

Week 3 Conceptual Quiz

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Section: MATH301 001

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Problem 1. (1 point)

Which of the following most accurately describes what it means to add two vectors \vec{v} and \vec{w} , represented as arrows, in \mathbb{R}^3 ?

- A. Place the tip of \vec{w} on the tip of \vec{v} and draw an arrow from the base of \vec{v} to the base of \vec{w} .
- B. Place the base of \vec{w} on the tip of \vec{v} and draw an arrow from the base of \vec{v} to the tip of \vec{w} .
- C. Place the base of \vec{w} on the tip of \vec{v} and draw an arrow from the base of \vec{w} to the tip of \vec{v} .
- D. Place the tip of \vec{v} on the tip of \vec{w} and draw an arrow from the base of \vec{w} to the base of \vec{v} .

Correct Answers:

- B

Problem 2. (1 point)

Let

$$\vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 10 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \vec{w} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ -8 \\ 8 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

What is $-8\vec{v} + 5\vec{w}$?

- A. $\begin{bmatrix} -27 \\ 114 \\ -44 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix}$
- B. $\begin{bmatrix} -27 \\ -120 \\ 8 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix}$
- C. $\begin{bmatrix} 117 \\ -14 \\ 84 \\ 65 \end{bmatrix}$
- D. $\begin{bmatrix} -117 \\ -40 \\ -72 \\ -65 \end{bmatrix}$

Correct Answers:

- B

Problem 3. (1 point)

A linear system in the variables x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 , and x_5 has the following solution set:

$$x_1 = 15 + 16s + 14t$$

$$x_2 = t$$

$$x_3 = -5 - 19s$$

$$x_4 = s$$

$$x_5 = -27$$

Rewrite the solution set as a vector equation.

$$\bullet \text{ A. } \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 0 \\ -5 \\ 0 \\ -27 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ 0 \\ -19 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 14 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet \text{ B. } \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 1 \\ -5 \\ 1 \\ -27 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ 0 \\ -19 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 14 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet \text{ C. } \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 1 \\ -5 \\ 1 \\ -27 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ 0 \\ -19 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 14 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet \text{ D. } \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 0 \\ -5 \\ 0 \\ -27 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ 0 \\ -19 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 14 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Correct Answers:

- A

Problem 4. (1 point)

Consider the following linear system:

$$-5x_1 + 10x_3 - 8x_4 = 6$$

$$-9x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 - 8x_4 = -8$$

$$-10x_1 + 8x_2 - 5x_4 = 7$$

$$-x_1 - 10x_2 + 9x_3 + 7x_4 = -5$$

Represent this linear system as a vector equation.

$$\bullet \text{ A. } x_1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -9 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + x_2 \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 1 \\ -10 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 3 \\ 8 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} + x_4 \begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ -8 \\ -5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -8 \\ 7 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet \text{ B. } x_1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \\ 10 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} + x_2 \begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -10 \\ 8 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix} + x_4 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -10 \\ 9 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -8 \\ 7 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet \text{ C. } x_1 \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -9 \\ -10 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + x_2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} + x_4 \begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ -8 \\ -5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -8 \\ 7 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet \text{ D. } x_1 \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \\ 10 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} + x_2 \begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 8 \\ 0 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix} + x_4 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -10 \\ 9 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -8 \\ 7 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Correct Answers:

- C

Problem 5. (1 point)

Recall that \mathcal{P}_4 denotes the set of polynomials of degree at most 4. What is the zero vector in \mathcal{P}_4 ?

- A. x^4
- B. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- C. There is no zero vector in \mathcal{P}_4 , the elements of \mathcal{P}_4 are not vectors.
- D. 0

Correct Answers:

- D