# PDA→MTTM CSAS 4113 Final Project

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tape 0 = (LM w) and t0h = 1
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tape 1 = (BLANK) and 
$$t1h = 0$$

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- Represent the stack as tape 1 in the MTTM.

```
    Precondition of the MTTM:

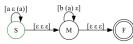
  tape 0 = (LM \ w) and t0h = 1
  tape 1 = (BLANK) and t1h = 0

    Let PDA = (make-ndpda K sig gam s F del).

  Let MTTM = (make-mttm K' sig' s F' del' a n)
        K' = K and
             new states needed for popping and pushing and
             a
      sig' = sig and
             gam
        F' = (list a)
         a = new accept state
      del' = transitions simulating transitions in del and
             transitions reading and writing blanks on all
             tapes from all states in F to a
         n = 2
```

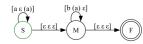
## Example $a^n b^n$

• PDA:

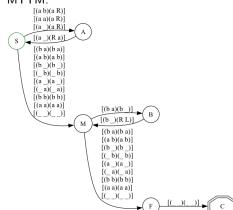


#### Example $a^n b^n$

#### • PDA:



#### • MTTM:



#### Constructor

```
;; pda -> mttm
;; Purpose: Given a pda, make an mttm
(define (pda->mttm p)
  (let* ((new-rules (new-rules-helper (sm-rules p) (sm-states p)))
         (new-states (get-states-from-mttm-rules new-rules))
         (new-final (gen-nt new-states))
         (new-rules2 (append (append-map
                               (lambda (x)
                                 (list '((,x (,BLANK ,BLANK))
                                         (,new-final (,BLANK ,BLANK)))))
                               (sm-finals p)) new-rules)))
    (make-mttm (cons new-final new-states)
               (remove-duplicates (append (sm-sigma p) (sm-gamma p)))
               (sm-start p)
               (list new-final)
               new-rules2
               new-final))
```

• tape 0: read tape element and write it.

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- tape 1: read tape element and write it.
- effect: stack and ui both remain unchanged.

• tape 0: read PDA rule's element and move the head to the right.

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- tape 1: read tape element and write it.

- tape 0: read PDA rule's element and move the head to the right.
- tape 1: read tape element and write it.
- effect: stack is unchanged and the next element in ui has been consumed.

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- tape 0: read the tape element and write the tape element.
- tape 1: remove PDA rule's pop elements from the tape.
  - in source state read the element on the tape, write a blank, and transition to a new state
  - move the head left and stay in the same state
  - repeat for all elements in the pop list

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- tape 0: read the tape element and write the tape element.
- tape 1: remove PDA rule's pop elements from the tape.
  - in source state read the element on the tape, write a blank, and transition to a new state
  - move the head left and stay in the same state
  - repeat for all elements in the pop list
  - on last popped element move to destination state
- effect: ui remains the same, elements from the pop list are removed from the stack.

# Thank you for your attention! Any questions?

