TikZiT Quantum Template

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The standard way to use files produced by TikZiT is to place the .tikz files in the figures subdirectory, and include them via the \tikzfig macro provided by tikzit.sty. This is essentially a wrapper for \input. This macro expects the filename without an extension or figures/, so e.g. \tikzfig{circ} will input the file figures/circ.tikz. You can also use \ctikzfig as a shorthand for \tikzfig wrapped in the center environment. For everything else you ever wanted to know about TikZiT and tikzit.sty, check out:

https://tikzit.github.io.

Loading styles in TikZiT

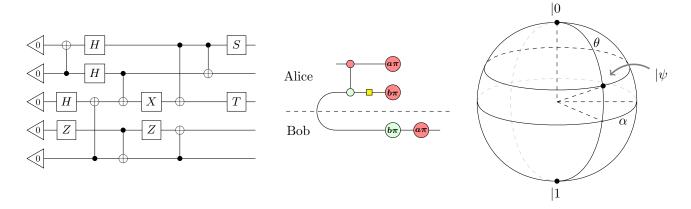
Before you open one of the example figures in TikZiT, make sure you load the .tikzstyles file included in this directory. You can do that by clicking the icon that looks like a folder near the top-right of the main TikZiT window. This will give you a handful of styles to start with, and ensure that when you preview figures in TikZiT, they look the same as they do in this paper.

Using pre-built figures

By passing the [draft] option to tikzit.sty, figures can now be pre-built using the included Rakefile, or any other way you like. This can substantially reduce build time if you have lots of figures. With the draft option active, \tikzfig{F00} will first search for a file called cache/F00.pdf and include that before trying to build the tikz figure. To use the included build script, you'll need rake (https://github.com/ruby/rake). Then, you can pre-build simply by running rake in from the command line in the same directory as this paper. You can also listen for changes and rebuild figures on-demand with rake listen. If you change the name of the main file or add more tex files to your project, edit the appropriate options at the top of the included Rakefile.

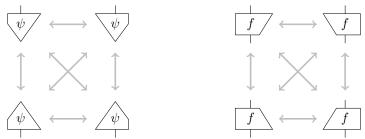
The quantum template

This template contains styles for quantum circuits, ZX-calculus diagrams, and handy stuff like the Bloch sphere:



Asymmetric shapes

This template also provides various asymmetric shapes that are used in the book *Picturing Quantum Processes: A First Course in Quantum Theory and Diagrammatic Reasoning* to represent the adjoints, transposes, and conjugates of states or maps.



These shapes are defined by hand using PGF code in quantum.tikzdefs. For maps, the shapes are called NWbox, NEbox, SWbox, and SEbox. The directions NW, NE, SW, and SE indicate which way the asymmetric part of the box "points". Similarly, the shapes for states are called NWtriangle, NEtriangle, SWtriangle, and SEtriangle.

To use these shapes, you should create a style and set the shape property to be one of the above. There are already example styles using all of these shapes defined in quantum.tikzstyles.

Note that TikZiT doesn't recognise custom shapes in the GUI. In practice, this isn't such a problem. The way I get around this is to use certain properties that only affect how a node appears in TikZiT (e.g. tikzit shape and tikzit fill) to visually distinguish styles using different custom shapes. For example, the styles used in the pictures above are colour-coded in TikZiT. The custom shapes will nevertheless draw propertly when using TikZiT's "Preview" feature.