

CPE100 Computer Programming for Engineers

Instructions

1) Write C program to Output "This is Tutorial_01."

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main () {
4
5      puts("This is Tutorial_01.");
6
7
8      return 0;
9  }
```

2) Write C program to Output
"Hello, welcome to CyberAnt Camp#1.

Good luck. Have fun."

*** Student have to have exactly output format *** Hint : Use \t and \n

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main () {
4
5      puts("Hello, welcome to CyberAnt Camp#1.");
6      puts("\t Good luck. Have fun.");
7
8
9      return 0;
10 }
```

3) Write C program to Output
“#include<stdio.h> int main(){
printf("Hello World");
return 0; }“

```
C main.c > f main
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  v int main () {
4
5      printf("#include<stdio.h> \n int main(){ \n \t printf(\"Hello
      World\"); \n reture(0);");
6
7
8      return 0;
9  }
```

4) Write C program to Output Integer “2147483648 ”

*** Hint: Check integer type

```
C main.c > f main
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  v int main() {
4
5      long a=2147483648;
6      printf("%ld\n", a);
7
8      return 0;
9  }
```

5) Write C program to Output Integer the same number as Input

*** For example input : 10 output : 10

```
C main.c > f main
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  v int main() {
4
5      int a =10;
6
7      printf("%d\n", a);
8
9      return 0;
10 }
```

Or

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  v int main() {
4
5      int a;
6      scanf("%d", &a);
7      printf("%d\n", a);
8
9      return 0;
10 }
```

6) Write C program to Output Integer the same number as Input with following format "Queue Number <Input Number>

*** For example input : 10 output : Queue Number 10

```
C main.c > f main
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  v int main() {
4
5      int a=10;
6      printf("Queue Number %d\n", a);
7
8      return 0;
9  }
```

Or

```
C main.c > f main
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  v int main() {
4
5      int a;
6
7      scanf("%d", &a);
8      printf("Queue Number %d\n", a);
9
10     return 0;
11 }
```

7) Write C program to Output float number the same number as Input

*** For example input : 3.1415 output : 3.141500

```
C main.c > f main
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main() {
4
5      float a=3.1415;
6      printf("%f", a);
7
8      return 0;
9  }
```

Or

```
C main.c > f main
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main() {
4
5      float a;
6      scanf("%f", &a);
7      printf("%f", a);
8
9      return 0;
10 }
```

8) Write C program to Output float number the same number as Input but only 2 decimal

*** For example input : 3.1415 output : 3.14

```
C main.c > f main
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main() {
4
5      float a=3.1415;
6      printf("%.2f", a);
7
8      return 0;
9  }
```

Or

```
C main.c > f main
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main() {
4
5      float a;
6      scanf("%f", &a);
7      printf("%.2f", a);
8
9      return 0;
10 }
```

9) Write C program to Output float number the same number as Input with 10 decimal

*** For example input : 3.1415 output : 3.1415000000

*** Warning !!!! Check carefully float number output maybe wrong

```
C main.c > f main
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  v int main() {
4
5      double a=3.1415;
6      printf("%.10f", a);
7
8      return 0;
9  }
```

10) Write C program to Output Area of the Circle by input their radius (Only 3 decimal output)

*** For example input : 5 output : 78.539

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main() {
4
5      float a, area;
6
7      scanf("%f", &a);
8      area = 3.14159*(a*a);
9      printf("%.3f\n", area);
10
11     return 0;
12 }
```