Arithmetic

Tools to perform arithmetic operations on audio signals.

Sin

class Sin(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Performs a sine function on audio signal.

Returns the sine of audio signal as input.

Parent: Pyo0bject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal, angle in radians.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> import math
>>> a = Phasor(500, mul=math.pi*2)
>>> b = Sin(a, mul=.3).mix(2).out()
```

setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)

[source]

Replace the input attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Cos

class Cos(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Performs a cosine function on audio signal.

Returns the cosine of audio signal as input.

Parent: Pyo0bject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal, angle in radians.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> import math
>>> a = Phasor(500, mul=math.pi*2)
>>> b = Cos(a, mul=.3).mix(2).out()
```

setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)

[source]

Replace the *input* attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Tan

class Tan(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Performs a tangent function on audio signal.

Returns the tangent of audio signal as input.

Parent: Pyo0bject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal, angle in radians.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> # Tangent panning function
>>> import math
>>> src = Sine(mul=.3)
>>> a = Phasor(freq=1, mul=90, add=-45)
>>> b = Tan(Abs(a*math.pi/180))
>>> b1 = 1.0 - b
>>> oL = src * b
>>> oR = src * b1
>>> oL.out()
>>> oR.out(1)
```

setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)

[source]

Replace the *input* attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Tanh

class Tanh(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Performs a hyperbolic tangent function on audio signal.

Returns the hyperbolic tangent of audio signal as input.

Parent: PyoObject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal, angle in radians.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> import math
>>> a = Phasor(250, mul=math.pi*2)
>>> b = Tanh(Sin(a, mul=10), mul=0.3).mix(2).out()
```

setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)

[source]

Replace the input attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Abs

class Abs(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Performs an absolute function on audio signal.

Returns the absolute value of audio signal as input.

Parent: PyoObject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal to process.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> # Back-and-Forth playback
>>> t = SndTable(SNDS_PATH + "/transparent.aif")
>>> a = Phasor(freq=t.getRate()*0.5, mul=2, add=-1)
>>> b = Pointer(table=t, index=Abs(a), mul=0.5).mix(2).out()
```

setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)

[source]

Replace the *input* attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Sqrt

class Sqrt(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Performs a square-root function on audio signal.

Returns the square-root value of audio signal as input.

Parent: PyoObject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal to process.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> # Equal-power panning function
>>> src = Sine(mul=.3)
>>> a = Abs(Phasor(freq=1, mul=2, add=-1))
>>> left = Sqrt(1.0 - a)
>>> right = Sqrt(a)
>>> oL = src * left
>>> oR = src * right
>>> oL.out()
>>> oR.out(1)
```

Replace the *input* attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Log

class Log(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Performs a natural log function on audio signal.

Returns the natural log value of of audio signal as input. Values less than 0.0 return 0.0.

Parent: PyoObject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal to process.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
# Logarithmic amplitude envelope
>>> a = LFO(freq=1, type=3, mul=0.2, add=1.2) # triangle
>>> b = Log(a)
>>> c = SineLoop(freq=[300,301], feedback=0.05, mul=b).out()
```

setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)

[source]

Replace the input attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Log2

Performs a base 2 log function on audio signal.

Returns the base 2 log value of audio signal as input. Values less than 0.0 return 0.0.

Parent: Pyo0bject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal to process.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
# Logarithmic amplitude envelope
>>> a = LFO(freq=1, type=3, mul=0.1, add=1.1) # triangle
>>> b = Log2(a)
>>> c = SineLoop(freq=[300,301], feedback=0.05, mul=b).out()
```

setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)

[source]

Replace the input attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Log10

class Log10(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Performs a base 10 log function on audio signal.

Returns the base 10 log value of audio signal as input. Values less than 0.0 return 0.0.

Parent: PyoObject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal to process.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
# Logarithmic amplitude envelope
>>> a = LFO(freq=1, type=3, mul=0.4, add=1.4) # triangle
>>> b = Log10(a)
>>> c = SineLoop(freq=[300,301], feedback=0.05, mul=b).out()
```

Replace the *input* attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Atan2

class Atan2(b=1, a=1, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of b/a.

Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of b/a, using the signs of both arguments to determine the quadrant of the return value.

Parent: PyoObject

Args: b: float or PyoObject, optional

Numerator Defaults to 1.

a: float or PyoObject, optional

Denominator. Defaults to 1.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> # Simple distortion
>>> a = Sine(freq=[200,200.3])
>>> lf = Sine(freq=1, mul=.2, add=.2)
>>> dist = Atan2(a, lf)
>>> lp = Tone(dist, freq=2000, mul=.1).out()
```

setB(x) [source]

Replace the *b* attribute.

Args: x: float or PyoObject new *b* attribute.

setA(x) [source]

Replace the a attribute.

Args: x: float or PyoObject new *a* attribute.

b

float or PyoObject. Numerator.

a

float or PyoObject. Denominator.

Floor

class Floor(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Rounds to largest integral value not greater than audio signal.

For each samples in the input signal, rounds to the largest integral value not greater than the sample value.

Parent: Pyo0bject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal to process.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> # Clipping frequencies
>>> sweep = Phasor(freq=[1,.67], mul=4)
>>> flo = Floor(sweep, mul=50, add=200)
>>> a = SineLoop(freq=flo, feedback=.1, mul=.3).out()
```

setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)

[source]

Replace the input attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Ceil

class Ceil(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Rounds to smallest integral value greater than or equal to the input signal.

For each samples in the input signal, rounds to the smallest integral value greater than or equal to the sample value.

Parent: PyoObject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal to process.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> # Clipping frequencies
>>> sweep = Phasor(freq=[1,.67], mul=4)
>>> flo = Ceil(sweep, mul=50, add=200)
>>> a = SineLoop(freq=flo, feedback=.1, mul=.3).out()
```

setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)

[source]

Replace the input attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Round

class Round(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Rounds to the nearest integer value in a floating-point format.

For each samples in the input signal, rounds to the nearest integer value of the sample value.

Parent: PyoObject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal to process.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> # Clipping frequencies
>>> sweep = Phasor(freq=[1,.67], mul=4)
>>> flo = Round(sweep, mul=50, add=200)
>>> a = SineLoop(freq=flo, feedback=.1, mul=.3).out()
```

```
setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)
```

[source]

Replace the *input* attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.

Pow

class Pow(base=10, exponent=1, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Performs a power function on audio signal.

Parent: PyoObject

Args: base: float or PyoObject, optional

Base composant. Defaults to 10.

exponent: float or PyoObject, optional

Exponent composant. Defaults to 1.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> # Exponential amplitude envelope
>>> a = LFO(freq=1, type=3, mul=0.5, add=0.5)
>>> b = Pow(Clip(a, 0, 1), 4, mul=.3)
>>> c = SineLoop(freq=[300,301], feedback=0.05, mul=b).out()
```

base

float or PyoObject. Base composant.

exponent

float or PyoObject. Exponent composant.

setBase(x) [source]

Replace the base attribute.

Args: x: float or PyoObject

new base attribute.

setExponent(x) [source]

Replace the *exponent* attribute.

Args: x: float or PyoObject

new exponent attribute.

class Exp(input, mul=1, add=0)

[source]

Calculates the value of e to the power of x.

Returns the value of e to the power of x, where e is the base of the natural logarithm, 2.718281828...

Parent: Pyo0bject

Args: input: PyoObject

Input signal, the exponent.

```
>>> s = Server().boot()
>>> s.start()
>>> a = Sine(freq=200)
>>> lf = Sine(freq=.5, mul=5, add=6)
>>> # Tanh style distortion
>>> t = Exp(2 * a * lf)
>>> th = (t - 1) / (t + 1)
>>> out = (th * 0.3).out()
```

setInput(x, fadetime=0.05)

[source]

Replace the input attribute.

Args: x: PyoObject

New signal to process.

fadetime: float, optional

Crossfade time between old and new input. Default to 0.05.

input

PyoObject. Input signal to process.