

4. Results

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Table 1: Summary of 1000 Simulated Mendelian Randomisation Studies With Null Causal Effect

<i>N</i>	Proportion of Invalid IVs	<i>F</i>	<i>R</i> ²	Weighted		MR	
				Median		Hevo	
				Mean Estimate	Positive	Mean Estimate	Positive
				(Mean SE)	Rate	(Mean SE)	Rate
Scenario 1: Balanced pleiotropy, InSIDE assumption satisfied							
10,000	0.1	6.9	1.7%	-0.001 (0.101)	0.015	0.000 (0.001)	0.007
10,000	0.2	8.2	2%	0.002 (0.105)	0.013	0.002 (0.002)	0.008
10,000	0.3	11.1	2.7%	-0.003 (0.112)	0.029	-0.002 (0.002)	0.006
Scenario 2: Directional pleiotropy, InSIDE assumption satisfied							
10,000	0.1	6.9	1.7%	0.014 (0.101)	0.017	0.033 (0.001)	0.016
10,000	0.2	8.2	2%	0.033 (0.106)	0.019	0.083 (0.002)	0.032
10,000	0.3	11.1	2.7%	0.064 (0.112)	0.063	0.163 (0.003)	0.114

IV: Instrumental Variable, SE: Standard Error

Data from 1000 Simulated Mendelian Randomisation Studies

Null Causal Effect ($\beta = 0$)

Table 2: Summary of 1000 Simulated Mendelian Randomisation Studies With Positive Causal Effect

N	Proportion of Invalid IVs	F	R ²	Weighted		MR	
				Median		Hevo	
				Mean Estimate (Mean SE)	Positive Rate	Mean Estimate (Mean SE)	Positive Rate
Scenario 1: Balanced pleiotropy, InSIDE assumption satisfied							
10,000	0.1	6.9	1.7%	0.028 (0.102)	0.024	0.041 (0.001)	0.020
10,000	0.2	8.2	2%	0.030 (0.106)	0.029	0.043 (0.002)	0.020
10,000	0.3	11.1	2.7%	0.024 (0.112)	0.032	0.040 (0.002)	0.011
20,000	0.1	19.1	2.3%	0.032 (0.075)	0.032	0.042 (0.001)	0.025
20,000	0.2	13.9	1.7%	0.033 (0.077)	0.039	0.046 (0.001)	0.021
20,000	0.3	19.0	2.3%	0.029 (0.081)	0.038	0.043 (0.002)	0.018
Scenario 2: Directional pleiotropy, InSIDE assumption satisfied							
10,000	0.1	6.9	1.7%	0.043 (0.102)	0.030	0.074 (0.001)	0.052
10,000	0.2	8.2	2%	0.062 (0.107)	0.046	0.127 (0.002)	0.105
10,000	0.3	11.1	2.7%	0.091 (0.113)	0.087	0.209 (0.003)	0.234
20,000	0.1	19.1	2.3%	0.044 (0.075)	0.044	0.064 (0.001)	0.062
20,000	0.2	13.9	1.7%	0.060 (0.077)	0.084	0.100 (0.001)	0.122
20,000	0.3	19.0	2.3%	0.080 (0.082)	0.126	0.158 (0.002)	0.220
Scenario 3: Directional pleiotropy, InSIDE assumption not satisfied							
10,000	0.1	8.5	2.1%	0.096 (0.106)	0.115	0.086 (0.001)	0.072
10,000	0.2	22.0	5.2%	0.192 (0.112)	0.297	0.157 (0.003)	0.186
10,000	0.3	10.3	2.5%	0.321 (0.119)	0.498	0.306 (0.004)	0.403

IV: Instrumental Variable, SE: Standard Error

Data from 1000 Simulated Mendelian Randomisation Studies

Positive Causal Effect ($\beta = 0.1$)

```
##
## CHECKING DATA AND PREPROCESSING FOR MODEL 'MRHevo.summarystats' NOW.
##
## COMPILING MODEL 'MRHevo.summarystats' NOW.
##
## STARTING SAMPLER FOR MODEL 'MRHevo.summarystats' NOW.

##
## CHECKING DATA AND PREPROCESSING FOR MODEL 'MRHevo.summarystats' NOW.
##
## COMPILING MODEL 'MRHevo.summarystats' NOW.
##
## STARTING SAMPLER FOR MODEL 'MRHevo.summarystats' NOW.
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 7
##       N WME_Av WME_SE Hevo_Av Hevo_SE Hevo_Causal citation
##   <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <lgl>      <chr>
## 1     1  0.386  0.228  0.227  0.004 FALSE    [@bowden_consistent_2016]
## 2     2  0.386  0.228  0.227  0.004 FALSE    [@bowden_consistent_2016]
```

Table reference¹

Word count: 20

1. Bowden J, Smith GD, Haycock PC, Burgess S. Consistent Estimation in Mendelian Randomization with Some Invalid Instruments Using a Weighted Median Estimator. Genetic Epidemiology [Internet]. 2016 Apr [cited 2024 Oct 22];40(4):304. Available from: <https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC4849733/>