## $\widehat{bcd}\ \widetilde{efg}\ \dot{A}\ \dot{A}\check{t}\ \check{\mathcal{H}}\check{a}\ i$

$$\langle a \rangle \left\langle \frac{a}{b} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{a}{b} \right\rangle$$
$$(x+a)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^k a^{n-k}$$

## aaaaaaa aaaaa siédém pięć

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}} = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}}}{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$N_0 < 2^{N_0} < 2^{2^{N_0}}$$

$$x^{\alpha}e^{\beta x^{\gamma}e^{\delta x^{\epsilon}}}$$

$$\oint_{C} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_{S} \mathbf{\nabla} \times \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S} \qquad \oint_{C} \vec{A} \cdot \vec{dr} = \iint_{S} (\nabla \times \vec{A}) \, d\vec{S}$$
$$(1+x)^{n} = 1 + \frac{nx}{1!} + \frac{n(n-1)x^{2}}{2!} + \cdots$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-y^2} dy \right]^{1/2}$$
$$= \left[ \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-r^2} r dr d\theta \right]^{1/2}$$
$$= \left[ \pi \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-u} du \right]^{1/2}$$
$$= \sqrt{\pi}$$