Engineering a Modern Web Application

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About Me







Graduate School:

Publications in USENIX, ICSE, FSE, ESOP

PhD (2009): "Retrofitting Programs for Complete

Security Mediation"

Rackspace (2009-today):

2009-2011: Email Backend

2011-2013: Cloud Control Panel

2012-2013: Team Lead

This Talk

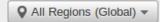
What system properties are required for development "at scale"?

How do you make these properties true?



Welcome to the Cloud Control Panel
Username
reachnovadevops
Password
•••••
Log In
Need help logging in?

Cloud Servers



✓ ALL SERVERS (38)

STATUS

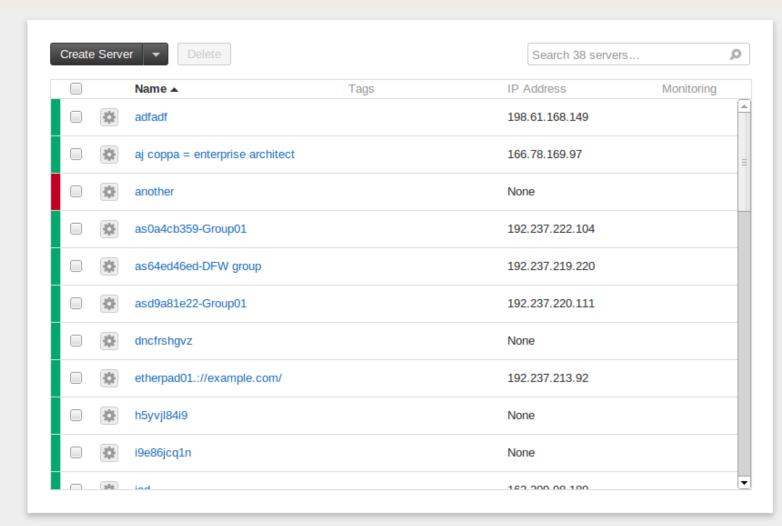
- Active (34)
- Error (3)
- Resizing (1)

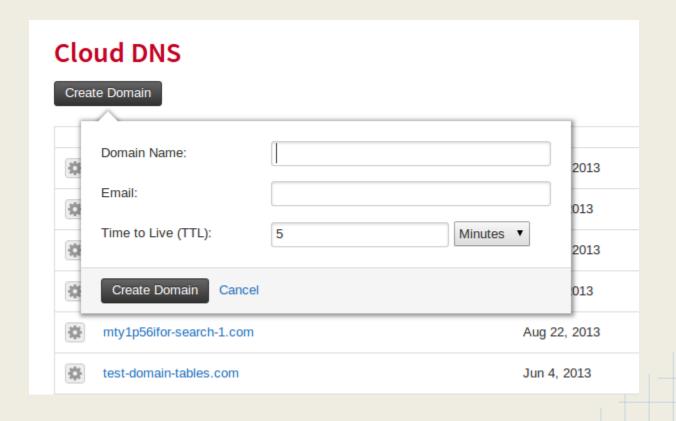
IMAGE

- Ubuntu 12.04 LT... (21)
- Arch 2013.8 (3)
- Ubuntu 13.04 (R... (3)
- Arch 2012.08 (2)
- Ubuntu 10.04 LT... (2)
- ▶ 4 more

RAM

- 512 MB (26)
- 1 GB (9)
- 8 GB (2)
- 256 MB (1)





Billing & Payments

Recent Activity

Last Invoice \$554.25

Jul 13, 2012

Payments \$0.00

Current Balance ② \$0.00

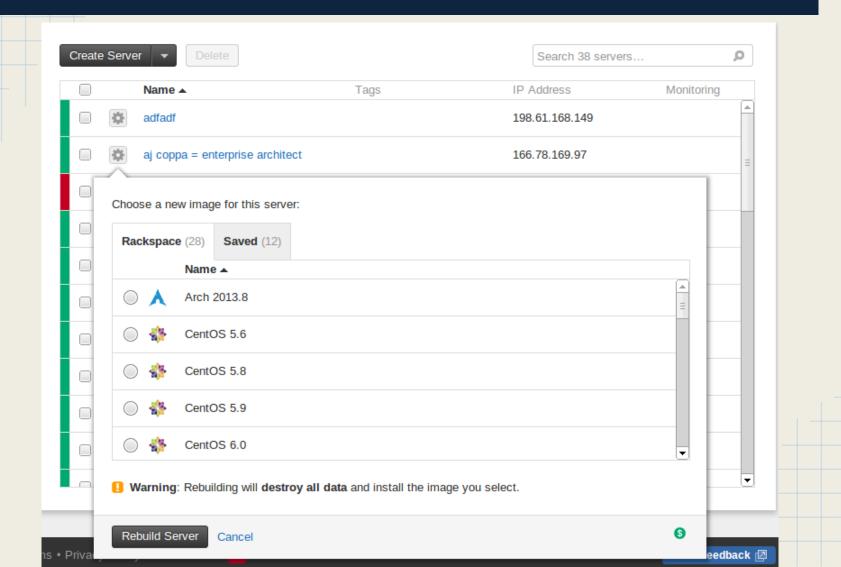
Payment Information

Credit Card Edit Credit Card...

MasterCard •••• 5100

Billing Address 🧳

rESmILosbT MdculFolbf 5000 WALZEM APT. 3 US BLACKSBURG, Virginia 34565 foo2@MAILTRUST.COM (916) 235-7838



Our Product's Tech Stack

- JavaScript
- HTML
- CSS
- Python (Django, Twisted)
- Node.js
- Ruby (browser tests)
- Linux
- Apache
- Chef
- (Probably some others I have forgotten)

Development at Scale

Multiple streams of work

200k lines of code

100+ servers

more on this later

40+ Selenium suites

- run every time code is changed
- all finish within 15 minutes

Product Development

Product: what should we build?

Engineering: how should we build it?

Product and engineering work together!

Main Product Challenges

B2B application, ~6000 unique logins a day

Many upstream requests (80 req/second at peak)

Many feature requests:

- customers
- internal teams in Rackspace (incremental)
- leadership at Rackspace (new projects)

Engineering Concerns

Availability

Visibility

Uniformity

Availability

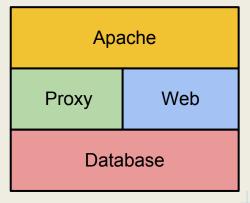
The site must always remain up

Architecting for Availability

Application made of building blocks rather than one monolithic application

Monolithic

"The System" Distributed



Availability: Single Machine

All machines in our infrastructure are part of a redundant group

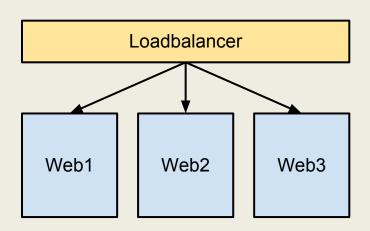
Applications hit load balancers

Failing machines do not get traffic

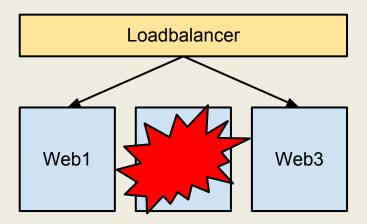
Only the database stores data

Availability: Single Machine

Normal Operation



Machine Failure



What if a datacenter fails?

This is real:

2007: Truck hits transformer -- Rackspace

Dallas goes down

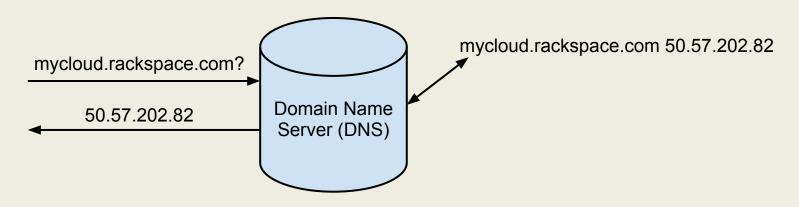
2012: "derecho" hits Virginia -- AWS US-East

out for days

During outages, customers still use the Control Panel!

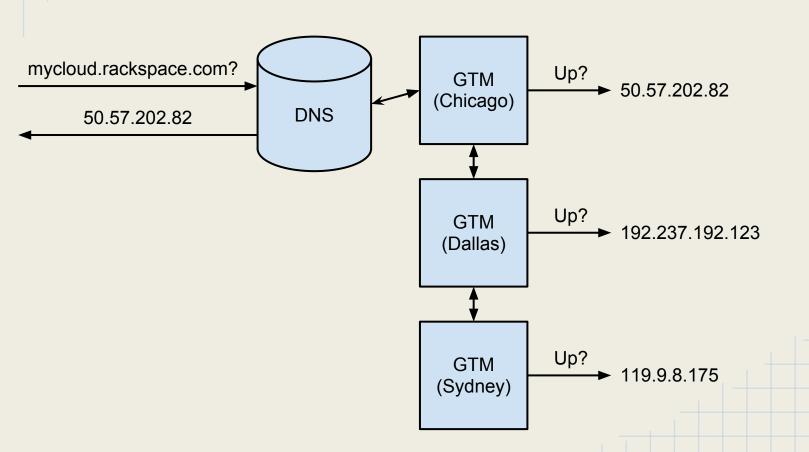
How DNS works: hostnames and ip addresses

You register your site at an IP and that's that

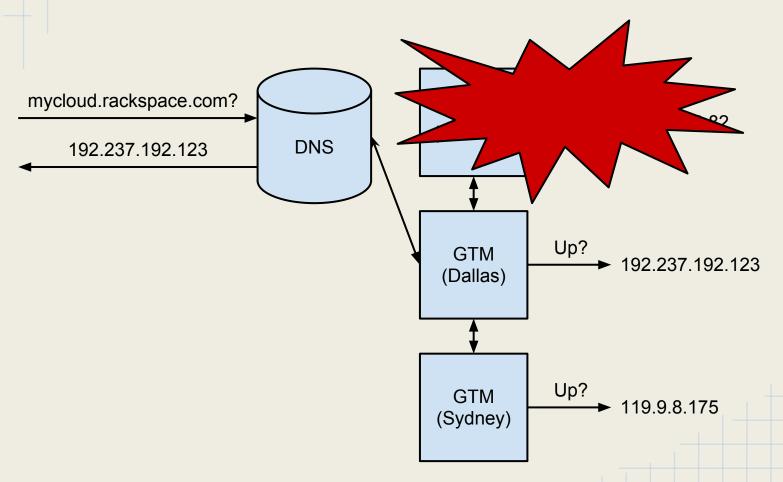


What if 50.57.202.82 is down?

Support failure with global traffic managers



Datacenter failure



Failure of DNS handled through multiple NS records

NS records: who owns a hostname

Having multi-datacenter redundancy also saves us from outages that are our fault

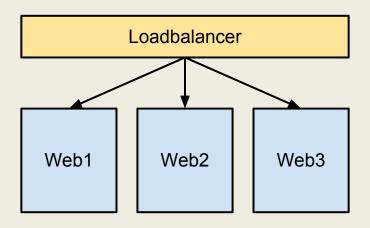
Mindset: if there is a problem you don't understand, fail the datacenter over

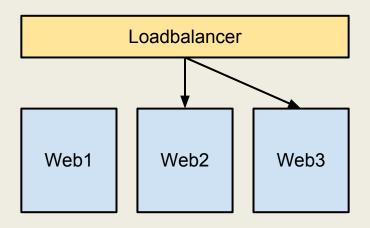
Rolling out new code needs to be zero-impact

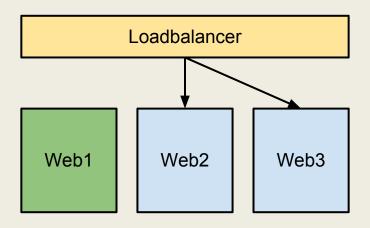
Releasing new features:

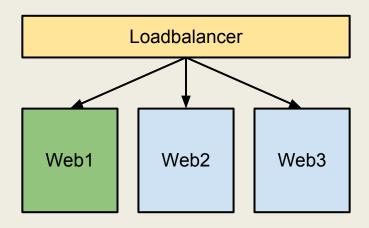
No downtime!

Graceful service restarts









Large multi-month project: Server list rewrite

New code developed while maintaining old code

New code enabled for certain percentage of accounts

Enable new code for everyone, then delete old code

Visibility

What is happening on the site?

Need visibility to:

- diagnose problems
- get feedback on built features
- plan for the future

Monitoring: scripts that check system invariants

```
"Is the login page available?"
```

"Is MySQL running?"

"Can the machine running Django connect to the database?"

Remote checks: done from a remote outside your infrastructure

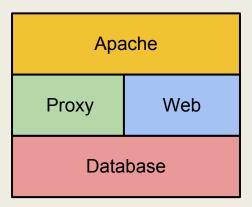
What the customer sees

Agent checks: run on your machines

What the machine sees

Example checks in our infrastructure:

- "Next Hop": can one machine see another?
- Health check: path that returns "OK" if it can use all of the services it needs
- Infrastructure checks: Memory, CPU, Load
- Ping checks: Is a machine up?



We use Rackspace Cloud Monitoring



(Compare with Nagios)

Monitoring best practice:

only alert when there is a real issue!

When a check fails it notifies IRC

Some alarm flaps we have been having lately (that we are working on :))

```
(12:57:34 PM) bluffynarwhalbot: ** CRITICAL **: mycloud.ord1.rackspace.com on mycloud.ord1.rackspace.com (timeout)
(12:57:35 PM) bluffynarwhalbot: ** CRITICAL **: mycloud.ord1.rackspace.com on mycloud.ord1.rackspace.com (timeout)
(12:57:36 PM) bluffynarwhalbot: ** OK **: mycloud.ord1.rackspace.com on mycloud.ord1.rackspace.com (Login page contained expected content)
(12:57:37 PM) bluffynarwhalbot: ** OK **: mycloud.ord1.rackspace.com on mycloud.ord1.rackspace.com (HTTP Certificate does not expire for another 54716546 seconds.)
```

Visibility: Analytics

We need to understand how customers are using the site

We want to integrate customer data into other sources gathered across Rackspace

Goal is to guide future product development

Visibility: Analytics

Integrate site with analytics libraries

- Google Analytics
- CoreMetrics (we use this)
- lots of others

Learn things about:

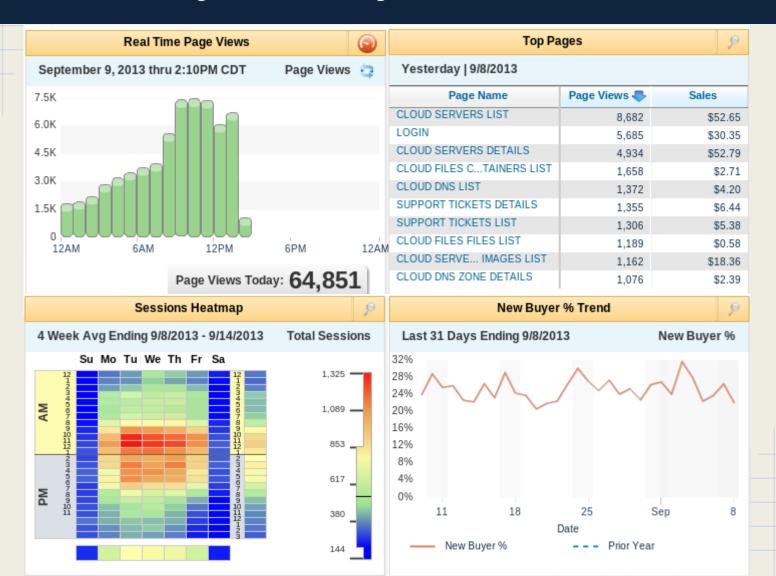
- Who is on your site (USA, China, etc)
- How long people usually stay
- How much \$\$\$ people are spending

Visibility: Analytics

We call CoreMetrics when:

- a page loads
- a popover is displayed and 'executed'
- you create a new server

Visibility: Analytics



Bug report: "X doesn't work!"

We need to be able to understand problems that customers are seeing

Server-side logging

- All requests to the server are logged
- All logs contain username, level, and a description
- Log levels: DEBUG, INFO, ERROR
- Only ERROR when there is an error!

```
2013-09-09_18:38:10.64763 INFO User reachnovadevops, received proxy response - GET https://storage101.dfw1.clouddrive.com/v1/MossoCloudFS_83bdcc37-9ef7-4eee-8820-6ac2945b7a61/?limit=100 200
```

Our application does not often interact with the server! (single-page web application)

Client-side logging

- WebSockets: two-way communication over TCP
- socket.io: cross-browser WebSocket implementation (node.js)

Client-Side

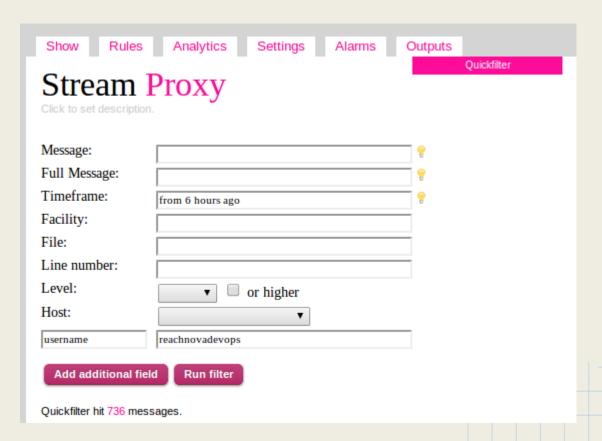
```
socket.emit('log', 'Created a server', {
    'username': 'Dave',
    'accountId': 324059,
    'level': 'INFO',
    // more information about the customer
});
```

Server-Side

```
socket.on('log', function (data) {
  logLevel = data.level;
  description = data.description;
  delete data.description;
  log[logLevel](description, data);
});
```

Filtering Logs: we use Graylog

(see also: LogStash, Splunk, Loggly)



Date	Host	Level	Facility	username	code	verb	Message	÷:
2013-09-10 19:47:46.668	ord1-reach-prxy0.k1k.me	e Info	reach.twisted.proxy	reachnovadevops	200	GET	User reachnovadevops, received proxy response - GET https://monitoring.api.rackspacecloud.com/v1.0/663051/views/overview/? limit=1000 200	
2013-09-10 19:47:33.156	ord1-reach-prxy0.k1k.me	e Info	reach.twisted.proxy	reachnovadevops	200	GET	User reachnovadevops, received proxy response - GET https://syd.servers.api.rackspacecloud.com/v2/663051/images/detail 200	
2013-09-10 19:47:32.458	ord1-reach-prxy1.k1k.me	e Info	reach.twisted.proxy	reachnovadevops	200	GET	User reachnovadevops, received proxy response - GET https://ord.servers.api.rackspacecloud.com/v2/663051/images/detail 200	
2013-09-10 19:47:32.189	ord1-reach-prxy1.k1k.me	e Info	reach.twisted.proxy	reachnovadevops	200	GET	User reachnovadevops, received proxy response - GET https://iad.servers.api.rackspacecloud.com/v2/663051/images/detail 200	
2013-09-10 19:47:32.125	ord1-reach-prxy2.k1k.me	e Info	reach.twisted.proxy	reachnovadevops	200	GET	User reachnovadevops, received proxy response - GET https://dfw.servers.api.rackspacecloud.com/v2/663051/images/detail 200	
2013-09-10 19:47:31.334	ord1-reach-prxy2.k1k.me	e Info	reach.twisted.proxy	reachnovadevops	200	GET	User reachnovadevops, received proxy response - GET https://servers.api.rackspacecloud.com/v1.1/663051/servers/detail/?cache busting=1378842448928 200	-
2013-09-10 19:47:31.286	ord1-reach-prxy0.k1k.me	e Info	reach.twisted.proxy	reachnovadevops	200	GET	User reachnovadevops, received proxy response - GET https://servers.api.rackspacecloud.com/v1.1/663051/images/detail?cache-busting=1378842448935 200	

Visibility

We need to understand what load the site has Requests per second CPU/Memory/Network usage Interesting things that happen (logins)

Statistics:

- Counters when an event happens (e.g. login)
- Timers when something takes time (e.g. upstream request)
- Gauges when something is at a certain metrics (e.g. CPU load, 95%)

Etsy: Measure Anything, Measure Everything We use Etsy's stats daemon (statsd)

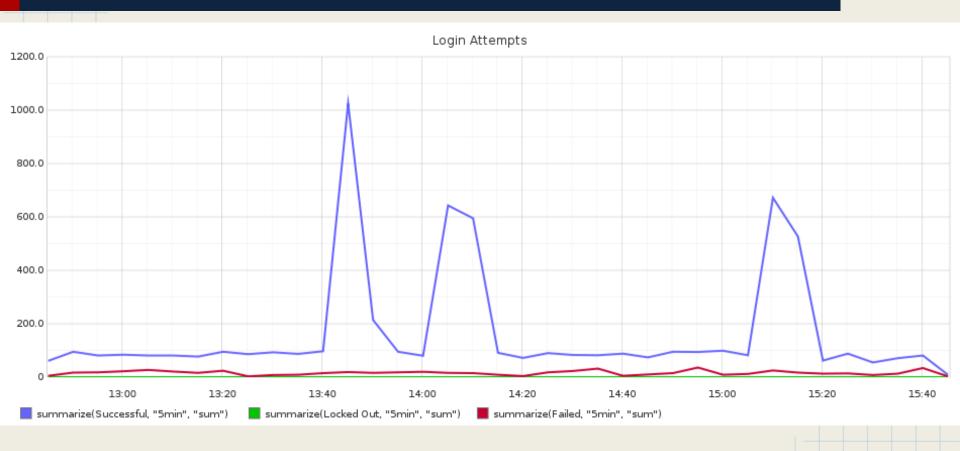
statsd receives stats over UDP

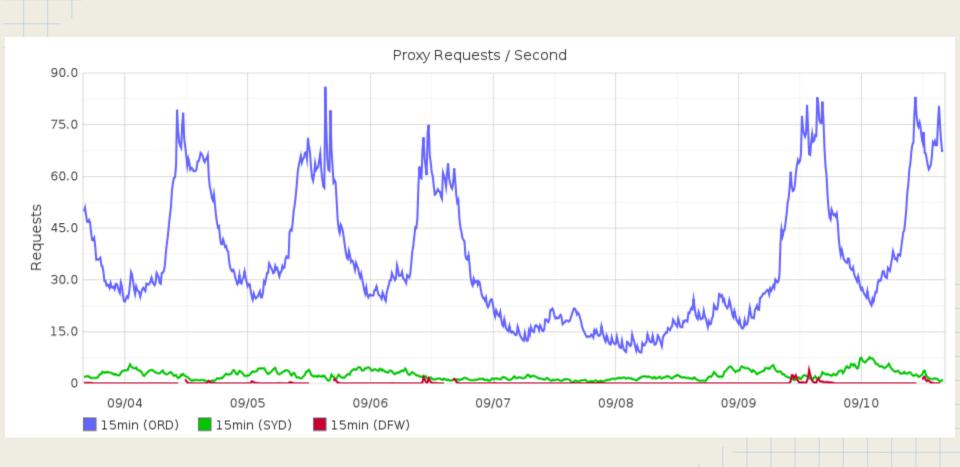
Every minute, statsd flushes stats to graphite

Graphite: real-time graph visualization

- send stats to graphite
- graph stats over time period with parameters

```
if locked_out:
    stats_client.incr('auth.login.lockout')
else:
    if not login_success:
        stats_client.incr('auth.login.failure')
    else:
        stats_client.incr('auth.login.success')
```





Uniformity

No surprises on our servers!

Every server of a certain type needs to behave exactly the same

If a server is misbehaving (for whatever reason) it should be able to be deleted and recreated

Uniformity: Cloud Servers

Infrastructure runs on Rackspace Cloud Servers

"Cloud Servers"

- 'slices' of compute instances
- Most of our infrastructure runs on 8 GB Next Generation nodes (OpenStack-based)
- each slice is the same: no differences in hardware, no differences in data drives, etc

Uniformity: Chef

Configuration management: set of scripts that install application, setup config files, install necessary libraries

Idempotent: multiple runs have no result

We use Chef for configuration management

Uniformity: Chef

```
web app "reach-lb" do
  template "reach-lb.conf.erb"
  server name node['hostname']
  server aliases node['reach']['aliases']
  log dir node['apache']['log dir']
  web nodes web nodes
  listen ports node[:apache][:listen ports]
  asset paths = ['/data/ck/cloudkick/webapp/site media']
  asset paths << '/data/releases/shared/assets'</pre>
  asset directories asset paths
end
```

Uniformity: Preproduction

Preproduction: a lower environment that mimics production

Settings exactly the same

- Preprod features are production features
- Slightly fewer machines

Changes that go to production are always validated in preproduction.

Where We're Going

Availability

Engineer data store for high availability

Visibility

- Aggregate all logs in all datacenters to one place
- Per-customer statistics

Uniformity

Keep on being uniform :)

Postscript: My Day-to-Day

Software development is about communication!

Solving hard problems together as a team