

Syntax:

## Exploring the Anxiety variable at 3 different times.

```
> summary(moms.anxietywide$anxiety0)
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
  0.00   5.00   9.50  11.69  16.00   51.00
> summary(moms.anxietywide$anxiety1)
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
  0.000  2.000  5.000  8.005  10.000  43.000    33
> summary(moms.anxietywide$anxiety2)
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
  0.000  2.000  5.000  7.954  11.000  47.000    64
> summary(indanxietyaverages$anxiety)
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
  0.000  3.000  7.000  9.437  13.000  51.000
```

## Taking out the NAs for the anxiety variable in the wide dataset.

```
> widereset <-
moms.anxietywide[complete.cases(moms.anxietywide[c("anxiety0", "anxiety1", "anxiety2")]),]
> summary(widereset)
```

id		rmarrital	educ		white
Min.	: 1.0	Married :125	Min.	: 2.000	Min. :0.0000
1st Qu.:	301.2	Not Married: 19	1st Qu.:	6.000	1st Qu.:1.0000
Median :	516.5	NA's : 2	Median :	7.000	Median :1.0000
Mean :	495.9		Mean :	7.048	Mean :0.7808
3rd Qu.:	740.8		3rd Qu.:	8.000	3rd Qu.:1.0000
Max.	:928.0		Max.	:10.000	Max. :1.0000

income		bmtrisk		disrisk		abeartox	
Min.	:1.00	Min.	:1.000	Min.	:1.000	Min.	: 0.000
1st Qu.:	4.00	1st Qu.:	2.000	1st Qu.:	2.000	1st Qu.:	1.000
Median :	6.00	Median :	2.000	Median :	3.000	Median :	2.000
Mean :	6.24	Mean :	1.993	Mean :	2.486	Mean :	2.671
3rd Qu.:	9.00	3rd Qu.:	2.000	3rd Qu.:	3.000	3rd Qu.:	3.750
Max.	:9.00	Max.	:3.000	Max.	:4.000	Max.	:10.000

aicu		cancer	time0		time1	time2
Min.	:0.00000	Cancer :117	Min.	:1	Min.	:2
1st Qu.:	0.00000	No cancer: 29	1st Qu.:	1	1st Qu.:	2
Median :	0.00000		Median :	1	Median :	2
Mean :	0.08904		Mean :	1	Mean :	2
3rd Qu.:	0.00000		3rd Qu.:	1	3rd Qu.:	2
Max.	:1.00000		Max.	:1	Max.	:2

fears0		fears1		fears2		anxiety0	
Min.	: 0.000	Min.	: 0.000	Min.	: 0.000	Min.	: 0.00
1st Qu.:	3.000	1st Qu.:	3.000	1st Qu.:	3.000	1st Qu.:	4.00
Median :	4.000	Median :	4.000	Median :	4.000	Median :	9.00
Mean :	4.548	Mean :	4.848	Mean :	4.685	Mean :	11.21
3rd Qu.:	6.000	3rd Qu.:	6.000	3rd Qu.:	6.000	3rd Qu.:	15.00
Max.	:12.000	Max.	:12.000	Max.	:12.000	Max.	:51.00

anxiety1		anxiety2		depress0		depress1	
Min.	: 0.000	Min.	: 0.000	Min.	: 0.00	Min.	: 0.000
1st Qu.:	2.000	1st Qu.:	2.000	1st Qu.:	6.00	1st Qu.:	4.000
Median :	5.000	Median :	5.000	Median :	9.00	Median :	7.000
Mean :	8.322	Mean :	8.021	Mean :	10.25	Mean :	8.814
3rd Qu.:	11.000	3rd Qu.:	11.000	3rd Qu.:	13.00	3rd Qu.:	13.000
Max.	:43.000	Max.	:47.000	Max.	:38.00	Max.	:46.000

depress2		gvhd0		gvhd1		gvhd2	
----------	--	-------	--	-------	--	-------	--

```

Min. : 0.000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000
1st Qu.: 3.000 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000
Median : 5.500 Median :0.0000 Median :0.0000 Median :0.0000
Mean : 7.938 Mean :0.1986 Mean :0.1644 Mean :0.1049
3rd Qu.:12.000 3rd Qu.:0.0000 3rd Qu.:0.0000 3rd Qu.:0.0000
Max. :45.000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000
NA's :3

infect0 infect1 infect2
Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000
1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000
Median :0.0000 Median :0.0000 Median :0.0000
Mean :0.5479 Mean :0.3904 Mean :0.3077
3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:0.0000
Max. :5.0000 Max. :3.0000 Max. :4.0000
NA's :3

```

## Exploring variables in the wide dataset.

```

> summary(widereset$anxiety1)
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
0.000 2.000 5.000 8.322 11.000 43.000
> summary(wideset$anxiety0)
Error in summary(wideset$anxiety0) : object 'wideset' not found
> summary(widereset$anxiety0)
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
0.00 4.00 9.00 11.21 15.00 51.00
> summary(widereset$anxiety2)
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
0.000 2.000 5.000 8.021 11.000 47.000
> mean(widereset$anxiety2)
[1] 8.020548

```

##Finding the average of individual anxiety averages.

```

> moms.anxietylong <- read.csv("C:/Users/James/Desktop/moms.anxietylong.csv")
> View(moms.anxietylong)
> indanxietyaverages <- aggregate( anxiety~id+time, moms.anxietylong, mean )
> mean(indanxietyaverages$anxiety)
[1] 9.437387
> summary(indanxietyaverages$anxiety)
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
0.000 3.000 7.000 9.437 13.000 51.000

```

Creating a Table:

```

> dayaverages<- cbind(Baseline=mean(widereset$anxiety0),
FirstDay=mean(widereset$anxiety1), Secondday=mean(widereset$anxiety2),
Patientaverages=mean(indanxietyaverages$anxiety))
> dayaverages
Baseline FirstDay Secondday Patientaverages
[1,] 11.21233 8.321918 8.020548 9.437387
> write.csv(dayaverages, "C:/Users/James/Desktop/Dayaverages.csv")

```

**Table 1.** Anxiety Levels of Mothers with Bone Marrow Transplant Children at 3 Different Times and the Average of All Participants

	Baseline	First Day	Second Day	Patient Averages
Time Average	11.212	8.322	8.021	9.437

```
## 2-Way Anova Boxplots:
##Problem: Does not account for individual differences!!

## Categorizing time variable.
> is.factor(moms.anxietylong$time)
[1] FALSE
> moms.anxietylong$time <-cut(moms.anxietylong$time, br=c(0,1,2,3))
> summary(moms.anxietylong$time)
(0,1] (1,2] (2,3]
  216   216   216

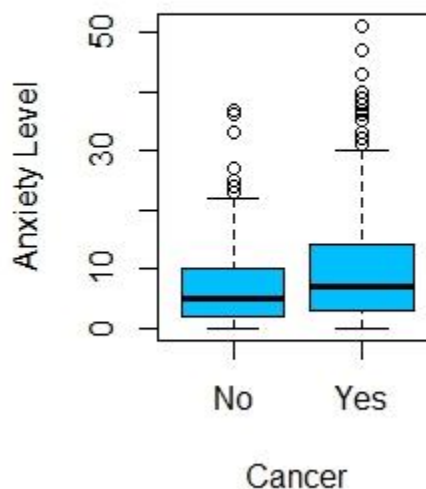
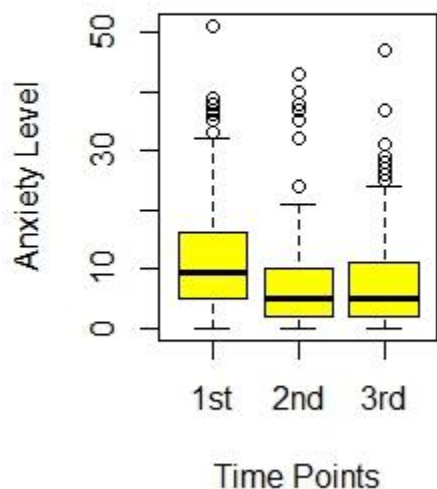
> levels(moms.anxietylong$time) <- c("1st", "2nd", "3rd")

## Categorizing Cancer Variable.
> is.factor(moms.anxietylong$cancer)
[1] FALSE
> moms.anxietylong$cancer <-cut(moms.anxietylong$cancer, br=c(-1,0,1))
> summary(moms.anxietylong$cancer)
(-1,0] (0,1] NA's
  126   498   24

## Naming the cancer variable.
> levels(moms.anxietylong$cancer) <- c("No", "Yes")

## Creating boxplots that do not account for individual
differences.
> par(mfrow=c(1,2))

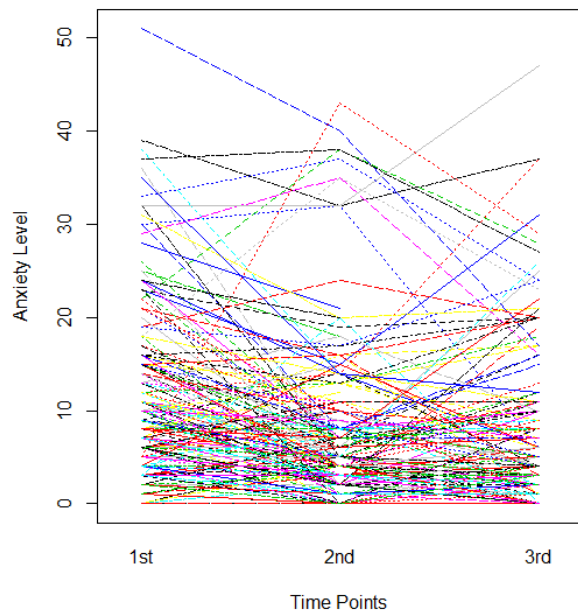
> plot(moms.anxietylong$anxiety ~ moms.anxietylong$time, xlab="Time Points",
ylab="Anxiety Level", col="yellow")
> plot(moms.anxietylong$anxiety ~ moms.anxietylong$cancer, xlab="Cancer",
ylab="Anxiety Level", col="deepskyblue1")
```



##Spaghetti Plot

##Spaghetti Plot is not very useful either because there is a lot of overlap and we can't really see if there are any patterns between the individuals for the three days.

```
> interaction.plot(moms.anxietylong$time, moms.anxietylong$id,  
moms.anxietylong$anxiety, xlab="Time Points",ylab="Anxiety Level",  
col=c(1:10), legend=F)
```



##Categorizing IDs.

##When I tried categorizing the IDs without labeling using the factor() function without ##labeling, I could only get the first fifty participants to show up in the output.

##So, I decided to use the cut() function and listed all the intervals manually so that the ID ##variable would be categorical.

```
>moms.anxietylong$id <-cut(moms.anxietylong$id,  
br=c(0,1,2,3,5,101,102,103,105,106,107,109,110,112,113,114,115,1  
16,117,120,121,123,126,127,128,129,131,132,134,135,136,137,138,1  
39,140,141,143,144,145,146,147,148,149,150,151,152,153,154,155,1  
56,157,158,301,302,304,305,306,307,308,309,310,311,312,313,314,3  
16,317,318,320,322,324,326,329,330,332,333,334,335,337,339,340,3  
41,343,345,346,347,348,349,350,352,355,501,504,505,508,510,511,5  
13,514,516,517,519,521,522,523,524,525,526,529,532,533,535,536,5  
38,539,540,541,542,543,544,701,702,703,704,705,706,707,708,709,7  
10,711,712,713,717,719,720,721,722,723,724,725,726,727,728,729,7  
30,731,732,733,734,736,737,739,740,741,743,744,747,748,750,751,7
```

```
52,753,755,756,757,758,759,760,761,762,763,764,765,766,767,768,7
69,770,771,772,773,774,775,901,902,903,905,908,909,910,911,912,9
13,914,915,917,918,919,920,921,922,923,924,925,926,928,929,930,9
31,932,933,934,935,936,937,938))
```

```
##Use mixed effects model:
## This is the correct method to calculate ICC because it does
not overestimate it like 2-Way Anova!
```

```
> library(nlme)
```

```
## Take out NAs from response variable.
```

```
> anxietylongreset <-
moms.anxietylong[complete.cases(moms.anxietylong[c("anxiety","cancer")]),]
> summary(anxietylongreset$anxiety)
```

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
0.000 3.000 7.000 9.437 13.000 51.000
```

```
> summary(anxietylongreset$id)
```

```
(0,1] (1,2] (2,3] (3,5] (101,102] (103,105] (106,107]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(113,114] (114,115] (116,117] (120,121] (121,123] (123,126] (126,127]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(127,128] (128,129] (129,131] (131,132] (132,134] (134,135] (135,136]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(136,137] (137,138] (138,139] (139,140] (140,141] (141,143] (144,145]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(145,146] (146,147] (147,148] (148,149] (149,150] (150,151] (153,154]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(154,155] (158,301] (301,302] (302,304] (304,305] (305,306] (306,307]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(307,308] (308,309] (309,310] (310,311] (311,312] (312,313] (313,314]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(314,316] (316,317] (317,318] (318,320] (320,322] (322,324] (324,326]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(326,329] (329,330] (330,332] (333,334] (334,335] (337,339] (339,340]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(340,341] (345,346] (346,347] (347,348] (501,504] (504,505] (508,510]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(511,513] (513,514] (514,516] (516,517] (517,519] (519,521] (521,522]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(523,524] (524,525] (525,526] (529,532] (532,533] (536,538] (544,701]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(701,702] (702,703] (703,704] (704,705] (706,707] (708,709] (710,711]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(711,712] (712,713] (713,717] (717,719] (720,721] (721,722] (722,723]
3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(723,724] (Other)
3 254
```

```
##Mixed effects model output, where id is the random variable and part of
calculating the random intercept.
```

```
> mixmodel <- lme(anxiety ~ time, data=anxietylongreset, random=~1|id)
```

```
> mixmodel
```

```
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
```

```
Data: anxietylongreset
```

```
Log-restricted-likelihood: -1901.313
```

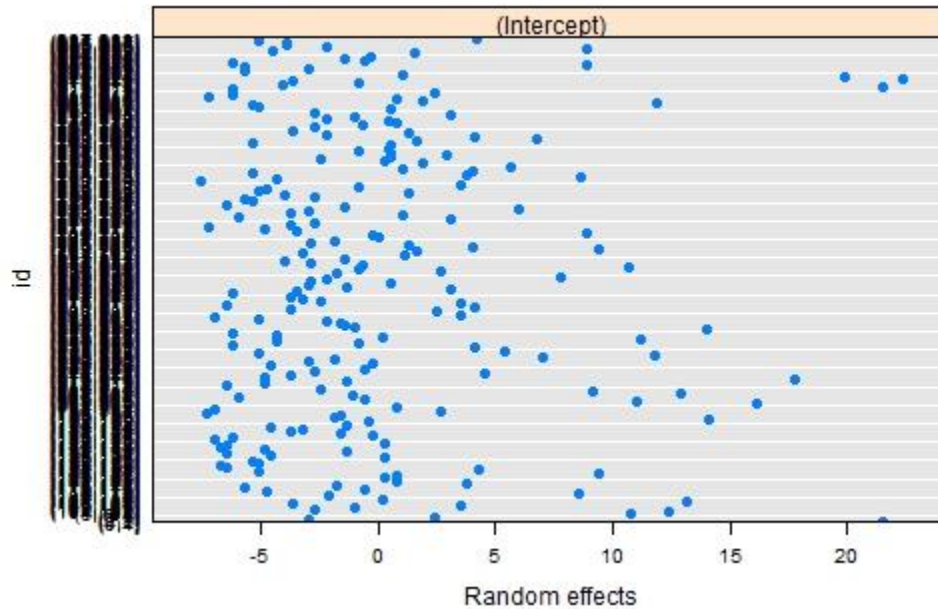
```
Fixed: anxiety ~ time
```

```
(Intercept) time2nd time3rd
11.694444 -3.545332 -3.568249
```

```
Random effects:  
Formula: ~1 | id  
          (Intercept) Residual  
StdDev:    6.750332  5.729195
```

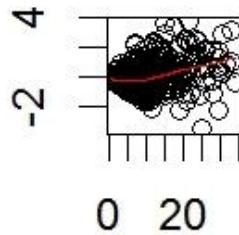
```
Number of Observations: 551  
Number of Groups: 216
```

```
##Mix effects model plot.  
> par(cex=2)  
> plot(ranef(mixmodel))
```



```
## Making the Normal Q-Q Plot to see if there is normal distribution for the  
individual means (Residuals).  
> par(mfrow=c(1,2), cex=1.5)  
> plot(residuals(mixmodel, type="pearson") ~ predict(mixmodel))  
> abline(h=0, lty=3)  
> lines(lowess(x=predict(mixmodel), y=resid(mixmodel, type="pearson")),  
col="red")  
> qqnorm(residuals(mixmodel, type="pearson"))  
> qqline(residuals(mixmodel, type="pearson"))
```

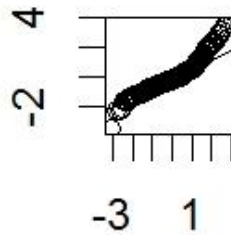
siduals(mixmodel, type = "pear")



predict(mixmodel)

Sample Quantiles

Normal Q-Q Plc



Theoretical Quantile

## Calculate ICC using the numbers in green below.

> summary(mixmodel)

Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML

Data: anxietylongreset

	AIC	BIC	logLik
	3812.625	3834.157	-1901.313

Random effects:

Formula: ~1 | id

(Intercept) Residual

StdDev: 6.750332 5.729195

Fixed effects: anxiety ~ time

	Value	Std.Error	DF	t-value	p-value
(Intercept)	11.694444	0.6024282	333	19.412180	0
time2nd	-3.545332	0.5882570	333	-6.026843	0
time3rd	-3.568249	0.6293873	333	-5.669401	0

Correlation:

	(Intr)	tim2nd
time2nd	-0.429	
time3rd	-0.401	0.443

Standardized Within-Group Residuals:

	Min	Q1	Med	Q3	Max
	-3.4687975	-0.4814763	-0.1363871	0.3446362	3.7827155

Number of Observations: 551

Number of Groups: 216

##ICC:  $(6.750332)^2 / ((6.750332)^2 + (5.729195)^2)$

##ICC: 0.5812807

## Proportion of total variation between mothers.

## Question #3.

> intervals(mixmodel)

Approximate 95% confidence intervals

Fixed effects:

	lower	est.	upper
(Intercept)	10.509400	11.694444	12.879489

```

time2nd      -4.702501 -3.545332 -2.388164
time3rd      -4.806325 -3.568249 -2.330173
attr(,"label")
[1] "Fixed effects:"

Random Effects:
Level: id
              lower      est.      upper
sd((Intercept)) 5.961013 6.750332 7.644168

within-group standard error:
      lower      est.      upper
5.312753 5.729195 6.178280

```

## Intercept is positive, meaning that there is an increase in anxiety for individuals given the independent variables included in the model.

##Intercept is nowhere near zero and the confidence intervals are also do not contain zero, which means that the difference between variances is statistically significant at the  $p < 0.05$  level.

## Add malignancy into the model for question 3b.

```

> mixmodel2 <- lme(anxiety ~ time + cancer, data=anxietylongreset,
random=~1|id)
> summary(mixmodel2)

```

Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML

```

Data: anxietylongreset
      AIC      BIC    logLik
3742.577 3768.304 -1865.288

```

```

Random effects:
Formula: ~1 | id
      (Intercept) Residual
StdDev:    6.748217 5.698216

```

```

Fixed effects: anxiety ~ time + cancer
              Value Std.Error DF   t-value p-value
(Intercept)  9.548133 1.2250260 332   7.794229  0.0000
time2nd      -3.512998 0.5885160 332  -5.969248  0.0000
time3rd      -3.566740 0.6281376 332  -5.678277  0.0000
cancerYes     2.783062 1.3294038 206   2.093466  0.0375

```

```

Correlation:
      (Intr) tim2nd tim3rd
time2nd  -0.207
time3rd  -0.206  0.447
cancerYes -0.866 -0.011  0.004

```

```

Standardized within-Group Residuals:
      Min      Q1      Med      Q3      Max
-3.5120761 -0.4783503 -0.1338862  0.3398523  3.7731861

```

```

Number of Observations: 542
Number of Groups: 208

```

```

> intervals(mixmodel2)
Approximate 95% confidence intervals

```

```

Fixed effects:
      lower      est.      upper
(Intercept)  7.1383416  9.548133 11.957925

```



```
time2nd      -4.6706888 -3.512998 -2.355308
time3rd      -4.8023711 -3.566740 -2.331108
cancerYes    0.1620803  2.783062  5.404043
attr("label")
[1] "Fixed effects:"
```

```
Random Effects:
Level: id
              lower      est.      upper
sd((Intercept)) 5.946948 6.748217 7.657446
```

```
Within-group standard error:
      lower      est.      upper
5.281953 5.698216 6.147285
```

```
## Adding time into the random effect.
## Close R and restart R. Convert ID into categorical. Repeat everything
abov##e before running "mixmodel" Do not convert time into categorical. Leave
tim##e continuous.
```

```
> mixmodel3 <- lme(anxiety ~ time, data=anxietylongreset, random=~time|id,
na.action=na.omit)
```

```
> summary(mixmodel3)
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Data: anxietylongreset
      AIC      BIC    logLik
3752.014 3777.764 -1870.007
```

```
Random effects:
Formula: ~time | id
Structure: General positive-definite, Log-Cholesky parametrization
              StdDev      Corr
(Intercept) 9.425403 (Intr)
time        2.792382 -0.685
Residual    5.079775
```

```
Fixed effects: anxiety ~ time
              Value Std.Error DF t-value p-value
(Intercept) 13.287528 0.8663399 333 15.33755 0
time        -1.971096 0.3471212 333 -5.67841 0
Correlation:
(Intr)
time -0.786
```

```
Standardized Within-Group Residuals:
      Min      Q1      Med      Q3      Max
-2.97484063 -0.42484952 -0.09971079 0.29550039 3.95325574
```

```
Number of Observations: 542
Number of Groups: 208
```

```
> intervals(mixmodel3)
Approximate 95% confidence intervals
```

```
Fixed effects:
              lower      est.      upper
(Intercept) 11.583339 13.287528 14.99172
time        -2.653923 -1.971096 -1.28827
attr("label")
[1] "Fixed effects:"
```

```
Random Effects:
```

```

Level: id
              lower      est.      upper
sd((Intercept)) 7.8331257  9.4254028 11.3413498
sd(time)         1.9730117  2.7923823  3.9520288
cor((Intercept),time) -0.8100394 -0.6850355 -0.5004739

```

```

within-group standard error:
      lower      est.      upper
4.564888  5.079775  5.652737

```

```
## Using Time*cancer (interaction).
```

```

> mixmodel4 <- lme(anxiety ~ time*cancer, data=anxietylongreset,
random=~time|id, na.action=na.omit)
> summary(mixmodel4)

```

```
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
```

```

Data: anxietylongreset
      AIC      BIC    logLik
3746.552 3780.855 -1865.276

```

```
Random effects:
```

```

Formula: ~time | id
Structure: General positive-definite, Log-Cholesky parametrization
              StdDev  Corr
(Intercept)  9.460254 (Intr)
time         2.801113 -0.7
Residual     5.080944

```

```
Fixed effects: anxiety ~ time * cancer
```

```

              Value Std.Error DF   t-value p-value
(Intercept)  12.354417 1.9268552 332    6.411700  0.0000
time         -2.646124 0.7655042 332   -3.456707  0.0006
cancerYes     1.156483 2.1583074 206    0.535829  0.5927
time:cancerYes 0.850169 0.8589233 332    0.989807  0.3230

```

```
Correlation:
```

```

              (Intr) time  cncrYs
time         -0.790
cancerYes    -0.893  0.705
time:cancerYes 0.704 -0.891 -0.790

```

```
Standardized within-Group Residuals:
```

```

      Min      Q1      Med      Q3      Max
-2.9625233 -0.4303656 -0.1079389  0.3150975  3.9552983

```

```
Number of Observations: 542
```

```
Number of Groups: 208
```

```
> intervals(mixmodel4)
```

```
Approximate 95% confidence intervals
```

```
Fixed effects:
```

```

              lower      est.      upper
(Intercept)  8.5640325 12.3544168 16.144801
time         -4.1519739 -2.6461238 -1.140274
cancerYes    -3.0987205  1.1564833  5.411687
time:cancerYes -0.8394496  0.8501686  2.539787

```

```
attr("label")
```

```
[1] "Fixed effects:"
```

```
Random Effects:
```

```

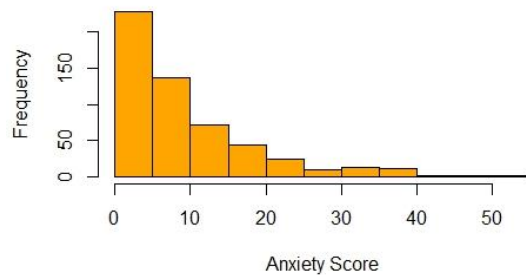
Level: id
              lower      est.      upper
sd((Intercept)) 7.8607531  9.4602539 11.3852200
sd(time)         1.9783751  2.8011131  3.9659994

```

```
cor((Intercept),time) -0.8192784 -0.6996491 -0.5216523
```

```
within-group standard error:  
      lower      est.      upper  
4.565601 5.080944 5.654456
```

```
##Histogram for anxiety score frequency.  
> hist(anxietylongreset$anxiety, col="orange", main="", xlab="Anxiety  
Score", ylab="Frequency", breaks=10)
```



```
##Bar graph for Malignancy Status.  
> counts <- table(anxietylongreset$cancer)  
> barplot(counts, xlab="Number of Mothers whose Children have Cancer",  
col=c("darkblue","red"))
```

