

```
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
bool isPunctuator(char ch)
{
    if (ch == ' ' || ch == '+' || ch == '-' || ch == '*' ||
        ch == '/' || ch == ',' || ch == ';' || ch == '>' ||
        ch == '<' || ch == '=' || ch == '(' || ch == ')' ||
        ch == '[' || ch == ']' || ch == '{' || ch == '}' ||
        ch == '&' || ch == '|')
    {
        return true;
    }
    return false;
}
```

```
bool validIdentifier(char* str)
{
    if (str[0] == '0' || str[0] == '1' || str[0] == '2' ||
        str[0] == '3' || str[0] == '4' || str[0] == '5' ||
        str[0] == '6' || str[0] == '7' || str[0] == '8' ||
        str[0] == '9' || isPunctuator(str[0]) == true)
    {
```

```

        return false;
    }
    int i,len = strlen(str);
    if (len == 1)
    {
        return true;
    }
    else
    {
        for (i = 1 ; i < len ; i++)
        {
            if (isPunctuator(str[i]) == true)
            {
                return false;
            }
        }
    }
    return true;
}

```

```

bool isOperator(char ch)
{
    if (ch == '+' || ch == '-' || ch == '*' ||
        ch == '/' || ch == '>' || ch == '<' ||
        ch == '=' || ch == '|' || ch == '&')
    {
        return true;
    }
    return false;
}

```

```
}
```

```
bool isKeyword(char *str)
```

```
{
```

```
    if (!strcmp(str, "if") || !strcmp(str, "else") ||  
        !strcmp(str, "while") || !strcmp(str, "do") ||  
        !strcmp(str, "break") || !strcmp(str, "continue")  
        || !strcmp(str, "int") || !strcmp(str, "double")  
        || !strcmp(str, "float") || !strcmp(str, "return")  
        || !strcmp(str, "char") || !strcmp(str, "case")  
        || !strcmp(str, "long") || !strcmp(str, "short")  
        || !strcmp(str, "typedef") || !strcmp(str, "switch")  
        || !strcmp(str, "unsigned") || !strcmp(str, "void")  
        || !strcmp(str, "static") || !strcmp(str, "struct")  
        || !strcmp(str, "sizeof") || !strcmp(str, "long")  
        || !strcmp(str, "volatile") || !strcmp(str, "typedef")  
        || !strcmp(str, "enum") || !strcmp(str, "const")  
        || !strcmp(str, "union") || !strcmp(str, "extern")  
        || !strcmp(str, "bool"))
```

```
    {
```

```
        return true;
```

```
    }
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    return false;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
bool isNumber(char* str)
```

```

{
    int i, len = strlen(str), numOfDecimal = 0;
    if (len == 0)
    {
        return false;
    }
    for (i = 0 ; i < len ; i++)
    {
        if (numOfDecimal > 1 && str[i] == '.')
        {
            return false;
        } else if (numOfDecimal <= 1)
        {
            numOfDecimal++;
        }
        if (str[i] != '0' && str[i] != '1' && str[i] != '2'
            && str[i] != '3' && str[i] != '4' && str[i] != '5'
            && str[i] != '6' && str[i] != '7' && str[i] != '8'
            && str[i] != '9' || (str[i] == '-' && i > 0))
        {
            return false;
        }
    }
    return true;
}

```

```

char* subString(char* realStr, int l, int r)

```

```

{
    int i;

```

```

char* str = (char*) malloc(sizeof(char) * (r - l + 2));

for (i = l; i <= r; i++)
{
    str[i - l] = realStr[i];
    str[r - l + 1] = '\0';
}
return str;
}

```

```

void parse(char* str)
{
    int left = 0, right = 0;
    int len = strlen(str);
    while (right <= len && left <= right) {
        if (isPunctuator(str[right]) == false)
        {
            right++;
        }

        if (isPunctuator(str[right]) == true && left == right)
        {
            if (isOperator(str[right]) == true)
            {
                std::cout << str[right] << " IS AN OPERATOR\n";
            }
            right++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

left = right;

} else if (isPunctuator(str[right]) == true && left != right
    || (right == len && left != right))
{
char* sub = subString(str, left, right - 1);

if (isKeyword(sub) == true)
    {
        cout<< sub <<" IS A KEYWORD\n";
    }
else if (isNumber(sub) == true)
    {
        cout<< sub <<" IS A NUMBER\n";
    }
else if (validIdentifier(sub) == true
    && isPunctuator(str[right - 1]) == false)
    {
        cout<< sub <<" IS A VALID IDENTIFIER\n";
    }
else if (validIdentifier(sub) == false
    && isPunctuator(str[right - 1]) == false)
    {
        cout<< sub <<" IS NOT A VALID IDENTIFIER\n";
    }

left = right;
}
}

return;

```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    string myText;
```

```
    ifstream MyReadFile("filename.txt");
```

```
    while (getline (MyReadFile, myText)) {
```

```
        cout << myText<<endl;
```

```
    }
```

```
    MyReadFile.close();
```

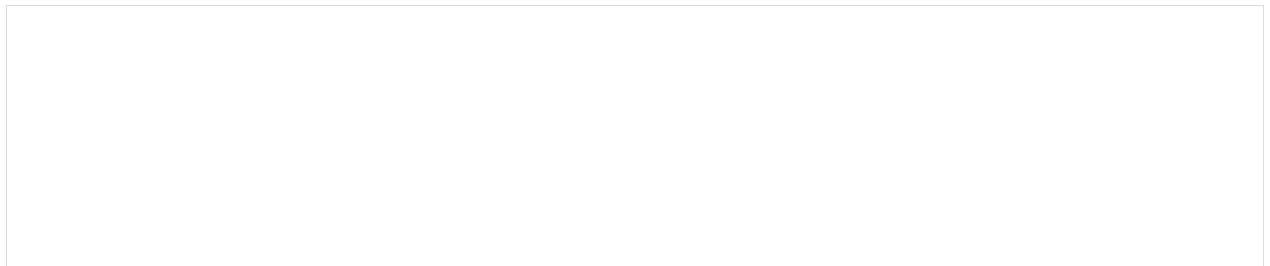
```
        char* char_arr = &myText[0];
```

```
        char c[100] = &char_arr;
```

```
        parse(c);
```

```
        return 0;
```

```
}
```



## Explanation:

This C++ program appears to be designed to analyze and classify different elements in a C or C++ source code file, such as keywords, operators, numbers, and identifiers. It reads the content of a file named "filename.txt" and processes each line using various functions.

Let's break down the code and discuss its components:

## Header Files

```
include <stream> include <iostream> include <stdlib.h> include <string.h> include <ctype.h>
```

These are the standard C++ header files for file input/output (**<fstream>**), input/output through the console (**<iostream>**), dynamic memory allocation (**<stdlib.h>**), string manipulation (**<string.h>**), and character handling (**<ctype.h>**).

```
using namespace
```

This line declares that entities in the code belong to the **std** namespace.

## Function Declarat

```
bool isPunctuator char bool validIdentifier char bool isOperator char bool isKeyword char  
bool isNumber char char subString char int int void parse char
```

These are the function prototypes. They define the functions that will be implemented later in the code.

## Utility Function

```
bool isPunctuator char
```

This function checks if a given character is a punctuation symbol.

```
bool validIdentifier char
```

This function checks if a given string is a valid identifier.

```
bool isOperator char
```



This function checks if a given character is an operator.

```
bool isKeyword char
```

This function checks if a given string is a keyword in C/C++

```
bool isNumber char
```

**This function checks if a given string represents a valid number.**

```
char subString char int int
```

This function extracts a substring from a given string.

## Parsing Function

```
void parse char
```

This function parses a given string, identifying and printing keywords, operators, numbers, and valid identifiers.

## Main Function

```
int main
```

The `main` function reads the content of the "filename.txt" file line by line using an `ifstream`. For each line, it prints the line to the console. Then, it converts the line to a C-style string (`char*`) and calls the `parse` function to analyze and classify the elements in the line.

## File Handling

```
MyReadFile "filename.txt" while getline  
close
```

This block of code opens and reads the content of the "filename.txt" file line by line using an `ifstream`, storing each line in the `myText` variable. The lines are then printed to the console. Finally, the file is closed.

## Conversion and Parsing

```
char 0 char 100 parse
```

These lines convert the string `myText` to a C-style string (`char*`) named `char_arr`. However, there's an issue in the next line: `char c[100] = &char_arr;`. It attempts to assign a pointer to an array, which is incorrect. It should be `char* c = char_arr;`. After the correction, the `parse` function is called with the C-style string as an argument.

## Parsing Output

The `parse` function processes each character in the input string, identifying and printing keywords, operators, numbers, and valid identifiers.

### Token Classification Functions:

`isPunctuator(char ch)`: Checks if a character is a punctuator (e.g., space, arithmetic operators, parentheses, etc.).

`validIdentifier(char* str)`: Determines if a given string is a valid identifier by checking its first character and subsequent characters for punctuators.

`isOperator(char ch)`: Identifies whether a character is an operator.

`isKeyword(char* str)`: Checks if a given string matches known C++ keywords.

### Lexical Analysis:

`isNumber(char* str)`: Identifies if a string is a valid number.

`subString(char* realStr, int l, int r)`: Extracts a substring from a given string.

## Summary

In summary, the code reads a C/C++ source code file, processes each line, and identifies and classifies keywords, operators, numbers, and valid identifiers using various functions. However, there is a mistake in the conversion of the string to a C-style string in the `main` function, and it should be corrected for the program to work as intended.