## AUA, Machine Learning Midterm III

Check your AUA ID = \*\*\*\*\*\*XY and take the last 2 numbers. Use them as the value of random state parameter in the functions that simulate data. We recommend to use the same random\_state value in all functions across your notebook when such parameter exists.

## Problem I. Regression by Tree Based Methods (score = 50)

Dataset is:

$$X_1, y_1 = make\_regression(n_{samples} = 1000, n_{features} = 7, n_{informative} = 3, random_{state} = XY, noise = 10)$$

Use train\_test\_split function and split the dataset into 60% - 40% portions, respectively.

- 1. (score = 15) Apply DecisionTreeRegressor() to the train data. Tune parameter "max\_leaf\_nodes" via 3-fold cross validation to maximize the "score". Show the optimal value of the parameter and the "score" on train data. Denote the optimal model as "Reg\_A".
- 2. (score = 15) Apply RandomForestRegressor() to the train data. Simultaneously tune parameters "n\_estimators" and "max\_features" via 3-fold cross validation to maximize the "score". Show the optimal values of parameters and the "score" on train data. Denote the optimal model as "Reg\_B".
- **3. (score = 15)** Apply AdaBoostRegressor() to the **train data**. Simultaneously tune parameters "n\_estimators" and "max\_depth" = 1,2,3 via 3-fold cross validation to maximize the "score". Show the optimal values of parameters and the "score" on **train data**. Denote the optimal model as "Reg C".
- **4.** (score = 5) Perform comparison of models "Reg\_A", "Reg\_B", and "Reg\_C" by test scores. Which models overfit train data?

## Problem II. Classification by SVC (score = 50)

Dataset is:

$$X_2, y_2 = make\_gaussian\_quantiles(n_{samples} = 1000, n_{features} = 12, n_{classes} = 2, random_{state} = XY)$$

Use **train\_test\_split** function and split the dataset into 70% - 30% portions, respectively.

- 1. **(score 15)** Apply SVC with kernel = "poly" to the **train data**. Simultaneously tune parameters "degree"=1,2,3 and "C" to get the model with the maximum "accuracy" via 3-fold cross validation. Show the optimal values of parameters and the "accuracy". Denote the optimal model as "Class\_A".
- 2. **(score 15)** Apply SVC with kernel = "rbf" to the **train data**. Simultaneously tune parameters "C" and "gamma" to get the model with the maximum "accuracy" via 3-fold cross validation. Show the optimal values of parameters and the "accuracy". Denote it as "Class\_B".
- 3. (score 20) Compare models "Class\_A" and "Class\_B" on the test data:
  - a. By accuracies
  - b. By ROC curves and the corresponding AUCs
  - c. By PR curves for each class and the corresponding PR-AUCs
  - d. Which models overfit train data?