Datasheet for 'Examining the Influence of Premises Type and Time of Day on Violent Crime in Toronto'*

Tim Chen

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Provides access to a dataset of violent and non-violent crime occurrences in Toronto, highlighting contextual and temporal factors. This datasheet supports reproducible research using the dataset.

1 Motivation

- 1. For what purpose was the dataset created? Was there a specific task in mind? Was there a specific gap that needed to be filled?
 - The dataset was created to enable analysis of violent and non-violent crime patterns in Toronto, focusing on premises type and time of day.
- 2. Who created the dataset (for example, which team, research group) and on behalf of which entity?
 - The dataset was created and published by Open Data Toronto, sourced from the Toronto Police Service.
- 3. Who funded the creation of the dataset? If there is an associated grant, please provide the name of the grantor and the grant name and number.
 - No direct funding information is provided.
- 4. Any other comments?
 - The dataset enables Bayesian analysis and spatial-temporal crime prevention strategies.

^{*}Code and data are available at: https://github.com/timchen0326/crime-analysis-toronto

2 Composition

- 1. What do the instances that comprise the dataset represent?
 - Each row represents a reported crime event in Toronto.
- 2. How many instances are there in total?
 - There are 37,061 instances in the cleaned analysis dataset.
- 3. Does the dataset contain all possible instances or is it a sample?
 - The dataset is a subset of reported crimes in Toronto, specifically focusing on July, known for peak social activity.
- 4. What data does each instance consist of?
 - Each instance includes crime type (violent or non-violent), premises type, and time of day.
- 5. Is there a label or target associated with each instance?
 - Yes, the target variable is VIOLENT_CRIME, a binary classification of crime type.
- 6. Is any information missing from individual instances?
 - Some location coordinates may be missing for unverified crimes.
- 7. Are relationships between individual instances made explicit?
 - No explicit relationships exist beyond shared locations or time patterns.
- 8. Are there recommended data splits?
 - No specific splits are recommended; analysis may involve custom temporal or premises-based splits.
- 9. Are there any errors, sources of noise, or redundancies in the dataset?
 - Self-reported and verified data may introduce biases or inaccuracies.
- 10. Is the dataset self-contained, or does it link to external resources?
 - It is self-contained and available via Open Data Toronto.
- 11. Does the dataset contain data that might be considered confidential?
 - No, all data is anonymized.
- 12. Does the dataset contain data that might be offensive, insulting, threatening, or cause anxiety?
 - It involves sensitive topics like violent crimes, which could be distressing.

- 13. Does the dataset identify any sub-populations?
 - It categorizes data by premises type and time of day.
- 14. Is it possible to identify individuals from the dataset?
 - No, all data is aggregated and anonymized.
- 15. Does the dataset contain data that might be considered sensitive?
 - Yes, it contains crime-related data.
- 16. Any other comments?
 - The dataset supports urban safety planning.

3 Collection process

- 1. How was the data associated with each instance acquired?
 - Data was collected from police-reported incidents, verified by the Toronto Police Service.
- 2. What mechanisms or procedures were used to collect the data?
 - Data was extracted from police reports and structured into digital records.
- 3. If the dataset is a sample, what was the sampling strategy?
 - It includes crimes reported during July, focusing on peak seasonal activity.
- 4. Who was involved in the data collection process?
 - Data was collected and structured by the Toronto Police Service.
- 5. Over what timeframe was the data collected?
 - The dataset reflects crimes reported during July, year unspecified in metadata.
- 6. Were any ethical review processes conducted?
 - Not reported.
- 7. Did you collect the data directly, or obtain it via third parties?
 - Data was obtained from Open Data Toronto.
- 8. Were the individuals in question notified about the data collection?
 - As this is aggregated public data, individual consent was not applicable.
- 9. Any other comments?
 - The dataset supports public safety efforts.

4 Preprocessing/cleaning/labeling

- 1. Was any preprocessing/cleaning/labeling of the data done?
 - Yes, data was cleaned to remove missing values and reformat variables such as premises type and time of day.
- 2. Was the "raw" data saved in addition to the preprocessed/cleaned/labeled data?
 - Yes, raw data remains accessible via Open Data Toronto.
- 3. Any other comments?
 - Data cleaning focused on consistency for Bayesian modeling.

5 Uses

- 1. Has the dataset been used for any tasks already?
 - Yes, it was analyzed to assess crime risk by premises type and time of day.
- 2. What (other) tasks could the dataset be used for?
 - Urban planning, crime prevention, and spatial analysis.
- 3. Any other comments?
 - No restrictions on creative use cases.

6 Distribution

- 1. Will the dataset be distributed to third parties?
 - It is publicly available via Open Data Toronto.
- 2. How will the dataset be distributed?
 - Through Open Data Toronto as downloadable files.
- 3. Any other comments?
 - The dataset encourages public analysis for safety planning.

7 Maintenance

- 1. Who will be supporting/hosting/maintaining the dataset?
 - Open Data Toronto manages its availability.
- 2. Will the dataset be updated?
 - Updates depend on Toronto Police Service and Open Data Toronto processes.
- 3. Any other comments?
 - Regular updates are not guaranteed but are likely in future iterations.