# **EMBEDDED SYSTEM FOR CONDITION MONITORING OF MARINE PUMPS**

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### Aims

- Build a functioning embedded system which monitors the condition of a marine pump
- Collect data and perform on board processing
- Use data to provide basic diagnostics of the pump
- Evaluate sensors from different price points

# Why?

- Time and money is wasted repairing pumps on a fixed schedule or only once they have failed [1]
- Providing cheap monitoring systems would allow Condition-Based Maintenance of these pumps
- Current solutions are not viable due to their high cost

#### Condition-Based Maintenance (CBM)

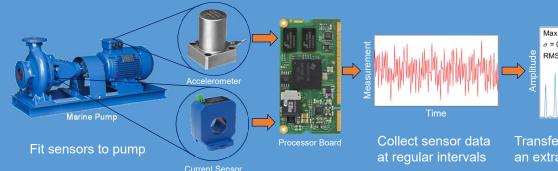
- CBM describes measuring data during operation to accurately estimate the health of a machine or individual component [1]
- Shown to successfully reduce maintenance costs across a range of industries and minimise shutdown time [2]
- Machines are worked closer to their predicted lifetime and repairs can be targeted towards specific faults [3]
- Indirect damage as a result of failure during operation is avoided
- Essential for efficiently operating autonomous ships in the future

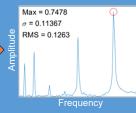
### **Condition Monitoring Methods**

#### Vibration analysis

- Most prevalent method [2]
- Measure with accelerometer or velocity transducer
- Detects mechanical faults
- Requires measuring high frequencies ~10 kHz [3]
- Sensor placement is important Very noisy measurements [3]
- Motor Current Signature Analysis (MCSA)
- mechanical faults
- Measure stator current using Hall
- Lower frequency range ~5kHz [4]

## **Embedded System Diagram**



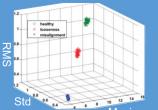


Transmit data

Transfer to frequency domain an extract features for diagnosis

### Measurements and Diagnostics

- Currently, many pumps on board ships operate without any record of their condition or performance
- This system will transmit the runtime and operating speed of pumps, along with simple statistical features
- Such data is immediately useful to workers who maintain pumps, and provides the basis for data-driven learning, predicting remaining lifetime and environmental effects
- Even small numbers of features such as maximum, root mean square and standard deviation of the frequency spectrum can detect and diagnose faults [2]
- Healthy and faulty conditions will be diagnosed on-board



### Testing and development

- Computation will be tested by sending data to the embedded system over a communication channel and comparing the output with an offline implementation
- Sensor data will then be verified by comparison with sensors on the Remote Access Laboratory (RAL)
- RAL is an existing setup with motor, shaft, multiple bearings and accurate condition monitoring equipment
- Direct comparison of system performance
- Multiple fault types can be induced, including damaged bearings and shaft bending
- Long term tests to simulate live environment



Remote Access Laboratory available Tribology department at UoS

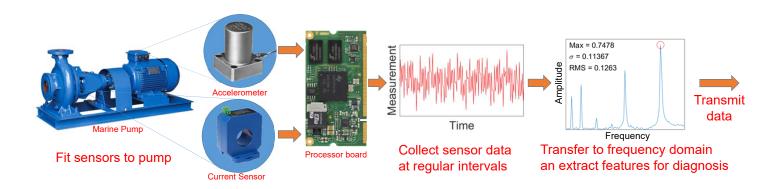
#### References

[1] Z. Hameed, S. Ahn and Y. Cho, "Practical aspects of a condition monitoring system for a wind turbine with emphasis on its design, system architecture, testing and installation", Renewable Energy, vol. 35, no. 5, pp. 879-894, 2010 [2] A. Moosavian et al., "Fault diagnosis and classification of water pump using adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference system based on vibration signals", Structural Health Monitoring: An International Journal, vol. 14, no. 5, pp. 402-410, 2015 [3] R. Randall, Vibration-based condition monitoring, Hoboken, N.J.: Wiley, 2013 [4] F. Bonnardot, R. Randall and J. Antoni, "Enhanced Unsupervised Noise Cancellation using Angular Resampling for

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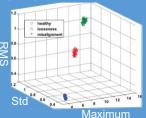
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### Measurements and Diagnostics

- Currently, many pumps on board ships operate without any record of their condition or performance.
- This system will transmit the runtime and operating speed of pumps, along with simple statistical features.
- Such data provides the basis for data-driven learning, performed on powerful computers, and is immediately useful to workers who maintain pumps.
- Even small numbers of features such as maximum, root mean square and standard deviation of the frequency spectrum can detect and diagnose faults [2].



iviaxiiiiui Diagnosis of system from basi statistical features [2]