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Compute  $\text{DTW}_\Omega(\boldsymbol{\theta})$  and  $\nabla\text{DTW}_\Omega(\boldsymbol{\theta})$

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**Input:** Distance matrix  $\boldsymbol{\theta} \in \mathbb{R}^{N_A \times N_B}$

▷ Forward pass

$$v_{0,0} = 0; v_{i,0} = v_{0,j} = \infty, i \in [N_A], j \in [N_B]$$

**for**  $i \in [1, \dots, N_A], j \in [1, \dots, N_B]$  **do**

$$v_{i,j} = d_{i,j} + \min_\Omega(\textcolor{red}{v}_{i,j-1}, \textcolor{blue}{v}_{i-1,j-1}, \textcolor{green}{v}_{i-1,j})$$

$$\mathbf{q}_{i,j} = \nabla \min_\Omega(\textcolor{red}{v}_{i,j-1}, \textcolor{blue}{v}_{i-1,j-1}, \textcolor{green}{v}_{i-1,j}) \in \mathbb{R}^3$$

▷ Backward pass

$$\mathbf{q}_{i,N_B+1} = \mathbf{q}_{N_A+1,j} = \mathbf{0}_3, i \in [N_A], j \in [N_B]$$

$$e_{i,N_B+1} = e_{N_A+1,j} = 0, i \in [N_A], j \in [N_B]$$

$$\mathbf{q}_{N_A+1,N_B+1} = (0, 1, 0); e_{N_A+1,N_B+1} = 1$$

**for**  $j \in [N_B, \dots, 1], i \in [N_A, \dots, 1]$  **do**

$$e_{i,j} = \textcolor{red}{q}_{i,j+1,1} \textcolor{red}{e}_{i,j+1} + \textcolor{blue}{q}_{i+1,j+1,2} \textcolor{blue}{e}_{i+1,j+1} + \\ \textcolor{green}{q}_{i+1,j,3} \textcolor{green}{e}_{i+1,j}$$

**Return:**  $\text{DTW}_\Omega(\boldsymbol{\theta}) = v_{N_A,N_B}$   
 $\nabla\text{DTW}_\Omega(\boldsymbol{\theta}) = (e)_{i,j=1}^{N_A,N_B}$

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