

We can prove significant outperformance using machine learning

~39 %

Improved Prediction¹

(compared to persistence model)

~1'070 £/h

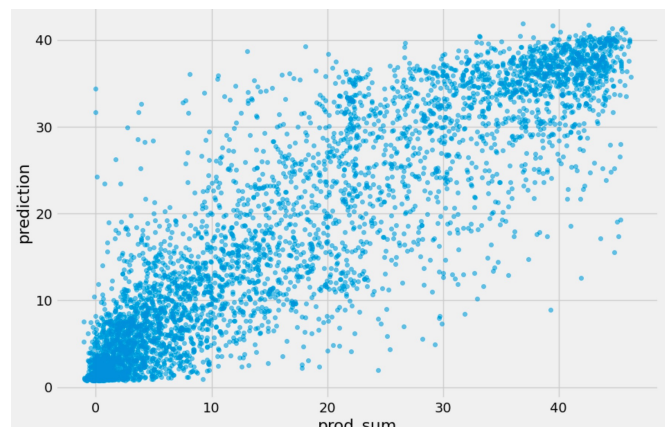
saved²

(compared to persistence model)

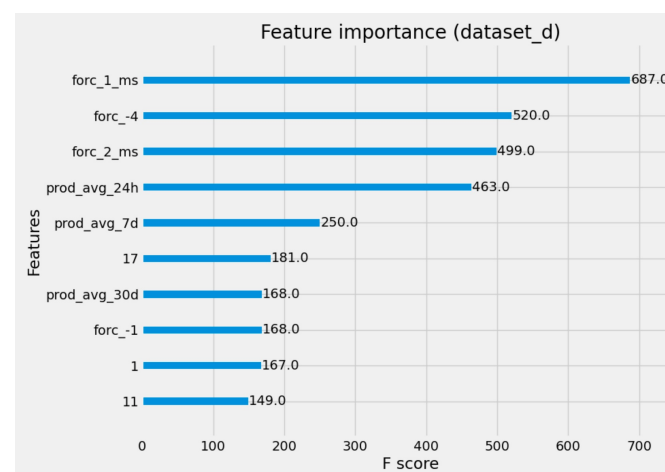
Out-of-sample³

Method	RMSE	Adj.R2	RMSE Improv. ¹
Persistence	9.2132	0.6061	-
OLS	7.7578	0.7207	19%
XGB ⁴ – Dataset A	6.983	0.7727	32%
XGB – Dataset B	6.9054	0.7794	33%
XGB – Dataset C	6.9662	0.7722	32%
XGB – Dataset D	6.6513	0.7918	39%

Predicted vs. Actual



Feature Importance



Data Cleaning

DATASET A

- 20 Power
- 2 Wind Forecast
- Date & Time

DATASET B

- **Power cleaned**
- Wind Forecast
- Date & Time

DATASET C

- Power cleaned
- Wind Forecast
- **Avg, Min, Max per Month**

DATASET D

- Power cleaned
- Wind Forecast
- Avg, Min, Max per Month
- **Lagged Power, Forecasts**

¹ with XGB and dataset D compared to persistence model with dataset A

² Assumption that 1 MW/h can be sold for approx. £180.00/MWh with avg. production of 15.25MW/h. Source: <https://marketwatch.zenergi.co.uk/price/22-02-2022/>

³ Each dataset was split into in-sample (75%) and out-of-sample (25%)

⁴ Extreme Gradient Boosting (XGB)