

E-Commerce Product API Documentation

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Overview

The E-Commerce Product API provides developers with a simple yet powerful interface to manage product information across e-commerce platforms. This RESTful API enables seamless integration with your existing systems, allowing you to programmatically access and manipulate product data with minimal development effort.

Key Features

- **Comprehensive Product Management:** Access, create, update, and delete product information through intuitive endpoints
- **Robust Categorization System:** Organize products with a flexible category structure
- **Detailed Inventory Tracking:** Monitor product availability with advanced inventory features
- **Powerful Search & Filtering:** Find specific products based on various parameters
- **Efficient Media Management:** Handle product images and other associated media
- **Secure Authentication:** Protect your data with industry-standard token-based authentication
- **Detailed Error Reporting:** Troubleshoot issues quickly with informative error messages
- **Compliant Data Structures:** All responses follow consistent JSON formatting

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Business Benefits

- **Streamline Operations:** Automate product management tasks to reduce manual work
- **Improve Time-to-Market:** Rapidly update product information across multiple channels
- **Enhance Customer Experience:** Ensure product data consistency across all customer touchpoints
- **Reduce Integration Costs:** Standardized API reduces development and maintenance expenses
- **Scale Efficiently:** API designed to handle everything from small catalogs to enterprise-level inventories

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Use Cases

- **Multi-Channel Commerce:** Synchronize product data across web stores, marketplaces, and physical locations
- **Custom Storefronts:** Build unique shopping experiences with real-time product information
- **Inventory Management Systems:** Create specialized tools for inventory control and optimization
- **Pricing Automation:** Implement dynamic pricing based on market conditions or inventory levels
- **Product Information Management (PIM):** Centralize and distribute product data across your organization
- **Marketing Automation:** Connect product data with email campaigns and promotional activities

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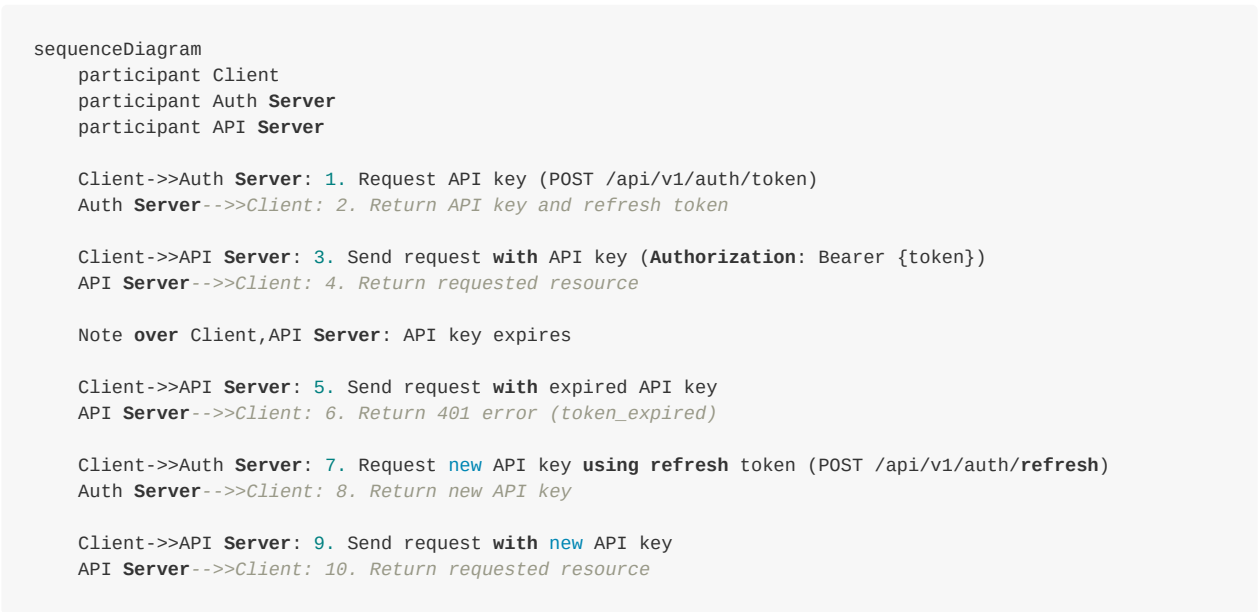
Authentication

All API requests require secure authentication using Bearer Tokens. This authentication method is industry-standard and provides a secure way to access the API while maintaining flexibility.

```
Authorization: Bearer YOUR_API_KEY
```

Authentication Flow

The diagram below illustrates the complete authentication process, including token refresh when needed:



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Authentication Guide

1. Obtaining an API Key

To access the API, you first need to obtain an API key through the authentication endpoint:

Request Example:

```
POST /api/v1/auth/token
Content-Type: application/json

{
  "client_id": "your_client_id",
  "client_secret": "your_client_secret",
  "grant_type": "client_credentials"
}
```

Response Example:

```
{
  "status": "success",
  "data": {
    "access_token": "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9...",
    "refresh_token": "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9...",
    "token_type": "Bearer",
    "expires_in": 3600
  },
  "meta": {
    "request_id": "req_abc123",
    "timestamp": "2023-06-20T14:15:00Z"
  }
}
```

2. Using Your API Key

Include the obtained API key in the Authorization header of all subsequent requests:

```
GET /api/v1/products
Authorization: Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9...
```

3. Handling Token Expiration

API keys typically expire after a certain period. When a key expires, you need to request a new one using your refresh token:

Request Example:

```
POST /api/v1/auth/refresh
Content-Type: application/json

{
  "refresh_token": "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9...",
  "grant_type": "refresh_token"
}
```

Response Example:

```
{
  "status": "success",
  "data": {
    "access_token": "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9...",
    "refresh_token": "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9...",
    "token_type": "Bearer",
    "expires_in": 3600
  },
  "meta": {
    "request_id": "req_def456",
  }
}
```

```
    "timestamp": "2023-06-20T15:30:00Z"
  }
}
```

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Token Management Examples

For efficient token management, we recommend implementing a token manager in your application. Below are examples in different programming languages:

JavaScript/Node.js

```
// Token Management Class
class TokenManager {
  constructor() {
    this.accessToken = null;
    this.refreshToken = null;
    this.expiresAt = null;
  }

  // Set tokens
  setTokens(accessToken, refreshToken, expiresIn) {
    this.accessToken = accessToken;
    this.refreshToken = refreshToken;
    // Set expiration time (expire 5 minutes early for safety)
    this.expiresAt = Date.now() + (expiresIn - 300) * 1000;
  }

  // Get valid token
  async getValidToken() {
    // If token doesn't exist or has expired, refresh it
    if (!this.accessToken || this.isTokenExpired()) {
      await this.refreshAccessToken();
    }
    return this.accessToken;
  }

  // Check if token is expired
  isTokenExpired() {
    return Date.now() >= this.expiresAt;
  }

  // Refresh access token
  async refreshAccessToken() {
    try {
      const response = await axios.post('https://api.example.com/api/v1/auth/refresh', {
        refresh_token: this.refreshToken,
        grant_type: 'refresh_token'
      });

      const { access_token, refresh_token, expires_in } = response.data.data;
      this.setTokens(access_token, refresh_token, expires_in);
    } catch (error) {
      console.error('Failed to refresh token:', error);
      // If refresh fails, user may need to log in again
      throw new Error('Authentication failed, please log in again');
    }
  }
}

// API client using token manager
class ApiClient {
  constructor(baseUrl, clientId, clientSecret) {
    this.baseUrl = baseUrl;
    this.clientId = clientId;
    this.clientSecret = clientSecret;
    this.tokenManager = new TokenManager();
  }
}
```

```

// Initialize (get initial token)
async initialize() {
  try {
    const response = await axios.post(`${this.baseUrl}/api/v1/auth/token`, {
      client_id: this.clientId,
      client_secret: this.clientSecret,
      grant_type: 'client_credentials'
    });

    const { access_token, refresh_token, expires_in } = response.data.data;
    this.tokenManager.setTokens(access_token, refresh_token, expires_in);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error('Failed to initialize API client:', error);
    throw error;
  }
}

// Send API request
async request(method, endpoint, data = null) {
  try {
    // Get valid token
    const token = await this.tokenManager.getValidToken();

    // Send request
    const response = await axios({
      method,
      url: `${this.baseUrl}${endpoint}`,
      data,
      headers: {
        'Authorization': `Bearer ${token}`,
        'Content-Type': 'application/json'
      }
    });

    return response.data;
  } catch (error) {
    if (error.response && error.response.status === 401) {
      // If authentication error, try to refresh token and retry
      await this.tokenManager.refreshAccessToken();
      return this.request(method, endpoint, data);
    }
    throw error;
  }
}

// Convenience methods
async get(endpoint) {
  return this.request('GET', endpoint);
}

async post(endpoint, data) {
  return this.request('POST', endpoint, data);
}

async put(endpoint, data) {
  return this.request('PUT', endpoint, data);
}

async delete(endpoint) {
  return this.request('DELETE', endpoint);
}

// Usage example
async function example() {
  const apiClient = new ApiClient(
    'https://api.example.com',
    'your_client_id',
    'your_client_secret'
  );

  // Initialize client
  await apiClient.initialize();
}

```

```
// Use client to send requests
try {
  const products = await apiClient.get('/api/v1/products');
  console.log('Product list:', products);

  const newProduct = await apiClient.post('/api/v1/products', {
    name: 'New Product',
    description: 'Product description',
    price: 99.99,
    category_id: 'electronics'
  });
  console.log('Created product:', newProduct);
} catch (error) {
  console.error('API request failed:', error);
}
```

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API Endpoints

Product Endpoints

Get All Products

GET /api/v1/products

Parameter	Data Type	Required	Default	Description
page	Integer	No	1	Page number for pagination
limit	Integer	No	20	Results per page, max 100
category_id	String	No	-	Filter products by category ID
status	String	No	-	Filter by product status (active, draft, archived)
sort	String	No	created_at	Sort field (created_at, updated_at, price, name)
order	String	No	desc	Sort order (asc, desc)
search	String	No	-	Search in product name or description

Get a Single Product

GET /api/v1/products/{product_id}

Parameter	Data Type	Required	Default	Description
product_id	String	Yes	-	Product ID

Create a Product

POST /api/v1/products

Parameter	Data Type	Required	Default	Description
name	String	Yes	-	Product name
description	String	Yes	-	Product description
price	Number	Yes	-	Product price
currency	String	No	USD	Currency code
category_id	String	Yes	-	Product category ID
inventory	Integer	No	0	Inventory quantity
images	Array	No	[]	Array of product image URLs
attributes	Object	No	{}	Product attributes (color, size, etc.)
status	String	No	active	Product status (active, draft, archived)

Update a Product

PUT /api/v1/products/{product_id}

Parameter	Data Type	Required	Default	Description
product_id	String	Yes	-	Product ID
name	String	No	-	Product name
description	String	No	-	Product description
price	Number	No	-	Product price
currency	String	No	-	Currency code
category_id	String	No	-	Product category ID
inventory	Integer	No	-	Inventory quantity
images	Array	No	-	Array of product image URLs
attributes	Object	No	-	Product attributes (color, size, etc.)
status	String	No	-	Product status (active, draft, archived)

Delete a Product

DELETE /api/v1/products/{product_id}

Parameter	Data Type	Required	Default	Description
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Parameter	Data Type	Required	Default	Description
product_id	String	Yes	-	Product ID

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Category Endpoints

Get All Categories

```
GET /api/v1/categories
```

Parameter	Data Type	Required	Default	Description
page	Integer	No	1	Page number for pagination
limit	Integer	No	20	Results per page, max 100
parent_id	String	No	-	Filter by parent category ID

Get a Single Category

```
GET /api/v1/categories/{category_id}
```

Parameter	Data Type	Required	Default	Description
category_id	String	Yes	-	Category ID

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Response Examples

Success Responses

Get Products List Response

```
{
  "status": "success",
  "data": {
    "items": [
      {
        "id": "prod_123456",
        "name": "Wireless Headphones",
        "description": "Premium noise-canceling wireless headphones with Bluetooth 5.0",
        "price": 99.99,
        "currency": "USD",
        "inventory": {
          "available": 157,
          "reserved": 3,
          "total": 160
        },
        "category": {
          "id": "electronics",

```



```

        "name": "Electronics",
        "parent_id": null
    },
    "images": [
        {
            "url": "https://example.com/images/headphones-main.jpg",
            "alt": "Wireless headphones front view",
            "is_primary": true
        },
        {
            "url": "https://example.com/images/headphones-angle.jpg",
            "alt": "Wireless headphones side view",
            "is_primary": false
        }
    ],
    "attributes": {
        "color": "Black",
        "weight": "250g",
        "battery_life": "20 hours"
    },
    "status": "active",
    "created_at": "2023-06-15T10:30:00Z",
    "updated_at": "2023-06-20T14:15:00Z"
}
],
"pagination": {
    "total": 42,
    "page": 1,
    "limit": 20,
    "pages": 3,
    "has_next": true,
    "has_prev": false
}
},
"meta": {
    "request_id": "req_abc123",
    "timestamp": "2023-06-20T14:15:00Z"
}
}

```

Get Single Product Response

```

{
  "status": "success",
  "data": {
    "item": {
      "id": "prod_123456",
      "name": "Wireless Headphones",
      "description": "Premium noise-canceling wireless headphones with Bluetooth 5.0",
      "price": 99.99,
      "currency": "USD",
      "inventory": {
        "available": 157,
        "reserved": 3,
        "total": 160
      },
      "category": {
        "id": "electronics",
        "name": "Electronics",
        "parent_id": null
      },
      "images": [
        {
          "url": "https://example.com/images/headphones-main.jpg",
          "alt": "Wireless headphones front view",
          "is_primary": true
        },
        {
          "url": "https://example.com/images/headphones-angle.jpg",
          "alt": "Wireless headphones side view",
          "is_primary": false
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}

```

```

    }
  ],
  "attributes": {
    "color": "Black",
    "weight": "250g",
    "battery_life": "20 hours"
  },
  "status": "active",
  "created_at": "2023-06-15T10:30:00Z",
  "updated_at": "2023-06-20T14:15:00Z"
}
},
"meta": {
  "request_id": "req_abc123",
  "timestamp": "2023-06-20T14:15:00Z"
}
}

```

Create Product Response

```

{
  "status": "success",
  "data": {
    "item": {
      "id": "prod_789012",
      "name": "Smart Watch",
      "description": "Fitness and health tracking smart watch with heart rate monitor",
      "price": 149.99,
      "currency": "USD",
      "inventory": {
        "available": 50,
        "reserved": 0,
        "total": 50
      },
    },
    "category": {
      "id": "electronics",
      "name": "Electronics",
      "parent_id": null
    },
    "images": [
      {
        "url": "https://example.com/images/smartwatch-main.jpg",
        "alt": "Smart watch front view",
        "is_primary": true
      },
      {
        "url": "https://example.com/images/smartwatch-side.jpg",
        "alt": "Smart watch side view",
        "is_primary": false
      }
    ],
    "attributes": {
      "color": "Silver",
      "weight": "45g",
      "battery_life": "5 days",
      "water_resistant": "IP68"
    },
    "status": "active",
    "created_at": "2023-07-05T09:45:00Z",
    "updated_at": "2023-07-05T09:45:00Z"
  }
},
"meta": {
  "request_id": "req_def456",
  "timestamp": "2023-07-05T09:45:00Z"
}
}

```

Error Responses

Validation Error

```
{
  "status": "error",
  "error": {
    "code": "validation_error",
    "message": "The provided product data is invalid",
    "details": [
      {
        "field": "price",
        "message": "Price must be greater than zero"
      },
      {
        "field": "name",
        "message": "Product name is required"
      },
      {
        "field": "category_id",
        "message": "Category ID does not exist"
      }
    ]
  },
  "meta": {
    "request_id": "req_ghi789",
    "timestamp": "2023-07-05T10:15:00Z"
  }
}
```

Authentication Error

```
{
  "status": "error",
  "error": {
    "code": "unauthorized",
    "message": "Authentication failed",
    "details": "The provided API key is invalid or expired"
  },
  "meta": {
    "request_id": "req_jkl012",
    "timestamp": "2023-07-05T10:20:00Z"
  }
}
```

Resource Not Found Error

```
{
  "status": "error",
  "error": {
    "code": "not_found",
    "message": "Resource not found",
    "details": "Product with ID 'prod_999999' does not exist"
  },
  "meta": {
    "request_id": "req_mno345",
    "timestamp": "2023-07-05T10:25:00Z"
  }
}
```

Rate Limit Error

```
{
  "status": "error",
  "error": {
    "code": "rate_limit_exceeded",
    "message": "Rate limit exceeded",
    "details": "Maximum of 100 requests per minute allowed, please try again later"
  },
  "meta": {
    "request_id": "req_pqr678",
    "timestamp": "2023-07-05T10:30:00Z",
    "rate_limit": {
      "limit": 100,
      "remaining": 0,
      "reset": 1625097600
    }
  }
}
```

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Code Examples

JavaScript/Node.js

```
// Using axios for API calls
const axios = require('axios');

const API_KEY = 'your_api_key';
const BASE_URL = 'https://api.example.com';

// Configure axios instance
const api = axios.create({
  baseURL: BASE_URL,
  headers: {
    'Authorization': `Bearer ${API_KEY}`,
    'Content-Type': 'application/json'
  }
});

// Get all products
async function getAllProducts(page = 1, limit = 20) {
  try {
    const response = await api.get('/api/v1/products', {
      params: { page, limit }
    });
    return response.data;
  } catch (error) {
    handleError(error);
  }
}

// Create new product
async function createProduct(productData) {
  try {
    const response = await api.post('/api/v1/products', productData);
    return response.data;
  } catch (error) {
    handleError(error);
  }
}

// Error handling
function handleError(error) {
  if (error.response) {
    console.error('API error:', error.response.data);
  } else if (error.request) {

```

```

        console.error('Network error:', error.request);
    } else {
        console.error('Error:', error.message);
    }
}

```

Python

```

import requests
from typing import Dict, Optional

class EcommerceAPI:
    def __init__(self, api_key: str, base_url: str = "https://api.example.com"):
        self.base_url = base_url
        self.headers = {
            "Authorization": f"Bearer {api_key}",
            "Content-Type": "application/json"
        }

    def get_products(self, page: int = 1, limit: int = 20) -> Dict:
        """Get product list"""
        try:
            response = requests.get(
                f"{self.base_url}/api/v1/products",
                headers=self.headers,
                params={"page": page, "limit": limit}
            )
            response.raise_for_status()
            return response.json()
        except requests.exceptions.RequestException as e:
            self._handle_error(e)

    def create_product(self, product_data: Dict) -> Dict:
        """Create new product"""
        try:
            response = requests.post(
                f"{self.base_url}/api/v1/products",
                headers=self.headers,
                json=product_data
            )
            response.raise_for_status()
            return response.json()
        except requests.exceptions.RequestException as e:
            self._handle_error(e)

    def _handle_error(self, error: Exception) -> None:
        """Error handling"""
        if isinstance(error, requests.exceptions.HTTPError):
            print(f"HTTP error: {error.response.json()}")
        elif isinstance(error, requests.exceptions.ConnectionError):
            print("Connection error: Cannot connect to server")
        else:
            print(f"Error: {str(error)}")

```

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Error Handling

The API uses standard HTTP status codes to indicate the success or failure of requests:

- 200 OK: Request successful
- 201 Created: Resource successfully created
- 400 Bad Request: Invalid request
- 401 Unauthorized: Authentication failed

- 403 Forbidden: Insufficient permissions
- 404 Not Found: Resource not found
- 429 Too Many Requests: Rate limit exceeded
- 500 Internal Server Error: Server error

Error Codes Reference

Error Code	HTTP Status	Description	Possible Causes	Solutions
<code>validation_error</code>	400	Request parameter validation failed	Request contains invalid or missing required fields	Check that request parameters meet API requirements, ensure all required fields are provided and correctly formatted
<code>invalid_json</code>	400	Invalid JSON format	Request body is not valid JSON	Check JSON syntax, ensure all quotes, brackets, and commas are correctly matched
<code>invalid_product_data</code>	400	Product data is invalid	Product data doesn't comply with business rules	Check that product data complies with business rules, such as price must be greater than zero
<code>invalid_category_id</code>	400	Category ID is invalid	Provided category ID doesn't exist	Use a valid category ID, which can be found via the categories API
<code>invalid_image_url</code>	400	Image URL is invalid	Provided image URL is inaccessible or incorrectly formatted	Ensure image URLs are publicly accessible and correctly formatted
<code>unauthorized</code>	401	Authentication failed	API key is missing, invalid, or expired	Check that your API key is correct, regenerate it if necessary
<code>token_expired</code>	401	Token has expired	Authentication token used has expired	Get a new API key and update authentication information
<code>forbidden</code>	403	Insufficient permissions	Don't have permission to perform the requested operation	Check account permissions, contact admin if needed for permission elevation
<code>not_found</code>	404	Resource not found	Requested resource doesn't exist	Check if resource ID is correct, confirm resource hasn't been deleted
<code>rate_limit_exceeded</code>	429	Rate limit exceeded	Too many requests sent in a short time	Implement request throttling, use caching to reduce API calls, wait for rate limit to reset

Error Code	HTTP Status	Description	Possible Causes	Solutions
<code>internal_error</code>	500	Internal server error	Server encountered an error processing the request	Log error details and contact API support team
<code>service_unavailable</code>	503	Service unavailable	Server temporarily unable to handle request	Implement retry mechanism, try again later
<code>maintenance_mode</code>	503	Maintenance mode	Server is undergoing maintenance	Wait for maintenance to complete before retrying
<code>duplicate_product</code>	409	Product already exists	Attempting to create a product that already exists	Check if product already exists, or use update API instead of create
<code>inventory_error</code>	400	Inventory error	Inventory operation doesn't comply with business rules	Check that inventory operation complies with business rules, such as inventory can't be negative

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Error Handling Best Practices

- Implement Global Error Handling:** Create a unified error handling mechanism in your client code to catch and appropriately process all potential errors.
- Use Retry Mechanisms:** For temporary errors (such as 429, 503), implement an exponential backoff retry strategy.
- Log Detailed Information:** Record error details including request ID, timestamp, and complete error response for debugging.
- Provide User-Friendly Messages:** Display friendly error messages to end users without exposing technical details.
- Monitor Error Rates:** Track API error rates to quickly identify and resolve issues.
- Implement Circuit Breaker Pattern:** Temporarily stop sending requests to the API when error rates exceed thresholds to prevent cascading failures.
- Validate Request Data:** Validate data before sending requests to reduce server-side validation errors.
- Handle Partial Success:** For batch operations, implement partial success handling to ensure partial failures don't affect the entire operation.

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Rate Limits

To ensure fair usage and optimal performance for all users, the API implements rate limiting:

- Standard limit: 100 requests per minute
- Bulk operations count as multiple requests based on the number of items

Rate limit information is included in response headers:

```
X-RateLimit-Limit: 100
X-RateLimit-Remaining: 95
X-RateLimit-Reset: 1625097600
```

Rate Limit Best Practices

1. **Monitor Rate Limit Headers:** Track remaining requests to avoid hitting limits
2. **Implement Throttling:** Space out requests to stay under limits
3. **Use Bulk Operations:** Combine multiple operations in a single request when possible
4. **Implement Caching:** Cache frequently accessed data to reduce API calls
5. **Use Exponential Backoff:** When rate limited, wait progressively longer between retries

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Best Practices

1. Use Authentication Properly

- Store API keys securely, never expose them in client-side code
- Implement proper token refresh mechanisms
- Rotate secrets periodically for enhanced security

2. Optimize Request Patterns

- Use pagination for large datasets
- Only request the data you need
- Batch related operations when possible

3. Implement Proper Error Handling

- Handle all potential error codes
- Retry transient failures with exponential backoff
- Present user-friendly messages for API errors

4. Optimize Performance

- Cache frequently accessed data
- Implement request compression for large payloads
- Use conditional requests (If-Modified-Since) when appropriate

5. Ensure Data Consistency

- Validate data before sending to the API
- Implement proper synchronization for distributed systems
- Use transactions for related operations when available

6. Follow Security Best Practices

- Use HTTPS for all requests
- Implement proper input sanitization
- Follow the principle of least privilege for API access

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Quick Start Guide

Follow these steps to quickly integrate with the E-Commerce Product API:

1. Register for API Access

- Create an account at our [Developer Portal](#)
- Generate your API credentials (client ID and client secret)

2. Authenticate

- Obtain an access token using your credentials
- Store the token and refresh token securely

3. Make Your First API Call

- Use the token to request a list of products
- Examine the response structure to understand data format

4. Implement Error Handling

- Set up proper error catching and handling

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