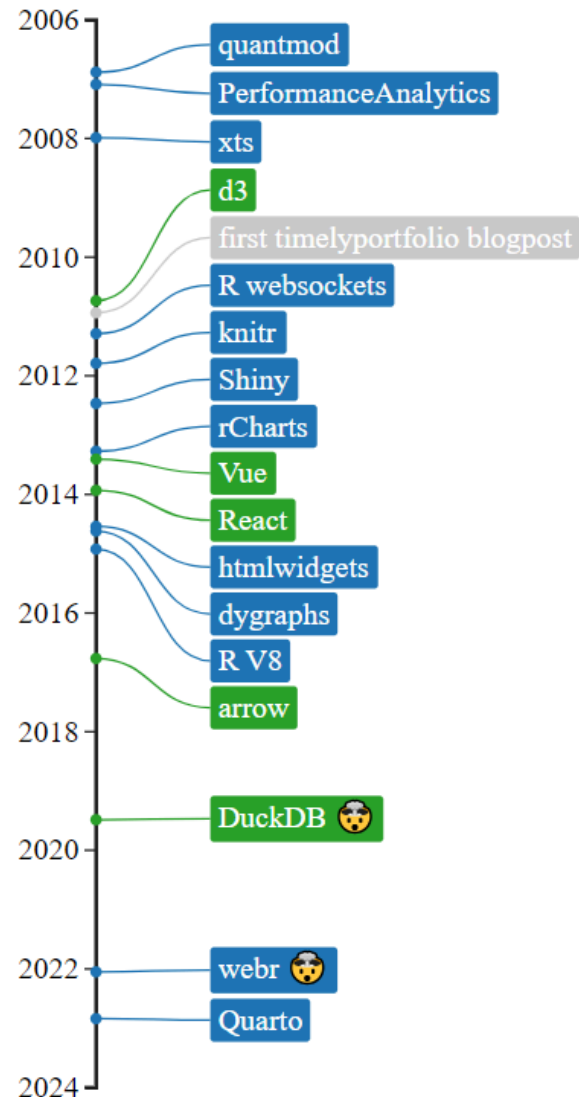


R U Finance U Web

Kent Russell @timelyportfolio

Short History of R U Finance U Web



- Important events defining my personal journey combining the best of R and JavaScript.
- Thanks to everyone here who has contributed to the ecosystem and my journey!

Features of R and JavaScript

R

- amazing, robust built-in statistical functionality
- brilliant ecosystem covering nearly all topic areas
- fantastic community
- data.frames, `xts`
- extensible with other programming languages

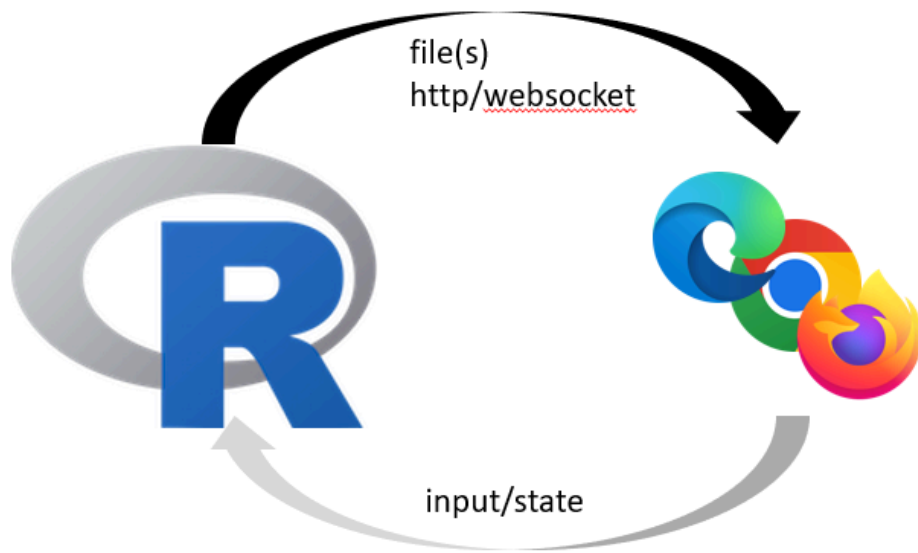
JavaScript

- omnipresent
- interactivity and input
- low/no barrier to entry
- active community
- server or client side

Initial Approach to Combination

R does work and then sends to web for distribution, communication, interactivity, and input as file or through [http/websocket](http://websocket).

JavaScript is more like an accessory.




V8 - JS Running inside R



Title: Embedded JavaScript and WebAssembly Engine for R

Description: An R interface to V8 <<https://v8.dev>>: Google's open source JavaScript and WebAssembly engine. This package can be compiled either with V8 version 6 and up or NodeJS when built as a shared library.

Authors: Jeroen Ooms [aut, cre] , Jan Marvin Garbuszus [ctb]

Maintainer: Jeroen Ooms <jeroen@berkeley.edu>

License: MIT + file LICENSE

Version: 4.4.2

Built: 2024-04-29 16:38:48 UTC

Source: <https://github.com/jeroen/v8>

Free and Open \neq Available

Version Info from Real Job Computer

```
R version 3.5.2 (2018-12-20) -- "Eggshell Igloo"  
Copyright (C) 2018 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing  
Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)
```

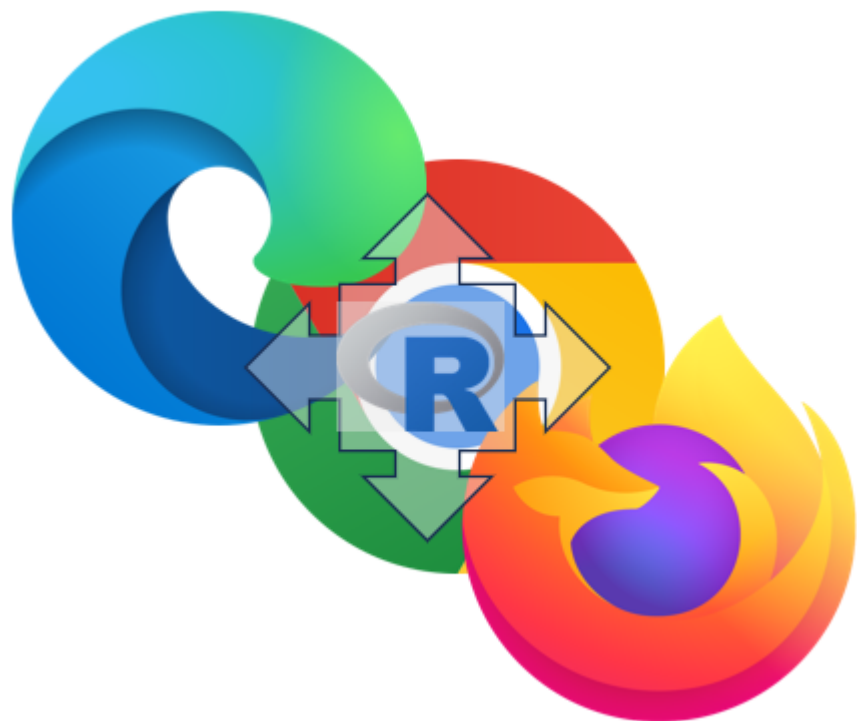
```
R is free software and comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY.  
You are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions.  
Type 'license()' or 'licence()' for distribution details.
```

```
R is a collaborative project with many contributors.  
Type 'contributors()' for more information and  
'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications.
```

```
Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or  
'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.  
Type 'q()' to quit R.
```

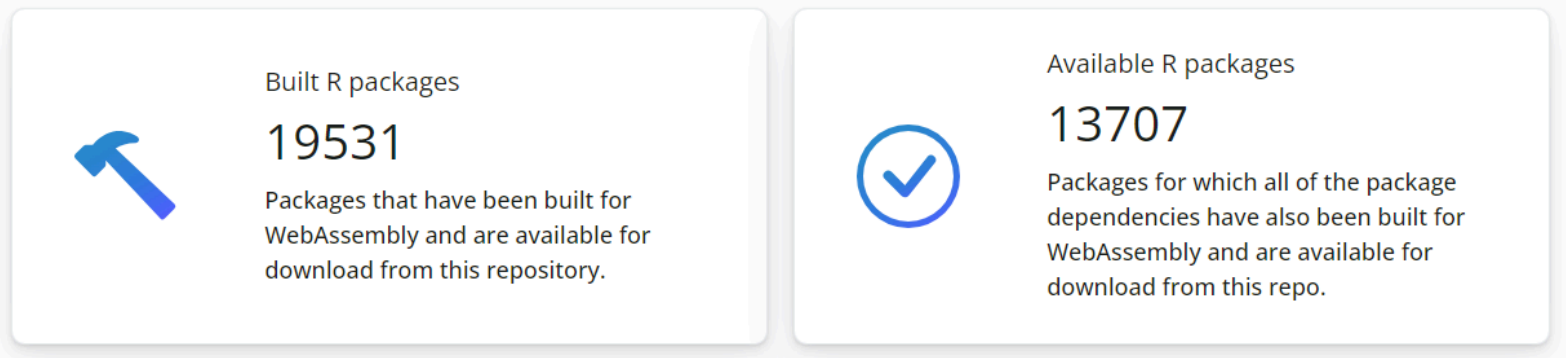
WebR for Omnipresence

R running inside of the browser or Node.js
through WebAssembly (WASM)



Widespread Package Availability

- WebR Binary Package [repo](#)



- [r-universe](#) / [how to use](#)

| Commit | Package | Version | Maintainer | Src | Binaries | Build |
|------------|--|----------|------------------|---|---|------------|
| 2024-03-08 | xts  | 0.13.2.2 | Joshua M. Ulrich |  |    | 2024-05-07 |
| 2024-03-04 | quantmod  | 0.4.26.1 | Joshua M. Ulrich |  |    | 2024-05-03 |
| 2024-02-23 | microbenchmark  | 1.4.10 | Joshua M. Ulrich |  |    | 2024-03-24 |
| 2024-02-13 | TTR  | 0.24.4 | Joshua Ulrich |  |    | 2024-05-13 |

Portfolio Workflow in WebR REPL

webR REPL app

webr.r-wasm.org/latest/

Untitled1.R x

```
1 webr::install("curl", repos = "https://timelyportfolio.
2 library(quantmod)
3 library(PortfolioAnalytics)
4 library(ROI)
5 library(ROI.plugin.quadprog)
6
7 # use factor data from https://jpkfactors.com/
8 # Jensen, T., Kelly, B., and Pedersen, L. "Is There a R
9 temp <- tempfile(fileext=".zip")
10 download.file("https://jpkfactors.com/data/[usa]_[all_t
11 unzip(temp)
12 factors <- read.csv("/home/web_user/[usa]_[all_themes]_
13 factors_xts <- na.omit(do.call(
14   merge,
15   lapply(split(factors, factors$name), function(f) {
16     x <- xts(
17       f$ret,
18       order.by = as.Date(f$date)
19     )
20   })
21
22 + portfolio = portfolio.spec(assets=colnames(factors_xt
23 s)) |>
24 +   add.constraint(type="full_investment") |>
25 +   add.objective(type="risk", name="var") |>
26 +   add.objective(type='return', name='mean') |>
27 +   add.constraint(type="box", min=0, max=0.4),
28 +   optimize_method = "ROI",
29 +   trace = TRUE
30 + )
31
32 > plot(opt_port_meanvar, chart.assets=TRUE, risk.col = "v
33 ar")
34 > []
```

Run Save

Upload file New file New directory Download file Open in editor

Delete

/

- dev
- etc
- home
- proc
- tmp

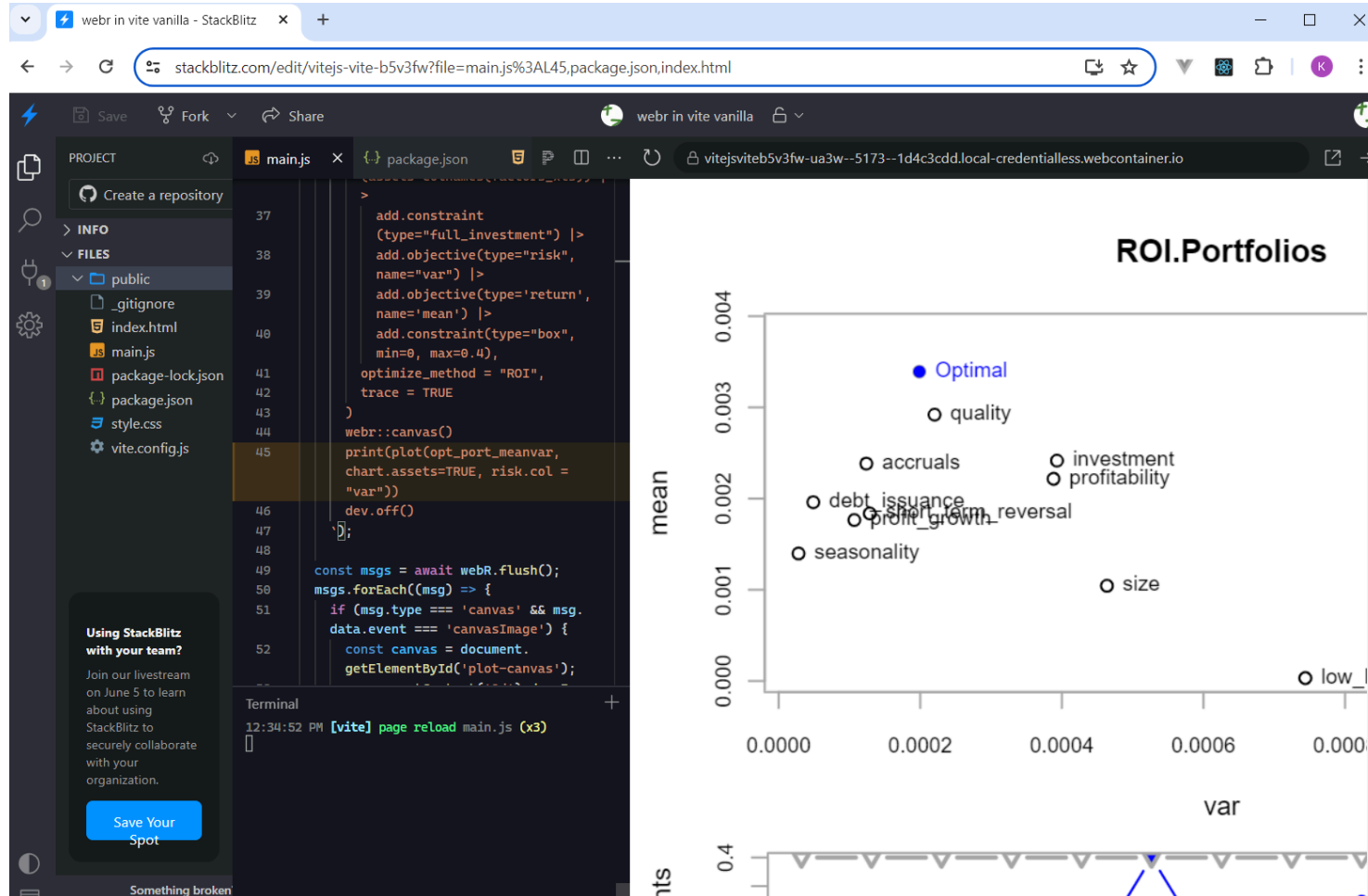
Save Plot Clear Plots

ROI.Portfolios

The top plot, titled 'ROI.Portfolios', shows the mean return (y-axis, 0.000 to 0.004) versus variance (x-axis, 0.0000 to 0.0012) for various factors. The factors include 'Optimal' (blue dot), 'quality', 'momentum', 'value', 'accruals', 'investment', 'profitability', 'debt_issuance', 'profit_growth', 'reversal', 'seasonality', 'size', and 'low_leverage'. The 'Optimal' portfolio is located at approximately (0.0004, 0.0032).

The bottom plot shows the weights assigned to each factor in the optimal portfolio. The y-axis is 'Weights' (0.0 to 0.4) and the x-axis lists the factors. The weights are: accruals (0.0), debt_issuance (0.0), investment (0.0), low_leverage (0.0), low_risk (0.0), momentum (0.4), profit_growth (0.0), profitability (0.0), quality (0.0), seasonality (0.0), short_term_reversal (0.0), size (0.0), and value (0.0).

Portfolio Workflow in Node.js



Stackblitz example

Portfolio Workflow Code | Step 1

Load Libraries

```
1 # stubbed non-functioning version of curl so quantmod will load
2 webr::install(
3   "curl",
4   repos = "https://timelyportfolio.github.io/webr_repo/"
5 )
6 webr::install(c(
7   "quantmod", "PortfolioAnalytics",
8   "ROI", "ROI.plugin.quadprog"
9 ))
10
11 library(quantmod)
12 library(PortfolioAnalytics)
13 library(ROI)
14 library(ROI.plugin.quadprog)
```



Portfolio Workflow Code | Step 2

Get JKP Factor Data and Convert to xts

```
1 # use factor data from https://jkpfactors.com/
2 # Jensen, T., Kelly, B., and Pedersen, L.
3 # "Is There a Replication Crisis in Finance?" Journal of Finance (2023)
4 temp <- tempfile(fileext=".zip")
5 download.file(
6   "https://jkpfactors.com/data/[usa]_[all_themes]_[monthly]_[vw_cap].zip",
7   temp
8 )
9 unzip(temp)
10 factors <- read.csv("/home/web_user/[usa]_[all_themes]_[monthly]_[vw_cap].csv")
11 factors_xts <- na.omit(do.call(
12   merge,
13   lapply(split(factors, factors$name), function(f) {
14     x <- xts(f$ret, order.by = as.Date(f$date))
15     colnames(x) <- f$name[[1]]
16     x
17   }))
18 ))
```

Portfolio Workflow Code | Step 3

Optimize Mean-Variance Portfolio

```
1 # mean variance portfolio
2 opt_port_meanvar <- optimize.portfolio(
3   R = factors_xts,
4   portfolio = portfolio.spec(assets=colnames(factors_xts)) |>
5     add.constraint(type="full_investment") |>
6     add.objective(type="risk", name="var") |>
7     add.objective(type='return', name='mean') |>
8     add.constraint(type="box", min=0, max=0.4),
9   optimize_method = "ROI",
10  trace = TRUE
11 )
12 plot(opt_port_meanvar, chart.assets=TRUE, risk.col = "var")
```

Things To Consider

- Slower browser load time (still < 30 seconds) and more bandwidth consumption
- Be careful refresh in the browser means starting over and everything disappears (but this can also be a good thing)
- Some packages are not yet available. [Rglpk](#) is not working (but I think can be fixed). Many depend on [curl](#) but often do not require it for most of the functionality (sort of solved with a stubbed package).
- CORS can make loading data in the browser from remote sources difficult or impossible.

WebR Resources

WebR Team [George Stagg](#) and Lionel Henry

- [documentation](#)
- [github](#)
- [talk at posit::conf\(2023\)](#)

James Balamuta [@coatless](#)

- [quarto-webr](#) | amazing tool and fantastic, thorough guide to all things WebR
- [talk at Stanford](#)

Bob Rudis [@hrbrmstr](#)

- [talk at NYR](#)
- [webr book](#)

Colin Fay [@colinfay](#)

- [blog](#)