

#### **CONTENTS**

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- 2. DATA INTRODUCTION & CLEANING
- 3. EDA
- 4. CONCLUSION
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INCREASE IN
INCOME \_\_\_\_
DEFICIT

Singapore Tourism Board (STB) has been facing a YoY increase in deficit, from \$7MM in 2021 to \$51MM in 2022

MANPOWER EXPENSES

SCOPE OF PROJECT

GOAL

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year ended 31 March 2022

SINGAPORE TOURISM BOARD

		Note	วกวว	2021
SIN	IGAPORE TOURISM BOARD			
	TES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 2022			
20	OPERATING INCOME			
		_	2022	2021
			\$'000	\$'000
	Events-related income		53	55
	Lease income		12,252	14,525
	Others		2,651	2,634
			14,956	17,214
21	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES			2021
			2022	2021
			\$'000	\$'000
	Wages and salaries		76,862	68,460
	Contributions to defined contribution plan		8,452	8,135
	Other staff benefits		8,044	9,293
	Depreciation on residential units (Note 11)	19 <u></u>	1,511	2,113
			94,869	88,001
Not.	cash used in operating activities		(285,78	
vec	cash used in operating activities		(203,70	(201,0

have

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#### INTRODUCTION

20XX

### PROBLEM STATEMENT

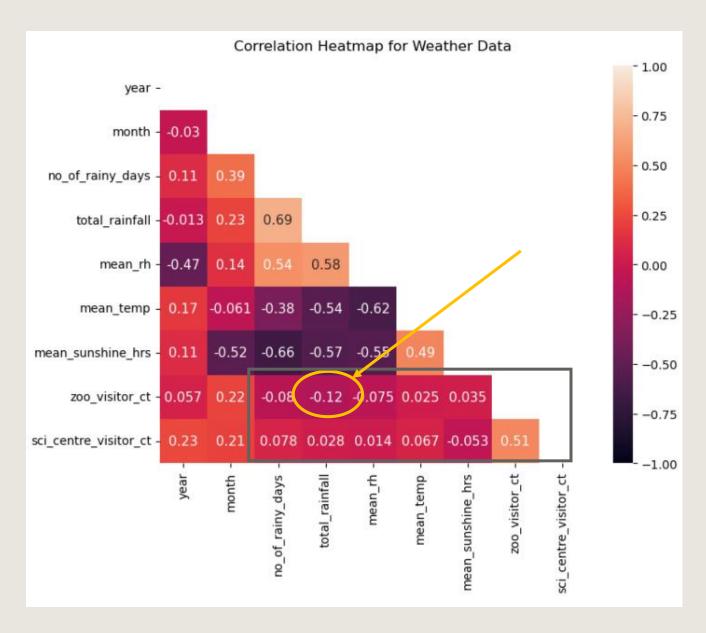
- **1. Correlation:** Is there any correlation between total rainfall and the number visitors to the Singapore Zoo and Science Centre?
- 2. Difference in Impact: Given that the Singapore Zoo is an outdoor attraction, does the total rainfall have a greater influence on its number of visitors as compared to the Science Centre?
- **3. Other Predictors:** Are there any other weather features that might be a predictor of number of visitors to both attractions?

20XX

#### DATA INTRODUCTION

FEATURE	UNITS	DESCRIPTION
Total Rainfall	mm	Total rainfall
Mean Daily Temperature		Mean daily temperature
No. of Rainy Days		Number of days that rained (day with rainfall amount of 0.2mm or more)
Mean Relative Humidity	%	Monthly mean relative humidity
Mean Sunshine Hours		Monthly mean sunshine hours in a day
Zoo Visitors	'000s	Number of visitors to the zoo
Science Centre Visitors	'000s	Number of visitors to science centre
Year		Year that data was collected
Month		Month that data was collected

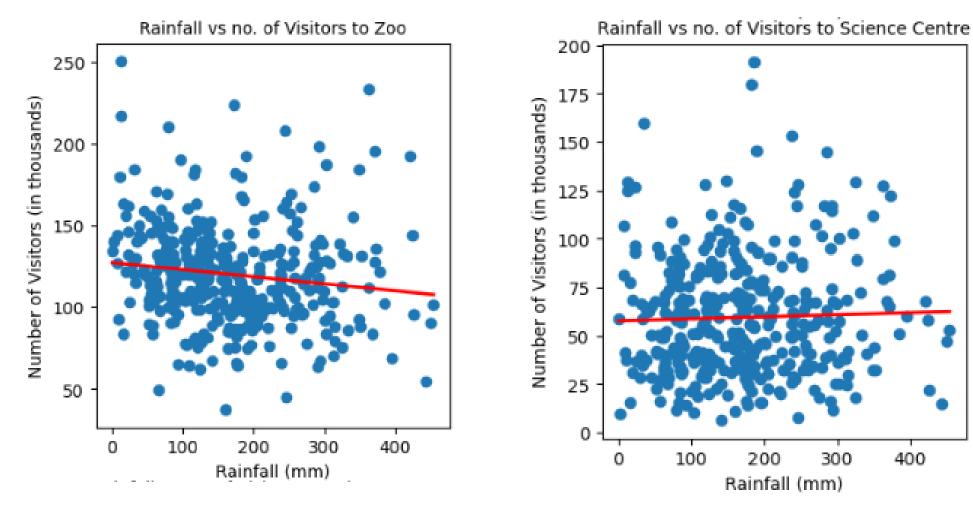
- No Null values hence no dropping of rows
- Data Date Range: April 1990 to Feb 2023



# CHOOSING WHICH WEATHER FEATURE TO STUDY:

Out of all the weather features vs visitor counts, total rainfall vs visitors to the zoo has the strongest correlation

#### NEGATIVE CORRELATION BETWEEN TOTAL RAINFALL AND VISITORS TO THE ZOO, BUT NOT FOR SCIENCE CENTRE

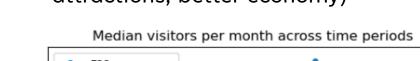


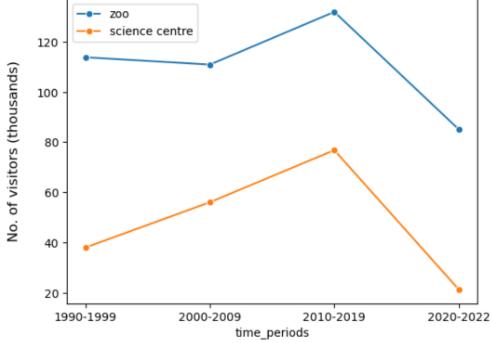
300

400

#### NARROWING THE SCOPE: SELECTING **2010 TO 2019** AS TIME PERIOD TO STUDY

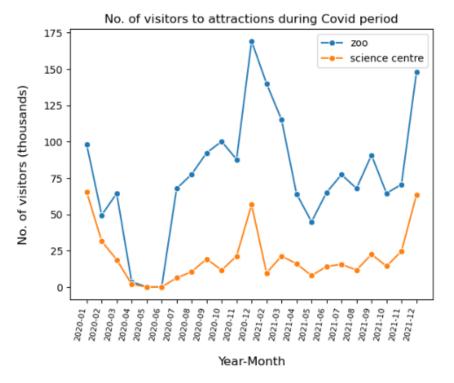
Overall upward trend in median number of visitors per month (probably due to improvement in attractions, better economy)



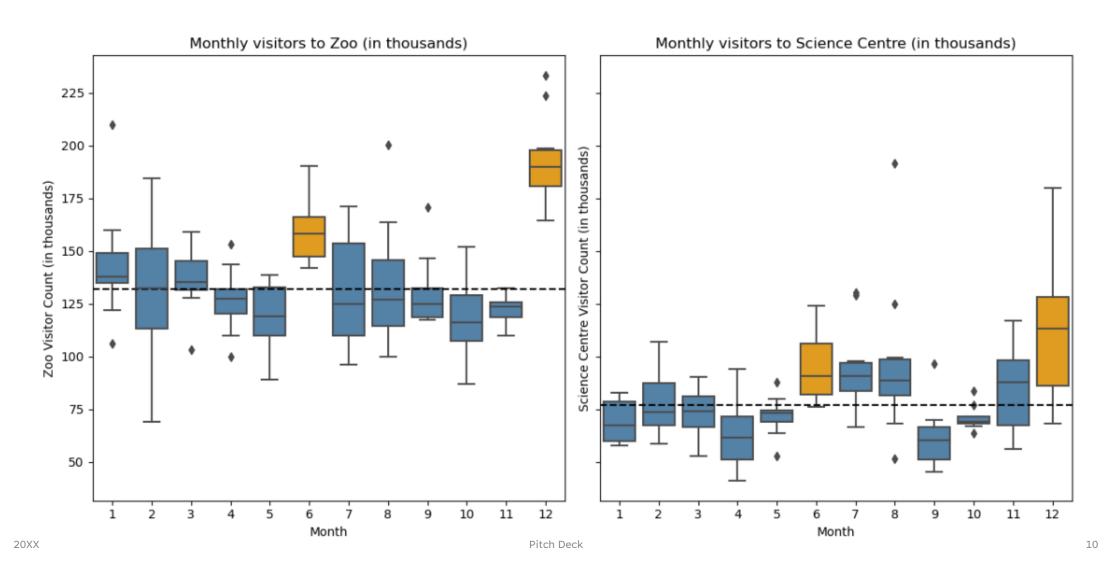


Time period **2020 to 2022** was an exception due to Covid:

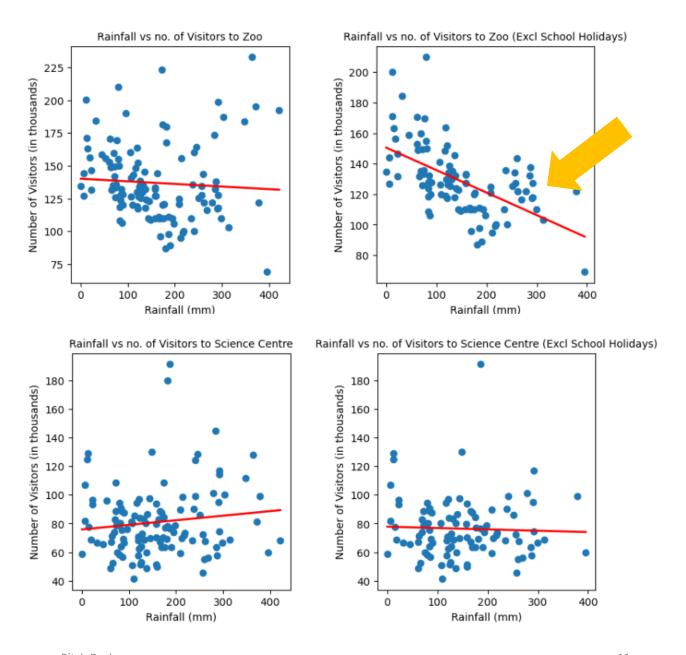
- During Covid period, median no. of visitors dropped greatly.
- Numbers surged slightly in Dec 2020, but was slow to pick up thereafter



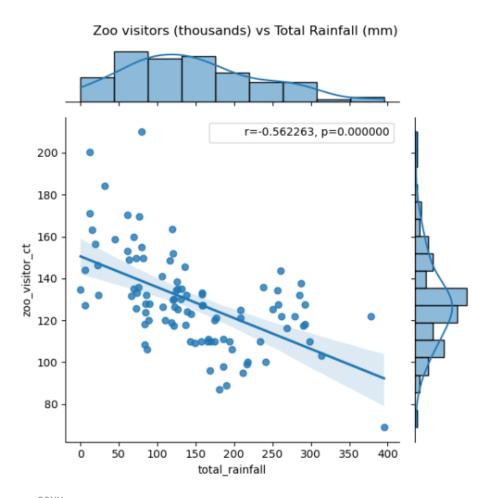
### SEEMS LIKE NUMBER OF VISITORS DURING SCHOOL HOLIDAYS IS ALWAYS HIGHER THAN THE MEDIAN MONTHLY VISITORS



NARROWING THE SCOPE:
WHAT HAPPENS TO THE
CORRELATION BETWEEN RAINFALL
AND VISITORS IF WE
REMOVE SCHOOL HOLIDAY
MONTHS?



### IN GENERAL, FOR EVERY 1MM OF INCREASE IN RAINFALL, THERE IS A DECREASE IN 148 VISITORS

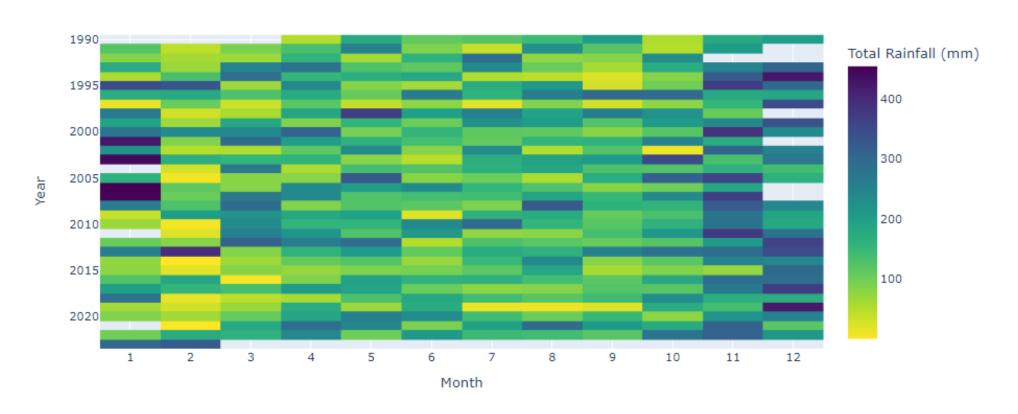


OES REGIESSION RESURS									
ble:	zoo_visit	or_ct	R-	squared:	0.316				
del:		OLS	OLS Adj. R-squared:		0.309				
Method: Least Squares F-station		statistic:	44.84						
ate: Wed	, 02 Aug i	2023	Prob (F-statistic):		1.39e-09				
me:	17:4	17:20	Log-Lil	celihood:	-430.13				
ons:		99		AIC:	864.3				
als:		97		BIC:	869.5				
del:		1							
/pe:	nonro	bust							
coef	std err	1	t P> t	[0.025	0.975]				
150.5374	3.738	40.269	0.000	143.118	157.957				
-0.1475	0.022	-6.696	0.000	-0.191	-0.104				
	ble: del: del: wed me: ons: del: rpe: coef	ble: zoo_visite  del:  del:  del: Least Squ  ate: Wed, 02 Aug 2  me: 17:4  ons:  als:  del:  pe: nonro  coef std err  150.5374 3.738	ble: zoo_visitor_ct  del: OLS  del: OLS  del: OLS  del: OLS  del: Ved, 02 Aug 2023    me: 17:47:20  ons: 99  als: 97  del: 1  rpe: nonrobust  coef std err  150.5374 3.738 40.269	ble: zoo_visitor_ct	ble: zoo_visitor_ct				

**OLS Regression Results** 

#### TOTAL RAINFALL IS HIGHEST IN NOV TO JAN, AND LOWEST IN FEB TO MAR

#### Heatmap of Rainfall across Months

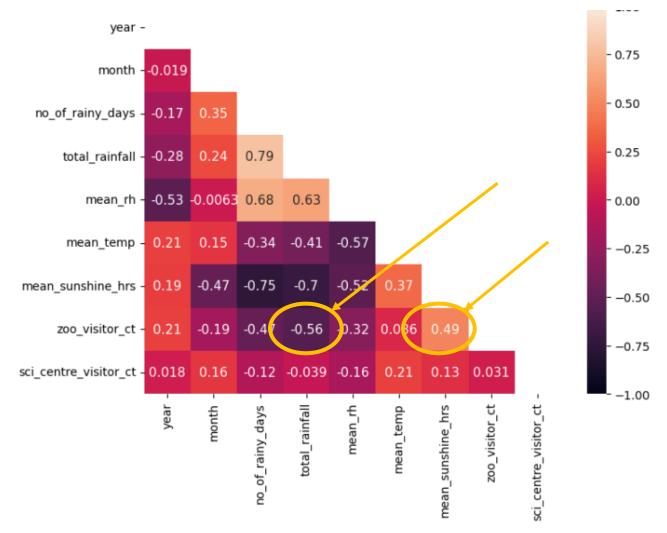


### INVERSE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TOTAL VISITORS TO THE ZOO AND TOTAL RAINFALL IN *MOST* MONTHS

#### Rainfall and Total Zoo Visitors across Months

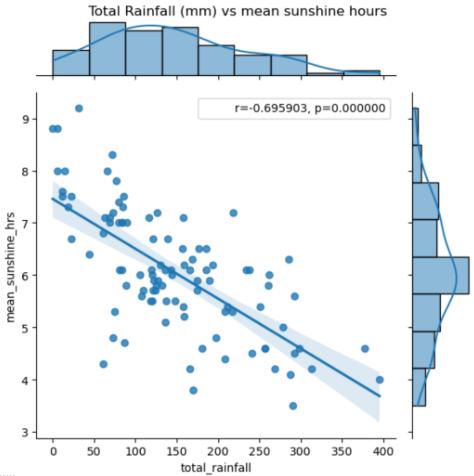


## NEGATIVE CORRELATION BETWEEN AMOUNT OF RAINFALL AND VISITORS TO THE ZOO HAS BECOME **STRONGER**, FROM **-0.12 TO -0.56**. NEXT HIGHEST CORRELATION IS WITH **MEAN SUNSHINE** HOURS OF **0.49**

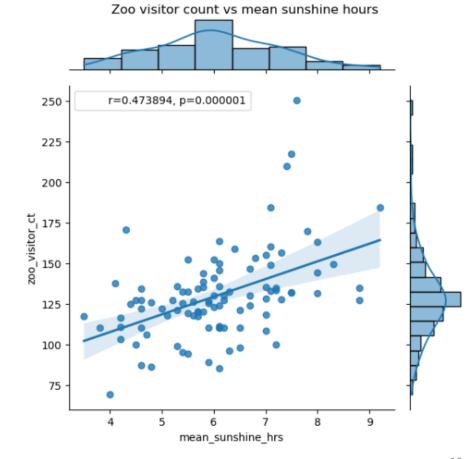


### WE CAN USE MAIN DAILY SUNSHINE HOURS TO PREDICT NO. OF VISITORS TO THE ZOO TOO

**Negative Correlation** Exists Between Total Rainfall And Mean Daily Sunshine Hours



Correspondingly, *Positive Correlation* Exists
Between Total Rainfall And Mean Daily
Sunshine Hours



Pitch Deck

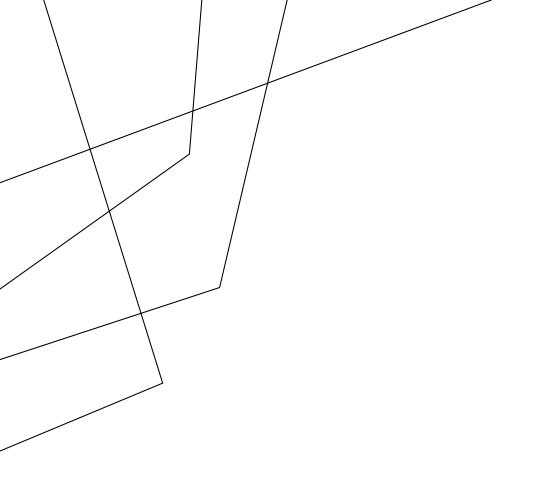
#### LIMITATIONS

#### 1. BLACK SWAN EVENTS: COVID

Covid-19 resulted in a closure of tourist attractions across Singapore, slow economic recovery and limited global travel. Might have long term effects too.

### 2. MARKETING EFFORTS & CAMPAIGNS

Successful marketing efforts might have the potential to influence visitors' arrivals despite bad weather. Not accounted for in data.



CONCLUSION

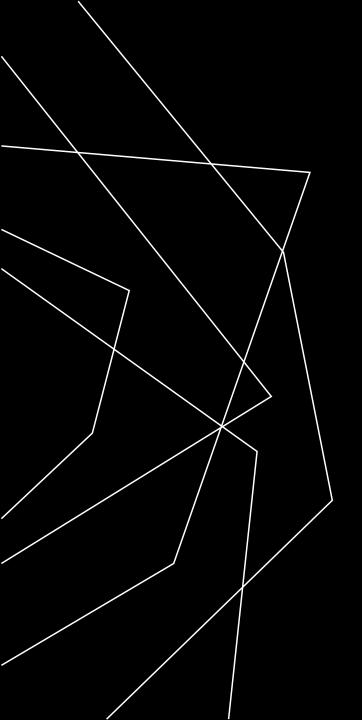
1. NEGATIVE CORRELATION BETWEEN TOTAL RAINFALL AND VISITORS TO THE ZOO

2. HOLIDAY MONTHS HAS AN IMPACT ON VISITORS TO THE ZOO

3. POSITIVE CORRELATION BETWEEN SUNSHINE HOURS AND VISITORS TO THE ZOO



- 1. Focus on optimising Manpower at Zoo
- 2. Adjust Staffing during months with higher rainfall
- 3. Reduce Outdoor Shows during Wet Months
- 4. Leverage Technology to Supplement Staff
- 5. Extend the study to other outdoor attractions



### THANK YOU

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