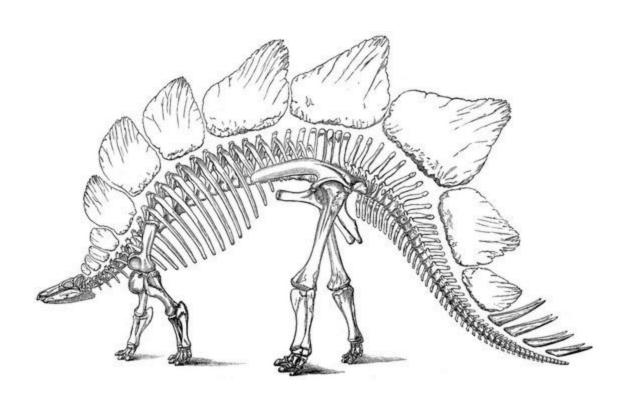
# **Digging Into Dinosaurs**

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### **Project Description/Outline:**

The purpose of this project was to create a user-friendly visual dashboard of a dataset using a Python Flask powered API, HTML/CSS, and JavaScript. Our group decided to create a dashboard of interactive fun facts about dinosaurs. We wanted users to be able to "dig" into the fossil data and discover facts about dinosaurs in a unique way, allowing the user to apply a single filter to multiple visualizations at once. The dataset is from an existing Public Tableau Dashboard entitled "When Dinosaurs Ruled the Earth". This dataset had 2463 records of dinosaur fossils discovered from 1836 - 2018 and was a large enough dataset to help create the base of our project.

#### **Dataset:** Public Tableau Dashboard Data:

 $\underline{https://public.tableau.com/profile/shawn.moore\#!/vizhome/WhenDinosaursRuledTheEarth\_0/Dashboard1}$ 

#### **Site Design & Inspiration:**

The site was designed to invite users to interact with it right away. The CSS uses Boostrap's "sketchy" theme and images of fossil dinosaurs. Buttons were included on the home page to encourage users to access or "Go Digging" into the data. Giving users the option to see Map & Charts, the Data Table, or visit other wealthy research websites. Each page was designed to help lead the user to the next phase of exploration.



Dinosaurs first appeared between 247 and 240 million years ago. They ruled the Earth for about 175 million years until an extinction event 65.5 million years ago wiped out all of them, except for the avian dinosaurs. Scientists don't agree entirely on what happened, but the extinction likely was a double or triple whammy involving an asteroid impact, choking chemicals from erupting volcanoes, climate change and possibly other factors. Utilizing data from public sources like Kaggle & Tableau, we've created an interactive website for all the fun facts we found in the data about dinosaurs! See where and when they lived, what they ate, and individual dinosaur facts! When you're done, be sure and visit this link from the American Museum of Natural History for more fun dinosaur facts or this link to visit the Natural History Museum's Dino Directory!!

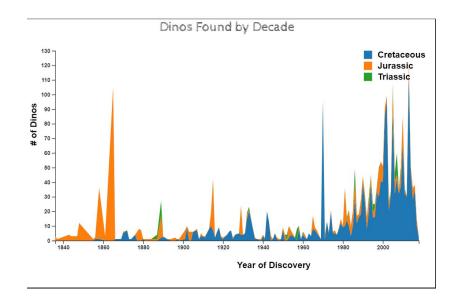
## **Data & Modeling Approach:**

The data was downloaded from Public Tableau and extracted as a CSV before being connected using D3.js. No additional analysis or cleaning was completed on this dataset. The team created several visualizations using Plotly & Mapbox.

1. <u>World Of T-Rexploration Map:</u> Designed using Mapbox to allow the user to visualize where fossils were found. The pirate map was implemented to carry the theme.

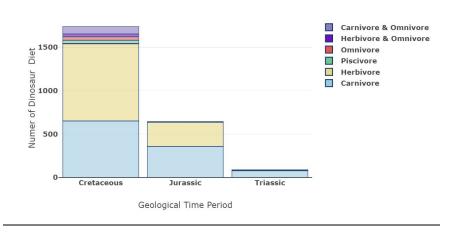


2. <u>Stacked Area Chart:</u> Designed with Plotly, a stacked area chart was utilized to visualize how many fossils were discovered, by decade, in each of the three geological time periods that dinosaurs existed. The intention was to mimic, visually, the stratified nature of rock formations where fossils are truly found.

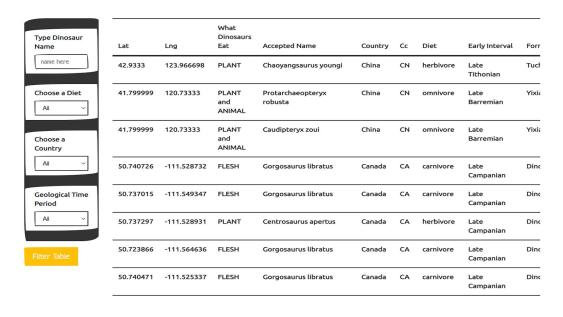


3. <u>Dynamic Bar Chart</u>: Designed with Plotly, this chart visualizes dinosaur diet by era. For the technical coding challenge, we came across some hurdles to plot the length of dinosaur count for each diet for y axis. We then discovered the reason why the bar for Cretaceous period is noticeably higher than the other two periods in this chart, and came to the conclusion that many rocks provided clear and easily accessed details to Cretaceous period because they have not been deformed or eroded and are relatively close to the surface comparing to the other two.

Change of Dinosaur Diet and Era



4. <u>Data Table:</u> using D3.js, a filtered table was created to allow users the opportunity to explore the raw dataset.



## **Conclusion:**

The dashboard met all the team's required specifications and launched successfully once deployed to github. The site is clean and guided and allows for fun but thorough data exploration. The site could be improved by adding additional visualizations and adding more data for exploration. Although the data set included over 2000 records, it was limited to only 4 countries of fossils.