwprintf_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVprtEwrothd04

C87C0001

Explanation

The input argument to `wcstombs()` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the program to use a pointer to a wide character string as input for the `wcstombs()` conversion.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWsmbEinv01

C8830001

Explanation

Overflow or underflow occurred -- input number was too large or too small, or the number was non-zero, but too close to 0.0 to be represented.

Programmer response

Change the input string so that it can be converted to a representable DFP number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWtd_Erange01

C8830002

Explanation

Overflow or underflow occurred -- input number was too large or too small, or the number was non-zero, but too close to 0.0 to be represented.

Programmer response

Change the input string so that it can be converted to a representable DFP number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWtd_Erange02

C8830003

Explanation

Overflow or underflow occurred -- input number was too large or too small, or the number was non-zero, but too close to 0.0 to be represented.

Programmer response

Change the input string so that it can be converted to a representable DFP number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWtd_Erange03

C8830004

Explanation

Overflow or underflow occurred -- input number was too large or too small, or the number was non-zero, but too close to 0.0 to be represented.

Programmer response

Change the input string so that it can be converted to a representable DFP number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWtd_Erange04

C8830005

Explanation

Overflow or underflow occurred -- input number was too large or too small, or the number was non-zero, but too close to 0.0 to be represented.

Programmer response

Change the input string so that it can be converted to a representable DFP number.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWtd_Erange05

C88A000A

Explanation

The `vprintf2()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVpr2Ewrongthd01

C88A000B

Explanation

The `vprintf2_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVpr2Ewrongthd02

C88A000C

Explanation

The `vwprintf2()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVpr2Ewrongthd03

C88A000D

Explanation

The `vwprintf2_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVpr2Ewrongthd04

C88A000E

Explanation

The `vfprintf2()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVpr2Ewrongthd05

C88A000F

Explanation

The `vfprintf2_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVpr2Ewrongthd06

C88A0010

Explanation

The `vwprintf2()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVpr2Ewrongthd07

C88A0011

Explanation

The `vwprintf2_unlocked()` function was called on a thread other than the one that opened the stream.

Programmer response

Use the proper thread to access the stream or do not use the `samethread` keyword on the open.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcVpr2Ewrongthd08

C90B0001

Explanation

An error occurred in CEL4ENVA during environment variable processing.

Programmer response

Determine the CEE message from `errno` to investigate the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvE__lemap01

C90B0002

Explanation

An error occurred in CEL4ENVA during environment variable processing.

Programmer response

Determine the CEE message from `errno` to investigate the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvE__lemap02

C90B0003

Explanation

An error occurred in CEL4ENVA during environment variable processing.

Programmer response

Determine the CEE message from errno to investigate the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvE__lemap03

C90B0004

Explanation

An error occurred in CEL4ENVA during environment variable processing.

Programmer response

Determine the CEE message from errno to investigate the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvE__lemap04

C90B0005

Explanation

An error occurred in CEL4ENVA during environment variable processing.

Programmer response

Determine the CEE message from errno to investigate the cause of the failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvE__lemap05

C90B000E

Explanation

An equal sign '=' was specified as part of the environment variable name passed to getenv(). Environment variable names are not allowed to contain an equal sign.

Programmer response

Correct the name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEbadarg01

C90B000F

Explanation

An equal sign '=' was specified as part of the environment variable name passed to setenv(). Environment variable names are not allowed to contain an equal sign.

Programmer response

Correct the name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEbadarg02

C90B0018

Explanation

The name argument passed to setenv() was NULL or a pointer to NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEintval01

C90B0019

Explanation

An equal sign '=' was specified as part of the environment variable name passed to setenv(). Environment variable names are not allowed to contain an equal sign.

Programmer response

Correct the name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEintval02

C90B001A

Explanation

A call to putenv() did not specify the value for the environment variable.

Programmer response

Specify a value and try again.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEinval03

C90B001B

Explanation

The name argument passed to `unsetenv()` was NULL, a pointer to NULL, or contained a character that is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEinval04

C90B001C

Explanation

The name argument passed to `unsetenv()` was NULL, a pointer to NULL, or contained a character that is not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEinval05

C90B0025

Explanation

One or more characters of the input environment variable name was not valid on the call to `getenv()`.

Programmer response

Correct the name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEmvsbadchar01

C90B0026

Explanation

An equal sign '=' was specified as part of the environment variable name passed to `getenv()`. Environment variable names are not allowed to contain an equal sign.

Programmer response

Correct the name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEmvsbadchar02

C90B0027

Explanation

One or more characters of the input environment variable name was not valid on the call to `setenv()`.

Programmer response

Correct the name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEmvsbadchar03

C90B0030

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to retrieve the value for an environment variable.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomem01

C90B0031

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to set the value for an environment variable.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomem02

C90B0032

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to clear the environment variables.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomem03

C90B0033

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to copy the EBCDIC environment variable strings.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomem04

C90B0034

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to store an environment variable string.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomem05

C90B003D

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to retrieve the value for an environment variable.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomemory01

C90B003E

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to retrieve the value for an environment variable.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomemory02

C90B003F

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to retrieve the value for an environment variable.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomemory03

C90B0040

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to retrieve the value for an environment variable.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomemory04

C90B0041

Explanation

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to hold the environment variable strings.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomemory05

C90B0042**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to hold the environment variable strings.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomemory06

C90B0043**Explanation**

An internal error occurred trying to allocate memory needed to hold the environment variable strings.

Programmer response

Contact your IBM support representative.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcGtnvEnomemory07

C9170002**Explanation**

The path name passed to nftw64() is too long.

Programmer response

Correct the path argument passed to nftw64().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtw_Enametoolong02

C917000B**Explanation**

Memory allocation error in __ftw64().

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcFtw_Enomem02

C932000E**Explanation**

UTMPX record format not supported

Programmer response

Change the UTMPX record format

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcUttmpEinval02

C9320022**Explanation**

UTMPX record format not supported

Programmer response

Change the UTMPX record format

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcUttmpEutmpversn04

C9320023**Explanation**

UTMPX record format not supported

Programmer response

Change the UTMPX record format

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcUttmpEutmpversn05

C9330001**Explanation**

Null pointers were supplied as arguments to wordexp()

Programmer response

Supply valid non-null pointers for 2nd and 3rd arguments of wordexp()

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax01

C9330002**Explanation**

Invalid multibyte character was found in input string

Programmer response

Verify input character string so that no invalid multibyte characters are used.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax02

C9330003

Explanation

Could not convert input string to wchar_t string

Programmer response

Verify that there are no invalid multibyte characters in the input string pointed to by the 1st argument of wordexp().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax03

C9330004

Explanation

A NULL character was found after a backslash

Programmer response

Correct the invalid input string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax04

C9330005

Explanation

A NULL character was found after a dollar sign

Programmer response

Correct the invalid input string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax05

C9330006

Explanation

Missing right parenthesis in input string

Programmer response

Correct the invalid input string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax06

C9330007

Explanation

Missing right brace in input string

Programmer response

Correct the invalid input string

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax07

C9330008

Explanation

Missing right brace in input string

Programmer response

Correct the invalid input string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax08

C9330009

Explanation

Invalid variable name in input string

Programmer response

A variable name with at least one incorrect character was found. Correct the input string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax09

C933000A

Explanation

Missing double quote in input string

Programmer response

A double quote is missing in input string. Correct the input string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax0A

C933000B

Explanation

Missing backquote in input string

Programmer response

A closing backquote is missing in input string. Correct the input string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax0B

C933000C

Explanation

Shell variable expansion failed

Programmer response

The requested word expansions could not be performed. This situation can arise if the Unix shell is not available (e.g. OMVS filesystems are shutdown). Make sure that the application is run when the UNIX shell is available.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEsyntax0C

C9330011

Explanation

Attempt to allocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to malloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace01

C9330012

Explanation

Attempt to allocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to malloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace02

C9330013

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace03

C9330014

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace04

C9330015

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace05

C9330016

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace06

C9330017

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace07

C9330018

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace08

C9330019

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace09

C933001A

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace0A

C933001B

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace0B

C933001C

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace0C

C933001D

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace0D

C933001E

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace0E

C933001F

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace0F

C9330020

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace10

C9330021

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace11

C9330022

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace12

C9330023

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace13

C9330024

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace14

C9330025

Explanation

Attempt to reallocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to realloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace15

C9330026

Explanation

Attempt to allocate an internal buffer failed

Programmer response

An internal call to alloc failed. Look for errno value set for further information about the cause of this failure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEnospace16

C9330031

Explanation

Failed to adhere to XCU specification

Programmer response

Input string syntax did not adhere to XCU specification section 2.6.3 as requested by flag WRDE_NOCMD.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEcmdsub01

C9330032

Explanation

Failed to adhere to XCU specification

Programmer response

Input string syntax did not adhere to XCU specification section 2.6.3 as requested by flag WRDE_NOCMD.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEcmdsub02

C9330033

Explanation

Failed to adhere to XCU specification

Programmer response

Input string syntax did not adhere to XCU specification section 2.6.3 as requested by flag WRDE_NOCMD

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEcmdsub03

C9330034

Explanation

Failed to adhere to XCU specification

Programmer response

Input string syntax did not adhere to XCU specification section 2.6.3 as requested by the WRDE_NOCMD flag.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEcmdsub04

C9330041

Explanation

Wordexp() is not supported in a multi-threaded application running in TSO or MVS batch. process running in TSO or MVS batch.

Programmer response

Do not use wordexp() in a multi-threaded application running in TSO or MVS batch, or run your program in the z/OS Unix System Services shell.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEepopen01

C9330042

Explanation

Internal call to pipe() failed in wordexp_popen()

Programmer response

Look at errno value set by pipe() for additional debug information.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEepopen02

C9330051

Explanation

Character found in an inappropriate context.

Programmer response

Input string may not contain an unquoted newline, special shell character, parentheses, or braces, except in the context of command or variable substitution. Correct the input string.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEbadchar01

C9330061

Explanation

A reference to an undefined shell variable appears to have been found

Programmer response

WRDE_UNDEF was set in wordexp flags argument. Attempt a call without WRDEP_UNDEF

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEbadval01

C9330071

Explanation

Reading the length of an expanded word failed.

Programmer response

Internal script failed to generate the length of an expanded word, verify locale related environment variables (such as LC_SYNTAX, LANG, LC_ALL) are consistent.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcWexpEbadread01

C9340001

Explanation

No more pseudo-terminal devices are available.

Programmer response

Consider increasing the MAXPTYS value in BPXPRMxx.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Eagain01

C9340002

Explanation

No more pseudo-terminal devices are available.

Programmer response

Investigate pseudo-terminal devices usage.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Eagain02

C9340028

Explanation

The struct statvfs input to fstatvfs() was not writable.

Programmer response

Correct the input argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Efault01

C9340029

Explanation

The struct statvfs input to statvfs() was not writable.

Programmer response

Correct the input argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Efault02

C9340033**Explanation**

Incorrect flags passed.

Programmer response

Change the call to pass the correct flag argument

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Einval02

C934003D**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to access() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong01

C934003E**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to chaudit() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong02

C934003F**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to chdir() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong03

C9340040**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to chmod() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong04

C9340041**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to chown() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong05

C9340042**Explanation**

The path argument passed to chroot() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the path argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong06

C9340043**Explanation**

The path argument passed to lchown() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the path argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong07

C9340044**Explanation**

The oldfile or newname argument passed to link() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the oldfile or newname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong08

C9340045**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to lstat() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong09

C9340046**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to lstat() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong10

C9340047**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to mkdir() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong11

C9340048**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to open() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong12

C9340049**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to open() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong13

C934004A**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to __open_stat() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong14

C934004B**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to pathconf() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong15

C934004D**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to rmdir() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong17

C934004E**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to stat() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong18

C934004F**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to stat() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong19

C9340050**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to statvfs() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong20

C9340051**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to symlink() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong21

C9340052**Explanation**

The path argument passed to truncate() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the path argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong22

C9340053**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to unlink() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong23

C9340054**Explanation**

The ename or elink argument passed to extlink_np() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the ename or elink argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong24

C9340055**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to `__chattr()` was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong25

C9340056**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to `__lchattr()` was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong26

C9340057**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to `lstat64()` was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong27

C9340058**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to `__open_stat64()` was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong28

C9340059**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to `stat64()` was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong29

C934005A**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to `__chattr64()` was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong30

C934005B**Explanation**

The pathname argument passed to `__lchattr64()` was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the pathname argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Enametoolong31

C9340070**Explanation**

The `st_size` element of the struct `stat` overflowed during a call to `fstat()`. The `st_size_h` element contains the upper 32-bits of the file size.

Programmer response

Use the large files version of `fstat()` or combine the `st_size_h` and `st_size` elements into a long long value to give you the size of the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Eoverflow01

C9340071

Explanation

The `st_size` element of the struct `stat` overflowed during a call to `lstat()`. The `st_size_h` element contains the upper 32-bits of the file size.

Programmer response

Use the large files version of `lstat()` or combine the `st_size_h` and `st_size` elements into a long long value to give you the size of the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Eoverflow02

C9340072

Explanation

The `st_blocks` element of the struct `stat` overflowed during a call to `lstat()`. The `st_blocks_h` element contains the upper 32-bits of the number of I/O blocks.

Programmer response

Use the large files version of `lstat()` or combine the `st_blocks_h` and `st_blocks` elements into a long long value to give you the number of I/O blocks.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Eoverflow03

C9340073

Explanation

The `st_size` element of the struct `stat` overflowed during a call to `stat()`. The `st_size_h` element contains the upper 32-bits of the file size.

Programmer response

Use the large files version of `stat()` or combine the `st_size_h` and `st_size` elements into a long long value to give you the size of the file.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Eoverflow04

C9340074

Explanation

The `st_blocks` element of the struct `stat` overflowed during a call to `stat()`. The `st_blocks_h` element contains the upper 32-bits of the number of I/O blocks.

Programmer response

Use the large files version of `stat()` or combine the `st_blocks_h` and `st_blocks` elements into a long long value to give you the number of I/O blocks.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr2Eoverflow05

C935002C

Explanation

path is longer than `FILENAME_MAX`

Programmer response

change the path name

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr4Enametoolong02

C936002C

Explanation

The token argument passed to `w_getpsent` was not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the token argument. On the first call, pass a token of 0. The function then returns the token that identifies the next process to the caller. Use that token on the next call. Repeat until the returned token is 0.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEinval35

C9360030

Explanation

Length of applid exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct applid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval39

C9360031**Explanation**

Length of userid exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct userid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval40

C9360032**Explanation**

Length of password exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct password.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval41

C9360033**Explanation**

Length of password exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct password.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval42

C9360034**Explanation**

Length of applid exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct applid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval43

C9360035**Explanation**

Length of userid exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct userid.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval44

C9360036**Explanation**

Length of password exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct password.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval45

C9360037**Explanation**

Length of password exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct password.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval46

C9360040

Explanation

path is longer than FILENAME_MAX

Programmer response

change the path name

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEnametoolong09

C9360074

Explanation

The buffer argument to `__getgrgid1()` was not large enough to contain the group name.

Programmer response

Specify a larger buffer and bufsize.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmErangle15

C9360075

Explanation

The buffer argument to `__getgrnam1()` was not large enough to contain the group name.

Programmer response

Specify a larger buffer and bufsize.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmErangle16

C936007C

Explanation

The `ps_size` (length) argument passed to `w_getpsent` was not large enough for the data being returned.

Programmer response

Correct the `ps_size` (length) argument. The value must be at least as large as the size of the `W_PSPROC` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmE2big01

C936007D

Explanation

The `ps_size` (length) argument passed to `w_getpsent64` was not large enough for the data being returned.

Programmer response

Correct the `ps_size` (length) argument. The value must be at least as large as the size of the `W_PSPROC64` structure.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmE2big02

C9360085

Explanation

Length of `applid` exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct `applid`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEinval47

C9360086

Explanation

Length of `applid` exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide correct `applid`.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEinval48

C9360087

Explanation

The `ps (buffptr)` argument passed to `w_getpsent` was `NULL`.

Programmer response

Correct the `ps (buffptr)` argument. The value should be the address of a buffer where the output data is to be returned.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEival49

C9360088

Explanation

Argument result to __getgrgid1 was NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the result argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEival50

C9360089

Explanation

Argument grp to __getgrgid1 was NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the grp argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEival51

C936008A

Explanation

Argument buffer to __getgrgid1 was NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the buffer argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEival52

C936008B

Explanation

Argument bufsize to __getgrgid was 0.

Programmer response

Correct the bufsize argument to match the size of buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEival53

C936008C

Explanation

Argument result to __getgrnam1 was NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the result argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEival54

C936008D

Explanation

Argument buffer to __getgrnam1 was NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the buffer argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEival55

C936008E

Explanation

Argument buffer to __getgrnam1 was NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the buffer argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEival56

C936008F

Explanation

Argument bufsize to __getgrnam was 0.

Programmer response

Correct the bufsize argument to match the size of buffer.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEival57

C9360090

Explanation

Length of name exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide the correct name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval58

C9360091

Explanation

Length of name exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Verify the name parameter.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval59

C9360092

Explanation

The ps (buffptr) argument passed to w_getpsent64 was NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the ps (buffptr) argument. The value should be the address of a buffer where the output data is to be returned.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval60

C9360093

Explanation

The token argument passed to w_getpsent64 was not valid.

Programmer response

Correct the token argument. On the first call, pass a token of 0. The function then returns the token that identifies the next process to the caller. Use that token on the next call. Repeat until the returned token is 0.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval61

C9360094

Explanation

The current PSW key does not match the key of the THLI control block.

Programmer response

Make sure that the caller of __getgrgid1() is running with a PSW key that matches that of the THLI.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEmvserr01

C9360095

Explanation

The current PSW key does not match the key of the THLI control block.

Programmer response

Make sure that the caller of __getgrnam1() is running with a PSW key that matches that of the THLI.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEmvserr02

C9360101

Explanation

Length of name exceeds the maximum length allowed.

Programmer response

Provide the correct name.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfrmEintval70

C942000B

Explanation

The file_name argument to realpath() was NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr8Eintval02

C9420016**Explanation**

The path argument passed to readlink() was too long.

Programmer response

Correct the path argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr8Enametoolong01

CB0D0001**Explanation**

The argument to inet_addr() was NULL. This is specific to the EBCDIC version of inet_addr().

Programmer response

Correct the argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIaddEival01

CB0D0002**Explanation**

The dotted decimal notation used for the internet address passed to inet_addr() contains too many parts.

Programmer response

Correct the internet address.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIaddEival02

CB0D0003**Explanation**

The argument passed to inet_addr() was not properly terminated by a NULL or whitespace character.

Programmer response

Correct the argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIaddEival03

CB0D0004**Explanation**

The internet address passed to inet_addr() was in the format a.b, but either a or b was out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the internet address.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIaddEival04

CB0D0005**Explanation**

The internet address passed to inet_addr() was in the format a.b.c, but either a, b, or c was out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the internet address.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIaddEival05

CB0D0006**Explanation**

The internet address passed to inet_addr() was in the format a.b.c.d, but either a, b, c, or d was out of range.

Programmer response

Correct the internet address.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIaddEival06

CB0D0007**Explanation**

The dotted decimal notation used for the internet address passed to inet_addr() contains too many parts.

Programmer response

Correct the internet address.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIaddEinval07

CB0D0008

Explanation

The argument to `inet_addr()` was NULL. This is specific to the Enhanced ASCII version of `inet_addr()`.

Programmer response

Correct the argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcIaddEinval08

CB270036

Explanation

`fmode` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the value of `fmode`. `fmode` is not permitted to be NULL

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Einval23

CB270037

Explanation

`numsrc` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the value of `numsrc`. `numsrc` is not permitted to be NULL

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Einval24

CB270038

Explanation

`numsrc` is pointed to a non-zero value, but `slist` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the value of `numsrc` or the value of `slist`. `slist` not permitted to be NULL when `numsrc` is not zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Einval25

CB270039

Explanation

`numsrc` is a non-zero value, but `slist` is NULL

Programmer response

Correct the value of `numsrc` or the value of `slist`. `slist` is not permitted to be NULL when `numsrc` is non-zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Einval26

CB27003A

Explanation

`fmode` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the value of `fmode`. `fmode` is not permitted to be NULL

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Einval27

CB27003B

Explanation

`numsrc` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the value of `numsrc`. `numsrc` is not permitted to be NULL

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Einval28

CB27003C

Explanation

`numsrc` is pointed to a non-zero value, but `slist` is NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the value of `numsrc` or the value of `slist`. `slist` not permitted to be NULL when `numsrc` is not zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Eival29

CB27003D

Explanation

group is a NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the value of group. group is not permitted to be NULL

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Eival30

CB27003E

Explanation

The group address family is AF_INET6 but the value of group_len is less than the size of sockaddr_in6.

Programmer response

Correct the value of group_len to be at least the size of sockaddr_in6.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Eival31

CB27003F

Explanation

The value of group_len is less than the size of sockaddr_in.

Programmer response

Correct the value of group_len to be at least the size of sockaddr_in.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Eival32

CB270040

Explanation

numsrc is a non-zero value, but slist is NULL

Programmer response

Correct the value of numsrc or the value of slist. slist is not permitted to be NULL when numsrc is non-zero.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Eival33

CB270041

Explanation

group is a NULL.

Programmer response

Correct the value of group. group is not permitted to be NULL

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Eival34

CB270042

Explanation

The group address family is AF_INET6 but the value of group_len is less than the size of sockaddr_in6.

Programmer response

Correct the value of group_len to be at least the size of sockaddr_in6.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Eival35

CB270043

Explanation

The value of group_len is less than the size of sockaddr_in.

Programmer response

Correct the value of group_len to be at least the size of sockaddr_in.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Eival36

CB270044

Explanation

The nmsgsfds argument is less than 0 or greater than FD_SETSIZE.

Programmer response

Correct the value of nmsgsfds.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Einval37

CB270045

Explanation

The value pointed by numsrc specified on a call to getipv4sourcefilter() exceeded the implementation defined limit of 64.

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed by numsrc.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Einval38

CB270046

Explanation

The value pointed by numsrc specified on a call to getsourcefilter() exceeded the implementation defined limit of 64.

Programmer response

Correct the value pointed by numsrc.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Einval39

CB270047

Explanation

The smf_exit argument passed to __smf_record2() is not valid.

Programmer response

Pass a valid value for the smf_exit argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Einval40

CB270056

Explanation

The current PSW key does not match the key of the THLI control block.

Programmer response

Make sure that the caller of __smf_record2() is running with a PSW key that matches that of the THLI.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Emvserr02

CB270066

Explanation

The value of numsrc specified on a call to setipv4sourcefilter() exceeded the implementation defined limit of 64.

Programmer response

Correct the value of numsrc.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Enobufs01

CB270067

Explanation

The value of numsrc specified on a call to setsourcefilter() exceeded the implementation defined limit of 64.

Programmer response

Correct the value of numsrc.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Enobufs02

CB270070

Explanation

There was insufficient memory available to complete the operation.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Enomem06

CB270071

Explanation

There was insufficient memory available to complete the operation.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Enomem07

CB270072

Explanation

There was insufficient memory available to complete the operation.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Enomem08

CB270073

Explanation

There was insufficient memory available to complete the operation.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Enomem09

CB270074

Explanation

There was insufficient memory available to complete the operation.

Programmer response

None.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Enomem10

CB27008B

Explanation

The argument s does not specify a descriptor for a socket.

Programmer response

Supply a valid file descriptor for a socket.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcXfr5Enotty02

CF060003

Explanation

No condition was active when __le_record_dump() is called. Information is not recorded.

Programmer response

Call __le_record_dump() during condition handling.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcAwi_QEmvserr03

CF06000B

Explanation

Incorrect parameters detected.

Programmer response

Pass valid parameters to __le_record_dump().

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcAwi_QEinvall01

CF0F0001

Explanation

The argument to inet_addr() was NULL. This is specific to the LIBASCII version of inet_addr().

Programmer response

Correct the argument.

Symbolic Feedback Code

JrEdcLas1Einv01

Chapter 10. SPC messages, abend and reason codes

This topic is divided into three topics. The first topic lists the System Programming C abend codes and explanations. The hexadecimal equivalents of the abend codes are shown in parentheses. The second topic lists the System Programming reason codes and explanations. Reason codes are shown in hexadecimal with the decimal equivalent in parentheses. The final topic lists System Programming C Messages.

SPC abend codes

U2052 (X'804')

Explanation

The system programming application that is accessing the C run-time library is running AMODE=24. However, the C run-time library was installed above the 16M line, which the application cannot address.

System action

The application terminates.

Programmer response

Ensure that the AMODE of the application matches that of the C run-time library. Language Environment no longer supports C applications in AMODE=24. Relink the application to have AMODE=31.

U2100 (X'834')

Explanation

An internal request for more storage was unsuccessful.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Enlarge the *address space* to provide more storage.

U2101 (X'835')

Explanation

An internal request to free storage was unsuccessful, probably as a result of corrupted storage.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Search for possible causes of corrupted storage.

U2102 (X'836')

Explanation

The stack's home segment could not be found, indicating a corrupted stack.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Search for the cause of the corrupted storage in the user routine.

U2103 (X'837')

Explanation

An error occurred when attempting to load the C library.

System action

The routine terminates and on MVS, a CSV code and message appears in the job. Check the message to see which C library module was not available.

Programmer response

Ensure the C run-time library is available to your routine. Make sure that the modules CEEEV003 or EDCZV2 are available for the routine. The system programmer or the person who installed the product should be able to provide the location of the library and your routine can access it.

U2104 (X'838')

Explanation

An error occurred during heap allocation. Using EDCXSTRX, a heap was supplied with a size smaller than the specified minimum.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the heap size in the calling routine.

U2105 (X'839')

Explanation

An error occurred when CMSCALL or SVC 202 was issued.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Consult with your system programmer and correct the problem as a VM/CMS or System Programming Facilities problem.

U2106 (X'83A')

Explanation

A routine used with EDCXSTRT was compiled with the RENT option, but EDCRCINT was not included in the load module. Initialization of writable static was unsuccessful.

System action

The routine terminates.

U2107 (X'83B')

Explanation

TRAP(ON) was requested through `#pragma runopts` but EDCXABRT was not included in the load module.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Rebuild the load module with EDCXABRT.

U2108 (X'83C')

Explanation

A routine built with EDCXSTRX attempted to terminate normally, but the termination routines discovered the heap needed to be extended earlier. All heap storage needs to be supplied by the caller of EDCXSTRX.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Correct the calling routine to provide sufficient heap storage to EDCXSTRX.

U4000 (X'FA0')

Explanation

An abend occurred during the handling of a prior abend.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Specify `TRAP(OFF)` in `#pragma runopts`, recompile and rerun the routine to isolate the cause of the original abend, and correct the cause of the original abend.

U4012 (X'FAC')

Explanation

Not enough main storage available.

System action

The routine terminates.

Programmer response

Run the program in a larger region.

SPC reason codes

X'7011'
(28689)

Explanation

A failure occurred during the CMS PIPE command issued to initialize the environment variables from GLOBALV. This is most likely caused because the application being initialized was invoked by a stage of the CMS PIPE command and illegal recursion occurred.

X'7012'
(28690)

Explanation

An error occurred while initializing the environment variables from GLOBALV. This may have occurred because the array of environment variable pointers was corrupted.

X'7201'
(29185)

Explanation

An error occurred during initialization.

X'7202'
(29186)

Explanation

An error occurred during termination.

X'7203'
(29187)

Explanation

An error occurred while extending the stack.

X'7204'
(29188)

Explanation

An error occurred during longjmp/setjmp.

X'7205'
(29189)

Explanation

Initialization of writable static had not been performed. The routine EDCRCINT must be included in your module if you use the RENT compiler option.

X'7206'
(29190)

Explanation

The EDCXABRT module was not explicitly included at link-edit time.

X'7207'
(29191)

Explanation

A heap was required, but the initialization had been requested without initial heap.

X'7501'
(29953)

Explanation

An H, D, or DD floating point length or type qualifier was found in a format string, indicating that a Decimal Floating Point number is being formatted or scanned. The hardware does not have the Decimal Floating Point Facility installed, so the formatting or scanning could not proceed.

SPC messages

The System Programming C (SPC) messages have the following format:

EDCKxxx text

EDCK

Indicates message is generated by the C library when running under CICS

xxx

Error message number

EDCK001 ABEND=8091 operation exception.

Explanation

An attempt has been made to execute an instruction with an invalid operation code. The operation code could be unassigned, or the instruction with that operation code might not be installed on the CPU.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the operation exception in the user code and correct.

EDCK002 ABEND=8092 privileged operation exception.

Explanation

An attempt had been made to execute a privileged instruction in the problem state.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the privileged operation exception in the user code and correct.

EDCK003 ABEND=8093 execute exception.

Explanation

An attempt had been made to execute an EXECUTE instruction.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the execute exception in the user code and correct.

EDCK004 ABEND=8094 protection exception.

Explanation

An attempt had been made to access data that was protected against this type of reference or to store

data in protected storage, such as a low address 0 - 511.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the protection exception in the user code and correct.

EDCK005 ABEND=8095 addressing exception.

Explanation

An attempt was made to reference a main storage location that is not available in the configuration.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the addressing exception in the user code and correct.

EDCK006 ABEND=8096 specification exception.

Explanation

An alignment error in the operands of an instruction or an error in the specification of the operands has occurred (that is, an odd-numbered register was specified when an even-numbered register was expected).

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the specification exception in the user code and correct.

EDCK007 ABEND=8097 data exception.

Explanation

An attempt had been made to process packed decimal data that is not in the correct format.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the data exception in the user code and correct.

EDCK008 ABEND=0220 zero divide.

Explanation

An attempt had been made to execute an instruction in which the value of zero has been used as the divisor of a division operation, or an overflow condition has occurred during a conversion to binary.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the zero divide in the user code and correct.

EDCK009 ABEND=0620 overflow.

Explanation

The OVERFLOW condition occurred when the magnitude of a floating-point number exceeded the supported maximum.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the overflow in the user code and correct.

EDCK010 The signal SIGFPE has been raised.

Explanation

The routine issued a `raise(SIGFPE)` under default conditions.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

None.

EDCK011 The signal SIGILL has been raised.

Explanation

The routine issued a `raise(SIGILL)` under default conditions.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

None.

EDCK012 The signal SIGSEGV has been raised.

Explanation

The routine issued a `raise(SIGSEGV)` under default conditions.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

None.

EDCK017 ABEND=0320 fixed or decimal overflow.

Explanation

The overflow condition occurred when the magnitude of a fixed or decimal number exceeds the supported maximum.

System action

The program terminates.

Programmer response

Determine the reason for the fixed or decimal overflow in the user code and correct.

Chapter 11. Return codes to CICS

When Language Environment detects an error and Language Environment is not fully initialized or unable to generate a message, the component of Language Environment in charge generates a return code. The return code passes from the Language Environment component to CICS. CICS returns the return code to the system console. The COBOL component also sends a message that precedes the return code to the system console.

Language Environment return codes

11000

Explanation

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the partition (region) initialization call.

System action

CICS continues system initialization with Language Environment inactive.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

11010

Explanation

Storage could not be acquired by Language Environment to initialize in the CICS region.

System action

CICS continues system initialization with Language Environment inactive.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the CICS region using the DSASIZE SIT parameter.

11020

Explanation

Unable to load Language Environment modules in order to initialize Language Environment for the CICS region.

System action

CICS continues system initialization with Language Environment inactive.

Programmer response

Make sure the CSD definitions are correct for Language Environment. Also, make sure that the CICS region size is large enough to run Language Environment.

11030

Explanation

Language Environment partition initialization did not succeed in a language support module.

System action

CICS continues system initialization with Language Environment inactive.

Programmer response

Language Environment can write other messages to the operators console explaining the cause of the malfunction. If there are none, this is more than likely an internal error in Language Environment.

11040

Explanation

An internal abend has occurred during Language Environment initialization for the CICS region.

System action

CICS continues system initialization with Language Environment inactive.

Programmer response

There should be a CEE1000S message written to the operators console describing the abend code and reason code for the abend. See [Chapter 8, “Language Environment abend codes,”](#) on page 585 for more information.

11100

Explanation

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the partition (region) termination call.

System action

CICS continues system termination.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

11110**Explanation**

Unable to release Language Environment modules during partition (region) termination.

System action

CICS continues system termination.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

11120**Explanation**

Unable to free storage acquired at partition (region) initialization during partition (region) termination.

System action

CICS continues system termination.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

11130**Explanation**

Partition termination did not succeed in a language support module.

System action

CICS continues system termination.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

11140**Explanation**

Language Environment could not release a CEEEVnnn module during partition (region) termination.

Explanation

Invalid anchor vector.

System action

CICS continues system termination.

System action

CICS initialization will fail.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

Programmer response

Most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

11150**Explanation**

An internal abend occurred during Language Environment termination for the CICS region.

System action

CICS continues system termination.

Programmer response

There should be a CEE1000S message in the operators console describing the abend code and reason code for the abend. See [Chapter 8, “Language Environment abend codes,”](#) on [page 585](#) for more information.

12000**Explanation**

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the thread initialization call.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC7.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

12020

Explanation

Preallocated storage was expected by Language Environment from CICS for the thread work area, but was not supplied.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC7.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

12030

Explanation

Thread initialization did not succeed in a language support module.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC7.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

12100

Explanation

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the thread termination call.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the transaction.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

12110

Explanation

Thread termination was called before all run units in the thread were terminated by calls to run unit termination.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the transaction.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

12120

Explanation

An error occurred while trying to free storage for language thread work areas during thread termination.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the transaction.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

12130

Explanation

Thread termination did not succeed in a language support module.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the transaction.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

13000

Explanation

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the run unit initialization call.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC8.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

13010**Explanation**

There was not enough preallocated storage by CICS to Language Environment to complete initialization for all languages in the application routine.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC8.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

13020**Explanation**

The mix of languages in the application load module is not supported by this release of Language Environment.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC8.

Programmer response

See *z/OS Language Environment Programming Guide* for information on supported languages and ILC.

13030**Explanation**

Run unit initialization did not succeed in a language support module.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC8.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

13040**Explanation**

An invalid application routine argument list passed by CICS to Language Environment during run unit initialization.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC8.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

13050**Explanation**

A member language support module is not available for a language in the application. Initialization cannot be performed.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC8.

Programmer response

Make sure the CEEEVnnn language support modules of Language Environment are defined in the CSD for all languages in the application programs.

13060**Explanation**

Allocation of storage for a language thread work area did not succeed.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC8.

Programmer response

Increase the size of the CICS region using the DSASIZE SIT parameter.

13100

Explanation

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the run unit termination call.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the application.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

13110**Explanation**

The thread token passed by CICS to Language Environment for run unit termination is invalid.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the application.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

13130**Explanation**

Run unit termination did not succeed in a language support module.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the application.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

13140**Explanation**

Unable to free storage for Language Environment control blocks.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the application.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

13200**Explanation**

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the run unit invocation call.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC9.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

13210**Explanation**

Preallocated storage was expected by Language Environment from CICS for the run unit work area, but was not supplied.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC9.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

13220**Explanation**

Spool files for standard in, standard out, and standard error could not be opened.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC9.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

13230

Explanation

Run unit invocation did not succeed in a language support module.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC9.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

13240**Explanation**

An invalid application routine argument list passed by CICS during run unit invocation.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC9.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

13250**Explanation**

A language support module was not available in order to invoke the application.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code AEC9.

Programmer response

Make sure the CEEEvnnn language support modules of Language Environment are defined in the CSD for all languages in the application routines.

13300**Explanation**

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the run unit end invocation call.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the application.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

13310**Explanation**

CICS passed an invalid thread token during run unit end invocation.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the application.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

13320**Explanation**

CICS passed an invalid routine termination block during run unit end invocation.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the application.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

13330**Explanation**

Unable to close spool files for standard in, standard out, and standard error.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the application.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

15000**Explanation**

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the establish ownership call.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code APCS.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

15010**Explanation**

Initialization could not be performed for a routine because the language-specific initialization routines of Language Environment were not available for the language.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code APCS.

Programmer response

Make sure the CEEEVnnn language support modules of Language Environment are defined in the CSD for all languages in the application routines.

15020**Explanation**

The language of the main routine could not be determined. Initialization could not be performed for the routine.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code APCS.

Programmer response

The routine is probably link-edited incorrectly.

15030**Explanation**

Language Environment establish ownership did not succeed in a language support module.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code APCS.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

15040**Explanation**

The application load module does not contain a main routine.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code APCS.

Programmer response

Make sure there is a main routine in the application load module.

15050**Explanation**

The AMODE of the routine is 24, but the routine contains C routines that must run with AMODE(31).

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with the abend code APCS.

Programmer response

Relink-edit the routine AMODE(31).

15060**Explanation**

The application provided is a program object with deferred classes which can not be supported with the current level of CICS.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with the abend code APCS.

Programmer response

Build the application using the Language Environment Prelinker Utility.

15070

Explanation

The application provided was compiled with the XPLINK compiler option and XPLINK is not supported with the current level of CICS.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with the abend code APCS.

Programmer response

Recompile the application program with the NOXPLINK compiler option since the level of CICS you are running does not support XPLINK.

16000

Explanation

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the determine working storage call.

System action

CICS continues running the transaction under Execution Diagnostic Facility (EDF).

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

16030

Explanation

Determine working storage call did not succeed in a language support module.

System action

CICS continues running the transaction under Execution Diagnostic Facility (EDF).

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

16040

Explanation

Language Environment could not determine the working storage address and length for a routine.

System action

CICS continues running the transaction under Execution Diagnostic Facility (EDF).

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

17000

Explanation

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the perform goto call.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code APC2.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

17030

Explanation

Perform goto cannot be completed because a goto-out-of-block is not supported for the language.

The application routine is a mix of languages. One routine is performing an EXEC CICS HANDLE with the LABEL option and calling another routine that is written in a language that does not support EXEC CICS HANDLE with LABEL. A condition occurred that caused CICS to try to branch to the handle label in the caller.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code APC2.

Programmer response

Change the logic of the routine. Try using EXEC CICS HANDLE with the PROGRAM option instead of EXEC CICS HANDLE with the LABEL option.

17040

Explanation

Errors occurred while trying to perform the goto-out-of-block on behalf of the perform goto call by CICS.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code APC2.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

17060

Explanation

An invalid stack frame chain was detected while trying to perform a goto-out-of-block on behalf of the perform goto call by CICS.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code APC2.

C return codes

31923

Explanation

Run units terminated out of sequence.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction.

Programmer response

If this problem persists, it is most likely an internal error. Contact IBM service personnel.

32112

Explanation

All run units have not been terminated before process termination.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction.

Programmer response

If this problem persists, it is most likely an internal error. Contact IBM service personnel.

32820

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in Language Environment.

18000

Explanation

Invalid parameters passed from CICS to Language Environment for the short on storage alert call.

System action

CICS continues to attempt to free storage in response to the short of storage condition.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment.

Explanation

Mixed-language module unsupported for pre-Language Environment C applications.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction.

Programmer response

Recompile using IBM C compiler.

32821

Explanation

C not present in language signature.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction.

Programmer response

Recompile using IBM C compiler.

32822

Explanation

Identify module entry point (event 28) was issued for a Language Environment conforming entry point when a non-Language Environment conforming entry point was expected.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction.

Programmer response

If this problem persists, it is most likely an internal error. Contact IBM service personnel.

COBOL return codes

51401

Explanation

Control returned from the application to the COBOL interface routine.

System action

CICS continues with termination of the application.

Programmer response

Contact IBM service personnel.

Explanation

A VS COBOL II program does not have the required CSECTs link-edited with the load module.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction.

Programmer response

Make sure that the VS COBOL II program has been link-edited correctly with no unresolved references for IGZEBST. Additionally, if the VS COBOL II program was link-edited with Language Environment, there must be no unresolved references for CEESTART or CEEBETBL.

52801

PL/I return codes

101010

Explanation

CICS GETMAIN command did not succeed during PL/I partition initialization.

System action

CICS continues system initialization with Language Environment PL/I inactive.

Programmer response

Contact IBM service personnel.

101020

Explanation

CICS LOAD for IBMRSAP did not succeed during PL/I partition initialization.

System action

CICS continues system initialization with Language Environment PL/I inactive.

Programmer response

Make sure the module IBMRSAP is defined in CSD.
Make sure the module IBMRSAP is located in DFHRPL.

101030

Explanation

CICS LOAD did not succeed when loading one of the following shared library modules, IBMBPSMA or IBMBPSLA.

System action

CICS continues system initialization with Language Environment PL/I inactive.

Programmer response

If the shared library compatibility support is requested, both IBMBPSMA and IBMBPSLA should be defined in CSD and located in DFHRPL.

101110

Explanation

CICS FREEMAIN command did not succeed during PL/I partition termination.

System action

CICS continues system termination.

Programmer response

Contact IBM service personnel.

101120**Explanation**

CICS RELEASE for IBMRSAP did not succeed during PL/I partition termination.

System action

CICS continues system termination.

Programmer response

This is most likely an internal error in CICS or Language Environment. Contact IBM service personnel.

Explanation

Total length of PRV exceeded the specified maximum 4096 bytes.

System action

CICS abnormally terminates the transaction with abend code APCS.

Programmer response

Too many files, fetched procedures, CONTROLLED variables, or assembler use of PRV caused the total length of PRV to exceed the maximum limit of 4096 bytes. Try to reduce PRV usage.

105210

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CB27003A	<u>775</u>	CEE0463S	<u>9</u>
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CEE0254W	<u>3</u>	CEE2016E	<u>18</u>
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CEE0260S	<u>4</u>	CEE2021E	<u>19</u>
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CEE0356C	<u>5</u>	CEE2028E	<u>20</u>
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