Demonstration of the Chainsaw Tool for Windows Event Log Analysis

In previous reports, we explored DeepBlueCLI and Hayabusa, tools used to analyse and investigate Windows Event Logs. This demonstration focuses on Chainsaw, a tool developed by Labswithsecure. As stated on their GitHub page, Chainsaw "provides a powerful 'first-response' capability to quickly identify threats within Windows forensic artefacts such as Event Logs and the MFT file". Chainsaw stands out due to its ability to search through event logs for specific keywords, custom detection rules, and several other functionality not present in other available tools.

Chainsaw provides several features including:

- Hunting for threats using Sigma detection rules and custom rules
- Searching and extracting forensic artefacts by string matches and regex
- Creating execution timelines by analysing Shimcache artefacts and enriching them with
 Amcache data
- Analysing the SRUM database and provide insights about it
- Dumping the raw content of forensic artefacts, and more.

Chainsaw and the aforementioned tools are all meant to be used for quick forensics, it is not meant to replace other tools and workflows. Searching through and processing event logs is a slow and time-consuming process which is where tools like this come into play. The following event IDs are supported by Chainsaw (not limited to):

Event Type	Event ID			
Process Creation (Sysmon)	1			
Network Connections (Sysmon)	3			
Image Loads (Sysmon)	7			
File Creation (Sysmon)	11			
Registry Events (Sysmon)	13			
Powershell Script Blocks	4104			
Process Creation	4688			
Scheduled Task Creation	4698			
Service Creation	7045			

1. Downloading Chainsaw

To download chainsaw, navigate to their <u>releases</u> page and download whatever version supports your OS (in my case I am downloading chainsaw all platforms):

♦ Chainsaw_aarch64-apple-darwin.zip	2.83 MB	3 weeks ago
♦ Chainsaw_all_platforms+rules+examples.zip	44.1 MB	3 weeks ago
♦ Chainsaw_all_platforms+rules.zip	32.9 MB	3 weeks ago
♦ Chainsaw_x86_64-apple-darwin.zip	2.97 MB	3 weeks ago
♦ chainsaw_x86_64-pc-windows-msvc.zip	2.99 MB	3 weeks ago
♦ Chainsaw_x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu.tar.gz	3.27 MB	3 weeks ago
Source code (zip)		3 weeks ago
Source code (tar.gz)		3 weeks ago

2. Using Chainsaw

Once you have extracted the zip archive, open a CMD prompt and navigate to the installation directory:

```
12/07/2024
                         <DIR>
            07:10 AM
04/08/2024
            08:55 PM
                         <DIR>
12/07/2024
           07:10 AM
                              8,010,584 chainsaw_aarch64-apple-darwin
12/07/2024 07:10 AM
                             8,375,752 chainsaw_x86_64-apple-darwin
12/07/2024 07:10 AM
                             9,177,088 chainsaw_x86_64-pc-windows-msvc.exe
                            10,175,344 chainsaw_x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu
R> EVTX-ATTACK-SAMPLES
12/07/2024
            07:10 AM
                         <DIR>
12/07/2024
            07:10 AM
12/07/2024
                                 35,142 LICENCE
            07:10 AM
12/07/2024
                         <DIR>
           07:10 AM
                                        mappings
                                 50,365 README.md
12/07/2024 07:10 AM
12/07/2024 07:10 AM
                         <DIR>
                                        rules
12/07/2024
           07:10 AM
                         <DIR>
```

To start hunting using the sigma rules and custom Chainsaw rules you can enter the following:

```
chainsaw_x86_64-pc-windows-msvc.exe hunt EVTX-ATTACK-SAMPLES -s sigma/ --mapping mappings/sigma-event-logs-all.yml -r rules/ --csv --output results
```

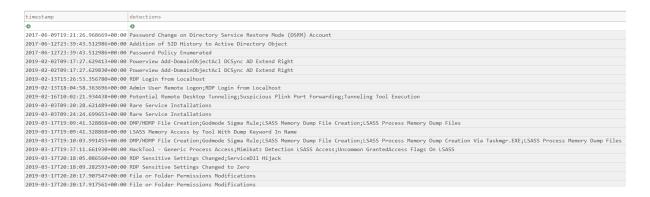
Please note that you can place any evtx file or directory containing several evtx files after you have entered the binary name, i.e., the syntax is:

- <chainsaw_binary> hunt <evtx_location>/ -s sigma/ --mapping mappings/sigma-event-logs-all.yml -r rules/ --csv --output <output_directory_name>

As you can see, 1433 detections were found, and Chainsaw created several csv files for which are the results we want to investigate, let's look at the service_installation.csv file by using Timeline Explorer (note, you can view the CSV file in notepad, excel, etc):

detections		 Computer	Service Name	Service File Name
-0:		·0:	10 1	·0:
Meterpreter or Cobalt Strike Getsystem Service Installation; Suspicious Commands Service Installat:	on	 IEWIN7	WinPwnage	%COMSPEC% /c ping -n 1 127.0.0.1 >nul && echo 'WinPwnage' >

The image above is a snippet of the output. As you can see, Chainsaw was able to correctly identify Meterpreter or Cobalt Strike being installed as a service. The sigma.csv file contains all of the sigma rules matched, meaning there is a lot of logs in this file with no logical order:



Let's say you just want to display the results to the terminal and only for critical rules, you can do that by entering the following:

chainsaw_x86_64-pc-windows-msvc.exe hunt -r rules/ EVTX-ATTACK-SAMPLES -s sigma/rules --mapping mappings/sigma-event-logs-all.yml --level critical

This provides the output in neat tables formatted by groups:

] Group: Antivirus									
timestamp	detections	Event ID	Record ID	Computer	Threat Name	Threat Path	SHA1	User	Threat Type
2019-07-18 20:40:00	+ Windows Defender	1116	37	MSEDGEWIN10	Trojan:PowerShell/Powersploit. M	file:_C:\AtomicRedTeam\atomic- red-team-master\atomics\T1056\ Get-Keystrokes.ps1		MSEDGEWIN10\IEUser	
2019-07-18 20:40:16	+ Windows Defender	1116	48	MSEDGEWIN10	Trojan:XML/Exeselrun.gen!A	file:_C:\AtomicRedTeam\atomic- red-team-master\atomics\T1086\ payloads\test.xsl		MSEDGEWIN10\IEUser	
2019-07-18 20:41:16	+ Windows Defender	1116	75	MSEDGEWIN10	HackTool:JS/Jsprat	file:_C:\AtomicRedTeam\atomic- red-team-master\atomics\T1100\ shells\b.jsp->(SCRIPT0005)		MSEDGEWIN10\IEUser	
2019-07-18 20:41:17	+ Windows Defender	1116	76	MSEDGEWIN10	Backdoor:ASP/Ace.T	<pre>file:_C:\AtomicRedTeam\atomic- red-team-master\atomics\T1100\ shells\cmd.aspx</pre>		MSEDGEWIN10\IEUser	
2019-07-18 20:41:48	+ Windows Defender	1116	95	MSEDGEWIN10	Trojan:Win32/Sehyioa.A!cl	file:_C:\AtomicRedTeam\atomic- red-team-master\atomics\T1218\ src\Win32\T1218-2.dll		MSEDGEWIN10\IEUser	
2019-07-18 20:51:50	+ Windows Defender	1117	101	MSEDGEWIN10	Trojan:PowerShell/Powersploit. M	file:_C:\AtomicRedTeam\atomic- red-team-master\atomics\T1056\ Get-Keystrokes.ps1		MSEDGEWIN10\IEUser	
2019-07-18 20:51:50	+ Windows Defender	1116	162	MSEDGEWIN10	HackTool: 35/3sprat	contsine-file_C.NatomicRedTea Nathemic_red_Team_mas_ter_Natomi CSNISON_teal_StN_spp: file_C. 'AltomicRed Team atomic_red tra =-master_latomic_vilioN_shells_\ bSp-\S(CRIPTOBOS): file_C.'\ AtomicRedTeam latomic_red_team =master_latomic_vilioN_shells_\ jsp-\S(CRIPTOBOS): file_C.'\ AtomicRedTeam latomic_red_team =master_latomic_vilioN_shells_\ jsp-\S(CRIPTOBOS): file_C.'\ NatomicRedTeam latomic_red_team=master_latomic_vilioN_shells_\ jsp-\S(CRIPTOBOS): file_C.'\ NatomicRedTeam_latomic_red_team=master_latomic_vilioN_shells_\ jsp-\S(SRIPTOBOS): file_C.'\ NatomicRedTeam_latomic_red_team=master_latomic_vilioN_shells_\ S(SRIPTOBOS): file_C.'\ NatomicRedTeam_latomic_red_team=master_latomic_red_team_master_latomic_red_team_ma		MSEDGEWIN10\IEUser	

3. Searching with Chainsaw

Chainsaw can also be used to search for keywords, in the following example, we are searching for the keyword 'mimikatz' which is a popular credential dumping tool:

```
chainsaw_x86_64-pc-windows-msvc.exe search mimikatz -i EVTX-ATTACK-SAMPLES
```

You can put any keyword after the search tag. The results are very long, but the following image is a small snippet showing the Event Logs that contains the keyword:

```
By WithSecure Countercept (@FranticTypIng, @AlexKornitzer)

[*] Loading forensic artefacts from: EVTX-ATTACK-SAMPLES
[*] Loaded 345 forensic files (08.6 M8)
[*] Searching forensic artefacts...

Event:

EventData:
Califrace: C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdl1.dll+4595c|C:\Windows\system32\KERNELBASE.dl
kktopLifrace: C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdl1.dll+4595c|C:\Windows\system32\KERNELBASE.dl
kktopLifrace: C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdl1.dll+4595c|C:\Windows\system32\KERNELBASE.dl
kktopLifrace: C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdl1.dll+4595c|C:\Windows\system32\KERNELBASE.dl
kktopLifrace: C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdl1.dll+4595c|C:\Windows\system32\KERNELBASE.dl
kktopLifrace: C:\Windows\System32\ntdl1.dll
kutoplane: C:\Windows\System32\ntdl1.dll
kutoplane: C:\Windows\System32\land
SourceProcessGli 3272

TangetInger: C:\Windows\System32\land
TangetInger: C:\Windows\System32\land
TangetInger: C:\Windows\System32\land
TangetProcessGli 346

UtCTime: 2019-09-17 19:37:11.641

System:
Channel: Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/Operational
Computer: PGM: example. corp
Comp
```

The search function can be really handy if you have identified a malicious binary and want to search for all Event Logs containing said binary.

4. Conclusion

Chainsaw is a robust tool for quickly identifying threats in Windows forensic artifacts. It supports various event IDs and offers powerful capabilities. By following the steps outlined, you can efficiently use Chainsaw to enhance your forensic analysis and threat detection workflows.