

assignment2

```
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library(tidyr)
AI2 <- read.table("assignment2", header = TRUE)
AI2 <- as_tibble(AI2)
AI2_ID <- tibble::rowid_to_column(AI2, "ID")
which(AI2_ID$value == 1)

## [1] 3 8 9

AI2t <- as_tibble(AI2_ID)
df <- mutate(AI2_ID, diffthree = abs(ID - 3))
df <- mutate(df, diffeight = abs(ID - 8))
df <- mutate(df, diffnine = abs(ID - 9))
dft <- as_tibble(df)
dft

## # A tibble: 14 x 5
##       ID value diffthree diffeight diffnine
##   <int> <int>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1     1     0         2         7         8
## 2     2     0         1         6         7
## 3     3     1         0         5         6
## 4     4     0         1         4         5
## 5     5     0         2         3         4
## 6     6     0         3         2         3
## 7     7     0         4         1         2
## 8     8     1         5         0         1
## 9     9     1         6         1         0
## 10    10     0         7         2         1
## 11    11     0         8         3         2
## 12    12     0         9         4         3
## 13    13     0        10         5         4
## 14    14     0        11         6         5

dftest <- mutate(df, test = diffthree/14)
```

I was thinking to use subtraction to get the smallest difference and compare across the 3 rows to decide which one to keep. Kind of like a conditional statement, such as if column diffthree has lowest integer return 3 in a new column in that index row. Unfortunately, I can't seem to find the right functions to do so, perhaps I am not googling the correct words in order to find that function or conditional statement to use. Perhaps I am also going down an incorrect path and there is another set of steps that need to be done to get to the final output. I just can't seem to figure out the first step necessary if subtraction of the distances is not it.

```
AI2r <-read.table("assignment2", header = TRUE)
AI2r$ID <- seq.int(nrow(AI2r))
which(AI2r$value == 1)
```

```
## [1] 3 8 9
```

```
AI2r
```

##	value	ID
## 1	0	1
## 2	0	2
## 3	1	3
## 4	0	4
## 5	0	5
## 6	0	6
## 7	0	7
## 8	1	8
## 9	1	9
## 10	0	10
## 11	0	11
## 12	0	12
## 13	0	13
## 14	0	14