



Medium Reverse Engineering picoCTF 2019

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Hints ?

1 2

You will also need to know the difference between octal, decimal, and hexadecimal numbers.

Jika file VaultDoor4.java di cat, hasilnya seperti ini. Kita bisa lihat terdapat logic validasi password yang harus sama seperti pada value myBytes dalam fungsi checkPassword().

```
class VaultDoor4 {  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        VaultDoor4 vaultDoor = new VaultDoor4();  
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);  
        System.out.print("Enter vault password: ");  
        String userInput = scanner.next();  
        String input = userInput.substring("picoCTF{".length(),userInput.length()-1);  
        if (vaultDoor.checkPassword(input)) {  
            System.out.println("Access granted.");  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("Access denied!");  
        }  
    }  
  
    // I made myself dizzy converting all of these numbers into different bases,  
    // so I just *know* that this vault will be impenetrable. This will make Dr.  
    // Evil like me better than all of the other minions--especially Minion  
    // #5620--I just know it!  
    //  
    // .::::. .::::.  
    // :::::::::::::  
    // :::::::::::::::  
    // '::::::::::::'  
    // ':::::::::'  
    // ':::::'  
    // ':'  
    // -Minion #7781  
    public boolean checkPassword(String password) {  
        byte[] passBytes = password.getBytes();  
        byte[] myBytes = {  
            106 , 85 , 53 , 116 , 95 , 52 , 95 , 98 ,  
            0x55, 0x6e, 0x43, 0x68, 0x5f, 0x30, 0x66, 0x5f,  
            0142, 0131, 0164, 063 , 0163, 0137, 066 , 064 ,  
            'e' , '1' , '3' , 'd' , '0' , '0' , 'b' , '2' ,  
        };  
        for (int i=0; i<32; i++) {  
            if (passBytes[i] != myBytes[i]) {  
                return false;  
            }  
        }  
        return true;  
    }  
}
```

Decode isi dari tiap baris mybytes seperti berikut.

The screenshot shows the CyberChef interface with the following configuration:

- Operations:** From De
- Recipe:** From Decimal
- Input:** 106 85 53 116 95 52 95 98
- Output:** jU5t_4_b

The interface includes a sidebar with various conversion options like From Hex, From Morse Code, and From Quoted Printable. A green "BAKE!" button is at the bottom.

The screenshot shows the CyberChef interface with the following configuration:

- Operations:** from hex
- Recipe:** From Hex
- Input:** 0x55, 0x6e, 0x43, 0x68, 0x5f, 0x30, 0x66, 0x5f
- Output:** UnCh_0f

The interface includes a sidebar with various conversion options like From Hex, From Hexdump, and From Hex Content. A green "BAKE!" button is at the bottom.

The screenshot shows the CyberChef interface. On the left, the sidebar lists various operations under the 'Operations' category, including 'octal', 'To Octal', 'From Octal', 'Parse UNIX file permissions', 'Unescape string', 'Favourites', 'Data format', 'Encryption / Encoding', 'Public Key', 'Arithmetic / Logic', 'Networking', 'Language', 'Utils', 'Date / Time', 'Extractors', 'Compression', 'Hashing', 'Code tidy', 'Forensics', 'Multimedia', 'Other', and 'Flow control'. The 'From Octal' recipe is selected. In the 'Input' pane, the octal value '0142 0131 0164 063 0163 0137 066 064' is entered. The 'Output' pane shows the converted hex value 'bYt3s_64'.

This screenshot shows the same CyberChef interface. The 'From Hex' recipe is selected in the 'Operations' sidebar. The input field contains the hex value 'e13d00b2'. The output field shows the resulting Base64 encoded string 'e13d00b2'.

Flag tinggal disambung saja.